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BOROUGH OF ROYAL TUNBRIDGE WELLS.

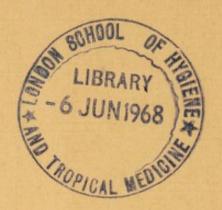
# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

## Medical Officer of Health

For the Year 1945.

W. R. TAYLOR, M.B.E., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H.





Borough of Royal Tunbridge Wells.

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Tunbridge Wells:
BALDWIN, GROSVENOR ROAD
2558-46

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#### BOROUGH OF ROYAL TUNBRIDGE WELLS.

#### HEALTH AND HOUSING COMMITTEE:

(Constitution at 31st December, 1945).

THE MAYOR (Alderman T. C. ALLEN).

Councillor Dr. RANKINE (Chairman).

Alderman Miss BAKER. Councillor HARRIES. Councillor Mrs. HURD. Councillor KENNARD. Councillor TOMSON. Councillor Miss WELLS.

#### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE COMMITTEE:

THE MAYOR (Alderman T. C. ALLEN). Councillor Miss WELLS (Chairman).

Alderman Miss BAKER.

Councillor Mrs. HURD. Councillor KENNARD. Councillor TOMSON.

Councillor HARRIES. Councillor Dr. RANKINE.

Co-opted Members:

Mrs. DAWES. Mrs. HAMMOND. Mrs. HARVEY. Miss E. WADDILOVE.

#### STAFF OF PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT:

Medical Officer of Health; Medical Officer for Maternity and Child Welfare; Medical Superintendent, Infectious Diseases Hospital; Medical Officer, Day Nursery—

F. C. LINTON, M.A., M.B., CH.B., D.P.H. (Resigned 18/11/45).

ALEXANDER MEARNS, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H. (appointed 18/11/45).

#### Deputy Medical Officer of Health:

P. A. CROWLEY, M.B., Ch.B., B.A.O., D.P.H. (on War Service).
ANNE SIMPSON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

#### Dental Surgeon:

\*A. BUCHAN, L.R.C.P. & S., L.D.S. (Ed.) (on War Service).

\*H. FRIEDLANDER, M.D. (Vienna) (Transferred 8/10/45).

\*A. W. McCARTHY, L.D.S. (V.U. Manc.) (Appointed Nov., 1945).

#### Dental Nurse Attendant:

\*Mrs. J. BRADLEY (Resigned 5/5/45).

\*Miss M. BRITTON (Appointed 7/5/45; Transferred 8/10/45).

\*Mrs. HARVEY (Appointed Nov., 1945).

#### Senior Sanitary Inspector:

H. T. TAYLOR, F.R.S.I., F.S.I.A. (Retired 30/4/45).
 W. P. CAVE, C.R.S.I., M.S.I.A., Meat and Food Cert. (Appointed 1/5/45).

#### Sanitary Inspectors:

W. P. CAVE (Promoted 1/5/45).
A. BARNETT, C.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.,
Meat and Food Cert. (Appointed 1/8/45).

A. G. DAVIES, C.R.S.I., M.S.I.A., Meat and Food Cert.

T. STEEL, C.R.S.I., M.S.I.A., Meat and Food Cert. (Returned from H.M. Forces 12/12/45).

#### Health Visitors:

\*Miss J. DONALDSON.

\*Miss M. McLaren.

\*Miss M. E. PAGE. \*Miss RICE OXLEY.

#### Matron, Infectious Diseases Hospital:

Miss E. M. BROCKLEHURST, S.R.N. (Retired 7/2/45).

Miss F. GRAY, S.R.N., R.F.N. (Appointed 5/2/45) (Resigned 20/7/45).

Miss E. M. PYLE, S.R.N., R.F.N. (Appointed 17/9/45).

## Matron, War-Time Day Nursery :

Mrs. A. THOMAS, R.S.C.N.

#### Deputy Matron:

Mrs. L. C. BELDER, S.R.N., S.C.M.

#### Clerical Staff.

## Administrative Assistant:

H. M. COLES.

#### Acting Chief Clerk :

C. H. WEEKES (on War Service). Mrs. D. E. TEBBIT.

#### Clerks :

Miss D. M. JARRETT. Mr. D. A. BARMBY (on War Service).
Miss P. M. BURBIDGE. Mrs. D. A. BARMBY (on War Service).
Miss M. H. COTTON (Transferred to County 31/12/45).

## Part-time Clerk for Sale of D.F. and O.J.:

Mrs. N. PRIEST (Resigned 1/10/45). Miss P. GIBBONS (Appointed 1/10/45).

Rodent Operators:

B. E. MANN.

E. SMITHERMAN (Appointed 27/8/45).

#### Clinic Caretakers :

Mr. and Mrs. F. SANDS (Resigned 24/3/45). Mr. and Mrs. W. GIBBONS (Appointed 14/5/45).

#### Relief Caretakers:

Mr. A. BARMBY (Resigned 24/3/45). Miss P. GIBBONS (Appointed 14/5/45).

#### Domestic-Home Helps:

Mrs. JEFFREY (Resigned 23/6/45). Mrs. WILLOUGHBY (Appointed

22/2/45).
Mrs. BUSS (Appointed 18/4/45).
Mrs. SMITH (Appointed 3/5/45).

Mrs. SMITH (Appointed 3/5/45). Mrs. SIMMS (Appointed 19/7/45), (Resigned 29/12/45). Mrs. ATHERALL (Appointed 30/4/45). (Resigned 30/6/45).

Miss LINDFIELD (Appointed 10/7/45).

Mrs. MEDHURST (Appointed 23/7/45) (Resigned 3/11/45).

## PART-TIME APPOINTMENTS :

## Medical Officer for Ante-Natal Clinic:

C. R. MORISON, M.D. (on War Service).

## Orthopaedic Surgeon:

\*W. H. GERVIS, M.A., M.B., B.Ch., F.R.C.S.

## Ophthalmic Surgeon:

\*J. COGAN, M.B., CH.B., D.O. (Oxon.).

### Aural Surgeon:

\*J. SYMONS, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

#### Masseuse:

\*Mrs. D. HUNT TREWEEK (Appointed 9/7/45).

#### Public Analyst:

A. H. M. MUTER, F.I.C.

· County Staff employed local y.

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#### BOROUGH OF ROYAL TUNBRIDGE WELLS.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,

TOWN HALL,

TUNBRIDGE WELLS.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Royal Tunbridge Wells.

MR. MAYOR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present the Medical Officer of Health's Annual Report for the Borough of Royal Tunbridge Wells, 1945.

The Report covers the calendar year 1945 and your Medical Officer, Dr. Linton, retired on the 18th November, 1945. He was succeeded by Major Mearns, who, unfortunately soon became handicapped by illness and died on the 22nd March, 1946. This made administration difficult and threw a heavy burden on the Administrative Assistant, Mr. H. M. Coles.

