[Report 1952] / Medical Officer of Health, Thornton Cleveleys U.D.C.

Contributors

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Annual Report on the Health of Thornton Cleveleys For the Year 1952



Medical Officer of Health:

A. H. PENISTAN,

M.B., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.),

F.Soc. M.O.H.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Cleansing Officer:

A. E. BARNES,

M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A., A.M.I.P.C.,

Certified Meat and Food Inspector



Thornton Cleveleys Urban District Council

HEALTH COMMITTEE, 1952

Chairman: Councillor J. KEIRBY (died 11th November, 1952)

Chairman: Councillor E. BUCKLEY (from 25th November, 1952)

Councillor F. R. CAVE, J.P.

Councillor H. BARLOW

Councillor W. A. CHADDERTON

Councillor T. E. CROFT

Councillor R. FITTON

Councillor A. L. SIMPSON

Chairman of the Council:

Councillor F. R. CAVE, J.P.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

Medical Officer of Health:

ARTHUR HENRY PENISTAN, M.B., B.S.(Lond.), M.R.C.S.(Eng.), L.R.C.P.(Lond.), F.Soc.M.O.H.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Cleansing Officer:

ARTHUR EDWARD BARNES, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A., A.M.I.P.C.

(Certified Meat and Food Inspector)

STAFF

Technical:

Additional Sanitary Inspector:

BRYAN R. NAGLE, C.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.

(Resigned 28th February, 1952)

Temporary Technical Assistant:

KENNETH E. EMERY

(Appointed 1st April, 1952) (Formerly Pupil Sanitary Inspector)

Clerical:

Chief Clerk Miss S. A. SIMCOCK

Clerk Miss T. P. HALSTEAD

Thornton Cleveleys Urban District Council

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT

Council Offices,
Thornton Cleveleys.

To the Chairman and Members of the Thornton Cleveleys Urban District Council.

GENTLEMEN,

In submitting my report on the health of the district for the year 1952, I am pleased to be able to record that the public health has been very satisfactory.

The number of cases of infectious diseases notified is the lowest for several years, and the welcome absence of any epidemics has made the year an uneventful one from the public health point of view.

Very close watch has been kept on the purity and quality of the milk and ice cream supply throughout the year.

Finally, I wish to express my warm appreciation of the enthusiastic work of the Chief Sanitary Inspector, Mr. A. E. Barnes, and all the members of the staff of the Health Department.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

A. H. PENISTAN.

VITAL STATISTICS

T D 14: (D :4 G 11 4: 4 :11050) 1	
Home Population (Registrar-General's estimate, mid-1952): 1	
M. F.	Total
Live Births: Legitimate 73 93	166
Illegitimate 1 3	4
$\frac{-}{74}$ $\frac{-}{96}$	170
	_
Live Birth Rates per 1,000 of population:	
Crude Rate 11·3	
Adjusted Rate 12.8	
M. F.	Total
Deaths (All Causes): Number registered 116 144	260
Death Rate per 1,000 of population:	
Crude Rate 17.2	
Adjusted Rate 12-9	
Adjusted Nate 120	
M. F.	Total
M. F. Stillbirths: Number registered 2 1	Total 3
Stillbirths: Number registered 2 1	
Stillbirths: Number registered 2 1 Rate per 1,000 total births 17	
Stillbirths: Number registered 2 1 Rate per 1,000 total births 17 Maternal Mortality:	
Stillbirths: Number registered 2 1 Rate per 1,000 total births 17 Maternal Mortality: Number of deaths registered Nil Rate per 1,000 total births Nil	
Stillbirths: Number registered	3
Stillbirths: Number registered	Total
Stillbirths: Number registered	3
Stillbirths: Number registered	Total
Stillbirths: Number registered 2 1 Rate per 1,000 total births 17 Maternal Mortality: Number of deaths registered Nil Rate per 1,000 total births Nil Infant Mortality: M. F. Number of deaths registered (under one year) 3 3 Rate per 1,000 live births 35 Neo-Natal:	Total 6
Stillbirths: Number registered 2 1 Rate per 1,000 total births 17 Maternal Mortality: Number of deaths registered Nil Rate per 1,000 total births Nil Infant Mortality: M. F. Number of deaths registered (under one year) 3 3 Rate per 1,000 live births 35 Neo-Natal: M. F.	Total
Stillbirths: Number registered 2 1 Rate per 1,000 total births 17 Maternal Mortality: Number of deaths registered Nil Rate per 1,000 total births Nil Infant Mortality: M. F. Number of deaths registered (under one year) 3 3 Rate per 1,000 live births 35 Neo-Natal:	Total 6

Rate of Deaths under one year per 1,000 Live Births	29 16 35	9 +	+ 19
Per 1,000 Total (Live and Still Births)	N IN IN	Nil	Nil
Per 1,000 Live Births	NIII	Nii	III
Death Rate from Cancer	2·25 2·74 2·72	+ 0.47	- 0.02
Death Rate from Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	0-18 Nil 0-07	RS' AVERAGE: - 0.11	+ 0.07
Crude Death Rate	16.46 18.2 17.2	ON FIVE YEA + 0.74	- 1.0
Live Birth Rate	13·16 12·1 11·3	HASE IN 1952 0	8.0 —
	MEAN OF FIVE VE 1947-1951 1951	INCREASE OR DECR 1947-1951	Previous Year
	Crude Tuberculosis of From Death Rate Respiratory System Death Rate Respiratory System	Signature New Pirth Rate Death Rate Birth Rate Death Rate System System 12-1 11-3 17-2 0.07 2-72 Nil	Death Rate Death Rate Death Rate From from from From from From from From

1952.—Adjusted death rate (comparability factor 0.75) = 12.9 per 1,000. 1952.—Adjusted birth rate (comparability factor 1·14) = 12·8 per 1,000.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Area in statute acres						3,355
Population (estimated)				****	1	15,100
Density of population per acre			****	·		4.5
Number of inhabited houses (19	31 Census)					2,625
Estimated number of inhabited	houses (De	cember	1952)			5,067
Rateable Value						£137,933
Sum represented by a Penny R	ate	200				£565
Adjusted Birth Rate per 1,000	population	ery.				12.8
Adjusted Death Rate per 1,000	population		****			12.9
Infantile Death Rate per 1,000	Births regis	stered				35
Maternal Mortality						Nil
Phthisis Death Rate per 1,000	population					0.07
Cancer Death Rate (Malignant	Neoplasm)					2.72
Influenza Death Rate			****			Nil
Pneumonia (all forms) Death R	ate					0.26
Respiratory Diseases (all forms)						1.26

ACTS IN FORCE IN THE DISTRICT

Thornton Urban District Council Act, 31st July, 1923.

Thornton Cleveleys Improvement Act, 31st July, 1936.

Lancashire County Council (General Powers) Act, 1951.

Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907—Sec. 86, September, 1952.

BYE-LAWS

Hackney Carriages	1908
New Streets	1904 (Revised)
Building Bye-laws (Public Health Act, 1936)	1939
Pleasure Grounds	1938
Bye-laws under Section 15, Food and Drugs Act,	1950
Bye-laws under Section 81, Public Health Act,	1951

PHYSICAL FEATURES AND GENERAL CHARACTER OF THE DISTRICT

By the Lancashire (Central and Western Areas) Review Order, 1934, a part of the Township of Carleton, containing 354 acres, was added to the Urban District on the 1st April, 1934. The district is bounded on the west by the Irish Sea, on the east by the River Wyre, on the north by the Borough of Fleetwood, and County Borough of Blackpool on the south. It is flat in character, the only rising ground being in the North Ward (Bourne Hill) and the East Ward adjoining the river.

Consequent upon the addition of a part of Carleton to the district, the Ward boundaries were altered as from 1st April, 1934.

The Watercourses of the district flow eastward into the River Wyre.

GEOLOGY

The general sub-soil of the district is clay, which is overlaid with a thick layer of alluvial deposit (blue silt), varying in thickness from four feet to eight feet. On the top of this is a thin layer (about four inches) of peaty matter. This was found in considerable thickness in one portion of the North Ward, Butts Road, and also in the South Ward, Fleetwood Road. On the top of this again is a layer of sandy soil or a mixture of soil and clay, varying in thickness from two-and-a-half feet to four feet. The surface covering is about six inches in thickness. From above downwards, we get (1) surface covering, (2) mixture of soil and clay or sandy soil, (3) peat, (4) blue silt, (5) boulder clay.

The nature of the above strata indicates that at some period the River Wyre overflowed a large portion of the district, leaving the alluvial deposit.

