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Contributors

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SLEAFORD URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH AND

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE

YEARS

1955

AND

Lu (le

SLEAFORD URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

1955 1956 Chairmen of the Council. G. Dawson. G. Dawson. Chairman of the Committee. E.W. Elmore. 3.3. Williams. Councillor. D.C. Parr D.G. Parr. Councillor. W.M. Easton. L. Kida. Commoillor. H AA Brewin. H. A. Brewin. S.S. Williams. Connaillor. J.T. Perrett. Councillor, W. Rudkin. W. Rudkin.

STATE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

LEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

John W. Scholey, M.B., Ch.B.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR AND HOUSING OFFICER

T. E. Dagwell, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Certificate of the Royal Sanitary Institute and Sanitary Inspectors' Examination Joint Board.

Certificate of the Royal Sanitary Institute as Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.

Certificate of the Royal Sanitary Institute as Smoke Inspector.

Certificate of the Royal Sanitary Institute in Sanitary Science as applied to Buildings and Public Works.

HOUSING OFFICER'S ASSISTANT

H. G. Battram.

(until 12th June, 1955.)

A. V. Barraclough.

(from 1st July, 1955.)

PUPIL PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

J. Foster.

The Surgery,

Northgate,

Sleaford.

15th August, 1957.

To the Chairman and Members of the Sleaford Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my Report for the years 1955 and 1956. The figures call for little comment and conform fairly closely to the National average.

During the years concerned we were lucky in remaining clear of any major epidemic in the Council's area. There were, unfortunately, several cases of paratyphoid Fever at a local Montal Hospital and we naturally had fears that amongst this type of patient the infection might spread rapidly. Fortunately the in infection was well contained and I think this was mainly due to the energetic measures taken by the Superintendent and his Staff.

I am pleased to say that once again no case of diphtheria was notified. However, this does not call for any relaxation in the immunisation programme, and as this can now be combined with immunisation against Whooping Cough and Tetanus in the one course of injection, it should prove of even more value in preventing these infections.

The Council's Housing Programme has proceeded smoothly and it is now the question of Slum Clearance which is placing a heavy strain on the Health Department.

I wish to record my appreciation of the work of your Public Health Staff, the Clerk, and other members of the Council, who have at all times been most helpful.

I am Sir, Gentlemen,

Yours faithfully,

JOHN W. SCHOLEY.

Medical Officer of Health.

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in acres			4,	549
Population - 1951 census			7,	282
- Registrar General's Estima	te, 30. 6	. 55.	7,	540
- Registrar General's Estima	te, 30. 6	. 56.	7,	480
Number of inhabited houses according to	the Rate	Book in	doptin man	
Malina de la companya		(i) 1955 (ii)1956		302 318
Number of new houses completed during (1) 1955			14
	11)1956			33
Rateable value at (i) 1st October, 1955 (ii)1st October, 1956			£55, £101,	
Sum represented by a penny rate (i) 195		THE THEOD		216 410
VITAL STATIST	ICS			
BIRTHS			nearlis	
1955 Male Female			1956 enale	Total
Live Births, Legitimate 58 42 Illegitimate 2 3	100	50	53	103
60 45	105	54	57	111
Still Births, Legitimate 1 -	· anila	1 1 1	2	3
Illegitimate		00-E) 170	-10/3	
2 2 -	_1	1	2	3
Birth Rates		in.		
Birth Rate (Crude) per 1,000 of the	1954	1955	19	56
estimated population	14.13	13.92	15.	24
Birth Rate (Corrected) per 1,000 of the estimated population	14.13	13.92	15.	24
Birth Rate per 1,000 of the estimated population, (England and Wales)	15.20	15.00	15.	70
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 of the estimated population	0.27	0.13	0.	40
DEATHS SO	Male	Femal	e To	tal
Number of Deaths (i) 1955 (ii) 1956	77	92 79		69 59
Death Rate (Crude) per 1,000 of the	1954	1955	19	
estimated population	19.14	22.41	21.	25
Death Rate (Corrected) per 1,000 of the estimated population	17.03	18.82	12.	11
Death Rate per 1,000 of the estimated	2,000	20,000		
population, (England and Wales)	11.30	11.70	11.	70