The Report on the whole appears to me to disclose a satisfactory position. Dr. Linton referred in the Report for 1944 to the high birth rate of 17.07. This rate for 1945 shows a drop to 13.84, which is nearer to our average. The Ministry of Health have issued a warning that a considerable increase in births is to be expected and we are already experiencing great difficulty in providing for maternity cases. Housing and domestic problems in many cases render confinement at home impossible; Maternity Homes, Hospital Maternity Wards, and Nursing Homes are unable to provide sufficient accommodation, largely owing to shortage of Nursing and Domestic Staff.

The Report deals with a period before I assumed office, and I anticipate you will have appointed a permanent Medical Officer of Health before the end of this year. Under these

circumstances I should like to record my thanks for the courtesy and consideration I have received at your hands during my period of office, and my thanks to the staff of the Health Department for their loyal support.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

W. R. TAYLOR,

Medical Officer of Health.

#### SECTION 1.

## SUMMARY OF GENERAL STATISTICS AND PHYSICAL FEATURES.

#### 1 (a)—Summary of Statistics.

1 (a)—(i) GENERAL.

Area: 6,034 acres.

Population: 35,839 (estimated 1931); 35,110 (estimated 1945).

Density of population, *i.e.*, number of persons per acre: 5.8. Number of inhabited houses: 11,003.

Rateable value, 1945: £476,687.

Sum produced by a penny rate: £1,904. 16s. 6.12d.

Mean Annual Temperature: 50.5 F.

Hours of Bright Sunshine, 1945: 1590 hours 42 minutes.

Total Rainfall, 1945: 27.44 inches.

### 1 (a)—(ii) BIRTHS.

Live Births:	Total.	Male.	Female.
Legitimate .	 433	226	207
Illegitimate	 53	32	21
	Name of the last		
	486		

Live birthrate per 1,000 of population: 13.84 (estimated 1945).

Corresponding rate for 1944: 17.07.

Male.	Female.
5	5
_	_
	5

Still birth rate per 1,000 births: 20.1.

#### 1 (a)—(iv) DEATHS.

Males: 234. Females: 325. Total: 557.

Crude death rate per thousand of population: 15.86 (estimated 1945; Registrar General).

Corresponding rate for 1944: 17.35.

- \*Corrected for age and sex constitution (factor for correction 0.731, 1931 Census), 11.1 per thousand of estimated resident population (1944—12.7).
- 1 (a)—(v) Number of women dying in, or in consequence of childbirth: Nil.

Maternity mortality per 1,000 total registered births: Nil.

Comparative figure for England and Wales: 1.79.

#### 1 (a)—(vi) Infantile Mortality.

Deaths of infants under one year of age-

	Total.	Male.	Female.
Legitimate	 20	14	6
Illegitimate	 1.	1	_
	_		
	21		
	_		

Death rate of infants under one year of age per 1,000 live births: 47.3.

1 (a)—(vii) Total number of dea	aths fro	m:	1944	1945
Measles (all ages)			-	1
Whooping-cough (all ages)			1	_
Diarrhoea (under 2 years)			_	_

1 (b)—Table showing Summary of Causes of Death during the year ended 31st December, 1945 .

No.	Cause of Death.		Male.	Female.	Total
1	Turnhoid Fours, etc.		14.1		
9	0 1				
2 3	Scarlet Fever				
4	****				
5	District in				
6			* 7	8	15
7	0/1 ( // // )		i	3	4
8	C Liller Di		3	1	4
9	Influenza		2	3	5
0	36 1		_	1	1
i	Acute Poliomyelitis and Polioencephali				
2	Acute Infectious Encephalitis	LUIS			
3	Cancer of Buccal Cav., and Oesophag	118			
			9	6	8
4			2 3	5	8
5	C (P			8	8
6	Cancer of all other sites		30	34	64
7	Diahetes		2	2	4
8	Tester constitution of the Testers		34	48	82
9	TT TO		69	104	173
0	00 1: (6: 1: 6:		11	18	29
1			8	10	18
2	D .		8	21	29
3	Ott Designation Discourse		5	4	9
4	THE COLUMN TO 1		2	2	4
5	D: 1 / 1 0		_		_
6	Appendicitis		1	1	2
7	Off D: +: D:		5	8	13
8	Nephritis		4	5	9
9	Nephritis Puerperal and Post-abortive Sepsis			_	_
0					_
1	Premature Birth		9	1	10
2	Congenital Malformation, Birth Injur	rv			10
-		,, l	4	5	9
3	0 1 1 1		_	i	1
4	D 100 00 4 11 1		2	2	4
15	Other violent causes		5	3	8
86	A 11 - 41		17	19	36
	THE CHIEF COURSE IN THE INT			10	- 00
	Total all causes	1	234	323	557

1 (c)-TABLE SHOWING BIRTH-RATE, DEATH-RATE AND ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1945.

	RATE P	RATE PER 1,000 TOTAL POPULATION		V	NUME D	EATH-RATI	2 PER 1,0	ANNUAL DEATH-RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION	HON		RATE PER 1,000 LIVE BIRTHS	к 1,000
	Live Births.	Stid- Births.	All Causes.	Typhoid or Para- typhoid	Small- Pox.	Measles.	Scarlet Fever.	Whooping- cough.	Diphtheria.	Influenza.	Diarrhoea and En- teritis (un- der 2 yrs.).	Total Deaths Under Iyear.
England and Wales	16.1	0.46	- 11.4	00.00	00.00	0.02	00.00	0.02	0.02	0.08	5.6	46
126 County Boroughs and Great Towns, including London	19.1	0.58	13.5	0.00	1	0.02	00.0	0.02	0.02	0.07	7.8	54
148 Smaller Towns (Resident Population 25,000 to 50,000, 1931 Census)	19.2	0.53	12.3	00.0	1	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.07	4.5	43
London Administrative County	15.7	0.40	13.8	0.00	1	0.01	0.00	0 02	0.01	0.07	7.6	53
TUNBRIDGE WELLS (Fegistrar-General's estimated population).	13.84	0.28	1.11.	00.00	1	0.03	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.14	0.00	43

· Corrected figure for age and sex distribution.

#### 1 (d)-Physical Features and General Character.

The Borough covers over 6,000 acres, and is exceptionally well wooded, with a considerable amount of pasturage in the southern portion. It lies high, most of the houses standing at a level between 300 and 450 feet above the sea. Its climate is therefore breezy and bracing, with sheltered areas in the valleys. The lowest point is 220 feet above sea level, the highest 500 feet, at Blackhurst Collecting Reservoir. It lies in the extreme south-west corner of Kent, 34% miles from London. The sub-soil is mostly sandstone—the geological layer known as Tunbridge Wells Sandstone predominating; there are several clay patches—the largest towards the north end of the Borough. Hence comes the great variety of the vegetation-fir trees, birches and heather on the sandstone surfaces; oaks, beech, and all types of broad-leaved trees where clay patches intervene between the surface loam and the sandstone.

The water supplies are drawn partly from protected springs in sweet chestnut woods to the south-east of the Borough, and largely from borewells into a deep sandstone layer—the Hastings Bed of Sandstone, whose nearest outcrops are in Ashdown Forest. The water is pure and soft; that obtained from the deep borewells passes through Candy pressure filters to remove its iron content before it is delivered to the town. All the water supply is chlorinated before entering the mains.

