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Contributors

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BOROUGH OF STAMFORD.

ABBREVIATED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1946.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my annual report for 1946.

The Birth Rate of 17.0 is a slight decline on last year and is a little below the figure of 19.1 for the Country as a whole, the Death Rate has shown a slight increase. The Infantile Mortality Rate at 22.5 must be considered very satisfactory as compared with 43.0 in England and Wales, so must absence of deaths from puerperal causes. The incidence of infectious diseases has been extremely low with no cases of diphtheria, a scarlet fever rate per 1000 population of 1.30, measles of 0.9, whooping cough 0.4 compared with 1.38, 3.92 and 2.28 respectively for England and Wales.

The water supply has been satisfactory.

Very considerable overcrowding exists. In my opinion, the unsatisfactory living conditions are now having a deleterious effect upon the mental and physical health of many families of the community. The need for more new houses still remains the first necessity.

SECTION A. STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area	1918 acres.
Population	10,380.
Rateable Value	£66973.
Sum represented by Penny Rate ...	£264.
Number of Inhabited Houses from Rate Book	2960.
	M. F.
<u>Live Births.</u> Total 177 88 89) Birth Rate per 1,000	
Legitimate 161 80 81) population - 17.0	
Illegitimate 16 8 8) Corresponding figure	
) for England and Wales - 19.1
<u>Still Births.</u> Total 3 3 3) Still Birth Rate per	
Legitimate 3 2 2) 1,000 population - 0.57	
Illegitimate 1 1 1) Corresponding rate for	
) England & Wales - 0.58.
<u>Deaths.</u> Total 134 67 67) Death Rate per 1,000	
) population - 12.9
) Corresponding figure
) for England & Wales - 11.5
Deaths from Puerperal sepsis	Nil.
Deaths from other Puerperal causes	Nil.
<u>Death Rate of Infants under one year of age.</u>	
All Infants per 1,000 live births	22.5
Legitimate Infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	17.0
Illegitimate Infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births ..	5.5
Corresponding figures - All Infants for England & Wales ..	43.0

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1946.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my annual report for

1946.

The Birth Rate of 17.0 is a slight decline on last year and is a little below the figure of 17.1 for the County as a whole. The Death Rate has shown a slight increase. The Infantile Mortality Rate at 22.5 must be considered very satisfactory as compared with 23.0 in England and Wales, no marked advance of deaths from purpura cases. The incidence of infectious diseases has been extremely low with no cases of diphtheria, a scarlet fever rate per 1000 population of 1.30, measles of 0.9, whooping cough 0.4 compared with 1.32, 2.92 and 2.22 respectively for England and Wales.

The water supply has been satisfactory. Very considerable overcrowding exists. In my opinion, the unsatisfactory living conditions are now having a deleterious effect upon the mental and physical health of many families of the community. The need for more new houses will remain the first necessity.

SECTION A. STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area	1918 acres
Population	10,380
Female Value	18875
Sex represented by Penny Rate	1884
Number of inhabited houses	2960
From Rate Book	

Live Births.			
Total	177	88	89
Legitimate	161	80	81
Illegitimate	16	8	8
Birth Rate per 1,000 population - 17.0			
Corresponding figure for England and Wales - 19.1			

Still Births.			
Total	2	2	2
Legitimate	2	2	2
Illegitimate	1	1	1
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 population - 0.07			
Corresponding rate for England & Wales - 0.22			

Deaths.			
Total	124	67	67
Legitimate	104	57	57
Illegitimate	20	10	10
Death Rate per 1,000 population - 12.9			
Corresponding figure for England & Wales - 11.8			

Deaths from purpura cases Nil.

Deaths from other purpura cases Nil.

Death Rate of Infants under one year of age.

All Infants per 1,000 live births	22.5
Legitimate Infants per 1,000 live births	17.0
Illegitimate Infants per 1,000 live births	22.5
Corresponding figure for England & Wales	23.0

Deaths from Measles (all ages)	nil.
Deaths from Whooping cough	nil.
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 yrs of age)	nil.