Deaths of Infants under 1 year	Male	Temale	Total
Number of Deaths - Legitimate. 1955. 1956. - Illegitimate.1955. 1956.	2 2 -	1 0	2 3 -
19	954	1955	1956
Death Rate per 1,000 live births. 18	3.87	19,05	36.04
Death Rate per 1,000 live births. 25	5.50	24.90	23.80

CAUSES OF DEATH - 1955	MALE.	FEMALE.	TOTAL
Respiratory Tuberculosis.	2	1	3
Other Tuberculosis. Syphilitic Disease.	0	0	00
Diphtheria.	0	0	0
Whooping Cough.	0	0	0
Meningococcal Infection.	0	0	0
Acute Poliomyelitis.	0	0	0
Measles.	0	0	0 1 2
Other infective and parasitic diseases.	0	1	7
Malignant neoplasm, stomach. Malignant neoplasm, lungs, bronchus.	0	2	6
Melignant neoplasm, breast.	0 3 0	3 3	6 3
Malignant neoplasm, uterus.	Ö	1	ī
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms.	9	. 5	14
Leukaemia, aleukaemia.	0	0	0
Diabetes.	0 7 6	0	0
Vascular lesions of the nervous system.	7	16	23
Coronary disease, angina. Hyper-tension with heart disease.	2	1	3
Other heart disease.	21	28	49
Other circulatory disease.	2	4	6
Influenza.	0	0	0
Pneumonia.	2 4	4	6
Bronchitis.		3	7
Other diseases of the Respiratory system.	0	0	0
Ulcer of the stomach and duodenum.	0	0	1
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea. Nephritis and Nephrosis.	1	Ö	0 1 1 7
Hyper-plasia of prostate.	7	0	7
Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion.	0	0	0
Congenital Malformations.	0	0	0
Other defined and ill-defined diseases.	7	11	18
Motor vehicle accidents.	2	0	1 2
All other accidents. Suicido.	0	0	Ö
Homicide and operations of war.	Ö	0	0
department of the state of the	bedgette	10	

CAUSES OF DEATH - 1955	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Rospiratory Tuberculosis.	1	0	1
Other Tuberculosis.	0	0	0
Syphilitic Disease. Diphtheria.	0	0	0
Whooping Cough.	0	0	0
Meningococcal infections.	0	O	0
Acute Poliomyelitis.	0	0	0
Measles.	0	0	0
Other infective and parasite diseases.	0	10000	20000
Malignant neoplasm, stomach.	1	2	3
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus.	2 0	0 2	2 2
Malignant neoplasm, breast. Malignant neoplasm, uterus.	0	ő	0
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms.	9	5	14
Leukaemia, aleukaemia.	0	1	ī
Diabetes.	0	0	0
Vascular lesions of nervous system.	8	4	12
Coronary disease, angina.	18	10	28
Hyper-tension with heart disease.	1	3	4
Other heart disease.	21 5	18	39 11
Other circulatory disease. Influenza.	0	6	0
Pneumonia.	3	9	12
Bronchitis.	1	4	5
Other diseases of the respiratory system.	î	ī	2
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum.	0	0	0
Gastritis, enteritis and dirrhoea.	0	0	0
Nephritis and nephrosis.	0	1	1
Hyper-plasia of prostate.	2	0	2
Pregnancy, child-birth, abortion	0	0	0
Congenital malformations.	0	2 5	2
Other defined and ill defined diseases. Motor vehicle accidents.	0	1	1
All other accidents.	2	5	7
Suicide.	ĩ	0	i
Homicide and operations of war.	ō	Ö	ō
TOTAL	80	79	159

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

Infectious Disease Hospitals.

No infectious disease hospital is provided in the Urban District and arrangements are made as necessary for cases requiring hospital treatment to be admitted into hospitals in the adjoining areas.

Laboratory Facilities. Who about a diamen on evidonial and

Bacteriological examinations are made by the Public Health Laboratory Service, Lincoln. Water samples are sent to the Public Analyst, Mr. W.W.Taylor, 1, Regent Street, Nottingham, when both chemical and bacteriological examinations are required.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The following cases of infectious disease were notified

1955		1956
Whooping Cough Measles Tuberculosis Paratyphoid Scarlet Fever Pneumonia Puerperual Pyrexia Erysipolas Acute Encephalitis	40 15 12 11 11 2 2	Whooping Cough 21 Scarlet Fever 15 Tuberculosis 4 Erysipelas 1
Potal	97	Total 41

Food Poisoning.

