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#### **Contributors**

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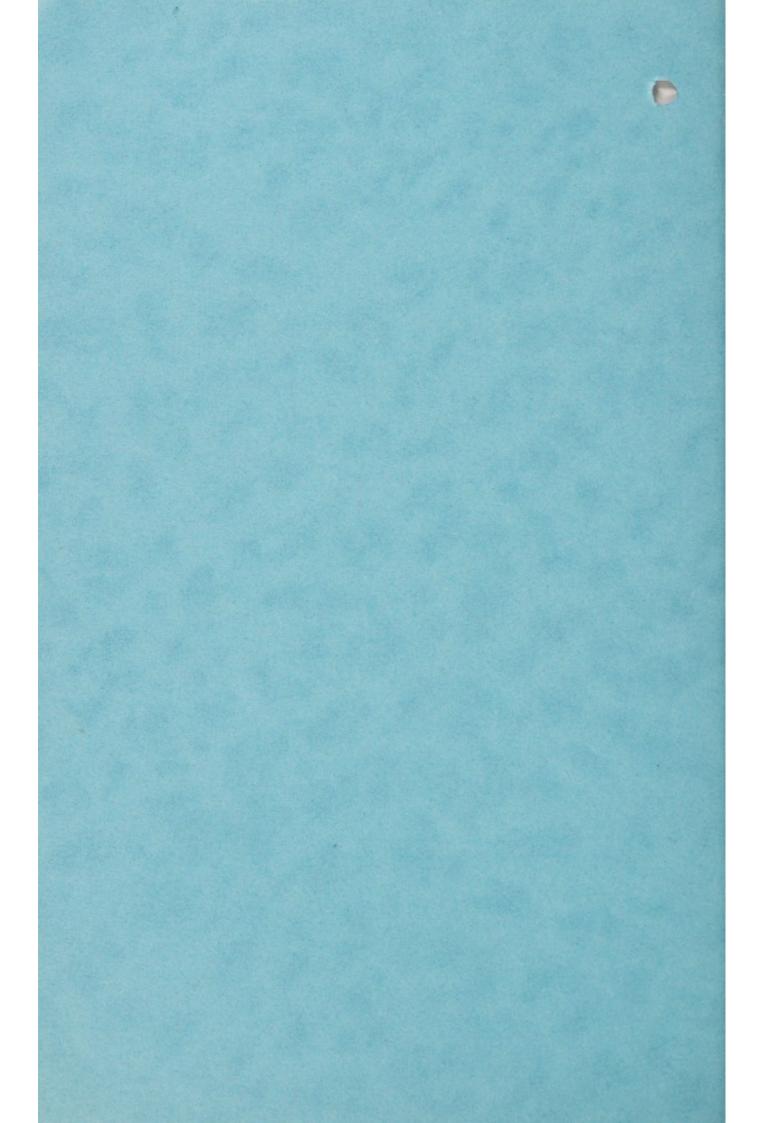
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## BOROUGH OF TORQUAY



Torquay Riparian Authority
REPORT 1958



## BOROUGH OF TORQUAY

## PORT HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, 195%

The following report is the record of Port Health Administration for the year 1953, detailed in form and sequence in accordance with the instructions of the Ministry of Health contained in Form Port 20 sent with Circular 33/52.

As a result of the Public Health (Ships) Regulations, 1952, the form and scope of the report were revised, and the full details are only required every five years; the last quinquennial report was for 1955, and the intermediate years will be covered by a shorter report. In the year under review certain sections, marked with an asterisk, are therefore omitted as there has been no change to record; but the sectional headings are retained to ensure continuity.

## SECTION 1—STAFF TABLE A

		IABLE A			
Name of Officer	Nature of Appointment	Date of Appointment	Qualifications	Any other appointments held	
D. K. MACTAGGART	Medical Officer of Health	1957	M.A., M.B., CH.B., D.P.H. (LOND.)	Assistant County Medical Officer	
G. J. LOVELESS	Chief Public Health Inspector and	1946	C.R.S.I. CERT. INSP. MEAT AND FOOD		
	Port Health Inspector	Retired January, 1958	R.S.I.		
D. PARTRIDGE	Chief Public Health Inspector and Port Health Inspector	January, 1958	C.S.I.J.B., CERT. INSP. MEAT AND FOOD R.S.I.		
A. THOMPSON	District Public Health Inspector and	1925	C.R.S.I.		
	Assistant Port Health Inspector	Retired 1958		Tommore Man	
F. HOLLOWAY	District Public Health Inspector and Assistant Port Health Inspector	October, 1958	C.S.I.J.B., CERT. INSP. MEAT AND FOOD R.S.I.		

CLERKS:—S. E. R. AUTHERS, Chief Clerk. E. C. DOBLE.