Decrease in Birth Rate compared with 1945 of	1.0
Increase in Death Rate " " " "	2.4
Increase in Infantile Mortality Rate " " " "	0.5

SECTION B. GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

LABORATORY FACILITIES.

Examinations of pathological specimens in connection with infectious diseases and bacteriological examinations of water supplies are carried out in the Ministry of Health Emergency Public Health Laboratory, Memorial Hospital, Peterborough, at an annual charge of £10. This service is most efficient and of immense value in controlling epidemic diseases.

SECTION C. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES IN THE AREA.

1. WATER.

The water supply of the Borough is provided by the Stamford Water Works, owner, The Marquess of Exeter, K.G., C.M.G.

This is a piped supply derived from the following sources:-

Bone Mill	(Well)
Whitewater	(Springs)
Wothorpe.	(Springs - owing to drought, not in use until latter part of the year.)
Northfields, Stamford. (Bore Hole)	
Ryhall Road, Stamford. (Bore Hole)	

The Bone Mill supply can be augmented by springs situated on the Leicester Road, Thornhaugh and Burghley High Park.

Supplies are derived from the Lincolnshire limestone and all with the exception of the Northfields and Ryhall Road bore holes are situated without the Borough, (south of the river Welland) in the high ground of the Soke of Peterborough.

All waters have a high total and permanent hardness but have maintained a satisfactory degree of purity.

Supplies have been satisfactory in quality and quantity.

Bacteriological examination of raw water from all supplies have been taken by the Public Health Department of the Borough, in addition, quarterly samples of chlorinated water are taken by the Stamford Water Works for bacteriological examination.

7 samples of raw water, 23 samples of chlorinated water and 5 chemical analyses were made during the year.

One bacteriological analysis of raw water (Whitewater) showed a less satisfactory result and one chemical analysis (Ryhall Road) showed very slight excess of oxygen absorbed. Subsequent tests of both supplies were satisfactory.

All supplies are chlorinated at source, no other treatment is given.

111.	Deaths from Malaria (all ages)
111.	Deaths from Malaria (under 5 yrs of age)
111.	Deaths from Malaria (over 5 yrs of age)
1.0	Deaths in 1924 compared with 1923 of
2.4	Deaths in 1924 compared with 1923 of
0.8	Deaths in 1924 compared with 1923 of

SECTION 2. GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICE FOR THE AREA.

LABORATORY FACILITIES.

Examination of pathological specimens in connection with infectious diseases and bacteriological examinations of water supplies are carried out in the Ministry of Health Emergency Public Health Laboratory, General Hospital, Patersonburgh, at an annual charge of £10. This service is most efficient and of immense value in controlling epidemic diseases.

SECTION 3. SANITARY DISPOSITION IN THE AREA.

1. WATER.

The water supply of the Borough is provided by the Standard Water Works, under the Management of Water, K.G.

This is a piped supply derived from the following sources:-

Home Mill	(Well)
Whitewater	(Spring)
Woburn	(Spring) - owing to drought, not in use until latter part of the year.
Northfield, Standard, (Bore Hole)	
Hyndall Road, Standard, (Bore Hole)	

The Home Mill supply can be augmented by Springs situated on the Belmont Road, Thornburgh and Bally High Park.

Supplies are derived from the Lincolnshire Limestone and all with the exception of the Northfield and Hyndall Road Bore Holes are situated within the Borough. (North of the River Welland) in the high ground of the vale of Waterbury. All waters have a high total and permanent hardness but have maintained a satisfactory degree of purity. Supplies have been satisfactory in quality and quantity. Bacteriological examination of raw water from all supplies have been taken by the Public Health Department of the Borough, in addition, quarterly samples of chlorinated water are taken by the Standard Water Works for bacteriological examination.

7 samples of raw water, 25 samples of chlorinated water and 2 chemical analyses were made during the year.

