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February.



Spalding Rural District Council

REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

and the

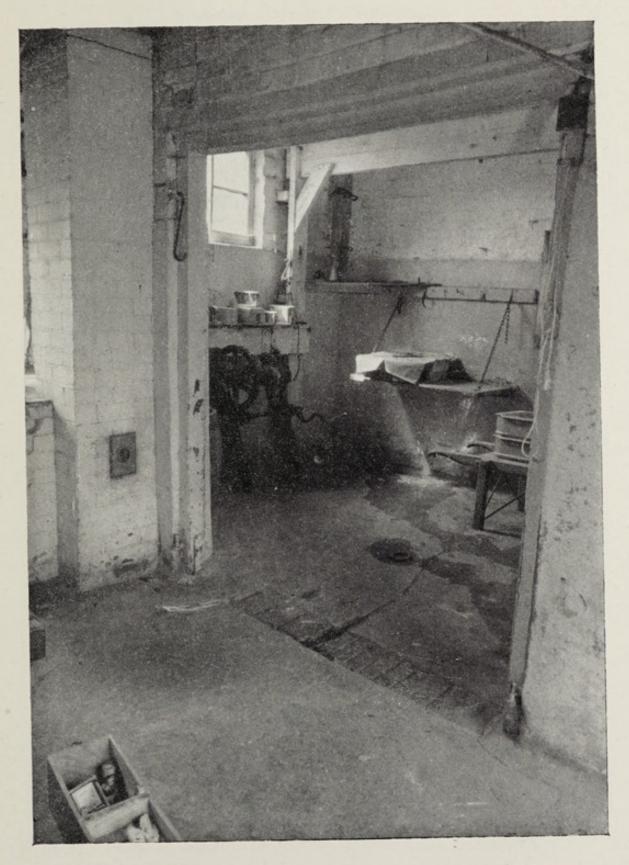
Chief Public Health Inspector

for the

Year 1958

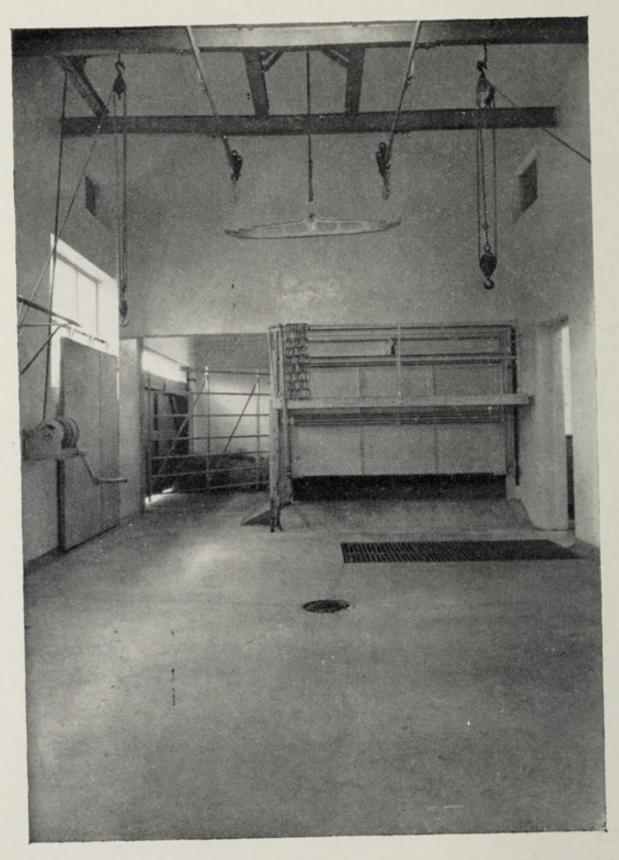






PRIVATE SLAUGHTERHOUSE—IN USE UP TO FEBRUARY, 1959.

These badly designed, unhygienic slaughterhouses are being replaced by modern, well designed, slaughterhouses (see over).



