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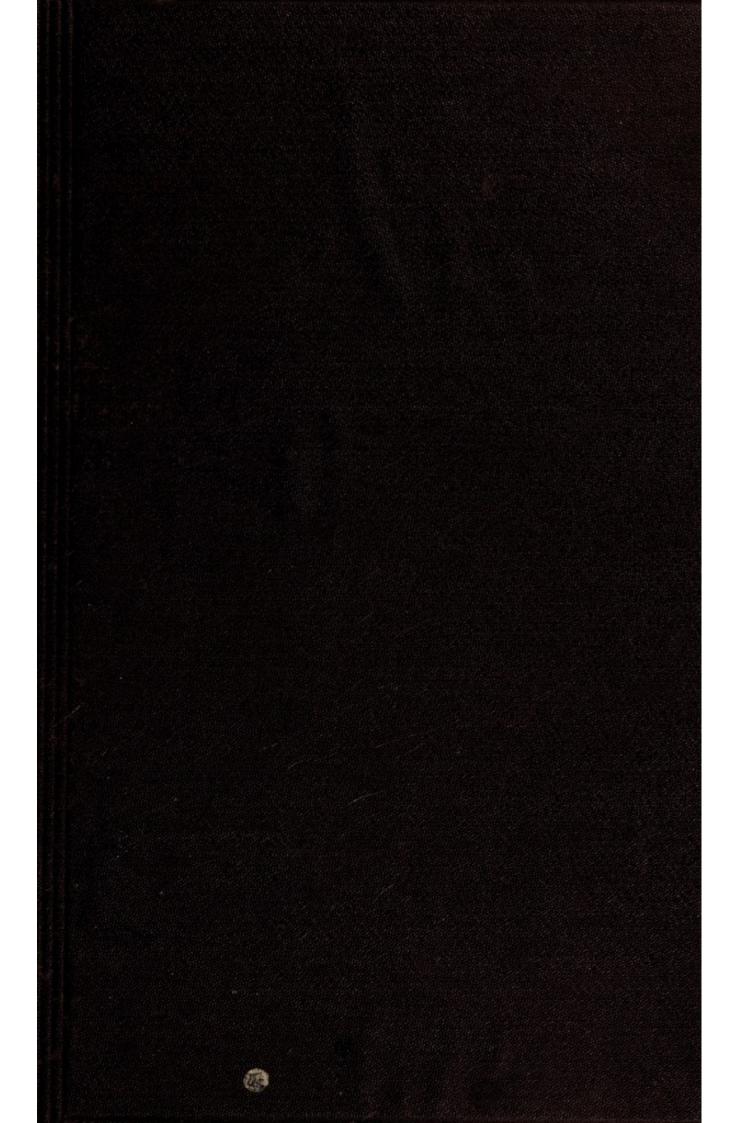
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STORY OF NALA.

MONIER WILLIAMS.

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STORY OF NALA,

AN EPISODE OF THE MAHÁ-BHÁRATA:

THE SANSKRIT TEXT,

WITH A COPIOUS VOCABULARY

AND

AN IMPROVED VERSION OF DEAN MILMAN'S TRANSLATION,

BY

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SECOND EDITION,
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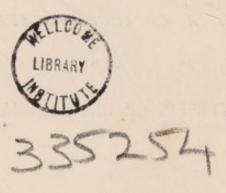
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PREFACE.

THE Story of Nala, as told in the following pages, is an episode of the Mahá-bhárata, one of the two great Epic poems of the Hindús, containing no less than 107,389 ślokas or stanzas. It is extracted from the sixth chapter (fifty-third section) of the third Book or Vana-parvan. Like the rest of the Mahá-bhárata, its authorship is attributed to Krishna-Dvaipáyana, who is called Vyása, because he arranged the Vedas 1. It is not to be supposed, however, that the Vedas and Mahá-bhárata are really the work of the same author. The Vedas are many centuries older than the great Epic poem, and each is the composition of several authors. Probably an interval of several centuries separates the more ancient hymns of the Veda from the more modern; and a similar or perhaps greater separation may be observed between the older parts of the Mahá-bhárata and the more modern interpolations.

By ascribing this work to Vyása—who is also the reputed author of the Vedánta philosophy—it is merely implied that, at some time or other, order and sequence were given to what

¹ Vivyása vedán yasmát sa tasmád vyása iti smritaḥ. Mahá-bh. I. 2417. He was called Krishna from his dark complexion, and Dvaipáyana because he was brought forth by Satyavatí on an island in the Jumná, his father being the Rishi Paráśara. Nyasto dvípe sa yad bálas tasmád Dvaipáyanaḥ smritaḥ, line 2416.

was before a mere congeries of distinct compositions by various authors.

Part of the Mahá-bhárata is considered by some 1 to be as old as the fourth century B. C.; but all Hindú chronology is more or less conjectural; and it would be impossible to fix with certainty the date of the composition of any of the principal episodes. The Story of Nala is not part of the main plot of the poem, and probably belongs to a much earlier period of Indian history. The subject of the great Epic is the war between the Kurus or hundred sons of Dhrita-ráshtra and their cousins the five sons of Pándu. But about this leading-thread are collected a vast number of ancient legends and traditions, under the weight of which it is often lost, if not altogether broken. In all Oriental books of fables it is common for the principal narrative to be interrupted by a series of stories within stories, loosely connected with the original theme, and often completely overlaying it. So it is with the Mahá-bhárata. The episodes form by far the greater portion of the poem, and generally intervene to break the chain of the narrative, when the incidents are most stirring and the interest is most at its height. The war between the rival princes is doubtless founded on fact; and much valuable matter has been extracted from the narrative by Professor Lassen and other Sanskritists, in elucidation of the early history of India. According to the Vishņu-Puráṇa, Dhrita-ráshtra and Páṇdu were the sons of the widow of Vicitra-vírya by his halfbrother Vyása or Krishna-Dvaipáyana². This Vićitra-vírya

¹ See my 'Indian Wisdom' (W. H. Allen & Co., London), p. 317.

² As Vićitra-vírya (Vyása's half-brother) died without children, the Hindú law, like the Mosaic, permitted Vyása to raise up offspring to his deceased brother. Satyavatí, mother of Vyása, was afterwards wife of Sántanu.

was the son of Śántanu, who was the twenty-third in descent from Kuru, a celebrated prince of the Lunar race, himself the ninth king after Bharata, son of Dushyanta and Śakuntalá, from whom India is to this day called Bhárata-varsha. Vyása is thus reputed to be the actual grandfather of the princes whose quarrels and jealousies are narrated in the poem he is said to have arranged; and, from the genealogy, it is evident that although the sons of Dhṛita-ráshṭra are more usually called the descendants of Kuru, the sons of Páṇḍu were really descended from the same race.

The royal races of India are said to have diverged into two great lines, called Solar and Lunar. The hero of the Solar line, which commenced in Ikshváku, was Ráma-ćandra 1, whose contests with the barbarous tribes of the south of India is described in the Rámáyana, the more ancient of the two great Epics. The Kurus and Pándavas, as equally descendants of Kuru, belonged to the Lunar line, and probably represented different branches of one tribe of Sanskrit-speaking immigrants, who arrived in India at different times. According to the Mahá-bhárata, Pándu, the father of the five Pándavas, after yielding the succession to his blind brother Dhrita-ráshtra, retired to the mountains and died. His five boys were then adopted by Dhrita-ráshtra and educated with his own large family of a hundred sons. After escaping many dangers from the malevolence of their cousins, they were ultimately permitted to share with them in the sovereignty. Yudhishthira, the eldest of the Pándavas, and his four brothers ruled at Indra-prastha (the modern Delhi), and Duryodhana with his ninety-nine brothers (usually

¹ This Ráma, who is the most celebrated incarnation of Vishņu, must not be confounded with the two inferior Rámas, Paraśu-Ráma and Bala-Ráma. See my Sanskrit Dictionary (published at the Clarendon Press) under Ráma.

called the Kurus) were sovereigns at the neighbouring town of Hastiná-pura. The Pándavas, whose disposition was as amiable as that of the Kurus was malevolent, seem to have been very successful in subduing the districts contiguous to their own; and, notwithstanding the animosity of their neighbouring cousins, to have attained considerable prosperity. A great misfortune, however, overtakes them. Tempted to amuse themselves with dice, and yielding to a weakness which has ever been a fashionable failing amongst the Hindús, Yudhishthira loses all his possessions, at a game of hazard, to his cousin Duryodhana: and, retiring with his brethren into exile, lives for twelve years in the forest (vana). It is to console them under their affliction that the sage Vrihadaśva relates to king Yudhishthira the Story of Nala, who, himself a virtuous monarch, lost his kingdom also through his passion for dice; but after suffering great hardships again recovered it.

The following short summary of the Story of Nala may be useful as an introduction to the study of the poem.

Nala, who is described as 'gifted with choicest virtues,' and is especially noted for his skill in driving, has only one fault, the inherent love of gambling. He was king of Nishadha, a country in central India, in the S. E. division, whence his other name of Naishadha. In a neighbouring country, called Vidarbha (the modern Berár), reigned Bhíma, whose only daughter, Damayantí, was so beautiful that her fame reached the ears of Nala. His interest in her being excited, was fanned into a flame by the following incident:—

Walking in his garden one day, and seeing some swans

¹ The epithet aksha-priya, 'fond of dice,' is applied to Nala in enumerating his good qualities (verse 3), and Kali, therefore, only assailed him in his weak point. See, however, the vocabulary under aksha-priya.

disporting themselves near him, the fancy takes him to catch one out of sport. The bird, addressing him in human language, promises, if he will release it, to fly to Damayantí and praise Nala in her presence. This plan being agreed upon and carried into effect, Damayantí becomes duly inspired with a passion for Nala. Bhíma, her father, seeing his daughter pining in secret, determines to celebrate her Svayamvara, that is, to proclaim the public choice of a husband by Damayantí, according to the custom of that age. All the princes of India, including Nala, flock to Vidarbha, as suitors for the hand of Damayantí. The gods also, hearing of her beauty, resolve to be present; and, meeting Nala on their road to the Svayamvara, commission him to plead their cause with Damayantí. He confesses himself enamoured also, and entreats to be excused; but being adjured sternly, promises to deliver their message, and is introduced by them unseen into the palace. There he has an interview with Damayantí, who, slighting the message of the gods, confesses her love to Nala, and her intention to choose him and him only. Accordingly, at the Svayamvara, in spite of the artifice of the deities who assume Nala's shape, she detects her lover by his shadow, (the gods having none,) and selects him. It appears that at the time of the Svayamvara, Kali, an evil genius, the fourth Age of the world or Vice personified, had set out for Vidarbha with the intention of making Damayantí his consort; but, hearing of the completion of the marriageceremony, he resolves out of jealousy to work the ruin of Nala. For twelve years he watches his opportunity, and at last, detecting Nala in some trifling neglect of his ablutions, enters and acquires power over his body. Infatuating his victim, he instigates him to play at dice with his brother Pushkara. The game goes on for many months; and Nala,

after losing his kingdom and all his possessions, is driven with Damayantí into exile. In the forest, Nala, still infatuated by Kali, deserts Damayantí; who, wandering alone, and escaping many perils, at last finds a refuge at the court of the king of Cedi. Meanwhile, Nala, passing through the forest, rescues a serpent from a flaming bush. This serpent turns out to be Karkotaka, one of the principal Nágas (see vocabulary under नाग) or semi-divine beings inhabiting the regions under the earth. In return for the service rendered by Nala, Karkotaka promises to deliver Nala from the power of Kali. He accordingly metamorphoses Nala into a dwarfish charioteer, but gives him a magic garment, by assuming which he can at any time regain his proper form. Nala, now transformed to the short-armed Váhuka, enters the service of Rituparna, king of Ayodhyá, a monarch celebrated for his skill in dice. Meanwhile, king Bhíma, searching the world for his lost daughter, discovers her at length at Cedi, and sends for her thence to his own capital. There, pining for the lost Nala, she devises a plan to recover him. Suspecting that he is living, disguised as Váhuka, with Rituparna, king of Ayodhyá, she causes the latter to be told that king Bhíma would celebrate on the morrow a second Svayamvara for his daughter Damayantí. Rituparna determines to be present, but can only be so by the help of his charioteer Váhuka, whose skill in horsemanship enables him to drive from Ayodhyá to Vidarbha in one day. On the road Nala, disguised as Váhuka, agrees to impart to Rituparna his knowledge of horsemanship in return for that monarch's skill in dice. They make the exchange, and, arriving at Ayodhyá, Nala re-assumes his own form and is restored to his wife. Returning with her to Nishadhá, he seeks Pushkara, renews the game, and wins back his kingdom. Then, with noble generosity, he

forgives Pushkara, and enters on a long and happy reign with his consort Damayantí.

That this Story of Nala, however comparatively modern the version in the Mahá-bhárata, is of great antiquity, may be proved by internal evidence. The prominence given to the deities Indra, Agni, Varuṇa, and Yama, and the absence of all allusion to the great Hindú Triad, connect the narrative more with the Vedic than the Epic and Puránic periods¹. If Nala was of the Solar race, as represented by Kálidása, he must have been the fourth from the great Ráma, son of Daśa-ratha, the genealogy, according to the Raghu-vaṇśa, running thus:—Raghu, Aja, Daśa-ratha, Ráma, Kuśa, Atithi, Nishadha, Nala, Nabhas. But if he belonged to the Lunar dynasty, reigning at Nishadha, when Rituparṇa of the Solar race reigned at Ayodhyá, then we must assign him a much earlier date, and place him fourteen reigns before Ráma.

The story, no doubt, rests on a foundation of fact, and, on account of its age, is a favourite subject with Hindú poets. It not only appears as an episode to the Mahá-bhárata, but forms the subject of two other celebrated poems, one called the Nalodaya, attributed to the great Kálidása, the author of Śakuntalá; and the other called the Naishadha, written by Śrí Harsha. It is also introduced by Somadeva Bhaṭṭa into his collection of stories called Kathá-sarit-ságara, and told there with variations. It is, moreover, the subject-matter of a very curious composition, half prose, half verse, called Ćampú,

¹ According to Professor Brockhaus, the personification of Kali as the demon of the fourth Age, and not of the dice, shews that the modern arranger of the story did not understand this old Vedic term, and is another proof of the earlier existence of the Nala. The word Tretá (which denotes the second Age of the world) is also used for a throw of dice. See the second Act of the Mriéchakați.

by an author named Tri-vikrama, and of a well-known work in Tamil, called the Nala-Rájá, and again of another in Telugu, by the poet Rághava, written about A. D. 1650; these latter poems being independent compositions, and not mere translations from the Sanskrit.

It is a noteworthy circumstance in the history of Indian literature, that the later Hindú poets, with much exuberance of fancy, displayed little originality in their conceptions. Whether they thought it a sacred duty to follow in the beaten track, or whether their inventive faculties were feeble, it rarely enters into their heads to devise a new story for themselves. They content themselves with the regular stock materials, and exercise their ingenuity either in diluting them or serving them up in a concentrated form, with here and there a few embellishments or additions of their own. The two Epic poems are their grand repertories. These gigantic compositions, like vast national banks with inexhaustible resources, are drawn upon freely by every poet. The history of Ráma, which is narrated at full length in the Rámáyana, is condensed into moderate dimensions by Kálidása in his Raghu-vansa, reduced to a mere table of contents by Bhatti in his grammatical poem, and represented with dramatic richness of detail by Bhava-bhúti in his well-known play, the Uttara-Ráma-ćaritra. Then we have a celebrated poet Mágha, writing his epic on a story taken from the seventh chapter of the second Book or Sabhá-parva of the Mahábhárata (the destruction of Śiśupála, king of Cedi, by Krishna); and the poet Bháravi, the author of another wellknown Epic called Kirátárjuníya (or the contest of Arjuna with Siva as a mountaineer), selecting his subject from the fourth chapter of the third Book or Vana-parva of the same great poem. One advantage of this is, that if we have not a variety of subjects, we have at least a diversity of styles. The same subject could not be treated by every author in the same way. We have, therefore, specimens of every shade of composition between the most tedious diffuseness and the most laconic curtness,-the most turgid ornament and the most severe simplicity. In no other language but the ductile, flexible, and infinitely copious Sanskrit could such opposite extremes be possible. The very same idea which by one author is expressed with a brevity unapproachable in English, is by another expanded and beaten out till the substance of the original metal almost disappears. In the one case we have every needless word rejected, and the meaning so obscured, that sentences have to be interpreted like oracles, and every line of text to be illustrated by pages of commentary; in the other, huge compounds are introduced, epithets heaped on epithets, metaphors on metaphors, till the mind of the venturesome reader is hopelessly bewildered. This is what has happened to the Story of Nala. Presented to us in the plainest manner in the Mahá-bhárata, it is condensed in the Nalodaya with a compression and concentration absolutely painful; in the Naishadha it is diluted by prolix descriptions or overdone with rich imagery; in Somadeva's Kathá-sarit-ságara it is again exhibited in its simple form; whilst in Tri-vikrama's Campú it is buried under a dead weight of long words, ponderous compounds, and inflated periods.

The main features of the present edition of the Mahábhárata version of the Nala will be patent at once.

In the first place, it presents, as far as possible, a pure and accurate text. Excellent MSS. of the Mahá-bhárata, belonging to the India Office and Bodleian Libraries, have been at my command, and the text of the following pages is the result of a careful collation of these with the various printed editions already before the public.

With regard to the vocabulary appended to this work, I have only to say that I have spared no pains to make it more complete than that of the first edition, and to bring it into harmony with the fourth edition of my Sanskrit Grammar, also published by the Delegates of the Clarendon Press. The amount of labour entailed by a glossary of this kind is only to be appreciated by those who have themselves undergone it. I believe this to be the only vocabulary in which each word, as it stands in the text, whatever be its form, either of case or tense, or whatever the change in that form resulting from the rules of euphony, occupies its proper alphabetical place. Those who have had experience in teaching will understand the value of this aid to students just beginning to read a language abounding in intricate combinations and perplexing euphonic changes. There cannot be a greater mistake than to suppose that the amount of assistance required in a Sanskrit vocabulary is to be measured by that given in Greek or Latin glossaries. We have in Sanskrit two peculiarities. One is the constant use of long compound words; the other is the habit of joining words together by a strict system of euphony, which, though not carried to the same extreme in all printed books, must always be a source of perplexity. The learner has to make repeated references to his vocabulary, and every facility should be accorded to him. I have known pupils, who have worked their way steadily through the grammar, puzzle themselves hopelessly over the following three words in the first story of the Hitopadeśa, visarpan tán tandulakanán, because, in accordance with euphonic laws, these words are printed in the text thus, -visarpanstánstandulakanán (विसप-

स्तांस्तरहरूक्कणान्), while the original words, in their unchanged form, are exhibited in the glossary. If the words were divided, the difficulty would not be insurmountable: but not finding विसर्पेस, the student concludes that he has mistaken the division. Referring again to the vocabulary, he finds वि and सर्पे, and taking these for his first words goes entirely wrong. Now according to my method, as before explained, the words would be separated in the text thus, —visarpans táns taṇḍulakaṇán; and they would moreover be so exhibited in their proper places in the glossary, an explication of the euphonic changes being added. In all cases where separation is undesirable, as when two vowels blend into one, or when a final i or u has been changed to y or v, the whole combination is given, and the division of the words indicated.

I believe the present vocabulary will be found to contain every word in the text. If each separate article is not always as full of details as might be expected, it should be borne in mind that the perfection of a special work of this kind consists in its not being burdened with more words and meanings than are wanted for the one book which it elucidates. Moreover, the grammar is intended to go hand in hand with the vocabulary, and a complete explanation of a difficulty is often to be sought in the rules to which constant reference is made.

With regard to the metrical translation which accompanies this edition of the Nala, the late Dean Milman, shortly before his death, kindly adopted many of my suggestions for the improvement of his original version, so as to adapt it more closely to the text. Its continued use has revealed the need of further slight alterations, which I have been obliged to make on my own responsibility. The metre of the Sanskrit text never varies from the regular śloka measure called Anushtubh, an account of which, with a table of all the most common varieties of metre, is given at the end of the fourth edition of my Sanskrit Grammar, published at the Clarendon Press. It consists of sixteen syllables to the half-line or thirty-two to each verse of two lines.

The first line of the poem serves as a model for the whole, and with the exception of the six syllables, whose quantities are here marked by the usual prosodial marks $(\circ -- || \circ - \circ)$, the poet is allowed the option of either long or short:

ásíd rájá nălō nāma || vírasenasŭtō bălí.

Occasionally the 6th and 7th syllables are short instead of long.

M. W.

OXFORD, June 1879.

॥ नलोपाखानम्॥

STORY OF NALA.

॥ नलोपाखानम्॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

आमीट् राजा नलो नाम वीरसेनसुती बली। उपपन्नी गुणेर् इष्टे रूपवान् अश्वकीविदः ॥१॥ अतिष्ठद् मनुजेन्द्राणां मूर्धि देवपतिर् इव। उपर्युपरि सर्वेषाम् आदित्य इव तेजसा ॥२॥ ब्रह्मएयो वेदविच् छूरो निषधेषु महीपतिः। अक्षप्रियः सत्यवादी महान् अक्षौहिणीपतिः ॥३॥ ईिप्ततो वरनारीणाम् उदारः संयतेन्द्रियः। रिह्मता धन्विनां श्रेष्ठः साह्याद् इव मनुः स्वयं ॥४॥ तथैवासीट् विदर्भेषु भीमो भीमपराक्रमः। शूरः सर्वगुर्णेर् युक्तः प्रजाकामः स चाप्रजः ॥५॥ स प्रजार्थे परं यत्नम् अकरोत् सुसमाहितः। तम् अभ्यगच्छद् ब्रह्मर्षिर् दमनी नाम भारत ॥६॥ तं स भीमः प्रजाकामम् तोषयामास धर्मवित्। महिष्या सह राजेन्द्र सत्कारेण सुवर्चसं ॥९॥ तस्मै प्रसन्नो दमनः सभायाय वरं ददी। कन्यार्त्नं कुमारांश्व चीन् उदारान् महायशाः ॥ ।। दमयनीं दमं दानां दमनन्त्र मुवर्चसं। उपपन्नान् गुणैः सर्वेर् भीमान् भीमपराक्रमान् ॥९॥

STORY OF NALA.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

LIVED of yore, a Rája, Nala, Vírasena's mighty son,

Gifted he with choicest virtues, beauteous, skilled in taming steeds:

Head of all the kings of mortals, like the monarch of the gods,

Over, over all exalted, in his splendour like the sun:

Holy, deep-read in the Vedas, in Nishadha lord of earth;

Loving dice, of truth unblemished, chieftain of a mighty host;

The admired of noble women, generous, with each sense subdued;

Guardian of the state; of archers best, a present Manu he.

So there dwelt in high Vidarbha, Bhíma, terrible in strength,
With all virtues blest, but childless, long for children had he pined.

Many an holy act, on offspring still intent, had he performed.

To his court there came a Bráhman, Damana the seer was named.

Him the child-desiring Bhíma, in all duties skilled, received,

Feasted with his royal consort, in his hospitable hall.

Pleased on him the grateful Daman, and his queen a boon bestowed,

One sweet girl, the pearl of maidens, and three fair and noble sons.

Damayantí, Dama, Dánta, and illustrious Damana,

Richly gifted with all virtues, mighty, fearful in their might.

दमयन्ती तु रूपेण तेजसा यशसा श्रिया। सीभाग्यन च लोकेषु यशः प्राप सुमध्यमा ॥१०॥ अथ तां वयसि प्राप्ते दासीनां समलंकृतं। शतं शतं सखीनाञ्च पर्युपासच् छचीम् इव ॥ ११॥ तच सम राजते भैमी सर्वाभरणभूषिता। सखीमध्येऽनवद्याङ्गी विद्युत् सौदामिनी यथा ॥ १२॥ अतीव रूपसम्पन्ना श्रीर् इवायतलोचना। न देवेषु न यक्षेषु तादुग् रूपवती क्वचित्॥१३॥ मानुषेष्वपि चान्येषु दृष्टपूर्वायवा श्रुता। चित्रप्रमाथिनी बाला देवानाम् ऋपि मुन्द्री॥१४॥ नलश्च नरशार्टूली लोकेष्वप्रतिमो भुवि। कन्दर्प इव रूपेण मूर्तिमान् अभवत् स्वयं ॥ १५॥ तस्याः समीपे तु नलं प्रशशंमुः कुतूहलात्। नैषधस्य समीपे तु दमयन्तीं पुनः पुनः ॥१६॥ तयोर् अदृष्टकामोऽभूत् शृखतोः सततं गुणान्। अन्योन्यं प्रति कोन्तेय स व्यवर्धत हुन्छयः ॥१९॥ अशक्रुवन् नलः कामं तदा धारियतुं हृदा। ञ्चनःपुरसमीपस्थे वन ञ्चास्ते रही गतः ॥१५॥ स ददर्भ ततो हंसान् जातरूपपरिष्कृतान्। वने विचरतां तेषाम् एकं जयाह पिक्ष्णं ॥ १९॥ ततोऽनारीक्षगो वाचं व्याजहार नलं तदा। हन्नयोऽस्मिन ते राजन् करिषामि तव प्रियं ॥२०॥ दमयनीसकाशे तां कथयिषामि नेषध। यथा त्वदन्यं पुरुषं न सा मंस्यति किहिचित् ॥२१॥ एवम् उक्तम् ततो हंसम् उत्समर्ज महीपतिः। ते तु हंसाः समुत्पत्य विदर्भान् ऋगमंस् ततः ॥२२॥

Damayantí with her beauty, with her brilliance, brightness, grace, Through the worlds unrivalled glory won the slender-waisted maid. Her, arrived at bloom of beauty, sat a hundred slaves around, And a hundred virgin handmaids, as around great Indra's queen. In her court shone Bhima's daughter, decked with every ornament, 'Mid her handmaids, like the lightning, shone she with her faultless form; Like the long-eyed queen of beauty, without rival, without peer. Never 'mid the gods immortal, never 'mid the Yaksha race, Nor 'mong men was maid so lovely, ever heard of, ever seen, As the soul-disturbing maiden, that disturbed the souls of gods. Nala too, 'mong kings the tiger, peerless among earthly men, Like Kandarpa in his beauty, like that bright-embodied god. All around Vidarbha's princess, praised they Nala in their joy; Ever praised they Damayantí, round Nishadha's noble king. Hearing so each other's virtues, all unseen they 'gan to love. Thus of each, O son of Kunti, the deep silent passion grew.

Nala, in his heart impatient, longer that deep love to bear,
To the grove, in secret, wandered, by the palace' inmost court.
There the swans he saw disporting, with their wings bedropped with gold:
Through the grove thus lightly moving one of these bright birds he caught.
But the bird, in human language, thus the wondering king addressed:
'Slay me not, O gentle monarch! I will do thee service true;
So in Damayanti's presence will I praise Nishadha's king,
Never after shall the maiden think of mortal man but thee.'

Thus addressed, at once the monarch let the bright-winged bird depart.

Flew away the swans rejoicing, to Vidarbha straight they flew;

विदर्भनगरीं गला दमयन्याम् तदान्तिके। निपेतुम् ते गरुत्मनाः सा ददर्श च तान् गणान् ॥२३॥ सा तान् अद्भुतरूपान् वै दृष्ट्वा सखीगणावृता। हृष्टा यहीतुं खगमांस् त्रागाणीपचक्रमे ॥२४॥ अथ हंसा विसमृपुः सर्वतः प्रमदावने। एकेकशम् तदा कन्याम् तान् हंसान् समुपाद्रवन् ॥२५॥ दमयन्ती तु यं हंसं समुपाधावद् ऋन्तिके। स मानुषीं गिरं कृता दमयन्तीम् अथाववीत् ॥२६॥ दमयन्ति नलो नाम निषधेषु महीपतिः। ऋश्विनोः सद्शो रूपे न समास् तस्य मानुषाः ॥२९॥ तस्य वै यदि भार्या तं भवेषा वरवर्णिनि। सफलं ते भवेज् जन्म रूपं चेदं सुमध्यमे ॥२५॥ वयं हि देवगन्धर्वमानुषोरगरास्रमान्। दृष्टवन्तो न चास्माभिर् दृष्टपूर्वम् तथाविधः ॥२०॥ तज्बापि रानं नारीणां नरेषु च नली वरः। विशिष्टाया विशिष्टेन सङ्गमी गुणवान् भवेत् ॥३०॥ एवम् उक्ता तु हंसेन दमयन्ती विशाम्पते। अववीत् तच तं हंसं त्मपेवं नले वद ॥३१॥ तथेत्युक्काग्डजः कन्यां विदर्भस्य विशाम्पते। पुनर् आगम्य निषधान् नले सर्वे न्यवेदयत् ॥३२॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने प्रथमः सर्गः ॥१॥

To Vidarbha's stately city: there by Damayanti's feet,

Down with drooping plumes they settled, and she gazed upon the flock,

Wondering at their forms so graceful, where amid her maids she sat.

Sportively began the damsels all around to chase the birds;

Scattering flew the swans before them, all about the lovely grove.

Lightly ran the nimble maidens, every one her bird pursued;

But the swan that through the forest gentle Damayanti chased,

Suddenly, in human language, spake to Damayanti thus:—

'Damayantí, in Nishadha Nala dwells, the noble king;

Like the Aśvinas in beauty, peerless among men is he.

O incomparable princess, to this hero wert thou wed,

Noble birth and perfect beauty not unworthy fruit had borne.

Gods, Gandharvas, men, the Serpents, and the Rákshasas we've seen;

All we've seen—of noble Nala never have we seen the peer.

Pearl art thou among all women, Nala is the pride of men.

If the peerless wed the peerless, blessed must the union be.'

When the bird thus strangely speaking gentle Damayantí heard,

Answered thus the wondering maiden, 'Thus to Nala, speak thou too.'

'Be it so,' replied the egg-born to Vidarbha's beauteous maid.

Home then flew he to Nishadha, and to Nala told it all.

END OF BOOK I.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयली तु तच् छुता वची हंसस्य भारत। ततः प्रभृति न स्वस्था नलं प्रति वभूव सा ॥१॥ ततश् चिनापरा दीना विवर्णवदना कृशा। बभूव दमयन्ती तु निःश्वासपरमा तदा ॥२॥ ऊर्धदृष्टिर् ध्यानपरा वभूवोन्मन्नदर्शना। पाग्डुवर्णा क्ष्णेनाथ हुळ्याविष्टचेतना ॥३॥ न शय्यासनभीगेषु रितं विन्दित किहिचित्। न नक्तं न दिवा शेते हा हेति रुदती पुनः ॥४॥ ताम् अस्वस्थां तदाकारां सख्यम् ता जजुर् इङ्गितैः। ततो विदर्भपतये दमयन्याः सखीजनः ॥ ५॥ न्यवेदयत् ताम् अस्वस्थां दमयन्तीं नरेश्वरे। तच् छुता नृपतिर् भीमो दमयन्तीसखीगणात् ॥६॥ चिन्तयामास तत् कार्ये सुमहत् स्वां सुतां प्रति। किम् इयं दुहिता मेऽद्य नातिस्वस्थेव लक्ष्यते ॥ ९॥ स समीख्य महीपालः स्वां मुतां प्राप्तयौवनां। अपश्यद् आत्मना कार्ये दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं ॥ ७॥ स सन्निमन्त्रयामास महीपालान् विशाम्पतिः। अनुभूयताम् अयं वीराः स्वयंवर इति प्रभो ॥ ९॥ श्रुता तु पार्थिवाः सर्वे दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं। अभिजग्मुस् ततो भीमं राजानी भीमशासनात् ॥ १०॥ हस्त्यश्वरथघोषेणं पूरयन्तो वसुन्धरां। विचिचमाल्याभरणैर् बलैर् दृश्यैः स्वलंकृतैः ॥११॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Damayantí, ever after she the swan's sweet speech had heard, With herself she dwelt no longer, all herself with Nala dwelt. Lost in thought she sat dejected, pale her melancholy cheek, Damayantí sat and yielded all her soul to sighs of grief. Upward gazing, meditative, with a wild distracted look, Wan was all her soft complexion, and with passion heart-possessed, Nor in sleep nor gentle converse, nor in banquets found she joy; Night nor day she could not slumber, Woe! oh woe! she wept and said. Her no longer her own mistress, from her looks, her gesture, knew Damayanti's virgin handmaids, to Vidarbha's monarch they Told how pined his gentle daughter for the sovereign of men. This from Damayanti's maidens when the royal Bhima heard, In his mind he gravely pondered for his child what best were done. 'Wherefore is my gentle daughter from herself in mind estranged?' When the lord of earth his daughter saw in blooming youth mature, Knew he for the Svayamvara Damayanti's time was come. Straight the lord of many peasants summoned all the chiefs of earth, 'Come ye to the Svayamvara all ye heroes of the world!' Damayanti's Svayamvara, soon as heard the kings of men, All obeyed king Bhíma's summons, all to Bhíma's court drew near; Elephants, and steeds, and chariots, swarmed along the sounding land; All with rich and various garlands, with his stately army each,

तेषां भीमो महाबाहुः पार्थिवानां महात्मनां।
यथार्हम् अकरोत् पूजां तेऽवसंस् तत्र पूजिताः॥१२॥
एतस्मिन् एव काले तु सुराणाम् ऋषिसत्तमी।
अटमानी महात्मानाव् इन्द्रलोकम् इती गती॥१३॥
नारदः पर्वतश्वेव महाप्राञ्जी महावती।
देवराजस्य भवनं विविशाते सुपूजिती॥१४॥
ताव् अर्चियता मघवा ततः कुश्लम् अव्ययं।
पप्रक्रानामयं चापि तयोः सर्वगतं विभुः॥१५॥

नारद उवाच। आवयोः कुशलं देव सर्वच गतम् ईश्वर। लोके च मघवन् कृत्वे नृपाः कुशलिनो विभो॥१६॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

नारदस्य वचः श्रुत्वा पप्रच्छ बलवृत्तहा।
धर्मज्ञाः पृथिवीपालास् त्यक्तजीवितयोधिनः ॥ १९॥
श्रस्त्रेण निधनं काले ये गच्छन्यपराङ्मुखाः।
श्रयं लोकोऽश्रयस् तेषां यथैव मम कामधुक्॥ १८॥
क नु ते श्र्तियाः शूरा न हि पश्यामि तान् श्रहं।
श्रागच्छतो महीपालान् द्यितान् श्रितिथीन् मम ॥ १९॥
एवम् उक्तस्तु श्रकेण नारदः प्रत्यभाषतः।

नारद उवाच।

शृणु मे मघवन् येन न दृश्यनो महीक्षितः ॥२०॥ विदर्भराज्ञो दुहिता दमयन्तीति विश्रुता । रूपेण समतिकान्ता पृथिव्यां सर्वयोषितः ॥२१॥ तस्याः स्वयंवरः शक भविता निचराद् इव । तच गळिनि राजानो राजपुत्राश्च सर्वशः ॥२२॥ All the lofty-minded Rájas, Bhíma with the arm of strength,

As beseemed, received with honour, on their thrones of state they sat.

At this very hour the wisest of the sages, the divine,

Moving in their might ascended up from earth to Indra's world,

Great in holiness and wisdom, Nárada and Parvata,

Honoured entered they the palace of the monarch of the gods.

Them salutes the cloud-compeller, of their everlasting weal—

Of their weal the worlds pervading, courteous asks the immortal lord.

NÁRADA spake:

Well it fares with us, Immortal, in our weal the world partakes; In the world, O cloud-compeller, well it fares with all her kings.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

He that Bali slew and Vritra asked of Nárada again,

'All earth's just and righteous rulers, reckless of their lives in fight,

Who the shaft's descending death-blow meet with unaverted eye,

Theirs this everlasting kingdom, even as Kámadhuk is mine.

Where are they, the Kshatriya heroes? wherefore see I not approach

All the earth's majestic guardians, all mine ever-honoured guests?'

Thus addressed by holy S'akra, Nárada replied and said:

NÁRADA spake:

Hear me now, O cloud-compeller, why earth's kings appear not here.

Of Vidarbha's king the daughter Damayantí, the renowned—

Through the earth the loveliest women in her beauty she transcends—

Soon she holds her Svayamvara, soon her lord the maid will choose.

Thither all the kings are hastening, thither all the sons of kings.

तां रानभूतां लोकस्य प्रार्थयन्तो महीक्षितः। काङ्कानि सा विशेषेण वलवृचनिषूदन ॥२३॥ एतिस्मन् कथ्यमाने तु लोकपालाश्व सामिकाः। आजग्मुर् देवराजस्य समीपम् अमरोत्तमाः ॥ २४॥ ततस् ते शुश्रुवुः सर्वे नारदस्य वचो महत्। श्रुतिव चाबुवन् हृष्टा गच्छामी वयम् अपुत ॥२५॥ ततः सर्वे महाराज सगणाः सहवाहनाः। विदर्भान् अभिजग्मुस् ते यतः सर्वे महीिख्तः ॥ २६॥ नलीऽपि राजा कौनोय श्रुवा राज्ञां समागमं। अभ्यगच्छद् अदीनात्मा दमयन्तीम् अनुवृतः ॥२९॥ अथ देवाः पिथ नलं ददृशुर् भूतले स्थितं। साह्याद् इव स्थितं मूर्त्या मन्मथं रूपसम्पदा ॥२५॥ तं दृष्ट्वा लोकपालास् ते भाजमानं यथा रविं। तस्युर् विगतसङ्कल्या विस्मिता रूपसम्पदा ॥ २०॥ ततोऽनारीक्षे विष्टभ्य विमानानि दिवीकसः। अबुवन् नेषधं राजन् अवतीर्य नभस्तलात् ॥३०॥ भी भी नैषध राजेन्द्र नल सत्यवती भवान्। अस्माकं कुरु साहाय्यं दूती भव नरीत्रम ॥३१॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने द्वितीयः सर्गः ॥२॥

Suitors for her hand the Rájas, her of all the world the pearl,

O thou mighty giant-slayer! one and all approach to woo.

As he spake, the world-protectors with the god of fire drew near;

Of the immortals all, the highest stood before the king of gods.

As they all stood silent hearing Nárada's majestic speech,

All exclaimed in sudden rapture, 'Thither we likewise will go;'

All the immortals on the instant, with their chariots, with their hosts,

Hastened down towards Vidarbha, where the lords of earth were met.

Nala, too, no sooner heard he of that concourse of the kings, Set he forth, with soul all sanguine, full of Damayanti's love.

Saw the gods, king Nala standing on the surface of the earth;

Standing in transcendent beauty, equal to the god of love.

Him beheld the world's high guardians, in his radiance like the sun;

Each arrested stood and silent, at his peerless form amazed.

All their chariots the celestials in the midway air have checked,

Through the blue air then descending, they Nishadha's king address:

'Ho! what, ho! Nishadha's monarch, Nala, king, for truth renowned;

Do our bidding, bear our message, O, most excellent of men!'

END OF BOOK II.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

तेभ्यः प्रतिज्ञाय नलः करिष्य इति भारत। अथेतान् परिपप्रच्छ कृताञ्चलिर् उपस्थितः ॥१॥ के वै भवनाः कश्वासौ यस्याहं दूत ईप्सितः। किञ्च तद् वो मया कार्य कथयध्वं यथातथं ॥२॥ एवम् उक्ते नैषधेन मघवान् अभ्यभाषत। अमरान् वै निवोधास्मान् दमयन्यर्थम् आगतान् ॥३॥ अहम् इन्द्रोऽयम् अग्निश्व तथेवायम् अपाम्पतिः। शरीरान्तकरो नृणां यमोऽयम् अपि पार्थिव ॥४॥ तं वै समागतान् असान् दमयन्ये निवेदय। लोकपाला महेन्द्राद्याः सभां यान्ति दिदृक्षवः ॥५॥ प्राप्तुम् इच्छिना देवास् तां शकीऽग्निर् वरुणी यमः। तेषाम् अन्यतमं देवं पतित्वे वरयस्व ह ॥६॥ एवम् उक्तः स शकेण नलः प्राञ्जलिर् अववीत्। एकार्थसमुपेतं मां न प्रेषयितुम् ऋर्ष्य ॥ ९॥ कथं तु जातसङ्कल्पः स्त्रियम् उत्सहते पुमान्। परार्थम् ईदृशं वक्कं तत् क्षमन्तु महेश्वराः ॥ ৮॥

देवा जचुः।

करिष्य इति संश्रुत्य पूर्वम् असामु नैषध। न करिष्यसि कसात् तं वज नैषध माचिरं॥९॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवम् उक्तः स देवैस् तैर् नैषधः पुनर् अव्रवीत्। सुरिक्षतानि वेश्मानि प्रवेष्टुं कथम् उत्सहे॥१०॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

NALA made his solemn promise, 'All your bidding will I do;' Then with folded hands adoring humbly of their will enquired. 'Who are ye? to whom must Nala as your welcome herald go? What is my commanded service? tell me, mighty gods, the truth.' Spake the sovereign of Nishadha, Indra answered thus and said: 'Know us, the Immortals, hither come for Damayanti's love. Indra I, and you is Agni, and the king of waters there— Slayer he of mortal bodies, Yama, too, is here, O king! Thou, O Nala, of our coming must to Damayantí tell: Thee to see, the world's dread guardians, Indra and the rest came down, Indra, Agni, Varun, Yama, each to seek thine hand are come. One of these celestial beings choose, O maiden, for thy lord.' Nala, thus addressed by Indra, with his folded hands replied: 'Thus, with one accord commanding, on this mission send not me. How can man, himself enamoured, for another plead his cause? Spare me then, ye gods, in mercy, this unwelcome service, spare.'

THE GODS spake:

'I will do your bidding freely,' thus thou'st said, Nishadha's king; Wilt thou now belie thy promise? Nala, go, nor more delay.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

By the gods adjured so sternly, thus rejoined Nishadha's king:—
'Strictly guarded is you palace, how may I find entrance there?'

प्रवेख्यसीति तं शकः पुनर् एवाभ्यभाषत । स जगाम तथेत्युक्का दमयन्या निवेशनं ॥११॥ ददर्भ तत्र वैदर्भी सखीगणसमावृतां। देदीयमानां वपुषा श्रिया च वरवर्णिनीं ॥ १२॥ अतीव मुकुमाराङ्गीं तनुमध्यां मुलोचनां। आिंद्यपन्तीम् इव प्रभां शश्निः स्वेन तेजसा ॥ १३॥ तस्य दृष्ट्वेव ववृधे कामम् तां चारुहासिनीं। सत्यं चिकीर्षमाणस्तु धारयामास हच्छयं ॥ १४॥ ततस् ता नेषधं दृष्ट्वा सम्भानाः परमाङ्गनाः। ञ्चासनेभ्यः समुत्पेतुम् तेजसा तस्य धर्षिताः ॥ १५॥ प्रश्यंमुश्य मुप्रीता नलं ता विस्मयान्विताः। न चैनम् अभ्यभाषता मनोभिम् तभ्यपूजयन् ॥ १६॥ अही रूपम् अही कान्तिर् अही धेर्य महात्मनः। को ऽयं देवोऽ थवा यक्षो गन्धर्वो वा भविष्यति ॥ १९॥ न तास् तं शक्रुविता सा व्याहर्तुम् ऋपि किञ्चन। तेजसा धर्षितास् तस्य लज्जावत्यी वराङ्गनाः ॥१४॥ अथेनं सायमानं तु स्थितपूर्वाभिभाषिणी। दमयन्ती नलं वीरम् अभ्यभाषत विस्मिता ॥ १९॥ कस् तं सवीनवद्याङ्ग मम हच्छयवर्धन। प्राप्तोऽस्यमरवट् वीर ज्ञातुम् इच्छामि तेऽनघ ॥२०॥ कथम् आगमनं चेह कथं चासि न लिख्तिः। मुरिक्षतं हि मे वेश्म राजा चैवीयशासनः ॥२१॥ एवम् उक्तस्तु वैदर्भा नलस् तां प्रत्युवाच ह।

नल उवाच।

नलं मां विश्वि कल्याणि देवदूतम् इहागतं ॥ २२॥ देवाम् लां प्राप्तुम् इच्छिन्ति शक्रोऽग्निर् वरुणो यमः।

'Thou shalt enter;' thus did Indra to the unwilling king reply. In the bower of Damayantí, as they spake, king Nala stood. There he saw Vidarbha's maiden, girt with all her virgin bands; In her glowing beauty shining, all excelling in her form; Every limb in smooth proportion, slender waist and lovely eyes; E'en the moon's soft gleam disdaining in her own o'erpowering light. As he gazed, his love grew warmer to the softly smiling maid, Yet to keep his truth, his duty, all his passion he suppressed. Then Nishadha's king beholding, all those maids with beauteous limbs From their seats sprang up in wonder, at his matchless form amazed. In their rapture to king Nala, all admiring, homage paid; Yet, not venturing to accost him, in their secret souls adored. 'Oh the beauty! oh the splendour! oh the mighty hero's strength! Who is he? or god, or Yaksha, or Gandharba may he be?' Not one single word to utter, dared that fair-limbed maiden band; All struck dumb before his beauty, in their bashful silence stood. Smiling, first, upon the monarch, as on her he gently smiled, Damayantí, in her wonder, to the hero Nala spake: -'Who art thou of form so beauteous, thou that wakenest all my love? Cam'st thou here like an immortal? I would know thee, sinless chief. How hast entered in our palace? how hast entered all unseen? Watchful are our chamber-wardens, stern the mandate of the king.' By the maiden of Vidarbha Nala thus addressed, replied:—

NALA spake:

Know, O loveliest, I am Nala, here the messenger of gods, Gods desirous to possess thee; one of these, the lord of heaven, तेषाम् अन्यतमं देवं पतिं वरय शोभने ॥२३॥ तेषाम् एव प्रभावेन प्रविष्टोऽहम् अलिख्तः। प्रविश्वनां न मां कश्चिद् अपश्यन् नाप्यवारयत् ॥२४॥ एतदर्थम् अहं भद्रे प्रेषितः सुरसन्नमेः। एतच् छुता शुभे वुद्धं प्रकुरुष्व यथेन्छसि ॥२५॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने तृतीयः सर्गः ॥३॥

वृहद्श्व उवाच।

सा नमस्कृत्य देवेभ्यः प्रहस्य नलम् अववीत्।
प्रणयस्व यथाश्रद्धं राजन् किं करवाणि ते ॥१॥
श्रहं चैव हि यच् चान्यन् ममास्ति वसु किञ्चन।
तत् सर्वे तव विश्रव्यं कुरु प्रणयम् ईश्वर ॥२॥
हंसानां वचनं यत् तु तन् मां दहति पार्थिव।
तत्कृते हि मया वीर राजानः सिचपातिताः ॥३॥
यदि तं भजमानां मां प्रत्याख्यास्यिस मानद।
विषम् श्रियं जलं रज्जुम् श्रास्थास्ये तव कारणात् ॥४॥
एवम् उक्तस् तु वैदर्भ्या नलस् तां प्रत्युवाच ह।
तिष्ठत्सु लोकपालेषु कथं मानुषम् इच्छिसि ॥५॥
येषाम् श्रहं लोककृताम् ईश्वराणां महात्मनां।
न पादरजसा तुल्यो मनस् ते तेषु वर्ततां ॥६॥
विप्रियं ह्याचरन् मत्यां देवानां मृत्युम् ऋच्छिति।
चाहि माम् श्रनवद्याङ्गि वरयस्व सुरोत्तमान्॥९॥

Indra, Agni, Varun, Yama, choose thou, princess, for thy lord.

Through their power, their power almighty, I have entered here unseen;

As I entered in thy chamber none hath seen, and none might stay.

This, the object of my mission, fairest, from the highest gods,

Thou hast heard me, noble princess, even as thou wilt, decide.

END OF BOOK III.

VRІНАDASVA spake:

To the gods performed her homage, smiled she, and to Nala spake:—
'Pledge to me thy faith, O Rája, how that faith may I requite?
I myself, and whatsoever in the world I have, is thine—
In full trust is thine—O grant me in thy turn thy love, O king!
'Tis the swan's enamouring language that hath kindled all my soul.
Only for thy sake, O hero, are the assembled Rájas met.
But if thou mine homage scornest, scornest me, all honoured king,
Poison for thy sake, fire, water, the vile noose will I endure.'
So, when spake Vidarbha's maiden, Nala answered thus, and said:—
'With the world's dread guardians present wilt thou mortal husband choose?
We with them, the world's creators, with these mighty lords compared,
Lowlier than the dust they tread on, raise to them thy loftier mind.
Man the gods displeasing, hastens to inevitable death—
Fair-limbed! from that fate preserve me, choose the all-excelling gods.

विरजांसि च वासांसि दिव्याश चिचाः सजम् तथा। भूषणानि च मुख्यानि देवान् प्राप्य तु भुंख्व वै ॥ ।। य इमां पृथिवीं कृत्स्नां सङ्खिप यसते पुनः। हुताशम् ईशं देवानां का तं न वरयेत् पतिं ॥ ९॥ यस्य द्राडभयात् सर्वे भूतयामाः समागताः। धर्मम् एवानुरुध्यन्ति का तं न वरयेत् पतिं ॥ १०॥ धर्मात्मानं महात्मानं दैत्यदानवमर्दनं। महेन्द्रं सर्वदेवानां का तं न वरयेत् पतिं ॥ ११॥ क्रियताम् अविशङ्केन मनसा यदि मन्यसे। वरुणं लोकपालानां मुहृहाक्यम् इदं भृगु ॥ १२॥ नेषधेनेवमुक्ता मा दमयन्ती वचोऽव्रवीत्। समाप्रताभ्यां नेचाभ्यां शोकजेनाथ वारिणा ॥ १३॥ देवेभ्योऽहं नमस्कृत्य सर्वेभ्यः पृथिवीपते। वृणे त्वाम् एव भर्तारं सत्यम् एतद् ब्रवीमि ते ॥ १४॥ ताम् उवाच ततो राजा वेपमानां कृताञ्चलिं। दौत्येनागत्य कल्याणि कथं स्वार्थम् इहोत्सहे ॥ १५॥ कथं ह्यहं प्रतिश्रुत्य देवतानां विशेषतः। परार्थे यत्नम् आरभ्य कथं स्वार्थम् इहोत्सहे ॥ १६॥ एष धर्मो यदि स्वार्थो ममापि भविता ततः। एवं स्वार्थ करिषामि तथा भद्रे विधीयतां ॥ १९॥ ततो वाष्पाकुलां वाचं दमयन्ती गुचिस्मिता। प्रत्याहरनी शनकर् नलं राजानम् अववीत् ॥ १६॥ उपायोऽयं मया दृष्टी निरपायो नरेश्वर। येन दोषो न भविता तव राजन् कथञ्चन ॥ १९॥ तक्वैव हि नरश्रेष्ठ देवाश चेन्द्रपुरोगमाः। आयान्तु सहिताः सर्वे मम यच स्वयंवरः ॥२०॥

Robes by earthly dust unsullied, crowns of amaranthine flowers,

Every bright celestial glory, wedded to the gods, enjoy.

He, who all the world compressing, with devouring might consumes,

Sovereign of the gods, Hutáśa, where is she who would not wed?

He, in awe of whose dread sceptre all the assembled hosts of men

Cultivate eternal justice, where is she who would not wed?

Him the all-righteous, lofty-minded, slayer of the infernal host,

Of all gods, the mighty monarch, who is she that would not wed?

Nor let trembling doubt arrest thee, in thy mind if thou couldst choose

Varuṇa, amongst earth's guardians; hear the language of a friend.'

To the sovereign of Nishadha Damayantí spake, and said, And her eyes grew dim with moisture flowing from her inward grief:-'To the gods, to all, my homage, king of earth, I humbly pay; Yet thee only, thee, my husband, may I choose, Be this my vow!' Answered he the trembling maiden, as with folded hands she stood. 'Bound upon this solemn mission, mine own cause how dare I urge? Plighted by a sacred promise to the everlasting gods; Thus engaged to plead for others, for myself I may not plead. This my duty; yet hereafter come I on my own behalf, Then I'll plead mine own cause boldly, weigh it, beauteous, in thy thought.' Damayantí smiled serenely, and with tear-impeded speech, Uttered brokenly and slowly, thus to royal Nala spake:-'Yet I see a way of refuge, 'tis a blameless way, O king; Whence no sin to thee, O Rája, may by any chance arise. Thou, O noblest of all mortals, and the gods by Indra led, Come and enter in together, where the Svayamvara meets;

ततोऽहं लोकपालानां सिन्धी तां नरेश्वर । वरिष्ये नरव्याघ्र नैवं दोषो भिवष्यति ॥२१॥ एवम् उक्तस्तु वैदर्भा नलो राजा विशाम्पते । आजगाम पुनस् तच यच देवाः समागताः ॥२२॥ तम् अपश्यंस् तथायानां लोकपाला महेश्वराः । दृष्ट्वा चैनं ततोऽपृच्छन् वृत्तानां सर्वम् एव तं ॥२३॥ कचिद् दृष्टा त्या राजन् दमयन्ती श्चिस्मिता । किम् अववीच नः सर्वान् वद भूमिपतेऽनघ ॥२४॥

नल उवाच।

भविद्वर् स्निम् स्नादिष्टी दमयन्या निवेशनं।
प्रविष्टः सुमहाकस्रं दिग्डिभिः स्थिविरेर् वृतं ॥२५॥
प्रविश्वनात्त्र मां तच न किश्चिद् दृष्टवान् नरः।
च्याते तां पार्थिवसुतां भवताम् एव तेजसा ॥२६॥
सख्यश्च चास्या मया दृष्टास् ताभिश् चाप्युपलिस्ताः।
विस्मिताश्चाभवन् सर्वा दृष्ट्वा मां विवुधेश्वराः ॥२९॥
वर्ग्यमानेषु च मया भवत्सु रुचिरानना।
माम् एव गतसङ्कल्पा वृगीते सा सुरोत्तमाः ॥२६॥
स्त्रविचेव मां बाला स्त्रायान्तु सहिताः सुराः।
चया सह नरव्यात्र मम यच स्वयंवरः ॥२९॥
तेषाम् स्त्रहं सिन्धी तां वर्शिष्टामि नेषध।
एवं तव महाबाहो दोषो न भिवतिति ह ॥३०॥
एतावद् एव विवुधा यथावृत्तम् उदाहृतं।
मया शेषे प्रमाणं तु भवनास् चिदशेश्वराः ॥३९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चतुर्थः सर्गः ॥४॥

Then will I, before the presence of the guardians of the world,

Name thee, lord of men! my husband, nor to thee may blame accrue.'

By the maiden of Vidarbha, royal Nala thus addressed,

Back again returned, where waited eager, the expecting gods.

Him, the mighty lords, earth's guardians, ere he yet drew near, beheld,

Him they saw, and bade him instant all his tidings to unfold—

'Was she seen of thee, O monarch, Damayantí with soft smile?'

Spake she of us all? what said she? tell, O blameless lord of earth.'

NALA spake:

To the bower of Damayantí, on your solemn mission sent,

Entered I the lofty portal, by the aged warders watched;

Mortal eye might not behold me, there as swift I entered in;

None save that fair Rája's daughter, through your all-prevailing power.

And her virgin handmaids saw I, and by them in turn was seen;

And they all in mute amazement gazed upon me as I stood.

I described your godlike presence, but the maid with beauteous face

Chooses me, bereft of reason, O most excellent of gods!

Thus she spake, that maiden princess, 'Let the gods together come,

Come with thee, O king of mortals, where the Svayamvara meets;

There will I, before their presence, choose thee, Rája, for my lord.

So to thee, O strong-armed warrior, may no blame, no fault ensue.'

Thus it was, even as I tell you word for word did it befall;

As for what remains, the judgment rests with you, of gods the chief!

END OF BOOK IV.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

अय काले गुभे प्राप्ते तियौ पुर्यये छार्गे तथा। ञ्चाजुहाव महीपालान् भीमी राजा स्वयंवरे ॥१॥ तच् छुता पृथिवीपालाः सर्वे हृद्धयपीडिताः। त्वरिताः समुपाजग्मुर् दमयन्तीम् अभीप्तवः ॥२॥ कनकस्तम्भरुचिरं तीर्णेन विराजितं। विविशुस् ते नृपा रङ्गं महासिंहा इवाचलं ॥३॥ तचासनेषु विविधेष्वासीनाः पृथिवीिक्षतः। मुरिभस्रय्याः सर्वे प्रमृष्टमणिकुगडलाः ॥४॥ तच स्म पीना दृश्यने बाहवः परिघोपमाः। आकारवर्णमुख्यक्षाः पञ्चशीर्षा इवीरगाः ॥५॥ मुकेशानानि चारूणि मुनासाक्षिभुवाणि च। मुखानि राज्ञां शोभनो नक्षत्राणि यथा दिवि ॥६॥ तां राजसिमितिं पुग्यां नागैर् भीगवतीम् इव। सम्पूर्णा पुरुषव्याघेर् व्याघेर् गिरिगुहाम् इव ॥ ७॥ दमयनी ततो रङ्गं प्रविवेश शुभानना। मुष्णनी प्रभया राज्ञां चक्षूंषि च मनांसि च ॥ ७॥ तस्या गानेषु पतिता तेषां दृष्टिर् महात्मनां। तव तवेव सक्ताभून् न चचाल च पश्यतां ॥९॥ ततः सङ्कीर्त्यमानेषु राज्ञां नाममु भारत। ददर्भ भेमी पुरुषान् पञ्च तुल्याकृतीन् अथ ॥ १०॥ तान् समी स्य ततः सर्वान् निर्विशेषाकृतीन् स्थितान्। सन्देहाद् अथ वैदर्भी नाभ्यजानान् नलं नृपं ॥११॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

CAME the day of happy omen, moonday meet, and moment apt; Bhima to the Svayamvara summoned all the lords of earth. One and all, upon the instant, rose th' enamoured lords of earth, Suitors all to Damayantí in their loving haste they came. They, the court with golden columns rich, and glittering portal arch, Like the lions on the mountains entered they the hall of state. There the lords of earth were seated, each upon his several throne; All their fragrant garlands wearing, all with pendant ear-gems rich. Arms were seen robust and vigorous as the ponderous battle mace, Some like the five-headed serpents, delicate in shape and hue: With bright locks profuse and flowing, fine-formed nose, and eye and brow, Shone the faces of the Rájas like the radiant stars in heaven. As with serpents, Bhogavatí, the wide hall was full of kings; As the mountain-caves with tigers, with the tiger-warriors full. Damayantí in her beauty entered on that stately scene, With her dazzling light entrancing every eye and every soul. O'er her lovely person gliding all the eyes of those proud kings; There were fixed, there moveless rested, as they gazed upon the maid. Then as they proclaimed the Rájas, (by his name was each proclaimed,) In dismay saw Bhima's daughter, five in garb, in form the same. On those forms, all undistinguished each from each, she stood and gazed. In her doubt Vidarbha's princess Nala's form might not discern,

यं यं हि ददृशे तेषां तं तं मेने नलं नृपं। सा चिन्तयनी बुद्धाय तर्कयामास भाविनी। कथं हि देवान् जानीयां कथं विद्यां नलं नृपं ॥ १२॥ एवं सञ्चित्तयनी सा वैदर्भी भृशदुः खिता। श्रुतानि देवलिङ्गानि तर्कयामास भारत ॥ १३॥ देवानां यानि लिङ्गानि स्थविरेभ्यः श्रुतानि मे। तानीह तिष्ठतां भूमाव् एकस्यापि न लक्षये ॥ १४॥ सा विनिश्चित्य बहुधा विचार्य च पुनः पुनः। शर्णं प्रति देवानां प्राप्तकालम् अमन्यत ॥ १५॥ वाचा च मनसा चैव नमस्कारं प्रयुज्य सा। देवेभ्यः प्राञ्जलिर् भूता वेपमानेदम् अबवीत् ॥ १६॥ हंमानां वचनं श्रुता यथा मे नैषधी वृतः। पतिले तेन सत्येन देवास् तं प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥ १९॥ मनसा वचसा चैव यथा नाभिचराम्यहं। तेन सत्येन विबुधास् तम् एव प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥१६॥ यथा देवैः स मे भर्ता विहितो निषधाधिपः। तेन सत्येन मे देवास् तम् एव प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥ १९॥ यथेदं वतम् आरब्धं नलस्याराधने मया। तेन सत्येन मे देवास् तम् एव प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥२०॥ स्वज्वैव रूपं कुर्वन्तु लोकपाला महेश्वराः। यथाहम् ऋभिजानीयां पुरायश्चीकं नराधिपं ॥२१॥ निशम्य दमयन्यास् तत् करुणं परिदेवितं। निश्चयं परमं तथ्यम् अनुरागच नेषधे ॥२२॥ मनोविशु डिं बुडिज्व भक्तिं रागज्व नैषधे। यथोक्तं चिकरे देवाः सामर्थ्यं लिङ्गधारणे ॥२३॥ सापश्यद् विवुधान् सर्वान् ऋस्वेदान् स्वथलोचनान्।

Whichsoe'er the form she gazed on, him her Nala, him she thought. She within her secret spirit deeply pondering, stood and thought: 'How shall I the gods distinguish? royal Nala how discern?' Pondering thus Vidarbha's maiden in the anguish of her heart— Th' attributes of the immortals sought, as heard of yore, to see. 'Th' attributes of each celestial, that our aged sires describe, As on earth they stand before me, not of one may I discern.' Long she pondered in her silence, and again, again she thought. To the gods, her only refuge, turned she at this trying hour. With her voice and with her spirit she her humble homage paid. Folding both her hands and trembling to the gods the maiden spake: 'As when heard the swan's sweet language chose I then Nishadha's king, By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods, reveal my lord! As in word or thought I swerve not from my faith, all-knowing powers! By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods, reveal my lord! As the gods themselves have destined for my lord Nishadha's king; By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods, my lord reveal! As my vow, so pledged to Nala, holily must be maintained, By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods my lord reveal! Each the form divine assume ye, earth's protectors, mighty lords; So shall I discern my Nala, I shall know the king of men.'

As they heard sad Damayantí uttering thus her piteous prayer,

At her high resolve they wonder, steadfast truth and fervent love,

Holiness of soul, and wisdom, to her lord her constant faith.

As she prayed, the gods obedient stood with attributes revealed:

With unmoistened skins the Immortals saw she, and with moveless eyes;

हिषतस्रयजोहीनान् स्थितान् अस्पृशतः श्चितिं ॥२४॥ छायाडितीयो म्लानसग् रजःस्वेदसमन्वितः। भूमिष्टो नैषधश्चेव निमेषेण च मूचितः ॥२५॥ सा समीक्ष्य तु तान् देवान् पुर्पयञ्चीकच भारत। नैषधं वरयामास भेमी धर्मेण पाग्डव ॥२६॥ विलज्जमाना वस्तानो जयाहायतलोचना। स्वन्धदेशेऽमृजत् तस्य स्रजं परमशीभनां ॥२९॥ वरयामास चैवेनं पतिले वरवर्णिनी। तती हा हेति सहसा मुक्तः शब्दो नराधिपैः ॥२५॥ देवेर् महर्षिभिस् तच साधु साध्विति भारत। विस्मितर् ईरितः शब्दः प्रशंसिद्धर् नलं नृपं ॥२९॥ दमयन्तीं तु कौरव्य वीरसेनसुती नृपः। आश्वासयद् वरारीहां प्रहृष्टेनान्तरात्मना ॥३०॥ यत् तं भजिस कल्याणि पुमांसं देवसिन्धो। तसान् मां विडि भर्तारम् एवं ते वचने रतं ॥३१॥ यावच मे धरिष्यिन प्राणा देहे शुचिस्मिते। तावत् त्विय भविषामि सत्यम् एतद् ब्रवीमि ते ॥३२॥ दमयन्तीं तथा वाग्भिर् अभिनन्द्य कृताञ्जलिः। तौ परस्परतः प्रीतौ दृष्ट्वा त्विप्रपुरीगमान्। तान् एव शरणं देवान् जग्मतुर् मनसा तदा ॥३३॥ वृते तु नैषधे भैम्या लोकपाला महीजसः। प्रहृष्टमनसः सर्वे नलायाष्टी वरान् ददुः ॥३४॥ प्रत्यस्दर्शनं यज्ञे गतिचानुत्रमां शुभां। नेषधाय ददी शकः प्रीयमागाः शचीपतिः ॥३५॥ अग्निर् आत्मभवं प्रादाद् यच वाञ्छति नैषधः। लोकान् आत्मप्रभांश्वेव ददौ तस्मै हुताशनः ॥३६॥

Fresh their dust-unsullied garlands hovered they, nor touched the earth. By his shadow doubled, dust-soiled, garland-drooping, moist with sweat, On the earth Nishadha's monarch stood confessed, with twinkling eyes; On the gods an instant gazed she, then upon the king of men; And of right king Bhíma's daughter named Nishadha's king her lord. Modestly the large-eyed maiden lifted up his garment's hem, Round his shoulders threw she lightly the bright zone of radiant flowers. So she chose him for her husband, Nala, that high-hearted maid. Then 'alas! alas!' burst wildly, from that conclave of the kings, And 'well done, well done,' as loudly, from the gods and sages broke. All in their extatic wonder glorified Nishadha's king. Then to royal Damayantí, Vírasena's kingly son, To that slender-waisted damsel spake he comfort in his joy; 'Since thou'st own'd me for thine husband, in the presence of the gods, For thy faithful consort know me, aye delighting in thy words. While this spirit fills this body, maiden with the smile serene! Thine am I, so long thine only, this the solemn truth I vow.' Thus he gladdened Damayantí with the assurance of his faith. Then, rejoicing in each other, that blest pair, upon the gods Led by Agni, gazed in homage, on their great protectors gazed.

Chosen thus Nishadha's monarch, the bright guardians of the world,
In their gladness all on Nala eight transcendant gifts bestowed;
To discern the visible godhead in the sacrifice, a gait
Firm and noble, S'aći's husband, Indra to king Nala gave.
Agni gave his own bright presence whensoe'er the monarch called.
All the worlds instinct with splendour through his power Hutása gave.

यमस्वन्नरसं प्रादाद् धर्मे च परमां स्थिति। अपाम्पतिर् अपाम्भावं यच वाञ्छति नैषधः ॥३९॥ सजश्रोत्तमगन्धाद्याः सर्वे च मिथुनं ददुः। वरान् एवं प्रदायास्य देवास् ते चिदिवं गताः ॥३६॥ पार्थिवाश्वानुभूयास्य विवाहं विसमयान्विताः। दमयन्याश्व मुदिताः प्रतिजग्मुर् यथागतं ॥३९॥ गतेषु पार्थिवेन्द्रेषु भीमः प्रीती महामनाः। विवाहं कार्यामास दमयन्या नलस्य च ॥४०॥ उष्य तत्र यथाकामं नैषधी द्विपदां वरः। भीमेन समनुज्ञाती जगाम नगरं स्वकं ॥४१॥ अवाय नारीरत्नं तु पुर्ययक्षीकोऽपि पार्थिवः। रेमे सह तया राजन् शच्येव बलवृत्रहा ॥४२॥ अतीव मुदितो राजा भाजमानोऽंशुमान् इव। अरञ्जयत् प्रजा वीरो धर्मेण परिपालयन् ॥४३॥ ईजे चापश्वमेधेन ययातिर् इव नाहुषः। अन्येश्व बहुभिर् धीमान् ऋतुभिश्वाप्तदेखि्गः ॥४४॥ पुनश्च रमणीयेषु वनेषूपवनेषु च। दमयन्या सह नली विजहारामरीपमः ॥४५॥ जनयामास च नली दमयन्या महामनाः। इन्द्रसेनं सुतज्बापि इन्द्रसेनाज्व कन्यकां ॥४६॥ एवं स यजमानश्च विहरंश्च नराधिपः। ररह्म वसुसम्पूर्णा वसुधां वसुधाधिपः ॥४९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने पञ्चमः सर्गः ॥५॥

Subtle taste in food gave Yama, and in virtue eminence; Varun gave obedient water to be present at his call; Garlands too of matchless fragrance; each his double blessing gave. Thus bestowed their gracious favours, to the heavens the gods returned; And the Rájas, who with wonder Nala's marriage saw confirmed With the gentle Damayantí, as they came, in joy returned. Thus the kings of earth departed; Bhima in his joy and pride, Solemnized the stately bridals of the maiden and the king. Fitting time when there he'd sojourned, best of men, Nishadha's king; Courteous parting with king Bhíma to his native city went. Having gained the pearl of women the majestic lord of earth Lived in bliss, as with his Saci, he that those old giants slew. In his joy the elated monarch, shining radiant as the sun, Ruled the subjects of his kingdom with a just and equal sway. Of the horse the famous offering, like Nahusha's mighty son, Every sacrifice performed he, with rich gifts to holy men. And full oft in flowering gardens, and delicious shady groves, Like a god, the royal Nala took with Damayanti joy. So begat from Damayantí, Nala, of heroic soul, Indrasená one fair daughter, Indrasen one beauteous son. Thus in sacrifice and pleasance took his joy the king of men, So the earth with riches teeming ruled the sovereign of the earth.

END OF BOOK V.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

वृते तु नैषधे भैम्या लीकपाला महीजसः। यान्ती ददृशुर् आयानां द्वापरं कलिना सह ॥१॥ अथाववीत् कलिं शकः सम्प्रेस्य बलवृत्रहा। हापरेण सहायेन कले बृहि क यास्यिस ॥२॥ ततोऽत्रवीत् कलिः शकं दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं। गला हि वरियथे तां मनी हि मम तां गतं॥३॥ तम् अववीत् प्रहस्येन्द्री निवृत्तः स स्वयंवरः। वृतस् तया नली राजा पतिर् अस्मत्समीपतः ॥४॥ एवम् उक्तस्तु शकेण किलः क्रोधसमन्वितः। देवान् आमन्य तान् सर्वान् उवाचेदं वचस् तदा ॥५॥ देवानां मानुषं मध्ये यत् सा पतिम् ऋविन्दत । तच तस्या भवेन् न्याय्यं विपुलं द्राडधारणं ॥६॥ एवम् उक्ते तु कलिना प्रत्यूचुम् ते दिवीकसः। अस्माभिः समनुज्ञाते दमयन्या नली वृतः ॥ १॥ का च सर्वगुणीपेतं नाष्ययेत नलं नृपं। यो वेद धर्मान् ऋखिलान् यथावच् चरितवतः ॥ ७॥ योऽधीते चतुरो वेदान् सर्वान् आख्यानपञ्चमान्। नित्यं तृप्ता गृहे यस्य देवा यज्ञेषु धर्मतः ॥९॥ ऋहिंसानिरतो यश्व सत्यवादी दृढवतः। यस्मिन् सत्यं धृतिर् दानं तपः शौचं दमः शमः ॥१०॥ धुवाणि पुरुषव्याघे लोकपालसमे नृपे। एवंह्रपं नलं यो वे कामयेच् छिपतुं कले ॥ ११॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

NALA chosen by Bhima's daughter, the bright guardians of the world, As they parted thence, with Kali, Dvápara approaching saw. Kali as he saw, did Indra, did the giant-killer say, 'Here, with Dvápara attended, whither, Kali, dost thou go?' Kali spake, 'The Svayamvara we of Damayanti seek; Her I go to make my consort, into her mine heart hath passed.' 'Closed and ended is that bridal,' Indra answered with a smile, 'Nala she hath chosen for husband, in the presence of us all.' Thus addressed by Indra, Kali, in the transport of his wrath, All the heavenly gods saluting, thus his malediction spake, 'Since before the Immortals' presence she a mortal spouse did choose, Of her impious crime most justly, heavy be the penal doom.' Kali hardly thus had spoken than the heaven-born gods replied: 'With our full and liberal sanction Damayantí chose her lord. Who to Nala, with all virtue rich endowed, would not incline? He that rightly knows each duty, he who ever rightly acts, He who reads the whole four Vedas, the Puranas too the fifth, In whose palace with pure offerings ever are the gods adored, Gentle to all living creatures, true in word and strict in vow; Good and constant he, and generous, holy, temperate, patient, pure; His are all these virtues ever, equal to the earth-guarding gods. Thus endowed, the noble Nala, he, O Kali, that would curse,

श्रात्मानं स शपेन् मूढी हन्याद् श्रात्मानम् श्रात्मना।
एवङ्गुणं नलं यो वे कामयेच् छिपतुं कले ॥ १२॥
कृच्छ्रे स नरके मज्जेद् श्रगाधे विपुले हृदे।
एवम् उक्का किलं देवा डापरच दिवं ययुः ॥ १३॥
ततो गतेषु देवेषु किलर् डापरम् श्रव्रवीत्।
संहर्तुं नोत्सहे कीपं नले वत्स्यामि डापर ॥ १४॥
भंशियणामि तं राज्यान् न भैम्या सह रंस्यते।
तमणशान् समाविश्य साहाय्यं कर्तुम् श्रर्हिस ॥ १५॥
॥ इति नलोपाव्याने षष्टः सर्गः ॥ ६॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवं स समयं कृता डापरेण किलः सह।
आजगाम ततस् तच यच राजा स नैषधः ॥१॥
स नित्यम् अन्तरप्रेप्तुर् निषधेष्ववसच् चिरं।
अथास्य डादशे वर्षे ददर्शे किलर् अन्तरं॥२॥
कृता मूचम् उपस्पृश्य सन्ध्याम् अन्वास्त नैषधः।
अकृता पादयोः शौचं तचैनं किलर् आविशत्॥३॥
स समाविश्य च नलं समीपं पृष्करस्य च।
गता पृष्करम् आहेदम् एहि दीव्य नलेन वे॥४॥
अश्रद्यूते नलं जेता भवान् हि सहितो मया।
निषधान् प्रतिपद्यस्व जिता राज्यं नलं नृपं॥५॥
एवम् उक्तस्तु किलना पृष्करो नलम् अभ्ययात्।
किलिश्वेव वृषो भूता गवां पृष्करम् अभ्यगात्॥६॥
आसाद्य तु नलं वीरं पृष्करः परवीरहा।

On the fool recoil his curses, only fatal to himself.

Nala, gifted with such virtues, he, O Kali, who would curse—

Be he plunged in hell's dark torments, in the deep and vasty lake.'

Thus the gods to Kali speaking to their native heavens arose.

Soon as they had parted, Kali thus to Dvápara began:

'I my wrath can curb no longer, I henceforth in Nala dwell;

From his kingdom will I cast him, from his bliss with his sweet bride.

Thou within the dice embodied, Dvápara, my cause assist.'

END OF BOOK VI.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Bound by that malignant treaty, Kali with his dark ally,
Haunted they the stately palace, where Nishadha's monarch ruled;
Watching still the fatal instant, in Nishadha long they dwelt.
Twelve long years had passed ere Kali saw that fatal instant come.
Nala after act uncleanly holy water having sipped,
Went to prayer, with feet unwashen;—Kali seized the fatal hour.
Into Nala straight he entered, and possessed his inmost soul.
Pushkara in haste he summoned—'Come, with Nala play at dice,
Ever in the gainful hazard, by my subtle aid thou'lt win,
Even the kingdom of Nishadha, even from Nala all his realm.'
Pushkara by Kali summoned, to his brother Nala came,
In the chief of dice embodied, Kali Pushkara stood near.
Pushkara the hero-slayer to king Nala standing near:

दीव्यावेत्यब्रवीट् भाता वृषेणेति मुहुर् मुहुः ॥ 9॥ न चक्षमे तती राजा समाद्वानं महामनाः। वैदर्भाः प्रेक्षमाणायाः पणकालम् अमन्यत ॥ ७॥ हिरएयस्य सुवर्णस्य यानयुग्यस्य वाससां। आविष्टः कलिना द्यूते जीयते सम नलम् तदा ॥ ९॥ तम् अक्षमदसम्मत्तं मुहदां न तु कश्चन। निवारणेऽभवच् छक्तो दीव्यमानम् अरिन्दमं ॥१०॥ ततः पौरजनाः सर्वे मन्त्रिभिः सह भारत। राजानं द्रष्टुम् आगच्छन् निवारियतुम् आतुरं ॥ ११॥ ततः सूत उपागम्य दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत्। एष पौरजनो देवि द्वारि तिष्ठति कार्यवान् ॥१२॥ निवेद्यतां नेषधाय सर्वाः प्रकृतयः स्थिताः। अमृष्यमाणा व्यसनं राज्ञी धर्मार्थदर्शिनः ॥ १३॥ ततः सा वाष्पकलया वाचा दुः खेन कर्षिता। उवाच नैषधं भेमी शोकोपहतचेतना ॥१४॥ राजन् पौरजनो हारि तां दिदृष्ठुर् अवस्थितः। मन्त्रिभः सहितः सर्वे राजभिक्तपुरस्कृतः। तं द्रष्टुम् अर्हसीत्येवं पुनः पुनर् अभाषत ॥१५॥ तां तथा रुचिरापाङ्गीं विलपनीं तथाविधां। श्राविष्टः कलिना राजा नाभ्यभाषत किञ्चन ॥ १६॥ ततस् ते मन्त्रिणः सर्वे ते चैव पुरवासिनः। नायम् अस्तीति दुःखाता वीडिता जग्मुर् आलयान् ॥१९॥ तथा तद् अभवद् द्यूतम् पुष्करस्य नलस्य च। युधिष्ठिर बहून् मासान् पुरायश्चोकस्वजीयत ॥ १६॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने सप्तमः सर्गः ॥ ७॥

'Play we with the dice, my brother,' thus again his brother said. Long the lofty-minded Rája that bold challenge might not brook, In Vidarbha's princess' presence deemed he now the time for play. For his wealth, his golden treasures, for his chariots, for his robes, Then possessed by Kali, Nala in the game was worsted still. He with love of gaming maddened, of his faithful friends not one Might arrest the desperate frenzy of the conqueror of his foes. Came the citizens assembling, with the counsellors of state, To behold the king approached they to restrain his dread disease. Then the charioteer advancing thus to Damayantí spake: 'All the city, noble princess, stands assembled at the gate, Say thou to Nishadha's monarch, "All his subjects here are met; Ill they brook this dire misfortune in their justice-loving king." Then, her voice half-choked with anguish, spake the sorrow-stricken queen, Spirit-broken, Bhíma's daughter to Nishadha's sovereign spake, 'Rája, lo! the assembled city at the gate their king to see: With the counsellors of wisdom, by their loyal duty led. Deign thou, monarch, to admit them,' thus again, again she said. To the queen with beauteous eyelids uttering thus her sad lament, Still possessed by wicked Kali, answered not the king a word. Then those counsellors of wisdom, and those loyal citizens, "Tis not he," exclaimed in sorrow, and in shame and grief went home. Thus of Pushkara and Nala still went on that fatal play; Many a weary month it lasted, and still lost the king of men.

END OF BOOK VII.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयन्ती ततो दृष्ट्वा पुर्ययञ्चीकं नराधिपं। उन्मन्नवर् अनुन्मन्ना देवने गतचेतसं ॥१॥ भयशोकसमाविष्टा राजन् भीमसुता ततः। चिन्तयामास तत् कार्ये सुमहत् पार्थिवं प्रति ॥२॥ सा शङ्कमाना तत्पापं चिकीर्षन्ती च तत्प्रियं। नलज्ब हतसर्वस्वम् उपलभ्येदम् अववीत् ॥३॥ वृहत्सेनाम् अतियशां तां धात्रीं परिचारिकां। हितां सर्वार्थकुशलाम् अनुरक्तां सुभाषितां ॥४॥ वृहत्सेने वजामात्यान् ञ्चानाय्य नलशासनात्। ञ्राचस्व यद् धृतं द्रव्यम् अविशष्टञ्च यद् वसु ॥५॥ ततस् ते मन्त्रिणः सर्वे विज्ञाय नलशासनं। अपि नी भागधेयं स्याद् इत्युक्का नलम् आवजन् ॥६॥ तास्तु सर्वाः प्रकृतयो द्वितीयं समुपस्थिताः । न्यवेदयद् भीमसुता न च स प्रत्यनन्दत ॥ १॥ वाक्यम् अप्रतिनन्दनां भर्तारम् अभिवीस्य सा। दमयन्ती पुनर् वेश्म वीडिता प्रविवेश ह ॥ ৮॥ निशम्य सततं चास्रान् पुरायस्रोकपराङ्मुखान्। नलज्ब हतसर्वस्वं धाचीं पुनर् उवाच ह ॥ ९॥ वृहत्सेने पुनर् गच्छ वार्णीयं नलशासनात्। सूतम् ञ्चानय कल्याणि महत् कार्यम् उपस्थितं ॥ १०॥ वृहत्सेना तु तच् छूवा दमयन्या प्रभाषितं।

VRIHADASVA spake:

DAMAYANTÍ then beholding Punyaśloka, king of men, Undistracted, him distracted with the maddening love of play. In her dread and in her sorrow thus did Bhima's daughter speak; Pondering on the weighty business that concerned the king of men; Trembling at his guilty frenzy, yet to please him still intent. Nala, 'reft of all his treasures, when the noble woman saw, Thus addressed she Vrihatsená, her old faithful slave and nurse, Friendly, in all business dextrous, most devoted, wise in speech: 'Vrihatsená, go, the council as at Nala's call convene, Say what he hath lost of treasure, and what treasure yet remains.' Then did all that reverend council, Nala's summons as they heard, 'Our own fate is now in peril,' speaking thus, approach the king. And a second time his subjects all assembling, crowded near, And the queen announced their presence; of her words he took no heed. All her words thus disregarded, when king Bhíma's daughter found, To the palace Damayantí to conceal her shame returned. When the dice she heard for ever adverse to the king of men, And of all bereft, her Nala, to the nurse again she spake: 'Go again, my Vrihatsená, in the name of Nala, go, To the charioteer, Várshneya, great the deed must now be done.' Vrihatsená on the instant Damayantí's words she heard,

वार्ष्णियम् ञ्चानयामास पुरुषेर् ञ्चाप्तकारिभिः ॥ ११॥ वार्णीयं तु ततो भेमी सान्वयन् श्वक्ष्णया गिरा। उवाच देशकालज्ञा प्राप्तकालम् अनिन्दिता ॥१२॥ जानीषे तं यथा राजा सम्यग्वृत्तः सदा त्वि । तस्य तं विषमस्यस्य साहाय्यं कर्तुम् अर्हिस ॥ १३॥ यथा यथा हि नृपतिः पुष्करेणीव जीयते। तथा तथास्य वे द्यूते रागो भूयोऽभिवर्धते ॥ १४॥ यथा च पुष्करस्याद्याः पतन्ति वशवर्तिनः। तथा विपर्ययश्वापि नलस्याशेषु दृश्यते ॥ १५॥ मुह्ल्स्वजनवाच्यानि यथावन गृणोति च। ममापि च तथा वाक्यं नाभिनन्दित मोहितः ॥ १६॥ नूनं मन्ये न दोषोऽस्ति नैषधस्य महात्मनः। यतु मे वचनं राजा नाभिनन्दित मोहितः ॥ १९॥ शर्गं तां प्रपन्नाऽस्मि सार्थे कुरु महचः। न हि मे शुध्यते भावः कदाचिद् विनशेद् अपि ॥ १ ।॥ नलस्य दियतान् ऋश्वान् योजियता मनोजवान्। इदम् आरोप मिथुनं कुरिएडनं यातुम् अर्हिस ॥ १९॥ मम ज्ञातिषु निश्चिष दारकी स्यन्दनं तथा। ऋश्वांश् चेमान् यथाकामं वस वान्यच गच्छ वा ॥२०॥ दमयन्यास्तु तद् वाक्यं वार्णीयो नलसारिषः। न्यवेदयद् अशेषेशा नलामात्येषु मुख्यशः ॥२१॥ तैः समेत्य विनिश्चित्य सोऽनुज्ञातो महीपते। ययौ मिथुनम् आरोप विदर्भाम् तेन वाहिना ॥२२॥ हयांस् तच विनििक्ष्य सूती रथवरं च तं। इन्द्रसेनाञ्च तां कन्याम् इन्द्रसेनञ्च बालकं ॥२३॥ आमन्य भीमं राजानम् आर्तः शोचन् नलं नृपं।

Caused the charioteer be summoned by her messengers of trust. Bhíma's daughter to Várshneya, winning with her gentle voice, Spake, the time, the place well choosing for the deed, nor spake in vain: Well thou know'st the full reliance that in thee the king hath placed, In his fatal hour of peril wilt not thou stand forth to aid? As by Pushkara is worsted, ever more and more the king, More and more the fatal frenzy maddens in his heart for play. As to Pushkara obedient ever fall the lucky dice, Thus those dice to royal Nala still with adverse fortune fall. Nor the voice of friend or kindred, as beseems him, will he hear; E'en to me he will not listen, in the madness of his heart. Of the lofty-minded Nala well I know 'tis not the sin, That my words this senseless monarch in his frenzy will not hear. Charioteer, to thee my refuge come I, do thou my behest; I am not o'er calm in spirit, haply he may perish thus. Yoke the much-loved steeds of Nala, fleet of foot, as thought, are they, In the chariot place our children, to Kundina's city go. Leave the children with my kindred, and the chariot and the steeds; Then or dwell there at thy pleasure, or depart where'er thou wilt.' When the speech of Damayantí heard king Nala's charioteer, He, the chief of Nala's council, thus in full divan addressed, Weighed within their solemn conclave, and their full assent obtained, With the children in the chariot to Vidarbha straight he drove. There he rendered up the horses with the chariot, there he left That young maiden Indrasená, Indrasen, that noble boy. To king Bhima paid his homage, sad, for Nala's fall distressed,

अटमानस् ततोऽयोध्यां जगाम नगरीं तदा ॥२४॥ अनुपर्णे स राजानम् उपतस्ये सुदुःखितः। भृतिच्वोपययो तस्य सारथ्येन महीपतेः॥२५॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने अष्टमः सर्गः ॥ ৮॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

ततस् तु याते वार्षोये पुरायस्वीकस्य दीव्यतः। पुष्करेण हतं राज्यं यज्ञान्यद् वसु किञ्चन ॥१॥ हृतराज्यं नलं राजन् प्रहसन् पुष्करोऽव्रवीत्। द्यूतं प्रवर्ततां भूयः प्रतिपाणीऽस्ति कस् तव ॥२॥ शिष्टा ते दमयन्येका सर्वम् अन्यज् जितं मया। दमयन्याः पणः साधु वर्ततां यदि मन्यसे ॥३॥ पुष्करेशिवम् उक्तस्य पुरायष्ट्रीकस्य मन्युना। व्यदीर्यतेव हृदयं न चैनं किञ्चिट् अववीत् ॥४॥ ततः पुष्करम् ञ्रालीका नलः परममन्युमान्। उत्मृज्य सर्वगाचेभ्यो भूषणानि महायशाः ॥५॥ एकवासा ह्यसंवीतः सुहुच्छोकविवर्धनः। निश्वकाम ततो राजा त्यक्का मुविपुलां श्रियं ॥६॥ दमयन्येकवस्ताऽथ गच्छनां पृष्ठतोऽन्वगात्। स तया वाह्यतः सार्धे चिराचं नेषधीऽवसत्॥७॥ पुष्करस्तु महाराज घोषयामास वै पुरे। नले यः सम्यग् ञातिष्ठेत् स गच्छेट् बध्यतां मम ॥ ৮॥ Thence departing, to Ayodhyá, took the charioteer his way. In his grief to Rituparna, that illustrious king, he came, As his charioteer, the service entered of the lord of earth.

END OF BOOK VIII.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Scarce Várshneya had departed, still the king of men played on, Till to Pushkara his kingdom, all that he possessed, was lost. Nala then, despoiled of kingdom, smiling Pushkara bespake: 'Throw we yet another hazard, Nala, where is now thy stake? There remains but Damayantí, all thou hast beside, is mine. Throw we now for Damayantí, come, once more the hazard try.' Thus, as Pushkara addressed him, Punyaśloka's inmost heart By his grief was rent asunder, not a single word he spake. And on Pushkara, king Nala in his silent anguish gazed. All his ornaments of splendour from his person stripped he off, With a single vest, scarce covered, 'mid the sorrow of his friends, Slowly wandered forth the monarch fallen from such an height of bliss. Damayantí with one garment slowly followed him behind. Three long nights Nishadha's monarch there without the gates had dwelt. Proclamation through the city then did Pushkara bid make, 'Whosoe'er befriendeth Nala shall to instant death be doomed.'

पुष्करस्य तु वाक्येन तस्य विद्वेषणेन च। पौरा न तस्य सत्कारं कृतवन्ती युधिष्ठिर ॥९॥ स तथा नगराभ्यासे सत्काराहीं न सत्कृतः। विराचम् उषितो राजा जलमाचेण वर्तयन् ॥१०॥ पीद्ममानः खुधा तत्र फलमूलानि कर्षयन्। प्रातिष्ठत ततो राजा दमयन्ती तम् अन्वगात् ॥११॥ श्रुधया पीद्ममानस्तु नली बहुतिषेऽहनि। अपश्यच् छकुनान् कांश्विद् धिरएयसदृशच्छदान् ॥ १२॥ स चिन्तयामास तदा निषधाधिपतिर् बली। ऋस्ति भस्यो ममाद्यायं वसु चेदं भविष्यति ॥ १३॥ ततस् तान् परिधानेन वाससा स समावृणीत्। तस्य तद् वस्त्रम् आदाय सर्वे जग्मुर् विहायसा ॥ १४॥ उत्पतनाः खगा वाक्यम् एतद् आहुस् तती नलं। दुष्ट्रा दिग्वाससं भूमी स्थितं दीनम् अधोमुखं ॥ १५॥ वयम् अक्षाः मुदुर्बुडे तव वासी जिहीर्षवः। आगता न हि नः प्रीतिः सवासिस गते त्विय ॥ १६॥ तान् समी स्थ गतान् अक्षान् आत्मानच विवाससं। पुर्याश्चोकम् तदा राजन् दमयन्तीम् अथाव्रवीत् ॥१९॥ येषां प्रकोपाद् ऐश्वर्यात् प्रच्युतोऽहम् अनिन्दिते। प्राण्याचां न विन्दे च दुःखितः श्रुधयान्वितः ॥ १ ।॥ येषां कृते न सत्कारम् अकुर्वन् मिय नेषधाः। त इमे शकुना भूला वासीऽपपहरित मे ॥१९॥ वैषम्यं परमं प्राप्तो दुःखितो गतचेतनः। भर्ता तेऽहं निबोधेदं वचनं हितम् आत्मनः ॥२०॥ एते गच्छिना बहवः पन्थानी दक्षिणापथं। अवनीम् ऋक्षवनाञ्च समितकम्य पर्वतं ॥२१॥

Thus, as Pushkara gave order, in the terror of his power, Might the citizens no longer hospitably serve the king. Near the walls, of kind reception worthiest, but by none received, Three nights longer staid the monarch, water was his only drink. He in unfastidious hunger plucked the fruits, the roots of earth. Then went forth again the outcast; Damayantí followed slow. In the agony of famine Nala, after many days, Saw some birds around him settling with their golden tinctured wings. Then the monarch of Nishadha thought within his secret heart, These to-day my welcome banquet, and my treasure these will be. Over them his single garment spreading light he wrapped them round. Up that single garment bearing to the air they sprang away; And the birds above him hovering thus in human accents spake, Naked as they saw him standing on the earth, and sad, and lone :-'Lo, we are the dice, to spoil thee thus descended, foolish king! While thou hadst a single garment all our joy was incomplete.' When the dice he saw departing, and himself without his robe, Mournfully did Punyaśloka thus to Damayantí speak: 'They, O blameless, by whose anger from my kingdom I am driven, Life-sustaining food unable in my misery to find— They, through whom Nishadha's people, may not house their outcast king-They, the forms of birds assuming, my one robe have borne away. In the dark extreme of misery, sad and frantic as I am, Hear me, princess, hear and profit by thy husband's best advice. Hence are many roads diverging to the region of the south, Passing by Avanti's city, and the height of Rikshaván;

एष विन्ध्यो महाशैलः पयोणी च समुद्रगा। आश्रमाश्व महर्षीणां बहुमूलफलान्विताः ॥२२॥ एष पन्था विदर्भाणाम् असौ गच्छति कोशलान्। ऋतः परच्च देशोऽयं दक्षिणे दक्षिणापयः ॥२३॥ एतद् वाक्यं नलो राजा दमयनीं समाहितः। उवाचासकृद् आर्तो हि भैमीम् उद्दिश्य भारत ॥२४॥ ततः सा वाष्पकलया वाचा दुः खेन कर्षिता। उवाच दमयन्ती तं नैषधं करुणं वचः ॥२५॥ उद्वेजते मे हृदयं सीदन्यङ्गानि सर्वशः। तव पार्थिव सङ्कल्पं चिन्तयन्याः पुनः पुनः ॥२६॥ हतराज्यं हतद्रव्यं विवस्तं शुत्रृषान्वितं। कथम् उत्मृज्य गच्छेयम् अहं तां निर्जने वने ॥२९॥ श्रानस्य ते शुधार्तस्य चिन्तयानस्य तत् मुखं। वने घोरे महाराज नाशियषाम्यहं क्कमं ॥२४॥ न च भार्यासमं किञ्चिट् विद्यते भिषजां मतं। श्रीषधं सर्वदुः खेषु सत्यम् एतद् ब्रवीमि ते ॥२९॥

नल उवाच।

एवम् एतद् यथात्य तं दमयित सुमध्यमे। नास्ति भार्यासमं मित्रं नरस्यार्तस्य भेषजं ॥३०॥ न चाहं त्यक्तुकामस् तां किमर्थं भीरु शङ्कसे। त्यजेयम् अहम् आत्मानं न चैवं ताम् अनिन्दिते ॥३०॥

दमयन्युवाच।

यदि मां तं महाराज न विहातुम् इहेन्छिसि। तत् किमर्थे विदर्भाणां पन्याः समुपदिश्यते ॥३२॥ अवैमि चाहं नृपते न तु मां त्यक्तुम् अर्हसि।

Vindhya here, the mighty mountain, and Payoshni's seaward stream; And the lone retreats of hermits, richly stored with roots and fruits. This will lead thee to Vidarbha, this to Kośala away, Far beyond the region stretches southward to the southward clime.' In these words to Damayantí did the royal Nala speak, More than once to Bhima's daughter anxious pointing out the way. She, with voice half-choked with sorrow, with her weight of woe oppressed, These sad words did Damayantí to Nishadha's monarch speak:-'My afflicted heart is breaking, and my sinking members fail, When, O king, thy desperate counsel once I think of, once again. Robbed of kingdom, robbed of riches, naked, thirst and hunger-worn; How shall I depart and leave thee in the wood by man untrod? When thou sad and famine-stricken thinkest of thy former bliss, In the wild wood, oh, my husband, I thy weariness will soothe! Like a wife, in every sorrow, this the wise physicians own, Healing herb is none or balsam, Nala, 'tis the truth I speak.'

NALA spake:

Slender-waisted Damayantí, true, indeed, is all thou'st said;

Like a wife no friendly medicine to afflicted man is given.

Fear not that I thee abandon, Wherefore, timid, dread'st thou this?

Oh, myself might I abandon, and not thee, thou unreproached!

DAMAYANTÍ spake:

If indeed, oh mighty monarch, thou wilt ne'er abandon me,
Wherefore then towards Vidarbha dost thou point me out the way?
Well, I know thee, noble Nala, to desert me far too true,

चेतसा लपकृष्टेन मां त्यजेषा महीपते ॥३३॥ पन्थानं हि ममाभीक्ष्णम् आख्यासि च नरोत्तम । अतोनिमित्तं शोकं मे वर्धयस्यमरोपम ॥३४॥ यदि चायम् अभिप्रायस् तव ज्ञातीन् वजेद् इति । सहिताव् एव गच्छावो विद्भान् यदि मन्यसे ॥३५॥ विद्भराजस् तच लां पूजियष्यति मानद । तेन लं पूजितो राजन् सुखं वत्स्यसि नो गृहे ॥३६॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने नवमः सर्गः ॥ ९॥

नल उवाच।

यथा राज्यं तव पितुस् तथा मम न संशयः।
न तु तच गमिषामि विषमस्यः कथज्वन ॥१॥
कथं समृद्धो गलाऽहं तव हर्षविवर्धनः।
परिच्युतो गमिषामि तव शोकविवर्धनः॥२॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

इति ब्रुवन् नली राजा दमयनीं पुनः पुनः।
सान्तयामास कल्याणीं वाससीऽर्धेन संवृतां ॥३॥
ताव् एकवस्त्रसंवीताव् अटमानाव् इतस्ततः।
स्रुत्पिपासापरिश्रान्ती सभां काञ्चिद् उपेयतुः॥४॥
तां सभाम् उपसम्प्राप्य तदा स निषधाधिपः।
वैदर्भ्या सहिती राजा निषसाद महीतले ॥५॥
स व विवस्ती विकटो मिलनः पांशुगुरिहतः।

Only with a soul distracted would'st thou leave me, lord of earth.

Yet, again, the way thou pointest, yet, again, thou best of men,

Thus my sorrow still enhancing, oh, thou like the immortal gods!

If this be thy better counsel, 'to her kindred let her go,'

Be it so, and both together, to Vidarbha set we forth.

Thee Vidarbha's king will honour, honour'd in his turn by thee;

Held in high respect and happy in our mansion thou shalt dwell.

END OF BOOK IX.

NALA spake:

MIGHTY is thy father's kingdom, once was mine as mighty too;
Never will I there seek refuge in my base extremity.

There I once appeared in glory, to the exalting of thy pride;
Shall I now appear in misery, to the increasing of thy shame?

VŖIHADAŚVA spake:

Nala thus to Damayantí spake again, and yet again,

Comforting the noble lady, scant in half a garment clad.

Both together by one garment covered, roamed they here and there;

Wearied out by thirst and famine, to a cabin they drew near.

When they reached that lowly cabin then did great Nishadha's king

With the princess of Vidarbha on the hard earth seat them down;

Naked, with no mat to rest on, wet with mire and stained with dust.

दमयन्या सह श्रानाः सुष्वाप धरणीतले ॥६॥ दमयन्यपि कल्याणी निद्रयाऽपहृता ततः। सहसा दुःखम् आसाद्य सुकुमारी तपस्विनी ॥ ७॥ मुप्तायां दमयन्यां तु नली राजा विशाम्पते। शोकोन्मिथतिचत्रातमा न सम शेते यथा पुरा ॥ ७॥ स तद् राज्यापहरणं सुहत्त्यागच सर्वशः। वने च तं परिध्वंसं प्रेष्ट्य चिन्ताम् उपेयिवान् ॥९॥ किं नु मे स्याद् इदं कृत्वा किं नु मे स्याद् अकुर्वतः। किं नु मे मरणं श्रेयः परित्यागी जनस्य वा ॥ १०॥ माम् इयं ह्यनुरक्तेव दुःखं प्राप्नोति मत्कृते। मिहहीना लियं गच्छेत् कदाचित् स्वजनं प्रति ॥ १९॥ मयि निःसंशयं दुःखम् इयम् प्राप्स्यत्यनुवता। उत्सर्गे संशयः स्यातु विन्देतापि सुखं क्वचित् ॥ १२॥ म विनिश्चित्य बहुधा विचार्य च पुनः पुनः। उत्सर्गे मन्यते श्रेयो दमयन्या नराधिपः ॥१३॥ न चैषा तेजसा शक्या कैश्चिद् धर्षयितुं पथि। यशस्विनी महाभागा मङ्गक्तेयं पतिव्रता ॥१४॥ एवं तस्य तदा बुडिर् दमयन्यां न्यवर्तत । कलिना दुष्टभावेन दमयन्या विसर्जने ॥१५॥ सोऽवस्त्रताम् आत्मनश्च तस्याश्वायेकवस्त्रतां। चिनायिताऽध्यगाट् राजा वस्त्रार्धस्यावकर्तनं ॥१६॥ कथं वासी विकर्तयं न च बुध्येत मे प्रिया। विचिन्यैवं नली राजा सभां पर्यचरत् तदा ॥ १९॥ परिधावच् अथ नल इतश्वेतश्व भारत। आससाद सभोदेशे विकोषं खङ्गम् उत्तमं ॥१८॥ तेनार्धे वाससश छिल्ला निवस्य च परन्तपः।

Weary then with Damayantí on the earth he fell asleep. Sank the lovely Damayantí by his side with sleep opprest, She thus plunged in sudden misery, she the tender, the devout. But while on the cold earth slumbered Damayantí, all distraught Nala in his mind by sorrow might no longer calmly sleep; For the losing of his kingdom, the desertion of his friends, And his weary forest-wanderings, painful on his thought arose. 'If I do it, what may follow? what if I refuse to do? Were my instant death the better, or to abandon her I love? But to me too deep devoted suffers she distress and shame; Reft of me she home may wander to her royal father's house. Faithful wandering ever with me certain sorrow will she bear, But if separated from me chance of solace may be hers.' Long within his heart he pondered, and again, again weighed o'er. Best he thought it Damayantí to desert, that wretched king. From her virtue none dare harm her in the lonely forest way, Her the fortunate, the noble, my devoted wedded wife. Thus his mind on Damayantí dwelt in its perverted thought, Wrought by Kali's evil influence to desert his lovely wife. Of himself without a garment, and of her with only one As he thought, approached he near her to divide that single robe. 'How shall I divide the garment by my loved one unperceived?' Pondering this within his spirit round the cabin Nala went. In that narrow cabin's circuit Nala wandered here and there, Till he found without a scabbard, shining, a well-tempered sword. Then when half that only garment he had severed, and put on,

मुप्राम् उत्मृज्य वैदर्भी प्राद्रवद् गतचेतनः ॥१९॥ ततो निवृत्तहृदयः पुनर् आगम्य तां सभां। दमयन्तीं तदा दृष्ट्वा रुरोद निषधाधिपः ॥२०॥ यां न वायुर् न चादित्यः पुरा पश्यित मे प्रियां। सेयमद्य सभामध्ये शेते भूमाव् अनाषवत् ॥२१॥ इयं वस्त्रावकर्तेन संवीता चारुहासिनी। उन्मत्तेव वरारोहा कथं बुड्वा भविष्यति ॥२२॥ कथम् एका सती भैमी मया विरहिता शुभा। चरिष्यति वने घीरे मृगव्यालनिषेविते ॥२३॥ आदित्या वसवो रुद्रा अश्विनौ समरुत्रणौ। रह्मनु तां महाभागे धर्मेणासि समावृता ॥२४॥ एवमुक्का प्रियां भार्या रूपेणाप्रतिमां भुवि। कलिनापहृतज्ञानी नलः प्रातिष्ठद् उद्यतः ॥२५॥ गता गता नलो राजा पुनर् एति सभां मुहुः। ञ्चाकृष्यमाणः कलिना सौहदेनावकृष्यते ॥२६॥ विधेव हृदयं तस्य दुःखितस्याभवत् तदा। दोलेव मुहुर् आयाति याति चैव सभां प्रति ॥२०॥ अवकृष्टस्तु कलिना मोहितः प्राद्रवन् नलः। मुप्राम् उत्मृज्य तां भार्या विलप्य करुणं बहु ॥ २५॥ नष्टात्मा कलिना स्पृष्टम् तत् तद् विगणयन् नृपः। जगामेकां वने भूएये भाषाम् उत्मृज्य दुःखितः ॥२९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने दशमः सर्गः ॥ १०॥

In her sleep Vidarbha's princess, with bewildered mind he fled. Yet, his cruel heart relenting, to the cabin turns he back; On the slumbering Damayantí gazing, sadly wept the king: 'Thou, that sun nor wind hath ever roughly visited, my love! On the hard earth in a cabin sleepest with thy guardian gone. Thus attired in half a garment she that aye so sweetly smiled, Like to one distracted, beauteous, how at length will she awake? How will't fare with Bhima's daughter, lone, abandoned by her lord, Wandering in the savage forest, where wild beasts and serpents dwell? May the suns and winds of heaven, may the genii of the woods, Noblest, may they all protect thee, thine own virtue thy best guard.' To his wife of peerless beauty on the earth, 'twas thus he spoke. Then of sense bereft by Kali Nala hastily set forth; And departing, still departing he returned again, again; Dragged away by that bad demon, ever by his love drawn back. Nala, thus his heart divided into two conflicting parts, Like a swing goes backward, forward, from the cabin, to and fro. Torn away at length by Kali flies afar the frantic king, Leaving there his wife in slumber, making miserable moans. Reft of sense, possessed by Kali, thinking still on her he left, Passed he in the lonely forest, leaving his deserted wife.

END OF BOOK X.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

अपकानो नले राजन् दमयनी गतक्कमा। अबुध्यत वरारोहा सन्त्रस्ता विजने वने ॥१॥ अपश्यमाना भर्तारं शोकदुः खसमन्विता। प्राक्रीशर् उच्चैः सन्त्रस्ता महाराजेति नैषधं ॥२॥ हा नाथ हा महाराज हा स्वामिन किं जहासि मां। हा हताऽस्मि विनष्टाऽस्मि भीताऽस्मि विजने वने ॥३॥ ननु नाम महाराज धर्मज्ञः सत्यवाग् असि। कथम् उक्का तथा सत्यं सुप्राम् उत्मृज्य मां गतः ॥४॥ कथम् उत्मृज्य गनासि दक्षां भार्याम् अनुव्रतां। विशेषतोऽनपकृते परेणापकृते सति ॥५॥ शकासे ता गिरः सम्यक्कर्तुं मिय नरेश्वर । यास् तेषां लोकपालानां सिन्धी कथिताः पुरा ॥६॥ नाकाले विहितो मृत्युर् मर्त्यानां पुरुषर्षभ। यच काना त्योत्मृष्टा मुहूर्तमपि जीवति ॥ ९॥ पर्याप्तः परिहासीऽयम् एतावान् पुरुषर्षभ । भीता ऽहम् ऋतिदुर्धर्षे दर्शयात्मानम् ईश्वर ॥ ৮॥ दुश्यसे दुश्यसे राजन् एष दृष्टोऽसि नैषध। आवार्य गुल्मेर् आत्मानं किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥ ९॥ नृशंस वत राजेन्द्र यन् माम् एवङ्गताम् इह। विलपनीं समागम्य नाश्वासयिस पार्थिव ॥ १०॥ न शोचाम्यहम् आत्मानं न चान्यदपि किञ्चन। कथं नु भवितास्येक इति त्वां नृप रोदिमि ॥११॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Scarce, O king, had Nala parted, Damayantí now refreshed, Wakened up, the slender-waisted, timorous in the desert wood. When she did not see her husband, overpowered with grief and pain, Loud she shriek'd in her first anguish, 'Where art thou, Nishadha's king? Mighty king! my soul-protector; O my lord! desert'st thou me? Oh, I'm lost! undone for ever, helpless in the wild wood left; Faithful once to every duty wert thou not, and true in word? Art thou faithful to thy promise to desert me thus in sleep? Could'st thou then depart, forsaking thy devoted, constant wife? Her in sooth that never wronged thee, wronged indeed, but not by her. Keep'st thou thus thy solemn promise, oh, unfaithful lord of men, There, when all the gods were present, plighted to thy wedded wife? Death is but decreed to mortals at its own appointed time; Hence one moment, thus deserted, one brief moment do I live. — But thou'st had thy sport—enough then, now desist, O king of men, Mock not thou a trembling woman, show thee to me, O my lord! Yes, I see thee, there I see thee hidden as thou think'st from sight, In the bushes why conceal thee? answer me, why speak'st thou not? O ungentle prince of monarchs! to this piteous plight reduced, Wherefore wilt thou not approach me to console me in my woe? For myself I will not sorrow, nor for aught to me befalls. Thou art all alone, my husband, I will only mourn for thee.

कथं नु राजंस् तृषितः श्रुधितः श्रमकर्षितः। सायाहे वृक्षमूलेषु माम् अपश्यन् भविष्यसि ॥ १२॥ ततः सा तीवशोकार्ता प्रदीप्तेव च मन्युना। इतश्वेतश्व रुद्ती पर्यधावत दुःखिता ॥ १३॥ मुहुर् उत्पतते बाला मुहुः पतित विद्वला। मुहुर् आलीयने भीता मुहुः क्रीशति रोदिति ॥१४॥ अतीव शोकसन्तप्ता मुहुर् निःश्वस्य दुःखिता। उवाच भैमी निःश्वस्य रुद्त्यथ पतिव्रता ॥१५॥ यस्याभिशापाद् दुःखार्तो दुःखं विन्दति नैषधः। तस्य भूतस्य नो दुःखाद् दुःखम् अभ्यधिकं भवेत् ॥१६॥ अपापचेतसं पापो य एवं कृतवान् नलं। तस्माद् दुःखतरं प्राप्य जीवत्यसुखजीविकां ॥ १९॥ एवं तु विलपनी सा राज्ञो भाया महात्मनः। अन्वेषमाणा भर्तारं वने श्वापदसेविते ॥१५॥ उन्मत्तवद् भीमसुता विलपनी ततस्ततः। हा हा राजच् इति मुहुर् इतश्वेतश्व धावति ॥१९॥ तां क्रन्दमानाम् अत्यर्थे कुररीम् इव वाशती। करुणं बहु शोचनीं विलपनीं मुहुर् मुहुः ॥२०॥ सहसाभ्यागतां भैमीम् अभ्यासपरिवर्तिनीं। जयाहाजगरी याही महाकायः खुधान्वितः ॥२१॥ सा यस्यमाना याहेण शोकेन च परिघ्रुता। नात्मानं शोचित तथा यथा शोचित नैषधं ॥२२॥ हा नाथ माम् इह वने यस्यमानाम् अनाथवत्। याहेणानेन विजने किमर्थं नानुधावसि ॥२३॥ कथं भविष्यिस पुनर् माम् अनुस्मृत्य नैषध। शापान् मुक्तः पुनर् लब्धा बुडिं चेती धनानि च ॥२४॥ How will't fare with thee, my Nala, thirsting, famished, faint with toil? Nor beholding me await thee underneath the trees at eve.' Then, in all her depth of anguish, with her trouble as on fire, Hither, thither, went she weeping, all around she went and wailed. Now springs up the desolate princess, now falls down in prostrate grief; Now she pines in silent sorrow, now she shrieks and wails aloud. So consumed with inward misery, ever sighing more and more, Spake at length king Bhima's daughter, spake the still devoted wife: 'He, by whose dire imprecation Nala this dread suffering bears, May he far surpass in suffering all that Nala suffers now. May the evil one, to evil, who the blameless Nala drives, Smitten by a curse as fatal, live a dark unblessed life.' Thus her absent lord lamenting that high-minded Rája's queen, Everywhere her lord went seeking in the satyr-haunted wood. Like a maniac, Bhima's daughter, wandered wailing here and there; And 'alas! alas! my husband,' everywhere her cry was heard. Her beyond all measure wailing like the osprey screaming shrill, Miserably still deploring, still renewing her lament. Suddenly king Bhíma's daughter, as she wandered near his lair, Seized a huge gigantic serpent in his raging famine fierce. In the grasp of that fierce serpent, round about with terror girt, Not herself she pities only, pities she Nishadha's king. 'O my guardian, thus unguarded in this savage forest seized, Seized by this terrific serpent, wherefore art not thou at hand? How will't be, when thou rememberest once again thy faithful wife, From this dreadful curse delivered, mind, and sense, and wealth returned? श्रानस्य ते शुधार्तस्य परिग्लानस्य नैषध। कः श्रमं राजशार्दूल नाशिययित तेऽनघ ॥२५॥ ततः कश्चिन् मृगव्याधी विचरन् गहने वने। ञ्चाकन्दमानां संश्रुत्य जवेनाभिससार ह ॥२६॥ नां तु दृष्ट्वा तथा यस्ताम् उरगेणायते ख्णां। त्वरमाणो मृगव्याधः समभिक्रम्य वेगतः ॥२९॥ मुखतः पाटयामास शस्त्रेण निश्तिन च। निर्विचेष्टं भुजङ्गं तं विशस्य मृगजीवनः ॥२४॥ मोक्षयिता स तां व्याधः प्रशाल्य सिललेन च। समाश्वास्य कृताहाराम् अथ पप्रच्छ भारत ॥ २०॥ कस्य तं मृगशावाद्यि कथज्वाभ्यागता वनं। कथज्वेदं महत् कृच्छं प्राप्तवत्यसि भाविनि ॥३०॥ दमयन्ती तथा तेन पृच्छचमाना विशाम्पते। सर्वम् एतद् यथावृत्तम् आचचक्षेऽस्य भारत ॥३१॥ ताम् अर्धवस्त्रसंवीतां पीनश्रोणिपयोधरां। मुकुमारानवद्याङ्गीं पूर्णचन्द्रनिभाननां ॥३२॥ अरालपक्षनयनां तथा मधुरभाषिणीं। लक्ष्यिता मृगव्याधः कामस्य वशम् ईियवान् ॥३३॥ ताम् एवं श्वक्ष्णया वाचा लुब्धको मृदुपूर्वया। सान्वयामास कामार्तस् तद् अवुध्यत भाविनी ॥३४॥ दमयन्यपि तं दुष्टम् उपलभ्य पतिवता। तीवरोषसमाविष्टा प्रजज्जालेव मन्युना ॥३५॥ स तु पापमितः खुद्रः प्रधर्षयितुम् ञ्चातुरः। दुर्धषीं तर्कयामास दीप्राम् अग्निशिखाम् इव ॥३६॥ दमयन्ती तु दुःखाता पतिराज्यविनाकृता। अतीतवाक्पथे काले शशापैनं रुषान्विता ॥३९॥

When thou'rt weary, when thou'rt hungry, when thou'rt fainting with fatigue, Who will soothe, O blameless Nala, all thy weariness, thy woe?'

