Contributors

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SWADLINCOTE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

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Annual Report

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

AND

Senior Public Health Inspector

FOR THE YEAR 1963



PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer of Health.

MALCOLM ALLAN. M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Senior Public Health Inspector and Housing Officer (Also Inspector under the Shops Act)

DAVID HENRY BRADBURY. D.P.A., M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspector	• •••	 	P.R. Bramley. M.A.P.H.I. (To 18th Sept. 1963).
Senior Clerk		 	Mr. R. J. Lakin.
Part time Clerical Assistant		 	Mrs. V. Dennis.

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL. (Up to April, 1964.)

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Chairman: Councillor F. A. Travis. Vice Chairman: Councillor W. Heape.

Councillors:- W. Flowers. W.H.Whitehead. Mrs.M.E. Hardy. J.W. Miller. W.Lord. J.C. Moulson. J.T.W. Briggs. T.H. Edwards. J.Stretton. E.C. Clamp. C.Shipton. W. Brealey J.P. A.J. Hough.

A. Whittaker. Rev.S. Crawford. G.C. Holmes.

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DEREYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL CLINIC.

SWADLINCOTE - CIVIC CENTRE. Ante-natal Clinic:

Child Guidance:

Dental Treatment:

Eye Clinics:

Infant Welfare Centre:

Minor Ailment Clinic:

Orthopaedic Clinics:

2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month, 9-00 a.m. to 12-00 moon. Doctor attends each session.

By appointment.

By appointment.

By appointment, 4th Thursday in each month, commencing 2-30 p.m. and 2nd Friday in each month commencing 9-30 a.n.

Every Monday 9-00 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. and 1-30 p.m. to 4-15 p.m.

Mondays 9-00 a.m. to 10-00 a.m. 2nd and 4th Wednesdays 9-00 a.m. to 1-00 p.m.

By appointment. Every Tuesday in each month 9-00 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. and 1-30 p.m. to 4-00 p.m.

Speech Therapy:

Temporarily unstaffed.

Polionyelitis Vaccination:

2nd, 4th and 5th Saturday mornings, by appointment.

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IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIFHTHERIA:

Facilities for immunisation are available on request, when the Doctor is in attendance at Infant Welfare Centres and Minor Ailment Clinics.

REPAIRS OR REPLACEMENT OF GLASSES FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN.

The necessary form may be obtained on request from the Principal School Medical Officer, County Offices, Matlock, Derbyshire, or from the School Medical Officers.

CHEST CLINICS.

BURTON-ON-TRENT.

Chest Clinic, Outwoods Hospital, Belevedere Road, Burton-on-Trent. <u>New cases:</u> By appointment through own Doctor Monday and Wednesday, 1-30 p.m. to 3-00 p.m. Friday 9-00 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. <u>Contacts:</u> Alternate Tuesdays 9-00 a.m. to 10-00 a.m. B.C.G. Clinics on the Friday of the same week from 11-00 a.m.

DERBY.

The Chest Clinic, Green Lane, Derby. New cases: Wednesday 9-30 a.m. to 12-00 noon. and 6-00 p.m. to 8-00 p.m. Friday 9-30 a.m. to 12-00 noon, 2-00 p.m. to 4-00 p.m. Saturdays (Contacts) 9-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. By appointment only at all sessions.

WELFARE FOODS DISTRIBUTION CENTRE.

COUNTY CLINIC.

Monday, Tuesday and Friday, 9-15 a.m. to 12-30 p.n. and 1-30 p.m. to 5-00 p.m. Saturdays 9-00 a.m. to 12-00 noon.

To the Chairman and Members of the Swadlincote Urban District Council,

MR. CHAIRMAN, MADAM AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the year 1963.

The year began both "snell and keen" and how better could the climatic conditions be described than by William Shakespeare whose 400th birthday anniversary is celebrated this year.

"When icicles hang by the wall And Dick the shepherd blows his nail, And Ton bears logs into the hall, And milk comes frozen home in pail."

During January there were 16 days of unbroken frost and even this did not din the optimism of some who remarked, "Well, anyhow, it's healthy weather." Curiously enough the statistics supported this optimism for influenza was not a threat, the weekly deaths in England and Wales from this disease varying from 48 to 60: in one week in January 1962 there were 783 deaths from this cause. One very special danger in such severe weather is the cold's serious effect on old people. All too many reports were in the newspapers of old people dying of cold in their own home. This is something that should be borne in mind by all who have the care of old people in winter months.

There has been no major infectious disease in the district for some years, the last Paralytic Polio was in 1953 and the last Diphtheria notification was 1948. The returns for these two infectious diseases in England and Wales during 1963 showed record low levels.

In 1959, 1,342 cases of Polio were notified, whereas for 1963 the notifications

reached the record figure of 78, with only 3 deaths. The statistics for Diphtheria are more remarkable still. In 1959, 279 cases compared with 45 in 1963, with not a single death. What an anazing change from 1938 with 66,000 cases and 3,000 deaths.

Such achievements are a great credit to the progressive health policies of District Councils, not only in their earlier immunisation schemes continued by the local health authority, but also in housing, water undertakings and sewage schemes.

Towards the end of the year a group of old persons flatlets was opened in the District and these are a tremendous asset to the "not-so-young" of the urban district, since their advanced design combines privacy and community life at the discretion of the individual. Moreover in the winter months the old person can move around within the building and thus maintain mobility, when to go outside would constitute a danger to life and limb. The location of the flatlets near a home for the aged facilitates interchange of accommodation and care for the aged and is evidence of imaginative planning.

