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# COUNTY BOROUGH OF SOUTHPORT. EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

# MEDICAL INSPECTION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

FOR THE YEAR 1921.

BY

G. C. BARNES, D.P.H.,

SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER.

#### SOUTHPORT:

J. J. Riley, "Guardian" Office, 267 Lord Street, 1922.



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Do	E. A. Palmer, C.M.B., R.S.I., Trained Nurse.
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Do. (Temporary)	ONE.
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Do	D. H. THWAITES.
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	mary).

# To the Chairman and Members of the Education Committee.

The School Medical Officer begs to present his Report for the year 1921.

The department has maintained a high standard of efficiency.

Attention is directed inter alia to the results of Dental Treatment. In 1913, of children aged 6 and over, 41.5% had one or more carious permanent teeth, whereas in 1921 the percentage is reduced to 12.4. At leaving in 1913 the percentage of children with carious permanent teeth was 79.2; in 1921 it is 18.75.

Of 988 cases not treated it will be noted that two-thirds were Dental.

Further and simpler powers are required to secure prompt and effectual treatment in recalcitrant cases.

Sanction was received from the Board of Education to expend the sum of £15 15s. on the treatment by X-Ray of three cases of Tubercular Glands. The Medical Staff, encouraged by the result of the treatment, and greatly daring, proceeded without further sanction to treat four more cases at a further cost of some £20. The Board refused to pay half of this £20; and when Colonel Dalrymple White, M.P. for Southport, asked a question about it in the House, matters were made worse by the Minister referring to this recognised treatment as an "Experiment." The reason assigned is that the £10 is saved for the sake of National Economy. On that, one can only say that if the Board wish to economise, which seems somewhat doubtful, there are a thousand and one matters of their concern calling for the pruning knife without lopping off such a trifle as the amount in dispute; which is, moreover, spent for unquestioned value. They might, for instance, make a beginning in their own department; there would be no necessity to stop at a Ten-Pound note.

I suggest for consideration of the Board of Education that the arrest of disease, and the saving of a child's health, and maybe its life, are of the value of fifty shillings; and that it is better to spend this amount than to have Tuberculous Glands removed at great expense later by a surgeon, when it is difficult, if not impossible, to get a satisfactory result.

Supposing that this treatment were used on a corresponding scale throughout the country, the whole expenditure might amount to £5,000; and this would unquestionably be both justifiable and expedient.

The "School Medical Service" arises out of the Education (Administrative Provisions) Act, 1907. The number of defects disclosed by the Inspection under the act called for a scheme of Treatment for these defects at the Public Expense.

In the 12 months ended 31st October, 1918, there were approximately 2½ million examinations of recruits for the War; of this number only 36% were found to be of normal standard of health and strength; the remaining 64% did not attain this standard, and upwards of 40% presented such marked physical disabilities as to be classifiable as C.3. The defects answerable for this miserable state of affairs were chiefly such things as Spinal Curvature, Deformity, Defective Vision, Rickets, and Defective Teeth; and Tuberculosis was responsible for a fair proportion of the invalidity.

The immensely greater part of this sum of incapacity is due to the failure to recognise and treat adequately the defects of children. Had a proper school medical service been in action for the preceding 20 years it is fair to say that a very large proportion of that disability would have been altogether obviated.

In addressing a Public Meeting during the Autumn I ventured to ask the question, "What is the cash value of an Infantile Death-Rate of 50?" I fear that that question remains unanswered, even in general terms, except in academic circles. It is as certain as anything can be that such value is almost incalculable. The same consideration applies to properly conducted School Medical Services and to Maternity and Child Welfare work. These things have been branded in certain quarters as a large slice of State Socialism. So far from that being a cogent criticism, it is not even an insurance premium that the expense of these activities constitutes. It is simply the commonsense provision that a reasonable view of the future renders necessary. The proportion of C.3. constituents in the population will in such ways be very largely reduced, the incidence of the unfortunate people who are now causing a huge strain on the State in prisons, workhouses, and asylums will be largely eliminated, and a corresponding number enabled to take their place in the wealth-producing section of the community. Apart from such crude evidences of failure to take the long view, the present loss to the community by reason of temporary incapacity from avoidable sickness and premature death is stupendous.

You cannot get an A.1. Medical Service out of a C.3. staff; and in areas such as Southport, where there is an A.1. Medical Service, the cost of that service is not to be complained of, so long as it co-ordinates with the reasonable ability of the community to pay for it. Any service, whether bad or good, may be made the subject of captious criticism. This kind of thing is never helpful, but in certain minds is made to take the part of the more valuable criticism commonly called constructive. The staffs involved form a vital part of the Public Health services of the State, and should be brought into the closest touch with the Local Authority; and proper attention should

be given to the adequacy of their remuneration, their status, and their duties. It is not possible that anyone whose opinions are worthy of serious consideration can deny that a considerable value attaches to the services rendered by an efficient school medical staff. In times like the present, when financial stringency renders every reasonable economy paramount, and when things which have come to be regarded as ordinary necessities may almost be classified in certain cases as luxuries (that is things which can be done without), it is of the gravest importance to take heed in what quarter the pruning knife of economy is to be used. Genuine helpful services should never be cut off or reduced with a view to relieving the strain on National and Local Finances or with any other object whilst there remains a thousand and one things now conducted at the Public Charge which could infinitely better be dispensed with.

I recommend the following to Education Committees in general and in particular to the co-opted members of those bodies whose membership of their committee arises out of the fact that they are "persons of experience in education, and persons acquainted with the needs of the various kinds of school in the area."

Education may be defined as the placing of an Organism in such an environment that in future it will be able to administer in the greatest degree to its own wants and to those of its neighbours. If this definition is not controverted, it becomes impossible to deny that an environment which is calculated to ensure to the Organism in the future a sound healthy body during a longer and healthier life is the most important part of that Organism's Education.

#### VACCINATION.

As can be seen by the table, the percentage of children unvaccinated is rapidly increasing, and has reached the high figure of 73.0% for boys, and 68.4% for girls. Nothing short of an Epidemic of Smallpox apparently will remedy this state of affairs. It remains only to repeat the warnings so often given in the past and to arrange for the future. For the whole cost of this and for dealing with the epidemic when it comes, the anti-vaccinated and unvaccinated ought to pay. An outbreak occurred during the latter months of the year 1920 at Middleton and District, and a few points arising out of it regarding Vaccination are now forthcoming:—

"No person under 10 years of age who had been vaccinated in infancy developed the disease, whereas 26 unvaccinated persons in this age period contracted the disease.

"No case of Smallpox was notified amongst males in the age periods 20 to 30 years and 30 to 40 years. These age groups included a number of ex-Service men who had been either primarily vaccinated or re-vaccinated during their service." "The 175 persons living in the affected houses who escaped the disease had been vaccinated either before or during the epidemic."

A Special investigation in 16 of the 45 affected houses containing 112 inmates showed:—"Of 19 persons unvaccinated there were 18 cases and one escaped; of 12 persons vaccinated over seven years ago there were six cases and six escapes; of eight persons vaccinated within seven years no cases; of 38 persons primarily vaccinated seven years ago and re-vaccinated since contact, one case and 37 escapes; of 34 persons primarily vaccinated subsequent to contact, six cases and 28 escapes. One person vaccinated in infancy who had smallpox in a previous epidemic escaped.

These figures again give evidence of the efficacy of vaccination, and swell the mass of statistics which go to support it. Every child should be vaccinated within the first six months of life.

#### SCABIES.

It is almost impossible in many cases to get the intensive treatment required, under the conditions prevalent at the children's homes. In the absence of a hospital for skin diseases, one would at normal times advocate the establishment of two or three beds at the Infirmary Annexe where there is a room in the premises rented by the Corporation which would accommodate them. Two or three days in-patient treatment would save a very large loss of school attendance which amounted, in 1921, from this cause, to 4,941 days for 89 children (=say £80).

#### TONSILS AND ADENOIDS.

A separate report on the operative treatment of Tonsils and Adenoids has been given by Mr. Yorke. After the effects of the operation has passed off there is still a strong tendency for the child to continue the habit of mouth breathing which at first is rendered necessary by the obstruction of the adenoids. To correct this habit much care and practice are required on the part of the parent who must be constantly checking any such tendency. In addition to this, these children should be incorporated in a special class for physical training where they may be instructed and trained in the necessary breathing exercises and chest development. This class should come into the sphere of the Physical Training expert and should be carried on under his supervision. Excellent results could be obtained. The small amount of work entailed will be well repaid by the result obtained.

7th March, 1922.

#### WORK OF THE SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICE.

SANITATION.

Medical Inspection (Routine and Specials) at the Elementary Schools.

Following up and re-inspection of children found defective.

Cleanliness Surveys under Section 128 of the Children's Act.

Clinic work. Treatment of Minor Ailments. Two afternoon clinics are provided for this work, and a morning clinic held daily.

Dental Clinic carried on daily except Saturday.

Eye Clinic. Refraction and treatment of External Eye disease on one afternoon each week.

Provision of spectacles in necessitous cases.