Then a huntsman, as he wandered in the forest jungle thick, As he heard her thus bewailing, in his utmost haste drew near. By the serpent that long-eyed one firmly grasped when he beheld, Instant did the nimble huntsman, rapidly as he came on, Strike that unresisting serpent with a sharp and mortal shaft: In the mouth he pierced that serpent, skill'd in slaughter of the chase. Her released he from her peril washed he then with water pure, And with sylvan food refreshed her, and with soothing words address'd: 'Who art thou that roam'st the forest with the eyes of the gazelle; How to this extreme of misery, noble lady, hast thou fallen?' Damayantí, by the huntsman, thus in soothing tone addressed, All the story of her misery told him, as it all befell; Her, scant-clothed in half a garment, with soft-swelling limbs and breast, Form of youthful faultless beauty, and her fair and moonlike face, And her eyes with brows dark arching, and her softly-melting speech, Saw long time that wild-beast hunter, kindled all his heart with love. Then with winning voice that huntsman, bland beginning his discourse, Fain with amorous speech would soothe her; she his dark intent perceived. Damayantí, chaste and faithful, soon as she his meaning knew, In the transport of her anger, her indignant soul took fire, In his wicked thought the dastard her yet powerless to subdue, On the unsubdued stood gazing, as like some bright flame she shone. Damayantí, in her sorrow, of her realm, her lord bereft, Deemed the time gone by for parley, uttered loud her curse of wrath,-

यथाऽहं नेषधाद् अन्यं मनसापि न चिन्तये।
तथायं पततां खुद्रः परासुर् मृगजीवनः ॥३६॥
उक्तमाचे तु वचने तथा स मृगजीवनः।
व्यसुः पपात मेदिन्याम् अग्निदग्ध इव दुमः॥३९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्यान एकादशः सर्गः ॥ ११॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

सा निहत्य मृगव्याधं प्रतस्थे कमलेक्ष्णा। वनं प्रतिभयं भून्यं भिक्तिकागणनादितं ॥१॥ सिंहडीपिरुरुव्याघ्रमहिषर्श्वगर्णेर् युतं। नानापिक्षगणाकीर्णं म्लेखतस्करसेवितं ॥२॥ शालवेगुधवाश्वत्यतिन्दुकेङ्गुदक्षिंशुकेः। अर्जुनारिष्टसञ्छनं स्यन्दनेश्व सशाल्मलैः ॥३॥ जम्बामलोधखदिरसालवेचसमाकुलं। पद्मकामलक्षप्रकदम्बोडुम्बरावृतं ॥४॥ वदरीविल्वसञ्छनं न्ययोधेश्व समाकुलं। प्रियालतालखर्जूरहरीतकविभीतकः ॥५॥ नानाधातुशतेर् नडान् विविधान् अपि चाचलान्। निकुञ्जान् परिसङ्घान् दरीश्वाङ्गतदर्शनाः ॥६॥ नदीः सरांसि वापीश्व विविधांश्व मृगडिजान्। सा बहून् भीमरूपांश्व पिशाचीरगराक्षसान् ॥ १॥ पल्वलानि तडागानि गिरिकूटानि सर्वशः। सरितो निर्फरांश्वेव ददशाङ्गतदर्शनान् ॥ ७॥

'As my pure and constant spirit swerves not from Nishadha's lord,
Instant so may this base hunter lifeless fall upon the earth.'
Scarce that single word was uttered, suddenly that hunter bold
Down upon the earth fell lifeless, like a lightning-blasted tree.

END OF BOOK XI.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

SLAIN that savage wild-beast hunter, onward went the lotus-eyed, Through the dread and desert forest ringing with the cricket's song; Full of lions, pards, and tigers, stags, and buffalos, and bears, Where all kinds of birds were flocking, and wild men and robbers dwelt. Thick with Sals, bamboos, Asvatthas, Dhavas, and the Ebon dark, Oily Inguds, Kinśuks, Arjuns, Ním trees, Syandans, Sálmalas; Full with Rose-apples and Mangoes, Lodh trees, Catechus and Canes, Blushing Lotuses, Kadambas, and the tree with massy leaves; Close o'erspread with Jujubes, Bel trees, tangled with the holy Fig, Palms, Priyálas, Dates, Harítas, trees of every form and name. Pregnant with rich mines of metal many a mountain it enclosed, Many a shady resonant arbour, many a deep and wondrous glen; Many a lake, and pool, and river, birds and beasts of every shape. She, in forms terrific round her, serpents, elves, and giants saw: Pools, and tanks of lucid water, and the shaggy tops of hills, Flowing streams and headlong torrents saw, and wondered at the sight.

यूषशो दृशे चाच विद्भीधिपनन्दिनी।
महिषांश्व वराहांश्व ऋक्षांश्व वनपन्नगान्॥९॥
तेजसा यशसा लक्ष्म्या स्थित्या च परया युता।
वैदर्भी विचरत्येका नलम् अन्वेषती तदा॥१०॥
नाविभ्यत् सा नृपसुता भेमी तचाथ कस्यचित्।
दारुणाम् अटवीं प्राप्य भर्तृव्यसनपीडिता॥११॥
विदर्भतनया राजन् विललाप सुदुःखिता।
भर्तृशोकपरीताङ्गी शिलातलम् अथािश्वता॥१२॥

दमयन्युवाच।

व्यूढोरस्क महाबाही नैषधानां जनाधिप। क नु राजन् गतोऽसीह त्यक्का मां विजने वने ॥ १३॥ ऋश्वमेधादिभिर् वीर ऋतुभिर् भूरिदिक्षिणैः। कथम् इष्ट्रा नरव्याघ्र मिय मिथ्या प्रवर्तसे ॥ १४॥ यत् त्योक्तं नरश्रेष्ठ मत्ममक्षं महाद्युते। स्मर्तुम् अर्हिम कल्याण वचनं पार्थिवर्षम ॥१५॥ यचीकं विहगैर् हंसैः समीपे तव भूमिप। मत्ममसं यदुक्तञ्च तदवेिश्तम् अहिसि ॥ १६॥ चलार एकती वेदाः साङ्गीपाङ्गाः सविस्तराः। स्वधीता मनुजव्याघ्र सत्यम् एकं किलेकतः ॥ १९॥ तस्माद् अहिसि शनुघ्न सत्यं कर्तुं नरेश्वर। उक्तवान् असि यद् वीर मत्सकाशे पुरा वचः ॥१५॥ हा वीर ननु नामाहम् इष्टा किल तवानघ। अस्याम् अटव्यां घोरायां किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥ १९॥ भक्षयत्येष मां रोद्रो व्यात्तास्यो दारुणाकृतिः। अरायराट् सुधाविष्टः किं मां न चातुम् अर्हिस ॥२०॥ And the princess of Vidarbha gazed where, in their countless herds,
Buffalos and boars were feeding, bears, and serpents of the wood.
Safe in virtue, bright in beauty, glorious, and of high resolve,
Now alone, Vidarbha's daughter wandering, her lost Nala sought.
Yet no fear king Bhíma's daughter for herself might deign to feel,
Travelling the dreary forest, only for her lord distressed;
Him she mourned, that noble princess, him in bitterest anguish wailed,
Every limb with sorrow trembling stood she on a beetling rock;

DAMAYANTÍ spake:

Monarch, with broad chest capacious, monarch, with the sinewy arm, Me in this dread forest leaving, whither hast thou fled away? Thou the holy Asvamedha, thou each costliest sacrifice Hast performed, to me, me only, in thy holy faith thou'st failed. That which thou, O best of husbands, in mine hearing hast declared. Thy most solemn vow remember, call to mind thy plighted faith. Of the swift-winged swans the language uttered, monarch, by thy side, That thyself, before my presence, didst renew, bethink thee well. Thou the Vedas, thou the Angas, with the Upángas oft has read, Of each heaven-descended volume one and simple is the truth. Therefore, of thy foes the slayer! reverence thou the sacred truth Of thy solemn plighted promise, in my presence sworn so oft. Am not I the loved so dearly, purely, sinlessly beloved? In this dark and awful forest wherefore dost thou not reply? Here with monstrous jaws wide yawning, with his fierce and horrid form, Gapes the forest-king to slay me, and thou art not here to save.

न मे तदन्या काचिडि प्रियाऽस्तीत्यव्रवीः सदा। ताम् ऋतां कुरु कल्याण पुरोक्तां भारतीं नृप ॥२१॥ उन्मत्तां विलपनीं मां भार्याम् इष्टां नराधिप। ईिपाताम ईिपाती नाथ किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥२२॥ कृशां दीनां विवर्णाञ्च मिलनां वसुधाधिप। वस्तार्धप्रावृताम् एकां विलपनीम् अनायवत् ॥२३॥ यूथभ्रष्टाम् इवैकां मां हरिणीं पृथुलीचन । न मानयसि माम् आर्य रुद्तीम् अरिकर्षण ॥ २४॥ महाराज महारएये अहम एकाकिनी सती। दमयन्यभिभाषे तां किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥ २५॥ कुलशीलोपसम्पन्न चार्सवाङ्गशोभन। नाद्य त्वां प्रतिपश्यामि गिराव् अस्मिन् नरोत्तम ॥२६॥ वने चास्मिन् महाघीरे सिंहव्याघ्रनिषेविते। शयानम् उपविष्टं वा स्थितं वा निषधाधिप ॥२९॥ प्रस्थितं वा नरश्रेष्ठ मम शोकविवर्धन। कं नु पृच्छामि दुःखाती त्वदर्थे शोककर्षिता ॥२५॥ कचिद् दृष्टम् लयाऽरएये सङ्गत्येह नली नृपः। को नु मे वाऽथ प्रष्ट्यो वनेऽस्मिन् प्रस्थितं नलं ॥२९॥ अभिरूपं महात्मानं परव्यूहविनाशनं। यम् अन्वेषिस राजानं नलं पद्मनिभेक्ष्णं ॥३०॥ अयं स इति कस्याद्य श्रीषामि मधुरां गिरं। अरायराइ अयं श्रीमांश चतुर्दष्ट्री महाहनुः ॥३१॥ शार्द्रलोऽभिमुखोऽभ्येति वजाम्येनम् अशङ्किता। भवान् मृगाणाम् अधिपस् तम् अस्मिन् कानने प्रभुः ॥३२॥ विद्भेराजतनयां दमयनीति विधि मां। निषधाधिपतेर् भार्यां नलस्यामिचघातिनः ॥३३॥

None but I, thou'st said, for ever, none but I to thee am dear! Make this oft-repeated language, make this oft-sworn promise true. To thy queen bereft of reason, to thy weeping wife beloved, Why repliest thou not—her only thou desir'st—she only thee? Meagre, miserable, pallid, tainted with the dust and mire, Scantly clad in half a garment, lone, with no protector near; Large-eyed! like a hind that wanders separate from the wonted herd, Thou regard'st me not, thus weeping, oh thou tamer of thy foes! Mighty king, alone yet virtuous, in the vast and trackless wood, Damayantí, I address thee, wherefore answerest not my voice? Nobly born, and nobly minded, beautiful in every limb, Do I not e'en now behold thee, in this mountain, first of men! In this lion-haunted forest, in this tiger-howling wood, Lying down or seated, standing, or in majesty and might Moving, do I not behold thee, the enhancer of my woe? Whom shall I address, afflicted, wasted by my grief for thee? 'Hast thou haply seen my Nala in the solitary wild?' Who will answer me enquiring for my lost one in the wood, Beautiful and royal-minded, conqueror of a host of foes? 'Him thou seek'st with eyes of lotus, Nala, sovereign of men-Lo, he's here!' whose voice of music may I hear thus sweetly speak? Lo, with fourfold tusks before me, and with wide and gaping jaws, Stands the forest-king, the tiger, I approach him without fear. Of the beasts art thou the monarch, all this forest thy domain; Of Vidarbha's king the daughter, Damayantí know thou me, Consort of Nishadha's sovereign, Nala, slayer of his foes-

पतिम् अन्वेषतीम् एकां कृपणां शोककर्षितां। आश्वासय मृगेन्द्रेह यदि दृष्टम् तया नलः ॥३४॥ अथवारएयनृपते नलं यदि न शंसिस। मां खादय मृगश्रेष्ठ दुःखाद् अस्माद् विमोचय ॥३५॥ श्रुताऽरएये विलिपितं ममैष मृगराट् स्वयं। यात्येतां मृष्टमलिलाम् आपगां सागरङ्गमां ॥३६॥ इमं शिलोचयं पुरायं शृङ्गेर् बहुभिर् उच्छ्रितैः। विराजिद्धर् दिविस्पृग्भिर् नैकवर्णेर् मनोहरैः ॥३९॥ नानाधातुसमाकीर्णे विविधोपलभूषितं। अस्यारएयस्य महतः केतुभूतम् इवोत्थितं ॥३६॥ सिंहशार्टूलमातङ्गवराहर्श्वमृगायुतं। पतिनिभर् बहुविधेः समनाद् अनुनादितं ॥३९॥ किंशुकाशोकवकुलपुनागैर् उपशीभितं। कर्णिकारधवस्रक्षेः सुपुष्पेर् उपशोभितं ॥४०॥ सरिद्भिः सविहङ्गाभिः शिखरैश्व समाकुलं। गिरिराजम् इमं तावत् पृच्छामि नृपतिं प्रति ॥४१॥ भगवन् अचलश्रेष्ठ दिव्यदर्शन विश्वत। शराय बहुकल्याण नमस् तेऽस्तु महीधर ॥४२॥ प्रणमे ताभिगम्याहं राजपुत्रीं निवीध मां। राज्ञः सुषां राजभायां दमयन्तीति विश्वतां ॥४३॥ राजा विदर्भाधिपतिः पिता मम महारथः। भीमो नाम छितिपतिश चातुर्वर्ग्यस्य रिछता ॥ ४४॥ राजसूयाश्वमेधानां क्रतूनां दक्षिणावतां। आहर्ता पार्थिवश्रेष्ठः पृथुचार्विचतेस्र्गः ॥४५॥ ब्रह्मायः साधुवृत्तश्च सत्यवाग् अनसूयकः। शीलवान् वीर्यसम्पनः पृथुष्रीर् धर्मविच् छुचिः ॥४६॥ Seeking here my exile husband, lonely, wretched, sorrow-driven, Thou, O king of beasts, console me, if my Nala thou hast seen; Or, O lord of all the forest, Nala if thou canst not show, Best of savage beasts, devour me, from this misery set me free. Hearing thus my lamentation, now does that fell king of beasts Go towards the crystal river, flowing downward to the sea .-Turn I to this holy mountain, crowned with many a lofty peak, In its soul-exalting splendour, rising, many-hued, to heaven; Full within of precious metals, rich with many a glowing gem, Rising o'er this spreading forest like a banner broad and high, Ranged by elephants and lions, tigers, boars, and bears, and stags; Sweetly sounding all around me with the songs of many birds; All the trees of richest foliage, all the trees of stateliest height, All the flowers and golden fruitage on its crested summits wave, Down its peaks in many a streamlet dip the water-birds their wings: This, the monarch of all mountains, ask I of the king of men; O all-honoured Prince of Mountains, with thy heaven-ward soaring peaks, Refuge of the lost, most noble, thee, O Mountain, I salute; I salute thee, lowly bowing, I, the daughter of a king; Of a king the royal consort, of a king's son I the bride. Of Vidarbha the great sovereign, mighty hero is my sire, Named the lord of earth, king Bhíma, of each caste the guardian he; Of the holy Asvamedha, of the regal sacrifice, He the offerer, best of monarchs, known by large and lustrous eyes. Pious, and of life unblemished, true in word, of generous speech, Affable, courageous, prosperous, skilled in every duty, pure.

सम्यग्गोप्ता विद्भीणां निर्जितारिगणः प्रभुः। तस्य मां विडि तनयां भगवंस् लाम् उपस्थितां ॥४९॥ निषधेषु महाराजः श्वशुरी मे नरीत्रमः। गृहीतनामा विख्यातो वीरसेन इति सम ह ॥४६॥ तस्य राज्ञः मुतो वीरः श्रीमान् सत्यपराक्रमः। क्रमप्राप्तं पितुः स्वं यो राज्यं समनुशास्ति ह ॥४९॥ नली नामारिहा श्यामः पुरायश्चीक इति श्रुतः। ब्रह्मायो वेदविद् वाग्मी पुरायकृत् सोमपोऽग्निमान् ॥५०॥ यष्टा दाता च योडा च सम्यक्चैव प्रशासिता। तस्य माम् अचलश्रेष्ठ वििह भार्याम् इहागतां ॥ ५१॥ त्यक्तित्रयं भर्तृहीनाम् अनाषां व्यसनान्वितां। अन्वेषमाणां भर्तारं तं वे नरवरोत्तमं ॥ ५२॥ खम् उल्लिखिइर् एतेर् हि तया शृङ्गशतेर् नृपः। कचिद् दृष्टोऽचलश्रेष्ठ वनेऽस्मिन् दारुणे नलः ॥५३॥ गजेन्द्रविक्रमो धीमान् दीर्घबाहुर् अमर्षणः। विकानः सत्यवाग् वीरो भर्ता मम महायशाः ॥ ५४॥ निषधानाम् अधिपतिः कचिद् दृष्टम् तया नलः। किं मां विलपनीम् एकां पर्वतश्रेष्ठ विद्वलां ॥ ५५॥ गिरा नाश्वासयस्यद्य स्वां सुताम् इव दुः खितां। वीर विकान धर्मज्ञ सत्यसन्ध महीपते ॥ ५६॥ यद्यस्मिन् वने राजन् दर्शयात्मानम् आत्मना। कदा मुिक्तग्धगम्भीरां जीमूतस्वनसिक्भां ॥५९॥ श्रीषामि नैषधस्याहं वाचं ताम् अमृतोपमां। वैद्भीत्येव विस्पष्टां गुभां राज्ञी महात्मनः ॥५५॥ आसायसारिणीम् ऋडां मम शोकविनाशिनीं। भीताम् आश्वासयत मां नृपते धर्मवत्सल ॥ ५९॥

Of Vidarbha the protector, conqueror of a host of foes; Know me of that king the daughter lowly thus approaching thee. In Nishadha, mighty Mountain! dwelt the father of my lord, High the name he won, the illustrious Virasena was he called. Of this king the son, the hero, prosperous and truly brave, He who rules his father's kingdom by hereditary right, Slayer of his foes, dark Nala, Punyaśloka is he called; Holy, Veda-read, and eloquent, Soma-quaffing, fire-adoring, Sacrificer, liberal giver, warrior, in all points a king,— Of this monarch, best of mountains! know, the wife before thee stands, Fallen from bliss, bereft of husband, unprotected, sorrow-doomed, Seeking everywhere her husband, him the best of noblest men. Best of mountains, heaven-upsoaring, with thy hundred stately peaks, Hast thou seen the kingly Nala in this dark and awful wood? Like the elephant in courage, wise, impetuous, with long arms, Valiant, and of truth unquestioned, my heroic, glorious lord; Hast thou seen Nishadha's sovereign, mighty Nala hast thou seen? Why repliest thou not, O Mountain, sorrowing, lonely, and distressed, With thy voice why not console me as thine own afflicted child?

Hero, mighty, strong in duty, true of promise, lord of earth!

If thou art within the forest show thee in thy proper form.

When so eloquently deep-toned, like the sound of some dark cloud,

Shall I hear thy voice, oh Nala! sweet as the Amrita draught,

Saying, 'daughter of Vidarbha!' with distinct, with blessed sound,

Musical as holy Veda, rich, and soothing all my pain;

Thus console me, trembling, fainting, thou, oh virtue-loving king!

इति सा तं गिरिश्रेष्ठम् उक्का पार्थिवनन्दिनी। दमयन्ती ततो भूयो जगाम दिशम् उत्तरां ॥६०॥ सा गता चीन् अहोराचान् ददर्श परमाङ्गना। तापसारएयम् अतुलं दिव्यकाननदर्शनं ॥६१॥ विश्विष्टभृग्विचसमेस् तापसेर् उपशोभितं। नियतेः संयताहारेर् दमशीचसमन्वितेः ॥६२॥ अञ्भक्षेर् वायुभक्षेश्व पर्णाहारेम् तथैव च। जितेन्द्रियेर महाभागैः स्वर्गमार्गदिदृश्वभिः ॥६३॥ वल्कलाजिनसंवीतेर् मुनिभिः संयतेन्द्रियैः। तापसाध्युषितं रम्यं ददशीश्रममग्डलं ॥ ६४॥ नानामृगगणीर् जुष्टं शाखामृगगणायुतं। तापसेः समुपेतञ्च सा दृष्ट्वेव समाश्वसत् ॥६५॥ मुभूः मुकेशी मुश्रोणी मुकुचा मुहिजानना। वर्चेस्विनी सुप्रतिष्ठा स्विसतायतलोचना ॥६६॥ सा विवेशाश्रमपदं वीरसेनसुतप्रिया। योषिट्रत्नं महाभागा दमयन्ती तपस्विनी ॥६९॥ साऽभिवाद्य तपोवृद्यान् विनयावनता स्थिता। स्वागतं त इति प्रोक्ता तैः सर्वेस् तापसैश्व सा ॥६५॥ पूजां चास्या यथान्यायं कृत्वा तच तपोधनाः। आस्यताम् इत्यथोचुम् ते ब्रूहि किं करवामहै ॥६०॥ तान् उवाच वरारोहा कचिद् भगवताम् इह। तपस्यियषु धर्मेषु मृगपिख्यषु चानघाः ॥७०॥ कुशलं वो महाभागाः स्वधमाचरणेषु च। तेर् उक्ता कुशलं भद्रे सर्ववेति यशस्विनि ॥ 99॥ ब्रहि सर्वानवद्याङ्गि का त्वं किञ्च चिकीर्षिस। दृष्ट्वेव ते परं रूपं द्युतिञ्च परमाम् इह ॥७२॥

To the holiest of mountains spake the daughter of the king. Damayantí then set forward toward the region of the north. Three days long, three nights she wandered, then that noble woman saw The unrivalled wood of hermits like to a celestial grove. To Vasishtha, Bhrigu, Atri, equal was that sacred crew; Self-denying, strict in diet, temperate, and undefiled; Water-drinking, air-inhaling, and the leaves their simple food; Mortified, for ever blessed, seeking the right way to heaven; Bark for vests and skins for raiment wore those hermits, sense-subdued. She beheld the pleasant circle of those hermits' lonely cells; Round them flocks of beasts were grazing, wantoned there the monkey-tribes. When she saw those holy dwellings all her courage was revived. Lovely-browed, and lovely-tressed, lovely-bosom'd, lovely-lipp'd, In her brightness, in her glory, with her large dark beauteous eyes, Entered she those hermit-dwellings, wife of Vírasena's son; Pearl of women, ever blessed, Damayantí the devout. She those holy men saluting stood with modest form half-bent. 'Hail, and welcome!' thus those hermits instant with one voice exclaimed. And those sacred men no sooner had the fitting homage paid, 'Take thy seat,' they said, 'oh lady! and command what we must do.' Thus replied the slender-waisted, 'Blessed are ye, holy men; In your sacred fires, your worship blameless, with your beasts and birds. Doth the grace of heaven attend you in your duties, in your deeds? Answered they, 'The grace of heaven ever blesses all our deeds. But say thou, of form so beauteous, who thou art, and what thou would'st? As thy noble form we gaze on, on thy brightness as we gaze,

विस्मयो नः समुत्पन्नः समाश्विसिहि मा शुनः। अस्यारएयस्य देवी त्वम् उताहीऽस्य महीभृतः ॥ ७३॥ अस्याश्व नद्याः कल्याणि वद सत्यम् अनिन्दिते। साऽब्रवीत् तान् ऋषीन् नाहम् अरायस्यास्य देवता ॥ १४॥ न चापस्य गिरेर् विप्रा नैव नद्याश्व देवता। मानुषीं मां विजानीत यूयं सर्वे तपोधनाः ॥ १५॥ विस्तरेणाभिधास्यामि तन् मे शृणुत सर्वशः। विदर्भेषु महीपालो भीमो नाम महीपतिः ॥ ७६॥ तस्य मां तनयां सर्वे जानीत हिजसन्नमाः। निषधाधिपतिर् धीमान् नली नाम महायशाः ॥ 99॥ वीरः सङ्ग्रामजिद् विद्वान् मम भर्ता विशाम्पतिः। देवताभ्यर्चनपरी हिजातिजनवत्सलः ॥ १ ।॥ गोप्ता निषधवंशस्य महातेजा महाबलः। सत्यवाग् अस्त्रवित् प्राज्ञः सत्यसन्धोऽरिमर्दनः ॥ ७९॥ ब्रह्मएयो देवतपरः श्रीमान् परपुरञ्जयः। नली नाम नृपश्रेष्ठी देवराजसमद्युतिः ॥ ५०॥ मम भर्ता विशालाष्ट्यः पूर्णेन्दुवदनोऽरिहा। ञ्चाहर्ता कतुमुख्यानां वेदवेदाङ्गपारगः ॥ ५१॥ सपल्नानां मृधे हन्ता रविसीमसमप्रभः। स कैश्चिन् निकृतिप्रज्ञेर् अनार्येर् अकृतात्मभिः ॥ ५२॥ आहूय पृथिवीपालः सत्यधर्मपरायणः। देवने कुशलेर् जिसेर् जितो राज्यं वसूनि च ॥ ५३॥ तस्य माम् अवगच्छधं भार्या राजर्षभस्य वै। दमयन्तीति विख्यातां भर्तुर् दर्शनलालसां ॥ ५४॥ सा वनानि गिरींश्वेव सरांसि सरितस् तथा। पल्वलानि च सर्वाणि तथाऽरायानि सर्वशः ॥ ५५॥

In amaze we stand and wonder, cheer thee up, and mourn no more. Of the wood art thou the goddess, or the mountain-goddess thou; Or the goddess of the river? Blessed Spirit, speak the truth.' 'Nor the sylvan goddess am I,' to the Wise she thus replied; 'Neither of the mountain, Bráhmans, nor the river-nymph am I. Know me but a mortal being, O, ye rich in holiness! All my tale at length I'll tell you, if meet audience ye will give. In Vidarbha mighty guardian Bhíma dwells, the lord of earth; Of that noble king the daughter, best of twice-born, know ye me. And the monarch of Nishadha, Nala wise and great in fame; Brave in battle, conqueror, prudent is my lord, the peasants' king; To the gods devout in worship, friendly to the Bráhman race, Of Nishadha's race the guardian, great in glory, great in might, True in word, in weapons skilful, wise and slayer of his foes; Pious, heaven-devoted, prosperous, conqueror of hostile towns; Nala named, the best of sovereigns, splendid as the king of gods. Know that large-eyed chief, my husband, like the full-orbed moon his face, Giver he of costly offerings, deep in holy volumes read; Slayer of his foes in battle, glorious as the sun and moon. He by some most evil-minded, unrespected, wicked men, After many a challenge yielding, he the virtue-loving king, By these clever gamesters, fraudful, was bereft of realm and wealth. Know ye me the hapless consort of that noble king of kings, Damayantí, so they name me, yearning for my husband's sight. I through forests, over mountains, stagnant marsh and river broad, Lake with wide pellucid surface, through the long and trackless wood,

अन्वेषमाणा भर्तारं नलं रणविशारदं। महात्मानं कृतास्त्रच विचरामीह दुः खिता ॥ ५६॥ कचित् भगवतां रम्यं तपीवनम् इदं नृपः। भवेत् प्राप्ती नली नाम निषधानां जनाधिपः ॥ ७ ॥ यत्कृतेऽहम् इदं दुर्गे प्रपन्ना भृशदारुणं। वनं प्रतिभयं घोरं शार्दूलमृगसेवितं ॥ ५ ६॥ यदि कैश्विद् अहोराचेर् न द्रस्थामि नलं नृपं। ञ्चात्मानं श्रेयसा योख्ये देहस्यास्य विमोचनात् ॥ ५०॥ को नु मे जीवितेनार्थम् तम् ऋते पुरुषर्धभं। क्यं भविषाम्यद्याहं भर्तृशोकाभिपीडिता ॥ ९०॥ तथा विलपनीम् एकाम् अराये भीमनन्दिनीं। दमयन्तीम् अथोचुस् ते तापसाः सत्यदर्शिनः ॥ ९१॥ उदर्कम् तव कल्याणि कल्याणी भविता शुभे। वयं पत्र्यामस् तपसा ह्यप्रं द्रस्यसि नैषधं ॥ ९२॥ निषधानाम् अधिपतिं नलं रिपुनिपातिनं। भैमि धर्मभृतां श्रेष्ठं द्रस्यसे विगतज्वरं ॥ ९३॥ विमुक्तं सर्वपापेभ्यः सर्वरत्नसमन्वितं। तद् एव नगरं भूयः प्रशासतम् ऋरिन्दमं ॥ ९४॥ विषतां भयकर्तारं मुहदां शोकनाशनं। पतिं द्रस्यसि कल्याणि कल्याणाभिजनं नृपं ॥ ९५॥ एवम् उत्का नलस्येष्टां महिषीं पार्थिवात्मजां। नापसाऽनाहिंनाः सर्वे साग्निहोचाश्रमास् तदा ॥ ९६॥ सा दृष्ट्वा महद् आश्वर्ये विस्मिता ह्यभवत् तदा। दमयन्यनवद्याङ्गी वीरसेननृपसुषा ॥ ९००॥ किं नु स्वप्नो मया दृष्टः कोऽयं विधिर् इहाभवत्। क नु ते तापसाः सर्वे क तद् आश्रममग्डलं ॥ ९५॥

Ever seeking for my husband Nala, skilful in the fight. Mighty in the use of weapons, wander, desolate and sad. Tell me, to this pleasant sojourn, sacred to these holy men, Hath he come, the royal Nala? hath Nishadha's monarch come? For whose sake through ways all trackless, terrible, have I set forth, In this drear, appalling forest, where the deer and tiger range, If I see not noble Nala ere few days, few nights are o'er, I to heavenly bliss will join me, from this mortal frame set free. Reft of him, my princely husband, what have I to do with life? How endure existence longer, for my husband thus distressed?' To the lady thus complaining, lonely in the savage wood, Answered thus those holy hermits, spake the gifted seers the truth :-'There will be a time hereafter, beautiful, the time will come, Through devotion now we see him, and thou too wilt see him soon; That good monarch of Nishadha, Nala, slayer of his foes; That dispenser of strict justice, Bhima's daughter! free from grief, From all sin released, thou'lt see him glittering in his royal gems, Governing again that city, o'er his enemies supreme. To his foemen causing terror, to his friends allaying grief, Thou, oh noble, shalt thy husband see, that king of noble race!' To the much-loved wife of Nala, to the princess speaking thus, Vanished then those holy hermits, with their sacred fires, their cells. As she gazed upon the wonder, wrapt in mute amaze she stood; Damayantí, fair-limbed princess, wife of Vírasena's son: 'Have I only seen a vision, what hath been this wondrous chance? Where are all those holy hermits, where the circle of their cells?

क सा पुरायजला रम्या नदी विजनिषेविता। क नु ते ह नगा हृद्याः फलपुष्पोपशोभिताः ॥ ९९॥ ध्याता चिरं भीमसुता दमयन्ती शुचिस्मिता। भर्तृशोकपरा दीना विवर्णवदनाऽभवत् ॥ १००॥ सा गताचापरां भूमिं वाष्पसन्दिग्धया गिरा। विललापाश्रुपूर्णाञ्ची दृष्ट्वाऽशोकतरं ततः ॥१०१॥ उपगम्य तरुश्रेष्ठम् अशोकं पुष्पितं वने। पस्नवापीडितं हृद्यं विहङ्गेर् अनुनादितं ॥१०२॥ अहोवतायम् अगमः श्रीमान् अस्मिन् वनानारे। आपीडेर् बहुभिर् भाति श्रीमान् पर्वतराइ इव ॥ १०३॥ विशोकां कुरु मां क्षिप्रम् अशोक प्रियदर्शन। वीतशोक भयाबाधं कचित् तं दृष्टवान् नृपं ॥१०४॥ नलं नामारिमदेनं दमयन्याः प्रियं पतिं। निषधानाम् ऋधिपतिं दृष्टवान् ऋसि मे प्रियं ॥१०५॥ एकवस्त्रार्धसंवीतं सुकुमारतनुत्वचं। व्यसनेनार्दितं वीरम् अरएयम् इदम् आगतं ॥ १०६॥ यथा विशोका गच्छेयम् अशोकनग तत् कुरु। मत्यनामा भवाशोक अशोकः शोकनाशनः ॥ १०९॥ एवं साऽशोकवृक्षं तम् आर्ता वै परिगम्य ह। जगाम दारुणतरं देशं भैमी वराङ्गना ॥१०६॥ सा ददर्भ नगान् नैकान् नैकाश्व सरितस् तथा। नेकांश्व पर्वतान् रम्यान् नेकांश्व मृगपिक्ष्णः ॥ १०९॥ कन्दरांश्व नितम्बांश्व नदीश्वाद्गुतदर्शनाः। ददर्श सा भीमसुता पतिम् अन्वेषती तदा ॥११०॥ गता प्रकृष्टम् अध्वानं दमयन्ती गुचिस्मिता। ददशीय महासार्थे हस्त्यश्वरथसङ्कलं ॥ १९१॥

Where that pure and pleasant river, haunted by the dipping birds?

Where those trees with grateful umbrage, with their pendant fruits and flowers?'

Long within her heart she pondered, Damayantí with sweet smile,

For her lord, to grief abandoned, miserable, pale of hue;

To another region passed she, there with voice by weeping choked

Mourns she, till with eyes o'erflowing an Aśoka tree she saw.

Best of trees, the Aśoka blooming, in the forest she approached,

Gemmed all o'er with glowing fruitage, vocal with the songs of birds.

'Ah, behold, amid the forest flourishes this happy tree, With its leafy garlands radiant as the joyous mountain-king. O thou tree with pleasant aspect from my sorrow set me free! Vítasoka, hast thou seen him, hast the fearless Rája seen, Nala, of his foes the slayer, Damayanti's lord beloved? Hast thou seen Nishadha's monarch, hast thou seen mine only love, Clad in half a single garment, delicate and soft of skin? Hast thou seen th'afflicted hero wandering in this forest lone? That I may depart ungrieving, fair Aśoka, answer me. Truly be thou named Aśoka, as the extinguisher of grief.' Thus in her o'erpowering anguish moved she round the Aśoka tree. Then she went her way in sadness to a region still more dread. Many a tree she stood and gazed on, many a river passed she o'er; Passed she many a pleasant mountain, many a wild deer, many a bird; Many a hill and many a cavern, many a bright and wondrous stream, Saw king Bhíma's wandering daughter as she sought her husband lost.

Long she roamed her weary journey, Damayantí with sweet smile;

Lo, a caravan of merchants, elephants, and steeds, and cars,

उत्तरनां नदीं रम्यां प्रसन्तसिललां शुभां। मुशान्ततीयां विस्तीर्णां हृदिनीं वेतसैर् वृतां ॥ ११२॥ प्रोड्ड हां कोञ्चकुररेश चक्रवाकोपकूजितां। कूर्मयाहभ्षाकीणां पुलिनहीपशोभितां ॥ ११३॥ सा दृष्ट्वेव महासार्थे नलपानी यशस्विनी। उपसर्प वरारोहा जनमध्यं विवेश ह ॥ १ १४॥ उन्मत्ररूपा शोकार्ता तथा वस्त्रार्थसंवृता। कृशा विवर्णा मलिना पांशुध्वस्तशिरीरुहा ॥ १९५॥ तां दृष्ट्वा तच मनुजाः केचिद् भीताः प्रदुदुवः। केचिच् चिन्तापरास् तस्थुः केचित् तत्र प्रचुकुगुः ॥ ११६॥ प्रहसिन सम तां केचिद् अभ्यसूयिन चापरे। अकुर्वत दयां केचित् पप्रच्छुश्वापि भारत ॥११९॥ काऽसि कस्यासि कल्याणि किं वा मृगयसे वने। तां दृष्ट्वा व्यथिताः स्मेह कचित् तम् असि मानुषी ॥११८॥ वद सत्यं वनस्यास्य पर्वतस्याथवा दिशः। देवता तं हि कल्याणि तां वयं शरणं गताः ॥ ११९॥ यशी वा राक्षमी वा त्म उताहोऽसि मुराङ्गना। सर्वथा कुरु नः स्वस्ति रक्ष चास्मान् अनिन्दिते ॥ १२०॥ यथाऽयं सर्वथा सार्थः क्षेमी शीघ्रम् इतो वजेत्। तथा विधन्स्व कल्याणि यथा श्रेयो हि नो भवेत् ॥ १२१॥ तथोक्ता तेन सार्थेन दमयन्ती नृपात्मजा। प्रत्युवाच ततः साध्वी भर्तृव्यसनपीडिता ॥ १२२॥ सार्थवाहच सार्थच जना ये तच केचन। युवस्थविरवालाश्व सार्थस्य च पुरोगमाः ॥१२३॥ मानुषीं मां विजानीत मनुजाधिपतेः सुतां। नृपसुषां राजभायां भर्तृदर्शनलालसां ॥ १२४॥

Passing o'er a pleasant river, with its waters cool and clear.

'Twas a still stream broad and waveless, girt about with spreading canes; There the curlew, there the osprey, there the red-geese clamouring stood; Swarmed the turtles, fish and serpents, there rose many a shoal and isle.

When she saw that numerous concourse, Nala's once all-glorious wife, Entered she, the slender-waisted, in the midst of all the host; Maniac-like in form and feature, and in half a garment clad, Thin and pallid, travel-tainted, matted all her locks with dust. As they all beheld her standing some in terror fled away; Some stood still in speechless wonder, others raised their voice and cried; Mocked her some with cruel tauntings, others spake reproachful words; Others looked on her with pity, and enquired her state, her name. 'Who art thou? whose daughter, Lady, in the forest seek'st thou aught? At thy sight we stand confounded, art thou of our mortal race? Of this wood art thou the goddess? of this mountain? of that plain? Who art thou, O noble lady, thee, our refuge, we adore. Art thou sylvan nymph or genius, or celestial nymph divine? Every way regard our welfare, and protect us, undespised: So our caravan in safety may pursue its onward way, So ordain it, O illustrious! that good fortune wait on all.' Thus addressed by that assemblage, Damayantí, kingly-born, Answered thus with gentle language, grieving for her husband lost. Of that caravan the leader, and the whole assembled host, Youths and boys, and grey-haired elders, and the guides, thus answered she: 'Know me, like yourselves, a mortal, daughter of a king of men, Of another king the consort seeking for my royal lord;

विदर्भराइ मम पिता भर्ता राजा च नैषधः।
नलो नाम महाभागस् तम् मार्गाम्यपराजितं ॥ १२५॥
यदि जानीय नृपितं स्त्रिप्तं शंसत मे प्रियं।
नलं पुरुषशार्दूलम् अमिचगणसूदनं ॥ १२६॥
ताम् उवाचानवद्याङ्गीं सार्थस्य महतः प्रभुः।
सार्थवाहः शुचिर् नाम शृणु कल्याणि महचः॥ १२९॥
अहं सार्थस्य नेता वै सार्थवाहः शुचिस्मिते।
मनुष्यं नलनामानं न पश्यामि यशस्विनि ॥ १२९॥
कुझरद्वीपिमहिषशार्दूलर्क्षमृगान् अपि।
पश्याम्यस्मिन् वने कृत्वे ह्यमनुष्यनिषेविते॥ १२९॥
चृते त्वां मानुषीं मत्ये न पश्यामि महावने।
तथा नो यश्रराइ अद्य मिणिभद्रः प्रसीदतु॥ १३०॥
साऽववीद् विण्जः सर्वान् सार्थवाहच्च तं ततः।
क नु यास्यित सार्थोऽयम् एतद् आख्यातुम् आर्दिस ॥ १३१॥

सार्थवाह उवाच । सार्थोऽयं चेदिराजस्य सुबाहोः सत्यदर्शिनः । ह्यप्रं जनपदं गना लाभाय मनुजात्मजे ॥१३२॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने द्वादशः सर्गः ॥ १२॥

Know, Vidarbha's king, my father, and Nishadha's king, my lord,
Nala, is his name, the glorious, him, th' unconquered, do I seek.

Know ye aught of that good monarch, tell me, quick, of my beloved,
Of the tiger hero, Nala, slayer of a host of foes.'

Of the caravan the captain thus the lovely-limbed addressed,
S'uéi was his name, the merchant: 'Hear, illustrious queen, my speech;
Of this caravan the captain I, O Lady with sweet smile,
Him that bears the name of Nala nowhere have these eyes beheld.
Elephants, and pards, and tigers, lynxes, buffalos, and bears,
See I in this trackless forest, uninhabited by men;
Save thyself, of human feature, nought of human form, I've seen.
So may he, the king of Yakshas, Manibhadra, guard us well.'
To the merchants all she answered, to the leader of the host:
'Tell me whither do ye travel? whither bound your caravan?'

THE CAPTAIN OF THE CARAVAN spake:

'To the realm of Ćedi's sovereign, truth-discerning Subáhu,
Soon this caravan will enter, travelling in search of gain.'

END OF BOOK XII.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

सा तच् छूतानवद्याङ्गी सार्थवाहवचस् तदा। जगाम सह तेनैव सार्थेन पतिलालसा ॥१॥ अथ काले बहुतिथे वने महति दारुणे। तडागं सर्वतोभद्रं पद्मसौगन्धिकं महत् ॥२॥ ददृशुर् बिणजो रम्यं प्रभूतयवसेन्धनं। बहुपुष्पफलोपेतं नानापिक्षनिषेवितं ॥३॥ निर्मलस्वादुसलिलं मनोहारि मुशीतलं। मुपरिश्रान्तवाहास् ते निवेशाय मनी द्धुः ॥४॥ सम्मते सार्थवाहस्य विविशुर् वनम् उत्तमं। उवास सार्थः स महान् वेलाम् आसाद्य पश्चिमां ॥५॥ अयार्धराचसमये निःशच्दस्तिमिते तदा। मुप्ते सार्थे परिश्रानो हिस्तयूथम् उपागमत् ॥६॥ पानीयार्थे गिरिनदीं मदप्रस्रवणाविलां। अयापश्यत सार्थे तं सार्थजान् सुबहून् गजान् ॥९॥ ते तान् याम्यगजान् दृष्ट्वा सर्वे वनगजास् तदा। समाद्रवन वेगेन जिघांसनो मदोत्कटाः ॥ ७॥ तेषाम् आपततां वेगः करिणां दुःसहोऽभवत्। नगायाद् इव शीर्णानां शृङ्गाणां पततां हितौ ॥९॥ स्यन्दताम् अपि नागानां मार्गा नष्टा वनोङ्गवैः। मार्गे संरुध्य संसुप्तं पद्मिन्याः सार्थम् उत्तमं ॥१०॥ ते तं ममर्दुः सहसा चेष्टमानं महीतले। हाहाकारम् प्रमुञ्जनाः सार्थिकाः शरणार्थिनः ॥ ११॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

This the lovely princess hearing from the captain of the band,
With the caravan set forward, seeking still her royal lord.

Long their journey through the forest, through the dark and awful glens.

Then a lake of loveliest beauty, fragrant with the lotus flowers,

Saw those merchants, wide and pleasant, with fresh grass and fuel rich;

Flowers and fruits bedecked its borders where the birds melodious sang:

In its clear delicious waters, soul-enchanting, icy cool,

With their beasts all overwearied, thought they then to plunge and bathe.

At the signal of the captain entered all that pleasant grove.

At the close of day arriving there encamped they for the night.

When the midnight came, all noiseless came in silence deep and still,
Weary slept the band of merchants, lo, a herd of elephants,
Oozing moisture from their temples, came to drink the troubled stream.
When that caravan they gazed on, with their slumbering beasts at rest,
The tame elephants they scented, those wild forest-elephants;
Forward rush they fleet and furious, mad to slay, and wild with heat;
Irresistible the onset of the rushing ponderous brutes,
As the peaks from some high mountain down the valley thundering roll.
Strewn was all the way before them with the boughs, the trunks of trees;
On they rushed to where the travellers slumbered by the lotus-lake.
Trampled down and vainly struggling, helpless on the earth they lay.
'Woe, oh, woe!' shrieked out the merchants, wildly some began to fly,

वनगुल्मांश्व धावनो निद्रान्धा बहवोऽभवन्। केचिद् दनीः करैः केचित् केचित् पद्मां हता गजैः ॥ १२॥ निहतोष्ट्राश्व बहुलाः पदातिजनसङ्कलाः। भयाद् आधावमानाश्व परस्परहतास् तदा ॥१३॥ घोरान् नादान् विमुचनो निपेतुर् धरणीतले। वृक्षेष्वारुह्य संर्थाः पतिता विषमेषु च ॥१४॥ एवम् प्रकारेर् बहुभिर् देवेनाक्रम्य हस्तिभिः। राजन् विनिहतं सर्वे समृद्धं सार्थमग्डलं ॥१५॥ आरावः मुमहांश्वासीत् चैलोक्यभयकारकः। एषोऽग्निर् उत्थितः कष्टम् नायध्वं धावताधुना ॥१६॥ रत्नराशिर् विशीर्गोऽयं गृह्णीध्वं किं प्रधावय। सामान्यम् एतद् द्रविणं न मिथ्यावचनं मम ॥ १९॥ एवम् एवाभिभाषन्तो विद्रवन्ति भयात् तदा। पुनर् एवाभिधास्यामि चिन्तयध्वं सकातराः ॥ १ ।॥ तस्मिंस् तथा वर्तमाने दारुणे जनसङ्ख्ये। दमयन्ती च बुबुधे भयसन्त्रस्तमानसा ॥ १९॥ अपश्यद् वैशसं तच सर्वलोकभयङ्करं। अदृष्टपूर्वे तद् दृष्ट्वा बाला पद्मनिभेक्ष्णा ॥२०॥ संसक्तवदनाश्वासा उत्तस्यो भयविद्धला। ये तु तच विनिर्मुक्ताः सार्थात् केचिद् अविद्यताः ॥२१॥ तेऽब्रुवन् सहिताः सर्वे कस्येदं कर्मणः फलं। नूनं न पूजितोऽस्माभिर् मिणभद्रो महायशाः ॥२२॥ तथा यक्षाधिपः श्रीमान् न वे वेश्रवणः प्रभुः। न पूजा विद्यकर्नृणाम् अथवा प्रथमं कृता ॥ २३॥ शकुनानां फलं वाऽच विपरीतम् इदं ध्रुवं। यहा न विपरीतास्तु किम् अन्यद् इदम् आगतं ॥२४॥

In the forest-thickets plunging; some stood gasping, blind with sleep; And the elephants down beat them with their tusks, their trunks, their feet. Many saw their camels dying, mingled with the men on foot, And in frantic tumult rushing wildly struck each other down; Many miserably shrieking cast them down upon the earth, Many climbed the trees in terror, on the rough ground stumbled some. Thus in various wise and fatal, by the elephants assailed, Lay that caravan so wealthy, scattered all abroad or slain. Such, so fearful was the tumult, the three worlds seemed all appalled: "Tis a fire amid the encampment, save ye, fly ye, for your lives. Lo, your precious pearls ye scatter, take them up, why fly so fast? Save them, 'tis a common venture, fear ye not that I deceive.' Thus t' each other shrieked the merchants as in fear they scattered round. 'Yet again I call upon you, cowards! think ye what ye do.' All around this frantic carnage raging through the prostrate host, Damayantí, soon awakened, with her heart all full of dread; There she saw a hideous slaughter, the whole world might well appal. To such sights all unfamiliar gazed the queen with lotus-eyes, Pressing in her breath with terror slowly rose she on her feet. And the few that scaped the carnage, few that scaped without a wound, All at once exclaimed together: 'Of whose deeds is this the doom? Hath not mighty Manibhadra adoration meet received? And Vaiśravana the holy, of the Yakshas lord and king, Have not all that might impede us, ere we journied, been addressed? Was it doomed, that all good omens by this chance should be belied? Were no planets haply adverse? how hath fate, like this, befall'n!'

अपरे तबुवन् दीना ज्ञातिद्रव्यविनाकृताः। याऽसावद्य महासार्थे नारी ह्युन्मत्तदर्शना ॥२५॥ प्रविष्टा विकृताकारा कृत्वा रूपम् अमानुषं। तयेयं विहिता पूर्वे माया परमदारुणा ॥२६॥ राह्मसी वा ध्रुवं यह्मी पिशाची वा भयङ्करी। तस्याः सर्वम् इदं पापं नाच कार्या विचारणा ॥२९॥ यदि पश्येम तां पापां सार्थभ्रीं नैकदुःखदां। लोष्टिभः पांशुभिश्वेव तृषीः काष्टेश्व मुष्टिभिः ॥२५॥ अवश्यमेव हन्याम सार्थस्य किल कृत्यकां। दमयन्ती तु तच् छुत्वा वाक्यं तेषां मुदारुणं ॥२०॥ हीता भीता च संविद्या प्राद्वद् यच काननं। आशङ्कमाना तत् पापम् आत्मानं पर्यदेवयत् ॥३०॥ अही ममीपरि विधेः संरम्भी दारुणी महान्। नानुबधाति कुशलं कस्येदं कर्मणः फलं ॥३१॥ न समराम्यशुभं किञ्चित् कृतं कस्यचिद् अखिप। कर्मणा मनसा वाचा कस्येदं कर्मणः फलं ॥३२॥ नूनं जन्मानारकृतं पापम् आपिततं महत्। अपश्चिमाम् इमां कष्टाम् आपदं प्राप्तवत्यहं ॥३३॥ भर्तृराज्यापहरणं स्वजनाच पराजयः। भर्ना सह वियोगश्च तनयाभ्याञ्च विच्युतिः ॥३४॥ निर्नाथता वने वासी बहुव्यालनिषेविते। अथापरेद्यः सम्प्राप्ते हतिशिष्टा जनास् तदा ॥३५॥ देशात् तस्माद् विनिष्क्रस्य शोचनो वैशसं कृतं। भातरं पितरं पुचं सखायच्च नराधिप ॥३६॥ अशोचत् तच वैदभी किं नु मे दुष्कृतं कृतं। योऽपि मे निर्जनेऽराये सम्प्राप्तीऽयं जनार्णवः ॥३९॥

Others answered in their misery, reft of kindred and of wealth, 'Who is that ill-omened woman, that with maniac-staring eyes, Joined our host, mis-shaped in aspect, and with scarcely human form? Surely all this wicked witchcraft by her evil power is wrought; Witch or sorceress she, or demon, fatal cause of all our fears, Hers is all the guilt, the misery, who such damning proof may doubt? Could we but behold that false one, murderess, bane of all our host, With the clods, the dust, the bamboos, with our staves, or with our fists, We would slay her on the instant, of our caravan the fate.' But no sooner Damayantí their appalling words had heard, In her shame and in her terror to the forest shade she fled. And that guilt imputed dreading thus her fate began to wail: 'Woe is me, still o'er me hovers the terrific wrath of fate; No good fortune e'er attends me, of what guilt is this the doom? Not a sin can I remember, not the least to living man. Or in deed, or thought, or language, of what guilt is this the doom? In some former life committed expiate I now the sin; To this infinite misfortune hence by penal justice doomed. Lost my husband, lost my kingdom, from my kindred separate; Separate from noble Nala, from my children far away, Widowed of my rightful guardian, in the serpent-haunted wood.' Of that caravan at morning then the sad surviving few,

Setting forth from that dread region, o'er that hideous carnage grieve;

Each a brother mourns, or father, or a son, or dearest friend.

Still Vidarbha's princess uttered: 'What the sin that I have done?

Scarcely in this desert forest had I met this host of men,

स हतो हस्तियूथेन मन्दभाग्याद् ममेव तत्। प्राप्तव्यं मुचिरं दुः खं नूनम् अद्यापि वै मया ॥३६॥ नाप्राप्तकाली मियते श्रुतं वृह्वानुशासनं। यद् नाहम् ऋद्य मृदिता हिस्तयूथेन दुःखिता ॥३९॥ न ह्यदैवं कृतं किञ्चिन् नराणाम् इह विद्यते। न च मे बालभावेऽपि किञ्चित् पापकृतं कृतं ॥४०॥ कर्मणा मनसा वाचा यद् इदं दुःखम् आगतं। मन्ये स्वयंवरकृते लोकपालाः समागताः ॥४१॥ प्रत्याख्याता मया तच नलस्यार्थाय देवताः। नूनं तेषां प्रभावेन वियोगं प्राप्नवत्यहम् ॥४२॥ एवमादीनि दुःखाती सा विलय वराङ्गना। प्रलापानि तदा तानि दमयन्ती पतिव्रता ॥४३॥ हतशेषेः सह तदा ब्राह्मणेर् वेदपारगैः। अगळ्द राजशार्टूल चन्द्रलेखेव शारदी ॥४४॥ गळनी सा चिराद् बाला पुरम् श्रासादयद् महत्। सायाहे चेदिराजस्य सुवाहोः सत्यदर्शिनः ॥४५॥ अथ वस्तार्थसंवीता प्रविवेश पुरोत्तमं। तां विद्वलां कृशां दीनां मुक्तकेशीम् अमार्जितां ॥४६॥ उन्मन्नाम् इव गच्छन्तीं ददृशुः पुरवासिनः। प्रविशनों तु तां दृष्ट्वा चेदिराजपुरीं तदा ॥४९॥ अनुजग्मुस् तव बाला यामिपुवाः कुतूहलात्। सा तेः परिवृताऽगच्छत् समीपं राजवेश्मनः ॥४৮॥ तां प्रासादगताऽपश्यद् राजमाता जनेर् वृतां। धानीम् उवाच गच्छेनाम् आनयेह ममान्तिकं ॥४९॥ जनेन क्रिश्यते बाला दुःखिता शरणार्थिनी। तादुग् रूपञ्च पश्यामि विद्योतयित मे गृहं ॥ ५०॥

By the elephants they perish, this is through my luckless fate; A still lengthening life of sorrow I henceforth must sadly lead, Ere his destined day none dieth, this of aged seers the lore; Therefore am not I too trampled by this herd of furious beasts. Every deed of living mortal by o'er-ruling fate is done. Yet no sin have I committed, in my blameless infancy, To deserve this dire disaster, or in word, or deed, or thought. For the choosing of my husband are the guardians of the world, Angry are the gods? rejected for the noble Nala's sake, From my lord this long divorcement through their power do I endure.' Thus the noblest of all women to bewail her fate began, The deserted Damayantí, with these sad and bitter words. With some Veda-reading Brahmans that survived that scattered host, Then she went her way in sadness, like the young autumnal moon. Wandering long, a mighty city that afflicted queen drew near: 'Twas the king of Cedi's city, truth-discerning Subáhu. Scantly clad in half a garment entered she that stately town. Her disturbed, emaciate, wretched, with dishevelled hair, unwashed, Like a maniac, onward-moving, saw that city's wondering throng. Gazing on her as she entered to the monarch's royal seat; All the city boys her footsteps followed in their curious play; Circled round by these she wandered near the royal palace-gate. From the lofty palace-terrace her the mother of the king Saw, and thus her nurse addressed she, 'Go, and lead that wanderer in! Sad she roves, without a refuge, troubled by those gazing men. Yet in form so bright, irradiate, is our palace where she moves;

उन्मत्तवेशा कल्याणी श्रीर् इवायतलोचना। सा जनं वारियला तं प्रासादतलम् उत्तमं ॥ ५१॥ आरोप विस्मिता राजन् दमयन्तीम् अपृच्छत । एवमपसुखाविष्टा बिभिष परमं वपुः ॥५२॥ भासि विद्युद् इवाभेषु शंस मे काऽसि कस्य वा। न हि ते मानुषं रूपं भूषणेर् अपि वर्जितं ॥५३॥ असहाया नरेभ्यश्व नी डिजस्यमरप्रभे। तच् छूवा वचनं तस्या भेमी वचनम् अववीत् ॥५४॥ मानुषों मां विजानीहि भर्तारं समनुवतां। सैरन्धीं जातिसम्पन्नां भुजिष्यां कामवासिनीं ॥५५॥ फलमूलाशनाम् एकां यत्रसायम्प्रतिश्रयां। असङ्क्षेयगुणो भर्ता माञ्च नित्यम् अनुवतः ॥५६॥ भक्ताऽहम् अपि तं वीरं छायेवानुगता पिष। तस्य दैवात् प्रसङ्गीऽभूद् अतिमाचं स्म देवने ॥ ५०॥ द्यूते स निर्जितश्चेव वनम् एक उपेयिवान्। तम् एकवसनं वीरम् उन्मत्तम् इव विद्वलं ॥ ५६॥ आश्वासयन्ती भर्तारम् अहमप्यगमं वनं। स कदाचिद् वने वीरः किस्मिंश्वित् कारणान्तरे ॥ ५०॥ शुत्परीतस्तु विमनास् तद्येकं व्यसर्जयत्। तम् एकवसना नग्नम् उन्मन्नवद् अचेतसं ॥६०॥ अनुवजनी बहुला न स्वपामि निशास् तदा। ततो बहुतिथे काले मुप्ताम् उत्मृज्य मां क्वित् ॥६१॥ वाससोऽधं परिच्छिद्य त्यक्तवान् माम् अनागसं। तं मार्गमाणा भर्तारं दह्यमाना दिवानिशं ॥ ६२॥ साऽहं कमलगभीभम् अपश्यनी हृदि प्रियं। न विन्दाम्यमरप्रख्यं प्रियं प्राणेश्वरं प्रभुं ॥६३॥

Though so maniac-like, half-clothed, like Heaven's long-eyed queen she seems.'

Then the nurse those men dispersing, quickly to the palace-top

Made her mount, and in amazement her the mother-queen addressed:

'Thus though bowed and worn with sorrow such a shining form thou wear'st,

As through murky clouds the lightning; tell me who thou art and whose:

For thy form is more than human, of all ornament despoiled:

Men thou fear'st not, unattended, in celestial beauty safe.'

Hearing thus her gentle language Bhíma's daughter made reply: 'Know me like thyself a mortal, a distressed, devoted wife; Of illustrious race a handmaid, making where I will mine home; On the roots and wild-fruits feeding, lonely, at the fall of eve. Gifted with unnumber'd virtues is my true, my faithful lord, And I still the hero followed, like his shadow on the way. Twas his fate, with desp'rate fondness, to pursue the love of play, And in play subdued and ruined entered he you lonely wood. Him, arrayed in but one garment, like a madman wandering wild, To console my noble husband I too entered the deep wood. He within that dreary forest from some accidental cause, Wild with hunger, reft of reason, that one single robe he lost. I with but one robe, him naked, frantic, and with mind diseased, Following through the boundless forest, many a night I had not slept. Then, when I had sunk to slumber, me the blameless leaving there, Half my garment having severed, he his sinless consort fled. Seeking him, my outcast husband, day and night am I consumed: Him I see not, ever shining, like the lotus-cup, beloved; Find him not, most like th' immortals, lord of all, my life, my soul.'

ताम् अश्रुपरिपूर्णाक्षीं विलपनीं तथा बहु। राजमाताऽबवीद् आर्तां भेमीम् आर्ततरा स्वयं ॥६४॥ वसस्व मिय कल्याणि प्रीतिर् मे परमा त्वि। मृगयिष्यन्ति ते भद्रे भर्तारं पुरुषा मम ॥६५॥ अपि वा स्वयम् आगच्छेत् परिधावन् इतस्ततः। इहैव वसती भद्रे भर्तारम् उपलप्यसे ॥६६॥ राजमातुर् वचः श्रुता दमयन्ती वचोऽत्रवीत्। समयेनोत्सहे वस्तुं त्वयि वीरप्रजायिनि ॥६१॥ उच्छिष्टं नैव भुज्जीयां न कुर्या पादधावनं। न चाहं पुरुषान् अन्यान् प्रभाषेयं कथञ्चन ॥६५॥ प्रार्थयेद् यदि मां कश्चिद् दराझम् ते स पुमान् भवेत्। बध्यश्व तेऽसकृन् मन्द इति मे व्रतम् आहितं ॥६०॥ भर्तुर् अन्वेषणार्थन्तु पश्येयं ब्राह्मणान् अहं। यद्य एवम् इह कर्तव्यं वत्याम्यहमसंश्यं ॥ ७०॥ अतोऽन्यथा न मे वासी वर्तते हृद्ये क्वचित्। तां प्रहृष्टेन मनसा राजमातेदमब्रवीत् ॥ ७१॥ सर्वम् एतत् करिषामि दिष्ट्या ते वतम् ईदृशं। एवम् उक्का ततो भैमीं राजमाता विशाम्पते ॥ ७२॥ उवाचेदं दुहितरं मुनन्दां नाम भारत। सैरन्धीम् अभिजानीष्व मुनन्दे देवरूपिणीं ॥ १३॥ वयसा तुल्यतां प्राप्ता सखी तव भवत्वयं। एतया सह मोदस्व निरुडियमनाः सदा ॥ 9४॥ ततः परमसंहष्टा सुनन्दा गृहम् आगमत्। दमयन्तीम् उपादाय सखीभिः परिवारिता ॥ १५॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने चयोदशः सर्गः ॥ १३॥

Even as thus, with eyes o'erflowing, uttered she her sad lament, Sad herself, sad Bhíma's daughter did the mother-queen address: 'Dwell with me, then, noble Lady, deep the joy in thee I feel, And the servants of my household shall thy royal husband seek. Haply hither he may wander as he roams about the world; Dwelling here in peace and honour thou thy husband wilt rejoin.' To the king of Cedi's mother Damayantí made reply: 'On these terms will I live with thee, mother of heroic sons-That I eat not broken victuals, wash not feet with menial hand; Nor with stranger men have converse, in my chaste, secluded state. If that any man demand me, be he punished; if again, Death-doomed be the wretch on th' instant, this the vow that I have sworn. Only, if they seek my husband, holy Brahmans will I see. Be my terms by thee accepted, gladly will I sojourn here, But on other terms no sojourn will this heart resolved admit.' Then to her with joyful spirit spake the mother of the king:

'As thou wilt shall all be ordered, be thou blest, since such thy vow.'

Speaking thus to Bhíma's daughter did the royal mother then

In these words address her daughter, young Sunandá was her name:

'See this handmaid, my Sunandá, gifted with a form divine;

She in age thy lovely compeer, be she to thee as a friend;

Joined with her in sweet communion, take thy pleasure without fear.'

Young Sunandá, all rejoicing, to her own abode went back,

Taking with her Damayantí, circled with her virgin peers.

END OF BOOK XIII.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

उत्मृज्य दमयन्तीं तु नली राजा विशाम्पते। ददर्भ दावं दह्यनां महानां गहने वने ॥१॥ तच गुन्नाव गन्दं वै मध्ये भूतस्य कस्यचित्। अभिधाव नलेत्युचैः पुर्ययञ्चोकेति चासकृत् ॥२॥ मा भेर् इति नलश्वोक्का मध्यम् अयेः प्रविश्य तं। ददर्भ नागराजानं भयानं कुराडलीकृतं ॥३॥ स नागः प्राञ्जलिर् भूला वेपमानी नलं तदा। उवाच मां विडि राजन् नागं कर्कोटकं नृप ॥४॥ मया प्रलब्धी महर्षिर् नारदः स महातपाः। तेन मन्युपरीतेन श्रप्तोऽस्मि मनुजाधिप ॥५॥ तिष्ठ तं स्थावर इव यावद् एव नलः क्वचित्। इतो नेता हि तच लं शापाद् मोस्यसि मल्कृतात् ॥६॥ तस्य शापाद् न शक्तोऽस्मि पदाद् विचलितुं पदं। उपदेख्यामि ते श्रेयस् चातुम् अर्हति मां भवान् ॥९॥ सखा च ते भविषामि मत्समी नास्ति पद्मगः। लघुश्व ते भविषामि शीघ्रम् आदाय गच्छ मां ॥ ७॥ एवम् उक्का स नागेन्द्रो बभूवाङ्गुष्ठमाचकः। तं गृहीता नलः प्रायाद् देशं दावविवर्जितं ॥ ९॥ आकाशदेशम् आसाद्य विमुक्तं कृष्णवर्तमना। उत्स्रष्टुकामं तं नागः पुनः कर्कोटकोऽव्रवीत् ॥ १०॥ पदानि गणयन् गच्छ स्वानि नैषध कानिचित्। तच तेऽहं महाबाही श्रेयो धास्यामि यत् परं ॥११॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

DAMAYANTÍ when deserting royal Nala fled, ere long Blazing in the forest jungle he a mighty fire beheld; Thence, as of a living being, from the midst a voice he heard: 'Hasten, Nala!' oft and loudly, 'Punyaśloka, haste,' it cried. 'Fear thou not,' king Nala answered, plunging in the ruddy flame; There he saw the King of Serpents lying, coiled into a ring. There with folded hands the Serpent trembling, thus to Nala spake: 'Me, Karkotaka, the Serpent know, thou sovereign of men; Nárada, the famous hermit, I deceived, the holy sage; He in righteous indignation smote me with this awful curse: Stay thou there as one unmoving till king Nala passing by Lead thee hence; save only Nala, none can free thee from this curse. Through this potent execration I no step have power to move; I the way to bliss will show thee, if thou sav'st me from this fate. I will show thee noble friendship, Serpent none is like to me; Lightly shall I weigh, uplift me in thy hand, with speed, O king.' Thus when spake the King of Serpents to a finger's size he shrank; Him when Nala lightly lifted to the unburning space he passed. To the air all cool and temperate brought him, by the flame unreached. As he fain on th' earth would place him, thus Karkotaka began: "Move thou now, O king, and slowly, as thou movest, count thy steps. Then the best of all good fortune will I give thee, mighty armed!'

ततः सङ्घातुम् आरब्धम् अदशर् दशमे परे। तस्य दष्टस्य तदूपं छिप्रम् अन्तरधीयत ॥१२॥ स दृष्ट्वा विस्मितस् तस्थाव् आत्मानं विकृतं नलः। स्वरूपधारिणं नागं ददर्श च महीपतिः ॥१३॥ ततः कर्कोटको नागः सान्वयन् नलम् अववीत्। मया तेऽलाहितं रूपं न त्वां विद्युर् जना इति ॥ १४॥ यत्कृते चासि निकृतो दुः खेन महता नल। विषेण स मदीयेन लिय दुः खं निवत्यिति ॥ १५॥ विषेण संवृतेर् गाचेर् यावत् लां न विमोध्यति। तावत् लिय महाराज दुः खं वे स निवत्स्यति ॥ १६॥ अनागा येन निकृतम् तम् अनहीं जनाधिप। कोधाद् असूयित्वा तं रह्या मे भवतः कृता ॥१९॥ न ते भयं नरव्याघ्र दंष्ट्रिभ्यः श्वुतोऽपि वा। ब्रह्मर्षिभ्यश्व भविता मत्मसादाद् नराधिप ॥ १६॥ राजन् विषनिमित्रा च न ते पीडा भविषाति। सङ्ग्रामेषु च राजेन्द्र शश्वज् जयम् अवाप्स्यिस ॥१९॥ गच्छ राजच् इतः सूतो वाहुकोऽहम् इति बुवन्। समीपम् ऋतुपर्णस्य स हि वेदाक्षनेपुर्णं ॥२०॥ अयोध्यां नगरीं रम्याम् अद्य वे निषधेश्वर । स तेऽ छाहृद्यं दाता राजाश्वहृद्येन वै ॥ २१॥ इस्वाकुकुलजः श्रीमान् मिनञ्चेव भविषाति। भविषमि यदाऽस्रज्ञः श्रेयमा योस्यमे तदा ॥२२॥ समेष्यिस च दारैस् तं मास्म शोके मनः कृषाः। राज्येन तनयाभ्याञ्च सत्यम् एतद् ब्रवीमि ते ॥ २३॥ स्वरूपच यदा द्रष्टुम् इच्छेषाम् तं नराधिप। संस्मर्तव्यस् तदा तेऽहं वासश्चेदं निवासयेः ॥२४॥

Ere the tenth step he had counted, him the sudden Serpent bit: As he bit him, on the instant all his kingly form was changed. There he stood and gazed in wonder, Nala, on his altered form. In his proper shape the Serpent saw the sovereign of men. Then Karkotaka the Serpent thus to Nala comfort spake: 'Through my power thy form is altered, lest thou should'st be known of men. He through whom thou'rt thus afflicted, Nala, with intensest grief, Through my poison, shall in anguish ever dwell within thy soul. All his body steeped in poison till he free thee from thy woe, Shall he dwell within thee prison'd in the ecstacy of pain. So from him, by whom, thou blameless! sufferest such unworthy wrong, By the curse I lay upon him thy deliverance shall be wrought. Fear not thou the tusked wild boar, foeman fear not thou, O king, Neither Bráhman fear, nor Sages, safe through my prevailing power. King, this salutary poison gives to thee nor grief nor pain; In the battle, chief of Rajas, victory is ever thine. Go thou forth, thyself thus naming, 'Váhuka, the charioteer,' To the royal Rituparna, in the dice all-skilful he; To Ayodhyá's pleasant city, sovereign of Nishadha! go; He his skill in dice will give thee for thy skill in taming steeds: Of Ikshváku's noble lineage he will be thy best of friends. Thou the skill in dice possessing soon wilt rise again to bliss; With thy consort reunited yield not up thy soul to grief. Thou thy kingdom, thou thy children wilt regain, the truth I speak. When again thou would'st behold thee in thy proper form, O king, Summon me to thy remembrance, and this garment put thou on:

अनेन वाससान्छन्नः स्वरूपं प्रतिपत्यसे। इत्युक्ता प्रदर्शे तस्मै दिव्यं वासीयुगं तदा ॥२५॥ एवं नलज्व सन्दिश्य वासी दल्ला च कौरव। नागराजस् तती राजंस् तनेवान्तरधीयत॥२६॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने चतुर्दशः सर्गः ॥ १४॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

तिसम्ब अनिर्दिते नागे प्रययो नैषधी नलः।

श्रुतुपर्णस्य नगरं प्राविश् द् दश्मेऽहिन ॥१॥

स राजानम् उपातिष्ठद् वाहुकीऽहम् इति ब्रुवन्।
अश्रानां वाहने युक्तः पृथिव्यां नास्ति मत्समः॥२॥
अर्थकृष्छेषु चैवाहं प्रष्ट्यो नैपृणेषु च।
अन्नसंस्कारम् अपि च जानाम्यन्यर् विशेषतः॥३॥

यानि शिल्पानि लोकेऽस्मिन् यच्चेवान्यत् सुदुष्करं।

सर्वे यतिष्ये तत् कर्तुम् श्रुतुपर्णं भरस्व मां॥४॥

ऋतुपर्ण उवाच।

वस वाहुक भद्रं ते सर्वम् एतत् करिष्यसि।
शीघ्रयाने सदा वृद्धिर् ध्रियते मे विशेषतः॥५॥
स तम् आतिष्ठ योगं तं येन शीघ्रा हया मम।
भवेयुर् अश्वाध्यक्षोऽसि वेतनं ते शतं शताः॥६॥
ताम् उपस्थास्यतश्चेव नित्यं वार्णेयजीवली।
एताभ्यां रंस्यसे सार्धे वस वै मिय वाहुक॥९॥
एवम् उक्तो नलस् तेन न्यवसत् तच पूजितः।
शृतुपर्णस्य नगरे सहवार्णेयजीवलः॥६॥

In this garment clad resum'st thou instantly thy proper form.'

Saying thus, of vests celestial gave he to the king a pair.

And king Nala, thus instructed, gifted with these magic robes,

Instantly the King of Serpents vanished from his sight away.

END OF BOOK XIV.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Vanished thus the King of Serpents set Nishadha's Rája forth,
Rituparṇa's royal city on the tenth day entered he.

Straight before the royal presence, 'Váhuka am I,' he said,
'In the skill of taming horses on the earth is not my peer;

Use me, where the arduous counsel, where thou want'st the dexterous hand;
In the art of dressing viands I am skilful above all.

Whatsoe'er the art, whatever be most difficult to do,
I will strive to execute it, take me to thy service, king.'

RITUPARNA spake:

'Váhuka, I bid thee welcome, all this service shalt thou do,
On my horses' rapid motion deeply is my mind engaged.

Take thou then on thee the office, that my steeds be fleet of foot,
Of my horse be thou the master, hundred hundreds is thy pay:
Ever shalt thou have for comrades Várshneya and Jívala:
With these two pursue thy pleasure, Váhuka, abide with me.'
Thus addressed, did Nala, honoured by king Rituparna long,
With Várshneya in that city and with Jívala abide:

स वै तवावसद् राजा वैदर्भीम् अनुचिन्तयन्। सायं सायं सदा चेमं छोकम एकं जगाद ह ॥ ९॥ क नु सा खुत्पिपासार्ता श्रान्ता शेते तपस्विनी। स्मरनी तस्य मन्दस्य कं वा साऽद्योपतिष्ठति ॥ १०॥ एवं बुवनां राजानं निशायां जीवलोऽबवीत्॥११॥ काम् इमां शोचसे नित्यं श्रोतुम् इच्छामि वाहुक। आयुष्मन् कस्य वा नारी याम् एवम् अनुशोचिस ॥ १२॥ तम् उवाच नलो राजा मन्दप्रज्ञस्य कस्यचित्। आसीट् बहुमता नारी तस्यादृढतरं वचः ॥१३॥ स वै केनचिंद् अर्थेन तया मन्दो व्ययुज्यत। विप्रयुक्तः स मन्दात्मा भ्रमत्यसुखपीडितः ॥१४॥ द्द्यमानः स शोकेन दिवाराचम् अतन्द्रितः। निशाकाले स्मरंस् तस्याः श्लोकम् एकं स्म गायित ॥ १५॥ स विभ्रमन् महीं सर्वां कचिद् आसाद्य किञ्चन। वसत्यन हेस् तद्वः खं भूय एवानुसंस्मरन् ॥ १६॥ सा तु तं पुरुषं नारी कृच्छ्रेऽयनुगता वने। त्यक्ता तेनाल्पपुरायेन दुष्करं यदि जीवति ॥१९॥ एका बालाऽनिभिज्ञा च मार्गाणाम् अतथोचिता। स्नुत्पिपासापरीताङ्गी दुष्करं यदि जीवति ॥ १६॥ श्वापदाचरिते नित्यं वने महति दारुणे। त्यक्ता तेनाल्पभाग्येन मन्दप्रज्ञेन मारिष ॥१९॥ इत्येवं नैषधी राजा दमयनीम् अनुस्मरन्। अज्ञातवासं न्यवसद् राज्ञस् तस्य निवेशने ॥२०॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने पञ्चदशः सर्गः॥ १५॥

There abode he, sadly thinking of Vidarbha's daughter still. In the evening, every evening uttered he this single verse; Where is she, by thirst and hunger worn, and weary, pious still, Thinking of her unwise husband, in whose presence is she now?' Thus the Rája, ever speaking, Jívala one night addressed; 'Who is she, for whom thou grievest? Váhuka, I fain would hear. Who may be the lady's husband? tell me-length of days be thine!' Answered thus the royal Nala, 'To a man of sense bereft, Once belonged a peerless lady, most infirm of word was he; From some cause from her dissevered went that frantic man away, In his foolish soul thus parted wanders he, by sorrow racked; Day and night, and still for ever by his parching grief consumed: Nightly brooding o'er his sorrows sings he this sad single verse. O'er the whole wide earth a wanderer, chance-alighting in some place, Dwells that woful man, unworthy, ever wakeful with his grief. Him that noble lady following, in the forest lone and dread, Lives, of that bad man forsaken, hard it is to say, she lives! Lone, and young, the ways unknowing, undeserving of such fate, Pines she there with thirst and hunger, hard it is to say, she lives. In that vast and awful forest, haunted by fierce beasts of prey, Jivala, she roams forsaken by that hapless senseless lord.' Thus remembering Damayantí did Nishadha's king unknown Long within that dwelling sojourn, in the palace of the king.

END OF BOOK XV.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

हतराज्ये नले भीमः सभार्ये प्रेष्यतां गते। विजान् प्रस्थापयामास नलदर्शनकाङ्क्षया ॥१॥ मन्दिदेश च तान् भीमो वसु दल्ला च पुष्कलं। मृगयध्वं नलं यूयं दमयन्तीच मे सुतां ॥२॥ अस्मिन् कर्मणि सम्पन्ने विज्ञाते निषधाधिपे। गवां सहस्रं दास्यामि यो वस् ताव् ञ्चानियधित ॥३॥ अयहारांश्व दास्यामि यामं नगरसिमातं। न चेच् छक्याव् इहानेतुं दमयन्ती नलोऽपि वा ॥४॥ ज्ञातमाचेऽपि दास्यामि गवां दश शतं धनं। इत्युक्तास् ते ययुर् हृष्टा ब्राह्मणाः सर्वती दिशं ॥५॥ पुरराष्ट्राणि चिन्वनो नैषधं सह भार्यया। नैव कापि प्रपश्यिन नलं वा भीमपुचिकां ॥६॥ ततश चेदिपुरीं रम्यां मुदेवी नाम वै हिजः। विचिन्वानोऽथ वैदर्भीम् अपश्यद् राजवेश्मिन ॥ १॥ पुग्याहवाचने राज्ञः सुनन्दासहितां स्थितां। मन्दं प्रख्यायमानेन रूपेणाप्रतिमेन तां। निवडां धूमजालेन प्रभाम् इव विभावसीः ॥ ७॥ तां समीस्य विशालाशीम् अधिकं मलिनां कृशां। तर्कयामास भैमीति कारणेर् उपपादयन् ॥ ९॥

मुदेव उवाच।

यथेयं मे पुरा दृष्टा तथारूपेयम् अङ्गना। कृतार्थोऽस्यद्य दृष्ट्वेमां लोककान्ताम् इव श्रियं॥१०॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

NALA thus bereft of kingdom with his wife to slavery sunk, Forth king Bhíma sent the Bráhmans, Nala through the world to seek. Thus the royal Bhima charged them, with abundant wealth supplied:— 'Go ye now and seek king Nala, Damayantí seek, my child: And, achieved this weighty business, found Nishadha's royal lord, Which of you shall hither bring them shall a thousand kine receive; And a royal grant for maintenance of a village like a town. If nor hither Damayantí nor king Nala may be brought, Know ye where they are, rich guerdon still we give, ten hundred kine.' Thus addressed, the joyful Bráhmans went to every clime of earth, Through the cities, through the kingdoms, seeking Nala and his queen: Nala, or king Bhíma's daughter, in no place might they behold. Then a Bráhman, named Sudeva, came to pleasant Cedi-pur; There within the kingly palace he Vidarbha's daughter saw, Standing with the fair Sunandá, on a royal holiday. With her beauty once so peerless worthy now of little praise, Like the sun-light feebly shining through the dimness of a cloud. Gazing on the large-eyed princess, dull in look, and wasted still, Lo, he thought, king Bhíma's daughter, pondering thus within his mind.—

Sudeva spake:

E'en as once I wont to see her, such is yonder woman's form,
I my work have done, beholding, like the goddess world-adored,

पूर्णचन्द्रनिभां श्यामां चारुवृत्तपयोधरां। कुर्वनीं प्रभया देवीं सर्वा वितिमिरा दिशः ॥ १९॥ चारुपद्मविशालाक्षीं मन्मथस्य रतीम् इव। इष्टां समस्तलोकस्य पूर्णचन्द्रप्रभाम् इव ॥ १२॥ विदर्भसरसस् तस्माद् दैवदीषाद् इवोडृतां। मलपङ्कानुलिप्नाङ्गीं मृणालीम् इव चोडृतां ॥१३॥ पौर्णमासीम् इव निशां राहुयस्तनिशाकरां। पतिशोकाकुलां दीनां शुष्कस्रोतां नदीम् इव ॥ १४॥ विध्वस्तपर्णेकमलां विचासितविहङ्गमां। हिस्तिहस्तपरामृष्टां व्याकुलाम् इव पद्मिनीं ॥ १५॥ मुकुमारीं मुजाताङ्गीं रत्नगर्भगृहोचितां। दह्मानाम् इवार्केण मृणालीम् इव चोहृतां ॥१६॥ रूपौदार्यगुणीपेतां मगडनाहीम् अमगिडतां। चन्द्रलेखाम् इव नवां व्योम्नि नीलाभ्रसंवृतां ॥ १९॥ कामभोगैः प्रियेर् हीनां हीनां बन्धुजनेन च। देहं धारयतीं दीनां भर्तृदर्शनकाङ्खया ॥ १ ।॥ भर्ता नाम परं नार्या भूषणं भूषणेर् विना। एषा हि रहिता तेन शोभमाना न शोभते ॥ १९॥ दुष्करं कुरुतेऽत्यनां हीनो यद् अनया नलः। धारयत्यात्मनो देहं न शोकेनावसीदित ॥२०॥ इमाम् असितकेशान्तां शतपत्रायते ख्णां। मुखाहीं दुःखितां दृष्ट्वा ममापि व्यथते मनः ॥२१॥ कदा नु खलु दुः खस्य पारं यास्यित वे शुभा। भर्तुः समागमात् साध्वी रोहिगी शशिनो यथा ॥२२॥ अस्या नूनम् पुनर्लाभाद् नैषधः प्रोतिम् एषति। राजा राज्यपरिश्रष्टः पुनर् लब्धा च मेदिनीं ॥२३॥

Like the full moon, darkly beauteous, with her fair and swelling breasts, Her, the queen, that with her brightness makes each clime devoid of gloom, With her lotus-eyes expanding, like Manmatha's queen divine; Like the moonlight in its fulness, the desire of all the world; From Vidarbha's pleasant waters her by cruel fate plucked up, Like a lotus-flower uprooted, with the mire and dirt around; Like the pallid night, when Rahu swallows up the darkened moon; For her husband wan with sorrow, like a gentle stream dried up; Like a pool, where droops the lotus, whence the affrighted birds have fled, By the elephant's proboscis, in its quiet depths disturbed; Tender, soft-limbed, in a palace fit, of precious stones, to dwell; Like the lotus-stem, uprooted, parched and withered by the sun; Fair as generous, of adornment worthy, yet all unadorned, Like the young moon's slender crescent in the heavens by dark clouds veiled; Widowed now of all love's pleasures, of her noble kin despoiled, Wretched, bearing life, her husband in her hope again to see. To the unadorned, a husband is the chiefest ornament; Of her husband if forsaken she in splendour is not bright. Difficult must be the trial; does king Nala, reft of her, Still retain his wretched body, nor with sorrow pine away? Her with her dark flowing tresses, with her long and lotus-eyes, Worthy of all joy, thus joyless, as I see, my soul is wrung. To the furthest shore of sorrow when will pass this beauteous queen? To her husband reunited, as the moon's bride to the moon? Her recovering shall king Nala to his happiness return, King, albeit despoiled of kingdom, he his realm shall reassume;

तुल्यशीलवयोयुक्तां तुल्याभिजनसंवृतां।
नेषधोऽर्हति वेदभी तञ्चेयमसितेष्ठ्या ॥२४॥
युक्तं तस्याप्रमेयस्य वीर्यसत्त्ववतो मया।
समाश्वासयितुं भायां पितदर्शनलालमां ॥२५॥
श्रहम् श्राश्वासयाम्येनां पूर्णचन्द्रनिभाननां।
श्रदृष्टपूर्वां दुःखस्य दुःखातां ध्यानतत्परां॥२६॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवं विमृश्य विविधेः कारणेर् लक्षणेश्व तां। उपागम्य ततो भेमीं मुदेवो ब्राह्मणोऽब्रवीत् ॥२०॥ ऋहं सुदेवो वैदर्भि भातुस् ते दियतः सखा। भीमस्य वचनाट् राज्ञम् त्वाम् अन्वेष्टुम् इहागतः ॥२४॥ कुशली ते पिता राज्ञि जननी भातरश्च ते। आयुषाना कुशलिनो तनस्यो दारको च तो ॥२०॥ त्वत्कृते बन्धुवर्गाश्च गतसत्त्वा इवासते। अन्वेष्टारी ब्राह्मणाश्व भ्रमन्ति शतशी महीं ॥३०॥ अभिज्ञाय मुदेवं तं दमयन्ती युधिष्ठिर । पर्यपृच्छत तान् सर्वान् क्रमेण मुहदः स्वकान् ॥३१॥ रुरोद च भृशं राजन् वैदर्भी शोककर्षिता। दृष्ट्वा सुदेवं सहसा भातुर् इष्टं डिजीत्तमं ॥३२॥ ततो रुदन्तीं तां दृष्ट्वा मुनन्दा शोककर्षितां। मुदेवेन सहैकानो कथयन्तीच्च भारत ॥३३॥ जिनचाः कथयामास सेरन्धी रोदितीति वै। ब्राह्मणेन समागम्य तां वेत्य यदि मन्यसे ॥३४॥ अथ चेदिपतेर् माता राज्ञश्वानाःपुरात् तदा। जगाम यव सा बाला ब्राह्मणेन सहाभवत् ॥३५॥

In their age and virtues equal, equal in their noble race,

He alone of her is worthy, worthy she alone of him.

Me beseems it of that peerless, of that brave and prudent king,

To console the loyal consort, pining for her husband's sight.

Her will I address with comfort, with her moonlike glowing face;

Her with woe once unacquainted, woful now and lost in thought.

VRIHADASVA spake:

Thus when he had gazed and noted all her marks, her features well, To the daughter of king Bhima thus the sage Sudeva spake: 'I am named Sudeva, lady, I, thy brother's chosen friend, By king Bhima's royal mandate hither come in search of thee. Well thy sire, thy royal mother, well thy noble brethren fare, And well fare those little infants, well and happy are they both. For thy sake thy countless kindred sit as though of sense bereft: Seeking thee a hundred Brahmans now are wandering o'er the earth.' She no sooner knew Sudeva, Damayantí, of her kin, Many a question asked in order, and of every friend beloved. And the daughter of Vidarbha freely wept, so sudden thus On Sudeva, best of Bráhmans, gazing, on her brother's friend. Her beheld the young Sunandá weeping, wasted with distress, As she thus her secret converse with the wise Sudeva held. Thus she spake unto her mother, 'Lo, how fast our handmaid weeps, Questioning the holy Bráhman, who she is, thou soon may'st know.' Forth the king of Cedi's mother from the inner chamber went, And she passed where with the Brahman that mysterious woman stood. ततः मुदेवम् आनाय राजमाता विशाम्पते।
पप्रस्थ भाषा कस्येयं मुता वा कस्य भाविनी ॥३६॥
कथन्व भ्रष्टा ज्ञातिभ्यो भर्तुर् वा वामलोचना।
त्वया च विदिता विप्र कथम् एवङ्गता सती ॥३९॥
एतद् इस्त्राम्यहं श्रोतुं त्वतः सर्वम् अशेषतः।
तत्त्वेन हि ममाचस्व पृस्त्रन्या देवरूपिणीं॥३६॥
एवम् उक्तम् तया राजन् मुदेवी विजसत्तमः।
मुखोपविष्ट आच्छे दमयन्या यथातथं॥३९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने षोडगः सर्गः ॥ १६॥

मुदेव उवाच।

विद्रभैराजो धर्मात्मा भीमो नाम महाद्युतिः।

सुतेयं तस्य कल्याणी दमयन्तीति विश्रुता॥१॥

राजा तु नैषधी नाम वीरसेनसुतो नलः।

भार्येयं तस्य कल्याणी पुण्यश्चोकस्य धीमतः॥२॥

स द्यूते निर्जितो आचा हतराज्यो महीपतिः।

दमयन्या गतः सार्धे न प्राज्ञायत किहिचित्॥३॥

ते वयं दमयन्यर्थे चरामः पृथिवीम् इमां।

सेयम् श्रासादिता बाला तव पुचनिवेशने॥४॥

श्रस्या रूपेण सदृशी मानुषी न हि विद्यते।

श्रस्या रूपेण सदृशी मानुषी न हि विद्यते।

श्रस्या रूपेण सदृशी मानुषी न हि विद्यते।

श्रस्या रूपेण सदृशी महनः पिष्ठुर् उत्तमः॥५॥

श्रयामायाः पद्मसङ्काशो लिख्तितोऽन्तर्हितो मया।

मलेन संवृतो ह्यस्याश्च ह्योऽभ्रेणेव चन्द्रमाः॥६॥

Them the mother-queen Sudeva bade before her presence stand;
And she asked, 'Whose wife, whose daughter may this noble stranger be?
From her kindred how dissevered, from her husband, the soft-eyed?
Is she known to thee, O Bráhman, how to this sad state reduced?
This I fain would hear, and clearly, all her strange and wondrous tale.
Tell me all that hath befallen to this heaven-formed, plainly tell.'
Best of Bráhmans, thus Sudeva, by the mother-queen addressed,
All the truth of Damayantí, sitting at his ease, declared.

END OF BOOK XVI.

SUDEVA spake:

'In Vidarbha the just monarch, Bhíma, in his glory dwells.

Of that king is she the daughter, Damayantí is her name;

And the Rája of Nishadha, Nala, Vírasena's son,

Of that king is she the consort, Puṇyaśloka named, the Wise.

Him in play his brother worsted, spoiled of realm the king of earth.

He set forth with Damayantí, whither is unknown of men.

For the sake of Damayantí wander we about the earth;

Till I found you noble woman in the palace of your son.

Like to her of mortal women is there none, her beauty's peer;

In the midst, between her eyebrows, from her birth a lovely mole

Dark was seen, and like a lotus that hath vanished from my sight,

Covered over with defilement, like the moon behind a cloud.

चिह्नभूतो विभूत्यर्थम् अयं धात्रा विनिर्मितः।
प्रतिपत्कलुषस्येन्दोर् लेखा नातिविराजते ॥९॥
न चास्या नश्यते रूपं वपुर्मलसमाचितं।
असंस्कृतम् अपि व्यक्तं भाति काञ्चनसिन्नभं॥५॥
अनेन वपुषा बाला पिस्नुनाऽनेन सूचिता।
लक्षितेयं मया देवी निभृतोऽग्निर् इवोष्मणा॥९॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

तच् छूता वचनं तस्य मुदेवस्य विशाम्पते। मुनन्दा शोधयामास पिष्नुप्रच्छादनं मलं ॥१०॥ स मलेनापकृष्टेन पिष्ठुस् तस्या व्यरोचत। दमयन्यास् तदा व्यभ्रे नभसीव निशाकरः ॥ ११॥ पिष्ठुं दृष्ट्वा मुनन्दा च राजमाता च भारत। रुदन्यों तां परिष्वज्य मुहूर्तम् इव तस्थतुः ॥१२॥ उत्मुज्य वाष्पं शनके राजमातेदम् अववीत्। भगिन्या दुहिता मेऽसि पिञ्चनाऽनेन सूचिता ॥१३॥ अहञ्च तव माता च राज्ञस् तस्य महात्मनः। मुते दशार्णाधिपतेः मुदाम्रश चारुदर्शने ॥ १४॥ भीमस्य राज्ञः सा दत्ता वीरवाहीर् ऋहं पुनः। त्वं तु जाता मया दृष्टा दशार्थेषु पितुर् गृहे ॥१५॥ यथैव ते पितुर् गेहं तथैव मम भाविनि। यथैव च ममेश्वर्य दमयिन तथा तव ॥१६॥ तां प्रहृष्टेन मनसा दमयन्ती विशाम्पते। प्रणम्य मातुर् भगिनीम् इदं वचनम् अववीत् ॥१९॥ अज्ञायमानापि सती मुखम् अस्युषिता त्वि। सर्वकामेः सुविहिता रस्यमाणा सदा त्या ॥ १६॥

This soft mole by Brahmá fashioned, sign of his creative power,

As at change the moon's thin crescent only dim and faintly gleams.

Yet her beauty is not faded; though her form be soiled with dust,

Unadorned, it shines more nobly, like the native unwrought gold.

With that beauteous form you woman, gifted with that lovely mole,

Instant knew I for the Princess, as the heat betrays the fire.'

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

To Sudeva as she listened uttering thus his strange discourse: 'All the dust that mole concealing young Sunandá washed away. By the obscuring dust unclouded shining out that mole appeared; On the brow of Damayantí, like the unclouded moon in heaven.' Gazing on that mole, Sunandá, and the mother of the king, Wept as fondly they embraced her, and an instant silent stood. Then her tears awhile suppressing, thus the royal mother spake: 'Thou art mine own sister's daughter, by that beauteous mole made known; I, oh beauteous, and thy mother, of that lofty-minded king, Are the daughters, king Sudáman, he that in Dasárna reigns; She was wedded to king Bhíma, and to Vírabáhu I. In my father's home, Dasárna once I saw thee, newly-born. As to me thy father's lineage is akin, so mine to thee; Whatsoe'er my power commandeth, Damayantí, all is thine.' To the queen did Damayantí, in the gladness of her heart, Having bowed in courteous homage to her mother's sister, speak : 'While unknown I might continue, gladly dwelt I here with thee;

Every want supplied on th' instant, guarded by thy gentle care.

मुखात् मुखतरी वासी भविष्यति न संशयः। चिर्विप्रोषितां मातर् माम् अनुज्ञातुम् अहिंसि ॥ १९॥ दारको च हि मे नीतो वसतस् तच बालको। पिचा विहीनो शोकातीं मया चैव कथं नु तो ॥२०॥ यदि चापि प्रियं किञ्चिद् मिय कर्तुम् इहेन्छिसि। विदर्भान् यातुम् इच्छामि शीघ्रं मे यानम् आदिश् ॥२१॥ वाढम् इत्येव ताम् उक्का हृष्टा मातृष्वमा नृप। गुप्तां बलेन महता पुचस्यानुमते ततः ॥२२॥ प्रास्थापयद् राजमाता श्रीमतीं नरवाहिना। यानेन भरतश्रेष्ठ ह्यन्नपानपरिच्छदां ॥२३॥ ततः सा नचिराद् एव विद्भान् अगमत् पुनः। तां तु बन्धुजनः सर्वः प्रहृष्टः समपूजयत् ॥२४॥ सर्वान् कुशलिनो दृष्ट्वा बान्धवान् दारकी च ती। मातरम् पितरचोभौ सर्वचेव सखीजनं ॥२५॥ देवताः पूजयामास ब्राह्मणांश्व यशस्विनी। परेण विधिना देवी दमयनी विशाम्पते ॥ २६॥ ऋतर्पयत् सुदेवञ्च गोसहस्रेण पार्थिवः। प्रीतो दृष्ट्वेव तनयां यामेण द्रविणेन च ॥२०॥ सा युष्टा रजनीं तच पितुर् वेश्मनि भाविनी। विश्राना मातरं राजच् इदं वचनम् अववीत् ॥२५॥ मां चेद् इच्छिस जीवन्तीं मातः सत्यम् व्रवीमि ते। नरवीरस्य चैतस्य नलस्यानयने यत ॥२९॥ दमयन्या तथोक्ता तु सा देवी भृशदुः खिता। वाष्येणापिहिता राजन् नोत्तरं किञ्चिद् अववीत्॥३०॥ तदवस्थां तु तां दृष्ट्वा सर्वम् अनःपुरं तदा। हाहाभूतम् अतीवासीद् भृशञ्च प्रक्रीद ह ॥३१॥

Yet than even this pleasant dwelling, a more pleasant may there be;
Long a banished woman, mother! give me leave from hence to part,
Thither where my infant children dwell, my tender little ones,
Orphaned of their sire, in sorrow orphaned, ah, how long of me!
If thou yet wilt grant a favour, o'er all other favours dear,
To Vidarbha would I journey, quick the palanquin command.'
'Be it so,' her mother's sister, joyful, instant made reply.
Guarded by a mighty army, with th' approval of her son,
Sent the queen, that happy lady, in a palanquin, by men
Borne aloft, and well provided with all raiment, drink, and food.

Thus the princess to Vidarbha after brief delay returned.

Her her whole assembled kindred welcomed home with pride and joy,
All in health she found her kinsmen, and that lovely infant pair,
With her mother, with her father, and her troop of female friends.

To the gods she paid her worship, to the Bráhmans in her joy;
So the queenly Damayantí all in noblest guise performed.

And her royal sire Sudeva, with the thousand kine made glad,
Joyous to behold his daughter, with a village and much wealth.

There, when in her father's palace she the quiet night had passed,
In these words the noble lady to her mother 'gan to speak:

'If in life thou would'st preserve me, mother, hear the truth I speak;
Home to bring the hero Nala be it now thy chiefest toil.'

Thus addressed by Damayantí, very sorrowful the queen

Clouded all her face with weeping, not a word in answer spake.

But the princess, thus afflicted, when the female train beheld,

'Woe! oh woe!' they shrieked together, all in pitying sadness wept.

ततो भीमं महाराजं भार्या वचनम् अववीत्। दमयनी तव सुता भतीरम् अनुशीचित ॥३२॥ अपकृष च लज्जां सा स्वयम् उक्तवती नृप। प्रयतन्तु तव प्रेषाः पुर्ययञ्चीकस्य मार्गेरो ॥३३॥ तया प्रदेशितो राजा ब्राह्मणान् वशवर्तिनः। प्रास्थापयद् दिशः सर्वा यतध्वं नलमार्गेणे ॥३४॥ ततो विदर्भाधिपतेर् नियोगाद् बाह्मणास् तदा। दमयनीम् अथो मृता प्रस्थिताः स्मेत्यथाब्रुवन् ॥३५॥ अथ तान् अववीद् भेमी सर्वराष्ट्रेष्ट्रिदं वचः। ब्र्यास्त जनसंसत्सु तच तच पुनः पुनः ॥३६॥ क नु लं कितव च्छित्वा वस्तार्ध प्रस्थितो मम। उत्मृज्य विपिने सुप्ताम् अनुरक्तां प्रियां प्रिय ॥३९॥ सा वै यथा समादिष्टा तथास्ते लत्मती िस्णी। दह्माना भृशं वाला वस्त्रार्धनाभिसंवृता ॥३६॥ तस्या रुदन्याः सततं तेन शोकेन पार्थिव। प्रसादं कुरु वै वीर प्रतिवाक्यं वदस्व च ॥३९॥ एवम् अन्यच वक्तव्यं कृपां कुर्याद् यथा मिय। वायुना धूयमानी हि वनं दहित पावकः ॥४०॥ भर्तव्या रक्ष्णीया च पत्नी हि पतिना सदा। तन् नष्टम् उभयं कस्माद् धर्मज्ञस्य सतस् तव ॥४१॥ ख्यातः प्राज्ञः कुलीनश्व सानुक्रोशो भवान् सदा। संवृत्ती निरनुक्रीशः शङ्के मङ्गाग्यसङ्ख्यात् ॥४२॥ तत् कुरुष्व नरव्याघ्र दयां मिय नरेश्वर । ञ्चानृशंस्यं परो धर्मस् तत्त एव मया श्रुतः ॥४३॥ एवं बुवाणान् यदि वः प्रतिब्र्याद् धि कश्चन। म नरः सर्वथा ज्ञेयः कश्वासी क च वर्तते ॥४४॥

To the mighty Rája Bhíma did the queen that speech relate. 'Damayantí, lo, thy daughter for her husband sits and mourns; Breaking through all bashful silence, thus, oh king, to me she spake: "Be it now thy servants' business to find out the king of men." Urged by her the king his Brahmans, to his will obedient all, Sent around to every region, 'Be your care the king to find.' Then those Brahmans at the mandate of Vidarbha's royal lord, First drew near to Damayantí, 'Lo, now set we forth,' they said. Then to them spake Bhima's daughter, 'In all realms be this your speech, Wheresoever men assemble, this repeat again, again: Whither went'st thou then, oh gamester! half my garment severing off, Leaving in the forest sleeping, all forsaken, thy beloved? Even as thou commandedst, sits she, sadly waiting thy return. Parched with sorrow sits that woman, in her scant half-garment glad. Oh to her thus ever weeping in the extreme of her distress, Grant thy pity, noble hero, answer to her earnest prayer! Be this also said, to move him to compassionate my state, For by wind within the forest fanned, intensely burns the fire. Ever by her consort guarded and sustained the wife should be. Why hast thou forgot both duties, thou in every duty skilled? Thou wert ever called the generous, thou the pitiful, the wise. Art thou now estranged from pity through my sad injurious fate? Prince of men, O grant thy pity, grant it, lord of men, to me; "Mercy is the chief of duties," oft from thine own lips I've heard. Thus as ye are ever speaking should there any one reply, Mark him well, lest he be Nala, who he is, and where he dwells.

यश्चैवं वचनं श्रुता ब्रूयात् प्रतिवची नरः।
तद् श्चादाय वचस् तस्य ममावेद्यं द्विजीत्तमाः ॥४५॥
यथा च वी न जानीयाद् ब्रुवती मम शासनात्।
पुनरागमनज्वैव तथा कार्यम् श्चतन्द्रितः ॥४६॥
यदिवाऽसौ समृद्धः स्याद् यदिवाऽप्यधनो भवेत्।
यदिवाऽपर्यकामः स्याज् क्षेयं तस्य चिकीर्षितं ॥४९॥
एवम् उक्तास् त्वगच्छंस् ते ब्राह्मणाः सर्वती दिशः।
नलं मृगयितुं राजंस् तदा व्यसनिनं तथा ॥४८॥
ते पुराणि सराष्ट्राणि यामान् घोषांस् तथाश्चमान्।
श्चन्वेषन्ती नलं राजन् नाधिजग्मुर् द्विजातयः ॥४९॥
तच्च वाक्यं तथा सर्वे तच तच विशाम्पते।
श्चावयाच्चित्ररे विप्रा दमयन्या यथेरितं॥५०॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने सप्तदशः सर्गः ॥ १९॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

श्रथ दीर्घस्य कालस्य पर्णादो नाम वे डिजः।
प्रत्येत्य नगरं भेमीम् इदं वचनम् अववीत्॥१॥
नैषधं मृगयानेन दमयिता मया नलं।
श्रयोध्यां नगरीं गता भाङ्गासुरिर् उपस्थितः॥२॥
श्रावितश्र मया वाक्यं तदीयं स महामते।
श्रुतपर्णो महाभागो यथोक्तं वरवर्णिनि॥३॥
तच् छुता नाववीत् किञ्चिद् श्रुतपर्णो नराधिपः।
न च पारिषदः कश्रिद् भाष्यमाणो मयासकृत्॥४॥

He who to this speech hath listened, and hath thus his answer made,
Be his words, O best of Bráhmans, treasured and brought home to me,
Lest he haply should discover that by my command ye speak,
That again ye may approach him, do ye this without delay.
Whether he be of the wealthy, whether of the poor he be;
Be he covetous of riches, learn ye all he would desire.'
Thus addressed, went forth the Bráhmans to the realms on every side,
Seeking out the royal Nala in his dark concealed distress.
They through kingdoms, cities, hamlets, pastoral dwellings, hermits' cells,
Nala everywhere went seeking, yet those Bráhmans found him not.
All in every part went speaking in the language they were taught;
In the words of Damayantí spake they in the ears of men.

END OF BOOK XVII.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Long the time that passed, a Bráhman, wise Parṇáda was his name,
Home returning to the city, thus to Bhíma's daughter spake:
'Damayantí! royal Nala as I sought, Nishadha's king,
Came I to Ayodhyá's city; there Bhángásuri approached,
Stood before me, eager listening to the words thou bad'st us speak,
He, the prosperous Rituparṇa, thy own words, O lady fair.
Thus as spake I, answered nothing Rituparṇa, king of men;
Nor of all that full assemblage, more than once addressed by me.

अनुज्ञातं तु मां राज्ञा विजने कश्चिद् अववीत्। ऋतुपर्णस्य पुरुषो वाहुको नाम नामतः ॥५॥ मूतम् तस्य नरेन्द्रस्य विरूपी हस्ववाहुकः। शीघ्रयानेषु कुशली मिष्टकर्ता च भीजने ॥६॥ म विनिःश्वस्य बहुशो रुदित्वा च पुनः पुनः। कुशलचेव मां पृष्ट्वा पश्चाद् इदम् अभाषत ॥ १॥ वैषम्यम् अपि सम्प्राप्ता गोपायन्ति कुलस्त्रियः। ञ्चात्मानम् ञ्चात्मना सत्यो जितस्वर्गा न संश्यः ॥ ৮॥ रहिता भर्तृभिश्वेव न कुध्यन्ति कदाचन। प्राणांश चारिचकवचान् धारयन्ति वरस्त्रियः ॥ ९॥ विषमस्थेन मूढेन परिभ्रष्टमुखेन च। यत् सा तेन परित्यक्ता तच न को बुम् अर्हित ॥ १०॥ प्राणयाचां परिप्रेप्सीः शकुनैर् हतवाससः। आधिभिर् दह्यमानस्य श्यामा न कोडुम् अर्हति ॥ ११॥ सत्कृताऽसत्कृता वाऽपि पतिं दृष्ट्वा तथागतं। भ्रष्टराज्यं श्रिया हीनं सुधितं व्यसनामुतं ॥ १२॥ तस्य तद् वचनं श्रुता लिरतोऽहम् इहागतः। श्रुता प्रमाणं भवती राज्ञश्चेव निवेदय ॥ १३॥ एतच् छुताऽ युपूर्णाक्षी पर्णादस्य विशाम्पते। दमयन्ती रहीऽभ्येत्य मातरं प्रत्यभाषत ॥ १४॥ अयम् अर्थो न संवेद्यो भीमे मातः कथञ्चन। त्यसिवधी नियोख्येऽहं मुदेवं विजसत्तमं ॥१५॥ यथा न नृपतिर् भीमः प्रतिपद्येत मे मितं। तथा लया प्रयत्तव्यं मम चेत् प्रियम् इच्छिस ॥ १६॥ यथा चाहं समानीता सुदेवेनाशु बान्धवान्। तेनैव मङ्गलेनाशु सुदेवी यातु माचिरं ॥ १९॥

By the king dismissed, when sate I in a solitary place, One of Rituparna's household, Váhuka his name, drew near, Charioteer of that great Rája, with short arms and all deformed, Skilled to drive the rapid chariot, skilled the viands to prepare. He, when much he'd groaned in anguish, and had wept again, again, First his courteous salutation made, then spake in words like these: "Even in the extreme of misery noble women still preserve Over their ownselves the mastery, by their virtues winning heaven; Of their faithless lords abandoned, anger feel not even then. In the breastplate of their virtue noble women live unharmed. By the wretched, by the senseless, by the lost to every joy, She by such a lord forsaken yet to anger will not yield. Against him his sustenance seeking, of his robe by birds despoiled, Him consumed with utmost misery, still no wrath the dark-hued feels; Treated well, or ill-entreated, when her husband she beholds, Spoiled of bliss, bereft of kingdom, famine-wasted, worn with woe." Having heard the stranger's language, hither hasted I to come. Thou hast heard, be thine the judgment, to the king relate thou all.' To Parnáda having listened, with her eyes o'erflowed with tears, Secretly went Damayantí, and her mother thus addressed: 'Let not what I speak, to Bhima, O my mother, be made known— In thy presence to Sudeva, best of Bráhmans, I would speak. Let not this my secret counsel to king Bhíma be disclosed; This the object we must compass if thy daughter thou wouldst please, As myself was to my kindred swiftly by Sudeva brought, With the same good fortune swiftly may Sudeva part from hence

ममानेतुं नलं मातर् अयोध्यां नगरीम् इतः। विश्रान्तं तु ततः पश्चात् पर्णादं विजसत्तमं ॥ १६॥ अर्चयामास वैदर्भी धनेनातीव भाविनी। नले चेहागते विप्र भूयो दास्यामि ते वसु ॥ १९॥ त्वया हि मे बहु कृतं यथा नान्यः करिष्यति। यद् भर्नाऽहं समेषामि शीघ्रम् एव दिजोत्तम ॥२०॥ एवम् उक्तोऽषाश्वास्य ताम् आशीर्वादैः समङ्गलेः। गृहान् उपययो चापि कृतार्थः सुमहामनाः ॥२१॥ ततः सुदेवम् आभाष दमयन्ती युधिष्ठिर। अववीत् सिवधी मातुर् दुःखशीकसमिन्वता ॥२२॥ गता मुदेव नगरीम् अयोध्यावासिनं नृपं। ऋतुपर्णे वची बूहि सम्पतन् इव कामगः ॥२३॥ आस्थास्यति पुनर् भेमी दमयन्ती स्वयंवरं। तच गळािन राजानी राजपुचाश्व सर्वशः ॥२४॥ तथा च गणितः कालः श्वोभूते स भविषाति। यदि सम्भावनीयस् ते गच्छ शीघ्रम् अरिन्दम ॥२५॥ सूर्योदये हितीयं सा भर्तारं वरियणित । न हि स ज्ञायते वीरो नलो जीवति वा न वा ॥२६॥ एवं तया यथोक्तो वै गला राजानम् अववीत्। ऋतुपर्णे महाराज सुदेवी ब्राह्मणस् तदा ॥२९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने ऋष्टादशः सर्गः ॥ १ ৮॥

To Ayodhyá's city, mother, home to bring my royal lord.'

Resting from his toil, Parṇáda, of the Bráhman race the best,
Did the daughter of Vidarbha honour, and with wealth reward.

'Bráhman! home if come my Nala, richer guerdon will I give;
Much hast thou achieved, and wisely, so as none but thou has done.
That again with my lost husband, noblest Bráhman, I may meet.'
Thus addressed, his grateful homage and his benedictions paid,
Having thus achieved his mission, home the wise Parṇáda went.

Then accosting good Sudeva, Damayantí thus began,
And before her mother's presence in her pain and grief she spake:
'Go, Sudeva, to the city, where Ayodhyá's Rája dwells,
Speak thou thus to Rituparṇa, (thither coming as by chance):—
"Once again her Svayaṃvara does king Bhíma's daughter hold,
Damayantí, thither hasten all the kings and sons of kings.
Closely now the time is reckoned when to-morrow's dawn appears;
If that thou would'st win the princess, speed thou, tamer of thy foes.
When the sun is in his rising she a second lord will choose:
Whether lives or is not living, royal Nala, no one knows."'
Thus, as he received his mission, hastening to the king, he spake,
To the royal Rituparṇa spake Sudeva, in these words.

END OF BOOK XVIII.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

श्रुता वचः मुदेवस्य ऋतुपर्णो नराधिपः। सान्वयन् घ्रष्ट्णया वाचा वाहुकं प्रत्यभाषत ॥१॥ विदभीं यातुम् इच्छामि दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं। एकाहा हयतत्त्वज्ञ मन्यसे यदि वाहुक ॥२॥ एवम् उक्तस्य कौनोय तेन राज्ञा नलस्य ह। व्यदीर्यत मनो दुःखात् प्रदध्यो च महामनाः ॥३॥ दमयन्ती वदेद् एतत् कुर्याद् दुः खेन मोहिता। अस्मदर्थे भवेद् वाऽयम् उपायश् चिनितो महान् ॥४॥ नृशंसं वत वैदर्भी कर्तुकामा तपस्विनी। मया खुद्रेण निकृता कृपणा पापवुडिना ॥५॥ स्वीस्वभावश चली लोके मम दीषश्च दारुणः। स्याद् एवम् ऋषि कुर्यात् सा विवासाद् गतसीहृदा ॥६॥ मम शोकेन संविद्या नैराश्यात् तनुमध्यमा। नैवं सा कर्हिचित् कुर्यात् सापत्या च विशेषतः ॥ ९॥ यद् अच सत्यं वाऽसत्यं गत्वा वेत्यामि निश्चयं। ऋतुपर्णस्य वे कामम् आत्मार्थं च करोम्यहं ॥ ७॥ इति निश्चित्य मनसा वाहुको दीनमानसः। कृताञ्चलिर् उवाचेदम् ऋतुपर्णं नराधिपं ॥ ९॥ प्रतिजानामि ते वाक्यं गमिष्यामि नराधिप। एकाहा पुरुषव्याघ्र विदर्भनगरीं नृप ॥ १०॥ ततः परीक्षाम् अश्वानां चक्रे राजन् स वाहुकः। ऋषशालाम् उपागम्य भाङ्गामुरिनृपाञ्चया ॥११॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

HEARING thus Sudeva's language, Rituparna, king of men, With a gentle voice and blandly, thus to Váhuka began: Where the princess Damayantí doth her Svayamvara hold, Skilled in horses! to Vidarbha, in one day I fain would go.' In these words the unknown Nala by his royal lord addressed, All his heart was torn with anguish, thus the lofty-minded thought-'Can she speak thus, Damayantí, thus with sorrow frantic act? Is't a stratagem thus subtly for my sake devised and plann'd? To desire this deed unholy is that holy princess driven, Wrong'd by me, her basest husband, miserable, mind-estranged! Fickle is the heart of woman, grievous too is my offence! Hence she thus might act ignobly in her exile, reft of friends, Soul-disturbed by my great sorrow, in the excess of her despair. No! she could not thus have acted, she with noble offspring blest. Where the truth, and where the falsehood, setting forth, I best shall judge, I the will of Rituparna, for my own sake, will obey.' Thus within his mind revolving, Váhuka, his wretched mind, With his folded hands addressed he Rituparna, king of men: 'I thy mandate will accomplish, I will go, O king of men, In a single day, O Rája, to Vidarbha's royal town.' Váhuka of all the coursers did a close inspection make, Entering in the royal stable by Bhángásuri's command.