Over the Christmas holidays an average of 30 people a day were killed on the roads and, in this connection, the Royal College of Surgeons of England published a Report "on this modern epidemic plague." The statistics are appalling for all accidental deaths are 20,000 per year, including 7,000 road deaths and 8,000 deaths in homes. Hospital admissions for accidents run about 300,000 per annum and total cost to the community, half of which is loss of productivity, is £170 million.

To quote statistics again, accidental deaths cause 50% of all deaths in males aged 15 to 25 years, just when they are beginning a lifetime of productive work for the community and the commonest single killer is the motor vehicle.

Prevention should begin in early life by the parents giving more training to the children about appliances driven or heated by electricity and gas, and this training would be supplemented by that in the Schools. Moreover, not enough is done to educate the pedestrian in road safety, but in the end the chief responsibility lies with the notorist who should have a special care for children and old people with failing senses. The Royal College laid great stress in their report on the finding that the behaviour of the individual is the dominant feature.

Finally a prescription for safe driving: sobriety, good manners, mental aleriness and a sense of responsibility.

Road and Home Safety Connittees are playing a most important part in the prevention of accidental deaths and disabilities.

The 300,000 hospital admissions for accidents need the support of the community for blood transfusions are essential not only in saving life, but also in promoting healing and returning the individual to home and work in the shortest possible time.

During the year Her Majesty the Queen sent a special message of thanks to the one million donors of the National Blood Transfusion Service, and more are needed. By their giving of blood, donors have rendered an outstanding service to those in need and much reduced the casualties stay in Hospital. The address of the Unit serving our district is :-

National Blood Transfusion Service, National Blood Transfusi Derbyshire Donor Panel, St. John Hall, Haddon Road, BAKEVELL, Derbyshire.

Tcl: Bakewell 156.

which will be useful to those wishing to become blood donors.

The British Pharmaceutical Industry has made a tremendous contribution to the National Health Service. This is all too obvious when one recollects the efficacy of the anti-Tuberculosis Drugs, Penicillin and the other antibiotics together with Polio vaccination and many other immunisation procedures, to mention only a few that come readily to mind.

Such medication is under a degree of control, but there is over and above this the vast amount of self-medication which in some degree is not only unnecessary, but a danger. This drug habit is encouraged by the advertising of medicinal products not only in the press, but on commercial television to the tune of over £10 million each year. Even the aspirin can cause stomach and bowel bleeding and is a cause for concern to doctors dealing with gastrointestinal disease.

The dangers of self-medication could be nitigated by increased teaching of human biology and physiology in which the T.V. companies could play an important part by setting up programmes of advertising followed by comment in immediate sequence. We must strive at all cost to avoid the self-medication obtaining in America where handbags may contain at one and the same time, tranquillizers, pep-pills, sleeping pills and slimning pills.

In Great Britain it is estimated that there are about 300,000 alcohol addicts suffering from what is a progressively disabling disease, and the cost to the community is incalculable. This country, unlike the United States or the Soviet Union, makes little provision for the treatment of this group. Within the National Health Service there are a few specialised units and more may be forthcoming since the Ministry of Health recommended that a special centre should be set up in each Regional Hospital Board.

The amount spent in a year on alcoholic drinks is around £1,050 million and the total expenditure on advertisements about £23 million and money spent on drink goes up by an average of £50 million a year.

Much of the treatment of this pressing medico-social problem is dealt with by voluntary bodies, and one I am interested in has an annual income of £4,107. 11s. 6d.

The controversy on snoking and lung cancer continued unabated whilst meantime deaths from this disease are running at a rate of 500 a week, or one every twenty minutes. Sales of cigarettes in the United Kingdom rose from 36,000 million in 1920 to 1100,000 million in 1962 and deaths from lung cancer from 592 to 26,383.

Some seven years ago the British Government was advised by the Medical Research Council of "a very great increase during the past twenty-five years in the death rate from lung cancer in this and other countries, and that a major part of the increase was associated with tobacco smoking, particularly in the form of cigarettes." Further investigations here and elsewhere have confirmed the above statement.

Snoking also plays a part in several other diseases such as chronic bronchitis, emphysema, coronary dicease, peptic ulcer and low birth weight. All told, cigarette smoking is as fruitful a source of disease and death as some of the epidemics of previous conturies, and all we do is stick up posters. Health education has little influence on the habits of adults and there is more reward in tackling the problem in school children and youth groups.

Linked with the above problem is the struggle for cleaner air to which industry generally has made a substantial contribution by improving the efficacy of combustion fuels and thus reducing smoke. The chief offender is the domestic grate which emits three times as much smoke as is discharged from all the other uses of coal and is far and away the greatest cause of pollution at ground level.

Progress in dealing with domestic smoke is painfully slow, but now various local difficulties are being resolved, it would greatly benefit the health of the people of the District if this environmental problem was tackled vigorously.

With one of your Councillors I had the privilege and pleasure of attending a Conference at Harrogate on the theme "The Way of Health" which covered the whole span of life in its individual and social aspects. In the Conference Handbook the local Medical Officer of Health said this, "It is an interesting commentary on human nature that the public who so enthusiastically consume various chenical solutions as spa waters and who still relish a good bottle of medicine, are so very nervous about the addition of a trace of fluoride to water supplies."

