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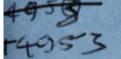
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County Borough of Solihull



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

HEALTH OF THE DISTRICT FOR THE YEARS 1963 & 1964

BY

IAN M. McLACHLAN MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

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IAN M. McLACHLAN MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

69, New Road Solihull

Tel SOLihull 3041/2

Mr. Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the years 1963 and 1964. To facilitate comparison, these years have been combined, as the year 1964 consists of two parts, three months as the Borough and nine months as the County Borough.

I apologise for its lateness but this has been due to the fact that precedence has had to be given to the day-to-daw running of the Department and the additional work incurred due to the take-over of County Borough status.

I would like to thank all members of the Health Department staff for their help and co-operation throughout the year, also the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their interest in all matters affecting the health of the community.

IAN McLACHLAN

Medical Officer of Health

FROM THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

The work of the Public Health Inspector is of the greatest enefit to the community when he makes regular visits to premises hich are required to maintain standards under public health law. he supervision of hygiene in shops, the inspection of sanitary ccommodation in factories, the regular sampling of water supplies, ce cream and milk, and the frequent visitation of premises where bod is prepared for sale or service to the public, are important xamples of cases where good practice can easily deteriorate and ecome aesthetically undesi rable and sometimes dangerous. In the ase of food premises, it is from the formation of unclean habits in connection with the handling of food and drink that infections an be conveyed from the handler to the consumer. The larger the mount handled the greater the potential danger of passing on sungerous germs in greater quantities with consequent risk of tbreaks of infectious illness. Judged in this light, the prcreased number of visits during the year to food premises is stified and in line with modern thought on the subject of food ntrol.

In the pursuit of good sanitation, which is defined as "the maintenance concerned with securing healthful conditions of living," are maintenance of dwelling houses must be important, and it is a teresting to note that since the passing of the Rent Act, 1957, me amount of work this Department is required to do in connection th housing repairs has declined. This is probably because the accrease of rent permitted by the Act had made funds available to adlords which they are able to spend on repairs. The standards is maintenance of houses and their general appearance have doubtedly improved since the passing of the Act.

With regard to dwelling houses, the conversion of fireplaces ler the Clean Air Act, 1957, in pursuit of the Council's programme Smoke Control areas, is likely to lead to improved heating ditions in houses within future areas. Towards the year's close, ircular was received from the Ministry of Housing and Local ernment authorising the payment of grants on underdraught fires, rage heaters and gas fires and in certain cases towards the cost central heating installations. This is largely due to the Gas rd's policy of producing gas from fuels other than coal so that the socke is produced, and from the Electricity Board's difficulties

in supplying power in times of peak demand under severe winte weather conditions. Gas coke has hitherto been the main source heat in smoke control areas and firegrates have been converte burn gas coke with the aid of grants given by the Council and Ministry. In future the rate-payer in proposed smoke control will have a wider range of appliances to select from includin those that burn "hard" coke of which there is said to be a plentiful supply, electric storage heaters which use power du off peak periods, and gas fires. These appliances will be mon costly to purchase and to install so that the three parties t the conversion, the owner, the local Authority and the centre government, whilst bearing the same proportion of costs will to pay larger amounts in the average case. With the better ki appliance installed the householder will appreciate the high a standard of comfort provided and the labour saving benefit on the new apparatus.

The 5 years' programme of Smoke Control Areas adopted by Council in 1959 and extended in 1962, has not materialised as was expected. Of the five areas envisaged in 1959 to be operation in 1964, three were in fact operational in 1963 and a fourth expected to come into operation towards the end of 1964. The original programme was interrupted for the year 1961 by the Council, on the ground of insufficient supply of smokeless fubeing available. Again, when Smoke Control Order No.4 was dece by the Council there was an appeal against the Order and this took several months to decide. The total result is that we an now at least eighteen months behind in our programme and witho the manpower to catch up on arrears. In addition, new legislan is coming along which will increase the load on staff and we nearing the position when additional staff will be required in to carry out our obligations.

The year 1963 was one of growth with some change, when against the background of the development of local government generally, and although difficulties were encountered, these overcome by the continued support and encouragement of the me of the Council, the assistance of the staff of other department the ready co-operation of the personnel of the Health Department and particularly of Public Health Inspector colleagues who has continued to serve their employing authority loyally and well

BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Mayor: Councillor H.B.Shaw, J.P. Deputy Mayor: Councillor J.L. Shepherdson, J.P., C.C. embers of the Health Services Committee: Councillor Mrs.D.Stott hairman) Councillor L.J.Coombes (Vice-Chairman). Alderman A.Emlyn Jones, Councillors Boston, Carter, Gray, Hardcastle, rton and Mrs.Wainwright.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY

Medical Officer of Health

IAN M.McLACHLAN, L.R.C.P. & S.Ire.L.M., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health

JOHN ERIC PEARSON, M.B. B.S., B.Pharm., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., F.P.S., D.P.H., from 9.9.63

Chief Public Health Inspector

c, e, f.

c, d.

c, d.

ERNEST VAUGHAN

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector JOSEPH S.FORMAN

Additional Public Health Inspectors

GEOFFREY N. DEAN ERNEST SOUTHERN ROBERT P. CHURCHILL LESLIE J. PEARCE I.E.J.ENGLAND (from 1.2.63) NEIL C.BONEHAM (Trainee)

> Rodent Operatives E.CALLAGHAN W.J.BODDINGTON

Public Analysts BOSTOCK, HILL AND RIGBY

Qualifying Certificate of the Royal Society of Health Qualifying Certificate of the Royal Society of Health and the Association of Public Health Inspectors Joint Examination Board. Meat Certificate of the Royal Society of Health Sanitary Science Certificate of the Royal Society of Health Simoke Certificate of the Royal Society of Health Certificate of the Institute of Public Cleansing

BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS OF THE YEAR.

Population (Estimated Mid. 1963) Regist	rar Genera	al	
Live Births	Male	Female	Т
Legitimate	889	829	1
Illegitimate	33	33	-
	922	862	1
2 1 000 E			
Rate per 1,000 Estimated Population . Illegitimate Live Births - (per cent o			(2
Still Births		Female	
Legitimate	10	8	
Illegitimate	1	1	
	11	9	-
	Chief Pa		-
Rate per 1,000 total Live and Still Bi	rths		
Fotal Live and Still Births	Male	Female	T
Legitimate	899	837	1
Illegitimate	34	34	
	933	871	1
Infant Deaths under 1 year	Male	Female	Т
Legitimate	17	12	
Illegitimate		1	_
	17	13	_
INFANT MORTALITY RATES.			
Fotal infant deaths per 1,000 total li	ve hirthe		
egitimate infant deaths per 1,000 lig			
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 i			
veo-Natal Mortality Rate (Deaths under	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
and the second and the second and the	Male	Female	T
Legitimate			
Illegitimate		-	
and the state of the below in the life is the state of the		7	-
		a state of the sta	

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	under one Male	Female	Total
Legitimate .	7	6	13
Illegitimate			-
	7	6	13
ate per 1,000 Total Live Births			7.2
eri Natal Mortality Rate (Still Births			
ne week)			
	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	17	14	31
Illigitimate	1	1	2
	18	15	33
	Lines 1	and the second	
ate per 1,000 Total Live and Still Bir	ths		18.2
aternal Mortality (including abortion)			
Number of deaths			1
aths	Male	Female	Total
dl Causes	444	381	825
ath Rate per 1,000 estimated populati	on		8.2
NERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN	THE AREA		
<i>ispitals</i> The following is a list of inics in the district	the hospi		ssociat
 Solihull Hospital (includes a Post Catherine-de-Barnes, Maternity Unit Brook House and a Chest Clinic in L administered by the Birmingham Regi Group 25, Selly Oak Birmingham Man 	s at Neth ode Lane) onal Hosp	erwood and ital Board	
Middlefield Hall - administered by Management Committee Group 14.	Monyhull	Hospital	

Laboratory Facilities - The examination of specimens taken in relation to the control of infectious diseases and the examinate of milk, water and ice-cream samples are undertaken by the Publi Health Laboratory, Coventry.

Local Government Act, 1958 - Delegation of Health and Welfare Functions - Under the provisions of Section 46 of the Local Government Act, 1958, the Borough Council made a delegated schem of health and welfare functions. The following functions of the County Council were therefore delegated to the Borough Council with effect from 1st April, 1961:-

Under Part III of the National Health Service Act, 1946

Health Centres (Section 21) Care of Mothers and Young Children (Section 22) Midwifery (Section 23) (Not Local Supervising Authority) Health Visiting (Section 24) Home Nursing (Section 25) Vaccination and Immunisation (Section 26) Prevention of illness, care and after care (Section 28) Domestic Help (Section 29)

Under the National Assistance Act, 1948

Welfare of Disabled persons (Sections 29 and 30)

Under the Nurseries and Child Minders' Regulations Act, 1948

Registration and regulation of private day nurseries and chilminders.

Under the Mental Health Act, 1959

Except those relating to the care or after care in residentia accommodation of persons suffering from mental illness.

Under the Disabled Persons (Employments) Act, 1958

Section 3.

Where Held	C. or V.	When Held	No. of new cases who attended during 1963 and at their 1st attendance were under 1 year	Total No. of children who attended during the year	No. of attendances made by children under l year	Total No. of attendances
Bentley Heath Community Hall	C	Alternate Tuesdavs	56	103	387	603
Dorridge - St. Phillips Church Room	C	Every Friday	120	198	262	1261 .
Hobs Moat St.Mary's Church Hall	C	Every Wednesday & Friday	290	592	2993	3386
Hockley Heath King George VI Memorial Hall	C	Al ternate Tuesdays	28	59	170	302
Knowle - Village Hall	C	Every Thursday	68	248	844	1233
Olton - Congregational Church Rooms	C	Every Monday	111	292	1173	1651
Wagon Lane - Old Isolation Hospital	U	Every Tuesday & Wednesday	146	266	1754	1967
Shirley - Clinic Building Halifax Road.	C	Every Tues. Wed. Friday	439	918	4516	5382
	Carrie	Carried Forward	1258	2676	12634	15785

CHILD WELFARE CENTRES (continued)

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DISTRIBUTION OF WELFARE FOODS . NATIONAL WELFARE FOODS SCHEME

The Scheme for the distribution of national welfare foods was continued.