There are no large industries in the Borough, which is completely residential in character.

## 1 (e)-Population.

The population at mid-year, 1945, is estimated by the Registrar-General as 35,110, a drop of 330 from that of the previous year. It is difficult to understand how this figure is justified, as on the previous figure; a calculation by deducting

the deaths for the year and adding the births, shows a reduction of only 81 persons.

Referring to the remarks of Doctor Linton in his last Report, and bearing in mind also that 11,000 occupied houses, at an average of 3.5 persons per house, would show a population figure of 35,810 (which figure is probably low when one considers that in a considerable number of dwelling houses in this town more than one family reside, and that the number of residents in the numerous hotels is considerable), it is probable that Dr. Linton's estimate of 37,500 was a very good estimated population figure.

#### 1 (f)-Births.

Live Births numbered 486 and Still Births 10 during the year. This figure is considerably lower than that of 1944, and reference may be made to the various tables showing details.

## 1 (g)-Deaths.

There were 557 deaths, giving a death rate per 1,000 population of 15.86, as compared with 17.35 for 1944. This appears to be a high death rate, owing to the age and sex distribution of the population, but when corrected for that factor the rate is 11.1, which compares favourably with the All-England and Wales rate of 11.4. It is pleasing to record that no maternal deaths were registered during 1945.

Deaths of infants under one year of age numbered 21, giving an infantile mortality rate per 1,000 live births of 37.3.

### 1 (h)-Infant Mortality.

During 1945 twenty-one infants died under one year of age. Of these 15 were boys and 6 were girls. One male was illegitimate, the others were legitimate. The following table analyses the causes of death:—

Prematurity		 			8
Congenital malform:	ation		- Control		2

Debility and	mara	smus	 	 	1
Atelectasis			 	 	1
Convulsions			 	 	1
Bronchitis			 	 	1
Pneumonia			 	 	2
Other causes			 	 	5

#### 1 (i)-Maternal Mortality.

No deaths occurred during 1945 from the conditions associated with childbirth.

#### SECTION 2.

#### INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

#### 2 (a)-Notifiable Diseases.

Four hundred and fifty-nine cases of infectious disease were notified during 1945. The following tables give details of the season and age incidence of, and the mortality from these notifiable diseases:—

## 2 (a)—(i) Seasonable Incidence of Notifiable Infectious Diseases, 1945.

DISEASES.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May	Jun.	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Totals
Scarlet Fever	8	7	3	1	2	1	3	13	8	5	8	8	67
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pneumonia Puerperal Pyrexia	1	1	1	2				1	2	-	-	2	11
Erysipelas		_		-				2		i	=		5 5 24
Whooping Cough	6	-	3	1	3	2 2	1	2	- 1	1 3	1	-	24
Malaria	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	3
Ophthalmia Neona-		1003			20		45.2	١,					
torum Measles	2	9	27	18	96	126	38	13	3		=	=	332
Cerebro Spinal Fever	-	7	21	10	90	120	30	10	.0		1		302
(including Menin-				33									
gococcal Meningitis)	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		2
Scrub Typhus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Acute Anterior Polio- myelitis	_	_	_				1	-	1	1	_		1
Acute Polioenceph-													
alitis	-		_	_	_	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
_ Dysentery (Sonne)		-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	1	-	5
	17	17	34	25	102	120	42	34	19	11	12	11	459
	17	17	36	25	103	132	42	34	19	11	12	11	409

2 (a) ii—AGES, ETC., OF CASES OF NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES, 1945.

	Total		-	6	c	4	1C	10	15	20	35	45	65		Cases	Deaths
Disease.	cases Noti- fied.	Under 1 year.				years and under	years and under 10	years and under 15	years and under 20	years and under 35	years and under 45	years and under 65	years and over	Age not given.	ad- mitted to hospi-	(In- habi- tants only).
	ages).		years.	years.	years.	years.	years.	years.	years.	years.	years.	years.			rai.	
Scarlet Fever	67 (7)	1	1	5	10	20	28	13	4	1	60	1	1	1	99	13
Pneumonia	11 (2)	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	L	1	9	0.1	1	1	53
yre	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	"	es	67	1.	1.	1	1	1
Erysipelas	5 (	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	00	1	1	-		1	1	1
Whooping-cough	24 (—)	က	4	07	9	2	00	1	1	I	1.	1.	-	1	I	1
Malaria	3 (	1	1	1	1	1	-	ì	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1
Neonatorum	2 (1)	01	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
:	332 (9)	11	34	31	32	31	157	55	67	10	1	1	1	-	10	-
Spinal (includ-																
cal Meningitis)	2 (1)	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Scrub Typhus	1 (1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	١	1	1	-	1	1
Acute Anterior								,								
Poliomyelitis	1 (1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	I	1	1	1	ı	1
Acute Polioen- cephalitis	1 (1)	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dysentery										1						
Sonne)	5 (1)	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1/	1	I	1	1	1	1

Note.—Figures in brackets (column 2) denote the number occurring amongst outside cases in Institutions in the Borough.

#### 2 (b)-Scarlet Fever.

Sixty-seven cases were notified, as compared with 34 during 1944. There were no fatalities.

#### 2 (c)-Diphtheria.

There were no cases of diphtheria notified in the Borough, the second occasion when this disease has been absent since records have been kept.

#### 2 (d)-Puerperal Pyrexia.

Five cases were notified, two being Borough mothers. No cases were admitted to the Borough Isolation Hospital, and there were no deaths.

#### 2 (e)-Cerebro-spinal Fever.

Two cases were notified during the year. No deaths were recorded.

### 2 (f)-Acute Anterior Poliomyelitis.

One case, which did not prove fatal, was notified.

## 2 (g)-Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

Two cases of this disease were notified. There were no fatalities, and no permanent impairment of vision.

### 2 (h)-Measles and Whooping-cough.

Three hundred and thirty-two cases of measles and 24 of Whooping Cough were notified. One death from Measles occurred; there were no deaths from Whooping Cough.

### 2 (i)—Borough Fever Hospital.

This Hospital has an excellent situation with a southern exposure, standing over 400 feet above sea level, and occupies some six acres of ground, having its own vegetable and fruit gardens.

The accommodation for patients remains unaltered at 52.

Difficulties of obtaining staff have been very great. In addition to the general nursing shortage, the smaller fever hospitals are handicapped by not being allowed to give a training course qualifying for a Fever Certificate. This disadvantage means that whatever nurses are available for fever training tend to be absorbed by the larger hospitals.

Patients are taken from Tunbridge Wells and Southborough and from several adjacent districts.

Under present conditions this Hospital is not satisfactory, and if it is to continue in use as a Fever Hospital, would require considerable alterations and additions, especially accommodation for additional nursing staff, and cubicle wards for proper segregation of the different infections.

Proposals for modernising must, however, remain in abeyance until the National Health Scheme comes into operation.

The following tables will show the details of admissions per year:—

2 (i) i-CASES ADMITTED TO BOROUGH FEVER HOSPITAL, 1945.

