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#### **Contributors**

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CITY OF ST. ALBANS



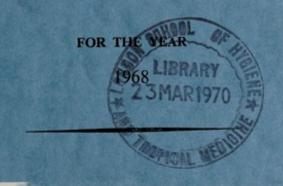
# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH CARL BURNS, M.B., Ch.B., D.C.H., D.P.H.

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR R. E. C. GODDARD, F.A.P.H.I., F.R.S.H





CITY OF ST. ALBANS ST. ALBANS RURAL DISTRICT HARPENDEN URBAN DISTRICT ELSTREE RURAL DISTRICT

With the Compliments
of the
Medical Officer of Health

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT
BLEAK HOUSE
CATHERINE STREET
ST. ALBANS

Telephone: ST. ALBANS 59211 Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2018 with funding from Wellcome Library

#### ST. ALBANS CITY

#### HEALTH AND PROTECTION COMMITTEE

Councillor J. Farrelly, (Chairman)

Alderman Dr. E. Toms, M.A.,

Councillor K. S. Hill,

Councillor E. H. Hodges,

Councillor I. A. Parry, M.B.E.

Councillor J. G. Pyne,

Councillor D. Ripley,

Councillor H. C. B. Sampson,

Councillor D. R. Stuckey,

Councillor P. A. Wincott,

Councillor G. C. Woollatt, (Vice Chairman)

#### PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

- C. Burns, M.B., Ch.B., D.C.H., D.P.H. Medical Officer of Health
- P. B. M. O'Reilly, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
  Deputy Medical Officer of Health
  - R. E. C. Goddard, F.A.P.H.I., F.R.S.H. Chief Public Health Inspector
    - L. A. Croft, M.A.P.H.I., M.R.S.E. Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector
    - F. W. P. Harmsworth, M.A.P.H.I., A.R.S.H., H. Sumner, M.A.P.H.I., A.R.S.H.,
      - A. Swain (Appointed October Resigned February 1969)
        Public Health Inspectors
        - J. D. Curzon, B.Sc., A.R.C.S., F.R.I.C. Public Analyst
        - Mrs. S. M. Robinson (Resigned February)
          Miss R. Pope (Appointed March)
          Secretary

Miss Jones (Resigned August)
Clerk

R. H. Fox
Public Health Assistant

#### REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Divisional Health Office,
Bleak House,
Catherine Street,
St. Albans.

St. Albans: 59211

To: The Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the City of St. Albans.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report on the Health of the City of St. Albans for 1968.

I am happy as in previous years to be able to report that the general health of the area remains good. The crude death rate rose slightly from 10.3 in 1967 to 11.2 per 1,000 of the estimated population in 1968. The comparable death rate which is corrected to allow for the population structure of the area as compared with the rest of the country was 11.8 compared with the rate for the whole of England and Wales of 11.9. As in previous years the major causes of death were the degenerative and the malignant diseases particularly cardio-vascular disease which was the largest single cause of death. More detailed comment on this appears in the body of this report.

The falling trend in the birth rate continued with a drop from 16.8 live births per 1,000 population in 1967 to 15.2 in 1968. This is in line with the national trend and is no doubt associated with the availability of more effective forms of contraception.

During the summer a large scale campaign to vaccinate the age group 4 - 7 years against measles was undertaken and at the time of writing it appears that this has been successful in substantially reducing the incidence of the disease. Fuller details will be given in my next annual report.

As in previous years, my thanks are due to the many people, both within the Public Health Department and in other agencies, without whose co-operation the work of the Department would have been impossible. It is worth referring in this connection to the fact that, in addition to being the City Council's Medical Officer of Health I am also, as the County Council's Divisional Medical Officer for the St. Albans Division, responsible for the day to day administration locally of the County's Health and Welfare Services. This has considerable advantages in that many problems, which concern for example the housing department, or the public health inspectorate are also well known to the County Council's nursing, health visiting or social work services and my dual role enables me to act as co-ordinator of the various services involved. For this purpose, case conferences are held each quarter, at which representatives of the various departments concerned meet under my chairmanship to discuss common problems and co-ordinate a common approach to them.

Finally I should like to express my gratitude to you Mr. Mayor, and Ladies and Gentlemen for the interest you have taken in the work of the Department throughout the year and for all the help and consideration you have given to myself and my staff.

Your obedient servant,

CARL BURNS, Medical Officer of Health

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and to cometical entire the property of the superty of the fact of the

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# STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Registrar General's Estimate of Resident Area (in acres)	previous year		52 560 5,129
Number of Inhabited houses on the Rate B Dwelling Houses Shops with living accommodation Licensed Premises with living accom			16,341 250 70
Children and the control of the con-			16,661
Rateable Value			£3,327,466
<u>Vital Statistics</u>			
Live Births - Number			797
Rate per 1,000 population			15.2
Illegitimate Live Births - Number			58
Rate % of total live births			7.3
Stillbirths - Number			9
Rate per 1,000 total live and still	births		11.2
Total Live and Stillbirths			806
Infant Deaths (deaths under one year) - Number			10
Rate per 1,000 live births			12.5
Infant Mortality Rate - Total infant deaths per 1,000 total Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000	legitimate 1	ive births	12.5 13.5
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate -			0
Rate per 1,000 total live births			10.0
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate - Number Rate per 1,000 total live births			7 8.8
Peri-Natal Mortality Rate - Number (stillbirths and deaths unde			16

#### Deaths

Number of Deaths	589
Death rate per 1,000 of the estimated population	11.2

In order to make comparisons between the rates in different areas and the country as a whole, the Registrar General has supplied "Comparability Factors" to be applied to these two rates so that comparisons can be made. Applying these two factors to the crude rates gives the following results:

Crude Birth	Comparable	Crude Death	Comparable
Rate	Birth Rate	Rate	Death Rate
15.2	15.0	11.2	11.8