Provision of meals.

EXAMINATION OF DEFECTIVE CHILDREN with a view to sending them to special schools for Blind, Deaf, Physical and Mental Defectives.

MEDICAL INSPECTION of Scholarship Children.

MEDICAL AND DENTAL INSPECTION of Secondary School Children.

OPERATIVE TREATMENT of Tonsils and Adenoids.

X-RAY TREATMENT of Ringworm.

SPECIAL CLINIC meeting one afternoon a week for the treatment of skin diseases.

#### SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

There are 18 Elementary Schools in the area. With the exception of two, these are of the Central Hall type or variations of this type.

The Sanitary condition of the schools is, on the whole, good. Certain improvements, e.g., the conversion of Trough Closets, improvement of heating plant, lighting and ventilation, have been carried out, but still much requires to be done. Some of the alterations which one would like to see accomplished are at the present time too costly, and for that reason cannot be recommended, but it is hoped that those improvements which involve I ttle outlay, or which, though somewhat costly, are urgently needed, will be carried out as soon as possible.

# GENERAL REVIEW OF THE FACTS DISCLOSED BY THE MEDICAL INSPECTION.

#### PROPORTION OF CHILDREN ACTUALLY INSPECTED.

Out of 2,998 children placed on the list for inspection, 92.5 per cent. were inspected; 1.6 per cent. of parents declined to have their children inspected; 28.2 per cent. of the parents attended the inspection of their children.

#### PREVIOUS DISEASE.

The common febrile disorders of childhood had affected the children according to the following percentages:—Measles, 65.3 per cent., Whooping Cough, 32.8 per cent.; Chicken Pox, 23.2 per cent.; Scarlet Fever, 7.0 per cent.; Diphtheria, 1.8 per cent.; Mumps, 2.7 per cent.; Rheumatism, 0.2 per cent.

#### VACCINATION.

58.7 per cent. were unvaccinated, the greater part of the deficiency occurring amongst the infants. In addition, 0.1 per cent., though said to have been vaccinated, had no cicatrices.

Percentage of Infants (under 6 years of age) found unvaccinated during the last Eleven Years.

1911	 Boys.	 Girls.
1912	 23.9	 21.8
1913	 44.0	 45.4
1914	 50.8	 55.7
1915	 53.6	 49.6
1916	 55.6	 50.4
1917	 60.2	 57.5
1918	 63.4	 63.6
1919	 68.8	 67.1
1920	 68.5	 66.7
1921	 73.0	 68.4

Table A (1) shows the average heights and weights according to "age last birthday"; and Table A (2) the heights and weights corrected to end of completed year of life.

# TABLE A. ALL ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS, SOUTHPORT.

#### (1) Average Heights and Weights.

#### (Age last birthday.)

	( - go ince wii ciiuky )
Age last BOYS.	Age last GIRLS.
Birth-	GIRLS.
	Birth-
No. day. Ft. Ins. Cms. St. Lbs. Kilos.	No. day. Ft. Ins. Cms. St. Lbs. Kild
41 3 3—0.4 92.5 2—5.9 15.38	and the second s
70 4 9 9 5 400 0 0 0 0 11 13.00	36 3 3—1.7 95.7 2—5.6 15.2
70 4 3—3.5100.3 2—8.8 16.70	77 4 3—3.5100.3 2—4.1 14.5
182 5 3—6.3107.4 2—12.6 18.42	172 5 2 6 0 110.5 2 4.1 14.5
74 6 3—8.8113.8 3—2.7 20.28	173 5 3—6.0106.7 2—11.6 17.9
191 0 3—0.0113.8 3—2.7 20.28	100 6 3—7.8111.3 3—0.9 19.4
184 7 3—11.0119.4 3—8.6 22.95	169 7 3—11.3120.2 3—6.6 22.0
203 8 4—0.4123.0 3—11.2 24.13	201 2 3 3 22.0
26 0 4 2 4 400 0 4 11.2 24.13	204 8 3—6.6108.2 3—8.8 23.0
26 9 4—3.1129.8 4—4.2 27.31	30 9 4—2.2127.5 4—0.5 25.6
11 10 4—4.3132.8 4—5.2 27.76	24 10 4 2 2 1122 2 4 0.3 23.6
208 11 4—6.3137.9 4—13.5 31.52	24 10 4—3.3130.3 4—3.4 26.9
054 11 1—0.515/.9 4—15.5 31.52	154 11 4—6.0137.2 4—11.2 30.4
271 12 4—7.5141.0 5—4.1 33.61	194 12 4—7.5141.0 5—3.7 33.4:
152 13 4—6.2137.7 5—10.6 36.56	191 12 131.0 3-3.7 33.4
48 14 5 0.0 150.0 0 0.4 14.00	121 13 4—10.4148.3 5—12.2 37.28
48 14 5—0.2152.8 6—8.4 41.92	10 14 4—10.7149.1 6—7.8 41.64
11 15 5—1.3155.4 7—0.1 44.44	1.00
1481	/ <del></del>
1401	1 1292

# DR. TUXFORD AND DR. ASHLEIGH CLEGG'S TABLE OF ENGLISH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CHILDREN.

	Age last BOYS.  Birth-  No. day. Ft. Ins. Cms. St. Lbs. Kilos.  9388 3 3—0.4 92.4 2—4.8 14.86  24047 4 3—2.7 98.2 2—7.9 16.29  65438 5 3—4.5 103.0 2—10.7 17.54  20554 6 3—6.5 108.0 3—0.6 19.33  37515 7 3—9.2 114.7 3—4.7 21.20  9684 8 3—11.0 119.3 3—8.4 22.86  7873 9 4—1.1 124.7 3—13.4 25.12  21579 10 4—2.9 129.4 4—4.4 27.42  5084 11 4—4.8 134.2 4—5.6 29.93	No. day. Ft. Ins. Cms. St. Lbs. Kilos. 8478 3 3—0.1 91.6 2—3.8 14.44 21362 4 3—2.6 98.1 2—6.9 15.82 63825 5 3—4.4 102.6 2—9.6 17.07 21238 6 3—6.4 107.6 2—13.0 18.58 36477 7 3—8.8 113.9 3—3.2 20.50 10214 8 3—10.3 117.6 3—6.9 22.19 8138 9 4—0.7 123.7 3—12.6 24.75 21017 10 4—3.1 129.8 4—2.9 26.71
1	21579 10 4-2.9129.4 4-4.4 27.42	8138 9 4—0.7123.7 3—12.6 24.75 21017 10 4—3.1129.8 4—2.9 26.71
	37230 12 4—4.8134.2 4—5.6 29.93 52232 13 4—8.1142.5 5—7.5 35.15	36577 12 4—6.6138.7 5—3.9 29.59
	4342 14 4—9.9147.1 6—0.1 38.15	50717 13 4—8.8144.5 5—10.1 36.31 3702 14 4—10.7149.0 6—3.7 39.81

It will be noted the comparison is favourable to Southport.

# (2) Average Heights and Weights Corrected to End of completed Year of Life. (Southport Elementary Schools.)

No. Age. Ft. Ins. Cms. St. Lbs. Kilos.	GIRLS.
12 Age. 1t. ms. Chis. St. Lbs. Kilos.	No. Age. Ft. Ins. Cms. St. Lbs. Kilos.
13 3 3—0.5 92.7 2—3.8 14.42	14 3 3—0.9 93.7 2—4.3 14.65
67 4 3—2.5 97.8 2—7.4 16.06	24.3 14.65
149 5 2 5 2 104 0 0 11 0 17 00	64 4 3—2.4 97.5 2—7.2 15.96
142 5 3—5.3104.9 2—11.0 17.68	138 5 3—4.9103.9 2—9.8 17.15
125 6 3—7.7111.0 3—1.2 19.59	142 6 3—7.1109.4 2—13.4 18.78
86 7 3—9.7116.1 3—5.5 21.54	142 0 0 105.4 2-13.4 18.78
204 0 2 14 0 104 7 0 3.3 21.34	83 7 3—9.5115.6 3—4.7 21.18
284 8 3—11.9121.7 3—8.9 23.08	292 8 3—11.8121.4 3—12.0 24.50
54 9 4—1.9126.7 4—0.3 25.54	44 9 4—1.3125.2 3—12.7 24.82
18 10 4—4.3132.8 4—5.7 27.99	71 5 1—1.5125.2 5—12.7 24.82
90 11 4 5 4 105 0 1 3.7 21.99	26 10 4—3.9131.8 4—4.1 27.26
80 11 4—5.4135.6 4—10.7 30.26	54 11 4—4.5133.3 4—4.8 27.58
331 12 4-7.0139.7 5-1.8 32.59	275 12 4—6.8139.2 4—13.4 31.48
147 13 4—5.6136.1 5—8.0 35.38	270 12 1 0.0133.2 4 13.4 31.48
115 14 14 150.0 5-0.0 55.38	94 13 4—9.6146.3 5—10.7 36.60
115 14 4—11.4150.9 6—0.8 38.46	63 14 4—11.2150.3 6—0.7 38.40
18 15 5—1.2155.4 7—3.9 46.20	3 15 5—1.0155.0 7—3.6 46.08
1 16 4—10.9149.6 6—3.8 39.82	5 10 5-1.0 155.0 7-3.6 46.08
2 10 1-10.0149.0 0-3.8 39.82	

#### TINEA TONSURANS.

Five cases were encountered at the inspection.