	Tun. Wells.	East Sussex.	South- borough Urban.	Military.	Total.
Scarlet Fever	63	6	17	-	86
German Measles Measles	17	=	=	3	2 20
Tonsillitis	2	-	-	-	2
Chickenpox and Scarlet Fever Observations	2	=	=		2 1
Observations	86	6	17	4	113

### 2 (j)-Diphtheria Immunisation.

The Immunisation Clinic was held once a week throughout

1945. The two-shot A.P.T. method of immunisation is used, and a Schick Test three months after the second injection is a routine measure as far as the co-operation of the parents will permit.

The following figures show the position as at 31st December, 1945, as recorded in the return required by the Ministry of Health:—

Age at 31/12/45, i.e., born in year.	Under 1 1945	1 1944	$\frac{2}{1943}$	3 1942	4 1941	$5-9 \\ 1936-1940$	10—14 1931—1935	Total under 15
Number Immun- ised	_	208	233	266	251	1,583	1,575	4,116
Estimated mid- year popula- tion, 1945		2,6	36			4,0	68	6,704

The actual number of children immunised during 1945 was as follows:—

0- 4 y	ears		 	 379
5—14	,,		 	 95
	Tot	al	 	 474

I am not altogether satisfied with the position, and a careful survey of the immunisation records has been undertaken. I give an extract from the figures obtained shewing that the position instead of improving, is slowly deteriorating.

It is true that we have had two years complete immunity from cases of Diphtheria in the Borough and I am concerned that this fact should not lead us into a false sense of security. We are therefore aiming at a larger percentage of the births appearing in the immunisation figures, so that fewer pass into the 5-15 age groups unimmunised, and also to undertake the recommended re-immunising of the 5-15 group where necessary.

		No. of those who up to 31/12/45 had been immunised.	Per cent. Immunise			
Year.	No.	munised.				
1941	454	251	55.2			
1942	548	266	48.5			
1943	545	233	42.7			
1944	605	208	34.4			
	2,152	958	44.5			

The figure 2,152 is corrected for inward and outward transfers. To obtain the estimated population figure 0-4 group for the period January, 1941—December, 1945, we must add the figure for 1945—(484)—giving a total of 2,636 children 0-4 years.

The actual per cent. of children immunised in the 0-4 group is therefore 36.3 (958 in 2,636). It must be remembered, however, that it has been the practice here not to immunise children until one year of age so that the figure can never exceed 80 per cent. (four-fifths).

o. of Birtl tified in :—	hs actually -(corrected)	No. of those who up to 31/12/45 had been im-	Per cent. Immunised
Year	No.	munised.	
1931	407	306	75.1
1932	402	302	75.1
1933	401	300	74.8
1934	443	337	76.07
1935	391	330	84.6
1936	427	330	77.2
1937	410	351	85.6
1938	369	310	84.0
1939	420	316	75.2
1940	398	276	69.3
	4,068	3,168	77.8

#### 2 (k)-Tuberculosis.

The Kent County Council are responsible for cases of Tuberculosis occurring within the district, also for sanatorium treatment and hospital accommodation for Tunbridge Wells residents.

A Dispensary is held weekly at 34, Calverley Street, by a wholetime Tuberculosis Officer who attends on Thursdays from 10 a.m. to 12.15 p.m.

In the tables which follow particulars of new cases of Tuberculosis and deaths from the disease during 1945 are shown in Table 2, whilst Table 1 shows the quarterly statements of cases on the register, together with the position at the 31st December, 1945.

			3 - 3	
9	(L-)	-	(4)	
4	n		ш	

		lst			2nd arte		Qu	3rd arte			4th	er.
	M.	F.	T.	М.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Pulmonary Tuberculosis: Number of cases on register New notifications Cases removed and subsequently restored Other cases added to register (inward transfers) Cases removed (removed, recovered, died) Cases remaining on register	69 4 — — 3 70	4	4	1	_	1	71 2 — 1 6 68	5	1	1	3	123 9 - 4 5
Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis  Number of cases on register New notifications  Cases removed and subsequently restored Other cases added (inward transfers)  Cases removed (removed, recovered, died)  Cases remaining on register	34 1 - - 2 33	1	1 3	2	1 —	67 3 - - 3 67	_	-	4	36 - - 1 35	1 -	1

2 (k)—(ii	).
-----------	----

		New	Cases	Deaths					
Age Periods	Pulm	onary.	Non.	Pul.	Pulmo	onary.	Non-Pul.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Under 1 year	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	=	
1-5	-	=	2 2	2	_	_	1		
5—10 10—15	_		2	1	_	_	_	_	
15—15	2	1		_	-	1	_	=	
20—25	2 2 4	-	-	-	1	_	-	-	
25—35	4	3	1	-	-	1	_		
35—45	4 2	1		. 1	2 4 1 2	1	_		
45—55	1	1	1	_	1	î	_	_	
55—65 Over 65	1		_	_	2	1~	-	-	
- 1 - 2 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1	10	0	0	-	10	6	1		
	16	6	6	5	10	0	1		

#### 2 (1)-Scabies.

A Cleansing Station is provided at the Central Clinic. Cases were treated as follows:—

Cases 1	Notified.	Cases Tr	eated (including second Treatment).	No. of Families		
From Clinic.	Other Sources.	Showing symptoms.	Not showing symptoms but treated as a precau- tionary measure.	involved.		
426	115	537	4	310		

## 2 (m)—Laboratory Facilities.

There is a small laboratory attached to the Public Health Department where routine examinations are made.

The Laboratory at County Hall, Maidstone, deals with all other investigations for the Borough.

#### SECTION 3.

## MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE SERVICES.

## 3 (a)-Maternity and Child Welfare.

The Council's Maternity and Child Welfare Scheme is a comprehensive one, providing:—

- (i) Infant Welfare Clinics, three sessions a week (two at the Maternity and Child Welfare Centre, Calverley Terrace, and one at Rusthall).
- (ii) Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics-one session a week.
- (iii) Dental Scheme for expectant and nursing mothers and pre-school children.
- (iv) A Day Nursery.
- (v) Co-operation with the local Maternity Home and financial assistance with necessitous Borough cases admitted there.
- (vi) A comprehensive agreement with the Kent County Council for the admission of cases to the Pembury Maternity Block.

