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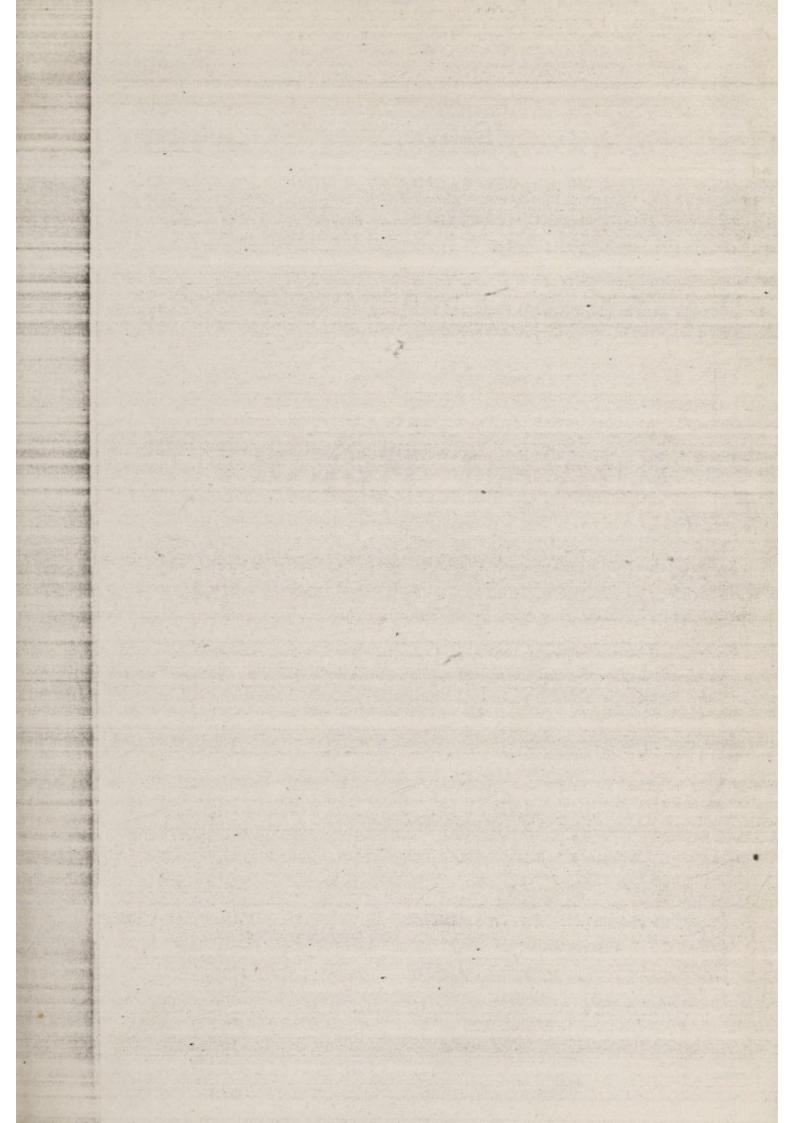
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### STAFFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL.

# Annual Report

OF THE

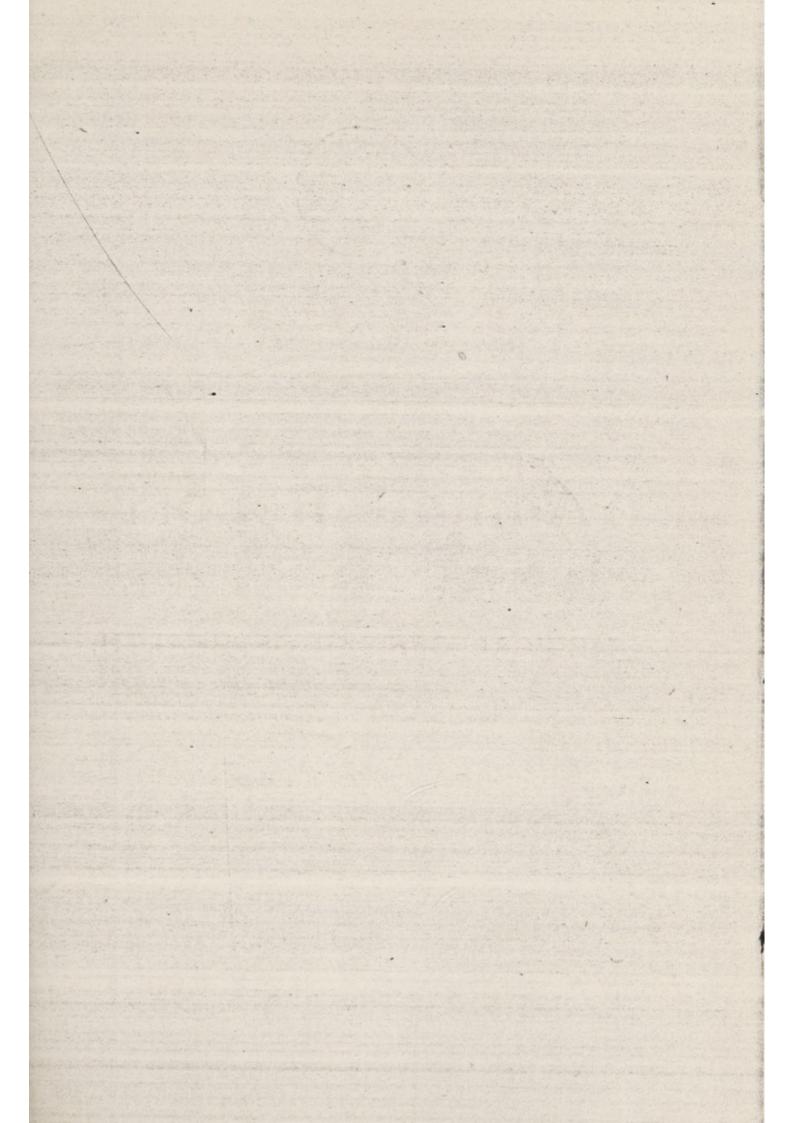
### MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

GEORGE REID, O.B.E., M.D., D.P.H.,

For the Year 1919.

STAFFORD:
Printed by J. & C. MORT, LTD., 39, Greengate Street.

1921.



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### Staffordshire County Council.

# Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health.

### Preliminary Note.

I regret that the presentation of this, my Thirty-first Annual Report, has been so long delayed, but the delay was unavoidable owing to the fact that some of the reports did not reach me until nearly the end of the year.

On this occasion the reports of the various medical officers of health contain references to matters which for the previous few years were omitted, but for two reasons I do not propose to summarise the reports as was customary previous to the war, first because of the very high cost of printing, and secondly because such a summary woud not lead to any useful purpose at present having regard to the fact that the County Council could hardly take any action upon the reports which would lead to expenditure at the present time. A complete summary of the reports has been made which will be kept for future reference and action if need be.

The reports give considerable prominence to the question of housing, and to that extent I shall deal with them by introducing certain figures, which will be found in the form of a table at the end of the report, showing the number of houses that are required in the various districts in the immediate future in order to remedy existing overcrowding.

In addition to publishing the usual statistics I also introduce a short summary of the work carried on by the Public Health and Health Visiting Committees for the twelve months ending June 30th, 1920, together with special summary tables dealing with the more important statistics.

GEO. REID,
County Medical Officer of Health.

Stafford,
March, 1921.

### Summary of the Year's Work.

SUMMARY OF YEAR'S WORK OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH COM-MITTEE OF THE COUNTY COUNCIL AND THE CENTRAL AUTHORITY FOR HEALTH VISITING.

The County health visiting scheme, embracing a joint area in which the local authorities had not previously established schemes, has been carried on most successfully as will be seen from the table of work done which is introduced as an appendix to this report.

In my last annual summary I referred to the joint scheme which had been approved by the County Council and the County Education Committee for greatly extending the work and for establishing Infant Welfare Centres and School Clinics. Very satisfactory progress has been made in this direction, and, up to the period covered by this report, we had established two school clinics and welfare centres, namely, at Willenhall and Sedgley. Since that date, however, ten other Centres have been established, each in charge of an assistant school medical inspector, the staff of such inspectors having been increased to thirteen.

Through the co-operation of the Education Committee, a whole-time medical officer of health has been appointed for the Cheadle Rural District to act as assistant school medical inspector. This appointment was made possible by a contribution of £180 towards the salary of the officer from the Education Committee, and £75 from the County Council in return for the work he does under the Maternity and Child Welfare Scheme.

During the year, under the Milk (Mothers and Children) Order, a scheme for supplying expectant and nursing mothers and infants with milk in necessitous cases was started, and it has been extensively taken advantage of. The question of determining whether the case is a necessitous one or not, is, by order of the Council, referred to the medical officer of the district or the medical officer of the welfare centre.

During the year the Committee purchased an Infant Welfare Travelling Exhibition which was exhibited at the following places:—Heath Town, Sedgley, and Willenhall, within the period covered by this report, and, subsequently, various other towns in North and Mid Staffordshire were visited. In all cases the exhibition was well attended and the unquestionable good which has resulted has amply repaid the expenditure involved.

Under the Childrens Act, 1908, the health visitors within the County health visiting area have, at the request of the various Boards of Guardians in the area, been appointed visitors, under Part I of the Act, to boarded-out children. Also under the War Pensions (Administrative Provisions) Act, 1918, the services of health visitors have been placed at the disposal of the local War Pensions Committee for the purpose of carrying out section 9 of the Act, which relates to the supervision of children of sailors, soldiers, and airmen.

As a complement to the health visiting scheme but applicable to the Administrative County as a whole, the scheme for supplementing the midwifery service of the County has been considerably extended, partly through the agency of the County Nursing Association, or by subsidising or training additional midwives.

In this connection I may mention that twenty-one women have been sent for training as midwives; five subsidies have been granted to practising midwives in areas where the work was inadequate to enable them to maintain themselves; while six new local nursing associations have been formed through the County Nursing Association.

Of the existing associations employing nurse midwives fifteen have received subsidies from the County Council during the year.

