# Contributors

Sidmouth (England). Urban District Council.

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### SIDMOUTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

### ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

### YEAR ENDING 31st. DECEMBER 1947.

To the Chairman and Members of the Sidmouth Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman and Members,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report on the Public Health of the Urban District for the year ending 31st. December 1947.

The report conforms as closely as possible with the requirements laid down in the Ministry of Health circular No.170/47 dated 31st.December 1947.

SECTION A. Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area.

Area	11242 acros.
Number of inhabited houses	3088
	£100,678
Sum represented by penny rate	\$398.13.8.702
	9441
Population	9441

### Vital Statistics.

Live Births (Legitimato) 140 76 64 """(Illegitimato) 8 1 7 Birthrate per 1,000 of the	
ostimated resident population. = 15.67	
Still Births. (Legitimate) 4 3 1 (Illegitimate)	
Rate of still births per 1,000 total (live and still)births = 26.315	
Deaths 171 78 93	
Death rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population. = 18.11	
Deaths from puerperal causes = 1	
Deaths of infants under l yr.of age(Logitimate l l - (Illogitimate	
Death rate of all infants por 1,000 live births. = 6.75	
Death rate of legitimate infants per 1,000 live births. = 6.75	
Doaths from Cancor (all agos)	

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### SECTION B. Gonoral Provision of Hoalth Sorvices.

(a) Council Officials.

Modical Officor. Sanitary Inspector. Hoalth Dopartmont.

E.L.Porry, D.S.O. D.P.H. Stanloy T.Chard, M.S.I.A.

Nursing Services. Queen's Nurse. District Nurses.

Miss E.Salaman, S.R.N. Miss L.Pocock, S.R.N. S.C.N. Miss N.D.Smith, C.M.B.

- (b) (i) <u>Laboratory Facilities</u>. These are provided by the Public Health Laboratory Service, Exeter.
  - (ii) <u>Ambulance Facilities.</u> There is an excellent and adequate ambulance service provided by the Sidmouth Division of the St.John's Ambulance Brigade, which possesses a motor ambulance.
  - (iii) <u>Nursing in the Home, Clinic and Hospitals.</u> The Queen's Nurse and District Nurses attend to cases requiring nursing in their own homes. These nurses also attend the Child Welfare Clinics and provide ante-natal services.

The up-to-date local hospital, the Victoria Cottage Hospital, provides facilities for every type of case requiring hospital treatment. It is affiliated to the Royal Deven and Exeter Hospital. Infectious cases are by arrangement with the City of Exeter admitted to the Whipton Isolation Hospital.

(iv) <u>Maternity.</u> During recent years pressure on housing accommodation and social changes which are taking place make it increasingly difficult for maternity cases to be confined in their own homes. This applies to all classes of the residential and visiting population. It was of great advantage that during the year under report the Devon County Council maintained a temporary Maternity Home at The Grove. This temporary home functioned most efficiently.

The Victoria Cottage Hospital provides four maternity bods, but the presence of these in a cottage hospital which has a total of twenty-seven bods is open to question. From time to time there must be septic surgical cases in the general bods of the hospital.

A pormanont Maternity Homo in Sidmouth will meet a great local need when conditions allow of one being purchased or built. Sidmouth, both as a health resort and as a growing contro of population, has always attracted a high class of modical practitioner, and it would seem anomalous that where such medical skill is available maternity cases should be sont outside the town.

SECTION C. Sanitary Circumstances of the Area.

- 1. WATER.
  - 1. The water supply of the area has been satisfactory in both quantity and quality, excepting the supply of Salcombe Regis village for which an entirely new supply has been planned and awaits being put in hand.
  - 11. Fifteen samples were submitted for bacteriological examination and one sample for chemical examination. All waters after chlorination were quite satisfactory.
  - 111. The supply from all springs which yield plumbo solvent water is passed through beds of limestone chippings.