स तर्यमाणी बहुण ऋतुपर्णेन वाहुकः।

श्रिष्ठान् जिञ्जासमानो वे विचार्य च पुनः पुनः॥१२॥

श्रिष्ठान् कृणान् अश्रान् समर्थान् श्रध्वनि श्रमान्।

तेजोबलसमायुक्तान् कुलणीलसमन्वितान्॥१३॥

वर्जिताँल् लश्लेण् हीनेः पृथुप्रोषान् महाहनून्।

शुड्डान् दणभिर् ञ्रावतेः सिन्धुजान् वातरंहसः॥१४॥

रृष्ट्वा तान् श्रव्रवीद् राजा किञ्चित् कोपसमन्वितः।

किम् इदं प्रार्थितं कर्तुं प्रलब्धव्या न ते वयं॥१५॥

कथम् श्रल्पवलप्राणा वस्यन्तीमे हया मम।

महद्धानम् श्रिप च गन्तव्यं कथम् ईदृशेः॥१६॥

वाहुक उवाच।

एको ललारे हो मूर्धि हो हो पार्श्वापपार्श्वयोः। हो हो वक्षमि विद्येगी प्रयाणे चैक एव तु॥१९॥ एते हया गमिष्यन्ति विद्भान् नाच संश्यः। यान् अन्यान् मन्यसे राजन् ब्रूहि तान् योजयामि ते॥१४॥

ऋतुपर्ण उवाच।

त्वम् एव हयतत्त्वज्ञः कुशलो ह्यसि वाहुक। यान् मन्यसे समर्थांस् त्वं क्षिप्रं तान् एव योजय॥१९॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

ततः सदश्वांश चतुरः कुलशीलसमन्वितान्। योजयामास कुशलो जवयुक्तान् रथे नलः॥२०॥ ततो युक्तं रथं राजा समारोहत् त्वरान्वितः। अथ पर्यपतन् भूमो जानुभिस् ते हयोत्तमाः॥२१॥ Ever urged by Rituparna, Váhuka, in horses skilled,

Long within himself debating which the fleetest steeds to choose,

He approached four slender coursers, fit and powerful for the road,

Blending mighty strength with fleetness, high in courage and in blood;

Free from all the well-known vices, broad of nostril, large of jaw;

With the ten good marks distinguished, bred in Sindhu, fleet as wind.

As he gazed upon those coursers spoke the king, almost in wrath:

'Is then thus fulfilled our mandate? think not to deceive us so.

How will these my coursers bear us, slight in strength and slightly breathed?

How can such a way be travelled, and so long, by steeds like these?'—

VÁHUKA spake:

'Two on th' head, one on the forchead, two and two on either flank—
Two, behold, the chest discloses, and upon the crupper one—
These the horses to Vidarbha that will bear us, doubt not thou;
Yet, if others thou preferest, speak, and I will yoke them straight.'

RITUPARNA spake:

'In the knowledge thou of horses, Váhuka, hast matchless skill; Whichso'er thou think'st the fittest harness thou without delay.'

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Then those four excelling horses, nobly bred, of courage high,

In their harness to the chariot did the skilful Nala yoke.—

To the chariot yoked as mounted in his eager haste the king,

To the earth those best of horses bowed their knees and stooped them down.

तती नरवरः श्रीमान् नलो राजा विशाम्पते। सान्वयामास तान् अश्वांस् तेजोबलसमन्वितान् ॥२२॥ रिमिभिश्व समुद्यम्य नली यातुम् इयेष सः। सूतम् आरोप वार्षोयं जवम् आस्थाय वै परं ॥२३॥ ते चोद्यमाना विधिवद् वाहुकेन हयोत्तमाः। समुत्पेतुर् ऋषाकाशं रियनं मोहयन् इव ॥२४॥ तथा तु दृष्ट्वा तान् अश्वान् वहती वातरंहसः। अयोध्याधिपतिः श्रीमान् विस्मयं परमं ययो ॥२५॥ रथघोषं तु तं श्रुत्वा हयसङ्ग्रहणञ्च तत्। वार्षोयश चिन्तयामास वाहुकस्य हयज्ञतां ॥२६॥ किं नु स्याद् मातिलर् अयं देवराजस्य सारिषः। तथा तल्लक्षणं वीरे वाहुके दृश्यते महत्॥२९॥ शालिहोनोऽय किं नुस्याद् धयानां कुलतत्त्ववित्। मानुषं समनुप्राप्तो वपुः पर्मशोभनं ॥२५॥ उताही स्विद् भवेद् राजा नलः परपुरञ्जयः। सोऽयं नृपतिर् आयात इत्येव समचिन्तयत् ॥२०॥ अथवा यां नलो वेद विद्यां ताम् एव वाहुकः। तुल्यं हि लक्ष्ये ज्ञानं वाहुकस्य नलस्य च ॥३०॥ अपिचेदं वयस् तुल्यं वाहुकस्य नलस्य च। नायं नलो महावीर्यम् तिडद्यश्च भविष्यति ॥३१॥ प्रक्रचा हि महात्मानश चरिना पृथिवीम् इमां। देवेन विधिना युक्ताः प्रच्छन्नाश्चापि रूपतः ॥३२॥ भवेतु मितभेदो मे गाचवैरूपतां प्रति। प्रमाणात् परिहीनस्तु भवेद् इति मतिर् मम ॥३३॥ वयःप्रमाणं तत् तुल्यं रूपेण तु विपर्ययः। नलं सर्वगुणेर् युक्तं मन्ये वाहुकम् अन्ततः ॥३४॥

Then the noblest of all heroes, Nala, with a soothing voice,

Spake unto those horses, gifted both with fleetness and with strength.

Up the reins when he had gathered he the charioteer bade mount

First, Várshņeya, skilled in driving, at full speed then set he forth.

Urged by Váhuka, those coursers, to the utmost of their speed, All at once in th' air sprung upward, as the driver to unseat. Then, as he beheld those horses bearing him as fleet as wind, Did the monarch of Ayodhyá in his silent wonder sit. When the rattling of the chariot, when the guiding of the reins, When of Váhuka the science saw he, thus Várshneya thought: 'Is it Mátali, the chariot of the king of heaven that drives? Lo, in Váhuka each virtue of that godlike charioteer! Is it Sálihotra, skilful in the breed, the strength of steeds, That hath ta'en a human body, thus all-glorious to behold? Is't, or can it be, king Nala, conqueror of his foemen's realms? Is the lord of men before us?' thus within himself he thought. 'If the skill possessed by Nala, Váhuka possesseth too, Lo, of Váhuka the knowledge and of Nala equal seems; And of Váhuka and Nala thus alike the age should be. If 'tis not the noble Nala it is one of equal skill. Mighty ones, disguised, are wandering in the precincts of this earth. They, divine by inborn nature, but in earthly forms concealed. His deformity of body that my judgment still confounds; Yet that proof alone is wanting, what shall then my judgment be? In their age they still are equal, though unlike that form misshaped, Nala gifted with all virtues, Váhuka I needs must deem.'

एवं विचार्य बहुशो वार्ष्णयः पर्यचित्तयत्। हृदयेन महाराज पुरायस्थोकस्य सारिषः ॥३५॥ ऋतुपर्णस्तु राजेन्द्रो वाहुकस्य हयज्ञतां। चित्तयन् मुमुदे राजा सहवार्ष्णयसारिषः ॥३६॥ ऐकाग्यञ्च तथोत्साहं हयसङ्गृहर्णे च तत्। परं यत्नञ्च सम्प्रेस्य परां मुदम् ऋवाप ह ॥३९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने नवदशः सर्गः ॥ १९॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

स नदीः पर्वतांश्वेव वनानि च सरांसि च।

श्रिचिरेणातिचकाम खेचरः खे चरच् इव॥१॥

तथा प्रयाते तु रथे तदा भाङ्गासुरिर् नृपः।

उत्तरीयम् श्रधोऽपश्यद् अष्टं परपुरञ्जयः॥२॥

ततः स त्ररमाणस्तु पटे निपतिते तदा।

यहीष्यामीति तं राजा नलम् श्राह महामनाः॥३॥

निगृह्णीष्म महाबुद्धे हयान् एतान् महाजवान्।

वार्णीयो यावद् एतं मे पटम् श्रानयताम् इह॥४॥

नलम् तं प्रत्युवाचाय दूरे अष्टः पटम् तव।

योजनं समतिकान्तो नाहर्तुं शक्यते पुनः॥५॥

एवम् उक्तो नलेनाय तदा भाङ्गासुरिर् नृपः।

श्राससाद वने राजन् फलवन्तं विभीतकं॥६॥

तं दृष्ट्वा वाहुकं राजा त्ररमाणोऽभ्यभाषत।

ममापि सूत पश्य त्रं सङ्खाने परमं बलं॥९॥

Thus the charioteer Várshņeya sate debating in his mind;

Much, and much again he pondered, in the silence of his thought.

But the royal Rituparņa, Váhuka's surpassing skill,

With the charioteer Várshņeya, sat admiring, and rejoiced.

In the guiding of the coursers his attentive hand be watched,

Wondered at his skill consummate, in consummate joy himself.

END OF BOOK XIX.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Over rivers, over mountains, through the forests, over lakes, Fleetly passed they, rapid gliding, like a bird along the air. As the chariot swiftly travelled, lo, Bhángásuri the king Saw his upper garment fallen from the lofty chariot-seat; Though in urgent haste, no sooner he his fallen mantle saw Than the king exclaimed to Nala, 'Pause, and let us take it up: Check, an instant, mighty-minded! check thy fiery-footed steeds, While Várshņeya, swift dismounting, bears me back my fallen robe.' Nala answered, 'Far behind us doth thy fallen garment lie; Five miles, lo, it lies behind us, turn we not, to gain it, back.' Answered thus by noble Nala, then Bhángásuri the king Bowed with fruit, within the forest, saw a tall Vibhítak-tree: Gazing on that tree, the Rája spake to Váhuka in haste, 'Now, O charioteer, in numbers thou shalt see my passing skill.

सर्वः सर्वे न जानाति सर्वज्ञो नास्ति कश्चन। नैकच परिणिष्ठाऽस्ति ज्ञानस्य पुरुषे कचित्॥ ।।। वृक्षेऽस्मिन् यानि पर्णानि फलान्यपि च वाहुक। पतितान्यपि यान्यच तचेकम् अधिकं शतं ॥ ९॥ एकम् अवाधिकं पवं फलम् एकच वाहुक। पञ्चकोट्योऽय पचाणां हयोर् ऋपि च शाखयोः ॥१०॥ प्रचिनुह्यस्य शासे वे याश्वापन्याः प्रशासिकाः। आभ्यां फलसहस्रे हे पञ्चोनं शतम् एव च ॥ ११॥ ततो रथम् अवस्थाय राजानं वाहुकोऽव्रवीत्। परोक्षम इव मे राजन् कत्यसे शनुकर्षण ॥ १२॥ प्रत्यक्षम् एतत् कर्तास्मि शातियता विभीतकं। अयाच गिएते राजन् विद्यते न परोक्षता ॥ १३॥ प्रत्यक्षं ते महाराज शातियथे विभीतकं। ऋहं हि नाभिजानामि भवेद् एवं न वेति च ॥ १४॥ सङ्ख्यास्यामि फलान्यस्य पश्यतम् ते जनाधिप। मुहूर्तम् अपि वार्णोयो रश्मीन् यळतु वाजिनां ॥१५॥ तम् अववीन् नृपः सूतं नायं कालो विलम्बितं। वाहुकस् त्वववीद् एनं परं यत्नं समास्थितः ॥ १६॥ प्रतीक्षस्व मुहूर्ते तम् अथवा तरते भवान्। एष याति शिवः पन्था याहि वार्षोयसार्थिः ॥ १९॥ अववीद् ऋतुपर्णस्तु सान्वयन् कुरुनन्दन। त्वम् इव यन्ता नान्योऽस्ति पृथियाम् अपि वाहुक ॥ १६॥ लकृते यातुम् इच्छामि विद्भीन् हयकोविद । शरणं तां प्रपन्नोऽस्मिन विद्यं कर्तुम् अर्हसि॥१९॥ कामञ्च ते करिष्यामि यन् मां वस्यसि वाहुक। विदर्भान् यदि यात्वाद्य सूर्ये दर्शियतासि मे ॥२०॥

Each one knows not every science, none there is who all things knows: Perfect skill in every knowledge in one mind there may not be. Of the leaves on yonder fruit-tree, Váhuka, and of the fruits, Would'st thou know how many are fallen? one above a hundred, there. One leaf here above a hundred, and one fruit, O Váhuka! And of leaves are five ten millions hanging on those branches two. Those two branches if thou gather, and the twigs that on them grow, On those two are fruits two thousand and a hundred, less by five.' Then, when he had check'd the chariot, answered Váhuka the king, 'What thou speakest, to mine eyesight all invisible appears; Visible I'll make it, cleaving yonder tall Vibhitak-tree; Then, when I have strictly numbered, I mistrust mine eyes no more. In thy presence, mighty monarch, I will sever yonder branch; Whether it may be, or may not, this not done, I cannot know; I will number, thou beholding, all its fruits, O king of men, But an instant let Várshneya hold the bridles of the steeds.' To the charioteer the Raja answered, 'Time is none to stay.' Váhuka replied, all eager his own purpose to fulfil, 'Either stay thou here an instant, or go onward in thy speed, With the charioteer Várshneya go, for straight the road before.' Answered him king Rituparna with a bland and soothing voice: 'Charioteer! on earth thine equal, Váhuka, there may not be; By thy guidance, skilled in horses! to Vidarbha I would go: I in thee have placed reliance, interrupt not then our course: Willingly will I obey thee, Váhuka, in what thou ask'st, If this day we reach Vidarbha ere the sun hath sunk in night.'

अयात्रवोद् वाहुकम् तं सङ्ख्याय च विभीतकं। ततो विदर्भान् यास्यामि कुरुष्वैवं वचो मम ॥२१॥ अकाम इव तं राजा गणयस्वेत्युवाच ह। एकदेशञ्च शाखायाः समादिष्टं मयाऽनघ ॥२२॥ गणयस्वास्य तत्त्वज्ञ ततस् लं प्रीतिम् आवह। सोऽवतीर्य रथात् तूर्णे शातयामास तं दुमं ॥२३॥ ततः स विस्मयाविष्टो राजानम् इदम् अववीत्। गण्यित्वा यथोक्तानि तावन्येव फलानि च ॥२४॥ अत्यद्गतम् इदं राजन् दृष्टवान् अस्मि ते बलं। श्रोतुम् इच्छामि तां विद्यां ययेतज् ज्ञायते नृप ॥२५॥ तम् उवाच ततो राजा लिरितो गमने नृपः। विद्यक्षहृदयज्ञं मां सङ्घाने च विशारदं ॥ २६॥ वाहुकस् तम् उवाचाय देहि विद्याम् इमां मम। मत्तोऽपि चाश्वहृदयं गृहाण पुरुषर्षभ ॥२९॥ ऋतुपर्णस् ततो राजा वाहुकं कार्यगौरवात्। हयज्ञानस्य लोभाच तथेत्येवाबवीद् वचः ॥२६॥ यथोक्तं त्वं गृहाणेदम् ऋक्षाणां हृदयं परं। निक्षेपो मेऽश्वहृदयं त्विय तिष्ठति वाहुक ॥२०॥ एवम् उक्का ददी विद्याम् ऋतुपर्णो नलाय वै। तस्याद्यहृदयज्ञस्य शरीराद् निःमृतः किलः। कर्कोटकविषं तीक्ष्णं मुखात् सततम् उद्यमन् ॥३०॥ कलेस् तस्य तदार्तस्य शापाग्निः स विनिःसृतः। स तेन कर्षितो राजा दौर्घकालम् अनात्मवान् ॥३१॥ ततो विषविमुक्तात्मा स्वं रूपम् अकरोत् कितः। तं शप्तुम् एेळ्त् कुपितो निषधाधिपतिर् नलः ॥३२॥ तम् उवाच कलिए भीतो वेपमानः कृताञ्चलिः।

Váhuka replied, 'No sooner have I numbered yonder fruits, To Vidarbha will I hasten, grant me then my prayer, O king.' Then the Rája, all reluctant, 'Stay then, and begin to count; Of one branch one part, O blameless, that one designated part, Man of truth, begin to number, and make glad thine inmost soul.' From the chariot quick alighting Nala tore the branch away. Then, his soul possess'd with wonder, to the Raja thus he said; 'Having counted, as thou saidest, even so many fruits there are, Marvellous thy power, O monarch, by mine eyes beheld and proved, Of that wonder-working science fain the secret would I hear.' Then the Rája spake in answer, eager to pursue his way, "I of dice possess the science, and in numbers thus am skilled." Váhuka replied, 'That science if to me thou wilt impart, In return, O king, receive thou my surpassing skill in steeds.' Then the Rája Rituparna, by his pressing need induced, Eager for that skill in horses, 'Be it so,' thus 'gan to say; 'Well, O Váhuka, thou speakest, thou my skill in dice receive, And of steeds thy wondrous knowledge be to me a meet return.' Rituparņa all his science, saying this, to Nala gave. Soon as he in dice grew skilful, Kali from his body passed, All Karkotaka's foul poison vomiting from out his mouth. Straight from forth his tortured body issued Kali's fiery curse. Nala, wasted by that conflict, came not instant to himself. But, released from that dread venom, Kali his own form resumed: And Nishadha's monarch, Nala, fain would curse him in his ire. Him addressed th' affrighted Kali, trembling, and with folded hands:

कीपं संयच्छ नृपते कीर्ति दास्यामि ते परां ॥३३॥ इन्द्रसेनस्य जननी कुपिता माऽशपत् पुरा। यदा त्या परित्यक्ता ततोऽहं भृशपीडितः ॥३४॥ अवसं त्वयि राजेन्द्र सुदुः खम् अपराजित । विषेण नागराजस्य दह्यमानी दिवानिशं ॥३५॥ शरणं तां प्रपन्नोऽस्मि शृणु चेदं वची मम। ये च त्वां मनुजा लोके कीर्तिययन्यतिन्द्रताः ॥३६॥ मत्प्रसूतं भयं तेषां न कदाचिद् भविषति। भयार्ते शरणं यातं यदि मां तं न शप्त्यसे ॥३९॥ एवम् उक्तो नली राजा न्ययछत् कोपम् आत्मनः। ततो भीतः कलिः खिप्रं प्रविवेश विभीतकं ॥३६॥ कलिस् वन्येन नादृश्यत् कथयन् नैषधेन वै। तती गतज्वरो राजा नैषधः परवीरहा ॥३९॥ सम्प्रणष्टे कलौ राजन् सङ्घाय च फलान्युत। मुदा परमया युक्तस् तेजसाऽथ परेण च ॥४०॥ रथम् आरुह्य तेजस्वी प्रययो जवनेर् हयैः। विभीतकश्वाप्रशस्तः संवृत्तः कलिसंश्रयात् ॥४१॥ हयोत्तमान् उत्पततो द्विजान् इव पुनः पुनः। नलः सञ्चोदयामास प्रहृष्टेनान्तरात्मना ॥४२॥ विद्रभाभिमुखो राजा प्रययौ स महायशाः। नले तु समितकानो कलिए अपगमद् गृहं ॥४३॥ ततो गतज्वरो राजा नलोऽभूत् पृथिवीपतिः। विमुक्तः कलिना राजन् रूपमात्रवियोजितः ॥ ४४॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने विंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२०॥

'Lord of men, restrain thine anger, I will give thee matchless fame; Indrasena's wrathful mother laid on me her fatal curse, When by thee she was deserted, since that time, O king of men, I have dwelt in thee in anguish, in the ecstacy of pain. By the King of Serpents' poison I have burned by day, by night: To thy mercy now for refuge flee I, hear my speech, O king: Wheresoe'er men, unforgetful, through the world shall laud thy name, Shall the awful dread of Kali never in their soul abide. If thou wilt not curse me, trembling, and to thee for refuge fled.' Thus addressed, the royal Nala all his rising wrath suppressed, And the fearful Kali entered in the cloven Vibhitak-tree: To no eyes but those of Nala visible, had Kali spoken. Then the monarch of Nishadha, from his inward fever freed, When away had vanished Kali, when the fruits he had numbered all, Triumphing in joy unwonted, blazing in his splendour forth, Proudly mounting on the chariot, onward urged the rapid steeds. But that tree by Kali entered since that time stands are accursed. Those fleet horses, forward flying, like to birds, again, again, All his soul elate with transport, Nala swifter, swifter drove; With his face towards Vidarbha rode the Rája in his pride: And when forward Nala journeyed, Kali to his home returned. So released from all his sufferings Nala went, the king of men, Dispossessed by Kali, wanting only now his proper form.

END OF BOOK XX.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

ततो विदर्भान् सम्प्राप्तं सायाहे सत्यविक्रमं।

च्छतुपणे जना राज्ञे भीमाय प्रत्यवेदयन्॥१॥

स भीमवचनाद् राजा कुिंग प्राविशत् पुरं।

नादयन् रथघोषेण सर्वाः सिविदिशो दिशः॥१॥

ततस् तं रथिनिर्घोषं नलाश्वास् तच ग्रुश्रुवुः।

श्रुत्वा तु समाहृष्यन्त पुरेव नलसिद्धिौ ॥३॥

दमयनी तु श्रुश्राव रथघोषं नलस्य तं।

यथा मेघस्य नदतो गम्भीरं जलदागमे ॥४॥

परं विस्मयम् श्रापचा श्रुत्वा नादम् महास्वनं।

नलेन सङ्गृहीतेषु पुरेव नलवाजिषु॥५॥

सदृशं हयनिर्घोषं मेने भेमी तथा हयाः।

प्रासादस्थाश्र शिखिनः शालास्थाश्रेव वारणाः।

हयाश्र श्रुश्रुवस् तस्य रथघोषं महीपतेः॥६॥

ते श्रुत्वा रथिनिर्घोषं वारणाः शिखिनस् तथा।

प्रणेदुर् उन्मुखा राजन् मेघनाद इवोत्सुकाः॥९॥

दमयन्युवाच।

यथाऽसी रथनिर्घाषः पूरयब् इव मेदिनीं।
ममाह्नादयते चेतो नल एष महीपतिः॥६॥
ऋद्य चन्द्राभवक्तं तं न पश्यामि नलं यदि।
ऋसङ्क्षेयगुणं वीरं विनंध्यामि न संश्यः॥९॥
यदि चेतस्य वीरस्य बाह्रोर् नाद्याहम् अन्तरं।
प्रविशामि मुखस्पर्शे न भविष्याम्यसंश्यं॥१०॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

With the evening in Vidarbha, men at watch, as they drew near, Mighty Rituparṇa's coming, to king Bhíma did proclaim.

Then that king, by Bhíma's mandate, entered in Kuṇḍina's walls, All the region round him echoing with the thunders of his car.

But the echoing of that chariot when king Nala's horses heard,

In their joy they neighed and trampled, even as Nala's self were there.

Damayantí, too, the rushing of king Nala's chariot heard,

As a cloud that hoarsely thunders at the coming of the rains.

All her heart was thrilled with wonder at that old familiar sound.

On they seemed to come, as Nala drove of yore his trampling steeds:

Like it seemed to Bhíma's daughter, and e'en so to Nala's steeds.

On the palace-roofs the peacocks, th' elephants within their stalls,

And the horses heard the rolling of the mighty monarch's car.

Elephants and peacocks hearing the fleet chariot rattling on,

Up they raised their necks and clamoured, as at sound of coming rain.

DAMAYANTÍ spake:

'How the rolling of yon chariot, filling, as it seems, the earth,

Thrills my soul with unknown transport! it is Nala, king of men.

If this day I see not Nala with his glowing moonlike face,

Him, the king with countless virtues, I shall perish without doubt.

If this day within th' embraces of that hero's clasping arms,

I his gentle pressure feel not, without doubt I shall not live.

यदि मां मेघनिघोषी नीपगळति नैषधः। अद्य चामीकरप्रख्यं प्रवेख्यामि हुताशनं ॥११॥ यदि मां सिंहविकान्तो मत्तवारणविकमः। नाभिगच्छित राजेन्द्रो विनंख्यामि न संश्यः ॥१२॥ न समराम्यनृतं किञ्चिन् न समराम्यपकारतां। न च पर्युषितं वाक्यं स्वैरेष्वपि कदाचन ॥ १३॥ प्रभुः स्मावान् वीरश्व दाता चाभ्यधिको नृपैः। रहोऽनीचानुवर्ती च क्रीववद् मम नैषधः ॥ १४॥ गुणांस् तस्य समरन्या मे तत्पराया दिवानिशं। हृदयं दीर्यंत इदं शोकात् प्रियविनाकृतं ॥ १५॥ एवं विलपमाना सा नष्टसञ्ज्ञेव भारत। आहरोह महद् वेश्म पुर्यञ्चोकदिदृश्चया ॥ १६॥ ततो मध्यमकस्यायां ददर्श रथम् आस्थितं। ऋतुपर्णे महीपालं सहवार्षोयवाहुकं ॥ १९॥ ततोऽवतीर्य वार्ष्णयो वाहुकश्व रथोत्तमात्। हयांस् तान् अवमुच्याय स्थापयामास् वै रथं ॥१६॥ सोऽवतीर्य रथोपस्थाद् ऋतुपर्णो नराधिपः। उपतस्थे महाराजं भीमं भीमपराक्रमं ॥१९॥ तं भीमः प्रतिजयाह पूजया परया ततः। अकस्मात् सहसा प्राप्तं स्वीमन्तं न स्म विन्दति ॥२०॥ किं कार्ये स्वागतं तेऽस्तु राज्ञा पृष्टः स भारत। नाभिजज्ञे स नृपतिर् दुहिचर्थे समागतं ॥२१॥ ऋतुपर्णोऽपि राजा स धीमान् सत्यपराक्रमः। राजानं राजपुचं वा न सम पश्यित कच्चन ॥२२॥ नैव स्वयंवरक्यां न च विप्रसमागमं। ततो विगणयन् राजा मनसा कोशलाधिपः ॥२३॥

If Nishadha's monarch comes not, with the sound of thunder-cloud, I this day the fire will enter, burning like the hue of gold. In his might like the strong lion, like the raging elephant, Comes he not, the prince of princes, I shall perish without doubt. Not a falsehood I remember, I remember no offence; Not an idle word remember, in his noble converse free. Lofty, patient, like a hero, liberal beyond all kings, Nought ignoble, as the base-born, even in private, may he do. As I think upon his virtues, as I think by day, by night, All this heart is rent with anguish, widowed of its own beloved.' Thus lamenting, she ascended, as with frenzied mind possessed, To the lofty mansion's summit to behold the king of men. In the middle court high seated in the car, the lord of earth, Rituparna with Várshneya and with Váhuka she saw, When Várshneya from that chariot, and when Váhuka came down, He let loose those noble coursers, and he stopped the glowing car. From that chariot-seat descended Rituparna, king of men, To the noble monarch Bhima he drew near, for strength renowned. Him received with highest honour Bhíma, for without due cause Deemed not he the Rája's visit, nor divined his daughter's plot; 'Wherefore com'st thou? hail and welcome!' thus that gracious king enquires; For his daughter's sake he knew not that the lord of men had come. But the Rája Rituparna, great in wisdom as in might, When nor king within the palace, nor king's son he could behold, Nor of Svayamvara heard he, nor assembled Bráhmans saw, Thus within his mind deep pondering spoke of Kośala the lord;

ञ्चागतोऽस्मीत्युवाचेनं भवनाम् अभिवादकः। राजापि च समयन् भीमो मनसा समचिन्तयत् ॥२४॥ अधिकं योजनशतं तस्यागमनकारणं। यामान् बहून् ऋतिक्रम्य नाध्यगच्छद् यथातथं ॥२५॥ अल्पकार्य विनिर्दिष्टं तस्यागमनकारणं। पश्चाद् उदर्के ज्ञास्यामि कारणं यद् भविष्यति ॥२६॥ नैतद् एवं स नृपतिस् तं सत्कृत्य व्यसर्जयत्। विश्राम्यताम् इत्युवाच क्वान्तोऽसीति पुनः पुनः ॥२७॥ स सत्कृतः प्रहृष्टात्मा प्रीतः प्रीतेन पार्थिवः। राजप्रेष्येर् अनुगती दिष्टं वेश्म समाविशत् ॥ २५॥ ऋतुपर्णे गते राजन् वार्ष्णियसहिते नृपे। वाहुको रथम् आदाय रथशालाम् उपागमत् ॥ २०॥ स मोचियता तान् अश्वान् उपचर्य च शास्त्रतः। स्वयं चैतान् समाश्वास्य रथोपस्य उपाविशत् ॥३०॥ दमयन्ती तु शोकाती दृष्ट्वा भाङ्गासुरिं नृपं। सूतपुचच वार्णीयं वाहुकच तथाविधं ॥३१॥ चिन्तयामास वैदर्भी कस्यैष रथनिस्वनः। नलस्येव महान् आसीन् न च पश्यामि नैषधं ॥३२॥ वार्णियेन भवेन् नूनं विद्या सेवोपशिक्षिता। तेनाद्य रथनिर्घोषो नलस्येव महान् अभूत्॥३३॥ आहोस्विद् ऋतुपर्णोऽपि यथा राजा नलस् तथा। तथाऽयं रथनिर्घोषो नैषधस्येव लख्यते ॥३४॥ एवं सा तर्कयित्वा तु दमयन्ती विशाम्पते। दूतीं प्रस्थापयामास नैषधान्वेषणे गुभा ॥३५॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने एकविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२१॥

'Hither, O majestic Bhíma, to salute thee am I come.'

But king Bhíma smiled in secret, as he thought within his mind
On the object of this journey of a hundred Yojanas.

'Passing through so many cities for this cause he set not forth;
For this cause of little moment to our court he hath not come,
'Tis not so;—perchance hereafter I may know his journey's aim.'
After royal entertainment then the king his guest dismissed:

'Take then thy repose,' thus said he, 'weary of thy journey, rest.'
He refreshed, with courteous homage of that courteous king took leave,
Ushered by the royal servants to th' appointed chamber went:
There retired king Rituparna, with Várshneya in his suite.

Váhuka, meantime, the chariot to the chariot-house had led,

There the coursers he unharnessed, skilfully he dressed them there,

And with gentle words caressed them, on the chariot-seat sat down.

But the woful Damayantí, when Bhángásuri she'd seen,
And the charioteer Várshņeya, and the seeming Váhuka,
Thought within Vidarbha's princess, 'Whose was that fleet chariot's sound?
Such it seems as noble Nala's, yet no Nala do I see.
Hath the charioteer Várshņeya Nala's noble science learned?
Therefore did the thundering chariot sound as driven by Nala's self?
Or may royal Rituparņa like the skilful Nala drive?
Therefore did the rolling chariot seem as of Nishadha's king?'
Thus when Damayantí pondered in the silence of her soul,
She, the beauteous, sent her handmaid to that king her messenger.

END OF BOOK XXI.

दमयन्युवाच।

गळ केशिनि जानीहि क एष रथवाहकः।
उपविष्टी रथोपस्थे विकृती हस्वबाहुकः॥१॥
अभ्येत्य कुशलं भद्रे मृदुपूर्व समाहिता।
पृछेषाः पुरुषं द्येनं यथातत्त्वम् अनिन्दिते॥१॥
अच मे महती शङ्का भवेद् एष नली नृपः।
यथा च मनसस् तृष्टिर् हृदयस्य च निर्वृतिः॥३॥
ब्रूयाश्चेनं कथाने तं पर्णादवचनं यथा।
प्रतिवाक्यच्च सुश्रोणि बुध्येथास् तम् अनिन्दिते॥४॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

ततः समाहिता गत्वा दूती वाहुकम् अववीत्। दमयन्यपि कल्याणी प्रासादस्था ह्युपेश्चत ॥५॥

केशिन्युवाच।

स्वागतं ते मनुष्येन्द्र कुशलं ते ब्रवीम्यहं। दमयन्या वचः साधु निबीध पुरुषर्षभ ॥६॥ कदा वै प्रस्थिता यूयं किमर्थम् इह चागताः। तत् तम् ब्रूहि यथान्यायं वैदर्भी श्रोतुम् इन्छति॥७॥

वाहुक उवाच।

श्रुतः स्वयंवरो राज्ञा कीशलेन महात्मना। वितीयो दमयन्या वै भविता श्र इति विजात्॥ ৮॥

DAMAYANTÍ spake:

'Speed thee, Keśiní, enquire thou who is yonder charioteer,
On the chariot-seat reposing, all deformed, with arms so short?
Blessed maid, approach, and courteous open thou thy bland discourse:
Undespis'd! ask thou thy question, and the truth let him reply.
Much and sorely do I doubt me, whether Nala it may be,
As my bosom's rapture augurs, as the gladness of my heart.
Speak thou, ere thou close the converse, even as good Parṇáda spake,
And his answer, slender-waisted, undespis'd! remember thou.'

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Then to Váhuka departing went that zealous messenger,

On the lofty palace-terrace Damayantí sat and gazed.

KEŚINÍ spake:

'Happy omen mark thy coming, I salute thee, king of men:

Of the princess Damayantí hear, O lord of men, the speech:

"From what region came ye hither? with what purpose are ye come?"

Answer thou, as may be eem you, so Vidarbha's princess wills.'

VÁHUKA spake:

'Soon a second Svayamvara, heard the king of Kośala,

Damayantí holds: to-morrow will it be, the Bráhman said:

श्रुतितत् प्रस्थितो राजा शतयोजनयायिभिः। हयेर् वातजवेर् मुख्येर् अहम् अस्य च सारिषः॥९॥

केशिन्युवाच।

अथ योऽसी तृतीयो वः स कुतः कस्य वा पुनः। तञ्च कस्य कथञ्चेदं त्विय कर्म समाहितं॥१०॥

वाहुक उवाच।

पुर्यश्चोकस्य वै सूती वार्णेय इति विश्वतः। स नले प्रदुते भद्रे भाङ्गासुरिम् उपस्थितः॥११॥ श्चहम् अपश्वकुश्लः सूतते च प्रतिष्ठितः। श्वतुपर्णेन सारथ्ये भोजने च वृतः स्वयं॥१२॥

केशिन्युवाच।

अथ जानाति वार्णोयः क नुराजा नली गतः। कथन्व विय चैतेन कथितं स्यात् तु वाहुक ॥ १३॥

वाहुक उवाच।

इहैव पुनौ निश्चिष नलस्याशुभकर्मणः।
गतम् ततो यथाकामं नैष जानाति नैषधं॥१४॥
न चान्यः पुरुषः कश्चिन् नलं वेत्ति यशस्विनि।
गूढश् चरित लोकेऽस्मिन् नष्टकृपो महीपितः॥१५॥
श्चात्मेव तु नलं वेत्ति या चास्य तदनन्तरा।
न हि वै स्वानि लिङ्गानि नलः शंसित किहैचित्॥१६॥

केशिन्युवाच।

योऽसाव् अयोध्यां प्रथमं गतवान् ब्राह्मणस् तदा। इमानि नारीवाक्यानि कथयानः पुनः पुनः ॥ १९॥ Hearing this, with fleetest coursers, that a hundred Yojans speed, Set he forth, the wind less rapid, and his charioteer am I.'

KEŚINÍ spake:

'Who the third that journeys with you? who is he, and what his race? Of what race art thou? this office wherefore dost thou undertake?'

Váника spake:

'Tis the far-renowned Várshņeya, Puṇyaśloka's charioteer:
He, when Nala fled, fair lady! to Bhángásuri retired.
Skilful I in taming horses, and a famous charioteer.
Rituparṇa's chosen driver, dresser of his food am I.'

KEŚINÍ spake:

'Knows the charioteer Várshņeya whither royal Nala went?

Of his fortune hath he told thee? Váhuka, what hath he said?'

Váника spake:

'He of the unhappy Nala safe the children borne away,

Wheresoe'er he would departed, of king Nala knows he nought:

Nothing of Nishadha's Rája, fair one! living man doth know.

Through the world, concealed, he wanders, having lost his proper form.

Only Nala's self of Nala knows, and his own inward soul,

Of himself to living mortal Nala will no sign betray.'

Keśiní spake:

'He that to Ayodhyá's city went, the holy Bráhman first,
Of his faithful wife these sayings uttered once and once again:

क नु तं कितव छिद्धा वस्तार्ध प्रस्थितो मम।

उत्मृज्य विपिने मुप्ताम् अनुरक्तां प्रियां प्रिय ॥१६॥

सा वै यथा समादिष्टा तथास्ते त्वत्यतीिक्षणी।

दद्यमाना दिवाराचं वस्तार्धेनाभिसंवृता॥१९॥

तस्या रुद्व्याः सततं तेन दुःखेन पार्थिव।

प्रसादं कुरु वै वीर प्रतिवाक्यं वदस्व च॥२०॥

तस्यास् तत् प्रियम् आख्यानं प्रवदस्व महामते।

तद् एव वाक्यं वैदर्भी श्रोतुम् इद्धत्यनिन्दिता॥२१॥

एतच् छुत्वा प्रतिवचस् तस्य दत्तं त्वया किलः।

यत् पुरा तत् पुनस् तत्तो वैदर्भी श्रोतुम् इद्धति॥२२॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवम् उक्तस्य केशिन्या नलस्य कुरुनन्दन।
हृदयं व्यथितज्वासीद् अश्रुपूर्णं च लोचने ॥२३॥
स निगृह्यात्मनो दुःखं दह्यमानो महीपतिः।
वाष्पसन्दिग्धया वाचा पुनर् एवेदम् अववीत्॥२४॥

वाहुक उवाच।

वैषम्यमिष सम्प्राप्ता गोषायिन कुलिस्त्रियः।

श्रात्मानम् श्रात्मना सत्यो जितस्वर्गा न संश्रयः॥२५॥

रिहता भर्नृभिश्वाषि न कुध्यिन्त कदाचन।

प्राणांश्र चारिचकवचान् धारयिन्त वरस्त्रियः॥२६॥

विषमस्थेन मूढेन परिभ्रष्टमुखेन च।

यत् सा तेन परित्यक्ता तच न कोडुम् अर्हति॥२९॥

प्राणयाचां परिप्रेप्तोः शकुनैर् हतवाससः।

श्राधिभिर् दह्यमानस्य श्रामा न कोडुम् अर्हति॥२६॥

"Whither went'st thou then, O gamester, half my garment severing off;
Leaving in the forest sleeping, all forsaken, thy belov'd?

Even as thou commanded'st, sits she, sadly waiting thy return,

Day and night, consumed with sorrow, in her scant half-garment clad.

Oh! to her for ever weeping, in the extreme of her distress,

Grant thy pity, noble hero, answer to her earnest prayer."

Speak again the words thou uttered'st, words of comfort to her soul,

The renowned Vidarbha's princess fain that speech would hear again,

When the Bráhman thus had spoken, what thou answered'st back to him,

That again Vidarbha's princess in the self-same words would hear.'

VRIHADASVA spake:

Of king Nala, in such language by fair Keśiní addressed,

All the heart was wrung with sorrow, and the eyes o'erflowed with tears.

But his anguish still suppressing, inly though consumed, the king,

With a voice half-choked with weeping, thus repeated his reply.

Váника spake:

'Even in the extreme of misery, noble women still preserve

Over their ownselves the mastery, by their virtues winning heaven;

By their faithless lords abandoned, anger feel they not, e'en then;

In the breastplate of their virtue, noble women live unharmed.

By the wretched, by the senseless, by the lost to every joy,

She by such a lord forsaken to resentment will not yield.

Against him, his sustenance seeking, of his robe by birds despoiled,

Him consumed with utmost misery, still no wrath the fair one feels;

सत्कृता ऽसत्कृता वाऽपि पतिं दृष्ट्वा तथागतं।
भष्टराज्यं श्रिया हीनं श्रुधितं व्यसनाञ्चतं ॥२०॥
एवं ब्रुवाणस् तद् वाक्यं नलः परमदुःखितः।
न वाष्पम् अशकत् सोढुं प्रस्रोदाथ भारत ॥३०॥
ततः सा केशिनो गला दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत्।
तत् सर्वे कथितञ्चेव विकारञ्चेव तस्य तं॥३०॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने हाविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२२॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयनी तृ तच् छुता भृशं शोकपरायणा।
शङ्कमाना नलं तं वे केशिनीम् इदम् अववीत्॥१॥
गच्छ केशिनि भूयस् तं परीक्षां कुरु वाहुके।
अववाणा समीपस्या चिरतान्यस्य लक्ष्य॥२॥
यदा च किज्वित् कुर्यात् स कारणं तच भाविनि।
तच सच्चेष्टमानस्य लक्ष्यन्ती विचेष्टितं॥३॥
न चास्य प्रतिबन्धेन देयोऽग्निर् अपि केशिनि।
याचते न जलं देयं सर्वथा तरमाण्या॥४॥
एतत् सर्वं समीष्ट्य तं चिरतं मे निवेदय।
निमित्तं यत् त्या दृष्टं वाहुके दैवमानुषं।
यचान्यदिप पश्येथास् तचाय्येयं त्या मम॥॥॥
दमयन्येवम् उक्ता सा जगामाथ च केशिनी।
निशम्याथ हयज्ञस्य लिङ्गानि पुनर् आगमत्॥६॥
सा तत् सर्वं यथावृत्तं दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत्।
निमित्तं यत् तया दृष्टं वाहुके दिव्यमानुषं॥॥॥

Treated well, or ill-entreated, when her husband thus she sees Spoiled of bliss, bereft of kingdom, famine-wasted, worn with woe.' In these words as spake king Nala in the anguish of his heart, Could he not refrain from weeping, his unwilling tears burst forth. Then fair Keśini departing, told to Damayanti all, All that Váhuka had spoken, all th' emotion he betrayed.

END OF BOOK XXII.

VRIHADASVA spake:

HEARING this, fair Damayantí, all abandoned to her grief, Thinking still that he was Nala, spake to Keśini again: 'Go, O Keśini, examine Váhuka and all his acts, Silent take thy stand beside him, and observe whate'er he does; And when any act soever, virtuous maiden! he may do, Closely watching all his movements, mark the bearing of the man. Nor, fair Keśini, be given him fire his labours to assist: Neither be there given him water, in thy haste, at his demand: All, when thou hast well observed him, every act to me repeat, Every act, divine or mortal, that in Váhuka appears; And whatever else thou seest, be it straightway told to me.' Thus addressed by Damayantí Keśini again set forth; Of the tamer of the horses every act observed, came back; Every act as she had seen it she to Damayantí told: Each divine or mortal wonder that in Váhuka appeared.

केशिन्युवाच।

दृढं शुच्युपचारीऽसौ न मया मानुषः क्वचित्। दृष्टपूर्वः श्रुतो वापि दमयन्ति तथाविधः ॥ ७॥ ह्स्वम् आसाद्य सञ्चारं नासौ विनमते क्वचित्। तं तु दृष्ट्वा यथासङ्गम् उत्सर्पति यथासुखं ॥९॥ ऋतुपर्णस्य चार्थाय भोजनीयम् अनेकशः। प्रेषितं तच राज्ञा तु मांसं बहु च पाशवं ॥ १०॥ तस्य प्रक्षालनार्थाय कुम्भास् तचीपकल्पिताः। ते तेनावेशिताः कुम्भाः पूर्णा एवाभवंस् ततः ॥११॥ ततः प्रशालनं कृता समधित्रित्य वाहुकः। नृणमुष्टिं समादाय सवितुस् तं समाद्धत् ॥ १२॥ अथ प्रज्वितम् तच सहसा हव्यवाहनः। तद् अज्ञतनमं दृष्ट्वा विस्मिताऽहम् इहागता ॥१३॥ अन्यच तस्मिन् मुमहद् आश्वर्ये लिक्षितं मया। यद् अग्निम् अपि संस्पृश्य नैवासी दह्यते शुभे ॥ १४॥ छन्देन चोदकं तस्य वहत्यावर्जितं दूतं। अतीव चान्यत् सुमहद् आश्वर्ये दृष्टवत्यहं ॥ १५॥ यत् स पुष्पारायुपादाय हस्ताभ्यां ममृदे शनैः। मृद्यमानानि पाणिभ्यां तेन पुष्पाणि तान्यथ ॥ १६॥ भूय एव सुगन्धीनि हृषितानि भवन्ति हि। एतान्यझुतलिङ्गानि दृष्ट्वाऽहं दुतम् आगता ॥१९॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयनी तु तच् छुता पुरायश्चीकस्य चेष्टितं। अमन्यत नलं प्राप्तं कर्मचेष्टाभिसूचितं॥१५॥ सा शङ्कमाना भर्तारं नलं वाहुकहृपिर्णं।

KEŚINÍ spake:

'Very holy is he, never mortal man in all my life Have I seen, or have I heard of, Damayantí, like to him. He drew near the lowly entrance, bowed not down his stately head; On the instant, as it saw him, up th' expanding portal rose. For the use of Rituparna much and various viands came; Sent, as meet, by royal Bhíma, and abundant animal food. These to cleanse, with meet ablution, were capacious vessels set; As he looked on them, the vessels stood, upon the instant, full. Then, the meet ablutions over, Váhuka went forth and took Of the withered grass a handful, held it upward to the sun: On the instant, brightly blazing, shone the all-consuming fire. Much I marvelled at the wonder, and amazed am hither come; Lo, a second greater marvel sudden burst upon my sight! He that blazing fire stood handling, yet unharmed, unburned remained. At his will flows forth the water, and as quickly sinks again. And another greater wonder, lady, did I there behold: He the flowers which he had taken gently moulded in his hands, In his hands the flowers, so moulded, as with freshening life endued, Blossomed out with richer fragrance, stood erect upon their stems: All these marvels having noted, swiftly came I back to thee.'

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Damayantí when these wonders of the king of men she heard,

Thought yet more king Nala present, by his acts and mien revealed.

She her royal lord suspecting in the form of Váhuka,

केशिनीं श्वक्ष्णया वाचा रुदती पुनर् अववीत् ॥ १९॥ पुनर् गच्छ प्रमत्तस्य वाहुकस्योपसंस्कृतं। महानसाच् कृतं मांसं समादायहि भाविनि ॥२०॥ सा गता वाहुकस्याये तन् मांसम् अपकृष्य च। अत्युष्णम् एवं तिरिता तत्स्रणात् प्रियकारिणी। दमयन्ये ततः प्रादात् केशिनी कुरुनन्दन ॥२१॥ सोचिता नलसिंबस्य मांसस्य बहुशः पुरा। प्राश्य मला नलं सूतं प्राक्रीशर् भृशदुःखिता ॥ २२॥ वैक्कव्यं परमं गता प्रशाल्य च मुखं ततः। मिथुनं प्रेषयामास केशिन्या सह भारत ॥२३॥ इन्द्रसेनां सह भावा समभिज्ञाय वाहुकः। अभिदृत्य ततो राजा परिष्वज्याङ्कम् आनयत् ॥२४॥ वाहुकस् तु समासाद्य सुतौ सुरसुतोपमौ। भृशं दुःखपरीतात्मा सुस्वरं प्रहरीद ह ॥२५॥ नैषधी दर्शयिता तु विकारम् असकृत् तदा। उत्मृज्य सहसा पुत्रो केशिनीम् इदम् अववीत् ॥२६॥ इदं सुसदृशं भद्रे मिथुनं मम पुत्रयोः। अतो दृष्ट्वेव सहसा वाष्पम् उत्सृष्टवान् अहं ॥२९॥ बहुशः सम्पतनीं त्वां जनः शङ्केत दोषतः। वयञ्च देशातिषयी गच्छ भद्रे यथामुखं ॥२५॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने चयोविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२३॥

With a gentle voice and weeping spake to Keśini again: 'Go, again, and whilst he heeds not, meat by Váhuka prepared From the kitchen softly taking hither Keśini return. She to Váhuka approaching, unperceived stole soft away Of the well-cooked meat a morsel, warm she bore it in her haste, And to Damayantí gave it, Keśiní, without delay. Of the food prepared by Nala oft the flavour had she tried; Tasting it she shrieked in anguish, 'Nala is you charioteer.' Stirred by vehement emotion, of her mouth ablution made: She her pair of infant children sent with Keśini to him, Soon as he young Indrasená with her little brother saw, Up he sprang, his arms wound round them, to his bosom folding both. When he gazed upon the children, like the children of the gods, All his heart o'erflowed with pity, and aloud his tears broke forth. Yet Nishadha's lord perceiving she his strong emotion marked, From his hold released the children, and to Keśini spake thus: 'Oh! so like mine own twin children was you lovely infant pair, Seeing them thus unexpected have I broken out in tears. If so oft thou comest hither men some evil will suspect, We within this land are strangers, beauteous maiden, part in peace.'

END OF BOOK XXIII.

वृहदश्व उवाच।

सर्वे विकारं दृष्ट्वा तु पुर्ययक्षीकस्य धीमतः। आगत्य केशिनी िक्षप्रं दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत् ॥१॥ दमयन्ती ततो भूयः प्रेषयामास केशिनीं। मातुः सकाशं दुःखाती नलदर्शनकाङ्खया ॥२॥ परीक्षितो मे बहुशो वाहुको नलशङ्कया। रूपे मे संशयस् लेकः स्वयम् इच्छामि वेदितुं ॥३॥ स वा प्रवेश्यतां मातर् मां वानुज्ञातुम् अर्हिस। विदितं वाऽच वाऽज्ञातं पितुर् मे संविधीयतां ॥४॥ एवम् उक्ता तु वैदर्भा सा देवी भीमम् अबवीत्। दुहितुस् तम् अभिप्रायम् अन्वजानात् स पार्थिवः ॥ ५॥ सा वै पिचाभ्यनुज्ञाता माचा च भरतर्षभ। नलं प्रवेशयामास यच तस्याः प्रतिश्रयः ॥६॥ तां स्म दृष्ट्वैव सहसा दमयन्तीं नली नृपः। ञ्जाविष्टः शोकदुःखाभ्यां वभूवाश्रुपरिप्रुतः ॥ ९॥ तं तु दृष्ट्वा तथायुक्तं दमयन्ती नलं तदा। तीवशोकसमाविष्टा बभूव वरवर्णिनी ॥ ৮॥ ततः काषायवसना जिटला मलपङ्किनी। दमयन्ती महाराज वाहुकं वाक्यम् अववीत् ॥९॥ पूर्वे दृष्टम् त्या कश्चिद् धर्मज्ञो नाम वाहुक। मुप्ताम् उत्मृज्य विपिने गती यः पुरुषः स्त्रियं ॥ १०॥ अनागसं प्रियां भायां विजने श्रममोहितां। अपहाय तु को गच्छेत् पुरायष्ट्रीकम् ऋते नलं ॥ ११॥

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

SEEING the profound emotion of that wisest king of men, Keśini in haste returning told to Damayanti all. Then again did Damayantí give to Keśini command, To approach her royal mother, in her haste her lord to see. 'Váhuka we've watched most closely, Nala we suspect him still; Only from his form we doubt him, this myself would fain behold. Cause him enter here, my mother, or permit me him to seek; Known or unknown to my father let it be decided now.' By that handmaid thus accosted, then the queen to Bhima told All his daughter's secret counsel, and the Rája gave assent. Instant from her sire the princess from her mother leave obtained, Bade them make king Nala enter in the chamber where she dwelt. Sudden as he gazed upon her, upon Damayantí gazed, Nala, he was seized with anguish, and with tears his eyes o'erflowed. And when Damayantí gazed on Nala thus approaching near, With an agonizing sorrow was the noble lady seized. Clad, then, in a scarlet mantle, hair-dishevelled, mire-defiled, Unto Váhuka this language Damayantí thus addressed: 'Váhuka beheld'st thou ever an upright and noble man Who departed and abandoned in the wood his sleeping wife? The beloved wife and blameless, in the wild wood worn with grief, Who was he who thus forsook her? who but Nala, king of men?

किं नु तस्य मया बाल्याद् अपराइं महीपतेः। यो माम् उत्मृज्य विपिने गतवान् निद्रया हतां ॥१२॥ साह्याद् देवान् ऋपहाय वृतो यः स मया पुरा। अनुवर्ता साभिकामां पुचिणीं त्यक्तवान् कथं ॥ १३॥ अयौ पाणिं गृहीता तु देवानाम् अयतम् तथा। भविषामीति सत्यं तु प्रतिश्रुत्य क तद् गतं ॥ १४॥ दमयन्या बुवन्यास् तु सर्वम् एतद् ऋरिन्दम। शोकजं वारि नेवाभ्याम् असुखं प्रास्रवद् बहु ॥ १५॥ अतीव कृष्णसाराभ्यां रक्तान्ताभ्यां जलं तु तत्। परिस्रवद् नली दृष्ट्वा शोकार्ताम् इदम् अववीत् ॥ १६॥ मम राज्यं प्रणष्टं यद् नाहं तत् कृतवान् स्वयं। कलिना तत् कृतं भीरु यच लाम् ऋहम् ऋत्यजं ॥ १९॥ त्वया तु पापः कृच्छ्रेण शापेनाभिहतः पुरा। वनस्थया दुःखितया शोचन्या मां दिवानिशं ॥ १६॥ स मळरीरे लळापाट् दह्यमानीऽवसत् कितः। लच्छापदग्धः सततं सोऽग्नाव् अग्निर् इवाहितः ॥१९॥ मम च व्यवसायेन तपसा चैव निर्जितः। दुः खस्यानोन चानेन भवितव्यं हि नौ गुभे ॥२०॥ विमुच्य मां गतः पापस् ततोऽहम् इह चागतः। वदर्थं विपुलश्रोणि न हि मेऽन्यत् प्रयोजनं ॥२१॥ कथं तु नारी भर्तारम् अनुरक्तम् अनुवतं। उत्मृज्य वरयेद् अन्यं यथा तं भीरु किईचित् ॥२२॥ टूताश चरन्ति पृथिवीं कृत्स्रां नृपतिशासनात्। भैमी किल स्म भर्तारं द्वितीयं वर्यिष्यति ॥२३॥ स्वेरवृत्ता यथाकामम् अनुरूपम् इवात्मनः। श्रुत्वेव चेतत् त्वरितो भाङ्गासुरिर् उपस्थितः ॥२४॥

To the lord of earth, from folly, what offence can I have given That he fled, within the forest leaving me by sleep oppressed? Openly, the gods rejected, was he chosen by me, my lord: Could he leave the true, the loving, her that hath his children borne! By the nuptial fire, in presence of the gods, he clasped my hand, "I will be," this truth he plighted, where is now that promise gone?' While all this in broken accents sadly Damayantí spake, From her eyes the drops of sorrow flowed in copious torrents down. Those dark eyes, with vermeil corners, thus with trembling moisture dewed, When king Nala saw and gazed on, to the sorrowful he spake: 'Gaming that I lost my kingdom, 'twas not mine own guilty deed, That was wrought by Kali, timid! hence it was I thee forsook. Therefore smitten was the miscreant by thy scathing curse long since In the wild wood as thou wanderedst, grieving day and night for me, He then dwelt within my body, burning with that powerful curse, Ever burning, fiercer, hotter, as when fire is heaped on fire. He by my religious patience, my devotion, now subdued, Lo! the end of all our sorrows, beautiful! is now at hand. I, the evil one departed, hither have made haste to come; For thy sake, O round-limbed! only; other business have I none. Yet, O how may high-born woman from her vowed, her plighted lord Swerving, choose another husband, even as thou, O trembler, would'st? Over all the earth the heralds travel by the king's command, "Now the daughter of king Bhíma will a second husband choose, Free from every tie, as wills she, as her fancy may be seem," Hearing this, came hither speeding king Bhángásuri in haste.'

दमयनी तु तच् छुता नलस्य परिदेवितं। प्राञ्जलिर् वेपमाना च भीता च नलम् अववीत्॥२५॥ न माम् अर्हिस कल्याण दोषेण परिशङ्कितुं। मया हि देवान् उत्मृज्य वृतस् तं निषधाधिप ॥२६॥ तवाधिगमनार्थे तु सर्वती ब्राह्मणा गताः। वाक्यानि मम गाथाभिर् गायमाना दिशो दश ॥२९॥ ततस् तां ब्राह्मणी विद्वान् पर्णादी नाम पार्थिव। अभ्यगळत् कोशलायाम् ऋतुपर्णनिवेशने ॥२५॥ तेन वाक्ये कृते सम्यक् प्रतिवाक्ये तथाहते। उपायीऽयं मया दृष्टी नैषधानयने तव ॥२०॥ लाम ऋते न हि लोकेऽन्य एकाहूा पृथिवीपते। समर्थो योजनशतं गनुम् अश्वर् नराधिष ॥३०॥ स्पृशेयं तेन सत्येन पादाव् एती महीपते। यथा नासत्कृतं किञ्चिद् मनसापि चराम्यहं ॥३१॥ अयं चरति लोकेऽस्मिन् भूतसाक्षी सदागतिः। एष मे मुञ्जतु प्राणान् यदि पापं चराम्यहं ॥३२॥ तथा चरित तिग्मांशुः परेण भुवनं सदा। स मुज्जतु मम प्राणान् यदि पापं चराम्यहं ॥३३॥ चन्द्रमाः सर्वभूतानाम् अन्तश्वरति साक्षिवत्। स मुञ्जतु मम प्राणान् यदि पापं चराम्यहं ॥३४॥ एते देवास् चयः कृत्सं चैलोक्यं धारयन्ति वै। विब्रुवन्तु यथासत्यम् एते वाऽद्य त्यजन्तु मां ॥३५॥ एवम् उक्तम् तया वायुर् अनारी छाद् अभाषत। नेषा कृतवती पापं नल सत्यं ब्रवीमि ते ॥३६॥ राजन् शीलिनिधः स्फीतो दमयन्या मुरिह्यतः। साक्षिणो रिक्षणण चास्या वयं चीन् परिवत्सरान् ॥३०॥ Damayantí, when from Nala heard she this his grievous charge, With her folded hands, and trembling, thus to Nala made reply: Do not me, O noble-minded, of such shameless guilt suspect, Thou, when I the gods rejected, Nala, wert my chosen lord. Only thee to find, the Bráhmans went to the ten regions forth, Chaunting to their holy measures, but the words that I had taught. Then that Bráhman wise, Parnáda, such the name he bears, O king, Thee in Kośalá, the palace of king Rituparna, found. There to thee my words addressed he, answer there from thee received. I this subtle wile imagined, king of men, to bring thee here. Since, beside thyself, no mortal in the world, within the day, Could drive on the fleetest coursers for a hundred Yojanas. To attest this truth, O monarch! I would touch thy sacred feet; Even in heart have I committed never evil thought 'gainst thee. He through all the world that wanders, witness the all-seeing wind, Let him now of life bereave me, if in this 'gainst thee I've sinned: And the sun that moveth ever over all the world, on high, Let him now of life bereave me, if in this 'gainst thee I've sinned. Witness, too, the moon that permeates every being's inmost thought; Let this god of life bereave me, if herein 'gainst thee I've sinned. These three gods are they that govern the three worlds, so let them speak; This my sacred truth attest they, or this day abandon me.'

Thus adjured, a solemn witness, spake the wind from out the air;

'She hath done or thought no evil, Nala, 'tis the truth we speak:

King, the treasure of her virtue in its fulness hath she kept,

Her we have watched and guarded ever closely for three livelong years.

उपायी विहितश चायं त्वदर्थम् ऋतुलोऽनया। न ह्येकाहू। शतं गन्ता त्वाम् ऋतेऽन्यः पुमान् इह ॥३६॥ उपपद्मा तया भैमी तज्ज भैम्या महीपते। नाच शङ्का तया काया सङ्गच्छ सह भायया ॥३९॥ तथा बुवित वायो तु पुष्पवृष्टिः पपात ह। देवदुन्दुभयो नेदुर् ववौ च पवनः शिवः ॥४०॥ तद् अझततमं दृष्ट्वा नली राजाऽय भारत। दमयन्यां विशङ्कां तां व्यपाकर्षत् अरिन्दम ॥४१॥ ततस् तद् वस्त्रम् अरजः प्रावृणीद् वसुधाधिपः। संस्मृत्य नागराजं तं तती लेभे स्वकं वपुः ॥४२॥ स्वरूपिणं तु भर्तारं दृष्ट्वा भीमसुता तदा। प्राक्रीशर् उचेर् आलिङ्ग्य पुरायश्चीकम् अनिन्दिता ॥४३॥ भैमीम् ऋपि नली राजा भाजमानी यथा पुरा। सस्वजे स्वसुतौ चापि यथावत् प्रत्यनन्दत ॥ ४४॥ ततः स्वीरिस विन्यस्य वक्तं तस्य गुभानना। परीता तेन दुःखेन निशम्बासायते श्र्णा ॥ ४५॥ तथैव मलदिग्धाङ्गीं परिषुज्य शुचिस्मितां। मुचिरं पुरुषव्याघ्रम् तस्यो शोकपरिघ्रुतः ॥४६॥ ततः सर्वे यथावृत्तं दमयन्या नलस्य च। भीमायाकथयत् प्रीत्या वैद्भीजननी नृप ॥४९॥ ततोऽबवीद् महाराजः कृतशौचम् अहं नलं। दमयन्या सहोपेतं कल्यं द्रष्टा सुखोषितं ॥४६॥

वृहद्श्व उवाच।

ततम् तौ सहितौ राचिं कथयन्तौ पुरातनं। वने विचरितं सर्वम् जषतुर् मुदितौ नृप ॥४०॥ This unrivalled scheme she plotted only for thy absent sake;
In one day a hundred Yojans who beside thyself may drive?

Thou hast met with Bhíma's daughter, Bhíma's daughter meets with thee,

Cast away all jealous scruple, to thy bosom take thy wife.'

Even as thus the wind was speaking, flowers fell showering all around: And the gods sweet music sounded on the zephyr floating light. As on this surpassing wonder royal Nala stood and gazed, Of the blameless Damayantí melted all his jealous doubts. Then by dust all undefiled he the heavenly vest put on, Thought upon the King of Serpents, and his proper form resumed. In his own proud form her husband Bhíma's royal daughter saw; Loud she shrieked, the undespised, and embraced the king of men. Bhíma's daughter, too, king Nala, shining glorious as of old, Clasped unto his heart, and fondled gently that sweet infant pair. Then her face upon his bosom, as the lovely princess laid, In her calm and gentle sorrow, softly sighed the long-eyed queen. He, that form still mire-defiled, as he clasped with smile serene, Long the king of men stood silent, in the ecstacy of woe. All the tale of Damayantí, and of Nala all the tale, To king Bhima, in her transport, told Vidarbha's mother-queen. Then replied that mighty monarch, 'Nala, his ablutions done, Thus re-joined to Damayantí I to-morrow will behold.'

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

They the night in joy together passed relating, each to each,

All their wanderings in the forest, and each wild adventure strange.

गृहे भीमस्य नृपतेः परस्परमुखिषिणो।
वसेतां हृष्टसङ्कल्पो वैदर्भी च नलश्च ह ॥५०॥
स चतुर्थे ततो वर्षे सङ्गम्य सह भार्यया।
सर्वकामैः सुसिडार्थो लब्धवान् परमां मुदं॥५०॥
दमयन्यपि भर्तारम् आसाद्यापायिता भृशं।
अर्धसञ्चात्रशस्येव तोयं प्राप्य वसुन्धरा॥५२॥
सैवं समेत्य व्यपनीय तन्द्रां शानज्वरा हर्षविवृह्वसत्वा।
रराज भैमी समवाप्तकामा शीतांशुना राचिर् इवोदितेन॥५३॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चतुर्विशतितमः सर्गः ॥२४॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

श्रथ तां व्युषिती राचिं नली राजा स्वलङ्कृतः।
वैदर्भ्या सहितः काले ददर्श वसुधाधिपं ॥१॥
ततीऽभिवादयामास प्रयतः श्वशुरं नलः।
ततोऽनु दमयन्ती च ववन्दे पितरं शुभा ॥१॥
तं भीमः प्रतिजयाह पुचवत् परया मुदा।
यथाई पूजियता च समाश्वासयत प्रभुः।
नलेन सहितां तच दमयन्तीं पितवतां ॥३॥
ताम् श्वर्हेणां नली राजा प्रतिगृद्ध यथाविधि।
परिचर्यां स्वकां तस्मै यथावत् प्रत्यवेदयत् ॥४॥
ततो बभूव नगरे सुमहान् हर्षजः स्वनः।
जनस्य सम्प्रहृष्टस्य नलं दृष्ट्वा तथागतं॥५॥

In king Bhíma's royal palace, studying each the other's bliss,

With glad hearts Vidarbha's princess and the kingly Nala dwelt.

In his fourth year of divorcement, reunited to his wife,

Richly fraught with every blessing, at the height of joy he stood.

Damayantí too re-wedded, still increasing in her bliss,

Like as the glad earth to water opens its half-budding fruits,

She of weariness unconscious, soothed each grief, and full each joy,

Every wish fulfilled, shone brightly as the night when high the moon.

END OF BOOK XXIV.

VRIHADAŚVA spake:

When that night was passed and over, Nala, that high-gifted king, Wedded to Vidarbha's daughter, in fit hour her sire beheld.

Humbly Nala paid his homage to the father of his queen,
Reverently did Damayantí pay her homage to her sire.

Him received the royal Bhíma, as his son, with highest joy,
Honoured, as became him, nobly: then consoled that monarch wise
Damayantí, to king Nala reconciled, the faithful wife.

Royal Nala all these honours, as his homage meet, received:

And in fitting terms, devotion to the royal Bhíma paid.

Mighty then through all the city ran the wakening sound of joy;
All in every street exulting at king Nala's safe return.

स्रकाः सुमृष्टपुष्पाद्धा राजमार्गाः स्वलङ्कृताः ॥६॥ द्वारि द्वारि च पौराणां पुष्पभङ्गः प्रकल्पितः । स्वित्वानि च सर्वाणि देवतायतनानि च ॥९॥ स्वृत्तपणांऽपि शुष्राव वाहुकच्छिनं नलं । दमयन्या समायुक्तं जहुषे च नराधिपः ॥६॥ तम् आनाय्य नली राजा स्वमयामास पार्थिवं। स च तं स्वमयामास हेतुभिर् वृद्धिसम्मितेः ॥९॥ स सत्कृतो महीपालो नैषधं विस्मिताननः । दिष्ट्या समेतो दारः स्वर् भवान् इत्यभ्यनन्दत ॥९०॥ किच्च नापराधं ते कृतवान् स्वस्म नैषध । स्वज्ञातवासं वसतो महृहे वसुधाधिप ॥९९॥ यदि वा वृद्धिपूर्वाणि यद्यबुद्धापि कानिचित्। मया कृतान्यकार्याणि तानि तं स्वन्तुम् स्वर्हिस ॥९२॥ मया कृतान्यकार्याणि तानि तं स्वन्तुम् स्वर्हिस ॥९२॥

नल उवाच।

न मेऽपराधं कृतवांस् तं स्वल्पम् अपि पार्थिव।
कृतेऽपि च न मे कोपः स्नान्यं हि मया तव॥१३॥
पूर्वे द्यपि सखा मेऽसि सम्बन्धी च जनाधिप।
अत ऊर्ध्वे तु भूयस् तम् प्रीतिम् आहर्तुम् अहिसि॥१४॥
सर्वकामैः सुविहितैः सुखम् अस्युषितस् त्विय।
न तथा स्वगृहे राजन् यथा तव गृहे सदा॥१५॥
इदच्चेव हयज्ञानं त्वदीयं मिय तिष्ठति।
तद् उपाकर्तुम् इच्छामि मन्यसे यदि पार्थिव॥१६॥
एवम् उक्का ददी विद्याम् च्युतुपर्णाय नैषधः।
स च तां प्रतिजयाह विधिदृष्टेन कर्मणा॥१९॥

All the city with their banners and with garlands decked they forth.

All the royal streets well watered, and with stainless flowers were strewn;

And from door to door the garlands of festooning flowers were hung;

And of all the gods the altars were with fitting rites adorned.

Rituparṇa heard of Nala in the guise of Váhuka,

Now re-wed to Damayantí, and the king of men rejoiced.

To the king, before his presence, Nala courteous made excuse,

In his turn Ayodhyá's monarch in like courteous language spake.

He, received thus hospitably, wondering to Nishadha's king,

'Bliss be with thee, reunited to thy queen:' 'twas thus he said.

'Have I aught offensive ever done to thee, or said, O king,

Whilst unknown within my palace thou wert dwelling, king of men?

If designed or undesigning any single act I've done

I might wish undone, thy pardon grant me, I beseech thee, king.'

NALA spake:

'Not or deed or word discourteous, not the slightest hast thou done;
Hadst thou, I might not resent it, freely would I pardon all.

Thou of old, my friend, my kinsman wert, O sovereign of men,
From this time henceforth thy friendship still on me thou must bestow.

Every wish anticipated, pleasantly I dwelt with thee;

Not in mine own palace dwelt I ever, as, O king, in thine.

My surpassing skill in horses, all is thine that I possess;

That on thee bestow I gladly, if, O king, it seem thee good.'

Nala thus to Rituparna gave his subtle skill in steeds,

Gladly he received the present, with each regulation meet.

गृहीता चाश्वहृदयं राजन् भाङ्गासुरिर् नृपः। निषधाधिपतेश्वापि दल्लाऽसहृदयं नृपः। सृतम् अन्यम् उपादाय ययौ स्वपुरम् एव ह ॥१४॥ ऋतुपर्णे गते राजन् नली राजा विशाम्पते। नगरे कुरिडने कालं नातिदीर्घम् इवावसत्॥१९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने पञ्चविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२५॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

स मासम् उष्य कौन्तेय भीमम् आमन्त्य नैषधः।
पुराद् अल्पपरीवारो जगाम निषधान् प्रति॥१॥
रथेनेकेन गुभेण दिनाभिः परिषोडगैः।
पज्जाशिक्षर् हयेश्वेव षद्शतैश्व पदातिभिः॥२॥
स कम्पयन् इव महीं तरमाणो महीपितः।
प्रविवेश सुसंरब्धस् तरसेव महामनाः॥३॥
ततः पुष्करम् आसाद्य वीरसेनमुतो नलः।
उवाच दीव्याव पुनर् बहु वित्तं मयार्जितं॥४॥
दमयन्ती च यज्ञान्यद् मम किञ्चन विद्यते।
एष व मम सन्त्यासस् तव राज्यं तु पुष्कर॥५॥
पुनः प्रवर्ततां द्यूतम् इति मे निश्चिता मितः।
पणेनेकेन भद्रं ते प्राणयोश्व पणावहे॥६॥
जित्वा परस्वम् आहत्य राज्यं वा यदिवा वसु।
प्रतिपाणः प्रदातव्यः परमो धर्म उच्यते॥९॥

Gifted with that precious knowledge, then Bhángásuri the king, When in dice his skill mysterious to king Nala he had given, Home returned to his own city with another charioteer. Rituparṇa thus departed, Nala, then, O king of men In the city of Kuṇḍina sojourned for no length of time.

END OF BOOK XXV.

VRIHADASVA spake:

There a month when he had sojourned, of king Bhíma taking leave,
Guarded he by few attendants to Nishadha took his way.

With a single splendid chariot, and with elephants sixteen,
And with fifty armed horsemen, and six hundred men on foot;
Making, as 'twere, earth to tremble, hastening onward, did the king
Enter awful in his anger, and terrific in his speed.

Then the son of Vírasena to king Pushkara drew near;

'Play we once again,' then said he, 'much the wealth I have acquired:
All I have, even Damayantí, every treasure I possess,
Set I now upon the hazard, 'Pushkara, thy kingdom thou:
In the game once more contend we, 'tis my settled purpose this,
Brother, at a single hazard, play we boldly for our lives.

From another he who treasures, he who mighty realm hath won,

'Tis esteemed a bounden duty to play back the counter game.

न चेद् वाञ्छिस द्यूतं त्वं युद्धद्यूतं प्रवर्ततां। हैरथेनास्तु वै शान्तिस् तव वा मम वा नृप ॥ ७॥ वंशभोज्यम् इदं राज्यम् ऋर्थितव्यं यथातथा। येन केनापुपायेन वृह्यानाम् इति शासनं ॥ ९॥ हयोर् एकतरे बुडिः क्रियताम् अद्य पुष्कर। केतवेनास्वत्यां वा युद्धे वा नाम्यतां धनुः ॥ १०॥ नैषधेनैवम् उक्तस्तु पुष्करः प्रहसन् इव। ध्रुवम् आत्मजयं मत्वा प्रत्याह पृथिवीपतिं ॥ ११॥ दिष्ट्या त्याऽर्जितं वित्तं प्रतिपाणाय नैषध। दिष्ट्या च दुष्करं कर्म दमयन्याः श्रयं गतं ॥ १२॥ दिष्ट्या च भ्रियसे राजन् सदारोऽद्य महाभुज। धनेनानेन वै भेमी जितेन समलङ्कता ॥ १३॥ माम् उपस्थास्यति व्यक्तं दिवि शक्रम् इवाप्सराः। नित्यशो हि समरामि नां प्रतीक्षेऽपि च नेषध ॥ १४॥ देवनेन मम प्रीतिर् न भवत्यसुहृद्रशैः। जिला लद्य वरारोहां दमयन्तीम् अनिन्दितां ॥ १५॥ कृतकृत्यो भविषामि सा हि मे नित्यशो हृदि। श्रुता तु तस्य ता वाची बद्धबह्धप्रलापिनः ॥ १६॥ इयेष स शिरश छेतुं खङ्गेन कुपिती नलः। स्मयंसु रोषताम्राक्षम् तम् उवाच ततो नलः ॥ १९॥ पणावः किं व्याहरसे जितो न व्याहरिष्यसि। ततः प्रावर्तत द्यूतं पुष्करस्य नलस्य च ॥१६॥ एकपाणेन वीरेण नलेन स पराजितः। स रत्नकोषनिचयैः प्राणेन पणितोऽपि च ॥१९॥ जित्वा च पुष्करं राजा प्रहसन् इदम् अववीत्। मम सर्वम् इदं राज्यम् अव्ययं हतकारकं ॥२०॥

If thou shrinkest from the hazard, be our game the strife of arms, Meet we in the single combat all our difference to decide. An hereditary kingdom may by any means be sought, Be re-won by any venture, this the maxim of the seers. Of two courses set before thee, Pushkara, the option make, Or in play to stand the hazard, or in combat stretch the bow.' By Nishadha's lord thus challenged, Pushkara, with smile suppressed, As secure of easy victory, answered to the lord of earth: 'Oh what joy! abundant treasures thou hast won, again to play. Oh what joy! of Damayantí, now the hard-won prize is mine. Oh what joy! again thou livest with thy consort, mighty-armed! With the wealth I win bedecked soon shall Bhima's daughter stand, By my side, as by great Indra stands the Apsará in heaven. Still on thee hath dwelt my memory, still I've waited, king, for thee; In the play I find no rapture but 'gainst kinsman like thyself. When this day the round-limbed princess Damayantí, undespised, I shall win, I rest contented, still within mine heart she dwells.'

Hearing his contemptuous language franticly thus pouring forth,
With his sword th' indignant Nala fain had severed off his head.
But with haughty smile, with anger glaring in his blood-red eyes,
'Play we now, nor talk thus idly, conquered, thou'lt no longer talk.'
Then of Pushkara the gaming and of Nala straight began;
In a single throw by Nala was the perilous venture gained;
Pushkara, his gold, his jewels, at one hazard all was won!

Pushkara in play thus conquered, with a smile the king rejoined:
'Mine again is all this kingdom, undisturbed, its foes o'ercome.

वैदर्भी न त्या शक्या राजापसद वीि ह्यातुं। तस्यास् तं सपरीवारो मूढ दासतम् आगतः ॥२१॥ न त्या तत् कृतं कर्म येनाहं विजितः पुरा। किलना तत् कृतं कर्म तं च मूढ न बुध्यसे ॥२२॥ नाहं परकृतं दोषं त्ययाधास्ये कथञ्चन। यथामुखं वे जीव तं प्राणान् अवमृजामि ते ॥२३॥ तथैव सर्वसम्भारं स्वम् अंशं वितरामि ते। तथैव च मम प्रीतिस् त्विय वीर न संशयः ॥२४॥ सौहार्दे चापि मे तत्तो न कदाचित् प्रहास्यति। पुष्कर लं हि मे भ्राता सञ्जीव शरदः शतं ॥२५॥ एवं नलः सान्वयिवा भातरं सत्यविक्रमः। स्वपुरं प्रेषयामास परिष्वज्य पुनः पुनः ॥२६॥ सान्तितो नेषधेनेवं पुष्करः प्रत्युवाच ह। पुर्याय होनं तदा राजन् अभिवाद्य कृताञ्चलिः ॥२९॥ कीर्तिर् अस्तु तवाश्यया जीव वर्षायुतं मुखी। यो मे वितरिस प्राणान् अधिष्ठानच पार्थिव ॥२५॥ स तथा सत्कृती राज्ञा मासम् उष्य तदा नृपः। प्रययो स्वपुरं हृष्टः पुष्करः स्वजनावृतः ॥२०॥ महत्या सेनया सार्ध विनीतेः परिचारकैः। भाजमान इवादित्यो वपुषा भरतर्षभ ॥३०॥ प्रस्थाय पुष्करं राजा वित्तवनाम् अनामयं। प्रविवेश पुरीं श्रीमान् अत्यर्थम् उपशीभितां। प्रविश्य सान्वयामास पौरांश्व निषधाधिपः ॥३१॥ पौरजानपदाश्वापि सम्प्रहष्टतनूरुहाः। **जनुः प्राञ्चलयः सर्वे सामात्यप्रमुखा जनाः ॥३२॥** अद्य सम निर्वृता राजन् पुरे जनपदेऽपि च।

Fallen king! Vidarbha's daughter by thine eyes may ne'er be seen.

Foolish king! thou'rt now her bondsman, thou and thine to slavery sunk.

Not thyself achieved the conquest that subdued me heretofore;

Twas achieved by mightier Kali, that thou didst not, fool, perceive.

Yet my wrath, by him enkindled, will I not 'gainst thee direct;

Live thou henceforth at thy pleasure, freely I thy life bestow,

And of thine estate and substance give I thee thy fitting share.

Such my pleasure, in thy welfare, hero, do I take delight,

And mine unabated friendship never shall from thee depart.

Pushkara, thou art my brother, may'st thou live a hundred years!'

Nala thus consoled his brother, in his conscious power and strength;

Sent him home to his own city, once embracing, once again.

Pushkara, thus finding comfort, answered to Nishadha's lord,

Answered he to Punyaśloka, bowing low with folded hands:

'Everlasting be thy glory! may'st thou live ten thousand years!

That my life to me thou grantest, and a city for mine home!'

Hospitably entertained, there a month when he had dwelt,

Cheered in spirit to his city, Pushkara, with all his kin,

With a well-appointed army, of attendant slaves a host,

Shining like the sun, departed, in his full meridian orb.

Pushkara thus crowned with riches, thus unharmed, when he dismissed,

Entered then his royal city, with surpassing pomp, the king.

As he entered, to his subjects Nala spake the words of peace.

From the city, from the country, all, with hair erect with joy,

Came, with folded hands addressed him, and the counsellors of state.

'Happy are we now, O monarch, in the city, in the fields,

उपासितुं पुनः प्राप्ता देवा इव शतकतुं ॥३३॥
प्रशानो तु पुरे हृष्टे सम्प्रवृत्ते महोत्सवे।
महत्या सेनया राजा दमयन्तीम् उपानयत् ॥३४॥
दमयन्तीम् अपि पिता सत्कृत्य परवीरहा।
प्रास्थापयद् अमेयात्मा भीमो भीमपराक्रमः ॥३५॥
आगतायां तु वैदर्भ्यां सपुचायां नली नृपः।
वर्तयामास मुदितो देवराड् इव नन्दने ॥३६॥
ततः प्रकाशतां यातो जम्बुद्धीपे स राजसु।
पुनः शशास तद् राज्यं प्रत्याहृत्य महायशाः।
ईजे च विविधेर् यद्भैर् विधिवच् चाप्तदक्षिणैः॥३९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्यानं समाप्तम् ॥

Then at peace the tranquil city, the first festal gladness o'er,
With a mighty host escorted, Damayantí brought he home.

Damayantí rich in treasures, in her father's blessings rich,
Glad dismissed the mighty-minded Bhíma, fearful in his strength.

With the daughter of Vidarbha, with his children in his joy,
Nala lived, as lives the sovereign of the gods in Nandana.

Re-ascended thus to glory, he, among the kings of earth,
Ruled his realm in Jambudvípa, thus re-won, with highest fame;
And all holy rites performed he with devout munificence.

END OF THE STORY OF NALA.

VOCABULARY

(SANSKRIT AND ENGLISH)

OF ALL THE WORDS

WHICH OCCUR IN THE FOREGOING PAGES.

AN EXPLANATION

OF THE

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE FOLLOWING VOCABULARY.

abl. - ablative case.

acc. - accusative case.

adj. - adjective.

adv. - adverb or adverbial.

agt. - noun of agency.

anom. - anomalous.

aor. - aorist.

átm. — átmane-pada.

Bah. or Rel. comp. — Bahu-vríhi or Relative compound.

caus. - causal.

cl. - class of nouns or verbs.

comp. - compound.

conj. - conjugation of verbs.

cr. - crude base.

dat. - dative case.

des. - desiderative.

du. - dual.

DVAN, OR AGG. COMP. — DVANDVA OR AGGRE-GATIVE COMPOUND.

f. - feminine.

freq. - frequentative.

fut. - future.

fut. pass. p. - future passive participle.

gen. - genitive case.

imp. - imperative.

impf. - imperfect.

ind .- indeclinable.

inf. - infinitive.

ins. - instrumental case.

interrog. - interrogative.

Karm. or Des. comp.—Karma-dháraya or Descriptive compound.

lit. - literally.

loc. - locative case.

m. - masculine.

m. f. — masculine and feminine.

m. f. n. - masculine, feminine, and neuter.

m. n. - masculine and neuter.

n. - neuter.

nom. - nominative case.

p. - participle.

par. — parasmai-pada.

pass. — passive.

past act. p. - past active participle.

past ind. p. - past indeclinable participle.

past p. p. — past passive participle.

pl. - plural.

pot. - potential.

prep. - preposition.

pres. - present.

pres. p. - present participle.

pron. - pronoun.

q. v. - quod vide.

rt - root.

sin. - singular.

superl. - superlative.

TAT. OR DEP. COMP. TAT-PURUSHA OR DE-PENDENT COMPOUND.

v. - verb.

voc. - vocative case.

VOCABULARY,

SANSKRIT AND ENGLISH.

Observe—In the following vocabulary a final m is sometimes expressed by \mathbf{q} although represented by anusvára (*) in the text.

The numbers refer to the numbers of the rules in the Sanskrit Grammar by Monier Williams, published for the University of Oxford by Macmillan & Co., 4th edition.

च्य.

অ ind.,—a negative or privative particle, prefixed to words beginning with consonants,—no, not. Often equivalent to the English prefixes in, un. In composition অ becomes অন before a vowel.

अंशं acc. sin. of अंश m. a share.

संशुमान् nom. sin. of संशुमत् m. the sun, 5th cl. 140.

स्रक्यात् he or she told; 3d sin. impf. of rt क्य 10th cl.

अकरोत he made, he performed, he did, he assumed; 3d sin. impf. of rt कृ 8th cl. 682, to make, to do.

अवस्मात् ind. without cause, without a wherefore; (from ख not, and कस्मात् abl. sin. of कि who? what?) 715.

अकाम for अकामस् nom. sin. m. of अकाम m. f. n. reluctant, unwilling, one who does anything against his will; (from अ not, and काम.)

अकार्याण nom. pl. of अकार्य n. that which ought not to be done, improper action.

অনান্ত out of time; loc. sin. of অনান্ত m. improper time; (from আ not, 726, and নান্ত.)

स्रकोर्ति acc. sin. of स्रकीर्ति f. disgrace, dishonour.

सकीतिकरं nom. sin. n. not conducive to glory; (स not, कीति fame, कर causing.)

सकी तिर् for सकी तिस् nom. sin. disgrace.

अकुवेत they made; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt क 8th cl. 683.

सकुवेत: gen. sin. m. of सकुवेत m. f. n. not doing; (from स not, 726, and कुवेत pres. p. par. of rt कृ 524, 682.)

अकुवेन् they made, they were making; 3d pl. impf. of rt क 8th cl. 682.

अकृतात्मि: ins. pl. of अकृतात्मन् m.f. n. having an unformed or ungoverned mind, having unsubdued senses; (BAH. OR REL. COMP. अकृत cr. unformed, uncultivated, unimproved, 726, and आत्मन् soul, 147.)

স্থাকুৰা without having performed; (comp. of স not, 726, and কুৰা past ind. p. of rt ক 682.)

सक्केद्यो for सक्केद्यस् nom. sin. m. of सक्केद्य m.f. n. not to be moistened, incapable of receiving moisture.

अक्षतः nom. sin. m. skilled in dice; (comp.

of सद्ध cr. dice, and ज m. f. n. knowing, see 580.)

सञ्चार TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740 or 743; सञ्च cr. dice, द्यूते loc. sin. of द्यूत n. a game.

अञ्चनिपुर्ण acc. sin. n. skill in dice; (comp. of अञ्च cr. dice, and नेपुरा n. skill.)

अक्षांप्रयः Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; अख cr. a die, dice, प्रियः nom. sin. m. of प्रियं m. f. n. fond of, 1st cl. 103. Gaming with dice has been common in India from the earliest times. In Hindú poetry princes and heroes are constantly found indulging in it; but it is deemed a great vice notwithstanding, and the epithet अक्षांप्रय seems out of place in Book I. 3, where Nala's virtues are enumerated. अक्षांप्रयः 'fond of numbers' or 'arithmetic' would be a better reading, and one more in unison with the narrative in Book XX. All the MSS. and printed editions, however, read अक्षांप्रयः

श्रधमदसम्मतं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; श्रध् cr. dice, मद fury, passion for, सम्मतं acc. sin. m. of सम्मत्त m. f. n. mad, maddened; past p. p. of rt मद् 539.

अक्षयस् nom. sin. of अक्षय m.f.n. imperishable, eternal; (from अ not, and आय.)

सहाया nom. sin. f. of सहाय m. f. n. undecaying; (from स not, and स्थाय.)

अक्षवतां loc. sin. of अक्षवती f. playing with dice, 106.

स्रह्रदं acc. sin. n. knowledge of dice, skill in dice; (TAT. OR DEP. COMP. सद्य cr. dice, and हृद्य n. heart, core, innermost part, profound knowledge.)

स्रह्महृद्यज्ञं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; सद्य cr. dice, हृद्य cr. knowledge, ज्ञम् acc. sin. m. of ज्ञ m. f. n. acquainted with, 580.

ষষাहृदयद्गस्य gen. sin. See preceding. অস্তা: nom.pl. of ষয় m. a die, dice, 1st cl. 103. স্বস্থায়া gen. pl. of সয় m. a die, dice. স্বস্থান্ acc. pl. of সয় m. a die. अक्षेषु loc. pl. of अद्य m. a die.

स्रह्मोहिग्गोपितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्रह्मोहिग्गो cr. a complete army, consisting of ten स्रनीकिनो, or 109,350 foot, 65,610 horse, 21,870 chariots, 21,870 elephants, पितः for पितस् nom. sin. of पित m. a lord.

खिलान् acc. pl. m. of खिलल m.f. n. all, entire.

खगन्छंस् for खगन्छन् they went; 3d pl. impf. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

अगळत् he or she proceeded onwards; 3d sin. impf. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

सगच्छद. See preceding.

खगमं I went; 1st sin. aor. of rt गम् 602.

खगम: nom. sin. m. a tree.

अगमंस् for अगमन् they went; 3d pl. aor. of rt गम् 602, 436.

खगमत् he or she went; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम्.

खगमद he went; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम् 602.

खगाधे loc. sin. n. of खगाध m. f. n. deep, unfathomable, bottomless, 1st cl. 187.

खग्नाव् for खग्नौ (37), q. v.

अर्गनं acc. sin. of अर्गन m. fire, the god of fire, 2d cl. Fire is still an important object of veneration with the Hindús, as with the ancient Persians.

खानिदाध TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; खानि cr. fire, दाध nom. sin. m. of दाध m. f. n. burnt; past p. p. of rt दह 539.

अग्निम् acc. sin. of अग्नि m. fire, 2d cl.

श्विमपुरोगमान् having Agni for their leader, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; सिंग्न cr. Agni, the god of fire, पुरोगमान् acc. pl. of पुरो-गम m. a leader, 1st cl. 103.

खिनमान् nom. sin. of खिनमत् m. one who maintains or worships a consecrated fire.

खिंग्नर् for खिंग्नस् nom. sin. of खिंग्न m. fire, 2d cl. 110.

खरिनश् for खरिनस् nom. sin. of खरिन m. fire. खरिनशिखाम् Тат. or Dep. comp. 743;

खरिन cr. fire, and शिखाम् acc. sin. of शिखा f. a flame.

स्निषु loc. pl. of स्निन m. fire, a sacred fire, 2d cl. 110.

अग्ने: gen. sin. of अग्नि m. fire, 2d cl. 110.

अग्नौ loc. sin. of जिंग्न m. fire, ('on the fire,' Book XXIV. 14.)

अग्रतम् ind. in the presence of, before, 731; (अग्र with affix तस् 719.)

स्र्यहारांज् for स्र्यहारान् acc. pl. of स्र्यहार m. a grant of land (made to Bráhmans), a village inhabited by Bráhmans.

अये ind. into the presence of, before, in front of, 731.

অহ্নদ্ acc. sin. of আহ্ন m. the lap, the part above the hip where a child is carried.

अङ्गता nom. sin. f. a woman.

सङ्गानि nom. pl. of सङ्ग n. a limb, 1st cl. 104.

ষদুষ্টদানক: nom. sin. m. of the size of a thumb; (comp. of ষদুষ cr. a thumb, and দানক of the measure of or size.)

ষ্বলন্ acc. sin. of ষ্বলন্ত m. a mountain, ist cl. 103.

অবলপ্ত voc. sin. O chief of mountains, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; অবল cr. a mountain, श्रष्ठ voc. sin. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, 743. b, 194.

अचलान् acc. pl. of अवल m. a mountain.

অবলৌ nom. sin. m. of অবল m. f. n. immovable, fixed.

स्विन्यो nom. sin. m. of स्विन्य m. f. n. incomprehensible, inconceivable.

स्रविराह for सविरात् (45) ind. in a short time, shortly, 715, 726.

अचिरेण ind. in a short time, rapidly, 714.

अचेतनम् acc.sin.m.of अचेतन m.f.n. senseless, out of one's senses, unconscious; (comp. of अ not, 726, and चेतन sense.)

अचेतसं acc. sin. m. of अचेतस् m. f. n. devoid of reason, out of one's mind; (comp. of अ not, 726, and चेतस mind, 164.) अलेह्यो nom. sin. m. of अलेह्य m. f. n. indivisible; (अ not, लेह्य to be cut.)

अर्ज acc. sin. m. or n. unborn. See अजी.

अजगरो nom. sin. of अजगर m. the boa, a large serpent (that can swallow a goat).

अजम acc. sin. m. unborn. See अजो.

अजीयत he was conquered, he was beaten; 3d sin. impf. of rt जि in pass. 590, 463.

অলী nom. sin. m. unborn; (অ not, ল born, 580.)

অরান nom. sin. n. of অরান m.f. n. unknown; (comp. of অ not, 726, and রান known, past p. p. of rt রা 532.)

अज्ञातवासं ind. without having (his) habitation known; (comp. of अ not, 726, ज्ञात cr. known, वासं acc. sin. of वास m. habitation, used adverbially.)

অরাযদানা nom. sin. f. not being known; (from আ not, 726, and রাযদান pres. p. of রা in pass.)

खटमानस् nom. sin. m. of खटमान m. f. n. wandering, pres. p. átm. of rt खट 526.

खटमानाव् for खटमानौ nom. du. of खटमान m. f. n. wandering about. See next.

অত্যানী wandering, moving about; nom. du. m. of অত্যান m. f. n., pres. p. átm. of rt অত্ 526.

चारवीम् acc. sin. of चारवी f. a forest, 1st cl. 106.

खटव्यां loc. sin. of खटवी f. a forest, 1st cl. 106.

अगु acc. sin. n. of अगु m.f. n. minute, little, infinitesimal.

अराउन: for अराउनस् nom. sin. of आराउन m. a bird, (lit. egg-born, from आराउ an egg, and आ born, 580. b,) 1st cl. 103.

खराविष for खरा अपि by 34.

खतःपरं ind. beyond this, hereafter, henceforward; खतस् (see 719) for अस्मात्, and परं beyond, 731.

अतथोचिता nom. sin. f. not deserving such (a fate), not meriting such treatment; अ not, 726, तथा so, उचिता nom. sin. f. of उचित m. f. n. deserving, worthy.

स्तिन्द्रतः for स्तिन्द्रतस् ind. unweariedly, incessantly, 719.

स्तिन्द्रता: nom. pl. m. of स्तिन्द्रत m. f. n. unwearied, active, eager.

अतिन्द्रतै: ins. pl. m. of अतिन्द्रत m. f. n. not slothful, unwearied, active.

अतपेयत् he made glad, he satisfied; 3d sin. impf. of rt तृप् in caus. 481.

खाँत prep. over, beyond, very, beyond measure.

र्ञातक्रम्य having passed through or by; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with र्ञात, 559.

खित च क्राम he passed over or passed through; 3d sin. perf. of rt क्रम् with खित, 364.

खातचरामि I transgress, I sin against; 1st sin. pres. of चर् with खात, 1st cl. 261.

खतिथि m. a guest, 2d cl. 110.

स्तिणीन् acc. pl. of स्तिण, q. v.

स्रातिद्येष acc. sin. m. of स्रातिद्येष m. f. n. very long; नातिद्येष कालं no very long time, not a very long while, 821.

स्रतिदुधेर्ष voc. sin. m. O thou who art too difficult of approach; (from स्रति 726. a, and दुधेर्ष m. f. n., 1st cl. 103.)

स्तिमातं ind. beyond measure, excessively.

स्रतियशां acc. sin. f. of स्रतियश m. f. n. very illustrious, bearing a high name or character; (comp. of स्रति very, 726. a, and यशस् m. glory, see 769. b.) Observe— स्रतियश is used irregularly for स्रतियशस्, just as शुष्त्रस्रोत for शुष्त्रस्रोतस् in Book XVI. 4.

स्रतिरिचाते it is more important, it exceeds, it is worse than; 3d sin. pres. of रिच in pass. with स्रति (governing abl.)

आतिविराजते he or it shines very much; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt राज् with आति and वि, 1st cl. 261.

स्तिष्टत् he stood; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्या to stand, to exist, to be, 1st cl. 269, 587.

स्रतिसस्या nom. sin. f. of स्रतिसस्य m. very well, in very good health, very sound (in body or mind); (comp. of स्रति very, 726. a, स्व own self, स्य staying, being.)

स्रतीतवाक्षणे BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रतीत cr. passed, वाकषणे loc. sin. m. of वाक्षण suitable for speaking, (lit. the path of speech, from वाच् 176, and पण m. road, path.)

सतीव ind. excessively, very, very much.

खतीवासीद for खतीव आसीत् by 31.

अतुलं acc. sin. n. of अतुल m. f. n. unrivalled, incomparable.

चतुलो for चतुलस् nom. sin. of चतुल m.f.n. unequalled, incomparable.

खतो for खतस् ind. hence. Sometimes used for अस्मात् from this, than this.

स्रतोनिमित्तं ind. on this account, for this reason; (from स्रतो for स्रतम् 719, and निमित्त cause, reason.)

अत्यनं I deserted; 1st sin. impf. of rt त्यन् 1st cl. 596.

स्यहुतम् acc. sin. n. of स्यहुत m. f. n. very surprising, very wonderful; (comp. of स्रति very, 726. a, and स्रहुत surprising.)

चारानां ind. exceedingly, beyond measure.

स्रत्यं ind. beyond measure, excessively.

अत्युष्णम् acc. sin. n. of अत्युष्ण m. f. n. quite hot, very hot; (comp. of अति 726. a, and उष्ण.)

अत ind. here, in this place.

ञ्जच ind. then, now, afterwards.

अथवा ind. or, or whether; but; moreover.

अथवारस्यनृपते for अथवा अरस्यनृपते by 31.

खयापरेद्यु: for खय खपरेद्यु: by 31.

खघापश्यत् for खघ खपश्यत् by 31.

अथात्रवीत् for अथ अत्रवीत् by 31.

अपार्धरात्ममये for अप अर्धरात्ममये by 31.

खयास्रास्य for खप खास्रास्य by 31.

स्यास्य for सप सस्य by 31.

अथैनं for अथ एनं by 33.

खयो ind., same as खप.

खयोचुस् for खप जचुस् by 32.

अदशद he bit; 3d sin. impf. of rt दंश to bite, 1st cl. 270. d.

अदस pron. he, this, that, 225.

खदास्रो nom. sin. m. of खदास m. f. n. incombustible, not to be consumed by fire.

अदीनात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अदीन cr. not depressed, not sorrowful, elated, आत्मा nom. sin. of आत्मन् m. soul, spirit, 6th cl. 146.

सदृढतरं nom. sin. n. of सदृढतर m. f. n. very irresolute, very undecided.

ষর্ষ্ম: nom. sin. m. of ষর্ষ্ম m. f. n. invisible, not to be seen; (comp. of ষ not, 726, and दृश्य to be seen.)

स्दृश्यत् he was seen; 3d sin. impf. of दृश् in pass., with parasmai-pada termination; —an anomaly occasionally occurring in the Mahá-bhárata. See 461. c. note.

ञ्चदृष्टकामो Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; ञ्चदृष्ट cr. not seen, कामो nom. sin. of काम m. love, passion, 1st cl. 103.

सदृष्टपूर्व acc. sin. n. never seen before. See

सदृष्टपूर्वां acc. sin. f. of सदृष्टपूर्व m. f. n. who has never before seen or experienced; (comp. of स not, 726, दृष्ट cr. seen, पूर्व before.)

स्रदेवं nom. sin. n. of स्रदेव m. f. n. without fate, without destiny, undestined; (comp. of स not, 726, and देव, q. v.)

खहुततमं acc. sin. n. of खहुततम m. f. n. most wonderful, marvellous or prodigious; (superl. of खहुत, see 191.)

ষরু নহয় না: Bah. or Rel. comp.; acc. pl. f. of ষরু নহয় ন m. f. n. wondrous to behold, of wondrous aspect; (from ষরু ন cr. wonderful, and হয় ন n. sight, aspect, 1st cl. 108.)

सन्नतद्शीनान् acc. pl. m. See last.

श्रहुतरूपान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; श्रहुत cr. surprising, wonderful, रूपान् acc. pl.m. of रूप n. shape, form, figure, 1st cl. 108.

অব্বনলিক্লানি Karm. or Des. comp. 755; অব্বন cr. astonishing, surprising, লিক্লানি acc. pl. of লিক্ল n. a mark, a sign.

अद्य ind. to-day, now.

अद्यापि ind. even now, still, henceforth.

अथनो nom. sin. m. of अथन m. f. n. poor; (comp. of अ not, and थन wealth.)

स्थर्मकृच्छ्रे KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; स्थर्म cr. unrighteous, evil, कृच्छ्रे loc. sin. of कृच्छ्र n. calamity, trouble.

स्थमों nom. sin. m. unrighteousness, lawlessness, abandonment of duty.

स्थि prep. over, above, upon.

অধিক nom. or acc. sin. n. of অধিক m. f. n. more. See next.

অধিক: nom. sin. m. of অধিক m. f. n. more, excessive, greater, in addition, over.

स्थिकम् ind. excessively, very much, more, 713.

स्थिगमनार्थे ind. for the sake of finding; (comp. of स्थिगमन obtaining, finding, and संध, see 791.)

অधिजग्मुर they found, they obtained; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with खिंध, 376.

स्थिपति: nom. sin. m. ruler, sovereign, lord.

অधिपस् nom. sin. of अधिप m. a sovereign.

অধিষ্যান acc. sin. of অধিষ্যান n. an abode, place of residence.

स्थीते he reads; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt इ to go, with स्थि over, 2d cl. 311.

सधुना ind. now.

स्रथों for स्थस् (64) ind. down, 731.

अधोमुखम् acc. sin. m. of अधोमुख m. f. n. downcast, (lit. having the face cast down; from अधस् down, and मुख the face, 64.)

अध्यगळत् he approached, he found; 3d sin. impf. of rt गम् with अधि, 602.

सध्यगच्छद् he came to. See last.

- अध्यगार् he approached, he addressed himself to, he undertook; 3d sin. aor. of rt इ or गा with आध; see 645.
- चक्षित loc. sin. of चक्ष्यत् m. a road, 147.
- स्थानं acc. sin. of स्थान् m. a road, 6th cl.
- ষ্কন্ম O sinless one, O blameless one, voc. sin. m. of सन्य; (comp. of सन् for स not, 726, and স্বয় n. sin.)
- অন্যা: O blameless men, voc. pl. m. of অন্য m. f. n. See last.
- অন্যকৃत loc. sin. m. of অন্যকৃत m. f. n. uninjured; (from আ not, 726, and অযকৃत past p. p. of rt कृ with অप.)
- स्त्रनभिज्ञा nom. sin. f. of स्त्रनभिज्ञ not acquainted with, not knowing.
- अनया by her, ins. sin. f.; (from nom. इयं she, 224.)
- खनयोस् of these two, gen. du. m. of इदं, (nom. खयं 224.)
- खनहैस nom. sin. m. unworthy. See next.
- सनहों nom. sin. m. of सनहें m. f. n. unworthy, undeserving; (comp. of सन् 726, and सहें worthy.)
- ञ्चनवद्याङ्कि O thou with faultless limbs, voc. sin. See next.
- স্থানবিয়ান্ত্রী BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; স্থানবিয়া cr. faultless, not to be found fault with, স্থান্ত্রী nom. f. from স্থান্ত্র n. a limb or the bodily frame, 1st cl. 108.
- অনমুযক: nom. sin. of অনমুযক m. f. n. unenvious; (comp. of অন্ 726, and অমু-যক envious.)
- अनागसं acc. sin. f. of अनागस् m. f. n. without blame, sinless, innocent, 7th cl. 164. a; (comp. of अन् 726, and आगस् sin.)
- खनागा for खनागास् nom. sin. m. of खनागस् m. f. n. blameless, 7th cl. 164. a; (comp. of खन् 726, and खागस् n. sin.)
- सनात्मवान् nom. sin. m. of सनात्मवत् m. f. n. not one's self, not self-possessed, not in

- one's right mind; (comp. of अन् 726, आत्म 146, and affix चत् 140.)
- ষ্পনাথবন্ ind. like one without a protector, like one unprotected or deprived of her lord; (comp. of ষ not, 726, নাম a protector or lord, and affix বন্ 724.)
- स्रनायां acc. sin. f. of स्रनाय m. f. n. without a lord or protector; (comp. of स not, 726, and नाय a lord.)
- অনাময় acc. sin. of অনাময n. health, 1st cl. 104; (comp. of অন্ not, 726, and আময disease.)
- জনাमयम् acc. sin. of অনাদয m. f. n. unharmed, safe, in good health; (from অন্ not, 726, and আদয sickness.)
- सनार्थेर ins. pl. of सनार्थ m. f. n. unworthy, vile.
- सनाधिनो gen. sin. m. of सनाधिन m.f. n. imperishable, indestructible.
- खनित्यास् nom. pl. m. of खनित्य m. f. n. not eternal, transient, temporary.
- अनिन्दिता nom. sin. f. of अनिन्दित m. f. n. unblamed, innocent, irreproachable; (comp. of अ not, 726, and निन्दित past p. p. of rt निन्द 538.)
- अनिन्दिताम् acc. sin. f. See अनिन्दिता.
- अनिन्दिते O blameless one, voc. sin. f. See अनिन्दिता.
- सनीचानुवर्ती nom. sin. m. not following low (practices), not acting in a mean manner; (comp. of स not, 726, नीच cr. low, सनु-वर्तिन् m. f. n. following, 159.)
- ञ्चनु prep. after, 730. d. (In Book XXV. 2. ञ्चनु governs ततो, which is equivalent to तस्मात् after that, 719.)
- ञ्चनुगता nom. sin. f. of ञ्चनुगत m. f. n. followed, following, gone after; past p. p. of rt गम् (545) with ञ्चन; see also 896.
- अनुगतो nom. sin. m. of अनुगत m. f. n. followed, attended by. See last.
- अनुचिनयन् nom. sin. m. of अनुचिनायत्

m. f. n. thinking of; pres. p. par. of rt चिन्त with अनु, 641, 524.

खनुजग्मुस् they followed after, they went after; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with अनु, 602.

ষানুৱান acc. sin. m. of ষানুৱান m. f. n. permitted (to depart), dismissed; past p. p. of rt রা with ষানু.

अनुज्ञातो nom. sin. of अनुज्ञात m.f.n. See last.

अनुज्ञातुम् to permit (to depart); inf. of rt ज्ञा with अनु, 459.

अनुत्रमां acc. sin. f. of अनुत्रम m. f. n. most excellent.

অনুধাৰমি thou runnest after, thou comest hastily after (or to the rescue); 2d sin. pres. of rt ধাৰ with অনু, 1st cl.

ष्मनुनादितम् acc. sin. m. of ष्मनुनादित m. f. n. made to echo or ring, made to resound; past p. p. of rt नद् in caus. with ष्मनु, 549.

अनुन्मता nom. sin. f. of अनुन्मत m. f. n. not mad; (comp. of अन् not, 726, and उन्मत mad.)

ञ्चनुषञ्चामि I foresee or see what is to come; ist sin. pres. of rt दृश् with अनु.

अनुवधाति he or it follows or attends upon; 3d sin. pres. of rt बन्ध् with अनु, 9th cl. 692.

अनुभूय having perceived, having understood; past ind. p. of rt भू with अनु, 559.

अनुभूयतां let it be enjoyed, let it be tried; 3d sin. imp. of भू in pass. with अनु. In Book II. 9, where this word occurs, the verse is too long by one foot: but violations of metre as well as of grammar are not uncommon in the Mahá-bhárata.

खनुमते loc. sin. of खनुमत n. consent; 'with the consent of.'

खनुरक्तम् acc. sin. m. attached. See next.

खनुरक्ता nom. sin. f. of खनुरक्त m. f. n. devotedly attached, affectionate; past p. p. of rt रह्म with खनु, 539. अनुरक्तां acc. sin. f. of अनुरक्त m. f. n. See last.

अनुरागं acc. sin. of अनुराग m. affection, love, ardent attachment, 1st cl. 103.

ষনুহথানি they cultivate, they addict themselves to; 3d pl. pres. par. of rt हथ 4th cl. with অনু, 272.

अनुरूपम् acc. sin. m. of अनुरूप m. f. n. conformable, suitable, agreeable to.

अनुव्रजनती nom. sin. f. of अनुव्रजन m. f. n. following, going after; pres. p. par. of rt व्रज्ञ with अनु, 524.

ষনুরন: nom. sin. of ষনুরন m. f. n. devoted to, ardently attached to (as a husband to a wife; from ষনু after, and রন n. a vow).

सनुत्रतम् acc. sin. m. of सनुत्रत. See last.

खनुवता nom. sin. f. of खनुवत m. f. n. See last.

खनुत्रतां acc. sin. of खनुत्रता f. a devoted, faithful wife.

सनुवताम् acc. sin. f. of सनुवत m. f. n. devotedly attached.

सनुशुश्रम we have heard (traditionally or from sacred writ, श्रुति); ist pl. perf. of rt श्रु with सनु, 369.

सनुशोचित he or she bewails or grieves for; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुच् with सनु, 1st cl. 261, 594. e.

अनुशोचिन they grieve for. See last.

सनुशोचिस thou bewailest. See last.

अनुशोचितुम् to mourn for or after, to grieve for; inf. of rt श्रुच with अनु.

खनुसंस्मरन् nom. sin. m. of अनुसंस्मरत् m. f. n. calling to mind, remembering; pres. p. of rt स्मृ with खनु and सम्, 524.

अनुस्मरन् nom. sin. m. of अनुस्मरत् m. f. n. calling to mind, remembering; pres. p. of rt स्मृ with अनु, 524.

अनुस्मृत्य calling to mind, remembering; past ind. p. of rt स्मृ with अनु, 560.

अनृतं acc. sin. of अनृत n. falsehood, untruth. अनेकश: for अनेकशस् ind. in large quantities or numbers, in abundance, not in units; (from अनेक, affix शस, 725.)

अनेन ins. sin. n. of इदं this, 224.

अनःपुरं nom. sin. n. the inner or female apartments, the harem.

अनः पुरसमीपस्थे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; अनः पुर cr. the private apartments of a palace, समीप cr. neighbourhood, स्थे loc. sin. n. of स्थ m. f. n. situated, being; agt. of rt स्था to stand, see 580. b.

खना:पुरात् abl. sin. of खना:पुर n. See last. खनात: for खनातम् ind. lastly, finally, 719.

ञ्चनरं acc. sin. of जनर n. an opportune moment, an occasion; also, the middle, the midst, intermediate space; 1st cl. 104.

सन्तरधीयत he or it disappeared or was changed, he vanished; 3d sin. impf. of rt धा in pass. with सन्तर; see 465.

अनारप्रेषुर Tat. or Dep. comp. 739; अनार cr. opportune moment, occasion, प्रेषुर nom. sin. of प्रेषु m. f. n. anxious to obtain, desirous of obtaining; des. adj. from rt आप with प्र; see 503, 82. VII, 824.

अनारात्मना ins. sin. of अनारात्मन् m. the soul, lit. the inner soul or spirit; (from अनार and आत्मन् 6th cl. 146.)

अनिरिक्षे loc. sin. of अनिरिक्ष n. the sky, air, atmosphere, heaven, 1st cl. 104.

अनिरीक्षगो nom. sin. of अनिरीक्षग m. a bird, lit. sky-goer, 1st cl. 103; (comp. of अन-रीक्ष cr. sky, and ग goer, agt. of rt गम् 580. b.)

चनारी हाद abl. sin. of चनारी हा n. the sky, the heaven.

सनाहितं nom. sin. n. of सनहित m.f. n. made to disappear, made to change, vanished; past p. p. of rt धा to hold, with सना, 533. a.

चन्ति हिता: nom. pl. m. vanished. See last.

सन्ति loc. sin. m. See last.

अनाहिंतो nom. sin. m. disappeared.

अन्तवन्त nom. pl. m. of अन्तवत् m. f. n. possessed of an end, finite, 140.

सन्तश् for सन्तर (71. b) ind. within, between.

अन्तस् nom. sin. of अन m. the end.

सन्तिक n. presence, vicinity, 1st cl. 103.

स्तिकम् ind. near; governing the genitive case.

अनिक near, close up to, into the presence of; loc. sin. of अन्तिक, q.v.

अनोन ins. sin. of अन m. end.

खन्नपानपरिखदाम् BAH. OR REL. COMP.; खन्न cr. food, पान cr. drink, beverage, परिखदाम् acc. sin. f. from परिखद m. dress, clothes, apparel, useful articles.

अन्नरसम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; अन cr. food, रसम् acc. sin. of रस m. taste, 1st cl. 103.

अन्नसंस्कारम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; अन्न cr. food, viands, संस्कारम् acc. sin. of संस्कार m. preparation. (Perfection in the art of dressing viands was one of the gifts bestowed by the gods on Nala at his marriage.)

स्रन्य m. f. n. other, another, the other, 236. सन्यं acc. sin. m. of सन्य, q.v.

खन्य: nom. sin. m. of खन्य, q. v.

श्रन्यच् for श्रन्यत् nom. sin. n. other, another, 48.

खन्यज् for खन्यत् nom. sin. n. other, another, 48.

खन्यत् nom. sin. n. of खन्य other, another.