As regards the recovery of fees for medical attendance under the Midwives Act, 1918, I referred in my last report to the difficulty which was experienced in recovering such fees or any portion of them. Since then a collector has been appointed, and for his guidance the following scale has been fixed governing the recovery or remission of the fees:—

- (i) Where the net weekly income of the family after deducting 5s. for each child under 14 years of age does not exceed 40s., the County Council shall not claim repayment of the medical practitioner's fee.
- (ii) Where the net weekly income of the family calculated as above is over 40s. but does not exceed 60s., the County Council shall claim repayment of one-half of such fee.
- (iii) Where the net weekly income of the family calculated as above exceeds 60s., the repayment of the whole of such fee shall be claimed.
- (iv) In ascertaining the weekly income of the family the average earnings of the four weeks preceding the birth shall be taken.

The routine work under the Rivers Pollution Prevention Acts has proceeded on former lines, the work of inspecting sewage disposal works having gone on systematically. The County Rivers Inspector pays surprise visits to the various sewage disposal works, and it is satisfactory to be able to record that his visits continue to be appreciated rather than resented.

It was of course impossible during the war to be very critical with regard to the management of the various sewage disposal works, and I regret to say that some have deteriorated and have not been restored to efficient working. For some time to come, for financial reasons, we shall have to be satisfied with a lower standard than hitherto in the case of existing works, and it will not be possible to push Authorities into material expenditure in the way of supplementing existing plants or providing new ones.

During the year under review, among other matters, special reports have been presented with reference to the sanitary circumstances of Tipton Urban District, the water supply of Packmoor, and the sewerage of Burntwood Village, but, apart from these, no reports have been presented upon the systematic work carried on by the sanitary staff, one's attention having been confined merely to reporting circumstances as they arose in order that they might be dealt with by

the Committee from time to time. In addition to this a considerable amount of time was spent by the staff in acquiring detailed information regarding the sanitary conditions of various areas which were involved, or were likely to be involved, in the question of the extensions of County Boroughs and other urban areas.

As regards the provision of a County Laboratory, which received the attention of the Committee upon a report I presented, it was finally determined to postpone the matter for the present in view of the Preliminary Report of the Advisory Committee of the Ministry of Health as to local government and the possible outcome of that report.

As regards the treatment of Venereal Diseases, in addition to the two successful centres established at the North Staffordshire Infirmary and at the Wolverhampton General Hospital, two subsidiary centres were established early in the year at Tamworth and Lichfield respectively. The latter centre has proved a great success, but as regards the former the attendances have been extremely small and in all probability the · Committee may deem it necessary to discontinue that centre with the approval of the Ministry. During the year the establishment of Venereal Diseases clinics at Leek and also a joint clinic at Walsall were under consideration, but no definite decision had been arrived at regarding either of these clinics at the end of the period covered by this report. Also, negotiations were entered into for the establishment of clinics at Stafford in connection with the General Infirmary, and at Stourbridge in connection with the Corbett Hospital. Satisfactory progress was made in both these cases, and in my next report I hope to be in a position to record that both clinics have actually started work.

The medical practitioners throughout the County have greatly helped in the working of the scheme by their cooperation. This may be shown by the fact that although the County Laboratory has only been opened since the 11th November nearly 70 blood specimens have been received from private practitioners up to the end of December. Again, in Lichfield four of the local practitioners attend the clinics and form a rota to assist the Clinical Officer.

There is a list of nearly twenty practitioners who have been approved by the Ministry of Health as being qualified to administer Salvarsan substitutes and who are receiving a free supply. It will thus be seen that a genuine interest in the scheme has been created amongst the profession.

The following figures will give some idea as to the extent to which the population will avail themselves of treatment when it is provided:—

STAFFORDSHIRE CASES TREATED FOR VENEREAL DISEASES

			DOMING	ILA	N 1910	1.		
Clinic.			Syphilis.	Soft		Non- Venereal.	Total.	Attend- ances.
Wolverham	pton		141	I	IOI	44	287	2076
Dudley			52	-	24	22	98	796
Birminghan	n Wo	m-	I	-	-	_		I
en's Hos	pital							
Birminghan	n Gen	eral	14	-	5	15	34	241
Hospital								
Walsall			43	-	30	18	91	857
Lichfield			20	-	4	8	32	166
Tamworth			16	-	3	I	20	85
Stoke			137	3	72	30	242	1771

With reference to the laboratory work connected with venereal diseases, arrangements were made with the Wolverhampton General Hospital for providing a laboratory in connection with the clinic to be conducted by the County Council in place of by the Governors of the Hospital as previously arranged. The officer appointed by the County Council to do the work was Captain Wright, the late Clinical officer, who united the two offices, but who afterwards resigned, when temporary arrangements were made for the work to be carried on by Dr. Mitchell, the Hospital Venereal Diseases Clinical Officer.

In my last report I referred to the opening of the Home for the treatment of venereal diseases among women at Cleveland House, Wolverhampton, under the Church Diocesan Mission. This Home has proved to be most useful. It has provided for a class of case for which it would have been difficult to make provision otherwise.

As regards propaganda work, the County Executive Committee, under the National Council for Combating Venereal Diseases, have, with the assistance of a contribution of £200 from the County Council, been able to organise a series of lectures in different parts of the County, and local sub-committees have been established, in co-operation with the County Executive Committee, in most of the areas where there are large artisan populations.

The arrangement made by the Council for gratuitous bacteriological examinations at the Birmingham University in suspected cases of diphtheria, enteric fever, and tuberculosis, as well as other infectious diseases such as cerebro-spinal fever and malaria, continues to be appreciated and taken advantage of as will be seen from the following figures:—

		DIPH	THE	RIA.	7	CUBE	RCI	E.	EN	FERI	cFE	VER.
	Positive.	Negative.	Doubtful.	Total.	Positive.	Negative.	Doubtful.	Total.	Positive.	Negative.	Doubtful.	Total.
Commencement of Scheme, Oct. 20, 1898, to June 30, 1899 {From July 1, 1899, to June 30, 1900   From July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1900 From July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901   1901   1902   1903   1902   1903   1904   1905   1904   1905   1905   1906   1906   1907   1908   1908   1909   1909   1909   1909   1909   1910   1909   1910   1911   1912   1912   1913   1914   1915   1915   1916   1916   1916   1916   1916   1916   1917   1918   1917   1918   1919	110 196  350 190 247 183 231 271 714 660 333 350 442 311 175 449 471 297 352 426 195 	101 180 350 367 421 324 494 469 771 943 637 904 1518 1035 549 1218 774 810 1000 602	1 2 30 14 22 15 1 1	212 378  730 571 668 507 747 755 1485 1603 970 1255 1961 e1346 724 g1698 h1689 k1071 m1162 o1426 q797 r2656	9 30 25 45 41 36 56 82 47 48 62 55 13 109 102 110 87 119 124 123	14 70 67 77 107 103 120 103 155 187 196 253 424 536 410 343 422 639 702		23 100 92 122 148 136 159 202 150 203 249 252 266 533 638 520 430 541 763 825 1106	5 36 26 8 3 8 13 11 11 11 11 10 4 21 11 11 10 6 2 	 4 36 32 41 34 24 34 45 33 132 57 69 202 35 51 52 30 32 24 23 	2 3 4 4 1 3 1 3 4 1 1 1 2	9 74 61 49 41 32 51 63 39 150 69 85 217f 45 55 73 42 43 31 27 25
Totals from commencement of Scheme to June 30, 1920				24411				7458				1281

- a Seven special examinations of Cerebro-Spinal fluid for Meningococcus.
- b From this year onwards, excluding Smethwick, now a County Borough. c Excluding five Pottery Towns which, with Hanley, now constitute the County Borough of Stoke-on-Trent.
- d Handsworth added to Birmingham C.B., November 9, 1911.
- e Including 224 "Contacts."

  f Including 109 Special Blood Examinations from Cheddleton Asylum.

  g Including 185 "Contacts."

  h Including 117 "Contacts."
- i Twelve Special Examinations of Cerebro-Spinal fluid and swabs for Meningococcus.

- k Including 106 "Contacts."

  l Thirty-one Special Examinations of Cerebro-Spinal fluid and swabs for Meningococcus.

  m Including 75 "Contacts."
- n Forty-eight Special Examinations of Cerebro-Spinal fluid and swabs for Meningococcus.
  o Including 159 "Contacts"
- p Forty-seven Special Examinations (34 swabs, 12 C.S.F. for Meningococcus, and one feeces and blood aglutination).
- q Including one "Contact."
  r Including 411 "Contacts."
- s 336 blood against B. typh, and A. and B. para-typh. Nine C. S. F. and 3 swabs for Meningococcus, and 8 special examinations.

With reference to the administration of the Midwives Acts, 1902 and 1918, the Council have already been informed as to the progress of the work in the three divisions of the County, but the following statement, which I have compiled from official returns and from information supplied by the Inspectors, will indicate the present position of the County as regards the number of midwives on the Register, and the number who have notified their intention to practise, as well as other details.

The number of certificated midwives on the Roll is 774, of whom 284 have notified their intention to practise, 179 being trained midwives. In addition to these, 63 midwives residing in County Boroughs and adjoining counties have also notified their intention to practise within the Administrative County.

The ages of midwives who were practising in the Administrative County on 30th June in the six years 1915—1920 are indicated in groups in the following table:—

		25	5 to 4	5	45 to 65			65 and upwards			Totals.		
YEAR	t	North	Central	South	North	Central	South	North	Central	South	North	Central	South
1915		48		53	77		79	32		32	157		164
1916		37		66	74		66	33		39	144		171
1917		37		59	75		59	34		33	146		151
1918		38		58	72		52	35		38	145		148
1919		30	31	40	46	43	24	26	27	21	102	IOI	85
1920		35	52	50	41	29	20	18	23	16	94	104	86

As regards the number of cases attended by midwives during 1919 in the three areas respectively, the figures are as follows:—

	No. of Midwives.	Births attended.	Total Births.	Percentage attended by Midwives.	Mean number of cases attended per Midwife.
North	 94	2575	3999	64.4	27.4
Central	 104	2427	3943	61.5	23.3
South	 86	5614	7159	78.4	65.2

The total number of cases attended by midwives only in the Administrative County during 1919 was 10,616, the total number of Births registered being 15,101. It thus appears that midwives attended 70 per cent. of the total births in the County, the percentage for the previous year being 66.