CLIMATE

The prevailing wind is a westerly sea breeze. An abundance of summer sunshine, together with usually mild winters, produces a temperate and very bracing climate.

AREA AND DETAILS OF POPULATION

As previously mentioned, the area of Thornton Cleveleys was, on the 1st April, 1934, increased by the inclusion of a part of the Parish of Carleton, the total area now being given as 3,355 acres.

The average number of persons per acre is 4.5.

The District is divided into Wards, viz. :-

- West Ward.—This Ward was, on the alteration of the boundaries, reduced in size; the eastern boundary is now a building plot depth east of Cleveleys Avenue. This Ward is in the Cleveleys portion of the District, a rapidly-growing seaside resort, which enjoys an increasing popularity with visitors from inland towns. It is flat in character, with a slight slope eastwards. The number of houses in West Ward is 1,584.
- South Ward.—The western boundary adjoins the boundary of West Ward, and its eastern boundary is a building plot depth west of Fleetwood Road, which it follows throughout the District. It is again flat in character and is residential (a portion of the District of Cleveleys being within its boundaries). The number of houses in South Ward is 1,478.
- North Ward.—This is the industrial area of the District and has within its boundaries the works of the Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd. It is bounded on the north by the Borough of Fleetwood, on the west by the eastern boundary of South Ward, and on the east by the River Wyre. On the south it cuts the remaining portion of the District roughly in half, and forms the northern boundary of East Ward. This boundary cuts across from Fleetwood Road, through Bancroft Avenue and north of Hillylaid Road to the river. The number of houses in North Ward is 734.
- East Ward.—This Ward is the agricultural area of the District. It also includes part of the added area. Its boundaries adjoin the South and North Wards, the River Wyre and the Urban District of Poulton-le-Fylde. The number of houses in East Ward is 1,271.

SOCIAL CONDITIONS, INDUSTRIES, ETC.

The western portion of the District has, in the last few years, rapidly developed as a seaside holiday resort and, with the additional amenities now provided, together with the activities of private builders, the District as a whole has greatly benefited.

The largest employers of labour within the District are the Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd., who have large chemical and plastic works on the northern boundary. There is still a large portion of the District devoted to agriculture.

During the period under review there has been very little unemployment here.

RATEABLE VALUE

		For Poor Rate Buildings			1	Land		For G Distric			
		£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1901	 	18,308	0	0		3,927	0	0	 17,779	0	0
		ld. Ra	te			84	9	0	 74	1	7
1911	 	29,288	0	0		4,146	15	0	 26,897	0	0
		ld. Ra	te			140	13	5	 112	1	5
1921	 	41,251	5	0		4,559	15	0	 38,777	0	0
		1d. Ra	te			171	15	1	 158	6	9

	General	Rate	Product of 1d. Rate
	£	s. d.	£ s. d.
1931	79,073	0 0	 293 0 4
1939	115,560	0 0	 444 13 9
1940	115,909	0 0	 456 11 5
1941	121,326	0 0	 492 11 11
1942	124,939	0 0	 500 13 11
1943	126,709	0 0	 512 12 5
1944	127,365	0 0	 512 16 3
1945	126,781	0 0	 506 13 4
1946	130,503	0 0	 537 10 11
1947	135,387	0 0	 544 17 1
1948	131,657	0 0	 532 18. 6
1949	132,700	0 0	 546 14 3
1950	135,712	0 0	 551 13 0
1951	136,946	0 0	 560 10 5
1952	137,933	0 0	 565 0 0

PART I.—VITAL STATISTICS

Population.—The population at Census 1921 was 5,340. For 1931 Census the figure was 9,935 (corrected).

Registrar-General's Estimate, 195	2			15,100
Number of Inhabited Houses at 3	1st Dece	mber,	1952	5,067
Average Number of Persons per	House			2.98

BIRTHS

During the year 170 births were recorded by the Registrar-General, comprising 74 males and 96 females.

Birth rate for district (adjusted), 12.8 per 1,000, as against 13.9 for 1951.

Birth rate for England and Wales: Live Births, 15.3.

Stillbirths: 0.35 per 1,000 total (Live and Still) Births.

DEATHS

Based on a population of 15,100, the Registrar-General gives the Death Rate (adjusted) as 12.9, as against 13.7 for 1951. The Death Rate for England and Wales is 11.3 per 1,000.

The allocation to the various Wards of the district (after excluding transferable deaths, and including local residents dying outside the district), is as follows:—

,	Ward	Males	Females	Total
North		 12	 15	 27
South		 36	 48	 84
East		 30	 30	 60
West		 38	 51	 89
		116	 144	 260
			-	

INFANTILE MORTALITY

During the year six deaths of Infants under one year occurred.

The Infantile Mortality Rate is 35, as against 16 for 1951.

The Infantile Mortality Rate for England and Wales is 27.6, as against 29.6 for 1951.

RESPIRATORY DEATH RATE

There were four deaths from Pneumonia (one male and three females), and 15 deaths from Bronchitis (nine males and six females).

The Respiratory Death Rate is 1.26 per 1,000 of the population, as against 1.82 for 1951.

PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS

There was one death from Pulmonary Tuberculosis (one male). The Respiratory Tuberculosis rate is 0.07.

DEATH RATE PER 1,000 OF THE POPULATION FOR:

(1)	Influenza	 		 Nil
(2)	Respiratory Diseases	 	1	 1.26
(3)	Pneumonia (all forms)	 		 0.26
(4)	Tuberculosis—Pulmonary	 		 0.07
(5)	Tuberculosis—Non-Pulmonary	 		 Nil
(6)	Malignant Neoplasm (Cancer)	 		 2.72

INQUIRIES AND INQUESTS

During the year there were 24 Inquests and/or Inquiries on residents belonging to the district, as follows:—

North Ward.

- (1) Male, 60 years. General peritonitis due to an intestinal obstruction.
- (2) Male, 43 years. Syncope, fibrous degeneration of the heart due to coronary atheroma.
- (3) Male, 64 years. Coronary occlusion due to coronary arterio sclerosis.
- (4) Female, 69 years. Accidental—Senile dementia accelerated by an impacted fracture of the right femur caused through falling downstairs.

South Ward.

- (5) Male, 65 years. General peritonitis.
- (6) Female, 76 years. Misadventure—myocardial degeneration due to arterio-sclerosis accelerated by a fracture of the right femur.
- (7) Male, 57 years. Coronary thrombosis due to arteriosclerosis.
- (8) Male, 82 years. Misadventure—senile decay accelerated by fracture of right femur.
- (9) Female, 79 years. Misadventure—myocardial failure due to senility accelerated by fracture of right femur.
- (10) Male, 58 years. Mid-brain hæmorrhage.
- (11) Female, 46 years. Misadventure—ac. liver failure due to chronic massive hepatitis following an attack of acute infective hepatitis.
- (12) Female, 71 years. Accidental—senility accelerated by fractured left femur.
- (13) Male, 41 years. Toxæmia due to gangrenous appendix and hypostatic pneumonia.
- (14) Female, 71 years. Syncope due to ruptured heart (right ventricle).
- (15) Male, 40 years. Cerebral hæmorrhage due to ruptured cerebral aneurism.
- (16) Female, 59 years. Phenobarbitone poisoning—suicide while the balance of her mind was disturbed.

East Ward.

- (17) Female, 67 years. Misadventure—ac.dilatation of the stomach following operation for removal of the gall bladder under a general anæsthetic.
- (18) Male, 21 years. Misadventure—cerebral laceration (sustained when the motor cycle he was riding collided with a motor lorry).
- (19) Female, 65 years. Rupture of the left ventricle. Myocardial degeneration.
- (20) Male, 65 years. Syncope—myocardial degeneration due to coronary atheroma.
- (21) Female, 65 years. Shock and hæmorrhage due to incised wounds of the throat (caused through cutting the throat with a razor).

West Ward.

- (22) Male, 79 years. Misadventure—fracture of the skull (fall from scaffolding).
- (23) Male, 79 years. Misadventure—chr. myocarditis due to senility accelerated by fracture of left femur.
- (24) Male, 63 years. Heart failure due to myocardial degeneration. Chronic pulmonary tuberculosis of right lung caused by service in Army, 1914-1918 War.

