

**[Report 1896] / Medical Officer of Health, Stroud (Union) R.D.C.**

**Contributors**

Stroud (Gloucestershire, England). Rural District Council.

**Publication/Creation**

1896

**Persistent URL**

<https://wellcomecollection.org/works/xz8km64b>

**License and attribution**

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



Wellcome Collection  
183 Euston Road  
London NW1 2BE UK  
T +44 (0)20 7611 8722  
E [library@wellcomecollection.org](mailto:library@wellcomecollection.org)  
<https://wellcomecollection.org>

---

---

**STROUD RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.**

---

---

**MEDICAL OFFICER'S**

AND

**SANITARY INSPECTORS'**

**REPORTS**

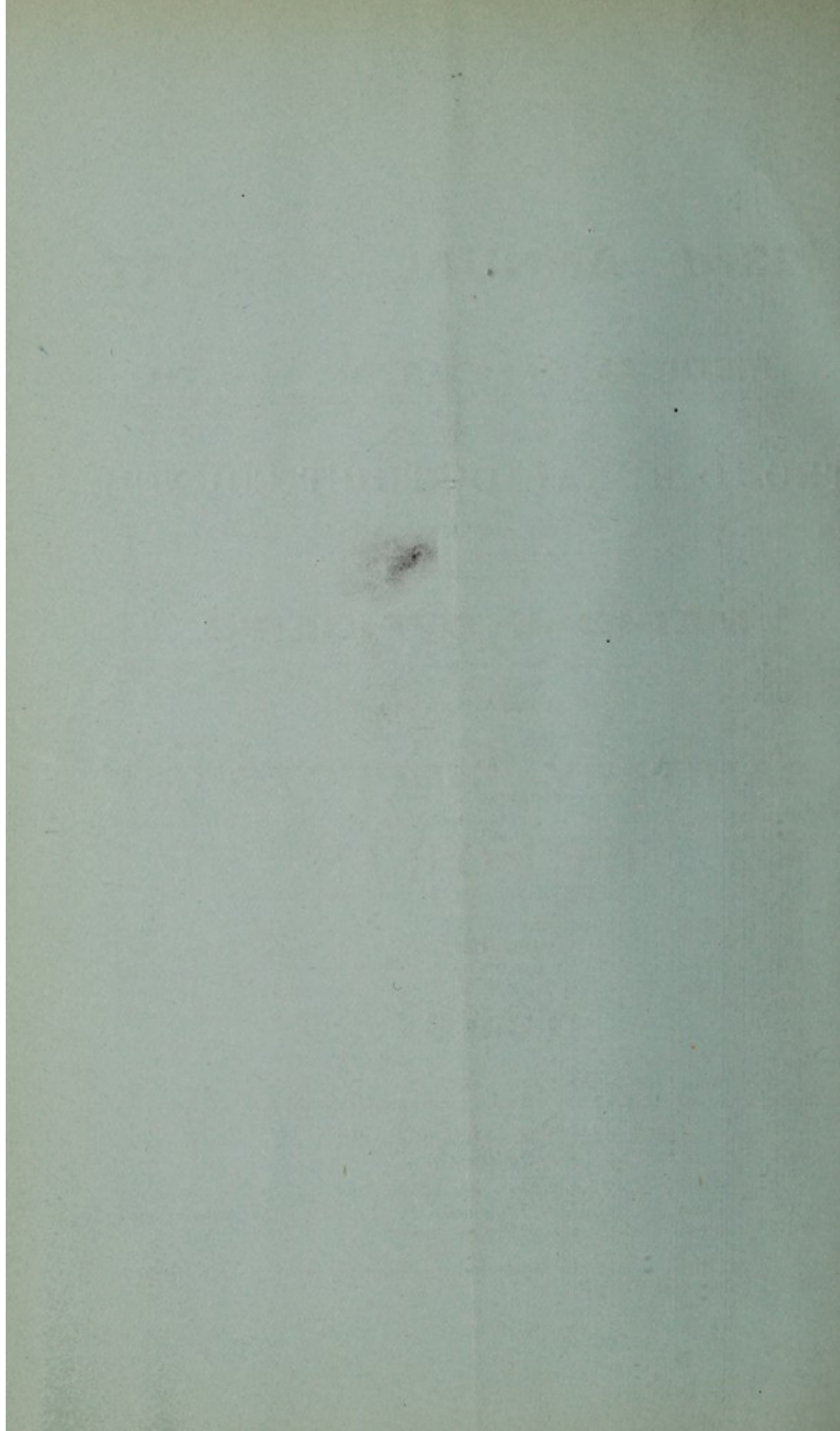
FOR

**1896.**

---

---

*Printed at the "News" Office, George Street, Stroud.*





# 23rd ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

## MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

### FOR 1896.

---

*To the Stroud Rural District Council.*

---

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES, AND GENTLEMEN,—

The past year, 1896, has been one of the most favourable, notwithstanding the drawback caused by the outbreak of small-pox. Nearly all cases were either directly or indirectly imported here.