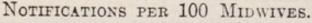
During the period covered by this summary (July 1st, 1919, to June 30th, 1920), in compliance with the rules of the Central Midwives' Board 2,087 notifications have been received from certified midwives.

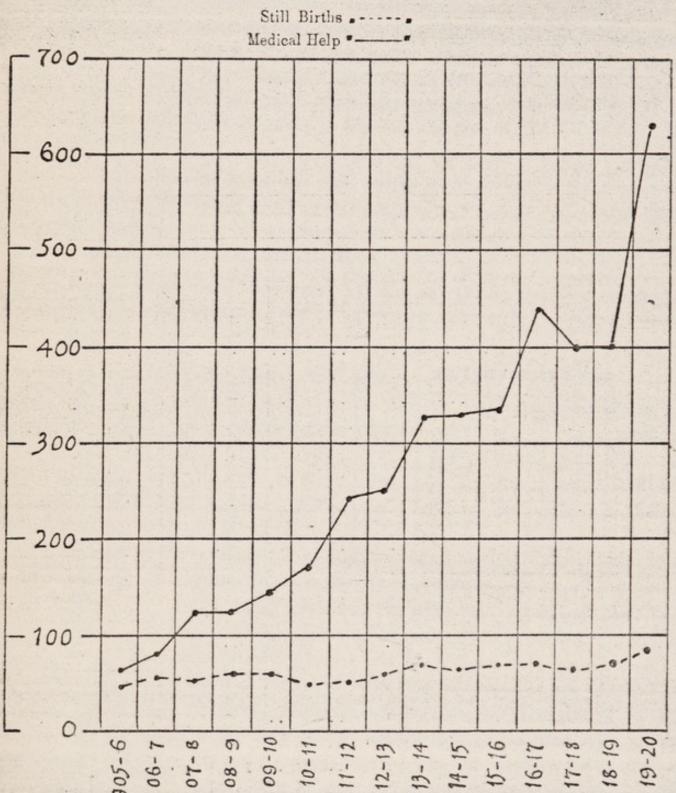
The following figures show the number and nature of the notifications received during the past 15 years:—

	Mean fo	r 5 years					
	1905-6 to 1909-10	1910-11 to 1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19	1919-20
Sending for				No. of Street,	9,55		
medical help	547	979	1209	1291	1202	1165	1809
Still Births	285	217	234	213	192	207	239
Death of Mother.	3.4	2.8	4	2	2	6	
Death of Child	37	35	35	34	27	41	39
							A SANGE

These figures are all the more satisfactory in view of the fact that in 1907 Smethwick was constituted a County Borough, thus removing 40 certified midwives from the number under the control of the Local Supervising Authority of the County, and also because of the transference of 73 midwives to the Local Supervising Authority of the County Borough of Stoke-on-Trent, constituted in 1910, and the inclusion of Handsworth in the County Borough of Birmingham in November, 1911.

The significance of these figures becomes more apparent when represented in diagramatic form showing the relative proportion of medical help and still birth forms per 100 midwives in each year:—





It will thus be seen that while the notifications of still births were pretty constant, varying between the limits of 43 and 84 per 100 midwives, the corresponding figures of sending for medical help steadily progressed from 63 in 1905-6 to 400, 404, and 637 in the last three years respectively.

To some extent the increase during the past seven years

in the medical help cases may be accounted for by the Treasury maternity grant.

In all probability the extraordinary increase during the year under review is largely explained by the fact that the County Council have been made responsible for the payment of fees in the case of medical assistance being sent for by the midwife in emergency cases.

The following figures show the causes which occasioned the sending for medical help:—

Causes of sending for medical a	id.		Northern District.		South'rn District.	Total
PREGNANCY:			- 3.1			
Abortion			32	13	19	6.
Threatened abortion			II	6	3	20
Puffiness of face and hands			2	I	I	
Premature birth			8	19	4	3
Varicose veins .			2	I	I	
Fits			-	-	3	
Vaginal discharge .			-	-	I	
Unsatisfactory condition			5	2	8	I
Excessive sickness			I	_	3	
Loss of blood			3	I	8	I
History of previous still-bi	rths a	nd				
abortions			_	I	3	
Sore of genitals			2	_	5	
Odema of legs			-	I	-	
			66	45	59	17
ABOUR:						
Abnormal presentation			43	33	49	12
Unable to recognise ditto			_	_	2	
Delayed or difficult .			120	86	175	38
Placenta prævia .			IO	3	4	1
Hæmorrhage ante			15	6	14	3
Ditto post			8	21	20	4
Eclampsia			3	I	2	
Prolapse of cord			5	-	8	1
Carried for	brew	-	204	150	274	62

Summary of the Tear's	rrorn	100		1,
Causes of sending for medical aid.	Northern District.	Central District.	South'r District	Total.
Brought forward  Lacerated perinæum	68	150 72 25 15 - 34 2	274 151 26 4 1 9 11	628 291 70 22 5 55 15 6
	312	300	480	1092
Lying-in:  High temperature	23 4 — 10 2 1	18 8 3 9 —	38 2 3 29 4 3 3	79 14 6 48 6 5 5
	42	39	82	163
CHILD:  Deformities	 II 8	3 3	6 6	20 17
Feebleness and prematurity	36 46	33   43	20 IOI	190
Unsatisfactory condition	13	13	4 2	30 6
Pemphigus	2 5		6 6	2 8 12
Club foot Spinal paralysis Whooping cough		-	3	4 I
Paralysis of throat		I	4	4 I
	124	99	161	384
Grand Total	544	483.	782	1809

Unless reliable information is otherwise forthcoming, it is the routine practice to specially inquire into the circumstances attending all still-births reported by midwives, also, in special circumstances, inquiries are made into cases where medical help is sent for as well as when deaths of mothers or infants are reported, and it is the invariable practice when cases of puerperal fever attended by a midwife only in the first instance are reported to specially inquire into the circumstances. In the following table figures are given showing the number of ordinary visits paid by the Midwife Inspectors as well as special visits, the outcome of notifications received:—

VISITS OF INSPECTORS, NOTIFICATIONS, INQUIRIES, &c., DURING THE TWELVE MONTHS, JULY 1ST, 1919, TO JUNE 30TH, 1920.

	-	of the	-	ur s		orn.
1		Artificial Feeding.		14	9	32
		Contact with infection.	15	17	4	36
	ati	Laying or	1 0	8	:	10
ies.	I	Puerpera Fever.	11	5	7	23
Inquiries	.ha.	Child.	10	00	16	122
In	Deat	Mother.	:	:	, i.	
	.sd	Scill Birt	49	22	63	134
		Inflamma tion of Eg	56.	33	37	126
	.93	Medical Assistan	41	14	20	105
		Artificial Feeding.	42	59	10	Ħ
		Contact with infection	11	18	20	32
		Laying o	2	15	1	18
ations.	I.	Puerpera Fever.	13	7	14	34
	.hs.	Child.	-	15	17	29
Notific	Deat	Mother.	:	:	:	T :
	-sup	Still Bir	81	53	105	239
		mmafinI H lo noit	36	33	22	91
	.90	Medical Assistan	544	483	782	1809
	'SAI	Intervie	383	393	404	1180
		Visits.	442	440	418	1300
	.b9	Untrain	38	36	31	105
		DeniarT	. 99	89	55	179
eeviv	vbil	No. of No. of No.	94	104	98	284
		District	North	Central	South	Totals

As regards ophthalmia cases, the following figures indicate the degree of severity of the cases reported during the past three years, all of which were enquired into by the midwife inspectors:—

	F	nquiri	es.	Slig	ht cas	es.	Se	vere ca	ses.
	1917-18	1918-19	1919-20	1917-18	1918-19	1919-20	1917-18	1918-19	1919-20
Southern district	42	22	22	25	11	12	17	11	10
Northern district	27	20	34	14	10	24	13	10	10
Central district		14	29		9	24		5	5
	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	69	56	85	39	30	60	30	26	25
		_	-	-	-		_	-	_

Apart from the initial enquiries, special visits are paid in order to ascertain the conditions as regards the sight of each infant on the termination of the treatment.

As regards the slight cases this year, complete recovery took place in every case. Of the 25 severe cases 18 recovered without damage to sight, five died from other causes, while the remaining two cases suffered only slight damage to sight. With reference to the total cases, irrespective of severity, a clear history of venereal disease was established in 38 cases.

As regards the serious cases among the survivors during the past three years, 72 in number, only two suffered permanent damage, one having lost the sight of one eye and the other of both eyes.

In addition to the routine enquiries 33 reported irregularities were specially investigated. Of these, 12 were dealt with by letters of caution from the County Medical Officer of Health; two were censured by the Local Supervising Authority; two were reported to the Central Midwives' Board; six voluntarily surrendered their certificates; and in 11 cases circumstances did not warrant any action being taken. As regards the two midwives reported to the Central Midwives' Board, in one case the midwife's name was removed from the roll and her certificate cancelled. In the other case the Board deferred judgment pending further reports, at the end of three and six months, as to the conduct and method of practice of the midwife, and as a result of the consideration of these reports the Board resolved to take no further action.

Since the Act came into operation, the names of 98 midwives have been removed from the Roll as the result of action taken by the Local Supervising Authority.

It would appear that the policy of the Local Supervising Authority in prosecuting women who, though uncertificated, have practised as midwives, has had the desired effect, for, during the year under review, no such proceedings had to be taken.

During the year eight midwives have died.

In the following table particulars as regards equipment, etc., of certificated midwives are set forth:—

PARTICULARS AS TO EQUIPMENT AND EFFICIENCY OF MIDWIVES
VISITED.

		Requireme	nts.	No. read	sonably		. No. who can-				
District			Case Books	clean	as to	Read	Read	Pass	General Efficiency.		
	Fully.	Partially.	Forms.	Person.	Home.	Ther- mometer.	and write.	Catheter.			
North	92	2	93	89	90	88	87	57	85		
Central.	98	6	101	103	104	103	97	77	99		
South	62	24	86	86	86	84	77	55	72		
Totals	252	32	280	278	280	275	261	189	256		

As regards the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, the administration of the Acts in this County by the Public Health Committee of the County Council is highly efficient.