AGES AT DEATH

		Males	Female	s	Total
Under one week		 3	 3		6
One week to six months		 -	 -		-
Six months to 12 months		 -	 -		
		-	-		-
Total under one year		 3	 3		6
One year to five years		 1		****	1
		-	-		-
Total under five years		 4	 3		7
Five to 15 years		 -	 2		2
15 to 25 years		 1	 -		. 1
25 to 45 years		 6	 2		8
45 to 65 years		 24	 29		53
65 years and over	*	 81	 108		189
			-		700
		116	 144		260
					_

CAUSES OF DEATH

All causes 116 144 260 Respiratory tuberculosis 1 - 1 Acute poliomyelitis - 1 1 Other infective and parasitic diseases 1 1 2 Malignant neoplasm—stomach 6 3 9 Malignant neoplasm—lung, bronchus 2 1 3
Respiratory tuberculosis 1 - 1 Acute poliomyelitis - 1 1 Other infective and parasitic diseases 1 1 2 Malignant neoplasm—stomach 6 3 9
Acute poliomyelitis — 1 1 1 Other infective and parasitic diseases 1 1 1 2 Malignant neoplasm—stomach 6 3 9
Other infective and parasitic diseases 1 1 2 Malignant neoplasm—stomach 6 9
Malignant neoplasm—stomach 6 9
Manghant neoplasm—lung, bronchus 2 1 3
Malignant neoplasm—breast 1 1
Malignant neoplasm—uterus 3 3
Other malignant and lymphatic neo-
plasms 10 13 23
Leukæmia, aleukæmia – 2 2
Diabetes 1 2
Vascular lesions of nervous system 17 20 37
Coronary disease—angina 13 10 23
Hypertension with heart disease 2 5 7
Other heart disease 29 47 76
Other circulatory disease 4 5 9
Pneumonia 1 3 4
Bronchitis 9 6 15
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum 3 3
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhœa 2 2
Nephritis and nephrosis 1 2
Hyperplasia of prostate 2 2 2
Congenital malformations 1 1
Other defined and ill-defined diseases 10 16 26
Motor vehicle accidents 1 1
All other accidents 2 2 4
Suicide, 1 1

The following Table shows the Birth, Death and Infantile Mortality Rates since this District was created an Urban Authority in 1900:—

						Birth Rate		General Death Rate		Infantile Mortality
1900	(nine	months	only)			31.6		18.8		217
1901	****	****				34.1	.7	11.05	****	92
1902						37.7		12.8		106
1903	000	****	****		****	33.5		14.7		135
1904		The same of		1000		31.2	-	14.2		103
1905	****					22.3		13.6		68
1906				2		29.5		10.6		68
1907						27.1		9.2		69
1908						25.6	-	13.1		88
1909						22.6		12.8		57
1910						28.2		10.5		80

The Rates given below are corrected in accordance with the new regulations of the Registrar-General, i.e., taking into consideration Transferable Deaths:—

tion	Tra	nsterat	de D	eaths:	-				
						Birth		General	Infantile
						Rate		Death Rate	Mortality
1911						24.1		13.7	00
1912						21.5		13.3	90
1913	****					23.2		7.9	65
1914	****	****				23.06		11.07	64
1915						17.72		11.52	70
1916		****				19.02		13.04	120
1917		****			****	17.57		12.36	105
1918		****		****		14.44		17.89	78
1919						16.5		12.3	70
1920		****				19.9		14.6	0.4
1921	4111					20.4		10.8	==
1922	****		****			14.5		9.7	0=
1923						19.8		13.2	CA
1924		1	****			17.2		11.5	40
1925				****		15.7	****	15.2	01
1926						17.5		12.0	10
1927		****				12.0		12.4	
1928						15.0	-	10.5	
1929	****				4111	17.6		15.3	47
1930					****	15.8		11.9	20
1931						13.2		12.3	07
1932				****		9.6		13.1	51
1933			****	****		11.0		12.8	=0
1934	****	****			****	12.3		13.6	00
1935						12.0		10.7	=0
1936			****		****	13.1		13.4	CO
1937	****				****	11.6		13.3	00
1938			*****		****	10.2	4441	13.6	4=
1939						11.0		13.9	
1940						8.1		11-1	20
1941						10.5		13.1	40
1942		****				10.2		13.2	00
1943						11.9		13.6	27
1944				****		10.8		14.0	70
1945	****			****		12.8	1	16.1	90
1946				****		15.1		16.9	47
1947						14.6		14.9	20
1948						14.3		120	20
1949						13.3		12.8	40
1950						13.3		14.0	17
1951	-		****	4111		13.9		13.7	16
1952			1000	****	****	12.8	4000	12.9	95
The Park			C. Jane	1000	-				

PART II.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE

There were 134 cases of Infectious Disease notified during the year, as against 378 cases in 1951, and were as follows:—

				Total Cases Notified	to I	ses admi Iospitals Sanatori	and	Total Deaths
Chicken Pox				7		-		-
Scarlet Feve	r			16		5		-
Measles				84		1		-
Pneumonia				1		-		4
Whooping C	ough			8		-		-
Erysipelas				3		-		-
Pulmonary 7	Cubercul	osis		14		7		1
Non-Pulmon	ary Tub	erculo	sis	1		-		-
						-		-
				134		13		5
				-		-		-

The distribution in relation to the Wards of the district is as follows:—

	Nort	h	Sout	h	East		West		Total
Chicken Pox	1		-		2		4		7
Scarlet Fever	1		2		7		6		16
Measles	7		21		19		37		84
Pneumonia	-		-		1	****	-		1
Whooping Cough	4		2		1	****	1		8
Erysipelas	-		-		-		3		3
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	3		4		1		6		14
Non-Pulmonary									
Tuberculosis	-		- 1	••••	-		-		1
					-		-	-	
	16		30		31		57		134
	-		-		-		-	-	_

CASES NOTIFIED

The following Table shows the number of cases and the months in which they were notified.

Total	7 16 84 1 8 3 14	134
December	11-1-1-1-1-1-1	4
Мочетьет		7
October	1-11111	1
September	21-1-1-21	œ
1sugu A	1 35 1 8 5 8 1	44
Amf	61 1 2 8 1 1 1 1 1	30
lme	1 10 1 1 1 1	10
Мау	131116	10
InqA	1-62	3
Матсћ	1441111	9
Rebruary	120 1-1-1-1	4
January	1 - 63 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	7
DISEASE	Chicken Pox Scarlet Fever Measles Pneumonia Whooping Cough Erysipelas Pulmonary Tuberculosis Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis	

CASES NOTIFIED -- AGE PERIODS

Torat,	7 16 8 18 8 14 1	134
Over 65	111-1-11	2
45—	1111141	5
35—45	11111161	4
20— 35		9
15— 20	1-11-11	1
10—	22-1111-	9
5—10	2 10 43 - 	61
4-5	1.65	20
3 4	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15
2—3	110111-1	6
1—2	1 1 10 1 1,1 1 1	5
Under 1 Year	1111111	1
DISEASE	Chicken Pox Scarlet Fever Measles Pneumonia Whooping Cough Erysipelas Pulmonary Tuberculosis Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Total

TUBERCULOSIS

The following Table shows the age periods of the cases notified.

		New	Cases			Dea	Deaths	
AGE PERIODS	Pulmonary	onary	Non-Pulmonary	monary	Pulmonary	onary	Non-Pu	Non-Pulmonary
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
to 5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
to 10	1	1	-	1	1	1	Ì	1
10 to 15 years	1	1.	1	1	1	1	1	-
to 20	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	-
to 25	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
to 35	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
to 45	57	1	1	-	1	1	1	-
to 55	2	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
65 and upwards	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	1
	6	5	1		1	1	1	1

15

19

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS

These are carried out at the Public Health Laboratories, Manchester and Blackpool.

Examination of sputum for the tubercle bacillus is carried out at the Elswick Sanatorium.

Summary of Nursing Arrangements:

Hospitals and other Institutions available for the District Nursing, Professional Nursing in the Home

(a) In July, 1923, the District was provided, through the Thornton Cleveleys District Nursing Association, which is affiliated to the Queen Victoria Jubilee Institution of Nurses, with a Nurse or Nurses as occasion required. The services have give entire satisfaction and are a boon to the District.

Number of	cases	visited during th	ne year	 	217
Number of	visits	made during the	year	 	6,039

(b) For Infectious Diseases. No action has been required, but a Nurse will be engaged if necessary.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

The County School Medical and Child Welfare Department in Church Road, Thornton, was opened in May, 1939. The School Medical Officer and Nurses (County Council), and ladies of the District, attend weekly.

CHILD WELFARE

Number of occasions th	e Cen	tre was	opene	ed		53
Number of individual of	hildre	n atten	ding:			
Under one year					213	
One to two years					74	
Over two years					144	431
Number of attendances	of ch	ildren :				
Under one year					2,307	
One to two years					681	
Over two years					658	3.646

ANTE NATAL

Number of attendances by expectant mothers:

Number	of	individual	expectant	mothers	attending	 205
Number	of	actual atte	endances .			 1,117

Midwives Act, 1902.—Midwives resident in the District and certified under the above Act are enrolled on the County Register. The above are under supervision of the County Medical Officer of Health.