PRIVATE SLAUGHTERHOUSE OPENED FEBRUARY, 1959.

SPALDING RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Chairman: Mr. H. G. Witherington. Vice-Chairman: Mr. A. Dawes.

Clerk of the Council: G. S. Ashworth, Esq.

Members of the Council:

Mr. S. A. Goodyear

Mr. C. A. Merrill Mr. J. F. Pannell

Mr. A. G. Stocker

Mr. A. R. Ward, J.P. Mr. T. A. Warren

Mr. A. E. Woodhead

Mr. J. Pearson

Mr. B. Thorpe

Mr. H. J. M. Hilton from May 1958 Mr. G. W. Machin Mr. J. W. Marriott until May 1958

Mr. F. W. Robinson, from May, 1958 Mr. H. E. Sneath

Mr. G. H. Wray, from May, 1958

Miss E. L. Casswell from Sept. 1958

Mrs. D. M. Doggett

Mr. T. Atkinson Mr. H. K. Braybrooks

Mr. F. E. Casson

Mr. A. C. Casswell, J.P., until Aug.

Mr. J. H. Casswell, J.P., until May,

1958

Mr. F. B. Chapman, Jnr.

Mr. A. E. Chappell, J.P. Mr. T. H. Chatterton

Mr. A. E. Clark

Mr. W. E. Clark

Mr. J. E. Clifton, J.P., until May,

1958

Mr. W. L. H. Dillworth, from May, 1958

Mr. W. Dring, until May, 1958

Members of the Public Health Committee:

Chairman: Mr. J. Pearson

Vice-Chairman: Mr. T. A. Warren P., until May, Mr. S. A. Goodyear Mr. J. H. Casswell, J.P., until May,

Mr. H. J. M. Hilton, from May, 1958 Mr. J. W. Marriott, until May, 1958 1958 Mr. F. B. Chapman, Jnr.

Mr. A. E. Chappell, J.P. Mr. J. F. Pannell Mr. T. H. Chatterton Mr. A. G. Stocker

Mr. F. W. Robinson, from May, 1958 Mr. A. E. Clark

Mr. A. Dawes Mr. A. E. Woodhead Mr. W. Dring, until May, 1958 Mr. H. G. Witherington

Mr. W. L. H. Dillworth, from May, 1958

The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Council are ex-officio members.

Staff of the Health Department:

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH-

Dr. H. P. Burrowes, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR— Mr. F. Luker, M.A.P.H.I., Cert. Insp. of Food.

ADDITIONAL PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS—

Mr. W. E. Farley, M.A.P.H.I., Cert. Insp. of Food, Testamur of Institute of Public Cleansing.

Mr. C. Boulton, M.A.P.H.I., Cert. Insp. of Food, Smoke Inspector's Certificate.

PUPIL PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR—Mr. B. J. Saunders.

GENERAL CLERK-

Mr. D. C. Joseph, until Oct. 1958. Miss J. M. Beagles, from Dec., 1958.

Spalding Rural District Council, Council Offices, Priory Road, Spalding.

Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the Year 1958.

To the Chairman and Members of the Spalding Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my Annual Report on the health of your District for the Year 1958.

One Slum Clearance scheme was completed in May, 1958 as a result of which 10 families are moving into new homes this year. In addition 23 individual unfit houses were dealt with and 14 families re-housed. The value of these operations cannot be measured accurately but I am sure that there is a considerable improvement in health and happiness as a result of the re-housing activities of the Council. On the other hand it must always be remembered that re-housing creates its own social problems and a considerable amount of misunderstanding and perplexity can result if the families who are involved are not kept regularly informed of all developments. This is particularly so in the case of old people, some of whom are overwhelmed, sometimes, by the size and modern facilities of a conventional two bedroomed bungalow. The Council needs to give special consideration to the needs and anxieties of lonely old people.