(The work in connexion with Port Health Administration is carried out by the above members of the Public Health Staff, in the course of the general Public Health Administration of the Borough.)

Address and telephone number of the Medical Officer of Health:

St. Marychurch Town Hall, Torquay

Tel. No.: Torquay 88204 (Office) Torquay 83154 (Home)

## SECTION II—AMOUNT OF SHIPPING ENTERING THE DISTRICT DURING THE YEAR



#### TABLE B

Ships from	Number	Tonnage	Number Inspected		Number of ships
			By the Medical Officer of Health	By the Public Health Inspector	reported as having, or having had during the voyage, infectious disease on board
Foreign Ports	1	222	1	1	emeleje <del>an</del> hid
Coastwise	45	20,440	5	14	_
TOTAL	46	20,662	6	15.	_

In addition, local fishing vessels made 1,219 visits (total tonnage 5,442) to the fish quay and frequent inspections of these have been made. 479 Tons of fish were landed during the year.

## SECTION III—CHARACTER OF SHIPPING AND TRADE DURING THE YEAR

Passenger Traffic	{	Number of passenger Number of passenger	> approved under the	
Cargo Traffic	ſ	Principal Imports.	Bog Ore (1 Cargo). Coal (3 Cargoes).	
	j	Principal Exports.	None.	

PRINCIPAL PORTS from which ships arrived in 1958:

London, Rotterdam, Cherbourg, Le Havre, Dieppe,

Guernsey and general coastwise.

Foreign Ports were: Streur Jutland.

The wharves at Torquay are approved by the Customs for the import of timber (incl. Plywood, Hardboard and Wallboard) slates and Bog Ore, and for the export of Bricks and Roofing Tiles.

### \*SECTION IV—INLAND BARGE TRAFFIC

There is no inland barge traffic in the area.

### \*SECTION V—WATER SUPPLY

NO CHANGE

## SECTION VI—PUBLIC HEALTH (SHIPS) REGULATIONS, 1952

(1) List of infected areas. (Regulation 6)

Arrangements for the preparation and amendment of the list, the form of the list, the persons to whom it is supplied, and the procedure in supplying it to those persons.

The list of infected ports and areas supplied from the Ministry of Health each week is noted at the Public Health Department and is then taken by the District Sanitary Inspector to the Customs Officer who retains it for the week; when each new list is taken, the list for the previous week is returned to the Health Department.

- (2) Radio Messages.
  - (a) Arrangement for sending permission by radio, for ships to enter the District. (Regulation 13.)

Arrangements are made with the Post Office for the transmission of Wireless messages, if required.

(b) Arrangements for receiving messages by radio from ships, and for acting thereon. (Regulation 14 (1) (a) and (2)).

These messages are received through the Post Office, and would in the first instance be to the Local Shipping Agents, thence to the Customs Officer and subsequently to the Medical Officer of Health.

(3) Notification otherwise than by radio. (Regulation 14 (1) (b)). Arrangements for receiving notifications otherwise than by radio and for acting thereon.

Messages are received or sent by the Customs Officer communicating with the Coast Guard Station at Berry Head for signals either of flags or flash lamps in morse; Berry Head commands the whole Bay for shipping.

Detailed notices on the Maritime Declaration of Health instruct Masters of vessels to fly the International signals as given in the Regulations. Any notifications to the Customs Officer are communicated at once to the Medical Officer of Health.

(4) Mooring Stations. (Regulations 22 to 30)—Situation of Stations' and any other standing directions issued under these Regulations.

The quarantine mooring buoy which was situated 1,000 yards South-West out to sea from the end of Haldon Pier, painted yellow and black, and lighted at night, was washed away in a storm, and it was decided that this should not be replaced, but a Quarantine Anchorage established in its place.

This anchorage has been established in a position Latitude 50 Degs. 27' 00" North and Longtitude 03 Degs. 31' 30" West in 5½ fms, water at M.L.W.O.S., extending in a North South-

East and West direction (TRUE), each way 750 feet forming the diagonals of a square having sides each 1,000 feet.

This position is some 3 cables, 162 Degs. (TRUE) from the original Quarantine Buoy position, and 4 cables from Torquay Harbour in what is marked as TORQUAY ROADS on Admiralty Chart No. 26.

This anchorage is easily verified by Mariners by cross bearings on some seven prominent landmarks all of which are within  $3\frac{1}{2}$  nautical miles and include four which are lighted.

(5) Arrangements for:

(a) Hospital accommodation for infectious cases (other than Smallpox—See Section VII).

Cases of infectious disease, other than Smallpox, are admitted to the Torquay Isolation Hospital, which is the Hospital for the Torquay District Management Committee area.

(b) Surveillance and follow-up of contacts.

Surveillance and following-up of contacts are undertaken by the Medical Officer of Health and Sanitary Inspectors.