The following table gives particulars of issues of Welfare Foods to the public from the various Distribution Centres -

Distribution C	entre	National Dried Milk Tins	Cod Liver Oil Bottles	Vitamin Tablets Pkts.of 20	Orange Juice Bottles
Temple Stores		173	35	35	377
Wagon Lane C.W.C.		437	200	121	1348
Davies - Lode Lane		1281	178	232	3631
Hobs Moat C.W.C.		535	312	2 50	2337
101ton C.W.C		285	146	137	2037
"Iris", Oxhill Road		598	57	125	1620
Halifax Road, C.W.C.		1412	397	691	5986
"a"Lavinia", Colebrook	Road	367	38	34	712
Cole Green C.W.C.		318	207	202	1448
"Anne", Haslucks Gre	en Rd.	356	122	170	2486
Monkspath Stores		241	20	The state of the second	2 45
Hockley Heath C.W.C.		-	31	17	220
Dorridge C.W.C.		210	111	182	1931
Bentley Heath C.W.C.		40	52	27	654
winowle C.W.C.		20	104	172	2605
iSolihull C.W.C.		488	257	514	4209
Public Health	22.26	348	176	113	1011
		7109	2443	3022	32857

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MIDWIFERY

Preparation for Motherc			tal Attenda	00000
Number of Wom attende		10	made	ances
424				
424			2004	
Number of Notified Birt	ths			
Births	Domicil	iary	Institu	utional
1724	523	}	120	1
Nome Nursing				
Cases visited during 1	.963: -			
65 and over			464	
Under 5 yea			19	
			1 9 D	0.07
Total number of p	ersons nur	sed during	the year	926
Health Visiting				
	0.60			
Cases visited during 1	.963: -			
Number of childre	en under 5	years		681
Persons aged 65 o				6
Mentally disorder				
Persons discharge		-	-	The first
Maternity cases				
Number of tubercu				28
Number of househo				0
other infectiou	is diseases			2:
Dental Treatment for Ex	nectant an	d Hursing	Mothers and	4
pre-school children	poblatic un	ia narong	no there and	4
	Eve	ectant & N	ursing	Pre-
	Exp	Mothers	-	Chi
Examined		12		2
Needing Treatment		12		1:
		11		-
Made dentally fit		6		(

<pre>mber of immunisations carried out dur) Number of children who completed a immunisation Under 1 1 - 4</pre>	-		
immunisation	C 11		
	Iull course	of primary	
Under 1 1 s /	5 - 14	Total	
* 644 411	16	1071	
The test of the second second second second	State Labora		
) Number of children given reinforcir	ng injection	- 1566	
ooping Cough Immunisations			
mber of immunisations carried out dur		c .	
) Number of children who completed a	full course	of primary	
immunisation 0-4 5-14	Total		
* 1052 14	1066		
) Number of children given reinforcin		010	
y Number of children given ferhioren	ig injection	010	
tanus Immunisation			
mber of immunisations carried out dur		£	
 Number of children who completed a immunisation 	full course	of primary	
0 - 4 5 - 14	Total		
* 1051 74	1125		
) Number of children given reinforcin	ng injection	- 996	
liomyelitis			
mber of vaccinations carried out duri	ing 1963		
) Number of persons who completed a d	course of in	jection or o	ora
vaccine			
Children born Young Persons since 1943 Born 1939-42 Salk Sabin Salk Sabin	All others Salk Sabin	Total Salk Sab	in
* 608 774 12 36	38 45	658 853	5
) Number given third dose ,		920 203	3
) Number given fourth dose		933 401	7
and the second se			

Smallpox

(a) Number of persons vaccinate	ed during the	year	
Under 1 year 1 - 4	5 - 14	15 years &	Total
* 161 282	40	over	594
(b) Number of persons revaccina			496
* All the record cards for been returned to the offi		up have not ye	et
B.C.G. Vaccinations during 1963			
(a) Contact Scheme			
Number Skin Treated		d Number B.C.G.Vaco	
64	64	95	5
The majority of these vacci	inations were	of child cont	acts o
cases of tuberculosis.			
(b) School children and Student	t Scheme		
Number Skin Treated	Number foun Negative	d Number B.C.G.Vaco	given
817	685	681	
Tuberculosis Register			
The number of notified ca Register as at the 31st Decembe Respiratory	er, 1963 was Non-Respir	as follows:- atory Tot	
341	0.4	36	
UII	26	00	57
Care and After-Care	26		
Care and After-Care	ted during 19	63	57
Care and After-Care Tuberculosis Cases Assist		63	Tota
Care and After-Care Tuberculosis Cases Assist	ted during 19 Men Wom	63	57
Care and After-Care Tuberculosis Cases Assist Free Extra Rations	ted during 19 Men Wom 4 2	63 en Children -	Total

LOAN SCHEME

	No.	* Items still or Loan at 31.12.63
Beds and Bedding		
Eeds, Hospital and other types	. 13	8
Beds, Side rail	: 4	here is not
Blankets	. 1	1
Mattresses, Dunlopillo	. 21	18
Pillows, Staff and Foam	: 1	7
Pillows, Cases, Plastic		6
Sheets, Staff	. 8	8
Sheeting, Rubber and Plastic, etc.	96	48
Bed Assessories		
Air Rings	23	8
Alarms	. 84	44
Back Bests	. 48	17
Back Rests Covers	. 15	5
Beds, Cradles	. 38	13
Beds, Pans		61
Bed Tables	. 3	3
Bottles, Urine	. 30	14
Cushions, Dunlopillo	. 30	11
Poles, Lifting	. 4	4
Pressure Pad Units	. 1	-
Sheets, Draw	. 86	47
Beds, Boards	. 5	11
Orthopaedic Assessories		
Chairs, Push, Twin		1
Chairs, Invalid Folding and Self-		
propelling	. 84	56
Critches, all types	. 11	11
Hoists		3
Slings	: 2	8
Sticks, Walking, Tripod and Quadru	uped 44	27
Walking Aids		35
Tongs Helping Hand	: 1	1
liscellaneous		
Cups - Feeding	. 2	1
Commodes, all types	. 116	71
Seats, Bath	. 2	2
	927	549

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CONVALESCENCE

Number of cases admitted to Convalescent Homes in 1963

		Men	Women	Children	Total
No. of cases	 	3	17	1	21
Total weeks	 	6	35	2	43

CHIROPODY SERVICE

All treatment being given under the Chiropody Scheme has been arranged through voluntary organisations. The number off patients dealt with by voluntary organisations totalled 243.. These patients received a total of 819 treatments.

MENTAL HEALTH

 (a) Admission to Mental Hospitals arranged by Mental Welfare Officer

Admission Arrangements	No.of Patients
Compulsory powers under Mental Health	
Act, 1959	32
Informal basis	62
	94

(b) New cases reported as Mentally sub-normal during 1963 Number of cases

A	ction	taken	Male	Female	Total
dmitted ecciving			2	3	5
Visits	• • •		 5	1	6
			7	4	11

(c) Number of patients ascertained as Mentally Sub-Normal and receiving Community Care visits at 31st December
1963 64
(d) Number of Mentally Sub-Normal patients in Hospital or on

JUNIOR TRAINING CENTRE

There are 33 Trainees on the Register at the Junior Training Centre Knowle. All the trainees are conveyed to and from the Centre by coach daily and a hot meal is provided at mid-day.

During 1963 5 trainees and 1 staff had a week's holiday at St.Margarets House Weston-Super-Mare together with other trainees from Warwickshire. In conjunction with the Parents Association children from the Training Centre had a day s outing to Wickstead Park Northants.

HOME HELP SERVICE

(a) Development since 1960

				1960	1961	1962	1963
Part-time H	ome Hel	ps em	ployed				
at 31st De	cember			59	60	68	69
Cases attend	ed						
Maternity				164	147	120	97
Т.В				2	2	-	1
Others				187	169	188	175
				353	318	308	273

(b) Size of Service 1963

	Aged Under 65	Aged 65 & over	Total
Number of Home Helps hour	s		
provided for persons .	15091	45486	60577

(c) Short term cases helped in 1963

		Aged	Aged
		Under 65	65 & over
Number of cases	 	133	6

(d) Long-term cases helped in 1963

	Aged	Aged
	Under 65	65 & over
Number of cases	35	99

HANDICAPPED PERSONS

(a) At the end of 1963 there were 143 "substantially and permanently handicapped" persons on the register.

(b) Car Badges for Severely Disabled Drivers

At the end of the year 1963, Car Badges had been issues to 10 severely disabled drivers.

(c) Holidays

During 1963 a group holiday was arranged by the authority for 17 physically handicapped persons.

(d) Adaptations

Ten handicapped persons were given financial assistanc towards the cost of adaptations to their homes.

INCIDENCE OF BLIND AND PARTIALLY SIGHTED PERSONS

The Medical Officer of Health is in control of arrangements for certification for registration.

(a) Registered Blind Persons

During 1963 15 completed Forms BD.8 were received. Of these ll related to blind persons and 4 to partially sighter persons.

On the 31st December, 1963 there were 86 registered bl persons in the Borough made up as follows:-

Age Distribut	ion		Males	Females	Total
Age under 1 year			-	-	-
1 - 10 years		'	2	1	3
11 - 15 years			1	1	2
16 - 20 years		1	2	1	3
21 - 29 years			4	2	6
30 - 39 years			1	1	2
40 - 49 years			3	2	5
50 - 59 years		11.150	3	5	8
60 - 64 years			2	1	3
65 - 69 years			1	2	3
70 - 7 9 years	1.11		8	12	20
80 - 84 years		'	1	8	9
85 - 89 years			6	4	10
90 years		111 3	3	9	12
		- 16 -	37	49	86

b) Registered Partially Sighted

On the 31st December, 1963 there were 21 persons registered s Partially Sighted in the Borough, made up as follows:-

	Age Dist	ributi	on	Male	Female	Total
.ge under 5	years			-	-	-
5	5 - 15 years			4		4
16	- 20 years			3	1	4
21	- 49 years			2		2
50) - 64 years			2	ality at a	2
65	and over			4	5	9
				15	6	21

ANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

ater

The Borough is supplied with mains water by the water andertakings of the Cities of Birmingham and Coventry, more than 90% coming from Birmingham. The number of houses served by them is approximately as follows -

Birmingham	Coventry			
29,874	1,909			

Despite the activities of the Council in making mains water ivailable to many houses situated in the rural parts of the area, 31 wells remain in active use. These are mainly situated in the buthern green belt district and are out of reach of water mains. some wells have become disused due to demolition by action taken ander the Housing Acts, and others by demolition to make way for busing estates, flats, etc., which have caused extensions of the mains.