Within the Report there is a list of County Council Clinics and a Table showing primary immunisations against Diphtheria for which I am indebted to Dr. J. B. S. Morgan, County Medical Officer of Health.

It is a pleasure to ne to take this opportunity of thanking the Chairman and Members of the Council, Clerk and Chief Financial Officer Mr. C. D. Hull, General Practitioners, Health Visitors, Heads of Departments and Staffs, particularly of course, all the Staff of the Public Health Department, especially the Chief Public Health Inspector and his Additional Public Health Inspector.

I am, Your obedient Servant,

MALCOLM ALLAN.

Medical Officer of Health.

time destine from this discars are remaine at a rate of 900 a most, or one are; twonty minutes. Salas of districted to the United Kingdon tose from 36,000 willion in 1920 to 1100,000 million in 1962 and desting from jung cander from 90

STATISTICAL SUMMARY.

	DIA	TOTION	L SOM	DENI.	
Number of i Sum represe Rateable Va Population Population	inhabited ho ented by s lue (Census) 19 (Census) 19 Registrar G	ouses penny 931 951 General	rate 's Es	£534,664. 20,604. 20,909. timate 1963 19,500.	
	EXTRACTS	FROM	VITAL	STATISTICS.	
Live Births	Total	<u>M.</u>	_ <u>F</u> .		
Legitimate Illegitimate	271 <u>10</u> 281	145 7 152		(Live Birth Rate per 1,000 estimated resident popula Crude 14.40 Corrected 15.40)	
Still Births					
Legitimate Illegitimate	5 1	1		(Rate per 1,000 live and s Births 20.9)	till
Deaths (All ages)		124 FRAL C	95	(Death rate per 1,000 of t estimated resident popula Crude 11.23 Corrected 12.68 In ascertaining the corre rates the following compa factors were used.) Births 1.07 Deaths 1.13 (HEADING 30 OF THE	tion.
<u>Deaths</u> Pregnancy, c abortion <u>Deaths</u> of Infa		Nil.	Rat	e per 1,000 (live and stil ths Nil.	Poldonyold Far
Decisio or Inc.	nuo one yea	<u></u>			
Legitima Illegiti			8		
Death rate of		der one	year	of age.	
Legitin	ate infants	per 1,	,000 1	egitimate live births ellegitimate live births	28.46 29.52
Deaths of In	fants under	four w	weeks.		
Legitim Illegit Death rate o	imate	ndon fo			
All info Legitim Illegit:	ants per 1,0 ate infants imate infan	000 liv per 1, ts per	re bir .000 1 1,000	ths ive births illegitimate live births	10.67 11.70 -
Deaths from 1 Deaths from 1 Deaths from 1	Thooping Co	ugh (Al	ll age	s)	Nil. Nil. Nil.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING YEAR 1963.

Disease	Total Cases notified	Cases admitted to Hospitals.	Total Deaths
Meesles Lobar Pneumonia Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Meningococcal Meningitis Dysentery Influenzal Pneumonia Ophthalmia Neonatorum Erysipelas Poliomyelitis (Non-Paralytic) Typhoid Fever Peurperal Pyrexia	156 4 6 7 - 49 - - -	3 2 - - - 3 - - - - - 1	

CASES OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES AT VARYING AGES DURING 1963

Disease					1000	roup								_	
Diboure again anti	0-	1-	2.	- 3.	44	5-	- 6-	7-	10-	15-	35-	45-	60-	U.K.	Tota
Lobar Pneumonia Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Meningococcal Men-	8	9	13	20	15	40 1 3 1	21	18	6	2		1	-	3	156 4 6 7
ingitis Dysentery Influenzal Pneumonia Ophthalmia Neonatoru Erysipelas Poliomyelitis Non-		2	1	1	1	3	5	5	7	2	120	in the	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22	49
Paralytic. Typhoid Fever Peurperal Fyrexia					1 1 1 2		- In		1.4		0110	nta to	2.02	1	edta

	Pul	monary.		lmonary.	at IIA
TUBERCULOSIS.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number of cases notified	N.	. monica .	uo't tote	w staria	I To adda
during 1963.	2	3	*		5
umber of cases on Register 31st Dec.1962	93	48	25	23	189

SCARIES TREATMENT.

There were no cases of Scabies treated at the Clinic during the year.

CLASSIFICATION OF DEATHS.

Cause of Death.	М.	ages F.	Total
			the supple
Tuberculosis, respiratory Tuberculosis, other	bitto T Se	ALL Y	DESCRIPTION OF
0. 1/1// NI		. 0172	odIsk is a
NULLING A STATION OF MALE AND			A True Para Sat
to sining subsidence, and I as informed	out da	bea of	omažžano 30
Whooping Cough	and and	1	1.1.1
Meningococcal Infection	nolvico.	malion	OZ bers ut
Acute Poliomyelitis	-	-	Colorado -
Measles	algula	tor an	fottindin a
Other infective and parasitic diseases	Custor a	Cadillo -	et-ent also
Malignant neoplasm Stomach	5	2	7
Malignant neoplasm lung, bronchus	8	-	8
Malignant neoplasm Breast	-	4	4
Malignant neoplasm Uterus	-	1	1
Other Malignant and Lymphatic neoplasm	14	9	23
Leukaemia, Aleukaemia	-	2	2
Diabetes	1	1	2
Vascular Lesions of nervous system	11	14	25
Coronary disease angina	29	13	42
Hypertension with heart disease	1	2	3
Other heart diseases	11	17	28
Other circulatory diseases	9	7	16
Influenza	-	-	-
Pneumonia	3	5	8
Bronchitis	15	2	17
Other diseases of respiratory system.	3	2	5
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	1	1	1
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea		-	-
Nephritis and nephrosis	-	-	-
Hyperplasia of prostate	-	-	-
Pregnancy, childbirth, obortion	-	- 1	1000 mm_1
Congenital malformations	1	-	1
Other defined and ill-defined diseases	4	12	16
Motor vehicle accidents	3	1	4
All other accidents	4		4
Suicide	1	-	1
Homicide and operations of war	-	-	-
TOTALS	124	95	219