The annexed Extracts from the Register and Journal give particulars of each case better than I can do by a general report.

Under all the circumstances we were extremely fortunate in the treatment. Acting on the principle of "*Bis dat qui cito dat*" tended greatly to success in dealing with each, and prevented extension to others.

All cases are on the Local Government Board Tables.

Some time was occupied in the Inspection of The Achers as a suitable place for the Isolation Hospital, attending the Enquiry and Examination of Water Supply, &c., &c. The decision was adverse to this place, and Stancombe, near Bisley, was fixed upon, and the Marquee erected and used for isolation, which, with some adjuncts, answered very well.

#### VITAL STATISTICS.

The population to the end of 1896, allowing for increase, was about 30,073.

The Births during the year amounted to 683—males, 333 ; females, 350 ; a rate of 22·7 per 1000 of population.

388 Deaths were registered—194 males, 194 females, including 21 in the Workhouse—14 males, 7 females—and 14 in the Hospital, 7 males and 7 females—a death rate of 12·8 per 1000 living.

The Birth and Death Rates for all England and Wales were 29·7 and 17·1 per 1000 living.

# EPITOME OF DEATHS AT DIFFERENT AGES FOR THE PAST YEAR.

Under 1 year	...	73	including 1 in Workhouse	1 Hospital	Tl.
1 and under 5 years	...	19	" 0	0	92
5 " 15 "	...	18	" 0	1	
15 " 25 "	...	27	" 0	1	
25 " 60 "	...	87	" 6	7	132
60 " 70 "	...	49	" 1	2	
70 " 80 "	...	74	" 8	2	
80 " 90 "	...	34	" 5	0	
90 " 100 "	...	7	" 0	0	164
		388	21	14	388

164 persons died upwards of 60 years of age, including 14 in the Workhouse and 4 in the Hospital, a rate of 42 p.c. of total deaths.

## INFANTILE MORTALITY.

73 Deaths took place among children under one year, inclusive of one in the Workhouse and one in the Hospital, a rate of 106·8 per 1000 of Births.

For all England and Wales the rate was 148 per 1000 of births.

## CAUSES OF DEATHS IN INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR.

Esysipelas	...	1	4	Convulsions
Whooping Cough	...	1	2	Enteritis
Diarrhoea	...	2	3	Inanition
Bronchitis	...	20	2	Marasmus
Uncertified	...	5	1	Deficient Vitality
Natural Causes	...	3	1	Gastric
Premature Birth	...	13	5	Debility
Brain Disease	...	2	1	Imperfect Development
Disease of Liver	...	2	1	Dyspepsia
Peritonitis	...	1	1	Croup
Malnutrition	...	1	1	Atrophy
		51	73	22

10 uncertified were recorded, a rate of 2·57 per cent. of total deaths; for all England the rate was 2·2 p.c. of total deaths.

## STATED CAUSES OF DEATHS.

Probably Inanition	...	1	1	Convulsions
" Weakly from Birth	...	1	1	Heart Disease
" Premature Birth	...	2	2	Old Age
" Bronchitis	...	1	1	Senile Decay
		5	10	5

## TABLE OF DEATHS.

From	No.	Rate per 1000	Workhouse	Including Hospital
Phthisis	36	1·1	1	
Bronchitis	58	1·9	2	1
Heart Disease	42	1·3		3
Cancer	18	·59	1	



## 36 INQUESTS

Were held, including 2 in the Hospital.

## 18 Injuries.

2 Suicides	1 by Poison	1 Hanging	3 Drowned
1 Struck by Lightning		1 Killed by Cow	1 by Bull
2 Burns	3 Mill Machine	1 Choked	1 Train
1 by Fall of Large Stone		1 Fall	
	1 Poison by Vermin Killer.		
1 Injudicious Feeding	1 Sunstroke	1 Inflammation of Lungs.	