One bacteriological analysis of raw water (Whitewater) showed a low satisfactory result and one chemical analysis (Hyndall Road) showed very slight excess of oxygen absorbed. Satisfactory results of both analyses were satisfactory. All supplies are chlorinated as before, no other treatment is given.

Steps taken to combat any suspicion of contamination were to make doubly sure of adequate chlorination and subsequent bacteriological and chemical tests.

The number of dwelling houses supplied from public water mains :-

(a) direct to houses 1604.

(b) by means of standpipes 200.

representing approximately a population of 6416 under (a) and 800 under (b).

INSPECTIONS.

No. of inspections for all purposes :-

Meat and Foods	473.
Housing and Overcrowding	398
Milk and Dairies	241
Shops and Factories	96
Miscellaneous	151

Total 1359

NOTICES SERVED.

	Issued.	Complied with.
Informal	44	32
Statutory	2	0

SECTION D. HOUSING.

Housing Inspection. 12.53% 34.56% 1.27% - 11.03

No. of visits	398
No. of houses inspected	315
No. of houses inspected and recorded	191
No. of inspections made for the purpose	274
No. of houses found unfit for habitation	68
No. of houses not in all respects fit	88

Remedy of defects. 16.08% 12.73% 6.35% 7.02% 11.0

No. of houses closed as a result of action under Sec. 11 of the Housing Act 1936 ..	2
No. of houses dealt with by accepting undertakings from owners	3
No. of houses repaired as result of informal action	32
No. repaired as a result of action under Sec. 9 Housing Act 1936	Nil.
No. of new cases of overcrowding discovered	39.
No. of cases of overcrowding abated	18

Proceedings under Public Health Acts.

No. of houses in respect of which Notices were served	3
No. of houses repaired by owners	Nil.

Steps taken to combat any suspicion of contamination were to make doubly sure of adequate chlorination and subsequent bacteriological and chemical tests.
The number of dwelling houses supplied from public water mains :-

(a) Direct to houses 1804
(b) by means of standpipes 300
representing approximately a population of 640 water (a) and 800 under (b).

INVESTIGATIONS.

No. of inspections for all purposes :-

Miscellaneous	151
Shops and factories	98
Milk and dairies	241
Housing and overcrowding	298
Wells and cists	475
Total	1363

NOTICES SERVED.

Issued.	Complied with.	Informal statutory
44	38	
2	0	

SECTION D. HOUSING.

Housing Inspection.

No. of houses not in all respects fit	28
No. of houses found unfit for habitation	48
No. of inspections made for the purpose	274
No. of houses inspected and recorded	191
No. of houses inspected	210
No. of visits	298

Remedy of defects.

No. of cases of overcrowding abated	18
No. of new cases of overcrowding discovered	39
No. reported as a result of action under Sec. 9 Housing Act 1936	211
Informal action	32
No. of houses repaired as result of undertakings from owners	8
No. of houses dealt with by accepting under Sec. 11 of the Housing Act 1936	2
No. of houses closed as a result of action	

Proceedings under Public Health Acts.

No. of houses repaired by owners	211
were served	2
No. of houses in respect of which notices	

Housing Requirements.

I consider the estimated requirement of 500 new houses in all as stated in my annual report of 1945 is still reasonably correct.

It is anticipated that the majority of the overcrowded cases will be dealt with in the allocation of the first 50 houses.

Complaints and Abatement of Nuisances.

68 complaints were received, mainly in respect of housing defects and overcrowding.

44 informal notices were served and 32 were complied with.

It has only been possible to remedy the most urgent defects.

MEAT INSPECTION.

The number of animals slaughtered in the Borough for sale for human consumption and inspected during the year was 6,844.

CATTLE.