#### Death, Birth, Infant Mortality, Stillbirth and Peri-Natal Mortality Rates

Year	Death Rate	Birth Rate	Infant Mortality Rate	Stillbirth Rate	Peri-Natal Mortality Rate
1947	12.6	17.9	33.0		
1948	10.2	17.2	19.2		
1949 1950	11.5	18.2 16.3	13.1		
1951	11.3	16.4	33·3 27.6		
1952	10.6	16.5	27.1		
1953	11.5	15.6	29.9		
1954	10.8	15.4	18.5		
1955	10.3	15.9	15.2		Total Control of the
1956	11.0	16.3	15.8		on harden Joneth
1957	10.9	15.5	15.0		
1958	10.5	16.9	22.3		
1959	11.5	17.6	16.3		
1960	10.8	19.3	13.7	ton, reference	maral Casa
1961	11.6	16.5	8.5	24.9	30.8
1962	10.8	18.4	15.1	19.1	29.7
1963	11.7	18.9	18.9	13.5	24.8
1964	10.2	17.4	16.7	20.7	27.3
1965	11.3	19.3	12.9	12.8	20.6
1966	10.3	17.5	15.3	8.6	17.3
1967 1968	10.3	16.8	24.0	16.0	26.0
	11.2	15.2	12.5	11.2	19.8
1963					

## Causes of Death

(N.B. A new system of classification has been introduced by the Registrar General and is used this year for the first time so that these statistics are not directly comparable with those for previous years.)

	Male	Female
Enteritis and Other Diarrhoeal Diseases	1	198_
Syphilis and its Sequelae	1	
Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases	1	Orace sol
Malignant Neoplasm - Stomach	9	6
Malignant Neoplasm - Lung, Bronchus	35	4
Malignant Neoplasm - Breast	-	13
Malignant Neoplasm - Uterus	M Ingre	2
Leukaemia	3	2
Other Malignant Neoplasms, etc.		20
Benign and Unspecified Neoplasms	_	2
Diabetes Mellitus	3	1
Other Endogrine etc. Diseases	ATTENDED IN	1
Amnandan	DECISE I	1
Mental Disorders	- 100	1
Other Diseases of Nervous System, etc.	2	1
Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	24	2
Hypertensive Disease	3	5
Ischaemic Heart Disease	71	59
Other Forms of Heart Disease	9	20
Cerebrovascular Disease	46	51
Other Diseases of Circulatory System	11	16
Influenza	2	4
Pneumonia	14	20
Bronchitis and Emphysema	24	13
Asthma	3	-
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	5	2
Peptic Ulcer	3	2
Appendicitis	1	1
Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	1	1
Cirrhosis of Liver	of the	1
Other Diseases of Digestive System	2	9
Hyperplasia of Prostate	1	CADAGE D
Other Diseases, Genito-Urinary System	1 00/201	2
Diseases of Musculo-Skeletal System	1	5
Congenital Anomalies	1	MQ 72110
Birth Injury, Difficult Labour, etc.	3	2
Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality	1	19-7
Symptoms and Ill-Defined Conditions	1	1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	4	1
All Other Accidents	8	6
Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries	3	3
TALLEBIA OF THE COMPARED WITH 26.0 28 1967. It should be		
Totals	309	280

#### Vital Statistics, 1968 - England and Wales

Provisional figures based on Quarterly Returns of Registrar General.

#### Births

Live Births	(per 1,000 total population)	16.9
Stillbirths	(per 1,000 total live and stillbirths)	14.0

#### Deaths

All Causes (per 1,000 total population)	11.9
Infants under 1 year (per 1,000 related live births)	18.0
Maternal Mortality (per 1,000 total live and stillbirths)	0.2
Neo-Natal Death Rate (per 1,000 related live births)	12.4
Peri-Natal Mortality (per 1,000 total live and stillbirths)	25.0

This table is included to enable comparison to be made between local rates and national rates, but in dealing with the relatively low numbers from which local rates are calculated, one must be very cautious about drawing conclusions.

# Number of Deaths and Death Rates from Tuberculosis and Cancer, 1968.

The provisional number of deaths and death rates per million population for England and Wales during the year 1968 are as follows:-

	Number			Rate				
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons		
Respiratory Tuberculosis	1,094	. 364	1,458	46	15	30		
Other Tuberculosis	406	227	633	17	9	13		
Cancer of Lung and Bronchus	23,896	4,930	28.826	1,011	197	593		
Other Cancer	37,137	46,580	83,717	1,572	1,866	1,723		

# COMMENTARY ON VITAL STATISTICS - ST. ALBANS CITY

For the fifth successive year there was a decrease in the birth rate in 1968, from 16.8 in 1967 to 15.2 per thousand of the estimated population - a decrease in the number of births of 87. The national birth rate of 16.9 can be compared with our comparable birth rate of 15.0.

There was a further decrease in the number of illegitimate births in the City from 75 in 1967 to 58 in 1968, representing 7.3% of the live births. Behind these simple figures lie a number of human problems with which the staff of the Health Department and the social workers of the Children's Department and various voluntary agencies have to do a great deal of work. The number of stillbirths dropped from 14 in 1967 to 9 in 1968, resulting in a decrease in the stillbirth rate from 16.0 to 11.2. The stillbirth rate for England and Wales was 14.0.

The number of infant deaths under one year of age decreased from 21 in 1967 to 10 in 1968. This gave an infant mortality rate of 12.5 compared with 24.0 of the year before (England and Wales infant mortality rate was 18.0 the lowest national figure ever recorded). The causes of these infant deaths are as follow:-

#### Age at Death

Cause of Death	Under 1 wk.	Under 2 wks	Under 3 wks	Under 4 wks	TOTAL under 1 mth	3	Under 6 mths.	Under 9 mths.	Under 12 mths.	TOTAL under 1 yr.
Prematurity	5	LEOV.Y	idaroxe	T hon	5	unk)			70112	5
Congenital Malformations	2	-Calot- a-daay	o sini. sat lo edi nol	EC SEC	2	1	lebena 2 esla ms ette		er bas Established	3
Other defined & ill defined diseases	Male Femile	1 -	to to	auropan 	1	a gulfa	1	AP LIS		2
Total	7	1			8	1	1			10

Of these children, 8 died before they were a month old, compared with 10 in 1967. This gave a neo-natal mortality rate of 10.0, compared with a neo-natal mortality rate of 11.3 in 1967. Of the 8 children who died in the first month of life, 7 of them died during the first week of life, this gave an early neo-natal mortality rate of 8.8 in 1968, compared with 10.2 in 1967. If, however, we consider the peri-natal mortality rate, which is an overall figure considering stillbirths and deaths under one week, (this, therefore, includes nearly all deaths associated with diseases or disorders of pregnancy and childbirth). 16 children died giving a rate per 1,000 total of live and stillbirths of 19.85 compared with 26.0 in 1967. It should be noted that the fluctuations in these various figures are of very limited significance, if any, since the initial numbers are so small that very small differences are apt to give big alterations in percentages and rates per thousand.

