Contributors

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STAVELEY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1954

JOHN REID GRAHAM, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health.

By



STAVELEY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

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By JOHN REID GRAHAM, M.B., Cн.B., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health.

STAVELEY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

HEALTH COMMITTEE.

Composed of the whole of the Members of the Council Chairman : Councillor Mr. J. Wickins.

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF:

Medical Officer of Health : JOHN R. GRAHAM, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H.

Sanitary Inspector :

H. NUTTALL, C.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.

(Certified Inspector of Meats and Other Foods and Inspector under Shops Act ; Cleansing Superintendent).

> Clerk : Mrs. B. Slack.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I herewith present the Annual Report on the health of the Urban District for the year 1954.

The vital statistics call for little comment, the infantile mortality rate is slightly higher than in the previous year and so is the general death rate. An increase in the latter is to be expected owing to the ageing of the general population.

A study of the table giving the deaths in age groups is most interesting. Apart from infant deaths only one death occurred in the age group 1—25. This death was due to cerebral tumour and it is possible this was a congenital defect. In this table you will note the numbers rise sharply (as one would expect) from the 65+ group onwards.

I welcome this opportunity of paying tribute to Mr. Nuttall the Sanitary Inspector, who is due to retire next June. This will be his final Annual Report and I can only say "thank you" to him for his loyal co-operation and assistance since he took office at the inception of the U.D.C.

I am,

Your obedient servant,

JOHN R. GRAHAM,

Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

The area of the district is 6,497 acres.

Population-17,950.

The RATEABLE VALUE of the district is $\pounds 95,156$. The sum represented by a penny rate is $\pounds 374$.

According to the rate books there were 5,397 inhabited houses in the district.

The CHIEF INDUSTRIES in the area are coal mining and the STAVELEY IRON & CHEMICAL COMPANY'S WORKS.

Live Births :

 fotal 245	Male 126	Female 119
 6	2	4
251	128	123
	6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Birth Rate :

13.98 per thousand of the estimated resident population.

Still Births :

]	fotal	Male	Female
Legitimate	 	2	2	-
Illegitimate	 	-	-	-
		2	2	-

Still Birth Rates :

7.97 per thousand total (live and still) births.

Deaths :

		Total	Male	Female
Total	 	183	96	87

Death Rate :

10.14 per thousand of the estimated population.

Deaths from Puerperal Causes :

Puerperal Sepsis	 	 	Nil
Other puerperal causes	 	 	Nil

It is pleasing to note that this is the tenth year in succession in which no deaths have occurred from the above causes.

Death Rate of Infants under 1 year of age :---

All infants per thousand live birth		31.9
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live birth	IS	23.9
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live bin	ths	8.0
Deaths from Measles (all ages)		Nil
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)		Nil
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)		Nil

Deaths from Violence :

Motor Veh	nicle Ac	cidents	 	 	4
Suicide			 	 	3
All other a	accident	s	 	 	3

General Provision of Health Service :

1. NURSING IN THE HOME.

No nursing in the home is undertaken by the Urban District Council.

2. MIDWIVES.

Are under the supervision of the Derbyshire County Council.

3. LABORATORY FACILITIES.

All bacteriological work is done at the Bacteriological Department of the County Council at Derby. Chemical analysis is done by the County Analyst at Derby.

4. HOSPITALS.

The majority of patients from the urban area are catered for by the Chesterfield Royal Hospital and Scarsdale Hospital. Morton Hospital and Lodgemoor Hospital deal with infectious diseases and maternity cases are received at Ashgate Annexe or at the Maternity wards of Scarsdale Hospital..

SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

No new industries have been started but as in the previous year there is full employment available for all fit workers.

It would however be an asset to the district if some type of factory was introduced which could satisfactorily employ light labour. There are quite a number of men, especially in the 50+ group, who, because of disability or poor health, are unable to tackle the work offered by the heavy industries in the area but would be quite suitable for lighter work in say a factory.

The district is well provided for outdoor pursuits by Ringwood Park and the King George Field; in fact if 1955 gives anything like a decent summer, one can forsee that the demand for the swimming baths at Ringwood with all the new amenities will be so great that "rationing" will need to be introduced.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (Amendment) ACT, 1951.

National Assistance Act, 1948.

Two cases were investigated during the year. One ultimately went to stay with relatives. The other, after several short spells in Part III accommodation, finally decided to stay in the institution permanently.