With 98 cases discovered in other ways, chiefly by teachers or in the course of Inspection under the Children Act, and 29 cases brought forward uncured at the end of the previous year, 127 cases altogether were met with.

(See "Following-up Return," page 41).

#### X-RAY TREATMENT OF TINEA TONSURANS.

During the year 1921, ten cases were treated and cured; and two still under treatment at the end of the year.

#### CLEANLINESS-STATE OF HAIR.

There were 634 cases of nits in the hair (22.9 per cent.), including 9.4 per cent. of the boys and 38.3 per cent. of the girls.

The following Table shows the percentage of girls found at the Routine Inspection with nits in the hair, during the past five years:—

#### NITS IN THE HAIR. (GIRLS ONLY).

#### INSPECTIONS UNDER EDUCATION (Ad. Prov.) ACT, 1907.

			19	919	19	20	19	21
School.	1917	1918	Girls.	Infts.	Girls.	Infts.	Girls.	Infts.
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Ainsdale C.E		36.8			50.0	75.0		
Ainsdale Council	60.0	33.3	50.0	25.0	20.0	33.3		16.7
Ainsdale R.C	25.0	35.3	55.6		-	22 22	-	
All Saints' C.E		55.9		16.7	65.9	27.3		25.0
Birkdale C.E	44.8	36.6	65.6	26.3		48.4		31.6
Birkdale Council		58.8		59.2	50.6	38.1		27.3
Blowick C.E		57.1		28.0		33.3		28.6
Churchtown Council		50.0		26.9		9.1		28.0
Crossens C.E	51.6	47.2	25.9	26.7		8.3		53.3
Dean Cooke Mem. R.C		63.6		18.2		50.0		55.6
Emmanuel C.E		12.5		21.7		10.5		9.7
Holy Trinity C.E		46.7		43.5		35.7		23.5
Linaker Street Council		46.2		52.5		34.0		44.1
St. Luke's C.E		27.8		40.5		27.8		30.4
St. Marie's R.C		62.9		45.5		29.4		42.9
St. Philip's C.E.		28.3		8.3		11.1		31.6
SS. Simon & Jude's C.E		72.3		45.6		32.7		
St. Teresa's R.C.		53.2						23.9
Dt. 101030 100. mmmm	00.7	00.2		00.7		60.0	42.0	24.0
Total	52.5	49.8					43.7	29.3

#### CARIOUS PERMANENT TEETH.

12.4 per cent. of the children over six years of age have one or more permanent teeth carious. At leaving the percentage is 18.75 (See "Following-up" Return, page 41). This demonstrates that the work of the Dentists is largely effecting its object.

#### ENLARGED TONSILS AND ADENOIDS.

15.8 per cent. of the children were affected, and of these 120 (4.3 per cent.) were cases requiring removal.

#### ENLARGED GLANDS IN THE NECK.

20.9 per cent.; only a small proportion would be tubercular.

#### DEFECTIVE VISION.

195 children (8.9 per cent.) failed to read  $\frac{6}{9}$   $\frac{6}{9}$  with each eye, and all these are classified as defective.

#### EXTERNAL EYE DISEASE.

3.0 per cent. (Squint 1.6 per cent).

#### EAR DISEASE.

Otorrhœa, 1.1 per cent.

#### DEAFNESS.

278=10.0 per cent.; mostly due to wax.

#### CARDIAC DISEASE.

14=0.5 per cent.

#### LUNG DISEASE.

Eleven cases of fairly definite Bronchitis were met with. No child suffering from Phthisis was discovered at the routine inspection.

#### NERVOUS DISEASE.

6 = 0.2 per cent.

#### TUBERCULOSIS.

Nil.

#### RICKETS.

28=1.0 per cent. (Mostly very slight).

# NUMBER OF CHILDREN REFERRED FOR SUBSEQUENT OR FURTHER EXAMINATION.

Abrasion 1	Nasal Catarrh 1
Acne Vulgaris 2	Nasal Polypi 1
Anæmia	Nervous Disease 6
Aural Polypus 1	Nits634
Cardiac Disease	Otitis Media
Cerumen218	Parasitic Diseases 8
Chilblains 1	Pharyngitis 2
	Psoriasis
	Rash (Food) 3
Constipation 2	Rheumatism 1
Cyst 1	Rheumatoid Arthritis 1
Defective Hearing278	
Defective Nutrition 1	Rhinitis 6
Defective Vision195	Rickets 28
Discharge from crypt of	Sebaceous Cyst 1
Tonsil 2	Seborrhæic Eczema 5
Dyspepsia 1	Scabies 9
Eczema 11	Scald 1
Enlarged Thyroid 6	Sores 3
Enuresis 3	Sprain 1
Erythema 1	Teeth844
External Eye Disease 84	Tinea Tonsurans 5
Furunculosis 4	Tonsils and Adenoids439
Ganglion 1	Tonsillitis
Gastric Catarrh (sl.) 1	Umbilical Hernia 1
Greenstick Fracture 2	Urticaria 2
Impetigo 24	Warts 4
Lung Disease 43	
Megrim 8	
Nævus 1	Total2992
	2000

Two or more defects are frequently present in the same child.

RE-EXAMINATIONS of children were conducted at the following schools during December, with results as shewn:—

School.	DENTAL DEFECTS.			VISUAL DEFECTS.			MISCELLANEOUS.		
	Cured.	Un- treated	Improv- ing.	Cured.	Un- treated	Improv- ing.		Un- treated	Improv-
Holy Trinity C.E	3	6		1	1	1		1	
Churchtown Council	7	42	3	3	6		8	2	2
St. Marie's R.C	3				2		2		

#### LOCAL EDUCATION AUTHORITIES (MEDICAL TREATMENT) ACT, 1909, SECTION 1.

The following is a list of the charges at present made for treatment— Secondary School Children—

- 51	1.4		1.7	
- 1	0	C	ьn	-
- 3		10	UEI	

Extraction with gas	5/-
Extractions	1/6 per tooth.
Fillings	2/6 per filling.
Scaling	1/- to 2/
Ear Syringing	3/6.
Secondary School and Elementary School Children—	
Operation for Tonsils and Adenoids	7/6.

It is probable that an attempt to enforce charges on every parent of an elementary school child for treatment would have the effect of reducing the amount of treatment carried out to a small fraction of the cases requiring it. This remark bears especially on the matter of dental treatment. It has taken years of patience to secure the present percentage of defects "cured" in this town, and in my opinion it amounts to a certainty that if the parents are to be charged for the work they will not continue to send the children to the clinic. The difficulties met by practical people in getting an elementary school child to the dentist seem sufficient of themselves to overcome without the parent having to object on account of the cost. Furthermore, any amount collected from the parents will be more than swallowed up by the clerical and collection charges.

I repeat my previous suggestion of a Voluntary Payment of one Penny per month, by the parents of every child attending the schools, for medical treatment; this would amount to about £400 per annum.

# TABLE A. SECONDARY SCHOOLS, SOUTHPORT.

# (1) Average Heights and Weights.

(Age last birthday).

BOYS.	
Age last Birth. No. day. Ft .Ins Cms. St. Lbs. Kilos.	N
1 10 4—6.5138.4 4—5.0 27.67	
30 11 4—6.7138.9 5—1.4 32.38	
36 12 4—8.3143.0 5—5.1 34.06	
50 13 4—11.1150.1 6—0.5 38.32	
35 14 5—0.5153.6 6—5.1 40.42	
6 15 5—4.3163.4 8—3.7 52.48	

GIRLS.	
Age last Birth- No. day. Ft. Ins. Cms. St. Lbs.	Kilos.
18 10 4-5.7136.4 4-11.2	30.48
51 11 4—7.6141.2 5—3.4	
57 12 4—9.3145.6 5—9.0	
65 13 4—11.8151.9 6—5.3	
71 14 4—9.9147.1 6—13.9	44.40
75 15 5—2.0157.4 7—9.4	48.72
30 16 5—3.3160.8 8—4.4	52.78
15 17 5—2.4158.4 8—2.5	
5 18 5—1.7156.6 8—2.6	51.98
1 19 5—6.5169.0 8—3.0	52.16
388	

158

# Table Comparing Weights of Elementary and Secondary School Children.

ELEMENTARY.	BOYS. SECOND	ARY.		G	IRLS.		
	os. Age. St. Lbs.		ELEMENTAL	RY.		SECONDAR	Υ.
ge. St. Lbs. Ri	76 10 4—5.0	27.67	Age. St. Lbs.	Kilos.	Ag \	St. Lbs.	Kilos.
10 4—5.2 21.	52 11 5—1.4	32.38	10 4—3.4	26.94	10	. 4-11.2	30.48
				30.48	11	. 5—3.4	33.29
	61 12 5—5.1		12 5—3.7				
	56 13 6—0.5		13 5—12.2				
14 6—8.4 41.	92 14 6—5.1						
15 7-01 44.	44 15 8—3.7	52.48	14 6-7.8	41.04	12		

The heavier weights of girls in the Secondary Schools indicate that those who are better endowed physically pass on to the Secondary Schools.