There were no cases of food poisoning during 1955. During 1956 there were two cases.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACTS 1948/51.

Section 47

One case in 1955 was considered but by arrangement a home help was provided and the improvements effected rendered further action under this section unnecessary.

REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR 1955 and 1956.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my eighth and ninth Annual Reports on the Environmental Health Services of the Urban District for the years ending 31st December 1955 and 1956.

The two years under review are notable for the increase in activity in respect to the clearance of unfit houses and to the impetus given to the improvement in food hygiene produced by the coming into force of the Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955.

The Council approved a programme for the clearance of about one eleventh of all houses in the town as unfit. Whilst a good start was made in implementing this programme, it is essential that a flow of new houses is ensured to enable rehousing of the displaced families to be achieved.

In spite of few newly built houses having become available during the two years under review, casual lettings have enabled the Council to rehouse a number of families from the waiting list. It can safely be said that the needs of families on the list at present bear no relationship to those five years ago, due to the steady progress that has been made. It would seem likely that when replacement houses for those unfit have been provided casual lettings might well cope with normal re-housing needs.

The Council has continued to control the Public Slaughterhouses and in spite of staffing difficulties has provided a good service. The premises are limited in many ways and as soon as the Government's slaughterhouse policy is settled, the Council must undoubtedly consider the need for alternative premises.

The food traders of the town have on the whole responded very well to the need for increased attention to food hygiene. The fact that it has been unnecessary to take any formal action in respect of premises indicates the co-operation that has been achieved. There is, however, no room for complacency and much remains to be done to achieve all that is desirable.

I have to thank the Council for their support and my fellow Officers, in particular those in my own department, for their assistance and co-operation during the period.

T. E. Dagwell.

Public Health Inspector & Housing Officer.

HOUSING.

The Council's proposals under section 1 of the Housing Repairs and Rents Act, 1954 were completed during the early part of 1955 and submitted to the Minister of Housing and Local Government who accepted them with the exception of the suggestion that certain houses be retained for temporary accommodation. The programme provides for the clearance of 211 houses and is set out below.

HOUSING ACT, 1936: PARTS II AND III

HOUSING REPAIRS AND RENIS ACT, 1954: SECTION 1.

Form of Proposals.
Local authority SLEAFORD URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL
County LINCOLNSHIRE (PARTS OF KESTEVEN)
Total number of permanent dwellings in the local authority's area2364
Part 1 The total problem.
(i) Estimated number of houses unfit for human habitation within the meaning of section 9 of the Housing Repairs and Rents Act, 1954, and suitable for action under section 11 or section 25 of the Housing Act, 1956
(ii) Period in years which the Council think necessary for securing the demolition of all the houses in (i)?
Part 2. Orders alroady made, etc.
(iii) Number of houses in (i) in clearance areas and already covered by operative clearance or compulsory purchase orders or owned by the local authority7
(iv) Number of houses which are already in clearance areas and for which clearance or compulsory purchase orders have been submitted to the Minister but have not yet become operative
Part 3. Action in the first five years.
(v) Number of houses which are already in clearance areas and for which clearance or compulsory purchase orders are to be made or which are to be purchased by agreement within the five years
(vi) Number of houses which are to be included in clearance areas still to be declared and which within the five years will be owned by the local authority or will have been included in a clearance order or compulsory purchase order submitted to the Minister
(vii) Number of houses under (iii),(iv),(v) and (vi) to be patched (if necessary) and retained within the five years under section 2 of the Housing Repairs and Rents Act, 1954, for temporary accommodation

Number of houses (including those already comprised in operative demolition orders) to be demolished in the five years as a result of action under section 11 of the Housing Act, 1956.

During 1956 10 houses were included in clearance areas and Orders were subsequently made.