It is appropriate here to mention the splendid work being done by the Old Folks Committees throughout the area. I am certain that if it had not been for their work, quite a number of the old folk would have had to seek institutional care.

I would like to emphasise however, that the Committees can do a lot to paint a true picture of the present accommodation offered to old and infirm people. It is natural that being the age they are, they still regard any institution as being on par with the workhouse of Victorian days. One is only too well aware of the shortcomings in some of the buildings which are used for the institutional treatment of the old folk, but the atmosphere of help and the excellent food, and what is perhaps most important of all the liberty given, is quite modern in its conception.

INCIDENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The figures of notifications do not differ greatly from the previous year. All the diseases, Whooping Cough, Measles and Scarlet Fever were of the mild type and had no sequels. One case of Poliomyelitis was notified but once again no cases of Diphtheria were recorded.

	Age under 5 years	Age 5 years and over but under 15	Total
No. of children (including temporary residents) who received primary immunisation in the Authority's area during the year 1954	131	105	236

Diphtheria Immunisation—

Scarlet Fever. 30 cases were notified in the year as against 32 in the previous year. There were no deaths.

Measles. 40 cases were notified as against 142 in the previous year. There were no deaths.

Whooping Cough. 34 cases were notified during the year compared with 39 in the previous year. There were no deaths.

Tuberculosis. 8 new cases were placed on the register during the year.

TREATMENT CENTRE, POOLSBROOK.

No. of cases-49.

Scabies.

Н

- u		Ad	ults	5—	15	Un	der 5	То	tal
	Bolsover U.D.C.		0		0		0		0
	Chesterfield Borough		2		1		0		3
	Chesterfield R.D.C.		3		0		1		4
	Clay Cross U.D.C.		0		0		0		0
	Clowne R.D.C		0		0		0		0
	Dronfield U.D.C.		0		0		0		0
	Staveley U.D.C		0		0		0		0
		-		-		-		_	
			5		1		1		7
		-				-			
lea	ad Lice.								
	Bolsover U.D.C.	1	(1)	3	(3)	1	(1)	5	(5)
	Chesterfield Borough	1	(0)	3	(0)	3	(0)	7	(0)
	Chesterfield R.D.C.	3	(2)	11	(6)	0		14	(8)
	Clay Cross U.D.C.	0		0		0		0	
	Clowne R.D.C	0		0		0		0	
	Dronfield U.D.C.	0		0		0		0	
	Staveley U.D.C	0		9	(2)	1	(0)	10	(2)
		5	(3)	26	(11)	5	(1)	36	(15)
		-		10					

	Adults	5-15	Under 5	Total
Bolsover U.D.C.	0	0	0	0
Chesterfield Borough	h 0	0	0	0
Chesterfield R.D.C.	0	0	0	0
Clay Cross U.D.C.	0	0	0	0
Clowne R.D.C	0	0	0	0
Dronfield U.D.C.	0	0	0	0
Staveley U.D.C.	0	0	0	0
	_	-	-	_
	0	0	0	0
	—	-	-	-
Diagnosis not confirmed	0			
Miscellaneous	4			
Pediculosis Corporis	1	(Chesterfie	ld R.D.C. adu	lt).
Pediculosis Pubis	1	(Clowne 1	R.D.C. adult)	

6

Note : The numbers in brackets refer to those on whom live lice were found.

Scabies with Verminous Heads.

Treated Vision	
AtInUnim-VisionTotalNotifiedHomeHospitalpairedImpairedBlindnessI	Deaths

OPTHALMIA NEONATORUM

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Disease.		Total No. notified.	Cases Admitted to hospital	Total Deaths.
Smallpox		 		_
Canalat Daman		 . 30	11	
Diphtheria		 	_	
Gastro-Enteritis .		 . 1	1	
Puerperal Pyrexia .		 . 1	-	_
Puerperal Fever .		 		_
Pneumonia		 . 9	2	7
Erysipelas		 	_	_
Polio-Myelitis		 . 1		-
Opthalmia Neonatoru	ım .	 		
Encaphalitis Lethargi	ica .	 		
Measles		 . 40		-
Whooping Cough .		 . 34	1	
Meningococcal Infecti	ion .	 . —		
Glandular Fever .		 . 1		. —

TUBERCULOSIS RETURN FOR 1954.