Clinic and Treatment.—One clinic is situated in the District. Tuberculosis is dealt with by the County Tuberculosis Officer on notification. Venereal Disease cases attend the Blackpool Centres at the Victoria Hospital, Blackpool, and the Fleetwood Hospital.

Nursing Homes.—There are now only two Nursing Homes within the District.

Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925. Public Health Act, 1925. Section 62

No action was required under the above Regulations.

Hospital.—None in the District. Cases are sent to Blackpool, Fleetwood, Preston, Manchester, etc. Ambulance facilities are good, and Hospital facilities for Infectious Diseases are satisfactory. The District is provided with Hospital accommodation for smallpox at Elswick; infectious disease at Blackpool Isolation Hospital; sanatorium treatment at Elswick, Grange, High Carley and other centres.

FOOD POISONING OUTBREAKS

Total number of outbreaks	Number of cases	Number of deaths	Organisms or other agents responsible, with number of out- breaks of each	Food involved with number of outbreaks of each
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948. Sec. 47

No action was taken by the Council under the above Section.

CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT

Council Offices,
Thornton Cleveleys.

To the Chairman and Members of the Thornton Cleveleys Urban District Council

GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report on the work of the Sanitary and Cleansing Department of the Council for the year 1952. This has been prepared in collaboration with the Medical Officer of Health; thus repetition has been avoided.

The work of the Department has proceeded in a satisfactory manner, and day-to-day attention has been given to improvements in living conditions; the eradication of nuisances and all matters necessary to the health and well-being of our community.

Careful supervision has been given to all premises where food is prepared and sold, and every endeavour is made by frequent visits to improve the standard of cleanliness and hygiene in these premises.

The Cleansing Service has carried on satisfactorily, although we are continually faced with rising costs of materials. Over 240 tons of salvageable materials were disposed of during the year, the receipts of £2,242 being somewhat lower than anticipated. This was due in the main to a rapid decrease in the price we received for the sale of waste paper. A weekly collection of refuse and salvage was maintained throughout the year.

The housing position is still difficult, in spite of the houses built by the Council. Some overcrowding still exists, though to what extent is not known with any degree of accuracy. The only way to ascertain the true housing position in the area is for a house to house survey to be made.

I desire to pay a sincere tribute to the members of the Council and the Health Committee, for their help and ever-ready co-operation in all matters affecting the sanitary conditions of our District.

I especially thank the three members of my staff for their helpful and loyal co-operation during the year.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

ARTHUR E. BARNES.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES IN THE AREA

WATER SUPPLY

The District is supplied by the Fylde Water Board, the water being of good quality, pleasantly soft and of a peaty nature. Only one outlying house depends on well water.

Eight samples of water were obtained from the Mains Supply, four were submitted for bacteriological examination and four for chemical analysis. All the samples were satisfactory.

The water supply has been satisfactory in quality and quantity throughout the year.

Statistics

Total number of houses supplied by the Fylde Water Board (31/12/52) Total number of houses dependent upon well water	5,066 1
	-
	5,067

The only house in the District dependent upon well water is remote from any mains supply, and it would be impossible, except at exorbitant cost, to have it connected to the mains supply.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

Owing to the flat nature of the District, a system of ejectors worked by compressed air is in operation. The sewage is discharged near dead low water into the Irish Sea. No extensive additions were made to the sewers during the year, but additions were made to drain the Council's housing estates.

Statistics

Dwelling houses using water carriage system Dwelling houses using waste water closets Dwelling houses using privy middens	****		 	5,041 0 5
Dwelling houses using pail closets	****		****	21
Conversions during t	he Y	ear		5,067
Number of privy closets : To fresh water closets				0
Number of pail closets: To fresh water closets Number of waste water closets:			 	0
To fresh water closets			 	0
				0

It will not be possible for further conversions to take place until the sewers are extended. The 26 premises without modern sanitary accommodation are farms or outlying cottages and to which no sewers are available. Efforts are being made to have privy middens converted to pail closets and moveable dustbins.

DRAINAGE

There are 60 to 70 premises in the District which are not connected to the Council's sewers, but which have septic tanks and filters, usually discharging to an adjacent watercourse. Some of these are not satisfactory in all respects, but are mostly in outlying districts in which no public sewers are available. As and when sewers become available, these will be connected. Consideration should be given by the Council to the extension of sewers in some parts of the area.

Improvements obtained as a result of action by the Department

- 1. Building of new inspection chamber and intercepting trap.
- 2. Drainage for additional sanitary accommodation (private house).
- 3. Alterations to a defective drainage system.
- 4. Drains under footpath renewed and re-laid.
- 5. Cleansing of tank and re-charging of filter.
- 6. Replacement of defective rest bend and junction.
- 7. Drainage for additional sanitary accommodation (work-place).

The Department employs a man part-time on drainage work, the cost of clearing and cleansing the blocked drains being borne by the owner or occupier. This service to the public is much appreciated and also helps in the efficient working of the Department. Preparation and service of notices are thus avoided, unless the blockage is due to structural defect of the drains. It was found necessary during the year to increase the charge for this service from 4s. to 5s. per hour.

Statistics

Total number of drains cleansed by the Department

200

PIGGERIES

During the year 248 inspections were carried out, and it was found that 47 premises were being used for the keeping of pigs; this includes domestic pig keepers. Not all these premises are up to a reasonable sanitary standard, and regular inspections are made with a view to improvements being carried out.

Inspections were also made to 44 premises previously used for pig keeping and which, at the time of inspection, were not being used for that purpose.

Improvements made to Piggeries during the year 1952

Provision of	dra	ains and septic tan	k	****				
Construction sewers		proper drainage	system		connect			
Construction	of	cesspools	****	****		****	****	
Construction	of	new piggeries						
Construction	of	manure receptacle	s					
Construction	of	impervious floor t	o manui	re rec	ceptacles	****		

PUBLIC CLEANSING

The work of the Public Cleansing Section of the Department was carried out in a satisfactory manner during the year. The collection of household refuse and salvage was carried out by one 16 cu. yd. S.D. (Newcastle type) side-loading freighter, with a cab to accommodate driver and four loaders; also one "W" type S.D. 16 cu. yd. side-loading freighter, with cab to accommodate driver and four loaders. A special weekly collection of waste paper salvage from shop and business premises is carried out by one 11 cu. yd. S.D. freighter.

During the whole of the year a weekly collection of refuse and salvage from all premises in the district was maintained. If we are to get the maximum amount of salvage from the public, it is most essential that a weekly collection should operate. No additional men have been employed, although the number of houses is steadily increasing.

Costings—Refuse Collection (Year ending 31st March, 1953)

Total gross cost involved: collection of hor	use,	shop,	trade	refuse	£
and salvage					8,500
Amount of salvage sales	****		****		1,714
	Net	Cost			£6,786
					-
Expenditure per 1,000 houses per annum	·				1,339
Expenditure per 1,000 population per annum					449

Increases in wages, running costs and materials, reflect in the increases shown in the above figures.

DISPOSAL OF REFUSE

The refuse collected in this area is disposed of by means of controlled tipping, the tip being situated on the northern boundary of the District. The tipping of household refuse is carried out strictly on the lines laid down by the Ministry of Health, and no nuisance has been observed or any complaints received.

The Council own a plot of land approximately 9 acres in extent for the purpose of controlled tipping. At the end of the year it was estimated that we had $5\frac{1}{2}$ acres still available and, on our present yield, this amount of land will give us disposal facilities for a period of four to five years. Opportunity should be taken by the Council in the near future to consider the acquisition of further land for refuse disposal. The ideal, of course, would be to have land available for a period of 20 years, after allowing for the growth of the District. We use approximately $1\frac{1}{2}$ acres per year on our present depth of tipping.

Costings—Refuse Disposal (Year ending 31st March, 1953)

Number of loads								1,766
Estimated weight (tons)		****					****	4,415
Total cost								£852
Cost per ton	****	****					3	s. 10d.
Cost per 1,000 houses per						****		£166
Cost per 1,000 population	per	annum	****					£56
Costings	Refu	ise Col	lection	and	Dispo	sal		
								£
Total cost					****			7,638
Cost per 1,000 houses per	anni	um			****			1,507

COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF SALVAGE

Cost per 1,000 population per annum

506

The Council continued with the collection of waste paper and other salvage, and during the year we experienced little difficulty in disposing of it. The price for the sale of baled paper decreased considerably, and this reflects itself in the following totals. From the statistics it will be observed that we collected approximately 32 tons of salvage more than in the previous year, and yet the receipts were much below that anticipated.