	-:	9	47	9	89	33	46	42	64	44	0,	7	50	37	42			581			
	Total.	a 76	83	06	70	70	73	91	80	90	74	80	09		76		911		330		
d by	id.	q	43					37	59	39	40		47	34	29		1	521			
Notified	Mid	a 65	7.1		53	49	58	75			55	99	48	1	20	1	121		206		
Z	Drs.	9	4	10				 	5	5			00	60	13			9		on.	
	D	a 11	12	1	17	21	15	16			19	14	12		56	3	184		124	b = out district cases	
	Total	9	47	09 (				42	64	44	10		20	37	42			581		listrict	
1	To	a 76				70	73	91	90		74	80	9		16		911		330	out d	
Legitimacy	Illeg.	9	5	6	13			20	= ,	6	•		12	89	4			92		9	
egiti		a 7		14	7	00	10	13			∞	12	0		9		109		17	otal.	
-	Leg.	9	42	51				37	53	35			38	34	38			489		a=Total.	
	Z	<i>a</i>	74	76		62	89	78	0.20	e e	99	89	50		70		805		313		
	al.	9	47	9	68	33	46	42	64	44	40	7	20	37	42			581		330	496
	Total.	a 76	80	90	70	70	73	91	00	00	74	80	9		76		911		330	Total "	
,	ale.	9	30	28	39	=	27	15	32	21	10	13	22	20	23			287			
Sex.	Female.	2 4	39	47	27	35	35	46	00	32	31	35	60		41		441		154	3 3	19
	le.	9	17	32	29	28	.19	27	32	23	00	63	82	17	19			294		Still Births	
	Male.	34	44	43	43	35	38	45	00	36	43	45	66	1	35		470		176	Still	
	al.	9	47	9	89	33	46	42	64	44	0,	4	20	37	42			581		323	86
	Total.	26	23	06	70	70	73	16	00	200	74	80	80	3	76		911		330		1
		q	1	1	-	1	61	-	T	0.1	,	7	C.1	T	¢1			11			sfers
JS.	orn.	B. F.	-	-	-	67	1	1	•	27	1	63	-	•	೦೦		14	,	3	ster	d tran
Births	Stillborn.	9	T	1	1	63	T	-	63	1	-		00	1				11		Regi	ntwar
	0,	M.	-	4 63	61	-	-	60		1	1	60	-	•	-		15		4	r Birtl	o pue
	· ·	9	47	59	99	37	44	40	62	42	;	41	45	36	40		,	559	3	as be	brow
	Live.	26	68	87	67	67	71	88	9	99	73	75	5	00	72		885		323	Borough Live Births as per Birth Register	Totals adjusted for inward and outward transfers
-	pa s	1 2	arv	-	:	:	:			+	:	er	a de	130	эег		p	ers	oro.	Live	- total
9	during	Includio.	February	March	April	May	June	Inly		August	Sept.	October	Novo'hor	240	Dece'ber	Toral	Dutward	transfers	Net Boro Births	ough ard T	le ad
-	4 0 5		, II	×	Y	N		, –	,	Ψ.	S	0	7	1	H	HH	пC	1	Z	Bor	F

3 (c)-Infant Welfare and Ante-Natal Clinic.

The following tables will show the attendances at the Infant Welfare Clinics and Ante-Natal Clinics during 1945.

3 (c)—(i) Attendances at Infant Welfare Centres, 1945.

TOTALS.	1944	3042	1586	4202	8830	1376	892	2268
Tor	1945	2580	1702	3955	8237	1145	825	1970
day.	1944 (52 sessions).	1059	622	1528	3209 (61)	550	377	927 (18)
Thursday.	1945 (50 sessions).	1036	467	1439	2942 (59)	457	254	711 (14)
sday.	1944 (52 sessions).	899	445	976	2089 (40)	216	150	366 (7)
Wednesday.	1945 (50 sessions).	438	547	874	1859 (37)	149	202	351 (7)
lay.	1944 (51 sessions).	1315	519	1698	3532 (69)	610	365	975 (19)
Tuesday.	1945 (50 sessions).	1106	889	1642	3436 (69)	539	369	908 (18)
		Number of attendances—Infants under one year of age.	Number of attendances—Children one to five years of age.	Number of attendances by Mothers	Total Attendances	Consultations with Medical Officer: Infants	Children	Totals

Nore-Figures in brackets denote the approximate average attendances per session.

#### 3 (c)-(ii) Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinic.

The Clinic functioned throughout the year. One session a week was held on Friday afternoons with a total of 169 individual cases attending during the 46 sessions.

	Boro	ough Residen	its.
Individual Expectant Mothers Consultations	 Primips. 73 128	Multips. 123 295	Total. 196 423

3 (d)-Health Visiting, 1945.

	First Visits.	Subsequent Visits.	Total.
a) Expectant Mothers	177	178	355
b) Children under 1 year of age c) Children between the ages of 1 and 5	307	1,295	1,602
years d) Where infants have died (including	-	-	2,309
stillbirths)	_	-	16
Found "no-one at home "		-	603
Child Life Protection:			
a) Houses inspected for the first time			9
b) Re-visits to foster mothers			10
c) Foster children seen for the first time			30
d) Foster children re-inspected			181
e) Visits re-adoption			20

### 3 (e)-Pembury Hospital.

This large hospital, under the control of the Kent County Council, is situated outside, but near the Borough boundary. The Council have an agreement with the County Council whereby maternity cases from the Borough are accommodated. This agreement provides for the reception of maternity cases on the grounds of:

- (i) insufficient suitable home circumstances:
- (ii) patients for whom hospitalisation is desirable on medical grounds.

Cases are referred from the Borough Ante-Natal Clinic, and if a bed is available a voucher is issued by which the Corporation accept financial responsibility. The County Staff assess patients and collect the fees, and the Council pay the difference between the fee assessed and collected and the total cost. Private practitioners may also refer cases under this scheme, those on medical grounds being subject only to a formal ratification by the Medical Officer of Health. Those on the grounds of home circumstances are investigated by the Department before approval is given. The shortage of maternity beds has rendered it necessary to institute a very strict system of altecation, as beds for those other than requiring accommodation on medical grounds are limited.

## During 1945 vouchers were issued as follows:-

	Reas	sons.		No.	of vouchers issu	ed.
Health					48	
Unsuital	ble Hon	ne acco	mmoda	ation	21	
Health a					8	
Illegitim					4	
Other					8	
					_	
					89	
					_	

## 3 (f)-Orthopaedic Treatment.

During the year 58 children under school age were seen by Mr. W. H. Gervis, the Orthopaedic Specialist, at his monthly clinic.

## 3 (g)-Dental Treatment.

Forty-one mothers and 17 pre-school children made 67 and 32 attendances respectively for dental treatment. The following is a summary of the treatment given:—

AT.	1	TI	
IVO.	OI	Treatments	
	·./	T 1 COLO 110 C 110 C	

					Mothers.	Children.
Temporary	teeth ext	tracte	ed		_	19
Permanent	,,	,,			49	_
Temporary	teeth fill	led			_	27
Permanent	,, ,,	,			61	_
Temporary	teeth-o	ther	operati	ons	_	5
Permanent		,,	,,		12	

#### 3 (h)-Infant Life Protection.

At the 31st December, 1945, the Infant Life Protection Register showed that there were 27 individual Foster Mothers registered in the district, and at that date 40 children were in their care. In addition, St. Christopher's Nursery Training College was registered as having the care of 109 children.

Continuous supervision was given by the Health Visitors throughout the year and the figures of their inspections are given in the table of Health Visitors' Visits.

## 3 (i)-Issue of Auxiliary Foods.

During 1945 auxiliary foods were distributed through the Infant Welfare Clinics at cost price to the value of £140 8s. 7d., and food to the value of £4 14s. 9d. was granted free of charge in necessitous cases.

