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### **Contributors**

Stevenage (England). Urban District Council.

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### STEVENAGE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

## Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year ended 31st December, 1952.

To the Chairman and Members of the Stevenage Urban District Council.

I beg to present the above report prepared in accordance with the directions of Ministry of Health Circular 2/1953.

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SECTION	114

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	Totals	Malo	Fomalo		District	for England and
Logitimate	156	92	64		STREET, STREET, STREET,	Walos
Illegitimate	8	6	2	-		
All	164	98	66			
Rate per 1,00	0 of the	ostim	tod resid	ont	1400	
popula	tion				20,8	.15.3

DEATHS:	61	31	30
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Rate per 1,000 of	tho	estimated	resident	
population				7.7.

population	 .11.3
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	

### STILLBITTHS:

Logitimate	3	-	3
Illegitimate	-	-	-
			-
All	3	-	3
		<b>Arratesa</b>	-

Rate per 1,000 total (live & still) births	18.0
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DEATHS	OF	INDMINTS	UNDER	ONE	YEAR	:
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Rate	for	VII	infants	per	1	,000	live	births	

Rate for Logitizate infants per 1,000 legitizate births

Rate for Illegitimate " " illegitimate births

Actual number of such deaths (a) under 4 weeks and (b) total under 1 year

Legitimate	-		700111
Illogitimato	-		hot all also
The state of the s			transfer
All	-		1
	-		-
Doaths from Puorporal causes		-	
5			

Deaths from Cancer (all sites)
Deaths from Measles
Deaths from Whooping Cough
Deaths from other infective and parasitic
diseases

### Commont on Vital Statistics.

The estimated local population for mid 1952 shows an increase of 1227 but the exceptional birthrate of 20.8 indicates the steep rise of inward migration to the New Town in the second half of the year. Similarly the record low annual deathrate (7.7) for the year reflects the recent entry of younger age groups to the district. Actually the County Planning Authority gives an estimated increase of population ever the 1951 census figure of 3,572 at 31st March 1953.

The local infant mortality rate for the year was exceptionally favourable and the stillbirth rate was below the national figure for England and Wales, indications of a continued favourable environment for young children and efficient welfare services.

The following table shows the main local vital statistics over the ten years 1943-52:-

3-52:-		Birth Rate	Death Rate	Inf. Mort. Rate
	1952	20.8	7.7	6
	1951	18.4	10.4	16
	1950	14.0	10.5	-
	1949	16.9	13.1	18
	1948	16.2	10.4	29
	1947	18.5	12.1	26
	1946	16.9	12.7	9
	1945	14.5	10.9	22
	1944	16.8	12.1	54
	1943	15.9	12.6	39

### SECTION B.

### GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

No important change occurred during the year.

### SECTION C.

### SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

### Water Supply.

Up to the 26th June, 1952, the Town was supplied with water from Broomen Green Station Stevenage and on this date the Station was closed down.

From the 27th June, 1952, the Town has been supplied with water from a temperary station operated at Whitchall which consists of a 36" diameter berchole 340 feet deep in the chalk, with a 120 h.p. submersible pump, 90 feet below the surface.

The water is conveyed through a 24" diameter rising main, some 4 miles in length from Whitehall to Stevenage Pinn Green Reservoir which has a capacity of 2 million gallons.

From this reservoir a constant and normal supply of water is distributed by main to 2,842 houses (approximate population 7,796) and by standpipes to 4 houses (approximate population 10) while 28 houses (approximate population 80) are supplied by private wells.

### Private Wells.

Two samples of water were taken for bacteriological examination and found satisfactory.

64 samples of water taken by your Sanitary Inspector were submitted to the Luten Public Health Laboratory for bacteriological examination, and 87 samples by Messars. Rideal, Rideal & Sciver, London, for bacteriological examination,

Surmary of samples submitted for bacteriological examination to the Luten Public Health Laboratory.

	No. of samples.	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
Broomen Green: Raw water	18	15	3
" : Chlorinated water	21	21	-
Whitchall: Chlorinated water	25	23	2 +

<sup>+</sup> Tap contamination

# Surmary of samples taken for bacteriological examination by Messrs, Rideal, Rideal & Sciver, London, on behalf of the Stevenage Development Gorporation.

Description.	No.of samples	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
Broomen Green: Raw water	17	17	
" : Chlorinated "	34	34	-
Whitchall: Raw water	9	9	A DESTRUCTION OF THE PARTY OF T
" : Chlorinated water	27	27	and gradual of

### Charical Analysos

6 samples were taken and found correct.