			New Cases				Deaths			
PERIODS		Pulm M	onary F	a second second second second	on- onary F	Pulm M	onary F	No Pulm M		
Under 1				- 1	_	_			_1	
1 and over			-	_						
5 and over			1	-	-	-			_	
10 and over				-	-	-		-	-	
15 and over			-	-	-	-				
20 and over			-		-	-				
25 and over			2		1	-				_
35 and over			1	-	-				-	_
45 and over			3	1 aleren	-		-			
55 and over										
65 and over			-	-	-	-			-	1
TOT	AL		7	-	1	-		_	_	1

CAUSES OF DEATH IN THE STAVELEY URBAN DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR 1954.

Tuboraulogia requiratora		Male	Female
Tuberculosis, respiratory			-
Tuberculosis, other		_	1
Syphilitic Disease			_
Diphtheria Whooping Cough Meningococcal Infection			-
Whooping Cough			-
Meningococcal Infection		-	
Acute Poliomyelitis			1
Measles Other infective and parasitic disease			
Other infective and parasitic disease		-	-
Malignant neoplasm, stomach		3	2
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus		5	-
Malignant neoplasm, breast		-	
Malignant neoplasm, uterus		-	2
Other malignant and Lymphatic neop	olasms	10	2 7 1
Leukaemia, aleukaemia		-	1
Diabetes		1	3
Vascular Lesion of nervous system		8	9
Coronary disease angina		15	5
Hypertension with heart disease		2	6
Other heart disease			20
Other heart disease		$\frac{22}{2}$	
Other circulatory disease		-	2
Influenza		-	
Pneumonia		3 5	*
Bronchitis		5	$\frac{4}{5}$
Other disease of respiratory system		_	2
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum		4	1000
Gastritis, enteritis and duodenum		_	_
Nephritis and nephrosis		2	1
Hyperplasia of prostrate	** **	1	
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion			
Congenital malformations		1	-
Other defined and ill-defined diseases		7	10
Motor Vehicle Accidents		3	1
All other Accidents			3
Suicide		2	1
Homicide and operations of war			_
fromerae and operations of that			
		96	87
	10 Mar 10		
			Der 1 000
	Male	Ennels	Per 1,000
	Male	Female	Births
Deaths of infants under 1 year	-		
including illegitimate	5	3	31.9
Deaths of Illegitimate Infants	1	1	8.0
			12 1 000
			Per 1,000
	Male	Female	Births
Births :			
Total	128	.123	13.98
Legitimate	126	119	13.65
Illegitimate	2	4	0.33
		1 1 1 1	1 4 1

		Males	Females	Total
Under 1 year	 	 5	3	8
1-5 years	 	 —	-	-
5—10 years	 	 -	1	1
10-15 years	 	 -	-	-
15-20 years	 	 	-	-
20-25 years	 	 	-	-
25—35 years	 	 2	1	3
35—45 years	 	 1	1	2
45—55 years	 	 2	6	8
55—65 years	 	 17	15	32
65—70 years	 	 16	10	26
70—75 years	 	 23	15	38
75—80 years	 	 11	17	28
80—85 years	 	 14	14	28
85—90 years	 	 4	4	8
90—95 years	 	 1	-	1
		96	87	183

DEATHS IN AGE GROUPS, 1954.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING THE YEAR ACCORDING TO AGE GROUPS.

Total Deaths.	
Admitted to Hospital	
65 and over	
42—65	
32-42	
50—32	
12-50	1111111-1111111111111
51—01	
2—10	
4—5	w 4 0
3—4	avora
5—3	= -10
z—1	
year Under I	
IstoT	
	lar Fever Enteritis ococcal Meningitis ox eria Fever -Spinal Fever oria selfitis dmia Neonatorum Ty dmia Neonatorum Ty alitis Lethargica ant Fever fever fever fever Non-Pulmonary—Female Non-Pulmonary—Female Non-Pulmonary—Female
	Glandular Fever Gastro-Enteritis Gastro-Enteritis Gastro-Enteritis Heningococcal Meningitis Smallpox Puerperal Pyrexia Puerperal Pyrexia Preumonia Preumonia Preumonia Poliomyelitis Ophthalmia Neonatorum Dysentry Ophthalmis Lethargica Undulent Fever Measles Tuberculosis : Pulmonary—Fema Non-Pulmonary—Fema Non-Pulmonary—
	ver itis itis itis itresia al Mer Neona Neona ver ver ver ver ver ver ver ver ver ver
	ar Fe concector x ria Feve al Py Spin Spin Spin as elitis mia as as as con-l feve feve feve feve for concector concector fere fere spin fere fere fere fere fere fere fere fer
	Glandular Fever Gastro-Enteritis Meningococcal Menin Smallpox Diphtheria Puerperal Pyrexia Cerebro-Spinal Fever Pneumonia Poliomyelitis Ophthalmia Neonato Dysentry Ercephalitis Letharg Undulent Fever Whooping Cough Scarlet Fever Tuberculosis : Pulmonary—Ma Pulmonary—Ma Pulmonary—Ma Pulmonary—Ma Non-Pulmonary
	Gla GGa Sme Sme Sme Sme Sme Sca Prof Prof Prof Prof Dyy End Nhea Nhea Sca Tuh