ञ्चन्यतमं acc. sin. of ज्ञन्यतम one or the other; (ञ्जन्यतम is one of many, as opposed to ज्ञन्यतर one of two, 236.)

स्रन्यत ind. elsewhere, in another place, 720.

स्रन्यथा ind. otherwise, 721.

स्रन्य द nom. or acc. sin. n. of स्रन्य other, another.

खन्यन् for खन्यत् other, nom. sin. n. of खन्य other, another.

अन्यम् acc. sin. m. of अन्य m. f. n. other, another.

स्रन्या nom. sin. f. another woman, 236.

अन्या: nom. pl. f. of अन्य other, another.

स्यान् acc. pl. m. of सन्य other, another.

खन्यानि acc. pl. n. of खन्य m. f. n. other, another.

खन्येन ins. sin. m. of खन्य other, another.

अन्येषु loc. pl. of अन्य other, another.

खन्य र ins. pl. of खन्य other, another.

सन्येश ins. pl. m. of सन्य other, another.

अन्येस् ins. pl. of अन्य other, another.

स्रन्योन्यम् acc. sin. of स्रन्योन्य m. f. n. one another, 1st cl. 103.

अन्वगात् he or she followed; 3d sin. aor. of rt गा with अनु.

अन्वजानात् he consented, he permitted; 3d sin. impf. of rt ज्ञा with अनु, 9th cl. 688.

अन्वयात् he or she followed; 3d sin. aor. of rt इ to go, with अनु, see 645, 438. e.

अन्यास्त he performed; 3d sin. impf. of rt आस with अनु, 2d cl. 317.

खन्यत: nom. sin. of अन्यित m.f. n. possessed of, labouring under, afflicted with.

सन्वेषणार्थे ind. for the sake of seeking after, see 760. d, 791.

सन्वेषती nom. sin. f. of सन्वेषत् m.f. n. seeking, looking for; pres. p. par. of rt एष् with सनु, 524.

सन्वेषतीम् acc. sin. f. See last.

अन्वेपन्तो nom. pl. m. of अन्वेपत्. See अन्वे-पती.

सन्वेषमाणा nom. sin. f. of सन्वेषमाण m. f. n. looking after, seeking for; pres. p. átm. of rt एष् with सनु, 1st cl. 526.

अन्वेषमाणाम् acc. sin. f. See last.

अन्वेषसि thou seekest, thou searchest for; 2d sin. pres. of rt एष् with अनु, 1st cl. 261. अन्वेष्टारो nom. pl. m. of अन्वेष्ट् m. f. n. a seeker, seeking for; agt. of rt इप् with अनु, 581.

अन्वेष्टुम् to seek for; inf. of rt इप् with अनु,

ञ्चप prep. off, away, from.

अपकारताम् acc. sin. of अपकारता f. offence, wrong, injuriousness.

अपकृते loc. sin. m. of अपकृत m. f. n. injured; past p. p. of rt क with अप.

अपकृष्टन ins. sin. m. or n. of अपकृष्ट m. f. n. abstracted, rubbed off, removed, distracted; past p. p. of rt कृष् with अप, 539.

अपकृष्य having taken away, having removed, having abstracted; past ind. p. of rt कृष् with अप, 559; अपकृष्य लज्जां having discarded shame.

ष्यप्रज्ञानो loc. sin. of खपक्राना m. f. n. departed, gone away; past p. p. of rt क्रम् with खप, 546.

अपरां acc. sin. f. of अपर other, another.

अपराङ्मुखाः with unaverted faces; nom. pl. m. of अपराङ्मुख m. f. n.; (comp. of अ not, and पराङ्मुख having the face पराञ्च turned away, 176. b, 43. a.)

अपराजित voc. sin. O unconquered one.

अपराजितम् acc. sin. m. of अपराजित m.f. n. unconquered, 726.

खपराणि acc. sin. n. of खपर m. f. n. other.

अपराद्वम् nom. sin. n. of अपराद्ध m. f. n. one who has given offence or has been guilty of a fault, offended against, (governing a genitive at Book XXIV. 12.)

खपराधं acc. sin. of खपराध m. fault, offence. खपरिहार्ये loc. sin. m. of खपरिहार्य m. f. n.

unavoidable, not to be shunned.

सपर others, nom. pl. m. of सपर m. f. n. other, another, 238. a.

अपरेद्यः for अपरेद्युस् (63) ind. the following

- day, the next day. In Book XIII. 35 this word is used as a substantive in the locative case.
- सपश्चिमाम् acc. sin. f. of सपश्चिम having no termination, having no end; (comp. of स 726, and पश्चिम behind, latter.)
- स्रपश्यंस् for स्रपश्यन् they saw; 3d pl. impf. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604, 53.
- अपर्यच् for अपर्यत् he saw; 3d sin. impf. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604, 48.
- अपञ्चत he or it saw; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.
- अपश्यद् he or she saw; 3d sin. impf. from rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.
- अपञ्यन् for अपञ्यत् he saw; 3d sin. impf. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 270, 604.
- স্থাত্যন্ nom. sin. m. of স্থাত্যন্ m. f. n. not seeing; (from স্থা not, 726, and पত্যন্ pres. p. of rt হুছা 524, 604.)
- স্থা पৃথ্য না nom. sin. f. of স্থা पৃথ্য ন m. f. n. not seeing; (comp. of স্থা not, 726, and पৃথ্য ন pres. p. of rt दৃश্ 604, 524.)
- अपश्यमाना nom. sin. f. not beholding; (from अ not, 726, and पश्यमान m. f. n. pres. p. átm. of rt दृश् 604, 526.)
- अपहरिन they carry off; 3d pl. pres. of rt ह with अप, 593.
- अपहाय having abandoned or discarded; past ind. p. of rt हा with अप, 559.
- अपहतज्ञानो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अपहत cr. robbed of, bereft of, ज्ञानो nom. sin. m. from ज्ञान n. sense, wisdom, see 108.
- अपहता nom. sin. f. of अपहत m. f. n. carried away, carried off; past p. p. of rt ह with अप, 532.
- अपापचेतसम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अपाप cr. sinless, blameless, चेतसम् acc. sin. m. from चेतस् n. mind, soul, 7th cl. 164. a.
- अपाम gen. pl. of अप f. water, see 178. b.

- अपाम्पति: nom. sin. m. Varuna. See next.
- अपाम्पतिर the lord of waters, i. e. Varuṇa, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. c; अपाम् gen. pl. of अप् water, 178. b, पतिर nom. sin. of पति m. lord, 2d cl. 121.
- अपावृतं acc. sin. n. of अपावृत m.f. n. opened.
- অণি ind. even, also, though, although, assuredly.
- स्विपिहता nom. sin. f. of सिपिहत m. f. n. (also written पिहित) covered, filled with; वाप्पेण सिपिहता bathed in tears, suffused with tears. सिप is here a preposition before हित the pass. p. of rt धा 533. a.
- अपृच्छत् he or she asked; 3d sin. impf. See next.
- षपृच्छन् they asked; 3d pl. impf. of rt प्रच् 6th cl. 631.
- खप्यश्वकुश्ताल: for खपि खम्बकुश्ताल:.
- अप्रज: nom. sin. m. of अप्रज m. f. n. childless.
- स्रप्रतिनन्दन्तम् not regarding, not heeding or welcoming; acc.sin.m.of स्प्रतिनन्दत् pres. p. of rt नन्द् with प्रति and prefix स (726), 524, 141.
- स्प्रतिमां acc. sin. f. of स्प्रतिम m. f. n. incomparable, peerless, unequalled.
- खप्रतिमेन ins. sin. n. of खप्रतिम m. f. n. See last.
- अप्रतिमो nom. sin. m. of अप्रतिम m. f. n. unequalled, incomparable, without a peer, 1st cl. 103.
- अप्रतीकारम् acc. sin. m. not retaliating, not defending (myself), unresisting; (अ not, प्रतीकार retaliation.)
- खप्रमेयस्य gen. sin. m. of खप्रमेय m. f. n. immeasurable, infinite, incomparable, 726.
- अप्रशस्तः nom. sin. of अप्रशस्त m. f. n. not good, worthless, accursed.
- অসামকালী one whose time has not arrived, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; অসাম cr. not reached, কালী nom. sin. m. of কাল time.

अपारा: nom. sin. of अपारम् f. a celestial nymph of Svarga or Indra's heaven (163. a). The Apsarasas were the nymphs of Indra's heaven, produced at the churning of the ocean (see note under अमृतोपमां at p. 189). Their birth is thus described in the Rámáyana:

'Then from the agitated deep upsprung
The legion of Apsarasas, so named,
That to the watery element they owed
Their being. Myriads were they born, and all
In vesture heavenly clad and heavenly gems.'

Wilson, Preface to Vikramorvasí, p. 13.

सबध्यो nom. sin. m. of सबध्य m. f. n. not to be killed.

अविभ्यत् he or she feared; 3d sin. impf. irreg. for अविभेत् of rt भी 3d cl. 666, see also 859.

अनुद्धा unintentionally, unwittingly; ins. sin. of अनुद्धि f. absence of design; (from अ not, 726, and नुद्धि design, 112.)

अ नुध्यत he or she perceived, she awoke; 3d sin. impf. of rt नुध् 4th cl. 614.

स्र अक्षर for स्र अहीस ins. pl. of स्र अहा m. f.n. feeding on water; (comp. of स्र ए cr. water, 43, and भद्यार ins. pl. of भद्य eating.)

अब्रवी: for अब्रवीस् thou saidest. See अब्रवीत्. अब्रवीच् for अब्रवीत् by 48, q.v.

सब्दीत he or she spoke to, addressed; 3d sin. impf. of rt ब्र 2d cl. 314, 649.

खब्रवीन् for खब्रवीत्, q. v.

श्रव्यन् they said, they addressed; 3d pl. impf. of rt ब्रू 314, 649.

सनुवाणा nom. sin. f. not speaking; (from स not, 726, and नुवाण, q.v.)

अभवंस for अभवन् by 53.

सभवच् for सभवत्. See next.

स्रभवत् he was, it was; 3d sin. impf. of rt भू 1st cl. 585.

सभवद् for सभवत्, q.v.

स्रभवन् they were; 3d pl. impf. of rt भू 585. सभावो nom. sin. m. non-existence. अभापत he or she said, he spoke; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाप् 1st cl. 261.

स्रीभ prep. to, towards, over, upon.

अभिगन्छिति he goes towards, he returns to; 3d sin. pres. See अभिनग्मुस्.

অभिगम्य having approached; past ind. p. of rt गम् with অभি, 559, 602.

অনিবাদি I transgress, I sin against; ist sin. pres. of rt বা with অনি.

स्रभिजग्मुस् they approached, they went towards, they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with prep. स्रभि, 602, 376.

सभिजन्ने he knew, he was aware; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt जा with स्रभि, 688.

অभিजानाम I know; ist sin. pres. of rt রা with অभি, 9th cl. 688.

सिनानीयाम् I may recognise; ist sin. pot. See last.

स्रभिजानोध्य understand thou, know thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. See last.

स्रभिज्ञाय having recognised; past ind. p.

स्रभिद्धत्य having ran towards; past ind. p. of rt द्ध with स्रभि, 560.

ম্বানিয়াৰ hasten thou here, lit. run thou towards; 2d sin. imp. of rt খাৰ্ with জানি, 1st cl. 261.

स्रभिधास्यामि I will address, I will speak to; I will relate; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt धा with स्रभि, 664.

अभिनन्दित he attends to, he heeds; 3d sin. pres. of rt नन्द् with अभि, 1st cl. 261.

अभिनन्द्य having gladdened; past ind. p. of rt नन्द् in caus. with अभि, 566.

अभिप्रायं acc. sin. of अभिप्राय m. wish, intention.

अभिप्रायस nom. sin. intention. See last.

स्राभिभवति he or it prevails over, he or it overcomes; 3d sin. pres. of rt भू with स्राभ.

অभिभाषन्तो nom. pl. m. of अभिभाषत् m. f. n. speaking to, calling to; pres. p. par. of rt भाष् with अभि, 524.

B b 2

स्राभिभाषिणी nom. sin. f. addressing, 1st cl. 105; agt. from भाष with स्राभ, 582. a.

অনিমাদ I address; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt মাদ্ with অনি, 1st cl. 261.

श्रीभमुखो nom. sin. m. of श्रीभमुख m. f. n. facing, opposite, in front, before one's face.

स्रभिरूपम् acc. sin. m. of स्रभिरूप m. f. n. beautiful.

स्रभिवर्धते increases; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृध् with स्रभि, 1st cl. 261.

सभिवादक: nom. sin. m. a saluter, one who offers salutation.

ञ्चभिवादयामास he saluted; 3d sin. perf. of rt बद्द in caus. with ञ्चभि, 490.

ন্ধনিবান্ত having saluted; past ind. p. of rt বর in caus. with ন্ধনি, 566.

स्मिचीस्य having seen, having observed; past ind. p. of rt ई ख with स्मिम and चि, 559.

खभियकं ind. plainly, manifestly, 713.

অপিয়াদার abl. sin. of অপিয়াদ m. curse, imprecation, anathema, ist cl. 103.

ष्यभिसंवृता nom. sin. f. of खिभसंवृत m. f. n. covered, clothed; past p. p. of rt वृ with खिभ and सं.

অনিম্মা he came up, (he came to her assistance;) 3d sin. perf. of rt মৃ with অনি, 364.

अभिहत: nom. sin. m. of अभिहत m. f. n. smitten, stricken; past p. p. of rt हन् with अभि, 545.

अभोक्ष्णम् ind. repeatedly, again and again.

सभीप्सव: nom. pl. of सभीप्तु m. f. n. desirous of obtaining, 3d cl. 110; formed from des. of rt साप, see 503, 82. VII.

सभूद he, she or it was, there was, there arose; 3d sin. aor. of rt भू 585.

अभ्यगळत् he approached, he went to; 3d sin. impf. of rt गम् with अभि, 602.

स्थ्यमञ्जद for सभ्यमञ्जत he proceeded to.

स्थमात् he approached; 3d sin. aor. of rt गा or of rt इ with स्थि, see 438. e. अभ्यज्ञानात् he or she recognised; 3d sin. impf. of rt ज्ञा with अभि, 9th cl. 360, 688.

सभ्यिभं acc. sin. n. of सभ्यधिक m. f. n. greater, superior. See next.

स्पिको nom. sin. m. of सम्पिक m. f. n. greater, superior, (governing abl. at Book XI. 16, and ins. at Book XXI. 14.)

अभ्यनन्द्रत he saluted, he congratulated; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt नन्द् with अभि, 1st cl. 261.

सभ्यनुज्ञाता nom. sin. f. of सभ्यनुज्ञात m. f. n. permitted; past p. p. of rt ज्ञा with सनु and सभि.

स्थ्यपूज्यन् they worshipped; 3d pl. impf. of rt पूज् with सिंभ, 10th cl. 283.

खभ्यभाषत he addressed, he spoke to, he replied; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाष with खिभ, 1st cl. 261.

अभ्यभाषना they addressed; 3d pl. impf. átm. See last.

अभ्ययात् he went to; 3d sin. impf. of rt या with अभि (34), 2d cl. 644.

अभ्यसूयिन they abuse, they speak angrily or contemptuously; 3d pl. pres. of असूय with अभि, nominal verb from असूया detraction; see 519. a.

अभ्यागता nom. sin. f. of अभ्यागत m. f. n. come to; past p. p. of rt गम् with आ and अभि, 545.

सभ्यागताम् acc. sin. f. of सभ्यागत m. f. n. approached, arrived; past p. p. of rt गम् with स्वा and सभि, 545.

अभ्यासपरिवर्तिनीम् acc. sin. f. wandering about or near; (from अभ्यास cr. near, and परिवर्तिनीम् from परिवर्तिन् m.f. n. going round.)

स्पेति approaches, comes towards; 3d sin. pres. of rt इ with स्थि, 2d cl. 645.

स्थित having approached, having come to; past ind. p. of rt इ with सा and सि, 560.

अभ्रेग ins. sin. of अभ्र n. a cloud.

अभ्रेषु loc. pl. of अध्र n. a cloud.

स्रमिश्रदताम् acc. sin. f. of स्रमिश्रदत m. f. n. unadorned.

स्मनुष्पनिषेविते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; स not, 726, मनुष्प cr. men, निषेविते loc. sin. n. of निषेवित m. f. n. inhabited.

खमन्यत he or she thought; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt मन् 617.

स्रमरप्रस्पम् acc. sin. m. like an immortal; (comp. of समर cr. immortal, and प्रस्प m. f. n. like, 777.)

खमरप्रमे O beautiful as an immortal, Anom. comp. 777; खमर cr. immortal, प्रमे voc. sin. of प्रमा f. beauty, lustre, 1st cl. 105.

समरवह for समरवत् like an immortal; (comp. of समर immortal, and affix वत् 724.)

अमरान् acc. pl. of अमर m. f. n. immortal, 1st cl. 103.

खमरोत्तमा: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; खमर cr. immortal, उत्तमा: nom. pl. m. of उत्तम best, 1st cl. 103; खमर + उत्तम = खमरोत्तम by 32.

समरोपम voc. sin. m. O thou like the immortals; (from समर cr. immortal, and उपम like, 777.)

समरोपम: nom. sin. m. See last.

समर्पेण: nom. sin. m. of समर्पेण m. f. n. impetuous, impatient, intolerant.

समात्यान् acc. pl. of समात्य m. a minister, ist cl. 103.

खमानुषम् acc. sin. m. or n. of खमानुष m. f. n. not human; (comp. of ख not, 726, and मानुष, q. v.)

खमाजिताम् acc. sin. f. of खमाजित m. f. n. uncleansed, unwashed; (comp. of ख not, 726, and माजित past p. p. of rt मृज् or माजे 549.)

स्रमित्रगणसूदनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; स्रमित्र cr. an enemy, गण cr. a host, सूदनम् acc. sin. m. of सूदन m. a destroyer, 582. c.

स्नित्यातिनः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्नित्त cr. an enemy, यातिनः gen. sin. m.

of चातिन् m. f. n. a slayer, killer, 6th cl.

अमृतन्वाय dat. sin. of अमृतन्व n. immortality. खमतोपमां Anom. comp. 777; खमृत cr. the beverage or food of immortality, nectar or ambrosia, उपमां acc. sin. f. of उपम m. f. n. like. The following is the account of the production of the अन्त in the Vishņu Puráņa (p. 74, &c.): 'The gods (Suras) discomfited by the Daityas fled to Vishnu for refuge. He addressed them, and said, "I will restore your strength. Let all the gods, associated with the Asuras (or Daityas, see note under देत्य, &c.), cast medicinal herbs into the sea of milk, and then taking the mountain Mandara for the churningstick, the serpent Vásuki for the rope, churn the ocean for ambrosia. To secure the aid of the Daityas you must make peace with them, and promise them an equal portion." The gods, after collecting the herbs and casting them into the sea, took the mountain Mandara for the staff, the serpent Vásuki for the cord, and commenced churning for the amrita. The gods were stationed at the tail of the serpent and the Daityas at the head. In the midst of the sea, Vishnu himself, in the form of a tortoise, served as a pivot for the mountain as it whirled round. From the ocean thus churned came forth Dhanvantari (the physician of the gods) robed in white, bearing in his hand the cup of amrita. The gods quaffed the nectar, and receiving new vigour defeated the Daityas. The nectar and ambrosia thus produced was preserved in the moon. Accumulated there it is distilled by the lunar rays, and serves the gods and pitris (progenitors) for food.'

अमृष्यमाणा for अमृष्यमाणास् nom. pl. of अमृष्यमाण m. f. n. not enduring, not

bearing or tolerating; pres. p. átm. of rt 44h cl. 526. a.

स्रमेयात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; स्रमेय cr. immeasurable, immense, स्रात्मा nom. sin. of स्रात्मन् m. mind, soul, 146.

अयं this, he; nom. sin. of इदं, q. v.

सर्यं स Here he (is)! 224, 220. स for सस् 67.

स्योध्यां acc. sin. of स्योध्या f. the city Ayodhyá (i. e. the Invincible), the modern Oude. This city is celebrated in all Hindú poetry as the ancient capital of Ráma-ćandra, founded by Ikshváku, the first king of the solar dynasty. In the Rámáyana (Book I. Chap. V) it is thus described: 'On the banks of the Sarayú is a large country called Kośala, gay and happy, abounding with cattle, corn, and wealth. In that country was a famous city called Ayodhyá, built formerly by Manu, the lord of men. A great city, twelve yojanas in extent, the houses of which stood in triple and long-extended rows. It was rich, and perpetually adorned with new improvements. The streets were well-disposed and wellwatered. It was filled with merchants of various descriptions, and adorned with abundance of jewels; crowded with houses, beautified with gardens and groves of mango-trees, surrounded by a deep and impregnable moat, and completely furnished with arms.' In the Sakuntalá (Act VI) Ayodhyá is called Sáketaka.

स्रयोध्याधिपति: nom. sin. m. the sovereign of Ayodhyá; (comp. of स्रयोध्या and स्रध-पति, q.v., 743.)

स्रयोध्यावासिनं acc. sin. m. inhabiting Ayodhyá; (comp. of स्रयोध्या and वासिन् dwelling in, inhabitant, 582. a.)

स्रान: acc. sin. n. of स्राजस m. f. n. free from dust, clean, pure, 164. a; (from स्र

अरञ्जयत् he conciliated (the affections of); 3d sin. impf. of rt एज in caus. 479.

खरएं nom. or acc. sin. of खरएय n. a forest, a wood.

खरएयनृपते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; खरएय cr. forest, नृपते voc. sin. of नृपति m. a king, 2d cl. 110.

अरएयराट् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; अरएय cr. forest, राट् nom. sin. of राज् m. a king, see 176. e.

सरएयस्य gen. sin. of सरएय n. a forest.

सर्एयस्यास्य for सरएयस्य सस्य by 31.

अरायानि acc. pl. of अराय n. a forest.

अराये loc. sin. of अराय n. a forest, a wood.

खरालपव्सनयनां Complex comp. 771; खराल cr. curved, पक्स cr. eye-lash, नयनां acc. sin. f. from नयन n. the eye; see 108.

स्राप्ति O thou tamer of thy enemies, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्रार्टि cr. an enemy, कर्षण voc. sin. of कर्षण m. harasser, annoyer, 1st cl. 103.

स्रारिन्दम voc. sin. m. See next.

खरिन्दमं acc. sin. of खरिन्दम m. the conqueror of (his) foes; see 580. a, 739. c.

स्रामिद्देनं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्रार्टिन: an enemy, मद्देनं acc. sin. of मद्देन m. a destroyer, a crusher, agt. of rt मृद्ध 582. c.

स्रामिद्न: nom. sin. m. See last.

श्रीरसूदन voc. sin. m. O destroyer of (thy) foes; (श्रार an enemy, सूदन destroying.)

सरिहा nom. sin. m. slayer of (his) foes; (comp. of सरि cr. an enemy, and हा nom. sin. of हन् a killer, 6th cl. 157.)

स्रकेंग ins. sin. of स्रके m. the sun, 1st cl. 103.

अर्चयामास he or she honoured; 3d sin. perf. of rt अर्चे 10th cl. 283.

सर्चीयत्वा having honoured; past ind. p. of rt सर्च 10th cl. 558.

सचितानि nom. pl. n. of सचित m. f. n. honoured; past p. p. of rt सच् 538.

सर्जितम् nom. sin. n. of सर्जित m. f. n. acquired, earned; past p. p. of rt सर्जे 538.

सर्जुनिरिष्टसञ्द्वं COMPLEX COMP. 771; सर्जुन the Arjuna, a kind of tree (Pentaptera Arjuna), सरिष्ट the Arishta or Nímtree, सञ्द्वं acc. sin. n. of सञ्द्वं m. f. n. covered, shrouded; past p. p. of rt छद्ध with सं, 540.

सर्थे ind. for the sake of, see सर्थे.

स्रचेकाम:nom.sin.m.desirous of riches; (comp. of स्रचे wealth, and काम wishing for.)

स्रर्घेकामांस् for स्रर्घेकामान् (53), acc. pl. m. See last.

सर्थकृ च्छेषु loc. pl. n. in difficult matters; (comp. of सर्थ cr. thing, matter, and कृ च्छ्र n. difficulty.)

अर्थेस् nom. sin. m. use, profit, advantage.

स्रपाय ind. for the sake of, for the use of.
The dative case is here used adverbially;
but सर्घ and सर्घ are more common, see
731, 917.

अधितव्यं nom. sin. n. of अधितव्य m. f. n. to be sought; fut. pass. p. of rt अर्थ 569.

सर्थे loc. sin. of अर्थ m. thing, matter.

अर्थे ind. for the sake of, (governing genitive case or preceded by crude.)

अर्थेन ins. sin. of अर्थ m. matter, thing.

अर्थों for अर्थेस् nom. sin. m. matter, thing.

खदितं acc. sin. m. of अदित m. f. n. afflicted; past p. p. of rt अदै 538.

सर्धे nom. or acc. sin. of अर्थ n. half.

सर्धरात्ममये TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सर्धरात cr. midnight, lit. half-night, see 778, समये loc. sin. of समय m. time.

अर्थवस्त्रसंवीताम् Complex comp. 771; अर्थ cr. half, वस्त्र cr. garment, संवीताम् acc. sin. f. of संवीत m. f.n. clothed, enveloped; past p. p. of व्ये with सं, 535.

स्र्थं सञ्चातशस्या BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; स्र्थं cr. half, सञ्चात produced, grown, शस्या nom. sin. f. from शस्य n. corn, fruit, 108. स्रोंन ins. sin. of सर्थे n. half, 1st cl. 104. सर्हणां acc. sin. of सर्हणां f. honour.

अहें ति he is worthy of, he deserves, he or she deigns (Lat. dignus) or condescends; 3d sin. pres. of rt अहें 1st cl. In Book XIV. 7. भवान् अहेति must be translated, let your honour deign.

सहैंप deign ye, be ye willing; 2d pl. pres. of rt सहै.

अहींस do thou deign; 2d sin. pres. 608, 870.

अहंसीत्येव for अहंसि इति एव by 31. a, 34.

सही for सहीस् nom. pl. of सह worthy, right, proper.

ষাকাষ্ট্রিন: nom. sin. m. of ষাকাষ্ট্রিন m. f. n. unobserved, unseen, unperceived; (comp. of ষা not, 726, and কাষ্ট্রিন, q. v.)

स्यकार्य nom. sin. n. a small matter; (from सल्प small, and कार्य, q.v.)

स्रन्परीवारो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सन्प cr. small, परीवारो nom. sin. m. of परीवार m. retinue, train.

स्र लपपुरुषेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्र ल्प cr. small, पुरुषेन ins. sin. m. from पुरुष n. virtue, religious merit.

स्यभाग्येन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रत्य cr. little, भाग्येन ins. sin. m. from भाग्य n. fortune, luck, 108.

ञ्चव prep. down, off, away, from.

अवकर्तनम् acc. sin. of अवकर्तनn. cutting off.

अवकृष्टस् nom. sin. m. of अवकृष्ट m. f. n. dragged, drawn along, dragged down; past p. p. of rt कृष् with अव, 539.

अवकृष्णते he is drawn back or dragged down; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt कृष with अव, 463.

स्वगन्द्रध्वं know ye; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt गम् with स्व, 1st cl. 602.

स्रवतीर्य having descended, having alighted; past ind. p. of rt तृ with स्रव, 561.

- स्रवन्तीम् acc. sin. of स्रवन्ती f. Avantí, name of a city, the modern Oujein; also called Ujjayiní, Visálá, and Pushpa-karaṇḍiní. This city is noticed in the Megha-dúta, verses 28 and 31:
 - 'Behold the city whose immortal fame Glows in Avanti's or Visálá's name.'
- खनमुच्य having unloosed, having unharnessed; past ind. p. of rt मुच with खन.
- अविशिष्टं nom. sin. n. of अविशिष्ट m. f. n. left; past p. p. of rt शिष् with अव, 672.

स्रवज्यम् ind. certainly.

- अवसं I dwelt; ist sin. impf. of rt वस् ist cl. 607.
- अवसंस् for अवसन् (53), 3d pl. impf. they dwelt. See अवसत्.
- अवसक्ता nom. sin. f. of अवसक्त m. f. n. fixed; past p. p. of rt सञ्च to adhere, with अव, 597. a.
- खवसच् for खवसत् by 48, q.v.
- अवसत् he dwelt; 3d sin. impf. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.
- अवसद् for अवसत् he dwelt; 3d sin. impf. of rt वस्.
- अवसीदित he or she pines away, wastes away or sinks; 3d sin. pres. of rt सद with अव, 1st cl. 270, 599. a.
- अवसृजामि I concede, I grant, I bestow; 1st sin. pres. of rt मृज् with अव, 625.
- अवस्त्रतां acc. sin. of अवस्त्रता f. state of being without a garment, nakedness; (from अ not, 726, and वस्त्रता abstract noun, 80. XXIII.)
- खवस्थातुं to stand ; inf. of rt स्था with खव.
- अवस्थाप having stopped, having made to stand still; past ind. p. of rt स्था in caus. with अव, 483, 559.
- स्रवस्थित: nom. sin. of स्रवस्थित m.f.n. standing, arrayed, drawn up in array; past p. p. of rt स्था with स्रव, 533, 896. a.
- अवस्थिता for अवस्थितास् nom. pl. m. See अवस्थितः.
- अवस्थिता: nom. pl. m. See अवस्थित:.

- अवस्थितान् acc. pl. m. See अवस्थित:.
- अवाप he obtained; 3d sin. perf. of rt आप् with अव, 364. a.
- স্থবাম having obtained; past ind. p. of rt স্থাম্ with স্থব.
- खवाप्स्यिस thou wilt obtain; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt खाप with खव, 681.
- अवारयत he prevented; 3d sin. impf. of rt व in caus. 481.
- अविद्युता: nom. pl. m. of अविद्युत m. f. n. uninjured, unhurt; (comp. of अ not, 726, and विद्युत hurt, injured; past p. p. of rt ख्रण with वि, 684, 685, 545.)
- स्विनाशिनं acc. sin. m. of स्विनाशिन् indestructible.
- स्विन्दत he or she obtained, he or she found; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt विन्द् or विद् 6th cl. 281.
- অবিজ্ञङ्केन without doubting, without hesitation; ins. sin. of অবিজ্ञङ्क, used adverbially, (আ prefixed to বিজ্ञङ्क 726.)
- खविद्यता: nom. pl. m. of खविद्यत m. f. n. seen, looked upon; past p. p. of rt ई ख् with खब, 538.
- स्रवेक्षितुम् to consider; inf. of rt ईस् with स्रव, 459.
- स्रवेस्य having considered, having regarded; past ind. p. of rt ईस with स्रव.
- सर्वीम I know, I trow; 1st sin. pres. of rt इ with स्रव, 311.a.
- स्वयक्तो nom. sin. m. of स्वयक्त m. f. n. imperceptible, unperceived.
- अव्ययं nom. sin. n. of अव्यय m. f. n. undisturbed.
- अव्ययं acc. sin. n. of अव्यय m. f. n. imperishable, eternal, everlasting; (comp. of अ not, 726, and व्यय decay.)
- स्रव्ययस्य gen. sin. of स्रव्यय m. f. n. imperishable, immutable, eternal.
- अव्ययां acc. sin. f. of अव्यय imperishable.
- अश्वत् he was able; 3d sin. aor. of rt श्व 679.

- अश्रक्षवन् not being able; (comp. of अ not, and शक्षवन् nom. sin. m. of शक्षवन् pres. p. of rt शक् 5th cl. 679, 524.)
- खशिक्कता nom. sin. f. of खशिक्कत m. f. n. fearless.
- अञ्चापत् he cursed; 3d sin. impf. of rt शप् ist cl. 261.
- अशस्त्रं acc. sin. m. of अशस्त्र unarmed, disarmed; (अ not, शस्त्र weapon.)
- অসুអ acc. sin. of অসুস n. sin, evil, wickedness; (comp. of অ 726, and সুস good.)
- অগ্যু अक्रमेग: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; অগ্নু अश्न cr. not good, evil, unhappy, कर्मण: gen. sin. m. from कर्मन् n. 152.
- अशेषतः for अशेषतस् ind. without reserve, fully; (अ not, 726, शेष remainder, and तस् affix, 719.)
- अशेषेण ind. entirely, wholly, without reserve; (comp. of अ not, 726, and शेष remainder, see 714.)
- अशाक voc. sin. O Aśoka. This tree (supposed to be named Asoka from a 'not' and śoka 'sorrow') is one of the most beautiful of Indian trees. Sir W. Jones observes, that 'the vegetable world scarcely exhibits a richer sight than an Asokatree in full bloom. It is about as high as an ordinary cherry-tree. The flowers are very large, and beautifully diversified with tints of orange-scarlet, of pale yellow, and of bright orange, which form a variety of shades according to the age of the blossom.' The Asoka is sacred to Siva, and is planted near his temples. It grows abundantly in Ceylon. In Hindú poetry despairing lovers very commonly address objects of nature, clouds, elephants, and birds, on the subject of their lost or absent mistresses. See the Megha-dúta, the 4th Act of the Vikramorvasí, and the 9th Act of the Málati Mádhava.

- अशोकं acc. sin. of अशोक m. the Aśoka-tree. अशोक: nom. sin. m. the Aśoka-tree.
- स्रशोकतर acc. sin. of स्रशोकतर m. an Asoka-tree. See note under स्रशोक.
- জशोकनग voc. sin. m. O Asoka-tree; (comp. of জशोक cr. and नग m. a tree.)
- अशोकवृक्षं acc. sin. m. the Asoka-tree; (comp. of अशोक and वृक्ष m. a tree.)
- अशोचत् he or she grieved; 3d sin. impf. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.
- अशोच्यान् acc. pl. m. of अशोच्य m. f. n. not to be mourned; (अ not, and शोच्य∙)
- खशोभयना they adorned; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt शुभ in caus. 481.
- अशोष्प for अशोष्पस् nom. sin. m. of अशोष्प m. f. n. not to be dried.
- अश्रुपरिपूर्णी छों COMPLEX COMP. 771; अश्रु cr. tears, परिपूर्ण cr. filled, अक्षों acc. sin. f. from अक्ष m. the eye, see 778.
- अश्रुपरिज्ञृत: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; अश्रु cr. tears, परिज्ञृत: nom. sin. m. bathed, overflowed.
- अश्रुपूर्णाञ्ची BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; अश्रु cr. tears, पूर्ण cr. filled with, अश्री nom. sin. f. from अञ्च for अञ्चि n. the eye, 778.
- अश्रुपूर्ण TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; अश्रु cr. tears, पूर्ण nom. du. n. of पूर्ण m. f. n. full, filled with.
- সংখ্ৰুজ্যল: nom. sin. m. skilled in horses; (from সংঘ a horse, and কুগাল m. f. n. skilful.)
- अश्वकोविद: for अश्वकोविदस् TAT. OR DEP. comp. 744; अश्व cr. a horse, कोविद: nom. of कोविद m. f. n. skilled.
- स्रम्भभादिभिर् Bah. or Rel. comp. 764; स्रम्भभ cr. the Asva-medha or horsesacrifice, see below, सादिभिर् ins. pl. of स्रादि beginning with, et cetera.
- स्थानधेन ins. sin. of सम्भाभ m. the Asvamedha or horse-sacrifice. This sacrifice is described in the Puranas as one of the

highest order, insomuch that if it be performed a hundred times it elevates the sacrificer to the throne of Svarga, and thereby effects the deposal of Indra himself. In the Rig-veda, however, the object of this rite seems to be nothing more than the acquiring of wealth and posterity; and even in the Rámáyana it is merely performed by king Dasaratha as the means of obtaining a son. From the Rig-veda it appears that the horse was immolated, and afterwards cut up into fragments, part of which were eaten by the assisting priests, and part offered as burnt-offering to the gods. The rite as described in the Puránas has been introduced by Southey into 'the Curse of Keháma.'

স্থায়ালান্ acc. sin. f. a stable; (comp. of স্থায় cr. a horse, and য়ালা f. a house.)

अश्वहृदयं nom. and acc. sin. n. knowledge of horses.

अश्वहृद्येन ins. sin. n. (in exchange) with or for skill in horses; (comp. of अश्व cr. horses, and हृद्य n. knowledge, skill.)

सर्थां श्रेमान् for सम्यान् च इमान् by 53, 32. सम्यां स् for सम्यान्, q.v.

सम्राध्यक्षो Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; सम्रा cr. horses. सध्यक्षो nom. sin. m. a master, superintendent, overseer, inspector.

स्रश्वान् acc. pl. of स्रश्च m. a horse, 1st cl. 103. स्रश्वानां gen. pl. of स्रश्च m. å horse, 103.

মানি gen. du. of সামিন declined in du. the twin sons of the Sun by his wife Sanjná, who was transformed to a mare (সামিনা). They are endowed with perpetual youth and beauty, and are the physicians of the gods. Professor Wilson (Introduction to the Rig-veda, p. xxxv) says, Demigods who are more frequently than any other, except the Maruts, the object of laudation in the Veda, are the two Aśvins, the sons of the Sun accord-

ing to later mythology, but of whose origin we have no such legend in the Veda. They are said, in one place, to have the sea (Sindhu) for their mother, but this is explained to intimate their identity, as affirmed by some authorities, with the sun and moon, which rise apparently out of the ocean. They are called Dasras-destroyers either of foes or diseases, for they are the physicians of the gods. They are also called Násatyas-in whom there is no untruth. They are represented as ever young, handsome, travelling in a three-wheeled and triangular car drawn by asses, and as mixing themselves up with a variety of human transactions, bestowing benefits upon their worshippers, enabling them to foil their enemies, assisting them in their need, and extricating them from difficulty and danger. Their business seems to be more on earth than in heaven, and they belong by their exploits more to heroic than to celestial mythology. They are, however, connected in various passages with the radiance of the sun, and are said to be precursors of dawn, at which season they ought to be worshipped with libations of Soma-juice.'

खिमा nom. du. m. See last.

खन्नीर ins. pl. of अन्र m. a horse.

अप्रम: nom. sin. of अप्रम m. f. n. eighth, 209.

स्राद्शः nom. sin. m. eighteenth, 210.

अष्टी acc. of अप्टन् eight, see 205.

समंवीत: imperfectly covered, scarcely covered; (स not, 726, and संवीत m. f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt व्ये 535.)

असंशयं ind. without doubt.

स्रसंस्कृतम् nom. sin. n. of ससंस्कृत m. f. n. unadorned.

असकृद for असकृत ind. more than once, repeatedly, (lit. not once.)

सम्भृत् for सम्भृत् ind. more than once. समंख्येयगुणं acc. sin. m. See next. स्रसंख्येयगुणो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; ससंख्येय cr. innumerable, unnumbered, गुणो nom. sin. m. virtue, good quality.

असतो gen. sin. of असत् m. f. n. not existing; pres. p. of rt अस् with अ prefixed.

असन्कृतं acc. sin. n. evil, evil action; (comp. of अ not, 726, सत् good, and कृत done.)

असन्ता nom. sin. f. of असन्तृत m. f. n. not well-treated, not hospitably entertained; (comp. of अ not, 726, and सन्तृत, q. v.)

श्वसत्यं acc. sin. of श्वसत्य n. falsehood, untruth.

असपत्नम् acc. sin. n. without a rival, without an adversary; (अ not, सपत्न a rival.)

असहाया nom. sin. f. of असहाय m. f. n. unattended, without a companion; (comp. of अ 726, and सहाय a companion.)

समावद्य for समी सद्य by 37.

स्रांस thou art; 2d sin. pres. of rt सस् 584. स्रांसतकेशानां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761;

असित cr. black, केशान्तां acc. sin. f. from केशान्त m. (lit. the end of the hair), the hair, the locks, 108.

स्रमितेश्वणा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; समित cr. black, ईश्वणा nom. sin. f. from ईश्वण n. the eye, 108.

समीह for सिस इह by 31.

समुखं nom. sin. n. of समुख m. f. n. painful.

स्रमुखनीविकाम् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; स्रमुख cr. joyless, नीविकाम् acc. sin. of नीविका f. life.

समुखपीडित: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; समुख cr. sorrow, grief, 726, पीडित: nom. sin. m. afflicted, pained.

अमुखाविष्टा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; अमुख cr. grief, pain, unhappiness, आविष्टा nom. sin. f. of आविष्ट m. f. n. affected by, afflicted with.

अमुहृद्ध ins. pl. with parties of people (who are) not friends; (comp. of अ not, 726, मुहृद्द a friend, and गण m. a company.)

स्मूयित्वा having scorned, having cursed; past ind. p. of the nominal verb समूय 521, 558.

असृजत् he or she let fall or let drop; 3d sin. impf. of rt सृज् 6th cl. 625.

असी he or she; nom. sin. of अदस् 225.

स्रस्ति he, she or it is; 3d sin. pres. of rt सस् 2d cl. 584.

अस्तीति for अस्ति इति by 31. a.

अस्तु let it be; 3d sin. imp. of rt अस् 584.

अस्त्रवित् nom. sin. m. skilled in weapons; (comp. of अस्त्र a weapon, and वित् nom. sin. m. of विद्द one who knows, knowing, 5th cl. 138, 743.)

अस्पृशतः not touching; acc. pl. m. of अस्पृ-शत् m. f. n.; (comp. of ज not, 726, and स्पृशत् pres. p. par. of rt स्पृश् 524.)

श्वस्मत्समीपतः for श्वस्मत्समीपतस् ADV. COMP. 791; श्वस्मत् cr. us, 218, समीपतस् ind. near, 719. b.

चस्तदर्थे ind. on my account, for my sake; (comp. of चस्तद् 218, and अर्थ 760. d, 791.)

सस्माकं of us; gen. pl. of सस्मत्-

अस्मान् us; acc. pl. of अस्मत्-

अस्मान् from this, for अस्मान् abl. sin. of इदं this.

अस्माभि: for अस्माभिस् by us; ins. pl. of अस्मत.

अस्माभिर् for अस्माभिस् by us. See last.

स्रामु in us, for us, to us; loc. pl. of समात्. स्मि I am; 1st sin. pres. of rt सम् 2d cl. 584.

खस्मिन् in this; loc. sin. of इदं this.

अस्यद्य for अस्म अद्य by 34.

अस्युषितस् for अस्म उषितस् by 34.

अस्युषिता for अस्मि उपिता by 34.

स्य gen. sin. m. from nom. स्रयं this (इंदं).

सस्यमरवह for सिस समरवह by 34.

अस्या for अस्यास् of her; gen. sin. f. from. nom. इयं she (इदं).

जस्याम् loc. sin. f. See last.

सस्यारएयस्य for अस्य सरएयस्य by 31.

ष्यस्याञ् gen. sin. f. from nom. इयं she (इदं).

ष्यस्यम् nom. sin. n. not conducive to heaven, unheavenly; (ज not, स्वर्ये.)

असम्यां acc. sin. f. of असम्य m. f. n. not well, not herself, (lit. not staying in herself, a, sva, stha; see 580. b.)

ष्यसेदान् acc. pl. m. of असेद m. f. n. not perspiring, without perspiration; (comp. of अ not, 726, and सेद perspiration.)

सहं I; nom. sin. of मत् or सस्मत् 218.

ष्ठहत्वा not having slain; past ind. p. of rt हन, see 558. c.

खहिन loc. sin. of खहन n. a day, 6th cl. 156.

खहिंसानिरतो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; अहिंसा er. harmlessness, doing no injury to living creatures, kindness, gentleness, निरतो nom. sin. m. of निरत m. f. n. engaged in, devoted to; past p. p. of rt रम् with नि, 545.

सहिता: nom. pl. m. of सहित m. f. n. unfriendly, hostile.

सहो interj. Oh! Ah! Alas! 732.

सहोरातान् days and nights, acc. pl. of सहोरात m.; (comp. of सहर for सहन् a day, 778, and रात m. for राति f. a night, 778.)

सहोरादेर ins. pl.; see last. The instrumental case is generally used with reference to any particular division of time, being then equivalent to the English in, 820.

खहोवत ind. Alas! Oh! Ah! खहोवतायम for खहोवत खयम by 31. खहोस्बिद्ध ind. a particle implying doubt.

खा.

MI prep. to, at, as far as, until. When prefixed to a noun in the sense of up to, as far as, until, it generally governs the ablative case. When prefixed to verbs which denote giving or going, it reverses the action: thus दा is to give, but आदा to take; गम् is to go, but आगम् to come.

आकारवनः nom. pl. of आकारवत् m. f. n. well-formed, shapely.

ञ्चाकारवर्णेमुश्चक्ष्णाः Complex comp. 771; ञ्चाकार cr. form, shape, वर्णे cr. colour, hue, मुश्चक्षणाः nom. pl. of मुश्चक्षण m. f. n. very smooth or delicate.

ञाकाशं acc. sin. of आकाश m. the sky, the air, the atmosphere.

खाकाश्रदेशम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; खाकाश cr. the air, देशम् acc. sin. m. region.

ষাকৃত্যনাতা: nom. sin. m. of ষাকৃত্যনাত m. f. n. being dragged away; pres. p. pass. of rt কৃष্ with ষা, 528.

षाक्रन्दमानां acc. sin. f. of षाक्रन्दमान m. f. n. crying out, calling to; pres. p. átm. of rt क्रन्द with था.

ষাক্রম্ম attacking, having assaulted or invaded; past ind. p. of rt ক্রম্ with সা, 559.

स्राह्मिपनीम् bringing into contempt, casting a slight upon, acc. sin. of स्राह्मिपनी f.; (from स्राह्मिपन pres. p. of rt स्रिप् with स्रा, 141. b, 525. b, 635.)

षास्थातुम् to tell; inf. of rt स्था with खा, 459, 437. b.

आस्पानं acc. sin. of आस्पान n. a tale, a story, words uttered.

ষান্থান্দ্রদান্ having the Puránas as the fifth, Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; সাংখান cr. a story, the mythological stories of the Puránas, written long subsequently to the Vedas, पञ्चमान् acc. pl. of पञ्चम m. f. n. fifth, 209.

आस्यासि thou tellest, thou dost point out; 2d sin. pres. of rt स्या with आ, 2d cl. 437. b.

साख्येयं nom. sin. n. of साख्येय m. f. n. to be told; fut. pass. p. of rt ख्या with सा, 571. a.

सागळतो acc. pl. m. of सागळत् m. f. n.

coming, approaching; pres. p. par. of rt गम् with prep. আ, 524, 602.

सागळन् they came; 3d pl. impf. of rt गम् to go, with सा, 602, 783. i.

स्नागच्छेत् he may come; 3d sin. pot. of rt गम् to go, with सा, 602.

आगतं acc. sin. m. n. or nom. sin. n. of आगत m. f. n. happened, arrived; past p. p. of rt गम् with आ, 545.

सागत: nom. sin. m. of सागत m. f. n. come.

स्रागता nom. sin. f. or for स्रागतास् nom. pl. m. of स्रागत m. f. n. come.

सागतान् acc. pl. m. of सागत m.f. n. come.

আসনাम্ acc. sin. f. of আসন m.f. n. come, arrived, present; past p. p. of rt गम् to go, with আ, 545.

सागतायां loc. sin. f. of सागत m. f. n. come.

आगत loc. sin. m. or n. of आगत m. f. n. come.

আসম having come; past ind. p. of rt সম্
to go, with আ, 564. b.

खागमत् he or she came; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम् to go, with खा, 602.

स्रागमनं nom. sin. of सागमन n. coming, ist cl. 104.

खागमनकारणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; खागमन er. coming, कारणं acc. sin. n. cause.

षागम्य having come to, having met; past ind. p. of rt गम् to go, with prep. ষা, 564. b, 602, 783. i.

साचस्व tell thou, relate thou, describe thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt चछ with जा, 2d cl. 320.

साचचक्ष he or she told; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt चक्ष with सा, 320, 364.

আৰান্ nom. sin. m. of আৰান্ m. f. n. performing; pres. p. par. of rt ৰা with আ, 524.

साचरे he relates, he describes; 3d sin. pres. of rt चक्ष with सा, 2d cl. 320.

स्राचाया: nom. pl. of स्राचाय m. a preceptor. स्राचायान् acc. pl. of स्राचाय m. a preceptor. আভার: nom. sin. m. clothed, clad; past p. p.
of rt ভার to cover, with আ, 540.

জাল্মান he came; 3d sin. perf. of rt মন্
with জা, 602.

खाजग्मुर they came; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम्

सानुहाव he invited; 3d sin. perf. of rt दे to call, with सा, 373. e.

स्रातनाधिन: acc. pl. of स्रातनाधिन m. a traitor, a malignant man, an evil-doer.

জানিষ্ট undertake thou, practise thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt स्या with স্থা, 1st cl. 587.

खातिष्ठद he set out; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था with खा, 1st cl. 261.

स्था आतिष्ठेत he may act; 3d sin. pot. of rt स्था with सा, 1st cl. 587.

সানুত: nom. sin. of সানুত m. f. n. weak, incapable, unable, used with an infinitive.
Also, sick, diseased.

चातुरम् acc. sin. m. of चातुर m.f. n. sick.

স্থান্থ thou hast said; 2d sin. perf. of defective root স্থাই, see 384. b.

स्रात्मजयम् acc. sin. m. his own victory; (comp. of स्रात्म 232, and जय victory.)

भारमन् m. f. self, himself, herself, myself, &c., 146, 232.

खात्मनः gen. sin. of खात्मन् self, q. v.

स्रात्मनञ् of himself, gen. sin. See last.

सात्मना ins. sin. of सात्मन self, q. v.

चात्मनो gen. sin. of चात्मन् m. self, q. v.

জান্দেমনাঁয় for আন্দেমনান্ self-luminous, self-glorious; জান্দ cr. self, प्रभान् acc. pl. m. from प्रभा f. light, glory, 1st cl. 108.

ञ्चात्मभवम् acc. sin. his own essence; (comp. of ञ्चात्म own, 232, भवम् acc. sin. of भव m. being, existence.)

खात्मा nom. sin. m. of खात्मन् m. self, 146. (In Book XXII. 16 he himself.)

सात्मानम् acc. sin. of सात्मन् m. self, 146.

खात्मार्थे for (my) own sake; (comp. of जात्म for खात्मन् 57, 146, and खर्च 791.) आदाय having taken, having received; past ind. p. of rt दा to give, with आ, 559, 783. i.

खादित्य for खादित्यस् nom. sin. of खादित्य m. the sun, 1st cl. 103.

चादित्यः for चादित्यस् nom. sin. of चादित्य m. the sun, 1st cl. 103.

सादित्या for सादित्यास् nom. pl. of सादित्य m. an Aditya, a deity of a particular class, being a form of the Sun. There are twelve Adityas, who are supposed to be the offspring of Kaśyapa and Aditi his wife. They are merely emblems of the Sun in each month of the year. Their names, according to some, are, सूर्य:, वर्गाः, वेदाङ्गः, भानुः, इन्द्रः, रविः, गभस्तिः, यमः, खणरेताः, दिवाकरः, मित्रः, विखाः. According to the Vishņu Puráṇa (p. 122, Wilson) they are, विखा, शक्त, सायमन, धृति, त्वष्टु, पूपन, विवस्त्रत्, सवितृ, मित्र, वरुण, संशु, भग. Most of these are names or epithets of the Sun itself.

खादित्यो nom. sin. of खादित्य m. the sun.

জাবিহা command thou, order thou; 2d sin.
imp. of rt বিহা with আ, 6th cl. 583.

स्रादिष्टो nom. sin. m. of सादिष्ट m.f.n. commissioned, commanded; past p. p. of rt दिश् to point out, with स्रा, 539, 583.

আধাবদানাস্ nom. pl. m. of আধাবদান m.f.n. running, rushing onwards or at; pres. p. átm. of rt ধাব with আ, 526.

स्राधास्य I will lay, I will place, I will attribute; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt धा with स्रा, 664.

स्राधिपत्यं acc. sin. n. sovereignty.

साधिभिर् ins. pl. of साथि m. anxiety, agony, pain.

ष्ठानय bring thou, fetch thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt नी with जा, 1st cl. 590. a.

ञ्चानयत् he brought, he took; 3d sin. impf.
of rt नी with ञा.

आनयताम् let him bring back ; 3d sin. imp. átm. of rt नी with आ, 1st cl. 590. a.

ज्ञानयने loc. sin. of ज्ञानयन n. bringing, bringing back.

ञ्चानियणित he shall bring back; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt नी with जा. The more usual form is जानेणित; see 394. a, 590. a.

सानयेह for सानय इह by 32.

ञ्चानाययामास he or she caused to be brought; 3d sin. perf. of rt नी in caus. with ञ्चा, 385. a, 590. a.

আনাঅ having caused to be brought, having caused to be introduced, having brought together, having convened; past ind. p. of rt নী in caus. with আ, 566. a, 482.

आनृशंस्यम् nom. sin. n. mercy, absence of cruelty; abstract noun from अनृशंस not cruel, not given to injury; see 726, 80. LXXVII.

सानेतुं to bring, to be brought; inf. (act. and pass.) of rt नी with सा, see 869.

आपगां acc. sin. of आपगा f. a river, 1st cl. 105.

আঘাননা gen. pl. of আঘানন্ m.f.n. rushing onwards; pres.p. par. of rt पत् with আ,524.

स्वापिततम् nom. sin. n. of सापितत m. f. n. fallen upon, happened; past p. p. of rt पत् with सा, 538.

श्रापदम् acc. sin. of श्रापद f. calamity, 84. IV.

আपরা nom. sin. f. of আपর m. f. n. unfortunate, afflicted; obtained, acquired.

स्रापीडेर ins. pl. of आपीड m. a wreath, a garland.

खापो nom. pl. of खप् f. water, (always declined in the plural, see 178.b.)

स्राप्तकारिभि: ins. pl. m. of स्राप्तकारिन् m. f. n. trusty, confidential, 6th cl. 159.

ষামহৃষ্টি: Bah. or Rel. comp. 766, having proper gifts, or furnished with gifts (to Bráhmans); স্থাম cr. fit, suitable, obtained, furnished, ইষ্টি: ins. pl. m. from ইষ্টিটো f. a gift to a Bráhman at a sacrifice, 1st cl. 108.

আমানি he or she obtains, he or she incurs or will incur; 3d sin. pres. of rt আ্বা
- 5th cl. 681.

आपायिता nom. sin. f. of आपायित m.f.n. satisfied, comforted, refreshed; past p.p. of rt पे in caus. 549.

স্থাभাত্র having addressed or spoken to;
past ind. p. of rt भाष with স্থা.

साभ्याम् dat. du. of इदं this, 224.

स्नामन्त्य having saluted, having bid farewell to; past ind. p. of rt मन्त्र with सा, 559.

षाम्रायसारिकों having the essence of the Veda, or flowing (musically) like the Veda, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; आम्राय cr. the Veda, सारिकों acc. sin. f. of सारिन् possessed of the essence (sára), 6th cl. 159; or flowing, agt. of rt म 582. a.

खायतलोचना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रायत cr. long, लोचना nom. sin. f. from लोचन n. the eye, 108.

स्थायते खणा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सायत cr. long, and ईखणा nom. sin. f. from ईखण n. an eye.

खायते खणाम् acc. sin. f. See last.

ञ्चायात for ञ्चायातस् nom. sin. m. of ञ्चायात m. f. n. come; past p. p. of rt या to go, with ञ्चा, 532, 644.

खायाति he comes; 3d sin. pres. of rt या to go, with खा, 2d cl.

आयानं acc. sin. m. of आयात coming; pres. p. of rt या with आ, 644, 524.

आयान्तु let them come; 3d pl. imp. of rt या with आ, 644.

आयुक्तं acc. sin. m. of आयुक्त m. f. n. united, joined, obtained; past p. p. of rt युक्त with आ, 539.

आयुप्पन् O long-lived one, voc. sin. of आयुप्पन् 5th cl. 140. See next.

आयुप्पना nom. du. m. of आयुप्पन m. f. n. possessed of (long) life; a respectful mode of addressing kings and princes.

মাথে nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of আথে m. f. n. begun, undertaken; past p. p. of rt শে with সা, 601. a, 539. আম্পে having commenced or undertaken; past ind. p. of rt মে with আ, 559.

आराधने loc. sin. of आराधन n. the act of winning over or gaining, propitiating, honouring.

स्रायवः nom. sin. m. noise, tumult, cry.

आहरोह he or she ascended; 3d sin. perf. of rt हह with आ, 364.

साह्य having ascended; past ind. p. of rt हह with सा, 559.

আহৌত্ম having made to ascend, having caused to mount, having placed upon; ind. past p. of rt হছ in caus. with আ, 566, 488.

स्रात: nom. sin. of स्रात m. f. n. grieved, pained; past p. p. of rt स्रहे with स्रा, see 542.

आतेतरा nom. sin. f. of आतेतर m. f. n. more afflicted, more sad; see 191.

चातस्य gen. sin. m. of चात m. f. n. afflicted, tormented.

আনা nom. sin. f. of আন m.f. n. afflicted, 542. See আন:

आतीम् acc. sin. f. See आते:.

आतों nom. sin. m. afflicted. See आतें:.

आर्थ voc. sin. O honourable man, O Sir.

ষাত্যান্ acc. pl. of স্থাত্য m. a house, a dwelling, ist cl. 103.

ষালিক্স having embraced; past ind. p. of rt লিক্স with ষা, 559.

आलीयते he or she faints away; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt ली with खा, 4th cl. 272.

ষালীকা having looked at; ind. past p. of rt লৌক with ষা, 559.

स्वावयोः of us two; gen. du. of मत् or सम्मत्, q. q. v. v.

साविज्ञतं nom. sin. n. of साविज्ञत m. f. n. inclined, poured down, made to flow downwards; past p. p. of rt वृज्ञ with सा, 538.

आवतर ins. pl. of आवते m. a curl, a lock of hair that curls backwards in a horse, a peculiar mark. Avartas are locks, curls or twists of hair in certain forms on dif-

ferent parts of the body. In Book XIX. 14 they are apparently, forehead 1, head 2, chest 2, ribs 2, flanks 2, crupper 1. In the poem of Mágha, chap. v. 4, we have the adjective Avartinah applied to horses, on which the commentator observes, 'Avartinal signifies horses having the ten avartas or marks of excellence; they are, two on the breast, two on the head, one on the forehead, two on the hollows of the ribs, two on the hollows of the flanks, and one on the crupper (prapáta); these are called the ten ávartas.' Avarta means an eddy or whirlpool, and is applied to the twists of hair on a horse resembling a whirlpool.

আৰহ convey thou (to thyself), take thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt বহ with আ, 1st cl. 261.

खावार्य having concealed; past ind. p. of rt q in caus. with आ, 675, 481.

জাবিহান he entered; 3d sin. impf. of rt বিহা with জা, 6th cl. 278.

স্নাবিষ্ট: nom. sin. m. of স্নাবিষ্ট m. f. n. entered, affected by; past p. p. of rt বিষ্যু with স্থা, 556.

खाविष्टम् acc. sin. m. of खाविष्ट m. f. n. affected by, filled with.

आदिष्टो nom. sin. m. of आविष्ट m. f. n. affected by.

आवेद्यं nom. sin. n. of आवेद्य m. f. n. to be told, to be announced; fut. pass. p. of rt विद् in caus. with आ, 571; governing the genitive case by 859. a.

সারন they went to, they approached; 3d pl. impf. of rt রন to go, with সা, 1st cl. 261.

সায়ত্বদানা nom. sin. f. of সায়ত্বদান m. f. n. fearing, apprehending; pres. p. átm. of rt शङ्क with সা, 526.

आश्रीवादै: ins. pl. of आश्रीवाद m. a blessing, benediction.

आशु ind. quickly, 717. e.

মাম্বর্ট nom. or acc. sin. n. a wonder, prodigy.

आश्रमपदं acc. sin. of आश्रमपद n. a hermitage, 1st cl. 104.

স্থাপ্সন্মন্তে Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; স্থাপ্সন cr. a hermit's cell, a hermitage, মন্তেন্ nom. or acc. sin. of মন্তে n. a circle.

आश्रमान् acc. pl. of आश्रम m. a hermitage.

জাত্মদায় nom. pl. of আত্মদ m. a hermitage, an anchorite's retreat, 1st cl. 103.

आश्रयेत he would incline to. See next.

साम्रयेद he or it might attach itself or have recourse to; 3d sin. pot. of rt भि to serve, with सा, 1st cl.

ষাত্মিনা nom. sin. f. of ষাত্মিন m. f. n. having resorted to, standing upon; past p. p. of rt ত্মি with ষা, see 896. a.

आश्वासय comfort thou, console thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt श्वस् in caus. with आ.

ষাস্থান্দ্রন encourage ye, comfort ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt স্থান্ধ in caus. with স্থা, 481. In Book XII. 59, the plural seems used out of respect, or, as the Scholiast observes, from confusion and agitation of mind.

आश्वासयद for आश्वासयत he consoled, he comforted, he caused to breathe; 3d sin. impf. of rt श्वस in caus. with आ, 481.

खाम्त्रासयन्ती nom. sin. f. of खाम्त्रासयत् m.f.n. comforting, consoling; pres. p. See last.

षाम्यासयसि thou consolest; 2d sin. pres.

आश्वासयामि I (will) console; 1st sin. pres.

आश्वास्य having consoled, having cheered; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् in caus. with जा.

षासं I was; 1st sin. impf. of rt षस 584.

आसते they sit, they remain; 3d pl. pres. of rt आस 2d cl. 317, 292.

स्रासनेभ्य: abl. pl. of स्रासन n. a seat, 1st cl. 104. स्रासनेप loc. pl. of स्रासन n. a seat, 1st cl. 104.

आससाद he approached, he came to, he found; 3d sin. perf. of rt सद with आ, 375. a, 559. a.

आसादयद for आसादयत he or she approached or arrived at; 3d sin. impf. of rt सद with आ, 10th cl. 283.

आसादिता nom. sin. f. of आसादित m. f. n. met with, found.

সামান্ত having arrived at, having reached, having gone near to, having met with, having found, having experienced; past ind. p. of rt মন্ত্ৰ in caus. with সা, 599. a, 566.

आसीद for आसीत he or it was, there was; 3d sin. impf. of rt अस् 584.

सामीन् for सामीत्. See last.

स्रासीना: nom. pl. m. of स्रासीन m. f. n. sitting, seated; pres. p. átm. of rt स्रास् 526. a.

ष्ट्रास्ते he or she sits; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt ष्ट्रास् 2d cl. 317.

आस्थाय having recourse to, having made use of; past ind. p. See next.

स्थास्यित he or she will perform, will engage in, will observe; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt स्था with सा, 587.

स्थास्य I shall have recourse to, I will make use of; ist sin. 2d fut. útm. of rt स्था with सा, 587.

ञ्चास्थितम् acc. sin. m. of ञ्चास्थित m. f. n. standing on; past p. p. of rt स्था with ञ्चा, 533, 896. a.

आस्पताम् let it be sat down; 3d sin. pres. of rt आस् in pass. 463.

স্থাই he said; 3d sin. perf. of defective root স্থাই, see 384. b.

आहता nom. sin. of आहतृ m. an offerer, one who offers or performs a sacrifice; agt. of rt ह with आ, 4th cl. 127.

মাইন to bring, to take away, to cause, to be taken up, to be picked up; inf. of rt ই with আ. (N.B. The root মাৰ্ in pass. gives a pass. sense to the infinitive.)

आहवे loc. sin. of आहव m. battle, war.

साहित: nom. sin. m. of साहित. See last.

আहितम् nom. sin. n. of আहित m. f. n. placed, deposited, made, undertaken; past p. p. of rt धा with आ, 533.

आहुस् they spoke, they said; 3d pl. perf. of defective root आह, see 384. b.

आहूय having challenged; past ind. p. of rt हे to call, with आ, 562. a.

आहते loc. sin. n. of आहत m. f. n. brought; past p. p. of rt ह with आ.

সাহ্ল having taken away; past ind. p. of rt ह with সা, 560.

साहेदं for साह इदं by 32.

षाहोसिद for षाहोसित ind. a particle implying doubt.

आह्वादयते he or it rejoices; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt हाद in caus. with आ, 481.

षाहानम् acc. sin. of षाहान n. a challenge, (lit. calling to,) 1st cl. 104.

₹.

ইংৰাকুকুলন: nom. sin. m. born in the family of Ikshváku; (comp. of ইংৰাকু cr. Ikshváku, the first prince of the Solar dynasty, কুল cr. family, and ন m. f. n. born, see 580. b.

इङ्गित: ins. pl. of इङ्गित n. a gesture, hint. इन्जिति he or she wishes; 3d sin. pres. of rt इप् 6th cl. 637.

इच्छन्ति they desire, they wish; 3d pl. pres.

इच्छिस thou wishest ; 2d sin. pres. See next.

इच्छामि I wish, I desire; ist sin. pres. of rt इप 6th cl. 637.

इच्छेपास thou mayest wish; 2d sin. pot. of rt इप् 6th cl. 637.

इतः hence, from hence. See इतस्.

इतश्रेतश्र ind. hither and thither, here and there, for इतस् च इतस् च by 62 and 32.

इतस् ind. from hence, hence, here, hither, 719.

इतस्ततः ind. hither and thither, here and there; (comp. of इतस् and ततस्.)

इति ind. so, thus, to this effect, so saying, 717. e, 927.

इतो for इतस् ind. from hence.

इत्यपोचुस् for इति अप जचुस् by 34 and 32.

इदं nom. or acc. sin. n. of इदं m. f. n. this. इन्दोर् gen. sin. of इन्द् m. the moon.

इन्द्रपुरोगमा: preceded or led on by Indra, having Indra as their leader; इन्द्र cr. Indra, पुरोगमा: nom. pl. of पुरोगम m. a leader, 761. See next.

इन्द्रलोकम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; इन्द्र cr. Indra, लोकम acc. sin. of लोक m. the world, 1st cl. 103. The god Indra takes a very important position in each of the three periods of Hindú mythology. In the Vedic period he is the great Being who inhabits the firmament, guides the winds and clouds, dispenses rain, and hurls the thunderbolt. In the Epic period he is a principal deity, taking precedence of Agni, Varuna, and Yama. In the Puránic period he is still a chief deity, only inferior in rank to the great Triad, Brahmá, Vishņu, and Siva. His heaven is called Svarga or Indraloka; his pleasure-garden or elysium नन्दन; his city (sometimes placed on Mount Meru, the Olympus of the Greeks) अमरावती; his palace वैजयन ; his horse उच्चे: प्रवस ; his charioteer मातिल; his thunderbolt वज्र; his elephant ररावत; his bow (the rainbow) शक्रधनुस्.

इन्द्रसेनं acc. sin. of इन्द्रसेन m. Indrasena, son of Nala and Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

इन्द्रसेनस्य gen. sin. See last.

इन्द्रसेनां acc. sin. of इन्द्रसेना f. Indrasená, daughter of Nala and Damayantí, 1st cl. 105.

इन्द्रियाणां gen. pl. of इन्द्रिय n. an organ of sense.

इन्द्रो for इन्द्रस् nom. sin. of इन्द्र m. Indra, the god of the atmosphere.

इमं this; acc. sin. m. of इदं, (nom. अयं.)

इमां this; acc. sin. f. of इदं, (nom. इयं.)

इमानि these; acc. pl. n. of इदं.

इमे these; nom. pl. m. of इदं, (nom. अयं.)

इयम् she; nom. sin. f. of इदं 224. इयेप he desired, he wished; 3d sin. perf. of rt इप 367.

इव ind. like, as, as if, as it were. इवाचलम् for इव खचलम् by 31.

इवाभेषु for इव अभेषु by 31.

इवार्केण for इव खर्केण by 31.

इवासते for इव खासते by 31.

इवैकाम् for इव एकाम् by 33.

इवोत्यितम् for इव उत्थितम् by 32.

इवोद्युताम् for इव उद्युताम् by 32. इवोरगा: for इव उरगा: by 32.

इप्भि: ins. pl. of इप् m. an arrow.

इष्ट m. f. n. desired, wished, desirable, excellent, choice; past p. p. of rt इप 539.

इष्टं acc. sin. m. of इष्ट m. f. n. desired, beloved. See last.

इष्टा nom. sin. f. of इष्ट m. f. n. beloved.

इष्टां acc. sin. f. of इष्ट beloved, q. v.

इष्टे for इष्टेस् ins. pl. of इष्ट, q.v.; ais to air, and r dropped by 65. a.

इष्ट्रा having sacrificed; past ind. p. of यज् 556, 597.

इह ind. here, 717. g.

इहागत: nom. sin. m. come or arrived hither; (from इह, q.v., and आगत come.)

इहागतम् for इह जागतम्. See above.

इहामताम् for इह खामताम्. See above.

इहानेतुं for इह खानेतुं by 31.

इहाभवत् for इह स्रभवत् by 31.

इहेन्छिम for इह इन्छिम by 32.

इहैव for इह एव by 33.

इहोत्सहे for इह उत्सहे by 32.

숙.

ईक्षणाम् acc. sin. f. from ईक्षण n. an eye. ईने he sacrificed; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt यन, see 375. e.

ईदृश for ईदृशस m. f. n. such as this, such-like, 234.

ईदृशम् nom. or acc. sin. n. of ईदृश m. f. n. such, such as this, see 234.

ईदृशै: ins. pl. m. of ईदृश m. f. n. such-like.

इंप्सित: nom. sin. of ईप्सित m. f. n. desired, wished for; past p. p. of rt आप to obtain, in des. form, 550, 503.

ईप्सिताम् acc. sin. f. of ईप्सित. See last.

इप्सितो nom.sin.m. desired, admired. See last.

ईियवान् he went; nom. sin. m. of ईियवस् participle of perf. of rt ₹ 554, 645.

ईरित: nom. sin. m. of ईरित m. f. n. sent forth, uttered; past p. p. of rt ईर 538.

ईरितम् nom. sin. n. said, uttered. See last.

ईशं acc. sin. of ईश m. a lord.

ईश्वर voc. sin. of ईश्वर m. a lord, a master, ist cl. 103.

ईश्वराणाम् gen. pl. of ईश्वर, q.v.

ਰ.

বন্ধ m.f.n. addressed, spoken, spoken to; past p. p. of rt বৰ 543, 650.

বন্ধ nom. sin. n. of বন্ধ spoken, spoken to.

उक्तमाने on merely being uttered, immediately on being uttered; उक्त cr. uttered, spoken, माने loc. sin. of मान n. mere; see 919 and 840.

उक्तवती she spoke, nom. sin. f. of उक्तवत m. f. n. who has spoken; past. act. p. of rt वच 553.

उक्तवान् nom. sin. of उक्तवत् m.f.n. See last.

उक्तम् nom. sin. m. spoken to, addressed. See last.

उक्तस्य gen. sin. of उक्त addressed.

उस्रा nom. sin. f. of उत्त. See last.

उत्ताः for उत्तास् nom. pl. m. addressed.

उद्भास nom. pl. m. addressed.

उक्ते on being addressed, on being spoken to; loc. sin.

उक्तो nom. sin. m. addressed.

বন্ধা having said, having spoken; ind. p. of rt বৰ 556, 650.

उग्रशासनः strict in his orders, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; उग्र cr. severe, ज्ञासनः nom. sin. m. from ज्ञासन n. an order, command, 1st cl. 108.

उचिता nom. sin. f. of उचित m.f. n. accustomed, usual, well-known, (governing the genitive case at Book XXIII. 22.)

उचै: for उचैस ind.loudly,in a loud voice,714.

उचैर for उचैस ind. loud, loudly. See last.

उच्छिष्टं acc. sin. n. that which is left, the leavings (of food); from rt शिष् with उत.

उच्छोषणम् acc. sin. n. of उच्छोषण m. f. n. that which dries or parches up; (उत् शुष् in caus.)

उच्छित: ins. pl. of उच्छित m. f. n. lofty, high, 1st cl. 103.

उच्यते it is called; 3d sin. pres. of rt वच् in pass.

उत् prep. up, above, upwards, on, upon.

उत ind. an expletive, a redundant particle.

उताही interrog. p. or whether ?

उताहोसिद ind. or whether, (a particle of doubt or deliberation.)

उत्तमं acc. sin. m. or n. of उत्तम m. f. n. excellent.

उत्तमः nom. sin. m. of उत्तम excellent, fine.

उत्तमगन्धाद्धाः possessing abundantly the most delicate scent or delicious fragrance, Complex comp., see 772. a; उत्तम cr. best, गन्ध cr. fragrance, আद्धाः nom. pl. f. of আद्धा m. f. n. abounding in, rich, possessing abundantly.

उत्तरं acc. sin. of उत्तर n. an answer.

उत्तरनं acc. sin. m. of उत्तरत् m. f. n. crossing over, passing, going over; pres. p. of rt त् to cross, with उत्.

उत्तराम् acc. sin. f. of उत्तर m. f. n. northern, northerly.

उत्तरीयम् acc. sin. of उत्तरीय n. an upper garment.

उत्तस्यों he or she stood up; 3d sin. perf. of rt स्था with उत्, 587, 783. j.

D d 2

- उत्तिष्ठ rise thou up, arise thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt स्था with उत्.
- उत्थित: nom. sin. m. arisen; past p. p. of rt स्था with उत्, 533, 783. j.
- उत्थितम् acc. sin. m. of उत्थित m. f. n. rising or towering over. See last.
- उत्पति she springs up; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt पत् with उत्, 1st cl. 261.
- उत्पतनो acc. pl. m. of उत्पतन m. f. n. flying upwards, flying onwards. See next.
- उत्पतन्त: nom. pl. m. of उत्पतत् m. f. n. flying upwards; pres. p. of rt पत् with उत्, 524.
- उत्सर्गे loc. sin. of उत्सर्गे m. abandonment, ist cl. 103.
- उत्सर्पति he or it rises up or becomes elongated; 3d sin. pres. of rt सृप् with उत्, 1st cl. 261.
- उत्ससर्जे he released, he let go; 3d sin. perf. of rt मृज् with prep. उत्, 625.
- उत्सहते he is able, he endures, he bears up; 3d sin. pres. See next.
- उत्सहे I am able, I shall be able, I can endure, (equivalent in Book IV. 15, 16, to can I dare (to plead)?) ist sin. pres. átm. of rt सह with उत्, 611. a.
- उत्साद्यनो they are subverted, they are destroyed; 3d pl. pres. of rt सह in pass. with उत्.
- उत्सुका: nom. pl. m. of उत्सुक m. f. n. eager for, anxiously expecting, (governing the locative case in Book XXI. 7.)
- उत्सृज्य having abandoned, having cast off, having released, having let go, having shed; past ind. p. of rt सृज् with उत्, 559.
- उत्मृष्ट्यान् nom. sin. m. of उत्मृष्ट्यत् m. f. n. who has let fall, who has shed (as tears); past act. p. of rt सृज् with उत्.
- उत्सृष्टा nom. sin. f. of उत्सृष्ट m. f. n. left, abandoned, cast off, let go.
- उत्सप्तुकामं acc. sin. m. wishing to let go, wishing to put down; (comp. of उत्सप्तु

- for उत्प्रष्टुम् inf. of rt सृज् with उत्, 625, and काम, see 871.)
- उदकं nom. sin. of उदक n. water.
- उदकेस nom. sin. m. future time, 1st cl. 103.
- उदके loc. sin. of उदके m. future, future time.
- उदारः for उदारस् nom. sin. m. of उदार m.f.n. noble, generous, 1st cl. 103.
- उदारान् acc. pl. See last.
- उदाहतम् nom. sin. n. of उदाहत m. f. n. related, declared; past p. p. of rt ह with सा and उत्, 532, 593.
- उदितेन ins. sin. m. of उदित m. f. n. risen; past p. p. of rt इ with उत्, 532.
- उद्भिष्य ind. pointing at, with reference to, see 924.
- उड्दताम् acc. sin. f. of उड्दत m. f. n. torn up, uprooted; past p. p. of rt ह with उत, 50, 783. j.
- उद्यत: nom. sin. of उद्यत m.f. n. eager, in earnest, prepared.
- उद्यताः nom. pl. of उद्यत m. f. n. prepared, ready.
- उद्दमन् nom. sin. m. of उद्दमन् m. f. n. vomiting up; pres. p. of rt वम् with उत्, 524.
- विज्ञिस thou fearest; 2d sin. pres. of rt विज्ञ् with उत्, 6th cl. 278. This verb governs the ablative case, see 855.
- उद्वेजते trembles; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt चिज् with उत्, 1st cl. This rt is generally in the 6th cl.; see last.
- उद्वेपते trembles, is agitated; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वेप with उद्ग, 1st cl. 261.
- उन्मतं acc. sin. m. of उन्मत m. f. n. mad.
- उन्मन्नदर्शना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; उन्मन्न cr. mad, maniac-like, दर्शना nom. sin. f. from दर्शन n. aspect, 108.
- उन्मन्न er. a maniac, रूपा nom. sin. f. from रूप n. form, 108.
- उन्मत्तवह ind. like one mad, as if mad, like a maniac; (comp. of उन्मत्त mad, and affix चन्, see 724.)

उन्मत्तवेशा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; उन्मत्त cr. mad, a maniac, वेशा nom. sin. f. from वेश m. a dress, garb, 108.

उन्मता nom. sin. f. of उन्मत m. f. n. mad.

उन्मतां acc. sin. f. of उन्मत्त m. f. n. mad.

उन्मत्तेव for उन्मत्ता इव by 32.

उन्मुखा for उन्मुखास् nom. pl. m. of उन्मुख m. f. n. looking upwards, raising their faces upwards.

34 prep. to, towards, near, with.

उपकल्पिता: nom. pl. m. of उपकल्पित m. f. n. prepared, made ready; past p. p. of rt क्रूप् with उप, 538.

उपगच्छित he comes to, he returns to; 3d sin. pres. of rt गम् with उप, 602.

उपगम्य having approached, having gone up to or near; past ind. p. of rt गम् with उप, 602, 559.

उपचक्रमे he or she endeavoured or attempted; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt क्रम् with उप, 364.

उपचर्य having groomed or tended (the horses); past ind. p. of rt चर् with उप, 559.

उपतस्ये he approached, he went to; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt स्था with उप, 373.

उपतिष्ठति he or she goes near, or she stays with; 3d sin. pres. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपदेख्यामि I will instruct or shew; ist sin. 2d fut. of rt दिश् with उप, 411, 583.

जपपद्यते it is becoming, it is fitting; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt पद् with उप, 4th cl.

उपपन्नं obtained, offered; acc. sin. n. See

उपपन्ना nom. sin. f. of उपपन्न m. f. n. obtained, gained.

उपपन्नान् acc. pl. m. See next and last.

उपपन्नो endowed with, nom. sin. m. of उपपन्न m. f. n.; past p. p. of पद with उप, 540.

उपपादयन् inferring, proving, establishing; pres. p. of rt पद in caus. with उप, 525.

जपयों he went, he went near, he returned, he entered upon, he undertook; 3d sin. perf. of rt या with उप, 644.

उपरतं acc. sin. m. of उपरत m. f. n. with-drawn or retired from.

उपरि ind. above, over, upon, towards, 917.

उपलिश्वतः nom. sin. of उपलिश्वत m. f. n. seen, observed; past p. p. of rt लख् with उप, 538.

उपलप्स्यसे thou wilt obtain, thou wilt recover; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt लभ with उप, 601.

ਤਧਲਮਾ having comprehended, having observed, having perceived; past ind. p. of rt ਲਮ੍ with ਤਧ, 559.

उपलभ्येदं for उपलभ्य इदं by 32.

उपवनेषु loc. pl. of उपवन n. a grove, 1st cl.

उपविष्टं acc. sin. m. of उपविष्ट m. f. n. sitting down, seated; past p. p. of rt विश्व with उप.

उपविष्टो nom. sin. of उपविष्ट m. f. n. seated.

उपशिक्षिता nom. sin. f. of उपशिक्षित m. f. n. learned, studied; past p. p. of rt शिक्ष with उप, 538.

उपशोभितं acc. sin.m. or n. adorned. See next.

उपशोभितां acc. sin. f. of उपशोभित m. f. n. adorned, beautified; past p. p. of rt शुभ with उप, 538.

उपसंस्कृतम् acc. sin. n. of उपसंस्कृत m. f. n. cooked, dressed; past p. p. of rt कृ with सं and उप, 783. s.

उपसम्प्राप्य having arrived at; past ind. p. of rt आप with सम् and उप, 559.

उपसप्पे having approached, for उपसृष्य; past ind. p. of rt सृष् with उप, 564.

उपस्थास्यतञ् they two shall stay with, they two shall attend upon; 3d du. 2d fut. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपस्थास्यित he or she shall stand near; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपस्थित: nom. sin. m. of उपस्थित m. f. n. arrived, approached, standing or remaining near; past p. p. of rt स्था with उप, 533.

उपस्थितम् nom. sin, n. of उपस्थित. See last.

उपस्थितां acc. sin. f. See उपस्थित:.

उपस्पृश्य having sipped water; past ind. p. of rt स्पृज्ञ with उप. The verb उपस्पृज्ञ means properly 'to touch,' and is applied to sipping water as part of the ceremony of purification. In the Mitákshara, on the subject of personal purification, the direction is द्विजो नित्यम् उपस्पृशेत् 'let the twice-born man (after evacuations) always perform the upasparśa; ' i.e. says the commentator, आचमेत् 'let him sip water.' According to Professor Wilson the sense of the passage in Book VII. 4 is 'that Nala sat down to evening prayer (as Manu directs, "he who repeats it sitting at evening twilight &c.") after performing his purifications and sipping water, but without having washed his feet; such ablution being necessary, not because they had been soiled, but because such an act is also part of the rite of purification.'

उपाकतुँ to bestow, to make over; inf. of rt कृ with उप and आ, 459.

उपागमत् he or it approached; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम् with उप, 602.

বিষাসম্প having approached, having gone near or towards; past ind. p. of rt সম্ with ব্য and আ, 602, 559.

उपातिष्ठह he went to, he approached; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपादाय taking, having taken; past ind. p. of rt दा with उप and आ, 559, 783. i.

उपानयत् he brought, he brought nigh; 3d sin. impf. of rt नी with उप, 590. a.

उपायञ् nom. sin. m. a stratagem, plan.

उपायेन ins. sin. of उपाय m. a contrivance, plan, device, means.

जपायो for जपायस् nom. sin. of जपाय m. a plan, contrivance, remedy, 1st cl. 103.

उपाविश्वत् he sat down; 3d sin. impf. of rt विश् with उप, 6th cl. 278.

उपासितुम् to wait upon, to do homage; inf. of rt आस to sit, with उप near, 459.

उपेतं acc. sin. m. of उपेत m.f. n. come near to, united, endowed with.

उपेयतु: they two arrived at, they two came to; 3d du. perf. of rt इ with उप.

उपेयिवान् he had recourse to, he went to; nom. sin. m. of उपेयिवस् m. f. n. participle of perf. of rt इ with उप, see 554, 645.

उपैद्युत he or she overlooked, he or she looked on; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt ईस with उप, 1st cl. 605.

जभयं nom. sin. n. of उभय m.f. n. both, 238. कस्माद उभयं नष्टं तव why have both (the circumstances before mentioned) been forgotten by you? i.e. the abandoning of your wife in the forest, and the leaving her unsupported.

उभयोर gen. du. f. of उभय m. f. n. both.

उभी acc. du. m. of उभ m. f. n. both.

उरमा: nom. pl. of उरम m. a snake, a serpent, 1st cl. 103.

उरगेण ins. sin. of उरम m. a serpent, a snake.

उरगेणायते ख्णाम् for उरगेण चायते ख्णाम्.

उল্লেজব্রি ins. pl. n. of उল্লেজন্ m. f. n. soaring upwards, lit. making lines or marks on high; pres. p. par. of rt लिख with उत्, 524.

उवाच he spoke, he said; 3d sin. perf. of rt वच 375. c, 650.

उवाचाय for उवाच खघ.

उवाचानवद्याङ्गीं for उवाच सनवद्याङ्गीं by 31.

उवाचासकृद for उवाच असकृद.

उवाचेदं for उवाच इदं by 32.

उवास he, she or it lodged or dwelt or encamped; 3d sin. perf. of rt वस 375. c, 607.

उपितस् nom. sin. m. of उपित m. f. n. resided. See next.

उपिता nom. sin. f. of उपित m. f. n. dwelt; past p. p. of rt यस् 543, 607; उपिता अस्म I have dwelt, see 895. उपितो nom. sin. of उपित m. f. n. dwelt. (In Book IX. 10 he abided, see 896.)

उप्पण ins. sin. of उप्पन् m. heat, 6th cl. 147. उप्प having resided, having dwelt; past ind. p. of rt वस्, see 565 and 556 note.

ज.

जबु: they said; 3d pl. perf. of rt वब् See उवाब.

जन्म they said ; 3d pl. perf. See last.

কর্ম ind. after; (অন কর্ম after this, from this time forward, henceforth, see 917, 719.)

कध्वेदृष्टि BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; कध्वे cr. upwards, दृष्टि nom. sin. f. of दृष्टि f. a look, 2d cl. 112.

जपतुर they two passed the night, (lit. they two lodged;) 3d du. perf. of rt वस् 375. c.

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मुक्षवन्तं acc. sin. of मुख्यत् m. Rikshavat, name of a mountain, lit. bear-having; (from मुख a bear, and चत्, affix, of possession.) The mountain of bears is part of the Vindhya chain, separating Malwa from Khandesh and Berár.

मृद्यांश for सुद्यान् acc. pl. of सुद्य m. a bear, 1st cl. 103.

भुक्ति goes to; 3d sin. pres. of rt सृ (substituting भुक्क), 1st cl. 261.

भृतां acc. sin. f. of भृत m. f.n. true, 1st cl. 187. भृतपर्ण voc. sin. m. O Rituparna. See next.

भृतुपर्ण acc. sin. of सृतुपर्ण m. Rituparna, name of a king of Ayodhyá.

ऋतुपर्णनिवेशने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; ऋतुपर्ण Rituparņa, निवेशने loc. sin. of निवेशन n. dwelling, abode.

चृतुपर्णस्य gen. sin. of चृतुपर्ण m. Rituparņa. चृतुपर्णाय dat. sin. of चृतुपर्ण m. Rituparņa. चृतुपर्णे loc. sin. of चृतुपर्ण m. Rituparņa. चृतुपर्णेन ins. sin. of चृतुपर्ण m. Rituparņa, चृतुपर्णे nom. sin. m. Rituparņa, name of a king. सृते ind. except, besides, without; governing accusative case, 731.

मृद्धं acc. sin. n. of मृद्ध m. f. n. prosperous, thriving, rich.

शृद्धां acc. sin. f. of सृद्ध m. f. n. rich. (In Book XII. 59 applied to the sound of Nala's voice.)

मृपिसत्तमौ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सृपि cr. a sage, सत्तमौ nom. du. m. of सत्तम m. f. n. best, most excellent, superl. of सत् good, 191.

अधीन acc. pl. of अधि m. a sage, a saint, a holy man.

₹.

एक cr. m. f. n. one, 200, 239.

रक for रकस् nom. sin. of रक m. f. n. one.

एकं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of एक one, 200.

एक: for एकस् one. See एक.

एकतः for एकतस् ind. on one side, on one part.

एकतर loc. sin. n. of एकतर m. f. n. one of two, 236.

रकतो for रकतस् ind. in one manner, on one side, 719.

एकत ind. in one, in one place, together.

एकदेशं acc. sin. of एकदेश m. one part.

रकपाणेन ins. sin. m. in one game, in a single wager or stake; (comp. of एक one, and पाण stake.)

रक्त सनं acc. sin. m. having only one garment; (comp. of एक cr. one, and वसन a garment, 761.)

एकयसना nom. sin. f. having only one robe. See last

एकवस्त्रताम् acc. sin. of एकवस्त्रता f. state of having a single garment; (from एक cr. one, and वस्त्रता abstract noun, 80. XXIII.)

एकवस्त्रसंवीताव् for एकवस्त्रसंवीतौ Com-PLEX COMP. 771; एक cr. one, वस्त्र cr. garment, संवीताव् nom. du. of संवीत m. f. n. clothed. एकवस्त्रा Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; एक cr. one, वस्त्रा nom. sin. f. from वस्त्र n. a garment, vest, 1st cl. 108.

एकवस्त्रार्थसंवीतं clothed in half a single garment, Complex comp. 771; एक cr. one, वस्त्र cr. vestment, सर्थ cr. a half, संवीतं acc. sin. m. clothed.

एकवासा for एकवासास् (66. a) nom. sin. m. wearing a single garment, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; एक cr. single, वासा nom. sin. m. from वासस् n. a vest, see 164. a.

रकविंशतितमः nom. sin. m. twenty-first, 211. रकस्य gen. sin. m. of एक m. f. n. one, 200. रकस्यापि for एकस्य छपि by 31.

ean nom. sin. f. of ea m.f. n. one, alone. ean acc. sin. f. of ea m.f. n. single, alone, solitary.

स्काकिनी nom. sin. f. of स्काकिन् m. f. n. alone, solitary, 6th cl. 159.

स्कादशः nom. sin. m. eleventh, see 210.

स्कानो ind. in private, secretly, 716.

एकार्घसमुपेतं Complex comp. 771; एक cr. one, one and the same, अर्घ cr. object, समुपेतं acc. sin. of समुपेत m. f. n. come, arrived, 1st cl. 103; past p. p. of rt इ with उप and सम.

एका हा ins. sin. n. in one day; (comp. of एक one, and अहन् n. a day, see 156.)
एकन ins. sin. m. or n. of एक one, alone.
एकक अस् ind. one by one, singly.
एको nom. sin. m. of एक m. f. n. one.
एतन् for एतन् this; nom. sin. n.
एतन् m. f. n. this; nom. or acc. sin. n.
एतन् for एतन् this; acc. sin. n.

रतद्यम् on this account, for this cause; (comp. of रतद and अर्थ 760. d.)

रतया with her; ins. sin. f. of रतत् 223. रतिसन् in this, at this; loc. sin. of रतत् this, 223.

रतिसन् for रतिसन् in this, at this (52). रतां this; acc. sin. f. of रतत्. रतान् them, these; acc. pl. m. of रतत्, q.v. रतानि these; acc. pl. n. of रतत्, q.v. रताभ्यां with these two; ins. du. of रतत् 223. रतायत् ind. so far, to such an extent, 234, 713. a.

स्तावद nom. sin. n. of स्तावत् m. f. n. thus much, so much, 234.

रतावान् nom. sin. m. of रतावत् m.f. n. thus much, so much.

स्ति he goes; 3d sin. pres. of rt इ 2d cl. स्ते these; nom. pl. m. of स्तत्, q.v. स्तेन by him; ins. sin. m. or n. of स्तत्, q.v. स्तौ these two; acc. du. m. of स्तत्, q.v. स्नौ him; acc. sin. m. of स्तत् 223. स्नौ her; acc. sin. f. from nom. स्पा. See सतत् 223.

रनाम् her; acc. sin. f. See last.

स्व ind. also, even, indeed, very, in like manner.

एवं ind. thus, so, in this manner, 717. c.

एवंहपं acc. sin. m. of एवंहप m. f. n. of such a form, of such a kind as this; (comp. of एवं ind. such, and हप n. form, 1st cl. 103.)

एवक्कता nom. sin. f. of एवक्कत m. f. n. in such a state, fallen into such a condition; (comp. of एवं so, and गत, q. v.)

रवद्गताम् acc. sin. f. of रवंगत m. f. n. in such a state, in such a condition as this.

रवङ्गुणं having such good qualities, possessing such virtues; (comp. of रवं ind. so, and गुण m. a quality, a virtue.)

एवमप्पसुखाविष्टा for एवम् अपि असुखाविष्टा. एवमादीनि acc. pl. n. such-like, lit. beginning thus; see 764.

रवाभिधास्यामि for रव सभिधास्यामि by 31. रवाभिभाषन्तो for रव सभिभाषन्तो by 31. रवाभ्यभाषत for रव सभ्यभाषत.

स्प for स्पस् he, this; nom. sin. m. of स्तत्, q.v. स्पां of them, of these; gen. pl. of स्तत्, q.v. स्पों for स्पस् he, this; nom. sin. m. स्पाति he will go to; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt इ

स्पाति he will go to; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt इ 645. र्णह come; 2d sin. imp. of rt इ with आ, see 311. a.

रे.

ऐकार्ग acc. sin. n. attention, close attention to one object.

सेन्द्रत् he wished, he desired; 3d sin. impf. of rt इप् 637.

रेश्वर्षे nom. sin. n. supremacy, kingdom, dominion.

रेश्वर्यात् abl. sin. of रेश्वर्य n. kingdom, 1st

ची.

स्रोपधं nom. sin. of स्रोपध n. a medicine.

事.

कं whom? acc. sin. m. of कि.

कः who? nom. sin. m. of किं.

कचित् interrog. whether? See next.

कचिद्ध for कचित् ind. an interrogative particle, equivalent to Latin an, whether? 717. b.

कचन acc. sin. m. of कग्नन m.f.n. any, 229.

कतरन् for कतरत् (47) nom. sin. n. which of two things? whether of the twain? 236.

कत्यसे thou boastest; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt कत्य ist cl. 261.

कर्ष ind. how? in what manner?

कपचन ind. any how, by any means, 230.

कथपध्वं tell, say, relate; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt कथ् 286. a, 643.

कथयन् nom. sin. m. of कथयत् m. f. n. talking, speaking; pres. p. of rt कथ् 10th cl. 524.

कथयन्ती acc. sin. f. of कथयत् m. f. n. speaking, talking. See last.

कथयन्ती nom. du. m.of कथयत् m.f.n. relating.

कथयान: nom. sin. m. of कथयान m. f. n. telling, speaking; pres. p. átm. of rt कथ, see 527.

कथयामास he or she said or told; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt कथ 10 cl. 643.

कथियपिन they will relate; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt कथ् 10th cl.

कथियामि I will speak of, I will tell of; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt कथ्.

कथयेद he can tell, he may tell; 3d sin. pot. of rt कथ.

क्याने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; क्या cr. conversation, अने loc. sin. of अन m. n. end.

कथितं nom. sin. n. of कथित m. f. n. told, related; past p. p. of rt कथ 538.

कथिता nom. sin. f. of कथित. See last.

कथ्यमाने being said; loc. sin. n. of कथ्यमान pres. p. pass. of rt कथ्.

कदा ind. when ?

कदाचन ind. at some time or other, ever.

कदाचिद्र for कदाचित् ind. at some time or other, perchance, 230.

कदाचिन् for कदाचित्. See last.

कनकस्तम्भरुचिरं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; कनक cr. gold, स्तम्भ column, रुचिरं acc. sin. m. of रुचिर shining, beautiful, 1st cl. 103.

कन्दरांश् for कन्दरान् (53) acc. pl. of कन्दर m. a ravine, a glen.

कन्दपे for कन्दपेस nom. sin. of कन्दपे the god of love or Hindú cupid. He is also called Káma and Kámadeva, Manmatha or heart-agitator, Manasija or heart-born, Ananga or the bodiless. He was the son of Vishņu or Krishņa by Lakshmi, who is then called Máyá or Rukminí. According to another account, he was produced in the heart of Brahmá. He is usually represented as a handsome youth, sometimes riding on a parrot and attended by nymphs, one of whom bears his banner, which consists of a fish (makara). Endeavouring to influence Siva with love for his wife Párvatí, he discharged an arrow at him, but Siva, enraged, reduced him to ashes by a beam of fire darted from his central eye. Hence his name, Ananga. His bow is made of

flowers, with a string formed of bees and five arrows, each tipped with the blossom of a flower which is devoted to a separate sense.

कन्यकाम् acc. sin. of कन्यका f. a girl, 1st cl. 105. कन्या f. a maiden, a girl, 1st cl. 105.

कन्यां acc. sin. of कन्या f. a maiden, a daughter.

कन्यारतं acc. sin. of कन्यारत n. a jewel of a damsel, a lovely girl; (comp. of कन्या cr. a maiden, and रत n. a gem.)

कन्यास् nom. pl. of कन्या f. a maiden, q. v.

कमलगभाभम् acc.sin.m. bright as the lotuscup; (comp. of कमल cr. lotus, गर्भे cr. cup, and আন m.f.n. from আभा f. light, beauty, 775. a.)

कमले ख्या BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; कमल cr. lotus, ईख्या nom. sin. f. from ईख्या n. an eye, see 108.

कम्पयन् for कम्पयन् (52) nom. sin. m. of कम्पयन् m. f. n. shaking, causing to tremble; pres. p. of कम्प् in caus. 527.

करवाणि I must do, I can do; ist sin. imp. of rt कृ 682; किं करवाणि what can I do? (properly, let me do?) see 796.

करवामहै we must do, let us do; ist pl. imp. átm. of rt कृ 683.

करिणां gen. pl. of करिन् m. an elephant, 6th cl. 159.

करिष्म for करिष्मे I will do, I will perform; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt क 683.

करिप्पति he will do, he will perform; 3d sin. 2d fut. par. of rt क.

करिष्यिस thou wilt do; 2d sin. 2d fut.of rt कृ.

करिष्णामि I will do, I will perform; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt क.

करणम् ind. piteously, 713.

करणम् acc. sin. n. of कर्ण m. f. n. piteous, 1st cl. 187.

करें: ins. pl. of कर m. an elephant's trunk. करोमि I perform, I (will) do; 1st sin. pres. of rt \$\overline{\pi}\$ 682; (present with future signification 873.)

कर्काटकं acc. sin. of कर्काटक m. Karkoṭaka, the name of a Nága or serpent.

कर्कोटकियमं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कर्कोटक cr. Karkotaka, विषं acc. sin. of विष n. poison.

कर्कोटको nom. sin. m. See कर्कोटकं.

किंगिकारध्यप्रह्मे: DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; किंगिकार cr. the Karnikára-tree, ध्व cr. the Dhava-tree, Grislea tomentosa, प्रह्मे: ins. pl. of प्रह्म m. the Plaksha, a kind of fig-tree.

कतेंच्यं nom. sin. n. of कतेंच्य m. f. n. to be done; fut. pass. p. of rt क 569.

क्रींसि I will make; 1st sin. 1st fut. of rt कृ 682.

कतुं to make, to do, to perform; inf. of rt क 459, 682.

कर्तुकामा nom. sin. f. of कर्तुकाम m. f. n. desirous or willing to do; (comp. of कर्तु for कर्तुम inf. of rt क and काम, see 871.)

कतुम् to do, to be done; inf. of rt कृ 459.

कमें nom. sin. of कमेन् n. action, business,

कमैचेष्टाभिसूचितम् Complex comp. 771; कमै cr. action, चेष्टा cr. gesture, स्रभिसू-चितम् acc. sin. m. indicated, denoted.

कमेंगा: gen. sin. of कमन् n. a deed.

कमेणा ins. sin. of कमेन् n. an act, action.

कर्मीण loc. sin. of कर्मन् n. an action.

कपैयन् nom. sin. m. of कपैयत् m. f. n. pulling, picking, gathering; pres. p. of rt कृप in caus. 525.

किंपिता nom. sin. f. of किंपित m. f. n. distracted; past p. p. of rt क्प 538.

किंपितो nom. sin. m. of किंपित m. f. n. tormented, harassed.

कहिचित् ind. ever, at any time; न कहिचित् never, at no time, 718.

किंत acc. sin. of किंत m. Kali. See next.

कि: nom. sin. m. Kali, the 4th Age of the world personified as a deity or evil genius.

कलिना ins. sin. of कलि m. Kali.

किलनापहृतज्ञानो for किलना खपहृतज्ञानो by 31.

कलिए for कलिस् nom. sin. m. Kali.

कितंत्रयात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; किल cr. Kali, संत्रयात् abl. sin. of संत्रय m. entrance, the act of betaking one's self to.

कले O Kali; voc. sin. of किल m. Kali, 2d cl. 110.

कलेस् gen. sin. of कि m. Kali.

कली loc. sin. of किल m. Kali.

क स्पते he is fitted for; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt कूप, (governing dative case, see 853. a.)

कल्पं nom. or acc. sin. n. to-morrow.

क ल्याण O illustrious one; voc.sin. of कल्याण m.f.n. good, noble, illustrious, 1st cl. 103.

क स्याणाभिजनं acc. sin. of noble family, BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; कस्याण cr. noble, स्राभिजनं acc. sin. of स्राभिजन m. family.

क ल्यांगि O excellent lady, O good lady, O noble lady, O happy fair one; voc. sin. of क ल्यांगी f. of क ल्यांग good.

कल्याणी nom. sin. f. illustrious lady. See next.

क स्यार्गी acc. sin. f. of क स्यार्गी f. of क स्यार्ग m.f.n. good, noble, generous, 1st cl. 106.

क ल्या गो nom. sin. m. noble. See क ल्या गः

कश् for कस् who? nom. sin. m. of किं, q. v.

कन्न nom. sin. m. of किचन any one, see 229.

कश्चासौ for कस् च ससौ by 62 and 31.

काश्चिद any one, some one, for काश्चित् nom. sin. m. of किञ्चित्.

कश्चिन् for कश्चित् (47) some one, a certain.

कश्मलम् nom. sin. n. dejection of mind, depression of spirits, lowness, weakness.

कष्टस् nom. sin. m. of कष्ट m. f. n. bad, destructive. कष्टाम् acc. sin. f. of कष्ट m. f. n. evil, bad.

कस nom. sin. m. who?

कस्मात् why? wherefore? abl. sin. m. or n. of कि 227.

कस्माद for कस्मात् why?

कस्मिं श्चित् loc. sin. m. or n. of किचित् some, any, certain.

कस्य of whom? gen. sin. of किम्.

कस्यचित् gen. sin. m. or n. of किच्चित् some, any, a certain one, 228.

कस्यचिद्र for कस्यचित्, q. v.

कस्याद्य for कस्य खद्य by 31.

कस्यासि for कस्य सि by 31.

कस्पेदं for कस्प इदं by 32.

का who? what? nom. sin. f. of कि 227.

कांश्विद acc. pl. m. of किञ्चित some, see 228.

काङ्काना they desire; 3d pl. pres. par. of rt काङ्का 1st cl. 261.

काञ्चितं nom. sin. n. of काञ्चित m. f. n. desired.

का द्वे I desire, I seek; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt कांछ.

काचिद nom. sin. f. any woman, see 228.

काचिद्धि for काचिद् हि by 50.

काञ्चनसिन्नभम् Anom. comp. 777; काञ्चन cr. gold, and सिन्नभम् nom. sin. n. of सिन्नभ m.f.n. like.

काचिद् for काचित् acc. sin. f. of किचित् some, any, a certain, 228.

काननम् nom. sin. n. a wood, forest, grove.

कानने loc. sin. of कानन n. a forest, 1st cl.

कानिचित् nom. or acc. pl. n. of किञ्चित् any, some, 228.

काना nom. sin. f. beloved, loved one.

कान्तिर for कान्तिस् nom. sin. of कान्ति f. beauty, brilliancy, 2d cl. 112.

काम acc. sin. f. of किम whom? see 227.

काम m. love, the god of love (see note under कन्द्र्प), 1st cl. 103.

काम acc. sin. of काम m. love.

काम ind. willingly.

কামন: nom. sin. m. one who comes accidentally or unexpectedly, a casual visitor, one who travels about without any specific purpose; (from কাম pleasure, and n who goes.)

कामधुक् nom. sin. of कामदुह f. the cow of plenty, 8th cl. 182; (comp. of काम desire, and दुइ who milks.) The cow of plenty was a fabulous cow (granting all desires) produced at the churning of the ocean by the Suras and Asuras, after the deluge, for the recovery or production of fourteen sacred things; see note under अमृतोपमां.

कामभोगै: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; काम cr. love, भोगै: ins. pl. of भोग m. enjoyment.

कामयेच for कामयेत् he or she may desire; 3d sin. pot. of rt कम् 10th cl. 283.

कामवासिनीम् acc. sin. f. dwelling where one wishes; (comp. of काम wish, desire, and वासिन् m.f. n. a dweller.)

कामस् nom. sin. of काम m. love.

कामस्य gen. sin. of काम m. love, 1st cl. 103.

कामार्तेस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; काम cr. love, and आते m. f. n. pained, afflicted, sick, see 542.

कारणं acc. sin. of कारण n. cause, action.

कारणात् on account of, by reason of; abl. sin. of कारण n. cause; used adverbially.

कारणानारे loc. sin. n. on the occasion of a cause; (comp. of कारण cr. a cause, and खनार occasion.)

कारणेर ins. pl. of कारण n. a reason, cause. कारपामास he caused to be done, he performed; 3d sin. perf. of कृ in caus. 385. a.

कार्य m. f. n. to be done, to be performed; fut. pass. p. of rt कृ 682, 571. c.

कार्य n. an affair, business, matter, 1st cl. 104. कार्य nom. sin. n. of कार्य m. f. n. to be done. कार्य acc. sin. of कार्य n. matter, business.

कार्यगौरवात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कार्य cr. business, affair, गौरवात abl. sin. of गौरव n. importance, urgency, weightiness.

कार्येवान् having business (to transact); nom. sin. m. of कार्येवत् m. f. n., 5th cl. 140.

काया nom. sin. f. of कार्य m. f. n. to be made, to be done; fut. pass. p. of rt कृ 571.

काल m. time, 1st cl. 103.

कालं acc. sin. of काल m. time.

काल: nom. sin. of काल m. time.

कालस्य gen. sin. of काल m. time; दीर्घस्य कालस्य after a long time.

কাল loc. sin. of কাল m. time, opportunity, 1st cl. 103, see 840.

कालो nom. sin. of काल m. time.

काषायवसना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; काषाय cr. dark brown, red, reddish, वसना nom. sin. f. from वसन n. a garment, 108.

काष्ट्रेश ins. pl. of काष्ट्र n. wood, a stick, 1st

कासि for का असि by 31.

कि pron. what? who? which? 227.

किंशुकाशोकवकुलपुनागैर Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; किंशुक cr. the Kinśuka-tree (Butea frondosa); खशोक cr. the Aśoka-tree (Jonesia Aśoka); वकुल the Vakultree (Mimusops Elengi); पुनागैर ins. pl. of पुनाग the Punnága-tree (Rottleria tinctoria).

কিল্পন nom. or acc. sin. n. anything, something, some place, see 229.

किञ्चित् pron. n. something, anything, any, 228.

किञ्चिद् for किञ्चित् nom. sin. n. any.

किचिन् for किचित् (47) any, some.

কিনৰ voc. sin. m. O mischievous fellow, O you rogue; (often an expression of endearment or coquetry.)

किनु ind. how much less! what? a particle of interrogation.

किमर्थे ind. on what account? why? 791. किल ind. indeed, truly, that is to say. किलैकतः for किल + एकतः by 33.

की ते विषयिन्त they shall celebrate; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt कृत् 10th cl. 287.

कीर्ति acc. sin. of कीर्ति f. glory, fame.

को तिर् for की तिस् nom. sin. f. glory, renown.

कुञ्चरद्वीपमहिषशाहैल र्क्षमृगान् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; कुञ्चर cr. an elephant, द्वीप for द्वीपन् (57) a panther, महिष cr. a buffalo, शाहैल cr. a tiger, शृक्ष cr. a bear (32), मृगान् acc. pl. of मृग m. a deer, 1st cl. 103.

कुराइलीकृतम् acc. sin. m. coiled into a ring; (comp. of कुराइल a collar, a ring, and कृत, see 788.)

कुरिइनं acc. sin. of कुरिइन n. Kuṇḍina, a city in Berar, also called Vidarbha, the capital of Bhíma, father-in-law of Nala.

कुरिएड ने loc. sin. n. See last.

कृतस् ind. wherefore? why?

कुन्हलान् abl. sin. of कुन्हल n. eagerness, joy, pleasure, fun, curiosity, 1st cl. 103.

कुपिता nom. sin. f. of कुपित m.f. n. enraged.

कुपितो nom. sin. m. of कुपित m. f. n. enraged, angry.

कुमारांश् for कुमारान् acc. pl. of कुमार m. a boy, youth, young man, 1st cl. 103.

कुमारांश्व for कुमारान् च by 53.

कुम्भाः for कुम्भास् nom. pl. See next.

कुम्भास nom. pl. of कुम्भ m. a water-jar.

कुररीम् acc. sin. of कुररी f. an osprey.

sovereign of the North-West of India and the country about Delhi. He was ancestor of both Pándu and Dhritaráshtra. The patronymic derived from his name is applied to the sons of either, but more usually to those of the latter.

कुर do thou, perform thou, make thou, give thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt कृ 682.

कुरते he does; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt कृ 683.

कुरुनन्दन voc. sin. m. O son of Kuru; (comp. of कुरु q. v., and नन्दन q. v.) कुरुष्य make thou, perform thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt क 683.

कुर्यात् he may do; 3d sin. pot. of rt कृ 682.

कुपाँद he may perform, he may make, he or she may act; 3d sin. pot. of rt क 682.

कुपाम I may do; ist sin. pot. of rt कृ 682.

कुवेन्तीम् acc. sin. f. of कुवेत् m. f. n. making; pres. p. par. of rt क 524.

कुवेन्तु let them make, let them assume; 3d pl. imp. of rt क 682.

कुलं acc. sin. n. a family.

ৰুসমানা gen. pl. of ৰুসম m. a destroyer of a family or tribe; (comp. of ৰুস a family, and ম a destroyer.)

कुलतस्त्रिवत् Complex comp. 770; कुल family, race, तस्त्र nature, true state, वित् nom. sin. of विद् m. one who knows, 138.

कुलधमा: nom. pl. the laws or duties of a tribe. See next.

कुलधमाञ् nom. pl. m. the laws of tribe, the usages of tribe; (कुल a family or tribe, धर्म law, Tat. or Dep. comp.)

कुलशीलसमन्दितान् Complex comp. 771; कुल family, breeding, शील cr. good temper or disposition, समन्दितान् acc. pl. m. endowed or endued with.

कुलशीलोपसम्पन्न COMPLEX COMP. 771; कुल cr. family, high birth, शील cr. good disposition, उपसम्पन्न voc. sin. of उपसम्पन्न m. f. n. endowed with.

कुलिस्त्रिय for कुलिस्त्रियस nom. pl. f. the women of the family. See next.

कुलस्त्रयः nom. pl. f. noble women; (comp. of कुल a family, a noble family, and स्त्रों a woman, 123. b.)

कुलस्य gen. sin. of कुल n. a family.

कुलीनश् nom. sin. m. of कुलीन m. f. n. noble, well-born.

कुशलं nom. or acc. sin. n. well-being, health, prosperity, good fortune, welfare, freedom from calamity, 1st cl. 104. Used in salutation: Is it well? It is well. Hail!

कुशलस् nom. sin. m. of कुशल m. f. n. well, in good health.

कुशिलनो for कुशिलनस् nom. or acc. pl. m. of कुशिलन् m. f. n. well, healthy, prosperous, in good health, 6th cl. 159.

कुशिलनो nom. du. m. of कुशिलन् m. f. n. well, in good health, 6th cl. 159.

कुशली nom. sin. m. of कुशलिन् m. f. n. well, in good health.

कुशलेर ins. pl. m. of कुशल m. f. n. clever, skilful, adept.

कुशलो nom. sin. m. of कुशल m. f. n. clever, skilful.

कूमेग्राहआस्पाकीणां Complex comp. 771; कूमे cr. turtles, ग्राह alligators, आस्प cr. fish, आकीणां acc. sin. f. of आकीण m. f.n. filled with, crowded, thronged.

कृष्कुम् acc. sin. of कृष्कु n. calamity, trouble. कृष्कु loc. sin. m. or n. of कृष्कु m. f. n. diffi-

cult, difficult to be passed, painful. कृष्कुण ins. sin. m. or n. of कृष्कु painful, tormenting.

कृतं nom. or acc. sin. n. of कृत m. f. n. done, performed.

कृतकृत्यो nom. sin. m. one who has accomplished his object; (comp. of कृत done, and कृत्य n. that which is to be done, 767.)

कृतनिश्चयः nom. sin. m. one who has made a resolution, determined, resolved; (कृत, निश्चय determination.)

कृतयती nom. sin. f. of कृतयत् who has done. See next.

कृतवन्तो they performed; nom. pl. m. of कृतवत्. See next.

कृतवांस् for कृतवान्, q. v.

कृतवान् nom. sin. m. of कृतवत् m. f. n. who has done, who has made, who has caused; past act. p. of rt क् 553, 897.

कृतशांचम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; कृत cr. performed, शांचम् acc. sin. m. from शांच n. purification, ablution. कृता nom. sin. f. of कृत m. f. n. made; past p. p. of rt कृ 532.

कृताञ्चलिं acc. sin. f. See कृताञ्चलिर्.

कृताञ्चलि: nom. sin. m. See next.

कृताञ्चलिर for कृताञ्चलिस् BAH. OR REL. comp. 767; कृत cr. having made, अञ्चलिर nom. sin. of अञ्चलि m. reverential salutation with joined palms, 2d cl. 110.