The numerous drains, dykes and ditches which abound in your district do, from time to time, create a nuisance for one reason or another. Unfortunately the various statutory authorities are not always willing to tackle these problems. Each Authority stands firm on a legal pin-point when what is needed is a bold march forward on a proud basis of co-operation. Only in this way can we hope to remove the chronic irritating little nuisances which do arise from these waterways, and while not a serious risk to health, are none the less trying for those who happen to be living nearby.

I remain,
Your Obedient Servant,
H. P. BURROWES,
Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

The area of the district is 87,758 acres with a resident population (1951 census) of 18,723.

The average population given by the Registrar General for the calculation of death rates is 18,970.

The number of inhabited houses according to the rate books is distributed as follows:

Cowbit				194
Crowland				980
Deeping St. Ni	icholas			584
Donington				659
Gosberton				771
Moulton				853
Pinchbeck				1239
Quadring				345
Surfleet				348
Weston				452
		Tota	1	6435

The rateable value of the district is £104,957 and the sum represented by a penny rate is £385.

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS

-		-		-
- 12	IR		_	
n	IR		_	
-	**		**	

LIVE BIRTHS		M.	F.		Total
Legitimate		 155	 160		315
Illegitimate	\	 5	 5		10
		160	165		325
Live birth rate				9.	

Illegitimate live births—3.08% of total live births.

STILL BIRTHS		M.	F.	Total
Legitimate	 	3	 5	 8
Illegitimate	 	1	 -	 1
		4	5	9

Still birth rate per 1,000 (live and still) Births-26.95.

TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS

		M.	F.	Total
Legitimate	 	158	 165	 323
Illegitimate	 	6	 5	 11
			-	
		164	170	334

DEATHS

DEATHS FROM ALL CAUSES

M.	F.	Total
103	 86	 189

Death rate per 1,000 estimated population—10.96.

INFANT DEATHS

Deaths during first year of life.

0	,	M.	F.	Total
Legitimate		 5	 4	 9
Illegitimate		 -	 =	 -
				-
		5	4	9

Infant Mortality rate per 1,000 live births-27.69.

Legitimate infant mortality rate per 1,000 legitimate live births-28.57.

Illegitimate infant mortality rate per 1,000 illegitimate live births—

Neo Natal (First Four Weeks) Mortality rate per 1,000 live births-24.62.

MATERNAL DEATHS

Deaths from Pregnancy, Childbirth and Abortion-Nil.

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING 1958

			3.5	-	m .
	D		М.		Total
1.	Respiratory Tuberculosis		0	0	0
2.	Other forms of Tuberculosis		0	0	0
3.	Syphilitic disease		0	0	0
4.	Diphtheria		0	0	0
5.	Whooping Cough		0	0	0
6.	Meningococcal infections		0	0	0
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis		0	0	0
8.	Measles		0	0	0
9.	Other infective and parasitic diseases		0	0	0
10.	Malignant neoplasm stomach		5	3	8
11.	Malignant neoplasm lung, bronchus		3	1	4
12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast		0	1	1
13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus		0	0	0
14.	Other malignant and lymphatic neopla	asms	12	13	25
15.	Leukaemia, Aleukaemia		2	0	2
16.	Diabetes		0	2	2
17.	Vascular lesions of nervous system		15	12	27
18.	Coronary disease, angina		17	8	25
19.	Hypertension with heart disease		1	1	2
20.	Other heart diseases		18	14	32
21.	Other circulatory diseases		5	5	10
22.	Influenza		0	1	1
23.	Pneumonia		4	2	6
24.	Bronchitis		0	1	1
25.	Other diseases of respiratory system		0	0	0
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum		0	0	0
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea		1	0	1
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis		3	2	5
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate		0	0	0
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion		0	0	0
31.	Congenital malformations		1	2	3
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases		10	14	24
33.	Motor vehicle Accidents		4	0	
34.	All other accidents		1	3	4
35.	Suicide		1	1	4 4 2
36.	Homicide and operations of war		0	0	0
				_	
	T	otal	103	86	189