12

INCIDENCE OF DISEASES, 1954.

SAATOT	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
December	- <u>∞</u>
Хочетрет	00 00
October	4 0 0
September	
3sugu∱	
Aint	
əunſ	² - 1
YaM	
lingA	
Матсћ	
Гергиягу	@101 01
January	
	sitis
	Glandular Fever Gastro-Enteritis Smalipox Smalipox Enteric Fever Enteric Fever Puerperal Pyrexia Cerebro-Spinal Fever Pneumonia Erysipelas Poliomyelitis Poliomyelitis Poliomyelitis Poliomyelitis Cerebratorum Dysentry Dysentry Tuberculosis :
	E 148589999899998989899

SOCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.

On the 1st January, 1954, the Urban District became a specified area for the sale of designated milks. This means that the only types of milk that can be sold in the area are Pasteurised, Sterilised, Tuberculin Tested, Tuberculin Tested (Pasteurised), Tuberculin Tested (Sterilised) and Accredited, but after the 30th September, 1954, the last mentioned designation ceased to be used.

All the above named milks must be sold in approved labelled containers.

The effect of this order is that all milk delivered in the Urban Area is bottled and the majority of supplies come either directly, or indirectly through distributors, from one or other of the big dairy companies.

During the year one or two complaints of dirty bottles being delivered have been received. The dairy which bottled the milk has been visited and the management on each occasion expressed great regret, and I think one can say that every precaution is taken that no dirty bottle comes off the filling line and is delivered to the public. In spite of all care and mechanical aids to cleanliness, the human element is bound to make mistakes at times and a dirty bottle will escape scrutiny.

Most of the dirty or imperfect bottles that do get through are ones which have been kept for some time by the consumers (canteens on building sites being the biggest sinners in this respect) and not returned quickly to the dairy. The milk residue becomes congealed and hardened and the washing plant, though very efficient, cannot deal with this type of contamination. Nevertheless, the dairy companies are solely responsible for producing milk in clean bottles, but the public could help very greatly by rinsing the empty bottles and ensuring their prompt return to the distributor.

I may add that the dairy company stated that bottles returned from most housewives were in good condition.

The following figures have been supplied by a local dairy company relative to dirty and imperfect bottles :—

Average number of bottles filled per week	625,000
Average number of bottles which have to be discarded per week	150
Average number of bottles "spotted" on the filling line as dirty and unfit	1400 per w

The improvement in health due to the area being specified for the sale of designated milk cannot be reckoned in figures, but

reek

it does mean that the milk consumed, and this applies especially to young children, is as safe a food when delivered to the home as human ingenuity can devise at the present time.

INSPECTION OF DWELLING HOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

1.	(a)	hou	al number of dwelling houses inspected for using defects (under Public Health or Housing	070
		Act		278
	(b)	Nur	mber of inspections made for the purpose	391
2.	(a)	hea core	mber of dwelling houses (included under sub- d (1) above) which were inspected and re- ded under the Housing Consolidation Regula- is 1925 and 1932	Nil
	(b)	Nur	mber of inspections made for the purpose	Nil
3.	dan	gero	of dwelling houses found to be in a state so us or injurious to health as to be unfit for habitation	4
4.	to 1	inder	of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred r the preceding sub-heading) found not to be spects reasonably fit for human habitation	107
	III c	in re.	spects reasonably ne for numan nabitation	107
Rei	medy	of I	Defects during the year without service of Forn Notices.	nal
			of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in . ence of informal action by Local Authority or	
	the	ir off	icers	73
Act	tion i	under	r Statutory Powers during the year.	
	(a)	Pro	ceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the using Act, 1936.	
		(1)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
		(2)	Number of dwelling houses which were ren- dered fit after service of formal notice	Nil
			(a) By owners	Nil
			(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	Nil
	(b)	Pro	ceedings under Public Health Acts :	
	(~)	(1)		
			died	63

	(2) Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice :
	(a) By owners 47
	(b) By Local Authority in default of owners Nil
(c)	Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936 :—
	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which demolition orders were made
	(2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Order Nil
(d)	Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936 :—
	(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit Nil

Housing Act, 1936, Part IV. Overcrowding.