Routine check samples of water from the main supplies are ubmitted for Chemical Analysis and Bacteriological examination. 11 proved satisfactory. Typical results of the chemical xaminations are shown in the table over page.

	BIRMINGHAM WATER MAINS	COVENTRY WATER MAINS
	SAMPLE No.22	SAMPLE No.14
Amnoniacal Nitrogen	0	0.14
Albuminoid Nitrogen	0.07	0.07
Chlorine in Chlorides	11	37
Nitrate Nitrogen	0.4	2.4
Oxygen absorbed from permanganate at 27°C in 4 hours	1.2	1.1
Total Solids dried at 100°C	50	160
Nitrate Nitrogen	0	0
pH	6.95	6.9
Free Chlorine	0.02	0.2
Radioactivity	the Civing of Br	to specialization
Electrical Conductivity	64 Micromhos	290 Micromhos

RESULTS OF SAMPLES OF RURAL WATER SUPPLIES

Routine samples have been taken for supervisory purposes and a number following complaints. The number of samples submi to the Public Analyst or Bacteriologist was as follows:-

	Chemical & Bacteriological only	Bacteriolog only
No. of samples submitted	12	20
No. satisfactory in both tests	6	Boutine
No. unsatisfactory in both tests	6	
No. satisfactory in chemical tests only	6	
No. satisfactory in bacteriological tests only		12
No. unsatisfactory in bacteriological tests only		8
The 8 unsatisfactory water sa bacteriological tests were fi type	amples submitted to rom wells mainly of 18 -	the the shallow

- 18 -

Number of Houses and Population served by public water mains

(a) Direct to Houses

The number of houses and retail shops as ascertained from the rate books is 31,783. Of these, approximately 31,511, or 99% are connected direct to the mains, while 267, or 1% are served by 231 wells.

(b) By Standpipes

12 houses are served by mains water from 6 standpipes or taps in outbuildings for the common use of several houses.

Drainage and Sewerage

The local sewerage system has been further extended by the laying of 5,841 yards of foul sewer and by 4,808 yards of surface water sewers, a combined total of approximately 6 miles. The arrangements for sewerage and sewage disposal are adequate, sewerage being carried out by the local authority and sewage disposal by the Birmingham Tame and Rea District Drainage Board.

Closet Accommodation and Cesspools

During the year under review 9 pail closets were converted to mechanically flushed water closets, and 2 cesspools were discontinued following connection of the properties to the public sewer. £175 was paid by the Council to owners of the properties in the form of grants towards the cost of conversion of the pail closets.

The Borough Surveyor's Department, which is responsible for the emptying of pail closets and cesspools, stated that at the end of 1963, 305 pail closets and 709 cesspools, existed in the Council's area and the number of properties drained to cesspools is stated to be 925.

The majority of these pail closets and cesspools are situated in the rural parts of the district where no sewers are available.

Public Cleansing

The Council undertake the removal of house refuse from all premises within the Borough, the ash bin method of storage being general and the system of disposal that of controlled tipping. HOUSING

Number of dwellings built during the year, including fl:

Council	 	 127
Private	 	 471
Police	 1	 16

inspection of Dwelling Houses During the year

Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or	
Housing Acts	518
Number of dwelling houses (including above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing	0.00
Consolidated Regulations 1925 and 1932	7:
Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	
Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of	
those referred to under the preceding	
sub-head) found not to be in all respect	and it
reasonably fit for human habitation	29
Houses Demolished or Closed	
Number of houses demolished as a result	
of procedure under Housing Acts	2
Number of persons displaced as a result of	in the
above	9
Number of houses closed	1

(a) Permanent Dwellings

During the year 5 notices were served under the Housing Acts inviting owners to appear before the Council when demolition of their property was being considered. Demolition Orders were made later in respect of these houses. In respect of one house represented as being unfit during the previous year an undertaking was accepted that the premises be not used for human habitation until approved works of repair had been carried out. In 1963, 7 houses were demolished following Demolition Orders made during previous years. At the end of the year 6 cases were awaiting re-housing by the Council following action under the Housing Acts. During the latter part of 1963 work started on the demolition of houses and other properties in the Council Re-development Area, and included in the demolition were 20 houses unfit for human habitation and 8 others that were seriously below the Housing Act fitness standards.

b) Temporary Dwellings

In 2 cases owners were invited to appear before the Council when demolition of their properties was being considered and in 1 case a Demolition Order was made. In the other case the Council is awaiting proposals from the owner regarding the works of repair she is prepared to carry out

Demolition Orders were also made regarding 2 properties that were represented as being unfit during the previous year. Three properties were demolished following action taken in previous years and at the end of the year there was 1 tenant awaiting re-housing by the Council.

epairs

Number	of	houses	made	fit	after	informal	action	 150
Number	of	houses	made	fit	after	formal a	ction	 1

ENT ACT, 1957

pplications for Certificates of Disrepair

1.	Number of applications for certificates	 3
2.	Number of decisions to issue Certificates: -	
	(a) in respect of some but not all defects	 2
	(b) in respect of all defects	 1
3.	Number of undertakings given by landlords	
	under Paragraph 5 of the First Schedule	 3

DMMON LODGING HOUSES.

There are no common lodging houses in the area.

CARAVANS

The routine practice of keeping a close watch on the movement of caravans into the Borough was maintained. This resulted in action being taken as soon as the caravans were sited and during the year 22 vans, occupied mostly by itinerant scrap meta dealers, were removed without recourse to legal action, by Council vehicles and man power towing the vans off the site. The occupiers of these vans were trespassers on Council land. In two other cases reports were made to the Council for legal action to be taken to enforce the removal of the vans.

The Greswolde Caravan Site containing 32 Caravans licensee in 1961 under the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960 is now in its third five year period as a residential site

The satisfactory standards applied when this site was approved in 1948 were further improved under the Act of 1960. As that time a residential caravan of 22° by 7° was considered adequate in size, and concrete standings were laid down accordingly. Persons living in caravans at the Greswolde Site now generally provide themselves with more space, privacy and amenity by siting caravans from 28 to 37 feet long, and standing had to be enlarged to accommodate these larger living units.

The water supply by five standpipes on the site has long superseded; each caravan now has a main supply inside the caravy Difficulties arose during the winter of 1962/63 with sanitary as bathroom accommodation located in separate buildings on the site becoming frozen. Experience emphasises the necessity of such buildings being well insulated with provision for maintaining the temperature above freezing level.

Residential caravan sites of the future may be improved by better site and road lighting with "lay bys" to each caravan for cars together with communal car washing points.

The siting of single caravans in the district has now diminished and caravans on isolated sites were less than half a dozen.

INSPECTION OF SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Milk Supply.

Thirty-three dealer's (Pre-Packed Milk) Licences were issuduring 1963 to the following:

Retail Dairy	men	•			 4
Shopkeepers	retai	1	ing	milk	 29

Hilk Samples

The following table gives the results of milk samples submitted for biological, bacteriological, phosphatase and turbidity tests:-

ingentioned weak in feedal	Homogenised Tuberculin	Tested.Past- enrised Milk	Tuberçulin	Milk	170	eurised Milk	Pasteurised	-	Sterilised		-	lotals
No. of Samples		8	6		37	7	3	5	2	3	1	09
	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory.	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
Methylene Elue Test Phosphatase Test Turbidity Test	88-		4	2 -	37 37 -		35 35 -	1 1 1	- - 23	1 1 1	84 80 23	-

ce Cream

Manufacturers:

There are now no active manufacturers of ice-cream in the Borough.

Vendors

Registered in retailing ice cream at close of 1963	223
New registrations during the year	5
Registrations transferred	65
Vendor's premises where pre-packed and/or loose ice cream sold were as follows:-	
Selling pre-packed ice cream only	
Selling pre-packed and loose ice cream	38

The methylene blue test was used for extimating the bacteriological quality. The results of tests are divided into four grades. Twenty six samples were submitted to the test.

Results	of the	samples	are as	follow	s: -
Grades		1	2	3	4
No. of	Samples	22		3	1

Grade 1 is the highest grade and ice-cream placed in Grades 1 and 2 are regarded as satisfactory.

Analysis of Ice-Cream Samples for Fat Content, Sucrose and Mill Solids.

No. of Samples Satisfactory 22 22

By the Food Standards (Ice-Cream) Order, 1953, Ice-Cream required to contain 5% fat, 10% sugar and 7½% milk solids other than fat. In the case of Dairy Ice-Cream, Dairy Cream Ice or Cream Ice, the fat must be milk fat. The results of sampling show that ice-cream sold in the area has a higher solid contenn than the legal standard.

The sale of ice-cream (continues to increase. To-day it is sold from a variety of shops so that the conception of ice-crea has widened from a refreshment to a food valuable as a dessert

Soft ice-cream maintains its position in the overall sal increase of the diverse varieties of ice-cream now manufactures It has "eye appeal" in that the process of manufacture takes p at the time of sale, the ice-cream being agitated frozen, and extruded from the machine on to a cone or hollow biscuit. In 1961 soft ice-cream was made by reconstituting a powder mix will added water. To-day the product is manufactured in liquid form using a sterilising and homogenising process. It is then packed in sterile containers which are delivered to the vendor who punctures the can and pours the mix into the holder tank to be agitated and frozen as required. A high standard of hygiene can be maintained by following the machine manufacturer's instruct which are stringent with regard to sterilisation of the workin parts of the machine which come into contact with the product. Mobile ice cream vans selling both "soft" and "solid" ice-cream are now planned and constructed so that the requirements of food hygiene can be easily adhered to and salesmen are trained in clean handling of the product prior to taking out a van.

Iced Lollipops

Of 199 Vendors of iced lollipops in the area, 5 are manufacturing the product they sell by retail.

Slaughterhouses

1st January, 1963, was the "Appointed Day" when the Construction Regulations under The Slaughterhouses (Hygiene) Regulations, 1958 and the Slaughter of Animals (Prevention of Cruelty) Regulations, 1958 came into force.