कृतानि nom. pl. n. of कृत done. See कृता.

कृतार्थ: nom. sin. m. of कृतार्थ m. f.n. See last.

कृतार्थों nom. sin. m. of कृतार्थं m. f. n. successful, having accomplished an object; (comp. of कृत effected, and अर्थ object, 767.)

कृतास्त्रं acc. sin. m. of कृतास्त्र m. f. n. skilled in (the use of) weapons; (comp. of कृत formed, and अस्त्र n. a weapon.)

कृताहाराम् Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; कृत cr. made, taken, खाहाराम् acc. sin. f. from खाहार m. a meal, food, 108.

कृते loc. sin. n. being made, on its being done. कते ind. by reason of, on account of, 731.

कृत्यकाम् acc. sin. of कृत्यका f. a woman who is the fatal cause of injury or destruction, the fatal destroyer, the bane.

কুলো having made, having done, having settled, having considered; past ind. p. of rt বৃ 682.

कृत्व m. f. n. whole, entire, all, ist cl. 187.

कृत्वं acc. sin. m. or n. of कृत्व m. f. n. entire, whole.

कृत्स्रां acc. sin. f. of कृत्स्र m. f. n. entire, whole.

कृत्वे loe. sin. m. or n. of कृत्व m. f. n. entire.

कृथा: for अकृथा: 2d sin. aor. átm. of rt कृ to do, to make, to place, 683. मा मन: कृथा: do not place thy mind, see 861. a, 889.

कृपणा nom. sin. f. of कृपण m.f.n. miserable, wretched, poor, mean.

कृपणां acc. sin. f. of कृपण m. f. n. wretched. कृपया ins. sin. of कृपा f. compassion. कृपयाविष्टम् for कृपया खाविष्टम् by 31.

कुपां acc. sin. of कृपा f. pity, compassion.

कुश m. f. n. thin, emaciated, 1st cl. 187.

কুয়া nom. sin. f. of কুয় m. f. n. thin, emaciated, lean.

কুয়া acc. sin. f. of কুয় m. f. n. thin, emaciated.

कृशान् acc. pl. of कृश m. f. n. slender, thin. कृष्णवर्त्मना ins. sin. of कृष्णवर्त्मन् m. fire, 6th cl. 147; (lit. having or making a black path, from कृष्ण black, and वर्त्मन् path.)

कृष्णसाराभ्यां abl. du. n. of कृष्णसार m. f. n. black in the centre, spotted with black, having dark pupils; (from कृष्ण black, and सार essence.)

के who? nom. pl. of fai, q. v.

केचन nom. pl. of किञ्चत some, see 228.

केचिच for केचित् nom. pl. m. some.

केचिद for केचित् nom. pl. m. of किञ्चित् some, 228.

केतुभूतम् acc. sin. n. being or become a banner; (comp. of केतु m. a banner, and भूत m.f.n. become, past p. p. of rt भू 532,585.)

केनचिंद by some, by some one, 228.

केशिनि voc. sin. of केशिनी f. Keśiní.

किशिनी nom. sin. f. Keśini, name of a maidservant or female attendant.

केशिनों acc. sin. f. Keśiní. (Fine-haired.) केशिन्या ins. sin. f. by Keśiní. See केशिनी. कैतवेन ins. sin. of केतव n. gambling, gaming. केथिद for केथित ins. pl. m. of किचित् some. केथित for केथित ins. pl. by some; (from किचित.)

कोद्यो nom. pl. of कोरि f. a krore or ten millions, 199. b.

कोपः nom. sin. m. anger.

कोपं acc. sin. of कोप m. anger, 1st cl. 103. कोपम् acc. sin. of कोप m. anger.

कोपसमन्वितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; कोप cr. anger, समन्वितः nom. sin. m. affected by. कोशलाधिप: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कोशल cr. Kośala, स्राधिप: nom. sin. m. king, sovereign.

कोशलान् acc. pl. of कोशल m. pl. Kośala, the name of a country or its inhabitants. In the sin. it is also fem. See next.

कोशलायाम् loc. sin. of कोशला f. a country described in the Rámáyana (V. 5) as the district round Ayodhyá or Oude. According to some it is also the name of a town. In the Brahmánda-purána Kośala is mentioned as beyond the Vindhya mountains.

कोन्तेय voc. sin. of कोन्तेय son of Kuntí, a name of Yudhishthira, (to whom Vrihadaśva relates the story of Nala,) or of either of the three elder Páṇḍava princes, who were the reputed sons of Páṇḍu by Kuntí; (from कुन्ती patronymic, 80.XIV.)

कोमारं nom. sin. n. childhood, youth.

कारव voc. sin. m. O descendant of Kuru.

कोरच voc. sin. of कोरच m. descendant of Kuru, 1st cl. 103.

कौशलेनins. sin.of कौशल m. king of Kośala.

ऋतुभिर् for ऋतुभिस् ins. pl. of ऋतु m. a sacrifice.

क्रतुभिञ्*ins. pl. of क्रतु m.* a sacrifice, 3dcl. 111.

कतुमुख्यानां gen. pl. of the principal sacrifices; (comp. of क्रतु m. a sacrifice, and मुख्यानां gen. pl. of मुख्य chief.)

ऋतूनां gen. pl. of ऋतु m. a sacrifice, 3d cl. 111.

क्रन्दमानाम् acc. sin. f. of क्रन्दमान m. f. n. weeping, wailing, crying aloud for help; pres. p. átm. of rt क्रन्द 526.

ক্রম্মান Tat. or Dep. comp. 740, received by succession or hereditary descent; ক্রম্ম cr. succession, মামশ্ acc. sin. of মাম m. f. n. received, obtained; past p. p. of rt স্থাম with ম, 539.

क्रमेण ind. in order, successively, 714.

क्रियताम् let it be done, let it be set, let it be placed; 3d sin. imp. of कृ in pass. 701.

क्रुध्यन्ति they are angry; 3d pl. pres. of rt क्रुध् 4th cl. 272.

क्रोडुम् to be angry; inf. of rt कुध् 4th cl.

क्रोधसमन्वितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; क्रोध cr. anger, समन्वितः nom. sin. of समन्वित m. f. n. filled with.

क्रोधाद abl. sin. of क्रोध m. anger.

क्रोशित she screams; 3d sin. pres. of rt कुश् 1st cl. 261.

क्रोचकुरोश DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; क्रोच cr. herons, कुरोश ins. pl. of कुरर m. an osprey.

क्रमं acc. sin. of क्रम m. weariness, 1st cl. 103. क्रान्तो nom. sin. m. of क्रान्त m. f. n. wearied, fatigued.

क्रिश्यते he or she is annoyed or distressed, he or she is tormented or harassed; 3d sin. pres. of क्रिश in pass. 463.

क्रीवयह for क्रीवयत् like a base man, like a weak-minded, effeminate person; (from क्रीव an impotent man, and वत् 724.)

क्रेचं acc. sin. of क्रेच n. weakness.

3 ind. where? 717. g.

क्षचित् ind. anywhere, somewhere, in some place or other, 717. g, 230.

क्षचिद् ind. somewhere, anywhere.

द्वापि ind. anywhere, 230.

खण m. a moment, an instant.

क्षणे loc. sin. of खण m. a moment, 1st cl. 103.

श्राणन instantly, presently, soon, in a short time; ins. sin. of खण, used adverbially, 714.

ख्णेनाच for ख्राणेन अच by 31. See the words.

क्षतियस्य gen. sin. of क्षतिय m. a Kshatriya, a man of the second or military caste. See next.

स्तियाः for स्तियास् nom. pl. of स्तिय m. a soldier, a man of the second or military caste. See note under विशाम्पते. Kshatriyas or warriors slain in battle are transported to Indra's heaven by the Apsarasas or nymphs of Svarga. Thus in Manu VII. 89 it is said, 'Those rulers of the earth who, desirous of defending each other, exert their utmost strength in battle, without ever averting their faces, ascend after death directly to heaven.' In Book II. 19 of the Nala, Indra means to say, 'Why are no warriors slain now-a-days, that I see none arriving in heaven to honour as my guests?'

स्नियं nom. sin. n. of स्निय m. f. n. to be pardoned; fut. pass. p. of rt सम् 569.

ষ্বলুদ্ to pardon, to excuse; inf. of rt ষ্বদ্

श्रमनु let them pardon, let them excuse; 3d pl. pres. of rt श्रम् 1st cl. 261.

द्यमयामास he asked to be pardoned, he excused himself; 3d sin. perf. of rt द्यम् in caus. 490, 487. a.

ह्मान् acc. pl. of हाम m. f. n. capable, powerful.

स्रमाचान् nom. sin. of स्रमाचन् m. f. n. patient. स्रमं acc. sin. of स्रम m. end, termination.

धितिपतिश for धितिपतिस TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743; धिति cr. the earth, पतिश्

खितिम् acc.sin.of धिति f.the earth, 2dcl.112. धितौ loc. sin. of धिति f. the earth, the ground, 2d cl. 112.

सिमं ind. quickly, soon, 713.

सुतृपान्वितम् Complex comp. 771; सुत् for सुध् cr. hunger (42), तृपा cr. thirst, स्वन्वितम् acc. sin. m. of सन्वित m. f.n. possessed of, afflicted with, distressed by.

खुत्परीतस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; खुत् for खुध् cr. hunger (42), परीतस् nom. sin. m. of परीत affected by, filled with.

ह्युत्पिपासापरिश्रान्तौ COMPLEX COMP. 771; ह्युत् cr. for ह्युध् (42) hunger, पिपासा cr. thirst, परिश्रान्तौ nom. du. of परिश्रान्त m. f. n. worn, wearied; past p. p. of rt श्रम् 546. खुत्यिपासापरीताङ्गी COMPLEX COMP. 771; खुत् for खुध् cr. hunger, पिपासा f. thirst, परीत cr. affected, अङ्गी nom. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. the body.

खुन्पिपासाना nom. sin. f. afflicted with hunger and thirst; (comp. of खुन for खुध् cr. 42, hunger, पिपासा cr. thirst, आता nom. sin. f. pained, afflicted, 542.)

खुद्रं acc. sin. n. mean, little, low. See next. खुद्र: nom. sin. of खुद्र m. f. n. vile.

खद्य ins. sin. of खद्र m. f. n. base, vile.

खुथया ins. sin. of खुधा f. hunger, 1st cl. 105. खुधया न्वित for खुधया खन्वित by 31.

खुधा ins. sin. of खुध f. hunger, 8th cl. 177. खुधान्त्रित: nom. sin. m. famished with hunger; (from खुधा cr. hunger, and सन्तित m. f. n. possessed.)

खुधातस्य gen. sin. m. of खुधाते m. f. n. hungry; (from खुधा cr. hunger, and आते pained, 542.)

सुधाविष्ट: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; सुधा cr. hunger, आविष्ट: nom. sin. of आविष्ट m. f. n. affected by.

सुधितं acc. sin. m. of सुधित m. f. n. hungry. सुधित: nom. sin. m. of सुधित m. f. n. hungry. स्रोमतरं nom. sin. n. of स्रोमतर m. f. n. better, happier.

होमी nom. sin. m. of छोमिन् m. f. n. safe, well, prosperous.

ख.

खगमांस् for खगमान् acc. pl. of खगम m. a bird, (lit. sky-goer,) 1st cl. 103.

खगा for खगास nom. pl. of खग m. a bird, 1st cl. 103.

खन्नम् acc. sin. of खन्न m. a sword, 1st cl. 103. खन्ने न ins. sin. of खन्न m. a sword, cimeter. खम् acc.sin.of ख n.thesky,heaven,1st cl.104. खल् ind. indeed.

बाद्य devour thou, eat thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt बाद् 10th cl. 283.

खे loc. sin. of ख n. the sky, heaven.

खेचर: nom. sin. m. a bird; (from खे loc. sin. of ख the sky, and चर going.)

ख्यात: nom. sin. m. of ख्यात m. f. n. called, styled, celebrated; past p. p. of rt ख्या 532.

π.

ন (at the end of compounds) going; agent from rt নদ.

गच्छ go thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गर्द्धात he or she goes; 3d sin. pres. of rt गम् 1st cl.

गळनाम् acc. sin. m. of गळत् m. f. n. going; pres. p. par. of rt गम् 524.

गर्छाना they go; 3d pl. pres. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602, 270.

गळनो nom. sin. f. of गळत m. f. n. going, proceeding on; pres. p. par. of rt गम् 524. गळनोम् acc. sin. f. going. See last.

गळन्यपराङ्मुखाः for गळन्न अपराङ्मुखाः by 34.

गर्छामो we (will) go; 1st pl. pres. (with fut. signification 873) of rt गम् 270, 602.

गञ्जावो for गञ्जावस् we two (will) go; 1st du. pres. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गळत् he or she may or should go; 3d sin. pot. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गच्छेद्र he may or should go, let him go. See last.

गच्छेयं I may go, I can go; 1st sin. pot. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गर्छनाम् for गर्छ एनाम् by 33.

गजान् acc. pl. of गज m. an elephant, 1st cl.

ग्रजेन्द्रविक्रमो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; गजेन्द्र cr. the prince of elephants, विक्रमो nom. sin. of विक्रम m. valour.

गर्ने: ins. pl. of गन m. an elephant.

गण m. a troop, a flock, a number.

गणयन् nom. sin. of गणयत् m.f. n. counting ; pres. p. par. of rt गण् 10th cl. 524.

गणयस्व count thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt गण 10th cl. 283. गणयस्वास्य for गणयस्व अस्य by 31.

गणियन having reckoned; past ind. p. of rt गण् 558.

गणान् acc. pl. of गण m. a troop, a flock, a number.

गणित: nom. sin. m. of गणित m. f. n. calculated, reckoned; past p. p. of rt गण् 538.

गणिते loc. sin. n. of गणित m. f. n. reckoned, numbered, counted; past p. p. of rt गण् 538.

সন gone, departed; he went; past p. p. of rt সম to go, 545, 896.

गतः for गतस् nom. sin. See last.

সারক্ষা Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; সার cr. gone, removed, ক্লামা nom. sin. f. from ক্লাম m. fatigue, weariness.

गतचेतन: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; गत cr. gone, deprived of, चेतन: nom. sin. m. from चेतना f. sense, mind, 1st cl. 108.

गतचेतसम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; गत cr. gone, चेतसम् acc. sin. m. from चेतस् n. the mind, senses, consciousness, 7th cl. 163.

गतचरो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत er. gone, freed from, चरो nom. sin. of चर m. fever, trouble, affliction.

गतवान् nom. sin. m. of गतवत् m. f. n. who went, who has gone; past act. p. of rt गम् 553, 897.

गतसङ्ख्या BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत cr. gone to, fixed on, सङ्ख्या nom. sin. f. from सङ्ख्य m. thought, affection. मां गत-सङ्ख्या with thoughts or affections fixed on me. So in Sakuntalá (Act III), तहतेन स्राभित्वापेण.

गतस्वा for गतस्वास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत cr. gone, सल्ला nom. pl. of सल्ल m. from सल्ल n. strength, spirit, 108.

गतसोहरा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत cr. gone, सोहरा nom. sin. f. from सोहर n. friendship, 108, (bereft of friends.)

मता: nom. pl. m. of गत m. f. n. gone, (they went, going to, 896;) past p. p. of rt मह 545.

गतासून acc. pl. m. of गतासु m. f. n. dead, expired; (गत gone, असु breath.)

गतिं acc. sin. of गति f. gait, bearing, 2dcl. 112.

मते loc. sin. m. of मत m. f. n. gone.

गतेषु being gone, having gone; loc. pl. of गत m. f. n. gone.

मतो nom. sin. m. gone, departed. See मत. गतौ nom. du. m. of गत gone, departed.

সাৰা having gone; past ind. p. of rt মৃদ্ 602, 556.

गताचापराम् for गता सप सपराम् by 31.

गन्तव्यं nom. sin. n. of गन्तव्य m. f. n. to be travelled, to be gone; fut. pass. p. of rt गम् 569.

गना he or it will go, he will travel; 3d sin.
ist fut. of rt गम्.

गनासि thou wilt go; 2d sin. 1st fut. of rt गम् 602.

गनुम् to go; inf. of rt गम् 459.

गन्धवाँ nom. sin. of गन्धवं m. a Gandharva or celestial musician. These are demigods or angels who inhabit Indra's heaven, and form the orchestra at the banquets of the gods. They are described as witnesses of the actions of men, and are sixty millions in number.

गम: for खगम: 2d sin. aor. of rt गम्, used with मा or मास्म for the imperative; as, मास्म गम: do not go, 889.

गमने loc. sin. of गमन n. going, advancing. गमिष्यन्ति they will go. See next.

गिमपामि I shall or will go; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt गम् 602.

गम्भोरं ind. deeply, 713.

गरीयो nom. sin. n. of गरीयस् m. f. n. more heavy, heavier, worse, worst, 194, 167.

गहत्मनाः for गहत्मनास् nom. pl. m. of गहत्वत् a bird, (lit. possessed of wings,) 5th cl. 140.

गर्वो gen. pl. of गो f. a cow, an ox, 133. Used in Nala VII. 6 as the name given to the ordinary dice, as distinguished from the वृष or principal die. गहने loc. sin. m. or n. of गहन m.f. n. dense, thick, impenetrable.

गातविरूप्पताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गात er. limbs, body, वैरूप्पताम् acc. sin. f. deformity.

गातांशि nom. pl. of गात n. a limb, a member.

गावेषु loc. pl. of गाव n. a limb.

गातेर ins. pl. of गात n. a limb.

गाणाभिर् for गाणाभिस् ins. pl. of गाणा f. a song, a chant.

गायित he sings, he repeats; 3d sin. pres. of rt मै 1st cl. 268.

गायमाना for गायमानास् nom. pl. of गायमान m. f. n. singing; pres. p. átm. of rt गै 1st cl. 595. a, 524.

নিই acc. sin. of নিই f. speech, voice, 8th cl. 180. নিই acc. pl. of নিই f. speech, word, 8th cl.

गिरम् acc. sin. of गिर्f. speech, 8th cl. 180. गिरा ins. sin. of गिर्f. voice, speech, 8th cl. 180.

गिराच् for गिरौ loc. sin. of गिरि m. a mountain, 2d cl. 110.

गिरिक्टानि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, कूटानि nom. pl. of कूट n. a peak, a summit, 1st cl. 104.

गिरिगुहाम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, गुहाम् acc. sin. of गुहा f. a cave, a cavern.

गिरिनदीम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, नदीम् acc. sin. of नदी f. a river.

गिरिराजम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि er. a mountain, राजम् acc. sin. for राजानं from राजन् m. a king, 151. a.

गिरिश्रेष्टम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743. b; गिरि cr. a mountain, श्रेष्टम् acc. sin. m. of श्रेष्ट m. f. n. best.

गिरींश् for गिरीन् (53) acc. pl. of गिरि.

गिरेर gen. sin. of गिरि m. a mountain, 2d cl. 110.

गुण m. quality, virtue, excellence, 1st cl. 103.

गुणवान् nom. sin. m. of गुणवान् m. f. n. excellent, good, possessed of advantages or excellencies (guṇa), 5th cl. 140.

गुणांस् for गुणान् acc. pl. of गुण m. quality, virtue, merit, excellence.

गुणान् acc. pl. of गुण m. quality, virtue.

गुणै: for गुणैस ins. pl. of गुण quality, virtue. गुणैर for गुणैस ins. pl. of गुण quality, virtue.

गुन्नाम् acc. sin. f. of गुन्न m. f. n. guarded; past p. p. of rt गुप् 556.

गुरून acc. pl. m. of गुरू m. f. n. venerable, dearly valued.

गुल्मेर ins. pl. of गुल्म m. a bush, a shrub, ist cl. 103.

गृह्य nom. sin. of गृह m. f. n. hidden, concealed; past p. p. of rt गृह 539.

गृहम् acc. sin. of गृह n. a house.

मृहास take thou, receive thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt यह 9th cl. 699.

गृहान् acc. pl. of गृह m. a house, a wife. (When गृह is used in the plural, it signifies generally home, and is always masculine.)

गृहीतनामा nom. sin. one who has gained a name, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; गृहीत cr. taken, received, नामा nom. sin. m. from नामन् n. a name, 6th cl. 154.

गृहीत्वा having taken, having taken up, having raised; past ind. p. of rt ग्रह 699.

मृहे loc. sin. of मृह n. a house, 1st cl. 104.

मृह्नाति he takes; 3d sin. pres. of यह 9th cl. 699.

मृह्णीध्वं take ye; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt ग्रह्म 9th cl. 699.

गेहं nom. sin. n. a house.

गोपायांना they guard, they protect; 3d pl. pres. of rt गुप 1st cl. 271.

गोमा nom. sin. m. of गोम m. a protector, guardian, 4th cl. 127.

गोसहसेण ins. sin. n. with a thousand kine; (comp. of गो a cow, ox, and सहस्र a thousand, 206.)

ग्रसते he devours, he consumes; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt ग्रस १st cl. 261.

ग्रस्ताम् acc. sin. f. of ग्रस्त m. f. n. seized; past p. p. of rt ग्रस् 539.

ग्रस्यमाना nom. sin. f. of ग्रस्यमान m. f. n. being seized; pres. p. pass. of rt ग्रस् 528. ग्रस्यमानाम acc. sin. f. See last.

यहा for यहास nom. pl. of यह m. a planet.

ग्रहोतुं to catch, to take; inf. mood of rt ग्रह 699, 459.

ग्रहीष्पामि I will take, I will take up; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt ग्रह 399. a.

ग्रामं acc. sin. of ग्राम m. a village.

ग्रामान् acc. pl. of ग्राम m. a village.

ग्रामिपुता: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; ग्रामि for ग्रामिन् (57) cr. a villager, पुता: nom. pl. of पुत m. a son, a boy.

ग्रामेण ins. sin. of ग्राम m. a village.

ग्राम्यगनान् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; ग्राम्य cr. tame, lit. village-born, गनान् acc. pl. of गन m. an elephant.

ग्राहेण ins. sin. of ग्राह m. a serpent.

ग्राहेणानेन for ग्राहेण अनेन by 31.

ग्राहो nom. sin. of ग्राह m. a serpent.

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घातयित he or it kills; 3d sin. pres. of rt हन in caus., see 488.

घोरं acc. sin. n. of घोर m. f. n. frightful, awful, 1st cl. 187.

घोरान् 'acc. pl. m. of घोर m. f. n. terrible, 1st cl. 187.

घोरायां loc. sin. f. of घोर m. f. n. terrible, dreadful, ist cl. 187.

घोरे loc. sin. m. or n. of घोर m. f. n. terrible, 1st cl. 104.

घोषयामास he proclaimed; 3d sin. perf. of rt घुष 10th cl. 385. a.

योगांस् for घोषान् acc. pl. of घोष m. a station of herdsmen.

भ्रतो acc. pl. m. of भ्रत् m. f. n. striking, killing; pres. p. of rt हन् 524.

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च ind. and, also, both, 727.

चक्रवाकोपकृजिताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; चक्रवाक cr. the Ćakraváka or Brahmany duck, उपकृजिताम् acc. sin. f. of उपकृजित m. f. n. made resonant with cooing or the cry (of the Ćakraváka).

चित्रों they made, they showed; 3d pl. perf. átm. of rt क 683.

चक्रे he made; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt कृ 683.

चक्षमे he endured, he bore; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt छाम् 364.

चर्छू पि acc. pl. of चर्म् n. the eye, 7th cl. 165. चचाल he, she or it moved; 3d sin. perf.

of rt चल to move, 364.

चतुर: acc. pl. m. of चतुर four, 203:

चतुरो acc. pl. m. of चतुर four, see 203.

चतुर्थः nom. sin. of चतुर्घ m.f.n. fourth, 209.

चतुर्थे loc. sin. of चतुर्थ m. f. n. fourth, 209.

चतुर्दशः nom. sin. m. fourteenth, 210.

चतुरेष्ट्रो having four tusks; (comp. of चतुर four, and दंष्ट्रो nom. sin. m. from दंष्ट्रा f. a tusk, 108.

चतुर्विश्वतितमः nom. sin. m. twenty-fourth,

चतार for चतारस् nom. pl. of चतुर् four, see 203.

चन्द्रमा: nom. sin. of चन्द्रमस् m. the moon, 7th cl. 163.

चन्द्रलेखा nom. sin. f. digit of the moon. See next.

चन्द्रलेखाम् acc. sin. f. of चन्द्रलेखा f. a crescent or digit of the moon; (comp. of चन्द्र the moon, and लेखा a line, streak.)

चन्द्रलेखेव for चन्द्रलेखा इव by 32.

चन्द्राभवक्रं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; चन्द्र cr. the moon, साभ cr. like, वक्रं acc. sin. m. from वक्रा n. the face, 108.

चरति he roams, he wanders, he or it moves; 3d sin. pres. of rt चर ist cl.

चरिन they wander about, they go; 3d pl. pres. of rt चर् 1st cl. 261.

चरन nom. sin. m. of चरत् m. f. n. going, moving; pres. p. of rt चर् 524.

चराम: we wander over; ist pl. pres. of rt चर ist cl. 261.

चरामि I commit, I act; Ist sin. pres. of rt चर. चरितम् acc. sin. of चरित n. act, action.

चरितवत: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; चरित cr. performed, practised, वत nom. sin. m. from वत m. n. a vow, an act of devotion.

चरितानि acc. pl. of चरित n. an act, action.

चरिष्यित he or she will wander; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt चर् 1st cl. 261.

चलो nom. sin. m. of चल m. f. n. fickle, changeable, moveable.

चाह्यान् for च खद्यान्, q. q. v. v.

चाचलान् for च अचलान्, q. q. v. v.

चातुर्वेर्ग्यस्य gen. sin. of चातुर्वेर्ग्य n. the four castes, 1st cl. 104. See note under विशाम्पते.

चादित्य: for च छादित्य: by 31.

चाड्नतद्शैनाः for च अझ्तद्शैनाः by 31.

चानघा: for च अनघा: by 31.

चानुत्रमां for च अनुत्रमां by 31.

चानुभूयास्य for च अनुभूय अस्य by 31.

चानेन for च अनेन by 31.

चात्रद for च खत्यद by 31.

चात्यन् for च खत्यन् by 31.

चापरे for च खपरे by 31.

चापि for च खपि by 31.

चामदक्षिणै: for च सामदक्षिणै: by 31.

चाप्पश्चमेथेन for च छपि छात्रमेथेन by 31 and 34.

चाप्पस्य for च अपि अस्य by 31, 34.

चाप्पुपलिख्तः for च अपि उपलिख्तः 31, 34.

चाप्रजः for च सप्रजः by 31.

चाभवन् for च सभवन् by 31.

चाभ्यागता for च सभ्यागता by 31.

चामीकरप्रस्थम् acc. sin. m. like gold; (comp. of चामीकर gold, and प्रस्थ like.)

चारित्रकवचान् Ван. ок Rel. сомр. 761;

चारित cr. virtuous conduct, कवचान् acc. pl. from कवच m. armour, mail (cased in the armour of chastity.)

चारुदर्शने voc. sin. f. O thou of lovely aspect; (from चारु beautiful, and दर्शन sight.)

चारूपयविशालाक्षीम् Complex comp. 771; चारू cr. beautiful, पद्म cr. a lotus, विशाल cr. large, सन्धीं acc. sin. of सन्धी f. from सन्धा m. (in comp.) an eye, 778.

चारुवृत्तपयोधराम् Complex comp. 771; चारु cr. beautiful, वृत्त cr. round, पयोध-राम् acc. sin. f. from पयोधर m. a woman's breast, 108.

चारुसवाङ्गशोभन O thou who art fair and beautiful in every limb, Complex comp. 771; चारु cr. fair, handsome, सर्व cr. all, every, खङ्ग cr. limb, शोभन voc. sin. m. of शोभन m. f. n. beautiful.

चारहासिनी sweetly smiling; nom. sin. f. See next.

चारुहासिनीम् sweetly smiling, KARM. OR Des. comp. 755; चारु cr. sweet, sweetly, हासिनीं acc. sin. of हासिनी f. smiling, 1st cl. 106; (from हासिन् agt. of rt हस् 582. a.)

चাৰু যি nom. pl. n. of चार m.f. n. beautiful, 3d cl. 114.

चासकृत् for च ससकृत् by 31.

चासि for च स्रसि by 31.

चासीत् for च खासीत् by 31.

चास्मान् for च अस्मान् by 31.

चास्माभिर् for च अस्माभिर् by 31.

चास्मिन् for च सस्मिन् by 31.

चास्या for च सस्यास् by 31.

चाहम् for च छहम् by 31.

चिकी पैन्ती nom. sin. f. of चिकी पैत् m. f. n. desirous of doing, wishing to perform; pres. p. of rt क in des. 502, 525.

चिकोपैमाणस् nom. sin. m. of चिकोपैमाण m.f.n.anxious to perform, wishing to do; pres. p. átm. of rt क् in des. 502, 528.

चिकोपेंसि thou dost desire to do; 2d sin. pres. of rt क in des. 502. चिकोपितम् nom. sin. n. design, intention, (what is wished to be done;) see 502, 550.

चित्रप्रमाथिनी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 739; चित्र cr. heart, soul, mind, प्रमाथिनी nom. sin. f. of प्रमाथिन m.f. n. agitating, afflicting; (agt. from rt मन्य 693. a, with प्र;) 6th cl. 159.

খিরা: acc. pl.f. of খির m.f. n. variegated, 1st cl. 105, 187.

चिनायध्वं think ye; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt चिना 10th cl. 641.

चिन्तयन् nom. sin. m. of चिन्तयत् m. f. n. thinking on; pres. p. of rt चिन्त् 10th cl. 641.

चिनायनी thinking, reflecting; nom. sin. f. of चिनायत.

चिनायन्याः gen. sin. f. of चिनायत् m. f. n. thinking of.

चिनायानस्य gen. sin. m. of चिनायान m. f. n. thinking of; pres. p. átm. of rt चिना 10th cl. 527.

चिनायामास he or she thought on, pondered on, considered; 3d sin. perf. of rt चिना 10th cl. 385. a.

चिनायित्वा having thought on, having considered; ind. past p. of rt चिना 10th cl. 558.

चिनाये I think on; Ist sin. pres. átm. of rt चिना 10th cl. 641.

चिनापरा lost in thought, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; चिना cr. thought, परा nom. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. principally engaged in, 1st cl. 187.

चिन्तापरास् nom. pl.m. thoughtful. See last. चिन्ताम् acc. sin. of चिन्ता f. thought, anxiety.

चिनिता nom. sin. m. of चिनित m. f. n. thought of, contrived, devised; past p. p. of rt चिन्त 538.

चिन्यनो nom. pl. m. of चिन्यत् m. f. n. seeking for, searching through; pres. p. of rt चि 5th conj. 524.

चिरम् ind. for a long time, for a long while.

चिरविष्रोपिताम् acc. sin. f. long banished, long absent; (comp. of चिर long, and विष्रोपित dwelling away.)

चिराद for चिरात ind. after a long time, for a long while.

चिह्नभूतो nom. sin. m. of चिह्नभूत m. f. n. become a mark, (Book XVII. 7,) formed into a mark.

चेत् ind. if.

चेतसा ins. sin. of चेतस् n. the mind, the heart. चेतो acc. sin. of चेतस् n. mind, heart, 7th cl. 164. चेदं for च इदं by 32.

चेदिपतेर Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; चेदि cr. Ćedi, पतेर gen. sin. of पति m. a lord, 121. Ćedi is the name of a country, perhaps the same as the modern Ćandail. It is often named in the marriage of Rukmiņi, extracted from the Harivansa by M. Langlois, Monumens de l'Inde, p. 96.

चेदिपुरीं acc. sin. of चेदिपुरी f. Ćedi-pur, i. e. the city of Ćedi; (comp. of चेदि and पुरी a city.)

चंदिराजपुरीं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; चंदि cr. Ćedi, राज cr. king, पुरीं acc. sin. of पुरी f. a city.

चेदिराजस्य gen. sin. m. of the king of Ćedi; (comp. of चेदि cr. Ćedi, and राजस्य gen. for राज्ञ: 151.)

चेन्द्रपुरोगमा: for च इन्द्रपुरोगमा: by 32.

चेष्टमानम् acc. sin. of चेष्टमान m. f. n. struggling; pres. p. átm. of rt चेष्ट् 1st cl. 526.

चेह for च इह by 32.

चेहागते for च इह खागते by 32 and 31.

चैतस्य for च रतस्य by 33.

चैनं for च एनं by 33.

चैव for च एव by 33.

चैवाहम् for च एव छहम् by 33, 31.

चैवोग्रशासनः for च रव उग्रशासनः by 33 and 32.

चैमा for च एमा by 33.

चोक्तं for च उक्तं by 32.

चोत्रमगन्धाद्याः for च उत्तमगन्धाद्याः by 32.

चोद्यमाना for चोद्यमानास् nom. pl. m. of चोद्यमान m.f.n. being urged; pres. p. of rt चुद्र in caus. pass. 496.

चित्रचा for चित्रचा by 48. b.

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छकुनान् for शकुनान् (by 49) acc. pl. of शकुन m. a bird, 1st cl. 103.

छक्तो for शको able, q. v.

छचीम् for श्वीम् acc. sin. of श्वी f. the wife of Indra, 1st cl. 106.

छन्देन ins. sin. of छन्द n. will, wish.

छन: nom. sin. m. covered, clothed, clad; past p. p. of rt छह 540.

छिपतुं for शिपतुं (49) to curse; inf. of rt शप 459.

स्थापा nom. sin. f. a shadow.

छायाडितीयो Anom. comp., see 777. b; छाया cr. shadow, द्वितीयो nom. sin. m. of द्वितीय m. f. n. accompanied by, (lit. doubled, made two.)

छायेवानुगता for छाया इव सनुगता by 32,31.

বিহ্না having cut, having cut off; past ind. p. of rt বির 556.

जिन्दिना they cut, they cleave; 3d pl. pres. of rt जिद्द 7th cl.

छुचि: for शुचि: (49) nom. sin. m. of शुचि m. f. n. pure.

ह्रो for जूरो (49) nom. sin. a hero, q. v.

छूतम् for भृतं (49) acc. sin. n. of भृत m. f. n. cooked, boiled; past p. p. of rt आ 532.

छेतुं to cut, to cut off; inf. of rt छिद् 459.

छोकम् for शोकम् sorrow, q. v.

हुन्बा having heard; ind. p. of rt श्रु 556,676.

खुत्वानवद्याङ्गी for खुत्वा अनवद्याङ्गी by 31.

छुय: for श्रेय: (49) nom. sin. n. better. छुयो for श्रेयो (49) nom. sin. n. better. ज.

ন (at the end of compounds) denotes arising, born, produced; (agt. of rt নন্to be born.)

जगाद he uttered, he recited; 3d sin. perf. of rt गद 364.

जगाम he or she went; 3d sin. perf. of rt गम् 376, 602.

जगामैकां for जगाम एकां by 33.

जग्मतुर they two went, they both had recourse; 3d du. perf. of rt गम्, see 376.

जग्मुर they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् 376.

नग्राह he or she took hold of, he seized, he caught; 3d sin. perf. of rt ग्रह 9th cl.

जग्राहानगरो for जग्राह खनगरो by 31.

जग्राहायतलोचना for जग्राह खायतलोचना by 31.

সন্থা they perceived, they observed, they knew; 3d pl. perf. from rt রা 688, 373.

সহিলা nom. sin. f. of সহিল m. f. n. having clotted or entangled hair.

जनं acc. sin. of जन m. a man, people.

जननी nom. sin. f. a mother, a parent.

जनपदं acc. sin. of जनपद m. an inhabited country.

जनपदे loc. sin. of जनपद m. the country (as distinct from the town).

जनमध्ये Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; जन cr. men, मध्ये acc. sin. of मध्य n. the midst.

जनयामास he begat; 3d sin. perf. of rt जन in caus. 385. a.

जनसंसत्सु TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; जन cr. men, संसत्सु loc. pl. of संसह f. an assembly, 138.

जनसङ्ख्ये TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; जन er. men, सङ्ख्ये loc. sin. of सङ्ख्य m. destruction.

जनस्य gen. sin. of जन m. a person, a human being, people.

जना for जनास् nom. pl. of जन m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

जनाधिप voc. sin. m. O lord of men.

লনাখিম: nom. sin. m. a sovereign, (lit. lord of men; comp. of লন cr. a man, and ভাষিম m. a lord.)

जनाधिपा: nom. pl. m. See last.

जनार्णव: nom. sin. m. host of men, (lit. sea of men; from जन cr. men, and अर्थेव m. the ocean.)

जनास nom. pl. of जन m. a man, people.

जिन्न्या: gen. sin. of जिन्ति f. a mother, 106; see 859. a.

जनेन ins. sin. of जन m. a man, people.

जनेर ins. pl. of जन m. a man, a person.

जन्म nom. sin. of जन्मन् n. birth, 6th cl. 153.

जन्मानरकृतम् nom. sin. n. committed in another birth; (comp. of जन्म cr. birth, खनार cr. another, 777.b, and कृत, q.v.)

जसुद्वीपे loc. sin. of जसुद्वीप m. Jambudvípa, the central division of the world. India is so called in the Puránas.

जञ्चामलोधलदिरसालवेतसमाकुलं Complex comp. 771; जञ्च cr. the Jambu or rose-apple (34), आम cr. the Mango-tree, लोध cr. the Lodhra or Lodh, a kind of tree (Symplocos racemosa), the bark of which is used in dyeing, खदिर the Khadira or Catechu-tree, the exudation of which is used in medicine, साल cr. the Sál-tree, वेत cr. a cane, a ratan, समाकुलम् acc. sin. n. of समाकुल m. f. n. crowded.

जयम् acc. sin. of जय m. victory.

जयेम we may conquer; ist pl. pot. of rt जि ist cl.

जयेयु: they may conquer; 3d pl. pot. of rt जि 1st cl.

जरा nom. sin. f. old age.

সল nom. or acc. sin. of সল n. water, 1st cl. 104.

जलदागमे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; जलद cr. a cloud (water-giver), आगमे loc. sin. of आगम m. approach, arrival.

जलमात्रेण by mere water, on mere water;

(from जल cr. water, and मात्रेण ins. sin. of मात्र, see 919.)

जवं acc. sin. of जव m. speed, velocity.

जयनेर् ins. pl. m. of जयन m.f. n. fleet, swift.

जवयुक्तान् acc. pl. m. fleet, swift, (lit. possessed of fleetness; from जव cr. velocity, and युक्त possessed of.)

जवेन ins. sin. of जव m. rapidity, speed.

जवेनाभिससार for जवेन अभिससार by 31.

जहासि thou dost desert; 2d sin. pres. of rt हा 3d cl. 665.

जहमे he rejoiced; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt हुम् 364.

जातरूपपरिष्कृतान् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; जातरूप cr. gold, परिष्कृतान् acc. pl. m. of परिष्कृत m. f. n. adorned; past p. p. of कृ with परि, 783. o, 532.

जातसङ्कल्प: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; जात cr. arisen, experienced, felt, सङ्कल्प: nom. sin. of सङ्कल्प m. thought, desire, love, 1st cl. 103.

जातस्य gen. sin. n. of जात m. f. n. born.

जाता nom. sin. f. of जात m. f. n. born.

जातिथमा: nom. pl. m. the laws of caste, the usages of caste; (जाति caste, धर्मे law, usage, Tat. or Dep. comp.)

जातिसम्पन्नाम् acc. sin. f. of noble race, endowed with (high) birth; (comp. of जाति cr. race, and सम्पन्न accomplished, endowed with.)

जातु ind. ever; न जातु never.

जानाति he knows; 3d sin. pres. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. 688.

जानामि I know, I understand; ist sin. pres. of rt ज्ञा.

जानाम्यत्यैर for जानामि अन्यैर by 34.

जानीत know ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt ज्ञा.

जानीय ye know; 2d pl. pres. of rt ज्ञा.

जानीयां may I recognise; 1st sin. pot. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. 688.

जानीयाद he may know, he may recognise; 3d sin. pot. of rt जा 9th cl. 688.

जानींपे thou knowest; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. 688.

जानीहि ascertain thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt ज्ञा. जानुभिस ins. pl. of जानु n. the knee.

जायते he, she or it is produced or born; 3d sin. pres. of rt जन् 4th cl.

जियांसन्तो nom. pl. m. of जियांसन् m. f. n. desirous of killing; pres. p. par. of rt हन् in des. 503, 525.

जिज्ञासमानो nom. sin. m. desirous of knowing, testing or proving; pres. p. átm. of rt ज्ञा in des. 500. b, 528.

जितम् nom. sin. n. of जित m.f.n. conquered; past p. p. of rt जि 532.

जितस्यगाँ for जितस्यगास् BAH. OR REL. comp. 767; जित cr. conquered, won, gained, स्वगास् nom. pl. f. from स्वगे m. heaven, 108.

जितेन ins. sin. of जित m.f.n. conquered.

जितिन्द्रियेर BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; जित cr. conquered, subdued, इन्द्रियेर ins. pl. m. from इन्द्रिय n. an organ of sense.

जितो nom. sin. m. of जित m. f. n. conquered, beaten. In Book XII. 83 जित is followed by an accusative: thus, जितो राज्यं यसूनि च deprived (in play) of his kingdom and his wealth.

সিলা having conquered, having won; past ind. p. of rt সি 556. With double accusative; as, সিলা যান্য নত having won the kingdom from Nala.

जिही भैंव: nom. pl. m. of जिही भैं m.f.n. wishing to seize, desirous of taking; des. adj. from rt ह 502, 593, 82. VII.

जिह्मेर for जिह्मेस ins. pl. m. of जिह्म m. f. n. dishonest, vicious, (lit. crooked,) 1st cl. 103.

जीमूतस्वनसन्त्रिभाम् like the sound of a cloud, Anom. comp. 777; जीमूत cr. a cloud, स्वन cr. sound, सन्त्रिभाम् acc. sin. f. of सन्तिभ m. f. n. like, resembling. जीयते he is conquered, he is beaten; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt जि 590, 463.

जीर्यानि acc. pl. n. of जीर्य m. f. n. old, worn out.

जीव live thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt जीव् 1st cl. 603.

जीवित he or she lives; 3d sin. pres. of rt जीव् 1st cl. 603.

जीवतु let him live; 3d sin. pres. of rt जीव 1st cl. 603.

जीवत्वसुखजीविकाम् for जीवतु असुखजीवि-काम् by 34.

जीवनों acc. sin. f. of जीवत् m. f. n. living; pres. p. of rt जीव् 524.

जीवितेन ins. sin. of जीवित n. life, 1st cl. 104. जीवितेनार्थेस् for जीवितेन खर्थस् by 31.

जुष्टं acc. sin. n. of जुष्ट m. f. n. frequented by, resorted to.

नेता he will conquer; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt जि 590.

র (at the end of compounds) denotes knowing, acquainted with; (agt. of rt রা.)

ज्ञातमात्वे loc. sin. n. on its being ascertained merely (where they are); comp. of ज्ञात cr. known, and मात्र merely, see 919.

ज्ञातिद्रव्यविनाकृताः Complex comp. 771; ज्ञाति cr. kindred, द्रव्य cr. substance, wealth, विनाकृताः nom. pl. m. deprived of.

ज्ञातिभ्यो abl. pl. of ज्ञाति m. a relation, 2d cl. 110.

ज्ञातिषु loc. pl. of ज्ञाति m. a kinsman, a relative, 2d cl. 110; see 861.

ज्ञातीन् acc. pl. of ज्ञाति m. a kinsman, a relative, 2d cl. 110.

ज्ञातुम् to know, to ascertain; inf. mood of rt ज्ञा 459, 688.

ज्ञान acc. sin. of ज्ञान n. knowledge.

ज्ञानस्य gen. sin. of ज्ञान n. knowledge.

ज्ञायते he or it is known; 3d sin. pres. of rt ज्ञा in pass. 463.

ज्ञास्यामि I will ascertain, I will know; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt ज्ञा 688.

ब्रेय: nom. sin. m. of ज्ञेय m. f. n. to be known; fut. pass. p. of rt ज्ञा 571. a.

ज्ञेयम् nom. sin. n. of ज्ञेय m. f. n. to be known, to be ascertained; fut. pass. p. of rt ज्ञा.

帝.

किञ्चिकागणनादितं TAT. OR DEP. COMP.745; किञ्चिका cr. a cricket, गण cr. a multitude, swarm, नादितम् sounding, resounding, resonant; past p. p. of rt नद् in caus. 566.

त.

त for ते dat. sin. of न्वत् thee, or nom. pl. m. of तत् he, that, 36.

त इमे for ते इमे (36) they themselves, the very same, 220. a.

तच for तत, q.v.

तच् छुत्वा for तत् श्रुत्वा by 49. See the words. तडागं acc. sin. of तडाग n. a pool, a lake.

तडागानि acc.pl. of तडागn. a tank, 1st cl. 104.

πη pron. m.f. n. he, she, it, that, 220.

तत् that; acc. sin. n. of तत्. See last.

तत् ind. therefore, 713. a.

ततः for ततस्, q. v.

ततः प्रभृति ind. from that time forward, thenceforward.

ततश् for ततस्, q. v.

ततम् ind. then, afterwards, thence.

ततस्ततः ind. hither and thither; compare इतस्ततः.

ततो for ततस् thence, afterwards.

ततो for तस्मात ind. than this, than that.

नित्यणात् ind. at that very moment, at the very instant; (from तत् 220, and ख्रण moment, 715.)

तस्वं acc. sin. of तस्व n. truth, exact state.

নহার voc. sin. m. O truth-knower; (comp. of নহা divine truth, and জ a knower, 580.)

तस्वेन truthfully; ins. sin. of तस्व n. truth,

तत्पराया for तत्परायास् gen. sin. f. of तत्पर m. f. n. devoted, devotedly attached.

तत्यापं Тат. ов Дер. сомр. 743; तत् er. he (of him), पापं acc. sin. of पाप n. sin, crime, 1st cl. 104.

तिमयं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तत् cr. he (of him, to him), प्रियं acc. sin. of प्रिय n. a kindness, a favour.

तत्र ind. there, in that place, 720.

तिस्थी nom. du. m. of तिस्थ m.f. n. abiding there; (comp. of तिस्थ there, 720, and स्थ standing, dwelling, 580.)

तत्राच for तत्र सच by 31.

तवावसक्ताभून् for तव + अवसक्ता + अभूत् by 31 and 47.

ततावसद् for तत खवसद् by 31.

तत्रासनेषु for तत्र ज्ञासनेषु by 31.

तत्वैनं for तत्व एनं by 33.

तत्वेव for तत्व स्व by 33.

तथा ind. thus, so, likewise, in like manner, 913.

तथागतं acc. sin. m. of तथागत m. f. n. in such a condition; (comp. of तथा so, and गत gone.)

तथापि ind. nevertheless, still,

तथायम् for तथा खयम् by 31.

तथायानां for तथा आयानां by 31.

तथारस्यानि for तथा अरस्यानि by 31.

तथारूपा nom. sin. f. of तथारूप m. f. n. of such a form; (comp. of तथा such, so, and रूप, q. v.)

तथारूपेयम् for तथारूपा इयम् by 32.

तथाविधं acc. sin. m. or n. or ind. in such a manner, of such a kind, 713.

तथाविध: nom. sin. m. of तथाविध m. f. n. of such a sort or kind.

तथाविधां acc. sin. f. of तथाविध m. f. n. in such a state or plight.

तथेत्युक्ता for तथा इति उक्ता by 32 and 34. तथैव ind. even so, just so, so also, in like

तथैवासीद for तथा एव जासीत् by 33 and 31. तथोक्ता for तथा उक्ता by 32. तथोत्साई acc. sin. m. making such great effort; (from तथा so, and उत्साह effort.)
तथ्यम् acc. sin. of तथ्य n. truth, 1st cl. 104.
तह for तत् that, therefore; nom. n. of तत्,
q. v.

तदननारा nom. sin. f. of तदननार m. f. n.
next to him, nearest to him; (comp. of
तद 220, and अननार without interval.)

तद्वस्यां acc. sin. f. of तद्वस्य m. f. n. in that condition; (comp. of तद् 220, and अवस्था state.)

तदा ind. then, 722.

तदाकारां having that appearance or aspect, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; तद cr. that, खाकारां acc. sin. f. from खाकार m. form, appearance, 1st cl. 103.

तदातस्य for तदा खातस्य by 31.

तहु: खम् acc. sin. n. that grief, or grief for her, or her grief; (comp. of तद for तत् 220, and दु:ख grief, q. v.)

तत् पं nom. sin. n. the form itself; (comp. of

तडिद्यञ् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 762; तद he, 220, विद्यञ् nom. sin. m. from विद्या f. knowledge, 108, (possessing his knowledge.)

तन् for तत् (47) nom. sin. n. that.

तनयां acc. sin. of तनया f. a daughter.

तनयाभ्यां by or from (my) two children; ins. or abl. du. of तनय m. a child, 1st cl. 103. (The two children alluded to in Book XIII. 34 are Indrasena and Indrasená, who had been sent by Damayantí to her father at Vidarbha.)

तनुमध्यमा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; तनु cr. slender, graceful, मध्यमा nom. sin. f. from मध्यम m. the waist, middle.

तनुमध्यां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; तनु cr. slender, मध्यां acc. sin. f. from मध्य n. waist, 1st cl. 108.

तन्द्रां acc. sin. of तन्द्रा f. weariness, fatigue.
तपः nom. sin. of तपस n. penance, self-

mortification, 7th cl. 164.

तपसा ins. sin. of तपस n. penance, devotion.

तपसि loc. sin. of तपस् n. devotion.

तपस्यिग्निषु for तपसि खिनिषु by 34.

तपस्तिनी nom. sin. f. of तपस्तिन् m. f. n. devout, pious; poor, wretched, miserable, 159.

तपोधनाः nom. or voc. pl. m. rich in devotion; (comp. of तपस् devotion, penance, 64, and धन n. wealth.)

तपोवनम् acc. sin. n. penance-grove, sacred wood; (comp. of तपस् penance, 64, and वन n. a wood.)

तपोवृद्धान् acc. pl. m. grown old in devotion; (comp. of तपस् devotion, penance, 64, and वृद्ध grown, increased.)

तम् him; acc. sin. m. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तया by her, with her; ins. sin. f. of तत्. तयेयं for तया इयं by 32.

तयो: for तयोस् of those two; gen. du. of तत्. तयोर् for तयोस् of those two; gen. du. of तत्. तरसा ins. sin. of तरस n. speed, velocity.

तह्त्रेष्ठं acc. sin. of तह्त्रेष्ठ m. the best of trees, see 743. b.

तकेयामास he or she considered, he suspected, he conjectured; 3d sin. perf. of rt तक 10th cl. 385. a.

तकैयित्वा having considered, having reflected; past ind. p. of rt तके 10th cl. 558.

तझखणं nom. sin. n. the mark of him; (comp. of तल for तत् 48, 220, and लख्ण a mark, 743.)

तव of thee; gen. sin. of त्वत, q. v.

तवानघ for तव खनघ by 31.

तस्यतुः they two stood; 3d du. perf. of rt स्या 587.

तस्यु: they stood; 3d pl. perf. of rt स्था.

तस्युर for तस्युस् they stood; 3d pl. perf. of rt स्था 373.

तस्यों he stood; 3d sin. perf. of rt स्था 373, 587.

तसाद from that, than that, therefore, on that account; abl. sin. of तत्, see 829.

तस्मान् for तस्मात् (47) therefore.

तिसंस् for तिसन् (53) in that; loc. sin. m. or n.

तिस्मन् for तिस्मन् (52) in that; loc. sin. तस्मै to him; dat. sin. m. of तत् m. f. n. he,

तस्य of him; gen. sin. of तत्, q. v.

she, it, 220.

तस्या for तस्यास् of her; gen. sin. f. of तत्. तस्याः of her; gen. sin. f. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तस्यादृढतरं for तस्य खदृढतरं by 31. तस्याप्रनेयस्य for तस्य खप्रनेयस्य by 31.

तस्याञ् of her; gen. sin. f.

तस्यास् of her; gen. sin. f.

ता for तास् (66. a) they; nom. or acc. pl. f. of तत्, q. v.

तां her; acc. sin. f. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तांस for तान them, those, by 53.

ताद्ग nom. sin. f. or n. of ताद्श m. f. n. such, such-like, such as that, 234, 181.

तान् them, those; acc. pl. m. of तत् 220.

तानि those; acc. pl. n. of तत् he, she, it, 220. तानीह for तानि इह by 31.

तापसा for तापसास् nom. pl. of तापस m. a hermit, a devotee. In Book XII. 96 तापसाङन्ति होता: is an irregularity, see तापसान्ति होता:

तापसा: nom. pl. of तापस m. a hermit.

तापसाध्युपितं Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; तापस cr. a hermit, अध्युपितं acc. sin. n. of अध्युपित m. f. n. inhabited; past p. p. of rt वस with अधि, 607, 543.

तापसान्तहिता: is a violation of the usual rule of Sandhi, 66. a. By that rule the two words should be separated, तापसा (for तापसास nom. pl.) छन्तहिता:.

तापसारएयम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तापस cr. a hermit, an ascetic, अरएयम् acc. sin. n. a wood, a forest, 1st cl. 104.

तापसै: ins. pl. of तापस m. a devotee.

तापसैर for तापसैस् ins. pl. of तापस m. an ascetic.

तापसेश् ins. pl. of तापस m. a hermit.

ताभिश् for ताभिस् by them; ins. pl.f. of तत्.

ताच् for तो (37) those two; acc. du. m. of तत् 220.

तावत् ind. so long.

तायिन nom. pl. n. of तायत् m.f. n. so many,

तास they; nom. pl. f. of तत he, she, it, 220.

तिन्मांशु: nom. sin. m. the sun; (from तिन्म hot, and अंशु a ray, 766.)

तिया loc. sin. of तिथि m. f. a lunar day. The month is divided into thirty tithis or lunar days, which are personified as nymphs. In the laws of Manu are various directions concerning fortunate and unfortunate days of the month; thus IV. 114, 'The dark lunar day or day of new moon (समावास्या) destroys the spiritual teacher, the fourteenth destroys the learner, the eighth and the day of the full moon destroys all remembrance of scripture, for which reason he must avoid reading on those lunar days.' Hence the Hindús are careful to wait for an auspicious day before commencing any action of importance.

तिष्ठ stay thou, remain thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt स्था 587.

तिष्ठताम् gen. pl. m. of तिष्ठत् m.f. n. standing; pres. p. of rt स्या 1st cl. 269, 587, 524.

तिष्ठति he stands, he or it remains; 3d sin, pres. of rt स्था 1st cl. 587.

तिष्ठत्सु loc. pl. m. of तिष्ठत् m. f. n. being present; pres. p. par. of rt स्था 524, 587.

तोक्ष्णम् acc. sin. n. of तोक्ष्ण m. f. n. sharp, noxious, virulent.

तीव्ररोषसमाविष्टा Complex comp. 771; तीव्र cr. fierce, रोष cr. anger, समाविष्टा nom. sin. f. of समाविष्ट m. f. n. possessed by, affected by, filled with. तीत्रशोकसमाविष्टा COMPLEX COMP. 771; तीत्र cr. severe, excessive, शोक cr. sorrow, समाविष्टा nom. sin. f. filled with, penetrated by.

तीत्रशोकाती Complex comp. 771; तीत्र cr. excessive, poignant, शोक cr. grief, आता nom. sin. f. of आते m. f. n. afflicted, 542. त ind. but, 728. a.

तु स्यं nom. or acc. sin. n. of तु स्य m. f. n. equal. तु स्य ताम् acc. sin. of तु स्य ता f. equality.

तुल्पशीलवयोयुक्तां Complex comp. 771; तुल्प cr. equal, शील cr. good disposition, वयो cr. for वयम् age, 64, युक्तां acc. sin. f. of युक्त m. possessed of.

तुल्याकृतीन् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; तुल्य cr. similar, आकृतीन् acc. pl. m. from आकृति f. form, 2d cl. 119.

तुल्याभिजनसंवृताम् Complex comp. 771; तुल्य cr. equal, खभिजन birth, family, rank, संवृताम् acc. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. surrounded by, possessed of.

तुस्यो nom. sin. of तुस्य m. f. n. equal, 1st cl. 187; see 826.

तृष्टि for तृष्टिस् nom. sin. f. satisfaction, pleasure.

तूर्णे ind. quickly.

तृषारें ind. silent, silently.

तृणमुष्टि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तृण cr. grass, hay, मुष्टि acc. sin. of मुष्टि f. a handful.

तृषा: ins. pl. of तृषा n. grass, any gramineous plant. In Nala XIII. 28 it may mean a bamboo, reed, &c.

तृतीय: nom. sin. of तृतीय m. f. n. third, 208. तृतीयो for तृतीयस् nom. sin. m. third.

नृज्ञा nom. pl. m. of नृज m. f. n. satisfied; past p. p. of rt नृप 539.

नृपित: nom. sin. m. of नृपित m. f. n. thirsty. ते they, those; nom. pl. m. of तत्, q. v.

ते of thee, by thee, from thee, to thee; gen. sin. or dat. sin. of न्वत् or युप्पत्, q.v.

तेजसा ins. sin. of तेजस् n. glory, splendour, beauty, might, power, dignity, spirit, virtue, 7th cl. 164.

तेजस्वी nom. sin. m. of तेजस्विन् m. f. n. glorious, illustrious, 159.

तेजोबलसमन्वितान् Complex comp. 771; तेजो cr. for तेजस् spirit, बल cr. strength, समन्वितान् acc. pl. m. endowed with.

तेजोबलसमायुक्तान् Complex comp. 771; तेजो for तेजस् (64) cr. spirit, fire, बल cr. strength, समायुक्तान् acc. pl. m. endowed with, possessing.

तेन by him, by that; ins. sin. m. or n. of तत्. तेनांध for तेन खंध by 31.

तेनैव for तेन स्व by 33.

तभ्यः for तभ्यस् to them; dat. pl. of तत्, q. v. तेपां of them, of those; gen. pl. m. of तत्, q. v. तेषु in them; loc. pl. m. of तत्, q. v.

तेर for तैस by them, by those; ins. pl. m. or n. of तत्.

तोयम् acc. sin. of तोय n. water.

तोरणेन ins. sin. of तोरण m. n. an arch, an arched gateway, 1st cl. 103.

तोपयामास he pleased, gratified; 3d sin. perf. of rt तुप् to be pleased, in caus. 490.

तौ those two; nom. du. m. of तत, q.v.

त्यक्तनीवितयोधिन: COMPLEX COMP. 771; त्यक्त cr. abandoned, sacrificed, जीवित cr. life, योधिन: nom. pl. of योधिन m. a fighter, (agt. from rt युध् 582. a,) 6th cl. 159.

त्यक्तवान् who has abandoned, (he left, he deserted;) nom. sin. m. of त्यक्तवत् past act. p. of rt त्यज्ञ 553, 897.

त्यक्तिश्रयम् acc. sin. f., BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; त्यक्त cr. abandoned, deserted, श्रियं acc. sin. of श्री f. fortune, 123.

त्यक्ता nom. sin. f. of त्यक्ता m. f. n. abandoned, deserted; past p. p. of rt त्यज्ञ 539.

त्यक्तं to abandon; inf. of rt त्यज्.

त्यकुकामस् nom. sin. m. wishing to abandon, desirous of leaving; see 871.

त्यका having abandoned, having deserted, having quitted; past ind. p. of rt त्यन् 556, 596.

त्यजन्तु let them abandon; 3d pl. imp. of rt त्यज्

त्यजेषाः thou wouldest abandon; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt त्यज्.

त्यज्ञेयं I may abandon; ist sin. pot. of rt त्यज्. त्यः nom. pl. of ति three, see 202.

त्रयोदशः nom. sin. m. thirteenth, 210.

त्वयोविंशतितमः nom. sin. twenty-third, 211.

तातुम् to rescue, to save; inf. of rt तै 268,459. तायध्वं save yourselves; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt तै 1st cl. 268.

वाहि preserve thou, rescue thou; 2d sin. imp. 1st cl. 267. Irregular for वायस.

নিব্যাম্বা: O lords of the immortals, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; নিব্যা cr. a god, an immortal, ইম্বা: voc. pl. of ইম্বা m. a lord, 1st cl. 103.

तिदिवं acc. sin. of तिदिव m. n. heaven, ist cl. 104.

ਗਿयतं for three nights, Dvi. or Col.

वीन् acc. pl. m. of ति m. f. n. three, 202.

तैलोकां acc. sin. of तैलोका n. the three worlds collectively, i. e. heaven, earth, and the lower regions.

तैलोक्मभयकारक: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; तैलोक्म cr. the three worlds, or heaven, earth, and the lower regions, भय cr. fear, कारक: nom. sin. m. a causer, maker.

तैलोक्पराज्यस्य gen. sin. of the sovereignty of the three worlds; (तैलोक्प the three worlds or triple realm, राज्य kingdom; Тат. ов Dep. сомр. 743.)

न्वं thou, you; nom. sin. of न्वत् or युप्पत् 219. न्वक् nom. sin. of न्वच् f. the skin.

निकापदग्धः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; न्वच् for न्वत् cr. thy, 49, 219, छाप for शाप cr. (49) curse, दग्धः nom. sin. m. burnt, consumed; past p. p. of rt दह 539.

न्बळापाद abl. sin. through thy curse; (from न्बत् 219, and शाप curse, 49, 743.)

त्वचापि for त्वम् च सपि by 60 and 31.

न्दत pron. used as cr. thou, you; also abl. sin. from you, than you, 219.

न्बल्ते ind. on thy account, by means of thee, through thee; (comp. of न्वत् thou, 219, and कृते 731, 917.)

त्वज्ञ for त्वज्ञस् from thee, see 719.

त्वत्र: for त्वत्रस् from thee; (त्वत् 219, with affix तस् 719.)

त्वज्ञो for त्वज्ञस् from thee, for त्वत्; (affix तस् 719.)

न्तन्प्रतीक्षिणी nom. sin. f. waiting for thee; (comp. of न्वत् 219, and प्रतीक्षिन् m. f. n. expecting, looking for, 159.)

त्वत्सन्निधौ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; त्वत् cr. thee, सन्निधौ loc. sin. of सन्निधि f. presence, proximity.

त्वद than thee; abl. sin. 219, 829.

न्बदन्यं acc. sin. m. other than thee.

न्बद्धेम् ind. on thy account; (comp. of न्बद् for न्वत् 219, and अर्थे 791.)

न्बद्धें ind. on thy account, respecting thee, about thee; (comp. of न्बद् for न्वत् 219, and अर्थे 791.)

न्बदीयम् nom. sin. n. of न्बदीय m. f. n. thine, thy, 231.

त्वन्येन for तु स्रन्येन by 34.

त्वब्रुवन् for तु सब्रुवन् by 34.

त्वभ्यपूजयन् for तु अभ्यपूजयन् by 34.

त्वम् thou, you; nom. sin. of त्वत् or युप्मत् 219.

त्वमप्येवं for त्वम् अपि एवं by 34.

त्वया by thee; ins. sin. of त्वत् or युष्मत् 219. त्वयाधर्मेक्ड for त्वया अधर्मेक्ड by 31.

त्वयाराये for त्वया खराये by 31.

न्विय in thee; (Book XIII. 67, with thee, at thy house;) loc. sin. of न्वत् or युप्पत्.

त्वयोक्तं for त्वया उक्तं by 32.

त्वयोत्मृष्टा for त्वया उत्मृष्टा by 32.

न्बरते he hastens on; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt न्बर 1st cl. 261.

न्वरमाणया ins. sin. f. of न्वरमाण m. f. n. hastening. (By thee, in thy haste.)

न्बरमाणस् nom. sin. m. of न्बरमाण m. f. n. hastening; pres. p. átm. of rt न्बर् 526.

न्वरमाणा nom. sin. f. hastening, running quickly.

न्वरमाणो nom. sin. m. of न्वरमाण m. f. n. hastening.

त्वरमाणोपचक्रमे for त्वरमाणा उपचक्रमे by 32. See both words.

न्यरान्यित: nom. sin. m. in haste, quick, lit.
possessed of haste; (न्यरा cr. haste, and
सन्यत possessed of.)

न्बरिता nom. sin. f. of न्बरित m. f. n. hurrying, hastening, quick, swift; (properly past p. p. of rt न्बर.)

न्बरिता: nom. pl. m. of न्बरित m. f. n. hurrying, hastening, quick, swift.

न्वरितो for न्वरितस् nom. sin. m. of न्वरित m. f. n. hurrying, hastening, quick.

न्वर्यमाणो nom. sin. m. of न्वर्यमाण m. f. n. being urged; pres. p. of न्वर् in pass. 528.

त्वा thee; acc. sin. of त्वत् thou, 219.

न्वां thee; acc. sin. of न्वत् thou, 219.

त्वाभिगम्याहं for त्वा सभिगम्य सहं by 31. त्वाम् thee; acc. sin. of त्वत् thou, 219.

₹.

द (at the end of compounds) denotes giving, causing, a giver; (agt. of rt दा.)

देष्ट्रिभ्य: abl. pl. of देष्ट्रिन् m. an animal having tusks, tusked, a boar, &c., 6th cl. 159.

दश्चाम् acc. sin. of दश्च m. f. n. upright, 1st cl. 105.

दक्षिणापयं acc. sin. of दक्षिणापय m. the Southern region, the Southern road or direction; (from दक्षिणा the South, and प्य a road.) दक्षिण 'the South' is properly that which is on the right hand. The Southern region means here the land to the South of the Narmadá or Nerbudda river. The word Dakshin is now corrupted into Deccan.

दक्षिणापय: nom. sin. See last.

दक्षिणावताम् gen. pl. of दक्षिणावत् m. f. n. having gifts, accompanied by presents or

fees to Bráhmans; (from ইনিয়েখাৰ present to a Bráhman, and বন্ possessed of.)

दक्षिणे ind. towards the South, 716.

दग्डधारणं nom. sin. of दग्डधारण n. punishment.

दराइभयात् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; दराइ cr. rod, भयात् abl. sin. of भय n. fear, ist cl. 104. See note under यम:.

दिखिडिभ: ins. pl. of दिखिन् m. a warder, a door-keeper, 6th cl. 159.

दराइम् nom. sin. m. to be punished, punishable; fut. pass. p. of rt दराइ 571.

दर्स nom. sin. n. of दस m. f. n. given; past p. p. of rt दा 533. a.

दत्ता nom. sin. f. of दत्त m. f. n. given, 533. a. दत्ता having given; past ind. p. of rt दा 556. दस्श्री he or she saw; 3d sin. perf. of rt दश 364, 604.

ददशीय for ददशे खय by 31.

ददशी हुतदशैनान् for ददश अहुतदशैनान् by 31. ददशी श्रममगडलम् for ददशे आश्रममगडलम् by 31.

ददु: they gave; 3d pl. perf. of rt दा 663, 373. ददृशु: for ददृशुस they saw. See next.

ददृशुर for ददृशुस they saw, they beheld; 3d pl. 2d pret. of rt दृश् 604.

दहुशे he or she saw; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt दृश् 364, 604.

दरों he gave; 3d sin. perf. of rt दा 663, 373. दथु: they applied, they placed; 3d pl. perf. of rt धा 373, 664. मनो दथु: they applied their minds, they entertained the idea, they resolved.

दिनाभि: ins. pl. of दिनान् m. an elephant, 159. दिनो: ins. pl. of दन्त m. a tusk, a tooth, 1st cl. 103.

दमं acc. sin. of दम m. Dama, brother of Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

दम: nom. sin. of दम m. temperance, self-restraint, 1st cl. 103.

दमनं acc. sin. of दमन m. Damana, brother of Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

दमनः for दमनस् nom. sin. m. Damana.

दमनो for दमनस् nom. sin. of दमनm. Damana.

दमयन्ति voc. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्ती f. Damayantí, daughter of Bhíma and wife of Nala, 1st cl. 106.

दमयनों acc. sin. of दमयन्ती.

दमयन्तीसकाशे TAT. OR DEP. COMP.743; दम-यन्ती cr. Damayantí, सकाशे loc. of सकाश, used adverbially, in the presence of.

दमयन्तीसखीगणात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; दमयन्ती cr. Damayantí, सखी cr. friend, गणात् abl. sin. of गण m. troop, company.

दमयन्यनवद्याङ्गी for दमयन्ती खनवद्याङ्गी by

दमयन्यर्थे for the sake of Damayantí; (comp. of दमयन्ती and अर्थे, see 760. d, 791.)

दमयन्पर्थे ind. for the sake of Damayanti, in search of Damayanti; (comp. of दमयन्ती and अर्थे 731.)

दमयन्या ins. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्या for दमयन्यास् gen. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्यां loc. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्याः gen. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्याम् loc. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्यास् gen. sin. f. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्येकवस्त्राय for दमयन्ती एकवस्त्रा अथ by 34 and 31.

दमयन्ये dat. sin. to Damayantí.

दमशौचसमन्वित: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; दम cr. self-command, शौच cr. purity, समन्वित: ins. pl. of समन्वित m. f. n. endowed with.

दयां acc. sin. of दया f. compassion, pity.

दियतं acc. sin. m. of दियत m. f. n. beloved, dear, cherished.

दियतः nom. sin. m. of दियत m.f. n. beloved.

द्यानान् acc. pl. m. of द्यान m. f. n. beloved, dear.

दरीश् acc. pl. of दरी f. a glen, 1st cl. 106. दर्शनलालसाम् acc. sin. f. longing to see, ardently desirous of beholding; (comp. of दशेन cr. seeing, and সাসমা f. earnest longing, ardent desire, 761, 108.)

दशैय shew thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt दृश् in caus. 604, 704.

दशियात्मानं for दशिय सात्मानं by 31.

दर्शियतासि thou shalt shew; 2d sin. 1st fut. of rt दृश् in caus. 704.

दशीयत्वा having shewed, having exhibited; past ind. p. of rt दश in caus. 558.

दश acc. pl. of दशन ten, 204.

दशभिर ins. pl. of दशन् ten, 204.

दशमः nom. sin. m. of दशम m. f. n. tenth, 209.

दशमे loc. sin. n. of दशम m.f. n. tenth, 209.

दशाणीधिपते: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; दशाणी cr. the country of Dasarna, अधि-पते: gen. sin. of अधिपति m. a sovereign, 121.

हशार्णेषु loc. pl. m. of दशार्ण (declined in pl.) in Daśárṇa, a country lying on the S. E. of the Vindhya mountains, in central Hindústán. It is mentioned in the Megha-dúta (verse 24), and its capital is there said to be Vidiśa. According to Professor Wilson, it may possibly correspond with the modern district Chattís-garh, as this place is so named, from its containing a number of forts (chattís 'thirty-six'), and Daśárṇa is derived from daśa 'ten' and rina (arṇa) 'a stronghold.'

दृष्ट्य gen. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. bitten; past p. p. of rt दंश 539.

दहित he or it burns; 3d sin. pres. of rt दह

दसते he is burnt; 3d sin. pres. of rt दह in pass. 463.

दसनम् acc. sin. m. of दसत् m.f. n. burning; pres. p. par. of rt दह 4th cl. 524.

दसमानः being consumed, being burnt; pres. p. of rt दह in pass. 528.

दशमानस्य gen. sin. m. of दशमान m. f. n. being consumed. दसमाना nom. sin. f. of दसमान m.f. n. being consumed, being burnt, being tormented.

दद्ममानाम् acc. sin. f. of द्समान m. f. n. being parched.

दसमानो for दसमानस् nom. sin. m. being consumed, being burnt.

दास्यं nom. sin. of दास्य n. cleverness, 1st cl.

दाता nom. sin. m. of दातृ m. f. n. liberal, generous, a giver.

दाना he will give; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt दा 663.

दानं nom. sin. of दान n. liberality, 1st cl. 104.

दानं acc. sin. of दाना m. Dánta, brother of Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

दारको two children; nom. or acc. du. of दारक m. a child, 1st cl. 103.

दाहण: nom. sin. m. of दाहण m. f. n. dreadful, grievous.

दारुणतरं acc. sin. m. of दारुणतर m. f. n. more dreadful, more terrible, 191.

दारुणाकृतिः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; दारुण cr. terrible, dreadful, आकृतिः nom. sin. m. from आकृति f. form, 119.

दारुणाम् acc. sin. f. of दारुण m. f. n. fearful, terrible.

दारुणे loc. sin. m. or n. of दारुण m. f. n. terrible, fearful, 1st cl. 187.

दाहणो nom. sin. m. of दाहण m.f. n. terrible.

दार ins. pl. of दार (always in m. pl.) a wife, 103.

दारेस् ins. pl. of दार m. pl. a wife.

दावं acc. sin. of दाव m. a forest-fire.

दाविविजीतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; दाव cr. fire, विविजीतम् acc. sin. m. free from, lit. abandoned by.

दासन्वम् acc. sin. of दासन्व n. slavery.

दासीनां gen. pl. of दासी f. a slave, a femaleservant, 1st el. 106.

दास्यामि I will give; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt दा. दिग्वाससम् acc. sin. m. of दिग्वासस् m.f.n. naked, (lit. having space or sky for vesture; from दिश् (43. e) a quarter of the

sky, and वासस् a garment, raiment.)

दिदृष्णः nom. pl. of दिदृष्णः m. f. n. desirous of seeing, 3d cl. 111; an adj. formed from the des. form of rt दृश्, see 500. c. and 82. VII.

दिद्धुर nom. sin. m. of दिद्धु m. f. n. desirous of seeing; des. adj. from rt दुश 500. c, 82. VII.

दिवं acc. sin. of दिव् f. heaven; see 180. b. दिवा ind. by day, 714.

दिवानिशम् acc. sin. n. or ind. day and night, DVAN. OR AGG. COMP., see 753.

दिवारात्म् ind. day and night, 753.

दिचि loc. sin. of दिच् f. the sky, heaven, 8th cl. 180. b.

दिविस्पृग्भिर् ins. pl. of दिविस्पृश् m. f. n. touching the sky; (comp. of दिवि, see last, and स्पृश् m. f. n. touching, 8th cl. 181.)

दियोकस: nom. pl. of दियोकस m. a deity, a celestial, an inhabitant of heaven, (lit. one whose dwelling is in heaven; from दिव cr. heaven, and खोकस a habitation, 33, 762.)

दिव्यं acc.sin.n.of दिव्यm.f.n. divine, celestial. दिव्यकाननदशैनम् in aspect like to a celestial grove, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; दिव्य cr. divine, कानन cr. a grove, दशैनम् acc. sin. of दर्शन n. aspect.

दिव्यदर्शनविश्रुत O thou that art known by thy divine aspect, Complex comp. 771; दिव्य cr. divine, दर्शन cr. aspect, विश्रुत voc. sin. of विश्रुत m. f. n. celebrated, well-known, 1st cl. 103.

दिव्यमानुषं nom. sin. n. divine or human; (comp. of दिव्य divine, and मानुष human.)

दिव्याञ् acc. pl. f. of दिव्य m. f. n. celestial, divine, 1st cl. 105, 187.

दिश: gen. sin. of दिश f. a region, quarter, point of the compass, 8th cl. 181.

दिश: acc. pl. of दिश् f. a quarter of the sky, region, 181.

दिशम् acc. sin. of दिश् f. a region, 8th cl. 181.

दिशो acc. pl. of दिश f. a quarter.

दिष्टं acc. sin. n. of दिष्ट m. f. n. pointed out; past p. p. of rt दिश् 539.

दिस्या ind. How fortunate! Mayest thou be fortunate! Hail to thee! I congratulate thee. An exclamation used in congratulating another on any piece of good fortune.

दीन m.f.n. dejected, miserable, 1st el. 187. दोनम् acc. sin. m. of दीन m.f.n. miserable. दोनमानस: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; दीन cr. miserable, मानस: nom. sin. m. the mind.

दीना nom. sin. f. of दीन m. f. n. miserable. दीना for दीनास् nom. pl. m. of दीन miserable. दीनां acc. sin. f. of दीन m. f. n. miserable.

होनाम् acc. sin. f. of दोन्न m. f. n. glowing, blazing, kindled.

दीर्घकालम् for a long period; (comp. of दीर्घ long, and कालम् acc. sin. of काल m. time, see 821.)

दीर्घवाहुर for दीर्घवाहुस BAH. OR REL. comp. 761; दीर्घ cr. long, बाहुर nom. sin. of बाहु m. an arm.

दीर्घस्य gen. sin. m. of दीर्घ m. f. n. long.

दीयते he or it is rent or torn; 3d sin. pres. of rt दू in pass. 468.

दीव्य play thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt दिव् to play, 4th cl. 275.

दीव्यतः gen. sin. m. of दीव्यत् m.f. n. playing; pres. p. of rt दिव 4th cl. 524, 275.

दीव्यमानम् acc. sin. m. of दीव्यमान m. f. n. playing, gambling; pres. p. átm. of rt दिव् 4th cl. 275, 526.

दीव्याय let us two play, let both of us play; ist du. imp. of rt दिव् 4th cl. 275.

दीव्यावेत्पत्रवीद् for दीव्याव इति सत्रवीद् by 32, 34.

दु:खं nom. or acc. sin. of दु:ख n. sorrow, affliction.

दु:खं acc. sin., used adverbially, painfully, sorrowfully, 713.

दुःखतरं nom. sin. n. of दुःखतर m. f. n. more painful, more grievous.

दु:खतरम् acc. sin. of दु:खतर n. more grievous (thing), greater sorrow or suffering.

दु:खपरीतात्मा Complex comp. 771; दु:ख cr. sorrow, anguish, परीत cr. pervaded, affected by, आत्मा nom.sin.m.the soul,147.

दु:खशोकसमन्यिता COMPLEX COMP. 770; दु:ख cr. pain, शोक cr. sorrow, समन्यिता nom. sin. f. of समन्यित m. f. n. possessed of, filled with.

दु:खस्य gen. sin. of दु:ख n. sorrow, affliction. दु:खात् abl. sin. of दु:ख n. pain.

दुःखाद abl. sin. of दुःख n. pain, suffering, 1st cl. 104.

दुःखाती nom. sin. f. of दुःखाते m. f. n. afflicted, pained; (comp. of दुःख pain, and आते 542.)

दुःखाती for दुःखातीस् nom. pl. of दुःखाती m. f. n. afflicted.

दुःखातीम् acc. sin. f. of दुःखाते afflicted.

दु:खातों nom. sin. m. of दु:खाते afflicted with pain, suffering misery; (from दु:ख cr. misery, and आते pained, 542.)

दु:खित: nom. sin. m. of दु:खित m. f. n. afflicted; past p. p. of rt दु:ख् 538.

दु:खितया ins. sin. f. of दु:खित m. f. n. afflicted, pained.

दुःखितस्य gen. sin. m. of दुःखित m. f. n. afflicted, 1st cl. 103.

दुःखितस्याभवत् for दुःखितस्य सभवत् by 31.

दुःखिता nom. sin. f. of दुःखित m.f. n. afflicted.

दु:चितां acc. sin. f. of दु:चित m. f.n. afflicted.

दृ:खितो for दृ:खितस् nom. sin. m. afflicted.

दु:खेन ins. sin. of दु:ख n. sorrow, pain, 1st cl. 104.

दु:सहो nom. sin. m. difficult to be borne, irresistible; (comp. of दूर 726. d, 71. a, and सह m. f. n. bearable.)

दुर्गम् acc. sin. n. of दुर्ग m. f. n. difficult of access, pathless.

दुर्धमां acc. sin. f. of दुर्धमें m. f. n. difficult of approach, not to be violated; (from दूर 726. d, and धर्म.)

इध्करं acc. sin. n. difficult or painful act.

दुष्करं nom. sin. n. of दुष्कर m. f. n. painful, difficult, bad.

दुष्कृतं nom. sin. n. sin, crime, evil action; (comp. of दूर 726. d, and कृत, q. v.)

दुष्टं acc. sin. m. of दुष्ट m. f. n. wicked.

दुष्टभावेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; दुष्ट cr. wicked, depraved, भावेन ins. sin. of भाव m. nature, state, 1st cl. 103.

दुष्टासु loc. pl. f. of दुष्ट m. f. n. corrupted.

दुहितरम् acc. sin. of दुहितृ f. a daughter,

दुहिता nom. sin. of दुहितृ f a daughter.

दुहितुस् gen. sin. of दुहितृ f. a daughter.

दुहितृ f. a daughter, 4th cl. 129.

दुहित्वर्षे ind. for the sake of (his) daughter; (comp. of दुहितृ a daughter, and अर्थे 760. d, 791, 34.)

दूत for दूतस् nom. sin. m. a messenger.

दूताञ् for दूतास् nom. pl. of दूत m. a messenger.

द्रती nom. sin. f. a female-messenger.

दूतीम् acc. sin. of दूती f. a female-messenger.

दूतो for दूतस् nom. sin. of दूत m. a messenger, an ambassador, 1st cl. 103.

दूरे ind. far off, at a distance, 716.

दृढं ind. excessively, very.

हृढवत: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; दृढ er. strict, firm, faithful, वत: nom. sin. from वत m. n. a vow.

दृश्य to be seen, worthy to be seen; fut. pass. p. of rt दृश् 573. b.

दृश्यते he or she is seen; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt दृश 604, 463.

दृश्यन्ते they are seen; 3d pl. pres. pass. of rt दृश्.

दृश्यसे thou art seen; 2d sin. pres. of rt दृश् in pass. 463.

दृश्यै: ins. pl. of दृश्य to be seen, q. v.

दृष्टं nom. sin. n. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen; past p. p. of rt दृश्.

दृष्ट: nom. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen.

दृष्टपूर्वे nom. sin. m. seen before. See next. दृष्टपूर्वे seen before; nom. sin. m. of दृष्टपूर्व ; दृष्ट cr. seen, पूर्वेस् nom. sin. m. of पूर्व

before, 1st cl. 103. दृष्टपूर्वा nom. sin. f. seen before.

दृष्टवती nom. sin. f. of दृष्टवत् m. f. n. who has seen; past act. p. of rt दृश् 553.

दृष्टवन्तो who have seen; nom. pl. m. of दृष्टवन. See next.

दृष्टवान् who has seen, (he saw;) nom. sin. m. of दृष्टवत् past act. p. with sense of past tense, 553, 897.

दृष्ट्स nom. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen; past p. p. of rt दृश.

दृष्टा nom. sin. f. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen.

दृष्टास् nom. pl. f. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen.

दृष्टिर् for दृष्टिस् nom. sin. of दृष्टि f. sight, eye-sight, 2d cl. 112.

दृष्टो nom. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen, observed; past p. p. of rt दृश 604, 539.

दृश having seen, having beheld; past ind. p. of rt दृश to see, 556, 604.

दृष्ट्वाशोकतरं for दृष्ट्वा अशोकतरं by 31.

दृष्ट्रेमां for दृष्ट्रा इमां by 32.

दृष्ट्वेव for दृष्ट्वा एव by 33.

देदीप्यमानां acc. sin. f. of देदीप्यमान m. f. n. shining brightly or intensely, see 507. a.

देयं nom. sin. n. of देय m. f. n. to be given.

देयो nom. sin. m. of देय m. f. n. to be given; fut. pass. p. of rt दा 571. a.

देव m. a god, 1st cl. 103.

देव voc. sin. of देव m. a god, 1st cl. 103.

देवं acc. sin. of देव m. a god.

देवगन्धवमानुषोरगराह्यसान् DVAN. OR AGG.

comp. 748; देव cr. a god; गन्धर्व cr. a Gandharba or celestial musician, see note under गन्धर्वो; मानुष cr. a man; उरग cr. a serpent, see under नाग; राक्षसान् acc. pl. of राक्षस m. a demon, 1st cl. 103, see under राक्षसो.

देवता nom. sin. f. a deity, a goddess.

देवता: nom. or acc. pl. of देवता f. a god, a deity, 105.

देयतानां gen. pl. of देवता f. a deity, 1st cl. 105.

देवताभ्यर्चनपरो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; देवता cr. a deity, अभ्यर्चन cr. worship, परो nom. sin. of पर m. f. n. devoted to.

देवतायतनानि nom. pl. n. of देवतायतन n. a temple; (comp. of देवता a deity, and आय-तन n. an abode.)

देवदुन्दुभयो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. gods, दुन्दुभयो nom. pl. of दुन्दुभि m. a drum.

देयदूतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देय cr. a god, दूतम् acc. sin. of दूत m. a messenger, 1st cl. 103.

देवने loc. sin. of देवन n. play, gaming, gambling, playing (with dice), 1st cl. 104.

देवनेन ins. sin. of देवन n. playing, gambling. देवपतिर् for देवपतिस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, पतिर nom. sin. of पति

m. a lord, 2d cl. 110.

देवराजसमद्युति: equal in glory to the king of the gods, Anom. comp. 777; देव cr. a god, राज for राजन् cr. a king, 57, सम cr. equal, द्युति: nom. sin. m. from द्युति f. brightness.

देवराजस्य TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, राजस्य for राज्ञ: (by 778 and 151) gen. sin. of राजन् a king.

देवराइ nom. sin. of देवराज m. the king of the gods, Indra; (comp. of देव a god, and राज a king, 176. e.)

देवरूपियाीम् acc. sin. f. having a divine form; (comp. of देव cr. god, and रूपिन् m. f. n. having a form, see 85. VI.) देविलङ्गानि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, लिङ्गानि acc. pl. of लिङ्ग n. a mark, characteristic, 1st cl. 104.

देवसन्निधौ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, सन्निधौ loc. sin. of सन्निधि f. presence, 2d cl. 112.

देवा for देवास nom. pl. of देव a god.

देया: for देवास nom. pl. of देव a god.

देवान् acc. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवानां gen. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवाज्ञा nom. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवास nom. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवि voc. sin. of देवी f. a queen, 1st cl. 106.

देवी nom. sin. f. a goddess, a queen, 1st cl. 106.

देवीं acc. sin. of देवी f. a queen.

देवेन ins. sin. of देव m. play, sport, gambling, 1st cl. 103.

देवेभ्य: dat. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवेभ्यो for देवेभ्यस dat. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवेषु loc. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवै: ins. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवैर for देवैस ins. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवैस ins. pl. of देव m. a god.

देशं acc. sin. of देश m. a region, a place.

देशकालज्ञा knowing the (proper) place and time, Complex comp. 770; (from देश cr. place, काल cr. time, ज्ञा nom. sin. f. of ज्ञ m. f. n. knowing, see 580.)

देशात् abl. sin. of देश m. a country.

देशातिषयो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देश cr. a country, अतिषयो nom. pl. of अतिषि m. a guest, 110.

देशो nom. sin. of देश m. a country, 1st cl.103. देहं acc. sin. of देह m. n. the body.

देहस्य gen. sin. of देह m. n. the body, 1st cl. 103, 104.

देहस्यास्य for देहस्य अस्य by 31.

देहा for देहास nom. pl. of देह m. the body. देहि give thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt दा. देहिनो for देहिनस् gen. sin. of देहिन् m. the embodied soul, the spirit.

देही nom. sin. of देहिन् m. the soul.

देहे loc. sin. of देह m. n. the body, 1st cl. 103, 104.

दैत्यदानवमदेनं an epithet of the god Indra; दैत्य a Daitya or demon, दानव a Dánava, a demon or giant, मदेनं acc. sin. of मदेन m. the destroyer, (lit. the crusher, agt. from rt मृद् 582. c.) The Daityas and Dánavas, like the Titans, were a kind of demon or giant who waged perpetual war with the gods. See note under अमृतोपमां.

देवनपरः nom. sin. a worshipper of the gods; (comp. of देवन cr. a god, and परः m. devoted to.)

दैवदोमाद TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; दैव cr. destiny, fate, दोमाद abl. sin. of दोम m. fault.

देवमानुषंnom. sin. n. divine or human; (comp. of देव divine, and मानुष human, see 765.)

दैवात abl. sin. of दैव n. fate, fortune, 1st cl. 103. दैवेन ins. sin. of दैव n. fate, destiny; or ins.

sin. of दैव m. f. n. divine.

दैवेनाक्रम्य for दैवेन आक्रम्य by 31.

दोला nom. sin. f. a swing, 1st cl. 105.

दोलेव for दोला इव by 32.

दोषं acc. sin. of दोष m. fault, crime.

दोषतः for दोषतम् ind. of a fault, of evil intentions; (from दोष with affix तम्, see 719.)

दोपञ् nom. sin. m. fault, crime, sin.

दोषेण ins. sin. of दोष m. fault, crime.

दोपेर ins. pl. of दोष m. a crime, fault.

दोषों for दोषस् nom. sin. of दोष m. fault, blame, ist cl. 103.

दौत्येन ins. sin. of दौत्य n. a message, a mission, embassy.

दौरोनागत for दौरोन जागत by 31.

द्युति acc. sin. of द्यूति f. brilliancy, beauty. द्यूतम् nom. sin. of द्यूत n. game, gaming. द्यते loc. sin. of द्यूत m. n. game, play, gambling, gaming with dice, 1st cl. 103, 104.

द्रश्यम thou shalt see; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt दृश 604.

द्रष्ट्यसे thou shalt or wilt see; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt दृश्.

द्रश्यामि I shall or will see; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt दश 604.

द्रविशं nom. sin. n. property.

द्रविशोन ins. sin. of द्रविश n. property, wealth.

द्रव्यं nom. sin. of द्रव्य n. property, 1st cl. 104.

द्रष्टा he shall or will see, he will visit; 3d sin. ist fut. of rt दुश 604.

द्रष्टुं to see; inf. of rt दृश् 604, 459.

दूतं ind. quickly.

हुम: nom. sin. of हुम m. a tree.

दूमम् acc. sin. of दुम m. a tree.

होणं acc. sin. of द्रोण m. Drona, name of a Bráhman, who was the instructor of both Kurus and Pándavas in the art of war.

ह्रयोर gen. and loc. of हि two, 201.

हाद्शः nom. sin. m. twelfth, 210.

द्वादशे loc. sin. m. of द्वादश m.f. n.twelfth, 210.

ΞΙΨί acc. sin. of **ΞΙΨ**ι m. the third Age of the world personified as a deity, 1st cl.103.

द्वापरेण ins. sin. See last.

BIST loc. sin. of BIX f. a door, a gate, 8th cl. 180.

द्वाविंश्रातितमः nom. sin. m. the twentieth, 211.

हिन: nom. sin. m. a Bráhman or twice-born man; see note under हिनसत्तमः.

द्विजनिषेवितां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; द्विज cr. a bird, निषेवितां acc. sin. f. of निषेवित m.f. n. resorted to, inhabited by.

द्विजसत्तम: nom.sin.m. best of Bráhmans, best of the twice-born. The first three classes or castes (see note under विशास्पते) are called Dvija or twice-born. The first birth is from the natural mother, the second from the ligation of the sacri-

ficial cord. (Manu II. 169.) This cord, called Yajnopavíta, was made of three strings of cotton (Manu II. 44), and suspended over the left shoulder of men of the first three classes at various ages, in token of their second or spiritual birth.

डिजसन्नमम् acc. sin. m. best of the twiceborn; (from डिज cr. a twice-born man, and सन्नम best, see 743. b.)

हिजसत्तमाः O best of Bráhmans; voc. pl. m. दिज्ञात abl. sin. of द्विज m. a Bráhman.

डिजातय: nom. pl. of डिजाति m. a Bráhman, 2d cl. 110.

डिजातिजनवस्सलः a friend to the Bráhman race, 745; डिजाति cr. twice-born, a Bráhman, जन cr. a person, वत्सल fond of, friendly to.

डिजान acc. pl. of डिज m. a bird, (twice-born, first in the shell and then from it.) डिजान acc. pl. of डिज m. a Bráhman.

द्विजोत्तमम् acc. sin. m. best of Bráhmans.

द्विजोत्तमाः voc. pl. m. O best of Brahmans.

डितीयं acc. sin. m. of डितीय m.f. n. second, 208.

द्वितीयं ind. a second time, 713.

डितीयः for डितीयस् nom. sin. of डितीय m. f. n. second, 208.

डितीयों for डितीयस् nom. sin. m. of डितीय m. f. n. second.

fau ind. in two ways, in two parts, in two directions, 723.

द्विधेव for द्विधा इव by 32.

डिपदां gen. pl. of डिपाइ m. a man, a biped, 5th cl. Observe—डिपाइ becomes डिपइ in acc. pl. and other vowel cases; see 145.

डिमताम् gen. pl. of डिमत् m. an enemy, 5th cl. 136. As a present participle this word means hating, see 657.

डे acc. du. f. of डि two, 201.

हैरचेन ins. sin. of हैरचं n. single combat in chariots.

ही nom. du. of दि two.

ч.

धनं acc. sin. of धन n. wealth, money.

धनानि acc. pl. of धन n. wealth, property, riches, ist cl. 104.

धनुः for धनुस् nom. sin. n. a bow.

धनेन ins. sin. of धन n. wealth.

धन्तिनां gen. pl. of धन्तिन् m. an archer, a bow-man, 6th cl. 159.

धयानां for हयानां (50) gen. pl. of हय a horse.

धरणीतले on the surface of the earth; (from धरणी cr. earth, and तले loc. sin. of तल n. surface, 743.)

र्थारपनि they shall continue, they shall remain; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt धू 1st cl. 393. c.

धर्मे for धर्मेस् nom. sin. m. duty.

ਪੱਜੇ acc. sin. of ਪਸੰ m. virtue, justice.

ধনীয় voc. sin. m. of ধনীয় m. f. n. knowing (one's) duty; (comp. of ধনী cr. duty, and র 688, 580.)

धर्मेज्ञ: nom. sin. m. a knower of duty.

धर्मज्ञस्य gen. sin. of धर्मज्ञ m. f. n. knowing (one's) duty.

धर्मेज्ञाः nom. pl. m. of धर्मेज्ञ m. f. n. knowing (their) duty, righteous.

धर्मज्ञो nom. sin. of धर्मज्ञ m. f. n. knowing (one's) duty, virtuous.

धमेत: for धमेतम् ind. justly, religiously, righteously, 719. b.

धर्मभूतां gen. pl. of धर्मभृत् m. a maintainer of justice; (comp. of धर्म cr. justice, and भृत agt. of rt भृ to maintain, 84, 1.)

थमैयत्सल voc. sin. O thou that lovest virtue; (comp. of धमें cr. and चत्सल m.f. n. fond.)

धर्मीवच् for धर्मीवद् m. one who knows his duties, 5th cl. 137, see 49; (comp. of धर्म and विद 84, 1.)

धर्मवित् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; धर्म cr. duty, वित् nom. sin. m. of विद् knowing, 5th cl. 137.

धर्मस् nom. sin. m. duty.

धर्मात्मा nom. sin. m. of धर्मात्मन् m. f. n. vir-

tuous, pious, pious-minded; (comp. of धर्म virtue, piety, and खात्मन् soul, 147.) धर्मात्मानं acc. sin. m. See last.

धमान् acc. pl. of धम m. duty, 1st cl. 103.

धनार्षेद्शिन: Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; धर्म cr. justice, duty, अर्थ cr. object, wealth, interest, द्शिन: gen. sin. m. of द्शिन् regarding, looking to, 6th cl. 159.

धर्मे loc. sin. of धर्म m. law, usage, duty, virtue. धर्मेण ins. sin. of धर्म m. right, justice, virtue, 1st cl. 103.

धर्मेणासि for धर्मेण खिस by 31.

धर्मेषु loc. pl. of धर्म m. virtue, duty, 1st cl. 103. धर्मो for धर्मस् nom. sin. of धर्म m. duty.

धर्में acc. sin. m. lawful, consistent with duty.

धर्म्योद्द abl. sin. n. of धर्म्य lawful, just, consistent with duty.

धर्षीयतुम् to insult, or, with pass. sense, to be insulted, to be ill-treated; inf. of rt भृष् 10th cl. 459, 869.

धर्षिता: nom. pl. m. or f. of धर्षित m. f. n. smitten, overcome, violated; past p. p. of rt भूष 538.

धर्षितास् nom. pl. m. or f. of धर्षित ill-treated, smitten, overcome, violated.

भाताins.sin.of भातृ m. the Creator, 4th cl. 127.

भातीम् acc. sin. of भाती f. a nurse, 1st cl.

धारयति he supports; 3d sin. pres. of rt भू 10th cl. 285.

धारयतीं acc. sin. f. of धारयत् m. f. n. maintaining, supporting; pres. p. of rt भू 10th cl. 524, 285.

धारयन्ति they support, they maintain; 3d pl. pres. of rt भू 10th cl. 285.

धारयामास he restrained; 3d sin. perf. of rt भू 285, 385. a.

भारियतुं to bear, to support, to hold; inf. of rt भू 10th cl. 285.

भावत run ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt भाव 1st cl. 261.

थावताथुना for धावत अधुना by 31.

धावित he or she runs; 3d sin. pres. of rt धाव 1st cl. 261.

धावन्तो nom. pl. m. of धावत् m. f. n. running; pres. p. par. of rt धाव् 1st cl. 524.

भास्यामि I will cause, I will make, I will place; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt भा 664.

धि for हि for, by 50.

धिरस्यसदृशाच्छदान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; धिरस्य for हिरस्य (50) cr. gold, सदृश cr. like, resembling, छदान् acc. pl. of छद m. a wing, 1st cl. 103; see 51. a.

धीमत: gen. sin. m. of धीमत m. f. n. wise.

भोमान् nom. sin. m. of भीमत् m. f. n. wise, intelligent, lit. possessed of understanding, 5th cl. 140.

भोरं acc. sin. m. or n. of भीर m. f. n. wise, sensible, grave, sedate, sober.

भीरस् nom. sin. m. a wise man, a sensible man.

भूमजालेन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; भूम cr. mist, cloud, smoke, जालेन ins. sin. of जाल m. a multitude, a mass, film.

धूयमानो nom. sin. m. of धूयमान m. f. n. being agitated, being fanned; pres. p. of rt धू in pass. 528.

धृतम् for हृतम् taken, seized, by 50.

भृतिर्nom. sin. of भृति f. constancy, 2d cl. 112. भैमें nom. sin. of भैमें n. firmness, strength.

ध्यात्वा having pondered, having reflected; past ind. p. of rt ध्ये 536, 556.

ध्यानतत्पराम् acc. sin. f. lost in thought; (comp. of ध्यान reflection, meditation, and तत्पर engaged in, intent on.)

ध्यानपरा lost in meditation, TAT. OR DEP. comp. 744; ध्यान cr. meditation, परा nom. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. principally engaged in, devoted to, 1st cl. 187.

भियते it is fixed, it is held; 3d sin. pres. of rt भू in pass. 463.

भियसे thou livest, thou survivest; 2d sin. pres. of rt भू in pass. (The pass. of भू to hold is thus used, i. e. to be held in life.)

भुवं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. or n. of भुव m. f. n. certain, 187.

भुवम् ind. certainly, assuredly, 713.

धुवाणि nom. pl. n. of भुव m. f. n. perpetual, continual, constant.

भुवो nom. sin. m. of भुव m. f. n. certain, inevitable.

न.

न ind. not, no, nor, neither.

नः us, to us, for खस्मान् or खस्मभ्यं acc. or dat. pl. of मत्, (nom. खहं.)

नक्तं ind. by night, 713. b.

निख्ताणि nom. pl. n. of निख्त n. a constellation, a star, 1st cl. 104.

नग m. a tree, a mountain.

नगरं acc. sin. of नगर n. a city, town.

नगरसिम्मतम् acc. sin. m. equal to a town; (comp. of नगर cr. a town, and सिम्मत m. f. n. of equal measure or extent.)

नगराभ्यासे in the neighbourhood of the city; (from नगर cr. and अभ्यासे ind. near, 731.)

नगरीं acc. sin. of नगरी f. a city.

नगरे loc. sin. of नगर n. a city.

नगा for नगास nom. pl. of नग m. a tree.

नगाग्राद Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नग cr. a mountain, अग्राद abl. sin. of अग्र n. summit, top.

नगान् acc. pl. of नग m. a tree.

नग्नम् acc. sin. m. of नग्न m. f. n. naked.

निचराह ind. in no long time, in a short time, soon; (comp. of न not, and चिराह 715.)

नदतो gen. sin. m. of नदत् m. f. n. sounding, thundering; pres. p. of rt नद् 524.

नदी nom. sin. f. a river.

नदीं acc. sin. of नदी f. a river.

नदी: acc. pl. of नदी f. a river, 1st cl. 106.

नदीम् acc. sin. of नदी f. a river, 1st cl. 106.

नदीश acc. pl. of नदी f. a river, 1st cl. 106.

नडान् acc. pl. m. of नड m. f. n. furnished, provided with; past p. p. of rt नह 556.

नद्याः gen. sin. of नदी f. a river.

ननु whether? particle of interrogation, 717. b.

नन्दन voc. sin. of नन्दन m. a son.

नन्दने loc. sin. of नन्दन n. the paradise or elysium of Indra, see note under इन्द्रलोकम्.

नभास loc. sin. of नभस n. the sky, the atmosphere, 7th cl. 164.

नभस्तलात् abl. sin. of नभस्तल the sky, the lower sky; (from नभस् sky, and तल n. lower surface.)

नमस् ind. salutation; नमस् तेऽस्तु Hail to thee!

नमस्कारम् acc. sin. of नमस्कार m. homage, salutation, ist el. 103.

नमस्कृत्य having saluted; past ind. p. of नमस्कृ.

नर m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

नरः nom. sin. of नर m. a man.

नरकाय dat. sin. of नरक m. n. hell, the place of torment.

नरके loc. sin. of नरक m. n. hell, the infernal regions, 1st cl. 103.

नरवर: nom. sin. m. an excellent or illustrious man; (comp. of नर cr. a man, and वर best.)

नरवरोत्रमम् acc. sin. m. the best of excellent men; (comp. of नर cr. a man, वर cr. excellent, उन्नमम् acc. sin. of उन्नम m. f. n. best, 743. b.)

नरवाहिना ins. sin. n. of नरवाहिन् m. f. n. carried by men; (comp. of नर a man, and वाहिन् a bearer.)

नरवीरस्य gen. sin. of नरवीर m. a hero, a heroic man, a hero of a man.

नरव्याञ्च KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; नर cr. a man, व्याञ्च voc. sin. of व्याञ्च m. a tiger, 1st cl. 103, (i. e. O chief of men, see next.)

नरशादूंलो KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; नर cr. a man, शादूंलो nom. sin. of शादूंल m. a tiger, (i. e. most illustrious of men.) The names of animals denoting superiority are often placed at the end of compounds; so पुरुषसिंह: a man-lion, नर्षभ: a man-bull.

नरश्रेष्ठ O best of men, TAT. OR DEP. COMP.

743; नर er. a man, श्रेष्ठ voc. sin. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, 1st cl. 103.

नरस्य gen. sin. of नर m. a man.

नरस्यातस्य for नरस्य जातस्य by 31.

नराणाम gen. pl. of नर m. a man.

नराधिष voc. sin. m. O lord of men.

नराधिप: nom. sin. m. lord of men; (comp. of नर a man, and खधिप m. a lord.)

नराधिपम् acc. sin. m. lord of men.

नराधिषै: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नर cr. a man, अधिषै: ins. pl. of अधिप m. a lord, 1st cl. 103.

नरेन्द्रस्य gen. sin. of नरेन्द्र m. chief of men. नरेभ्यज्ञ abl. pl. of नर m. a man.

नरेश्वर Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नर cr. a man, ईश्वर voc. sin. of ईश्वर m. a lord, ist cl. 103.

नरेश्वरे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नर cr. man, ईश्वरे loc. sin. of ईश्वर m. lord, 1st cl. 103. नर + ईश्वर = नरेश्वर by 32; see, with reference to the locative case, 819. a.

नरेषु loc. pl. of नर, q. v.

नरो nom. sin. m. a man.

नरोत्तम O best of men, voc. sin.; (from नर cr. a man, and उत्तम m. f. n. best, 743. b.) नरोत्तम: nom. sin. m. most excellent of men. नल m. NALA, king of Nishadha, 1st cl. 103. नल voc. sin. of नल m. Nala.

नलं acc. sin. of नल Nala.

नलः for नलस् nom. sin. of नल Nala.

नलदर्शनकाङ्क्ष्या TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; नल cr. Nala, दर्शन cr. seeing, looking for, काङ्क्ष्या ins. sin. of काङ्क्षा f. desire.

नलनामानं acc. sin. m. named Nala, see 154. नलपत्नी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, पत्नी f. the wife.

नलमार्गेखे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, मार्गेखे loc. sin. of मार्गेख n. searching for.

नलवानिषु TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल

cr. Nala, वाजिषु loc. pl. of वाजिन m. a horse, 159.

नलश् for नलस् nom. sin. of नल Nala.

नलशङ्कया TAT. OR DEP. COMP.743; नल cr. Nala, शङ्कया ins. sin. of शङ्का f. suspicion. नलशासनं acc. sin. n. See next.

नलशासनात् (as if) at the command of Nala, Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नल cr. Nala, शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. command, 1st cl. 104.

नलसन्निधौ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल Nala, सन्निधौ loc. sin. of सन्निधि f. presence.

नलसार्याः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, सार्याः nom. sin. of सार्या m. a charioteer.

नलिस इस्य TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; नल cr. Nala, सिइस्य gen. sin. of सिद्ध m. f. n. prepared, dressed.

नलस्याक्षेषु for नलस्य स्वत्तेषु by 31.
नलस्यानयने for नलस्य सानयने by 31.
नलस्यामित्रयातिनः for नलस्य समित्रयातिनः
by 31.

नलस्याराधने for नलस्य जाराधने by 31. नलस्यापीय for नलस्य जाराधने by 31.

नलस्येष्टाम् for नलस्य इष्टाम् by 32.

नलामात्मेषु TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, अमात्मेषु loc. pl. of अमात्म m. a minister, 1st cl. 103; see 861.

नलाय dat. sin. of नल m. Nala. नलायाष्ट्री for नलाय ऋषी by 31.

নতাত্বাধ্ Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; নত cr. Nala, অত্যাধ্ nom. pl. m. horses. With reference to Book XXI. 3, it should be borne in mind that the horses of Nala had been before conducted to king Bhíma's city Vidarbha, by Nala's charioteer Várshņeya.

नले loc. sin. of नल Nala.

नलेत्युचै: for नल इति उचै: by 32, 34.

नलो for नलस् nom. sin. of नल Nala.

नलोपाख्यानं Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 743; नल cr. Nala, उपाख्यानं nom. sin. of उपा- ख्यान n. a tale, story, 1st cl. 104. ज + उ = जो by 32.

नलोपास्याने loc. sin. of नलोपास्यानं, q.v. नयमः nom. sin. of नयम m.f.n. ninth, 209. नयां acc. sin. f. of नय m.f.n. new, young. नयां acc. sin. n. of नय m.f.n. new.

नश्यते he or it is destroyed or lost; 3d sin. pres. of rt नश 4th cl. 463.

नष्टम् nom. sin. n. of नष्ट m. f. n. lost, forgotten; past p. p. of rt नश् 539.

नष्टक्पो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; नष्ट cr. destroyed, lost, रूपो nom. sin. m. from रूप n. form, 108.

नष्टसंज्ञा Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; नष्ट cr. lost, perished, संज्ञा nom. sin. f. consciousness, mind, thought.

नष्टा for नष्टास् nom. pl. of नष्ट m. f. n. destroyed; past p. p. of rt नश् 539.

नष्टात्मा Bah. on Rel. comp. 766; नष्ट cr. lost, deprived of, आत्मा nom. sin. of आत्मन् m. soul, mind, sense.

नष्टे loc. sin. of नष्ट m.f.n. destroyed, lost. नाकाले for न खकाले by 31.

नाम m. a serpent, a demigod with a human face and the tail of a serpent. These fabulous beings are said to have sprung from Kadrú, the wife of Kaśyapa, and to have been created to people Pátála or the regions below the earth. The chief of these creatures is sometimes called Sesha or Ananta and Vásuki. The word नाम also means 'an elephant.'

नागं acc. sin. of नाग m. a serpent. See last. नागः nom. sin. m. a serpent. See नाग.

नागराजं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नाग cr. a serpent, राजं acc. sin. king, see 151.

नागराजस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नाग cr. a serpent, राजस् nom. sin. a king, 151.

नागराजस्य gen. sin. m. of the king of the serpents. See last.

नागराजानं acc. sin. the king of the ser-

pents; नाग cr. a serpent, राजानं acc. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 6th cl. 149.

नागानां gen. pl. of नाग m. an elephant.

नागे loc. sin. of नाग m. a serpent.

नागेन्द्रो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नाग cr. a serpent, इन्द्रो nom. sin. m. chief.

नागेर ins. pl. of नाग m. a serpent.

नातिचराम्यहम् for न स्नतिचरामि सहम् by 31 and 34.

नातिखस्थेव for न जतिखस्या इव, q. q. v. v. नात्मानं for न जात्मानं by 31.

नात for न सत by 31.

नाथ voc. sin. of नाथ m. a lord, guardian, husband, 1st cl. 103.

दादम acc. sin. of नाद m. sound.

नादयन् nom. sin. m. of नादयत् m. f. n. causing to resound; pres. p. of rt नद in caus. 527.

नादान् acc. pl. of नाद m. a cry.

नाद्य for न अद्य by 31.

नानाथातुश्रातेर Complex comp. 770; नाना ind. various, धातु cr. a mineral, श्रातेर ins. pl. of शत n. a hundred, see 206.

नानाधातुसमाकी स्था TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; नाना ind. various, धातु cr. mineral, समाकी स्था acc. sin. m. of समाकी स्था m. f. n. filled with; past p. p. of rt कृ with सम् and आ, 531.

नानापश्चिमणाकीर्णम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; नाना ind. various, पश्चि for पश्चिन् cr. (57) a bird, मण cr. a flock, आकोर्णम् acc. sin. n. of आकीर्ण m. f. n. filled with; past p. p. of rt क् with आ, 534.

नानापिक्षनिषेवितम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; नाना cr. various, पिक्ष cr. birds, निषेवितम् acc. sin. n. resorted to, frequented by.

नानामृगगणेर by flocks of various animals; (comp. of नाना ind. various, मृग cr. an animal, गणैर ins. pl. of गण m. a flock.)

नानुधावसि for न अनुधावसि by 31.

नानुबधाति for न अनुबधाति by 31.

नात्यः for न खत्यः by 31.

नाप्यवारयत् for न छपि खवारयत् by 31 and 34.

नाप्राप्तकालो for न खप्राप्तकालो by 31. नाविभ्यत् for न खिबभ्यत् by 31.

नाभिचराम्यहं for न स्रभिचरामि सहं by 31 and 34.

नाभिनन्द्ति for न स्रभिनन्द्ति by 31. नाभ्यजानान् for न स्रभ्यजानात् by 31 and 47.

नाभ्यभाषत for न खभ्यभाषत by 31.

नाम ind. by name, certainly, indeed.

नामतः for नामतस् ind. by name, 719.

नाममु loc. pl. of नामन् n. a name, 6th cl. 152.

नामारिसदैनं for नाम खरिमदेनं by 31.

नामारिहा for नाम खरिहा by 31.

नामाहम् for नाम खहम् by 31.

नाम्यतां let it be bent, let it be drawn (as a bow); 3d sin. imp. of rt नम् in caus. pass. 496.

नायम् for न स्थम् by 31.

नारद for नारदस् nom. sin. of नारद Nárada. See next.

नारदः nom. sin. of नारद m. Nárada, usually regarded as one of the ten Rishis or Prajápatis first created by Brahmá, and called his sons. He is described as a friend of the god Krishna, as a celebrated lawgiver, and as the inventor of the víná or lute. Nárada is mentioned in Manu I. 34, 35, as one of the 'ten lords of created beings, eminent in holiness.' In the Hindú plays Nárada usually acts as a kind of messenger of the gods. See Vikramorvasí end of Act V, and Sakuntalá end of Act VI. He is constantly employed in giving good counsel. He is by some considered to belong to the order of Devarshis, and by others to the Brahmarshis; see note under ब्रह्मिभ्यश्र.

नारस्य gen. sin. of नारद. See last. नारी nom. sin. f. a woman, 1st cl. 106. नारीणां gen. pl. of नारी a woman. नारीरत्नं acc. sin. an excellent woman, KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; नारी cr. a woman, रत्नं acc. sin. of रत्न a jewel, a gem.

नारीवाक्यानि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नारी cr. a woman, a wife, वाक्यानि acc. pl. of वाक्य n. a word.

नार्या for नार्यास् gen. sin. of नारी f. a woman, 106.

नाश्चिष्पित he will remove or destroy, he will cause to perish; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt नश् in caus. 481, 620.

नाश्चिष्पामि I will cause to perish or remove; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt नश् in caus.

नाष्ट्रयेत् for न जाष्ट्रयेत् by 31.

नाश्वासयसि for न आश्वासयसि by 31.

नाश्वासयस्यद्य for न जाश्वासयसि जद्य by 31 and 34.