## 11 NATURAL CAUSES.

- 1 Weakly from Birth
- 4 Natural Causes : ages—nine hours, 24, 56, and 57 years.
- 1 Probably weakness from Premature Birth
- 1 „ Inflammation of Bowels
- 1 „ Heart Disease
- 1 „ Stroke of Paralysis or Apoplexy
- 1 Found dead in bed suffered from shortness of breath
- 1 Hip Joint Disease, Disease of Liver, Spleen Kidney, and pressure on large vein of Heart, age 11 years.
- 1 Heart Disease and poor circulation
- 1 Died very suddenly from Spasms of the Heart
- 1 Found Dead, Heart Disease
- 1 Inflammation of Stomach or Intestines, set up by eating a sour apple or crab, or a natural slipping of the Intestines.

## INFLUENZA

Has been rather prevalent. I have no record of cases. 2 Deaths are registered as from this Disease.

## NOTIFIABLE ZYMOTIC DISEASES.

82 cases were notified and 11 Deaths, a rate of 2·8 per cent. of Deaths and ·36 per 1000 of population. For all England and Wales the death rate from this class of disease was 2·18 per 1000 living.

## SCARLET FEVER.

31 cases. 1 death. An outbreak of eight cases occurred at an Orphanage, supposed to originate in a child received from London. All precautions were taken, and the Inspector was directed to see to disinfection, &c., &c. There were 9 cases Woodchester, 1 Chalford, 1 Painswick, 2 Stonehouse, 8 Rodborough, 6 Horsley, 4 King Stanley.

## DIPHTHERIA.

8 notified. 2 Deaths. 3 cases at Cainscross, 1 at Rodborough, 1 Stonehouse, 3 at Sheepscombe (Painswick District) in one family, caught from a child brought from near London, said to be convalescent and to have been in a Hospital. I corresponded with the M.O.H. of the district ; he was unable to trace the case. One of these died. The others I believe to be the result of defective drainage. One at Hamwell Leaze specially reported, owing to very insanitary state of premises.



## 7 ENTERIC OR TYPHOID.

4 of these cases occurred at Ebley, Cainscross, so often alluded to as having no system of drainage. Chalford Water is laid on to some houses, but many have wells. The houses occupied by two of the above cases are new ones. Some are without cellars, and have suspected bad drainage. The owner, a builder, did not "know where drains went to." The others were isolated cases. In each, defective sanitation. Milk supplies were looked after, and Inspector directed to insist on better water for a dairy supplying people near.

## 18 ERYSIPELAS.

All of an Idiopathic character.

## 6 PUERPERAL,

4 of which were of a Septic character. No connection with each other. 2 Deaths. One Septicæmia, the other Peritonitis. One taken to the Town Hospital.

## 3 MEMBRANOUS CROUP.

2 Deaths. Two cases of this disease so closely allied to Diphtheria occurred at Painswick. 13 cases of Zymotic Disease were reported in Table B. for 1895. The insanitary state of this place has often been alluded to in my Reports.

## SMALL-POX.

9 cases. 2 Deaths. The attached Table gives full particulars of each case.

## NON-NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

Caused 6 deaths: Measles 2; Whooping Cough 2; Diarrhœa 2; in infants, probably improper feeding.

6 Schools were closed owing to an Epidemic of Measles. Absentees 40 to 50 per cent. One School closed owing to Chicken Pox.

The Council declined to include Measles among those diseases to be notified.

For years past I have arranged with Masters and Mistresses to inform me at once and exclude children from infected houses.

They are isolated under supervision at home and certified for two weeks. This is generally effectual in stopping the epidemic. If not, the certificate is renewed for a similar term, which is rarely required.

On reference, I find that in the past ten years 49 Deaths have been registered from Measles, and taking average of Deaths as one in 15 there would be 735 cases, and the Deaths would be about 6.6 per cent. of cases, nearly corresponding with the usual estimate of mortality.

## SORE THROATS

Have been very prevalent among Children, with slight glandular enlargements. In one School nearly all the Children were affected.

## DRAINAGE.

Rodborough is still under discussion. The 27 houses built at Lightpill require better means of sewage disposal.



Hamwell Leaze, Cainscross: 9 houses reported as having no drainage and deficient Water Supply. A case of Diphtheria here. Special report to Council.

Ebley and Cainscross, where several Typhoid cases have been reported, houses increasing, and no proper system of sewage. Alluded to in my reports of 1890, 1892 and 1893. In the former year mention is made of these districts as a nidus for drain diseases.

#### HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION.

The Marquee erected at Stancombe just in time for the reception of Small-pox cases answered the purpose as a temporary matter. Becoming later on much weather-worn, is now replaced by a more suitable corrugated iron structure, and the two wards are well suited for the purpose of receiving twelve patients. Two or three minor additions may be required that can be supplied at a few hours' notice when necessary.