CAUSES OF DEATH AMONG INFANTS-1958

Table 1

	1				Age	First	Year	r				
CAUSES OF DEATH		First Four Weeks				First The Three Four Months Quarter			s	Total		
	0-1	-2	-3	-4	*0-1	-2	-3	*1	2	3	4	*0-1
Congenital Malformations Prematurity Atelectasis and Dis.	2 2	1	-		2 3	1 -		3 3	-	-	-	3 3
a of Early Infancy Marasmus, Debility and Icterus	2	-	-		2	-	-	2	-	-		2
Diarrhoea & Diseases of Digestive System Urinary Diseases	-	-					-		-			
Diseases of Circulation c { Pneumonia Bronchitis	-			1 1						-		
Convulsions Inflammation of Brain and Membranes	-	-	-		3	-	-	-				
Epidemic Cerebro- Spinal Meningitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles Whooping Cough Scarlet Fever	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				-
Diphtheria Typhoid Fever	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-		-	-	-
Tuberculosis of :— (a) Brain (b) Abdomen (c) Lungs (d) Other Forms	1111				1111		1111	1111	1111	1111		
g Syphilis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
h Accidents due to Difficult Labour	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	_	-	-	-
i Other Causes	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALL CAUSES	7	1	-	-	8	1	-	9	_	-	-	9

^{*} This column includes all deaths in preceding columns.

COMMENTARY ON THE VITAL STATISTICS

The figures for the Live Birth Rate and the Death Rate have been corrected by using the comparability factor supplied by the Registrar General. This factor makes a correction for the age and sex composition of the local population and these figures may therefore be compared with those for England and Wales.

	Spalding Rural District	England and Wales
	Rurai District	and wates
Live Birth Rate	16.79	16.4
Death Rate	10.96	11.7
Infant Mortality Rate	27.69	22.5

There were eight deaths from accidents as compared with no deaths from any of the acute infectious diseases. Your Council co-operated fully with the County Council in the Home Safety Campaign which was organised in November 1958 but there is need for a sustained effort if the number of deaths and injuries from accidents in the home is to be diminished. All officers who visit homes for one reason or another should be on the lookout for potential hazards in the home and be ready to give a tactful word of warning.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Number of cases of Infectious Diseases:

Disease		C	3 58 21 2	
		Total		F.
Scarlet Fever		 9	3	6
Whooping Cough		 113	58	55
Measles		 36	21	15
Acute Pneumonia		 3	2	1
Erysipelas		 1	1	-
Meningococcal Infection		 2	2	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum		 1	-	1
Sonne Dysentery		 4	2	2
Food Poisoning		 1	-	1
	m . 1	170		
	Total	170	89	81
		-		

Table 2

Analysis of Cases of Infectious Diseases under Age Groups

Age Groups	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough	Measles	Acute Pneumonia	Erysipelas	Meningococ- cal Infection	Acute Polio- myelitis	Sonne Dysentery	Food Poisoning	Ophthalmia Neonatorum
Under 1 year		11	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
1—2 years	_	12	3	_	-	_	-	1	-	-
3—4 years	2	18	10	-	_	1	-	_	-	-
5—9 years	7	58	19	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
10—14 years	_	14	2	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
15—24 years	-	-	-	_	-	1	-	-	-	-
25—44 years	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	2	_	-
45—64 years	-	_	-	3	1	-	-	-	1	-
65 and over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Age unknown	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Total	9	113	36	3	1	2	_	4	1	1

Table 3
Incidence of Infectious Disease in recent years

D:				Year			
Disease		1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958
Scarlet Fever	Cases Deaths	19	43	27	12 —	10	9
Diphtheria	Cases Deaths	=	=	=	=	_	=
Measles	Cases Deaths	347	5	364	18	562 —	36
Whooping Cough	{Cases Deaths	65	14	52	13	19	113
Polio- Myelitis	Cases Deaths	1	1	2	1 —	2	_