These were as follows:-

- a) The Sleaford Urban District (Westgate No.1.) Clearance Order, 1956. Numbers 74,76,78,80, Westgate and 4 & 5, Payne's Court, Westgate, Sleaford.
 Order confirmed by the Minister of Housing and Local Government on the 13th of July, 1956.
- b) The Sleaford Urban District (Handley Street)
 Clearance Order, 1956. Numbers 29,31,53,35 and 37,
 Handley Street, Sleaford.
 Order confirmed by the Minister of Housing and Local
 Government on the 30th of June, 1956.

Houses to accommodate the displaced families became available towards the end of 1956.

The number of Council houses let during the two years under review is as follows.

	1955	1956	
Newly erected houses. Man OI , B man	8	33	
Pre-war houses.	10	7	
Post war houses other than new.	7	20	

Most of the first group of houses on the Gypsy Lane estate were let during 1956 and included 9 bungalows. The bungalow accommodation has proved extremely popular and there is undoubtedly a considerable need for this type of accommodation. There are many elderly couples and single persons, both in the Council's own houses and on the housing list who would welcome the allocation of this type of accommodation. There is inevitably a tendency also for aged persons to gravitate to slum property and the proportion of such people to whom it will be required to offer accommodation is quite high. It may be said that flats are an alternative and whilst the present type of flat which the Council has built provides good accommodation, generally speaking I would say that flats are not popular, particularly those on the first floor. I see no advantage in building flats as opposed to bungalows since the costs must be very little different.

The maintenance of the Council's houses is, in spite of difficulties, being kept at a high level. Rising costs have increased the figure spent on maintenance considerably over the last few years. The older houses too have reached the stage where they are in need of certain major repairs such as the renewal of unsatisfactory, d mp or rotted floors. An attempt is also being made to provide up-to-date facilities where possible. It is pleasing to note that all cottage ranges have now been replaced by new firegrates. The abolition of damp tile floors and their replacement by thermoplastic tiles is now in hand. It is with great difficulty however that the standard has been achieved with the labour force at my disposal. The Council has now altered the direct labour establishment to include a plumber. I submitted to the Council also a case for the employment of an additional bricklayer and labourer. This was rejected and the accumulated work put out to private Contractors. Whilst this procedure enabled the work to be brought reasonably up-

to-date, this cannot be good long term policy and the employment of additional direct labour is inevitable if standards are to be maintained.

HOUSING STATISTICS

Inspe	ections of dwelling-houses during the years.	1955	1956
(a)	Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing housing defects under Public Health or Housing Acts	ng 221	147
	Acts.		III MINI
	Number of inspections made for the purpose.	294	188
(b)	Number of dwelling houses(included under sub- heading (a) above), which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925.	1	10
(c)	Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation.	32	29
In Daniel	dy of defects during the years without service of Fo	rmo l l	Intines
Reme			,00200
	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in in consequence of informal action by the local		Cavos.
	authority or their officers.	38	23
Acti	on under Statutory Powers during the years.		
	Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the		
(4)	Housing Act, 1936.		
	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notice were served requiring repairs.	os	1
	Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of Formal Notices:		
	(i) By owners. (ii) By local authority in default of owners.	Nil	Nil
(b)	Proceedings under Public Health Acts.		
	(i) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of whi which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied.	oh Nil	1
	(ii) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of Formal Notice	es:	
lant	(a) By owners. (b) By local authority in default of owners	Nil 3	
(0)	Proceedings under sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936.	Act,	1936
	(i) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of white Damolition Orders were made.	loh Nil	Nil
	(ii) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders.	Nil	Mil

(d) Proceedings under section 12 of the Housing Act, 1956. Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made. 1 Nil (ii) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenements or rooms having been rendered fit.. Nil Nil - 11 -

MEAT AND CTHER FOODS

Public Slau hterhouses and Meat Inspection.

The Council has continued to manage the two slaughterhouses in the town as Public Slaughterhouses in a satisfactory manner as far as the limitations of the premises and availability of staff permit. Slaughtering is mainly confined to the first three days of the week and it is only by the use of casual labour which is often unreliable and late evening slaughtering that his has been achieved. The further two years of slaughtering has, undoubtedly, indicated that this should be the pattern of any slaughterhouse policy in the future. The premises, however, leave much to be desired both in facilities and situation and, as soon as the Government's policy and standards for slaughterhouses have been fixed, the replacement of the present premises by new must receive the Council's attention.