00 TABLE (SEPARATE AGES). SECONDARY SCHOOLS

The same and	GRAND TOTAL.	No. %	2568 546 96.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 152 27.8 46 8.4 33 6.0 10.6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Total.	%	95.3 1.1.5 10.8 10.8
		No.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
GIRLS.	Age 8.	0, %	18 100.0 18 100.0 18 100.0 2 111.1 2 111.1 3 16.7 1
		No.	
	Leaving.	No. %	389 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		% N	11.3 12.7 12.7 13.8 14.3 15.1 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17
	Total.	No.	191 158 26 128 14 15 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158
7S.	00	0/0	10.0%
BOYS	Age 8.	No.	24-
	ng.	%	98.7 16.6 1.3 3.8 12.7 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3
	Leaving.	No.	155 157 157 158 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157
			Number Listed for Inspection Number Actually Inspected Parent Refused Inspection Attend School Irregularly Defective Nutrition Nits in the hair Defective Teeth Enlarged Tonsils and Adenoids Glands in the Neck (a) External Eye Disease Defective Vision Otorrhæa Defective Hearing (a) Speech Defects (a) Lung Disease (a) Lung Disease (a) Lung Disease (a) Rickets (b) Rickets (c) Other Disease or Defect (d) Other Disease or Defect

(a) See Table C.

Percentages are calculated on the number actually inspected, except in the case of "Number Actually Inspected," which is calculated on the number listed for inspection.

#### TABLE C. SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

The less frequent ailments, past and present; and a classification of various Diseases and Defects.

A Photographic Analysis and Ana	and Defects.			-
	BOYS.			
	Leav- Age ing. S. Total. Leav-		Grand To	otal.
Number Inspected	157 1 158 370	18 388	546	
EXTERNAL EYE DISEASE Blepharitis Hordeolum Myopia Strabismus	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 1 1 5 3	
SPEECH DEFECTS			5 1 1 3	
CARDIAC DISEASE		— 1	1 1	
LUNG DISEASE Bronchial Catarrh			1 1	
NERVOUS DISEASE "Nervous" Somnambulism	2 2 1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 3 1	
TUBERCULOSISPhthisis		.: = .:: 1	1 1	
RICKETS			-	
DEFORMITIES Cleft Palate Flat-foot Scoliosis Torticollis	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 1 3 3 1	
OTHER DISEASE OR DEFECT Acne Adiposis Alopecia Alveolar Abscess Anaemia Cerumen Colour Blindness	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 42 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 3 1 7	62 1 1 1 1 4 14	
Constipation  Deflected Nasal Septum  Dyspepsia  Earache  Eczema  Elongated Uvula		2 3 — 1 — 1 — 1	3 1 1 1 1 1	
Enlarged Thyroid Gastroptosis Goitre (slight) Inguinal Glands Megrim Otitis Media		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 1 1 1 4	
Otorrhœa Scabies *Scar Shingles Stomatitis	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 1 12 1 1	
Tinea Tonsurans Tonsillitis		= 3	3	

<sup>\*</sup> Secondary to Healed Tubercle, Surgical Operations, Burns, etc.

TREATMENT OF DEFECTS, 1921. SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

(a) Proper spectacles supplied, or certified by the Ophthalmic Surgeon to be able to manage without them.\* Cases found by School Dental Surgeon not included.

# METHODS EMPLOYED OR AVAILABLE FOR TREATMENT OF DEFECTS.

#### THE WORK OF THE SCHOOL CLINICS.

#### DEFECTIVE VISION.

All cases of Defective Vision, including Squint, found at the Routine Inspection, were referred to the Ophthalmic Surgeon for further examination, as were also some cases discovered in other ways. During the course of the year there were 802 attendances at the Clinic, with the following results:—

Mydriatic given	245	
Glasses prescribed	190	
Glasses obtained	144)	173
Can manage with present glasses	29	110
Glasses not required	57	
External Eye Disease	281	
Strabismus	37	
Operation—cyst removed	1	
Treated by private Medical Practitioner	11	
Left school or town	19	
Refused treatment	19	

22 necessitous cases were assisted by the Education Committee. The Committee spent £2 19s. 6d. on the provision of spectacles, but of this sum £1 9s. 0d. was afterwards collected from the parents of the children concerned.

#### TONSILS AND ADENOIDS.

Dr. Courtenay Yorke, the Committee's Nose and Throat Specialist, has continued his valuable work during the year 1921, with very satisfactory results.

Consultation Cases	176
Operation performed at Clinic	111
Operation not required	63
Treated by Private Doctor or Infirmary	11
Refused treatment	36
Left school or town	11

During the year 176 cases were referred to me for examination, with symptoms suggesting tonsil and adenoid trouble. Of these 63 were found not to require operation, and of the remainder 111 were operated on. Very careful selection of cases for operation is made. Each child is thoroughly examined by me and the parent interviewed, and operation is declined unless the condition of the nose and throat and the symptoms complained of show it to be absolutely necessary. The operations are performed under gas, so that the children are exposed to practically no risk from anæsthetic, either at the time of operation or subsequently.

After operation the children are kept at the Clinic for a sufficient time to make sure that all hæmorrhage has ceased before they are allowed to go home. The children are visited in their homes the following day, and advice given regarding care of the general health and the regular practice of breathing exercises. During the year there were no untoward results and in the large majority of cases very definite improvements in health followed.

#### COURTENAY YORKE,

Hon. Surgeon to the Liverpool Stanley Hospital.

January 10th, 1922.

CARIOUS TEETH.

SCHOOL DENTAL SURGEON'S REPORT.

# ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

		Total Teeth Treated	1004	962	1002	1189	1059	754	470	207	1325	935	912	712	10531
	noi	Impress Taken.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	61
	.tn	Root	00	63	1	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	es	1	16
	'su	Oral Affectio	1	1	1	1	00	9	1		00	9	11	21	56
		Scaling	17	12	6	30	111	18	4	4	14	60	9	7	135
	s2	Intessing	45	56	41	09	30	51	15	10	49	47	53	28	480
	300	Perm.	165	241	255	313	158	185	78	36	333	169	244	132	2309
	Fillings.	Temp. Perm	97	43	73	62	166	92	30	13	123	154	100	97	1050
	Con		1	I	ı		1	1	57	1	1	1	1	1	4
-	06.0		12	4	14	15	21	7.0	6	1	12	11	20	5	128
-	ONS	Local	214	263	298	307	249	155	143	09	244	199	147	143	2422
	EXTRACTIONS	Perm.	55	51	48	47	44	30	40	18	70	41	73	41	558
	EXT	Temp.	634	569	584	206	199	396	307	135	749	524	439	414	6118
	nber ted.	Odd.	51	57	41	14	41	22	31	1	1	13	61	65	275
-	Number Treated.	Reg.	406	395	378	542	427	378	244	123	658	438	518	406	4913
	sinomi	Appoin, sale,	555	519	504	646	596	443	300	123	089	517	580	545	8009
	8	Childre Needin Treatm	259	317	1305	749	266	929	35	523	389	753	797	112	6434
-		Childre	329	379	1586	930	355	1059	175	636	488	935	1074	174	*8120
-		Schools Visited	65	+-4	4	4	1	4	61	1	2	00	-	21	28
Contract of the last of the la	Month		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	TOTALS

<sup>\*</sup> These numbers include a few old cases examined at the Chair...

			BOYS	š.			GIRLS:						
	Temporary Teeth. Permanen					eeth.	Tem	Temporary Teeth. Perman				nent Teeth.	
Teeth recorded	1677				14030		1557			14441			
	Sound.	Sav- able.	Un- sav- able.	Sound.	Sav- able.		Sound.	Sav- able.	Un- sav- able.	Sound.	Sav- able.	Un- sav- able.	
Charted	1294	135	248	13332	565	133	1176	152	229	13515	741	185	
Per- centage	77.2	8.1	14.8	95.0	4.0	0.9	75.5	9.8	14.7	93.6	5.1	1.3	

The numbers in the above table refer only to children who received treatment at the Clinic.

The condition of the Children's mouths shows a marked improvement, attributable to the more frequent inspection and treatment, and also to the more general use of the tooth brush.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS. SCHOOL DENTAL SURGEON'S REPORT.