TUBER	RCULOSIS	M.	F.	Total
Cases of Tuberculosis on the Register at 31/12/58.	Pulmonary Non-pulmonary	33	25 3	58 4
Cases removed from the Register as cured during 1958	Pulmonary Non-pulmonary	1	0	1
Cases removed from the Register due to diagnosis not being confirmed during 1958	Pulmonary Non-pulmonary	 =	=	=
Cases removed from Register due to removal from the District during 1958	Pulmonary Non-pulmonary	 1	1	_
Cases removed from the Register due to death during 1958	Pulmonary Non-pulmonary		=	1

Analysis of new cases and deaths during 1958 Table 4

		New	cases		Deaths			
Age group	Pulmo	Pulmonary		Non-pul.		Pulmonary		oul.
	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.
Under 5 years	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
5—10 years	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
10—15 years	-	_	-		-	_	_	_
15—20 years	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
20—25 years	_	2	-	_	_	_	_	_
25—35 years	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
35—45 years	_	1	-	_	_	-	_	_
45—55 years	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	_
55—65 years	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Over 65 years	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	_
Totals	1	3	_	-	1	_	_	_

DETAILS OF CASES ON TUBERCULOSIS REGISTER 1952-58

		Cases	at 31:	st Decen	nber	Deat	hs du	ring year
Year	Pu	lmonary	Non	-pulmon	ary Pul	monary	Non-	pulmonary
1952		54		21		0		1
1953		54		14		5		0
1954		48		5		1		0
1955		54		5		3		1
1956		55		3		1		0
1957		57		3		2		0
1958		58		3		1		0

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

Immunisations for the year 1958 (Diphtheria)

Between the 1st January, 1958 and 31st December, 1958, 194 children under five years of age, and 23 children between the ages of 5 and 14 years received the primary immunisation course (3 injections at monthly intervals).

A further 266 children were given a "booster" or secondary injection.

The following table compiled from figures supplied by the County Medical Officer shows the numbers and percentage of the child population immunised during the years 1944-58 inclusive.

Table 5

District	Under 1 year		1 and under 5 years		5— 14 years	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Boston Borough	72	17.2	1236	% 81.8	3644	% 92.2
Spalding Urban	42	17.8	689	82.5	2160	97.7
Boston Rural	43	11.7	1005	72.6	3149	89.8
East Elloe Rural	48	18.1	961	64.2	3455	91.4
Spalding Rural	41	12.4	830	71.1	3003	95.0
Totals	246	15.2	4721	75.4	15411	92.8

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

Table 5 shows that the number of infants in your district who are being immunised against diphtheria is becoming dangerously low. The isolation of families in your area and the fact that the Local Health Authority have considered it wise to give separate injections for diphtheria and whooping cough all the year round may have caused many parents to surrender to the inconvenience involved and not to bother at all. This is a dangerous attitude and should be avoided.

WATER SUPPLY

The water supplied throughout your district is obtained from artesian wells. Samples are taken regularly and submitted for bacteriological analysis. The results are mainly "Highly Satisfactory" or "Satisfactory."

There seems little doubt that the Council's water supply will be taken over by a Board in the near future. It is possible that the problem of the high fluorine content in the Crowland water supply may be dealt with.

SEWERAGE AND PUBLIC CLEANSING

During the year plans for the sewering of the parishes of Donington, Gosberton, Pinchbeck and Moulton were considered. It is hoped to start work in Donington in the near future. The problem of the disposal of cesspool fluid will, however, continue for many years to come and the Council should therefore endeavour to obtain a site which can be used for this purpose.

HOUSING

Reference has already been made to the Slum Clearance in West Pinchbeck. There is still a considerable number of unfit houses to be demolished and some parishes, particularly Crowland, will require special attention.