During the year 7 cases of overcrowding were notified and inspected.

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

SANITARY INSPECTOR AND CLEANSING SUPERINTENDENT

for the year ending 31st December, 1954.

To the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present for your consideration the Annual Report for the year 1954.

Housing.

The position has been considerably eased during the year by the completion of the 418 Wimpey type houses erected at Norbriggs Estate. There is of course a considerable demand for houses by young married couples who are living in rooms or with relatives but the position will be further eased when the proposed 120 houses are erected at the Inkersall Green Estate, which it is hoped will be completed before the end of 1955.

Repairs.

During the year repair work has been impeded by the lack of employees with the local building firms, caused by men being employed on Housing Schemes where overtime and bonus is paid at rates which local builders are not prepared to pay, as most of their work is on property with small rentals and the cost is out of reach to many owners.

The department has been fairly successful in a large number of cases and has been on the best of terms with both owners and tenants in so far as informal notices have had the desired effect.

Dust Nuisance.

The nuisance from the Slag Reduction Works in the Hartington area is still continuing to bring complaints from residents in the area, and many inspections and interviews with the management have been held. The Alkali Inspector has also made visits and reported thereon.

The matter is being discussed by the Committee, particularly with regard to the fitment of Dust Extraction Plant in various parts of the works.

Deposit Gauges.

There are three Deposit Gauges and one Peroxide Gauge and these are situated as under :—

- 1. Staveley Works Canteen.
- 2. Hartington Housing Estate.
- 3. Inkersall Green Farm.

The results of the Analyst's returns for the year ended 31st December, 1954, will be found in the report.

Colliery Tipping Site.

During the year the National Coal Board have tipped thousands of tons of colliery waste by dumper method. The area now being covered is beyond the Council's Refuse Tip at Back Lane.

I fear that in years to come the landscape will be spoiled by the tipping of waste and the unsightly mountains which already prevail in the area will be added to.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

H. NUTTALL,

Sanitary Inspector and Cleansing Superintendent.

GENERAL INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

Table showing inspections, etc. undertaken during the year 1954. Inspection of houses for nuisances and defects 128 Re-visits to Houses 271 Visits re Water Supply 22 to Verminous Premises 4 to Infectious Disease cases 36 22 to Farms and Dairies . . 18 22 to Milk Shops to Bakehouses 12 to Fried Fish Shops 14 to Other Food Premises 64 to Market Stalls 52 2.3 to Ice Cream Premises ... 44 ** to Inns and Other Public Buildings 12 ,, to Factories 27 to Offensive Trades 5 to Schools 15 1.1 re Shops Act 54 3.3 to Public Baths ... 12 2.2 re Petroleum Licensing 43 ' .. to Controlled Tipping 80 to Spoilbanks . . 18 ,, re Rodent Control Measures 96 ,, Number of Miscellaneous visits. 123 Interviews with Owners, etc. .. 84

1256

HOUSING AND PUBLIC HEALTH ACT DEFECTS.

The following statement shows the defects found and remedied other than those at Council owned houses :—

Defects in connection with :--

			Found	Remedied
House Roofs			 18	12
Chimney Stacks			 23	23
Eaves Guttering			 19	17
Rainwater pipes			 9	7
Pointing and brickwork	to	walls	 40	36
Yard Paving			 23	20
Waste Pipes			 11	11
Water Supply			 22	22
Wall plastering			 35	25
Ceiling plastering			 11	11
Windows			 33	29
Sash Cords			 25	23
Doors			 18	18
Floors			 15	14
Staircase			 22	22
Cooking Range			 30	30
Firegrates			 4	4
Sinks			 29	29
Dampness			 36	36
Washing Coppers			 7	7
Verminous Premises			 2	2
Dirty Houses			 2	2
Drains			 18	18
Inspection Chamber			 12	12
Closet Pedestals			 5	5
Closet flushing cistern			 10	10
Inadequate ventilation			 5	5
Urinals			 3	3
Dilapidated dustbins			 332	332
			819	785

Housing.—Clearance Area.