### 3 (j)-Day Nursery.

The Day Nursery at 17, Lansdowne Road, which provides accommodation for 56 children, functioned throughout the year.

There was a continuous waiting list for admission. Many visitors came to see the Nursery during the year, and in co-operation with the National Society of Children's Nurses, several examinations for the Nursery Nurses' Diploma were held.

### 3 (k)-Home and Domestic Help Schemes.

The Home and Domestic Help Schemes functioned throughout the year, hampered continuously by insufficient workers.

Owing to the difficulty in recruiting helpers the Home and Domestic Help Schemes functioned with identical staff. The labour being allocated to the best advantage between the two schemes. This pooling of labour gives several advantages:

(1) Retaining fees are unnecessary because the helpers are continuously employed; (2) the helper has a variety of employment; (3) Maternity or Home Help cases being given first priority are never refused or cancelled owing to lack of help or overlapping of Home Help bookings.

The records are kept distinct and the following figures illustrate the extent to which the services were used during the year:—

	Domes	Domestic Help Scheme.			Home Help Scheme.		
Domestic Help No.	Cases At- tended.	No. of days in- volved.	No. of hours worked.	Cases At- tended.	No. of days in- volved.	No. of hours worked	
1 2 3	4 9 13	116 149 190	338 593 678½	1 1 2	26 29 36	104 208 253	
4 5 6	1 14 10	46 262 155	258 985 6051		30	240	
7 8	10	88 76	362‡ 286	2	17 11	130½ 83½	
	67	1,082	4,1061	9	149	1,019	

(Some cases were attended for varying periods by more than one Helper.)

## 3 (1)—Supply of Sheets for Expectant Mothers.

Priority dockets on Certificates from doctors and midwives were issued throughout the year in accordance with the provisions of Circular 154/44. Two hundred and thirty-eight vouchers were issued to 82 expectant mothers during 1945.

## 3 (m)—Premature Infants (Circular 20/44).

All Birth Cards now carry a space for an indication of the birth of Premature Infants with the necessary details regarding birth weight, etc. In addition a special form has been compiled which is completed in respect of each premature birth, its details being such as to allow of the completion of Section 7 of Form M.C.W. 96.

## 3 (n)-Illegitimate Children (Circular 2866).

In accordance with the provisions of this Circular, the Council carries out its obligations in co-operation with the Local Branch of the Rochester Diocesan Association for Moral Welfare, on whose Committee the Council has two members. Detailed reports of all cases dealt with are submitted to the Maternity and Child Welfare Committee each month when assistance towards fees in necessitous cases is dealt with. The Council make an annual grant of £200 to the Association for their work in this connection.

#### SECTION 4.

HOSPITALS, MATERNITY AND NURSING HOMES, NURSING IN THE HOME, AMBULANCE FACILITIES AND SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICE.

## 4 (a)—The Kent and Sussex Hospital.

This Hospital is well equipped for dealing with all forms of medical, surgical and radiological treatment.

## 4 (b)—The Homœopathic Hospital.

Is a comfortable, airy and well-lighted building, with a sunshine balcony looking on to the Common.

### 4 (c)-Smallpox Hospital.

The Conjoint Smallpox Hospital catering for the southwest portion of Kent, is situated at Capel: it accommodates 18 adult patients. There were no admissions during 1945. This hospital is leased temporarily to the Kent County Council, who will provide staff from Pembury Hospital should occasion to treat smallpox cases arise.

## 4 (d)-Tunbridge Wells and District Maternity Home.

This Home is a large, well-built house, which is admirably adapted to its purpose. There are labour rooms on the first and ground floors, and accommodation for some 22 patients. It is run by a voluntary Committee, of which the Medical Officer of Health is a member. Its patients come from a wide area around the town, and it was not possible to accommodate all applicants during 1945. Three hundred and forty-two cases were admitted during the year, of which 143 were Borough residents.

The Council make a grant of £50 each year to the Maternity Home, and in necessitous cases they grant assistance with the fees. During 1945 eight cases were assisted, the total sum expended being £19 19s. 0d.

### 4 (e)-Nursing Homes.

	Number	Number of	beds provi	ded for
	Number of Homes.	Maternity.	Others.	Total.
<ul> <li>(a) Homes first registered during the year</li> <li>(b) Homes on the register at the end of the year</li> </ul>	1 17 (including (a))	8	8 122	130

#### Action during 1945 :-

N	umber o	f applications for registration refused	Nil
	,,	exemptions granted under Section 192 (1)	- 3
	,,	exemptions withdrawn under Section 192 (2)	Nil
	"	registrations cancelled under Section 188	1
	,,	of appeals by aggrieved persons to a Court	
		of Summary Jurisdiction, under Section 189 (3)	Nil
	,,	of cases in which fines were imposed	Nil
	,,	inspections	20
	,,	registered homes not inspected	Nil

The inspections are carried out by the Medical Officer of Health, who also supervises the adaptation of fresh premises for nursing home purposes, paying as many visits as occasion requires.

#### 4 (f)-Ambulance Facilities.

There are five ambulances in the Borough. One is garaged at the Isolation Hospital and is used only for infectious cases. For non-infectious and accident cases, the local Branch of the St. John Ambulance Brigade possesses three ambulances, and one is run by the local Police Force. The St. John Ambulance Brigade provides facilities for removing maternity cases by ambulance.

### 4 (g)-Nursing in the Home.

- (a) General.—Nursing in the Home is undertaken by the local District Nursing Association. This Association also undertakes the majority of the domiciliary midwifery cases in the Borough. Staffing difficulties were in evidence throughout the year.
- (b) Midwives.—The Midwives' Acts as far as they relate to the Borough are administered through the Kent County Council as the local Supervising Authority.

### 4 (h)—School Health Service.

The School Health Service now under the administrative charge of the Kent County Council, is run from the Clinic in Calverley Terrace. The Medical Officer of Health undertakes for the County certain administrative supervision and the Deputy Medical Officer of Health undertakes five sessions a week of clinical work in this connection.

## SECTION 5. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

I am indebted to Mr. Cave, Senior Sanitary Inspector, for the preparation of the details in this and section six of the Report.

#### 1. Water Supplies .-

Water is drawn from the same sources as reported in previous years, namely springs around the Pembury area, and from deep borewells. All Corporation supplies are chlorinated, and have been satisfactory both as to quality and quantity throughout the year.

Bacteriological and chemical analyses were undertaken throughout the year as follows:—

0 10 1	Examinations.		
Source of Sample.	Bacteriological.	Chemical.	
No. from Public Supplies (treated) ,,,,,,,, (untreated) ,,,,,,, Private Supplies	46 4 2 1	36 4 —,	
	53	40	

The regulations require that lead pipes shall not be used for water supplies. Approximately 99 per cent. of the dwelling-houses in the Borough have a piped supply of water.

#### 2. Drainage and Sewerage.

Sewage from the Borough drains towards the North and South Sewage Farms, in which no major changes were made during the year.