### Sanitary Inspection of the Area.

Total number of inspections for all purposes 1140, divided as follows:-

	Defects under the Housing Acts	397
	Defects under the Factories Act	35
	Provention of Infectious Diseases	Charlena C.
	including disinfection & disinfestation	27
	Sanitary conditions of schools, public hells,	
	cinomas & public houses	30
	Inspections under the Milk & Dairies Order	
	(including farms)	41
	Inspection of slaughterhouses, butchers' shops,	
	vans and food stores	107
	Moat and Food Inspections	6
	Miscollaneous Food Inspections	21
	Provention of nuisances	61
	Inspection of drainage etc.	17
	Inspection of the Town's Water Supply & Water	
	Samples	64
	Inspection of Private Wells & Water Samples	3
	Inspection re Insect Infestation	3
	Inspection under the Food & Drugs Act -	
	(i) Ico-cream	75
	(ii) Ico-lollics (iii) Driod Egg	9
	(iii) Driod Egg	16
	(iv) Restaurant kitchens	64-
	(v) Proparation rooms	12
	Inspections re smoke observations	2,-
	Inspections re Shops Act	14
	Inspections re Hoveable Dwellings	77
	Inspections ro Rag Flock & Other Filling	(00)
	Materials Act	6
	Inspections re Pet Animals Act	2
3		01
	Inspections re storage of petroleum	214
	Inspections re living & social conditions of	2

Miscollancous

applicants for Council Houses Inspections ro Employment Agencies 4 Inspections re Civil Defence Sownge & Sownge Disposal.

The Town is provided with a foul sewer 24" diameter leading to bacterial treatment at the Stovenage Disposal Works and a 36" surface water sewer discharging into a water-course, both of which are satisfactory.

### Refuse Collection and Disposal of Salvage.

House refuse collection, the disposal of same and the cleansing of the Town is supervised and carried out by the Surveyor. The refuse is disposed of by semicontrolled tipping.

During the year 15 tons of materials were salvaged which realised £166.0.0.

### Smoke Observations.

4 snoke observations were taken and during each period no nuisances occurred.

### Petrologn (Consolidation) Act 1928.

18 promises are licensed for petroleum, carbide of calcium etc. and the regulations are satisfactorily complied with.

### Housing.

Routine house-to-house inspections were carried our at 264 houses, viz.119 private and 145 Council Houses.

During the year 825 houses were erected, vis. 37 by the Stevenage Urban District Council and 786 by the Stevenage Development Corporation and 2 by private enterprise.

### Housing Act. - Provention and Abatement of Overcrowding.

During the year no houses were found overcrowded.

Sanitary improvements were undertaken in existing dwelling houses, viz:-

Promises re-drained 2
Sanitary improvements including drainage 81
Other work for the abatement of nuisances 44

2 formal and 80 informal notices were served upon owners of property.

### Denolition.

2 houses were demolished.

### Vortinous Promises.

6 houses were treated for vermin which were cradicated by spraying with a liquid vermin mixture named Zaldecide while inspection of furniture, bedding, etc. was carried out by the Local Council.

### SECTION E.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH IN RESPECT
OF THE YEAR, 1952, FOR THE URBAN DISTRICT OF STEVENAGE IN THE COUNTY OF HEATFORD.

PART I OF THE ACT.

1. INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors).

Provisos	Number on	Number of			
Trainsos	Rogistor	Inspections	Writton Notices		
(1) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	21	10	-	-	
(2) Factories not included in (1) above in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	50	25	4-	-	
(3) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers	y i can	displaced.		Tarento.	
Promises)	10	5	2	-	
TOTAL	81	40	6	-	

### 2. CASES in which DEFECTS were found.

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects Number of cases in which prosecutions					
	Found	Remodiad	To H.M. Inspector		were instituted	
Want of cleanliness (S.1) Overcrowding (S.2) Unreasonable temperature (S.3) Inadequate ventilation (S.4) Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6) Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)	1 -	1 -	-	1 -		
(a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or defective (c) Not separate for sexes Other offences against the Act (no including offences relating to	1 1	1 -		1 -		
Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL	2	2	-	2	-	

PART VIII OF THE ACT - OUTWORK.

Number of Outworkers 1. i.e. Wearing Apparel. (Sections 110 & 111).