	Total Teeth Treated	26	43	31	C1	7	9	7	61	4	79	52	49	338
uoj	Impress Taken.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	4	:	:	1
Root Treatment.		:	:		:	1	:	:			:	:		-
'su	Oral Affectio	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	60	:	2	1	9
	Scalings	4	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2	1	:	11
·s2	Drossin	9	4	THE STATE OF	1	3	65	65	:	:	6	11	9	20
NGS	erm.	25	26	11	:	61	1	3	1	:	44	33	13	159
FILLINGS	Femp. Perm.	67	:		:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	00
Log-S		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
O6N	N20		10	00	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	cı	00	17
SNC	Local.	12	9	10	1	:	1	1	1	1	9	3	16	228
EXTRACTIONS	Perm.	5	6	10	1	:	2	1	1	1	4	2	19	28
EXT	Odd. Temp. Perm.	18	4	9	:	:	:	:	:	:	22	1	10	19
ber ed.	Odd.	34	29	22	00	7	2	9	2	4	5	:	1	115
Number Treated.	Reg.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	38	32	120
sausua	Appoint.	39	32	21	9	7	5	9	21	4	54	43	33	252
2	Children Needing Treatm	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	125	99	:	181
n.bo	Children	00	2	00	1	1	:	:	:	:	169	85	00	*267
	Schools	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	-	:	e1.
Month.		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	TOTALS

\* These numbers include a few odd cases examined at the Clinic.

		School Examine	ls Childre ed. Examin	ed.	Needin Treatme	ent. Se	rmits ent.	Per	mits Ap	po'ntme Made.	ents		
1920	_	17	4851		4254	4	211	17	796	4648			
1921	_	28	8120		6434	6	098	29	997	6008			
					EXT	RACTIO	NS.		ANÆSTHETICS.				
		Tro Med.	eated. Den.		Total Number.	Perma- nent.	Tempo-		Local.	N2O.	Genera <sub>1</sub>		
1920	-	1492	2222		5724	532	5192		3885	190	0		
1921	-	275	4913		6676	558	6118		2422	128	4		
			Fillings.		Dressing	s. Scali	ng. Ora	l Aff;	Root Treatme	Im ent. si	pres- ons.		
1920	-	Temp.	2211	1.	225	2	0	0	0		0		
1921	-	1050	230	9	*** 480	18	5	56	16		2		

In comparing the figures for the year 1921 with those of 1920, it is found that the larger number of schools examined has resulted in an increase of 67% in the number of children examined. A very noticeable outcome of this is the marked decrease in the number of those cases which it is found necessary to send to the clinic as a result of the **Medical** examination of the schools.

It will be noticed that a much smaller percentage of the children examined required treatment.

Permits to attend to the children have increased by 67%, so, the service is becoming more popular.

The number of fillings has increased by 50%.

The number of permanent teeth extracted shows a very slight increase over the figures for 1920, viz., 532, and this, when viewed in conjunction with the greatly increased number of children examined, is a source of satisfaction, as the conservation of the permanent teeth is a matter of vital importance.

#### SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

Two of the Secondary Schools were inspected during the year 1921:—248 children being examined; 181 needing treatment, 181 permits sent, and 45 permits returned.

Appointments.	Tr	eated.		Fi	llings,			
252	Med. 115	Den. 120		Perm. 58	Local. 58	N2O. 17	Temp	Perm, 159
Dressings 50	. S	caling.	Exam. Spec	cial. O	ral Aff.	Impressio	ons. T	Root reatment.

#### TREATMENT OF TUBERCULAR GLANDS BY THE "X-RAYS."

Since commencement of this treatment in 1920, seven children were sent for treatment. Of these two attended on four occasions only, and probably received little benefit from so short a course. Of the remaining five, three were completely cured, one was almost cured when last seen and probably recovered completely, while the fifth, though much improved, is not completely cured.

These numbers are not sufficient to draw conclusions from as to the percentage of cures that may be expected, but they indicate the value of the "X-Rays" as Therapeutic agents.

#### "X-RAY" TREATMENT OF THE SCALP.

Ten children received treatment, and in most cases were free from infection and fit to attend school within five weeks from the date of treatment. This form of treatment presents many advantages over the older methods of treatment by ointments and should be more fully used.

W. ORAM, M.D., D.P.H.

#### VACCINE TREATMENT.

Mixed Streptococcal and Staphylococcal vaccines have been used with very satisfactory results in the treatment of Septic Sores, both primary and mixed infection following Scabies.

ACNE VACCINE (Autogenous) has returned good results in several cases appearing in puberty.

During the last twelve months a few cases of Congenital Skin lesions (Syphilides) have been found and treated accordingly, with satisfactory results.

#### MINOR AILMENTS.

# (1) ATTENDANCES AT MINOR AILMENT AND SKIN CLINICS (PHYSICIAN AND DERMATOLOGIST).

(Attendances counted, not individual children).

Abdominal Pain	1	Burn	6
Abscess		Cardiac Disease	
Acne	8	Catarrh	47
Adenitis	40	Cellulitis	4
Adventitious Bursa	1	Cheiropompholyx	1
Alopecia Areata	5	Chicken Pox	39
Anæmia		Chilblains	11
Ascaris Lumbricoides	5	Chorea	5
Asthma		Constipation	6
Bronchial Catarrh		Corn	
Bronchial Pneumonia		Cough	37
Bronchitis	13	Croup	1
Bruise	4	Cuts	18

the same of the sa	
Debility111	Oxyuris Vermicularis 13
Dermatitis 34	Pain 2
Deviation of Septum 1	Paralysis 1
Diarrhœa 11	Parotitis 49
Diphtheria 2	Petit Mal 3
Dog Bite 4	Pharyngitis 26
Doubtful Chest 2	Phimosis 1
Dyspepsia 5	Pleurisy 1
Earache	Polypus 1
Eczema	Post Influenzal Catarrh 3
Enuresis 1	Potts Disease 2
Erythema 6	Psoriasis
Erythema Nodosum 1	Pyorrhœa 1
Erythema Multiforma 1	Pyrexia
Examined re N2O114	Rash 5
	Recent Chicken Pox 2
Examined re Physical Training	
	Diphtheria 13
Examined re Secondary	,, Measles 5
Schools 85	, Scarlet Fever 99
Examined and Weighed re	,, Typhoid Fever 5
Free Meals108	,, Whooping Cough 4
External Eye Disease 47	Rheumatism 13
Favus 4	Rhinitis 3
Flat Foot 3	Scabies495
Flea bites 2	Scald 5
Furunculosis 11	Scarlet Fever 2
Ganglion 4	Scratch 1
Gastrie Catarrh 3	Sebaceous Csyt 2
"Grey Hair" 3	Seborrhæa
Hæmatoma1	Sores265
"Healthy" 65	Sore Throat 7
Hearing, defective 44	Sprain
Herpes 3	"Swallowed a Coin" 1
Hodgkin's Disease 1	Syncope 1
Hutchinson's teeth 7	Teeth, defective 14
Ichthyosis 5	Tinea Tonsurans590
Impetigo	Tonsils and Adenoids,
Indigestion 1	enlarged 67
Infantile Paralysis 1	Tonsillitis
?Influenza 1	Torticollis
Insect Bites 1	Tubercular Glands 1
Iritis	?Tubercular Peritonitis 5
	Umbilical Hernia 2
	Urticaria
	Verminous 8
?Measles 1	Verruca Acuminata 2
Megrim	Vision, defective 40
	Warts 5
	Weak Ankles 2
Nasal Discharge 2	Whooping Cough 24
Ophthalmia Neonatorum 1	m-4-1 0501
Oral Sepsis 1	Total3531
Otorrhœa	W-4-1 (1000) 0440
Otorrhœa	Total (1920)2448

# (II.) CASES ATTENDED TO BY SCHOOL NURSE AT CLINIC. (Not included in above table).

(Attendances counted, not individual children)

(Attendances counted, 1	or marviduar children)
Abscess 48	Ichthyosis 1
Acne Vulgaris 1	Impetigo1641
Adenitis 13	Massage treatment 9
Alopecia Areata 2	Nits 2
Anæmia 2	Otitis Media 10
Bruise 12	Otorrhœa643
Burn	Pain 3
Catarrh 4	Parotitis 4
?Chicken Pox 3	Petit Mal 8
Chilblains	Pharyngitis 12
Chorea 3	Psoriasis 1
Corn 1	Pyrexia 2
Cough 1	Rash 15
Cuts 97	Recent Scarlet Fever 17
Debility 6	Rheumatism 1
Dermatitis	Rhinitis 4
Diarrhœa 1	Scabies197
Dog bite 6	Scald
Dyspepsia 1	Seborrhœa
Earache 6	Sores1506
Eczema 8	Scre Throat 15
Erythema 1	Sprain 12
Erythema Nodosum 1	Sprained Thumb 2
Examined re Physical	Tinea Tonsurans159
Training	Tonsillitis
Examined and Weighed re	Verminous 7
Free Meals344	Verruca Acuminata 8
External Eye Disease103	Vision, defective872
Flat Foot 8	Warts 27
Furunculosis	Whooping Cough 2
Ganglion 11	and the same and t
Hearing, defective286	Total6363
ricaring, descents minimado	10001

The "FOLLOWING-UP" RETURN (Page ) shows the amount of treatment effected during the year for various Diseases and Defects.