#### DEATHS

589 people of all ages died in the City during 1968, giving a crude death rate of 11.2, and a standardised death rate of 11.8. This is to be compared with a crude death rate of 10.3 in 1967. Degenerative disease of the heart and arteries was the commonest cause of death, accounting for more than half the total number of deaths during the year. Deaths from this cause and from certain forms of cancer, particularly lung cancer, are on the increase and, while the infectious diseases, the major killers of an earlier generation, have largely been conquered by improved standards of living and hygiene, immunisation and modern methods of treatment with germ killing drugs, the degenerative and malignant diseases emerge as the great public health problem of the present. Much can be done by the individual to reduce his or her chances of succumbing prematurely to one of these conditions but unfortunately like so much good advice it is easier to give than to act upon. There is no doubt, nevertheless, that dietary control to avoid overweight, the taking of regular exercise, and the shunning of cigarettes would, if widely adopted have a dramatic effect on the figures quoted in these pages.

#### Cancers

130 people (83 males and 47 females) died of cancers in 1968 and the Table overleaf compiled from local records shows the ages of men and women who died from cancers in various sites.

Lung cancer which was again the most common of the cancers, with 39 deaths, showed an increase of 17 on the 1967 figures. Despite fluctuations in the local figures the national figure has risen inexorably year by year. Between 1956 and 1968 the annual number of deaths from this cause rose from 18,185 to 28,826, which is a rise from 3.5% to almost 5% of the total number of deaths. The habit of cigarette smoking is responsible for the vast majority of these deaths as well as contributing in large measure to the increasing mortality from ischaemic heart disease.

Bellyours -	Gouges	Under 5	25-35	35-45	45-55	55-65	65-75	75 +	TOTAL
Stomach	Male Female	how 72A . Low 72A . Low Tabox	(1) - (2) - (3) - (4) - (4) - (5) - (4) - (5) - (6) - (7) -	-	1 -	1	4	3 4	9 6
Lung	Male Female	-	-	1 -	7 -	15 1	7 3	5 .	35 4
Breast	Male Female	busile is	DES JA	- 1	- 2	<del>-</del> 3	- 4	<del>-</del> 3	13
Uterus	Female	-	-	-	1	1	- (6		2
Bladder	Male Female	- 9.20-F	avelone bee be	-	162 5	1 -	2	1 -	4
Rectum	Male Female	-05_0 - tal=ggA	(a) = 10 x (i) =	-	1 -	1	-	1 -	3
Oesophagus	Male Female	hes-15 .	(0) <u>-</u> 100 <u>-</u> 100 -	-	1 -	-	-	1 -	2 -
Colon	Male Female	Appalate	(1) <u>1</u> (1) (1)	-	1	₹ <b>-</b>	-	2 2	3 3
Prostate	Male	App-lints	Ø)-	-	Vedices	saya -	3	4	7
Pancreas	Male Female	-	-	1 -	7 -		1	=	1
Testes	Male	idensīda .	Data Da	2	- 1	ya - /	nt-Tank	-	2
Caecum	Male Female	13 12 10 11 to 12	-	-		1 -	1 -	1 -	3 -
Ovary	Female	otulison	eyabin	-	Montay	- 9-1	1	1	2
Others	Male Female	1 1	(Q) -	-	2 -	3 1	2 3	4 6	12 11

#### Section B

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

#### Welfare Centres and Clinics

Bricket Wood - St. Luke's Church Hall.

Infant Welfare

Vaccination & Immunisation

Colney Heath - The Pavilion.

Infant Welfare

Harpenden - 40 Luton Road. (Harpenden 2040)

Ophthalmic

Vaccination & Immunisation

Speech Therapy

Infant Welfare

Dental

Cytology Clinic

Harpenden - Batford J.M.I. School Pickford Hill.

Infant Welfare

Speech Therapy

Harpenden - Southdown, Methodist Church Hall.

Infant Welfare

London Colney - Community Centre, Caledon Road.

Vaccination & Immunisation

2nd and 4th Tuesdays - 2-4 p.m. (Dr. Attends)

3rd Wednesdays - 9.30-11.30 a.m.

1st and 3rd Tuesdays - 2.30-4 p.m. (Dr. Attends)

Mondays - 9.30-11.30 a.m. (By appointment)
2nd and 4th Wednesday in month - 9.30 a.m.
(Dr. Attends) - 12 noon

Thursday - 9.30-12 noon; 2-4 p.m.
(By Appointment)

Wednesdays - 1.45-4.30 p.m. (Dr. Attends)

Tuesdays ) 9.30 - 12 noon Wednesdays ) 2-4 p.m.

Fridays ) 2-4 p.m. (By Appointment)

Thursdays - 9.30-11.30 a.m.
(By Appointment)

2nd and 4th Thursdays - 1.45-4.30 p.m. (Dr. Attends)

Tuesdays - 2-4 p.m.

Fridays - 2-4.30 p.m.

(Dr. Attends 2nd and 4th)

Fridays - 9.30-12 noon (Dr. Attends)

London Colney - Community Centre (continued)

Infant Welfare

Thursdays - 1.45-4.30 p.m. (Dr. Attends 1st and 3rd)

Redbourn - Congregational Hall.

Infant Welfare

2nd and 4th Tuesdays - 2.30-4.30 p.m.

St. Albans - Village Hall, Park Street.

Infant Welfare

Vaccination & Immunisation

St. Albans - Mandeville Health Centre, Mandeville Drive.

Telephone: 50471

Infant Welfare

Dental

Immunisation & Vaccination

Speech Therapy

St. Albans - Margaret Wix Health Centre,

High Oaks.