TABLE 1.

	exclg.cows	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep.	Pigs.
No. of animals inspected	1192	353	158	4,715	426
<u>Tuberculosis only.</u>					
No. of whole carcasses and offal condemned	11	17	2	-	6
No. of carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	147	95	-	-	41
Percentage of carcasses affected with tuberculosis.	12.58%	34.56%	1.27%	-	11.03%
<u>Diseases other than T.B.</u>					
No. of whole carcasses and offals condemned.	5	6	10	33	27
No. of carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	186	39	1	299	20
Percentage of carcasses with diseases other than T.B.	16.02%	12.75%	6.96%	7.02%	11.03%

TABLE 2.

DETAILS OF CONDEMNED MEAT SHOWN IN TABLE 1.

<u>Meat Condemned.</u>	<u>Beef.</u>	<u>Mutton.</u>	<u>Pork.</u>	<u>Veal.</u>
Whole Carcasses & Offals	39	33	33	12
Heads.	130	9	17	-
Tongues.	130	9	17	-
Pairs of Lungs.	185	143	11	1
Livers.	173	107	-	-
Plucks (complete)	6	14	15	-
Fats (mesenteric)	77	-	21	-
Spleens.	4	-	1	-
Hearts.	-	7	4	-
Kidneys.	11	-	2	-
Udders.	-	-	-	-
Forequarters (whole)	35	2	2	-
Hindquarters (whole)	4	-	2	-
Other parts of Carcasses.	80	67	7	-

The following imported meat has also been condemned:-

3 carcasses Lamb. 3 part hindquarters Beef.

The total weight of all meat condemned was 57,704 lbs.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS.

5 cases of suspected Swine Fever detected at the slaughterhouse were reported to the Police for appropriate action.

MILK AND DAIRIES.

Registered at the end of the year:-

Cowkeepers & Wholesale & Retail Purveyors	4
Wholesale & Retail Purveyors with dairies	1
Retail Purveyors with Dairies	7
Wholesale & Retailers without Dairy in Borough.	2
Retailers without premises in Borough	6
	<u>20.</u>

Additions to Register during the year 1

Removals from Register during the year 0

One firm is licensed to sell T.T. milk and another in respect of Pasteurised Milk.

The monthly sampling of all milks retailed in the Borough has been continued throughout the year. In all 194 samples of raw milk were taken to the Resazurin Test for cleanliness. 20 of these were unfortunately taken on days when the temperature exceeded an average of 65°F when the results must not be taken into account. Of the remainder, the results were classified as under:-

No. of samples.	Category A. Marketable.	Category B. Salvage.	Category C. Reject.
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174	141 (81.0%)	17 (9.8%)	16 (9.2%)
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The above results represent an improvement on those of last year and may be considered satisfactory.

30 samples of heat-treated or Pasteurised Milk were taken, 3 being under unsuitable temperature conditions. Of the 27 samples submitted to the Phosphatase and Methylene Blue tests, 22 passed the former and 19 the latter. 5 of the samples were also submitted to the Plate Count and B. Coli examinations. The former were all satisfactory but 2 samples showed presence of B. Coli. The Milk (Special Designations) Order 1946 now specifies only the Methylene Blue and Phosphatase tests for heat-treated milk.

SECTION F. PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER

DISEASES.

HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION.

Owing to staff shortage, Bourne Isolation Hospital has been unable to admit patients since the early part of the year. By the kindness of Dr. Johnstone, Medical Officer of Health of Peterborough City, all infectious cases needing in-patient treatment were admitted to the

The following imported meat has also been condemned:-

3 carcases Lamb. 3 parts hindquarters Beef.
The total weight of all meat condemned was 27,704 lbs.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS.

5 cases of suspected Swine Fever detected at the slaughter-
houses were reported to the Police for appropriate action.

MILK AND DAIRIES.

Registered at the end of the year:-

4	Cookhouse & Wholesale & Retail Purveyors
1	Wholesale & Retail Purveyors with dairies
7	Retail Purveyors with dairies
2	Wholesale & Retailers without dairies in
8	Borough.
8	Retailers without premises in Borough
20.	