I am pleased to be able to report that 100% meat inspection has been carried out at the slaughterhouses. The amount of meat condemned during the two years was 9 tons 1 cwt 96 lbs. in 1955 and 5 tons 9 cwts 60 lbs. during 1956. This is a very great decrease on previous years which is largely accounted for by the fact that comparatively few casualty animals are now sent in for slaughter. It is to be noted that animals in 1955 affected with cysticercosis reached 2.97% of all beasts slaughtered. The all round quality of meat which passes through the slaughterhouses is very high indeed. The principal reasons for condemnation are stated hereunder.

1955

BE	MASTS		lbs.
2	Boasts and all organs.	Generalised tuberculosis and tubercular peritonitis.	1,504
7	Beast forequarters.	Tubercular pericarditis.	1,644
4	Beasts and all organs.	Septic traumatic pericarditis Septicaemia and septic peritonitis.	2,264
2	Beasts and all organs Beast hindquarter.	Emaciation, oedema and fever.	1,230
2	Beasts and all organs.	Johne's disease.	970
	Beef and beast organs	Various conditions and diseases.	6,283
PI	<u>GS</u>		
1	Pig and all organs.	Generalised tuberculosis.	258
7	Pigs and all organs.	Pneumonia, peritonitis, and other conditions accompanied by fever.	755
3	Pigs and all organs.	Septicaemia and pyaemia.	282
1	Pig and all organs.	Dropsy and emaciation.	85
1	Pig and all organs.	Prolapsed rectum and cedema.	116
	Part of sow carcase.	Fractured pelvis.	101
	Pork and pig organs.	Various conditions and diseases.	2,622

	SH	EEP . Samushron too		lbs
	3	Sheep and all organs.	Septic pneumonia and other septic conditions.	216
	1	Sheep and all organs.	Mori bund. Desconant ban bolling	50
	1	Sheep and all organs.	Smothered.	68
10		Mutton and sheep organs.	Various conditions and diseases.	151
350	BEL	AST - AOS :	1956 To drag emos doldw to see	
S.	3	Beast for equarter.	Tuberculosis, Tubercular 2 peritonitis.	,123
	1	Beast and all organs.	Badly bled	550
	1	Beast and all organs.	Septic peritonitis.	340
I -	2	Beasts and all organs.	Pyaemia, pheumonia with la multiple abscesses.	,024
000		Beef and beast organs.	Various conditions and 3 diseases.	,312
	CA	LVIS	borosquat redmun out to eguine	
200	-	Veal and calf organs.	Various conditions and diseases.	
	PI	GS RS		
	1	Pig and all organs. Pig forequarter.	Tuberculosis.	176
	5	Pigs and all organs.	Dropsy, ill bled, moribund.	431
	4	Pigs and all organs.	Fevered.	197
	5	Pigs and all organs.	Pyelonephritis, osteomyelitis, erysipelas	562
		Pork and pig organs.	Various conditions and diseases.	927
	SH	EEP		
	2	Sheep and all organs.	Ill bled.	166
	2	Sheep and all organs.	Toxaemia and emaciation.	170
		Mutton and sheep organs.	Various conditions and diseases.	135

Carcases Inspected and Condemned.

1955	Cattle.	Calves.	Sheep &	Pigs
Number Killed and inspected.	742	4	2321	2301
All diseases except tuberculosis. Whole carcases condemned.	8	qoona 1	500	13
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	204	De de	44	359
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than T.B.	28.70	redierpe	2.11	16.21
Tuberculosis only. Whole carcases condemmed.	2	agro.ifa	Deart and To to the Bonstan an	1
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	88	300 <u>Z</u> acod	The Tree of	100
Percentage of the number inspected affected with T.B.	12.13	eggo Tibo	Sany San Leev	4.39
Cysticercosis Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	22	magno II	a the als	US, SON
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration.	21	mane The	Man and	\$ 155
Generalised and totally condemned.	oriento.	mano il	Pige and	Gano

discouses.

- 14 -

Sheep and all organs. Coromic and canolican.

Parties and sheep dramm. Tarious conditions and ...