The County is divided into two areas under the charge of two Senior Inspectors, who have under them assistants, and who also have the power of appointing further temporary assistants as occasion requires. The work under the Weights and Measures Act is also under the same administration and staff.

As regards the number of samples collected, this County compares favourably, I think, with other counties. In the following table I have set forth the samples which were analysed during the year 1919, together with the results:—

	No. of Samples Sub- mitted.	No. Genuine.	No. Adulter- ated.	Cautions	Prosecu- tions.	Convictions.
Arrowroot	12	12				
Butter	67	28	39	5	34	34
Cheese	1	1				
Cocoa	3	3				
Coffee	39	39				
Corn Flour	1	1				
Dripping	3	- 3				
Flour	14	14				
Flour (Self-raising)	35	35				
Ginger (Lump)	2	2				
Ginger (Ground)	17	17				
Glycerine	5	5			45 · · · · ·	
Lard	104	104				
Margarine		19	101	3*	2*	2.
Milk Mustard	1563	1462	101	50	50	45
Ostmaal	8 26	8 26				
Doorl Dorley	5	5	-			
	59	59				
Pepper Rice	13	13 '		TAD ** PAIN		
Dies (Cround)	10	10				
Cara		1	2			
Curar	3 2 9					
Tapioca	9	2 9				
Tea	1	i			2	
Vinegar	8	4	4	3	i	1
Totals	2029	1883	146	61	87	82

<sup>\*</sup> Exposed for sale unlabelled.

### Summary of Statistics.

### AREA AND POPULATION.

No alterations have to be recorded either in the area of the Administrative County or of the constituent districts during the year.

The populations of the various districts used in calculating the birth and death-rates have again been supplied to me by the Registrar General, who points out that the death-rate population excludes all non-civilian males whether serving at home or abroad. This is necessary for the purpose of local death-rates because it has proved impossible to transfer the deaths of non-civilians to their areas of residence or to deal in any other satisfactory manner with the local mortality of this element in the population.

These estimates are based mainly upon the rationing returns supplied by the Ministry of Food.

The birth-rate population is intended to include all the elements contributing to the birth-rate. It consists, therefore, of the death-rate or civilian population plus all non-civilians enlisted from this country whether serving at home or abroad. This non-civilian element has been distributed over all the districts in the country in proportion to their estimated civilian population.

In the following table, the census population of the Administrative County for 1911, the civil population estimated to the middle of 1919, and the estimated population for the purpose of arriving at the birth-rate are set forth:—

	Census, 1911.	Estimated Population for Birth-rate middle of 1919.	Estimated Population for Death-rate middle of 1919.
Urban	464,647	492,299	472,591
Rural	205,721	210,507	202,080
Total	670,368	702,806	674,671

### BIRTHS.

The births registered in the Administrative County numbered 15,101, the number in the urban districts being 10,962, and in the rural districts, 4,139.

The mean birth-rates in the whole Administrative County and in the urban and rural districts respectively for six quinquennial periods and for the past year are shown in the following table, in which corresponding rates in England and Wales are included:—

			Br		PER 1000 LATION.	OF		
	DISTRICTS.	5 Years 1889-1893.	5 Years 1894-1898.	5 Years 1899-1903.	5 Years 1904-1908.	5 Years 1909-1913.	5 years 1914-1918	1919
Staffordshire	Combined Urban & Rural	33.6	33.2	32.5	30.3	27.8	24.0	21.5
ord	Urban	35.5	34.7	33.6	31.5	29-2	25 0	22.2
Staff	Rural	30.5	30.5	30.2	27:0	24.4	21.6	19.6
	gland and Wales	30.8	29.7	28.7	26.9	24 5	20.4	18:5
Lar	wns in England.	31.5	30.7	29.7	27.8	25.2	*20.9	19.0

\* 4 years.

### DEATHS.

The number of deaths among the civil population of the Administrative County amounted to 9,455, the number in the urban districts being 6,769, and in the rural districts 2,686.

In the following table comparative rates for six quinquennial periods and for the past year are given, together with corresponding figures for the country as a whole, and for large and small towns throughout England:—

			DEATE	-RATE PE	R 1000 of	POPULATIO	N	
		5 Years 1889-1893.	5 Years 1894-1898.	5 Years 1899-1903.	5 Years 1904-1908.		5 Years 1914-1918	191
Staffordshire	Combined Urban & Rural.	18.1	16.9	16.1	14.6	14.1	15.0	14.0
ords	Urban	18.9	17.5	16.6	15.1	14.7	15.5	14.3
taff	Rural	16.8	15.7	15.1	13.4	12.7	13.8	13.3
	gland and Wales	19.1	17.4	16.9	15.3	13.9	15.2	13.8
Lai	rge Towns	21.0	19.0	18.2	15.8	14.3	15.5	13.8
Sm	aller Towns	17.6	15.9	15.7	14.9	13.6	14.1	12.6

It will be noted that the death-rate continues to be satisfactorily low, notwithstanding the recurrence of the influenza epidemic during the first quarter of the year which was characterised by an excess of deaths from pneumonia. In addition, the number of deaths from accident this year was unusually large, owing to the pit disaster at Audley which resulted in 155 deaths. On the other hand, there has been a noticeable reduction in the deaths from zymotic diseases, which, assuming that the deaths from pneumonia, influenza, and accident had been an average number, would have reduced the death-rate, as a whole, to 12.9, compared with 13.5 in 1918 assuming that similar normal conditions had obtained in that year also.

### INFANTILE MORTALITY.

It is satisfactory to be able to record that the steady decline in infant mortality in the Administrative County during recent years has been maintained, the urban mortality this year being 96, compared with 103 the previous year, and the rural 72, compared with 83 the previous year. Having regard to this steady decline in recent years, one is justified in concluding that it is largely attributable to recent special efforts in the direction of the conserving of infant life.

### SPECIAL ZYMOTIC DEATH-RATES.

Small Pox.—It is satisfactory to be able to state that no deaths have occurred from this disease during the year, making the fifteenth year in succession without a death.

Measles.—In the Administrative County, 72 deaths occurred from measles, as compared with 186 in 1918, equal to a rate per 1,000 of the population of 0.17, as against 0.29. Of these deaths, 60 occurred in the urban districts, or 0.12 per 1,000, and 12 in the rural districts, producing a rate of 0.06 per thousand.

In the following table mean figures are given for six quinquennial periods, and figures for the past year:—

MEASLES.	5 years. 1889-1893.	5 years. 1894-1898.	5 years. 1899-1903.	5 years. 1904-1908.	5 years, 1909-1913.	5 years 1914-1918.	1919
No. of Deaths Rate per 1000		239 0·58	188 0·42	211 0·41	268 0·54	188 0·41	60 0·12
No. of Deaths Rate per 1000		69	40 0·17	39 0·19	30 0·14	37 0·18	12 0 06

Scarlet Fever.—In the Administrative County, 6 deaths occurred from scarlet fever, as compared with 12 in 1918, equal to a rate per 1,000 of the population of 0.01 respectively. Of these deaths, 5 occurred in the urban districts, or 0.01 per 1,000, and 1 in the rural districts, producing a rate of 0.00 per 1,000. In the following table mean figures are given for six quinquennial periods, and figures for the past year:—

SCARLET FEVER.	5 years. 1889-1893.	5 years. 1894-1898.	5 years. 1899-1903.	5 years. 1904-1908.	5 years 1909-1913.	5 years 1914-1918	1919
No. of Deaths Rate per 1000	76 0·19	95 0·23	87 0·19	56 0·11	43 0·08	31 0·06	5 0·01
No. of Deaths Rate per 1000	39 0·17	87 0·16	36 0·15	16 0·08	11 0·05	8 0.03	0.00

Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.— In the Administrative County, 77 deaths occurred from diphtheria and membranous croup, as compared with 98 in 1918, equal to a rate per 1,000 of the population of o'11, as against 0'15. Of these deaths, 52 occurred in the urban districts, or o'11 per 1,000, and 25 in the rural districts, producing a rate of 0'12 per 1,000. In the following table mean figures are given for six quinquennial periods, and figures for the past year:—

DIPHTHERIA.	5 years. 1889-1893.	5 years. 1894-1898.	5 years. 1899-1903.	5 years. 1904-1908.	5 years. 1909-1913.	5 years 1914.1918	1919
No. of Deaths Rate per 1000	16 0·04	79 0·19	91 0·20	84 0·16	56 0·11	9 85 0·18	52 0·11
No. of Deaths Rate per 1000	20	. 52 0·23	72 0·31	28 0·14	26 0.12	34 0·17	25 0·12

Whooping Cough.—In the Administrative County 85 deaths occurred from whooping cough, as compared with 163 in 1918, equal to a rate per 1,000 of the population of 0.12, as against 0.26. Of these deaths, 66 occurred in urban districts, or 0.14 per 1,000, and 19 in rural districts, producing a rate of 0.09 per 1,000. In the following table mean figures are given for six quinquennial periods, and figures for the past year:

WHOOPING COUGH	5 years. 1889-1893.	5 years. 1894-1898.	5 years. 1899-1903.	5 years. 1904-1908.	5 years 1909-1913.	5 years 1914-1918	1919
No. of deaths. Rate per 1000		172 0·42	152 0·34	175 0·34	132 0·27	126 0·27	66 0·14
No. of deaths Rate per 1000		54 0·24	44 0·19	42 0·20	40 0·19	30 0·15	19

Enteric Fever.—This disease, which must be looked upon as being entirely preventable, caused 6 deaths, compared with 12 in 1918, equal to a rate of o or as compared with 0.02. Of these, 2 occurred in urban districts or o oo per

1,000, and 4 in rural districts producing a rate of 0.02 per 1,000. In the following table mean figures are given for six quinquennial periods, and figures for the past year:—

ENTERIC FEVER.	5 years. 1889-1893.	5 years. 1894-1898.	5 years. 1899-1903.	5 years. 1904-1908.	5 years 1909-1913.	5 years 1914-1918	1919
No. of deaths Rate per 1000		84 0·20	71 0·16	49 0·09	24 0·05	12 0·02	2 0.00
No. of deaths Rate per 1000	- 11	19 0·08	22 0·09	6 0.03	9 0.04	4 0.02	4 0.02

Diarrhœa and Enteritis.—Until lately it has been the practice to record the diarrhœa death-rate on the basis of general population, but the Registrar-General has now taken as a basis the number of deaths from this disease among infants under two years per 1,000 births registered during the year. As it is only among infants that deaths from diarrhœa are significant from a health point of view, this new method of utilizing the figures available will, as time goes on and comparative records are extended, afford a more valuable index as to the efficacy of the preventive measures in operation.