The number of houses represented as clearance areas to be dealt with during the next three years are as under :—

		N	lo. of house	s
Individual unfit	 		18	
Clearance areas	 • •		176	
			194	

I would again draw the notice of the Committee to the question of carrying out a housing survey of the district and that staff should be provided to this end. It would enable the department and the Committee to have a full picture of the needs of the area before them, particularly with regard to conditions, houses that could be improved, and the final number of houses to be dealt with under clearance areas.

The following table gives the number of houses in the Council's area at 31st December, 1954 :

Lowgates Ward	 	 998
Middlecroft Ward	 	 1008
Barrow Hill Ward	 	 570
Markham Ward	 	 851
Woodthorpe Ward		 810
Hollingwood Ward	 	 1160
		5397

The undermentioned table gives the number and type of houses built during the year :—

Wimpey houses	 	 265
Private enterprise		 8
		273

Improvement Grants.

Under the Housing Act, 1949, there have been twelve applications for the provision of 197 bathrooms and ten were completed before the end of the year.

The following was the position at the end of the year :---

Bathrooms comple	eted		 10
In course of const	ruction	·	 31
Not commenced	•••		 156
			197

22

During this period there were :---

Interviews with owners	38
Inspection of properties for grant aid	227
Inspections of work in progress	132

Infectious Diseases.

Particulars will be found in the Medical Officer's Report of the number of cases of infectious diseases during the year. 36 visits were paid to houses where cases had occurred. 12 rooms and 460 library books being disinfected.

Verminous Premises.

Four private houses have been disinfected during the year by D.D.T. powder, Gammeaseare dust and liquid disinfectant with D.D. solution. Supplies are available to householders free of charge.

Food Preparing Premises.

64 visits were made to food preparing premises during the year 1954. 24 premises were used for manufacturing food, including 7 bakehouses and 11 fried fish shops.

Food Shops and Market Stalls.

142 visits were made to food shops and market stalls, the Ministry's Model Byelaws under Section 15 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, are in force in the Council's area.

During the year circulars have been sent out regarding the handling and cleanliness of food.

Unsound Food.

The undermentioned amount of diseased or unsound food was condemned as unfit for human consumption.

Pig-head	and sh	noulder	s	 25 lbs.
Tinned Har				 40 lbs.
Tomatoes				 18 tins
Pears				 4 ,,
Beans				 10 ,,
Milk				 6 ,,
Bilberries				 14 ,.
Steak				 7 ,,
Sardines				 7 ,,
Carrots				 3 "
Chesse				 18 pkts.

All the above were surrendered at the time of the inspection and prior to being exposed for sale.

Meat Inspection.

During the latter part of the year meat control was taken off. Meetings were held with the local butchers regarding the licensing of the existing slaughterhouses.

The butchers decided not to licence the slaughter houses but to obtain meat supplies from the Chesterfield and Sheffield Abattoirs.

With no slaughtering taking place it means that much inspection of meat in the shops will have to be made during the coming year.

Milk and Dairies Administration.

The Council are responsible for the control and distribution of milk for the provisions regarding infection of milk.

The number of milk producers in the district at 31st December, 1954, was as follows :—

Cow Keepers retailing	milk	 23
Wholesale producers		 13

The Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949.

The Milk (Special Designation) (Raw Milk) Regulations, 1949. The Milk (Special Designation) Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk Regulations, 1949.

Registration of milk distributors (other than dairy farmers) as required by the Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949, and the issue of dealers' licences under the Special Designation Regulations, have been carried out.

The registration and licences granted as at the 31st December, 1954, were as follows :—

Registered Distributors of Milk	22
Licensed Dealers in Tuberculin Tested Milk	17
Licensed Dealers in Pasteurised Milk	17
Licensed Dealers in Sterilised Milk	1

All the distributors retail bottled designated milk.

Ice Cream Premises.

There are 2 premises at which ice cream is manufactured and 28 where ice cream is sold. 44 visits of inspection were made and no complaints were received regarding quality and cleanliness of premises or ice cream.

Swimming Baths.

6 samples of water were taken from the open air Swimming Bath at Ringwood and all were satisfactory. Preparations are being made to provide new dressing and foot bath accommodation which should be completed before the swimming season ends.

Public Buildings.

During the year many visits have been paid to Hotels and Cinemas. New sanitary conveniences have been fitted in two Hotels and inspections revealed no unsatisfactory conditions.

Shops Act.