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- (iv) The Salcombe Regis supply referred to in sub-paragraph (i) has, during the past few years, been under frequent examination for contamination, both bacteriologically and chemically and, although the chemical analysis is good, local contamination, as shown by the bacteriological reports together with an inndequate storage and distribution system, has led the Council to obtain the advice of a Consulting Engineer, who recommended that the present supply be discontinued and pumping arrangements be installed in order to obtain sufficient water from the public mains.
- (v) There are 3088 dwelling houses in the area of which 3064 are supplied direct from the mains. The remainder (24) are fed by standpipes and these are mainly in the Parish of Sidbury, which is a private supply maintained by the Sidbury Manor Estate.

#### 2. DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

Over a considerable period it has been found that the storm water relief chamber in Fry's field is inadequate to deal with the stormwater at this outlet.

This stormwater outlet is situated just above the point where the Sid is joined by the Woolbrook stream. This stormwater outlet is from the 12 inch sewer coming down from Sidford. Below this outlet the 12 inch sewer passes on as a 9 inch sewer and crosses under the Sid.

A comprohensive survey of both sewers has been carried out and plans for a new twelve inch sewer to replace the nine inch sewer have been submitted to, and approved by, the Ministry.

Since the twolve inch Sidford sower was constructed, large extensions of building have taken place in the area which it drains.

#### 3. RIVERS AND STREAMS.

Under this heading and the provious heading "Drainage and Sewerage", it is appropriate to report on a search for typhoid carriers.

Sporadically over a period of some ten years cases of typhoid and para-typhoid have been notified in this district or reported as possibly originating while on visits here. Bacteriological findings have suggested that these cases may be related.

The most searching enquiries amongst persons has never thrown any light on the matter. It was, therefore, decided to make a frontal attack on the problem by a systematic search of the sewers.

The Public Health Sorvice Laboratory under Dr.Moore, who had recently successfully traced para-typhoid carriers at Woolacombe by this method, have given great assistance in this search.

The sower tests were commenced in November 1946 and were carried on throughout 1947. The method adopted was to place a piece of surgical lint in the sewer so that sowage would flow over and through it, leave it for several days and then take it up and send it at once to the Laboratory.

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To begin tests were made in the town at points near to the main outlet of the sewage system. Later on tests were made higher up the system and in the River Sid. The search was sustained and very arduous and called for great perseverance on the part of the staff in view of the fact that for nearly a whole year every single test was negative.

In October 1947, after the search had lasted eleven months and 145 consecutive tests had proved negative, the organism of para-typhoid was found in the River Sid near the everflow outlet in Fry's field. At the same time it was found low down in the sewage system near the main outfall. The Woolbrook stream was then tested and the Paratyphoid organism was found from its junction with the Sid up to a storm water outlet coming from a storm water relief chamber on the Alexandra Road sewer. A defect was found allowing of a tiny trickle from this chamber to the stream. When this was remedied the Woolbrook stream became free.

From both these stornwater relief chambers the infection was traced up the ramifications of the sewage system and ultimately in each case a house with a carrier was located. One of these houses was near the Sidmouth railway station; the other house was in Sidford village.

This search was undertaken primarily with a view to finding a typhoid carrier but, so far, the typhoid organism has not been recovered. The search continues.

#### 4. (i) Closet Accommodation.

See Sanitary Inspector's Report.

(ii) Public Cloansing.

The refuse collection is under the control of the Surveyor and is satisfactory.

(iii) Sanitary Inspection of the Area.

Soo Sanitary Inspector's tabular statement.

(iv) Shops and Offices.

See Sanitary Inspector's tabular report.

- (v) Camping Sites.
  - (a) The number of sites used for camping purposes during 1947 was 1.
  - (b) The number of licences in respect of camping sites issued by the Local Authority under Section 269 of the Public Health Act.1936 was 1.
  - (c) The maximum number of campers resident in the area in any week during 1947 was 48.

(vi) Smoke Abatement.

No occasion for action has arison.

(vii) Swimming Baths and Pools.

There are no swimming baths or pools in the district.

(viii)Eradication of Bod Bugs.

No cases were dealt with during the year.