Under these Regulations, slaughterhouses have to comply with certain standards so far as the lairage, slaughterhall, hanging room, meat detention place and grazing land are concerned. To comply with these requirements meant expenditure and rather than spend the money involved, 2 slaughterhouse pwners discontinued using their premises. There are now 2 slaughterhouses in regular use.

The Meat Inspection Regulations 1963, came into force on othe 1st October 1963. Under these Regulations, the Inspector who is satisfied that a carcase or part of a carcase is fit for human monsumption must mark the carcase or part of the carcase. Although these Regulations permit a local authority to make a scharge for inspection this Council decided not to do so.

Slaughtermen

7 Slaughtermen s Annual Licences were issued during the wear entitling the holders to slaughter cattle. pigs and scheep.

Parts print to relation to the	Cattle excldg cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	602	13	3	4,138	727	
Number inspected	602	13	3	4,138	727	
ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS AND CYSTICERCI					202	1000
Whole carcases condemned		-	1.2021	-	1	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	54	3	-	136	48	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci	8.9%	23.07%		3.3%	6.6%	
TUBERCULOSIS ONLY			(Charpe			
Whole carcases condemned	-	-	n ng di	00200	1	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned		- 1		1-19	9	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis		-	-		1.23%	
CYSTICERCOSIS						
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	. Lenn	10.00		12	-
Gene-alised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

Clean Food Campaign

The District Public Health Inspectors carry out frequent routine visits to food stores and are keen to see whether the Food Hygiene Regulations are complied with, attaching much importantance to this aspect of their duties. These visits also give them an opportunity to discuss with the food handlers the various requirements of the Regulations and the reasons which gave rise to their introduction.

Lectures on Food Handling were also given to students attending courses for Food Demonstrators and Child Welfare Officers at the local College of Further Education.

ther Food Preparation Premises

Routine inspections of commercial kitchens, works canteens, and of vehicles from which food is sold, were made during the year.

ood Premises

((1)	The number of food premises in the area	by ty	pe of	busine	SS: -
2	Butchers				61
	Cafe and Snack Bars including Public Houses serving meals				47
	Confectioners (bread cakes pastry chocolates and sweets)				50
	Fishmongers				9
12	Fried Fish and Chips				6
13	Fruiterers and Greengrocers				49
	Groceries and Provisions				130
(2)	Number of registered food premises unde Solihull Urban District Council Act, 19		ion 97	of th	e
	Ice Cream Vendors				222
	Wholesale Distributors				2
	Manufacturers of Meat Products Active				11
1	Regist	ered			13
3)	Inspection of registered food premises				140

(4) Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960 ...

There has been a ready compliance with the requirements of the Regulations, and the following work was done during the year -

Hot or cold water supplies pr Wash hand basins fitted				
Sinks fitted				
Clothes Lockers provided				
Wash-hand Notices fixed				
Structural defects remedied				
Walls etc. cleansed				
Ventilation improved or prov	vided			
Additional fittings, working				
Miscellaneous				

(5) The amount and method of disposal of condemned food: -The following food was examined and disposed of by burias in the refuse tip after inspection had shown that it was unfit for human consumption: -

	Tons	Cwts	Qrs.	
Meat and Offal	-	9	3	
Miscellaneous foods	1	19	3	
	2	9	3	
	- Contraction			

Food and Crugs Act Sampling

The work done during 1963 -

					Total	number of	samples ta
						Formal	Informal
1	Milk .				.) selite	29	67
1	Miscellan	eous	Food	and Drugs		-	67 142

Of these, 82 samples of milk and 137 samples of other food and drugs were reported as genuine.

The results of unsatisfactory samples of Food and Drugs found as a result of routine sampling were as follows

No.	Article	Method	Remarks
4118	Lemon Mayonn- aise	Informal	Out of condition owing to the incipient rancidity of the oil present. No further stock. Retailer warned.
4209	Flavoured Milk Drink	Informal	Sample from an automatic vending machine. Consisted of a partially skimmed milk drink. Milk Fat - 1.8%. Repeat samples proved genuine.
4299) 4354)	Pork Sausages	Informal	Contained preservative not declared. Retailers requested to provide the necessary notices.
4353	Pork Sausage	In forma l	Contained Fat in excess of Lean Meat. Manufacturer warned.
34182	Macaroni and Cheese		Label technically unsatisfact- ory. Vitamins not declared in prescribed form. Of foreign manufacturer. Referred to Importer.
(4214) (4215) (4216) (4217) (4218) (4219) (4219) (4220)	Tuberculin Tested Milk	Forma l	Samples from churns awaiting collection at a farm. Contained extraneous water varying between 3.1 and 5.6%. "Appeal to Cow" samples all proved Genuine. Investigations proved that the water had gained access to the milk through the inexperience of a young Farm Apprentice in using the milking machine. Farmer warned.
(4231) (4232) (4234) (4236)	Tuberculin Tested Milk	Informal	Samples from churns at a farm awaiting cartoning of the milk. Deficient in fat varying from 11.5 to 31.5%.
4243) 4244) 4246)	Tuberculin Tested Milk		"Appeal to Cow" samples taken at the request of another authority. A carton of milk from an automatic vending machine had proved to be deficient in fat. Deficient in fat varying from 8 to 15%. Farmer advised to take the necessary steps to improve the guality of the milk
lompla	ints received fr	om members o	quality of the milk.
			ved 29
Numb	er of complaints	where sampl	es were submitted
	he Public Analys er of complaints		
			11
		- 29) _

(1) Acti	on taken on samples su	bmitted to the Public Analyst
for	Examination	
Samp Le No.	Article	Remarks
4208	Breakfast Oats	Alleged to have caused sickness Analysis indicated no evidence of abnormality. No further action taken.
4228	Grapefruit in Syrup	Contained masses of Narigina glucoside occurring naturally in Grapefruit. No further action taken.
4229	Fish Dressing	Contained numerous living small brown beetles of the genus Tribolium together with white insect larvae. Council resolves that a warning be issued to the manufacturer.
4279	Corned Beef	Alleged to have caused sickness Analysis indicated no evidence abnormality. No further action taken.
4280	Pork Luncheon Meat	Contained a sliver of tinned steel. Of foreign manufacture Referred to importer.
4281	Butter	Contained a foreign body having the characteristics of a House larva not more than 5 days old Insufficient evidence to indice where the fly had gained access to the butter. No. further action taken.
	Corned Beef	Contained a piece of cotton glove. Of foreign manufacture. Manufacturer agreed to colour gloves blue to make them more conspicuous and to alert all supervisors.
	Pasteurised Milk	Contained a mould growth attack to the bottle. Referred to the Dairy Company concerned.
4284	Bread	Contained a piece of mild stee which probably formed part of the lapping at a joint in a baking tin. Manufacturer immediately brought 500 new til into use. Council resolved that a warning be issued to the Manufacturer.
4285		Contaminated with mould. Counci- resolved that a warning be issu to the retailer.

Sample No.	Article	Remark s
4287	Raspberry Jam	Contained a small piece of glass. Council resolved that a warning be issued to the retailer.
4367	Cornish Pastie	Contaminated with mould growth. Retailer requested to take suitable steps to prevent a repetition of the occurrence.
4379	Honey	Alleged to have caused sickness. Of foreign manufacture. Free from chemical contamination and of good bacteriological quality. No further action taken.
4380	Coffee	Contained an insect identified as a Terrestial Arthropod Crustacean, of the family Oniscidae. No evidence to associate the sample directly with coffee. No further action taken.
8 4399	Bread	Contaminated with a small piece of dirty dough. Referred to Bakery concerned.
4154	Butter	Contaminated with mould. Of foreign manufacture. Referred to retailer.
4155	Oxtail Soup	Alleged to have an objectionable taste. Contained an excess of tin slightly in excess of that amount recommended by the Food Standards Committee. Referred to manufacturer.
4164	Lime Juice Cordial	Contained detergent. Complainant was unable to state where he had purchased the cordial. Referred to manufacturer.
(2) Sample	es examined in the De	partment
Sample No.	Article	Remarks
2/1/63	Pork Pie	Contaminated with mould. Council Fesolved that a warning be issued to the retailer.
\$/2/63	Apple Pies (2)	Contaminated with mould. Council resolved that a warning be issued to to the retailer.
¢/3/63	Pork Pie	Contaminated with mould growths. Council resolved that a warning be issued to the retailer.

SWIMMING POOLS

No major improvements were effected to either the Corporation-owned or privately-owned open air public swimming pools in the district.

Prior to the re-opening for the Summer Season of the Corporation owned swimming pool, repair work was necessary to deal with the frost damage caused by the prolonged spell of ve cold weather which continued from December 1962 to March 1963.

Byelaws for Swimming Pools, made under the Public Health Act are in force and checks are made to ensure that they are complied with.

One of the Byelaws states that the amount of free chlor in the swimming pool water should be between 0.2 and 0.5 parts per million. The Superintendent at each swimming pool is awar of this and bears this standard in mind when carrying out tess at intervals when the pool is in use. A Public Health Inspecto also carried out this type of 'spot' test, the frequency depening upon the numbers of patrons using the pools. This and thes test to ascertain the pH value of the water, enables the planto be adjusted very quickly to counteract any reading which if not of the required standard.

In addition three samples from each pool were submitted the public analyst for chemical analysis and bacteriological examination and four samples from each pool were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for bacteriological examination only. One bacteriological examination from each pool was not wholly satisfactory.

The results have shown that the plant at each swimming pool is capable of filtering and chlorinating the water effecively.

Generally speaking, other than a spell of very warm wea around Whitsuntide the weather during the season was cool and showery, affecting the attendances. At the Solihull Swimming Pool, approximately 37,000 bathers paid for admission.

During the year, trial holes were made on the site wher large indoor pool is to be constructed, which, it is expected will be opened to the public in the latter part of 1965.

No. of Samples:

Bacteriological and Chemical 7 Bacteriological only ... 8

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ACTORIES ACTS, 1961 - Part 1 of the Act

No ite		Number	r of	
Premises	Number on Register	Inspect ions	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(1) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	17	3		
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	170	155	16	
 (3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority (excluding out workers premises). 	17	14		
premises).	17	14		
Totals	204	172	16	and by Street Barrier

. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health

2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found.