#### ABSTRACT OF VISITS AND CASES, &C., TAKEN FROM MEDICAL OFFICER'S JOURNAL.

Premises and Houses foul and badly drained ...	6
Visits to close Schools ...	6
Certificates to close Schools ...	7
Water Supplies defective ...	20
Samples of Water Examined ...	23
Overcrowding ...	2
Reports to Local Government Board ...	6
Reports Special ...	4
Visits to District ...	100
Cases of illness visited and reported as to Sanitary state:—	
Typhoid Fever ...	7
Diphtheria ...	8
Erysipelas ...	18
Puerperal Fever ...	6
Scarlet Fever ..	31
Membranous Croup ...	3
Visits Small-pox at Houses ...	9
Attending Rural District Council ...	15
Animals kept so as to be a Nuisance ..	2
Letters and Post Cards ...	50
Special Consultations, about ...	12
Quarterly Reports ...	4
Attended Hospital Committees ...	15
Inspected Dairies and Cowsheds, several ...	
Inspected Bakehouses ...	30
Letters <i>re</i> Chalford Drainage ...	2
Examined Water (Diarrhoea, Chalford) ...	2
Visit and Certificate Holcombe Dairy ...	2
Visit Pump House, Stonehouse, suspected Small-pox	1
Inspection Hamwell Leaze ...	2
Inspection Alms Houses, Woodchester ..	1
Special Reports ...	6
Examined Water Supply, Miserden ...	2
Total ...	402

Attached are Small-pox Tables and Tables A. and B.

Your Obedient Servant,

THOMAS PARTRIDGE, M.O.H

FEBRUARY 5TH, 1897.



# Stroud Rural District Council.

DISTRICT No. 1.

## *Sanitary Inspector's Report for 1896.*

### To the Chairman and Members of the Council.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—

I have again the pleasure (for the seventeenth time) to submit my annual Report to you shewing the particulars of work carried out by me, and brought under your notice during the year ending 31st December, 1896.

Number of entries in Inspector's Journal	...	...	187
Number of Notices served to abate nuisances	...	...	107
Overcrowding of dwelling-houses	...	...	2
Improved privy accommodation	...	...	6
Samples of water taken for analysis	...	...	11
Drains, water closets, &c., found defective by smoke test	...	...	19
Bakehouses cleansed and whitewashed	...	...	2
Offal boiling causing a nuisance	...	...	1
Number of places where animals were kept so as to be a nuisance	...	...	11
Inspection of slaughter-houses	...	...	37
Inspection of bakehouses	...	...	26
Visits to premises (re Infectious Diseases)	...	...	84
Small-pox patients removed to Hospital	...	...	2
Visits and consultations with Medical Officer of Health	...	...	156

The district has been systematically inspected, and all matters of importance were reported to the M. O. H. and his advice obtained thereon.

The slaughter-houses and yards have been kept in a satisfactory condition, also the bakehouses with the exception of the two above referred to—those I had thoroughly cleansed and whitewashed.

The dairies, cow-sheds and milk stores were inspected at intervals, and only in one instance I found cause for complaint, viz., drains defective and water supply polluted. This case is now under your consideration.



I am informed that the Miserden Parish Council are taking the matter up with regard to the unsatisfactory state of the water supply in the village of Miserden, and that they have a scheme under hand in which the villagers could receive an abundant supply. If this was carried out it would be a great boon to the inhabitants, as at present the water in some of the wells is not fit for domestic purposes, and in dry seasons there is very great scarcity. In some parts of the district improvements have been made in the supplies of water, both as regards purity and quantity, but I am sorry to say this does not refer to the town of Painswick where it is so much needed.

Since the adoption of the Infectious Diseases Notification Act which came into operation in this district in the early part of 1891, I have dealt with 326 cases, and I am pleased to say that since the adoption of the Act the number of cases are very materially decreased, as shown by the following table :—

Years.					No. of Cases.
1891	...	...	...	...	130
1892	...	...	...	...	80
1893	...	...	...	...	47
1894	...	...	...	...	24
1895	...	...	...	...	28
1896	...	...	...	...	17

The names and numbers of the above mentioned seventeen cases are as follows :—

Name of Disease.					No. of cases.
Small-pox	..	...	...	...	3
Scarlet Fever	...	...	...	...	2
Typhoid Fever	...	...	...	...	1
Diphtheria	...	...	...	...	3
Erysipelas	...	...	...	...	4
Puerperal Fever	...	...	...	...	2
Membranous Croup	...	...	...	...	2