270 visits were paid to various shops regarding sanitary conveniences, employment of young persons, keeping of required records and notices and the closing of shops at regulation hours.

Rodent Control.

A considerable amount of work has been put into rodent control inspection and during the year 96 inspections were made.

The number of premises visited by the rodent operator was 38.

No.	of	baits laid		 	593
No.	of	rat bodies	found	 	180

The number of baits laid at the Council refuse tip was 399 and the number of rat bodies found was 302.

WATER SUPPLIES.

No new mains were laid in the Urban District during 1954.

The number of samples collected by the Joint Water Committee for bacteriological examination during the year amounted to 93 and of these 3 were classified as unsatisfactory, but subsequent check samples proved to be satisfactory.

Results of samples taken during the year are shown below :

		Satis- factory	Doubtful	Unsatis- factory	Total
Samples taken N.E.D.J.W.O		93	_	-	93
Samples taken Staveley U Ward Barrow Hill Lowgates Middlecroft		1 7 3	111		
Hollingwood Mastin Moor	 	5		-	5 2
Woodthorpe	 	î	-	_	ĩ
Markham	 	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	 	18	_	4	22

Deposit Gauges and Sulphur Gauge Reading.

The following table gives the Analyst's returns of Deposit and Sulphur Gauges for the year ending 31st December, 1954 :—

	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	on's Works d- Canteen	Farm, Inkersall	Lead Peroxide Gauge Readings milligrams per 100 sq. centi- metres per day
JANUARY	15.3	19.57	27.65	2.35
FEBRUARY	15.2	21 22.72	39.99	2.93
MARCH	17.7	78 20.40	37.62	1.97
APRIL	12.8	38 20.67	28.75	1.78
MAY	24.8	36 24.97	31.42	2.66
JUNE	14.4	19 21.14	14.41	1.14
JULY	19.3	30 16.48	22.68	0.81
AUGUST	16.6	6 26.69	28.51	1.28
SEPTEMBER	15.0)5 —	28.08	1.03
OCTOBER	10.0	08 10.04	11.71	1.20
NOVEMBER	21.9	33.36	19.41	2.62
DECEMBER	33.0	06 15.05	26.88	1.79

The Deposit Gauge Bowl at Woodthorpe was moved to the Hartington area in November and the last two readings under the Woodthorpe heading are those for the Hartington area.

Petroleum Licensing.

43 visits were made to premises used for the storage of Petroleum Spirit. The number of licenses granted during the year was 20 and the quantity to be stored was 196,400 gallons.

The whole of the licences granted were for storage in bulk and special tanks.

No contraventions were observed during the year.

Dustbins, Privy Middens and Closet Accommodation.

No. of Water Closets	 ·	5722
No. of Pail Closets	 	6
No. of Privies	 	18
No. of Dustbins	 	5601
No. of dry ashpits	 	5
No. of wet ashpits	 	43

Dustbins at Duckmanton, Poolsbrook, Speedwell and the Fan Road are collected twice weekly and the rest are on a weekly collection.

Public Sanitary Conveniences.

The cleaning and maintaining of the Public Conveniences is vested in the Public Health Department.

The following is a list of conveniences maintained by the Department :---

Situation	Accommodation for females.	Accommodation for males.
Market S., Staveley	2 W.C.'s	2 W.C.'s
		4 Urinal Stalls
Inkersall Rd., Staveley	Nil	3 Urinals Stalls
Barrow Hill	Nil	3 Urinals Stalls
Private Drive, Hollingwood	. Nil	3 Urinal Stalls

FACTORIES ACT, 1937 and 1948.

1. Inspection for Purpose of Provisions as to Health.

Visits are paid regularly to the Factories in the district and conditions generally were found to be satisfactory.

	Number of					
Premises. (1)	Number on Register (2)	Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)		
Factories in which Sec- tions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local	50	30	Nil	Nil		
Authority Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority excluding out-worker's premises	-		-	-		
TOTAL	50	30	Nil	Nil		

	Nı	No. of defects in		
Particulars	Found	Remedied		respect of which Pros- ecutions
Want of cleanliness (S.1.)	4	4	Nil	Nil
Overcrowding (S.2.)		-		-
Unreasonable Tempera- ture (S.3.) Inadequate Ventilation	-	-	-	-
(S.4)	_	_	_	
Ineffective Drainage of			1. 1	
Floors (S.6)	_	_	_	
(S.7) Insufficient, unsuitable	-	-	-	-
or defective	-		_	_
Not separate for sexes	-	-		
Other offences			-	-
TOTAL	4	4	Nil	Nil

2. Cases in which defects were found.

3. Outwork.

Nature of wor	k		No. of outworkers	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council
Wearing apparel		 	1	Nil
Lace, lace curtains and nets		 	4	Nil
TOTAL		 	5	Nil

PUBLIC CLEANSING SERVICE.