	Nui	mber o defec	f cases in ts were fo	which ound	Number of cases in
			Refe	erred	which prosecut
Particulars	Found	Reme died	To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	ions were instituted
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Sanitary Conveniences (Section S 7)			100		
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-		2.2.21.1
(b) Unsuitable or defective	63	16	1 12 110	2	
(c) Not separate for sexes	-		-	-	-
Other offences against the Act.	6	3	-		
Totals	69	19	1.000	2	
		0	I OF THE A DUTWORK 110 and 1	111)	
	ure of				o, of out-wor in August Li quired by Sec 110(1)(C)
Vearing Apparel	Makin Clean	g etc. ing an	d washing		5
Electro-plate					1
		athon		1000	
The Making of Box parts thereof made	es or	ly or	receptacio parti allu	es or	

- 34 -

	Nature of W	lork	No. of out-workers in August List required by Section 110(1)(C)		
arding etc.	of buttons	etc.	 		29
anufacturing	Jewellers		 		4
1.42			Total		41

The tables above indicate the number of premises which ere visited. The official tables requested to be completed by a Minister contain columns which have been omitted from the pove because they merely provided "Nil" returns.

(MOSPHERIC POLLUTION

The five Deposit Gauges and five Lead Peroxide Candles tuated in various parts of the Borough have been in use ontinually throughout the year as well as the Daily Volumetric paratus situated at the Council house. The results from those eposit Gauges and Lead Peroxide Candles situated at Olton and irley show a slight decrease in the amount of grit deposited d sulphur dioxide content as compared with 1962 whilst the To Gauges and Candles situated in the more rural parts of the prough at Knowle and Earlswood show a slight increase. The sults from the Daily Volumetric Apparatus which measures the wily amount of "smoke" and Sulphur Dioxide in the atmosphere show decrease in the average daily "smoke" figure in the year but increase in the amount of Sulphur Dioxide Although more fuel as used during the very cold weather at the beginning of the year, re householders are using other fuels for heating than coal and though coke and oil are smokeless sulphur dioxide is still itted from these fuels

ooke Control Areas

Smoke Control Areas 2 & 3 came into operation on the 1st ne, of this year, and Area No. 4, was submitted to the Ministry Housing and Local Government for confirmation. An objection is lodged with the Ministry and a Public Inquiry was held in wember, but at the end of the year the Minister's decision and not been received.

Shoke control Areas	5				
	Area	s in ope	ration	Are	as to be confir-
		3			1 (No.4) *
Acres		376			758
Dwellings		1,281			926
Other premises		292			34
Total		1,575			960
Areas	1	2	3	4 *	Berry President
Acres	95	105	176	758	and the second
No. of dwellings	558	283	440	926	
No. of other premises	18	24	250	34	American parameteria
Total	576	307	690	960	A STREET

Smoke Control Areas

* Smoke Control Area No.4 was confirmed by the Ministry of Housing and Local Government on January 30th 1964

Deposit Gauges: Results expressed in tons per square mile, deposit gauges collect dust and grit from the atmosphere:

				Olton	Burman. Road	Cranmore Blvd.	Gres- wolde	·E
Average	e mont	thly de	eposit					11
1959				8.22	6.82	6.90	5.41	
1960				10.14	10.38	8.57	6.32	
1961				8.03	7.35	6.52	5.27	
1962				8.92	8.68	7.01	5.58	
1963				8.85	7.06	6.62	5.92	
Annual inches	Rail	fall ir	1			and sentences		
1959				20.64	25.61	24.35	21.63	2
1960				31.40	33.74	36.23	33.50	3
1961				20.67	24.21	24.66	22.05	21
1962				21.18	24.50	27.34	22 81	2
1963				16 90	21.67	25.79	22.15	2

Lead Peroxide Candles: The sulphur dioxide in the atmosphere reacts on the lead peroxide in the instruments to form lead sulphate. The amount of change is measured and forms the basi of comparison.

				Clton	Burman Road	Cranmore Blvd.	Gres- wolde	Earls- wood
verage	mont	hly dep	posit:					
1959	· · ·			1.86	1.63	1.10	0.65	0.64
1960				2.13	1.40	1.30	0.66	0.74
1961				1.77	1.14	1.23	0.58	0.62
1962				1.91	1.37	1.23	0.67	0.64
1963				1.88	1.26	1.29	0.66	0.76

ne figures express daily the number of milligrams of sulphur movide per 100 sq.cms. of candle fabric.

hily Test for Smoke and Sulphur Dioxide: The apparatus is ituated in an inside room at the Council House. Air from atside is drawn through a dilute solution of hydrogen peroxide or 24 hours. The amount of alkali needed to neutralise the alphuric acid in the hydrogen peroxide (brought about by the kidation of the sulphur dioxide) is ascertained.

In addition, this air is drawn through a filter paper and re amount of smoke stain is measured.

rerage Daily smoke expressed as microgrammes per cubic metre of r:-

1959	 	62.6
1960	 	66.4
1961	 	62.7
1962	 	74 2
1963	 	72.5

erage Daily Sulphur Dioxide expressed as microgrammes per cubic stre -

1959		 125
1960		 151
1961		 100
1962		 109
1963	1.02	 125

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT, 1951

Only one firm is registered to upholster new furniture. There are no premises licensed for the manufacture of rag flock: or its storage for distribution to registered premises.

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951

The owners of 3 pet shops had their annual licences renew The Act prescribes the conditions under which pet animals should be kept whilst awaiting sale. The Royal Society for the Prevents of Cruelty to Animals inspects the premises on behalf of the Council and reports whether or not they are suitable.

RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION

The two Rodent Operatives attached to the Public Health Department carried out the work shown in the following summary of surface treatments.

	Type of Property					
Properties Inspected	Private	Business & Industrial	Local Authority	Agri- cultural	Tot	
a.Jn request	703	86	21	33	84	
b.On survey	1816	237	3	-	20	
c.Treated	1577	96	23	33	17:	

Continued reliance is placed on Warfarin, with oatmeal as the base because excellent results are obtained with this poise which the Ministry of Agriculture Fisheries and Food recommends.

There were 13 contracts to deal with rats and mice at farm business and industrial premises, which provided an income of £124. 10s. 0d.

SEWER TREATMENTS

Cne sewer treatment was carried out during the year, details of which are as follows: --

Date of Freatment	Bait and Poison used	No. of Manholes Baited	No of Poisoned Baits taken		
l l ca cillen c		Lange of the	Partial	Complete	
October	Oatmeal & Zinc Phosphide	93	13	3	

Although the number of partial and complete "takes" otalled only 16, this number is approximately twice the average umber of takes during the previous 5 years. If possible, two newer treatments will be carried out in 1964.

The procedure adopted when carrying out sewer treatments is b bait the manholes where "takes" were recorded during the last reatment together with three manholes on either side of them nere practicable. Poisoned bait is then laid where "takes" are pted

In addition test baits were laid in manholes over a large ren and where "takes" were recorded poisoned bait was laid in ach of the manholes with poisoned bait in 3 manholes on each de of the infested manhole wherever possible.

SP AND OTHER INFESTATIONS

The Rodent Operatives also deal with requests to exterminate sps and other Insect Infestations which include flies, black retles ants and silver fish. A charge of 10s.0d. is made to al with Wasps Nests. During the year the operatives dealt th 213 Wasps Nests.

COPS

The total number of shops in the Borough at the end of 63 was 835

PETROLEUM

Storage

103 premises were licensed for the storage of a total of 364 036 gallons of petroleum spirit and 14,845 gallons of petroleum mixtures. The income received from the payment of licence fees was £107.5s.0d.

Work Done

Air tests supervised		13
New filling stations supervised	0	1
New cellulose stores supervised		1
Installation of new underground storage tanks supervised		
Steaming out and removal of underground storage tanks supervised		
Alteration of electrical arrangements in sales kiosks to render them safe supervised	togethe	2
Installation of new petroleum spirit pumps to replace existing pumps		27

During the year a complaint was received from the Warwickshire County Fire Brigade that petrol was suspected in the sewerage system at Olton. The complaint was received during the night, and representatives of the Fire, Brigade, the Police the Engineer and Surveyor's Dept., and this Department were in attendance. Tests with the Department's Explosimeter indicates that there was no danger, and after two hours, the emergency was called off.

A further series of tests were taken during the following day but the Explosimeter still showed no reading.

The complaint had originated with the tenant of a house in the road who had complained to the Emergency Services of the West Midlands Gas Board that there was a strong smell of gas near a point in the Living Room. It was significant that during the night the smell in the house and sewer manholes became less and less intense and the next day it had gone completely.

Normally the Explosimeter will differentiate between gas and petroleum spirit, but in this case there was insufficient gas to show any reading at all at any time. The nearest petroleum installations were quite some distance away from the road in question, and they were on a completely different sewerage system

ABLE OF DEFECTS REMEDIED AND NUISANCES ABATED UBLIC HEALTH AND HOUSING ACTS.

1.2

Internal - Repairs to -			
Plaster			14
Floors			16
Doors and Windows			26
Ranges Fireplaces Flues			20
Damp Walls			3
Wastepipes to Sinks and Washbasins			12
Miscellaneous			6
External - Repairs to -			
Roofs			19
Pointing etc. of Walls			9
Chimneys			8
Yard Paving			13
Gully Channels			8
Rainwater pipes			9
Eavesgutters	·		23
the Carolina State			
later Supply:			
H.W. Apparatus renewed		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Water Supply Pipes renewed or repair	ed		6
PRAINAGE			
Drains cleansed			
			2
Inspection Chambers repaired	28 102.1201	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	3
Drains tested			
indiallis tested			
SANITARY ACCOMMODATION :			
D W. C. Apparatus repaired			48
			2
Additional Closet Accommodation prov			2

FOOD PREMISES- HYGIENE REGULATIONS					
(Shops, Cafes, Clubs, Canteens and	Hotels	etc.	÷		211
See body of Report of details					
SHOPS ACT					
Heating Facilities provided					01
Lighting improved - artificial or					21
Seats provided					3
Legal forms exhibited or kept				•••	4
W.C.'s repaired					2
			• • •		13
miscerianeous					13
POWER, NON-POWER AND BUILDING OPERAT	IONS				
SANITARY ACCOMMODATION					
Additional provided					3
Unsuitable or defective remedied					13
Other offences rectified					4
CLEAN AIR ACT					
Domestic Adaptations					232
Smoke Nuisance abated - Domestic					38
- Industrial					100
NUISANCES ABATED					
Noise					2
Offensive Accumulation removed					8
Watercourse and Ditches			1.1	18.0	12
Miscellaneous			1.000		17
the second s	-		1		
MISCELLANEOUS					
Insect Disinfestations					5 5
Dustbins provided					5
PETROLEUM					
See body of Report for details					54
See body of Report for details					54

BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Summary of Visits and Notices served in the Public Health Inspector's Department during the year 1963

	Visits	1	Notices		911100
	m ad e	Statutory	Informal	Verbal	Complied with
HOUSING			1 analy		
Housing Acts	389	-	100-101	-	
Public Health Acts	890	5	101	66	106
Caravans etc	135	- 15	1	5	4
Rent Act, 1957	19	613 -	-	11.4	-
Improvement Grant		1 202	-		a second
Survey	378			-	-
Drainage and Cesspools		- 1	-	3	2
Closet Conversions	33	- 101	-		-
FOOD PREMISES -	00				
HYGIENE REGULATIONS					2
Shops	749	-	67	90	56
Hotels, Restaurants,	1.22		0.		
Cafes	58		10	5	9
Factory, etc. Canteens		-	-	532	9 2 2
Registered Premises	140	_	-	2	2
Fish Frying				-	-
Slaughterhouses	6 5			2	2
Bakehouses	g			1	- 4
	9			1	
SHOPS ACTS	0.7.7		20	25	20
Welfare Provisions	377		32	35 15	30
Closing Hours	37	and the statement	-	12	6
FACTORIES ACTS	125		20	31	14
Factories - Power	135	-	20	51	14
Factories - Non-Power	44	-	-		
Outworkers	24	-	-		
Building Operations	6	-			
LEAN AIR ACT	1105				1
Smoke Control Areas	1125	-	-	-	-
Observations -Domestic	7	-	-	-	-
- Industrial		-	-	1.0	-
Other Nuisances	50	-	1	15	6
ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION					-
Daily Smoke Filter	301	-	-	-	7
Deposit Gauge	60	-	-	-	-
Food and Drugs	92	-	-	-	-
Milk	108	-	-	-	-
Ice Cream	22 54	-	-	-	-
Water Mains and Wells	54	-	-	-	-
Swimming Pools	54	-	-	-	-
Trade, etc. Effluent	9	-	-	-	-
Meat Inspection	427	-	-	~	-
Refuse Disposal	7	-	-	-	-
Offensive Accumulations	16	-	-	1	1
Keeping Animals					
(Piggeries) etc.	11	-	-	-	-
	6256	5	232	274	240

Table I (Continued)

	Visits	1014 1014	Notice	S	
	made	Statutory	Informal	Verbal	Compliea with
Carried forward Ditches and Water-	6256	5	232	274	240
courses	27		-	-	-
Infectious Diseases	120	110.10	-	-	-
Insect Infestations Fats and Mice	25	mede Ste	-	-	-
Infestations	20		1	1	1
Verminous Premises	5		-	-	DATERIO
Petrol Installations	176	38.0-1		Acres	
Unsound Food	161	-101	-2.7.2Å	17 -50	21 - 1
Noise	34	135	-		in contraction
Miscell aneous	615	-	- 1	11- 1	
Interviews	302	- are	- 2003	0.000	0.000
	7742	5	233	275	241

TABLE II

BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Vital Statistics of Whole District during 1963 and previous years

200 1	and Netta	Birt	hs	Net	t Deaths to the	Belong Borough	ing
	estimated f each	Net	t	Under 1	year	At all	ages
(1) Year	Population es to middle of year.	© Number) <i>Rate</i>	G Number	 Bate per 1,000 Live Births 	. Number	8 Rate
1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963	75,740 78,860 81,620 85,150 88,990 92,550 96,080 98,670 100,680	$1181 \\ 1264 \\ 1489 \\ 1490 \\ 1670 \\ 1711 \\ 1828 \\ 1843 \\ 1784$	15.616.018.217.418.718.419.0218.617.7	22 14 22 28 21 36 26 34 30	$18.6 \\ 11.1 \\ 14.7 \\ 18.7 \\ 12.5 \\ 21.0 \\ 14.2 \\ 18.4 \\ 16.8 \\$	660 636 693 699 753 771 790 825	8.7 8.1 8.3 8.1 7.8 8.1 8.02 8.0 8.2

TABLE III

BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Cases of Infectious Diseases Notified During the Year, 1963

Constant Statistic Program	N	umbe	r of	Cas	es N	lotif	ied	
			At	age	s -	year	s	
Notifiable Disease	At all Ages	Under 1	1 - 4	5 - 14	15 - 44	45 - 64	65 and over	Age unknown
Smallpox	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Plague	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup)	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelas	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
Scarlet Fever	47	-	15	29	2	-	-	1
Paratyphyoid Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enteric Fever,	-	-	-	-	023	-	-	-
Pneumonia	42	1	2	5	8	8	15	3
Malaria	-	-	-	-	024	-	-	-
Dysentery	13	1	3	4	2	3	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acute Encephalitis	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Polio-Encephalitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Respiratory Tuberculosis	20	-	2	1	14	3	-	-
Other forms of Tuberculosis	3	-	1	-	1	1	-	-
Meningococcal Meningitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Poisoning	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	-
Measles	2402	46	1186	122	12	1	-	35
Whooping Cough	56	6	19	26	4	-	-	1
Total	2593	57	1228	1190	46	16	15	41

TABLE IV

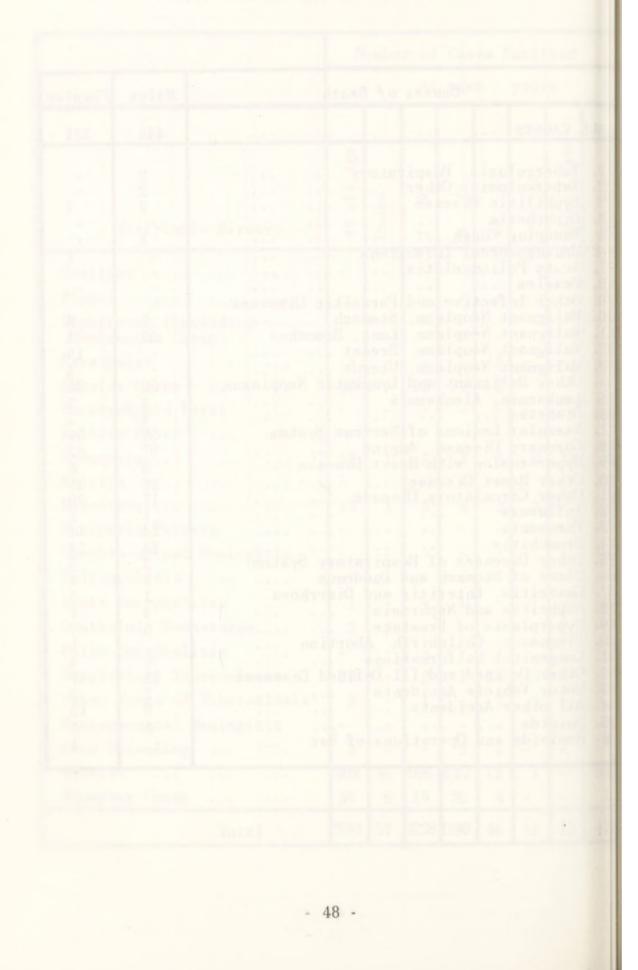
BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Causes of Death During the Year 1963

Causes of Death	Males	Females
ALL CAUSES	444	381
 Tuberculosis Respiratory Tuberculosis Other Syphilitic Disease Diphtheria Mooping Cough Meningococcal Infections Acite Poliomyelitis Measles Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms Leukaemia, Aleukaemia Diabetes Yascular Lesions of Nervous System Coronary Disease Angina Hypertension with Heart Disease Other Heart Disease Other Circulatory Disease Influenza Pneumonia Sonchitis Other Diseases of Respiratory System Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea Nephritis and Nephrosis Hyperplasia of Prostate Pregnancy, Childbirth Abortion Congenital Malformations Other Defined and Ill Defined Diseases Motor Vehicle Accidents All other Accidents Suicide Homicide and Operations of War 	$\begin{array}{c}2\\2\\2\\-\\1\\-\\7\\32\\-\\58\\4\\50\\97\\8\\28\\17\\1\\24\\24\\2\\8\\17\\1\\24\\24\\2\\8\\1\\4\\5\\-\\6\\35\\7\\9\\6\\-\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} - & 1 \\ - & 1 \\ - & 1 \\ - & 8 \\ 4 \\ 19 \\ 45 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 56 \\ 62 \\ 8 \\ 41 \\ 2 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 1 \\ 47 \\ 2 \\ 13 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{array}$

ABLE IN BURAT

BOROUGH OF SOLIENEL



COUNTY BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Mayor: Alderman H.C. Taylor, J.P.

Deputy Mayor: Councillor H.B. Shaw.

Members of the Health Committee:

Councillor L.J.Coombes, J.P., (Chairman)

Councillor D.J. Gray, (Vice Chairman)

Alderman J.A.Emlyn Jones, Councillors Boston, Brockbank, Clark, Mrs.Godderidge, Hardcastle, Pickering and Mrs Stott.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY

Medical Officer of Health

IAN M.McLACHLAN, L.R.C.P. & S.Ire.L.M., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health

JOHN ERIC PEARSON, M. B., B. S., B. Pharm., M. R. C. S., L. R. C. P., F. P. S., D. P. H.

Assistant Medical Officers

E. THOMPSON, M.B., Ch.B. (Ed.), D.P.H. P.J.H. CHEONG, L.M.S.S.A.

There are in addition a number of part-time Medical Officers

Chief Public Health Inspector

a,c,e,f,

ERNEST VAUGHAN

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector

a,c,d,

JOSEPH S. FORMAN

Additional Public Health Inspectors

b , c ,	GEOFFREY N. DEAN
b.c.d,	ERNEST SOUTHERN
b, c,	ROBERT P. CHURCHILL
b, c,	LESLIE J.PEARCE
b,c,	I.E.J. ENGLAND
	NEIL L.BONEHAM (Trainee)

Rodent Operatives

E.CALLAGHAN W.J.BODDINGTON

Public Analysts

MESSRS.BOSTOCK, HILL and RIGBY

- a Qualifying Certificate of the Royal Society of Health
- b Qualifying Certificate of the Royal Society of Health and the Association of Public Health Inspectors
- c Meat Certificate of the Royal Society of Health
- d Sanitary Science Certificate of the Royal Society of Health
- e Smoke Certificate of the Royal Society of Health
- f. Certificate of the Institute of Public Cleansing.