The following are the mean rates for urban and rural areas in the Administrative County on the new basis of calculation:—Urban, 9.2; and rural, 5.0. The rates for individual areas are set forth in the detail tables at the end of this Report.

Tuberculosis.—Since February 1st, 1913, tuberculosis (both pulmonary and other forms), which had been partially notifiable previously, became universally notifiable.

In the following table figures are given showing the number of primary notifications received from medical practitioners, medical officers of institutions, and school medical inspectors during the twelve months, sub-divided as regards sex, age periods, and locality of disease.

AND PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS (No. 2), 1918. PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1912,

			1							
., 1920.	Primary Notifications by School Medical Inspectors.		Total.				3	. 2	2	3
Jan	ry Notific by School ical Inspec	10	to	15	Y		-	2	1	-
3rd	by dical	5	to	10		1	27	3	54.	2
)18, to	Prim Me		Under	o			1	1	1	1
Dec., rg			Total.				289	252	20	88
m 29th	ions.	65	up-	wards.			3	1	1	ī
s fro	stitut	55	to	65			12	8	1	3
onth	of Ins	45	to	55	1		31	16	2	ro.
e mo	cers	35	to	45			53	37	-	4
velv	11 Off	25	to	35			78	73	3	7
of to	fedica	20	to	25			44	29	2.	1.
poi	nd M	15	to	20			29	37	12	10
per:	iers a	10	to	15.			17	21	=	20
; the	tition	5	to	10			15	23	14	21
ıring	Prac	-	to	3			2	9	22	9 .
ıs dı	ns by	0	to to	-			2	-	-	ro.
ation	catio				4				:	:
tifica	Votifi		:				:	:	:	:
ry of No	Primary Notifications by Practitioners and Medical Officers of Institutions.						Males	Females	Males	Females
Summary of Notifications during the period of twelve months from 29th Dec., 1918, to 3rd Jan., 1920.			Age periods				Pulmonary Males		Non-pulm, Males	"

It is interesting to note that fewer notifications have been received this year than in 1918, and that the numbers have declined each year since notification became general, as will be seen by the following figures:—

No doubt the diminishing figures are explained by a surmise I made five years ago that the early figures would be higher than those of the succeeding few years, because they naturally would include a considerable number of cases of long standing.

TABLES.

Table showing Population, Number of Persons per Acre, Birth and Death-rates, as well as the Death-rates at all ages and among Children under 1 year, and the Death-rates from Zymotic Diseases, Phthisis, Diseases of the Respiratory Organs, &c.

URBAN.

l Sc pr	ne K	inel	Congenital De Malformation Premature Bir	0-32	90.0	1.04	1.63	08-0	1.00	0.98	1.01	0.03	1.03	99-0	0.55	0.54	0.01	0.44	62-0
	gpt,a	Вч	Nephritis and Disease.	0.32	69-0	0.56	0.38	0.16	0.22	90.0	0.00	90-0	0-28	0.44	0.36	0-21	09.0	0.44	0-39
			Alcoholism	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
		ver.	id to sizodatiO	:	0-14	:	0.04	:	:	:	:	0.11	:	:	90-0	:	0-02	:	:
	·s		Other Diseases Respiratory Or	0.32	0.14	0.13	0-11	0.24	0.02	0.21	0-26	0-23	0.18	:	0.30	0-11	0-20		:
-(	stms	oJ 11	Pneumonia, (a	1.30	1.17	0.61	2.73	1-53	1.05	1.31	2.24	2.50	2.80	0-33	0-73	0.54	1.62	0.44	0.65
			Bronchitis.	1.63	1.45	0.26	1.56	1.53	1.44	0.86	1.58	1.74	0-65	0.77	26-0	0.54	2.37	:	1.18
	3	aeu	Cancer, Malig Disease.	0.32	08-0	0-65	1.10	96-0	0.94	0.45	1.01	86-0	0-93	0.44	1.40	1.08	1.62	0.44	0.65
			Tuberculous Independent Tub	0.32	0-27	0.26	0.15	0.40	0.22	0.24	10-0	0-11	0.37	:	0-12	0-11	0.25	0.44	0.50
			Phthisis.	0.65	0.34	0.65	1.18	1.21	99-0	0.62	0.53	0.87	0.93	0.77	1.04	1-08	1.16	0.00	0-65
	Per 1000	Birthe	Diarrhosa and Enteritis (under 2 years	:	:	2.6	22.7	11-2	11.0	3.7	26.1	18.0	8.8	:	12.1	:	2.0	40.8	2.4
		-	Enteric Fever	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0.04	:	:	:	90-0	:	:	:	:
ortality.	lation.	p	Diphtheria an Croup.	:	:	:	0-04	80-0	0.58	0.12	0.04	0-11	:	0-33	0-18	0.11	0-50	:	0.13
Zymotic mortality.	of population		Whooping Cough.	:	:	0.01	:	80-0	0.28	90-0	0.13	0.52	:	:	90-0	0-43	90-0	:	:
Zym	Per 1000 o		Scarlet Fever.	:	:	:	:	:	0.02		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Per		Measles.	:	:	:	0.45	:	:	:	0-17	:	60-0	:	:	:	:	:	:
			Smallpox.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
00	OI J	od T	Mortality in a under one year registered bir	80	98	97	147	86	62	84	113	115	85	94	100	7.4	95	81	68
	n. Der	ality	General mortal	14.6	23.6	14.4	16.7	13.8	13-0	11:4	15.9	16.1	13.2	13.2	14.9	11.2	17.8	11.2	12.5
	0	001	Birth-rate per noitsluqod to	15.6	23.7	25.6	25.7	20.7	24-2	22.8	24.5	24.7	23.1	22.3	14.5	15-4	23.6	21.1	22.22
	st	1081	Yumber of pe	4.6	1.7	1-3	14.0	12.2	8.3	4.1	0-9	18.8	12.0	2.8	11.2	2.6	20.4	9.0	11.4
no	Ketimated	for	Peath-	3068	14480	7671	26276	12396	17956	33411	22696	17200	10689	8998	16361	9195	19742	2227	7601
Population at all ages	Katin	-	Birth.	3196	15084	7991	27372	12913	18705	31804	23642	17917	11135	9373	17043	9228	20565	2320	7918
4			Census 1911.	3155	14776	7422	25681	12263	16852	28586	22834	17107	12276	9012	16663	8616	20201	2403	7393
			DISTRICT.	Amblecote	Audley	Biddulph	Bilston	Brierley Hill	Brownhills	Cannock	Coseley	Darlaston	Heath Town	Kidsgrove	Leek	Lichfield	Newcastle	Perry Barr	Quarry Bank

1

Deaths occurring during the year 1919, classified according to Diseases and Localities, together with Births occurring during the year.

URBAN.

or unknown,	1	-	-	-	03	-	1	10	-		-	67		1		
Diseases ill-defined		-	1-	-	20	-	10	-	10					-	. 8	
Other Defined Diseases.	20	. 54	37	94	43	64	105	1.	65	28	35	76	33	7.4		22
Suicides.	-	-	:	00	-	6.1	4	63	00	:	0.1	6.5	-	-	. :	63
Violent Deaths, excluding Suicide.		160	9	9	80	00	21	17	10	5		60	20	=	-	00
Congenital Debility and Malformation, including Prematury Birth.	1	14	80	43	10	18	33	23	16	=	9	a	9	18	-	9
Other Accidents & Diseases of Pregnancy & Parturition.	:	:	1	60	1		4	:	:	:	-	:	1	60	:	:
Puerperal Fever.	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	63	:	- 03	-	:	0.1	:	:
Nephritis and Bright's Disease.	1	10	64	10	0.1	*	64	c3	1	8	4	9	63	12	-	60
Alcoholism.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Cirrhosis of Liver.	:	63	:	-	- ;	:	:	:	64	:	:	-	:	-	:	:
Appendicitis and Typhlitis.	1	:	63	6	63	1	63	1	:	:	1	:	:	*	:	:
Diarrhoea and Enteritis under 2 years	4:	:	. 61	16	. 63	20	89	15	00	-	•	69	•	-	61	-
Other Diseases of Respiratory Organs.	1	63	-	60	60	-	7	9	4	04	:	29	-	*	:	:
Pneumonia (all forms).	4	17	7	72	10	19	44	51	43	30	60	12	5	32	-	2
Bronchitis.	10	21	64	41	19	26	29	36	30	1-	-1	16	5	47	:	0
Organic Heart Disease,	4	12	9	30	17	18	37	13	20	11	10	30	10	36	03	7
Meningitis.	-	1	04	1	64	*	1	:	63	:	:	63	:	. 03	:	:
Eheumatic Fever.	:	:	:	:	-	60	-	-	:	:	:	-	:	-	:	:
Cancer, Malignant Disease.	1	13	5	29	12	17	15	23	17	10	4	23	10	32	1	5
Other Tuberculous Diseases.		4	61	60	0.1	1	4	1	1	0.1	:	:	1	63	1	0.3
Tuberculous Meningitis.	-	:	:	-	63	83	4	:	1	64	:	0.3	:	00	:	:
Phthisis (Pulmonary Tuberculosis).	64	5	5	31	15	12	21	12	15	10	7	17	10	23	04	5
Influenza. Erysipelas.		23	16	33	6	22	33	24	. 8	18	30 1	28		37 1	.:	21
Croup,								-						**		-
Diphtheria and	:	:	:		1	5 5	4	3 1	9	:	60	00	1	4	:	-
Whooping Cough.	:	:		:		-3				:	:				:	:
Scarlet Fever,	:		:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Measles.	:	:	:	12	:	:	:	4	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:
Smallpox.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Enteric Fever.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:
Deaths under I year.	4	3 31	1 20	104	23	5 28	3 67	9 65	1 51	1 22	9 16	4 27	3 11	2 46		3 12
Deaths from all causes.	45	843	Ξ	410	171	235	383	316	192	3 141	119	244	3 103	352	25	3 93
Births.	50	358	202	704	268	453	794	574	443	258	209	247	148	485	49	176
	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	Quarry Bank
101		:		:	H	lla.	:	:		OWI		:	:	10	TT.	3an
DISTRICT.	Amblecote		Biddulph	Bliston	Brierley Hill	Brownhills	ck	Coseley.	Darlaston	Heath Town	Kldsgrove	Leek	Lichfield .	Newcastle	Petry Barr	7
Die	pple	Audley	Idu	sto	[er]	OWI	Cannock	sele	rla	sati	dsa	ok	chf	WC	TTY	IN
	An	Au	Bic	Bi	Br	Br	5	S	Ä	H	K	L	F	Z	Pe	5
the second second																