Telephone: 56994

Infant Welfare

Speech Therapy

Dental

St. Albans - Principal Health Centre,

Civic Centre.

Telephone: 59211

Immunisation & Vaccination

Dental

Orthoptic

Ophthalmic

Mondays - 1.30-4 p.m.

(Dr. Attends 2nd and 4th)

1st Monday - 2 - 4 p.m.

1st & 3rd Thursdays - 2-4 p.m.

(Dr. Attends)

Tuesdays ) 9.30-12 noon

Wednesdays ) 2-4 p.m.

(By Appointment)

4th Thursday - 2-4 p.m.

Fridays 2-4 p.m.

Wednesdays - 1.30-4 p.m. (Dr. Attends 2nd and 4th)

Tuesdays - 2-4 p.m.

Mondays

) a.m. and p.m. Thursdays (By Appointment)

Attends 2nd and

Mondays - 9-12 noon

(Dr. Attends 9.30 a.m.)

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday & Friday - 9.30-12.30 p.m.: 2-5 p.m.

Saturdays - 9.30-12 noon (alternate)

Monday - 9-12 noon: 2-4.30 p.m.

Wednesday - 9-12 noon : 2-4.30 p.m

(By Appointment)

Thursday - 9.30-12 noon: 2-4.30 p.m.

Friday - 9-12 noon: 2-4.30 p.m.

Monday and Tuesday - 9.30-12.30 p.m. (By Appointment)

# St. Albans - Principal Health Centre (continued)

Speech

Ante-Natal Infant Welfare

Audiometrician

Audiology

Tuesday - 9.30-12 noon
(By Appointment)
Tuesday - 1.30-4.30 p.m.
Thursday - 1.30-4.30 p.m.
Wednesday - 2-4 p.m.
Tuesday & Friday - 1.30-4 p.m.
(Dr. attends Friday and 2nd & 4th Tuesday
Foods issued Tuesday and Friday)
2nd and 4th Tuesdays - 2-4.30 p.m.
(By Appointment)
2nd & 4th Wednesdays - 9.30-12 noon:
2-4 p.m.

(By Appointment)

St. Albans - Cunningham Hill Health Centre, Cell Barnes Lane.

Telephone: 53025

Infant Welfare

Immunisation & Vaccination

Speech

St. Albans - Skyswood Health Centre, Marshalswick Estate.

Telephone: 57041

Infant Welfare

Immunisation & Vaccination

Speech

Ante-Natal

Dental

Mondays - 2-4.30 p.m. (Dr. Attends)

1st & 3rd Thursdays - 9.30-12 noon.

(By Appointment)
Fridays - 9.30-12 noon
(By Appointment)

Monday & Friday - 2-4.30 p.m.

(Dr. Attends)

1st & 3rd Tuesday - 2-4 p.m.

(By Appointment)

Thursdays - 2-4 p.m.

(By Appointment)

Thursdays - 2-4 p.m.

Mondays - 10-12 noon : 2-4 p.m.

Tuesdays - 2-4 p.m.

Wednesdays - 10-12 noon Thursdays - 10-12 noon

(By Appointment)

St. Albans - Watford Road, Congregational Church Hall. (Closed w.e.f. 18.4.69)

Infant Welfare

1st & 3rd Fridays - 2-4 p.m.
(Dr. Attends)

St. Albans City Hospital, Normandy Road Wing. Telephone: 52211

V.D. (Women)
V.D. (men)
Post-Natal
Chest Clinic

Thursdays - 1.30-3 p.m.

Tuesdays - 4-6 p.m.

Wednesdays - 11 a.m.

Mondays - 9 a.m. (By Appointment)

Wednesdays - 9 a.m. (By Appointment)

Thursday - 9 a.m. (By Appointment)

Sandridge - Parish Hall

Infant Weighing

2nd & 4th Wednesdays - 2.30-3.30 p.m.

Shenley - Village Hall

Infant Welfare

1st & 3rd Wednesdays - 2-4 p.m. (Dr. Attends)

Wheathampstead - Mead Hall, East Lane.

Infant Welfare

2nd & 4th Fridays - 2.30-4 p.m. (Dr. attends 3.00 p.m.)

Psychiatric

Some of the County Council premises are also used by other organisations principally the Family Planning Association who hold sessions at St. Albans, Boreham Wood and Harpenden, and the Blood Transfusion Service who hold Donor Sessions at St. Albans Principal Health Centre and Skyswood Health Centre.

# Hospitals

I am indebted to Mr. K.S. Robson, Group Secretary, Mid-Herts Group Hospital Management Committee, for the following information relating to Hill End, High Wick, and St. Albans City Hospitals.

HILL DND HOCDIMAT

HILL EN	ID HOSPITAL
No. of Beds No. of Discharges	769 1,149
Out-Patients	
No. of New Patients No. of Attendances	191 1,260
Day Patients	
No. of New Patients No. of Attendances	81 9.094
X-Ray Department	3,367
Physiotherapy Department	3,857

#### HIGH WICK

# Regional Unit for Psychotic and Maladjusted Children

Beds 18 Discharges 5

# ST. ALBANS CITY HOSPITAL

- 11 man (By Assorbtanet).	Beds Allocated	In-Patient Discharges	Out New	-Patients Total Attendances
General Medicine	68	1,323	710	4,064
Paediatrics	20	402	313	2,092
Infectious Diseases	9	91	Then do	Sandfridger Basts
Diseases of the Chest	6	3	939	4,538
Dermatology	John Stone		530	1,546
Neurology			81	231
Physical Medicine			370	3,110
V.D.	70	450	206	1,091
Geriatrics	78 66	178	1 704	7 600
General Surgery E.N.T. (T & A) )	00	1,867	1,371	3,698
Lenele (I & A)	8	1/0	1,279	2,679
E.N.T. (Other)	0	147	,	DESTRUCTION OF THE PARTY OF THE
Trau. & Orth. Surgery )	44	1,338	1,565	4,812
Ophthalmology )	6	267	675	3,073
Radiotherapy )			53	518
Thoracic Surgery )	di nela esa	and the same of the	10	73
Dentistry )	This only no	15	664	2,676
Neurosurgery	dedisons?	out on far	11	22
Gynaecology	829 21	829	815	2,369
Obstetrics ante-natal )	29	857	889	5,872
" post-natal )			512	512
Special Care Babies	7	50		Carl Springer and
Mental Illness	oup Secreta	DA MORENE S	246	1,040
Allergy	nolymanthon	BETWEETON !	195	195
Private Section 5	4	95	10	
se "paure" 4	6	SUPER TRANS		
Totals	372	7,638	11,434	44,211
Accident & Emergency	212	7,000	12,683	23,830