नासं for न जासं by 31.

नास्ति for न सस्ति by 31.

नाहम् for न सहम् by 31.

नाहंतुं for न साहंतुं by 31.

नाहुष: nom. sin. of नाहुष m. descendant of Nahusha, mentioned in Manu VII. 41.

नि prep. in, within, into; on, upon.

नि: for निर when followed by श or स 71.

नि: शब्दिस्तिमिते BAH. OR REL. FORM OF DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 765; नि: शब्द cr. noiseless, स्तिमिते loc. sin. m. of स्तिमित m.f.n. still, motionless. This compound agrees with अधरावसमये.

नि:श्वस्य sighing; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् to breathe, with निर out, 559.

नि: श्रासपरमा constantly addicted to sighing, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; नि: श्रास cr. sighing, परमा nom. sin. f. of परम m.f.n. principally engaged in.

नि:संश्रयं ind. certainly, without doubt, 713. नि:सृत: nom. sin. m. of नि:सृत m. f. n. came out, passed out; past p. p. of rt स् with निर, 896.

निकुन्नान् acc. pl. of निकुन्न m. an arbour. निकृतस् nom. sin. m. of निकृत m. f. n. afflicted, injured, wronged. निकृता nom. sin. f. of निकृत. See last.

निकृतिप्रशेर for निकृतिप्रशेस by (men) versed in dishonesty or well acquainted with vice; (comp. of निकृति cr. wickedness, and प्रशेर ins. pl. m. of प्रश्न m. f. n. wise, learned.)

निकृतो nom. sin. m. of निकृत m. f. n. afflicted, injured; past p. p. of rt क with नि, 532.

निध्यिष having given in charge, having entrusted or deposited in a place of safety; past ind. p. of rt खिए with नि, 559.

निश्चेपो nom. sin. of निश्चेप m. a pledge, something deposited as a compensation.

निगृह्तीष्य hold thou in, check thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt ग्रह with नि, 9th cl. 699.

निगृद्य having restrained; past ind. p. of rt यह with नि, see 565.

नितम्बांश for नितम्बान् acc. pl. of नितम्ब m. the side or protuberant flank of a mountain, a precipice, 1st cl. 103.

नित्यं ind. constantly, continually, always.

नित्यं acc. sin. m. of नित्य m. f. n. constant.

नित्य: nom. sin. m. of नित्य m. f. n. eternal, perpetual, constant.

नियजातं acc. sin. m. constantly born; (comp. of निय and जात, q. v.)

नित्यशो for नित्यशस् ind. constantly, perpetually, 725.

नित्यस्य gen. sin. m. of नित्य m. f. n. eternal. निद्र्या ins. sin. of निद्रा f. sleep, 1st cl. 105. निद्र्यापहृता for निद्र्या अपहृता by 31.

निद्रान्धा for निद्रान्धास् TAT. OR DEP. comp. 740; निद्रा cr. sleep, जन्धास् nom. pl. of जन्ध m.f.n. blind.

निधनं acc. sin. of निधन m. death, 1st cl. 103. निन्दनस् nom. pl. m. of निन्दत् m. f. n. blaming, censuring, speaking slightingly of.

निपतिते loc. sin. m. of निपतित m.f.n. fallen; past p. p. of rt पत् with नि, 538.

निपेतुर for निपेतुस they fell down; 3d pl. 2d pret. of rt पत with नि. See next.

निपंतुस् they alighted; 3d pl. perf. of rt पत् with prep. नि, 375. a. निवद्धां acc. sin. f. of निवद्ध m. f. n. bound, impeded, obscured; past p. p. of rt बन्ध् with नि, 539.

निवोध know thou, understand thou, learn thou, attend thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt वुध with नि, 1st cl. 261. This verb seems only used in the imp. when नि is prefixed.

निवोधास्मान् for निवोध अस्मान् by 31.

निबोधेदं for निबोध इदं by 32.

निभृतो nom. sin. m. of निभृत m. f. n. concealed, hidden, secret.

निमित्तं acc. sin. of निमित्त n. a sign, token, omen, prodigy.

নিদিয়ানি acc. pl. of নিদিয় n. an omen, a sign of some future event (such as a quivering sensation or throbbing of the skin in the eyelid, arm, &c.)

निमेषेण ins. sin. of निमेष m. winking or twinkling of the eye, 1st cl. 103.

नियतं ind. certainly, inevitably, constantly.

नियतै: ins. pl. of नियत m. f. n. self-restrained, self-denying.

नियोद्ध्ये I will enjoin; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt युज् with नि, 670.

नियोगाद abl. sin. of नियोग m. injunction, command, order, 103.

निर् prep. out, forth, without, deprived of.

निरनुक्रोश: nom. sin. m. without pity, merciless; (comp. of निर 726. e, and अनुक्रोश pity.)

निरपायो nom. sin. of निरपाय m. f. n. free from harm or evil, unharmed; (निर pre-fixed to अपाय 726. e.)

निरुडिंग्नमनाः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; निरुडिंग्न cr. undisturbed, मनाः nom. sin. f. from मनस् n. the mind, see 164. a.

निर्जने loc. sin. n. of निर्जन m. f. n. lonely, uninhabited, unfrequented by men; (from निर 726. e, and जन m. a man.)

निर्जित: nom. sin. m. of निर्जित m. f. n. subdued; past p. p. of rt जि with निर, 532. निर्जितश् nom. sin. m. of निर्जित m.f. n. conquered, beaten; past p. p. of rt जि with निर, 532.

নিনিনি হৈনত COMPLEX REL. COMP. 771; নিনিন cr. one who has conquered, ভাহ cr. an enemy, সভা: nom. sin. of সভা m. a collection, number, host.

निर्जितो for निर्जितस् nom. sin. m. conquered. See निर्जित:

निर्माश for निर्मारान् (53) acc. pl. of निर्मार m. a cascade, waterfall, 1st cl. 103.

निनेष्यता nom. sin. f. the state of being without a guardian, widowhood.

निर्मेलखादुसलिलम् Complex comp. 771; निर्मेल cr. clear, free from dirt, 726. e, खादु cr. sweet, सलिलं acc. sin. n. from सलिल n. water.

निविचेष्टम् acc. sin. m. of निविचेष्ट m. f. n. unresisting; (from निर् 726. e, and वि-चेष्टा effort, exertion.)

निर्विशेषाकृतीन् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; निर्विशेष cr. without difference, precisely alike, आकृतीन् acc. pl. m. from आकृति f. form, 2d cl. 119.

निवृता for निवृतास nom. pl. m. of निवृत m. f. n. happy, at ease.

निवृति: nom. sin. f. happiness, gladness.

निवत्सिति he shall dwell or inhabit; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt वस with नि, 413, 607.

निवतितुं to turn back; inf. of rt वृत् with नि.

निवस्य having put on (as a garment); past ind. p. of rt वस 2d cl. with नि, 559.

निवारणे loc. sin. of निवारण n. prevention, ist cl. 104; see 828.

निवारियतुम् to restrain; inf. of rt व in caus. with नि, 459, 481.

नियासये: thou shouldest put on, put thou on; 2d sin. pot. of rt यस in caus. with नि, 481.

निवृत्तः nom. sin. m. of निवृत्त m. f. n. ended, finished; past p. p. of rt वृत्त with नि, 539.

निवृत्तहृदयः with relenting heart, BAH. or REL. COMP. 766; निवृत्त cr. turned back, हृदय: nom. sin. m. from हृदय n. heart, 1st cl. 108.

निवेद्य tell thou, inform thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt विद् in caus. with नि, 481, (governing genitive case by 859. a.)

निवेद्यतां let it be announced or made known; 3d sin. imp. of rt विद् in caus. pass. with नि, 496, 583.

निवेशनम् acc. sin. of निवेशन n. a house, dwelling.

निवेशने loc. sin. of निवेशन n. a house, an abode.

निवेशाय dat. sin. of निवेश m. entering;

নিয় prep. for নিয় when followed by ব 71.b. নিয়ান্য having perceived, having heard, having observed; past ind. p. of rt য়ান্ with নি, 559.

निश्यास he or she sighed; 3d sin. perf. of rt यस to breathe, with नि, 364.

निशां acc. sin. of निशा f. the night.

নিয়াকা: nom. sin. m. the moon; (from frain night, and কা the maker.)

निशाकाले TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निशा er. night, काले loc. sin. of काल m. time.

निशायां loc. sin. of निशा f. the night.

নিয়ান্ acc. pl.of নিয়াf.the night, 1st cl. 105. নিয়ান ins. sin. n. of নিয়ান m.f.n. sharp, sharpened.

निश्चकाम he went out; 3d sin. perf. of rt क्रम् to step, with निर (71.b), see 364.

निश्चयम् acc. sin. of निश्चय m. certainty, resolution, resolve, determination.

निष्यितं ind. certainly, plainly, distinctly.

निश्चिता nom. sin. f. of निश्चित m. f. n. fixed, settled.

निश्चित्य having decided; past ind. p. of rt चि with निर, 560.

निश्वस्य for निःश्वस्य sighing, q. v.

निषध m. declined in pl. निषधास् nom. Nishadha, a country in the S. E. division of India, ruled over by Nala.

a king.

निषधवंशस्य gen. sin. m. of the race of Nishadha; (comp. of निषध cr. and वंश m. a race, 743.)

নিম্মাথিম: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; নিম্ম cr. Nishadha, the country ruled over by Nala, অথম: nom. sin. m. a lord.

निषधाधिपतिर for निषधाधिपतिस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निषध cr. Nishadha, खिधपतिर nom. sin. of खिधपति m. a lord, 2d cl. 110.

निषधाधिपतेर for निषधाधिपतेस् gen. sin. of the lord of Nishadha.

निषधाधिपतेश् for निषधाधिपतेस् gen. sin. of the lord of Nishadha.

निषधाधिषे loc. sin. m. in the lord of Nishadha. निषधान् acc. pl. of निषध m. Nishadha.

निषधानां gen. pl. of निषध m. Nishadha.

निषधेश्वर voc. sin. m. O lord of Nishadha; (comp. of निषध and ईश्वर m. a lord.)

निषधेषु loc. pl. of निषध m. Nishadha.

निषसाद he sank down; 3d sin. perf. of rt सद् (70) with नि, 364, 599. a.

निहतोष्ट्राञ् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; निहत cr. killed, उष्टाञ् nom. pl. of उष्ट m. a camel.

निहत्य having slain; past ind. p. of rt हन् with नि, 560.

नीती nom. du. m. of नीत m. f. n. taken, conducted.

नीलाभ्रसंवृताम् Complex comp. 771; नील cr. black, dark, अभ cr. clouds, संवृताम् acc. sin. of संवृत m. f. n. obscured, concealed.

नु ind. what? a particle of interrogation, 717. b.

नूनं ind. assuredly, certainly, in all probability, 717.

नुप m. a king, 1st cl. 103.

नृप voc. sin. of नृप m. a king.

नृपं acc. sin. of नृप m. a king.

नृप: nom. sin. of नृप m. a king.

नृपति m. a king, 2d cl. 110, 121.
नृपति: nom. sin. of नृपति m. a king.
नृपतिम् acc. sin. of नृपति m. a king, 2d cl. 110.
नृपतिर् for नृपतिस् nom. sin. of नृपति m.

नृपतिशासनात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृपति cr. a king, शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. an order, decree.

नृपते O king; voc. sin. of नृपति m. a king. नृपते: gen. sin. of नृपति m. a king.

नृपन्नेष्ठो nom. sin. m. the best of kings; see 743. b.

नृपसुता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृप cr. a king, सुता nom. sin. f. a daughter.

नृपसुषां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृप cr. a king, सुषां acc. sin. of सुषा f. a daughter-in-law.

नृपाः for नृपास् nom. pl. of नृप m. a king.
नृपात्मजा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृप cr.
a king, खात्मजा nom. sin. f. a daughter.
नृपै: ins. pl. of नृप m. a king.

नृशंस voc. sin. m. of नृशंस m. f. n. cruel.

नृशंस acc. sin. n. of नृशंस m. f. n. cruel, wicked; in Book XIX. 5 an unholy act. A second marriage in a woman is an unlawful act. (Compare Manu V. 160, 161.) 'A virtuous wife ascends to heaven, though she have no child, if after the decease of her lord she devotes herself to pious austerity; but a widow who, from a wish to bear children, slights her deceased husband by marrying again, brings disgrace on herself here below, and shall be excluded from the seat of her lord.'

नृणां gen. pl. of नृ m. a man, 4th cl. 128. b. नेता nom. sin. of नेतृ m. a leader, 4th cl. 127. नेता he shall lead; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt नी 590. a.

नेताभ्यां ins. or abl. du. of नेत n. the eye, ist cl. 104; (formed from rt नी to lead, by 80. VII.) नेदुर they sounded; 3d pl. impf. of rt नद् 375. a.

नैकत for न एकत by 33.

नैकटु:खदाम् acc. sin. f. the causer of many sorrows; (comp.of नैक cr. many, see नैकान, दु:ख cr. sorrow, and दाम् acc. sin. f. of द m. f. n. giver, 580.)

नैकवर्णेर BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; नैक cr. many, various (न not, एक one, 33), वर्णेर ins. pl. of वर्ण m. colour, 1st cl. 103.

नैकांश् for नैकान् (q.v.) by 53.

नैकान् acc. pl. of नैक m. f.n. various, many; (comp. of न not, and एक one, 33.)

नैकाश् acc. pl. f., 1st cl. 105. See last. नैनं for न एनं by 33.

नेपुने पु loc.pl.of नेपुन n.skill, anything which requires skill, a delicate matter, 104.

नैराइयात abl. sin. of नैराइय n. despair.

नैव for न एव by 33.

नैवं for न स्वं by 33.

नेषध m. a name of Nala, as king of Nisha-dha, 1st cl. 103; see also 80. XXXV.

नैपध voc. sin. m. O Nala.

नैषधं acc. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैपधस्य gen. sin. of नैपध m. Nala.

नैषधस्याहं for नैषधस्य सहं by 31.

नेपधाः nom. pl. the people of Nishadha.

नैषधाद abl. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैपधानां gen. pl. of नैपधा: pl. the people of Nishadha.

नैषधान्वेषणे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नैषध er. Nala, अन्वेषणे loc. sin. of अन्वे-षण n. seeking, searching for, see 863.

नैपधाय dat. sin. of नैपध Nala.

नैषधे loc. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैपधेन ins. sin. of नैपध m. Nala.

नो acc., dat. or gen. pl. us, to us, of us; same as सम्मान, सम्मभ्यं, समाकं, (from nom. सहं I, 218.)

नोत्तरं for न उत्तरं by 32.

नोत्सहे for न उत्सहे by 32.

नोडिजस्यमरप्रभे for न उडिजिस खमरप्रभे by 32 and 34.

नौ us two, to us two, of us two; same as आवां, आवाभ्यां, आवयोस्, (from nom. आहं 218.)

न्यग्रोधेश ins. pl. of न्यग्रोध m. the Indian fig-tree, ist cl. 103.

न्ययच्छत् he restrained; 3d sin. impf. of rt यम् with नि, 1st cl. 270.

न्यवर्तेत was dwelling on, was occupied in; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt वृत् with नि, 1st cl. 598.

न्यवसत् he dwelt; 3d sin. impf. of rt वस with नि, 1st cl. 607.

न्यवसद् for न्यवसत् he dwelt. See last.

न्यवेद्यत् he or she recounted or related or represented; 3d sin. impf. of rt विद् to know, in caus. with prep. नि, 479, 861.

न्यवेदयद he or she announced. See last.

न्यायं acc. sin. n. of न्याय्य m. f. n. just, proper, 1st cl. 187.

ч.

पश्चिगं acc. sin. of पश्चिन् m. a bird.

पश्चिन् m. a bird, (lit. having a paksha or wing,) 6th cl. 159.

पच five; nom. or acc. pl. of पचन 204.

पचदशः nom. sin. the fifteenth, 210.

पञ्चम: nom. sin. of पञ्चम m. f. n. fifth, 209.

पञ्चविंशतितमः nom. sin. the twenty-fifth, 211.

पञ्चशीर्षा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 768; पञ्च for पञ्चन् five (57), शीर्षा for शीर्षास् nom. pl. m. from शीर्ष n. a head, 1st cl. 108.

पचाशिद्ध ins. of पचाशत् fifty.

पञ्चोनं nom. sin. n. of पञ्चोन m. f. n. minus five, less by five; (comp. of पञ्च five, and जन less.)

परं acc. sin. of पर m. a garment.

पटस् nom. sin. m. a garment.

पटे loc. sin. of पट m. a garment.

पण: nom. sin. of पण m. a stake at play, ist cl. 103.

पणकालम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; पण cr. playing with dice, कालम् acc. sin. of काल m. time, 1st cl. 103.

पणाव: we will play, let us lay down (our) stakes; ist du. pres. (used for imperative) of rt पण् ist cl. 261.

पणावह we two will play, let us two stake; ist du. pres. átm. (used for imperative) of rt पण ist cl. 261. (In Book XXVI. 6 this verb is joined with the gen. du. प्राण-पोश् we will play for our lives, let us stake our all.)

पणितो nom. sin. of पणित m. f. n. staked, played for; past p. p. of rt पण् 538.

पणेन ins. sin. of पण m. a stake, a wager, a game.

परिहता: nom. pl. of परिहत m. f. n. learned, wise; a pundit, a scholar.

पतनां gen. pl. of पतन् m. f. n. falling; pres. p. par. of rt पन् to fall, 524.

पतां let him fall; 3d sin. imp. átm. of rt पत् 1st cl. 261.

पतित he or she falls down; 3d sin. pres. of rt पत् 1st cl. 261.

पतितिभर ins. pl. of पतितन् m. n bird, 6th cl. 159.

पतिन they fall; 3d pl. pres. of rt पत् 1st cl. 261.

पताकाध्वजमालिनम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 765; पताका cr. a flag, ध्वज cr. a banner, मालिनम् acc. sin. m. of मालिन् m. f. n. having garlands, 159. In this compound मालिनम् agrees with नगरम्, which must be considered as masculine.

पति acc. sin. of पति m. a husband, 121.

पतिता nom. sin. f. of पतित m. f. n. fallen; past p. p. of rt पत् to fall, 538.

पतिता for पतितास् nom.pl.m. of पतित m.f.n. fallen; past p. p. of rt पत् 538. At Book

XII. 14 पतिता must be translated they fell; see 896.

पतितानि nom. pl. n. of पतित m. f. n. fallen. पतितान्यपि for पतितानि खपि by 34.

पतिन्व loc. sin. of पतिन्व n. the state of a husband, the state of wedlock, 1st cl. 104; देवं पतिन्व वरयस्व choose the god for thy husband.

पतिदर्शनलालसाम् BAH. OR REL.COMP. 761; पति cr. husband, दर्शन cr. seeing, लाल-साम् acc. sin. of लालसा longing desire.

पतिना ins. sin. of पति m. a husband, 121.

This word when it stands alone is generally declined like सखि (120), but in p. 114, l. 19, it follows अग्नि.

पतिम् acc. sin. of पति m. a husband.

पातर for पातम nom. sin. of पातm. a husband.

पतिराज्यविनाकृता Complex comp. 771; पति cr. a lord, a husband, राज्य cr. a kingdom, विनाकृता nom. sin. f. of विनाकृत m. f. n. deprived of.

पतिलालसा BAH. or REL. comp. 761; पति cr. a husband, लालसा f. longing, eager desire.

प्रतिव्रता nom. sin. f. a woman faithful to her husband; (from प्रति cr. a husband, and व्रत a vow.)

पतिव्रताम् acc. sin. f. of पतिव्रता. See last.

पतिशोकाकुलां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; पति cr. lord, husband, शोक cr. sorrow, स्राकुलां acc. sin. f. of स्राकुल m. f. n. agitated, disturbed.

पत्नी nom. sin. f. a wife.

पताणां gen. pl. of पत n. a leaf.

पताहारेस् ins. pl. feeding on leaves; पत cr. leaf, आहारेस् ins. pl. of आहार m. food, 761.

पणि loc. sin. of पणिन् m. a road, a way; see 162.

पदम् acc. sin. of पद n. a step, a foot.

पदातिजनसङ्खला: Тат. ов Дер. сомр. 740;

पदाति cr. a foot-man, a pedestrian, जन cr. a person, a man, सङ्काः nom. pl. of सङ्गल m. f. n. mingled, confused.

पदातिभि: ins. pl. of पदाति m. a foot-soldier, a foot-man.

पदाद for पदात abl. sin. of पद n. a step, a foot.

पदानि acc. pl. of पद n. a footstep, 1st cl. 104. पदे loc. sin. of पद n. a step.

पद्मां ins. pl. of पद m. a foot, 5th cl. 138.

पसकामलक अध्वकदम्रोडुम्ररावृतं Сомрьех COMP. 771; पसक cr. a plant, the lotus, see next; आमलक cr. a plant (Emblic myrobalan); No cr. a kind of fig-tree; कद्मु cr. the kadamba-tree (Nauclea kadamba); उड्चर cr. the udumbara, a kind of fig-tree, see note under शाल &c.; आवृत acc. sin. n. of आवृत m. f. n. filled with.

पद्मिनभेक्ष्णम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पस cr. a lotus, निभ cr. like, ईक्षणम् acc. sin. m. from इंद्राण n. the eye. The lotus is as favourite a subject of allusion and comparison with Hindú poets as the rose is with Persian. Its varieties, blue, white, and red, are numerous, and bear some resemblance to our water-lily.

पद्मिभेक्ष्णा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पद्म cr. a lotus, निभ cr. like, resembling, ईश्वणा nom. sin. f. from ईखण n. the eye, 108.

पससङ्खाज्ञो Anom. comp. 777; पस cr. a lotus, सङ्खाशो nom. sin. m. like.

पद्मसौगन्धिकम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; पन cr. lotuses, सौगन्धिकम् acc. sin. n. of सौगन्धिक m. f. n. fragrant.

पिंसनीम् acc. sin. of पिंसनी f. a lotus-pool. पश्चित्याः gen. sin. of पश्चिनी f. a lotus-pool, a lotus-lake, 1st cl. 106.

पन्या for पन्यास् nom. sin. of पियन् m. a road, 162.

पन्या: nom. sin. of पियन् m. a road. पन्यानं acc. sin. of पियान् m. a road. पन्यानो nom. pl.of पियन् m. a road, 6th cl. 162. पद्मगः nom. sin. m. a serpent, a snake.

पपात he or it fell; 3d sin. perf. of rt पत् 364. पप्रच्छ he or she asked; 3d sin. perf. of rt प्रच्छ 381.

पप्रच्छानामयं for पप्रञ्च सनामयं by 31.

पप्रच्छ्स they asked, they enquired; 3d pl. perf. of rt प्रस् 381.

पयोच्णी f. Payoshní, a river that rises in the Vindhya mountains. It is mentioned in the Brahmánda-Purána.

Ψτ m. f. n. great, excessive, best, chief, highest; other, another, an enemy.

परं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. or n. of पर, q.v.

परकृत acc. sin. m. done by another, committed by another; (comp. of UT another, and कृत done, 740.)

परन्तप voc. sin. m. O harasser of thy foes; (पर an enemy, तप who torments.)

परनाप: nom. sin. m. See last.

परपुरस्रयः conqueror of the cities of his enemies; (comp. of पर cr. an enemy, पुर acc. sin. of पुर n. a city, जयः nom. sin. m. who conquers, see 739. c.)

परम् nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of पर chief, highest, great, q. v.

परम acc. sin. m. or n. of परम m. f. n. high, greatest, highest, 1st cl. 187.

परमदारुणा nom. sin. f. very dreadful; (comp. of परम cr. highest, most, and दाहण, q. v.)

परमद्राखतः nom. sin. m. deeply afflicted; (comp. of परम excessive, and दु:चित pained.)

परममन्युमान् deeply distressed; (comp. of परम cr. excessive, मन्य cr. anguish, distress, wrath, -मान् nom. sin. of the possessive affix मत् 140, 84.VI.)

परमया ins. sin. f. of परम m. f. n. excessive, highest.

परमञ्ज्ञोभनम् acc. sin. m. very glorious. See next.

परमशोभनाम् very brilliant, very beautiful;

(comp. of परम high, very, श्रोभनां acc. sin. f. of शोभन m. f. n. bright, beautiful.)

परमसंहष्टा nom. sin. f. exceedingly rejoiced; (comp. of परम cr. very much, and संहष्ट pleased, past p. p. of rt हुए with सं.)

परमा nom. sin. f. of परम m. f. n. highest, excellent.

परमां acc. sin. f. of परम m. f. n. highest, superior, excellent, 1st cl. 187.

परमाङ्गना nom. sin. f. an excellent or noble woman. See next.

परमाङ्गनाः Karm. or Des. comp. 755; परम cr. best, excellent, अङ्गनाः nom. pl. of अङ्गना f. a woman, 1st cl. 105.

परमो nom. sin. m. of परम highest.

परया ins. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. great, excessive,

परवीरहा nom. sin. m. the slayer of the warriors (champions) of the enemy; (comp. of पर cr. an enemy, वीर cr. a warrior, हा nom. sin. of हन m. a killer, 157. b.)

परव्यूहिवनाञ्चनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; पर cr. an enemy, व्यूह cr. array, ranks, विनाञ्चनम् acc. sin. of विनाञ्चन m. a destroyer.

परस्परतः ind. mutually, 719. b.

परस्परमुखेषिया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; परस्पर cr. one another, मुख cr. happiness, एषिया nom. du. m. of एपिन् m. f. n. desiring, seeking, 159, agt. of rt इप् 582. a.

परस्परहतास् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; परस्पर cr. one another, हतास् nom. pl. of हत m.f.n. killed, past p.p. of rt हन् 545.

परसम् acc. sin. n. another's property; (comp. of पर another, and ख n. that which is one's own, 232.)

परा prep. back, backward; over.

परां acc. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. highest.

पराजय: nom. sin. m. defeat. In Book XIII. 34 this word is used in the sense of turning away from, desertion, and governs an ablative case.

पराजितः nom. sin. m. of पराजित m. f. n. conquered.

परार्थम् for the sake of another; (comp. of पर cr. another, and अर्थ, see 760. d.)

परार्थे for the sake of others; (comp. of पर another, and अर्थे 731.)

परामुर for परामुम् nom. sin. m. of परामु m. f. n. dead, expired; (from पर away, remote, and असु m. breath.)

परि prep. round, about; entirely.

परिगम्य having gone round; past ind. p. of rt गम् with परि, 602.

परिग्लानस्य gen. sin. of परिग्लान m. f. n. exhausted, languid; past p. p. of rt ग्रै to be weary, with परि, 536.

परिघोषमाः Anom. comp. 777, 32; परिघ cr. an iron-bar, an iron-club or mace, उपमाः nom. pl. of उपम m. f. n. like, resembling, 1st cl. 103. So in S'akuntalá, Act II, नगरपरिघमांशुवाहुर having an arm long as the bar of a city-gate.

परिचयों acc. sin. f. of परिचयों f. service, attendance upon, devotion, veneration.

परिचारकै: ins. pl. of परिचारक m. an attendant.

परिचारिकाम् acc. sin. of परिचारिका f. an attendant, servant, waiting-maid.

परिच्छिद्य having cut off; past ind. p. of rt छिद्ध with परि, 559.

परिचातो nom. sin. m. of परिचात m. f. n. ruined, lost; past p. p. of rt च्यु 532.

परिणिष्ठा nom. sin. f. perfect skill or conversancy.

परित्यक्ता nom. sin. f. of परित्यक्त m. f. n. deserted, abandoned; past p. p. of rt त्यन with परि, 539.

परित्यामो nom. sin. of परित्याम m. desertion, abandonment.

परिदसने is burnt up, is inflamed; 3d sin. pres. of rt दह in pass. with परि.

परिदेवना nom. sin. f. lamentation.

परिदेवितम् acc. sin. of परिदेवित n. complaint, lamentation, 1st cl. 104. परिधानेन ins. sin. of परिधान n. a lower garment, an under garment.

परिधावन for परिधावन (52) nom. sin. m. of परिधावन m. f. n. running or roaming about; pres. p. of rt धाव with परि, 524.

परिध्वंसम् acc. sin. of परिध्वंस m. disaster, distress, ruin.

परिपप्रच्छ he asked, he enquired; 3d sin. perf. of rt प्रच्छ to ask, with परि, 631.

परिपालयन् nom. sin. m. of परिपालयन् m. f. n. protecting, governing; pres. p. par. of rt पाल with परि, 524.

परिप्रेप्तो: gen. sin. m. of परिप्रेप्तुः m. f. n. desirous of obtaining; (des. adj. formed from आप with प्र and परि, see 82.VII, 503.)

परिभ्रुता nom. sin. f. of परिभ्रुत m. f. n. overwhelmed; past p. p. of rt भु with परि, 532.

परिश्रष्टसुखेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; परिश्रष्ट cr. fallen, deprived of, सुखेन ins. sin. m. from सुख n. joy, pleasure, 104.

परिवासरान् acc. pl. of परिवासर m. a year.

परिवारिता nom. sin. f. of परिवारित m. f. n. surrounded, encircled; past p. p. of rt वृ in caus. with परि.

परिवृता nom. sin. f. of परिवृत m. f. n. surrounded.

परिवृतागळत् for परिवृता खगळत् by 31.

परिशक्तिम् to suspect; inf. of rt शक् with परि, 459.

परिशुप्पति he or it dries up or is dried up; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुप् with परि, 4th cl.

परिश्राने loc. sin. m. of परिश्रान m. f. n. wearied; past p. p. of rt श्रम् 546.

परिषोडशै: ins. of परिषोडश m. sixteen complete, exactly sixteen. (Used at Book XXVI. 2 for पोडशन्.)

परिष्वज्य having embraced or clasped; past ind. p. of rt खन्न with परि, 559.

परिसङ्घान् acc. pl. m. of परिसङ्घ m. f. n. resonant on all sides; past p. p. of rt युष् with सं and परि, 539.

परिस्रवन् for परिस्रवन् acc. sin. n. flowing down; pres. p. of rt सु with परि, 524.

परिहासो nom. sin. of परिहास m. joke, sport.

परिहीनस् nom. sin. m. of परिहीन m.f. n. deprived of, destitute of, (governing abl.)

परीक्षां acc. sin. f. of परीक्षा f. trial, examination.

परीक्षितो nom. sin. m. of परीक्षित m. f. n. tried, examined; past p. p. of rt ईख with परि, 538.

परोता nom. sin.f. of परीत m.f.n. affected by.

highest; best, excellent; another, other, 238. a.

परेण ind. beyond, above, over.

परेणापकृते for परेण अपकृते by 31.

परोnom.sin.m.of परm.f.n. highest, greatest.

परोक्षं acc. sin. n. of परोक्ष m. f. n. beyond or out of sight, imperceptible, invisible.

परोक्षता nom. sin. f. imperceptibleness, the state of being unperceived or unknown.

पर्णादं acc. sin. of पर्णाद m. Parṇáda, name of a Bráhman.

पणादवचनं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पणाद cr. Parņáda, वचनं acc. sin.n. speech, words.

पर्णादस्य gen. sin. of पर्णाद् m. Parnáda.

पर्णादो nom. sin. m. Parņáda, name of a Bráhman.

पर्णानि nom. pl. of पर्ण n. a leaf, 104.

पणाहारेस् ins. pl. feeding on leaves, पण cr. leaf, आहारेस् ins. pl. of आहार m. food, 761.

पर्येचरत् he went round; 3d sin. impf. of rt चर् to go, with परि, 1st cl. 261.

पर्यचिन्तयत् he reflected, he thought about; 3d sin. impf. of rt चिन्त् with परि, 10th cl. 283, 641.

पर्यदेवयत he or she bewailed or lamented; 3d sin. impf. of rt देव with परि, 10th cl. 283.

पर्यथावत he or she ran about; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt थाव् with परि, 1st cl. 261.

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पर्यपतन् they fell, they stooped down; 3d pl. impf. of rt पत् with परि, 1st cl. 261.

पर्यपृच्छत् he or she enquired about; 3d sin. impf. of rt प्रच्छ 6th cl. with परि, 631.

पयाप्त: nom. sin. m. of पयाप्त m.f.n. sufficient.

पर्युपासन् for पर्युपासन् he or she attended upon, waited on; 3d sin. impf. of rt आस with उप and परि, 2d cl. 317. a. This verb is properly of the átmane-pada only.

पर्युपितं acc. sin. n. of पर्युपित m. f. n. stale, profitless, flat, idle, low.

पवेतम् acc. sin. of पवेत m. a mountain.

पर्वतराइ for पर्वतराइ (41) TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743; पर्वत cr. a mountain, राइ nom. sin. of राज m. a king, 8th cl. 176.e.

पनेतञ् nom. sin. of पनेत m. Parvata, one of the ten Rishis or sages, a friend and rival of Nárada; see note under नारदः.

पर्वतप्रेष्ठ voc. sin. m. O best of mountains, 743. b.

पवितस्य gen. sin. of पवित m. a mountain, 1st cl. 103.

पर्वतस्याचवा for पर्वतस्य अथवा by 31.

पवेतांश for पवेतान् acc. pl. of पवेत m. a mountain.

पर्वतान् acc. pl. of पर्वत m. a mountain.

पञ्चवापीडितं acc. sin. m. loaded with buds, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; पञ्चव cr. a bud, and आपोडित m. f. n. laden, oppressed.

पखलानि acc. pl. of पखल n. a pool, 1st cl. 104.

पवनः nom. sin. m. wind, breeze.

पञ्चाद् ind. afterwards, hereafter, 715.

पश्चिमाम् acc. sin. f. of पश्चिम m. f. n. western, evening; पश्चिमा वेला the evening time, the close of day.

पञ्चतस् gen. sin. m. of पञ्चत् m. f. n. seeing, looking on; pres. p. of rt दृश् 524.

पञ्चताम् of them looking; gen. pl. m. of पञ्चत् m. f. n., pres. p. par. of rt दृश् to see, 524.

पश्यित he sees; 3d sin. pres. of rt दृश् 604.

पश्यिन they see; 3d pl. pres. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.

पश्यानस् we see; 1st pl. pres. of rt दृश 1st cl. 604.

पश्यामि I see, I experience or feel; ist sin. pres. of rt दृश् ist cl. 604.

पश्याम्यस्मिन् for पश्यामि खस्सिन् by 34.

पश्येषास् thou mayest see; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt दृश् 604.

पश्येम we may see, we should see; ist pl. pot. of rt दृश् ist cl. 604.

पश्येयं I may see; 1st sin. pot. of rt दृश् 1st

पांशुगुरिस्ततः TAT. OR DEP. COMP.740; पांशु cr. dust, गुरिस्ततः nom. sin. of गुरिस्तत m.f.n. covered; past p. p. of rt गुरुह 538.

पांशुध्वस्तिश्रिरोहहा BAH.OR REL.COMP. 761; पांशु cr. dust, ध्वस्त destroyed, spoilt, injured, fallen, श्रिरोहहा nom. sin. f. from शिरोहह m. the hair of the head.

पांशुभिश ins. pl. of पांशु m. dirt, dust, 3d cl.

पाटयामास he clove asunder; 3d sin. perf. of rt पर in caus. 481, 385. a.

पाणि acc. sin. of पाणि m. the hand.

पाणिभ्यां ins. du. of पाणि m. the hand, 110.

पार्डव O son of Páṇḍu; voc. sin. of पार्डव m. पार्डवर्णा BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; पार्ड

cr. pale, वर्णा nom. sin. f. from वर्ण m. colour, hue, complexion, 1st cl. 108.

पातकं acc. sin. n. sin, crime.

पाद्धावनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पाद er. feet, धावनम् acc. sin. n. washing.

पादयो: gen. du. of पाद m. a foot, 1st cl. 103. पादरजसा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पाद

cr. a foot, रजसा ins. sin. of रजस n. dust, 7th cl. 164.

पादाव् for पादौ (37) acc. du. of पाद m. a foot. पानीयांचे for the sake of water, see 760.d,791.

पापं nom. or acc. sin. of पाप n. sin, crime.

पाप: nom. sin. m. of पाप m.f. n. wicked, evil.

पापकृतं nom. sin. n. evil deed, bad action; (comp. of पाप and कृत, q. q. v. v.)

पापबुडिना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पाप cr. wicked, sinful, बुडिना ins. sin. m. from बुडि f. the mind, 119.

पापमित: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पाप cr. sinful, depraved, मित: nom. sin. m. from मित f. the mind, see 119.

पापस् nom. sin. m. of पाप m. f. n. wicked. पापां acc. sin. f. of पाप m. f. n. wicked, sinful. पापाद्व abl. sin. of पाप n. sin.

पापो nom. sin. m. of पाप m.f.n. evil, wicked. पारं acc. sin. of पार m. the opposite side, the further bank or shore, the end.

पारग. See वेदपारगै:.

पारिषद: nom. sin. m. a spectator, a person present at an assembly.

पार्च voc. sin. O Arjuna. (Pártha is a name of Arjuna, as one of the three sons of Prithá.)

पार्चिव voc. sin. of पार्चिव m. a king.

पार्थिवं acc. sin. of पार्थिव m. a king, 1st cl. 103.

पार्चिवः nom. sin. of पार्चिव m. a king.

पार्थिवनन्दिनी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पार्थिव cr. a king, नन्दिनी nom. sin. f. a daughter, (lit. giver of joy.)

पार्चिवर्षभ voc. sin. m. O most illustrious of kings! See पुरुषपेभ and 758.

पार्चिवन्नेष्ठः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; पार्चिव cr. a king, श्रेष्ठः nom. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, most excellent.

पार्थिवमुतां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पार्थिव cr. a king, मुतां acc. sin. of मुता f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

पार्थिवा: for पार्थिवास् nom. pl. of पार्थिव, q.v. पार्थिवात्मनाम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पार्थिव cr. a king, and आत्मनाम् acc. sin. f. of आत्मना a daughter, own daughter.

पार्थिवानां gen. pl. of पार्थिव m. a king.

पार्थिवाञ् nom. pl. of पार्थिव m. a king, 1st cl. 103.

पार्चिवेन्द्रेमु loc. pl., KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; पार्चिव cr. king, इन्द्रेमु loc. pl. of इन्द्र m. chief, 1st cl. 103.

पावक: nom. sin. m. fire.

पाञ्चम् nom. sin. n. of पाञ्च m. f. n. belonging to animals or beasts; (from पशु an animal, see 80. XII.)

पार्श्वोपपाश्चियोः DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 752; पार्श्वे cr. the side, the ribs, the flank, उप-पार्श्वयोः loc. du. of उपपार्श्वे the other flank, (? the false or short rib, the lesser ribs.)

पितरं acc. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 4th cl.128. पितरः nom. pl. of पितृ m. a father.

पितरचोभौ for पितरं च उभौ by 60 and 32.

पितरो for पितरस् nom.pl. of पितृ m. a father.

पिता nom. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितामहाः nom. pl. of पितामह m. a grandfather.

पितामहान् acc. pl. of पितामह m. a grandfather.

पितु: abl. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितुर gen. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितुस gen. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितृन् acc. pl. of पितृ m. a father.

पिता ins. sin. of पितृ m. a father.

पिमुं acc. sin. of पिमु m. a mole, freckle.

पिमुना ins. sin. of पिमु m. a mole, freckle.

पिशुप्रकादनम् acc. sin.n. covering the mole; (comp. of पिशु a mole or freckle, and प्रका-दन covering, agt. of rt छद्ध with प्र, 582.c.)

पिपुर nom. sin. of पिपु m. a freckle, mole in the skin.

पित्रुस् nom. sin. of पित्रु m. a mark, freckle. पिशाची nom. sin. f. a spirit, a female imp. See next.

पिशाचोरगराञ्चसान् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; पिशाच cr. an imp, an elf, a sprite, उरग cr. a serpent, राञ्चसान् acc. pl. of राञ्चस an evil spirit, see note under राञ्चसी. The Piśáća is a kind of evil spirit, mentioned several times by Manu, (see I. 37, 43; V. 50; XII. 44.) He is classed with Rákshasas and Yakshas, who are described as eating flesh-meat and unclean food.

पीडा nom. sin. f. pain, suffering.

पौड्यमानः nom. sin. m. of पौड्यमान m.f.n. being afflicted; pres.p.pass.of rt पौड् 528.

पीड्यमानस् nom. sin. of पीड्यमान m. f. n. being pained, being afflicted.

पीनश्रोणिपयोधराम् Complex comp. 771; पीन swelling, full, round, श्रोणि cr. the hip, पयोधराम् acc. sin. f. from पयोधर m. the breast of a woman; see 108.

पीना for पीनास् nom. pl. m. of पीन m.f. n. muscular, robust, 1st cl. 103; (past p. p. of rt पाय् or पी 547.)

पुरुषं acc. sin. of पुरुष m. f. n. sacred, holy, pure.

पुरस्कृत nom. sin. m. acting piously, virtuous; (comp. of पुरस cr. pure, holy, and कृत् m. a doer, 84, 1.)

पुर्यजला BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पुर्य cr. pure, जला nom. sin. f. from जल n. water.

पुरमञ्जोक for पुरमञ्जोकस् nom. sin. m. Punyaśloka, a name of Nala. This name means properly 'celebrated in sacred song,' and is applied to other kings celebrated in Hindú poetry, as, for example, to Yudhishthira.

पुरायश्चोक voc. sin. m. O Nala! See last. पुरायश्चोकं acc. sin. of पुरायश्चोक m. Nala.

पुरायश्चोकदिदृक्षया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पुरायश्चोक cr. Punyasiloka, a name of Nala, दिदृक्षया ins. sin. of दिदृक्षा f. desire of seeing, a noun formed from the desiderative of दृश् 500. c.

पुरायश्चोकपराङ्मुखान् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 742; पुरायश्चोक cr. Nala, पराङ्मुखान् acc. pl. m. of पराङ्मुख m.f. n. averse to, having the face averted, 1st cl. 103.

पुरायञ्चोकस्य gen. sin. of पुरायञ्चोक m. Punyaśloka.

पुरुषञ्चोकेति for पुरुषञ्चोक इति by 32.

पुरायां acc. sin. f. of पुराय m.f. n. pure, bright, 1st cl. 103.

पुरवाह्वाचने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743;

पुरुषाह cr. a holyday, वाचने loc. sin. of वाचन n. declaration, proclamation; 'on the declaration of a holyday.'

पुराषे loc. sin. of पुराष m. f. n. pure, 1st cl. 187.
पुत्र m. a son. This word is properly written
पुत्र, and is said to mean 'deliverer from
hell.' Since the son delivers (त्रापत) his
father from the hell called पुत्र, he was
therefore named पुत्र by Brahmá. (Manu
IX. 138.) This accounts for the extreme
desire entertained by the Hindús for male
offspring. Thus Bhíma, like Dasaratha
in the Rámáyana, and many others, performed the holiest acts for the sake of
obtaining a son. The son alone by the
offering of the funeral libation (śráddha)
is supposed to procure rest for the departed spirit of the father.

पुतं acc. sin. of पुत m. a son.

पुत्रनिवेशने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पुत cr. son, निवेशने loc. sin. of निवेशन n. habitation, abode.

पुत्रयो: gen. du. of पुत m. a son, a child.

पुत्रवत् ind. like a son, as a son; (from पुत a son, affix वत् 724.)

पुतस्य gen. sin. of पुत m. a son.

पुतान् acc. pl. of पुत m. a son.

पुतास nom. pl. of पुत m. a son.

पुतिया acc. sin. of पुतिया f. one who has borne male children.

पुत्री acc. du. m. of पुत्र m. a son, a child.

पुनः for पुनर् ind. again.

पुन: पुन: for पुन:पुनर ind. again and again. पुनर ind. again.

पुनरागमनं nom. sin. n. coming back again, returning; (comp. of पुनर again, and आगमन coming.)

पुनलाभान् for पुनलाभान् (47) abl. sin. of पुनलाभ m. recovery, obtaining again; (comp. of पुनर् again, and लाभ acquisition.)

पुनञ् for पुनर् ind. again.

पुमांसं acc. sin. of पुंस् m. a man, 7th cl. 169.

पुमान् nom. sin. of पुंस् m. a man, a male; see 169.

पुरम् acc. sin. of पुर n. a city.

पुराष्ट्राणि DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; पुर cr. a city, राष्ट्राणि nom. pl. of राष्ट्र n. a kingdom, a country, 1st cl. 104.

पुरवासिन: nom. pl. m. of पुरवासिन् m. a citizen, a dweller in the city; (comp. of पुर cr. and वासिन्, q. q. v. v.)

HI ind. before, formerly, 714.

पुराणि acc. pl. of पुर n. a city.

पुराणो nom. sin. m. of पुराण m. f. n. ancient, existing of old.

पुरातनम् acc. sin. n. of पुरातन m. f. n. old, former.

पुराद abl. sin. of yt n. a city.

पूरी acc. sin. of पूरी f. a city.

पुरुष m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

पुरुषं acc. sin. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुष: nom. sin. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुषिभ voc. sin. m. O excellent man! (comp. of पुरुष a man, and भूषभ a bull, used in comp. to denote eminent, see 758.)

पुरूपपेभम् acc. sin. m. See last.

पुरुपव्याघ्र voc. sin. m. O excellent man! See पुरुपव्याघेर.

पुरुपव्याद्यस् nom. sin. m. an excellent man. See पुरुपव्याद्येर.

पुरुपच्याघ्रे loc. sin. m. See next.

पुरुष cr. a man, व्याग्रेर ins. pl. of व्याग्न a tiger; (used in comp. to denote excellent, eminent;) see 758.

पुरुपशाद्देलम् acc. sin. m. chief of men; (lit. tiger of men;) see 758.

पुरुषा for पुरुषास् nom. pl. m. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुषान् acc. pl. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुषेर for पुरुषेस ins. pl. of पुरुष m. a man, a servant, 1st cl. 103.

पुरे loc. sin. of पुर n. a city, 1st cl. 104.

पुरेव for पुरा इव by 32.

पुरोक्ताम् acc. sin. f. of पुरोक्त m.f.n. formerly spoken; (comp. of पुरा formerly, and उक्त spoken, q.v.)

पुरोगमा: nom. sin. pl. of पुरोगम m.f.n. going before, travelling in front; (comp. of पुरस् in front, 64, and गम going.)

पुरोत्तमम् acc. sin. n. the best of cities, the mighty city; (comp. of पुर cr. city, and उत्तम, see 743. b.)

पुलिन डीपशोभितां COMPLEX COMP. 771; पुलिन cr. sandbanks, shoals, डीप cr. islands, शोभितां acc. sin. f. of शोभित m. f. n. adorned, beautiful.

पुष्करम् acc. sin. of पुष्कर m. See next.

पुष्करस्य gen. sin. of पुष्कर m. Pushkara, name of a king, the brother of Nala, 1st cl. 103.

पुष्करस्याद्याः for पुष्करस्य सन्धाः by 31.

पुष्करेगीवम for पुष्करेग एवं by 33.

पुष्कलम् acc. sin. n. of पुष्कल m. f. n. much, great.

पुष्पभङ्गः nom. sin. m. a festoon of flowers; (पुष्प a flower, भङ्ग a bend.)

guafte: Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; guacr. flowers, afte: nom. sin. f. a shower. The showering of flowers by some unseen heavenly beings on the head of the happy pair on every auspicious occasion is a favourite device in the machinery of Hindú epics. So in Raghu-vansa II. 60 no sooner has king Dilípa offered himself to die for the sacred cow of his Bráhmanical preceptor, than a shower of flowers falls on him. Sítá's innocence was similarly attested.

पुष्पाणि nom. or acc. pl. of पुष्प n. a flower, 104.

पुष्पितं acc. sin. m. of पुष्पित m. f. n. blooming, flowering, flowery, in flower.

पूजया ins. sin. of पूजा f. honour, worship. पूजयामास he or she worshipped; 3d sin.

perf. of rt पूज 10th cl. 385. a.

पूजियत्वा having honoured; past ind. p. of rt पूज् 10th cl. 558.

पूजियणित he will honour; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt पूज 10th cl. 491.

पूजा nom. sin. f. worship, honour, homage.

पूजां acc. sin. of पूजा f. worship, homage.

पूजाहीव for पूजाहीं (37) acc. du. of पूजाही m. f. n. worthy of honour.

पूजित: nom. sin. m. honoured. See next.

पूजिता: nom. pl.m. of पूजित m.f.n. honoured, past p. p. of rt पूज् 538.

पूजितो nom. sin. m. of पूजित m.f.n. honoured; worshipped; past p. p. of rt पूज् 538.

पूरयन्तो filling; nom. pl. m. of पूरयत् pres. p. of rt पृ 10th cl. 640, 524.

पूरयन् for पूरयन् (52) nom. sin. m. of पूरयन् m. f. n. filling; pres. p. of rt पॄ 10th cl. 285, 524.

पूर्णेचन्द्रनिभां Anom. comp. 777; पूर्णे cr. full, चन्द्र cr. moon, निभां acc. sin. f. of निभ m. f. n. like, resembling.

पूर्णचन्द्रनिभाननाम् Complex comp. 771; पूर्ण cr. full, चन्द्र cr. moon, निभ cr. like, स्थाननाम् acc. sin. f. from स्थानन n. the face, the countenance; see 108.

पूर्णचन्द्रप्रभाम् Complex comp. 770; पूर्ण cr. full, चन्द्र cr. moon, प्रभाम् acc. sin. f. of प्रभा f. lustre.

पूर्णा for पूर्णास् nom. pl. m. of पूर्ण m. f. n. full, filled.

पूर्णेन्दुवदनो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पूर्ण er. full, इन्दु er. moon, वदनो nom. sin. m. from वदन n. the face.

पूर्व ind. formerly, before, at first.

पूर्व दृष्टस् nom. sin. m. before seen; (comp. of पूर्व before, and दृष्ट, q. v.)

पृद्धन्या for पृद्धन्यास् gen. sin. f. of पृद्धत् m. f.n. asking, enquiring; pres. p. of rt प्रद्ध 631, 524.

पृद्धामि I ask; 1st sin. pres. of rt प्रद्ध 6th cl. 631; see 873.

पृच्छेषा: thou mayest ask, ask thou; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt प्रच्छ 6th cl. 631.

पृच्छामाना nom. sin. f. of पृच्छामान m. f. n. being asked; pres. p. pass. of rt प्रच्छ्

पृथिवी f. the earth, 1st cl. 106.

पृथिवों acc. sin. of पृथिवी f. the earth.

पृथिवोश्चितः nom. pl. of पृथिवोश्चित् m. an 'earth-possessor,' a king, 5th cl. 136; (पृथिवो the earth, श्चित् a possessor.)

पृथ्विपति: nom. sin. m. lord of the earth, a king; (पृथ्वि the earth, प्ति a lord.)

पृथिवीपतिम् acc. sin. m. lord of the earth.

पृथिवीपते voc. sin. of पृथिवीपति m. lord of the earth, 2d cl. 110, 121, 743.

पृथिवीपाल: nom. sin. m. protector of the earth, a king. See next.

पृथिवीपालाः nom. pl. m. protectors of the earth. See next.

पृथिवीपालास् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पृथिवी cr. the earth, पालास् nom. pl. of पाल m. a protector, 1st cl. 103.

पृथिवीम् acc. sin. of पृथिवी f. the earth. पृथिव्यां loc. sin. of पृथिवी f. the earth.

पृथुचाविचितेश्वराः COMPLEX COMP. 771;
पृथु cr. wide, large, चार्चे for चारु (34)
cr. beautiful, अचित cr. curved, bent,
ईश्वराः nom. sin. m. from ईश्वरा n. the eye,
1st cl. 108.

पृथुप्रोचान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पृथु cr. broad, wide, प्रोचान् acc. pl. of प्रोच m. the nose or nostril (of a horse).

पृथुलोचन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पृथु cr. broad, large, लोचन voc. sin. from लोचन n. the eye.

पृषुश्रीर for पृषुश्रीस BAH. OR REL. COMP.

766; पृषु cr. great, wide, श्रीर nom. sin. of श्री f. prosperity, fortune, 123.

पृष्ट: nom. sin. m. of पृष्ट m. f. n. asked; past p. p. of rt प्रस्क् 544.

पृष्ठा having asked; past ind.p. of rt प्रक 556. पृष्ठतो ind. for पृष्ठतस् (64) behind, from behind, see 719. b.

पौता: nom. pl. of पौत m. grandson, son's son. पौतान् acc. pl. of पौत m. a grandson.

पौरजना: nom. pl. of पौरजन m. a citizen. पौरजनो nom. sin. of पौरजन m. a citizen.

पौरजानपदाञ्च DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; पौर cr. a citizen, जानपदाञ्च nom. pl. of जानपद m. an inhabitant of the country, country-person, rustic, country-folk.

पौरा for पौरास् nom. pl. of पौर m. a citizen. पौरांश्व for पौरान् च by 53.

पौराखाम् gen. pl. of पौर m. a citizen.

पौरान् acc. pl. of पौर m. a citizen.

पौर्णमासीम् acc. sin. of पौर्णमासी f. day of full moon.

प्र prep. before, forward, onward, on, forth.

प्रकल्पित: nom. sin. m. of प्रकल्पित m. f. n. fitted, arranged, placed.

प्रकारेर for प्रकारेस ins. pl. of प्रकार m. kind, manner, ist cl. 103.

प्रकाशनां acc. sin. of प्रकाशना f. glory, brightness.

प्रकृत्व turn thou, fix thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt क with प्र, 683.

प्रकृतयः for प्रकृतयस् ministers and citizens; nom. pl. of प्रकृति f. any requisite of regal administration.

प्रकृतयो for प्रकृतयस् nom. pl. ministers and citizens, 2d el. 112. See last.

प्रकृष्टम् acc. sin. m. of प्रकृष्ट m. f. n. extended, drawn out, long (as a road).

प्रकोपाद abl. sin. of प्रकोप m. anger, 1st cl. 103. प्रशालनं nom. sin. n. washing, cleaning.

प्रक्षालनाषाय for the sake of washing; (comp. of प्रक्षालन washing, and अर्थाय dat. sin. for the sake of.) having rinsed (the mouth); past ind. p. of rt खळ with प्र, 10th cl. 559. Washing the mouth after food (XXIII. 23), which Damayantí in the height of her emotion does not forget, is a duty strictly enjoined in the Indian law. See Manu V. 145: 'Having slumbered, having sneezed, having eaten, having spitten, having told untruths, having drunk water, and going to read sacred books, let him, though pure, wash his mouth.'

प्रस्थामि I will ask; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt प्रस्थ 631.

प्रस्थायमानेन ins. sin. n. of प्रस्थायमान m.f. n. being celebrated, being talked about, spoken about; pres. p. of स्था in pass. with प्र, 528, 465. a.

দ্বিনুहি gather thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt বি
to collect, with ম, 5th cl. 583.

प्रचुक्रशु: they cried out; 3d pl. perf. of rt क्रश 364.

प्रकात for प्रकास nom. pl. m. of प्रकात m. f. n. concealed, disguised; past p. p. of rt छह with प्र, 540.

प्रकाश nom. pl. m. disguised. See last.

प्रचुतो nom. sin. of प्रचुत m. f. n. banished, expelled, fallen, degraded; past p. p. of rt च्यु with प, 532.

মনভাল he or she blazed or kindled; 3d sin. perf. of rt ভাল with ম, 364.

प्रजन्नालेव for प्रजन्नाल इव by 32.

प्रजा for प्रजास acc. pl. of प्रजा f. people, subjects, 1st cl. 105.

प्रजाकाम: for प्रजाकामस् desirous of offspring, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 762; प्रजा cr. offspring, काम: nom. sin. of काम m. desire, 1st cl. 103.

प्रजाकामस् nom. sin. m. desirous of offspring. प्रजार्थे for the sake of offspring, ADV. COMP. 791. See note under पुत्र.

प्रचलितम् nom. sin. m. of प्रचलित m. f. n. blazed forth; past p. p. of rt चल् with प्र, 538, 896.

प्रक्त I salute, I bow before; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt नम् with प्र, 1st cl. 261, 58.

प्रगम्य having bowed before; past ind. p. of rt नम with प्र.

प्रणयम् acc. sin. of प्रणय m. affection, love, favour, 1st cl. 103.

प्रणयस्व shew thou affection, give thy affection, bestow thy love; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt नी with प्र, 1st cl. 590. a, 58.

प्रशासना they perish, they are destroyed; 3d pl. pres. of rt नश् with प्र, 4th cl. 58.

प्रस् nom. sin. n. of प्रस् m. f. n. lost; past p. p. of rt नश् with प्र, 539.

प्रशेदुर they called out, they uttered cries; 3d pl. perf. of rt नद with प्र, 375. a.

प्रतस्य he or she set out, proceeded or went onward; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt स्था with प, 364, 587.

ufa ind. toward, to; with regard to, about, concerning, 729, 730. c. In these senses generally a postposition. As a preposition it means against, back, back again.

प्रतिगृद्ध having received; past ind. p. of rt यह with प्रति, 565.

प्रतिजग्मुर they returned or went back; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with प्रति, 602.

प्रतिजयाह he received or took in return; 3d sin. perf. of rt ग्रह with प्रति, 699.

प्रतिज्ञानामि I assent to, I agree to; 1st sin. pres. of rt ज्ञा with प्रति, 9th cl. 688.

प्रतिज्ञाय having promised; past ind. p. of rt ज्ञा with प्रति, 559.

प्रतिपत्नलुषस्य Anom. comp.777; प्रतिपद् the first day of the moon's increase, कलुपस्य gen. sin. of कलुप m. f. n. opaque, dark.

प्रतिपत्कलुपस्येन्दोर् for प्रतिपत्कलुपस्य इन्दोर् by 32.

प्रतिपत्यसे thou wilt recover, thou wilt be restored to; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt पद with प्रति, 405.

प्रतिपद्यस्व gain thou, win thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt पद with प्रति, 4th cl. 272.

प्रतिपद्येत he may find out, he may ascertain;

3d sin. pot. átm. of rt पद with प्रति, 4th cl. 272.

प्रतिपञ्यामि I behold, I look upon; 1st sin. pres. of rt दृश् with प्रति, 1st cl. 604.

प्रतिपाण: nom. sin. m. a counter-game, a counter-stake.

प्रतिपाणाय dat. sin. for a counter-game, for a counter-stake. See last.

प्रतिपाणो nom. sin. of प्रतिपाण m. a stake, a counter-stake, a thing staked against another thing, 1st cl. 103.

प्रतिवन्धेन ins. sin. of प्रतिवन्ध m. hindrance, impediment (for a hindrance).

प्रतिवृयाद he may answer, he may reply to; 3d sin. pot. of rt व with प्रति, 2d cl. 649.

प्रतिभयं acc. sin. n. of प्रतिभय m. f. n. fearful, terrible.

प्रतिभाषसे thou dost answer or speak in reply; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt भाष with प्रति, 1st cl. 261.

प्रतियोस्यामि I shall fight against; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt युध् with प्रति.

प्रतिवचस् nom. sin. n. an answer, 7th cl. 164. प्रतिवचो for प्रतिवचस् acc. sin. of प्रतिवचस् n. an answer.

प्रतिवाक्यं acc. sin. of प्रतिवाक्य n. an answer. प्रतिवाक्ये loc. sin. of प्रतिवाक्य n. an answer.

प्रतिश्रय: nom. sin. m. abode, dwelling.

प्रतिश्रुत्य having promised; past ind. p. of rt श्रु with प्रति, 560.

प्रतिष्ठितः nom. sin. m. of प्रतिष्ठित m. f. n. famous, celebrated.

प्रतोक्षस्य wait thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt ईख् with प्रति, 605.

प्रतीक्ष I expect, I wait for, I look toward; ist sin. pres. átm. of rt ईख with प्रति.

प्रत्यक्षं ind. in the sight of, visibly, 713.

प्रत्यक्षदशैनं the power of perceiving the (godhead) present (in the sacrifice), Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; प्रत्यक्ष cr. visible, present to the eye, दशैनं nom. sin. of दशैन n. perception, seeing, 1st cl. 104.

प्रत्यनन्दत he attended, he gave heed to, he

saluted; (in Book XXIV. 44) he fondled; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt नन्द् with प्रति, 1st cl. 261.

प्रत्यभाषत he or she answered or addressed, he spoke to; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाष् with प्रति, 1st cl. 261.

प्रत्यवेदयत् he declared, he made known; 3d sin. impf. of rt विद् in caus. with प्रति, 481.

प्रत्यवेदयन् they announced; 3d pl. impf.

प्रत्याख्याता for प्रत्याख्यातास् nom. pl. m. of प्रत्याख्यात m. f. n. rejected, refused; past p. p. of rt ख्या with आ and प्रति, 532.

प्रतास्यासि thou rejectest, thou refusest; 2d sin. pres. of rt स्या with सा and प्रति, 2d cl. 307.

प्रत्याख्यास्यसि thou wilt refuse, thou shalt reject; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt ख्या with आ and प्रति.

प्रत्याह he answered; 3d sin. perf. of defective rt सह with प्रति, 384. b.

प्रत्याहरनी nom. sin. f. of प्रत्याहरत् uttering; pres. p. par. of rt ह with आ and प्रति, 34, 524.

प्रत्याह्नत्य having recovered or taken back; past ind. p. of rt ह with सा and प्रति, 560.

प्रत्याच he or she answered; 3d sin. perf. of rt वच with प्रति (34), see 375. c.

प्रत्यवाचाय for प्रत्यवाच अथ by 31.

प्रत्युस् they answered; 3d pl. perf. of rt वच् with प्रति, 375. c, 650.

प्रत्येत्य having returned; past ind. p. of rt इ with आ and प्रति, 560.

प्रथम m. f. n. first, 208.

प्रथमं ind. at first.

प्रदरी he gave; 3d sin. perf. of rt दा with प्र, 373.

प्रदथ्मी he thought; 3d sin. perf. of rt ध्ये with प, 374, 595. b.

प्रदातव्यः nom. sin. m. of प्रदातव्य m. f. n. to be given, to be granted; fut. pass. p. of rt दा with प्र, 569.

प्रदाय having given, having given away; past ind. p. of rt दा with प्र, 559, 663.

प्रदायास्य for प्रदाय अस्य by 31.

प्रदिशनु let them show, let them point out; 3d pl. imp. of rt दिश with प्र, 6th cl. 583.

प्रदीमा nom. sin. f. of प्रदीम m. f. n. set on fire, inflamed; past p. p. of rt दीप with प्र.

प्रदीभेव for प्रदीभा इव by 32.

मदुद्भुद्धः they ran away, they fled; 3d pl. perf. of rt दू 592, 368.

प्रदुष्पन्ति they are corrupted; 3d pl. pres. of rt दुष् with प्र, 4th cl.

प्रदेशितो nom. sin. m. of प्रदेशित m. f. n. urged, directed; past p. p. of rt दिश् in caus. with प्र, 549.

प्रदुते loc. sin. m. of प्रदूत m. f. n. fled, having fled; past p. p. of rt दू with प, 532, 896.

प्रथमेरियतुम् to force, to violate; inf. of rt भृष् 10th cl. with प्र, 459.

प्रधावण ye do run away; 2d pl. pres. of rt धाव with प्र, 1st cl. 261.

प्रपन्नं acc. sin. m. or n. of प्रपन्न. See next.

प्रपन्ना nom. sin. f. of प्रपन्न m. f. n. taken refuge with, gone towards, arrived at; past p. p. of rt पद with प्र, 540.

प्रपन्नास्मि for प्रपन्ना खस्मि by 31.

प्रपन्नो nom. sin. m. of प्रपन्न m. f. n. gone towards, depending on (as a refuge).

प्रपञ्चित्र ins. pl. of प्रपञ्चत m. f. n. looking, foreseeing; pres. p. of rt दृश with प्र.

प्रपञ्चिन they see, they discover; 3d pl. pres. of rt दृश् with प्र, 604.

प्रपञ्चामि I see, I foresee; 1st sin. pres. of rt दृश् with प्र.

प्रभवा ins. sin. of प्रभा f. splendour, brightness, beauty.

प्रभां acc. sin. of प्रभा f. light, lustre.

प्रभावन ins. sin. of प्रभाव m. power.

प्रभाषितम् acc.sin.n.of प्रभाषित m.f.n. spoken, uttered; past p. p. of rt भाष with प्र, 538.

प्रभाषेयं I may speak to, I may converse with; ist sin. pot. of rt भाष with प्र, ist

प्रश्तु m. a lord, a master, a king, 3d cl. 111.

प्रमुं acc. sin. of प्रमु m. a lord, noble.

प्रभु: nom. sin. of प्रभु m. a lord, noble, illustrious, 3d cl. 111.

प्रभूतयवसेन्धनम् Complex comp. 771; प्रभूत cr. abundant, abounding in, यवस cr. meadow-grass, fresh grass, इन्धनम् acc. sin. n. of इन्धन n. wood (for fuel).

प्रभो O king, O lord; voc. sin. of प्रभु .

प्रमत्तस्य gen. sin. of प्रमत्त m.f. n. not observing, not noticing, inattentive, careless.

प्रमदावने in the private pleasure-grounds, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; प्रमदा cr. a woman, वने loc. sin. of वन n. a grove, a garden, 1st cl. 103. This word properly denotes a garden set apart for the females of the palace.

प्रमाणं nom. sin. of प्रमाण n. authority, proof; an authority, a judge, 1st cl. 104; the nom. sin. n. is often used in apposition to a masculine or feminine noun in the plural. प्रमाणं भवनस् your honours are the authority, i. e. it is yours to decide.

प्रमाणात् abl. sin. of प्रमाण n. proof.

प्रमुखे ind. in front, opposite.

प्रमुचना: nom. pl. of प्रमुचत् m.f. n. uttering, emitting; pres. p. par. of rt मुच् with प्र, 6th cl. 524.

प्रमृष्टमणिकुग्डलाः Complex comp. 771; प्रमृष्ट cr. polished, rubbed, bright, मणि cr. a gem, a jewel, कुग्डलाः nom. pl. from कुग्डल n. an earring, 1st cl. 108.

प्रयतः nom. sin. m. of प्रयत m. f. n. dutiful, pious, self-restrained.

प्रयतन्तु let them strive; 3d pl. imp. of rt यत् with प्र, 1st cl. 261. This root is more commonly used in átmane-pada.

प्रयत्तव्यम् nom. sin. n. of प्रयत्तव्य m. f. n. to be endeavoured; fut. pass. p. of rt यत् with प्र, 569. Observe—प्रयतितव्य would be the usual form.

प्रयो he set out for, he departed, he proceeded; 3d sin. perf. of rt या with प्र.

प्रयाण loc. sin. of प्रयाण n. the crupper (?) or the hind part or haunch of a horse or other animal.

प्रयाते loc. sin. m. of प्रयात m. f. n. gone towards, advanced, advancing; past p. p. of rt या with प्र, 532, 896. a.

प्रयुक्त having performed; past ind. p. of rt युक्त with प्र, 559.

प्रयोजनम् nom. sin. n. object, occasion, business.

महरोद he wept, he burst into tears; 3d sin. perf. of rt हद with म, 364.

प्रलभवा for प्रलभवास् nom.pl.m.of प्रलभव m. f. n. to be deceived; fut. pass. p. of rt लभ् with प्र, 569.

प्रलब्धो nom. sin. m. of प्रलब्ध m. f. n. deceived; past p. p. of rt लभ् with प्र, 539.

प्रलापानि acc. pl. n. from प्रलाप a lamentation.

प्रवदस्य speak thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt वह with प्र.

प्रवर्ततां let it proceed; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृत् with प्र, 1st cl. 598.

प्रवर्तसे thou dost act; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृत् with प्र, 1st cl. 598.

प्रविवेश he or she entered; 3d sin. perf. of rt विश with प्र, 364.

प्रविशनं acc. sin. m. of प्रविशत् m. f. n. entering; pres. p. par. of rt विश् with प्र, 524.

प्रविज्ञानतीं acc. sin. f. of प्रविज्ञात् m. f. n. entering; pres. p. par. of rt विज्ञा with प्र, 524.

प्रविज्ञामि I enter; (in Book XXI. 10) I throw myself into; 1st sin. pres. of rt विज्ञ with प्र, 6th cl. 278.

प्रविश्य having entered; past ind. p. of rt विश् with प, 559.

प्रविष्ट: nom. sin. of प्रविष्ट entered, (with the sense in Book IV. 25 of I entered, 896.)

प्रविष्टा nom. sin. f. of प्रविष्ट m.f.n. entered; past p. p. of rt विज्ञ with प्र, 539, 896.

प्रविष्टो for प्रविष्टस् nom. sin. m. of प्रविष्ट m. f. n. entered. प्रवेक्ष्यांस thou shalt enter; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt विश्व with प्र, 411.

प्रवेख्यसीति for प्रवेख्यसि इति by 31.

प्रवेक्ष्यामि I shall or will enter; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt विश् with प्र, 411.

प्रवेशयामास he or she caused to enter; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt विश् in caus. with प्र, 490.

प्रवेश्यताम् let him be caused to enter, let him be introduced; 3d sin. pres. of rt विश् in caus. pass. with प्र, 496.

प्रवेष्टुं to enter; inf. of rt विश् with प्र, 459.

प्रशंसिद्ध ins. pl. of प्रशंसत् m.f.n. praising; pres. p. par. of rt शंस with प्र, 524.

प्रशंसुः for प्रशशंसुस् they praised; 3d pl. perf. of rt शंस् with प्र to praise, 364.

प्रश्नंसुस् they praised. See last.

प्रशास्त्रिका: nom. pl. of प्रशास्त्रिका f. a small branch or twig.

प्रशन्ते loc. sin. m. of प्रशन्त m.f.n. tranquillised, made quiet; past p. p. of rt शम् 546.

प्रशासतम् acc. sin. m. of प्रशासत् m. f. n. governing, ruling; pres. p. par. of rt शास् with प्र, see 141. a.

प्रशासिता nom. sin. of प्रशासितृ m. a ruler, 4th cl. 127.

प्रथ्यो nom. sin. m. to be asked, to be consulted; fut. pass. p. of rt प्रच् 569, 631.

प्रसङ्घा nom. sin. m. attachment for, fondness for; (governing the loc. sin.)

प्रसन्नसिललां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्रसन्न cr. clear, सिललां acc. sin. f. from सिलल n. water.

प्रसन्नो for प्रसन्नस् nom. sin. of प्रसन्न m. f. n. graciously disposed, propitious, pleased; past p. p. of rt सद् with प्र, 540.

प्रसादं acc. sin. of प्रसाद m. favour, kindness.

प्रसीदतु let him be favourable; 3d sin. imp. of rt सद with प्र, 1st cl. 599. a.

प्रस्थापयामास he or she despatched, he or she sent; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt स्था in caus. with प्र. प्रस्थाप्य having despatched; past ind. p. of rt स्था in caus. with प्र, 566.

प्रस्थितं acc. sin. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. proceeding onward; past p. p. of rt स्था with प्र, 587, 896. a.

प्रस्थिता for प्रस्थितास् nom. pl. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. set out, setting out.

प्रस्थिता: nom. pl. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. setting out, departing; प्रस्थिता: स्म we are about to set out; see स्म for स्मस्.

प्रस्थितो nom. sin. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. set out, departed.

प्रहसन् nom. sin. m. of प्रहसन् m. f. n. laughing, smiling; pres. p. of rt हस् with प्र, 524.

प्रहसन्ति they mock, they laugh at; 3d pl. pres. of rt हस with प्र, 1st cl. 261.

पहसन् for प्रहसन् (q.v.) nom. sin. m. of प्रहसन् m.f. n. smiling, see 52.

प्रहस्य having smiled or laughed; past ind. p. of rt हस with प, 559.

प्रहस्येन्द्रों for प्रहस्य इन्द्रों by 32.

प्रहास्यति he or it shall cease, he or it shall depart; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt हा with प्र, 665.

ਸਫ਼ਦ: nom. sin. m. of ਸਫ਼ਦ m. f. n. joyful, rejoiced.

प्रहण्मनसः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्रहण्ड cr. rejoiced, मनसः nom. pl. m. from मनस् n. the mind, 7th cl. 163.

प्रहणात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; प्रहण्ट cr. rejoiced, श्वात्मा nom. sin. m. mind, 146.

प्रहण्न ins. sin. of प्रहण्ण m. f. n. delighted, pleased, rejoiced; past p. p. of rt हुण् with प्र, 539.

प्रहृष्टेनानारात्मना for प्रहृष्टेन खनारात्मना by 31.

पाक्रोशद for पाक्रोशत he or she called out to, she shricked out; 3d sin. 1st pret. of rt कुश with प्र, 1st cl. 261.

দার: nom. sin. m. of দার m. f. n. wise, intelligent.

प्राज्ञायत he was known; 3d sin. 1st pret. of rt ज्ञा in pass. with प्र.

प्राञ्चलयः nom. pl. of प्राञ्चलि m. f. n. joining the hands respectfully.

पান্তলিং for पाন্তলিस্ nom. sin. m. or f. of पाন্তলি m. f. n. joining the hands reverentially, 2d cl. 110.

प्राणयातां acc. sin. of प्राणयाता f. support of life, subsistence; (comp. of प्राण breath, and याता support.)

प्राणयोश् gen. or loc. du. of प्राण m. life, (in this sense often used in the plural.)

प्राणा for प्राणास् nom. pl. of प्राण m. breath, ist cl. 103.

प्राणांश् for प्राणान् acc. pl. of प्राण m. breath, life.

प्राणान् acc. pl. of प्राण m. breath. (The plural प्राणास् may be used to denote life.)

प्राचिन ins. sin. of प्राच m. life, breath.

प्राणेश्वरम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; प्राण cr. life, ईश्वरम् acc. sin. m. lord.

प्रातिष्ठत् he proceeded, he travelled on; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्या with म, 587.

प्रातिष्ठद् for प्रातिष्ठत्. See last.

प्रादात he or she gave; 3d sin. aor. of rt दा with प्र, see 438.

प्रादाद for प्रादात he gave; 3d sin. aor.

भाद्रबद्ध for भाद्रबत् he or she ran towards, he or she fled or ran away; 3d sin. impf. of rt दू with भ, 1st cl. 592.

प्राद्रवन् for पाद्रवत् (47) he ran on, he ran away. See last.

সাব he or she obtained; 3d sin. perf. of rt আব with স, 364. a.

দাস m. f. n. reached, obtained, gained; past p. p. of rt আৰু with ম, 681.

प्राप्तं acc. sin. m. of प्राप्त m. f. n. arrived.

पाসকালশ্ acc. sin. m. the time arrived, the time come; or, as a Bah. comp., who or what has reached his or its time; (comp. of ঘাম cr. arrived, and কালশ্ acc. sin. of কাল m. time, 1st cl. 103.)

দাসকাল্ ind. opportunely, choosing the right time. See last.

प्राप्तयोवनाम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्राप्त cr. reached, attained, यौवनां acc. sin. f. from यौवन n. youth, bloom, 1st cl. 108.

प्राप्तवती nom. sin. f. of प्राप्तवत m. f. n. obtained, incurred; past act. p. of rt आप with प्र, 553. प्राप्तवती असि thou hast incurred, see 897.

प्राप्तवास for प्राप्तवती स्रसि by 34.

प्राप्तवत्यहम् for प्राप्तवती सहम् by 34.

प्राप्तचं nom. sin. n. of प्राप्तच्य m. f. n. to be possessed, to be obtained; fut. pass. p. of rt आप with प्र, 569.

प्राप्ता nom. sin. f. of प्राप्त m. f. n. reached, arrived at.

प्राप्ता for प्राप्तास nom. pl. m. of प्राप्त m. f. n. arrived.

प्राप्तुम् to obtain; inf. of rt आप with प्र, 459, 681.

प्राप्ते loc. sin. of प्राप्त m. f. n. obtained, arrived; past p. p. of rt आप with प, 539.

দামা nom. sin. m. of দাম m. f. n. reached, arrived, obtained.

মামানি he or she obtains or possesses; 3d sin. pres. of rt আঘ with ম, 681.

দাব্দ having obtained, having reached; past ind. p. of rt স্থাব্ with স, 559.

प्राप्यति he or she will obtain or incur; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt जाप with प्र, 681.

प्राप्स्यत्मनुव्रता for प्राप्स्यति अनुव्रता by 34.

प्राप्स्यिस thou wilt obtain ; 2d sin. 2d fut.

प्रायाद he went, he proceeded; 3d sin. impf. of rt या with प्र, 2d cl. 644.

प्रार्थयन्तो nom. pl. m. of प्रार्थयत् m. f. n. asking for, seeking, soliciting, wooing; pres. p. par. of rt अर्थ with प्र, 10th cl. 642, 141.

प्रार्थिद he may demand; 3d sin. pot. of rt अर्थ with प, 10th cl. 283.

प्राचितं nom. sin. n. of प्राचित m. f. n. de-

sired, sought, required; past p. p. of rt अर्थ with **प्र**, 538.

प्राचतेत he or it proceeded, he or it went on; 3d sin. impf. of rt चृत् with प्र.

प्राविशत he entered; 3d sin. impf. of rt विश् with प, 6th cl. 278.

प्राविशह for प्राविशत he entered. See last. प्रावृणोद he put on, he covered (himself); 3d sin. impf. of rt व with प्र, 5th cl. 675.

দাহ্য having tasted; past ind. p. of rt অহ্

प्रासादगता nom. sin. f. gone to (the roof of) the palace; (comp. of प्रासाद cr. palace, and गत gone, 545; see also 739. a.)

प्रासादगतापश्यद for प्रासादगता अपश्यद by 31.

प्रासादतलम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; प्रा-साद cr. palace, तलम् acc. sin. of तल n. surface. In this compound तल denotes the flat-terraced roof.

प्रासादस्था nom. sin. f. standing on the palace; (comp. of प्रासाद a palace, and स्थ staying, 580.b.)

प्रासादस्याञ् nom. pl. m. or f. standing on the palace; (comp. of प्रासाद cr. palace, and स्य staying, 580. b.)

प्रास्थापयद he or she sent or despatched, he dismissed; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था in caus. with प्र, 483.

प्राप्तवद he or it flowed; 3d sin. impf. of rt स् with प्र, 1st cl. 261.

प्रिय voc. sin. m. of प्रिय m. f. n. dear, kind. प्रियं a kindness, a favour; acc. sin. n. of प्रिय m. f. n. kind, favourable, dear.

प्रियं acc. sin. m. or n. of प्रिय m. f. n. dear, agreeable.

प्रियकारिणी nom. sin. f. of प्रियकारिन् m. f. n. doing what is pleasing, acting kindly; (from प्रिय dear, and कारिन्, 159.)

प्रियद्शेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्रिय

cr. pleasant, दर्शन voc. sin. m. from दर्शन n. aspect, 108.

प्रियविनाकृतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; प्रिय cr. dear, beloved, विनाकृतम् nom. sin. n. abandoned, deserted.

प्रिया nom. sin. f. dear one, beloved one.

प्रियां acc. sin. f. of प्रिय m. f. n. dear, beloved.

प्रियालतालखर्जूरहरीतकोविभीतकै: DVAN.

OR AGG. COMP. 748; प्रियाल cr. the
Priyala, a tree commonly called Piyal
(Buchanania latifolia), ताल cr. the
palmyra or palm-tree, खर्जूर cr. the datetree, हरीतको cr. yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula), विभोतके: ins. pl. of विभोतक m. beleric myrobalan (Terminalia
belerica).

प्रियास्तीत्मव्रवी: for प्रिया खस्ति इति खब्रवी: by 31 and 34.

प्रियेर ins. pl. m. of प्रिय m.f.n. dear, cherished. प्रीत: nom. sin. m. of प्रीत m. f. n. pleased, satisfied.

प्रीति: nom. sin. of प्रीति f. joy, pleasure, 2d cl. 112.

प्रोतिम् acc. sin. of प्रोति f. happiness, joy. प्रोतिम् for प्रोतिम् nom.sin.f.pleasure, delight. प्रोतिम् nom. sin. of प्रोति f. joy, pleasure. प्रोतेन ins. sin. m. of प्रोत m. f. n. pleased. प्रोतो nom. sin. m. of प्रोत m. f. n. pleased. प्रोतो nom. du. m. of प्रोत m. f. n. pleased, delighted; past p. p. of rt प्रो 532.

मीत्या ins. sin. of प्रीति f. joy, pleasure.

प्रीयमाणः nom. sin. of प्रीयमाण m. f. n. being pleased; pres. p. pass. of rt प्री 528.

प्रेक्षमाणायाः gen. sin. of प्रेक्षमाण m. f. n. looking on; pres. p. átm. of rt ईख with प, 526.

प्रेष्ट्य having observed; past ind. p. of rt ईष with प, 559.

प्रेषयानास he or she sent; 3d sin. perf. of rt इम् in caus. with प्र, 385.

प्रेपितृम् to send; inf. of rt इप in caus. with प्र, 481, 459.

मेपितं nom. sin. n. of प्रेपित m. f. n. sent; past p. p. of rt इष् with प्र, 538.

प्रेषित: nom. sin. of प्रेषित m. f. n. sent.

प्रेष्पतां acc. sin. of प्रेष्पता f. servitude.

प्रेषा: nom. pl. of प्रेष m. a messenger, servant.

मोक्ता nom. sin. f. of प्रोक्त m. f. n. addressed; past p. p. of rt वच with प्र, 543.

प्रोह्नशं acc. sin. f. of प्रोह्नुष्ट m.f. n. resonant, resounding.

чi.

फले nom. sin. n. fruit, consequence, result.

मलपुष्पोपशोभिता: COMPLEX COMP. 771; मल cr. fruits, पुष्प cr. flowers, उपशो-भिता: nom. pl. m. of उपशोभित m. f. n. adorned.

फलमूलानि DVAN. or Agg. comp. 748; फल cr. fruit, मूलानि acc. pl. of मूल n. a root, 1st cl. 104.

দলদুলাগ্নাশ্ acc. sin. f. feeding on fruits and roots; (comp. of দল cr. fruits, দূল cr. roots, and অগ্ন eating, an eater.)

फलवन्तं acc. sin. m. of फलवत् m. f. n. bearing fruit, frugiferous, covered with fruit, 140.

फलसहस्रे nom. du. n. two thousand fruits; (comp. of फल fruit, and सहस्र a thousand, 206.)

फलानि nom. pl. of फल n. fruit, 104.

व.

बिणजः acc. pl. of विणिज् m. a merchant, a trader, 8th cl. 176.

विणानो for विणानस् nom. pl. of विणान् m. a merchant.

वध्यतां acc. sin. of वध्यता f. destruction, fitness to be killed, 1st cl. 105.

बधाज्ञ nom. sin. m. of बधा m. f. n. to be killed, worthy of death, to be put to death; fut. pass. p. of rt बध 571.

वन्धुजनः nom. sin. m. kinsfolk, relations. बन्धुजनेन ins. sin. of बन्धुजन m. kinsfolk; (comp. of वन्धु a kinsman, a relative, and जन a person.)

बन्धुवर्गाञ् nom. pl. of बन्धुवर्ग m. the whole body of (one's) relations; (comp. of बन्धु a kinsman, and वर्ग a class, tribe.)

वन्धून acc. pl. of बन्धु m. a relation, kinsman.

वभूव he or she was or became; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt भू 585.

वल n. an army, a force, 1st cl. 104.

ਕਲਂ acc. sin. of ਕਲ n. power.

वलवृतिनपूदन Complex comp. 770; वल cr. name of a demon, वृत cr. name of another demon, निप्दन voc. sin. of निप्दन m. a slayer, a killer, 1st cl. 103, 582. c. See next.

ৰাজবৃত্ত a name of Indra, as the destroyer of two demons called Bala and Vritra; (Complex comp. 770; ৰাজ cr. name of a demon, বৃত্ত name of another demon, হা nom. sin. of হল m. a slayer, 6th cl. 157.)

विलन् m. f. n. strong, powerful, 6th cl. 159.

वली nom. sin. m. of विलन् m. f. n. strong, mighty, 6th cl. 159.

बलेन ins. sin. of बल n. an army.

वलेर for बलैस ins. pl. of बल, q.v.

बहव: nom. pl. m. of बहु m. f. n. many.

बहवो for बहवस nom. pl. of बहुm.f.n. many.

बहु nom. sin. n. of बहु m. f. n. much.

बहु ind. much, exceedingly, 713.

बहुक ल्याग voc. sin. m. O most noble; (comp. of बहु cr. much, and कल्याग noble.)

बहुतिषे loc. sin. m. or n. of बहुतिष m. f. n. many, much.

बहुधा ind. in many ways, much, 723.

वहुपुष्पफलोपेतं Complex comp. 771; वहु cr. many, पुष्प cr. flowers, फल cr. fruits, उपेतं acc. sin. n. of उपेत m. f. n. possessed of, having.

बह्रवद्वप्रलापिनः Complex comp. 770; बहु cr. much, अबद्ध unmeaning, foolish, प्रलापिनः gen. sin. m. of प्रलापिन् m. f. n. talking, speaking, agt. of लप with प्र, 582. a.

बहुभिर् for बहुभिस् ins. pl. m. of बहु m. f. n. many, 3d cl. 110.

बहुमता nom. sin. f. much loved; (comp. of बहु much, and मत m. f. n. esteemed, loved, 545.)

बहुमतो for बहुमतस् nom. sin. m. much esteemed, much valued.

बहुमूलफलान्विताः Complex comp. 771; बहु cr. many, मूल cr. a root, फल cr. a fruit, खन्विताः nom. pl. of खन्वित m. f. n. provided with, furnished with.

बहुला for बहुलास् acc. pl. f. of बहुल many, see 821.

बहुला: nom. pl. m. of बहुल m.f. n. many.

बहुविधे: ins. pl. m. of बहुविध m. f. n. of various kinds, of many sorts, 1st cl. 103.

बहुच्यालिनिषेविते Complex comp. 771; बहु cr. many, व्याल cr. a snake (also a wild beast), निषेविते loc. sin. of निषेवित m.f. n. infested by, inhabited by; past p. p. of rt सेव् with नि, 70, 538.

बहुश for बहुशस ind. very much.

बहुश: for बहुशस ind. often, frequently.

बहुशो for बहुशस् ind. much, exceedingly, 725.

बहून् acc. pl.m. of बहु m.f.n. many, 3d cl.110.

वान्धवान् acc. pl. of वान्धव m. a relation, a kinsman.

बालकं acc. sin. of बालक m. a son, a child, 1st cl. 103.

चालको nom. du. m. of चालक m. f. n. young.

बालभावे loc. sin. of बालभाव m. state of childhood, childhood; (comp. of बाल a child, and भाव state.)

बाला nom. sin. of बाला f. a girl, a maiden, 1st cl. 105.

बाला nom. sin. f. of बाल m. f. n. young.

वाला for बालास् nom. pl. of बाल m. a youth, a child.

बाल्पाद abl.sin.of बाल्प n.childhood, infancy.

बाह्य: nom. pl. of बाहु m. an arm, 3d cl. 110. बाह्योर gen. du. of बाहु m. an arm, 3d cl. 110. बिभिष्पी thou bearest or wearest, thou possess-

est; 2d sin. pres. of rt \ 3d cl. 332, 583.

वृद्धिं acc. sin. of वृद्धि f. the mind, intellect, 2d cl. 112; वृद्धिं प्रकुरुष्य turn thy mind or thy thoughts, make up thy mind.

बुद्धि: nom. sin. f. the mind; बुद्धिं कृ to set the mind on, to direct the mind towards anything.

वृद्धिपूर्वाशि nom. pl. n. preceded by intention, intentionally, designedly; (comp. of बुद्धि mind, intention, and पूर्व preceded by, 777. d.)

वृद्धिस् for वृद्धिस् nom. sin. f. mind; 2d cl. 112. वृद्धिसम्मितै: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वृद्धि cr. understanding, सम्मितै: ins. pl. m. of सम्मित m. f. n. corresponding to, conformable to, of equal measure with.

बुद्धा ins. sin. of बुद्धि f. mind, 2d cl. 112.

बुद्धाप for बुद्धा अप by 31.

बुद्धा having become awake, having awaked; past ind. p. of rt बुध.

वुध्यसे thou knowest; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृध् 4th cl. 614.

बुध्येत he or she may know; 3d sin. pot. átm. of rt बुध् 4th cl. 614.

बुध्येषास् thou mayest know or learn, know thou; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt बुध् 4th cl. 614.

बुबुधे he or she awoke; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt बुध 614.

ब्रवीम I say, I tell; 1st sin. pres. of rt ब्रू 2d cl. 649.

ब्रह्मस्यः nom. sin. m. of ब्रह्मस्य m. f. n. religious, pious.

ब्रह्मस्यो for ब्रह्मस्यस् nom. sin. m. of ब्रह्मस्य m. f. n. religious, pious, 1st cl. 103.

ब्रह्मिभ्यश् abl.pl. of ब्रह्मिष m. a Brahmarshi, a divine or Brahmanical saint, 2d cl. 110. According to the Vishnu Purána there are three kinds of Rishis or saints: 1.

Brahmarshis or saints who are sons of Brahmá, and dwell in his sphere, such as Maríći, Atri, Vasishtha, &c.; 2. Devarshis or semi-divine saints, dwelling in the sphere of the gods; 3. Rájarshis or royal saints, such as Viśvámitra and others who were kings and men of the second class, but who gained the rank of Rishi by the practice of austerities. Four other classes of Rishis are enumerated in the Amarakosha, viz. 1. Maharshis, great saints; 2. Paramarshis, most excellent saints; 3. Kándarshis, saints who teach a particular Kánda or section of the Vedas; 4. Srutarshis or inspired saints.

ब्रह्मपिंर् for ब्रह्मपिंस् nom. sin. of ब्रह्मपिं m. a divine saint.

ब्राह्मण्स् nom. sin. m. a Bráhman or man of the first class; see note under विशाम्पते.

ब्राह्मणा for ब्राह्मणास् nom. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणांश् for ब्राह्मणान् (53) acc. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राबणा: nom. pl. of ब्राबण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणान् acc. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणाञ्च for ब्राह्मणास् nom. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणास् nom. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman. ब्राह्मणेन ins. sin. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman. ब्राह्मणेर् ins. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणो nom. sin. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्रुवित loc. sin. m. of ब्रुवित m. f. n. speaking; pres. p. of rt ब्रू 524, 649.

नुवतो acc. pl. m. of नुवत् m. f. n. saying; pres. p. of rt नृ.

ब्रुवन् nom. sin. m. of ब्रुवन् m. f. n. saying; pres. p. of rt ब्रू.

मुचनं acc. sin. m. of मुचन् m. f. n. saying; speaking; pres. p. par. of rt मू 649, 524.

ब्रुवन्यास gen. sin. f. of ब्रुवत m. f. n. speaking, saying. The more usual feminine would be ब्रुवती, see 141. c.

बुवाणस् nom. sin. m. of बुवाण m.f. n. speaking; pres. p. átm. of rt ब्रू 526.

बुवाणान acc. pl. m. of बुवाण m. f. n. speaking; pres. p. átm. of rt ब्र 526.

ब्र्यात् he may say; 3d sin. pot. of rt ब्रू. See 649.

ब्रूयाश् for ब्रूयास say thou, thou mayest say; 2d sin. pot. of rt ब्रू 2d cl. 649.

ब्र्यास्त may ye speak, speak ye; 2d pl. benedictive of rt ब्रू 442.

बूहि tell thou, say, speak; 2d sin. imp. of rt बू 2d cl. 649.

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শক্কা nom. sin. f. of শক্ক m. f. n. devoted to, attached to, faithful.

भक्ताहम् for भक्ता खहम् by 31.

भक्ति acc. sin. of भक्ति f. devotion, 2d cl. 112. শল্পবি he devours; 3d sin. pres. of rt শল্প 10th cl. 643. b. In Book XII. 20 the present may have a future sense, he will devour; see 873.

भक्ष्यत्येष for भक्षयति एष by 34.

भद्र्यो for भद्र्यस् nom. sin. of भद्र्य m. f. n. to be eaten, eatable.

भगवंस for भगवन् voc. sin. of भगवन् m. f. n. venerable, holy, 53.

भगवताम् gen. pl. of भगवत् m.f.n. reverend, venerable.

भगवन् for भगवन् voc. sin. of भगवन् m. f. n. venerable, holy, 52.

भगिनीम acc. sin. of भगिनी f. a sister.

भगिन्या for भगिन्यास् gen. sin. of भगिनी f. a sister.

भजमानाम् acc. sin. f. of भजमान m. f. n. courting, waiting on; pres. p. átm. of rt भज 526.

भन्ति thou honourest; 2d sin. pres. of rt भन् 1st cl. 261.

भद्रं ind. good, well, health. Exclam. भद्रं ते May it be well with thee! Health to thee! Hail! Good luck! भद्रे O good lady! voc. sin. f. of भद्र m. f. n. good, 1st cl. 105.

भयं nom. sin. n. fear, danger, cause of fear.

भयकतीरं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भय cr. fear, कतीरं acc. sin. of कतृ m. a causer, 4th cl. 127.

भयद्वरी nom. sin. f. of भयद्वर m. f. n. causing fear, formidable, frightful; (comp. of भय fear, and कर causing, 739. c.)

भयविद्धला Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; भय cr. fear, विद्धला nom. sin. f. agitated.

भयशोकसमाविष्टा Complex comp. 771; भय cr. fear, शोक cr. sorrow, समाविष्टा nom. sin. f. of समाविष्ट m. f. n. affected by, filled with.

भयसन्त्रस्तमानसा Complex comp. 771; भय cr. fear, सन्त्रस्त cr. terrified, scared, मानसा nom. sin. f. from मानस n. the mind, 108.

भयात् abl. sin. of भय n. fear.

भयाद abl. sin. of भय n. fear.

भयावाधं acc. sin. m. undisturbed by fear, unexposed to danger; (comp. of भय cr. fear, and অবাধ undisturbed, 726, 740.)

भयाते acc. sin. m. of भयाते m. f. n. frightened, terrified; (comp. of भय fear, and आते afflicted, 542.)

भरतश्रष्ठ voc. sin. m. O best of the descendants of Bharata; see note under भारत.

भरस्व support thou, maintain thou, take thou into (thy) service; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt भू 1st cl. 261.

भतेचा nom. sin. f. of भतेच्य m. f. n. to be supported; fut. pass. p. of rt भ 569.

भता nom. sin. of भत् m. a husband, 4th cl. 127.

ਮਨੀਵਂ acc. sin. of ਮਨ੍ਹੇ m. a husband, 4th cl. 127.

ਮਜ਼ੋ: gen. or abl. sin. of ਮਜ਼ੋ m. a husband.

भतेर gen. or abl. sin. of भते m. a husband.

भृतृद्शीनकां ख्या TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भृतृ cr. husband, द्शीन cr. seeing, कांद्या ins. sin. of कांद्या f. desire.

भृतद्शैनलालसाम् Ван. ок Кес. сомр. 761;

भृते cr. husband, द्शैन cr. seeing, sight, लालसां acc. sin. f. of लालसा f. longing, eager desire.

মনূদিল্ ins. pl. of মনূ m. a husband.

भर्तृराज्यापहरणं Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 745; भर्तृ cr. a husband, राज्य cr. kingdom, अप-हरणं nom. sin. n. seizure, taking away.

अर्तृव्यसनपीडिता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भर्तृ cr. a husband, व्यसन cr. calamity, पी-डिता nom. sin. f. pained, afflicted, grieved.

भृशोकपरा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भृत cr. husband, शोक er. grief, परा nom. sin. f. of पर absorbed, wholly engrossed.

भृशोकपरीताङ्गी Complex comp. 771; भृते cr. a husband, शोक cr. grief, परीत cr. affected by, सङ्गी nom. sin. f. from सङ्ग n. a limb, 1st cl. 108.

भृ দূ হা কা भिषीडिता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; শ দূ cr. a husband, হা ক cr. sorrow, অধি-पीडिता nom. sin. f. of অধিपीडित m. f. n. afflicted; past p. p. of rt पोड् with অধি, 538.

भतृहीनाम् acc. sin. f. deserted by her husband, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; भतृ cr. a husband, हीनाम् acc. sin. f. of हीन m. f. n. abandoned, quitted.

ਮੜੀ ins. sin. of ਮਜ਼੍ਰੇ m. a husband.

भव be thou, become thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt 및 585.

भवत: of you, of your highness; gen. sin. of भवत 233.

भवताम् gen. pl. of भवत् you, your honour, 233.

भवती nom. sin.f. your ladyship, her ladyship.

भवतु let (her) be; 3d sin. imp. of rt भू 585.

भवत्सु loc. pl. of भवत् pron. you, your honour, 233.

भविद्वा for भविद्वस् by you, by your honours; ins. pl. of भवत् 233.

भवनं acc. sin. of भवन n. a mansion, a palace, a residence, 1st cl. 104.

भवनाः for भवनास् your honours; nom. pl. of भवत् m., 233.

भवन्तस् your honours; nom. pl. of भवत् m., 233.

भवान् nom. sin. of भवत् m. your honour, your highness; honorific pronoun, 233.

भवाशोक for भव अशोक by 31.

भवितव्यं it is to be; nom. sin. n. of भवितव्य fut. pass. p. of rt भू 569, see 902. a.

भविता he, she or it will be or become; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt भू 585.

भवितासि thou wilt be; 2d sin. 1st fut. of rt भू 585.

भवितास्येक for भवितासि एकस् by 34 and 66.

भवितेति for भविता इति by 32.

भविष्यति he will be, there will be; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt भू 585.

भविषास thou wilt be; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt भू.

भविषाम: we shall be; ist pl. 2d fut. of rt भू.

সবিদ্যাদি I shall exist, I shall or will be; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt মু 585. In Book XXIV. 14 Damayantí uses the word সবিদ্যাদি with reference to what Nala had said at Book V. 32.

भविष्याम्यद्याहम् for भविष्यामि खद्य खहम् by 34 and 31.

भवेज for भवेत he or she may be, may there be, 48.

भवेत he or she may be, may there be; 3d sin. pot. of rt भू 585.

भवेतु for भवेत् तु, q. q. v. v.

भवेषा for भवेषास thou mayest become, thou shouldest become; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt भू 1st cl. 586.

भवेद for भवेत he or she may be, may there be.

भवेन् for भवेत् he may be, may there be, 47.

भवेयुर् for भवेयुस् they may be; 3d pl. pot. of rt भू 585.

भागधेयं nom. sin. of भागधेय n. destiny, fortune, 1st cl. 104.

भाङ्गामुरि acc. sin. of भाङ्गामुरि m. the son of Bhangásura.

भाङ्गामुरिनृपाज्ञया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भाङ्गामुरि cr. the son of Bhangásura, नृप cr. a king, साज्ञया ins. sin. of साज्ञा f. order, command.

भाङ्गामुरिर for भाङ्गामुरिस् nom. sin. of भाङ्गा-सुरि m. the son of Bhangásura, see 81. VI.

भाति he, she or it shines; 3d sin. pres. of rt भा 2d cl. 307.

king Bharata, a name applied to Yudhishthira, to whom the story of Nala is related by the sage Vrihadasva. Bharata was the son of Dushyanta and Sakuntala. His empire extended over a great part of India, whence India is called Bharatavarsha.

भारतीं acc. sin. f. of भारती f. speech.

भाषेया ins. sin. of भाषा f. a wife, 1st cl. 105. भाषा f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

भायाम् acc. sin. of भाया f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

भाषांसमं Anom. comp. 777; भाषां cr. a wife, समं nom. sin. n. of सम m. f. n. equal to.

भार्येयं for भाषा इयं by 32.

भावं acc. sin. of भाव m. state, property, ist cl. 103.

भाव: nom. sin. of भाव m. mind, soul.

भाविनि O lady! O noble lady! voc. sin. of भाविनी f., 1st el. 106.

भाविनी nom. sin. f. a lady, a noble lady.

भाविनी nom. sin. f. of भाविन् m. f. n. illustrious.

भावो for भावस् nom. sin. of भाव m. existence.

भापसे thou speakest; 2d sin. pres. átm.

भाष्यमाणो nom. sin. m. of भाष्यमाण m.f.n. being addressed; pres. p. of rt भाष् to speak, in pass. 528.

भारिस thou shinest; 2d sin. pres. of rt भा 2d cl. 307. भिषजाम् gen. pl. of भिषज् m. a physician, 8th cl. 176.

भीत: nom. sin. of भीत m.f.n. terrified, alarmed.

भीता nom. sin. f. of भीत m. f. n. terrified; past p. p. of rt भी 532.

भीतां acc. sin. f. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भीता: nom. pl. m. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भोतो for भीतस् nom. sin. m. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भीम m. BHÍMA, a proper name; m. f. n. terrible, terrific.

भीम: for भीमस् nom. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma.

भीमनन्दिनीम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भीम cr. Bhíma, नन्दिनीम् acc. sin. of नन्दिनी f. a daughter.

भीमपराक्रम: nom. sin. m. See next.

भीमपराक्रमम् Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; भीम cr. terrible, formidable, पराक्रमम् acc. sin. m. valour, might.

भीमपराक्रमान् acc. pl. See last.

भोमपुत्तिकाम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भोम er. Bhíma, पुतिकाम् acc. sin. of पुतिका f. a daughter, a favourite daughter.

भीमरूपांश् for भीमरूपान् (53) BAH. OR REL. comp. 766; भीम cr. terrific, terrible, रूपान् acc. pl. m. from रूप n. form, 1st cl. 108.

भीमवचनाद TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भीम cr. Bhíma, वचनाद for वचनात् abl. sin. of वचन n. order, command.

भोमशासनात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भोम cr. Bhíma, शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. order, summons, invitation, 1st cl. 104.

भीममुता nom. sin. f. the daughter of Bhíma, i. e. Damayantí.

भीमस्य gen. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q.v. भीमान् acc. pl. m. of भीम m. f. n. terrible. भीमाय dat. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q.v. भीमे loc. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q.v. भीमो for भीमस् nom. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q. v.

भोह O timid one; voc. sin. of भोह f. (125) from भोह m. f. n. timid.

भोषां acc. sin. m. Bhíshma, great-uncle to Duryodhana, and leader of the Kuru army.

भुंख enjoy thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt भुज 7th cl. 346, 668. a.

भुजगं acc. sin. of भुजग m. a snake, a serpent.

भुजक acc. sin. of भुजक m. a serpent.

भुजिष्णां acc. sin. of भुजिष्णा f. a slave-girl, a maid-servant, a hand-maid.

भुन्नीय I should eat, I should enjoy; 1st sin. pot. átm. of rt भुन् 7th cl.

भुन्नीयां I may eat; ist sin. pot. of rt भुन्न 7th cl. 668. a.

भुवनं acc. sin. of भुवन n. the world.

भुवि loc. sin. of भू f. the earth, the ground, 125. a.

भूतग्रामा: Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; भूत n. a living being, a spirit, ग्रामा: nom. pl. of ग्राम m. a multitude, a collection.

भूतले loc. sin. of भूतल n. the ground, the earth, 1st cl. 104; (lit. the surface of the earth, from भू cr. the earth, and तल n. surface, 743.)

er. a being, a spirit, साझी nom. sin. of साधिन m. a witness, 159. With reference to Book XXIV. 32, compare the law of ordeal mentioned Asiatic Researches, vol. i. p. 402: 'On the trial by fire, let both hands of the accused be rubbed with rice in the husk, and well examined; then let seven leaves of the Asvattha (the religious fig-tree) be placed on them, and bound with seven threads, saying these words; Thou, O fire, pervadest all beings; O cause of purity, who givest evidence of virtue and of sin, declare the truth in this my hand.'

भूतस्य gen. sin. of भूत m. n. a living being, a spirit, 1st cl. 103.

भूतानि nom. or acc. pl. of भूत n. a being, a human being, a creature, a spirit.

भूता having been, having become; past ind. p. of rt \ 585.

भूमाच् for भूमी loc. sin. of भूमि f. the earth.

भूमिं acc. sin. of भूमि f. land, region.

भूमिप voc. sin. O king.

भूमिपते O king! lit. O lord of the earth! (भूमि cr. the earth, पते voc. of पति lord, 121, 743.)

भूमिष्ठो for भूमिष्ठस् nom. sin. m. of भूमिष्ठ m. f. n. standing on the ground; (comp. of भूमि cr. the ground, and ष्ठ (for स्थ by 70) m. f. n. standing, 580, 744.)

भूमी loc. sin. of भूमि f. the ground, 2d cl. 112.

भूय for भूयस् ind. again, again and again.

भूयः for भूयस् ind. again.

भूयस ind. again, still more, more and more.

भूयों for भूयस् ind. again, still more, further on.

भूरिद्धि शै: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; भूरि er. many, abundant, दक्षि शै: ins. pl. m. from दक्षिणा f. a gift, 1st el. 108.

भूषणं nom. sin. n. an ornament.

भूषणानि acc. pl. of भूषण n. an ornament, ist cl. 104.

भूषणेर् for भूषणेस् ins. pl. of भूषण n. an ornament, 1st cl. 104.

भृतिम् acc. sin. of भृति f. hire, wages, 2d cl. 112.

मूर्ज ind. exceedingly, very much, 713.

भূজহাহত্তদ্ acc. sin. n. very terrible; (comp. of পূজ cr. exceedingly, and হাহত m.f. n. terrible.)

भृशदुःखिता nom. sin. f. very much afflicted; (comp. of भृश exceedingly, and दुःखित pained.)

भृश्योडित: nom. sin. m. very much afflicted; (comp. of भृश excessively, and पोडित pained.)

भेपनं nom. sin. of भेपन n. a medicine, a remedy.

भैक्षम् acc. sin. n. mendicity, beggary, begging.

भैमिvoc.sin.f.ofभेमीf. Damayantí,1st cl.106.

भेमी nom. sin. f. daughter of Bhíma, i. e. Damayantí.

भैमीं acc. sin. of भैमी f. Damayantí.

भैम्या ins. sin. of भैमी f. Damayanti.

भेर for भेषीर 2d sin. aor. of rt भी 3d el. 666; मा भेर fear not, see 889.

भो भो interj. Ho! Hark! Listen!

भोकुं to eat, to suffer, to possess; inf. of rt

भोस्यसे thou shalt enjoy, thou shalt possess; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt भुज्

भोगवतीम् acc. sin. of भोगवती f. the capital of the Nágas or serpents in the subterranean world, 1st cl. 106.

भोगा: nom. pl. m. enjoyments. See next.

भोगान् acc. pl. of भोग m. enjoyment, that which is enjoyed, a feast, a banquet.

भोगैर ins. pl. of भोग m. enjoyment.

भोजनीयम् nom. sin. n. food.

भोजने loc. sin. of भोजन n. food; (in Book XXII. 12 the dressing of food.)

भंशियपानि I will cause to fall; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt भंश in caus. 481.

श्रमित he wanders, he or it whirls or turns round; 3d sin. pres. of rt भ्रम् 1st cl. 261.

भ्रमन्ति they wander about; 3d pl. pres. of rt भ्रम् 1st cl. 261.

ਬਏ acc. sin. n. of ਬਦ m. f. n. fallen; past p. p. of rt ਬੰਗ 544.

ਸ਼ਵ: nom. sin. m. of ਸ਼ਵ m. f. n. fallen.

भ्रष्टराज्यं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; भ्रष्ट cr. fallen from, deprived of, राज्यं acc. sin. m. from राज्य n. a kingdom.

স্থা nom. sin. f. of স্থা m. f. n. fallen, separated from; past p. p. of rt ম্যা 544.

भ्राजमान for भ्राजमानस् nom. sin. of भ्राज-मान m. f. n. shining; pres. p. átm. of rt भ्राज्ञ 526. भ्राजमानं acc. sin. of भ्राजमान m. f.n. shining ; pres. p. átm. from rt भ्राज् 1st cl. 526.

भ्राजमानो for भ्राजमानस् nom. sin. m. of भ्राजमान m. f. n. shining, brilliant; pres. p. átm. of rt भ्राज् 526.

भातरं acc. sin. of भातृ m. a brother.

भातरश nom. pl. of भातृ m. a brother.

भागा nom. sin. of भागृ m. a brother, 4th cl. 127.

भातुर for भातुस of a brother. See next.

भातुम gen.sin. of भातृ m. a brother, 4th cl. 128.

भातृन् acc. pl. of भातृ m. a brother.

भावा ins. sin. of भातृ m. a brother.

भुवोर gen. du. of भू f. an eye-brow, 125. a.

म.

मंस्यित he or she will think of; 3d sin. 2d fut. par. of rt मन् 4th cl. 617. This verb is properly conjugated in the átmane-pada.

मंस्यन्ते they will imagine; 3d pl. 2d fut. átm. of rt मन् to think, to suppose.

मघवन् voc. sin. of मघवन्. See next.

मघवा nom.sin.of मघवन् a name of Indra, 155.

मधवान् nom. sin. of मधवन् a name of Indra.
Note, that the nom. of this noun is either
मधवा or मधवान्. In the latter case it is
declined like a noun in वन्.

मङ्गलेन ins. sin. of मङ्गल n. good fortune.

मङ्गलेनाशु for मङ्गलेन आशु by 31.

मन्द्ररीरे loc. sin. n. in my body; (from मत् 218, and जारीर body, 49, 743.)

मज्जेद let him sink, he may be plunged, 6th cl. 633.

দা্যানর: nom. sin. m. Mani-bhadra, the king of the Yakshas, the tutelary deity of travellers and merchants, probably another name for Kuvera the god of wealth.

मिशिभद्रो nom. sin. m. Mani-bhadra.

मगडनाहीम् acc. sin. f. worthy of ornaments; (comp. of मगडन an ornament, and सह worthy.)

मतं nom. sin. n. of मत m. f. n. approved; past p. p. of rt मन् 545. मति acc. sin. of मति f. an intention, design, 112.

मति: nom. sin. f. purpose, determination.

मितिभेदो nom. sin. m. difference of opinion; (comp. of मिति cr. opinion, and भेद difference, 743.)

मतिर् for मतिस् nom. sin. m. opinion.

मान्कृतात् abl. sin. m. made (uttered) by me; (comp. of मत् 218, and कृत made.)

मत्कृते on my account; (from मत् 218, and कृते for the sake of, 731.)

मत्तवारणविक्रमः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मत्त cr. mad, वारण cr. an elephant, विक्रमः nom. sin. m. strength, might.

मत्तो for मत्तस् ind. from me; (मत् 218, with affix तस् 719.)

मत्प्रसादान् for मत्प्रसादान् abl. sin. through the favour of me, through my favour.

मत्प्रसूतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 742; मत् from me, 218, प्रसूतम् nom. sin. n. of प्रसूत m.f.n. produced.

मत्वा having considered, having imagined; past ind. p. of rt मन्.

मत्सकाशे in my presence; (comp. of मत् 218, and सकाशे, see 716.)

मत्समः nom. sin. m. equal to me; (comp. of मत् 218, and सम equal.)

मत्समञ्ज्ञं in the presence of me, in my sight; (comp. of मत् and समञ्ज्ञं see 731.)

मत्समो nom. sin. m. like to me, equal to me; (comp. of मत् 218, and सम m. f. n. equal.)

मद्मस्वणाविलाम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 745;
मद् cr. the juice that flows from an elephant's temples (when in rut), प्रस्वण cr. oozing, trickling, आविलाम् acc. sin. f. of आविल m. f. n. turbid. On each side of the elephant's temples there is an aperture about the size of a pin's head, whence in the season of rut a juice exudes, which is called mada or dána. Whilst it flows the elephant is called matta, and at other times nirmada. The

fragrance of this fluid is frequently alluded to in Hindú poetry. See Wilson's Megha-dúta, l. 132. 'Its scent is compared to the odour of the sweetest flowers, and is supposed to deceive and attract the bees.'

मदीयनins.sin.of मदीय m.f.n. my, mine, 231. मदोत्कटा: nom. pl. m. furious with passion or heat; (comp. of मद cr. passion, and उत्कट furious.)

महृहे loc. sin. in my house; (comp. of मत् 218, and गृह q. v.)

मङ्गक्ता devoted to me; (from मह 218, and भक्ता nom. sin. f. of भक्त m. f. n. devoted.) मङ्गक्तेयम् for मङ्गक्ता इयं by 32.

मङ्गार्यसङ्ख्यात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; मह for मत् cr. my, 218, भार्य cr. fortune, संख्यात् abl. sin. of संख्य m. destruction, ruin, decay, decline, consumption.

महचः acc. sin. n. my words; (comp. of मत् 218, and वचस् n. speech, 7th cl. 164.)

महिहीना nom. sin. f. separated from me; (from मद् 218, and विहीना nom. sin. f. of विहीन m. f. n.)

मधुरभाषिणों acc. sin. f. sweetly speaking; (from मधुर cr. sweet, and भाषिणों acc. sin. f. of भाषिन् speaking, 582. a.)

मधुरां acc. sin. f. of मधुर m. f. n. sweet, 1st

मधुसूदन: nom. sin. m. slayer of (the demon) Madhu, a name of Vishņu.