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WATER SUPPLY

The Council are responsible for the distribution of water, obtained in bulk from the Swadlincote and Ashby Joint Water Board, to the Urban Area, the supply being derived from the Bunter Sand-stone measures to the south of Milton Village, and treated at the Board's works at Milton. Water is now also being obtained through the river Dove Water Board from their works at Melbourne.

Difficulties in the distribution of water to certain parts of the District continue to exist due to mining subsidence, and I am informed by Mr. J. W. May, M.I. Mun. E., M.Inst. H.E. the Council's Engineer and Surveyor, that it was necessary to carry out repairs to 58 broken mains, 55 drawn joints and 50 broken services to premises during the year.

Bacteriological sampling is done fortnightly. Chemical samples are also submitted for analysis at fairly frequent intervals. The Health department also obtain samples regularly from various points in the Urban Area to check against results obtained from each supply.

To the Chairman and Members of the Swadlincote Urban District Council.

MR. CHAIRMAN, MADAM AND GENTLEMEN,

It is with great pleasure that I present the annual report of work undertaken by the Public Health Department for the year 1963.

In September Mr. Bramley, the Additional Public Health Inspector, resigned to take up a similar post at Trowbridge, Wilts, but after advertising in the professional and local press the post was still vacant at the end of the year. This state of affairs gives some indication of the national shortage of inspectors and stresses the necessity for training suitable aspirants locally.

The provision of new houses was very slow during the year, resulting in a fall in the number of families rehoused from unfit dwellings. More emphasis is now being placed on the housing of the aged, and bungalows and flatlets are the types of housing being concentrated upon by the Housing Committee, and it is forseen that as the demand for general needs housing falls, more relets will be available for slum clearance rehousing.

The introduction of payment for meat inspection met little opposition from the butchers but being under-staffed towards the end of the year this increased the pressure of work.

Once again it gives me great pleasure to express my thanks and appreciation to the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their continued interest in the work of the Department.

My thanks are also due to the Chairman and Members of the Housing Committee for their support and appreciation of the work undertaken on their behalf by the staff of the department.

I would express my grateful thanks to the Medical Officer and Clerk to the Council for the wholehearted support and guidance throughout the year, which has been greatly appreciated.

Last but by no means least, to the staff of the department I say thank you for a job well done.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient Servant,

D. H. BRADBURY.

Senior Public Health Inspector and Housing Officer.

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HOUSING.

Building Programme.

Η

The number of new Houses erected during the year were as follows :-

(1)	By the Local Authority				 	 	120.
(1)	By other Local Authorit	ties			 	 	-
(111)	By other bodies or pers	sons			 	 	43.
Housing	Programe.						
	Houses demolished				 	 	18.
(A)	In Clearance Areas				 	 	-
(B)	Not in Clearance Areas				 	 	18.
	Houses closed				 	 	1.
	Closing Orders made				 	 	2.
	Demolition Orders made				 	 	-
	Clearance Areas declar	ed			 	 	-
	Families rehoused from	unfit	houses	s	 	 	12.

1963 was more or less a "stand-still" period on slun clearance having regard to the new housing programme planned to re-house overspill population employed by the National Coal Board. For this purpose 30 new houses were allocated to the Central Engineering Establishment whilst a start was made on the erection of 200 for the housing of displaced miners from the North East and Scotland. Other local authority building included 20 bungalows and 20 flatlets for the housing of aged persons.

This new block of flatlets was opened towards the end of the year, providing hones for 10 single persons on the ground floor and ten single persons on the first floor, together with a two bedroomed flat for the housekeeper's family and a guest bedroom for old peoples relatives in case of emergency. On the ground floor is a comparatively large communal room furnished by local donors and equiped with arm-chairs, tables and television set, where the residents are able to relax and enjoy each others company. This venture is proving very popular and the Council hope that in the not too distant future similar accommodation will be provided in another part of the Township.

The demand for bungalows is still the main feature of the Council's housing list and it is to this end that the Housing Committee are looking regarding new building.

During the year 46 standard grants and one discretionary grant were approved, involving the payment of £5,818.

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COMPLAINTS.

602. complaints were received during the year relating to 677 items which are tabulated below.

Complaints.	Total complaints
House Roof	6.
Baves, Gutters and rain water pipes	5.
Dampness	7.
Ceiling Plaster	5.
Windows	5.
Floors	1.
Fireplaces	4.
Water Supply	5.
Dirty Conditions	Sertingal 5.
Water closet:-	
cistern joints defective water supply (bursts)	2. 14. 15.
Drainage:- obstructions drains defective	115. 6.
Dustbins	113.
Refuse accumulations	8
Infestations:- Rats Mice Ants Cockroaches Flies Silver Fish Beetles	154. 15. 82. 13. 5. 1. 13.
Disinfestations requested	5.
Domestic Smoke nuisance	Long fortell 4.
Offensive smells	27.
Noise	6.
Miscellaneous	36.
	677.