# URBAN-confinned.

4			nital Debilit mation incl ture Birth,	Malfor	0.84	1.47	0.87	0.10	1.47	0.48	08-0	99-0	1.13	1.44	0.82	86-0	0.77	0-83	0.68	10.0	:
	8	, 1 <b>ų</b> 2	itis and Brig	Nephri	0-32	0.21	0.18	0.40	0-22	20-0	:	0-13	0.19	0.15	0.61	0.52	0.15	0.15	0-13	0.00	:
			.msilo	Alcoho	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0-03	:	90.0	:		:	00.0	:
			sis of Liver.	Cirrho	0-02	0.21	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0-03		:	:	:		60-0	:
		.81	Diseases of atory Organ		0-11	0.21	0.31	0-23	0.23	0.18	0.50	:	0.37	0-21	0-50	0.13	0.31	0.10	0.03	0.16	
	-(1	smı	ol IIs) sinon	Pneun	1.28	0-42	1.37	2.11	0.81	1-04	1-00	1.19	0-37	2.02	0.01	1.71	4-01	1.81	84.0	1.49	
1			hitis.	Brone	1.33	2.32	1.06	1.87	2-06	1-19	1.00	1.46	92-0	0.80	0.82	1.77	0.77	1-14	2.32	1.37	:
-		7	r, Malignan se.	Cancel	0.81	0.84	0.44	0-23	96-0	0.75	2.01	1-33	1.32	86-0	1-43	86-0	0-46	86-0	0.02	0.02	
			culous Men ther Tuberc ses.		0.35	0.21	0.12	0.47	0.36	0.56	:	0-26	:	0.21	0-41	0.50	19-0	0.50	20-0	0-22	:
			.sis.	БРСРІ	0-73	0.42	1.00	0.40	0.81	0.03	1-41	0.03	0.37	68-0	1-64	92.0	0.02	88-0	0.64	0.83	:
	la de	1000	hosa and itis r S years).	Enter	8.9	2.6	<b>':</b>	:	8.4	:	10-0	:	13.1	18.3	10-4	9-6	:	4.6	6.3	6.5	12.2
		-	ic Fever.	Enter	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	00-0	0.01
	rtality.	stion,	heria and	Dipht	0-02	:	0.18	:	0.52	0.45	:	0-13	:	0-03	:	0.03	:	90-0	20-0	0-11	0-14
	ymotic mortality.	population,	ping ping	Cough	0-11	:	0.55	1.40	0.14	0-03	:	:	:	0.15	:	0.10	:	:	0.57	0.14	0-07
		1000 of	et Fever.	Scarle	:	:	:	:	20-0	:	:	:	:	0-03	:	:	:	:	20-0	10-0	0.04
1		Per 100	les.	Measl	0.32	0.84	:	:	:	:	:	0.53	:	0.51	0.50	0.16	0.46	0.36	:	0-12	0-13
	1		.xodl	[] Small	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0-00
	000	EL J	ality in child r one year p tered births	epun	89	116	86	118	118	80	20	78	62	1114	93	101	116	84	80	96	63
	26	n. n	tiletrom ler oitelugog to	Gene	14-1	15.1	12.0	16.4	14.2	13.1	14.9	14.6	13.0	15-1	13.5	14.0	17.3	13.3	12.5	14.3	13.8
		00	orate per 10. pulation.	Birth of po	22.5	20.8	21.5	24.7	25.0	17.0	19.3	23.5	13.7	25.7	18.9	22.0	20.3	21.3	8.02	25.22	19-0
		su	ber of perso	Mum per a	9.6	7.5	4-1	4.0	0.9	7.8	4.6	26.4	÷.60	14.9	4.6	13.5	2.2	15.1	5.4	5.6	•
5		ated	Death-	rate.	36749	4744	15971	4268	13611	26698	4966	7520	5301	32555	4872	30329	6474	19286	29280	172591	:
Pomilation	at all ages.	Estimated	Birth	rate.	38282	4942	16637	4446	14179	27811	5173	7834	6522	33913	5075	31594	6744	20090	30501	192299	:
p,	at		Census 1911.		37000	4204	16527	4075	13559	26692	2688	7738	5381	31756	5717	28103	6488	18844	27335	464647 492299 472591	:
			DISTRICT.		Rowley Regis	Rugeley	Sedgley	Short Heath	Smallthorne	Stafford	Stone	Camworth	rettenhall	Elpton	Uttoxeter	Wednesbury	Wednesfield	Willenhall	Wolstanton	Totals and Averages	96 large townsin England.

URBAN-continued.

	1															
Diseases ill-defined or unknown			-		-	:	-	:	:	*		03	100	-	-	2
Other Defined Diseases.	134	22	71	20	41	1117	26	35	22	128	21	115	27	67	91	67,1772
Suicides.	4	-	64	-	-	64	:	-	:	. 00	-	9		*	4	22
Violent Deaths, excluding Suicide.	12	*	-	61	20	0	-	60	:	24	1	10	60	1	10	355
Congenital Debility and Malformation, including Premature Birth.	31	7	14	00	20	13	4	5	9	47	4	30	2	16	20	447
Other Accidents & Diseases of Pregnancy & Parturition.		:	:	:	61	1	:	:	:	80	:	60	1	64	60	82 22
Puerperal Fever.	0.3		-	:	-	-	:	:	:	. 65	-	-	:	:	-	101
Nephritis and Bright's Disease.	12		60	63	60	23	:	1	-	5	60	16	1		*	123
Alcoholism.	:	<b>ARREST</b>	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	63	:	:	:	1 00
Cirrhosis of Liver.	61	-	:	:		:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	1 =
Appendicitis and Typhlitis.	:	1	1	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	-	63	-	-	60	28
Diarrhosa and Enteritis under 2 years.	2			•	00	:	1	-		16	1	7	:	01	4	101
Other Diseases of Respiratory Organs.	4	-	20	-	60	10	1	:	03	7	1	4	63	63	-	7.0
Paeumonia (all torms).	47	63	22	6	=	82	5	0	64	99	63	52	26	35	23	704
Bronchitis.	49	11	17	80	28	32	5	11	4	20	4	54	52	22	68	647
Organic Heart Disease.	30	4	13	63	21	833	6	10	12	24	4	26	7	18	35	1119
Meningitis.	.00	-	1	:	03	03	:	:	:	2	:	-	-	63	9	43
Rheumatic Fever.	. 60	:	:	:	:	-	:	1	:	-	:	-	:	03	-	17
Cancer, Malignant Disease.	30	4	1	-	13	20	10	10	-	32	7	30	00	19	28	438
Other Tuberculous Diseases,	-	1	1	1	4	70	:	0.3	:	4	1	1	0.3	5	64	88
Tuberculous Meningitis.	9	:	-	-	-	01	:	:	:	60	1	63	61	:	:	89
Phthisis (Pulmonary Tuberculosis).	27	64	16	9	=	25	-	-	61	29	80	23	9	17	19	394
Erysipelas.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	. :	:	63	:	:	-	1 1
Influenza.	91	4	17	6	13	39	60	10	10	44	63	22	16	18	30	645
Diphtheria and Croup.	64	:	60	:	60	12	:	1	:	-	:	-	:	-	63	52
Whooping Cough.	4	:	4	9	63	-	:		h :	10	:	80	:	:	00	99
Scarlet Fever.	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	03	1 10
Measles.	12	*	:	:	:	:	:	4	:	1-	-	5	63	7	:	60
Smallpox.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1 :
Enteric Fever.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	61
Deaths under I year.	77	12	31	13	42	40	7	14	9	100	6	73	16	36	19	1058
Deaths from all causes.	520	72	207	70	193	350	74	110	69	493	99	427	112	257	367	6269
. Births.	862	103	358	110	355	498	100	184	76	873	96	724	137	420	. 636	10962 6769 1058
DISTRICT.	Rowley Regis	Rugeley	Sedgley	Short Heath	Smallthorne	Stafford	Stone	Lamworth	Tettenhall	Lipton	Uttoxeter	Wednesbury	Wednesfield	Willenhall	Wolstanton	Totals