5. SCHOOLS.

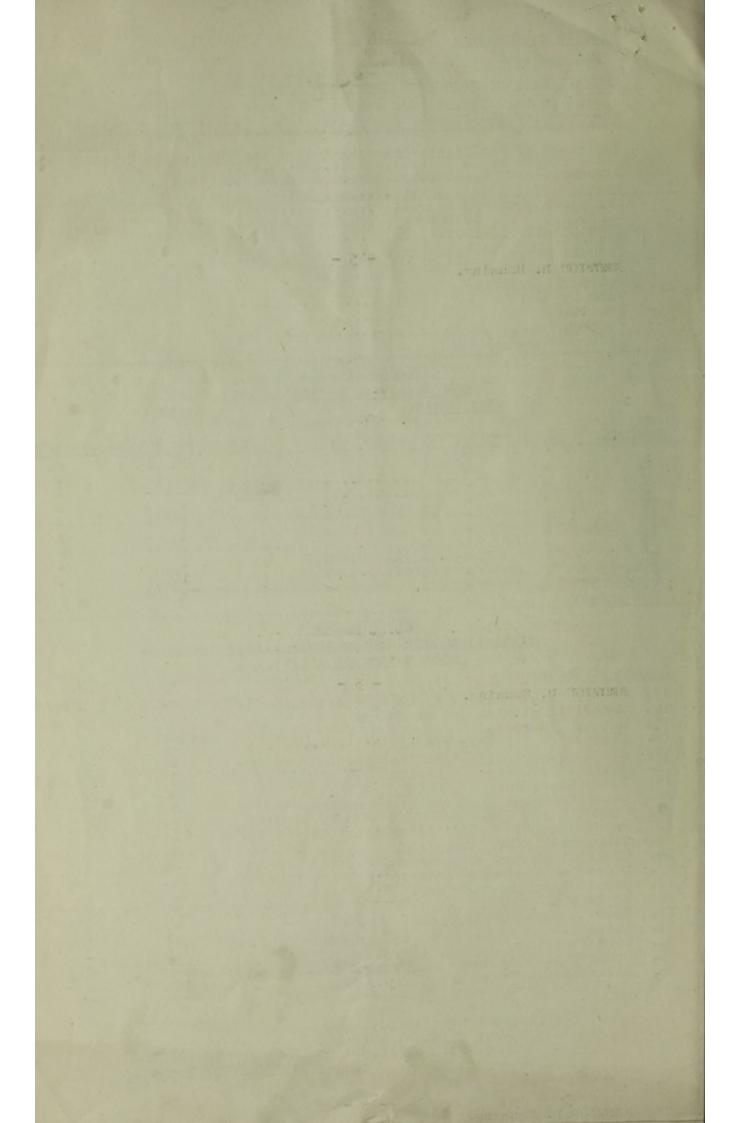
No change to report.

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•	- 5 -					
SECTION D. Housing.	- 5 -					
See Sanitary Inspector's report.						
SECTION E. Inspectio			Food.			
See Sanitary Inspe	ctor's report.					
SECTION F. Prevalenc	e of and Cont	rol over	Infocti	ous	and c	liseases.
Incidence of Notifia	blo Disesses	Auning 1	ali7 (Evel	udin		
					6 - u.	
Discaso.	Total Cases Notified.		s admitt ospital.		Do	aths.
Seenlet Deven			J J			
Scarlet Fover. Diphtheria.	5		-			-
Moasles.	2 .		-			-
Typhoid Fever.			-			-
Acute Phoumonia.			-			1
Puerperal Pyroxia. Whooping Cough.	39		-			-
Dysentery.	-		-			-
Chicken Pox.	-		-			-
Acuto Poliomyolitis.	2		2			-
	TUBERCULO	SIS.				
Ne	w Cases and M	and the second se	1947.			
	ases.			)eath	<u>s.</u>	
Ago						
Poriods. Respiratory.				ry.	in the second	Respiratory.
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15	1	-	-	1	-	-
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55 1 -	1	-	ī	1	1	- '
65 upwards	-	-	т	-	-	-
Not known		-				
	APPENDIX					
Statistic	s provided by	the Rog	1strar-0	ener	al.	
	otal deaths i	<u>n 1947 -</u>	-1/1			
Causos of doath.				Μ		F.
13. Cancor of buccal, ca	vity, oosophag	us, utoru	8.	. 2		-
14. Cancer of stomach a 15. Cancer of breast.	na auodonum.			2		2
16. Cancor of all other	sitos.			5		2 13 2 17
17. Diabotos.						2
<ol> <li>18. Intracranial vascul</li> <li>19. Hoart Diseases.</li> </ol>	ar losions.			11		17
19. Hoart Diseases. 20. Other diseases of c	irculatory sv	stom.		19		20
21. Bronchitis.				72		í
22. Pneumonia.				-		28 9 1 3 1
23. Other respiratory d 24. Ulcor of stomach &	duodonum			81		3
25. Diarrhoea under 2 y				2		-
27. Othor digostivo dis						1
28. Nophritis.	appain			1		1 1 1 - 2
29. Puor: & post-abort: 33. Suicido.	PODRIR.			-		1
34. Road Traffic.				1 1 2		-
35. Other violent cause	8.					2
36. All other causes.				10		4
				78		93
I have the honour to be,						
Your obedient servant,						