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DEFECTS REMEDIED.

Chimney stacks - overhau	led			 	 	21.
House roof - repaired				 	 	19.
Eaves gutters provided o	r repaire	d		 	 	9.
Rainwater fallpipes - re	newed or	repaire	ad	 	 	16.
Perished pointing				 	 	12.
Ceiling Plaster				 	 	14.
Wall Plaster				 	 	26.
Floors repaired				 	 	22.
Stairs				 	 	2.
Windows:-						
Frames repaired				 	 	11.
Frames renewed				 	 	4.
Sash cords rene	wed			 	 	19.
						6.
Doors repaired				 	 	0.
Cooking Ranges :-						
Repaired				 	 	2.
inoposition				 		
Fireplaces repaired				 	 	6.
Fireplaces renewed	····			 	 	2.
Sinks and washbasins				 	 	4.
Sink waste pipes renewed				 	 	3.
Washboilers:- Brickwork repa	ired			 	 	9.
Di toknork Topo				 	 	
Water Supply				 	 	11.
Water Closets:						
Water Supply				 	 	2.
				 	 	7.
Flushing cister	ms renewe	ed		 	 	13.
Seats renewed				 	 	4.
Defective joint	ts			 	 	5.
Compartments re	epaired.			 	 	6.
Drainage:						10
Drains repaired				 	 	42.
Drains relayed				 	 	21.
Yard gullies re				 ••••	 	18.
Obstructions re	emoved	•••		 ••••	 •••	103.
						3.
Yard paving repaired				 	 	5.
Dustbins provided				 	 	227.
						1daa Ht
Noise				 	 	1.
Caravans				 	 	5.
Animals				 	 	2.

684.

SUMMARY OF INSPECTIONS AND RESULTANT ACTION.

The following information is compiled in tabular form and is in fact a summary of work undertaken in the department during 1963.

(a)	Housing.						
	Visits under the H	lousing	Acts	 	 	 	704.
	Visits under the H	ublic H	ealth Act		 		996.
(2)				 	 	 	110.
(0)	General.						
	Subsidence			 	 	 	152.
	Factories			 	 	 	108.
	Outworkers			 	 	 	-
	Verminous premises	and ar	ticles	 	 	 	14.
	Schools			 	 	 	10.
	Keeping of Animals			 	 	 	9.
	Water Supplies and	Water S	Sampling	 	 	 	21.
	Food Premises			 	 	 1	621.
	Tents, Vans and Sh	eds .		 	 		17.
	Drain Testing and		ion	 	 		323.
	Hairdressers	CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OF		 	 	 	14.
	Smoke Observations			 	 		66.
(c)	Interviews.						
	Complaints			 	 	 	164.
	Housing Applicants			 	 		1.00
	Owners			 	 		551.
	Contractors			 	 		111.
				 	 	 	58.
(d)	Number of Notices	served.					

	Informal Notices Outstanding Jan.1963.	Formal Notices Outstanding Jan. 1963.
Public Health Act. 1936.	2	··· · 1 Todobot
Food and Drugs Act. 1955.	1	Il exection -
Factories Act. 1937.	-	-
Clean Air Act. 1956.	_61	December
Derbyshire County Council Act. 1954		-
Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act. 1960.	1.20	-

			Informal Notices Served	Formal Notices Served.
(e)	Public Health Act. 1936.		54	··· 6··· 5001
	Food and Drugs Act. 1955.		6	1961 1981
	Factories Act. 1937.		2	
	Clean Air Act. 1956.		_rec	1960
	Derbyshire County Council A		265-	1959
	Caravan Sites and Control o Development Act. 1960.	f ms	310	1958
(f)	Number of Notices complied (including notices outstand			
	fron 1962).			1955
	Public Health Act. 1936		51	
	Food and Drugs Act. 1955	159	7	1953
	Factories Act. 1937. Clean Air Act. 1956.		2,01	1958
	Derbyshire County Council A	ct.1954.	191	1951
	Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act. 1960.	f ars	1005	1950

DRACTAGE WORKS.

During the year 269 visits to premises were made in connection with drainage work.

The service provided by the Council for clearing the drains of privately owned property is now under the Public Health Department and during the year 103 obstructions were dealt with. Work of repair to drains has been largely of a minor nature, 81 repairs have been carried out.

REFUSE RECEPTACIES.

... miloirta has sostaring au

323.	Total.	By Council.	By Owner.	By Tenant.	
January	18	16	2	Sacks Oberrat	
February	13	12	1	-	
March	30	28	2	t-intal quad	
April	28	28	···· -···	ariddy Purphy	
May	22	22		er-torstep)	
June	19	19	-		
July	24	23	-	1	
August	6	6	-		
September	18	18	-	-	
October	28	28		and the second	
November	13	12	Los. 1955.	Tood and - Doot	
December	15	15	1937-	Pastories Act.	
			it fitomot yta	Derby shire Cou	
	234	227	6	1	
	Angue reported to the fill	IN THE REPORT OF A CARD OF A			
1963	234	227	6	1	
1962	303	291	12	der - The second	
1961	278	262	16	ngurd-bra bon	
1960	331	308	18	5	
1959	265	228	34	3	
1958	310	271	20	19	
1957	338	323	12	3	
1956	322	315	1	6	
1955	396	329	44	23	
1954	326	273	35	18	
1953	168	159	5	4	
1952	190	151	20	19	
1951	153	. 115	22	16	
1950	328	215	84	29	
	3942	3467	329	146	

Dustbins provided up to 31st December, 1963.