											RURAL.	.74												36
	P	Population	=	u	10		000			Zymoti	ic mortality.	ality.										-		-p
	3	all age	8	06190	000	·no	1 190		Per 1	Per 1000 of 1	population	ion.		Per 1000			que				.79			njou
		for	r	d 19d	)I 190	italu	d res		10	.19				s). (s			uSil		IIE)		Liv			i 'uo
District.	Census 1911.	Birth-	Death- rate.	Mean area lin acres.	Birth-rate p	General mo	Mortality in under one y registered b	Smallpox.	Measles.	Scarlet Fev	Whooping Cough.	Diphtheria and Croup.	Enteric Fer	Diarrhosa, o	Phthisis.	Tuberculou and other T Diseases.	Cancer, Ma Disease.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia forms).	Other Dises Respiratory	Cirrhosis o	Alcoholism	Nephritis a Disease,	Congenital Malformati ing Premat
Blore Heath	2287	2185	2008	9.9	21.5	6-6	42	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0.47	:	1.42	1.42	:	:	:	:	:	:
Cannock	19786	20014	19213	2:7	21.1	15.8	94	:	90-0	:	:	0-21	:	2.3	84.0	0.47	1.24	1.04	1.24	:	0.10	:	0.41	0.93 .
Cheadle	26706	26662	25595	2.1	21.4	13.4	77	:	:	:	0-15	10-0	0.04	3.5	89-0	0.22	1.21	1.05	82.0	0.31	:	:	0-31	0.40
Gnosall	4765	4604	4420	9.9	16-0	16.3	121	:	0-22	:	:	:	:	0.72	0.52	0.45	06-0	1.35	89-0	89-0	:	:	:	0-45
Kingswinford	20803	22008	21127	0.5	23.6	12.0	75	:	0.04	:	0-04	:	:	9.11	0.85	0.23	99-0	06-0	1.46	0.19	:	:	0-42	0.56
Leek	15487	15708	15079	4.6	23.7	13.4	49	:	90-0	:	0.50	0.50	:	6.3	99-0	0.53	1.32	66-0	1.26	0-13	:	:	0-26	0.29
Lichfield	28718	30244	29032	2.4	17.4	12.5	83	:	0.10	:	0-07	0-13	0.03	8.8	0.44	0.27	0-93	1.58	0-93	0-13	:	:	0-24	0.58
Mayfield	3915	3849	3692	9.9	18.7	15.9	69	:	:	:	:	:	:	27.7	0.24	0.54	1.62	1-08	1.35	:	:	:	99-0	0.54
Newcastle	6410	6015	5774	3.4	18.4	12.8	18	:	0.62	:	:	:	:	:	0.34	:	1.04	1.04	69-0	0.34	0-17	:	0.52	1.04
Selsdon	15074	16354	15699	2.7	16.1	0.11	53	:	:	:	90-0	:	:	8.8	19-0	0.44	0.82	29.0	0.51	90-0	:	:	0.19	0.38
Shifnal	798	883	848	6.4	13.6	0.4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		i	:	:	:	:	:
Stafford	8468	8806	8453	6.4	19.0	16.8	69	:	:	:	:	0.35	0-12	:	0-83	0.23	1.30	0.83	1.18	0.35	:	:	0.20	1.06
Stoke-on-Trent	4774	4970	4771	9.0	25.5	14.2	63	:	:		0.84	0.51	0-21	:	0-63	0.21	0-63	1.05	2.51	:	:	:	0-63	0.63
Stone	14387	13949	13391	0.9	14.8	15-1	63	:	20-0	. :	20.0	0-44	:	:	0.20	0.30	0.89	1.20	69.0	0.52	20-0	:	0.30	0.22
Tamworth	5113	5920	5683	8.8	16.9	12.8	00	:	:	:	:	0.35	:	:	0.40	0-17	1.05	1.58	1.76	0.35	:	:	0.52	0.35
Tutbury	1806	8365	8030	62	16.5	12.3	99	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0-62	:	1.74	0-62	0.20	0.37	:	:	0.12	0.62
Uttoxeter	8152	7303	7011	8.9	16.7	11.8	16	:	0.14	0.14	:	:	:	:	0-42	0.28	0.57	0-57	0.28	:	:	:	0.57	0.28
Walsall	10001	12668	12161	6-0	22.3	11.6	98	:	:	:	0.54	80-0	:	9-01	0.74	0.33	0.74	86-0	0-41	80-0	:	:	0.54	1.39
Totals and Averages	205721	210507 202080	202080	3.1	19-6	13-3	63	:	90-0	0.00	60-0	0.12	0-03	0-9	0-61	0.30	1.02	1.05	0.02	0-19	0.05	:	0.33	0.65
												-								-	-	-		

Diseases ill-defined or unknown,	1:	1	1	:	00	03	63	:	:	1	:	:	:	1	:	1	:	1	13
Other Defined Diseases.	-60	104	100	29	75	46	66	16	21	62	60	20	16	67	18	33	39	#	825
Suicides.	1	61	:	:	4	63	00	:	-	-	:	-	:	:	:	:	-		15
Violent Deaths, excluding Suicide.		13	10	6.1	00	00	20		4	5		*		9	*	-	-	*	08
Congenital Debility and Malformation, including Fremature Birth.	:	18	18	67	12	0	17	63	9	9	:	. 6	3	8	61	.0	03	17	131
Other accidents & Diseases o Pregnancy & Parturition.	:	60	63	:	:	:	1	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	-:	1	:	00
Puerperal Fever.	:	-	00	:	63	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	1 00
Nephritis and Bright's Disease.	:	80	80	:	6	4	7	61	63	63	:	5	63	4	60	-	*	60	67
Alcoholism.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1:
Typhiitis. Cirrhosis of Liver.	:	63	:	:	_:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	_	:		:	:	1 4
Appendicitis and	:	23	61	:	6 22	.: :	63	1	:	-	:	-	:	:	-	:	:	-	14
Diarrhosa and Enteritis under 2 years	-		61	-		64	6.1	63	•	-	•	•	:	:	:	:	:	60	12
Other Diseases of Respiratory Organs.	:	:	80	80	4	63	*	:	63	-	:	60	:	1-	63	00	:	-	40
Pneumonia (all forms).	:	62	20	00		119	52	5	4	80	:	10	12	8	10	4	0.1	2	192
Bronchitis.	63	20	27	9	19	15	46	*	9	6	:	-	5	16	6	10	7	12	213
Organic Heart Disease	-0	21	65	12	63	22	30	12	1-	26	:	15	00	21	4	13	12	14	277
Meningitis.	:	-	00	-	00	60	:	:	:	63	:	:	60	:	63	63	:	4	2.4
Rheumatic Fever.	:	:	63	:	1	-	-	1	:	:	:	:	1	04	:	:	1	63	12
Cancer, Malig- nant Disease.	8	24	31	4	14	20	27	9	9	13	:	11	63	12	9	14	4	0	207
Other Tuberculous Diseases.		7-	1	1	01	5	œ	1	:	4	:	63	:	8		:	1	-	36
Tuberculous Meningitis.	:	63	10	1	65	60	:	1	:	60	:	:	-	-	-	:	-	00	25
Phthisis (Pulmonary Tuberculosis).	1	15	15	1	18	10	13	63	01	00		1-	60	00	4	5		6	124
Erysipelas.	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	-	:	:	. :	1 00
Influenza.	9	30	47	4	15	62	44	4	1	17	60	12	60	35	4	12	20	70	276
Diphtheria and Croup.	:	*	1	:	:	00	4	:	:	:	:	60	1	9	63	:	:	1	25
Whooping Cough.			4	:	1	65	6.3	:	:	1	:	:	4	1	:			63	19
Scarlet Fever	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	-
Measles.	:	1	:	-	-	-	63	:	63		:			1	:	:	-	:	12
Smallpox.	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Enteric Fever.	:	:	-	:	:,	:	1	:	:	:	:	-	-	:	:	:	:	:	-
Deaths under I year.	63	32	4.	6	39	252	44	9	6	14	:	10	00	13	0	6	C1	27	301
Deaths from all	21	304	344	72	255	203	365	59	7.7	173	9	142	68	203	-13	66	833	142	2686
Births.	47	422	571	7.4	521	67.50	528	72	111	264	12	168	127	207	100	138	122	283	4139 2686
	-:		:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:-	:	t	:	:_	:	:	:	:
+		:	:	:	rd.	:	:	:	:	:	:.0	:	ren	:	: 5	:	:	:	1 :
RIG	ent	:	:	:	Info	:	d		tle	:		-	T-10	:	rth		ter	:	Totals,
DISTRICT.	Blore Heath	Cannock.	Cheadle	Gnosall	Kingswinford	Leek	Lichfield	Mayfield.	Newcastle	Selsdon	Shifnal	Stafford	Stoke-on-Trent	Stone	Tamworth	Tutbury	Uttoxeter	Walsall	To
	B	8	5	Gn	Ki	Le	I	ME	Z	Se	25	St	SE SE	ss	H	E	D	=	

Table showing the number of cases of certain Infectious Diseases notified in each sanitary area during the year 1919, and the Attack-Rates per 1000 of the population.

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Polin-	myelitis Cases.	:					1	61		1	:	-					
Oerebro-	Fever Cases.						9				1	1:					:
Continued	Fever Cases.		:	:	:		:						:	/:-			:
velas.	Rate.	:	:	16-0	0-04	0.16	99-0	0.33	0.93	0-23	0-28	0-11	0-43	0.54	0.30	:	. :
Erysipelas.	Chees.	:	:	-	1	63	10	111	21	•	00	1	1	9	9	:	:
peral er.	Rate.	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	10-0	90-0	60-0	:	:	:	:	:	0-13
Puerperal Fever.	Cases.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	1	:	:	:	:	:	1
Enteric Fever.	Rate.	:	0.14	:	:	:	:	:	0-04	:	0.28	0-11	:	:	:	:	
Enterle Fever.	Cases.	:	01	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	60.	1	:	:	:	:	:
heria,	Rate.	:	1.52	:	0.46	0.80	1.95	1.53	60-0	0-17	00-0	1:11	1-41	92.0	1.01	:	1.18
Diphtheria,	Cases.	:	033	:	120	=	35	19	03	60	1	10	23	7	20	:	6
rlet er.	Cases, Rate.	:	0.83	0.65	66-0	0.65	1.50	0-33	99-0	0.93	1.68	3-33	2.51	0-22	19-0	0.00	0.53
Scarlet Fever.	Cases.	:	12	10	5.6	80	27	11	15	16	18	30	41	63	12	64	4
-pox.	Rate.	:		:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			
Small-pox.	Cases.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Estimated Civil Population	middle of 1919.	3008	14480	1671	26276	12396	17956	83411	22696	17200	10689	8008	16361	9195	19742	. 2227	1092
The state of the s		Amblecote	Andley	Biddulph	Bilston	Brietley Hill	Brownhills	Cannock	Coseley	Darlaston	Heath Town	Kidsgrove	Leek	Lichfield	Newcastle	Perry Barr	Quarry Bank