1956	Cattle.	Calves.	Sheep &	Pigs.
Number Killed and inspected.	752	2	2486	2175
All diseases except tuberculosis. Whole carcases condenned.	4	dodd Job	4	13
Carcases of which some part or organ was condermed.	225	io Lancar	25	220
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than T.B.	30.45	01 8901 dano 5 01 01/11/01	1.17	10.76
Tuberculosis only. Whole carcases condemned.	3	-	0.20.2	1
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	66	an Roma	10 2030 5 523 3	46
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis.	9.18	our abo	100 To 600	2.16
Cysticercosis Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	13	Aero o bito	0.8725	endas
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration.	9	dolfon h	Date Say	Liber.
Generalised and totally condenned.	d re cos	186 1 136	egt.	-
Other Foods.				
The following premises are regist 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955.	ered in a	cordance	with se	ection
The manufacture of sausage, et The manufacture, sale and stor Storage and sale only of ice c	age of ice	e cream.		10 3 18
Food premises are classified as u	nder:-			
Grocers. Green Grocers.				9
General Stores. Butchers.	- Link			8
Sweets and Confectionery.			100000	9
Bakehouses. Restaurants.				6
Residential Hotels. Other Licenced Premises.			2	5
		1417 01	-	

Total 87

1949, but two milk depots at which is stored overnight are used.

I have referred in my introductory letter to the co-operation of food traders who have been required to bring premises to improved standards and generally a good deal has been achieved. A number of premises do exist that have inherent defects such as bad arrangement in conjunction with congestion of buildings which are difficult to improve as one would like.

I would draw food handlers attention once more to the need for scrupulous personal cleanliness and to make it quite clear to them that there is a legal obligation placed upon them to behave decently where handling food is concerned. It is little use bringing premises to a reasonable standard if handlers are not prepared to accept responsibilities placed upon them.

Disposal of Condemned food.

Meat.

Meat from the Public Slaughterhouses is disposed of to a Contractor by whom the meat is processed. All condemned meat looving the slaughterhouses is dyed.

Other Foods.

Other foods are disposed of by burying in the Council's refuse tip after mutilation. Amounts of such food are usually quite small. In certain cases, where food is condemned at institutions, destruction is by burning.

Other Foods Condenned.

The undermentioned foods, other than fresh meat, have been examined and found to be unfit for food.

1955.

9 tins of meat, soup or fish.

1 tin of baked beans.

7 lbs. of confectionery.

10% lbs. of prawns.

19 lbs. of Angel cake.

Punctured, unsound.

Blown.

Unsound.

Unsound.

Moulds

1956..

14 tins of meat, soup or fish.

Unsound, decfective tins, punctured.

Moulds.

Blown, unsound.

83 boxes of cheese.

10 tins of tomatoes.

The following were registered in the district during 1955 and 1956.

Distributors 2

Declars licences issued in respect of designated milk during the period.

Tuberculin Tested.

Pastourised.

Sterilised.

2

6

Samples of milk taken have in all cases proved satisfactory.

Ice Cream.

The number of manufacturers of ice cream remained at three, one of whom which is registered for cold mix only did not produce during the year. The remaining two premises, one of which is cold mix, were regularly inspected during the season of production.

There were at the end of 1956 18 premises registered for the storage and sale only.

Samples taken showed the ice cream to be of satisfactory becterial quality.

MATER SUPPLY

The provision of the Gypsy Lane Housing Estate entailed the laying of 523 yards of 4" water main in 1955. The need for an adequate supply of water to Holdingham was also considered in 1955 and the Council authorised a scheme for a 6" main along the Lincoln Road with 4" branches in the village.

No other change took place during the two years and the source of supply has been adequate and of good quality. Results of chemical and bacteriological analysis follow.

DRAINAGE AND SETERAGE

During 1955 289 yards of 6" sewer and 33 yards of 9" sewer were laid on the new Gypsy Lane Housing Estate. No other additions to the sewerage system were made.

The first stage of the sewage disposal works which was completed in 1954, functioning by itself clearly was as great a nuisance incomplete as was the old land irrigation scheme. The Council accordingly felt it essential that the remainder of the scheme to complete the works should be put in hand. Work on this second stage was in progress during 1956.