Labour and Transport.

13 men, with additional labour as required, are employed on the collection and disposal of refuse, the emptying of pail closets and privy middens.

Vehicles used comprise the following :--

One 10, cu. yd. Karrier C.K. 3. One 7 cu. yd. Karriet Bantam. Two cu. yd. Karrier Gamecocks.

Refuse Disposal.

All refuse collected was disposed of by controlled tipping on the Council Refuse Tip at Back Lane, Staveley. One man is constantly employed on the tip levelling and controlling the tipping.

Refuse Collection.

During the year the service was badly affected by the shortage of manpower, sickness and holidays.

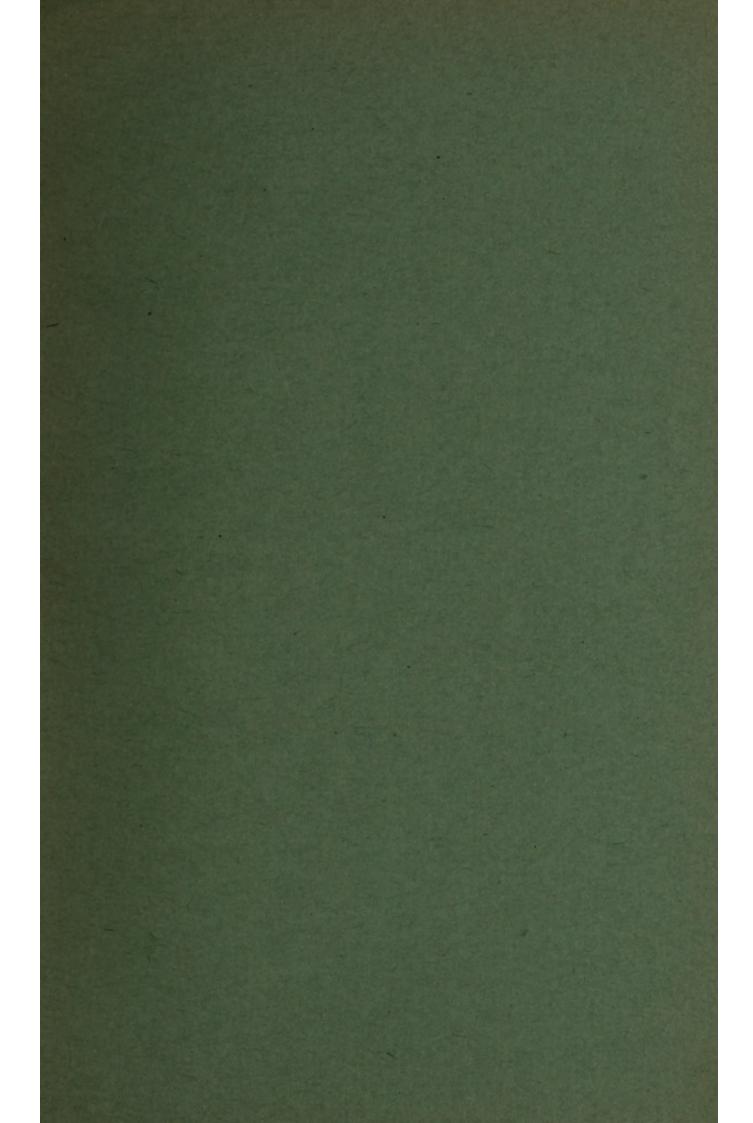
It would seem impossible to get the right type of personnel in this work, particularly as the industries in the area are paying better wages, and the type of work is not one which would draw into the service the best type of workmen.

Salvage of Waste Materials.

There are three men employed on this Section. A driver, oader and packer. The quantities collected are ever on the increase and paper is collected by the refuse men, for which a bonus is paid.

The details of salvage collected and sold up to the end of March, 1955, are as under :---

	т.	с.	Q.	£ s	5.	d.
Waste Paper	 158	6	2	1351	15	3
Rags, scrap, etc.	 		11	8	0	
	158	6	2	£1363	3	3



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