Senior Dental Officer

EDWARD FOSTER STONEHOUSE, L.D.S., R.C.S. (Edin).

Dental Officers

MISS B.BEAVON, B.D.S. MISS M.M.STOCKER, L.D.S.

There are in addition a number of part-time Dental Officers and whole time and part-time Dental Attendants

> Superintendent Nursing Officer MISS E.J.LAMB, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert.

Non-Medical Supervisor of Midwives and Deputy Superintendent Nursing Officer

MISS E.S. SIMPSON

Midwives

MISS A.M.BOFFEY S.R.N. S.C.M. MISS M.BRADY, S.R.N., S.C.M. MRS.D.BROWN, S.C.M. MISS C.M.CHESHIRE, S.R.N., S.C.M. MISS R.V.MILLS, S.R.N., S.C.M. MRS.N.PATERSON, S.R.N., S.C.M. MISS A.SMITH, S.R.N., S.C.M. MISS M.A.WEST, S.R.N., S.C.M. MISS M.J.WILSON, S.R.N., S.C.M.

District Nurses

MRS.J.E.ALLEN S.R.N. MISS M.A.COZENS, S.R.N., S.C.M. MRS.L.E.DAVIES, S.R.N. MRS.R.HUGHES, S.R.N. MRS.D.E.LUXTON S.R.N. MRS.W.MacGREGOR, S.R.N., S.C.M. MRS.L.R.MITCHELL, S.R.N. MISS M.J.O FLAHERTY S.R.N., S.C.M. MISS E.M.HISCOX, S.R.N., S.C.M.

District Nurse/Midwives

MRS.S.E.LLOYD, S.R.N., S.C.M. MISS C.JONES, S.R.N., S.C.M.

Health Visitors

MRS. D. M. BURTON, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS E. M. L. FREESTONE, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS A. GRANT, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS E. HASTIE, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MRS. S. P. INSTONE, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS E. M. LECORNEY, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS D. A. MANTON, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS F. E. MORGAN, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS M. F. PENFOLD, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS D. PIKE, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS D. PIKE, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS D. PIKE, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MISS D. PIKE, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MRS. I. F. SMITH, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MRS. W. J. WALKER, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.
MRS. V. M. WHITING, S. R. N., S. C. M., H. V. Cert.

Social Worker

MISS J.ROWLEY, B.A.

Senior Mental Welfare Officer,

F. T. BROOKES

Mental Welfare Officer

C. SMITH

Ambulance Service

M. ROSS (Ambulance Superintendent)

Principal Administrative Assistant L.H.HENSTONE COUNTY BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

pulation (Estimated Mid 1	964) Registr	ar Gene	al	99,300
ve Births		Female		
egitimate	879	803	1,682	
llegitimate	28	36	64	
	907	839	1,746	
ude Rate per 1000 Estimate	ed Populatio	n		17.6
justed rate per 1000 Estin	nated Popula	tion (fo	ог	
ational comparison) after				
omparability factor of 0.9				
legitimate Live Births - 0				
ill Births		Female		-
egitimate				
llegitimate	14	6	20	
regionate				
	15	6	21	
te per 1000 total Live and	d Still Birt	hs		11.8
tal Live and Still Births	Male	Female	Total	
egitimate	893	809	1,702	
llegitimate	29	36	65	
	922	845	1,767	
fant Deaths under 1 year	Male	Female	Total	
egitimate	20	9	29	
llegitimate	1		1	
			20	
	21	=	30	
fant Mortality Rates				
al infant deaths per 1000				17 1
gitimate infant deaths per				17.2
legitimate infant deaths p	er 1000 ill	egitimat	e births	15.6
Natal Mortality Rate (I	Deaths under	four we	eks)	
		Female		
gitimate	14	8	22	
llegitimate	1		1	
	15	8	23	
			611	

14 1 15	Female 7 7	Total 21 1 22	
1	7	1	
=	7	1 22	
=	7	22	
		- Andrew -	
			1
irths j	olus de	aths	
Male	Female	Total	
28	13	41	
2	19-93	2	
30	13	· 43	
Birth	s	an all all and	2
Male	Female	Total	
410	381	791	
lation		beer avid	
opulat	ion (fo	r	
-			
			1
			C . 1
in th	e area,		
	28 2 30 Birth: Male 1 410 lation opulat: ng the in the	28 13 2 - <u>30</u> 13 Births Male Female 410 381 lation opulation (fo ng the area in the area,	2 - 2 <u>30</u> <u>13</u> <u>43</u> Births Male Female Total 410 381 791 lation opulation (for ng the area in the area, mainly of

	attendeo	No. of children who attended during the year	t who the year	Total No. children	Total
When held	1964	1963	1962 59	at tended during 1964	no. of attendances 1964
Alternate Tuesdays	27	41	39	107	214
Every Friday	69	61	86	216	432
Every Wednesday and Friday	287	251	182	720	1440
Every Thursday	78	73	87	238	476
Every Monday	89	84	116	2.89	578
Every Tuesday and Wednesday	66	93	57	249	498
Shirley Clinic Building Every Tuesday Wednes Halifax Road day and Friday	408	336	271	1015	2030
Every Monday and Wednesday	221	207	246	674	1348
Every Monday and Thursday	198	198	131	527	1054
Totals	1476	1344	1215	4035	8070

Chaid Telfare Citaics were had regularly during the seat

- 7 -

Child Welfare Clinics were held regularly during the year The above table shows the number of children who attended and the attendances made during 1964 702 sessions were held and Medical Officers were in attendance at 403 of these for consult ation or vaccination

A newly erected clinic in Ulleries Road, Solihull was opened on 8th January, 1964 This replaced the clinic held on a sessional basis at Hobs Moat Church Hall, Sheldon The new clim accommodation consists of -

Dental Suite dental surgery, recovery room and two waiting rooms

Doctor's Suite .doctor's surgery and two Health Visitor's rooms

A records office is situated off the Waiting Hall to provide patients with information and deal with appoint ments. The waiting hall is fitted with black out curtain to enable Health Education lectures and film shows to be given.

The staff accommodation is in a separate wing and consist of a comfortably furnished staff room and an office for the Health Visitors to attend to their written work. Underfloor heating is provided to give even heat through

out the building.

All facilities are available for mothers and babies at the Clinic as at the other two purpose built clinics in the County Borough

Due to the revision of the Solihull boundary on attaining County Borough status, the clinic held in the King George VI Memorial Hall at Hockley Heath remained the responsibility of the Warwickshire County Council

CARE OF NURSING AND EXPECTANT MOTHERS

Relaxation and mothercraft classes have been held regular during 1964 at six clinics in the County Borough A total of 51 women attended and the attendances amounted to 2255. Health Education lectures are given at these classes

DOMICILIARY MIDWIFERY

The year has again been a busy one for the ten domiciliary nidwives employed by the authority. 509 home confinements were attended by midwives under the National Health Service arrangements This number relates to women delivered, and not in the case of multiple births, to infants. 300 cases delivered in hospitals but discharged before the 10th day were also attended by the domiciliary midwives.

CARE OF PREMATURE INFANTS

The welfare and progress of premature babies is always given special attention Midwives carefully report all progress antil the 10th day Following this these babies are supervised by the Health Visitor until at least the 28th day after birth and their condition is satisfactory. The premature unit at a local hospital co operates with the midwifery service and no lifficulty is experienced securing immediate admission to lospital, when necessary, of any premature infant born at home how portable incubator is kept for immediate use at the Ambulance Depot for conveying premature infants to hospital. Further eference to this is made in the paragraph regarding the umbulance Service.

During the year 66 babies weighing 5½ lbs. or less were orn to mothers normally resident in the County Borough The ollowing table gives details of these premature births during 964.

1 1 20 all and er 7 days and
nou to Mithin 24 hours

N b. 8028 Total 8ozs Sig

HOME NURSING SERVICE

During 1964 District Nurses made 32,786 visits to 918 patients in the Solihull area, of these 421 were 65 years of age and over at the time of the first visit

A wide variety of equipment including beds, bed linen, wheel chairs, commodes, hydraulic lifts, etc., were loaned, fre of charge to 323 patients during the year under review. (See paragraph Loan Scheme).

HEALTH VISITING SERVICE

By the end of 1964, 15 full-time and 1 part-time Health Visitors were employed by the Council. The work of the Health Visitor becomes wider and more varied each year. Their present duties include arranging Mothercraft and Relaxation classes, the care of mothers and babies, supervision of school children and attendance at their medical inspections and Health Education.

The following table gives some indication of the domicili: visits made by members of this service during the year under review

Cases visited:

No of children under 5 years			7,051
Persons aged 65 years or over			· 59
Mentally disordered persons			4
Persons discharged from Hospital, excludi	ng		e
Maternity cases			25
No of tuberculous households visited			220
No. of households visited on account of			
other infectious diseases		S	18

TUBERCULOSIS

The number of notified cases on the office tuberculosis register at the end of December, 1964 was 303. This comprised 28 Respiratory cases and 18 non-respiratory. The total figure compa with the numbers reported last year showed a reduction of 64

Tuberculosis patients can be recommended to receive free extra rations if the Chest Physician considers this necessary. 1 the physical condition warrants and financial status of the patient justifies, then 2 pints of milk a day, 7 eggs and ¼lb. putter each week are supplied for as long as is considered necessary. Six tuberculous patients in the County Borough were supplied with free extra nourishment during 1964.

CONVALESCENT CARE

Recuperative convalescence has been arranged during 1964 for 8 patients. The normal period of stay at a convalescent ome is two weeks, but this can be extended on medical grounds.

Patients are assessed according to their ability to pay owards the convalescent home charges and rail or bus fare to nd from the home. In needy cases the Council bear the complete ost of the convalescence

ENTAL HEALTH

(b

(a) Admission to Mental Hospitals arranged by Mental Welfare Officer: -

	Compulsory admissions under Mental Health Act,	
	1959	
	Informal admissions	194
	During the year 5 patients admitted to hospital for observation were detained for treatment.	
	Total number of deaths and discharges	
	Discharges	
	Deaths6	125
	Remaining in Hospital	69
)	Mental subnormality in the community	
	During the year 9 new cases were reported making	
	a total in the community of	73
	During the year 2 cases were admitted to hospital,	
	two left the area and one died, leaving a total of	68
	One child was admitted to hospital for short-term ca	пе
	Number of Mentally subnormal patients in hospital	49

Junior Training Centre

There are 37 trainees on the register at the Junior Training Centre, Knowle. All the trainees are conveyed to and from the Centre daily by bus; and a hot meal is provided at mid-day.