INSPECTION OF FOOD

Despite the difficulties that are bound to arise in a widely scattered district your Public Health Inspectors have been able to improve the conditions in many food premises and have at the same time maintained a very high standard of meat inspection.

I am particularly pleased with the way in which the butchers in your area have conformed to the Council's desire that the slaughterhouses should be improved. They have all put themselves to considerable trouble and expense and the photographs on the frontispiece bears record what of has been achieved.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA AS REPORTED BY THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Visits

The following table shows the number of visits made during the year by the Public Health Inspectors.

Subject of Visits			Initial Visits	Routine or Revisits
Housing Act 1957			 166	269
Water Supplies: water san	nples		 4	1
Overcrowding Complaints			 1	1
Moveable Dwellings; Can	nps		 33	21
Food Samples			 6	4
Food Hygiene			 78	120
Factories and Workplaces			 15	16
Public Conveniences			 10	67
Infectious Diseases			 26	12
Disinfection after I.D			 4	-
Prevention of Damage by F	ests Act		 6	5
Disinfestation			 3	2
Drain Tests			 161	149
Housing Site Sewerage Sch	emes		 17	293
Refuse Service			 58	29
Night Soil and Cesspool En	nptying	Service	 12	10
Slaughterhouses			 7	41
Public Sewerage Schemes			 570	202
Improvement Grants			 80	110
Nuisances—General			 149	87
Miscellaneous			 117	75
Meat Inspection			 -	2070
		Total	1523	3584

WATER SUPPLY

The following table shows the number of dwelling houses supplied from the Council's mains in each parish.

		D	wellings in	Dwellings
Parish			luation List	Supplied
Cowbit			194	186
Crowland			980	937
Deeping St.	Nichol	as	584	504
Donington			659	631
Gosberton			771	679
Moulton			853	741
Pinchbeck			1239	1110
Quadring			345	304
Surfleet			348	304
Weston			452	424
	Tota	1	6435	5820
				1

The percentage of dwellings supplied is 90.44%.

WATER SAMPLES

Public Supplies.

78 samples of water were taken by the staff of the Water Department and submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for bacteriological analysis with the following results:—

		BORE							
Remarks of Analyst	Deeping St. James	Deeping St. N'las	Don- ington	Pinch- beck					
Excellent	30	30	-	44					
Satisfactory	2	_	_	_					
Suspicious		1	_	_					
Unsatisfactory	_	1	_	_					

DRAINAGE, SEWERAGE AND REFUSE DISPOSAL

Details of work done during the past year are as follows :-

Cesspools	Vault Closets	Cistern, Tanks, etc.
2,509	371	51

On 97 occasions the cesspool machines were used to remove sludge from the settlement and humus tanks at the sewage disposal works on the Housing Estates. In addition the collection and disposal of pail closet contents has been maintained throughout the year.

The refuse collection scheme has operated during the year without any major alterations. The area of collection has again increased slightly by small alterations of the routes to bring in outlying properties.

Salvage collection has been maintained during the year and the sale of materials realised £1,540/4/4d.

The new refuse freighter came into operation during the year and has proved a most efficient vehicle.

FACTORIES AND WORKPLACES

There are no large or heavy industrial factories in the area which is almost 100% agricultural in character. The premises in the list of factories and workplaces are composed of village blacksmiths, carpenters, bakers, garages and similar premises. They are in the main, family businesses and present no serious problems in administration.

MILK AND DAIRIES

Milk Distributors.

All milk retailed in the area is designated bottled milk.

Designated Milk.