मध्यं acc. sin. of मध्य n. the middle, the midst.
मध्यमकञ्चायां KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755;
मध्यम cr. middle, कञ्चायां loc. sin. of कञ्चा
f. an enclosure, court-yard.

मध्ये ind. in the midst, in the middle, 716.

मनः for मनस् nom. or acc. sin. n. the mind, heart, 164.

मनस् n. the mind, the heart, 7th cl. 164.

मनसस् gen. sin. of मनस् n. the mind, 164.

मनसा ins. sin. of मनस् n. mind, thought; (मनसाऽपि even in thought.)

मनसापि for मनसा अपि by 31.

मनांसि acc. pl. of मनस् n. the mind, 7th cl. 164.

egislator, the holy, mythological ancestor of the Hindús, 3d cl. 110. In the Indian version of the Deluge, Manu is the survivor of the human race, and the second ancestor of mankind. The first Manu is named Svayambhuva or Sváyambhuva, sprung from Brahmá the self-existing. From him came six descendants or other Manus, each giving birth to a race of his own. The Hindús firmly believe their great code of laws to have been promulgated in the beginning of time by Manu, whom they consider not only the oldest, but the noblest of legislators.

मनुजयात्र voc. sin. O most illustrious of men! see 758.

मनुजा for मनुजास nom. pl. of मनुज m. a man. मनुजा: nom. pl. of मनुज m. a man.

मनुजात्मजे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनुज cr. a man, आत्मजे voc. sin. of आत्मजा f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

मनुजाधिप voc. sin. m. O king of men; (comp. of मनुज cr. a man, and अधिप q. v.)

मनुजाधिपते: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनुज cr. a man, अधिपते: gen. sin. of अधिपति m. a sovereign, 2d cl. 110.

मनुजेन्द्राणां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनुज cr. a man, इन्द्राणां gen. pl. of इन्द्र m. chief, 1st cl. 103.

मनुष्यं acc. sin. of मनुष्य m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

मनुष्पाणां gen. pl. of मनुष्प m. a man.

मनुष्येन्द्र voc. sin. m. O chief of men; (comp. of मनुष्य a man, and इन्द्र chief.)

मनो for मनस् nom. or acc. sin. of मनस् n. the mind, 7th cl. 164.

मनोजवान् swift as thought; (comp. of मनस् for मनो cr. mind, thought, जवान् acc. pl. of जव m. speed, 761.)

मनोभिस् ins. pl. of मनस् n. the mind, the heart, 7th cl. 164.

मनोविशुडिम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनस् for मनो cr. mind, विशुडिम् acc. sin. of विशुडि f. purity, 2d cl. 112.

मनोहरै: ins. pl. n. of मनोहर m. f. n. charming, pleasant; (lit. mind-captivating, from मनस् 164, and हर noun of agency of rt हु 580.)

मनोहारि acc. sin. n. enchanting the soul; (comp. of मनो for मनस् cr. the mind, and हारि acc. sin. n. from हारिन् m. f. n. a seizer, captivating, agt. of rt ह 582. a.)

मन्त्रिण: nom. pl. of मन्त्रिन् m. a minister, 6th cl. 159.

मन्तिभि: ins. pl. of मन्तिन् m. a minister, a counsellor of state, 6th cl. 159.

मन्द for मन्दस् nom. sin. m. foolish, vile, wicked.

मन्दं ind. slightly, little; slightingly, disparagingly, 713.

मन्द्रप्रज्ञस्य BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मन्द cr. dull, stupid, प्रज्ञस्य gen. sin. of प्रज्ञ m. from प्रज्ञा f. understanding, 108.

मन्दप्रज्ञेन Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; मन्द cr. foolish, dull, प्रज्ञेन ins. sin. m. from प्रज्ञा f. understanding, 108.

मन्दभाग्याद KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; मन्द cr. evil, bad, भाग्याद for भाग्यात abl. sin. of भाग्य n. fate, luck.

मन्दस्य gen. sin. m. of मन्द् m. f. n. wicked, good for nothing.

मन्दात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मन्द cr. foolish, wicked, खात्मा nom. sin. of खात्मन् mind, soul, 6th cl. 147.

मन्दो for मन्दस् nom. sin. m. foolish, wicked. मन्मर्थं acc. sin. of मन्मय m. love, 1st cl. 103; see note under कन्द्प.

मन्मयस्य gen. sin. of मन्मय m. the god of love, ist cl. 103; see last.

मन्यते he imagines, he thinks; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt मन् 4th cl.

मन्यसे thou thinkest, thou thinkest of, thou thinkest (fit); 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt मन् 4th cl. 684, 617.

मन्युना ins. sin. of मन्यु m. grief, sorrow, anger, 3d cl. 110.

मन्युपरोतेन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; मन्यु cr. anger, परोतेन ins. sin. of परीत m. f. n. filled with, affected by.

मन्ये I believe, I think, I imagine; ist sin. pres. átm. of rt मन् 4th cl. 617.

मम of me; gen. sin. of मत् or अस्मत्, q. v.

ममदुः they crushed, they trampled down; 3d pl. perf. of rt मृद; but ममृदुः is the usual form, see 364.

ममाचस्व for मम आचस्व by 31.

ममाद्यायं for मम खद्य खयं by 31.

ममानिकम् for मम खनिकम् by 31.

ममापि for मम ऋपि by 31.

ममाभी ऋणम् for मम सभी ऋणम् by 31.

ममास्ति for मम सस्ति by 31.

ममृदे he rubbed, he bruised or crushed; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt मृद्ध 364.

ममैष for मम एष by 33.

ममोपरि for मम उपरि by 32.

मरणं nom. sin. of मरण n. death.

मरणाद abl. sin. of मरण n. death.

मत्यें acc. sin. of मत्ये m. a mortal.

मत्यानाम् gen. pl. of मत्ये m. a mortal, 103.

मत्यों for मत्येस् nom. sin. of मत्ये m. a mortal, 1st cl. 103.

मया by me; ins. sin. of अस्मत् 218.

मयासकृत् for मया खसकृत् by 31.

मिय in me; loc. sin. of अस्मत् 218. At Books XIII. 65, XV. 7, it denotes with me or at my house.

ਸਲਂ acc. sin. of ਸਲ n. dust, dirt.

मलिंदग्धाङ्गीम् Complex comp. 771; मल cr. mire, dust, दिग्ध cr. smeared, defiled, खङ्गीम् acc. sin. f. from खङ्ग n. a limb, the body, 108.

मलपङ्गानुलिप्ताङ्गीम् Complex comp. 771; मल cr. dirt, पङ्ग cr. mud, mire, অनुलिप्त cr. besmeared, অङ्गीम् acc. sin. of অङ्गी f. from অङ्ग n. a limb, 108.

- मलपङ्किनी nom. sin. f. covered with dust and mire; (from मल cr. dirt, and पङ्किन् muddy, 159.)
- मिलिन: nom. sin. m. of मिलिन m. f. n. dirty, covered with dirt.
- मिलिना nom. sin. f. dirty, covered with mud and dust.
- ਸਨਿਜਾਂ acc. sin. f. of ਸਨਿਜ m. f. n. dirty, dusty, tarnished, (the lustre of whose beauty was tarnished,) lit. dirty.
- ਸਲੇਜ ins. sin. of ਸਲ n. dirt, dust, want of brightness.
- महत् m. f. n. great, 5th cl. 142.
- महत् nom. or acc. sin. n. of महत् m. f. n. great, 142.
- महतः gen. sin. m. or n. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महता ins. sin. m. or n. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महति loc. sin. m. or n. of महत् m.f. n. great.
- महती nom. sin. f. of महत m. f. n. great.
- महत्या ins. sin. f. of महत m. f. n. great.
- महद् for महत् nom. or acc. sin. n. of महत् great.
- महद्ध्वानम् acc. sin. m. a long journey; (comp. of महद, anomalously used for महा 778, and सध्वन् a road.)
- महर्षिभिस् by the great sages, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा cr. great, for महत् by 778, ऋषिभिस् ins. pl. of ऋषि m. a sage, 2d cl. 110; सा + सृ = सर् by 32.)
- महर्षिर for महर्षिस् nom. sin. m. the great sage. See last.
- महर्षीणाम् gen. pl. of महर्षि m. a great sage or saint; (from महा for महत् 778, and सृषि m. a sage, 32.)
- महाकायः KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् (778) cr. great, कायः nom. sin. of काय m. body.
- महाघोरे loc. sin. n. of महाघोर m. f. n. very terrible; (comp. of महा 778, and घोर terrible.)
- महाजवान BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा great, 778, जवान acc. pl. of जव m. speed, velocity, fleetness.

- महातपा: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, तपा: nom. sin. m. from तपस् n. penance, devotion, 164. a.
- महातेजाः nom. sin. m. of महातेजस् m. f. n. of great glory, very glorious, 7th cl. 164.a, 778.
- महात्मन् m. f. n. high-minded, magnanimous, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, खात्मन् mind, soul, 6th cl. 147.)
- महात्मनः gen. sin. of महात्मन् m. f. n. magnanimous, great-minded, 6th cl. 147.
- महात्मना ins. sin. of महात्मन् m. f. n. nobleminded.
- महात्मनां gen. pl. of महात्मन् m. f. n. greatminded, 6th cl. 147.
- महात्मानं acc. sin. of महात्मन् m. f. n. highminded.
- महात्मानश् nom. pl. m. of महात्मन् m. f. n. high-minded.
- महात्मानौ nom. du. m. of महात्मन् highminded.
- महाद्युति: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा for महत् great, 778, and द्युति: nom. sin. m. from द्युति f. lustre, glory.
- महाद्युते voc. sin. O most illustrious. See last. महान् nom. sin. m. of महत् great, q. v.
- महानसाच् for महानसात् abl. sin. of महानस m. n. a kitchen.
- महानुभावान् acc. pl. m. of महानुभाव m. f. n. magnanimous; (comp. of महा for महत् great, and अनुभाव disposition.)
- महानां acc. sin. m. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महाप्राज्ञी very wise, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; महा for महत्त er. great, 778, प्राज्ञी nom. du. of प्राज्ञ m. a wise man, 1st cl. 103.
- महावलः nom. sin. m. of great strength, very powerful, 778.
- महावाहु: strong-armed, BAH.ORREL.COMP. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, बाहु: nom. sin. of बाहु m. an arm, 3d cl. 110.
- महाबाहो voc. sin.m. Olong-armed, Ostrongarmed, O valiant one. See last.

महायुद्धे voc. sin. m. O great-minded one; (comp. of महा great, 778, and युद्ध mind, reason, intellect, 119, 761.)

महाभागस् nom. sin. m. greatly blessed, gifted, or endowed. See next.

महाभागा nom. sin. f. of महाभाग m. f. n. highly fortunate, greatly blessed, of exalted virtue; (from महा for महत् great, 778, and भाग portion.)

महाभागा: voc. pl. m. O greatly blessed!

महाभागे voc. sin. f. O greatly blessed!

महाभागै: ins. pl. m. of महाभाग m. f. n. highly blessed.

महाभागो for महाभागस् nom. sin. m. greatly blessed.

महाभुज voc. sin. m. O mighty armed; (comp. of महा great, 778, and भुज the arm, 766.)

महामते voc. sin. m. or f. O high-minded one; (comp. of महा great, 778, and मति the mind, 119.)

महामना: nom. sin. m. or f. of महामनस् m.f.n. high-minded; (comp. of महा for महत् great, 778, and मनस् the mind, see 164. a.)

महायजा: nom. sin. m. of महायज्ञस् m. f. n. of great renown, very glorious; (comp. of महा great, 778, and यज्ञस् fame, 164. a.)

महाराये in the vast forest, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत्त cr. great, 778, खराये loc.sin.of खराया.aforest, 1st cl. 104.)

महार्यः nom. sin. of महार्य m. a great warrior; (lit. one who fights in a large car, comp. of महा for महत् 778, and र्य m. a chariot.) (The size of the chariot was anciently regulated by the rank of the warrior.)

महार्या: nom. pl.m. great warriors. See last. महाराज voc. sin. m. O great king, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, राज for राजन् voc. sin. of राजन् a king, 6th cl. 151.)

महाराज: nom. sin. m. a great king.

महाराजम् acc. sin. of महाराज m. a great king. See last.

महाराजेति for महाराज इति by 32.

महायने loc. sin. in the great forest; (comp. of महा 778, and यन n. a wood.)

महावीर voc. sin. m. O great hero; (comp. of महा 778, and वीर m. a hero.)

महावीर्यस् BAH. OR REL. COMF. 761; महा great, 778, बीर्यस् nom. sin. m. from बीर्य n. valour, heroism.

महान्रतो very devotional, great devotees, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, न्नतो nom. du. m. from न्नत n. a religious vow, 1st cl. 104.)

महाशैल voc. sin. O great mountain, (KARM. or Des. comp. 755; महा for महत् great, 778, शैल voc. sin. of शैल m. a mountain, 1st cl. 103.)

महाशेल: nom. sin. m. great mountain. See

महासार्चे acc. sin. m. a great caravan; (comp. of महा 778, and सार्च m. a caravan.)

महासार्थे loc.sin.m.ina great caravan. See last.

महासिंहा: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् cr. great, सिंहा: nom. pl. of सिंह m. a lion, 1st cl. 103.

महाखनम् acc. sin. m. loud-sounding; (comp. of महा great, 778, and खन sound, 766.)

महाहनु: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा for महत् great, 778, हनु: nom. sin. m. of हनु m. the jaw.

महाहनून acc. pl. m. See last.

महिषांश for महिषान् acc. pl. of महिष m. a buffalo, 1st cl. 103.

महिपीम् acc.sin.of महिपी f.a queen, 1st cl. 106.

महिष्पा ins. sin. of महिषी f. a queen royal.

महीं acc. sin. of मही f. the earth.

महीकृते ind. for the sake of the earth; (मही the earth, and कृते on account, 731, 791.)

महीक्षित: nom. pl. of महीक्षित् m. a king, a sovereign, 5th cl. 136.

महीश्चितां gen. pl. of महीश्चित् m. a king.

महीतल loc. sin. of महीतल n. the surface of the ground, the ground; (comp. of मही cr. the earth, and तल n. surface, 743.)

महीधर voc. sin. of महीधर m. a mountain, ist cl. 103.

महीपति: for महोपतिस् nom. sin. m. a king, (TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; मही cr. the earth, पति: nom. sin. of पति a lord.)

महोपते voc. sin. m. O king! see 121.

महीपते: gen. sin. m. of a king, see 121.

महीपाल m.a king, lit. earth-protector; (from मही the earth, and पाल a guardian.)

महीपालं acc. sin. of महीपाल m. guardian of the earth.

महोपाल: nom. sin. m. a king, earth-protector.

महीपालान् acc. pl. of महीपाल m. guardian of the earth.

महीपालो nom.sin.m.a king, earth-protector.

महीमृत: gen. sin. of महीभृत् m. a mountain.

महीम् acc. sin. of मही f. the earth.

महेन्द्रं acc. sin. of महेन्द्र m. the great chief; (comp. of महा 778, and इन्द्र 32, 755;) a name applied to the god Indra.

महेन्द्राद्याः nom. pl. m. of whom the great Indra is the first, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 764. b; महेन्द्र cr. the great Indra, आद्याः nom. pl. m. of आद्या m.f. n. first, 1st cl. 103.)

महेश्वराः nom. pl. m. great lords, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् great, 778, ईश्वराः nom. pl. of ईश्वर lord, 1st cl. 103.)

महोत्सवे loc.sin.of महोत्सव m. a great festival; (comp. of महा 778, and उत्सव a festival.)

महौजस: nom. pl. m. of महौजस् m. f. n. of great might, very mighty; (comp. of महा great, and जोजस power, strength, 776.)

मा me; acc. sin. from nom. आहं I, 218.

মা negative, dissuasive or prohibitive particle, not, do not; often used with the 3d pret., the augment being dropped, as মা সুব: do not grieve, see 889, 717. a.

मां me; acc. sin. from nom. आहं I, 218.

मांसं nom. or acc. sin. of मांस n. meat, flesh.

माविं ind. without delay, quickly; (from मा prohib. not, and चिर long.) मातः for मातर voc. sin. O mother!

मातर O mother! voc. sin. of मातृ 129.

मातरं acc. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मातिलर् for मातिलस् nom. sin. m. Mátali, the charioteer of Indra; compare S'akuntalá Act VII, and Raghu-vansa XII. 86.

माता nom. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मातुः for मातुस् gen. sin. of मातृ f. a mother.

मातुर for मातुस gen. sin. of मातृ f. a mother,

मातुला: nom.pl. of मातुल m. a maternal uncle.

मातुलान् acc.pl.of मातुल m. a maternal uncle.

मातृष्यसा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743, maternal aunt; मातृ cr. a mother, ष्यसा for खसा (70) nom. sin. of खस् f. a sister, 129. a.

माला ins. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मानद O giver of honour; voc. sin. m. of मानद m. f. n.; (comp. of मान honour, and द who gives, 580.)

मानयिंस thou regardest, thou respectest; 2d sin. pres. of rt मन् 10th cl. 283.

मानुष m. a man, a human being, 1st cl. 103.

मानुषं acc. sin. of मानुष m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

मानुषं nom. sin. n. of मानुष m. f. n. human.

मानुष: nom. sin. m. a man. मानुषा: nom. pl. of मानुष m. a man.

मानुषी nom. sin. f. a woman, a female mortal.

मानुषी nom. sin. f. of मानुष m. f. n. human.

मानुषीं acc. sin. of मानुषी f. a woman.

मानुषीं acc. sin. f. of मानुष m. f. n. human.

मानुषेषु loc. pl. of मानुष m. a man, mankind.

मानुष्यं acc. sin. n. of मानुष्य m. f. n. human.

माम् me; acc. sin. from nom. sin. अहं.

माया nom. sin. f. magic, sorcery, witchcraft.

मारिष voc. sin. of मारिष m. a venerable or excellent person.

माहतः nom. sin. m. the wind.

मार्गे acc. sin. of मार्गे m. a path, a road.

भागेंगे loc. sin. of मार्गेश n. searching for.

मार्गमाणा nom. sin. f. of मार्गमाण m. f. n. seeking for; pres. p. átm. of rt मार्ग 526.

मार्गा for मार्गास् nom. pl. of मार्गे m. a path, a road, a way.

मार्गाणां gen. pl. of मार्ग m. a path, a road.

मार्गानि I seek; 1st sin. pres. of rt मार्ग् 1st

मार्गाम्यपराजितम् for मार्गामि खपराजितम् by 34.

मासं acc. sin. of मास m. a month, (for a month, 821.)

मासान् acc. pl. of मास m. a month, see 821.

मास्स prohibitive particle (मा स्म), used with the 3d preterite, after rejection of the augment, and equivalent to do not.

मित्रं nom. sin. of मित्र n. a friend, 1st cl. 104.

मिल्ल ट्रोहे loc. sin. m. in the injury of a friend; (मिल्ल cr. a friend, ट्रोह m. injury.)

मियुनं acc. sin. of मियुन n. a couple, a pair, a brace; a pair of children, twins, a pair of gifts, &c., 1st cl. 104.

मिथ्या ind. falsely, untruly, 717. e.

मिष्टकता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मिष्ट cr. a sweetmeat, a dainty, कता nom. sin. m. of कतृ m. a maker, 127. (Lit. a maker of dainties, a skilful cook.)

मुक्तः nom. sin. m. of मुक्त m. f. n. released, emitted, sent forth; past p. p. of rt मुच् 628, 539.

मुक्तकेशीम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; मुक्त cr. dishevelled, loose, केशीम् acc. sin. f. from केश hair, 108.

मुखं nom. or acc. sin. of मुख n. the mouth, the face, the countenance.

मुखत: for मुखतस् ind. in the face, in the mouth, from the mouth; (मुख with affix तस, 719.)

मुखात abl. sin. of मुख n. the mouth, the face.

मुखान nom. n. of मुख n. the face, the countenance, 1st cl. 104.

मुख्यज्ञः ind. principally, 725. In Book

VIII. 21 it is used for मुख्य वु loc. pl. of मुख्य principal.

मुख्यानि nom. or acc. pl. n. of मुख्य m. f. n. excellent, 1st cl. 104, 187.

मुख्येर ins. pl. of मुख्य m. f. n. chief, excellent.

मुचतु let him let go, let him set free, let him allow to depart, let him release; 3d sin. imp. of rt मुच 6th cl. 281, 628.

मुदं acc. sin. of मुद f. joy.

मुदा ins. sin. of मुद f. joy, delight.

मुद्तिताः nom. pl. m. or f. of मुद्ति m. f. n. rejoiced, delighted.

मुदितो nom. sin. m. of मुदित m.f. n. rejoiced, joyful; past p. p. of rt मुद्द 538.

मुदितौ nom. du. m. of मुदित m. f. n. joyful, happy.

मुनिभि: ins. pl. of मुनि m. a saint, a hermit, 2d cl. 110.

मुनुदे he rejoiced, he was delighted; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt मुद्द 364.

मुप्तिभि: ins. pl. of मुप्ति m. the fist, 2d cl. 110.

मुखानती nom. sin. f. of मुखात stealing, captivating; pres. p. of rt मुप 9th cl. 524.

मुह: for मुह्स् ind. repeatedly, again and again.

मुहर for मुहस ind. repeatedly.

मुह्रते acc. sin. m. for a moment, for a short time, 821. मुह्रते is properly a space of forty-eight minutes.

मुद्धात he is troubled, bewildered, or perplexed; 3d sin. pres. of rt मुह् 4th cl. 612.

मृद O fool; voc. sin. of मृद m. a fool.

मृदेन ins. sin. m. of मृद m. f. n. foolish.

मूढो for मूढस nom. sin. m. of मूढ m. f. n. foolish, 1st cl. 103.

मूर्त acc. sin. of मूत्र n. urine, 1st cl. 104.

मूर्तिमान् nom. sin. m. of मूर्तिमत् m. f. n. corporeal, possessing a material form, incarnate, 5th cl. 140.

मूर्त्या ins. sin. of मूर्ति f. form, figure, image, 2d cl. 112.

मूर्भि loc. sin. of मूर्यन् m. the head, 6th cl. 149, 150.

मृगजीयन: nom. sin. m. one who lives by hunting, a hunter; (from मृग an animal, a wild beast, game, and जीवन living.)

मृगडिजान DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; मृग cr. an animal, a wild beast, द्विजान acc. pl. of द्विज m. a bird, 1st cl. 103.

मृगपश्चिष: Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; मृग cr. an animal, पश्चिण: acc. pl. of पश्चिन् m. a bird, 6th cl. 159, 58.

मृगपश्चिषु Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; मृग cr, an animal, पश्चिषु loc. pl. of पश्चिन् m. a bird, 6th cl. 159.

मृगयध्वं seek ye, hunt ye for, search ye out; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 283.

मृगयसे thou dost seek, thou searchest for; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 283.

मृगयाणेन ins. sin. m. of मृगयाण m. f. n. searching for; pres. p. átm. of rt मृग् 1st cl.

मृगियतुं to search for; inf. of rt मृग् 10th cl.

मृगियपन्ति they shall search for, they shall seek; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 491.

मृगराट् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मृग cr. a beast, राट् nom. sin. of राज् m. a king, a monarch, 8th cl. 176. e.

मृगव्याधम् acc. sin. m. See next.

मृगव्याधो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मृग cr. an animal, wild beast, व्याधो nom. sin. of व्याध m. a hunter.

मृगय्यालिनिपेविते Complex comp. 771; मृग cr. an animal, a wild beast, व्याल cr. a serpent, निपेविते loc. sin. n. of निपेवित m. f. n. infested, haunted by; past p. p. of rt सेव् with नि (70), 538.

मृगशाचाहि voc. sin. of मृगशाचाद्यी having eyes like those of a young deer or fawn; (from मृगशाच cr. a young deer, and अक्ष substituted for अधि the eye, see 778.)

मृगञ्चेष्ठ voc. sin. O best of beasts, O chief of animals, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b;

मृग cr. a beast, श्रेष्ठ voc. sin. of श्रष्ठ m. f. n. best.

मृगाणाम् gen. pl. of मृग m. a beast, 1st cl. 103. मृगेन्द्र O king, monarch, or chief of beasts. मृगेन्द्रेह for मृगेन्द्र + इह by 32.

मृणालीम् acc. sin. of मृणाली f. a fibre of the stalk of a lotus, a lotus-stalk.

मृतं acc. sin. m. of मृत m. f. n. dead, dying ; past p. p. of rt मृ.

मृतस्य gen. sin. n. of मृत m. f. n. dead.

मृत्युं acc. sin. of मृत्यु m. death.

मृत्युर for मृत्युस् nom. sin. of मृत्यु m. death, 3d cl. 110.

मृदिता nom. sin. f. of मृदित m. f. n. trampled on, crushed; past p. p. of rt मृद 538.

मृदुपूर्व ind. blandly, softly, coaxingly, see 792.

मृदुपूर्वेया commencing softly; (from मृदु cr. soft, mild, and पूर्वेया ins.sin. f.of पूर्वे m.f.n. first, preceding; see 777. d. and 792.)

मृद्यमानानि nom. sin. n. of मृद्यमान m. f. n. being crushed, being bruised; pres. p. pass. of rt मृद्ध 528.

मृथे loc. sin. n. of मृथ n. war, battle.

मृष्टसिललाम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; मृष्ट cr. clean, bright, pure, सिललाम् acc. sin. f. from सिलल n. water, 1st cl. 108.

मे to me, of me; dat. or gen. sin. of मत् or अस्मत्, q.v.

मेघनाद for मेघनादे loc. sin. at the sound of rain; (from मेघ a cloud, and नाद sound.)
The Indian peacock is very restless at the approach of the rains, in which it is observed to take delight. Its circular movements are a frequent subject of allusion with Hindú poets, and are often by them compared to dancing; thus S'akuntalá Act IV, 'The peacock on the lawn ceases its dance.' Megha-dúta (l. 215): 'Pleased on each terrace, dancing with delight, The friendly peacock hails thy grateful flight.' Málati-Mádhava (p. 108): 'As pleased the peafowl hail the bow of

heaven,' &c. Compare also Raghu-vansa XIV. 69.

मेधनिर्घोषो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मेथ cr. a cloud, निर्घोषो nom. sin. m. sound; 'sounding like a thunder-cloud.'

मेघस्य gen. sin. of मेघ m. a cloud.

मेदिनों acc. sin. of मेदिनी f. the earth.

मेदिन्याम् loc. sin. of मेदिनी f. the earth, 1st cl. 106.

मेने he or she thought; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt मन् 375. a, 617.

मोख्याना having released; past ind. p. of rt मोख्य 10th cl. 559.

मोस्पिस thou shalt be liberated; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt मुच in pass. 628, 463. The parasmai-pada terminations are here used in the passive verb, see 461. e. note.

मोचियता having loosed, having unharnessed; past ind. p. of rt मुच in caus. 549.

मोदस rejoice thou, take thou pleasure; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt मुद्द 1st cl. 261.

मोहयन nom. sin. m. of मोहयत m.f. n. bewildering, depriving of sense, stupefying; pres. p. of rt मुह in caus. 527.

मोहित: nom. sin. m. of मोहित m. f. n. infatuated; past p. p. of rt मुह in caus. 612, 549.

मोहिता nom. sin. f. of मोहित m. f. n. bewildered, stupefied, infatuated.

चियते he, she or it dies; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt मू 6th cl. 626.

म्रानस्म् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; म्रान cr. drooping, faded, सम् nom. sin. of सन् f. a garland, a chaplet, 8th cl. 176.

म्रेखतस्त्रसंवितम् Complex comp. 771; म्रेख cr. a wild man, a barbarian, तस्त्रर cr. a robber, सेवितम् acc. sin. n. of सेवित m.f.n. infested by; past p.p. of rt सेव् 538.

य.

य for यस् who; nom. sin. m. of यत् m. f. n., 226.

यं acc. sin. m. of यत् m. f. n. who, which, 226.

पद्याद nom. sin. m. the king of the Yakshas; (comp. of यहा cr. a Yaksha, and राइ for राट (41) nom. sin. of राज m., 8th cl. 176.e.)

The Yaksha was a kind of demi-god, attendant on Kuvera, the god of wealth, and employed by him in the care of his gardens &c. situated on mount Kailása.

The Yakshas were supposed to be much courted by the Apsarasas or nymphs of Indra's heaven, but that they had wives of their own is clear from the Meghadúta. Their name is said to be derived from yaksh 'to worship,' either because they worship Kuvera, or are themselves worshipped by men.

यहाधिप: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; यहा cr. a Yaksha, a kind of demi-god, see last, श्रिध: nom. sin. a lord, a sovereign.

यद्यो nom. sin. f. a Yakshi, the wife of a Yaksha. See last.

यक्षेपु loc. pl. of यहा m. a Yaksha. See last.

यहां nom. sin. of यहा m. a Yaksha, 1st cl. 103. See last.

यच for यत nom. sin. n. what.

यकतु let him curb, let him guide; 3d sin. imp. of rt यम् 1st cl. 270.

यजमानश् for यजमानस् nom. sin. of यजमान m. f. n. sacrificing; pres. p. átm. of rt यज् 597. (It means sometimes a master.)

यज्ञे loc. sin. of यज्ञ m. sacrifice, 1st cl. 103.

यज्ञेषु loc. pl. of यज्ञ m. a sacrifice, 1st cl. 103.

यज्ञेर for यज्ञेस ins. pl. of यज्ञ m. a sacrifice.

यत् pron. m. f. n. who, which, what, 226.

यत् acc. sin. n. of यत् who, which, what, 226.

यत् ind. since, because, inasmuch as, that, 713. a.

यत strive thou, make effort; 2d sin. imp.
of rt यत् 1st cl. 261. The more usual
form is यतस्त, this root being generally in
the átmane-pada.

यतः for यतस् as, because, since.

यतध्वं strive ye, take pains, make ye effort; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt यत् 1st cl. 261.

यतस् ind. as, in the same way as, because.

यतिष्ये I will strive; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt यत् 415. b.

याकृते ind. on whose account, by reason of whom; (comp. of यत् 526, and कृते on account of, 791, 917.)

यह m. effort, exertion, pains, trouble.

यत्नं acc. sin. of यत्न m. effort.

यत ind. where, wherever, because, since, wherefore, that.

यतसायम्प्रतिश्रयाम् acc. sin. f. having (my) dwelling wherever evening (falls); यत where, सायम् evening, प्रतिश्रयाम् acc. sin. f. from प्रतिश्रय m. a dwelling, 108.

यथा ind. so that, that, as, so as, 721.

यथाकामं ind. according to will, according to pleasure, at pleasure; (from यथा as, and काम desire, 760.)

यथागतं as they came, ADV. COMP. 760; यथा ind. as, गतं acc. sin. n. of गत gone, went, see 760.

यथातत्वम् ind. according to the truth; (comp. of यथा as, and तस्त्र truth, see 760.)

ययातयं ind. truly, circumstantially; (in Book XXI. 25) for such a purpose.

यथातपं acc. sin. n. narrative, circumstantial account. This compound may also be regarded as indeclinable (from यथा and तथा 721), circumstantially.

यथातथा ind. in any way, any how.

यथान्य for यथा जात्य by 31.

यथान्यायं according to truth, justice, fitness or propriety, justly, fitly; (from यथा as, and न्याय justice, fitness, see 760.)

यथायं for यथा अयं by 31.

यथाह ind. worthily, properly, suitably; (comp. of यथा as, and अह worthy, 760.)

यथावच् for यथावत् (48) ind. truly, exactly, rightly.

यथावत् ind. according to usage, suitably, fitly.

यथावन् for यथावन् ind. justly, according to rule.

यथाविधि ind. according to rule, fitly, see 760.

यथावृत्तं ind. as (it) happened, as took place, circumstantially; (from यथा as, and वृत्त happened, occurred, took place, 760.)

यथाश्रद्धं ind. according to faith, in all faith, in all fidelity; (comp. of यथा as, and श्रद्धा f. faith, see 760.)

यथासङ्गम् ind. at the moment of contact, at the moment of (his) approach, opportunely; (from यथा as, and सङ्ग contact, meeting, 760.)

यथासत्म ind. according to the truth, truthfully, see 760.

यथासुलं ind. happily, conveniently, pleasantly; (from यथा as, and सुख pleasure, 760.)

यथाहम् for यथा छहम् by 31.

यथेन्द्रसि for यथा इन्द्रसि by 32.

यथेदं for यथा इदं by 32.

यथेयं for यथा इयं by 32.

यथेरितम् for यथा ईरितम् by 32.

यथैव for यथा एव by 33.

यथोक्तं ADV. COMP. 760; as said, as spoken, according to what was said, according to request; (comp. of यथा as, and उक्त said.)

यथोक्तानि nom. pl. n. of यथोक्त m. f. n. as said.

यथोत्साहं ind. with as great effort as possible, 760; (from यथा as, and उत्साह effort.)

यह ind. that, inasmuch as, 713.

यदा ind. when, as soon as.

यदि ind. if, 727. e.

यदिवा ind. whether, whether or no, 728. b.

यदिवाप्ययेकामः for यदिवा अपि अर्थकामः by 31, 34.

यदृच्छा ind. spontaneously; (ins. sin. of यदृच्छा.)

यद्यपि ind. although, if even.

यद्यबुद्धापि for यदि अबुद्धा अपि by 34, 31.

यद्यस्मिन् for यदि खिस खिसान् by 34. यन् for यत् (47) that, 920. b.

यन्ता nom. sin. of यन्त् m. a driver, a charioteer. यम: nom. sin. of यम m. Yama, the god of justice, presiding over the different Narakas or hells, son of Súrya, the sun, regent of the south and of the lower world. He is the judge of departed souls (corresponding to the Greek god Pluto or Minos), and as such is identified with death. His abode is in the infernal city of Yama-pur, whither the Hindús believe that a departed soul repairs, and receiving a just sentence from Yama, ascends to Svarga or descends to Naraka, or assumes on earth the form of some animal according to its deserts. As god of punishment, Yama is represented bearing a cord or noose (पাস) as well as a द्राड or rod.

यमस् nom. sin. of यम m. Yama, 1st cl. 103. See last.

यमो nom. sin. of यम m. Yama, the god of death. See last.

यया by which; ins. sin. f. of यत् 226.

ययातिर for ययातिस् nom. sin. of ययाति m. Yayáti, a celebrated king of India, fifth of the Lunar race, 2d cl. 110.

ययु: they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt या 644. ययुर for ययुस they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt

या 373.

ययैतज् for यया रतत् by 33 and 48. a. ययौ he went; 3d sin. perf. of rt या 644.

यज्ञ for यस who; nom. sin. of यत् 226.

यश: for यशस् acc. n. of यशस् glory, fame. यशस् n. glory, fame, 7th cl. 164.

यशसा ins. sin. of यशस् n. fame, fair fame, good character, virtue, 7th cl. 164.

यशस्त्रिन O illustrious lady! voc. sin. f. of यशस्त्रिन m. f. n. famous, 159.

यशिखनी nom. sin. f. noble, illustrious; (from यशस fame, and affix विन् 85. IX.)

यश्चेवं for यस च एवं by 62 and 33.

यष्टा nom. sin. of यष्ट्र m. a sacrificer, 4th cl.127. यस्मिन् loc. sin. of यत् m. f. n. who, which, what, 226.

यस्य of whom; gen. sin. of यत् m. f. n., 226. यस्याभिशापाद for यस्य खभिशापाद by 31. यस्याहं for यस्य छहं by 31.

या who; nom. sin. f.

यां acc. sin. f. of यत् m.f.n. who, which, 226.

याचते dat. sin. m. of याचत् m. f. n. asking, soliciting; pres. p. of rt याच् to ask, 524.

यातं acc. sin. m. of यात m. f. n. gone, going; past p. p. of rt या 532, 896. a.

याति he, she or it goes; 3d sin. of rt या 2d cl. 317, 644.

यातु let him go, let it pass; 3d sin. imp. of rt या to go, 2d cl. 644.

यातुं to go; inf. of rt या 459.

याते loc. sin. m. of यात m. f. n. gone; past p. p. of rt या to go, 532, 644.

यातो nom. sin. m. of यात m.f. n. arrived at, restored to; past p. p. of rt या to go, 532.

यात्येताम् for याति एताम् by 34.

यान्वा having gone; past ind. p. of rt या 556. यान् acc. pl. m. of यत् m.f. n. who, which, 226.

यानं acc. sin. of यान n. a vehicle, a carriage.

यानयुग्यस्य of (or about) his yoked chariot; (comp. of यान cr. a vehicle, a carriage, and युग्यस्य gen. sin. of युग्य m.f. n. capable of being yoked.)

यानि nom. pl. n. of यत who, which, 226.

यानेन ins. sin. of यान n. a vehicle.

यान्ति they go to; 3d pl. pres. of rt या 2d cl. 644.

यान्ती nom. pl. m. of यात् m.f.n. going; pres. p. par. of rt या, see 524.

याम् acc. sin.f. of यत् m.f. n. who, which, 226. यावच् for यावत् as long as.

यावत ind. as long as, as much as, whilst.

याज nom. pl. f. of यत m. f. n. who, which, what, 226.

यास् nom. pl.f. of यत् m.f.n. who, which, 226.

यासावद्य for या असी अद्य by 31 and 37. यास्यित he, she or it will go; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt या 644.

यास्यसि thou wilt go; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt या 644.

यास्यामि I will go; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt या. याहि go thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt या 2d cl. 644. पुक्त nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of पुक्त m.f. n. fit, fitting; yoked, joined; endowed with, possessed of.

युक्तः nom. sin. m. of युक्त m. f. n. endowed with, possessed of, invested with, skilled, practised, clever; past p. p. of rt युक्त 539.

युत्तास् nom. sin. m. of युत्ता m.f.n. possessed of, endowed with.

युक्ता: nom. pl. m. of युक्त m. f. n. possessed of, endowed with.

युज्यस्त be thou prepared, prepare thyself, gird thyself; 2d sin. imp. of rt युज्ञ in pass.

युतं acc. sin. n. of युत्त m. f. n. possessed of, filled with; past p. p. of rt यु 532.

पुता nom. sin. f. of पुत m.f. n. endowed with, possessed of; past p. p. of rt यु 532.

युद्धं acc. sin. of युद्ध n. war, battle.

युद्धतम् nom. sin. n. the game of war or single combat; (comp. of युद्ध battle, and धूत game.)

युद्धाच for युद्धात abl. sin. of युद्ध n. war.

युद्धाय dat. sin. of युद्ध n. battle.

युद्धे loc. sin. of युद्ध n. war, battle.

givier voc. sin. m. O Yudhishthira! Yudhishthira was the elder of the five Páṇḍu princes, and leader in the great war between them and the Kurus. It is to him that the sage Vṛihadaśva relates the story of Nala. (In the Mahá-bhárata he is commonly designated राजा.)

युध्यस्त fight thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt युध् 4th cl.

युष्तुं acc. sin. m. of युर्युत्सु m. f. n. desirous of fighting, pugnacious; (adj. formed from the des. of युध्.)

युवस्यविरवालाञ् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; युव for युवन् (57) cr. young men, स्यविर cr. old men, बालाञ् nom. pl. of बाल m. a child, a boy, 1st cl. 103.

युष्मत् pron. thou, you, 219.

यूथअष्टाम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 742; यूथ cr. a herd, a flock, अष्टाम् acc. sin. f. of अष्ट m. f. n. strayed, wandered.

यूषशो for यूषशस् ind. in herds, in flocks, in troops; (from यूष a herd, affix शस् 725.)

यूयं you; nom. pl. of युष्मत् 220.

ये who; nom. pl. m. of यत.

यन by whom, by which, by what reason, because, since; ins. sin. m. or n. of यत्.

येन केन ins. sin. m. by any whatsoever; (rel. pron. joined to the interrogative, 226, 227.)

येषां of whom; gen. pl. m. of यत.

योध्यमे thou wilt be joined, thou shalt or wilt become possessed of; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt युन् in pass., see 702.

योस्ये I will unite, I will join; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt युज्ज 670.

योगं acc. sin. of योग m. occupation, employment.

योजनं acc. sin. of योजन n. a yojana, a measure of distance equivalent to nine miles, or (according to some) five miles, 823.

योजनशतं acc. sin. n. a hundred yojanas; (comp. of योजन a yojana, or about five miles, and शत a hundred, 206.)

योजय yoke thou, harness thou; 2d sin.imp. of rt युज् in caus. 481.

योजयामास he yoked, he put to; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt युज्ञ in caus. 490.

योजयानि I (will) yoke or will harness; 1st sin. pres. of rt युज् in eaus. 481.

योजियत्वा having yoked; past ind. p. of rt युज् 10th cl. 558; see also page 248.

योत्स्य for योत्स्ये (36) I will fight; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt युध्.

योद्धा nom. sin. of योद्धृ m. a fighter, a warrior, a combatant, 4th cl. 127. योधिद्रतम् nom. sin. n. a jewel of a woman, i. e. a most excellent woman; (comp. of योधित् f. a woman, and रत्न n. a gem.)

योवनं nom. sin. n. youth, manhood, the bloom or prime of youth.

₹.

रंस्पत he shall take pleasure or enjoy himself; 3d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt एम् 410, 433.

रंस्यसे thou shalt enjoy thyself, thou shalt take thy pleasure; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt रम् 410, 433.

रक्षानाभ्यां abl. du. n. of रक्षाना m. f. n. having red corners; (from रक्ष red, and अन्त an extremity, 766.)

ষে defend thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt ষে 1st

रक्षणीया nom. sin. f. of रक्षणीय m. f. n. to be protected; fut. pass. p. of rt रक्ष 570.

ষোল্য let them preserve; 3d pl. imp. of rt ষো 1st cl. 261.

ষ্যে nom. sin. f. preservation, deliverance.

रिक्षणश nom. pl. of रिक्षन् m. a guardian, 159.

रिश्चता nom. sin. m. of रिश्चतृ m. f. n. a protector, a guardian, 4th cl. 127.

रस्यमाणा nom. sin. f. of रस्यमाण m.f. n. being guarded; pres. p. of rt रख in pass. 528.

रङ्गम् acc. sin. of रङ्ग m. an arena, stage.

रजः खेदसमन्यितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; रजस् for रजः cr. dust, खेद cr. perspiration, समन्यितः nom. sin. m. of समन्यित m. f. n. possessed of, possessing.

रननीं acc. sin. of रननी f. the night.

ing, 3d cl. 112. It is to be noted with reference to Book IV. 4, that hanging was not considered by the Hindús an undignified mode of self-destruction. See Hindú Theatre II. 237 and 299.

रणविशारदम् acc. sin. m. skilled in war; (comp. of रण cr. war, and विशारद m. f. n. learned, skilled, 744.)

रणाद for रणात abl. sin. of रण m. n. battle.

In loc. sin. of III m. n. war, battle.

Tri acc. sin. of Tri m. f. n. devoted to, delighting in; past p. p. of rt रम् 545.

र्तत f. enjoyment, pleasure, 2d cl. 112.

रातं acc. sin. of रात enjoyment, pleasure.

रतीम् acc. sin. of रती f. Ratí, the wife of Kámadeva or Manmatha (god of love).

स्तं nom. sin. of रत n. a jewel, a gem.

रत्नकोषनिचयैः COMPLEX COMP. 770; रत्न cr. jewels, कोष cr. treasure, gold or silver, निचयैः ins. pl. of निचय m. a heap.

ন্মেশগৃहोचिताम् Anom. comp. 777; रत्न-गर्भे cr. filled with jewels, गृह cr. a house, उचिताम् acc. sin. f. of उचित m. f. n. fit for, worthy of, suited to.

रतभूतां acc. sin. f. of रतभूत m. f. n. one who is a gem or jewel; (comp. of रत a gem, and भूत past p. p. of rt भू 531.)

रत्नराशिर for रत्नराशिस Тат. ов Dep. сомр. 743; रत्न cr. jewels, राशिर nom. sin. m. a heap, a quantity, a collection.

रपं acc. sin. of रच m. a chariot.

रथयोपं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रथ cr. a chariot, घोषं acc. sin. of घोष m. sound, rumbling or rattling noise.

at the commencement of Book XXI reminds us of the watchman reporting the rapid approach of Jehu, 'the driving is like the driving of Jehu, the son of Nimshi, for he driveth furiously.'

रणिनधोंपं Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; रण cr. a chariot, निर्धोपं acc. sin. of निर्धोप m. sound, rattling.

रचनिर्घोष: nom. sin. m. See last.

रयनिर्घोपो for रयनिर्घोपस् nom. sin. m. the rattling of the chariot.

रयनिखन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रप cr. a chariot, निखन: nom. sin. m. a sound.

रथम् acc. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रथवरं an excellent chariot; (comp. of रथ

cr. chariot, and ৰা acc. sin. of ৰা m. f. n. excellent, choice, best.)

रथवाहक: nom. sin. m. a charioteer, the driver of a chariot; (from रघ cr. chariot, and वाहक: one who conveys.)

रयशालाम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743, a coach-house; रघ cr. a chariot, शालाम् acc. sin. of शाला f. a house.

रयात् abl. sin. of रघ m. a chariot.

रियनम् acc. sin. of रियन् m. a warrior who is borne in a chariot, a charioteer.

रचे loc. sin. of रच m. a chariot.

रचेन ins. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रथोत्रमं acc. sin. m. the best of chariots,743. b.

रथोत्रमात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; रथटा. chariot, उत्तमात् abl.sin.of उत्तम m.f.n.best.

रघोषस्य for रघोषस्य loc. sin. on the charioteer's seat (lower than the main body of the car).

रथोपस्याद abl. sin. of रघोपस्य m. the charioteer's seat for driving, driving-box.

रयोपस्ये loc. sin. m. on the charioteer's seat; (from रच a chariot, and उपस्य a seat.)

रमणीयेषु loc. pl. of रमणीय m. f. n. pleasant, agreeable, 1st cl. 103.

रम्यं acc. sin. m. or n. of रम्य m. f. n. pleasant, delightful, charming.

रम्या nom. sin. f. of रम्य m. f. n. pleasant.

रम्यां acc. sin. f. of रम्य m. f. n. pleasant.

रम्यान् acc. pl. m. of रम्य m. f. n. pleasant.

মেন্ত্ৰ he governed, he protected; 3d sin. perf. of rt মে 364.

যোজ he or she shone; 3d sin. perf. of rt যাজ 364.

रविं acc. sin. of रिव m. the sun, 2d cl. 110. रिवसोमसमप्रभ: COMPLEX COMP. 771: रिव

रिवसोमसमप्रभ: COMPLEX COMP. 771; रिव cr. the sun, सोम cr. the moon, सम cr. equal to, प्रभ nom. sin. m. from प्रभा f. light, lustre, glory, 1st cl. 108.

रिइमिभिज्ञ् ins. pl. of रिइम m. a rein. रङ्मीन् acc. pl. of रिइम m. a rein, 110.

रहिता nom. sin. f. of रहित m.f. n. deprived of, separated from, (governing instrumental case); past p. p. of rt रह.

रहिता for रहितास nom.pl.f. of रहित m.f.n. abandoned, deserted; past p.p. of रह 538.

रहो for रहस ind. secretly, in private.

राह्यसी nom. sin. f. a Rákshasí or female Rákshasa, a fairy. The Rákshasa is a spirit or demon who appears to be of various descriptions. As a kind of Titan, or enemy of the gods, he assumes a gigantic superhuman form, after the manner of Rávana and others. He is sometimes represented as the guardian (হয়কঃ) of the treasure of Kuvera, the god of wealth; and sometimes as a cannibal imp or goblin, haunting cemeteries, devouring human beings, impeding sacrifices, and disturbing religious people in their devotions. In this last character the Rákshasas appear to have waged continual war with men, as the Daityas or Dánavas did with the gods.

रामं acc. sin. of राम m. affection, love.

रामो for रामस् nom. sin. m. passion, 1st cl.

राजंस् for राजन् O king; voc. sin., q. v.

राजते shines; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt राज् 1st cl. 261.

राजन O king; voc. sin. of राजन m. a king, 149. In the Mahá-bhárata राजन in the vocative is often applied to Yudhishthira, the eldest of the Páṇḍu princes, to whom the sage Vṛihadaśva relates the story of Nala.

राजञ्च O king; voc. sin. for राजन् by 52.

राजपुतं acc. sin. m. of राजपुत m. a prince, a king's son.

যালপুরাষ্ nom. pl. of যালপুর m. a king's son, a prince; (from যাল for যালন্ a king, 57.b, and পুরাষ্ nom. pl. of পুর m. a son, 743.)

राजपुर्ती acc. sin. of राजपुर्ती f. a princess, a king's daughter; (comp. of राज for राजन् a king, 57. b, and प्रती f. a daughter.) राजप्रेष्पेर Тат. он Dep. сомр. 743; राज for राजन् (57. b) a king, प्रेष्पेर ins. pl. of प्रेष्ण m. a servant, messenger.

राजभिक्तपुरस्कृत: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; राज for राजन् (57. b) cr. king, भिक्त cr. devotion to, loyalty, पुरस्कृत preceded by, placed in front, adorned.

राजभायों TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; राज for राजन cr. a king, 57, भायों acc. sin. of भाया f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

राजमाता nom. sin. f. the royal mother, the mother of the king, queen-mother; (comp. of राज for राजन् cr. a king, 57, and माता nom. sin. of मात् 129, 743.)

राजमातुर gen. sin. f. of the royal mother. See last.

राजमातेदम् for राजमाता इदम् by 32.

राजमागी: nom. pl. m. the royal roads or streets; (from राज for राजन् a king, 57, and मार्गे m. a road.)

राजवेभस्य gen. sin. of राजवेभ m. the chief of kings, see 758.

राजवेशनन: Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; राज for राजन् (57) cr. the king, वेश्मन: gen. sin. of वेश्मन् n. a house, a dwelling, 6th cl. 152.

राजवेड्मान loc. sin. n. in the palace of the king. See last.

राजशादूल voc. sin. m. O great king; (lit. O tiger of a king, from राज for राजन 57. b, and शादूल a tiger, see 758.)

राजमिति TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; राज for राजन (57) cr. a king, मिति acc. sin. of मिति f. assembly, congress, 2d cl. 112.

राजसु among kings; loc. pl. m. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राजस्याश्वमेथानां Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; राजस्य cr. a royal sacrifice, performed only by a universal monarch, अश्वमेथानां gen. pl. of अश्वमेथ the Asvamedha or horse-sacrifice, see note under अश्वमेथेन. Great sacrifices were performed by kings in celebration of auspicious events, especially after marriage, in the hope of securing issue, when largesses (ইবিয়া) were distributed to the Bráhmans and officiating priests.

राजा nom. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राजानं acc. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राजान: nom. pl. of राजन् m. a king.

राजानो for राजानस् nom. pl. m. kings, 148.

रानापसद् voc. sin. O fallen king, O degraded king; (comp. of राज for राजन् aking, 57.b, and अपसद m. an outcast.)

राजेन्द्र voc. sin. m. O chief of kings; (comp. of राज for राजन 57. b, 148, and इन्द्र chief.)

राजेन्द्रो nom. sin. m. chief of kings.

पड़: gen. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राज्ञश् gen. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राज्ञस gen. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राजा ins. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राज्ञां gen. pl. of राजन m. a king.

राज़ि voc. sin. of राज़ी f. a queen.

राज्ञी nom. sin. f. a queen.

राज्ञे dat. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राज्ञो for राज्ञस gen. sin. m. of a king.

राज्यं nom. or acc. sin. of राज्य n. a kingdom.

राज्यपरिश्वष्ट: Tat. or Dep. comp. 742; राज्य cr. kingdom, परिश्वष्ट: nom. sin. m. fallen from, deprived of; pastp.p.ofrtश्चेश 544.a.

राज्यान् (for राज्यात् by 47) abl. sin. of राज्यं n. a kingdom, 1st cl. 104.

राज्यापहरणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; राज्य cr. kingdom, अपहरणं acc. sin. of अपहरण n. taking away, deprivation.

राज्येन ins. sin. of राज्य n. a kingdom.

रावि acc. sin. of रावि f. the night.

रातिर nom. sin. of राति f. the night.

राहु ग्रस्तानिशाकराम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; राहु cr. Ráhu, a demon with the tail of a dragon, who was translated to the stellar sphere, and became the author of eclipses by occasionally swallowing the sun and moon; यस cr. seized, swallowed; निशाकराम् acc. sin.f. from निशाकर m. the moon, 108. The origin of the hostility of Ráhu to the sun and moon is this. When the gods were drinking the amrita (see note under अमृतोपमां) produced at the churning of the ocean, Ráhu, a demon, assumed the form of a god, and began to drink also, when the sun and moon, in friendship to the gods, revealed the deceit. His head was then cut off by Vishnu, but being immortal by having tasted the amrit, the head and tail retained their separate existence, and were transferred to the sky. The head became the cause of eclipses by its animosity to the sun and moon, and the tail became Ketu or the descending node. Compare Málati-Mádhava (p. 115, Wilson): '-and now thou fall'st a prey to death, like the full moon to Ráhu's jaws consigned.'

रिपुनिपातिनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रिपु cr. an enemy, निपातिनम् acc. sin. m. of निपातिन् m. f. n. causing to fall, a destroyer, agt. of rt पत् in caus. 582. a.

रिवरानना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; रुचिर cr. beautiful, sweet, आनना nom. sin. f. from आनन n. face, 1st cl. 108.

চ্ছিব্যেল্ফ্রন having beautiful eyes, (lit. the outer corners of whose eyes were beautiful,) BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; চ্ছিব্*cr.* beautiful, অ্যাক্লী acc. sin. f. from অ্যাক্ল n. the outer corner of the eye, 1st cl. 108.

हदती nom. sin. f. of हदत m. f. n. weeping, crying; pres. p. par. of rt हद 524, 141. c.

हदतीं acc. sin. f. of हदत् m. f. n. weeping; pres. p. par. of rt हद 524, see also 141. c.

रुदत्यथ for रुदती अथ by 34.

हदन्तीं acc. sin. f. of हदत्त m. f. n. weeping; pres. p. par. of rt हद 524. The more usual form is हदतीं.

रदन्याः gen. sin. f. of रूदत् m.f. n. weeping ; pres. p. par. of rt रुद्ध 524.

हदन्यो nom.du.f.of हदत m.f.n. weeping, 524. हदिते he or she weeps; 3d sin. pres. átm. (more usually par.) of rt हद् 2d cl. 653.

हित्वा having wept; past ind.p.ofrt हट 556.

हट्टा for हट्टास nom. pl. of हट्ट m. a Rudra, one of a group of semi-divine beings, (eight in number,) usually regarded as manifestations of Siva, but in the earlier ages of Hindú mythology connected with the worship of Váyu or the wind. The eight Rudras are thus enumerated in the Vishnu Purána (p. 58), -Rudra, Bhava, Sarva, Iśána, Paśupati, Bhíma, Ugra, Mahádeva, most of which are merely other names for Siva. 'Brahmá assigned to them as their respective stations, the sun, water, earth, air, fire, ether, the ministering Bráhman, and the moon.' These are their types or representatives in this world. See the opening verse of Sakuntalá. In other places the Rudras are described as eleven in number, and as children of Kasyapa and Surabhi.

हरोद he or she wept; 3d sin. perf. of rt हद 364, 653.

रुपान्यिता nom. sin. f. filled with anger, full of wrath; (from रूपा cr. anger, rage, and खन्यित m. f. n. possessed with.)

रूप n. form, figure, beauty, 1st cl. 104.

E i nom. or acc. sin. of E I n. form.

हपतः for हपतस् ind. in form; (from हप with affix तस्.)

रूपमात्रवियोजितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; रूप cr. form, मात्र merely, only, वियोजितः nom. sin. m. deprived of, separated from.

हपवती nom. sin. f. of हपवत् m. f. n. beautiful, endowed with (a beautiful) form, ist cl. 105; see 140. b.

हपवान् nom. sin. m. of हपवत् m. f. n. possessed of (a beautiful) form, 140.

er. form, figure, सम्पद् ins. sin. of सम्पद् f. perfection, excellence, 5th cl. 136. हपसम्पन्ना TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; हप cr. beauty, सम्पन्ना nom. sin. f. of सम्पन्न m. f. n. endowed with, past p. p. of rt पद with prep. सम्, 540.

रूपे loc. sin. of रूप n. form.

हपेण ins. sin. of हप n. form, shape, beauty.

रूपेणाप्रतिमाम् for रूपेण अप्रतिमाम् by 31.

रूपेणाप्रतिमेन for रूपेण अप्रतिमेन by 31.

रूपौदार्यगुणोपेताम् Complex comp. 771; रूप cr. beauty, खौदार्ये cr. generosity, गुण cr. quality, उपेताम् acc. sin. f. of उपेत m. f. n. endowed with.

रेमे he enjoyed bliss, he took pleasure; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt रम्, see 375. a.

रोदिति he or she weeps; 3d sin. pres. of rt रुद्ध 2d cl. 322.

रोदिमि I weep for, I sorrow for; 1st sin. pres.

रोमहर्षेश nom. sin. m. erection of the hair of the body, either from a thrill of horror or delight; (रोम hair, and हर्ष q. v.)

रोमतामाञ्चस् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; रोम cr. anger, ताम cr. red, coppery, अश्वस् nom. sin. of अश्व m. for अश्वि the eye, see 778.

रोहिसी nom. sin. f. the fourth Lunar asterism personified as the moon's favourite wife, the moon being always a male deity in Hindú mythology.

रौद्रों for रौद्रम् nom. sin. of रौद्र m. f. n. fierce, ferocious.

ਲ.

लक्षणेर् for लक्षणेस् ins. pl. of लक्षण n. a mark, a spot, a characteristic.

लक्ष्योश ins. pl. of लक्ष्य n. a mark, indication.

লঙ্গৰ observe thou, take note of; 2d sin. imp. of rt লগু 10th cl. 283.

लक्ष्यन्ती nom. sin. f. of लक्ष्यत् m. f. n. observing; pres. p. of rt लक्ष्य 10th cl. 524.

लघायित्वा having observed or noticed; past ind. p. of rt लघा 10th cl. 558.

लक्ष्ये I observe, I see; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt लक्ष् 10th cl. 283.

লিংখিন nom.sin.n.of লেংখিন m.f.n.observed, perceived; past p. p. of rt লেখা 538.

ਲਬਿਜ: nom. sin. m. of ਲਬਿਜ m. f. n. seen, observed.

लिश्वाnom.sin.f.of लिश्वात m.f.n. perceived. लिश्वातेषं for लिश्वाता इयं by 32.

लिश्वतो for लिश्वतम् nom. sin. m. of लिश्वत m.f.n. seen, perceived; past p.p.ofrt लिश्व.

लक्ष्म्या ins. sin. of लक्षी f. fortune, the goddess of fortune, 124; see note under स्त्री.

लक्ष्मते he or it is perceived or seen; 3d sin. pres. of rt लक्ष्म in pass. 463.

लघुश् nom. sin. m. of लघु m. f. n. light, of little weight, 187.

लजां acc. sin. of लजा f. shame, modesty.

लज्जावत्यो nom. pl. of लज्जावती f. bashful, filled with shame, 1st cl. 106, see 140.

लिंधवान् nom. sin. m. of लिंधवान् m. f. n. he obtained; past act. p. of rt लिंभ 553.

লভ্ৰা having received, having obtained, having regained; past ind. p. of rt লেশ্ 556.

ਲਮਜੀ they receive, they take, they undertake (?); 3d pl. pres. átm. of ਲਮ੍.

ਲਲਾਂਟੇ loc. sin. of ਲਲਾਂਟ n. the forehead.

लाघवं nom. or acc. sin. n. lightness, contempt, disrespect.

लाभाय dat. sin. of लाभ m. gain, see 811.

लिङ्गधारणे Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; लिङ्ग cr. mark, badge, characteristic, धारणे loc. sin. of धारण n. bearing, holding, possessing, wearing, 1st cl. 104.

লিক্লানি nom. or acc. pl. of লিক্ল n. a sign, a mark, characteristic, attribute, 1st cl. 104. নুষকা nom. sin. of নুষক m. a hunter.

लेखा nom. sin. f. a streak, a line, a digit (of the moon).

ਲੇਮੇ he recovered; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt ਲਮ 375. a.

लोक m. the world, people, mankind, 1st cl. 103.

लोक कान्ताम् acc. sin. f. loved by the world, dear to all mankind; (comp. of लोक cr. the world, and कान्त beloved.)

लोककृताम् gen. pl. of लोककृत् m. creator of the world or worlds; (comp. of लोक the world, and कृत् 580.)

ত্যক্ষমান্ত m. guardian of the world, 1st cl.
103; (comp. of তাৰ the world, and মান্ত
guardian, 743.) The guardians of the
world are the eight deities next below
the Hindú Triad. They are, 1. Indra;
2. Agni or fire; 3. Súrya, the sun; 4. Ćandra, the moon; 5. Pavana, the wind; 6.
Yama, the god of justice and lord of the
infernal regions; 7. Varuṇa, the god of
water; and 8. Kuvera, the god of wealth.
In the Nala only four are introduced, viz.
Indra, Agni, Varuṇa, and Yama. See
Hindú Theatre I. 219.

लोकपालसमे Anom. comp. 777; लोकपाल cr., see last, समे loc. sin. m. of सम m. f. n. like, resembling, 1st cl. 187.

लोकपाला for लोकपालास् nom. pl. m. guardians of the world. See लोकपाल.

लोकपाला: nom. pl. m. guardians of the world. लोकपालानां gen. pl. m. of the guardians of the world.

लोकपालाश्nom.pl.m.guardians of the world. लोकपालास्nom.pl.m.guardians of the world. लोकपालेषु loc. pl. of लोकपाल, q. v. लोकस्य gen. sin. of लोक m. the world. लोकान् acc. pl. of लोक m. the world. लोके loc. sin. of लोक m. the world. लोके for लोकस् nom. sin. of लोक m. the

लोचने nom. du. of लोचन n. the eye. लोभाच् for लोभांत् abl. sin. of लोभ m. eager desire.

लोभोपहतचेतसः nom. pl. m. having minds perverted by covetousness; (लोभ, उपहत, चेतस, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767.) लोष्टिम: ins. pl. of लोष्टन् m. n. a clod, lump of earth, 6th cl. 147.

व.

वंशभोज्यं nom. sin. n. to be possessed by a family, hereditary; (comp. of वंश cr. a family, and भोज्य to be enjoyed, 740.)

व: for वस् (same as युप्पान् or युप्पाकं) you, of you; acc. or gen. pl. of त्वत् 219.

वक्तव्यं nom. sin. n. of वक्तव्य m.f. n. to be said, to be spoken; fut. pass. p. of rt वच् 569. वक्तं to speak, to say; inf. of rt वच् 459, 650.

वज्ञं acc. sin. of वज्ञ n. the face, the mouth.

वद्यास loc. sin. of वदास n. the breast.

वस्यन्ति they will bear, they will carry; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt वह 414.

वस्यसिthou shalt say; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt वच् वच: for वचस् nom. or acc. sin. of वचस् n. speech, word, 7th cl. 164.

वचनं nom. or acc. sin. of वचन n. word, speech, 1st cl. 104.

वचनाह for वचनात abl. sin. of वचन n. order, injunction, 1st cl. 104.

वचने loc. sin. of वचन n. a word, 1st cl. 104. वचम् nom. or acc. sin. of वचम् n. speech, 7th cl. 164.

वचो for वचस् nom. or acc. sin. of वचस् n. speech.

वत interj. Ah! Oh! Alas!

वत्यिस thou shalt dwell; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt वस् 607.

चास्यामि I will dwell; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt वस् 607, 304. a.

वत्याम्यहमसंशयं for वत्यामि छहम् ससंशयं by 34.

यद say thou, tell thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt यद 1st cl. 599.

वदति he speaks, he describes; 3d sin. pres. of rt वद.

वदरीविस्वसञ्चनं Complex comp.771; वदरी cr. the jujube, a kind of tree or plant, विख्व cr. the vilva or bel-tree, सञ्चनं acc. sin. n. of सञ्चन m. f. n. covered, concealed; past p. p. of rt छह with सं, 540.

बदस्ब speak thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt बद्घ 1st cl. 599.

यदिष्यांना they will speak; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt वट.

वदेह for वदेत he or she may speak; 3d sin. pot. of rt वह 1st el. 599.

वन for वने loc. sin. of वन n. a wood, see 36. वनं nom. or acc. sin. of वन n. a wood.

वनगजान् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; वन cr. a wood, a forest, गजान् acc. pl. of गज m. an elephant.

वनगुल्मांश् for वनगुल्मान् (53) TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743; वन cr. the forest, गुल्मान् acc. pl. of गुल्म m. a bush, a shrub.

वनपन्नगान् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वन cr. wood, पन्नगान् acc. pl. of पन्नग m. a snake, 1st cl. 103.

वनस्यया ins. sin. f. of वनस्य m. f. n. staying in the wood, a forester; (from वन cr. a wood, and स्य staying, 580. b.)

वनस्यास्य for वनस्य अस्य by 31.

वनानि acc. pl. of वन n. a wood.

वनानरे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वन cr. wood, अनरे loc. sin. of अनर n. midst, middle space, other, 1st cl. 104.

वने loc. sin. of वन n. a wood.

वनेषु loc. pl. of वन n. a wood, ist cl. 104.

वनेपूपवनेषु for वनेषु उपवनेषु by 31.

वनोड़वै: ins. pl. of वनोड़व m. that which is produced in a forest, a tree, bough, bush, &c.; (comp. of वन, q.v., and उड़व produced.)

वपु: nom. or acc. sin. of वपुस् n. body, form,

वपुमैलसमाचितम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वपुस् cr. the body, 65, मल cr. dirt, समा-चितम् nom. sin. n. covered over.

वपुषा ins. sin. of वपुस् n. form, body, figure, 7th cl. 165. a.

वयं we; nom. pl. of अस्मत, q. v.

वयः for वयस nom. sin. n. age.

वय: प्रमाणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वय: cr. age, प्रमाणं nom. sin. n. measure, quantity, length, proof.

वयस nom. sin. n. age, period of life, 164.

वयसा ins. sin. of वयस् n. age, time of life, 7th cl. 164.

वयसि loc. sin. of वयस् n. age, period of life.

वरं acc. sin. of वर m. a boon, a gift, 1st cl. 103.

बर: nom. sin. m. of बर m. f. n. best, most excellent, 1st cl. 103, see 187.

वरनारीणां KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; वर cr. best, most excellent, नारीणाम् gen. pl. of नारो f. a woman, 1st cl. 106.

atu choose thou; 2d sin. imp. par. of rt q in caus. with sense of the simple verb, 675.

वरयस्व choose thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt वृ in caus. with sense of the simple verb, 675; there is also a root वर 10th cl.

नरयामास he or she chose; 3d sin. perf. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

चरिष्णित he or she will choose; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt व 10th cl. 283.

वरियणामि I will choose; 1st sin. 2d fut. par. of rt व, see 283.

वरियपे I will choose; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt व 10th cl. 283.

चरपेत् she would choose; 3d sin. par. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

वरबंद for वरवेत he or she may choose.

वरवर्णिन O excellent lady; voc. sin. of वरवर्णिनी f. an excellent or beautiful woman, 1st cl. 106.

चरवर्षिनी nom. sin. f. an excellent woman; (बर best, and वर्ष class, caste, colour, with affix इन.)

वरवर्णिनीं acc. sin. f. an excellent or lovely woman.

वरस्त्रिय: nom.pl.f. excellent women; (comp. of वर excellent, and स्त्री 123.b.)

वराङ्गना KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; वर

cr. excellent, best, अङ्गना nom. sin. f. a woman, see 743. b.

वराङ्गनाः nom. pl. f. best of women, 743. b.

वरान् acc. pl. of वर m. a blessing, a gift, a boon, 1st cl. 103.

वरारोहा nom. sin. f. an elegant or graceful woman; (comp. of वर excellent, and आरोह waist or hip.)

वरारोहां acc. sin. of वरारोहा f. a beautiful woman.

वराहांश for वराहान् acc. pl. of वराह m. a hog, a boar, 1st cl. 103.

विष्यति he or she will choose; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt वृ 398.

वहणं acc. sin. of वहण Varuna. See next.

यहणो for यहणस् nom. sin. of यहण m. Varuṇa, the god of the waters. In the later mythology he is a kind of Hindú Neptune. He is regent of the west, and lord of punishment, in which latter capacity he resembles Yama, and, like him, holds a snaky cord or noose with which he binds incorrigible offenders under the water. His váhana or vehicle is the fabulous fish called Makara.

वर्चेखिनी nom. sin. f. of वर्चेखिन् m. f. n. bright, brilliant, 6th cl. 159.

वर्जितं nom. sin. n. of वर्जित m. f. n. deprived of, destitute of, (governing instrumental case.)

वर्जिताँ for वर्जितान् (by 56) acc. pl. m. of वर्जित m.f. n.free from, destitute of, void of.

वर्षमानेषु loc. pl. of वर्षमान being extolled, being described; pres.p. pass.of rt वर्ष 528.

वर्तनां let it abide, let it remain, let it proceed; 3d sin. imp. átm. of rt वृत् 1st cl. 598.

वर्तने he lives or exists, he abides; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृत् 1st cl. 598.

यतमाने loc. sin. m. of यतमान m. f. n. existing, taking place, going on, extant; pres. p. átm. of rt नृत् 598.

वतेयन् nom. sin. m. of वर्तेयत् m. f. n. sup-

porting existence; pres. p. par. of rt qn in caus. 598, 525.

वर्तयामास he lived, he passed (his days); 3d sin. perf. of rt वृत् in caus. 490.

वर्धयमि thou dost increase, thou augmentest; 2d sin. pres. of rt वृथ in caus. 481.

वर्धयस्यमरोपम for वर्धयास खमरोपम by 34. वर्षायुतं acc. sin. n. for ten thousand years; (comp. of वर्ष a year, and खयुत n. ten thousand.)

वर्षे loc. sin. of वर्षे m. n. year, 1st cl. 103.

विस्तराजिनसंवीतेर Complex comp. 771; विस्तर cr. bark, आजिन cr. a skin, a hide, संवीतेर ins. pl. of संवीत m.f. n. clothed.

ववन्दे he or she saluted; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt वन्द 364.

ववृधे it increased, he increased; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt वृध् 364.

वयों he or it blew; 3d sin. perf. of rt वा 373. वशं acc. sin. of वश m. power, influence.

वश्वितन: acc. pl. m. of वश्वितन् m. f. n. obedient, submissive to authority, acting in obedience to (another's) will; (from वश्व will, authority, and वितन् behaving, being, abiding in.)

विश्वष्टभुग्विसमेस like to Vasishtha, Bhrigu, and Atri, Complex comp. 771; विश्वष्ट cr. Vasishtha, भृग्व for भृगु (34) cr. Bhrigu, खिंद cr. Atri, समेस ins. pl.m. of सम m.f.n. equal to, like. Vasishtha, Bhrigu, and Atri are three of the great saints or sages called Prajapatis or Brahmadikas, that is, mind-born sons of Brahma. They belong to the highest order of saints, and are also called Brahmarshis. They are variously described as seven, nine, ten, and even twenty-one in number. See Vishnu Purana, p. 49.

वस् of you; gen. pl. (= युप्माकं) 219.

वस dwell thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.

वसतस् they two dwell; 3d du. pres. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607. वसति he or she dwells; 3d sin. pres. of rt वस् वसती nom. sin. f. of वसत् m. f. n. dwelling; pres. p. of rt वस् 524.

वसतो gen. sin. of वसत् m. f. n. dwelling, residing; pres. p. of rt वस.

वसत्यनहैंस् for वसति अनहैंस् by 34.

वसवो nom. pl. of वस् m. a Vasu, a name of eight semi-divine beings, personifications of natural phenomena, whose names are variously enumerated. In the Vishņu Purána (p. 120, Wilson) they are thus given: I. Apa, water, or according to others Ahar, day; 2. Dhruva, the Polestar; 3. Soma, the moon; 4. Dava, fire; 5. Anila, the wind; 6. Anala or Pávaka, fire; 7. Pratyúsha, dawn; 8. Prabhása, light. They are represented as always attendant on their leader Fire, and in their relationship to this deity and to the worship of the Sun and Light, seem to belong to the Vedic period of Hindú mythology.

वसस्व dwell thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.

वसु nom. or acc. sin. n. wealth, property, substance, 3d cl. 114.

वसुधां acc. sin.of वसुधा f. the earth, 1st cl. 105.

वमुधाधिष O lord of the earth; (from वमुधा the earth, and अधिष m. a lord.)

वसुधाधिषं acc. sin. m. sovereign of the earth.

यस्थाधिप: nom. sin. m. lord of the earth.

वसुन्धरा nom. sin. f. the earth.

वसुन्धरां acc. sin. of वसुन्धरा f. the earth.

वसुसम्पूर्णी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वसु cr. wealth, सम्पूर्णी acc. sin. f. of सम्पूर्ण m. f. n. filled with, 1st cl. 105.

यसूनि acc. pl. of यसु n. wealth, substance, 3d cl. 114.

चसेतां irregularly for अवसेतां they two dwelt; 3d du. impf. átm. of rt चस् चसेतां may also be the 3d du. pot. par.

वस्तुं to dwell; inf. of rt वस् 607, 459.

वस्त्रं acc. sin. n. of वस्त्र n. a garment.

वस्त्राने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वस्त्र cr. garment, अने loc. sin. of अन n. end, 1st cl. 104.

वस्त्रार्धे acc. sin. n. the half of a garment; (comp. of वस्त्र cr. a garment, and अर्थ n. half.)

वस्त्रार्थप्रावृताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वस्त्र cr. garment, अर्थ cr. half, प्रावृताम् acc. sin. f. of प्रावृत m. f. n. covered.

वस्त्रार्थसंवीता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वस्त्र cr. garment, अर्थ cr. half, संवीता nom. sin. f. of संवीत m. f. n. clothed.

वस्त्रार्थ संवृता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वस्त्र cr. a garment, सर्थ cr. half, संवृता nom. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. clothed.

वस्त्रार्थस्य of half (her) garment; (from वस्त्र cr., q. v., and अर्थस्य gen. sin. of अर्थ n. half, 743.)

वस्त्रार्थस्यावकर्तनं for वस्त्रार्थस्य खवकर्तनं by 31.

वस्त्रार्थेन ins. sin. n. See वस्त्रार्थ.

वस्त्रार्थेनाभिसंवृता for वस्त्रार्थेन स्त्रिभंतृता by 31.

वस्त्रावकर्तन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वस्त्र cr. a garment, अवकर्तन ins. sin. of अवकर्त m. a part cut off, a strip, a fragment.

यहति he or it flows or is borne onwards; 3d sin. pres. of rt यह 1st cl. 261.

वहतो acc. pl. m. of वहत् m. f. n. bearing, conveying; pres. p. of rt वह 524.

वा ind. or, 728.

वाकां acc. sin. of वाका n. speech, words, ist cl. 104.

वाक्यानि acc. pl. of वाक्य n. speech, words. वाक्ये loc. sin. of वाक्य n. speech, words.

वाक्येन ins. sin. of वाक्य n. speech, words.

वाग्भिर ins. pl. of वाच f. a word, 176.

वाग्मी nom. sin. m. of वाग्मिन् m. f. n. eloquent, 6th cl. 159.

वाच् f. speech, a word, words, 8th cl. 176.

वाचं acc. sin. of वाच् f. a speech, a word. वाचा ins. sin. of वाच् f. speech, a word, 176. वाचो for वाचस् acc. pl. of वाच् f. speech. वाजिनाम् gen. pl. of वाजिन् m. a horse, 159. वाञ्छति he wishes, he desires; 3d sin. pres. of rt वाञ्छ 1st cl. 261.

वाञ्छिस thou desirest, thou wishest; 2d sin.
pres. of rt वाञ्छ.

वारं ind. very well ; (particle of assent.)

यातज्ञवैर ins. pl. m. fleet as the wind; (comp. of वात cr. the wind, जवैर ins. pl. of जव fleet.)

वातरंहस: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; वात cr. the wind, रहस: acc. pl. m. from रहस् n. speed, velocity, 164. a.

वाच for वा अथ by 31.

वान्यत for वा सन्यत by 31.

वापीश् acc. pl. of वापी f. a pool, 1st cl. 106. वामलोचना BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; वाम cr. beautiful, लोचना nom. sin. f. from लोचन n. an eye.

वायुना ins. sin. of वायु m. the wind, 110.

वायुभक्षेश् for वायुभक्षेस् ins. pl. of वायुभक्ष m.f.n. living on air; (comp. of वायु cr. air, and भक्षेश् ins. pl. of भक्ष feeding on.)

वायुर् for वायुस् nom. sin. of वायु m. the wind, the air, 3d cl. 110.

वायो loc. sin. of वायु m. the wind, 110.

वारणाः nom. pl. of वारण m. an elephant.

वारियत्वा having driven off, having expelled, having prohibited; past ind. p. of rt व in caus. 558.

वारि nom. sin. n. water, tears, 2d cl. 114.

वारिणा ins. sin. of वारि n. water, moisture, tears.

वार्षोप voc. sin. m. O Várshņeya! O descendant of Vṛishṇi! name of Nala's charioteer, also a name of Kṛishṇa. (Vṛishṇi, son of Madhu, of the family of Yadu, was the ancestor of Kṛishṇa.)

वार्षीयं acc. sin. m. Várshneya, Nala's charioteer.

वार्षोयजीवली nom. du. m. Várshņeya and Jívala, Dvan. or Agg. comp. 751.

वार्णीयश् nom. sin. m. Várshneya.

वार्षोयसहित TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वार्षोय cr. Várshņeya, सहित loc. sin. of सहित m. f. n. accompanied by.

वार्षोयसारिष: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; वार्षोय cr. Várshņeya, सारिष: nom. sin. n. a charioteer.

वार्षीय loc. sin. of वार्षीय m. Várshneya. वार्षीयेन ins. sin. of वार्षीय m. Várshneya. वार्षीयो for वार्षीयस् nom. sin. m. Várshneya. वार्षीयो for वार्षीयस् nom. sin. m. Várshneya. वार्षातीम् acc. sin. f. of वारात् m. f. n. scream-

ing, crying; pres. p. of rt and 1st cl. 524. This root more usually belongs to the 4th cl.

वाष्पं acc. sin. of वाष्प m. tears.

वाष्पकलया Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; वाष्प cr. tears, suppressed tears, कलया ins. sin. f. of कल m.f. n. low in tone, 1st cl. 105.

वाष्पसन्दिग्धया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वाष्प cr. tears, suppressed tears, सन्दिग्धया ins. sin. f. of सन्दिग्ध m. f. n. doubtful, indistinct.

वाष्पाञ्चलां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वाष्प cr.tears, moisture of the eye, आञ्चलां acc. sin.f. of आञ्चल m.f. n. confused, 1st cl. 105.

वाष्पेश ins. sin. of वाष्प m. tears, (only used in the singular.)

वाष्येणापिहिता for वाष्येण ऋषिहिता by 31. वासश for वासस (62) acc. sin. of वासस n.

a garment, 7th cl. 164.

वाससञ् for वाससस् of the garment; gen. sin. of वासस् n. a garment.

वाससा ins. sin. of वासस् n. a garment, vest.

वाससां gen. pl. of वासस् n. a garment.

वाससाळ्त्रः for वाससा खाळ्त्रः by 31.

वाससी for वाससस् gen. sin. of वासस् n. a garment, dress, 7th cl. 164.

वासांसि acc. pl. of वासस् n. clothes, a garment, 164.

वासो for वासस् nom. sin. of वास m. dwelling, abode.

वासो for वासस् acc. sin. n. a garment.

वासोयुगं acc. sin. n. a pair of garments; (comp. of वासो for वासस् n. a garment, and युग a pair, a couple, 743.) The dress of a Hindú consists of two pieces of cloth, one, the lower garment, fastened round the waist, and one, the upper garment, thrown loosely and gracefully over the shoulders.

वाहने loc. sin. of वाहन n. the act of driving (horses &c.); lit. causing to carry or draw.

वाहिना ins. sin. of वाहिन् m. a vehicle, a chariot, 6th cl. 159.

वाहुक voc. sin. of वाहुक m. Váhuka, name of a charioteer.

वाहुकं acc. sin. m. Váhuka. See last.

वाहुकछितनं acc. sin. m. in the disguise of Váhuka; (from वाहुक Váhuka, and छित्तन् m. f. n. possessed of a disguise, 159.)

वाहुकरूपिणम् acc. sin. m. in the form of Váhuka; (comp. of वाहुक, and रूपिन् having a form, 85. VI, 159.)

वाहकस्य gen. sin. of वाहक m. Váhuka.

वाहके loc. sin. of वाहक m. Váhuka.

याहकेन ins. sin. of याहक m. Váhuka.

वाह्को for वाह्कस् nom. sin. m. Váhuka.

याद्यतः for वाद्यतम् (63) ind. outside, out-ofdoors, 719. b.

fa prep. implying disjunction, distinction, dispersion, &c.

विंश्तितमः nom. sin. m. twentieth, 211.

विकटो nom. sin. of विकट m. f. n. without a mat (to rest on); (from वि 726. e, and कर m. a mat made of grass or straw.)

विकस्पितुम् to hesitate, to shrink, to waver; inf. of rt कम्प with वि.

चिकतेयं I may cut off; 1st sin. pot. of rt कृत with चि, here used as a verb of the 1st cl., but properly of the 6th cl., see 281. विकारं acc.sin. of विकार m. emotion, feeling. विकृतं acc. sin. m. of विकृत m. f. n. changed in form, deformed; past p. p. of rt क् with वि, 532.

विकृताकारा Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; विकृत cr. distorted, mis-shaped, आकारा nom. sin. f. from आकार m. form, shape.

विकृतो for विकृतस् nom. sin. m. of विकृत m. f. n. deformed.

विकोष acc. sin. m. of विकोष m. f. n. unsheathed; (from चि 726. e, and कोष m. a sheath, a scabbard.)

विक्रान voc. sin. m. of विक्रान m. f. n. valiant. विक्रान nom. sin. of विक्रान m. f. n. valiant, brave.

विख्यानं acc.sin.f. of विख्यान m.f. n. called, named, known as; past p. p. of rt ख्या with वि, 530.

विख्यातो for विख्यातस् nom. sin. of विख्यात m. f. n. celebrated.

विगणयन् nom. sin. m. of विगणयन् m. f. n. weighing, pondering, thinking on; pres. p. of rt गण् with वि, 10th cl. 525.

विगतज्ञरम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विगत cr. freed from, ज्ञरम् acc. sin. of ज्ञर m. trouble, feverishness, distress of mind.

विगतसङ्ख्या for विगतसङ्ख्यास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विगत cr. devoid of, सङ्ख्यास् nom. pl. of सङ्ख्या m. purpose, resolution, design, 1st cl. 103.

विमं acc.sin.of विम्नm.an obstacle, a difficulty.

विश्वकतृ्णाम् gen. pl. of विश्वकता m. the causer of obstacles; (comp. of विश्व cr. an obstacle, and कतृ a doer, 4th cl. 127.) The deity Ganesa is worshipped at the commencement of all undertakings as both creating and removing obstacles.

विचरतां of them roaming or flying about; gen. pl. m. of विचरत. See विचरत्.

विचर्ति he or she roams about; 3d sin. pres. of rt चर with चि, 1st cl. 261.

विचरत्येका for विचरति एका by 34.

विचरन् nom.sin.m. of विचरत्m.f.n. roaming about; pres. p. par. of rt चर् with वि, 524.

विचरामि I wander about; 1st sin. pres. of rt चर् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

विचरामीह for विचरामि इह by 31.

विचरितं acc. sin. of विचरित n. wandering, roaming.

विचलितुम् to move; inf. of rt चल् with वि,

विचारणा nom. sin. f. doubt, hesitation.

বিৰাম having deliberated, having considered, having debated; past ind. p. of rt ৰা in caus. with বি, 566.

विचित्रमाल्याभरणैर् for विचित्रमाल्याभरणैस् Complex comp. 771; विचित्र cr. variegated, माल्य cr. garland, आभरणैर् ins. pl. of आभरण n. an ornament, 1st cl. 103.

विचिन्य having reflected, having thought; past ind.p. of rt चिन्त with चि, 10th cl. 566.

विचिन्यानो for विचिन्यानस् nom. sin. m. of विचिन्यान m. f. n. seeking for, searching through; pres. p. átm. of rt चि with चि, 5th cl. 524.

विचेष्टितम् acc. sin. of विचेष्टित n. action, act, conduct.

विच्यति: nom. sin. f. severance, separation.

विजने loc. sin.m. or n. of विजन m.f. n. lonely, deserted; (from वि726.e, and जनa person.)

विजने loc. sin. n. in private, in a private place, in the desert.

विजयं acc. sin. of विजय m. victory.

विजहार he rambled, he roamed; 3d sin. perf. of rt ह with वि, 593.

विजहारामरोपम: for विजहार स्नमरोपम: by 31. विजानीत know ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt ज्ञा oth cl. with वि, 688.

विजानीहि know thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. with वि.

चित्रित: nom. sin. m. of चित्रित m. f. n. conquered; past p. p. of rt जि with चि, 532.

विज्ञाते loc. sin. m. of विज्ञात m. f. n. known; past p. p. of rt ज्ञा with वि, 532.

विज्ञाय having known, having ascertained; past ind. p. of rt ज्ञा with वि, 559.

चित्रेयो nom. du.m. of चित्रेय m.f.n. to be perceived; fut. pass. p. of rt झा with चि, 571. a.

वितरिस thou dost grant; 2d sin. pres. See next.

चित्ररामि I bestow, I grant; 1st sin. pres. of rt तृ with चि, 1st cl. 261.

वितिमिराम् acc. sin. f. of वितिमिर m. f. n. devoid of gloom; (comp. of वि 726. e, and तिमिर darkness.)

विसं nom. sin. n. wealth, property.

विज्ञवन्तम् acc. sin. of विज्ञवत् m. f. n. possessed of riches, 140.

विवासितविहङ्गमाम् BAH.ORREL.COMP.767; विवासित er. frightened away, विहङ्गमाम् acc. sin. f. from विहङ्गम m. a bird.

विदर्भ m., generally declined in pl. विदर्भास nom. Vidarbha, a district and city to the S. W. of Bengal, also called Kundina. It is supposed to be the same as the modern Berár or Nágpúr. Some take Vidarbha as the name of the country and Kundina as its capital. Mention is made of both Vidarbha and its capital Kundina in the Málatí-Mádhava (Act I) as follows: विदर्भराजमन्त्रिणा देवरातेन माधवं पुतम् ज्ञान्वीक्षिकीश्रवणाय कुरिह-नपुराद इसां पद्मावतीं प्रहिरावता सुविहितं 'It has been well done by Devaráta, the minister of the king of Vidarbha, (in) sending his son Mádhava from the city of Kundina to this Padmávatí to study logic.' According to Prof.H.H.Wilson, Kundina corresponds to the modern district of Kondavir.

विदर्भतन्या TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, तन्या nom. sin. f. daughter. विदर्भनगरीं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ er. Vidarbha, नगरीं acc. sin. of नगरी f. a city, 1st cl. 106.

विदर्भेपतये dat. sin. of विदर्भेपति m. lord of Vidarbha; (comp. of विदर्भे and पति lord, 121.)

विदर्भेराजतनयां TAT. OR. DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भे cr. Vidarbha, राज for राजन cr. king, 57, तनयां acc. sin. of तनया f. a daughter.

विद्भेराजस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विद्भे cr. Vidarbha, राजस् nom. sin. m. for राजा a king, by 151.

विद्भैराजाधिपति: for विद्भैराजा अधिपति by 31.

विदर्भराजो for विदर्भराजस् nom. sin. m. king of Vidarbha.

विदर्भराज्ञो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, राज्ञो for राज्ञस् gen. sin. of राजन् 148.

विदर्भेराइ nom. sin. m. king of Vidarbha; (comp. of विदर्भ and राइ for राट 41, nom. sin. of राज m., 8th cl. 176. e.)

विदर्भसरसस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, सरसस् abl. sin. of सरस् n. a lake, 7th cl. 164.

विदर्भस्य gen. sin. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विदर्भी acc. sin. of विदर्भी f. the city of Vidarbha.

विदर्भोस् for विदर्भान् acc. pl. of विदर्भ Vidarbha.

विदर्भाणां gen. pl. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विद्भोधिपति: nom. sin. m. the sovereign of Vidarbha.

विदर्भीधिपतेर for विदर्भीधिपतेस gen. sin. m. of the lord of Vidarbha; (comp. of विदर्भ and अधिपति m. lord, sovereign.)

विदर्भी थिपनिन्दिनी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; विदर्भे cr. Vidarbha, अधिप cr. king, निन्दिनी f. a daughter.

विदभीन् acc. pl. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विदर्भाभिमुखो nom. sin. m. having his face towards Vidarbha, facing Vidarbha; (comp. of विदर्भ Vidarbha, and अभिमुख 761.) विदर्भेषु loc. pl. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विदितं nom. sin. n. of विदित m. f. n. known; past p. p. of rt विद 538.

विदिता nom. sin. f. of विदित m. f. n. known.

विदित्वा having known, knowing; past ind. p. of rt विद.

विद्धि know thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt विद् 2d cl. 308, 583.

विद्यक्षहृदयनं for विद्धि ऋष् by 34.

विद्य: we know; ist pl. pres. of rt विद् 2d cl. विद्यते he or it exists, there exists or is found; 3d sin. pres. of rt विद् 6th cl. in pass. 463. विद्या nom. sin. f. science.

विद्यां acc. sin. of विद्या f. science, knowledge, skill.

विद्यां I may know; ist sin. pot. of rt विद् 2d cl. 583.

विद्युत्त nom. sin. f. lightning, 5th cl. 136.

Beautiful women are often compared in Hindú poetry to lightning, which, as the forerunner of the rainy season, is regarded as an object of desire and admiration.

विद्युद् for विद्युत् nom. sin. f. lightning.

विद्युर for विद्युस they may know, they may recognise; 3d pl. pot. of rt विद् 2d cl. 583.

विद्योतयति he or she causes to shine, he or she illuminates; 3d sin. pres. of rt द्युत् in caus. with वि, 481.

विद्रविन they run away, they fly; 3d pl. pres. of rt दु with वि, 1st cl. 502.

विद्वान् nom. sin. m. of विद्वस् m. f. n. wise, prudent, 168. e.

विद्वेषणेन ins. sin. of विद्वेषण n. enmity, 1st cl. 104.

विधन्स do thou ordain, do thou act; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt धा 3d cl. with वि, 664.

विधिदृष्टेन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; विधि cr. rule, दृष्टेन ins. sin. n. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen, prescribed, approved.

विधिना ins. sin. of विधि m. manner, mode, action, 110.

विधिर nom. sin. of विधि m. fate, destiny, fated event, rule.

विधिवच् for विधिवत् ind. according to rule, 48, 724. a.

विधिवह for विधिवत ind. according to rule. विधीयतां let it be managed, let it be done; 3d sin. imp. pass. of rt धा with वि, 465.

विधे: gen. sin. of विधि m. fate, destiny, 2d cl. 110.

विध्वस्तपर्णेकमलां Complex comp. 771; वि-ध्वस्त fallen off, पर्णे leaf, कमलां acc. sin. f. from कमल n. a lotus.

विनंद्यामि I shall perish; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt नश् with वि, 415. k.

विनमते he bows himself; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt नम् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

विनयावनता nom. sin. f. modestly bending or bowing low with modesty; (comp. of विनय cr. modesty, and अवनत bent, 740.)

विनशेद he may perish; 3d sin. pot. of rt नश् here ist cl., but properly 4th cl. 620. विनश्येद would be more usual.

विनष्टा nom. sin. f. of विनष्ट m. f. n. lost; past p. p. of rt नश् 539.

विना ind. without, (governing ins. 731, 917.)

विनाशं acc. sin. m. of विनाश m. destruction. विनि: श्रस्य having sighed; past ind. p. of rt

यानः श्रम्य having sighed; past ind. p. of rt श्वम् with निर् and वि, 559.

विनि:सृत: nom. sin. m. of विनि:सृत m. f. n. come out, issued forth; past p. p. of rt सृ with निर् and वि, 896.

বিনিষ্কি**ய** having given in charge, having delivered over; past ind. p. of rt ষিষ্ with fand বি, 559.

विनिर्दिष्टं nom. sin. n. of विनिर्दिष्ट m. f. n. pointed out; past p. p. of rt दिश् with निर् and वि, 539.

विनिर्मित: nom. sin. m. of विनिर्मित m. f. n. formed, made; past p. p. of rt मा with निर्वासी वि, 533.

विनिमुक्ता: nom. pl. m. of विनिमुक्त m. f. n.

escaped, set free; past p. p. of rt मुच with निर् and वि, 539.

विनिष्क्रम्य having gone forth from; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with निर् and वि, 559.

विनिश्चित्य having deliberated, having weighed; past ind. p. of rt चि with निर् and वि (71. b), see 560.

विनिश्वस्य having sighed; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् with नि and वि, 559.

विनिहतं nom. sin. n. of विनिहत m. f. n. destroyed, slain; past p. p. of rt हन् with नि and वि, 545.

विनोते: ins. pl. m. of विनोत m. f. n. submissive, well-conducted.

विन्द्ति he incurs; he or she finds or meets with; he perceives or discovers; 3d sin. pres. of rt विद 6th cl. 281.

विन्दामि I find; 1st sin. pres. of rt विद 6th cl. 281.

विन्दे I find; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt विद 6th cl. 281.

विन्देत she may find; 3d sin. pot. átm. of rt विद 6th cl. 281.

विन्देतापि for विन्देत अपि by 31.

विनध्यो for विनध्यस nom. sin. of विनध्य m. the Vindhya mountain, a chain which divides Hindústán from the Dekhan or South country. These mountains, sometimes called Bindh, hold an important position both in the mythology and geography of India. According to some authorities they are called Bindhya, because they appear to obstruct the progress of the sun. The course of the Nerbudda (Narmadá) river falls in with the direction of the principal range; but the mountainous tract called Bindhya spreads much more widely, meeting the Ganges in several places to the North, whilst the Godavarí is held to be its Southern limit.

विन्यस्य having laid, having placed; past ind. p. of rt अस with वि and नि, 559.

विषरीतं nom. sin. n. of विषरीत m.f.n. adverse, reverse, contrary.

विषरीतानि acc. pl. n. adverse, unfavourable. विषरीतास् nom. pl. m. of विषरीत adverse.

विषयेय: nom. sin. of विषयेय m. contrariety, difference.

विषयेयश् nom. sin. of विषयेय m. the contrary, the reverse.

विषिने loc. sin. of विषिन n. a wood, a forest.

विपुलश्रोणि BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; विपुल cr. large, श्रोणि voc. sin. of श्रोणी f. the hip, 106; (O lady with swelling hips! O round-limbed!)

विपुले loc. sin. m. of विपुल m. f. n. large, vast, 1st cl. 187.

विप्र O Bráhman! voc. sin. of विप्र m. a Bráhman.

विष्रयुक्तः nom. sin. m. separated; past p. p. of rt युज् with प्र and वि, 539.

विप्रसमागमम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विप्र er. a Bráhman, समागमम् acc. sin. of समागम m. concourse.

विप्रा for विप्रास् nom.pl.of विप्रm.a Bráhman.

विमा for विमास् O Bráhmans! voc. pl. of विम m. a Bráhman.

विभियं acc. sin. of विभिय n. offence, anything disagreeable; (comp. of वि 726. e, and भिय agreeable.)

विबुधा for विबुधास O gods! voc. pl. of विबुध m. a god.

विबुधान् acc. pl. of विबुध m. a god.

विबुधास् voc. pl. of विबुध m. a god, 1st cl. 103.

विवृधेश्वराः O lords of the immortals! TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विवृध cr. a god, an immortal, ईश्वराः voc. pl. of ईश्वर m. a lord, 1st cl. 103, see 32.

विद्युवन्तु let them speak out; 3d pl. imp. of rt द्यू with वि, 649.

विभावसो gen. sin. of विभावस् m. the sun.

विभोतकं acc. sin. of विभोतक m. the Vibhítaka-tree (Beleric myrobalan). विभोतकश् nom. sin. m. the Vibhítaka-tree. विभु: for विभुस nom. sin. of विभु m. a lord, a master, 3d cl. 110.

विभृत्यर्थम् ind. through (his) omnipotence, for the sake of (displaying) his creative power; (comp. of विभृति superhuman power, and अर्थ 760. d, 791.)

विभो voc. sin. of विश्व m. a lord, a master.

विश्रमन् nom. sin. m. of विश्रमन् m. f. n. wandering over; pres. p. of rt भ्रम् with वि, 524, (governing acc.)

विमनास् nom. sin. m. of विमनस् out of one's mind, out of one's senses; (comp. of वि 726. e, and मनस्, see 164. a.)

विमानानि acc. pl. of विमान n. a vehicle, a car; usually a self-moving aerial chariot of the gods.

विमुक्तं acc. sin. m. or n. of विमुक्त m. f. n. freed, released, free from; past p. p. of rt मुच with वि, 539.

विमुक्तः nom. sin. m. of विमुक्त m. f. n. released, set free.

विमुच्य having released, having quitted; past ind. p. of rt मुच with वि, 559.

विमुचनो for विमुचनस् nom. pl. m. of वि-मुचन् m. f. n. uttering, emitting; pres. p. par. of rt मुच् with वि, 524.

विमृश्य having considered, having pondered; past ind. p. of rt मृश् with वि, 559.

विमोद्धित he will release; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt मुच with वि, 628.

विमोचनात् abl. sin. of विमोचन n. liberation, setting free, 1st cl. 104; see also 814. b.

विमोचय do thou release; 2d sin. imp. of rt मुच् with वि, 10th cl. 283.

वियोगं acc. sin. of वियोग m. separation.

वियोगश् for वियोगस् nom.sin.m. separation.

विरजांसि acc. pl. n. of विरजस m. f. n. free from dust, 7th cl. 164; (comp. of वि 726.e, and रजस dust.)

विरहिता nom. sin. f. of विरहित m. f. n. deserted by, separated from; past p. p. of rt रह with वि, 538.

विराजिद्धर ins. pl. of विराजित m. f. n. brilliant, splendid, shining, glittering; pres. p. par. of rt राज् with वि, 524.

विराजितम् acc. sin. m. of विराजित m. f. n. splendid, radiant.

विरूपोnom. sin.m. of विरूपm.f.n. deformed; (comp. of वि 726. e, and रूप.)

विलज्जमाना nom. sin. f. of विलज्जमान m.f.n. being modest; pres. p. átm. of rt लज्ज् with वि, 526.

विलपनी nom. sin. f. of विलपत् m. f. n. lamenting, wailing.

विलयनों acc. sin. f. of विलयन m. f. n. lamenting, mourning; pres. p. of rt लप् with वि, 524.

विलपमाना nom. sin. f. of विलपमान m. f. n. lamenting; pres. p. átm. of rt लप् with वि, 526.

विलिपतम् acc.sin.of विलिपत n. lamentation. विलिप lamenting, bewailing; past ind. p. of rt लप with वि, 559.

विलिश्चितुम् to delay; inf. of rt लघ्च with वि, 1st cl. 261, see 459.

বিললাম he or she lamented or uttered lamentations; 3d sin. perf. of rt লম with বি, 364.

विललापाञ्चपूर्णाञ्ची for विललाप सञ्चपूर्णाञ्ची by 31.

विवरो nom. sin. of विवर m. expansion, widening, dilatation.

विवर्णवदना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; विवर्ण cr. colourless, pale, वदना nom. sin. f. from वदन n. face, 108.

विवर्णा nom. sin. f. pale, colourless.

विवर्णों acc.sin.f.of विवर्ण m.f.n. pale, colourless; (comp. of वि 726. e, and वर्ण colour.)

विवस्तं acc. sin. m. of विवस्त्र m. f. n. without clothes; (from वि 726. e, and वस्त्र q. v.)

विवस्त्रो nom. sin. of विवस्त्र m.f. n. unclothed, without a garment.

विवाससम् acc. sin. m. of विवासस् m. f. n.

without clothes, 7th cl. 163; (from वि 726. e, and वासस्.)

विवासाह abl. sin. of विवास m. banishment from home; (in consequence of her exile.)

विवाहं acc. sin. of विवाह m. marriage, 1st cl.

विविधांश for विविधान् acc. pl. m. various. विविधान् acc. pl. m. of विविध m. f. n. various. विविधेषु loc. pl. n. of विविध m. f. n. various, different, 1st cl. 103.

विविधे: ins. pl. n. of विविध m. f. n. various. विविधेर ins. pl. m. of विविध m. f. n. various. विविधोपलभूषितम् Complex comp. 771; वि-विध cr. various, उपल cr. gem, jewel, भूषि-तम् acc. sin. m. of भूषित m. f. n. adorned.

विविज्ञाते they two entered; 3d du. perf. átm. of rt विज्ञ with prep. वि, 364.

विविशुर for विविशुस they entered; 3d pl. perf. of rt विश् with वि, 364.

विविश्वम् they entered; 3d pl. perf. of rt विश्व with वि, 364.

विवेश he or she entered; 3d sin. perf. of rt विश् with वि, 364.

विवेशाश्रमपदं for विवेश आश्रमपदं by 31.

विशक्कां acc.sin. of विशक्का f. suspicion, doubt. विशस्य having cut in two, having cut open;

past ind. p. of rt शस with व, 559.

निशाम्पति: nom. sin. m., lit. lord of (many) men of the Vaisya caste, i. e. either peasants or men engaged in trade. See next.

विशास्पत O lord of men! voc. sin. of वि-शास्पति TAT. OR DEP. COMP., in which the case of the first member is retained, see 743. c; विशास gen. pl. of विश्व m. a man, especially one of the commercial or agricultural class, 181; पते voc. sin. of पति 121. According to the original constitutions of Hindú society, as described in Manu, the population was divided into four castes or classes: 1. Bráhmans or priests; 2. Kshatriyas or soldiers; 3. Vaisyas or working-men, such as peasants or agricultural labourers and men in trade; 4. Súdras or slaves.

विशारदम् acc. sin. m. of विशारद m. f. n. skilled, skilful.

বিয়ালায়: nom. sin. m. large-eyed; (comp. of বিয়াল cr. large, and অধ্য for অধ্যি 778.)

विशालाखीम् acc. sin. f. See last.

विशितन ins. sin. n. of विशित m.f. n. sharp, sharpened, 1st cl. 104.

বিহিছে m. f. n. illustrious, distinguished, excellent, ist cl. 103.

विशिष्टाया for विशिष्टायास् gen. sin. f. of विशिष्ट illustrious.

বিহিছেন ins. sin. m. of বিহিছ illustrious, distinguished.

विज्ञीओं for विज्ञीर्णेस् nom. sin. m. of विज्ञीर्णे m. f. n. crushed, trampled on, broken; past p. p. of rt शृ with वि, 534.

विशेषतः for विशेषतस् ind. excellently, especially, particularly, 719. b. In Book XV. 3 it governs an instrumental case, and must be translated more excellently than, or in an especial manner compared with (others), 830; (formed from विशेष by affix तस.)

विशेषतो for विशेषतस् ind. especially, 719. b. विशेषण ins. sin. of विशेष, used adverbially, especially, particularly.

विशोका nom. sin. f. free from sorrow.

বিয়াকা acc. sin. f. of বিয়াক m. f. n. free from sorrow, without sorrow; (comp. of বি 726. e, and য়াক m. sorrow.)

বিষ্মশ্র acc. sin. m. of বিষ্মশ্র m. f. n. confidential, faithful, trusty, 1st cl. 103.

विश्रानं acc. sin. m. of विश्रान m.f.n. rested.

विश्राना nom. sin. f. of विश्रान m.f. n. rested, reposed; past p. p. of rt श्रम् with वि, 546.

विश्राम्यताम् let it be rested, let repose be taken; 3d sin. imp. of rt श्रम् in pass. with वि, 463.

विश्वत voc. sin. m. See विश्वत:.

विश्रुत: nom.sin.m.of विश्रुत m.f.n. celebrated, known; past p. p. of rt श्रु with वि, 532.

विश्वता nom. sin. f. of विश्वत m.f. n. celebrated, known.

विश्वतां acc. sin. f. known, celebrated.

विषं acc. sin. of विष n. poison, bane.

विषितिमित्रा nom. sin. f. caused by the poison; (comp. of विष n. poison, and निमित्र cause, 761.)

विषमस्य: nom. sin. of विषमस्य m.f.n. being in difficulty or misfortune; (comp. of विषम cr. difficulty, misfortune, and स्य remaining, 580.)

विषमस्य gen. sin. m. of विषमस्य m. f. n. being in trouble. See last.

विषमस्थेन ins. sin. m. involved in calamity.

विषमे loc. sin. of विषम n. difficulty, trouble, calamity.

विषमेषु in rough places; loc. pl. n. of विषम m.f. n. rough, uneven; (comp. of वि 726.e, and सम even.)

विषविमुक्तात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; विष cr. poison, विमुक्त cr. released from, आत्मा nom. sin. m. of आत्मन soul, 146.

विषीदन् nom. sin. m. of विषीदत् m. f. n. sorrowing, grieving; pres. p. of rt सद to despond, with वि.

विषीदन्तम् acc.sin.m.of विषीदत् m.f.n. sorrowing, desponding; pres.p.of rt सद with वि.

विषेण ins. sin. of विष n. poison.

विष्टभ्य having stopped, having made to stand still; past ind. p. of rt स्तम्भ with वि, 70.

विष्टितं acc. sin. of विष्टित m.f.n. abiding, staying; past p. p. of rt स्था with वि, 70, 896. a.

विसर्जने loc. sin. of विसर्जन n. desertion.

विससुप: they flew about, they fluttered hither and thither; 3d pl. perf. of rt सृप with prep. वि, 364.

विसृज्य having let fall, having loosed or let go; past ind. p. of rt सृज् with वि.

विस्तरेण ind. at full length, 714.

विस्तरेणाभिधास्यामि for विस्तरेण श्रभिधा-स्यामि by 31.

विस्तीर्थों acc. sin. f. of विस्तीर्थे m. f. n. spread out; broad, wide.

विस्पष्टां acc. sin. f. of विस्पष्ट m. f. n. clear, distinct.

विसमयं acc. sin. of विसमय m. astonishment.

विस्मयान्त्रिताः Тат. or Dep. comp. 740; विस्मय cr. wonder, admiration, अन्त्रिताः nom. pl. of अन्त्रित m. f. n. possessed of.

विस्तयाविष्टो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; विस्तय cr. astonishment, wonder, आविष्टो for आविष्टस् nom. sin. affected by, filled with.

विस्मयो for विस्मयस् nom. sin. of विस्मय m. admiration, wonder, astonishment.

विस्मितस् nom. sin. m. of विस्मित m.f.n. astonished; past p. p. of rt स्मि with वि, 532.

विस्मिता nom. sin. f. of विस्मित m. f. n. astonished, surprised.

विस्मिता for विस्मितास् nom. pl. of विस्मित m.f. n. surprised, astonished, dismayed; past p. p. of rt स्मि with वि, 530.

विस्मिताननः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विस्मित cr. astonished, surprised, ञ्चाननः nom. sin. m. from ञ्चानन n. face, 108.

विस्मिताञ् nom. pl. f. of विस्मित m. f. n. astonished.

विस्मितर ins. pl. of विस्मित m.f.n. surprised, astonished; past p.p. of rt स्मि with वि, 532.

विहमेर ins. pl. of विहम m. a bird.

विहर्नेर by birds; ins. pl. of विहन्न m. a bird.

विहरंश for विहरन् nom. sin. of विहरत् m.f.n. roaming, sauntering about, taking pleasure; pres. p. par. of rt ह with वि, 593.

विहातुम् to abandon; inf. of rt हा with वि,

विहाय having abandoned; past ind. p. of rt हा with वि.

विहायसा ind. in the sky, aloft, 714.

विहित्तश nom. sin. m. of विहित m. f. n.

planned, devised; past p. p. of rt \u00e47 with fa, 533. a.

विहिता nom. sin. f. of विहित m. f. n. performed, enacted, committed.

विहितो for विहितस् nom. sin. m. of विहित m.f.n. appointed, destined, decreed; past p. p. of rt धा with वि, 533. a.

विहीनौ nom. du. m. of विहीन m.f. n. deprived of, separated from.

विद्वलं acc. sin. m. of विद्वल m. f.n. agitated.

বিহলা nom. sin. f. of বিহল m. f. n. agitated (with grief).

विद्वलां acc. sin. f. of विद्वल m. f. n. disturbed, agitated.

वीधितुम् to see, to be seen; inf. of rt ईख with वि, 459, 869.

वीतञ्चोक voc. sin.m. O Víta-soka! lit. O free from sorrow; another name for the Asokatree, 1st cl. 103.

वीर voc. sin. of वीर m. a hero.

वीरं acc. sin. of वीर m. a hero, 1st cl. 103.

वीरः nom. sin. of वीर m. a hero, heroic.

वीरप्रज्ञायिनि voc. sin. f. O mother of heroes! (comp. of वीर, q.v., and प्रजायिनी f. a mother, one who brings forth, gives birth.)

वीरबाहोर् for वीरबाहोस् gen. sin. of वीरबाहु name of a prince.

वीरश् nom. sin. m. a hero, heroic.

वीरसेन for वीरसेनस् nom. sin. m. Vírasena.

वीरसेन नृपसुपा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वीरसेन cr. Vírasena, नृप cr. a king, सुपा nom. sin. f. a daughter-in-law.

वीरसेनसुतिप्रया nom. sin. f. beloved by the son of Virasena, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वीरसेन cr. Virasena, सुत cr. a son, प्रिया nom. sin. f. of प्रिय m. f. n. beloved, dear.

वीरसेनसुतो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वीरसेन cr. Vírasena, सुतो for सुतस् nom. sin. of सुत m. a son.

वीरस्य gen. sin. of वीर m. a hero.

वीराः for वीरास् O heroes! voc. pl. of वीर m. a hero.

वीरे loc. sin. of वीर m. a hero.

वीरेश ins. sin. of वीर m. a hero, heroic.

वीरो for वीरस् nom. sin. m. a hero, heroic.

वीर्यसस्त्रवतो gen. sin. m. of वीर्यसस्त्रवत् m.f.n. possessed of valour and worth; (comp. of वीर्य cr. valour, सस्त्र cr. strength, worth, वत् affix, 84. VII, 140.)

वीर्यसम्पन्न: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वीर्य cr. valour, सम्पन्न: nom. sin. of सम्पन m. f. n. endowed with.

वृक्षमूलेषु TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वृक्ष cr. a tree, मूलेषु loc. pl. of मूल n. a root, 1st cl. 105.

वृक्षे loc. sin. of वृक्ष m. a tree.

वृक्षेपु loc. pl. of वृक्ष m. a tree, 1st cl. 103.

वृक्षेष्वारुद्ध for वृक्षेषु आरुद्ध by 34.

वृष्णीते he or she chooses; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृ 9th cl. 675 note.

वृद्धे I choose; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt वृ 9th cl. 675 note.

वृतं acc. sin. m. of वृत m. f. n. surrounded; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृतः nom. sin. of वृत m. f. n. elected, selected, chosen; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृतस् nom. sin. m. chosen, elected.

वृतां acc. sin. f. of वृत m. f. n. covered, overspread, surrounded; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृते loc. sin. m. of वृत m.f.n. chosen, elected; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृतो for वृतस् nom. sin. m. of वृत m. f. n. chosen; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृत्तानं acc. sin. of वृत्तान m. tidings, news, ist cl. 103.

वृद्धानाम् gen. pl. of वृद्ध m. an old man, a sage.

वृह्वानुशासनम् Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 743; वृद्ध cr. an old man, a seer, अनुशासनम् nom. sin. n. precept.

वृषेण ins. sin. of वृष m. See वृषो. वृषेणीत for वृषेण इति by 32. वृषों for वृषस् nom. sin. of वृष m. a bull, 1st cl.
103; used in Book VII. 6 as the name of
the principal die in a game with dice.

वृहत्सेनां acc. sin. of वृहत्सेना f. Vrihatsená, the name of Damayantí's nurse.

वृहत्सेने voc. sin. f. See last.

वृहदश्व for वृहदश्वस् nom. sin. of वृहदश्व m. Vrihadasva, the name of the sage who relates the story of Nala to Yudhishthira.

वेग: nom. sin. m. onset, impetus.

वेगतः (by 63. a) for वेगतस् ind. quickly, speedily; (from वेग with affix तस, 719.)

वेगेन ins.sin.of वेग m. impetuosity, 1st cl. 103.

वेतनं nom. sin. n. wages, hire, salary, pay.

वेतसेर् for वेतसेस् ins. pl. of वेतस m. a cane, a ratan, 1st cl. 103.

वेत्रि he knows; 3d sin. pres. of rt विद.