Maternity:	Live births Stillbirths	724 11
X-Ray Department:	58,651 Units	
Physiotherapy Department:	49,633 Attendances	No. of Men Police 583

#### Section C

#### PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Scarlet Fever	11
Whooping Cough	25
Measles	249
Food Poisoning	5
Infective Hepatitis	5
Dysentery	10
Malaria	1
Erysipelas	1

#### Food Poisoning

Five cases of food poisoning were reported in the City during 1968. There was one family outbreak in which 2 members of the family were involved and the other 3 were sporadic cases. Salmonella infections were found to be responsible for 4 of the 5 cases, and in the other the cause of the infection was not traced.

#### TUBERCULOSIS

During 1968 the following new cases of tuberculosis were notified in the St. Albans City.

Age Group	Respiratory		Non-Respiratory		Total	
Age Group	М	F	М	F	M	F
Under 5 years	ilth-in	11- 190	nty Lio in	stor-	-	-
5 - 14 years	11	100-0010	1	-	2	_
15 - 24 years	1	2	~	-	1	2
25 - 44 years	3	1		1	3	2
45 - 64 years	4	1	1	-	5	1
65 years and over	2	1	-	1	2	2
Total	11	5	2	2	13	7

During the year there was 1 respiratory (male) and 3 respiratory (female) cases transferred into the Area, and 43 cases were removed from the register.

The state of the tuberculosis register at the 31st December, 1968, was as follows:-

Respiratory		Non-Res		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Total
178	111	20	22	331

# PREVAILENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIONS DISTANCES

During the year there was I respiratory (sele) and E respiratory (smale) oness transferred into the Area, and if cames were removed from the register.

The state of the tuberculosis register at the Stat Recember, 1965, was as rollower-

Respiratory remains the second second

#### REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Public Health Department, 36 St. Peter's Street, St. Albans.

To: The Right Worshipful the Mayor,
Alderman and Councillors of the City of St. Albans.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my thirtieth Annual Report on the work of my Department carried out during 1968.

Throughout the year progress in the improvement of the standard of hygiene in food premises has been maintained and the good relationship which exists between members of the staff and food traders generally materially contributes towards this achievement. In consequence many improvements are carried out without recourse to statutory action.

The regular sampling of "Designated" milk has continued with very good results.

A considerable number of dwelling houses were rendered fit as the result of informal action although in twenty two instances it was necessary to serve statutory notices before repairs were carried out.

I should like to express my appreciation of the support received from the Chairman and Members of the Health and Protection Committee throughout the year, and to thank Mr. J. D. Curzon the Public Analyst for his advice and assistance which is always so readily available.

I also wish to thank the members of the Department for their loyal co-operation.

I am, your obedient Servant,

R. E. C. GODDARD

Chief Public Health Inspector

#### DEFECTS REMEDIED AND SANITARY IMPROVEMENTS CARRIED OUT

The defects and nuisances remedied or abated were 407, and one hundred and eighty five preliminary and twenty two statutory notices were served in connection therewith.

In addition to these notices, the abatement of insanitary conditions is effected by an interview with those directly concerned.

The following summary gives particulars of work carried out as a result of inspections:-

#### GENERAL

Roofs renewed or repaired	34
Chimney stacks rebuilt or repaired	4
Rainwater gutters/pipes renewed or repaired	21
External walls rebuilt or repaired	6
Wall or ceiling plaster renewed or repaired	28
Floors renewed or repaired	14
Windows or doors renewed or repaired	30
Fireplaces renewed or repaired	5 2
Sub-floor ventilation provided	
Dampness abated	31
Ventilation provided or improved	4
Foodstores provided or repaired	4
Yards and passages paved or repaired	6
Accumulations removed	9
Dustbins provided	4
Repairs to water supplies	7
Sinks and basins provided	4
Drains provided or repaired	10
Inspection chambers provided or repaired	8
W.C.'s provided or rebuilt	6
W.C.'s repaired	21
Gullies provided or repaired	4
Drains and cesspools cleansed	12
Dirty premises cleansed	5
Premises rat-proofed	6
Overcrowding abated	5
Smoke nuisance abated	4
Noise nuisance abated	5 6 5 4 3 5
Other nuisances abated	
Miscellaneous	12

#### FOOD REGULATIONS

Rooms cleansed	19
Equipment cleansed or improved	15
Hot water supply provided or improved	3
Staff washing facilities improved	6
Food storage improved	14
Food display improved	13
Other matters remedied	23

## HOUSING

# HOUSES IN CLEARANCE AREAS AND UNFIT HOUSES ELSEWHERE

# A. Houses Demolished

In clearance areas:-

			Houses Demolished	Displaced year Persons	during Families
	(1)	Houses unfit for human habitation	9	y Council	-
	(2)	Houses included by reason of bad arrangements, etc.	Transquer at as	Unite House	.0
	(3)	Houses on land acquired under Section 43(2) Housing Act 1957	CONTE ACT 1963	-	-
	NOT	in clearance areas:-			
	(4)	As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17(1) Housing Act 1957	4	crede addord over the second o	-
	(5)	Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by Medical Officer of Health	Footlose To Section W		-
	(6)	Houses unfit for human habitation where action has been taken under local Acts	bean carried of and the prevent yd-squared 1	to noting	.E -
	(7)	Unfit houses included in Unfitness Orders	st of additional scall random of bouses to sulti:	bour-s deel	3 - 6 -
в.	Unf:	it Houses Closed			
	(8)	77111		them.	-
	(9)	Under Sections 17(3) and 26, Housing Act 1957	- 11	-	640
		10			