The following annual licences to use special designations in relation to milk sold in the district were issued :—

	Principal Licences	Supplementary
Pasteurised Milk	7	4
Sterilised Milk	17	4
Tuberculin Tested Milk	7	1
T.T. (Pasteurised)	1	3

MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION

Class of animal	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs
Number killed Number inspected	2510 2510	159 159	16 Exac 16	t figure not kno	8169 8169
All Diseases except Tuberculosis		Меат	REJECTED		
Whole carcases rejected	2	1	2	7	6
Carcases of which some part or organ was rejected.	492	12	_	36	1056
Percentage of carcases affected with disease other than Tuberculosis	19.7%	8.2%	12.5%	1.1%	13.0%
Tuberculosis only Whole carcases rejected	2	6	_		1
Carcases of which some part or organ was rejected	144	24	2	_	130
Percentage of carcases affected with Tuberculosis	5.8%	18.8%	12.5%	Nil	1.6%

Details of Meat and Offals rejected are contained in the following list:—

Article Rejected	i	Disease or Condition found
6 Cow Carcases and Offals		 Generalised Tuberculosis
2 Beast Carcases and Offals		 Generalised Tuberculosis
1 Calf Carcase and Offals		 Immature
1 Calf Carcase and Offals		 Blown and Unwholesome
1 Cow Carcase and Offals		 Metritis and Severe Bruising
2 Beast Carcases and Offals		 Generalised Cysticercus Bovis
2 Pig Carcases and Offals		 Gut Oedema
4 Pig Carcases and Offals		 Oedematous
5 Lamb Carcases and Offals		 Fevered and Severe Bruising
1 Lamb Carcase and Offals		 Emaciation
1 Sheep Carcase and Offals		 Toxaemia
1 Pig Ĉarcase and Offals		 Generalised Tuberculosis
1 Side of Beef and Offals		 Tuberculosis
2 Forequarters of Beef		 Tuberculosis
2 Hindquarters of Beef		 Bone Taint
1 Side of Beef		 Abcesses and Gross Contamination

The following offals were rejected for various reasons too numerous to be set out in detail :—

211 Beast Livers	229 Pigs Livers
136 Beast Lungs	585 Pigs Lungs
250 Part Beast Livers	144 Pigs Hearts
86 Beast Heads and Tongues	40 Pigs Kidneys
10 Beast Kidneys	118 Pigs Heads
6 Beast Mesenteric Fats	5 Sheeps Livers
1 Beast Spleen	210 lbs. Pork Trimmings
2 Beast Hearts	90 lbs. Beef Trimmings

CYSTICERCUS BOVIS

27 Beast carcases and offals were found to be affected with Cysts of the tapeworm Taenia Saginata. Two of these were generalised infections which necessitated carcases and offals being destroyed, the remaining 25 were localised infections and were consigned to "deep freeze" for three weeks. Percentage of carcases found to be affected with Cysticercus Bovis was 1.01%.

The following list gives details of other foods rejected for various reasons.

1 Tin Ox Tongue	 	Decomposition
2 Tins Rock Lobster	 	Decomposition
7 lb. New Zealand Cheese	 	Excessive Mould Growth
19 x 8 oz. Tins Tomatoes	 	Blown and Damaged Tins
7 x 14 oz. Tins Tomatoes	 	Blown and Damaged Tins
1 large Tin of Tomatoes	 	Blown and Damaged Tin
5 x 1 lb. 13 oz. Tins Peaches		Blown and Damaged Tins
1 x 16 oz. Tin Pineapples		Damaged tin
6 lb. 10 oz. Luncheon Ham	 	Commencing putrefaction

FOOD PREMISES

The conditions of food premises in the area has been found generally satisfactory. Implementation of the Food Hygiene Regulations has proceeded satisfactorily during the year and defects found were mainly the absence of the additional facilities required by the Regulations, i.e. separate wash-hand basins with hot and cold water.

ICE-CREAM

The retail sale of ice-cream in the area is restricted almost entirely to the sale of portions pre-packed by the manufacturers.

One small business operates using the complete cold mix. On analysis the ice-cream was reported satisfactory.