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Pollo-	Cases.	1				:	,	:			•	•		:	:	:
Cerebro-	Fever Cases,	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:		:	:		63	
Continued	Cases.	:			:		:									
elas.	Rate.	0.33	:	0.63	0-23	0.44	0-19	0.40	0.40	0-10	0-34	0-21	0.82	0.15	90-0	0.34
Erystpelas.	Cases.	122	:	10	-	9	13	64	69	-	=======================================	1	25	1	1	10
eral	Rate.	0-03	:	0.13	:	0.07	0.07	:	:	:	0.03	:	20-0	:	:	:
Puerperal Fever.	Cases.	-	:	61	:	-	63	:	:	:	1	:	01	:	:	:
orio	Rate.	:	:	:	:	:	0.04	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Enterio Fever.	C3.868.	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
leria.	Rate.	0.33	0.42	1.50	0.47	1.47	3.71	4.83	99-0	0.10	0.15	:	0.63	0.15	0-21	0-65
Diphtheria.	Cases.	12	01	24	63	20	66	24	10	1	2	:	10	1	*	10
let er.	Rate.	0.52	0.63	2.07	:	2.35	1.12	1.21	0.27	1.13	0.55	4.31	1.35	1.08	0.31	5.50
Scarlet Fever.	Cases,	80	60	33	:	32	30	9	63	9	18	21	41	1	9	67
pox.	Rate.	0.03	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:		:	:	:	:
Small-pox.	Chees.	-	:	:		-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Estimated Civil	in the middle of 1919.	36749	4744	15971	4268	13611	26698	4966	7520	1089	32555	4872	30329	6474	19286	29280
District		Rowie; Regis	Rugeley	Sedgley	Short Heath	Smallthorne	Stafford	Stone	Tamworth	Tettenhall	Tipton 1	Uttoxeter	Wednesbury	Wednesfield	Willenhall	Wolstanton

# Table showing the number of cases of certain Infectious Diseases notified in each sanitary area.

# RURAL.

	1																		
Polio-	Cases,		:	01				1	:		•	•	•			•	:	:	:
Cerebro-	Fever Cases,	:		1			1				:	:			:	:	:	:	8
Continued	Cases,	:		:					:	:		:	:		:	:	:		:
elas.	Rate	:	0.36	0-35	:	60-0	0.50	0-24	0.27	:	0-19	:	0.12	0.42	0.37	0.53	0-12	0-43	0.16
Erysipelas,	Съвея.	:	1-	6	:	63	60	-	-	:	æ	:	1	61	ıc.	69	1	60	61
er.	Rate.	0-48	0.10	0.12	:	:	:	:	0.27	:	:	:	0.24	:	:	:	:	:	0.16
Puerperal Fever.	Cases.	1	61	8	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	63	:	:	:	:	:	63
er.	Rate.	:	:	1.76	:	:	:	0.03	:		:	:	0-12	:	:	:	:	:	:
Enterle Fever.	Cases.	:	:	45	:	:	0	-	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:
neria.	Rate.	:	1.61	2.58	:	:	1.59	3.93	:	0.35	0.57	:	2.98	2.72	2.76	02.0	1.00	98-0	0.08
Diphtheria.	Cases.		29	99	:	:	24	114	:	61	6	:	25	13	37	4	60	9	1
let er.	Rate.	1.43	0.10	1.68	2.49	0.33	1.53	1.17	0.27	2.45	1.53	:	1.66	0.84	0.75	0.18	1.00	87.78	1.48
Scarlet Fever.	Cases. Rate.	65	63	43	111	7	23	34	-	14	24	:	14	4	10	1	80	16	18
pox.	Cases. Rate.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Small-pox,	Chscs.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Estimated	in the middle of 1919.	2098	19213	25595	4450	21127	15079	29032	3695	5774	15699	848	8453	4771	13391	5683	8030	1104	12161
	DISTRICT.	Blore Heath	Cannock	Cheadle	Gnosall	Kingswinford	Leek	Lichfield	May fleld	Newcastle	Selsdon	Shifnal	Stafford	Stoke-on-Trent	Stone	Tamworth	Tutbury	Uttoxeter	Walsall

SUMMARY OF HOUSING NEEDS FROM DISTRICT RETURNS.

District.		Number of Working Class Houses in the District.	Number required to relieve over- crowding and replace unfit houses, &c.	Council's Scheme
URBAN.				
Amblecote		643	25	24
4 . 31		2900	40	20
n: 11.1-1-b		1380	200	200
1917 1		4517	1695	1695
Brierley Hill		2400	543	90
Brownhills	*	3243	250	250
01-		5610	1206	850
0 1		4500	964	500
T 1 1 1	*	3600	536	132
Heath Town		2549	741	300
¥71.3		1758	500	500
		3884	250	242
Leek Lichfield		679	44	50
	*	2500	744	360
Perry Barr		383	64	64
Quarry Bank		1535	623	226
Rowley Regis		6685	900	900
40 1		796	106	124
0 1.1		3156	1251	1250
Short Heath		920	87	90
Smallthorne		ncon	. 150	150
		5000	440	440
Stafford		626	150	128
Stone		1404	150	30
Tamworth		1091	60	60
Tettenhall	-	6-00	327	190
Tipton		907	180	180
Uttoxeter Wednesbury		5077	1370	241
Wednesfield		tann	150	148
Willenhall		2527	1859	1859
Wolstanton		1920	400	400
Wolstanton		1000	100	
		87832	16005	11693
RURAL.		415	30	95
Blore Heath		4008 4008		30
Cannock	**	4822	507 304	507
Cheadle	-	915	80	304 80
Gnosall		3532	212	212
Kingswinford	-	1850	358	358
Leek		1.130	500	300
Lichfield	-	500	9	9
Mayfield		1017	56	56
Newcastle		2290	453	206
Seisdon	-	1521	72	90
Stafford	-	967	61	20
Stoke	-	75-10	230 -	210
Stone	-	7,007	187	200
Tamworth	-	1707	65	65
Tutbury	-	0=0	45	45
Uttoxeter	-	3275	140	140
Walsall	-			
		39929	3309	2832
Totals Combined U. and	P.	. 128660	19314	14525

# Particulars relating

					Infants h	orn in 1919.	
	ion 9.		Bi	rths.		1000	
District.	Civil Population Estimated at middle of 1919.			Notified.		First V	isits.
	Civil J Estimi middle	Registered.	Alive.	Premature.	Stillborn.	Expectant . Mothers, (4)	Children.
URBAN. AUDLEY	. 7671 17956 10689 8998 9195 2227 7601 4744 15971 4208 13611 7520 4872	358 205 453 258 209 148 49 176 103 358 110 355 184 96 137 429	340 128 448 267 211 134 40 178 87 378 111 354 161 90 123 392	5 7 5 4 6 2 -5 -6 6 14 2 2 4 7	10 	88 	334 142 388 274 221 136 58 190 91 380 118 349 71 85 123 412
RURAL. BLORE HEATH CHEADLE GNOSALL LEEK MAYFIELD NEWCASTLE STAFFORD STOKE-ON-TRENT STONE TAMWORTH TUTBURY UTTOXETER WALSALL PARISHES. BLYMHILL AND WESTON	25595 4420 15079 3695 5774 8453 4771 13391 5683 8030 7011 12161	47 571 74 372 72 111 168 127 207 100 138 122 283	22 376 34 341 56 86 129 93 171 30 56 59 265	3 5 6 1 3 5 1 10 3 1 1 3	1 16 1 7 1 2 2 1 3 4 1 - 9	32 174 19 11 47 15 78 - 93 24 16 28 64	22 315 43 330 63 100 98 72 148 126 41 73 304
Dudley Castle Hill	292584	6032	5171	117	159	- 1159	5117

# Maternity and Infa

# to the work during the

Revis	sits.	Total V	isits.		on Visiting I ad of 1919.
Expectant Mothers. (6)	Children.	Expectant Mothers. (8)	Children.	Under One Year.	One Year under fiv
1 42 4 44 2 — 40 15 — 66 52 12 25	808 483 2944 3249 143 1386 161 1531 997 2769 724 1535 468 110 1213 2120	1 130 4 7! 8 242 12 90 31 — 99 78 47 48	1142 625 3332 — 364 1492 219 1721 1088 3149 842 1884 1211 624 1336 2552	316 121 445 228 188 172 55 162 84 601 106 318 71 89 105 746	608 24 891 369 341 125 34 299 134 338 196 468 139 117 214 859
52 227 23 3 98 23 187 	232 1991 117 1392 293 864 913 122 761 355 162 735 1972	83 135 42 14 165 38 254 — 145 75 16 131 131	254 2306 488 1722 356 964 222 194 1399 832 345 915 2276	22 300 58 293 55 84 72 72 72 193 36 49 54 236	40 614 89 485 88 142 136 130 239 90 63 116 392
1185	30576	2090	34890	5342	7785

<sup>†</sup> Districts or parts of districts worked by emergency

# nt Welfare.

# year ending 31st December, 1919.

ist	Death	s and Re	movals of during	Children 1919.	on Visitin	ng List		Welfa	are Centre.	
		er ten ys.	Over ten under o	days and ne year.	One ye	ear and r five.	No. on l	books.	Total No. of	Attendances.
and	Deaths (12)	Re- movals (13)	Deaths (14)	Re- movals (15)	Deaths (16)	Re- movals (17)	Expectant Mothers. (18)	Children.	Expectant Mothers. (20)	Children.
	7 3 5 5 2 - 5 4 11 5 11 2 5 1 8	2 - 1 1 - - - 1 3 -	12 4 16 13 11 3 2 3 8 20 3 30 10 2 10 9	6 3 7 	3 19 6 8 3 -6 2 20 1 10 8 2 7 19	14 9 -8 43 2 14 6 20 2 9 2 2 35	- - - - 6 - - 39 - 13 - - 2 20 - 8	116   162  60 19 138	6  50  44 150  27	499    639   1020 230 761
	12 5 1 2 6 - 2 2 1 12	- - - - - 1 - - - - -	16 6 6 3 1 3 - 1 1 1 8	9 6 5 3 1 3 - 8 3 1 8 7	17 -3 1 4 -4 5 2 	17 4 5 2 1 5 1 6 2 4 7 9	- - - 3 - - - 4 -	63 	15     44 	317 — — 143 — 130 — — —
	117	10	203	144	155	231	95	666	336	3849

nurses.

No. of cases of insanitary conditions reported to Medical Officer of Health.	No. of Health Visitors.	
	Whole- time. (23)	Part- time.) (24
10 2 195 1 3 34 3 11 25 13 21 2 13 25	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
1 30 3 44 — 4 5 5 5 2 1 182	- - 2 - - - - - - - - 1	1 6† 2† 
Ξ	=	1 _
635	17	39