# C. Unfit Houses made Fit and Houses in which Defects were Remedied

	By Owner	By Local Authority
(11) After informal action by local authority	185	A. Howers Demoltan
(12) After formal notice under		
(a) Public Health Acts (b) Sections 9 and 16,	19	15 -
Housing Act 1957	3	6 - 17500

# D. Unfit Houses in Temporary Use (Housing Act 1957)

Position at end of Year

	Number of Houses (1)	Number of separate  Dwellings contained  in column (1)  (2)
(14) Retained for temporary accommodation		
(a) Under Section 48 (b) Under Section 17 (2) (c) Under Section 46	- Vert and	Lantanos -
(15) Licenced for temporary occupation under Sections 34 or 53	-	diam's to

# E. Purchase of Houses by Agreement

	Number of Houses	Number of occupants of houses in Column (1)
	(1)	(2)
(16) Houses in Clearance Areas other		
than those included in confirmed Clearance Orders or Compulsory		
Order nurchased in the Year	-	_

#### MOVEABLE DWELLINGS

There are ninety two caravans in the City stationed singly or in groups.

The Corporation owns two sites, one at Drake's Drive, which holds thirty eight caravans, and one at Cell Barnes Lane, which holds eight caravans.

#### PET ANIMALS ACT. 1951

This Act came into force on 1st April 1952, and the City Council adopted the recommendations of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals regarding conditions of licence.

Four licences were renewed during the year.

# ANIMAL BOARDING ESTABLISHMENTS ACT 1963 RIDING ESTABLISHMENTS ACT 1964

Two premises within the City are licenced under each of the above Acts. They have been regularly visited and found to be well maintained.

#### HOUSES IN MULTIPLE OCCUPATION

Inspection of some of these premises has been carried out with a view to bringing them up to the Council's standards and the prevention of overcrowding.

The difficulty in filling the vacant post of additional public health inspector is reflected in the comparatively small number of houses dealt with and many people no doubt are living in houses in multiple occupation which have not yet been inspected. Whenever fire hazards and the proper provision of fire escapes are involved the co-operation of the Hertfordshire Fire Brigade has been enlisted to give advice and help on these points.

#### PEST CONTROL

#### (a) Rats and Mice

There was a decrease in the number of complaints received regarding the presence of rats or mice in comparison with the previous year. Surveys also showed a corresponding decrease in infestations affecting farmland and roadside verges.

There are 15 annual contracts in operation dealing with inspections and treatments of business premises, and 35 business premises were treated on casual contract.

Poisoning and trapping are carried out in accordance with Ministry recommendations, Warfarin being the most used poison. Zinc Phosphide is used on occasion in suitable outdoor locations.

#### (b) Verulamium

Inspections were made of the islands in the lake and there was no evidence of rat infestation.

# (c) Other Pests

Infestation of cockroaches, ants, flies etc. have been dealt with as usual. The number of wasps nests destroyed (ninety) was considerably less than the previous year. Over one hundred pigeons have been destroyed by shooting or trapping.

#### NOISE ABATEMENT ACT 1960

#### (a) Concrete Breakers

In common with the City Council, the Eastern Electricity and Gas Boards and the Colne Valley Water Company agreed to include in their specifications for building and engineering works a clause requiring the use of mufflers for pneumatic drills.

# (b) St. Albans Concrete Works

Several complaints were received regarding noise from the above works. All were immediately investigated and negotiations are proceeding with the Company with a view to improvement. Three late night complaints were found to be caused by emergency work by Public Utility Undertakings in the district.

(c) Complaints were received alleging excessive noise from bell ringing in a local church. Representations were made to the Church Authorities, and as a result modifications were carried out in the bell tower. This resulted in a diminution of the sound of the bells, but it is obvious that the ringing of church bells does not appeal to everyone.

# AIR POLLUTION

The recording stations for the measurement of smoke and sulphur dioxide at Mandeville Clinic and at the Housing Department continue to be operated. The results form part of the national survey conducted by the Ministry of Technology at Warren Springs, Stevenage. They are also of interest in tracing and determining local sources of pollution.

The gradual reduction of pollution has continued since measurements commenced in 1962. This has been due to:-

- (a) Greater efficiency in operating industrial plants and furnaces which now cause little concern, and
- (b) The change over in domestic premises from coal fires to gas and other forms of smokeless heating which are more convenient to use and more efficient.

Smoke from garden bonfires and the burning of trade waste have as usual been cause for complaint, but warnings to offenders have usually had the desired effect.

#### SWIMMING BATHS

Water at the Corporation Swimming Baths in Cottonmill Lane is obtained from the main supply of the Colne Valley Water Company.

Regular inspections of the Bath have been carried out and eighteen samples, nine from the shallow (inlet) and nine from the deep (outlet) end were taken covering the period May to September, and all proved to be satisfactory. Satisfactory reports were also received on samples of water submitted periodically from the Verulamium Paddling Pool.

In addition, samples were taken during the same period from the pools at St. Albans School, St. Albans High School, and Birklands School. This work is advisory and is done in co-operation with the school authorities.

#### WATER SUPPLIES

The whole of the City area is served from public water mains direct to the houses with the exception of a very small number of houses in proposed Clearance Areas, where the supply is by means of stand-pipes.

Quarterly samples of water from the mains supply of the Colne Valley Water Company have been submitted to the Public Analyst for bacteriological examination, and all the samples were very satisfactory.

#### SEWERAGE

With the exception of a few houses connected to cess-pools, all properties are on main drainage, the whole of the City being within the area of the West Herts Main Drainage Authority.

#### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

#### Premises

The following table shows the visits paid to food premises during the year:-

Slaughterhouses	111
	17
Butchers' Shops and Stalls	
Fishmongers	11
Greengrocers and Fruiterers	19
Grocers	-71
Fried Fish Shops	3
Other Food Shops	15
Bakehouses	11
Licenced Premises	42
Restaurants, Dining Rooms	
and Kitchens	88
Factory Canteens	15
Mobile Canteens	14
School Canteens	12
Other Food Premises	25
Dairies and Milkshops	57
Ice Cream Premises	33
Water Cress Beds	7
Food Vehicles	9

As will be seen from the foregoing, regular inspections of food premises have been carried out throughout the year.