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION.

Month.	Smoke.	S.0.2.	
January	212	191	
February	201	229	
March	123	149	
April	105	117	
May	61	70	
June	38	59	
July	57	71	
August	46	67	
September	96	75	
October	95	91	
November	113	106	
December	154	134	

WATER SUPPLY.

Representative samples of piped towns water supply were submitted for examination during 1963. The table on this page gives a summary of the results.

	Chemical. Sat. Unsat.	Bacteriological. Sat. Unsat.
wadlincote and Ashbys Joint Water Board.	1. Nil.	12. 9.

N.V.	l Kill. Mice.						
-	to the						
	Estimat Rats.	.1027512	1782			1782	
	Bodiés ered. Mice.	1010	1 5			1	
	No. of Bodies recovered. Rats. Mice.	esi	656			656	
			~~~~	~~	~~~~	April .	
	No. of Treatments.	22	284	1	26	333	
	No. of	R. TA	5			3.	
		es R			xada	Bigits	
	of Properties infested. 3. Mice.			•			
	of Proper infested. 8. M	11			1		
	No. of ir Rats.	22	506	1	41	570	
a and	80	and toring the			atlenor	101 b 101 b	108 m
	No. of Premises Inspected	.issi					
	No. of Ins	22	625	Ч	85	733	ini
		538 522			s).		
		erty es at ts are		у.	All other Property. (Including Business Premises).		
	Type of Premises.	Local Authority Property (Other than properties at which permanent points are established.)	ses.	Agricultural Property.	perty.		
	ype of 1	Local Authori (Other than p which permane established.)	Dwelling Houses.	laural	ther Pro		
	e.	Local (Othe: which estab	Dwell:	Agric	All o' (Incl)		
		-	<i>L</i> τ -				

SUMMARY OF RODEWT OPERATOR'S ACTIVITIES - 1963.

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Date.	22 841	Total No.of Manholes.	No. Baited.	Manholes showing takes.	Total No. of takes.	Poison used.	Renarks.
October 1955.	55.	563	413	105	105	Zinc Phosphide	
November 1956.	956.	563	422	102	102		
July 1957.		584	397	209	209		Tada
February 1958.	958.	585	326	102	102		
November 1958.	958.	585	52	16	16.	Warfarin 5.	(Newhall only.)
March 1959.	1000	563	32		4		(Test bait).
May 1959.		563	38	L	1	Warfarin 5.	
I November 1959	959	563	123	13	13	Warfarin 5.	
December 1960.	960.	563	41	6	6	Warfarin 5.	NoI I can
June 1961.		563	41	19	19	Warfarin 5.	AL OS
November 1961	961	537	48	12	12		(Test bait).
April 1962.	ad Cl	537	66	29	29	Warfarin 5.	a finan o a y t d a d
May 1963.		537	78	17	17	Warfarin 5.	and B.
	14	La	101 101 1001				Fox Stabl
				tak tak tak tak tak	orta orian orian oriano	as' d Bas' Lels	is d the the
							100 m
							23

TREATMENT OF SEWERS - 1963.

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## Register of Food Premises.

The following table supplies information on the number and types of food premises in the Urban District.

Type of Premises.		Total.
Bakehouses		6
Butchers' Shops (Including making up premises)		27
Cafe's Restaurants and Canteens		15
Fried Fish and Chip Shops and Wet Fish Shops		13
Greengrocers		8
Grocers and General Stores (Excluding Off Licenses)		77
Corn Merchants		5
Licensed Premises	9	49
Off-Licenses including those selling General Goods		30
Confectioners		11
Mineral Water Manufacturers		2
Ice Crean Manufacturers		1
Slaughterhouses		7
	2 2 2 2 <del>4</del>	251
		and a second second second

### Inspection of Food Premises.

1

The following table is included as an indication of amount of work involved in routine inspection of food premises during the year.

Bakehouses	•••	··· 12		 	33
Ice Cream Manufacturers				 	9
Market Stalls				 	162
Mineral Water Manufacturers				 	4
General Food Premises				 	332
Cafe's, Canteens (including	works	cantee	ns)	 8	14
Slaughterhouses				 	891
Fried Fish and Chip Shops (i	ncludi	ng wet	fish)	 :	27
Butchers' Shops including ma	king u	p prem	ises	 	149

### Unsound Food.

The following is an abbreviated list of items of food found to be unfit for human consumption during 1963, followed by a summary of the estimated weight of all condemnations of unfit food during each of the last five years.

24 lbs.	Tongue.	
96 lbs.	Corned Beef.	
36 lbs.	Jellied Veal.	
37 lbs.	Braised Kidneys.	
5 1bs.	Stewed Steak.	
233 lbs.	Pork.	
439 lbs.	Ham.	
1 lb.	Han & Pork.	
40 lbs.	Luncheon Meat.	
16 lbs.	Chopped Ham.	
4 lbs.	Brisket Beef.	
2 lbs.	Irish Stew.	
12 lbs.	Chicken.	
7.	Steak & Kidney pi	.08.
7.	Veal & Ham pies.	
3.	Pork pies.	
41 lbs.	Sausages.	
138 tins.	Tomatoes.	
6 cases.	Cucumbers.	
4 tins.	Tomatoe Juice.	
6 tins.	Cream.	
1/2 lb.	Mushrooms.	
27 tins.	Baked Beans.	
8 tins.	Soup.	