Three deaths took place during the year, viz. : 1 from diphtheria, 1 puerperal fever, and 1 from membranous croup. The burials in each were in accordance with section 8 of the Infectious Diseases (Prevention) Act, 1890, and in every instance where infectious disease occurred the houses were thoroughly fumigated under my personal superintendence, and all articles likely to retain infection destroyed. With regard to the three small-pox cases above mentioned, they were dealt with in the following manner: two I removed to the Small-pox Hospital at Stancombe and the other case being well isolated was not removed. Strict supervision was given to the whole of the district during the epidemic at Gloucester, and every precaution taken to check the spread of this loathsome disease.

I beg to remain,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

ALBERT BAILEY

Sanitary Inspector.

JANUARY, 1897



## Stroud Rural District Council.

DISTRICT No 2..

### *Sanitary Inspector's Report for 1896.*

#### To the Chairman and Members of the Council.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—

I beg to submit for your review and consideration the summary of the duties performed by me during the year ending December 31st, 1896.

Nuisances and matters reported	...	...	...	270
Special abatements reported	...	...	...	120
Improved Sanitary conveniences	...	...	...	16
Drains tested and proved defective	...	...	...	14
Samples of Water submitted	...	...	...	10
Improved Water supplies	...	...	...	8
Bakehouses cleansed and ventilated	...	...	...	8
Insanitary dwellings purified and cleansed	...	...	...	4
Cases of overcrowding abated	...	...	...	5
Cases of offal boiling abated	...	...	...	2
Nuisances from offensive carcases abated	...	...	...	2
Nuisances from keeping animals abated	...	...	...	16
Neglected condition of slaughter house	...	...	...	1
Reports in all preventable matters and cases	...	...	...	56

Systematic inspection and report have been made throughout the district and visits made in company with the Medical Officer of Health, and his instructions have been obeyed.

In Stonehouse district the main drainage system affords a means for sewage disposal. Cainscross, Ebbley, and portions of Rodborough have no such means for sewage disposal. The tests applied to house drains have revealed defects, and steps have been taken to effect improvement. Action has been taken to improve the water supplies in the district. Notices respecting overcrowding have been given to the Medical Officer of Health as occasion required.

In all cases of infectious disease the directions of the Council and the instructions of the Medical Officer of Health have been fulfilled for the removal or abatement of injurious conditions.

I have inspected the premises and made inquiry in the following cases occurring in the district :—

Scarlet Fever 22 ; Diphtheria 4 ; Typhoid 6 ; Puerperal Fever 3 ; Erysipelas 3 ; Croup 1 ; Small-pox 7 ; due reports have been made in all the cases.



I have made effort to prevent the causation or spread of infectious disease. On February 5th, I gave notice to the Medical Officer of Health that a case of Small-pox was pronounced near to Leonard Stanley at a house in Frocester Parish, and by co-operation with the Medical Officer of Health and Sanitary Officer of the District, no other case occurred.

On March 18th, I obeyed the instructions of the Medical Officer of Health respecting a case of Small-pox at Seven Waters, Leonard Stanley. I destroyed the infected goods, and supplied the family during quarantine. Precautions being taken, no other case occurred.

On March 30th, a case of Small-pox was suspected at Stanley Cottages, Kingstanley. I visited the premises with the Medical Officer of Health. I ensured as far as possible safety for the children inmates by preparing separate quarters. The case being certified, I removed the patient to the Isolation Hospital at Stancombe, and, without delay, destroyed the infected goods and took precautions. No other case occurred.

On April 25th, I made inquiry and prevented a case occurring near the Vicarage at Stonehouse, and on May 1st a child of the same family was certified to be suffering from Small-pox at Selsley. I gave immediate notice to the Medical Officer of Health respecting the case, and active steps were taken to prevent exposure and dangerous conditions. I destroyed the infected goods at Woodchester where the family had been lodging, and kept the inmates in quarantine.

On May 3rd, I removed the mother and child from Selsley to the Isolation Hospital, the father accompanying. I destroyed the infected goods, and took precautions respecting the premises. No other case occurred therefrom.

On May 7th, I discovered a woman entering the infected premises during the quarantine of the family at Woodchester. I communicated with the Midland Railway Company, who at once suspended the husband until his house had been disinfected and a certificate forwarded to the Company.

On May 19th, I visited the family in quarantine at Woodchester, and having reason to believe that the mother was suffering from Small-pox, I gave immediate notice to the Medical Officer of Health. The case having been certified, the removal of the patient was effected without delay to the Isolation Hospital. Precautions taken respecting the infected goods and premises.