A list of food condemned at these and other premises is included in a later paragraph.

All food stalls on the Saturday market have been visited regularly, and the stallholders have co-operated well in the handling and displaying of foodstuffs.

# PRESERVED FOODS, ETC.

Fifty one premises are registered for the preparation and manufacture of preserved food such as sausages, fish frying, ham cooking and meat pickling.

#### FOOD COMPLAINTS

Forty six complaints received regarding food and food containers included the following:-

Four complaints referred to mouldy bread - a fairly common cause for complaint in certain conditions in spite of precautions taken by manufacturers.

Insects were found in three tins of imported fruit and one of imported tomatoes.

One customer complained that a fruit cake contained, in her opinion, insufficient fruit and another complained that a packet of "stoneless dates" in fact contained "stones".

Four complaints regarding dirty milk bottles were investigated. Legal proceedings were instituted in respect of one bottle containing a large twig and the retailer was fined £10.

A "foreign object" in a bottle of blackcurrant cordial was found to be a flaw in the glass of the bottle, and a foreign body in a carton of yoghourt was found to be a small twig which, in spite of the practice of fruit screening by the manufacturers, had escaped detection.

A cockroach was found adhering to the bottom of a loaf of bread. The bakery from which the bread was sold is a well conducted establishment and the customer being satisfied with the result of the investigation a caution was sent to the firm.

#### FOOD AND DRUGS ACT 1955

Complaint that a packet of dried hops was unfit for use was referred to the Public Analyst who reported that the packet contained a very large amount of foreign matter, including a chocolate wrapping, pieces of wood, sack fibre, string and bristles from a yard broom, the whole consistant with contamination by floor sweepings.

Legal proceedings under Section 2 of the Food and Drugs Act 1955 were instituted against the Venders, who pleaded "guilty" and were fined £5 with £5 5s. costs.

The Public Analyst reported that a sample of Lembena was deficient in Vitamin C content and that approximately one third of the volume of the sample consisted of a pectin jelly. The manufacturers had previously re-formulated the product in order to avoid any risk of the formation of pectin gel of the type found by the Public Analyst, and had requested that all old stocks be withdrawn from sale. Unfortunately a local retailer appeared to have overlooked two bottles of the old formula, one of which was the sample submitted to the Analyst.

# MEAT INSPECTION

One hundred and eleven visits have been made to Sandridge Slaughterhouse in co-operation with St. Albans Rural District Council, and the following have been examined, viz:-

Cattle Calves	Calves	Sheep	Pigs
159	148	206	927

#### HEALTH EDUCATION

Talks have been given on the work of the Department to various groups, including thirty members of the Licensed Victuallers Association where the opportunity was taken of emphasing the importance of food hygiene and proper stock rotation. Mr. L. A. Croft, the Deputy Chief Health Inspector, was a member of a Panel organised by the Housewives Trust when such matters as date stamping of food, the quality of jams, and food hygiene were discussed.

Again a successful course was held for people in the food industry leading to the Certificate in Food Hygiene of the Royal Institute of Public Health and Hygiene. Twelve students were successful in the written examination and nine of these (employed in the City) were presented with their Certificates by the Mayor.

#### ICE CREAM

#### (a) Premises

Premises (including seven registered during the year) for the sale of ice cream under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act 1955 are as follows:-

Manufacture and sale of ice cream 2
Sale of ice cream 183

### (b) Bacteriological Examination

The results of the bacteriological examination of ice cream during the year were satisfactory.

Of the nineteen samples examined, seventeen were placed in Grade 1, and two in Grade 2.

#### (c) Chemical Examination

Two samples of ice cream were submitted for chemical analysis and the Public Analyst reported that they were of good quality and complied with the requirements of the Food Standards (Ice Cream) (Amendment) Order 1953.

#### MILK AND DAIRIES

# Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959

Number of premises registered as Dairies at 31.12.68 1
Number of persons registered as Distributors at 31.12.68 50

# Milk (Special Designation) Regulations 1963

Number of persons holding at 31.12.68:-

	Licences authorising the use of the Designation "Ultra Heat Treated"	6
Dealers'	(Pasteuriser's) Licences	
	Licences authorising the use of the Designation "Pasteurised"	37
	Licences authorising the use of the Designation "Sterilised"	31

The following table shows the results of the bacteriological examination of "Designated" milk during 1968. In the course of these examinations "Untreated" milks are submitted to the Methylene Blue Test, and "Pasteurised" milks to the Methylene Blue and Phosphatase Tests.

The figures in brackets refer to the corresponding results in 1967.

Designation	No. of Samples	Methylene F	Blue Test Failed	Phosphatase Passed	Test
Untreated	21 (24)	19 (20)	2 (4)		
Channel Island South Devon (Pasteurised)	24 (23)	24 (23)	- (-)	24 (23)	- (-)
Pasteurised	49 (86)	48 (84)	1 (2)	49 (86)	- (-)
Totals	94 (133)	91 (127)	3 (6)	73 (109)	- (-)

Four samples of milk were also examined for the presence of Brucella Abortus and both were reported as being negative.

#### FOOD AND DRUGS

The Public Analyst (Mr. J.D. Curzon, B.Sc., A.R.C.S., F.R.I.C.) reports on samples submitted during the year, as follows:-

"The number of samples examined under the Food and Drugs Act for the year ending 31st December 1968 amounted to 134, of which 70 were Formal and 64 Informal. There were 69 Formal samples of Milk and one Formal sample of Separated Milk.

The following table shows the average composition of the milk samples as compared with those submitted during the previous twelve months.

	January	1967	January 1968
	to		to
	December	1967	December 1968
Fat Solids-non-Fat	3.909		4.03% 8.99%

It will be seen from the above table that there has been an increase in both the average fat content and the solids-non-fat content as compared with the previous year. All the samples of milk were up to standard and complied with the Sale of Milk Regulations in respect of their general composition and were free from preservatives.

A miscellaneous selection of samples of various kinds has been examined during the year and these can most conveniently be divided into three categories:- Foodstuffs, Spices, Drugs.