#### NURSES' VISITS TO SCHOOLS AND HOMES.

MOTOTO	ATOTI	D IO	10	CHOOLS AND HUMES.	
	Cases	Visited.		Cases Vis	sited
	At	At		At	At
	School.	Home.		School, H	ome.
Abscess	-	2		Rickets 1	1
Anæmia		2		Ringworm 3	32
Bronchitis	2	24			01
Clothing and				Sepsis 1	7
Footgear	50	20		Speech 1	5
Dirty Body	96	54		Teeth 958 18	63
Eczema	3	2			82
Eye Trouble	27	55			05
Glands	23	40			68
Hearing	71	213		W. A. C.	81
Heart		23			
Impetigo	21	41			_
Lupus		-		Total No. of	
Malnutrition	3	2		Visits2822 40	12
Nits1	076	149			_
Otorrhæa	35	37		Total No. of	
Phthisis		63		Visits, 19201848 44	66

Two or more defects are frequently present in the same child.

#### INSPECTIONS UNDER THE CHILDREN ACT, 1908:-

In	1921		27,128
In	1920	***************************************	23,691

The following is an analysis of the condition of children's heads inspected in 1921 under the Children Act:—

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Clean	646379.1	 9462-49.9	 15925—58.7
Nits	1679-20.6	 9236 - 48.7	 10915 - 40.2
Verminous	26 0.3	 262 1.4	 288 1.3

The average condition of the heads can be seen from the result of inspection under the Education (Ad. Prov.) Act 1907, see page 12 and Table B. The results given here are due to re-inspections of children known to require constant supervision

#### LIST OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS CLOSED DURING 1921.

School.	Dep	ot.		e of ure.		eriod of closure.	Cause.
St. Philip's C.E	Whole	School	Feb.	26	14	days	Measles.
Holy Trinity C.E	Infants		April	5	13	,,	,,
S.S. Simon & Jude's	,,		,,		13	,,	,,
St. Luke's C.E	Whole	School	,,		13	,,	,,
S.S. Simon & Jude's	Infants		April	18	14	,,	,,
All Saints' C.E	,,		,,	27	12	,,	,,
All Saints' C.E	.,		May	9	7	,,	,,
Linaker St. Council	,,		,,	24	13	.,	,,
St. Teresa's R.C	,,		June	13	14	55	,,
Birkdale Council	,,		,,	16	18	,,	,,
St. Teresa's R.C	,,		22	27	14	,,	,,
Birkdale Council	,,		July	4	14	,,	,,
Ainsdale C.E	Whole	School	Sept.	19	21	,,	Whooping Cough.
Blowick C.E	Infants		Oct.	13	21	,,	,,
St. Luke's C.E	Whole	School	Dec.	17	7	,,	,,

#### NOTIFICATIONS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

	Affecting the School Children only.				All cases in the area.		
	1919	1920	1921		1919*	1920	1921
†Measles	46	275	558		152	550	939
Scarlet Fever	54	93	40		118	203	132
Chicken Pox	79	215	214		256	435	414
Diphtheria	32	20	56		66	44	111
Whooping Cough	31	110	61		75	265	296

Excluding Military Cases.

† Including Rubella.

#### EXCLUDED UNDER SECTION 53 (b) OF THE CODE.

Chicken Pox	35
Congenital Cerebral Diplegia	1
Measles	1
Parotitis	22
Ringworm	99
Scabies	89
Scarlet Fever	2
Verminous	233
Whooping Cough	13

#### DEFECTIVE AND EPILEPTIC CHILDREN.

#### CHILDREN IN SPECIAL SCHOOLS.

Royal School for the Deaf and Dumb, Old Trafford, Manchester 3 girls.	
Royal School for the Deaf and Dumb, Old Trafford, Manchester1 boy.	
St. Elizabeth's R.C. School, Much Hadham, Herts	
School for the Blind, Wavertree	
Royal Albert Asylum, Lancaster	
Children's Convalescent Home, West Kirby 4 boys and 3 girls.	
Leasowe Hospital	

Boys. Girls. Total.

Total number of children in Special Schools ... 7 8 15

TABLE III. on Pages 39 and 40 is a survey of all the known Defective Children in the Area of the Authority.

#### CHILDREN IN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

St. Joseph's R.C. Industrial School, Longsight, Ma	nchester		.1 boy.
Shadwell Industrial School, Leeds			4 boys.
Wellesley Nautical School, Links Road, Blythe, N	orthumb	erland	.1 boy.
York Industrial School for Boys, Marygate			5 boys.
Green's Home, South Shields			.1 boy.
Shipton Church of England Home for Waifs and	Strays		.1 girl.
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Total number of children in Industrial Schools	12	1	13

#### MISCELLANEOUS WORK.

#### Examined and Passed:-

For Secondary School	62
For Gymnastics and Out-door Games	61
For Industrial Schools	2
For Special Schools	1

#### FEEDING OF NECESSITOUS SCHOOL CHILDREN.

#### SEASON 1920-21.

- Feeding commenced on the 13th December, 1920.
- Birkdale Boundary Street Mission Centre opened week beginning 13th December, and closed 25th March=15 weeks (not including holidays).
  - Birkdale St. John's Centre opened week beginning 27th December, and closed on the 22nd July=28 weeks (not including holidays).
  - Churchtown Centre opened week beginning 27th December, and closed on the 25th March = 13 weeks (not including holidays).
  - Crossens Centre opened week beginning 27th December, and closed on the 1st July = 25 weeks (not including holidays).
  - High Park Centre opened week beginning 20th December, and closed on the 22nd July = 29 weeks.

3.—Total number of meals provided = 25331.

4.—Number of individual children fed =  $\begin{cases} Lowest 61. \\ Highest 346. \end{cases}$ 

5.—Cost—	£	s.	d.
Food	949	18	3
Caretakers	23	10	0
Cutlery and Crockery	9	14	9
Hire of rooms, fuel, etc	17	8	1
£	1,000	1	0

NUMBER OF CHILDREN IN RESPECT OF WHOM DIRECTIONS
WERE GIVEN FOR TREATMENT OF DEFECTS (AT THE
ROUTINE INSPECTION):—

Adenitis	10
Anæmia	26
Bronehial Catarrh	20
Bronehitis	8
Cardiac Disease	.4
Catarrh	3
Chilblains	1
Constipation	1
Cyst	1
Dyspepsia	1
Eczema	9
External Eye Disease	13
Furunculosis	2
Gastrie Catarrh	1
Otorrhœa	21
Parasitic Diseases	7
Rheumatism	2
Scald	1
	2
	-
Tonsillitis	10
	143

(Directions also given to numerous cases of nits).

#### ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS, SEPARATE AGES. TABLE B.

					BOYS.								GIRLS.						
	Lea	ving.	A	ge 8.	-Int	ants.	To	otal.	- Lea	ving.	A	ge 8.		Infa	ants.	Tot	al.	GRA Tot.	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%		No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Number Listed for Inspection Number Actually Inspected Parent Present Parent Refused Inspection. Had Measles , Whooping Cough, , Chicken Pox. , Scarlet Fever , Diphtheria , Mumps (a), Other Serious Disease Unvaccinated.	690 52 6 468 259 174 61 25 31 9	95.4 7.5 0.8 67.8 37.5 25.2 8.8 3.6 4.5 1.3	523 498 149 8 310 148 108 108 7 7 337	29.9 1.5 62.2 29.7 21.7 4.8 1.0 1.4 1.4		86.2 49.5 2.1 52.6 21.2 16.4 2.0		93.4 23.4 1.3 62.9 31.7 22.2 6.1 2.6 1.3 58.5	528 479 88 15 375 195 144 61 10 28 3 206	90.7 18.4 2.8 78.3 40.7 30.1 12.7 2.1 5.8 0.6 43.0		93.8 36.6 1.2		285 155 4 158 70 45 4 1 5 3	88.8 54.4 1.2 55.4 24.6 15.8 1.4 		91.5 33.7 1.8 68.0 34.1 24.2 8.0 1.4 2.8 0.7 58.9	2998 2773 782 47 1811 910 643 195 49 74 28 1627	92.5 28.2 1.6 65.3 32.8 23.2 7.0 1.8 2.7 1.0 58.7
Said to have been Vaccinated, but have no marks, returned as Vaccinated. Attend School Irregularly Unsatisfactory Clothing Unsatisfactory Footgear Defective Nutrition Nits in the hair. Bodies Dirty *Permanent Carious Teeth *Temporary Teeth requiring Extraction. Enlarged Tonsils and Adenoids. Glands in the Neck (a) External Eye Disease. *Defective Vision. Otorrhea Defective Hearing. (a) Speech Defects (a) Cardiac Disease (a) Lung Disease (a) Lung Disease (a) Nervous Disease. (a) Tuberculosis (not Lungs or Glands) (a) Rickets (a) Other Disease or Defect Attend Sunday School. Attend Extra Classes (indoor) Members of Boys' Brigades. Boy Scouts. Boy Scouts. Attend Swimming, Gymnasium, or other	60 2 177 600 2 129 122 744 1255 63 9 9 755 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.9 0.3 2.5 8.7 0.3 18.7 10.7 10.7 18.1 2.2 9.1 1.3 10.9 0.7 0.4 0.9 		0.4 0.8 3.0 10.2 0.4 5.0 35.7 27.3 4.0 0.8 0.4 11.0 0.8 	12 12 1	4.1 9.6 27.6 27.6 5.1 2.4 8.9 4.8 2.0 13.3			2 7 7 7 1 2111 1 1 900 83 488 644 9 566 5 5 1 1 2 2 8 8 844 3665 24 — —	0.4 1.5		1.9 0.8 3.0 38.4 		13 	4.6 —	30 30 4 4 23 1 1 495 27 119 206 238 34 34 112 122 4 10 12 4 12 4 16 778 28	0.2 2.3 0.3 1.8 1.8 38.3 0.2 11.8 26.9 15.9 18.4 2.7 9.2 0.9 9.3 0.8 0.9 9.3 0.3 0.2 11.5 60.9	4 50 11 59 1 634 7 273 571 439 580 84 195 30 278 13 14 43 6 — 28 27 1686 122 29 14	0.1 1.8 0.4 2.1 22.9 0.3 12.4 26.0 3.0 8.9 1.1 10.0 0.5 0.5 1.6 0.2 1.0 1.7 3.6 0.8 4.4 4.3 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0
Physical Training, not included above, out of School  Doing paid work \ 1—In a Trade out of School : 2—Errands and the lik Family History of Tuberculosis  Sleeping four, or more, in one room Sleeping with window closed	1 5 102	14.8	5 62 91	1.0 12.4 18.3	48		212		9 84 87	1.9 17.5 18.2	95	18.0			1.1 12.3 8.4	18 214 205		1 1 31 426 494	1.1 15.4 17.8