E.L.PERRY,

Medical Officer of Health.



SIDMOUTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.
SANITARY INSPECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT - 1947.
TABLE 1
VISITS, INTERVIEWS ETC.
GENERAL SANITATION. No.of visits.
Water supply
Moveable dwollings
Factorios
Rats and Mico 211 Dustbins
Dustbins
INFECTIOUS DISEASE.
Enquirios in case of I.D
Visits ro disinfoction
* During the year various enquiries and experiments have
been carried out in conjunction with the Director of the Public Health Laboratory, Exotor, and this figure includes these
enquiries and visits, but does not include visits in connection with taking samples of sewage and river water.
COWSHEDS & DAIRIES.
Visits to cowshods
FOOD BHOPS.
Visits to Food Shops
HOUS ING.
Visits under Housing & Public Health Acts 35 Visits re dirty or verminous premises 2
Visits re dirty or verminous premises 2 Miscellaneous housing visits(including
Council houses) 102
INTERVIEWS ETC.
Interviews and appointments 190
Miscellaneous
TABLE 11
Complaints received
NOTICES SERVED.
Statutory Notices served
DRAINAGE. ¥
Number of complete new house drainage systems. 17
" " relaid or extended
relaid or extended
X Drainage work detailed above does not include new Council houses or conversions of property owned by the Council.
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DISINFECTION.			the .			
Numbor of promisos disinfoctod	" T.B	Lsoasos				
Bodding or clothing disinfected						
		(other dises	1808.34			
UNSOUND FOOD.		12				
The following amounts of unsou voluntarily surrendered for eit						
Meat and Meat Products.	Meat and Meat Products. 102 tins. 443 lbs. of Imported Meat. 79½ " Home Killed Meat.					
Fruit & Vogetable Products	. 547 tins. 349 lbs.					
Fish & Fish Products.						
Milk & Milk Products.	189 tins.					
Miscollaneous. 3 Ibs. Choese. 5 <sup>3</sup> lbs. Butter. 1 box. Pigeons. 123 packets of Table Dessert Powder. 8 lbs. of Sweets. 8 lbs. of Sugar. 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> lbs. of Cake.						
MILK SAMPLES.	Passod.	Failed.	Total.			
Samplos taken for bactoriologic tost. (mothylono blue)		31	65			
Hoat treated samples. (phosphatase test.)	8	Nil	8			
Samples taken for T.B Inconclusive	8	Nil Nil	8 3			
	50	31	84			
HOUSING SUMMARY.						
Houses dealt with	ished. Closed	. Roconditione	d. Total.			
provious to this year.	62 10	61	133			
Houses dealt with during 1947.						
Cloarance Areas. N	Nil Nil	Nil	Nil			
Individual houses.	1 Nil	Nil	1			
Housos reconditioned N	il Nil	Nil	Nil			
Total.	63 10	61	134			

I am,

Your obedient servant,

STANLEY T. CHARD.

Sanitary Inspector.