वेत्य thou knowest, thou mayest know; 2d sin. of a contracted perf. (used for pres.) of rt विद्र, see 308. a.

वेस्यामि I shall know; ist sin. 2d fut. of rt विद् 404.

वेद he knows, he comprehends; 3d sin. of a contracted form of the perf. of rt विद् used as a present, see 308. a.

वेदपारगै: ins. pl. m. of वेदपारग m. f. n. thoroughly conversant with the Vedas; (comp. of वेद and पारग, q.v.)

वेदविच for वेदविद by 49. See next.

वेदविद nom. sin. m. knowing the Vedas, see note under वेदाः; (comp. of वेद cr. the Veda, and विद्ध m. a knower, 137.)

वेदवेदाङ्गपारगः nom. sin. m. well-read in the Vedas and Vedángas, see next; (comp. of वेद cr. the Vedas, see next; वेदाङ्ग the Vedángas or sciences subordinate to the Vedas, such as grammar, prosody, pronunciation, etymology, &c., see note under साङ्गोपाङ्गाः; पारगः nom. sin. of पारग m. f. n. well-versed in, lit. going right through, going to पार, the opposite side.)

वेदाः nom. pl. of वेद m. the Veda or sacred scripture of the Hindús, 1st cl. 103. The four Vedas are the Rig-veda, the Yajur-veda, the Sáma-veda, and the Atharva-veda. Of these the Rig-veda is the oldest. It consists of metrical hymns or prayers termed súktas or mantras, each stanza of which is called a rié, addressed to the gods of the elements, and especially to Indra, god of the atmosphere, and Agni, fire. The composition of the principal mantras of the Rig-veda is supposed to have taken place about thirteen or fourteen centuries B. c.

वेदाखनैपुर्ण for वेद अधनैपुर्ण by 31.

वेदान् acc. pl. of वेद m. the Veda or sacred writings of the Hindús.

वेदितुम् to know; inf. of rt विद 459.

वेपयुश् nom. sin. m. tremor, trembling.

वेपमान: nom. sin. of वेपमान m. f. n. trembling; pres. p. átm. of rt वेप 526.

वेपमाना nom. sin. f. of वेपमान m. f. n. trembling; pres. p. átm. of rt वेप् 526.

वेपमानां acc. sin. f. of वेपमान m. f. n. trembling.

वेपमानेदम् for वेपमाना इदम् by 32.

विपमानो for वेपमानस् nom. sin. m. of वेपमान m.f.n. trembling; pres. p.átm. of rt वेप् 526. वेलाम acc. sin. of वेला f. time.

वेड्म nom. or acc. sin. of वेड्मन् n. a house, a dwelling, 153.

वेड्मनि loc. sin. of वेड्मन् n. a house, 153.

वेश्मानि acc. pl. n. of वेश्मन् n. a house, a dwelling, 153.

वै ind. indeed, truly. Often a mere expletive.

वैज्ञयम् acc.sin.of वैज्ञया n.agitation of mind.

वैदर्भि voc. sin. of वैदर्भी O daughter of the king of Vidarbha! i. e. Damayantí.

वैदर्भी nom. sin. f. Damayantí, daughter of the sovereign of Vidarbha.

वैदर्भी acc. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí, 1st cl. 106.

वैदर्भोजननी nom. sin. f. the mother of Damayantí (see जननी).

वैदर्भीत्येव for वैदर्भि इति एव by 32, 34.

वैदर्भी ins. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí.

वैदर्भी for वैदर्भीस् gen. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí.

वैदर्भां loc. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí.

वैदर्भाः gen. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí, 1st cl. 106.

वैश्रसं acc. sin. of वैश्रस n. slaughter, destruction.

वैश्रवण: nom. sin. m. Vaiśravaņa, a name of Kuvera, the god of wealth, (so called from his father विश्रवस.)

वैषम्यं acc. sin. of वैषम्य n. calamity, misfortune, evil condition.

वो for वस् you, for you, to you, of you; acc., dat. or gen. pl. from युष्मत्, q. v.

व्यक्त ind. plainly, evidently, certainly, 713.

व्ययते he or it grieves or suffers pain; 3d sin. pres. of rt व्यथ् 1st cl. 261.

व्यथपनि they afflict, they pain; 3d pl. pres. of rt व्यथ् 10th cl.

व्यचितं nom. sin. n. of व्यचित m. f. n. agitated; past p. p. of rt व्यच् 538.

व्याचिता: nom. pl. m. of व्याचित m. f. n. disturbed, troubled.

यदीयंत he or it was torn asunder; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt दू in pass. with वि, 468.

व्यदीर्यतेव for व्यदीर्यत इव by 32.

व्यपनीय having laid aside, having put away; past ind. p. of rt नी to lead, with अप and चि, 559.

व्यपाक में द he removed; 3d sin. impf. of rt कृष् with अप and वि, 606.

यभे loc. sin. n. of व्यभ्र m. f. n. cloudless; (from वि 726. e, and अभ्र q. v.)

व्ययुज्यत he was separated; 3d sin. impf. of rt युज् in pass. with चि, 702.

चरोचत he or it shone forth or appeared; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt रूच with चि, 261. यावर्धत he or it grew stronger or increased; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt वृथ् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

व्यवसायेन ins. sin. of व्यवसाय m. effort, exertion.

य्यविसता for व्यवसितास् nom. pl. m. of व्यव-सित m. f. n. resolved, determined.

यसनं acc. sin. of यसन n. calamity, misfortune. This word is especially applied to a king's neglect of his duty for the pleasures of the chase, gambling, &c.

यसनान्विताम् acc. sin. f. involved in calamity; यसन cr. calamity, misfortune, यन्विताम् acc. sin. of अन्वित m. f. n. possessed of, 1st cl. 104.

व्यसनाञ्जतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; व्यसन cr. calamity, आजुतम् acc. sin. m. overwhelmed with.

व्यसिननं acc. sin. m. of व्यसिनन् m. f. n. afflicted, fallen into calamity, 159.

व्यमनेन ins. sin. of व्यमन n. calamity.

व्यसनेनादितं for व्यसनेन ऋदितं by 31.

व्यसर्जयत् he left, he lost, he dismissed; 3d sin. impf. of rt सृज् in caus. with वि, 481.

व्यमु: nom. sin. m. of व्यमु m. f. n. lifeless; (from वि 726. e, and अमु m. breath.)

व्याकुलाम् acc. sin. f. of व्याकुल m.f.n. agitated.

याद्रेर ins. pl. of याद्र m. a tiger, 1st cl. 103. याजहार he uttered; 3d sin. perf. of rt ह with prep. खा and वि, 593.

व्यात्तास्यो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; व्यात्त cr. open, आस्यो for आस्यस् nom. sin. m. from आस्य n. mouth, 108.

व्याधः nom. sin. m. a hunter, 1st cl. 103.

याहरसे thou dost talk jestingly, thou dost rail; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt ह with आ and वि, 593.

चाहिरिषासि thou wilt talk jestingly, thou wilt rail; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt ह with आ and वि, 593.

चाहतुम् to utter, to say; inf. of rt ह with स्ना and चि, 459, 593.

युगितो for युगितस् nom. sin. m. of युगित m. f. n. lodged, (having lodged, 896); past p. p. of rt वस with वि, 607.

युष्टा nom. sin. f. of युष्ट m.f. n. lodged, having lodged; past p. p. of rt वस with वि. N. B. The regular past passive participle of this root is उपित, see 607, 543.

यूढोरस्क voc. sin. m. O broad-chested one! 766; (from यूढ cr. broad, and उरस् n. the breast, with affix क, see 80. LVI.)

चोमि loc. sin. of चोम न n. sky, heaven, 6th cl. 152.

রন go thou, depart thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt রন ist cl. 261.

वजामात्मान् for वज सामात्मान् by 31.

ब्रजामि I go; ist sin. pres. of rt ब्रज्.

ब्रजाम्येनम् for ब्रजामि एनम् by 34.

ब्रजेत् he or it may go; 3d sin. pot. of rt ब्रज् 1st cl. 261.

ब्रजेद he or she may go; 3d sin. pot. of rt ब्रज्. ब्रतम् nom. sin. of ब्रत n. a vow.

ब्रोडिता nom. sin.f. of ब्रोडित m.f. n. ashamed; past p. p. of rt ब्रीइ 538.

ब्रीडिता for ब्रीडितास् nom. pl. of ब्रीडित m.f.n. ashamed.

श.

शंस tell thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt शंस.

शंसत tell ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt शंस् 1st cl. 261.

शंसित he tells, he relates, he announces; 3d sin. pres. of rt शंस 1st cl. 261.

शंसिंस thou declarest, thou makest known ; 2d sin. pres. of rt शंस् 1st cl. 261.

शकुना for शकुनास् nom. pl. of शकुन m. a bird.

शकुनानाम् gen. pl. of शकुन n. an omen.

शकुनेर ins. pl. of शकुन m. a bird.

शको for शक्त स nom. sin. of शक्त m. f. n. able, capable; past p. p. of rt शक् 679, 539.

शक्तुविन they are able ; 3d pl. pres. of rt शक् 5th cl. 679.

शक्नोमि I am able; 1st sin. pres. of rt शक् 5th el. 679.

शकाते he or it is able; 3d sin. pres. of rt शक् in pass. 679 note, 869.

शक्मसे thou art able; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt शक् 4th cl. 679 note, 869.

য়াক্মা nom. sin. f. of মাক্ম m. f. n. able; fut. pass. p. of rt মাক্ 573.

शक्याच for शक्यों nom. du. m. of शक्य m. f. n.

शक्त m. a name of Indra, 1st cl. 103.

शक्रं acc. sin. of शक्र m. Indra.

মূল: nom. sin. of মূল m. Sakra, a name of Indra, 1st cl. 103.

शक्रेण ins. sin. of शक्र m. Indra.

शको for शक्त स nom. sin. of शक्त m. Indra.

श्रह्माना nom. sin. f. of श्रह्ममान m.f. n. suspecting, fearing; pres.p.átm.of rt श्रह्म 526.

शक्त thou dost fear, thou dost doubt; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt शक्त 1st cl. 261.

शहा nom. sin. f. doubt, suspicion.

शक्क I suspect, I fancy; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt शक्क 1st cl. 261.

शक्त he might suspect; 3d sin. pot. átm. of rt शक् 1st cl. 261.

श्रचीपति: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; श्रची cr. Sací, wife of Indra, पति: nom. sin. of पति m. a husband, 2d el. 121.

शच्या ins. sin. of शची f. the wife of Indra, ist cl. 106.

श्चोव for शच्या इव by 32.

शत n. a hundred, 206, 835. c.

श्रतं nom. or acc. sin. n. a hundred, 206, 835.b.

মান কানুন্ acc. sin. of মান কানু m. Indra; (from মান a hundred, and কানু a sacrifice; 'lord of a hundred sacrifices.')

श्रातपत्रायतेक्षणाम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; शतपत्र cr. a lotus, खायत cr. long, ईख् णाम् acc. sin. f. from ईक्ष्मण n. the eye. श्रातयोजनयायिभि: Complex comp. 771; शत cr. a hundred, योजन cr. a yojana, यायिभि: ins. pl. of यायिन् m. f. n. going, travelling, 159.

शानशो for शानशस् (64) ind. by hundreds; (शान 206, with affix शस् 725.)

য়ানা: nom. pl. of মান m. a hundred; used in Book XV. 6 for মানানি, as denoting a hundred suvarnas or gold coins. মান মানা: may be translated ten thousand gold coins.

शतुक्षेण voc. sin. m. O destroyer of (thy) foes; (comp. of शतु er. an enemy, and कर्षण one who tears.)

शतुम voc. sin. O killer of your enemies! (comp. of शतु cr. an enemy, and म a killer, from rt हन् 580. b.)

शतुनो for शतुनम् from an enemy, for शत्नोम् abl. of शतु, see affix नम् 719. a.

शनके for शनकेस् ind. slowly, by degrees.

शनकर for शनकेस् ind. slowly.

शनकेस् ind. slowly, softly, gently, for शनेस् 714.

शनै: for शनेस ind. by degrees, 714.

शपेन (for शपेत by 47) let him or he should curse; 3d sin. pot. of rt शप 1st cl. 261.

शमुं to curse; inf. of rt शप 459.

शभो for शभस nom. sin. m. of शभ m. f. n. cursed; past p. p. of rt शप 539.

शप्समें thou wilt curse; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt शप् 408.

श्रन्दं acc. sin. of श्रन्द m. sound, cry.

शब्दः nom. sin. of शब्द m. sound.

शबो for शब्स nom. sin. of शब्द m. a sound.

श्रम for श्रमस् nom. sin. of श्रम m. calmness of mind, tranquillity, equanimity.

श्रयानं acc. sin. m. of श्रयान m. f. n. lying down; pres. p. átm. of rt श्री 646, 526. a.

श्रयासनभोगेषु DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 749; श्रया cr. a bed, a couch, lying down, श्रासन cr. a seat, sitting down, भोगेषु loc. pl. of भोग m. a meal, eating, 1st cl. 103. श्राणं acc. sin. of श्राण n. a refuge, one who acts as a protection or defence; also taking refuge.

য়ংখাখিন: nom. pl. m. of মংখাখিন m. f. n. seeking a refuge, seeking for protection; (comp. of মংখা cr. refuge, and স্থাখিন seeking, 6th cl. 159.)

श्राणिनी nom. sin. f. seeking a refuge.

which or who affords refuge or protection, 1st cl. 103.

श्रादः acc. pl. of श्रादः f. a year, (properly autumn.)

श्रादां gen. pl. of श्राद f. autumn.

श्रारीराणि acc. pl. of श्रारीर n. the body.

श्रारीरान् for श्रारीरात् (47) abl. sin. of श्रारीर n. the body.

शरीरानकरो for शरीरानकरस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शरीर cr. the body, अनकरस् nom. sin. of अनकर m. the destroyer.

श्रारीरिण: gen. sin. of श्रारीरिन् m. the (embodied) spirit.

श्रारीर loc. sin. of श्रारीर n. the body.

शशाप he or she cursed; 3d sin. perf. of rt शप् 364. The terrific power of a curse, according to Indian ideas, is well illustrated by Southey's 'Curse of Keháma,' and by 'The Death of Yajna-datta' in the Rámáyana, translated into English verse by the late Dean Milman.

शशापैनं for शशाप एनं by 33.

য়ামাম he ruled, he governed; 3d sin. perf. of rt য়াম 658.

शशिन: gen. sin. of शशिन् m. the moon, 6th cl. 159.

शशिनो for शशिनस् gen. sin. of शशिन् m. the moon, 6th cl. 159.

য়াম্বর্ল for য়ামান্ (48) ind. always, perpetually.

शस्त्र n. a weapon, (lit. the instrument of hurting, from rt शस् 80. XX), 1st cl. 104.

शस्त्रपाणयः nom. pl. m. armed, having wea-

pons in (their) hands; (शस्त्र a weapon, पाणि a hand; BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767.)

शस्त्राणि nom. pl. of शस्त्र n. a weapon.

शस्त्रेण ins. sin. of शस्त्र n. a weapon, an arrow, 1st cl. 104.

शाखयोः loc. du. of शाखा f. a branch, 105.

शाखामृगगणायुतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; शाखामृग cr. a monkey, गण cr. a troop, आयुतम् acc. sin. n. of आयुत m. f. n. filled with, possessed of.

शाखाया: gen. sin. of शाखा f. a branch, 105.

शाखे acc. du. of शाखा f. a branch, 105.

शातयामास he cut, he clove, he severed; 3d sin. perf. of rt शह in caus.

शातियत्वा having cut down, having cloven, having severed; past ind. p. of rt शह in caus. 558.

शातियणे I will cut down or off, I will cleave, I will tear; ist sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt शद in caus. 481.

शानचरा BAH. OR REL. COMP.767; शान cr. allayed, alleviated, assuaged, चरा nom. sin. f. from चर m. fever, pain, suffering, 108.

शान्तिस् nom. sin. of शान्ति f. settlement of difference, satisfaction.

शापाग्नि: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शाप cr. curse, अग्नि: nom. sin. m. fire, 110.

शापान् or शापाद for शापान् abl. sin. of शाप (47) m. a curse, 1st cl. 103.

शापेन ins. sin. of शाप m. a curse.

शारदी nom. sin.f. of शारद m.f.n. autumnal.

शादूल मृगसेवितम् COMPLEX COMP. 771; शादूल cr. a tiger, मृग cr. a deer, सेवितम् acc. sin. n. of सेवित m. f. n. infested by, resorted to, inhabited.

शादूँलो for शादूँलस् nom. sin. of शादूँल m. a tiger.

शालवेणुधवाश्वत्यतिन्दुकेङ्गुद्किशुकै: Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; शाल cr. the Salatree, वेणु cr. a bambu, धव cr. Dhava, a kind of tree, अश्वत्य cr. the holy fig-tree, तिन्दक Tinduka, a kind of ebony-tree, इङ्गद Inguda, a kind of tree or plant, किश्वक: ins. pl. of किश्वक m. the Kinsukatree, 1st cl. 103. The S'ál-tree is the Shorea-robusta, which yields a resinous exudation; the Dhava is the Grislea tomentosa; the Asvattha is the Ficus religiosa or holy fig-tree, also called Pippala. There are two other celebrated fig-trees in India, the Ficus glomerata, called Udumbara in this list, and the Ficus Indica, called Nyagrodha or Vata, or in English the Banyan-tree. The Ingudí, commonly called Ingua or Jiyaputa, is a tree from the fruit of which necklaces of a supposed prolific efficacy were made (Jiva-putraka). In the Raghu-vansa (XIV. 81) there is an allusion to the fruit being used by hermits to supply oil, and in the Sakuntalá (Act II) to its furnishing them with ointment. Kinsuka is the Butea frondosa, a tree bearing beautiful red blossoms.

য়ালান্থায় nom. pl. m. standing in the stables; (comp. of য়ালা a stable, and ন্থ staying, 580.)

शालिहोत्रो for शालिहोत्तम् nom. sin.m. S'álihotra, name of a personage skilled in horses.

शाश्वताः nom. pl. m. of शाश्वत m.f. n. eternal.

शाश्वतो for शाश्वतम् nom. sin. m. of शाश्वत m. f. n. everlasting.

शासनं nom. sin. n. a precept, a maxim.

शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. order, command, decree, 104.

शास्त्रतः for शास्त्रतम् ind. according to rule, (lit. according to the Sastras; from शास्त्र and affix तम् 719.)

शिखरेश ins. pl. of शिखर m. n. a peak, 1st cl. 103.

शिखनः nom.pl. of शिखन् m. a peacock, 159. शिखनम् nom.pl. of शिखन् m. a peacock, 159. शिरम् acc. sin. of शिरम् n. the head, 164. গ্নিলানত TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; গ্নিলা cr. a rock, নল্প acc. sin. of নল n. surface.

शिलोचयम् acc. sin. of शिलोचय m. a mountain, 1st cl. 103.

शिल्पानि nom. pl. of शिल्प n. an art, craft.

য়োৰ: nom. sin. m. of য়েৰ m. f. n. auspicious, propitious, safe.

शिष्टा nom. sin. f. of शिष्ट m. f. n. left; past p. p. of rt शिष् 672, 539.

शिष्यस् nom.sin.m. a disciple, scholar, pupil. शीघं ind. quickly.

शीध्रयाने KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; शीध cr. rapid, याने loc. sin. of यान n. motion, going, driving, 1st cl. 104.

शीघ्रयानेषु loc. pl. n. See last.

ज़ीमा for ज़ीमास nom. pl. m. of ज़ीम m.f. n. fast, rapid, fleet.

श्रीतांशुना ins. sin. of श्रीतांशु m. the moon; (from श्रीत cold, and अंशु a ray, beam.)

श्रीणानां gen. pl. of श्रीण m. f. n. broken off; past p. p. of rt श् 534.

शीलनिधि: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शील cr. virtue, निधि: nom. sin. m. treasure.

शीलवान् nom. sin. of शीलवत् m. f. n. of a good disposition, amiable, 5th cl. 140.

शुच: for अशुच: 2d sin. aor. of rt शुच् to grieve, see 889.

श्रुचिए for श्रुचिस् nom. sin. of श्रुचि m. Sući, the name of the captain of the caravan.

शुचिसना smiling serenely or sweetly, BAH.
or Rel. comp. 761; शुचि cr. serene or
white (showing the teeth), स्मिता nom.
sin. f. from स्मित n. a smile, 108, or from
स्मित past p. p. of rt स्मि 896. b.

शुचिस्मिताम् acc. sin. f. smiling sweetly.

शुचिसिते voc. sin. f. O sweetly smiling (maiden)!

शुच्युपचारो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; शुचि cr. holy, pure, उपचारो for उपचारस् nom. sin.m.from उपचार practise, action, usage. शुद्धान् acc. pl. m. of शुद्ध m. f. n. correct, faultless, pure.

शुध्यते is cleared (from blame &c.), is acquitted; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt शुध् 463.

शुभ m.f.n. beautiful, happy, good, 1st cl. 187.

शुभा nom. sin.f. of शुभ m.f.n. good, beautiful.

शुभां acc. sin. f. of शुभ m. f. n. beautiful, auspicious, happy.

शुभानना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; शुभ cr. beautiful, आनना nom. sin. f. from आनन n. face.

शुभे loc. sin. of शुभ m.f. n. auspicious, 1st cl. 187.

शुभे voc. sin. f. of शुभ m. f. n. beautiful.

शुक्षेण ins. sin. m. of शुक्ष m. f. n. bright, splendid.

মুস্তাৰ he or she heard; 3d sin. perf. of rt সু 369.

शुस्रुद: they heard; 3d pl. perf. of rt सु

शुश्रुवुस् they heard ; 3d pl. perf. of rt श्रु.

शुष्तमोतां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; शुष्त cr. dried up, म्रोतां acc. sin. of म्रोता f. substituted for म्रोतम् n. a stream.

शून्यं acc. sin. n. of शून्य m. f. n. deserted, desert, lonely, empty, void, hollow.

श्रून्य loc. sin. n. of श्रून्य m. f. n. deserted, lonely. शर m. a hero, 1st cl. 103.

शूट: for शूरस (63) nom. of शूर m. a hero.

श्रा for श्राम् (66. a) nom.pl.of श्रा. a hero.

शुक्तभातेर ins. pl. with (thy) hundred peaks, or with hundreds of peaks; शुक्त cr. a peak, भातेर for भातेस ins. pl. from भात n. a hundred, 743. a.

मृताणां gen. pl. of मृत n. a peak, a crag.

शृक्तेर for शृक्तेस ins. pl. of शृक्त n. the peak of a mountain, a horn.

ज्ञृणु Hear! Listen! 2d sin. imp. of rt श्रु 5th cl. 676.

शृणात hear ye; 2d pl.imp. of rt श्रु 5th cl. 676. शृणोति he hears; 3d sin. pres. of rt श्रु 5th cl. 676. शृयनतोः of (those) two hearing; gen. du. of शृयनत् pres. p. par. of rt श्रु to hear, 5th cl. 676, see 524.

शते he or she sleeps or lies down; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt शी 2d cl. 315, see 646.

श्रेषे ind. as to the rest, in regard to what remains; (loc. sin. of श्रेष m. remainder, used adverbially.)

शोकं acc. sin. of शोक m. sorrow, 1st cl. 103. शोककर्षिता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; शोक cr. sorrow, कर्षिता nom. sin. f. of क्यित m. f. n. harassed, past p. p. of rt कृष्.

शोककर्षिताम् acc. sin. f. See last.

शोकनं nom. sin. n. of शोकन m.f. n. produced by sorrow, lit. sorrow-born; (from शोक grief, and न 580. b.)

शोकजेन ins. sin. n. of शोकज caused or produced by grief; (comp. of शोक and ज 580.)

शोकजेनाथ for शोकजेन अप by 31.

शोकदुःखसमन्यिता Complex comp. 771; शोक cr. sorrow, दुःख cr. pain, समन्यिता nom. sin. f. of समन्यित m.f.n. affected by.

शोकदु:खाभ्याम् Dvan. or Agg. comp. 752; शोक cr. sorrow, दु:खाभ्याम् ins. du. of दु:ख n. pain, grief.

शोकनाशन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शोक cr. sorrow, and नाशन voc. sin. of नाशन m. remover, destroyer, agt. of rt नश् 582.c.

शोकनाशनम् acc. sin. m. See last.

श्रोकपरायणा nom. sin. f. given up to grief; (comp. of श्रोक cr. sorrow, and परायण wholly addicted to.)

शोकपरिप्रुत: Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; शोक cr. sorrow, परिप्रुत: nom. sin. m. overwhelmed.

शोकविनाशिनीम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शोक cr. sorrow, विनाशिनीम् acc. sin. f. of विनाशिन् m. f. n. destroying, removing, agt. from rt नश् with वि, 582,6th cl. 159.

शोकविवर्धन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शोक cr. sorrow, विवर्धन voc. sin. of विवर्धन m. one who increases, from rt वृध with वि, 582. c.

शोकविवधैनः nom. sin. m. See last.

शोकसंविग्नमानसः nom. sin. m. having his heart distracted with grief; (शोक sorrow, संविग्न agitated, मानस mind, see 771.)

शोकसन्तमा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; शोक cr. sorrow, सन्तमा nom. sin. f. of सन्तम m.f.n. burned, inflamed, consumed, past p. p. of rt तप् with सं, 539.

शोकात abl. sin. of शोक m. sorrow.

शोकाता nom. sin. f. of शोकात m. f. n. afflicted with grief; (comp. of शोक cr. sorrow, and आते pained, 542.)

शोकातीम् acc. sin. f. afflicted, grieved.

शोक loc. sin. of शोक m. sorrow.

शोकन ins. sin. of शोक m. grief, anguish.

शोकेनावसीद्ति for शोकेन अवसीद्ति by 31.

शोकोन्मियतिचत्रात्मा Complex comp.771; शोक cr. sorrow, उन्मियत cr. agitated, चित्र cr. mind, thought, खात्मा nom. sin. of खात्मन् m. soul, 146.

श्रोकोपहतचेतना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; शोक cr. sorrow, उपहत cr. affected, चेतना f. mind, soul.

शोचित he or she sorrows for or grieves for; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचन् grieving for, lamenting; nom. sin. m. of शोचन् m.f.n.; pres. p. of rt श्रच 524.

शोचनीं acc. sin. f. of शोचन m.f.n. grieving, sorrowing; pres. p. par. of rt शुच् 524.

शोचनो they grieve for, they mourn over; 3d pl. pres. átm. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचन्या ins. sin. f. of शोचत् m.f. n. grieving, sorrowing; pres. p. of rt शुच् 141. b, 524.

शोचसे thou dost bewail, thou grievest for; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचामि I grieve, I sorrow for; 1st sin. pres. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचाम्यहम् for शोचामि छहम् by 34.

शोचितुम् to mourn, to lament; inf. of rt शुच-शोधयामास he or she cleared or wiped away; 3d sin. perf. of rt शुध in caus. 385. a.

शोभते he or she shines; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt शुभ् 1st cl. 261.

शोभने O beautiful one! voc. sin. of शोभना f. of शोभन m.f. n. beautiful, 1st cl. 105.

शोभनो they look beautiful, they shine; 3d pl. pres. átm. of rt शुभ 1st cl. 261.

शोभमाना nom. sin. f. of शोभमान m. f. n. being beautiful, shining; pres. p. átm. of rt शुभ 526.

शोधयित he or it dries; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुप् in caus. 481.

शोचं nom. or acc. sin. of शोच n. purity, purification, cleansing, 1st cl. 104.

ज्याम: nom. sin. of ज्याम m.f. n. black, 1st cl. 187.

इयामा nom. sin. f. of इयाम m.f. n. dark.

इयामां acc. sin. f. of इयाम m. f. n. dark.

इयामाया: gen. sin. f. of इयाम m.f.n. dark.

इयाला: nom. pl. of इयाल m. a wife's brother, brother-in-law.

न्नमं acc. sin. of न्नम m. fatigue, weariness.

श्रमकर्षितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; श्रम cr. fatigue, toil, कर्षितः nom. sin. of कर्षित m. f. n. worn out.

श्रममोहिताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; श्रम cr. fatigue, मोहिताम् acc. sin. f. of मोहित m.f. n. bewildered, paralysed, stupefied.

স্থানা: nom. sin. m. of স্থানা m. f. n. wearied;
past p. p. of rt স্থান্ 546.

श्रानस्य gen. sin. of श्रान m. f. n. wearied, fatigued; past p. p. of rt श्रम् 546.

श्रान्ता nom. sin. f. of श्रान्त m. f. n. wearied; past p. p. of rt श्रम् 546.

स्रावयाचिक्ररे they caused to be heard, they proclaimed; 3d pl. perf. átm. of rt स्रु in caus. 490.

स्राचितश् nom. sin. m. of स्राचित m. f. n. made to hear; past p. p. of rt स्रु in caus. 549.

िश्रयं acc. sin. of श्री f. the goddess of

fortune or beauty, prosperity, 123. See below.

স্থিয় ins. sin. of স্থা f. beauty, fortune, happiness, 123.

श्री f. beauty, prosperity; a name of the goddess of beauty and abundance, also called Lakshmí. She is the wife of Vishņu, and was produced at the churning of the ocean; see note under अमृतोपमां.

श्रीभगवान् nom. sin. m. of श्रीभगवत् Krishna. श्रीमतीं acc. sin. f. of श्रीमत् m. f. n. fortunate, happy, 140.

श्रीमनं acc. sin. m. of श्रीमत् fortunate.

श्रीमांश् for श्रीमान् nom. sin. m. of श्रीमत् m.f. n. fortunate, illustrious, 5th cl. 140.

श्रीमान् nom. sin. m. of श्रीमत् m. f. n. prosperous, fortunate, 5th cl. 140.

श्रीर for श्रीस nom. sin. f. the goddess of fortune or beauty.

श्रुत m. f. n. heard; past p. p. of rt श्रु 676. श्रुतं nom. sin. n. of श्रुत m. f. n. heard.

युत: nom. sin. m. of युत m. f. n. heard, called; past p. p. of rt यु 532.

श्रुता nom. sin. f. of श्रुत m. f. n. heard.

श्रुतानि acc. pl. n. of श्रुत m. f. n. heard, heard of; past p. p. of rt श्रु to hear, 532.

श्रुतो for श्रुतस् nom. sin. m. of श्रुत heard.

श्रुत्वा having heard; past. ind. p. of rt श्रु. श्रुत्वाराये for श्रुत्वा खराये by 31.

श्रेय: nom. sin. n. of श्रेयस् m. f. n. better, preferable; irreg. comparative of प्रशस्य good, excellent, see 194, 167.

श्रेयस् acc. sin. of श्रेयस् n. felicity, eternal happiness, 7th cl. 164.

श्रेयसा ins. sin. of श्रेयस् n. eternal happiness, happiness, a state of felicity, 7th cl. 164.

श्रेयो for श्रेयस् nom. sin. n. of श्रेयस् m. f. n. better, preferable, 164.

श्रेगो for श्रेयस् acc. sin. of श्रेयस् n. felicity, eternal happiness, welfare, prosperity. श्रेष्ठं acc. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best.

श्रेष्ठ: for श्रेष्ठस् nom. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, most eminent, 1st cl. 103.

श्रोतुं to hear; inf. of rt श्रु 459.

श्रोषामि I shall hear; 1st sin. 2d. fut. of rt श्रु 676.

श्वरूपया ins. sin. f. of श्वरूप m. f. n. smooth, bland, soft, gentle.

योकम् acc. sin. of श्वोक m. a verse, a couplet. श्व for श्वस् ind. to-morrow.

श्वभुरा: nom. pl. of श्वभुर m. a father-in-law.

श्रशुरान् acc. pl. of श्रशुर m. a father-in-law.

प्रश्रुरो for प्रश्रुरस् nom. sin. of प्रश्रुर m. a father-in-law.

म्बापदसेविते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; म्बा-पद cr. a beast of prey, सेविते loc. sin. n. of सेवित m. f. n. infested by, frequented by.

म्यापदाचरिते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; म्या-पद cr. a beast of prey, साचरिते loc. sin. n. of साचरित m. f. n. infested, overrun.

श्रोभूते loc. sin. on its being to-morrow, at to-morrow's dawn; (comp. of श्रम् to-morrow, and भूत been, appeared.)

ч.

पट्यातेश ins. of पट्यात m. six hundred, 103; (comp. of पप six, 43. f, and शत a hundred, 206. The latter word, when used by itself, is declined in the singular.)

पष्ट: nom. sin. m. of पष्ट sixth, 209. पोडश: nom. sin. m. sixteenth, 210.

स.

स a contraction of सह with, which often appears at the beginning of adverbial and of relative compounds.

स for सस् (by 67) he, that; nom. sin. m. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

सं prep. with, together, altogether.

संयक्त restrain thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt यम् with सं, 270.

संयताहारेर BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; संयत

cr. restrained, strict, temperate, आहारिर ins. pl. of आहार m. food, 1st cl. 103.

संयतेन्द्रियः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; संयत cr. restrained, इन्द्रियः nom. sin. m. from इन्द्रिय n. an organ of sense, 1st cl. 108.

संपत्तिन्द्रयै: ins. pl. m. See last.

संरभा: nom. pl. m. of संरथ m. f. n. agitated. संरम्भो for संरम्भस् nom. sin. m. anger, fury. संरथ having obstructed, having blocked up; past ind. p. of rt रथ with सम्, 559.

संविग्ना nom. sin. f. of संविग्न m. f. n. distracted, agitated, terrified.

संविधीयताम् let it be arranged or managed, let it be decided; 3d sin. imp. of धा in pass. with वि and सं, 465.

संवीता nom. sin. f. of संवीत m. f. n. clothed, clad,covered; past p.p.of rt व्ये with सं, 535.

संवृता nom. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt व with सं.

संवृतां acc. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. covered.

संवृतेर for संवृतेस ins. pl. of संवृत m. f. n. filled with, surrounded or pervaded by.

संवृतो for संवृतस् nom. sin. of संवृत m. f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt वृ with सं, 532.

संवृत्तः nom. sin. m. of संवृत्त m. f. n. become, (in Book XX. 41 became, see 896;) past p. p. of rt वृत्त with सं, 539.

संवृत्तो for संवृत्तस् nom. sin. m. become.

संवेद्यो for संवेद्यस् nom. sin. m. to be made known; fut. pass. p. of rt विद् in caus. with सं, 571, (governing loc. by 861.)

संशयः nom. sin. of संशय m. uncertainty, doubt.

संशयस् nom. sin. m. doubt.

संश्रुत having heard, having promised; past ind. p. of rt श्रु with सं, 560, 676.

संसक्तवदनाष्ट्रासा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; संसक्त cr. adhering to, sticking, वदन cr. mouth, आश्वासा nom. sin. f. from आश्वास m. breath, 108. Lit. with breath adhering to (her)mouth, i.e. with suppressed breath. संसुप्तम् acc.sin.m.of संसुप्त m.f.n. asleep, sleeping, sound asleep, fast asleep. See सुप्त.

संस्पृश्य having touched; past ind. p. of rt स्पृश् with सं, 559.

संस्मतेव्यस् to be remembered, to be thought upon; fut. pass. p. of rt सृ with सं, 594, 569.

संस्मृत्य having called to mind; past ind. p. of rt स्मृ with सं, 560.

संहर्ते to restrain; inf. of rt ह with सं,459,593.

सकातरा: voc. pl. m. of सकातर m. f. n. cowardly, dastardly.

सकाशं ind. into the presence of, near, 731.

सका nom. sin. f. of सक m. f. n. fixed, intent; past p. p. of rt सञ्च to adhere, 597. a.

सक्ताभून for सक्ता अभूत by 31, 47.

सखा nom. sin. of सिख m. a friend, 120.

सखायं acc. sin. of सिख m. a friend, see 120.

सखी nom. sin. f. a female friend, 1st cl. 106.

सखींस् for सखीन् acc.pl. of सखि m. a friend.

सखीगणसमावृतां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; सखी cr. a female friend, गण cr. a company, समावृताम् acc. sin. f. of समावृत m.f.n. surrounded by, 1st cl. 103; (past p. p. of rt व with आ and सम्, 531.)

सखीगणावृता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; सखी cr. a female friend, गण cr. a crowd, a number, आवृता nom. sin. f. of आवृत m. f. n. surrounded, past p. p. of rt वृ with आ, 675.

सखीजनं acc. sin. m. a female friend, a number of female friends.

सखीजन: nom. sin. m. a female friend, a number or company of female friends.

सखीनां gen. pl. of सखी f. a female friend, 1st cl. 106.

सखीभ: ins. pl. of सखी f. a female friend.

सखीमध्ये TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सखी cr. a friend, मध्ये loc. sin. of मध्य n. the middle, midst, 1st cl. 104.

संख्यज्ञ for संख्यस् nom. pl. of संखी f. a female friend, 1st cl. 106.

संख्यम nom. pl. of संखी f. a female friend.

सगणाः with companies of attendants, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, गणाः nom. pl. m. from गण m. a company, a troop, a host, 1st cl. 103.

सङ्घरे loc. sin. of सङ्घर n. a narrow passage.

सङ्घरों for सङ्करस् nom. sin. m. confusion, mixture of caste or tribe, proceeding from indiscriminate intercourse.

सङ्घर्ष acc. sin. of सङ्घर्ष m. resolution, resolve, plan, 1st cl. 103.

सङ्कीत्यमानेषु being proclaimed, being celebrated; loc. pl. of सङ्कीत्यमान m. f. n., pres. pass. p. of rt कृत् with सं, 528.

संद्यिष having compressed; past ind. p. of rt द्यिष with सं, 559, 635.

संख्यातुम् to calculate, to enumerate ; inf. of rt ख्या with सं, 459.

संख्याने loc. sin. of संख्यान n. numbering, numeration, arithmetic.

संस्थाय having counted, having numbered; past ind. p. of rt स्था with सं, 559.

संस्थास्यामि I will number or count; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt स्था with सं, 394.

संख्ये loc. sin. of संख्य n. battle, war.

सङ्गच्छ be thou united, unite thyself; 2d sin. imp. of rt गम् with सं, 1st cl. 602.

सङ्गत्या by chance, haply; ins. sin. of सङ्गति. सङ्गत्येह for सङ्गत्या इह by 32.

सङ्गमो for सङ्गमस् nom. sin. of सङ्गम m. union.

सङ्गम्य having come together, having become united; past ind. p. of rt गम् with सं, 559.

सङ्गृहीतेषु loc. pl. m. of सङ्गृहीत m. f. n. restrained, curbed.

सङ्गामं acc. sin. of सङ्गाम m. war, battle.

सङ्गामजिद् nom. sin. m. a conqueror in battle; (comp. of सङ्गाम cr. war, and जित् a conqueror, victorious, 84. III.)

सङ्ग्रामेषु loc. pl. of सङ्ग्राम m. war, battle,

सचारं acc. sin. of सचार m. a passage, way, entrance, doorway.

सञ्चिन यन्ती thinking; nom.sin.f. of सञ्चिन-यत् m.f. n., pres. p. of rt चिन् 10th cl. 524.

सचेष्टमानस्य gen. sin. m. of सचेष्टमान m. f. n. acting; pres. p. átm. of rt चेष्ट् with सं, 526.

संचोदयामास he urged on; 3d sin. perf. of rt चुद्द with सं, 10th cl. 385.

सञ्जय voc. sin. m. Sanjaya, the name of the charioteer of king Dhrita-ráshtra.

सम्नीय live thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt जीव with सं, 603.

सत: gen. sin. of सत् m.f. n. existing, being; pres. p. of rt अस.

सततं ind. always, ever, perpetually, 713.

सतस् gen. sin. m. of सत् m. f. n. being; pres. p. of rt अस् 524.

सति loc. sin. m. of सत् m. f. n. being; pres. p. of rt अस, see 840.

सती nom. sin. f. a virtuous woman.

सती nom. sin. f. of सत् m. f.n. being; pres. p. of rt अस् 2d cl. 524.

सन्तारं acc. sin. of सन्तार m. hospitality, ist cl. 103.

सन्ताराहों for सन्ताराहेंस् worthy of hospitable treatment; (from सन्तार, q.v., and घहेंस् nom. sin. m. of खहें m.f. n. worthy.)

सत्कारण ins. sin. of सत्कार m. hospitable treatment, hospitality, 1st cl. 103.

सन्कृत: nom.sin.m. of सन्कृत m.f.n. honoured, hospitably treated.

साकृता nom. sin. f. of साकृत m. f. n. welltreated.

सत्कृतो for सत्कृतस् nom.sin.m. of सत्कृत m.f.n. honoured, treated with hospitality.

सन्त्र having honoured, having treated courteously, having entertained hospitably; past ind. p. from सन्त् 560.

सत्यं nom. or acc. sin. of सत्य n. truth, troth, an oath.

सत्यदिशिन: gen. sin. m. or nom. pl. m. of सत्य-दिशिन m. f. n. foreseeing the truth, truthdiscerning; (comp. of सत्य cr. the truth, and दिश्चन् agt. one who sees, 582. a.)

सत्यधमेपरायणः Complex comp. 771; सत्य cr. truth, धर्म cr. virtue, परायणः nom. sin. m. of परायण m.f. n. devoted, attached to.

सत्यनामा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सत्य cr. true, नामा nom. sin. m. from नामन् n. a name, 6th cl., see 154.

सत्यपराक्रमः nom. sin. m. truly brave, (BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; सत्य cr. true, पराक्रम m. valour.)

सत्यवाग् nom. sin. m. of सत्यवाच् m. f. n. truthful, speaking the truth; (comp. of सत्य true, and वाच 176, 766.)

सत्यवादी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सत्य cr. truth, वादी nom. sin. m. of वादिन् m. f. n. a speaker, 582. a.

सत्यवान् nom. sin. m. of सत्यवत् m. f. n. truthful, 5th cl. 140.

सत्यविक्रमं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सत्य cr. true, विक्रमम् acc. sin. of विक्रम m. valour. सत्यविक्रम: nom. sin. m. See last.

सत्यव्रतो for सत्यव्रतस् nom. sin. of सत्यव्रत m. f. n. strict in the observance of duty, true to a promise or vow, faithful, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; from सत्य true, and व्रत a religious duty, promise, vow.)

सत्यसन्ध voc. sin. m. O thou that art true to thy engagements! BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; (सत्य cr. true, सन्धा f. agreement.)

सत्यसन्धो nom. sin. m. See last.

सत्याः acc. pl. f. of सत्य m.f.n. true, 1st cl. 105.

सत्येन ins. sin. of सत्य n. truth, 1st cl. 104.

सत्यो for सत्यस् nom. pl. of सती f. a virtuous woman, 106.

सदश्वांश for सदश्वान् (53) acc. pl. m. good horses; (comp. of सत् good, and अथ.)

सदा ind. always, ever, continually, 722.

सदागित: m. the wind, the air; (from सदा always, and गित motion.)

सदारो for सदारस nom. sin. m. along with

(thy) wife; (comp. of # for # and दार a wife, see 769.)

सद्भ m. f. n. like, similar, resembling.

सद्भं acc. sin. m. of सद्भ m. f. n. like.

सद्शी nom. sin. f. of सद्श m. f. n. like.

सदृशो for सदृशस् nom. sin. m. of सदृश, q.v.

सनातन: nom. sin. m.of सनातन m.f. n.eternal.

सनातनाः nom. pl.m.of सनातन m.f.n.eternal.

सन्तस्ता nom. sin. f. of सन्तस्त m. f. n. terrified, affrighted; past p. p. of rt तस with सं, 539.

सन्दिश he charged, he enjoined; 3d sin. perf. of rt दिश with सं, 364.

सन्दिश्य having instructed, having pointed out; past ind. p. of rt दिश् with सं, 559.

सन्देहाद for सन्देहात् abl. sin. of सन्देह m. doubt, 1st cl. 103.

सन्धान् acc. sin. of सन्धा f. morning and evening devotions, 1st cl. 105. There are properly three daily devotional services performed by pious men, termed Sandhyás, either from the word Sandhi 'junction,' because they take place at 'the joinings' of the day, as it were, that is, at dawn, noon, and twilight; or, as the term is otherwise derived, from sam 'with' and dhyai 'to meditate religiously.'

सिवधौ loc. sin. of सिविधि f. presence, 2d cl. 112.

सन्निपातिताः nom. pl. m. of सन्निपातित m. f. n. assembled, collected together; past p. p. of rt पत् in caus. with सं and नि, 549.

सिन्नमन्त्रयामास he invited; 3d sin. perf. of rt मन्त्र with prep. सं and नि, 10th cl. 385. a.

सन्यासस् nom. sin. m. a stake, that which is laid down as a wager, a deposit.

सपत्नानाम् gen. pl. of सपत्न m. an enemy.

सपरीवारों for सपरीवारस् nom. sin. m. along with (thy) retinue, with thy family and dependants; (comp. of स for सह and परीवार or परिवार retinue, 769.)

सपुतायां loc. sin. f. accompanied by (her)

children, along with (her) children; (comp. of स for सह with, and पुत्र a son, 769.)

सप्तर्भाः nom. sin. m. seventeenth, 210.

सप्तम: nom. sin. m.of सप्तम m.f. n. seventh, 209.

सफलं acc. sin. n. of सफल m. f. n. fruitful, 1st cl. 103, see 769.

सभां acc. sin. of सभा f. an assembly, a meeting; a house, a cabin, a cottage, 1st cl. 105.

सभामध्ये in the middle of the cottage, in the cottage; (from सभा cr., q. v., and मध्ये loc. sin. of मध्य n. the midst, 743.)

सभायाय with his wife; dat. sin. m. of सभाये BAH. OR REL. COMP., see 769.

सभार्थे BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, along with, भार्ये loc. sin. m. from भार्या f. a wife, 1st cl. 108.

सभोहेश in the neighbourhood or precincts of the cottage; (from सभा cr., and उद्देश loc. sin. of उद्देश m. spot, 743.)

सम् prep. with, together, altogether. Observe
— सं, सङ, and सन् are forms assumed according to the nature of the following consonant.

सम m.f.n. equal, similar, 1st cl. 103, see 187. समङ्गले: ins.pl.m.of समङ्गल m.f.n.auspicious.

समिचनायत् he reflected; 3d sin. impf. of rt चिन्त् with सम्, 10th cl. 641.

समितिक्रम्य having passed by; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with खित and सम्, 559.

समितिकाना nom. sin. f. of समितिकान m.f.n. excelled, surpassed, (has surpassed, surpasses, 896, 896. a;) past p. p. of rt क्रम् with खित and सम्, 546.

समितिकाने loc. sin. m. of समितिकान m. f. n. passed onwards, gone beyond; past p. p. of rt क्रम् with खित and सम्, 546.

समितिक्रान्तो for समितिक्रान्तस् nom. sin. m. passed beyond, gone beyond; past p. p. of rt क्रम् with खित and सम, 546.

समधिष्टित्रत्य having gone forth, having advanced; past ind. p. of rt द्यि with स्विध and सम्, 560. समनुज्ञात loc. sin. of समनुज्ञात m. f. n. permitted, permitted to depart; past p. p. of rt ज्ञा with अनु and सं, 532.

समनुज्ञातो for समनुज्ञातस् nom. sin. m. permitted to depart. See last.

समनुप्राप्तो for समनुप्राप्तस् nom. sin. m. of सम-नुप्राप्त m.f.n. obtained, assumed; past p.p. of rt आप with प्र, अनु, and सम्, 539.

समनुव्रतां acc. sin. of समनुव्रता f. entirely devoted (as a wife to a husband); governing accusative case.

समनुशास्ति he rules; 3d sin. pres. of rt शास with अनु and सम, 2d cl. 658.

समन्ताद् for समन्तात् (45) ind. all around, on all sides, 715.

समपूजयत् he honoured; 3d sin. impf. of rt पूज with सं, 10th cl. 283.

समभिक्रम्य having approached; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with श्राभ and सम्, 559.

समिभिज्ञाय having recognised; past ind. p. of rt ज्ञा with खिभ and सम्, 559.

समयं acc. sin. of समय m. a compact, an agreement, 1st cl. 103.

समयेन on condition or conditionally; ins. sin. of समय m. a condition, agreement.

समयेनोत्सहे for समयेन उत्सहे by 32.

समहद्वार with the company of the Maruts, Bah. or Rel. comp. 769; स for सह ind., महद्द cr. Marut, a personification of the wind, गणी nom. du. m. from गण m. a troop, a class, a company. The Maruts are the forty-nine winds personified. In the Vishņu Purana (p. 151) they are described as the children of Diti, by Kasyapa, or rather as the child, divided by Indra into forty-nine portions, and afterwards addressed by him in the words má rodíh weep not, whence the name Marud.

समर्थाम् for समर्थान् by 53. See next. समर्थान् acc. pl. of समर्थे m. f. n. powerful.

समर्थों for समर्थस् nom. sin. m. of समर्थे m.f.n. able.

- समलङ्कृतं nom. sin. n. of समलङ्कृत m. f. n. adorned; past p. p. of rt कृ with अलम् and सम्, 682, 787. a.
- समलङ्कृता nom. sin. f. of समलङ्कृत m. f. n. adorned.
- समवाप्रकामा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; समवाप्र cr. obtained, gained, कामा nom. sin. f. from काम m. wish, desire.
- समवेतान् acc.pl.m.of समवेत m.f.n.assembled. समस्तलोकस्य KARM. or Des. comp. 755; समस्त cr. all, the whole, लोकस्य gen. sin. of लोक m. the world.
- समाकुलं acc. sin. m. or n. of समाकुल m.f.n. crowded, filled with.
- समागतं acc. sin. m. of समागत m. f.n. arrived.
- समागता: nom. pl. of समागत m. f. n. united, joined together; past p. p. of rt गम् with खा and सम्, 545.
- समागतान् acc. pl. of समागत m. f. n. assembled, come together, congregated.
- समागमं acc. sin. of समागम m. assembling, coming together, assembly, 1st cl. 103.
- समागमात् abl. sin. of समागम m. union.
- समागम्य having approached, having come to meet, having gone to meet; past ind. p. of rt गम् with आ and सम्, 559.
- समाद्धत् he held out; irregular form for समाद्धात्; 3d sin. impf. of rt धा with खा and सम, 664.
- समादाय having taken; past ind. p. of rt दा with आ and सम, 559.
- समादायहि for समादाय एहि by 33.
- समादिष्टं acc. sin. m. of समादिष्ट m. f. n. pointed out; past p. p. of rt दिश् with आ and सम, 539.
- समादिष्टा nom. sin. f. of समादिष्ट m.f.n. commanded, ordered.
- समाद्रवन they rushed on to the attack; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt दु with आ and सम्, 261, 592.
- समानीता nom. sin. f. of समानीत m. f. n. brought, conducted; past p. p. of rt नी with आ and सम, 532.

- समानेतुं to bring, to conduct; inf. of rt नी with आ and सम्, 459.
- समाञ्जताभ्यां ins. du. n. of समाञ्जत m. f. n. moistened, overflowing with moisture; past p. p. of rt ञ with आ and सम्, 530.
- समायान्ति they are arrived, they are come; 3d pl. pres. of rt या with आ and सम, 317, 644.
- समायुक्तं acc. sin. m. of समायुक्त m. f. n. joined to, united with; past p. p. of rt युन् with आ and सम्, 539.
- समारोहत he ascended; 3d sin. impf. of rt रुद्द with आ and सम, 1st cl. 261.
- समाविशात he entered; 3d sin. impf. of rt विश with आ and सम, 6th cl. 278.
- समाविश्य having entered; past ind. p. of rt विश् with आ and सम्, 559.
- समावृणोत् he covered; 3d sin. impf. of rt व with आ and सम्, 5th cl. 675.
- समावृता nom. sin. f. of समावृत m. f. n. protected, guarded; past p. p. of rt वृ with खा and सम्, 532.
- समाश्रमत् he or she revived or took courage, (lit. he or she took breath;) 3d sin. impf. of rt श्रम् with खा and सम, 322. a.
- समाश्वसिहि take thou courage, cheer up! 2d sin. imp. of rt श्वस with आ and सम्, 322.a.
- समाश्वासयत he consoled, he comforted; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt श्वस् in caus. with आ and सम, 481.
- समाश्वासियतुम् to console; inf. of rt श्वस् in caus. with जा and सम्, 459.
- समाश्वास्य having cheered, having encouraged or refreshed, having fondled or caressed; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् with आ and सम्.
- समास् nom. pl. m. of सम the same, equal.
- समासाद्य having met with, having obtained; past ind. p. of rt सद in caus. with आ and सम्, 566.
- समास्थित: nom. sin. m. of समास्थित m. f. n. having recourse to, practising; past p. p. of rt स्था with स्था and सम्, 533, 896. a.

- समाहितं nom. sin. n. of समाहित m. f. n. placed, imposed, composed; past p. p. of rt धा with खा and सम्, 533.
- समाहित: nom. sin. of समाहित m.f.n. having the mind fixed or intent, intent upon.
- समाहिता nom. sin. f. of समाहित m.f.n. composed in mien.
- समाह प्यन्त they rejoiced; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt हुप् with जा and सम्, 4th cl. 272.
- समाद्धानं acc. sin. of समाद्धान n. a challenge.
- समीस्य having perceived, having observed, having beheld, having examined; ind. p. of rt ईस with prep. सम, 605, 564.
- समीप m. f. n. near, contiguous, at hand.
- समीपं ind. near to, into the presence of, (governing genitive case, 713, 731.)
- समीपस्या nom. sin. f. standing near, adjacent; (from समीप near, and स्य staying, 580. b.)
- समीपे ind. in the presence of, in the neighbourhood of; (loc. sin. of समीप 716.)
- समुत्पत्म having flown upwards, having flown away; ind. p. of rt पत् with उत् and सम्, 564.
- समुत्पन्नः nom.sin.m. excited, produced; past p. p. of rt पद with उत् and सम्, 540.
- समुत्पेतुर they leaped up or sprang; 3d pl. perf. of rt पत with उत् and सम्, 375. a.
- समुत्पेतुस् they jumped up; 3d pl. perf. See last.
- समुद्यम्य having restrained, having curbed; past ind. p. of rt यम with उत् and सम्, 559.
- समुद्रगा nom. sin. f. of समुद्रग m. f. n. flowing towards the ocean; (from समुद्र the sea, and ग going, 580. b.)
- समुपदिश्यते is pointed out; 3d sin. pres. of rt दिश् in pass. with उप and सम्, 463, 583.
- समुपस्थितं acc. sin. m.or n.of समुपस्थित m.f. n. assembled, standing near together; arrived, happened, overtaken. See next.
- समुपस्थिताः (are) present together, (have) approached together; nom. pl. m. of समु-

- पस्थित m. f. n., past p. p. of rt स्था with उप and सम्, 533.
- समुपाजग्रुर they came together, collected together; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with आ, उप, and सम, 376.
- समुपाद्रवन् they ran after, they pursued; 3d pl. impf. of rt दु (1st cl. 592) with prep. उप and सं.
- समुपाधावद (she) ran after, (she) ran towards; 3d sin. impf. of rt धाव (1st cl. 261) with prep. उप and सं.
- समुपेतं acc. sin. m. or n. of समुपेत m.f. n. come near to, approached, resorted to, visited.
- समृद्धं nom. sin. m. or n. of समृद्ध m. f. n. wealthy, flourishing.
- सनृद्धः nom. sin. m. of सनृद्ध m. f. n. rich, affluent, opulent, prosperous.
- समृद्धो for समृद्धस् nom. sin. of समृद्ध m. f. n. prosperous, happy.
- समे acc. du. n. of सम m.f.n. equal, the same.
- समेतो for समेतम् nom. sin. m. of समेत m.f.n. united to, come together, joined; past p. p. of rt इ with आ and सम्, 532.
- समेत्र having come together, having had a meeting, having met; past ind. p. of rt इ with जा and सम्, 645, 560.
- समेष्यास thou shalt meet, thou shalt be united with; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt ₹ with सम, 645.
- समेप्पामि I shall meet; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt इ with सम्, 645.
- सम्पतन्तीं acc. sin. f. of सम्पतत् m. f. n. flitting, going backwards and forwards; pres. p. of rt पत् with सं, 524.
- सम्पतन् for सम्पतन् nom. sin. m. of सम्पतन् m. f. n. alighting, arriving; pres. p. of rt पत् with सं, 524.
- सम्पन्ने loc. sin. n. of सम्पन्न m. f. n. completed, achieved; past p. p. of rt पद with सं, 540.
- सम्पूर्णाम् acc. sin. f. of सम्पूर्ण m. f. n. full.
- सम्प्रगष्टे loc. sin. m. of सम्प्रगष्ट m. f. n.

vanished, disappeared; past p. p. of rt नश् with प्र and सम्, 539.

सम्प्रवृत्ते loc. sin. m. of सम्प्रवृत्त m.f.n. passed, gone by; past p. p. of rt वृत् with प्र and सम्, 539.

सम्प्रहण्डा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; सम्प्रहण्ट cr. erect, erected (as when thrilling with pleasure), तन्रह m. the hair of the body.

सम्प्रहृष्टस्य gen. sin. m. of सम्प्रहृष्ट m. f. n. rejoiced, joyful; past p. p. of rt हृष् with प्र and सम्.

सम्प्राप्तं acc. sin. m. of सम्प्राप्त m. f. n. reached, arrived at. See next.

सम्प्राप्ता nom. sin. f. of सम्प्राप्त m. f. n. obtained, arrived at; past p. p. of rt आप with प्र and सं, 539.

सम्प्राप्ते loc. sin. of सम्प्राप्त m. f. n. arrived.

सम्प्रामो for सम्प्रामस् nom. sin. obtained, met with.

सम्प्रेस्प having seen, having observed; past ind. p. of rt ईख with प्र and सं.

सम्बन्धिनस् nom. pl. of सम्बन्धिन् m. a relation.

सम्रन्धी nom. sin. of सम्रन्धिन् m. a kinsman, relative, connexion, 159.

सम्भारं acc. sin. of सम्भार m. collection of goods, goods and chattels.

सम्भावनीयस् nom. sin. m. (agreeing with खयंवर m. a bridal, understood) to be honoured with the presence (of any one); fut. pass. p. of rt भू in caus. with सं.

सम्भावितस्य gen. sin. m. of सम्भावित m. f. n. honoured, honourable.

सम्धान्ता: nom. pl. m. or f. of सम्धान्त m.f. n. bewildered, agitated; past p. p. of rt अम् with सं, 546.

सम्मत loc. sin. of सम्मत n. assent, consent, approval; 'with the consent.'

सम्यक् ind. fitly, properly, entirely, truly.

सम्पक्क तुँ to make true; inf. of सम्पक्कः; (from सम्पक् and rt कृ.)

सम्यग् for सम्यक् (41) ind. wholly, altogether, in a friendly manner, well, 713.

सम्यग्गोन्ना nom. sin. m. a good protector, a true guardian; (from सम्यक् and गोन्.)

सम्यागृतः altogether relying, well-abiding; (comp. of सम्यक् ind. altogether, and वृत्त m. f. n. fixed, abiding.)

सरांसि acc. pl. of सरस् n. a lake, a pool, 7th cl. 164.

सराष्ट्राणि acc. pl. n. with the kingdoms; (comp. of स for सह with, and राष्ट्र n. a kingdom, see 769.)

सरितस् acc. pl. of सरित् f. a river, 5th cl. 136.

सरितो for सरितस् acc. pl. See last.

सरिद्धि: ins. pl. of सरित् f. a river, 136.

सर्ग: nom. sin. of सर्ग m. a chapter, a section. सर्व m. f. n. all, every, 237.

सर्वे nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of सर्व all.

सर्व: nom. sin. m. of सर्व m. f. n. all.

सर्वेकामै: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, कामै: ins. pl. of काम m. wish, desire, want.

सर्वगतं nom. or acc. sin. n. of सर्वगत m.f. n. universally diffused, all-pervading, (TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 739; सर्वे all, and गत gone.)

सर्वगतः nom. sin. m. going everywhere, allpervading; (सर्व, गत.)

सर्वगात्नेभ्यो KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, गात्नेभ्यो for गात्नेभ्यस् abl. pl. of गात n. a limb, 1st cl. 104.

सर्वगुणैर for सर्वगुणैस KARM. OR DES. comp. 755; सर्व cr. all, गुणैर ins. pl. of गुण m. quality, excellence.

सर्वगुणोपेतं Complex comp. 771; सर्व cr. all, गुण virtue, good quality, उपेतं acc. sin. m. of उपेत m. f. n. endowed with.

सर्वज्ञो for सर्वज्ञस् nom. sin. m. of सर्वज्ञ m.f.n. all-knowing, omniscient; (comp. of सर्व all, and ज्ञ knowing, 580. b.)

सर्वतः for सर्वतस् ind. in every direction.

सर्वतो for सर्वतम् ind. in every direction.

सर्वेतोदिशं acc. sin. to every quarter, in every direction; (comp. of सर्वेतो for सर्वेतस् ind. 64, every way, and दिशम् acc. sin. of दिश् f. a quarter, 181.)

सर्वेतोदिशः acc. pl. in all directions. See last. सर्वेतोभद्रम् acc. sin. n. everywhere auspicious; (comp. of सर्वेतस् 64, on every side, and भद्र m. f. n. good.)

सर्वेत ind. everywhere, in every place.

सर्वेति for सर्वेत इति by 32.

सर्वेषा ind. by all means, at all, in every way, in every respect, altogether, 721.

सर्वदु:खेषु KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, दु:खेषु loc. pl. of दु:ख n. grief, pain, sorrow.

सर्व देवानां KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, देवानां gen. pl. of देव m. a god, 1st cl. 103.

सर्वेपापेभ्य: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व er. all, पापेभ्य: abl. pl. of पाप n. sin, 1st cl. 104.

सर्वभूतानाम् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्वे cr. all, भूतानाम् gen. pl. of भूत n. a created being.

सर्वम् nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of सर्व m. f. n. all, every.

सर्वयोषित: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, योषित: acc. pl. of योषित् f. a woman, 136.

सर्वरत्नसमन्वितम् Complex comp. 771; सर्व cr. all, रत्न cr. gems, jewels, समन्वितम् acc. sin. m. of समन्वित m. f. n. possessed of.

सर्वराष्ट्रेषु KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, राष्ट्रेषु loc. pl. of राष्ट्र n. a kingdom, 104.

सर्वलोकभयङ्करम् Complex comp. 771; सर्व cr. all, लोक cr. the world, भयङ्करम् acc. sin. n. causing fear, formidable, see 739. c.

सर्वेश: for सर्वेशस् ind. altogether, entirely, wholly, on all sides, 725.

सर्वेशस् ind. entirely, altogether, one and all, 725.

सर्वसम्भारं acc. sin. m. all (thy) goods ; (comp. of सर्व all, and सम्भार q. v.)

सवा for सवास nom. or acc. pl.f. of सर्व all. सवां acc. sin. f. of सर्व m.f. n. all, every. सवाः nom. or acc. pl.f. of सर्व m.f. n. all.

सर्वाणि nom. or acc. pl. n. of सर्व all.

सवान् acc. pl. m. of सर्वे m. f. n. all.

सवानवद्याङ्ग O thou of altogether faultless form! (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; सर्वे cr. all, अन्वद्य cr. faultless, not to be found fault with, अङ्ग voc. sin. m. from अङ्ग n. body, limb, member, 1st cl. 108.)

सवीनवद्याङ्गि voc. sin. f. O faultless in every limb; (सर्व cr. all, अनवद्य cr. faultless, not to be spoken against, अङ्गि voc. sin. of अङ्गी f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 771, 106.)

सवाभरणभूषिता Complex comp. 771; सव cr. all, ज्ञाभरण cr. ornament, भूषिता nom. sin. f. of भूषित m. f. n. adorned, past p. p. of rt भूष 538.

सवीर्यकुशलाम् Complex comp. 771; सर्वे cr. all, अर्थे cr. business, affair, कुशलाम् acc. sin. f. of कुशल m. f.n. skilful, 1st cl. 105.

सर्चे nom. pl. m. of सर्वे m. f. n. all.

सर्वेभ्यः dat. or abl. pl. m. or n. of सर्वे m.f.n. all.

सर्वेषाम् gen. pl. of सर्व m. f. n. all.

सर्वे for सर्वेस् ins. pl. of सर्वे all, 65. a.

सर्वेर for सर्वेस ins. pl. of सर्व m. f. n. all.

सर्वेस ins. pl. of सर्व m. f. n. all.

सिललेनins.sin.of सिलल n.water,1st cl.104.

सवासिस loc. sin. m. of सवासम् m. f. n. having a garment, clothed, see 769.

सवितुस gen. sin. of सवितृ m. the sun, 127, (towards the sun.)

सविदिशो for सविदिशस acc. pl. f. with the intermediate quarters, 769; (comp. of स for सह with, 778, and विदिश f. an intermediate point of the compass.)

सविस्तरा: nom. pl. m. with the details, in detail, 'in extenso;' (comp. of स for सह + विस्तर detail, extension, see 769.)

सविहङ्गाभि: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, विहङ्गाभि: ins. pl. f. from विहङ्ग m. a bird, 1st cl. 105.

संशारं acc. sin. m. with (its) arrow; (स for सह with, and श्रार an arrow.)

सज्ञाल्मले: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, 778, and ज्ञाल्मले: ins. pl. of ज्ञाल्मल m. the silk-cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum).

सखजे he embraced; 3d sin. perf. of rt खन्न 364.

सह ind. (governing instrumental case) with, along with. Often contracted into स.

सहजः nom. sin. m. of सहज m. f. n. born with one, produced at birth, congenital, natural; (from सह with, and ज 580.b.)

सहवार्णीयजीवलः nom. sin. m. along with Várshņeya and Jívala. In these and similar compounds सह is generally contracted into स, see 769.

सहवार्षोयवाहुकं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; सह for the contracted form स with, वार्षोय Várshņeya, वाहुकं acc. sin. m. Váhuka.

सहवाणीयसारिष: nom. sin. m. along with the charioteer Várshneya; (comp. of सह, anomalously used for the contracted form स with, वाणीय, and सारिष, 769.)

सहवाहनाः with their vehicles, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; सह with, वाहनाः nom. pl. m. from वाहन n. a vehicle.

सहसा ind. quickly, suddenly, 714.

सहसाभ्यागताम् for सहसा खभ्यागताम् by 31.

सहस्रं acc. sin. of सहस्र n. a thousand; governing genitive case, see 206, 835. c.

सहागम्य for सह ञ्चागम्य by 31.

सहायेन ins. sin. of सहाय m. a companion, ist cl. 103.

सहित: nom. sin. m. of सहित m.f. n. accom-

सहितां acc. sin. f. of सहित m. f. n. associated, accompanied.

सहिता: nom. pl. m. of सहित m. f. n. associated together, united, joined.

सहिताब (by 37) for सहिती nom. du. m. of सहित m.f. n. associated together, in each other's company.

सहितो for सहितस् nom. sin. m. of सहित m.f.n. accompanied by, together with; assisted.

सहिती nom. sin. du. m. of सहित m. f. n. united, joined together.

सहैकानो for सह एकानो by 33.

सा she; nom. sin. f. of तत, q.v.

साञ्चाद for साञ्चात् ind. before the eyes, in sight, in presence, openly, in public.

साधिणों for साधिणस् nom. pl. of साधिन् m. a witness, 159.

साञ्चित ind. like a witness; (comp. of साञ्चि for साञ्चिन a witness, 57, and वत 724.)

सागरक्रमां acc. sin. f. flowing to the ocean; (comp. of सागरं acc. sin. of सागर m. the ocean, and गमां acc. f. of गम m. f. n. going, 580. a; see 739. c.)

सारिनका: accompanied by Agni, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, खरिन-का: nom. pl. m. of खरिनक for खरिन fire, see 769. a.

साग्निहोताश्रमास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, अग्निहोत cr. a sacred fire, आश्रमास् nom. pl. m. of आश्रम m. a hermitage.

साङ्गोपाङ्गाः nom. pl. m. along with the Angas and Upángas, i. e. the sciences and secondary sciences subordinate to the Vedas; the Angas are usually called Vedángas. Six are enumerated, viz. 1. Pronunciation, शिखा; 2. Guide to the performance of sacrifices, कट्यः; 3. Grammar, व्याकरणं; 4. Metre, इन्ट्स; 5. Astronomical calendar, ज्योतिणं; 6. Explanation of difficult words, etymology, निरुक्तं. (Comp. of स + अङ्ग + उपाङ्ग, see 769.)

साचिराद for सा खचिरात by 31, 45.

साद्योपतिष्ठति for सा खद्य उपतिष्ठति by 31, 32.

HIY interj. Well done! Bravo! Well!

Come on!

साधुवृत्तञ् nom. sin. of साधुवृत्त m. f. n. virtuous in conduct; (comp. of साधु good, and वृत्त practice, 766.)

साध्वी nom. sin. f. of साधु m.f. n. good, virtuous, 187.

सानुक्रोशो for सानुक्रोशस् nom. sin. m. compassionate, merciful; (comp. of स for सह with, and अनुक्रोश pity, 769.)

सान्त्वयन् nom. sin. m. of सान्त्वयत् m. f. n. flattering, coaxing, conciliating; pres. p. of rt सान्त्व 10th cl. 524, 141. In Book VIII. 12 the nominative masculine is used irregularly for the feminine सान्त्वयन्ती.

सान्त्यामास he flattered, he soothed, he encouraged or cheered; 3d sin. perf. of rt सान्त्व 10th cl. 385. a.

सान्त्वीयत्वा having consoled; past ind. p. of rt सान्त्व 10th cl. 558.

सान्तिकतो for सान्तिकतस् nom. sin. of सान्तिकत m. f. n. consoled, comforted.

सापत्या nom. sin. f. having children, having offspring; (comp. of स for सह with, and खपत्य offspring, 769.)

सापञ्यह for सा खपञ्यह by 31.

साबवीत् for सा खब्रवीत् by 31.

साबवीद for सा अबवीद by 31.

साभिकामां acc. sin. f. of साभिकाम m. f. n. loving; (from स and सभिकाम love.)

साभिवाद्य for सा खभिवाद्य by 31.

सामर्थ्य acc. sin. of सामर्थ्य n. power, prowess.

सामात्रप्रमुखा for सामात्रप्रमुखास nom. pl. m. with the chief ministers; (comp. of स for सह with, अमात्र a minister, and प्रमुख chief, principal, 769.)

सामान्यम् nom. sin. n. of सामान्य m.f. n. common, general.

सायं ind. in the evening.

सायाहे loc. sin. of सायाह m. the evening, 716.

सार्यः nom. sin. m. a charioteer.

सार्थे voc. sin. of सार्थि m. a charioteer.

सार्थ्य loc. sin. of सार्थ्य n. the office of a charioteer.

सार्थ्यन ins. sin. of सार्थ्य n. the office of a charioteer, 1st cl. 104.

साचे acc. sin. of साचे m. a caravan.

सार्थः nom. sin. m. a caravan.

साचैग्नीं acc. sin. of साचैग्नी f. a destroyer of a caravan.

सार्थजान acc. pl. m. of सार्थज m. f. n. reared in the caravan; (comp. of सार्थ q. v., and ज 580. b.)

सार्थ नगडलम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; सार्थ cr. caravan, मगडलम् nom. sin. n. circle, assembled body.

सार्पवाहं acc. sin. of सार्पवाह m. the leader or commander of a caravan.

सार्थवाह: nom. sin. m. a leader of a caravan.

सार्थवाहवचस् acc. sin. n. the words of the captain of the caravan; see सार्थवाह and वचस् 743.

सार्यवाहस्य gen. sin. m. of the leader of a caravan.

सार्थस्य gen. sin. of सार्थ m. a caravan.

सार्थात् abl. sin. of सार्थ m. a caravan.

सार्चिका: nom. pl. of सार्चिक m. a merchant, a trader, a travelling merchant.

सार्थे loc. sin. of सार्थ m. a caravan.

सार्थेन ins. sin. of सार्थ m. a caravan.

सार्थ ind. with, along with, in company with, 731.

साशोकवृद्धं for सा अशोकवृद्धं by 31.

साहं for सा सहं I myself, see 220. a.

साहायं acc. sin. of साहाया n. assistance, help.

सिंहडोपिरुरुव्याघ्रमहिषक्ष्मिणेर Complex comp. 770; सिंह cr. a lion, डोपि for डोपिन् (57) cr. a panther, रूर cr. a deer, व्याघ्र cr. a tiger, महिष cr. a buffalo, ऋष

cr. a bear, गर्भेर ins. pl. of गर्म m. a troop, a herd, a multitude, 1st cl. 103.

सिंहिच क्रान्तो nom. sin. m. valiant as the lion; (सिंह cr. a lion, and चिक्रान्त valiant.)

सिंह व्याप्रनिषेचिते COMPLEX COMP. 771; सिंह cr. a lion, व्याप्र cr. a tiger, निषेचिते loc. sin. of निषेचित m. f. n. infested by, inhabited by, frequented by, past p. p. of rt सेव् with नि, 70.

सिंहशादू लमात क्रवराह खेमृगायुतम् Complex comp. 771; सिंह cr. a lion, शादू ल cr. a tiger, मात क्र cr. an elephant, वराह cr. a boar, सुख cr. a bear, मृग cr. a deer, सायुतम् acc. sin. m. of सायुत m. f. n. frequented by, past p. p. of rt य with सा, 532. Note—वराह + सुख becomes वराह क्षे by 32.

सिका: nom. pl. m. of सिक्त m. f. n. watered, sprinkled; past p. p. of rt सिच् 539.

सिन्धुजान् acc. pl.m. bred or reared in Sindh; (comp. of सिन्धु the country along the Indus, and ज 580.) Sindhu is the Indian name of the river Indus or of the country along its banks, now called Sindh.

सीद्ति he sinks, he pines away; 3d sin. pres. of rt सद् 1st cl. 270, see 599. a.

सीदिन they sink, they give way, they quail; 3d pl. pres. of rt सद.

सोदन्यक्रानि for सीदिना अक्रानि by 34.

म a prefix meaning good, well, very, 726.f.

मुकुचा nom. sin. f. having beautiful breasts, ist cl. 105, see 726. f.

मुकुमारतनुत्वचं having very soft and delicate skin, Complex comp. 771; मुकुमार cr. very soft, 726.f, तनु cr. delicate, त्वचं acc. sin. of त्वच f. skin.

मुकुमाराङ्गी BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; मुकु-मार cr. very delicate, 726. f, अङ्गी acc. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 1st cl. 108.

मुकुमारानवद्याङ्गोम् Complex comp. 771; मुकुमार cr. very delicate, 726. f, अनवद्य cr. irreproachable, faultless, blameless, अङ्गोम् acc. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, member, see 108. सुकुमारी nom. sin. f. very tender, very delicate; (from सु very, 726. f, and कुमारी f. of कुमार young.)

सुकुमारों acc. sin. f. of सुकुमार m. f. n. very delicate.

मुकेशानानि nom. pl. n. of मुकेशाना m. f. n. having beautiful locks of hair or ringlets; (comp. of मु good, 726. f, केश hair, and अन m. the end.)

मुकेशी nom. sin. f. having beautiful hair, ist cl. 106, see 726. f.

मुखं acc. sin. of मुख n. happiness, bliss.

सुखं ind. happily, joyfully, pleasantly, 713. b.

मुखतरो for मुखतरम् nom. sin. m. more pleasant; comparative degree of मुख, q.v.,191.

सुखदु:खे acc. du. n. pleasure and pain; (Dvan. or Agg. comp. 752.)

मुखात् abl. sin. m. or n. of मुख m. f. n. pleasant, happy.

मुखानि nom. or acc. pl. of मुख n. pleasure.

मुखाहीं acc. sin. f. of मुखाह m. f. n. deserving of happiness; (comp. of मुख joy, and खह worthy of.)

मुखास्पञ्च acc. sin. n. pleasant to the touch, thrilling; (from मुख pleasant, and आस्पञ्च touch.)

मुखन: nom. pl. m. of मुखन m. f. n. happy.

मुखी nom. sin. m. of मुखिन् m. f. n. happy.

मुखोपविष्ट nom. sin. m. pleasantly seated; (comp. of मुख pleasant, and उपविष्ट.)

मुखोषितं acc. sin. m. comfortably lodged; (comp. of मुख pleasant, and उपित lodged, past p. p. of rt वस 607.)

सुगन्धीन nom. pl. n. of सुगन्धिन् m. f. n. fragrant; (from सु good, 726. f, गन्ध odour, smell, affix इन् 159.)

मुचिरं nom. sin. n. of मुचिर m.f. n. very long; (comp. of मु 726.f, and चिर long while.)

सुचिरं ind. for a very long time.

मुजाताङ्गी Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; मुजात cr. well-formed, अङ्गी acc. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 108.

सुतं acc. sin. of सुत m. a son, 1st cl. 103.

मुता f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

सुतां acc. sin. of सुता f. a daughter.

मुते nom. du. of मुता f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

सुतेयं for सुता इयं by 32.

मुतो for मुतम् nom. sin. m. a son.

मुतौ acc. du. of मुत m. a child.

मुदामञ् gen. sin. of मुदामन् m. Sudáman, name of a king, 153, 154.

सुदारुणम् acc. sin. n. very terrible; (comp. of सु 726. f, and दारुण q.v.)

सुदु:खं ind. very sorrowfully, in great pain.

सुदु: खित: nom. sin. m. of सुदु: खित m. f. n. very grieved; (comp. of सु 726. f, and दु: खित grieved, afflicted.)

सुदु: खिता nom. sin. f. greatly afflicted.

सुदुर्बुद्ध O very foolish! voc. sin. m. of सुदुर्बुद्ध m. f. n., 2d cl. 110; (from सु 726.f, दुर 726.d, and बुद्ध mind.)

सुदुष्करम् nom. sin. n. of सुदुष्कर m. f. n. very difficult to be done; (comp. of सु 726.f, दूर 726.d, 72, and कर doing.)

सुदेव voc. sin. of सुदेव m. name of a Bráhman.

मुदेवं acc. sin. m. Sudeva.

मुदेवस्य gen. sin. m. of Sudeva.

मुदेवेन ins. sin. m. by Sudeva.

मुदेवो for मुदेवस् nom. sin. m. Sudeva, name of a Bráhman.

मुडिजानना BAH. or Rel. comp. 761; मु ind. good, beautiful, 726. f, डिज cr. a tooth, खानना nom. sin. f. from खानन n. a mouth, 1st cl. 108.

सुनन्दा nom. sin. f. Sunandá, name of a woman.

सुनन्दां acc. sin. of सुनन्दा f. Sunandá, name of a woman.

सुनन्दासहितां acc. sin. f. in company with Sunandá; (comp. of सुनन्दा and सहित accompanied by.)

मुनन्दे voc. sin. f. O Sunandá! See मुनन्दा.

मुनासाक्षिभ्रवाणि BAH. OR REL. COMP. 765; सु good, well, well-formed, 726. f, नासा cr. the nose, खिंख cr. the eye, भ्रुवाणि nom. pl. n. from भू f. the eyebrow, see 125. a.b.

मुन्दर m. f. n. beautiful, lovely, 1st cl. 187.

सुन्दरी nom. sin. f. of सुन्दर beautiful, 106.

सुपरिश्रान्तवाहास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; सुपरिश्रान्त cr. very wearied, 726. f, वाहास् nom. pl. of वाह m. a horse, a bearer.

मुप्पर ins. pl. m. of मुप्प m. f. n. having beautiful flowers; (comp. of मु 726.f, and पुष्प n. a flower.)

सुपूजितौ nom. du. m. of सुपूजित m. f. n. much honoured, 1st cl. 103; (comp. of सु 726.f, and पूजित past p. p. from rt पूज्.)

सुमां acc. sin. f. of सुम m. f. n. asleep, sleeping.

सुप्रायां loc. sin. f. (see 840) of सुप्त m. f. n. asleep, sleeping; past p. p. of rt खए 543.

मुप्ते loc. sin. m. of मुप्त m. f. n. asleep.

सुप्रतिष्ठा nom. sin. f. of सुप्रतिष्ठ m. f. n. very glorious, very celebrated; (comp. of सु 726. f, and प्रतिष्ठा f. fame, renown.)

सुप्रीता for सुप्रीतास् nom. pl.f.of सुप्रीत m.f.n. well-pleased, 1st cl. 105, see 726.f.

सुबहून acc. pl. m. of सुबहु m. f. n. very numerous; (comp. of सु 726. f, and बहु many, 3d cl. 187.)

सुवाहो: gen. sin. of सुवाहु m. Subáhu, the king of Ćedi.

सुभाषिताम् acc. sin. f. of सुभाषित m. f. n. speaking well, eloquent; (comp. of सु
726. f, and भाषित n. speech.)

सुभू: nom. sin. f. having beautiful eyebrows,

सुमध्यमा nom. sin. f. slender-waisted. See next.

सुमध्यमे O slender-waisted! voc. sin. of सुमध्यमा f. a woman with a beautiful or slender waist; (from सु good, 726.f, and मध्यम the middle;) 1st cl. 105.

सुमहत् acc. sin. n. of सुमहत् m. f. n. very

great, very important; (comp. of सु very, 726. f, and महत्त great, 142.)

मुमहद for मुमहत् nom. sin. n. very great.

सुमहांश् for सुमहान् nom. sin. m. of सुमहत् very great; (comp. of सु 726.f, and महत् q.v.)

मुमहाकक्षं the very great gate, the large court-yard, KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; मु very, 726. f, महा for महत् great, 778, कक्षं acc. sin. of कक्ष m. a gate, an enclosure.

सुमहान् nom. sin. m. of सुमहत् m. f. n. very large, very great.

सुमहामनाः nom. sin. m. very high-minded; (comp. of सु 726. f, and महामनस् q. v.)

सुनृष्टपुष्पाद्धा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; सु well, 726. f, मृष्ट clean, bright, washed, पुष्प cr. a flower, जाद्धा for जाद्धास nom. pl. m. of जाद्धा abounding, filled with.

सुर m. a god, an inhabitant of heaven, ist cl. 103.

मुरिद्यातं nom. sin. n. of सुरिद्यात m.f. n. well-guarded; (comp. of सु well, 726. f, and रिद्यात past p. p. of rt रख 538.)

मुर्दिश्तः nom. sin. m. well-preserved.

मुरिश्चतानि acc. pl. n. of मुरिश्चत m. f. n. well-guarded.

मुरभिसम्भराः Complex comp. 770; मुरभि cr. fragrant, सग् for सन् cr. a garland (43. d), भराः nom. pl. of भर m.f. n. wearing, bearing, holding, 1st cl. 103.

सुरसत्तमे: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सुर cr. a god, सत्तमे: ins. pl. of सत्तम best, 1st cl. 103, see 191.

मुरमुतोपमी Anom. comp. 777; सुर cr. a god, सुत cr. a child, a son, उपमी acc. du. m. of उपम m. f. n. like, resembling.

मुरा: nom. pl. of मुर m. a god.

सुराङ्गना nom. sin. f. a celestial nymph, a divine female; (comp. of सुर cr. a god, and अङ्गना f. a woman.)

मुराणां gen. pl. of मुर m. a god, a deity.

सुरोत्तमाः O best of the gods! TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743. b; सुर cr. a god, उत्तमाः voc. pl. m. of उत्तम m. f. n. best, 1st cl. 103.

मुरोत्तमान् acc. pl. m. best of the gods.

मुलोचनां acc. sin. f. of मुलोचन m. f. n. having beautiful eyes, fine-eyed, 726.f.

मुवर्चमं acc. sin. m. of मुवर्चम् m. f. n. very bright, very glorious; (comp. of मु ind. very, and वर्चम् n. light, glory, 7th cl. 164. a.)

सुवर्णस्य gen. sin. of सुवर्ण n. gold, 1st cl. 104.

सुविपुलां acc. sin. f. of सुविपुल m.f. n. very great; (from सु very, 726. f, and विपुल.)

सुविहिता nom. sin.f. of सुविहित m.f.n. wellsupplied; (comp. of सु 726.f, and विहित furnished, fixed.)

मुविहितै: ins. pl. of मुविहित m. f. n. wellappointed, well-furnished, well-arranged.

सुशान्ततोयां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; सुशान्त cr. very placid, very calm, 726.f, तोयां acc. sin. f. from तोय n. water.

मुश्रीतलं acc. sin. n. very cool; (comp. of मु 726.f, and शीतल m. f. n. cool.)

मुश्रोण voc. sin. of मुश्रोणी f. a woman who has beautiful hips; (from मु 726. f, and श्रोणी a hip; 'O slender-waisted one!')

सुष्रोणी nom. sin. f. having beautiful swelling hips or loins.

सुश्रहणाः nom. pl. m. of सुश्रहण m. f. n. very smooth, 1st cl. 103, see 726.f.

मुख्याप he slept; 3d sin. perf. of rt खप 655. मुसंरथम् nom. sin. m. greatly enraged or incensed; (comp. of मु 726.f, and संरथ q.v.)

मुसदृशं nom. sin. n. of मुसदृश m. f. n. very like; (comp. of मु 726. f, and सदृश like; governing genitive case, see 827. b.)

मुसमाहित: nom. sin. of सुसमाहित m.f. n. very intent, i. e. having the mind anxiously fixed on an object; (comp. of सु ind. very, and समाहित past p. p. of rt धा with आ and सम, 533. a.)

मुसिद्धार्थों for मुसिद्धार्थम् nom. sin. m. one whose object is completely effected; (from मु well, 726.f, सिद्ध cr. accomplished, अर्थ object, 767.) In Book XXIV. 51, 'completely supplied with.'

मुस्तिग्धगम्भोरां very soft and deep-toned; मुस्तिग्ध cr. very soft, very kind, 726.f, गम्भोरां acc. sin. f. of गम्भोर m. f. n. deep, deep-toned.

मुखरम् ind. in a loud, sonorous voice; (comp. of सु 726.f, and खर voice, 713.)

मुहच्छोकविवर्धन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; मुहच् for मुहद (49) cr. a friend, छोक for शोक (49) cr. grief, विवर्धन: nom. sin. m. of विवर्धन m.f.n. making great, augmenting, making to increase, 582. c.

सुहृत्यागं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सुहृत् cr. a friend, त्यागं acc. sin. of त्याग m. desertion.

मुहृत्स्वजनवाकानि Complex comp. 770; मुहृत् for मुहृद् (46) cr. a friend, स्वजन cr. kindred, वाक्यानि nom. pl. of वाक्य n. a word, 1st cl. 104.

मुहृदः acc. pl. of मुहृद् m. a friend, 138. मुहृदश् acc. pl. of मुहृद् m. a friend. मुहृदां gen. pl. of मुहृद् m. a friend, 138.

मुहृद्वाक्यम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मुहृद्ध cr. a friend, वाक्यम् acc. sin. of वाक्य n. a speech, a word, 1st cl. 104.

सूचित: nom. sin. of सूचित m. f. n. revealed; indicated; past p. p. of rt सूच 538.

सूचिता nom. sin. f. of सूचित m. f. n. indicated, revealed.

मृत for सूतम् nom. sin. of सूत m. a charioteer.

The सूत or charioteer in Hindú poetry is always one of the great officers of state, corresponding, in a manner, to the English 'Master of the Horse.'

स्त voc. sin. m. O charioteer!

सूतं acc. sin. of सूत m. a charioteer.

सूतन्वे loc. sin. of सूतन्व n. the business of a charioteer.

सूतपुर्व TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सूत cr. a charioteer, पूर्व acc. sin. of पुत्र m. a son.

सूतम् nom. sin. m. a charioteer.

सूतो for सूतस् nom. sin. m. a charioteer.

सूर्य acc. sin. of सूर्य m. the sun.

सूर्योदये loc. sin. at sunrise; (from सूर्य the sun, and उदय m. rise.)

सृत्वा having approached; past ind. p. of rt मृ 556.

सेनया ins. sin. of सेना f. an army, a host. सेनयोर gen. du. of सेना f. an army.

सेयम् or सेयं for सा इयम् by 32, she the same; see 221. a.

सैरन्ग्री or सेरिन्गी nom. sin. f. a handmaiden, attendant, workwoman, needlewoman.

सैरन्ध्रीं acc. sin. of सैरन्ध्री f. a handmaiden. सैवं for सा एवं by 33.

सोचिता for सा उचिता q. q. v. v.

सोद्म to bear, to endure ; inf. of rt सह 459. सोमपो for सोमपस nom. sin. of सोमप m. one who drinks the juice of the Soma-plant or Asclepias acida (at a sacrifice). The offering and drinking the juice of this plant was an important part of all Vedic sacrifices. Professor H. H. Wilson (Introduction to the Rig-veda, p. xxxvi) says, 'The great importance attached to the juice of this plant is a singular part of the ancient Hindú ritual. Almost the whole of the Sama-veda is devoted to its eulogy, and this is no doubt little more than a repetition of the Somamandala of the Rić. The only explanation of which it is susceptible is the delight which the discovery of the exhilarating properties of the fermented juice of the plant must have excited in simple minds on first becoming acquainted with its effects.' The veneration of the Soma-plant does not appear to have been connected with any worship of the moon or planets, which are not,

like the sun, objects of special adoration in the Veda. The Soma is mentioned in the following passages of Manu: III.85, 158, 180, 197, 257; V. 96; VII.7; IX. 129; X. 88; XI. 7, 12. All the ancestors of the Bráhmans are Soma-pas 'moon-plant drinkers.'

सौदामिनी f. a name of lightning, 1st cl. 106. See note under विद्युत.

सौभाग्येन ins. sin. of सौभाग्य n. good fortune, 1st cl. 104.

सौहार्द nom. sin. n. friendship.

सौहदेन ins. sin. of सौहद n. affection, love, ist cl. 104.

सौहदेनावकृष्यते for सौहदेन अवकृष्यते by 31.

स्कन्धदेशे on the shoulders, TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743; स्कन्ध cr. the shoulder, and देशे loc. sin. of देश m. region, part.

स्तअलोचनान् Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; स्तअ cr. rigid, motionless, लोचनान् acc. pl. m. from लोचन n. an eye, 1st cl. 108. The gods are supposed by the Hindús to be exempt from the necessity of winking their eyes. Hence a deity is called Animisha one whose eyes do not twinkle. There are other marks which distinguish divine from mortal bodies. They cast no shadow, they are exempt from perspiration, they remain unsoiled by dust, they float on the earth without touching it, and the garlands they wear stand erect, the flowers remaining unwithered.

स्तियं acc. sin. of स्त्री f. a woman, 123. b. स्त्री f. a woman, a female, 123. b.

स्त्रीमन्त्रं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्त्री cr. a woman, मन्त्रं acc, sin. of मन्त्र m. counsel, plot, stratagem.

स्त्रीषु loc. pl. of स्त्री f. a woman.

स्त्रीखभावश् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्त्री cr. a woman, स्वभावश् nom. sin. m. nature, disposition.

स्य (at the end of compounds) denotes stay-

ing, abiding, being, existing; (agt. of rt स्था, see 580.)

स्यविरेभ्य: abl. pl. m. of स्यविर m. f. n. old, an elder, 1st cl. 187.

स्यविरेर् for स्यविरेस् ins. pl. m. of स्यविर m. f. n. old, 1st cl. 103.

स्यागुर for स्थागुस् nom. sin. m. of स्थागु m. f. n. steadfast, firm.

स्थापयामास he placed, he fixed; 3d sin. perf. of rt स्था in caus.

स्थापियता having made to stand, having drawn up (as a chariot); past ind. p. of rt स्था in caus.

स्थावर for स्थावरस् nom. sin. m. a fixed or immovable object.

स्थितं acc. sin. m. or n. of स्थित m. f. n. standing; past p. p. of rt स्था 533, 587, 896. a.

स्थिता nom. sin. f. of स्थित m. f. n. standing. स्थितां acc. sin. f. of स्थित m. f. n. standing, 806. a.

स्थिता: nom. pl. f. of स्थित m. f. n. standing. स्थितान् acc. pl. of स्थित m. f. n. standing; past p. p. of rt स्था 533, see also 896. a.

स्थिति acc. sin. of स्थिति f. steadfastness.

स्थित्या ins. sin. of स्थिति f. constancy, 2d cl. 112.

सुपां acc. sin. of सुपा f. a daughter-in-law, ist cl. 105.

स्पृशेयं I may touch, let me touch; ist sin. pot. of rt स्पृश् 6th cl.

स्पृष्टस् nom. sin. m. of स्पृष्ट m. f. n. touched or influenced by; past p. p. of rt स्पृश् 539.

स्फोतो for स्फोतस् nom.sin.m.of स्फोत m.f.n. great, bulky; (in Book XXIV. 37 it may mean in all its fulness, in all its integrity.)

H ind. A redundant particle which often gives a past signification to the present tense.

सा for सास् we are; 1st pl. pres. of rt अस् 584.
In सोह the dropping of स is a violation of
the rules of Sandhi, and a poetic license
peculiar to the Mahá-bhárata.

स्मयन् nom. sin. m. of समयत् m. f. n. smiling; pres. p. of rt स्मि 524.

स्मयमानं acc. sin. of स्मयमान m.f.n. smiling; pres. p. átm. of rt स्मि 526, 591.

सारंस् for स्नरन् (53) calling to mind, recollecting; pres. p. of rt स्नृ 524.

स्मरनो nom. sin. f. of स्मरत् m. f. n. calling to mind, thinking of; pres. p. of rt स्मृ 524.

सारन्या for सारन्यास् gen. sin. f. of सारत् m. f. n. remembering.

स्मरामि I remember, I call to mind; 1st sin. pres. of rt स्मृ 1st cl. 594.

साराम्यशुभं for सारामि खशुभं by 34.

स्मतुम् to call to mind, to remember; inf. of rt स्म 459.

स्मितपूर्वा smiling first, Anom. comp. 777; स्मित cr. smiling, 896. a, पूर्वा nom. sin. f. of पूर्व m. f. n. first, before, 1st cl. 103.

स्मितपूर्वाभिभाषिणी for स्मितपूर्वा खभिभा-षिणी by 31.

स्मेत्यणानुवन् for स्म इति खप खन्नवन् by 32, 34, 31. The स् of समस् is irregularly dropped. See स्म.

सोह for सा इह by 32. See सा.

स्यन्दतां gen. pl. of स्यन्दत् m. f. n. moving on, rushing on; pres. p. par. of rt स्यन्द् 524.

स्यन्दनं acc. sin. of स्यन्दन m. a chariot,

स्यन्दनेश ins. pl. of स्यन्दन m. the Syandana, a kind of tree (Dalbergia Ougeinensis), 1st cl. 103.

स्यान for स्यात he or it may be; 3d sin. pot. of अस् 48.

स्याद he or it may be; 3d sin. pot. of rt सम्.

स्यान् for स्यात् he or it may be; 3d sin. pot. of rt अस्.

स्याम we may be; ist pl. pot. of rt अस्.

संसते it falls, it slips; 3d sin. pres. of rt संस् 1st cl.

सर्न acc. sin. of सन् f. a garland.

सन्जा acc. pl. of सन् f. a garland, 8th cl. 176.

स्रजश्रोत्तमगन्धाद्धाः for स्रजश् च उत्तमगन्धा-द्धाः, q. q. v. v.

स्जस् acc. pl. of स्ज f. a garland.

₹ m.f. n. own, his own, her own, my own, &c., 232. b.

सं acc. sin. m. or n. of स m. f. n. own, 232. b.

खकं acc. sin. m. n. of खक m. f. n. own, one's own, his own, (same as ख 232.b.)

खकां acc. sin. f. of खक m. f. n. own.

खकान् acc. pl. m. of खक m. f. n. own, for ख 232. b.

खगृहे loc. sin. n. in (one's) own house; (comp. of ख 232. b, and गृह n. a house.)

खजनं acc. sin. of खजन m. own kindred, own people.

खजनाच् for खजनात् (48) abl. sin. of खजन m. a kinsman; (comp. of ख own, and जन man, q. v.)

खजनावृत: nom. sin. m. accompanied by his own people; (comp. of खजन own people, kindred, आवृत surrounded, attended, 740.)

खबैव for सं च एव by 60 and 33.

खर्भ acc. sin. m. own duty; (from ख 232. b, and धर्म duty.)

स्वधमांचरणेषु in (your) own duties and actions; in the practising of (your) own duties; (comp. of स्वधम cr. own duty, आचरणेषु loc. pl. of आचरण n. conduct.)

खधीता for खधीतास् nom. pl. of खधीत well read; (comp. of सु 726.f, and खधीत 311.) खन: nom. sin. m. sound.

स्तपामि I sleep; 1st sin. pres. of rt स्तप् This root is properly conjugated like रूद् 2d cl. 322. a, making its present स्विपिम, स्विपिम, &c., see 655.

खपुरं acc. sin. n. to his own city; (comp. of ख own, 232. b, and पुर n. a city.)

खप्रो for खप्रस् nom. sin. of खप्र m. a dream.

खवान्धवान् acc. pl. m. (our) own relations; (ख own, and बान्धव a relative.)

खयं ind. self, himself, she herself, I myself; of one's own accord, of one's self.

खयवर m. the public choice of a husband by a princess from a number of suitors assembled for the purpose; (comp. of खयं of one's self, 713. b, and वर selecting.) In former times the princesses of India appear to have enjoyed this singular privilege. In Manu, Book III, ver. 27 &c., eight different forms of marriage are mentioned, but the खयंबर is not one of them. In the 9th Book, ver. 9, there is an allusion to it, but it is doubtful whether this has reference to any but the commercial and servile classes. 'Three years let a damsel wait though she be marriageable. After that time let her choose for herself a bridegroom of equal rank.' In Kálidása's celebrated poem, called Raghu-vansa, there is a beautiful description of the Svayamvara of Indumatí, sister of the king of Vidarbha, in which she chooses Aja, the son of Raghu, out of a large assemblage of royal suitors, In the Mahá-bhárata we have an account of the Svayamvara of Draupadí, the daughter of Drupada king of Pańcála, and afterwards the common wife of the five Pándu princes.

खयंवां acc. sin. of खयंवर, q. v.

खयंवर: nom. sin. of खयंवर a bridal ceremony in which the bride chooses her own husband.

खयंवरकथां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; खयंवर cr. a Svayamvara, कथां acc. sin. of कथा f. talk, declaration.

खयंवरकृते ind. for the Svayamvara; (comp. of खयंवर q. v., and कृते for the sake of, on account of, 731, 917.)

खयंवरे loc. sin. of खयंवर, q.v.

खयंवरो for खयंवरस् nom. sin. m. See खयंवर.

स्वयम् ind. self, himself, herself; of one's self, of one's own accord.

खर्षं acc. sin. n. thy own form; (eomp. of ख own, 232. b, and रूप form.)

स्वरूपधारिएं acc. sin. m. having his own form; (comp. of स cr. own, रूप cr. form, and धारिन possessing, 6th cl. 159.)

सहिपणं acc. sin. m. having his own form; (from स own, 232.b, and हिपन् possessed of form, 159.)

खर्ग ace. sin. of खर्ग m. heaven.

खर्गमार्गीददृष्ठ्यभः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; खर्ग cr. heaven, मार्ग cr. road, दिदृष्ठ्यभः ins. pl. of दिदृष्ठ्य m. f. n. desirous of seeing, from rt दृश् in des. 82. VII, 502. a, 604.

खलङ्कृतः nom. sin. m. well adorned; (comp. of मु 726. f, and जलङ्कृत adorned, 787. a.)

खलङ्काः nom.pl.m. well adorned. See last.

खलङ्गाः ins. pl. n. of खलङ्गा m. f. n. beautifully adorned; (comp. of मु well, 726. f, 34, and अलङ्गा past p. p. of rt क् with अलं, 787. a.)

खिलां acc. sin. m. of खला m. f. n. very little; (comp. of मु very, 726. f, 34, and खला small.)

स्वसितायतलोचना having beautiful black and long eyes, Complex comp. 771; सु ind. very, 726.f, असित er. black, आयत er. long or large, लोचना nom. sin. f. from लोचन n. the eye.

खमुतौ acc. du. m. his own children; (comp. of ख own, 232. b, and मुत m. a child, 103.)

खस्ति ind. welfare, benediction.

सस्य m. f. n. in health, lit. self-staying; (from स्व one's own, 232. b, स्य staying, 580.b;) न सस्या वभूव she was not herself.

खस्पा nom. sin. f. of खस्प in health.

खां acc. sin. f. of ख m. f. n. own.

स्वागतं nom. sin. n. salutation, welcome; (from सु well, 726. f, and आगत m. f. n. come.)

खानि acc. pl. n. of ख m. f. n. own, 232. b.

खामिन् voc. sin. of खामिन् m. a master, 6th cl. 159.

खार्थम् own cause, (my) own cause; acc. sin. of खार्थ m., 1st cl. 103; (comp. of खown, 232. b, and अर्थ an object.)

स्वेन ins. sin. of ख own, 232.b.

खैर for खैस ins. pl. m. of ख own.

खेरवृत्ता nom. sin. f. following her own inclinations; (from खेर self-willed, and वृत्त practice.)

स्रोपु loc. pl. n. of स्रोर m. f. n. free, unrestrained.

स्रोरीस loc. sin. n. on (his or her) own breast; (comp. of स्र own, 232. b, and उरस् n. breast, 164.)

₹.

ह ind. indeed, an expletive.

EN m. a kind of wild goose of a white colour with golden wings, something between a swan and a flamingo. It must be a graceful bird, as the bearing, gait, and even voice of a beautiful woman is often compared by Hindú poets to that of a hansa. It serves the god Brahmá as a vehicle, and hence the hansa-náda or cry of this bird has a sacred character, just as the cry of the swan with the Greeks.

हंसं acc. sin. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसस्य gen. sin. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसा for हंसास nom. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसा: for हंसास् nom. pl. of हंस m. a swan,

हंसान् acc. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसानां gen. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसेन ins. sin. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसै: ins. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हतं acc. sin. m. of हत m.f. n. killed, slain.

हतकारकं Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; हत cr. destroyed, removed, कारकं nom. sin. n. from कारक m. a thorn, a foe, 108. हतिशृष्टजनास् nom. pl. the men left or remaining out of the slain.

हतिश्रष्टा for हतिश्रष्टास् nom. pl. m. those left or remaining out of the slain; (comp. of हत cr. killed, and श्रिष्ट left, remained.)

हतिशिष्टै: ins. pl. m. of हतिशिष्ट left or remaining out of the slain.

हतश्रेषै: ins. pl. m. of हतश्रेष left or remaining out of the killed, escaped; (comp. of हत cr. killed, and शेष remainder.)

हता nom. sin. f. of हत m.f. n. killed, slain; past p. p. of rt इन् 545: हतास्मि I am lost, I am undone.

हता for हतास nom. pl. of हत m.f. n. killed.

हतो for हतस् nom. sin. m. of हत m. f. n. killed, slain.

हत्वा having slain ; past ind. p. of rt हन.

हनाव्यो for हनाव्यस् nom. sin. of हनाव्य m.f.n. to be killed; fut. pass. p. of rt हन् 654.

हना nom.sin.m.of हन् m.a killer, 4th cl.127. हनि he or it kills; 3d sin. pres. of rt हन् to kill, 2d cl.

हन्तुं to slay; inf. of rt हन.

हन्यते he or it is killed; 3d sin. pres. of rt हन् to kill, in pass.

हन्याद let him slay, he may kill; 3d sin. pot. of rt हन् 654.

हन्याम we would kill; ist pl. pot. of rt हन् 2d cl.

हन्युस् they should slay; 3d pl. pot. of rt हन् 2d cl.

हयकोविद voc. sin. m. O skilled in horses! (comp.of हय cr. horses, and कोविद skilful.)

हयज्ञताम् acc. sin. of हयज्ञता f. knowledge of horses; (abstract noun from हयज्ञ skilled in horses, see 80. LXII.)

हयज्ञस्य gen. sin. of हयज्ञ m. one skilled in horses.

हयज्ञानं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हय cr. horses, ज्ञानं nom. sin. n. knowledge, skill. हयज्ञानस्य TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हय cr. horses, ज्ञानस्य gen. sin. of ज्ञान n. knowledge.

हयतस्वज्ञ Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; हय cr. a horse, तस्व cr. nature, truth, ज्ञ voc. sin. m. of ज्ञ a knower, 580. b.

हयतस्वज्ञः nom. sin. m. See last.

हयनिघोंपम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हय cr. a horse, निघोंपम् acc. sin. of निघोंप m. sound, noise.

हयसङ्ग्रहणं Тат. ов Dep. сомр. 743; हय cr. a horse, सङ्ग्रहण n. restraining, curbing, checking.

हयसङ्ग्रहणे loc. sin. See last.

हया for हयास् nom. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयांस् for हयान् (53) acc. pl. of हय m. a horse, 1st cl. 103.

हया: nom. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयान् acc. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयाज्ञ for हयास् nom. pl. of हय m. a horse. हयै: ins. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयेर for हयेस ins. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयेश for हयेस ins. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयोत्तमा: nom. pl. m. best of horses; (comp. of हय cr. a horse, and उत्तम m. f. n. best, 743. b.)

हयोत्तमान् acc. pl. m. the best of horses, the noblest of horses.

हरिणीम् acc. sin. of हरिणी f. a female deer, a doe, 106.

हमैज: nom. sin. m. arising from joy; (comp. of हमें joy, and ज produced, 580. b.)

हमैविवर्धन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हमें cr. joy, विवर्धन: nom. sin. m. of विवर्धन m. f. n. increasing, an increaser, from rt वृथ with वि, 582. c.

हपैविवृद्धसत्त्वा Complex comp. 771; हपै joy, विवृद्ध increased, सत्त्वा nom. sin. f. from सत्त्व n. vigour, energy.

हव्यवाहन: nom. sin. m. fire; (from हव्य an oblation, and वाहन what carries.)

हस्त m. the hand, the proboscis or trunk of an elephant.

हस्तात् abl. sin. of हस्त m. the hand.

हस्ताभ्याम ins. du. of हस्त m. the hand.

हिस्तिभ: ins. pl. of हिस्तिन् m. an elephant.

हस्तिय्यं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हस्ति for हस्तिन् (57) cr. an elephant, यूयम् nom. sin. n. a herd. The mischief caused by the trampling of rushing elephants is a frequent subject of description in Hindú poetry; compare the end of Act I of the Sakuntalá and Book V. 43-49 of the Raghu-vansa.

हस्तियूचेन ins. sin. n. See last.

हिस्त स्परामृष्टां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; हिस्त for हिस्तन् (57) cr. an elephant, हस्त cr. the trunk of an elephant, परामृष्टां acc. sin. f. of परामृष्ट m. f. n. touched, struck, ruffled, chafed.

हस्त्यश्वरथयोपेण Complex comp. 770; हस्त्य (by 34) for हस्ति (by 57. b) for हस्तिन् cr. an elephant, अश्व cr. a horse, रथ cr. a chariot, घोषेण ins. sin. of घोष m. noise, rattle, roar, 1st cl. 103.

हस्त्यश्चरयसङ्गुलम् Complex comp. 771; हस्ति cr. elephants (34), अश्व cr. horses, रथ cr. chariots, सङ्गुलम् acc. sin. m. of सङ्गुल m.f.n. crowded, filled, choked up.

हा interj. Alas! Ah! Oh! 732.

हाहाकारम् acc. sin. of हाहाकार m. lamentation, cries for help; (comp. of हाहा interjection of pain, and कार making.)

हाहाभूतम् nom. sin. n. of हाहाभूत m. f. n. making lamentations; (comp. of हाहा Alas! and भूत become, being.)

हि ind. for, because, 727. d.

हितं acc. sin. n. of हित m. f. n. beneficial, for the good of, 1st cl. 103.

हितां acc. sin. f. of हित m. f. n. friendly, salutary, 1st cl. 104.

हित्वा having abandoned; past ind. p. of rt हा 557.

हिरएयस्य gen. sin. of हिरएय n. gold, bullion, plate, 1st cl. 104.

होनं acc. sin. m. of हीन m. f. n. deprived of; governing instrumental case, 825.

हीनां acc. sin. f. of हीन m. f. n. deprived of, separated from.

होने: ins. pl. n. of हीन m. f. n. bad, inferior. होनो for हीनस् nom. sin. n. See होनां.

हुताञ्चं acc. sin. of हुताञ्च m. a name of the god Agni or fire, (lit. eater of the burnt-offering.)

हुताशनं acc. sin. of हुताशन m. fire. See next.

हुताञ्चन: nom. sin. of हुताञ्चन Hutásana, a form of the god of fire; (comp. of हुत a burnt-offering, and सञ्चन: nom. sin. eater, 743.)

हु खर्ष acc. sin. of हु खप m. love.

हन्डयः nom. sin. of हन्डय m. love, 1st cl. 103; (comp. of हृद्ध the heart, and श्रय who lies or reclines, see 49.)

हुन्त्रयपोडिता: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; हुन्त्रय cr. love, पोडिता: nom. pl. m. of पोडित m. f. n. tormented, suffering pain, 1st cl. 103.

हक्कयवर्धन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हक्कय cr. love, वर्धन voc. sin. m. of वर्धन m.f. n. increaser, 1st cl. 103.

ह ख्याविष्टचेतना Complex comp. 771; ह ख्य cr. love, passion, खाविष्ट cr. affected by, penetrated by, चेतना nom. sin. f. of चेतना f. the heart, 1st cl. 108.

हतं nom. sin. n. of हत m. f. n. taken, carried away; past p. p. of rt ह, 539, 593.

हतद्र्य BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हत cr. taken away, robbed, द्र्यं acc. sin. m. from द्र्य n. property, 108.

हतराज्यं acc. sin. m. of हतराज्य m. f. n. deprived of his kingdom, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हत cr. taken, राज्यं acc. sin. m. from राज्य n. kingdom, 1st cl. 108.

हतराज्ये loc. sin. m. or n. See last.

हतराज्यो for हतराज्यस् nom. sin. m. See हतराज्यं.

हतवासस: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; हत cr. taken away, carried off, वासस: gen. sin. m. from वासस् n. dress, 164. a.

हृतसर्वेखम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; हृत cr. deprived of, robbed of, सर्वे cr. all, सं acc. sin. of स्व n. own property, 1st cl. 104.

हतां acc. sin. f. of हत m.f. n. seized, taken, overcome.

हृद n. the heart, the mind, 5th cl. 139.

हृदयं nom. or acc. sin. of हृदय n. the heart; knowledge.

हृदयस्य gen. sin. of हृदय n. the heart.

हृद्ये loc. sin. of हृद्य n. the heart.

हृदयेन ins. sin. of हृदय n. the heart.

हरा ins. sin. of हट n. the heart, the mind.

हृदि loc. sin. of हृद n. the heart, 5th cl. 139.

हरां acc. sin. m. of हरा m. f. n. pleasant, agreeable, captivating the heart.

ह्या: nom. pl. m. of ह्य m. f. n. pleasant, agreeable.

हिपितस्राजीहीनान् COMPLEX COMP., see 771. a; हिपित cr. standing erect, not drooping, सज् for सग् (by 43. d) cr. a garland, रजो for रजस् (by 64) cr. dust, होनान् acc. pl. m. of होन m. f. n. free from, past p. p. of rt हा 533. b.

हिषतानि nom. sin. n. of हिषत m.f. n. erect and fresh looking (applied to flowers just gathered).

हुए: nom. sin. m. of हुए m. f. n. rejoiced.

हष्टसङ्कल्यों BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; हुए cr. pleased, rejoiced, सङ्कल्यों nom. du. m. of सङ्कल्य m. mind, soul.

हृष्टा nom. sin. f. of हृष्ट m.f. n. joyful, pleased.

हृष्टा for हृष्टास् nom. pl. m. of हृष्ट m. f. n. rejoiced, joyful; past p. p. of rt हृष् 539.

हुए loc. sin. of हुए m.f. n. rejoiced, pleased.

ह्या being delighted; ind. p. of rt हुए to be pleased, 556.

हेति for हा इति by 32.

हेतुभिर ins. pl. of हेतु: m. a cause, a reason, an argument.

हेती: ind. for the sake of; governing genitive case or preceded by the crude stem.

सदैवं for हि सदैवं by 34.

द्यनुरक्तेव for हि चनुरक्ता एव by 34 and 33. द्यनपानपरिच्छदां for हि चनपा[°] by 34. सुन्मत्तदर्शना for हि उन्मत्तदर्शना by 34.

हदिनों acc. sin. of हदिनी f. a river (either as feeding a lake (हद) or flowing out of one.)

हदे loc. sin. of हद m. a lake, 1st cl. 103.

हस्वं acc. sin. m. of हस्व m. f. n. low (as a doorway, passage), short, dwarfish.

हस्वाहुक: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हस्व cr. short, वाहुक: nom. sin. m. an arm; (from वाहु with क added, 80. LVI.)

होता nom. sin. f. of होत m. f. n. ashamed.

CORRECTIONS.

Page 88, line 19, for रैश्वयात् read रेश्वयात् Page 207, line 5, for '565' read '565. b.' Dele 556 note.

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