1	Additions to Register during the year
0	Removals from Register during the year

One firm is licensed to sell T.T. Milk and another
in respect of Pasteurized Milk.

The monthly sampling of all milk retailed in the
Borough has been continued throughout the year. In all

194 samples were taken for analysis. On days when the temperature exceeded an average of 68°F
when the milk was analysed, the results were as follows:-

No. of samples. Category C. Rejected.

174	141 (81.0%)	17 (9.8%)	16 (9.2%)
-----	-------------	-----------	-----------

The above results represent an improvement on those
of last year and may be considered satisfactory.

30 samples of heat-treated or Pasteurized Milk were
taken, 3 being under unsuitable temperature conditions.
Of the 27 samples submitted to the Bacteriological and Chemical
Bills tests, 27 passed the former and 15 the latter. 5 of
the samples were also submitted to the Plate Count and B. Coll.
examinations. The former were all satisfactory but 2 samples
showed presence of B. Coll. The Milk (Special Bacteriological)
Order 1944 now specifies only the Methylene Blue and Phospha-
tase tests for heat-treated milk.

SECTION V. PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIONS AND OTHER

DISEASES.

HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION.

Owing to staff shortages, Bourne Institution Hospital
has been unable to admit patients since the early part of
the year. By the kindness of Dr. Johnstone, Medical
Officer of the City of London Hospital, 10 patients were

Peterborough City Isolation Hospital at a weekly charge of £3. 10. 0. per patient, and an ambulance charge of £1. No difficulty was experienced in obtaining admissions or with the transport of patients by the Peterborough ambulance.

The Borough has been extremely fortunate in obtaining Isolation Hospital accommodation in this way.

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

Number of children known to be immunised during the year:-

0 - 4 yrs.	112.
5 - 15 "	25.

All except 11 were performed at the Broad Street Clinic by the Medical Officer of Health.

Estimated percentage of immunised children at 31.Dec.1946.

1 - 5 yrs.	57%	Target at which reasonable immunity can be expected:-	75%
5 - 15 "	84.6%		80%

The summer Diphtheria Immunisation Campaign was again carried out. The Stamford Red Cross Detachment has rendered invaluable help throughout the year in providing nursing staff at the Broad Street Immunisation Clinic.

There is definitely more appreciation by the public of the advantages of immunisation.

It is an interesting fact that whereas in the Borough as a whole 57% of the children in the 1 - 5 year age group have been immunised against diphtheria, the corresponding % for children attending the Infant Welfare Clinic is much higher at 90%, showing there is still need for education of the public in health matters.

In addition to health education posters and leaflets, arrangements are now being made for showing health films in the new County Council Barn Hill Infant Welfare and School Clinic.

SCABIES.

The Stamford Scabies Treatment Clinic under the Joint Kesteven County Council Scheme has functioned continuously throughout the year.

As compared with 1945, 44 less cases have been treated from Stamford Borough, and 32 less cases from the surrounding areas; as a result the clinic is now only held three mornings a week with a proportionate reduction in salaries of Nursing Staff.

Patients from the Rural Districts are treated by contract with Kesteven County Council at 17/6d, per case, of which sum the Borough receives 5/10d, to cover the cost of drugs, dressings and materials.

Cases are referred to the Clinic by General Medical Practitioners and the School Authorities. No formal notices for compulsory treatment were served.

Peterborough City Isolation Hospital at a weekly charge of £5.10.0 per patient, and an ambulance charge of £1. No difficulty was experienced in obtaining assistance with the transport of patients by the Peterborough ambulance.

The Borough has been extremely fortunate in obtaining Isolation Hospital accommodation in this way.

TYPHOID IMMUNIZATION.

Number of children known to be immunised during the year:-

118	0 - 4 yrs.
28	5 - 15 "

All except 11 were performed at the Broad Street Clinic by the Medical Officer of Health.

Estimated percentage of immunised children at 31. Dec. 1946.