19 tins.	Milk.	
1 tin.	Rice Pudding.	
1 bottle.	Sunfresh.	
2 tins.	Oranges.	
21 tins.	Pears.	
64 tins.	Peaches.	
6 tins.	Loganberries.	
14 tins.	Apricots.	
28 tins.	Strawberries.	
1 tin.	Raspberries.	
5 tins.	Pineapples.	
3 tins.	Plums.	
4 tins.	Grapefruit.	
25 tins.	Fruit Salad.	
1 tin.	Rhubarb.	
31 tins.	Peas.	
18 tins.	Salmon.	
4 tins.	Pilchards.	
71 1bs.	Jam.	
5 lbs.	Marmalade.	
3 tins.	Carrots.	
3 jars.	Horse radish.	
274 pkts.	Frozen Foods.	
Prove		

The approximate weight of food condemned during recent years is as follows:-

(0	1)	1963	 	13	cwts.
(1	)	1962	 	12	cwts.
(0	;)	1961	 	7	cwts.
(ð	1)	1960	 	13	cwts.
(6	)	1959	 	8	cwts.

# SUMMARY OF ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED, INSPECTED AND INCIDENCE OF DISEASE FOUND.

	Cattle			Sheep	E als	
	excluding	Cows	Calves	and	Pigs	Horses.
	COWS		1	Lanbs.	1 24	
Paneta and a second second second	- cargoor is 277 - its					
Number killed	1867	43	22	1636	1496	-
					Service 1	
Number inspected	867	43	22	1636	1496	-
All diseases except	······································		Comment of the			
Tuberculosis and	Jane de	Setab			6.4	
Cysticerci whole carcases condenned.	Start and					
carcases condemned.	And and all the second					-
	.nody doll-s	-Jessy				******
Carcases of which		Tork:			.8.	
some part or organ		ARTIC		, 81	1 14	
was condemned.	59	3	1	22	70	-
Total:-	59	3	1	22	70	- 10
Percentage of the						
number inspected	- 6000				Safe -	
affected with	6.80	6.9	4.54	1.30	4.67	_
disease other than	- 11 M - 11	0.,	4.51	1.50	4.01	
tuberculosis and	and the second					
cysticerci.						
Tuberculosis only:- Whole carcases						
condenned				. 10.		
contreamed	01	do.e=4		, and		-
	.as.hrriod			- 60.		
					and and and	
Carcases of which	A LOUGH A LOUGH					
some part or organ was condemned.	4 3 1 2	and Mar			19	
	and the second sec					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total:-	1	1			19	-
Percentage of the						
number inspected	100	Perton			3.1	
affected with Tuberculosis.	.13	2.32		, 3.51	1.27	-
luberculosis.						
Cysticerosis :-						
Carcases of	- more					
which some	TOO DO TOO DO					
part or organ	2			011		-
was condemned.	200000			1		
Cases submitted to	And the second second					************************
treatment by	a during rea		0 2002 20	.1.13.23× 1		ique esti
refrigeration	2					- ranof
Generalised and						
Totally condenned				1 2251 19		

#### MEAT INSPECTION.

The seven licensed slaughter houses have continued throughout the year and the standard of meat has remained high with very little evidence of disease.

The introduction of meat stamping brought one disapproval of the system of payment for inspections, but generally it has been accepted without comment.

The quality remains high and fortunately, as compared with other districts the necessity for week-end slaughtering has disappeared.

Two cases of cysticercus bovis were found and the carcases subjected to freezing, but there were no cases of generalised tuberculosis.

.andithis ... Additions.

CARLES PROVIDE AND				2			
berculosis.				Cwts	. Qtrs	. 1bs.	ozs.
Bovines.	Carcase Moat	 no dela		ablas	lo solige		2 2
	Organs	 		10'h V.10	3	16	o Q: jació
Pigs.	Carcase Meat	 		-	-	-	-
	Organs	 enuite	1000	M Lape	2	7	6
0.2				. Inco	STINN J	AREUT	1
Calves.	Carcase Meat	 	••••	-	-	-	21
	Organs	 	••••	-	Ē	-	-
				2	1	23	6
ther Diseases							2
Bovines.	Carcase Meat	 		-	-	17	1
altiple Line	Organs	 		7	-	2	-
Pigs.	Carcase Meat	 		-	1	9	-
	Organs	 		1	1	1	-
Sheep.	Carcase Meat	 		-	-	-	-
	Organs	 		-	1	10	8
Calves.	Carcase Meat	 		-	-	-	-
	Organs	 		-	-	1	8
				9		13	575

_____

## RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT.

One premise is registered under the provisions of Section two of the Rag Flock and Other Filling Materials Act.

### ICE CREAM.

Details of Register, 31st December, 1963.

Registered for Nanufacture only ... ... 1. Registered for sale only ... ... 112.

eted to freesing, but there were no

Satisfactory, Unsatisfactory,

### Changes in Register, 1963.

Number for Manufacture	Amendments.	Additions.	Removed from list.
and sale.	1	-	1
Number for sale only.	3	3	varann-1

### Bacteriological Analysis.

Two samples of Ice Cream and one mineral water sample were submitted to the County Laboratory for examination with the following results.

		baurbiac cory.	ondavior accord.
ICE CREAM.	Local Manufacture	1	1