(a) See Table C. \* Children younger than 6 years NOT included in these percentages.

In this Table, and in Table C, an infant means a child under the age of 6. Percentages are calculated on the number actually inspected, except in the cases of "Number actually inspected," and "Parent refused inspection," which are calculated on the number listed for inspection.

### SPECIAL CASES SEEN BY SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER AT SCHOOL.

Accident	2	Impetigo	4
Adenitis		Malnutrition	
Anæmia	2	Otorrhœa	1
Backward children	25	Phthisis	2
Cardiac disease	3	Scabies	4
Defective hearing	1	Teeth	4
Defective speech	1	Other Disease or Defect	5
Defective vision	17	Not definitely specified	9
Dirty body	2		
Enlarged tonsils and		_	_
adenoids	8	Total 9	7
Eye trouble	1	_	-

Also a number of children for additional food.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

A Course of Physical Training is being given to about 10 children specially requiring it, by Mr. A. Alexander, of the Southport Physical Training College, to their very great advantage.

One child with Phthisis was treated during the year at the Corporation Hospital. Seven cases received treatment in the Children's Convalescent Home, West Kirby, with very satisfactory results. The periods of treatment being as follows:—

One child-six months.

Three children-four months.

Three children-under four months.

The National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children has been occasionally invoked, and its efforts are successful in securing alleviation in certain refractory cases.

# ACTION TAKEN TO DETECT AND PREVENT THE SPREAD OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

The practice of having all children who have suffered from Scarlet Fever examined by the School Medical Officer before their return to School has been continued; since it was begun no School within the area of the Authority has required closure on account of an outbreak of Scarlet Fever.

# REPORTED TO MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FROM SCHOOL CLINICS:—

Chicken Pox	32
Measles	1
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	1
Scarlet Fever	2
Whooping Cough	13

#### ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS, SEPARATE AGES. TABLE C.

The less frequent ailments, past and present; and a classification of various Diseases and Defects.

A STATE OF THE STA	NATIONAL WORKS		-		and the same		E)-18/25/20/20		waster ,	WATER CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF
		Е	OY	S.			GIRI	LS.		
	Leavin	g Age	8 1	Infants	Total	Leaving	Age 8 1	Infants	Total	Grand To No.
Number Inspected	690	. 498		293	1481	479 5	528	285	1292	2773
OTHER SERIOUS DISEASE Appendicitis Bronchitis Rheumatic Fever Rheumatism Tuberculous Glands Typhoid Fever	2 3 1 2	. 2		3 1  1 1	19 4 6 3 3 1 2	3  2 1 	$ \frac{3}{2} $ $ \frac{2}{2} $ $ \frac{-}{1} $	3   2 1	2 2 3 -	28 4 8 5 6 1 4
EXTERNAL EYE DISEASE  Blepharitis Coloboma Iris Congenital Ptosis Conjunctivitis Corneal Opacity Corneal Ulcer Hordeolum Myopia Nystagmus Strabismus	2 1 1 	. 9 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1		15 3 1 1   2 8	50 14 	9 1 1 1      	18 1 1 1 1  1 7	7   1  6	9 1 2 1 1 1 —	84 : 23 : 1 : 5 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 1 : 2 : 1
SPEECH DEFECTS Defective Articulation Nasal Speech Stammer	5 1 4	. 4		 	9 5 - 4	2 1 1 	 	2 1 1	2	13 ( 6 ( 1 5 (
CARDIAC DISEASE	1			 _ :::	4 1 3	5 1 4	4 1 3	1	2	14 ( 3 ( 11 (
LUNG DISEASE  Bronchial Catarrh  Bronchitis		. 7		14 13 1	31 22 £	1 1	5 4 1	6 6	12 10 2	43 1 32 1 11 (
NERVOUS DISEASE Ataxia Grand Mal Hydrocephalus Infantile Paralysis "Nervous"	=::				-	2 1 1 	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	= :::	1 1 1 -	6 ( 1 1 2 ( 1
TUBERCULOSIS					-				-	—
Curved Tibia		. 9 . 9			1	2			$\frac{3}{3}$	28 1 1 27 1

# ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS, SEPARATE AGES. TABLE C-Continued.

							-			
B		В	OYS.				GIF	RLS.		
	Leav	ing	Age 8	Infants	Total	Leaving	A 07. 8	Infants	Total	Grand Total
		6	1180 0	***************************************	10000	Liceving	1180 0	mants	Total	No. %
	-							-		
Number Inspected	690		498	293 1	1481	479	528	. 285	1909	2773 —
Treasur Treasur Treasur	000		100 111	200	101	410	020	. 200	1202	2770
DEFORMITIES			2		11	8	7		16	27 1.0
Cleft Palate  Dome-shaped Palate				= :::	2		1			1 —
Epicanthic Folds							1	4		2 0.1
Flat Chest			1		3	3				6 0.2
Flat-foot			· · · · ·				1		2000	1 —
Kyphosis Persistent Branchial Cleft					2		_ ::			2 0.1
Talipes							1		4	i —
Talipes Eq. Varus	2				2				-	2 0.1
Torticollis						1			1	1 —
Scoliosis	-		1		1	4	3		7	8 0.3
OTHER DISEASE OR DEFECT			93	39	253	84	107	. 35	326	47917.3
Abrasion									-	1 —
Acne Vulgaris			1	-	7	2	8		N 407	2 0.1 31 1.1
Aural Polypus					-		1			1 —
Bifurcated Uvula	1				1	1	2		3	4 0.1
Cerumen			40	16	120	35	45			218 7.5
Chilblains	1	1200	1		1		::		_	1 —
Constipation			1		1				1	2 0.1
Cysts					1				-	1 —
Cyst, left tonsil					1					1 —
Discharge from crypt of tonsil Dyspepsia	1				1	1	_ ::		1	2 0.1
Eczema			1	2	6	2	2			11 0.4
Enlarged Thyroid			<u> </u>		-	4	2		6	6 0.2
Enuresis			1		2		1		1	3 0.1
Fibroma (small)							1		1	1
Furunculosis	1		2	····	3		1		1	4 0.1
Ganglion					-		1		1	1 —
Gastric catarrh (slight)	_					1	1		2	2 0.1
Impetigo	4		7	5	16		7			24 0.9
Megrim	1		1		2	3	3		6	8 0.3
Naevus Nasal Catarrh			1		1		1		1	1 —
Nasal Polypi							1		1	i —
Otitis Media	6		4	2	12	3	6		9	21 0.8
Parasitic Diseases	-		2	1	3		2		5	8 0.3
Pharyngitis Psoriasis	_		2		2		1		1	2 0.1
Rash (Food)			1		2	1			1	3 0.1
Rheumatism	-		1		1				-	1 —
Rheumatoid Arthritis			4		4	= :::	2		1 2	6 0.2
Sebaccous Cyst					1					1 —
Seborrhaeic Eczema				4	4			1	1	5 0.2
Scabies			1	1	5	···	3		4	9 0.3
Scald *Scar	17		12	2	31	8	6		16	47 1.7
Sores			1		1	1	1		2	3 0.1
Sprain	1				1				-	1 —
Tinea tonsurans			6	4	3 14	3	4		11	5 0.2 25 0.9
Tonsillitis					1				-	1 —
Urticaria	-				-	1	1		2	2 0.1
Warts	1		1		2		2		2	4 0.1
		-			-					

#### BOARD OF EDUCATION TABLES.

#### TABLE I.

NUMBER OF CHILDREN INSPECTED 1st JANUARY, 1921, TO 31st DECEMBER, 1921.