#### FOODSTUFFS

Currants
Sultanas
Beef Sausages
Pork Sausage Meat
Diabetic Lemon Squash
Diabetic Orange Squash
Diabetic Lime Juice Cordial
Sweetened Lime Juice
Blackcurrant Syrup
Lolly Mix
Steak and Kidney Pie
Puff Pastry

Seedless Raisins
Pork Sausages
Lembena
Lemon Squash
Orange Squash
Lime Juice Cordial
U.S.A. Sweetened Lime Juice
Dubonnet Blonde
"P.L.J."
Milk Shake Syrup
Pork Pie
Cornish Pasties

### FOODSTUFFS (Contd.)

Sausage Rolls Ground Almonds Liver Pate Liver Sausage Chicken Truffle Pate Smoked Pork Pate Saveloys Frankfurters Dressed Crab Ground Rice

Chopped Chicken Butter

The above samples of foodstuffs were all satisfactory with the exception of an Informal sample of "Lembena" which was grossly deficient in the amount of Vitamin C claimed, and which also contained a large volume of a pectin jelly. These two effects were associated with a manufacturing defect and also with the fact that the sample was very old stock. The manufacturers co-operated in withdrawing all this stock,

Three samples of Pork Sausages, one sample of Pork Sausage Meat and three samples of Beef Sausages were submitted to me for examination during the year and I set out below the average meat content of these samples.

Beef 65% Pork

The meat content of these sausages comply with the minimum requirements of the Food Standards Committees Recommendations which will become law in 1969. The amount of Sulphur Dioxide found in the sausages was within the permitted limit.

#### SPICES

Ground Cinnamon Ground Nutmeg Ground Ginger Dried Mint Dried Sage Dried Bay Leaves

Ground Mixed Spice Ground White Pepper Carroway Seeds Dried Parsley Mixed Herbs

The Spices were of good quality and no complaint could be made as to their composition.

#### DRUGS

Cough Mixture Aspirin Tablets

Owbridges Lung Tonic Bile Beans

All the samples of Drugs submitted to me for examination were of good quality and complied with the requirements of the British Pharmacopoeia where applicable.

#### TOWN SUPPLY WATER

I have made, as usual, during the twelve months under review, a quarterly examination of the St. Albans water supply, and am pleased to be able to report that it continues to possess a high degree of bacteriological purity and is, in every way, suitable to be used both for drinking and other general domestic purposes.

Your Chief Public Health Inspector, Mr. R.E.C. Goddard, also submitted to me during the year under review, a special sample and I will refer to this below.

A sample of Dried Hops was submitted which I found to be contaminated with a miscellaneous collection of objects including the wrapper from a packet of chocolate, broom bristles, pieces of wood, brick, concrete, twine and fibres. I held that this sample was contaminated with floor sweepings, which opinion was upheld by the Magistrate's Court, a fine of £10 being imposed. There was an additional £5 fine as a penalty for a labelling offence.

I would like to take this opportunity of thanking your Chief Public Health Inspector, Mr. R.E.C. Goddard, F.A.P.H.I., F.R.S.H., his Deputy, Mr. L.A. Croft, and their colleagues in the Public Health Department, for the valuable co-operation I have received from them."

#### INSPECTION OF MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

One hundred and ninety nine visits were made for the inspection of meat and other foods, and the following list shows the food condemned.

Pork		lbs
Beef	1763	lbs
Chicken & Ham Roll	3	lbs
Liver	10	lbs
Pigs Kidneys	712	lbs
Tenderloins		lbs
Bacon	474	lbs
Ham	114	
Pressed Ham		lbs
Cheese	482	
Stewed Steak	58	lbs
Corned Beef	1342	lbs
Luncheon Meat	984	lbs
Jellied Veal	36	lbs
Tongue		lbs
Wet Fish		lbs
Dried Fruit	44	lbs
Jelly	156	
Cabbage	28	
Steak & Kidney Pies	163	1bs
Tinned Meats	48	tins
Tinned Tomatoes	1,098	tins
Tinned Vegetables	570	tins
Tinned Fish		tins
Tinned Fruit	1,444	
Tinned Milk & Cream	47	tins
Tinned Milk Puddings	. 89	tins
Fruit Juice	80	tins
Miscellaneous Tins	161	tins
Band O'Pops (Sweets)	6	dozen
Danish Rye Bread	240	pkts

## Frozen Foods

Froz	en	Meat
Froz	en	Fish
Froz	en	Mousse
Ice	Cre	am

119	lbs				
20	lbs				
144	pkts				
	pkts				
1	gall.	Var	nill	la	
1	gall.	Co	ffee		
	units				
22	units	of	2/6	block	s
790	units	of	4d.	& 9d.	
	block	cs a	and :	lollie	s

## APPENDIX

# FACTORIES ACT, 1961

#### PART I OF THE ACT

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors):-

A wampload R	Number	Nu	Number of		
Premises	on Register	Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted	
(i) Factories in w Sections 1,2,3 6 are to be en by Local Autho	forced 18	1	- Chief	ublic	
(ii) Factories not ded in (i) in Section 7 is e by the Local A	which nforced 265	23	Departme	et, for	
(iii) Other premises which Section enforced by th Authority (exc outworkers' pr	7 is e Local luding	1	netorii.	-	
Total	292	25	-	-	

## 2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found:-

(if defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more 'cases).

		Number of cases in			
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	Referred by H.M. Inspector	which prose- cutions were instituted
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	4	4	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-		-
Sanitary conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	4	4	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not inclu- ding offences rela- ting to Out-work)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	8	8	-	-	-

# PART VIII OF THE ACT

# Outwork (Section 133)

Nature of Work	Number of outworkers in August list required by Section 133 (1) (c)	Number of cases of default in sending lists of the Council	Number of prosecutions for failure to supply lists
		-	S.a) gaibwororavO
Making etc. Wearing) Cleaning	10		Uprennonable_temperature (S. )
apparel) and Washing	-	-	Callacton (5.1)
Other classes of work	4	-	Ineffective drain go
		. 8	Sanitary convenience
Total	14	-	catoffluar (a)