### Inspection and Supervision of Food etc.

### MILK.

There are only 7 registered producers of milk in the district from which the milk is collected and pasteurised before distribution.

In addition there are 4 registered retailers from whom milk is produced outside the Stevenage district, 2 being licensed for the sale of Tuberculin Tested and Pastourised Milk and 2 for Tuberculin Tested, Tuberculin Tested (Pastourised) and Pastourised Milk.

34 samples of milk were taken for bacteriological examination which gave the following results:-

Description.	No. of samples.	Passed	Pailed	
Tuberculin Tested	6	6	-	
Tuberculin Tosted (Pastourised)	9	9	-	
Fastourised	19	18	1	

### ICE-CREAM.

At present there are no manufacturers of ice-cream in Stevenage.

62 samples of ice-cream were taken for bacteriological examination from retailers, restaurants, etc., and the following summary shows the provisional grading:-

	No. of samples	Gr	ndo 1.	Gr	ado 2.	Gr	udo 3.	Gra	ado 4.
1952	62	28	(45.1%)	27	(43.54%)	7(	11.29%)		-
1951	60		(43.33%)	21	(35%)		13.33%)	5 1	(8.33%)
1950	69	42	(60-87%)	17		6(	8.69%)		(5.79%)
1949	43		(30.23%)		(27.90%)	8(	18.60%)		(23.25/-)
1948	25	3	(12%)		(48%)		8%)	8	(32%)

### MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

There are 4 licensed private slaughterhouses (including one knackers' slaughterhouse) in the District which are kept up to a fair standard. Only occasional slaughterings licensed by the Local Food Officer are carried out, amounting in all to 6 pigs of which the careases were inspected.

Food surrendered as unfit for human consumption in shops, stores, etc. have to be certified before replacements can be made. During the year the following amount of food was condemned as unsound and unfit.

Moat (English)	186	1bs
Meat (Imported)	12	11
Fish	70	11
Tinned Ham	120	11
Tinned Meat	29	11
Other tinned food	78	"
Total	495	"

Bakehouses, restaurant kitchens, proparation rooms, manufacturers of preserved food and tradesmens vans etc., are inspected with a view to keeping up a good standard of cleanliness.

### FOOD POISONING.

There was no record, either formal or informal, of any such occurrence in your district during the year.

### PREVALANCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

Total notifications of infectious diseases for the year amounted to Measles - 291, Scarlet Fever - 16, Whooping Cough - 5, Acute pneumonia - 4, and Poliomyclitis - 2.

The high incidence of measles during the fourth quarter of the year was most marked. Scarlet Fover was sporadic throughout the year, almost confined to infant school ago and of mild case severity.

Acute policyclitis locally amounted to two cases in the Autumn quarter, one school child (non-paralytic) and one adult (with mild paralysis).

Diphtheria was again absent from the area for yet another year. Despite its long continued absence from the district the offer of infant protection by immunisation continues to be accepted by a large majority of parents.

TUBERCULOSIS.

Now Cases & deaths during the year, 1952.

		NEW	CASES		DEATHS				
Ago Periods	Rospi:	ratory F	Non-Res	spiratory F	Respiratory M F		Non-Rospiratory M F		
0 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1 - 5	- 10	-	2	20-00	dra-tro	-		-	
5 - 15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15 - 25	1	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25 - 35	4	4	- 0	-	-	-	-	-	
35 - 45	1	1	- 198	-	- 19	-	-	-	
45 - 55	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	
55 - 65	1	- (	-	-	-	- 4	100	-	
and over		W	-	-	-	1	-	-	
Totals	9	12	2	1	1	1	-	-	

At first sight there would, for a small town, appear an alarming increase of now notifications, particularly in the female 15 - 35 age group. However, scrutiny shows that 17 out of the 21 respiratory and 1 of the 3 non-respiratory total are inward transfers to the town from other areas, particularly Greater London. It can reasonably be concluded that in selection of New Town residence (with favourable housing) the presence of a diagnosed case of tuberculosis, either in the wage earner or more frequently in the wife or other dependent, has been an influencing factor. Such cases must more often be of a controlled or quiesent type.

Deaths for the year were two, the same fairly low figure as for the previous year, 1951.

In conclusion, I would acknowledge having received every help from your chief officers and particularly would I acknowledge the most valuable help received from your Sanitary Inspector, Mr. H.Foden, who has been responsible for compiling the Sanitary sections of this Report.

Your obedient Servant,

Victor R. Walker,