#### A.—ROUTINE MEDICAL INSPECTION.

						ENTE	RANTS.			
	Ag	e	3		4	5	6	10000	her ges.	Total.
Boys			41		70	182	7-1	-		367
Girls			36		77	175	100	-	_	386
	Totals		77	1	147	355	174	-	-	753
		Int	ERMEDI.			LEAVE	ıs.	Other Ages.		Gran
	Age	7	8 9 10	11	12	13	14	15	Total.	
Boys			632		271	152	48	11	1114	1481
Girls			581		194	121	10	-	906	1292
	Totals		1213		465	273	58	11	2020	2778

#### B.—SPECIAL INSPECTIONS.

	Special Cases.	Re-Examinations (i.e., No. of Children Re-examined).
Boys	1100	1418
Girls	1043	1418
Totals	2143	1418

RETURN OF DEFECTS FOUND IN THE COURSE OF MEDICAL INSPECTION IN 1921.

TABLE II.

	Routine		spections		Sp	pecials	
make the same of	Number referred for reatment	ol	Number requiring o be kept under bservation but not referred for Treatment	,	Number referred for Treatment	to obs	Number equiring be kep under servation out not referred for reatmen
Molantoition (1)	(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)
Malnutrition	1	• • • •	-	• • •	_	• • • •	
Uncleanliness— Head			634		7		
Body	_		-		1		-
Skin—		• • •				• • • •	
Ringworm—							
Hood )					110		
Body	5	• • • •	_	• •	. 112	• • • •	_
Scabies	9				. 78		-
Impetigo			-				-
Other Diseases (Non-Tubercular)	34				176		_
Eye—							
Blepharitis	23		700		13		-
Conjunctivitis	5		-		. 18		-
Keratitis				٠.			-
Corneal Ulcer	1	• • •			. 1	• • •	-
Corneal Opacities	2		-				
Defective Vision	195		_				
Squint Other Conditions	43 10	•••			0.0	• • • •	
	10	• • • •		• •	20	•••	100000
Ear— Defective Hearing	278				. 143		13.8
Otitis Media	21	• • •			1		
Other Ear Diseases	31				0.5		_
Nose and Throat—							
Enlarged Tonsils	51		225		. 87		8
Adenoids	pr pro		45		0.1		2
Enlarged Tonsils and Adenoids	12		49		1.4		2
Other Conditions	38				0		_
Enlarged Cervical Glands (Non-		20000					
Tubercular)	_		580		. 38		8
Defective Speech	-		13				-

#### TABLE II.—Continued.

	Routin	e Ins	poction	s	S	pecial	ls
Defect or Disease.	Number referred for Treatmen	to ob	Number equiring be ket under servation but not referred for reatmer	g pt on,	Number referred for reatmen	obs	Number equiring be kept under servation, out not for reatment
(1) Heart and Circulation—	(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)
Heart Disease— Organic Functional			14				10
Anæmia			-		8		_
Lungs— BronchitisOther Non-Tubercular Diseases	. 11 s 32		_		16 19		=
Tuberculosis— Pulmonary— Definite	_		_		17		_
Suspected	. –		-			***	-
Non-Pulmonary— Glands			_		49		_
Spine			_		2		_
Other Bones and Joints Skin			_		10		_
Other Forms			-		19		-
Nervous System—							
Epilepsy	. 1		_		2		_
Other Conditions	. 6						-
Deformities— Rickets			28		-		_
Spinal Curvature Other Forms			8 19		2 3		$\frac{1}{2}$
Other Diseases and Defects	. 45		5		662		_
Number of Individual Children having Defects which required							
Observation		1396				214	3

#### TABLE III.

#### NUMERICAL RETURN OF ALL EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN IN THE AREA IN 1921.

Blind (including partially Blind)—	Boys.	G	irls.	Т	otal.
Attending Public Elementary Schools					_ 1
Not at School					1
Deaf and Dumb (including partially Deaf)—					
Attending Public Elementary Schools	. —		1		1
Attending Certified Schools for the Deaf	. 1		3		4
Not at School	. 1		1		2
Mentally Deficient—					
Feeble Minded—					
Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Certified Schools for Mente			1		3
Defective Children	. —				_
Notified to the Local (Control) Authority	y		1_1		_
Not at School					1
Imbeciles—					
At School					_
In Institution					1
Notified to the Local (Control) Authority					0
during the year					2 2
Not at School	. 1		1		2
Idiots—					
Notified to the Local (Control) Authority during the year					
Epileptics—					
Attending Public Elementary Schools	1		1		2
Attending Certified Schools for Epileptics					
In Institutions other than Certified Schools			-		-
Not at School	—		-		-

#### TABLE III.—Continued.

Physically Defective—	Boys.	(	lirls.	-	Total.
Pulmonary Tuberculosis—					
Attending Public Elementary Schools			4		9
Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children	y . —				_
In Institutions other than Certified School					
Not at School	. —		6		6
Crippling Due to Tuberculosis—					
Attending Public Elementary Schools	. 1		1		2
Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children					_
In Institutions other than Certified School	s —				
Not at School	. —		_		-
Crippling Due to Causes other than Tuberculosis i.e., Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism—	,				
Attending Public Elementary Schools	. 4		-		4
Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children	y . —		_		_
In Institutions other than Certified Schools			_		_
Not at School	. —		-		_
Other Physical Defectives, e.g., Delicate and other Children suitable for admission to Open-air Schools; Children suffering from Severe Heart Disease—	1				
Attending Public Elementary Schools	. —		2		2
Attending Open-air Schools	. —		_		_
Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children, other than Open-air Schools			3		7
Not at School	. —		_		_
xDull or Backward—					
Retarded 2 years	. 133		94		227
Retarded 3 years	. 14		45		59

# TABLE IV. Treatment of Defects of Children during 1921.

	No. of defects for which treatment was	defect eatmer	1	No. of defects for which			RE	RESULTS OF TREATMENT	OF NT		No. of defects	Percentage of defects	Percentage of defects
Condition.	From previous year.	New.	1 .	no report is avail- able	Left School or Town	No. of defects treated	Reme-	Im- proved	Un- changed	No. of defects not treated	treat- ment was refused	1921	1920
Clothing and Boots Cleanliness of Head Cleanliness of Body Nutrition Tonsils and Adenoids External Eye Disease Ear Disease *Permanent Carious Teeth *Temp. Teeth Req. Exth Heart and Circulation LUNGS: Bronchitis Phthisis Ringworm Impetigo Scabies Eczema TUBERCULOSIS (NON-PULMONARY)— Lymphatic Glands (neck) Peritoneum Intestines Foot Hip Khee-joint Elbow-joint Testis Phalanges Meninges Meninges Meninges Meninges Meninges Mesenteric Glands Lupus Arm Lupus Arm Lupus Arm Lupus Abdomen Vision and Squint Hearing	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	252 266 27 27 281 282 283 384 384 387 266 387 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	(a) 222 (a) 7 8 8 313 34 34 46 46 46 47 107 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	0	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	252 177 178 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188	222 222 223 178 178 225 459 459 459 459 16 16 16 185 185 201 185			11   13   195   145   19	1	71.4 100.0 1	84.8 87.3 87.3 87.3 87.3 87.3 87.3 87.3 87
TOTALS	1045	2646	3691	169	189	2263	2077	172	14	886	82	61.3	72.7

(a) This is the number of exclusions, and includes numerous relapses; in some instances the same name occurs twice.

<sup>(</sup>b) Proper spectacles supplied, or certified by the Ophthalmic Surgeon to be able to manage without them.\* Cases found by School Dental Surgeon not included.

#### TABLE VI.

# SUMMARY RELATING TO CHILDREN MEDICALLY INSPECTED AT THE ROUTINE INSPECTIONS DURING THE YEAR 1921.

(1)	The total number of children medically inspected at the routine inspections	2773
(2)	The number of children in (1) suffering from—	
	Malnutrition	1
	Skin Disease	72
	Defective Vision (including Squint)	238
	Eye Disease	41
	Defective Hearing	278
	Ear Disease	52
	Nose and Throat Disease	439
	Enlarged Cervical Glands (Non-Tubercular)	580
	Defective Speech	13
	Dental Disease	844
	Heart Disease—	
	Organic	14
	Functional	- 01
	Anæmia Lung Disease (Non-Tubercular)	31 43
	Dung Disease (Non-Tubercular)	40
	Tuberculosis—	
	Pulmonary—	
	Definite	_
	Suspected	_
	Non-Pulmonary	_
	Diseases of the Nervous System	7
	Deformities	55
	Other Defects and Diseases	50
(3)	The number of children in (1) suffering from defects (other than uncleanliness or defective clothing or footgear) who require to be kept under observation (but not referred for treatment)	54
(4)	The number of children in (1) who were referred for treatmen (excluding uncleanliness, defective clothing, etc.)	t 1342
(5)	The number of children in (4) who received treatment for one or more defects (excluding uncleanliness, defective clothing, etc.)	618