(c) Cleansing and disinfection of ships, persons, clothing and other Articles.

There is a Cleansing Station for persons at St. Marychurch Town Hall. Disinfection of any Quarters aboard ship is dealt with by the Sanitary Inspectors, and the disinfection of clothing and other articles takes place at the Isolation Hospital, where there is a modern Thresh Disinfector, together with facilities for articles which cannot be put through steam under pressure.

### SECTION VII—SMALLPOX

(1) Name of Isolation Hospital to which Smallpox cases are sen; from the District.

Cases are sent to Upton Pyne Smallpox Hospital near Exeter, and the Medical Officer in charge is the Resident Physician of Whipton Isolation Hospital, Exeter, Dr. R. P. Boyd.

(2) Arrangement for transport of such cases to that Hospital by ambulance, giving the name of the Authority responsible for the ambulance and the vaccinal state of the ambulance crews.

The ambulance is arranged by telephone message to the Resident Physician at Whipton Isolation Hospital, Exeter, who states that the vehicle is supplied by the Exeter City Health Department and is staffed by the Hospital, and that all members of the crew are fully vaccinated.

(3) Names of Smallpox Consultants available.

The Consultants available are :-

Dr. J. Macrae, Ham Green Isolation Hospital, Bristol.

Dr. W. A. Lister, 7, The Crescent, Plymouth.

Dr. D. F. Johnstone, The Isolation Hospital, Plymouth.

(4) Facilities for Laboratory diagnosis of Smallpox.

Specimens for Laboratory diagnosis are sent to the Central Public Health Laboratory (Virus Reference), Colindale, Hendon, N.W.4.

## \*SECTION VIII—VENEREAL DISEASE

NO CHANGE

## SECTION IX—CASES OF NOTIFIABLE AND OTHER INFECTIOUS DISEASES ON SHIPS TABLE D

Category	Disease	No. of case the y	No. of ships	
will film limit to an in-		Passengers	Crew	concerned
Cases landed from ships from foreign ports	nog inon or	Luc entre	om gamma Holi	a add on sk-
Cases which have occurred on ships from foreign ports but have been dis- posed of before arrival	aquis es guivo L		ne site alle en bys less mot grive en gri	(4), Prom F gglds —
Cases landed from other ports	-0.6	_	_	_

A short account should be given of the measures taken on the arrival by ship of (a) any case of smallpox, cholera, plague, yellow fever, typhus, or relapsing fever included in Table D; (b) any suspected case of any such disease.

NIL.

# SECTION X—OBSERVATIONS OF THE OCCURRENCE OF MALARIA IN SHIPS

NIL.

## SECTION XI—MEASURES TAKEN AGAINST SHIPS INFECTED WITH OR SUSPECTED FOR PLAGUE

NIL.

## SECTION XII—MEASURES AGAINST RODENTS IN SHIPS FROM FOREIGN PORTS

(1) Procedure for inspection of ships for rats.

Enquiries are made by the Public Health Inspector from all Masters of vessels using the Port concerning the presence of rats, and, if present, of signs of unusual mortality among the rats. Owing to the small size of the vessels, and of the nature of the cargo carried, it is uncommon to find any evidence of rat infestation.

Systematic inspections are made of the ships and quays, with special reference to the presence of rat runs, excreta, damage to foodstuffs, etc.

(2) Arrangements for the Bacteriological or Pathological examination of rodents, with special reference to rodent plague, including the number of rodents sent for examination during the year.

The examinations, if required at any time, will be made through the Public Health Laboratory Service at Exeter.

None has so far been required.

(3) Arrangements in the District for deratting ships, the methods used, and, if done by a commercial contractor, the name of the contractor.

Any ship requiring deratting is referred to Plymouth for the necessary measures, and the next port of call of the vessel is notified.

(4) Progress in the rat-proofing of ships.

This has not been required owing to the limited nature of shipping entering the port.

#### TABLE E

Rodents destroyed during the year in ships from foreign ports

#### TABLE F

Deratting Certificates and Deratting Exemption Certificates issued during the year for ships from foreign ports.

This table does not apply as Torquay is not an approved port under Article 52 of the International Sanitary Regulations.

## SECTION XIII—INSPECTION OF SHIPS FOR NUISANCES TABLE G

## Inspections and Notices

Nature and		Notices	Result of serving notices	
Number of Inspections	Statutory Notices	Other Notices	serving notices	
General	15	The second second	sandania - "	_
TOTAL	15	tiener extons		_

# \*SECTION XIV—PUBLIC HEALTH (SHELLFISH) REGULATIONS, 1934 and 1948

NO CHANGE

## \*SECTION XV—MEDICAL INSPECTION OF ALIENS

(Applicable only to ports approved for the landing of aliens)

NO CHANGE

\*SECTION XVI—MISCELLANEOUS

NO CHANGE

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