The price paid for waste paper towards the end of the year was the lowest for some time (i.e. £5 per ton). If it is necessary that salvage should be recovered and returned to industry, the price paid to the Council should be such that it will cover all expenses involved and also show a profit, even if this is only small. The price we were receiving at the end of the year for waste paper barely covers the cost of collection, recovery and baling.

Thanks are due to the workmen engaged on refuse and salvage collection and disposal, for the co-operation they have given in this section of the work throughout the year.

Salvage Disposed of during the Year

	1952 tons cwts. lbs.		- Tra	1952 £ s. d.			1951 tons cwts. lbs.		
	tons	CWIS.	105.	£	5.	a.	tons	CWLS	. 105.
Waste Paper	198	3	21	1,914	17	9	179	17	0
Newsprint		-			-		8	8	25
Mixed Rags	6	2	31	190	10	5	3	8	30
Carpets	3	12	69	16	9	4	2	0	33
Bottles and Jars	11	1	5	60	5	0	4	3	10
Iron (Light and Heavy)		14	0	22	1	0	11	12	56
Mixed Metals	0	7	20	21	10	4	0	8	35
Loose Tins	7	3	28	14	13	6		-	
Tyres	0	7	24	1	15	10		1	
Miscellaneous		-		0	11	0		-	
	241	10	86	£2,242	14	2	209	17	77

SPECIAL SALVAGE DRIVES

No special salvage drives were held during the year.

REFUSE COLLECTION STATISTICS

				1952 (JanDec.)	(J	1951 anDec.)
Estimated tonnage collected	****		1 224	4,325		4,190
Total mileage run by vehicles				15,927	****	15,792
Number of visits to premises				272,061		275,580
Number of ashbins emptied				318,119		325,030
	Emplo	yees				
Foreman			34.5	1		
Motor Drivers				3		
Refuse and Salv	age Col	llectors		10		
Paper Balers				2		
Tip Man				1		

Total: 17

Owing to holidays and sickness, the number of employees shown was not always available throughout the year, but shows the present minimum requirements of the Department.

SANITARY INSPECTIONS

The following tables show the number of inspections carried out during the year.

Number of premises visited				****		5,229					
Number of defects or nuisances disc	overed					268					
Number of defects or nuisances aba	ted					223					
Number of Informal Notices served						33					
Number of Statutory Notices served				****		8					
WORKS DEALT WITH											
Drains re-laid		****				8					
Defective drains repaired or cleansed	1				****	198					
Floors of dwellings re-laid or repaire	ed		1 200		****	6					
Walls re-pointed or cement rendered			****		1	12					
Roofs repaired and made weather-pr	roof				7	12					
Additional windows provided and ex-	isting wi	indows	repaired	and 1	nade						
to open					****	18					
Defective spouting repaired or repla-		****	****	****		6					
Waste pipes provided and others rej		****	****			5					
Houses cleansed, disinfested or disin						64					
Defective fireplaces and firegrates re	paired	****	1			2					
Building licences issued				****	****	24					
Certificates supporting timber permit	ts		****			15					
Additional w.c.s provided		****	****			8					
Water closets re-constructed		2222	10000			2					
Water closet doors repaired		****	****		****	2					
Water closets provided with new sea			****	****	****	1					
Water closets provided with new pe		****	****			2					
Water closets repaired or limewashed				1000	****	2					
Ventilation provided to water closets						- 1					
Premises supplied with sanitary ashl	bins			****		123					
Defective w.c. cisterns repaired			****		· ·	2					
Defective doors repaired and new do		vided	22.00		****	7					
Defective joints in flush pipes repair						2					
New sinks provided			****		****	1					
Soil pipes and ventilating shafts imp				****	****	2					
Paths repaired		***		****	****	1					
Yards paved and repaired				****	****	2					
Smoke nuisances dealt with			****	****		3					
Offensive accumulations removed						5					
Premises cleansed and decorated (Fo		Drugs	Act)			5					
Factories—Cleansed and decorated				****	****	1					
Factories—Heating provided		2000				1					
Removal of caravans			****	****		3					
Improvements to piggeries				****	****	6					
Unsatisfactory piggery abolished						1					
Cleansing of dyke						1					
						554					
						334					

SUMMARY OF VISITS MADE

Number of complaints received and inve	estigate	d		****		271
Visits to defective drains and drains tes	ted		2744			395
Visits to work ordered or in progress						103
Visits to owners, agents and contractors				****		55
Visits to defective water closets	****					21
	***		-	-		7 / -
Milk and Dairies Acts and Orders :						
	d mobile	las				10
Inspections of dairies, milkshops and			****	****	****	18
Milk samples (all kinds)				****		109
Visits to bakehouses, restaurants, café-ki	itchens	****				107
Visits to food preparation rooms		****			****	21
•	****	****	****		****	47
			****		****	35
Visits to unsound foodstuffs				****		74
Visits to hawkers and premises			****			29
Visits to premises where ice cream is ma	anufact	tured	and/or	sold	-	95
Visits re slaughter of pigs						69
Inspections of piggeries in area						248
Inspections of shops in area (Shops Act,	1950)			****		749
Samples taken:						
						25
		****	****		****	
Food			****			25
Water			****	****		8
Visits to markets					****	41
Visits to factories and work-places						206
Visits to tents, vans, sheds and caravan	sites					196
Infectious diseases enquired into						101
Visits re rats and mice			****			1,898
Rodent control—" Search and Survey"						487
Rodent control-test baiting of foul sew	ers .		****			234
Visits re other vermin		*****				77
Visits re refuse collection and disposal						1,307
Articles disinfected						321
Premises disinfected						26
Articles destroyed			****			39
Enquiries re Council house tenancies			****		3.00	58
Inspections of tenanted Council houses				****		3
Visits re applications to take in lodgers					****	24
Building licences and permits issued						36
T						109
Housing inspections under Public Health						49
Housing inspections under Housing Acts						201
Notices served (all purposes)					****	54
Inspections under Pet Animals Act					****	22
Tunnestinus as south a former sta						5
Miccellaneous inspections			****	****	****	165
and the sections of the section	****	****	****		****	100
						8,163

PRINCIPAL CATEGORIES OF WORK FOR WHICH BUILDING LICENCES WERE ISSUED IN 1952

Interior painting and decora	ating				200	 14
Exterior painting			150			 5
Provision of baths, w.c.s, six	nks, w	ash-bo	wls			14
Repairs and renewals of fire	places					7
Repairs to doors, windows,	etc.					5
Repairs to roofs						6
Repairs to chimneys						3
Repairs to and pointing of	brickw	ork				2
Repairs to paths						3
Drainage repairs						1
Electrical repairs						4

Total value of licences: £5,818 14s. 4d.

SMOKE ABATEMENT

Some complaints have been received during the year regarding alleged smoke nuisances, and these were investigated by the Department. Appropriate action was taken where necessary.

With the development of the light industrial site in the area, and the fact that factories are now in full production, it is necessary that we should have bye-laws to deal with this matter.

OFFICES-PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936

Offices in the area are, for the most part, of a modern character, and mostly comply with the requirements of the Act.

SHOPS ACT, 1950

A survey of shops in the area was carried out twice during the year, and for that purpose 749 inspections were made. Shops coming within the scope of the Factories Act have been included in the following list, the record of inspections being included under Factories.

Particulars of Shops Visited

esses			****				51
							26
agents							35
		****	+544				22
essers							22
							36
							13
****							19
and reta	ilers						15
					-		20
							12
ophone	and c	vele de	ealers				9
		-					9
							6
							2
							12
							5
		****					2
							3
	-						3
							3
					****		2
							1
l agenci	es						2
							2
							-
							332
	agents essers and reta and flo	agents essers and retailers and florists ophone and c	agents and retailers and florists ophone and cycle de	agents and retailers and florists ophone and cycle dealers	agents and retailers and florists ophone and cycle dealers	agents and retailers and florists ophone and cycle dealers	agents and retailers and florists ophone and cycle dealers

Improvements carried out under the Shops Act, 1950.

It was found upon inspection that the requirements of Section 38, in respect of one shop, were not being complied with. There was no sanitary convenience for the use of persons employed in or about the shop. The matter was taken up with the owner of the premises, and an outside w.c. was provided.

MOVEABLE DWELLINGS AND CAMPING SITES

There are no licensed camping sites in the area, but four have been used during the period. Three of these are approved and comply with the requirements laid down by the Council, and are permitted to be used for the following number of caravans:—

No. 1 Site 201 caravans.