On July 17th, I gave information that a case of Small-pox had been pronounced at Stonehouse. Without delay I fulfilled the instructions, and took precautions respecting the inmates and premises. The case terminating fatally, I made arrangements and carried out the interment, and destroyed the infected goods.

On July 30th, I gave notice to the Medical Officer of Health that the person who nursed the deceased was suffering from Small-pox; arrangements were made, and I removed the patient to the Isolation Hospital. The infected goods were destroyed, precautions being taken. No other case arose therefrom.



Improved Sanitary Drainage Works have been executed at Haywardsfield, Stonehouse, by the provision of an extension of the main sewer to an outfall; receiving tank provided. An improvement has been carried out by the extension of the outfall sewer at Lightpill, Rodborough: no sufficient outfall being at present available for the important new district. The sewerage tank at Minchinhampton has received attention.

No complaint has been made respecting the sanitary condition of Factories or Workshops.

I have made periodical inspection of dairies, stores, and places where food has been prepared, and improvements have been made by rainage and means of ventilation.

Slaughter houses generally have been found satisfactory.

I beg to remain,

Your obedient Servant,

JOHN HALL

Sanitary Inspector.

FEBRUARY 4TH, 1897.

Name of Localities included for the purpose of this summary, and a brief description of the same	Mortality from all causes at various ages					
	All ages	Under 1 year	1 year to 5	5 years to 15	15 years to 25	25 years and over
HORLEY	30	5		2	2	1
STRET	22	4		1	1	1
CHALFORD	38	10	1	2	1	1
RAINSWICK	38	14	2	2	1	1
MANHAM	2		1		1	
ITCHOMBE	2	1			1	
MISSEDEN	5	1			2	
STROUD RURAL	22	9	1	1	2	1
ALIX HIXMANTON	12	10	2	2	1	1
WATBOROUGH	20	11	2	2	2	1
KING STANLEY	27	7	1	1	1	1
WOODCHESTER	10	1	1		1	1
STONHOUSE	20	4	2	2	1	1
COLEBOROUGH	20	6	2	1	1	1
LEONARD STANLEY	12	2	2		1	1
RANDWICK	12	2	1	1	1	1
WORKHOUSE	21	11			1	1
HOSPITAL	14	1	1	1	1	1



(A) TABLE OF DEATHS during the Year, 1896, in the ST

NAMES OF LOCALITIES adopted for the purpose of these Statistics ;public insti- tutions being shown as separate localities.	MORTALITY FROM ALL CAUSES, AT SUBJOINED AGES.							
	At all Ages.	Under 1 year.	1 and under 5.	5 and under 15.	15 and under 25.	25 and under 65.	65 and up- wards.	
HORSLEY ... ..	20	6		2	2	6	4	Under 5 5 upwards
BISLEY ... ..	22	4		3	1	4	10	Under 5 5 upwards
CHALFORD ... ..	28	6	1		2	9	10	Under 5 5 upwards
PAINSWICK ... ..	36	4	3	2	2	11	14	Under 5 5 upwards
CRANHAM ... ..	3			1		1	1	Under 5 5 upwards
PITCHCOMBE ... ..	3					1	2	Under 5 5 upwards
MISERDEN ... ..	5					3	2	Under 5 5 upwards
STROUD RURAL ...	32	9	1	1	3	10	8	Under 5 5 upwards
MINCHINHAMPTON ...	43	10	3	2	3	9	16	Under 5 5 upwards
RODBOROUGH ... ..	35	11	3	2	2	10	7	Under 5 5 upwards
KING STANLEY ...	27	7	1		1	9	9	Under 5 5 upwards
WOODCHESTER ...	10	1	1		1	4	3	Under 5 5 upwards
STONEHOUSE ... ..	29	4	2	2	3	7	11	Under 5 5 upwards
CAINSCROSS ... ..	35	6	2	1	4	6	16	Under 5 5 upwards
LEONARD STANLEY ...	12	3	2		1	3	3	Under 5 5 upwards
RANDWICK ... ..	13			1	1	6	5	Under 5 5 upwards
WORKHOUSE ... ..	21	1				6	14	Under 5 5 upwards
HOSPITAL ... ..	14	1		1	1	8	3	Under 5 5 upwards
TOTALS ... ..	388	73	19	18	27	113	138	Under 5 5 upwards



# AL DISTRICT, classified according to Diseases, Ages, and Localities.

FROM SUBJOINED CAUSES, DISTINGUISHING DEATHS OF CHILDREN UNDER FIVE YEARS OF AGE.