MINERAL WAT	ER. Local Manufacture	-1	-

---- analy ---- analy ----

# SHOPS ACT.

The following is the result of the annual survey of Shops. Summery of types of Shops in the Urban Area.

Later Linder Strategie Stra	dlincote.	Newhall.	Gresley.	Total.
	3	7	2	8
Dff Licences and General Stores	9	4	9	22
Grocery and General Stores	26	31	20	77
Greengrocers and Florists	3	2	3	8
Butchers	. 13 .	. 8	. 6	27
Wet Fish only	-	-	-	-
Fried Fish and Chips	4	3	6	13
Confectioner and Tobacconists	7	199	3	11
Cafes			er linz-d'so	3
Corn Merchants	3	1	1	5
Newsagents and Stationers	4	2	2	8
Shoes	2	1 1	1	4
Shoe Repairs	1	2		6
Drapers, Outfitters and Millinery.	14	3	6	23
Hairdressers	12	7	5	24
Jewellers & Watch Repairs	3	Servi Linna	alingi, Soon	3
China, Crockery, Leather Goods & Toys.			1	4
Hardware & Ironmongery	5	1	2	8
Radio, Electric, Cycle & Motor Spares.	13	5	3	21
Dry Cleaners	2 .	olbeg bus	1 70 C	3
Builders & Decorators Supplies				9
Entertainment	1	-	-	1
Second Hand Goods	2		entopol :	2
Firewood and Paraffin Dealers	1	· · · ·	-Burro	1
Furniture	5		in Ropelan	5
Multiple Stores	1 .	-	-	1
Seeds & Nurseryman	2	2	1	5
Commission Agents	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	in pansi	5
Chemists	2	1.	1 antre	4
Photographic Materials	2		Crosse Harry	2
Wines and Spirits	1	-	-	1
Licensed Premises	20	11	18	49
Garages etc		3	2	15
and the E				-
	187	93	98	378

# Register.

The following table is a copy of the register of the factories in operation in the Urban Area:-

and theorem in the line is the line of the	Swad- lincote.	Gresley.	Newhall.	Total.
Pipe Works	2	2	none <b>t</b> only	5 10
Brick Works	1	1	has_soon	2
Potteries	3	4	bus store	7
Flint Mill		1	-	1
Engineers	6	4	2	12
Iron Foundry and Pattern Makers.	. 1	Tabaocon	bres - robol	1
Rubber Manufacturers	1		-	Caff.er
Automobile Repair	12	1	5	18
Waste Paper Baling	1		-	1
Joiners	3	4	1	8
Crate Manufacturers	1	-	. 001011	1
Firewood Dealers	. 1	ant linguit a	tat de Tita tes	1 1
Plumbers	T is 10,000	tor-tand	2.0010	3
Upholsterers	2	A alovo	a de Leona	2
Cycle Repairs and Radio	7	2	-	Q
Printing :	2	qui encia	a & =000	2
Boot Repairs	2	1	Hand Cood	3
Tailoring	1	not hrm	d and Par	2
Watch Repairs	1			at he facts
Entertainment	1	. –	a Stores	
Food Preparation	4	-	4	
Bakeries	2			6
Ice Cream Manufacturers		-	nghi <u>s</u> Nat md Sylrit	
Mineral Water Manufacturers	2		d Freutao	0
Coal Packers	• • • 1 • •	1	orto-	2.0
Building Operations	3	-	-	3
	62	28	16	106

### FACTORIES ACT. 1937.

### Part 1 of the Act.

(Inspection for the purpose of provisions as to health including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors.)

----

		Num on 1		Inspections.		Occupiers prosecuted.
<ul> <li>(i) Factories in which Section 1</li> <li>2, 3, 4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority.</li> </ul>			9	14	-	-
<pre>(ii) Factories not included in (i)     in which section 7 is enforced     by the Local Authority.</pre>			93	3 148		-
<pre>(iii) Other Premises in which Section    7 is enforced by the Local    Authority (excluding out-</pre>			7	2		
workers premises).			7	2	-	-
		1	09	164	4	-
	Found, R	died.	defects To H.M.	cases in whith were found. By H.M. or. Inspector	No of r. in wh: prose wore	cases ich cutions tuted.
Want of cleanliness	-	-	-	-	-	
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-		
Unreasonable Temperature	-	-	-	-	-	
Inadequate Ventilation					-	
Ineffective drainage of						
floors (S.6) Sanitary conveniences (S.7)	-	-	-	-	-	
(a) Insufficient	2	2	-	2	-	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	2	2	1	1	-	
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-	
Other offences against the A						
(Not including offences relate to outworkers.)	-	-	-	-	-	
	4	4	1	3	-	
Outworkers (Sections 110 and	1 111)		- P Out-	whome in Aug	nat liet	1

Number of Outworkers in August list required by Sections 111 (1) (c).

Nature of Work Wearing Apparel, making etc: Nil.

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#### PACTORIES ADD. 1957.

#### Part 1 of the Act.

(Inspection for the purpose of provisions as to mains and in the purpose of a start inspections made by Fublic Health Inspectors.) and and

				-		
	166					
						30% Lo
						to redito
				Buitt	luding offences rela	Not 1pd
						to outre
The state of the s						

Ine Cruch Manufesturares.

Outmoreore (Sections 110 and 151)

Number of Outborkers in again (1) (0).