No. 2 Site 40 caravans.

No. 3 Site 30 caravans.

The number of caravans on Site No. 2 was increased during the year from 38 to 40. All the work required by the Department at the three sites has now been completed, and proper sanitary accommodation, drainage facilities, water supply and washing accommodation are now permanently provided. The drains at all sites are connected to the Council's sewers. Each site has been conducted in a satisfactory manner and there has been no cause for serious complaint. It has been found upon investigation that some caravans are being used for permanent occupation. It is not the intention of the Council that they should be so used, but for holiday purposes only, and when the housing position improves it is intended that this practice should cease.

Whether we like caravan and camping sites or not, we should face up to the fact that this form of holiday is very popular and is increasing in popularity. I am of the opinion that proper and adequate provision has been made by this authority. It is far better to have properly regulated and controlled sites than any used indiscriminately, with the subsequent trouble and nuisance they cause.

The control of camping sites in this area is under the Thornton Cleveleys Improvement Act, 1936, and not under the Public Health Act, 1936.

THORNTON CLEVELEYS IMPROVEMENT ACT, 1936

Following a conviction for contravening Section 43 of the above Act, the defendant continued to use land for the purposes of a caravan site, and it was necessary to take further proceedings in the Magistrate's Court on three occasions during the year, to enforce a daily penalty of £1.

VERMINOUS PREMISES

Several complaints received during the year were thoroughly investigated, advice and help being given.

Eradication of ants, wasps, etc., is carried out by proprietary insecticides, latterly the use of D.D.T. powder and Pyagra.

Eradication of bed bugs is carried out by private contractors using hydrogen cyanide gas. Minor and new infestations are carried out by the Department in co-operation with the tenants or owners concerned.

Particulars of Complaints Received and Eradications Carried out

Cockroach	ies				Complaints received Eradications	****	12 12
Ants		****	 	 	Complaints received Eradications	****	9 9
Beetles	****		 		Complaints received Eradications		3
Wasps			 	 	Complaints received Eradications		3 3
Wood Be	etle				Complaints received Eradications	****	2 2
Bed Bugs					Complaints received Eradications		1 1

RODENT CONTROL

During the year the test-baiting of the foul sewers was carried out, and for that purpose 187 inspection chambers were used. In each case no take was observed. An exemption certificate was received from the Divisional Rodent Officer of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries for the year ending 31st March, 1953.

It was found necessary to increase the charges for treatment, and the new rates came into operation on the 1st December, 1952, as under:—

Small private dwelling-houses	7s. 6	d.			
Larger houses, boarding houses, hotels and all business premises	Time (at 5s. per hour), plus cost of bait				
Statistics					
Number of complaints received				65	
Number of infestations		1000		77	
Number of visits for purposes of eradication			1	1,898	
Number of premises successfully treated by L.A.				71	
Number of visits made-search and survey				487	

The methods adopted in this area for the eradication of rodents are those recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, Infestation Division.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

It was not found necessary during the year to serve any Statutory Notices under the provisions of the above Act. Several intimation notices were served and these were usually sufficient to secure the co-operation of the people concerned. We have experienced no difficulty with regard to the operation of the Act.

During the year 487 "survey and search" inspections were carried out within the area.

DISINFECTION

Disinfection is carried out by means of a formalin spray or by formalin fumigators. A Thresh steam disinfector was installed in the Council's Depot in 1925.

Disinfection is carried out on request in houses where deaths have occurred from cancer, and in all cases where deaths have occurred from pulmonary tuberculosis.

MONTHLY CHART OF DISINFECTIONS

			Scarlet Fever		Measles		Cancer	Tul	perculo	sis	Others
January			-		-	****	-		1		1
February	1101		-		-		-		1		1
March	****		2	****	-				-		-
April		-	1		-		-		-	1	1
May			4		-		-		1		4
June			1		-		-		-		-
July			-		-		-		1		-
August			-	****	1		-		-		1
September			-	and.	-		1		-		1
October			-		-		-		3		1 -
November			1		-		-		1		-
December					-		-	2477	-		-
			9		1		1		8		5
			_		_		_		_		_
Total nun	iber of	infe	ectious o	lise	ases notif	fied		400		****	134
Total nun	iber of	f pre	emises d	isini	iected						26
Total nun	iber of	f art	icles dis	infe	cted						321
Total nun	iber of	fart	icles des	stro	yed						39

SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS

There are no public or privately-owned baths or pools in the area which are open to the public.

SCHOOLS

The general conditions of the Schools in this area can be considered satisfactory, each being supplied with Fylde water and modern water closets.

The number of notices for infectious disease forwarded to Head.

Teachers is as follows:—

						Total
Burn Naze						3
Church Road	Modern (Boy	s and	Girls)			 1
Church Road	Primary					 11
Baines Endowe	ed		-			11
Sacred Heart						 4
Beach Road				1.00		25
Outside Area				3111	 	 7

The six schools (excluding private schools) are under the control of the Lancashire Education Committee and are inspected as required.

OFFENSIVE TRADES

There are 13 in number and are confined exclusively to fish friers. Regular inspections are made and conditions are generally found to be satisfactory. Forty-seven inspections were made during the year. One snack bar ceased to serve fish and chips, and one new shop was opened for this purpose during the year.

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT, 1951

No premises in the area are licensed for the manufacture of rag flock or other filling materials. Two premises where filling materials are used have been registered.

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951

Two premises are registered under the provisions of the above Act. Inspections have been carried out and the premises appear to be conducted in a proper manner, the provisions of the Act being complied with.

PUBLIC HEALTH AMENDMENT ACT, 1907—SECTION 86 Dealers in Old Metal and Marine Store Dealers

The provisions of the above Section came into operation during the year, and one certificate of registration was granted.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937

Registers are kept of all premises coming within the scope of the Factories Act, and regular and frequent inspections are made.

Particulars of inspection, defects and contraventions found and remedied are enumerated in the following tables. There are no underground bake-houses in the District.

1. Inspection of Factories and other Premises

Premises	Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
Factories (without mechanical power)	86	-	-
Factories (with mechanical power)	194	7	-
	280	7	-

2. Defects found in Factories and other Premises

	Numbe	er of cases in	which defec	ts were found
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	No. of Offences in respect of which prosecutions were taken
Bakehouses—				
Limewashing	4	3	- T	
Unreasonable Temperature	1	1		
Inadequate Ventilation	1	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences—				
(a) Insufficient	3	2		-
defective	1		-	-
(c) Unclean	1	1	-	- 1
	11	7		_

The following table gives the type of premises in the area coming within the scope of the Factories Act:—

Type of	With Mechanical Power	Without Mechanica Power			
Bakehouses			-	23	3
Plumbers and Painter	rs		1	3	9
General Workers				20	/ 11
Joiners and Builders			14	12	1
Motor Engineers		7000		9	-
Nurserymen			1000	4	16
Tailors and Dressmal	ters			-	3
Boot and Shoe Repair			1937	13	-
Hairdressers			1000	22	
Chemical Works				2	-
A 11 11 YYY 1		 		1	2
Plastic Works				1	-
				110	43

The following table gives the improvements in the Factories in the District carried out during the year as a result of action by the Department:—

						Defects found	1	Defects
1.	Bake-hou	ises:						
	Lim	ewashing			 	4		3
	Unr	easonable ten	nperatu	re	 	1		1
	Inac	dequate venti	lation		 ****	1		-
2.	Sanitary	Conveniences	:					
	(a)	Insufficient	****		 	3		2
	(b)	Defective			 	1		
	(c)	Unclean			 	1	****	1
				7 1 3		11		7
						_	****	1

DEFECTS IN FACTORIES NOT REMEDIED as at 31st December, 1952

1.	Bake-houses:					
	Limewashing		 			1
	Inadequate ventilation	n	 			1
2.	Sanitary Conveniences:					
	(a) Defective		 		100	1
	(b) Insufficient		 	-		1