#### 3. Closet Accommodation.

No earth closets exist in the Borough. Sixty water closets empty into cesspools which are emptied periodically by the Borough Surveyor's staff.

#### 4. Refuse Collection and Disposal.

The arrangements for the collection and disposal of refuse continued throughout the year. The site of controlled tipping was moved at the beginning of the year to a new site outside the populated part of the district.

#### 5. Schools.

All schools in the Borough are supplied with town water and are connected to the public sewers. All milk supplied to the Schools is pasteurised.

### 6. Swimming Baths and Pools.

The Corporation own indoor and open-air baths.

## 7. Eradication of Bed Bugs.

Seventy-five houses were disinfested by "Zaldecide" spraying. Sprays are loaned to the occupants of infested premises.

#### 8. Rats and Mice Destruction.

The Council employed one Rodent Operator throughout the year. A second operator was appointed in August, 1945.

Two hundred and twenty-five complaints regarding infestation by rats and/or mice were received and dealt with.

Table No. 1.—The following table gives a general summary of the work carried out during the year 1945:—

		Nu	moer
Houses inspected under the Housing Act	***	 	24
Premises inspected other than under the Housing Act		 	262
Houses inspected re dustbin accommodation		 	21

							Nast	mber	
Compla	ints investigated		***			***		259	
	to Slaughter-houses							905	
,, ,	, other food premis	ses (excluding	bake-h	ouses)		1.11		484	
	, bake-houses					***		22	
,, ,	restaurant kitche	ns						2	1
	, dairies		***		***		5000	91	
	1 1-1-							98	
	, mechanical factor	ries						44	
	, non-mechanical f	actories				***		17	
	, work places								
			***					-	
	CALL COLUMN		***				20.0	3	
	re keeping of anima	ls						6	
	,, rats and mice de						***	49	3
	(71 A -4							-	1
	,, overcrowding							26	•
**	smoke nuisances				***	***		-	
	, verminous house							26	
	ews respecting prop							167	
Second	ary visits re works i	n progress an	d to be	execut	ed			792	
Visits 1	respecting cases of it	fectious disea	ase					66	
	disinfected by sanit							67	
Other								593	
-	-test to drains							10	
	test to drains—time							21	
Inform	al notices served :	104. respectin		ouses.					
Forma	The state of the s		1.4	,,					
	aamaliad	with						6	
Defect	s remedied							585	
	condemned and destr								
Carcas Sample	ncluding tinned and xcluding tins of food es of home-killed me es of food and drugs	—43 tons 7 co at examined by	wts. 2 qt in slaugl Public A	rs. 26 l hter-ho Analys	bs. ouses t		10	0,137 116	
**	", ", found belo	w standard (	see not					Nil	
ta	ble regarding sample	e of butter)							
Police	Court proceedings			***		***	12.1	Nil	
re	No. 2.—Housing—T quirements of the M	Iinistry of He	ealth.		in acc	cordan		h the mber	
	spection of dwelling-						and the same		
	(a) Total number defects (under (b) Number of ins (a) Number of dy above) which	Public Healt pections mad velling-houses	h or Hou le for the (include	using A e purp led un	Acts) ose der su	 ib-head	 1 (1)	286 1,122	
	Housing Conse	were inspec	lations	1095	nd 10	39	CIAC	6	
	(b) Number of ins	pections made	e for the	DUEDO	Se			10	
(0	(b) Number of ins Number of dwelling	pections made	nd to b	e in a	state				
(3	or injurious to	health as to b	ne unfit f	for hun	an ha	bitatio	n	2	
	) Number of dwellin	nearth as to t	lugive	f those	referr	ed to u	nder	-	
(4	the preceding	g-nouses (exc	nund no	t to b	o in	all reer	nects		
	reasonably fit	for human ha	abitation	1				229	
2. Re	emedy of Defects of Notices :—	luring the ye	ear with	hout s	ervice	of fo	rmal		
N	umber of defective d	welling-house	es render	red fit	in con	sequen	ce of		
-	informal action by	he Local Aut	hority o	r their	officer	rs		198	

3.	Action under Statutory Powers during the year :-	
	(a) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act,	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs (2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after	3
	service of formal notices:—  (a) By owners  (b) By Local Authority in default of owners	3 Nil
	(b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts:— (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied (2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied	2
	after service of formal notices:—  (a) By owners  (b) By Local Authority in default of owners	2 Nil
	(c) Proceedings under Section 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:— (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which demolition orders were made	2
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of demolition orders	Nil
	(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made (2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in	Nil
	respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	Nil
4.	Housing Act, 1936—Part IV—Overcrowding:—	
	No exact figures available. Overcrowding is undoubtedly on the increase and cannot be relieved until new housing is available.	
Tal	ble No. 3—Inspection and Supervision of Food.	umber
(a)	Milk Supply :—	
	Licenses in force at the end of the year :-	_
	Dealers' Licences : Tuberculin tested milk	7
	Supplementary Licences—Tuberculin tested milk	î
	Pasteurisers' Licences	4
	Licences to bottle tuberculin tested milk	1
	Number of Dairy Farms in the Borough	16
	", ", licensed for the production of tuberculin tested milk	5
	" " " " licensed for the production of Accredited milk	2
	visits to cowsheds	98
	udilics	91
	48 samples of milk were submitted for bacteriological examination and 66 samples to the prescribed tests for pasteurised milk at the County Laboratory.	
(b)	Meat and Other Foods :	
	Number of Government controlled slaughter-houses in use	2
	", visits to slaughter-houses	905 485
	", ,, other food premises (excluding bake-houses) ", home-killed carcases examined at time of slaughter	10,137
	Food condemned and destroyed (excluding tins of food):	-100

## (c) Details of Food Condemned :-

		Weight		Tubercular weight:										
Item of Food:	T.	C.	Q.	lbs. T. C. Q. lbs.										
Beef (home-killed)	22	5	0											
,, (offals) ,,	9	18	3	8 8 17 3 14										
Pork ,,	1	15	0											
Pigs heads ,,		7	2											
On Linears	4	_	3	2 17 2 21										
Other Offal ,,		8	2	18 1 1 22										
Musten		8 2 2 3	2 3	5										
Mutton ,,	***	2	3	2										
Imported Beef		2												
Imported Mutton	***		1											
Imported Pork	***	1	3											
Meat Pies			3											
Biscuits		1	0											
Beef Cubes	127	3	1											
Butter		1	0											
Bacon				7										
Cereals		4	3											
Coffee				26										
0.1		3	2											
		0	3											
Cocoa		15												
Corned Beef		15	1											
Chocolate		3	2											
Cheese			20	24										
Dried Fruits			1											
Flour	***	4	1											
Fish (wet)		15	0	13										
Jam and Preserves		3	0											
Luncheon Meat		4	2											
Lentils, etc		9	0											
		2	3											
Tinned Steak		3	1											
Sausage Meat	***	3	1											
Syrup				2										
Shellfish		1	3											
Sweets		3	3	3 4										
Sugar			3											
Tea			2											
Vinegar				1										
Lard				11										
O- Tonous				6										
				445 tins 112 lbs.										
Beans (canned)				9 9										
Fruit "				9 020 1 460										
Fish ,,	***													
Milk "				951 ,, 480 ,,										
Milk (dried)				9 ,, 9 ,,										
Peas (canned)	* ***			45 ,, 45 ,,										
Soup ,,				30 ,, 15 ,,										
Other canned goods	3			14 ,, 14 ,,										
Dried Eggs				45 pkts. 20 lbs.										
Mustard				156 ,, 15 ,,										
Pudding Mixture				932 ,, 466 ,,										
				640 bottles 640 ,,										
Pickles				0 1										
Sauce	• • • •													
Fish Paste				1 ,, ,, ,,										
Fish Cakes				1,517 253 ,,										
Lemons				234 50 ,,										
Oranges				1,403 234 ,,										
Poultry and Game				5 25 ,,										
Pigeons				69 112 ,,										
otal weight canned ar	id pack	et rood	11	ton 15 cwts. 1 qr. 5 lbs.										

## CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED.

	Cattle, exclud- ing Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.
Number killed (if known)	2501	1589	107	4867	1073
Number inspected	2501	1589	107	4867	1073
All diseases except Tuber- culosis:— Whole carcases con- demned	1	5	1	5	13
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	251	310	_	101	31
Percentage of the num- ber inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis	10.0	19.8	0.9	2.2	4.1
Tuberculosis only :— Whole carcases condemned	9	73	-	_	3
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	263	519	_		62
Percentage of the num- ber inspected affected with tuberculosis	10.9	37.2	_	-	6.0

TOTAL CARCASES INSPECTED ... 10,137.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT. Number and Description of Samples analysed by the Public Analyst.

						- 3	-																
Remarks		Adulterated sample of butter. 100% Margarine. False information given by person who requested	analysis.  No further action necessary.																				
	Total	1																					
Adulterated.	Formal Informal	-																					
Ad	Formal	1																					
	Total	4	61	40	100	1 01		21 4	* 01	1		4 -	. 00	_	40	21 -	- 0	, 00			- 0	N	7
Examined.	Informal	4	¢ì	-		1 01	7	23 4	+ c3	_	000	4 -	4 69	-	4	61	- 0	. 0	- ,		- "	21 0	7
H	Formal.	1	111	40	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1
	Nature of Article.	Butter	Lard	Tal	regetable ]	Cocoa	Chocolate Cup	Baking Powder	Coffee	Coffee Essence	Camphorated Oil	Cake Flour	Custard Powder		Castor Oil		Self-raising Flour	Borac Acid Ointment	Junket Powder	Lemonade Powder	Calamine Lotion	Eucalyptus Oil	Ground Ginger

Remarks FOOD AND DRUGS ACT-continued. Total Adulterated. Formal Informal NII. Total 116 Examined. Formal. Informal 74 -00----01-42 Lemon Powder
Curry Powder
Soup Powder
Fish Paste
Petroleum Jelly
Glycerine of Thymol Bunflour
Mixed Spice ...
Gelatine Powder
Ground Nutmeg
Tincture of Iodine Nature of Article. Basilicon Ointment Banana Essence Zinc Ointment Boracic Powder Rum ... Marmite Bovril ... Whisky Barley

#### SECTION 6.

#### METEOROLOGICAL NOTES, 1945.

Tunbridge Wells Municipal Meteorological Station is an official Auxiliary Station reporting to the Meteorological Department of the Air Ministry. The records are kept by the Staff of the Health Department, and have so been kept since 1st July, 1914.

The instruments are situated in the Calverley Grounds, the station being somewhat in a hollow. This position tends to make the minimum temperature readings lower than they should be, as cold air gravitates to the bottom of hollows.

The sunshine recorder is established at the Earls Court Hotel, and the standard barometer is in the Health Department at the Town Hall.

The usual certificate from the Meteorological Office is suspended until a better site than that in the Calverley Grounds offers itself.

The observations were made by Mr. W. P. Cave, Mr. A. G. Davies, and Mr. A. Barnett, members of the Staff of the Health Department.

The total amount of bright sunshine recorded was 1,590 hours 42 minutes, the mean amount being 1,593 hours 18 minutes. The most sunny day was June 4th, 14 hours 54 minutes being recorded. There were 54 sunless days, 66 being the average.

The highest temperature in the sun was 135 degrees on 25th June.

The mean temperature in the shade for the year was 50.5 degrees, 49.2 being the average.

The mean daily range was 16.1 degrees the average being 14.4.

The temperature in the shade four feet above the ground was highest, 85 degrees, on 12th May and 15th July and lowest, 9 degrees, on the 25th January.

The hottest nights were 15th July and 18th September, when the temperature did not go below 62 degrees.

The last frost in the air in Spring was on 1st May, and the first in the Autumn on 16th November. The last on the grass in the Spring was on 2nd May and the first in the Autumn was on 16th November.

The rainfall amounted to 27.44 inches, the average being 30.47 inches. It fell on 217 days, the average 174.

The most rain that fell on one day was 1.59 inches on 25th March.

The wind at 9 a.m. was North on 36 days, North-East 37 days, East 18 days, South-East 19 days, South 24 days, South-West 96 days, West 68 days and North-West 67 days.

The mean amount of cloud at 9 a.m. was 7.1, 6.7 being the average (10 representing overcast sky). Thunder and lightning occurred on 9 days.

There were 11 fogs, and it was misty on 24 other mornings.

31 year Average. 51.3 °F. 42.2 45.9 46.7 51.2 56.7 56.0 50.4 45.7 Four Foot. Temperature Underground. 1945. 52.0 46.2 °F. 8.04 44.3 6.64 54.2 58.7 62.0 62.4 56.5 45 year Average. 50.6 9.09 63.5 52.5 45.8 41.8 54.4 59.1 °F. 3.90 47.1 63.1 One Foot. 1945. 62.5 63.5 6.09 53.8 47.5 40.6 44.2 57.9 65.3 52.1 52.1 °F. 55 year Average. In shade, 4ft above Mean Temperature. 49.5 53.0 50.2 43.4 39.7 39.0 42.2 46.7 58.1 57.1 1945. 6.09 50.5 58.8 62.8 58.5 39.7 45.6 56.2 53.1 44.3 50.4 44.1 °F. 65 year Average. Inches 2.80 30.47 2.22 2.25 2.23 2.00 1.96 1.86 2.30 2.33 3.63 Rainfall. Inches. 2.20 1945. 27.44 2.20 0.45 4.80 2.11 1.22 2.39 1.29 3.39 1.54 3.66 Mins. 18 12 48 45 54 9 31 year Average. 12 42 42 36 36 Hrs. 50 1593 210 218 206 193 150 109 126 147 61 Sunshine. 7 Hrs. Mins. 38 0 42 36 48 9 9 24 9 18 12 45 48 36 1945. 125 WHOLE YEAR 1590 215 163 8 57 49 199 220 227 141 November ... December ... : September February October Months. January August March April June July May

METEOROLOGICAL NOTES, 1945.