75%	Target at which reasonable immunity can be expected:-	1 - 5 yrs.
80%		5 - 15 "

The summer Biphtheria Immunisation Campaign was again carried out. The Stamford Red Cross Movement has rendered invaluable help throughout the year in providing nursing staff at the Broad Street Immunisation Clinic.

There is definitely more appreciation by the public of the advantages of immunisation.

It is an interesting fact that whereas in the Borough as a whole 87% of the children in the 1 - 5 year age group have been immunised against diphtheria, the corresponding % for children attending the Infant Welfare Clinic is much higher at 90%, showing there is still need for education of the public in health matters.

In addition to health education posters and leaflets, arrangements are now being made for showing health films in the new County Council Barn Hill Infant Welfare and School Clinic.

SCARLET FEVER.

The Stamford Hospital Treatment Clinic under the Joint Kenton County Council Scheme has functioned continuously throughout the year.

As compared with 1945, 44 fewer cases have been treated from Stamford Borough, and 22 from cases from the surrounding area; as a result the clinic is now only half the size, and a smaller proportionate reduction in salaries of nursing staff.

Patients from the Rural Districts are treated by agreement with Kenton County Council at 17/6d. per case, which the Borough receives 8/10d. to cover the cost of drugs, dressings and materials.

Cases are referred to the Clinic by General Medical Practitioners and the School Authorities. No formal notices for compulsory treatment were served.

No. of patients treated during the year:-

	South Borough. Kesteven R.D.C.	Ketton R.D.C.	Barnack R.D.C.	Cundle & Thrapston R.D.C.	P'boro R.D.C.
<u>Adults.</u>					
Males.	13	1	7	7	4
Females.	24	3	3	3	5
<u>Children.</u>					
School age & under.	57	1	7	2	7
	94	5	17	12	16

Average number of attendances to complete a cure 2

Maximum number of weekly notifications of fresh cases 9

Average number of weekly notifications of fresh cases 2

Actual Clinic expenses incurred by the Borough,
excluding nurses salaries, heating and lighting,
which are the responsibility of the County Council
for all patients treated is £22. 16. 3 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Average cost per patient treated 3. 1 $\frac{1}{2}$

Amount refunded to the Borough by Kesteven C.C.
in respect of patients in Column 3, 4, 5 and 6 above
at 5/10d. per case £15. 13. 8d.

PEDICULOSIS - INFESTATION by body and head lice.

Total number of houses wherein occupants were
found to be infested with head lice 8

Total number of infested persons reported 14

Steps taken to combat infestation are the reporting
of cases to the medical Officer of Health by General
Practitioners, School Medical Services and Health Visitor
and Factory Surgeon; by visiting the homes of children
found to be infested, and by arranging for simultaneous
treatment under supervision at home or at the clinic.

Treatment for head lice is given either at the
Scabies Clinic or by the parents in their homes under
supervision of the School Nurse.

Flea infestation of houses is treated by Benzine
Hexachloride Dust - results have been quite satisfactory.
BED BUGS. children were affected by tubercular cervical glands.

No houses were disinfested nor treated for bed bugs.
No disinfestation by HCN gas has been attempted.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

No. of patients treated during the year:-

Adults.	Males.	Females.	Children.	School age & under.					
					South	Weston	Barwick	Thrayston	Canada & F.boro
					R.D.C.	R.D.C.	R.D.C.	R.D.C.	R.D.C.
	13	24	27	1	1	7	7	4	-
					2	2	2	2	-
					3	17	12	10	-

Average number of attendances to complete a cure 2
 Maximum number of weekly notifications of fresh cases 9
 Average number of weekly notifications of fresh cases 2

Actual Clinic expenses incurred by the Borough, excluding nurses salaries, heating and lighting, which are the responsibility of the County Council for all patients treated is £22. 10. 0.
 Average cost per patient treated 3. 1.
 Amount refunded to the Borough by Kenton U.C. in respect of patients in Classes 3, 4, 5 and 6 above at 5/100. per case £12. 12. 8.

PERICULOSUS - INFESTATION by body and head lice.