Diphtheria.	Membranous croup.	Fever—Puerperal.	Erysipelas.	Measles.	Whooping Cough.	Diarrhea and Dysentery	Phthisis.	Bronchitis, Pneumonia & Pleurisy.	Heart Disease.	Influenza.	Injuries.	All Other Diseases.	TOTAL.
						1	1	2	4			3	6
								2				7	14
							4	3	4			2	4
												7	18
				1			5	4	4		1	6	7
												7	21
1	1				1		4	3	4		3	5	7
												14	29
												3	3
								1	1			1	3
							1	1	1			2	5
			1				2	3	4		2	7	10
												13	22
			1				3	4	2		1	7	13
								2			2	21	30
				1		1	3	3	5		1	8	14
								2				10	21
							1	5	1	2	1	2	8
								3				11	19
			1				3	1	1			1	2
												3	8
					1		1	2	2		2	15	6
								2				3	23
1	1	1					5	3	2			4	8
								2				16	27
							1	1			1	3	5
								1				4	7
							1	3	4		1	4	13
												1	1
							1	2				17	20
								1	3		2	1	1
												7	13
1	1	2	1	2	2	2	36	26	42	2	2	53	92
1	1		1					32			16	162	296





TABLE NO. 10  
 (B) showing the knowledge of the  
 STENOGRAPHIC SYSTEM

NAME OF THE PERSON	NAME OF THE INSTITUTION	ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY
1	HERBERT				
2	WELLS				
3	CHAPMAN				
4	PAINE				
5	GRANHAM				
6	MITCHELL				
7	MILNER				
8	STROUD				
9	MILBURN				
10	ROBINSON				
11	ELING				
12	WOLFE				
13	STONING				
14	CHAPMAN				
15	LEONARD				
16	LEWIS				
17	WILSON				
18	WILSON				
19	WILSON				
20	WILSON				



(B) TABLE OF POPULATION, BIRTHS,  
coming to the knowledge of the Medi  
STROUD RURAL DISTRICT; classifi

NAMES OF LOCALITIES adopted for the purpose of these Statistics ; Public Institutions being shown as separate localities.	POPULATION AT ALL AGES.		Registered Births.
	Census 1891.	Estima- ted to middle of 1896.	
HORSLEY . . . . .			29
BISLEY . . . . .			112
CHALFORD . . . . .			
PAINSWICK . . . . .			98
CRANHAM . . . . .			
PITCHCOMBE . . . . .			
MISERDEN . . . . .			
STROUD RURAL . . . . .			74
MINCHINHAMPTON . . . . .			94
RODBOROUGH . . . . .			136
KING STANLEY . . . . .			
WOODCHESTER . . . . .			
STONEHOUSE . . . . .			140
CAINSCROSS . . . . .			
LEONARD STANLEY . . . . .			
RANDWICK . . . . .			
TOTALS . . . . .	27,195	30,073	683

NEW CASES OF INFECTIOUS SICKNESS,  
 of Health, during the Year 1896, in the  
 ing to Diseases, Ages, and Localities.

NEW CASES OF SICKNESS IN EACH LOCALITY, COMING TO THE KNOWLEDGE OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.							NUMBER OF SUCH CASES REMOVED FROM THEIR HOMES IN THE SEVERAL LOCALI- TIES FOR TREAT- MENT IN ISOLA- TION HOSPITAL.
Smallpox.	Scarlatina	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	FEVERS.		Erysipelas.	
	6			Enteric or Typhoid	Puer- peral.		
							Small-pox.
	1					1	
1	1	3	2		1	2	
2							2
				1	1	3	
				2	1	7	
	8	1			1	3	
1 1	4					1	1 1
1	9				1		1
2	2	1					1
		3	1	4	1	1	
1							
2 7	31	8	3	7	6	18	1 5