Four samples of "iced-lollies" were all reported satisfactory by the laboratory.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES

Twelve private slaughterhouses continued in use during the year and visits for meat inspection purposes were by far the heaviest section of the Public Health Inspectors' duties and involved regular over-time each week.

With the passing of the Slaughterhouses (Hygiene) Regulations and the Slaughter of Animals (Prevention of Cruelty) Regulations 1958, almost all the premises again fell short of statutory requirements, and it is doubtful if several of the slaughterhouses can ever be brought up to the required standard.

The failure of the Ministry to make a clear early statement of the final requirements is causing considerable misunderstanding and resentment in the trade. The effect of this recent legislation will be felt when the Regulations become operative.

The time is long overdue when Local Authorities and the Slaughtering Industry may put their house in order and be confident that it will stay so for a reasonable number of years.

RODENT CONTROL

	Type of Property					
	Local Authority	Dwelling- Houses	Agricul- tural	Other Properties	Total	
Total No. of properties in the District	33	6435	1772	763	9003	
No. of Following Complaints	6	169	118	18	311	
properties inspected. Otherwise	27	882	526	106	1541	
No. of properties found to be	1	_	27	_	28	
infested with minor	2	130	118	19	269	
No. of properties found to be infested with mice		5		-	5	
No. of infested properties treated	3	135	145	19	302	
No. of Requiring treatment	_	_	_	_	_	
served under Sec. 4 of the Act Requiring structural works	_	_	_	_	_	
No. of cases in which work was carried out in default	_	_	_	_	_	
Legal proceedings	-	-	-	-	-	
No. of "Block" control schemes carried out		NINE				

The amount of work carried out in this field reflects credit on the Council's Rodent Officer, Mr. F. Emery, who has established and maintained good relationship with the public.

HOUSING

Nuisances.

55 cases of housing defects, drainage and refuse nuisances were investigated during the year and informal notices were served as necessary.

Slum Clearance, Housing Act, 1957.

During the year 87 unfit houses were reported to the Council including 11 Clearance Areas and 1 Compulsory Purchase Order. The following statutory procedure was taken:—

- 25 Notices of "time and place" were served.
- 19 Demolition Orders were made.
- 1 Undertaking not to re-let was accepted.
- 3 Closing Orders were made.

The eleven Clearance Areas, involving 42 houses, are as follows:

Northorpe Road, Donington	(No. 1)	Clearance Area 1958.
Station Street, Donington	(No. 1)	Clearance Area 1958.
Silver Street, Moulton	(No. 1)	Clearance Area 1958.
Main Road, Surfleet	(No. 1)	Clearance Area 1958.
Small Drove Lane, West Pinchbeck	(No. 1)	Clearance Area 1958. (Confirmed).
Glenside, West Pinchbeck	(No. 1)	Clearance Area 1958. (Confirmed).
Glenside, West Pinchbeck	(No. 2)	Clearance Area 1958. (Confirmed).
Glenside, West Pinchbeck	(No. 3)	Clearance Area 1958. (Confirmed).
Six House Bank, West Pinchbeck	(No. 1)	Clearance Area 1958. (Confirmed).
Six House Bank, West Pinchbeck	(No. 2)	Clearance Area 1958.
Blackwell's Row, Quadring	(No. 2)	Clearance Area 1958.

One house on which a Closing Order was placed in 1957 was included in Six House Bank, West Pinchbeck (No. 2) Clearance Area.

The Compulsory Purchase Order for Swinton Cottages, Quadring Road, Gosberton, was confirmed in November, 1958. This involved a further four houses.

Improvement Grants.

Houses inspected in full detail		 	27
Formal application for improvement	grants	 	15
Improvement Grants approved		 	4

Overcrowding.

During the year 1 case of overcrowding was reported and abated.

New Houses.

A total of 6 houses were completed on the Council estates during the year and a further 28 were commenced of which 21 had reached roof level at the end of the year.

37 dwellings were erected by private developers and a further 36 were commenced.