HOUSING

	rivate Builders for Local Authority (Appendix B) ther bodies or persons ancashire County Council (Police Houses) New Houses Erected in 1952 (Ward Distribution) North Ward South Ward East Ward West Ward 1. Inspection of Dwelling-houses Otal number of dwelling-houses inspected formally or informally for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) Tumber of inspections, formal or informal, made for the purpose Tumber of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head 1 above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932 Tumber of inspections made for the purpose Tumber of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so agerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for man habitation There of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all pects reasonably fit for human habitation 33	
	During the year 68 houses were built in the area.	
(i)	By the Local Authority	3
(iii)		
(iv)	During the year 68 houses were built in the area. (i) By the Local Authority (ii) By Private Builders for Local Authority (Appendix B) (iii) By other bodies or persons (iv) By Lancashire County Council (Police Houses) New Houses Erected in 1952 (Ward Distribution) North Ward South W	
	New Houses Erected in 1952 (Ward Distribution)	Builders for Local Authority (Appendix B) dies or persons re County Council (Police Houses) Houses Erected in 1952 (Ward Distribution) North Ward South Ward East Ward West Ward 1. Inspection of Dwelling-houses Sumber of dwelling-houses inspected formally formally for housing defects (under Public th or Housing Acts) For of inspections, formal or informal, made for surpose For of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head eve) which were inspected and recorded under Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and for inspections made for the purpose To dwelling-houses found to be in a state so is or injurious to health as to be unfit for abitation To dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all reasonably fit for human habitation To Defects during the year without service of Formal Notices The fective dwelling-houses rendered fit in confiniormal action by the Local Authority or
	North Ward 3	
	East Ward 3	Local Authority (Appendix B) Local Authority or Local Authority (Appendix B) Local Authority or
	West Ward 42	
	68	ses were built in the area. Seal Authority (Appendix B) Seal Authority (
	1. Inspection of Dwelling-houses	
1.—	or informally for housing defects (under Public	g the year 68 houses were built in the area. Local Authority Local Autho
	ing the year 68 houses were built in the area. the Local Authority	
2.—	1 above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and	(
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	
	(s) Itamoer of mopeetions made for the purpose	
3.—	dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for	0
	Number of deadling bosons (analysis of these referred	
4	to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all	Authority
	During the year 68 houses were built in the area. By the Local Authority	
Nui	During the year 68 houses were built in the area. By the Local Authority	

	3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year	
(a)	Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which formal notices were served requiring repairs	8
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses which, after service of formal notices, were rendered fit:	
	(a) By owners	7
	(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	0
(b)	Proceedings under Public Health Acts:	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which formal notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	0
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:	
	(a) By owners	0
	(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	0
(c)	Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made Undertak accepted.	ing
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	0
(d)	Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:	
	(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	0
	(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	0
	4. Housing Act, 1936. Part IV.: Overcrowding	
(a)	(i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	
	(ii) Number of families dwelling therein Numbers (iii) Number of persons dwelling therein known w	
(b)	Number of new cases of overcrowding reported accuracy	of
(0)	Overcrowd	
(c)	during the year	
	(ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases	

5. Housing Act, 1949. Part II: Improvement Grants, etc.

(a) (i) Number of Schemes submitted:	Schemes of Private Bodies or Individuals	Schemes of Local Authority
(a) By private individuals to Local		
· Authority		. 0
(b) By Local Authority to Ministry	7 0	. 0
(ii) Number of dwelling-houses or other buildings affected	. 0	. 0
(b) (i) Number of Schemes approved by Ministry		. 0
(ii) Number of dwelling-houses or other buildings affected		. 0
(iii) Number of additional separate dwell		
ings to be provided under these approved Schemes		. 0
(c) Number of additional separate dwellings actually completed during the year		. 0
(d) Any other action taken under the Act (give brief particulars)	. o	0

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

MILK SUPPLY

There are four dairies in the District, one of them being substandard, and efforts are still being made by the owner to obtain permission to build a new one adjacent to his present premises.

Regular inspections are made and particular attention is paid to the cleanliness of premises, utensils and all articles coming into contact with the milk. The bulk of the milk is supplied by large dairies from outside the District, and regular samples are taken.

Particulars of Distributors of Milk operating in the District

Distributors with premises in th	ne Distric	t (inch	uding s	shops)		****	13
Distributors with premises outsi	ide the D	istrict					5
In addition there are approx	ximately	12 pro	ducer/d	listribu	tors in	the ar	rea.
			P. C.				
Licences in Force—Designat	ted Milk	s (as	at 31	st De	cembe	er, 195	(2)
Dealers-Tuberculin Tested Mill							5
		2011				****	
Dealers—Tuberculin Tested (Pas	steurised)	Milk	1414			****	8
Dealers—Pasteurised Milk			1		1111		8
Dealers-Accredited Milk					****		2

COMPLAINTS—MILK SUPPLY

No complaints were received during the year.

Dealers-Sterilised Milk

Milk Bars

Bottling Licences-Accredited

Bottling Licences-Tuberculin Tested

BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 15 of FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938

The above Bye-laws were applicable in the District from the 17th July, 1950. Much attention has been paid to the sale and exposure of food for sale in the open air, and many improvements have been effected. It was not found necessary to take any legal proceedings in respect of any contravention of the Bye-laws.

CLEAN FOOD CAMPAIGNS

No special action in regard to clean food campaigns has taken place during the year.

MILK SAMPLES, 1952

		ylene Test		hatase est	Turk		
	Satis.	Not Satis.	Satis.	Not Satis.	Satis.	Not Satis.	Total
Tuberculin-Tested Tuberculin-Tested	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
(Pasteurised)	2	7	4	-	-	-	6
Pasteurised	11	-	14	Tollo	07-010	-	25
Ungraded Sterilised	9	2	_	-	3	-	11 3

SAMPLES FOR TUBERCLE BACILLI INOCULATION TEST

				Absent	Present
Ungraded				18*	
Pactouricad		A.		2	1 - 6
			·	1	-
Tuberculin-Te	sted			2 .	-

^{*} In addition six samples of ungraded milk were taken, but "animals died before completion of test."

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938

During the year 34 samples of milk were taken by the County Sanitary Officer, for analysis under the above Act. In one case a sample of milk, when analysed, showed an 18·3% deficiency of milk fat. The dairyman concerned was summoned at Fleetwood Magistrates' Court, but the case was dismissed on payment of 4s. costs. The remainder of the samples were satisfactory.

In addition 25 samples of foodstuffs were taken by the County Sanitary Officer, and in each case the sample was satisfactory.

MILK AND DAIRIES REGULATIONS, 1949-REGULATION 20

No action was found necessary under the above Regulations.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

There are no licensed slaughter houses in the area but visits to retail shop premises were paid at frequent intervals. All food preparation premises are regularly inspected at least once a quarter, and for that purpose 408 inspections were carried out (bakehouses, restaurants, café-kitchens, unsound foodstuffs, fish friers' premises, butchers' shops, ice cream premises, food preparation premises and hawkers' premises).

By regular inspection, through advice given and co-operation by the owners, we have been able to obtain several improvements in food preparation premises and bakehouses. It has been our endeavour during the year, and will be in the future, to get all sub-standard premises brought up to modern standards and conditions.

The majority of the people concerned are interested and alive to the fact that food should be prepared under clean and hygienic conditions.

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

The following are the particulars of the animals killed in this area, and the inspection of the carcases and particulars of any condemnations. The slaughter of animals for food is confined to pigs slaughtered under licence from the appropriate authority for individual self-suppliers of meat.

	Cattle excluding cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed (if known)			_	-	69
Number inspected	-	-	-	-	69
All Diseases except Tuberculosis Whole carcases condemned Carcases of which some part or	-	-	-	-	2 Emergency Slaughters
organ was condemned	-	-	- 0	-	2
Percentage of number inspected affected with disease other than Tuber-culosis					2.9%
Tuberculosis only—					2.0 /0
Whole carcases condemned			_	-	_
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of number in-	-	-	-	-	1
spected affected with Tuber- culosis	-	-	-	-	1.4%

UNSOUND FOODSTUFFS

It was found necessary, after examination and tests, to accept voluntary surrender of the following foodstuffs:—