Total number of houses wherein occupants were found to be infested with head lice 8
 Total number of infested persons reported 14

Steps taken to combat infestation are the reporting of cases to the Medical Officer of Health by General Practitioners, School Medical Services and Health Visitor and Factory Surgeon; by visiting the homes of children found to be infested, and by arranging for simultaneous treatment under supervision at home or at the clinic. Treatment for head lice is given either at the Sanitary Clinic or by the parents in their homes under supervision of the School Nurse.

Plus infestation of houses is treated by Keroline Hexachloride Dust - results have been quite satisfactory.

RED WING.

No houses were disinsected nor treated for bed bugs. No disinfection by H.M. has been attempted.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES REPORTED DURING THE YEAR.

	Total cases notified.	Cases admitted to Isolation Hospital.	Total Deaths.
Diphtheria	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever.	14	7 (4 to Bourne) (3 to P'boro)	-
Typhoid & Para-Typhoid.	-	-	-
Lobar Pneumonia (Primary)	11 (2 Service)	-	-
Cerebro Spinal Fever.	1	1	-
Dysentery.	20 (18 P.O.W.)	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia. and Fever.	3	2	-
Erysipelas.	-	-	-
Measles.	1	-	-
Whooping Cough.	5	-	-

For the second year in succession, infectious diseases have shown a very low figure.

(a) CANCER.

No undue prevalence in the District.

Patients resident in Stamford are treated at Stamford Infirmary under the Kesteven County Council Scheme. treatment also being provided at the Scunthorpe Centre.

(b) PREVENTION OF BLINDNESS.

Nil.

TUBERCULOSIS.

Years.	Notified during year.				Notified during year.			
	New Cases				Deaths.			
	Resp.		Non-Resp.		Resp.		Non-Resp.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0 - 1.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 5.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 10.	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
10 - 15.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 25.	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-
25 - 35.	3	2	-	1	1	-	-	-
35 - 45.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 55.	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
55 - 65.	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
	9	4	1	2	4	-	-	-

New cases were equal in number to those notified in 1945. More adults contracted pulmonary tuberculosis but less children were affected by tubercular cervical glands. Three more deaths occurred from tuberculosis than in 1945.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

B. Hawes.

July 1947.

Medical Officer of Health.

July 1947.

Medical Officer of Health

Your obedient servant,

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Stanley Jones

1947.

Three more deaths occurred from tuberculosis than in 1946. More adults contracted primary tuberculosis but less children were affected by tubercular cervical glands.

New cases were equal in number to those notified in 1946.

Year.	New Cases		Notified during year.		Deaths	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 5	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 10	1	1	1	1	-	-
10 - 15	1	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 20	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 25	3	2	1	1	-	-
25 - 30	2	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 35	1	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 40	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 45	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 50	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 55	3	1	1	1	-	-
55 - 60	4	1	-	-	-	-
60 - 65	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 70	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 75	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 80	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 85	-	-	-	-	-	-
85 - 90	-	-	-	-	-	-
90 - 95	-	-	-	-	-	-
95 - 100	-	-	-	-	-	-

TUBERCULOSIS

(b) PREVENTION OF MIMICRY.

Westford Infirmary under the Eastover County Council Scheme. Treatment also being provided at the Community Centre. Patients resident in Westford are treated at Westford Infirmary in the District.

(a) CANCER.

Diseases have shown a very low figure. For the second year in succession, infections

Disease	Total cases notified.		Cases admitted to isolation hospital.		Total Deaths	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Whooping Cough.	3	1	-	-	-	-
Measles.	1	-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelas.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Postnatal Typhoid.	3	2	-	-	-	-
Dysentery.	10	1	-	-	-	-
Cerebral Spinal Fever.	1	1	-	-	-	-
Lobar Pneumonia (Primary)	11	-	-	-	-	-
Typhoid & Para-Typhoid.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever.	14	1	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES REPORTED DURING THE YEAR.