REFULE DISPOSAL

There has been no change in the collection and disposal of refuse during the 2 years although the Surveyor has reported difficulty in maintaining a weekly collection due to the increasing number of premises from which collection has to be made.

MOVEABLE DUELLINGS

Continued action has been necessary with regard to itinerant caravan dwellers whose livelihood demands a stay of several weeks in any particular area. The present inadequate and confused state of the legislation makes their control difficult. It is apparent that the need for a caravan site on which vans may be stationed both permanently and casually must be satisfied.

Bacillus coli Presumptive per 100 mls.	Faecal coli count per 100 mls. at 44°C in 48 hrs.	Coli-aerogenes count per 100 mls. at 37°C in 48 hrs.	No. of colonies developing per ml. on agar at 37°C in 48 hrs.	No. of colonies developing per ml. on agar at 37°C in 24 hrs.	No. of colonies developing per ml. on agar at 21°C in 72 hrs.	Total solids dried at 180°C. Suspended matter. Chlorides as Chlorine. Oxidised Nitrogen as Nitrate. Oxid sed Nitrogen as Nitrite. Free and Saline Ammonia. Albumin id Ammonia. Temporary Hardness Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours @ 80°F from N/80 KMnO4. pH value. Appearance. Odour. Taste & Colour. Heavy metals. Free Chlorine.
Absent	0	0	0	0	60	Low Level Reservoir 440.00 Absent 28.40 4.00 Absent 0.004 0.020 225.00 135.00 0.16 7.50 Clear & Bright Absent 0.03
Absent	Town	0	0	0	5	N PARTS. tember, 1955. tember, 1955. High Level Reservoir. 440.00 Absent 28.40 4.00 Absent 0.004 225.00 131.00 0.16 7.50 Clear & Bright None None None No.25

	Faccal coli count per 100 mls. at 44°C. in 48 hrs. Bacillus coli Presumntive	Coli-aerogenes count per 100 mls. et 37°C. in 48 hrs.	No. of colonies developing per ml. on agar at 57°C in 48 hrs.	Mo. of colonies developing per ml. on agar at 57°C in 24 hrs.	No. of colonies developing per ml. on agar at 21°C in 72 hrs.	Total Solids dried at 180°C. Suspended Matter. Chlorides as Chlorine. Oxidised Nitrogen as Nitrate. Oxidised Nitrogen as Nitrite. Free and Saline Ammonia. Femporary Hardness. Permanent Hardness. Permanent Hardness. Oxygen absorbed in 4 hrs. @ 80°F Appearance. Odour. Taste & Colour. Heavy metals. Free Chlorine.	Date of Sample.
bsent	0	0	0	0	48	Doprell Querington. 470.00 Absent 28.40 2.80 Absent 0.012 0.008 215.00 135.00 0.28 7.10 Clear & Bright None Nomel Absent Absent	21st March 1955
bsent	0	0	0	0	. 0	High Level Reservoir. 460.00 Absent 28.0 2.80 Absent 0.004 0.008 210.00 126.00 0.20 7.50 Clear & Bright Nome Nome Nome Absent	ch 1956
Absent	0	0	1	0	0	Untreated Water taken from Drain Tap on Centrifugal Pump, direct from bore. 460.00 Absent 28.40 5.50 .bsent 0.115 0.012 210.00 150.00 Clear & Bright Mone None None Nosent Absent	PARTIS

RODELT CONTROL

The incidence of rat and mice infestation in the area continues to be kept at a minimum and rarely are infestations found to be other than of a minor character. There is no doubt that the services of the Rodent Operator, available at all times, has created a highly satisfactory situation in this district with regard to infestations.

27-11 : 60

The twice yearly treatment of the Council's sewers has again shown them to be reasonably clear of infestation. The barrel sewer in Westgate continues to be the main area where infestation is centred

Details of the work carried out by the Rodent Operator for the two 12 month periods ended 31st March, 1956 and 31st March, 1957 are as follows: -

			1955/6	1956/7
Total number of inspec	tions.		1,605	1,737
Infestations found. H		infestations. infestations.	239	Nil 188
1		infestations.	Nil 12	Nil 21
		Totals.	252	211
Number of treatments	involved.		283	258