# This List Includes

Admission	Discharge	Name of Patient	Age	Sex	Address	Notes
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Home	W. C. Jones	45	M	123 Main St.	Discharged at Home
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Hospital	M. L. Smith	32	F	456 Elm St.	Discharged at Hospital
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Home	J. B. Brown	58	M	789 Oak St.	Discharged at Home
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Hospital	E. D. Green	25	M	101 Pine St.	Discharged at Hospital
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Home	A. W. White	62	M	234 Cedar St.	Discharged at Home
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Hospital	H. C. Black	40	M	567 Birch St.	Discharged at Hospital
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Home	F. G. Gray	35	F	890 Spruce St.	Discharged at Home
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Hospital	J. H. Blue	28	M	112 Willow St.	Discharged at Hospital
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Home	L. K. Red	55	M	345 Ash St.	Discharged at Home
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Hospital	R. T. Yellow	30	M	678 Hickory St.	Discharged at Hospital
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Home	S. P. Purple	48	M	901 Magnolia St.	Discharged at Home
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Hospital	T. Q. Green	22	F	123 Poplar St.	Discharged at Hospital
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Home	V. R. Blue	60	M	456 Chestnut St.	Discharged at Home
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Hospital	W. S. Red	38	M	789 Walnut St.	Discharged at Hospital
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Home	X. T. Yellow	52	M	101 Elm St.	Discharged at Home
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Hospital	Y. U. Purple	27	F	234 Oak St.	Discharged at Hospital
Admitted at Hospital	Discharged at Home	Z. V. Green	42	M	567 Pine St.	Discharged at Home

On the 1st of the month of June, 1900, the following patients were discharged from the Hospital:



# This List includes

Date of admission.	Parish.	Name of patient.	Sex.	Age.	Address of patient.
Treated at Lodgings	Stroud	W—C	M	75	Tower Hill, S
		Died 12.30 a.m. The riot was about this			
H March 9th	Nailsworth Horsley	M—J	F	25	Nailsworth
		Had been living at Gloucester up to week			
H March 9th	Nailsworth Horsley	J—J	F	50	Nailsworth
		Nursed daughter.			
Treated at Aunt's	Leonard	E—G	M	4	From Gloucester
	Stanley	Died in night. Body taken to Gloucester			
		I informed authorities there. Disease co			
Treated at Home	Slad	J—B	M	43	
	Painswick	Had been unwell some days before and h			
H April 1st	King	C—S	M	17	Ryeford
	Stanley	Worked at Gloucester up to taken ill.			
H April 12th	Cranham	J—U	M	32	Cranham Vill
		Worked at Barnwood, Gloucester. Serio			
H April 25th	Cranham	A—W	F	34	Cranham Vill
		Taken from same house as J.U. Serio			
H May 3rd	King Stanley	R—C	M	2	Selsley
		At Glo'ster 14 days before illness. Serio			
		since 3rd inst., and admitted as a patient			
H May 13th	King	E—C	F	24	Selsley
	Stanley	Initial symptoms, very slight, except hea			
		2 or 3 typical on arm and abdomen. The			
		and able to attend to her child			
H May 20th	W'dchest'r	J—B	F	50	South Woode
		Contracted from Mrs C's child, her gra			
		before they went to Hospital, and sickne			
H July 31st	Leonard	E—B	F	67	Stonehouse
	Stanley	Nursed case at Stonehouse. Refused re-v			
		successful.			
July 17th	Stonehouse	A—F	F	40	Stonehouse
		The Doctor could not see marks distinct			
		marks. Contracted at Gloucester where			
		Those marke			

NOTE.—9 of the above were taken to the Hospital at Stancom  
Of the 2 unvaccinated 1 died, a rate of 50 p.c. of the unvaccinated ; 2 of th  
a rate of 18 p

# of Small-pox.

Date of attack.	State of disease.	If vaccinated.	If re-vaccinated.	Date of discharge.	Date of death.
th January	Semi-Confluent	Yes 1 indistinct	No		Feb. 2nd
February	Discreta	Yes 3 marks	Yes	March 26th	
March	Discreta	Yes 3 good	Yes	March 30th	
h March	Suppressed	No	No		March 19
Gloucester.					
t March at Church.	Very Modified	Yes	2gd		
April	Modified	Yes 3 good marks	Yes	April 21st	
h April	Modified	Yes 2 good marks	No	May 11th	
h April	Confluent	Yes 2 very poor marks	No	May 23rd	
May	Confluent	Yes	No	June 16th	
other of boy with him in Hospital e had 3 good vaccine vesicles.					
n May	Discreta	Yes 3 marks	Yes	June 16th	
h d 10 spots on face and 3rd day. She was well					
h May	Semi-Confluent	Yes 1 good mark	No	June 10th	
o she visited on 2nd day h.					
t July	Semi-Confluent	Yes 2 indistinct	Yes	August 24th July 28	
h July	Confluent	Yes Infancy Very indistinct	No		July 25th
there were 2 very poor d a relative. Hospital. treated at home.					
l, imperfectly in infancy, one at 75, the other at 40, and of delicate health, inated.					

THOMAS PARTRIDGE, M.O.H.