FOODSTU	FF							T	VEIGH	T
2002020			Pa	ckets	Tins	Lars		ewts.		ozs.
Cooked Gammon				_	1	-		0	14	0
Jellied Veal			****	-	5	-		0	27	0
Boneless Ham				-	6	_		0	81	0
Algerian New Potatoes					_		****	2	56	0
0 0				-	1	-		ō	0	101
0 1 D				-	15	_		0	11	3
731				_	35	-		0	64	0
0 1 1 100			****	_	4	_		0	2	11
		200	****		16	_		0	18	1
0					1			0	1	Ô
C-1-1 Discounts				_	i			Ö	1	4
TO 1 T . 1				120	2			0	2	7
Grapefruit Juice					3	1		0	5	6
m .					9			0	14	41
3.631					1	3		0	0	0
- 101					2	1		0	0	101
					3	1		0	66	
					3			2		12
					-		****	0	13	12
Pork Luncheon Meat				100	6			0	20	
Prunes				-	17	4-	7013	0	31	14
Greengages				-	10	-		0	9	6
Cherries				-	13	-		0	10	83
Blackcurrants				-	7	-		0	6	9
Orange Segments				-	7	-		0	6	8
				-	4	-	2000	0	5	4
	27.72			-	3	-		0	2	. 13
Spaghetti				-	17	-		0	17	0
				-	1	-	****	0	0	7
				-	2	-		0	0	71
*	***			-	1	-		0	6	0
Fish Paste				77	-	1		0	0	11/2
Chieftain Yeast		****		28	-	-		0	28	0
Frozen and Skinned Ra				-	-	-		0	60	0
Lamb's Tongue				-	1	-		0	0	12
Honey				-	-	2		0	2	0
				-	1	-		0	2	0
Jelly Powder				6	-	-		0	6	0
Minced Beef Loaf				-	2	-		0	1	8
Lun-Meat				-	1	-10		0	0	12
Kidney Soup				-	1	-		0	0	151
Viennese Frankfurts				-	1	-		0	0	81
Pine Juice				-	1	-		0	1	31
Pears			70000	-	1	-		0	0	151
Cheese and Tomato				-	_	1		0	. 0	3
Pork Sausages				-	-	-		0	20	0
Irish Chickens		****		-/	-	-		0	43	0
Sponge Mixture		****		4	-	-		0	0	0
English Cooked Ham				-		1		0	7	10
Czechoslavakian Ox To				-	1	-		0	2	4
Bilberries	ngue			-	1	-		0	0	14
Sardines				-	1	1		0	0	4
Marmalada					1	-		0	1	8
Processed Peas			****	-	10	12		0	5	4
1100000000				13 13	-				-	-
				38	216	5		8	10	10
				-				1	1991	

ICE CREAM

During the year one factory only was manufacturing ice cream (heat treated). In addition 62 dealers were on the register as at 31st December, 1952. The premises generally are of a satisfactory standard and possess the necessary modern equipment, including steam sterilisation plants. Regular and frequent inspections were carried out at all premises, 95 inspections being made.

ANALYSIS OF SAMPLES OF ICE CREAM

Sender's Ref. No.		ylene vision			Satisfactory or not, regarding test for Methylene Blue
101. 110.					
1	1	-	13-29		Yes
2	1	_	1000	-	Yes
3	_	1	-	_	Yes
4		i	_		Yes
5	1	100			Yes
6	1	100			Yes
7		C. Till		1	No
7 8 9	70	10-	1	1	No
0	1	100	1	-	Yes
10	1	7	-	1	
10	-	-	-	1	No
11	-	-	-	1	No
12	1	-	25	-	Yes
13	1	-	-		Yes
14		-	-	1	No
15	- 1	-	-	-	Yes
16	1	-	-	-	Yes
17	2	-	-	1	No
18	_	1		-	Yes
19	1	-	-	-	Yes

Number of Samples taken for Methyl	ene Blue Test		19
Satisfactory			13
Samples obtained from Manufacturers	in Area:		
	Total Sa	tisfactory	Not Satisfactory
Manufacturer "A": 5, 9	2	2	. 0
Manufacturer "B": 8, 13	2	1	. 1
Samples obtained from Manufacturers	Outside Area		

		Tota	1 Satisfactory	Not Satisfactory
Manufacturer "C":	1	1	1	0
Manufacturer "D":	2	1	1	0
Manufacturer "E":	3, 6, 18	3	3	0
Manufacturer "F":	4	1	1	0
Manufacturer "G":	7, 10, 14	3	0	3
Manufacturer "H":	11	1	0	1
Manufacturer "I":	12	1	1	0
Manufacturer " J ":	15	1	1	0
Manufacturer "K":	16	1	1	0
Manufacturer " L, ":	17	1	0	1
Manufacturer " M ":	19	1	1	0

Samples of Ice Crean	n manufactured	i in area	classifie	ed as N	ot Satis	stactor	y—	
Methylene Blue	e Test (1)				***			25%

Samples of Ice Cream manufactured outside area, but retailed in area, and classified as Not Satisfactory—Methylene Blue Test (5) 331%

Samples for Quality Analysis

During the year the following informal samples were taken for Quality Analysis.

No.	Fat Content	Total Solids	Milk Solids	Sugar
1	9.9%	32.1%	7.8%	11.8%
2 3	11.8%	33.3%	7.6%	11.9%
3	7.5%	32.5%	6.2%	15.8%
4	8.7%	27.7%	6.9%	10.6%
5	8′7%	-	7.7%	12.5%
6	7′1%		5.3%	15.2%

Samples taken from Manufacturers in Area:

Manufacturer "A": Nos. 1, 5. Manufacturer "B": Nos. 3, 6.

Samples taken from Manufacturers outside Area:

Manufacturer "C": No. 2. Manufacturer "D": No. 4.

DESTRUCTION OF DOMESTIC PETS

The modern electrical chamber for the destruction of unwanted dogs and cats is in constant use and has been greatly appreciated by the public. For a charge of 1s. any person can have a cat or dog destroyed painlessly. The Department undertakes the proper disposal of the carcases.

Number of dogs destroyed in 1952 Number of cats destroyed in 1952	 	 		136 97
Total income for destruction of animals Total income from sale of carcases	 ****	 11	s. 13 0	d. 0 0
		£16	13	0

MARKETS

The only markets in the District are privately owned and have been regularly inspected throughout the year.

SHELL FISH

There are no shell fish beds in our area.

MORTUARY

A modern mortuary, possessing equipment in accordance with present-day practice, has been in use throughout the year. It was used on 20 occasions, and 16 post mortems were conducted by the Police Surgeon.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

The rainfall is taken daily at 9.0 a.m. at the Council's Depot, and reports are placed monthly before the Council.

	100		40				1			10			1	The state of
Total				28.63										31-15
December	2.21	3.20	1.03	3.36	1.56	3.73	2.93	4.26	2.08	2.39	5.25	2.60	7.61	3.24
Хочетьет	4.28	4.51	1.95	0.81	2.73	6.27	0.15	60.9	3.73	2.73	3.35	4.39	9.04	1.71
October	1.76	3.62	4.10	3.31	4.50	4.43	5.21	0.57	0.50	3.20	4.74	3.27	1.53	3.73
September	0.92	2.37	06.0	2.32	4.78	4.27	3.48	90.9	3.45	4.68	6.79	6.33	3.74	3.56
1suguA	1.79	1.15	2.42	3.85	4.74	3.19	0.71	4.15	99.0	3.09	2.55	09-9	3.37	3.51
ζηης	6.22	2.77	0.94	3.02	4.63	2.76	2.59	3.73	3.16	1.79	3.21	2.78	1.52	1.42
June	2.63	0.40	0.57	0.77	2.10	1.79	2.80	2.42	2.43	5.03	0.30	1.47	1.04	2.41
Мау	92.0	1.71	3.10	2.93	3.29	2.38	3.40	1.91	4.57	1.33	3.04	0.75	3.34	2.71
lingA	2.56	1.76	0.72	1.53	1.92	3.20	1.70		-		-	2.02	_	_
Матећ	1.77	3.25	2.29	2.55	0.55	0.49	1.57	0.93	4.81	1.62	1.74	1.67	4.67	2.26
Pebruary	2.17	1.65	3.49	1.47	1.74	1.00	4.54	3.71	0.55	1.58	1.36	4.05	3.19	62-0
January	3.43	2.60	1.18	3.04	5.83	3.59	2.29	4.99	2.95	61.9	1.85	1.56	4.03	2.94
	2000											1000		
YEAR	939	1940		1942		944	945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952

INDEX

				Page
Area				
Ages at Death				14
Bacteriological Examinations				20
Births			4,	10
Building—Essential Work				30
Cancer				
Caravans and Camping Sites				32
Chicken Pox				
Climate				7
Deaths		. 4,	10,	14
Death Rates	4.	11.	14.	15
Disinfection				34
Drainage and Sewerage				24
Factories and Workshops				
Food and Drugs				
Geology				
Housing				
Ice Cream				
Infantile Mortality				
Infectious Diseases				
Inquests and Inquiries				
Markets and Mortuary				
Maternity and Child Welfare				
Medical Officer's Report				
Meteorological Report				
Milk			150	
Piggeries			****	24
Population				10
Public Cleansing				
Public Health Amendment Act, 1907—Section 86				
Rateable Value				
Refuse and Salvage				25
Sanitary Inspector's Report				22
Scarlet Fever				
Schools				35
Shops and Offices				31
Social Conditions, Industries, etc.				8
Statistics (Vital)		4	, 5,	10
Statistical Summary				6
Tuberculosis			11,	19
Verminous Premises and Rodent Control			33,	34
Visits by Inspectors				
Water Supply				23
Water Courses				
Wards				