In conjunction with the Parents Association, the junior trainees from the Training Centre had a day's outing to Rhyl.

The senior trainees spent an enjoyable day at Warwick.

CHIROPODY SERVICE

During 1964 chiropody was available to persons over the age of 65 years and was arranged by the various Darby and Joan and other Old People's Clubs in the district. Patients were required to pay 2s.6d., per treatment and the balance of the cost of each treatment was met by the Council.

Having regard to the demands for this treatment, the Count have now appointed two part-time chiropodists who will augment this scheme early in 1965.

No. of treatments during 1964:

Clinical Domiciliary 576

346

AMBULANCE SERVICE - 1st APRIL to 31st DECEMBER, 1964

The report, so far as the Ambulance Service is concerned, relates to the period 1st April to 31st December, 1964, as this Authority only assumed responsibility for the service on 1st April, 1964, on elevation to County Borough status.

Uniform

The personnel have continued to be issued with a grey uniform similar in colour and style to that previously provided by the Warwickshire County Council. A new cap badge with the Council's Coat of Arms, in colour, has been designed, and part of the coat of arms has been embossed on uniform buttons which are oxydised.

Portable Incubator

An incubator for the transport of premature babies has been introduced and this is proving very successful and economical as previously an incubator had to be borrowed from another Authority. The incubator supplies a controllable oxygen concentration to the baby and the necessary temperature and humidity conditions can be maintained. The incubator is kept at the Ambulance Depot where it is pre-heated from the mains electricity supply, prior to its installation in the ambulance. The power supply of the ambulance battery is then used to ensure that the incubator is maintained at the appropriate temperature during a journey.

Equipment in Vehicles

Each ambulance is capable of handling any type of call and carries the following equipment -

1 Water Bottle	1 Wheel Chair
1 Urine Bottle	1 First Aid Box
1 Bucket	1 Bed Pan
6 Splints	1 Vomit Bowl
1 Emergency Maternity Kit	6 Blankets
4 "Trig" Lifts	1 Pillow and Case
1 Sand Bag	1 Sterilised Sheet
1 Rubber Mattress	2 Stretchers
1 Resuscitator	1 First Aid Bag
	1 Carrying Sheet

The equipment in the Small Dual Purpose vehicles consists f:-

1	First	Aid Bag	2	Blankets
1	Water	Bottle	1	Bucket
1	Vomit	Bowl	1	Towel

Four new portable resuscitators have been purchased to dnable each ambulance to carry one resuscitator and to enable a meserve to be kept at the ambulance depot.

Green blankets have been provided to replace the previous ed issue It is hoped that this new colour will cut down the pss when blankets have to be left at a hospital for later pllection The total number of patients carried was 19,729, represent ing an increase of 933 over the 1963 figure for the same period. The total mileage travelled in transporting these patients fell by 11,359 to 107,343 miles. This decrease is due largely to the reduction in size of the area.

The following table shows an analysis of the patients carried and miles travelled -

April to December, 1964

Type of Case	Patients	Mileage
Emergency Accident	593	3.432
Emergency Maternity	298	2,232
Other Emergency	1,282	12,981
Hospital Sick	15,788	82,776
Maternity	1,593	2,414
Infectious Diseases	3	25
School Children	16	995
Other Cases	156	1,482
Non Patient Carrying		1,006
Total	19,729	107,343

The mileage total includes a figure of 2,338 miles travelle on behalf of other `Authorities.

Vehicles

At the 31st December, 1964 the fleet statistics were as follows

Type of Vehicle	Mak e	Year	Mileage	Reg.No.
Ambulance	Morris	1957	103,339	VUE 147
п	Morris	1957	128,070	VUE 277
	Bedford	1961	61,270	9889 UE
	Bedford	1961	49,201	5283 WD
	Bedford	1961	48,320	5286 WD
"	Bedford	1961	45,477	5288 WD
Large Dual Purpose	Bedford	1961	41,390	3800 WD
Small Dual Purpose	Morris	1959	105,080	8983 AC
Small Dual Purpose	Morris	1960	90,309	4212 UE

All vehicles are radio controlled on a wavelength which has been allocated exclusively for the use of the Solihull Ambulance Service.

Each ambulance has been fitted with a new two-tone horn which replaces the traditional bell and gives a much improved audible warning.

Personnel

Two vacancies occurred due to resignation and sudden death, two new men were recruited to fill these vacancies and at the end of the year there was a full establishment, i.e.

Ambulance Superintendent		1
Section Leaders		3
Driver/Attendants		19
Total Staff		23

All personnel have completed training courses in first aid and all have passed the St.John Ambulance Association's examination in First Aid.

Safe Driving Awards - The Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents

Eighteen of the Driver/Attendants were eligible for entry .n the National Safe Driving Competition and 17 of these entrants qualified for Awards, these were as follows:-

8	 1 - 4 year Diplomas
6	 6 - 9 year Bars to 5 year Medal
3 :	 11 - 13 year Oakleaf Bars to 10 year
	Medal.

ACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION

iphtheria/Whooping Cough/Tetanus/Poliomyelitis

The primary courses shown in Table 1 cover the series of rocedures normally performed up to the age of 12 or 13 months.

Reinforcing doses (Table 2) are those normally given in the second year of life, at school entry and between the ages of 8

and 12, although these precise age limits may not always be observed

In each table, lines 1 - 9 are intended to show the number of children protected with different kinds of vaccine. Lines 10 - 13 show the number of children who have been protected against each disease.

The high level of vaccination in the County Borough continued during the year. It is apparent from the figures in table 1 that the Sabin (oral) Poliomyelitis vaccine is rapidly taking the place of the Salk (injected) type of Poliomyelitis vaccine.

Smallpox

Number of children vaccinated during 1964

Primary		Revaccinations				
Under 1 year	89	0 - 14 years	77			
1 - 4 years	930					
5 - 14 years	38					
Total for year 1	,057		77			

The number of babies vaccinated under 1 year of age was much lower this year. This is in accordance with information received from the Standing Medical Advisory Committee that smallpox vaccination should now, preferably, be given during the second year of life.

Tuberculosis (B.C.G.)

4 1 9 1

(a) Contact Scheme		(b) School Children and Studen
1. No. skin tested	54	1. No. skin tested 682
2. No. found positive	-	2. No. found positive 70
3. No. found negative	54	3. No. found negative 612
4. No. vaccinated	54	4. No. vaccinated 612

The B.C.G. Contact Scheme is carried out at the Chest Cli at Solihull Hospital. The majority of the numbers shown here ar child contacts of tuberculous cases. ECG Vaccination is available as a preventative vaccination to school children in the 13 plus age group. Vaccination was offered to 1119 children in this age group at 12 of the County Borough s schools during the year

VACCINATION OF PERSONS UNDER AGE 16 COMPLETED DURING 1954

T	Sun a of Vacaina on Dece		Ye	Others				
Type of Vaccine or Dose		1964	1963	1962	1961	1957-60	Under Age 16	Total
1. (Quadruple	24	59	16	1	0 10-1 h	D also	100
2. 1	Triple	395	694	262	45	40	8	1444
3. 1	Diphtheria/Pertussis	1	2	-		1	2	6
4.]	Diphtheria/Tetanus		1	-	1 20			1
5.1	Diphtheria	-	-	-	-		PULLING.	1
6. I	Pertussis		- 1	- 1	1			-
7.	Tetanus	1 -	1	1	1	53	107	163
8. 3	Salk (Poliomyelitis)	37	157	76	7	8	1	286
9. 3	Sabin (Poliomyelitis)	116	915	240	63	49	18	1401
	Lines 1,2,3,4 and 5	420	756	278	46	41	10	1551
1. l	(Diphtheria) Lines 1,2,3 and 6 (Wheeping Couch)	420	755	278	46	41	10	1550
2.1	(Whooping Cough) Lines 1, 2, 4 and 7 (Tetanus)	419	755	279	47	93	115	1708
3. 1	Lines 1,8 and 9 (Poliomyelitis)	177	1131	332	71	57	19	1787
							benite	

TABLE 1 - COMPLETED PRIMARY COURSES

invitedes cause excelled over from previous yes

Type of Vaccine or Dose			Year of Birth				Others	Т
		1964	1963	1962	1961	1957-60	Under Age 16	17
1.	Quadruple	-11-10	12	10	100-20	22	-	T
2.	Triple		187	319	78	425	72	
3.	Diphtheria/Pertussis		-	4	1	98	1	
4.	Diphtheria/Tetanus	1128	100	2	6	444	13	L
5.	Diphtheria ·	4	120	-	1000	86	4	I
6.	Pertussis			-	1.10	in locally	-	L
7.	Tetanus	-	-	-	1	30	57	I
8.	Salk (Poliomyelitis)	02	82	251	71	573	35	I
9.	Sabin (Poliomyelitis)	1.95	30	69	24	610	32	
	Lines 1,2,3,4 and 5, Diphtheria	n terres	199	335	85	1075	90	Ī
	Lines 1,2,3 and 6, Whooping Cough)		199	333	79	545	73	
	Lines 1,2,4 and 7 (Tetanus)	157	199	331	85	921	142	
	Lines 1,8 and 9 Poliomyelitis)	-	124	330	95	1205	67	

TABLE 2 - REINFORCING DOSES

DENTAL TREATMENT FOR EXPECTANT AND NURSING MOTHERS AND PRE-SCHOOL CHILDREN

Exp	ectant and Nursing Mothers	Pre-school children
Examined	28	358
Needing treatment	23	239
Treated *	21	171
Made dentally fit *	12	140

* Includes cases carried over from previous year

DISTRIBUTION OF WELFARE FOODS - NATIONAL WELFARE FOODS SCHEME

The Scheme for the distribution of national welfare foods was continued.

The following table gives particulars of issues of Welfare Foods to the public from the various Distribution Centres -

	National	Cod		
TI TI	Dried Milk	Liver Oil	Vitamin Tablets	Orange Juice
Distribution Centre	Tins	Bottles	pkts.of 20	Bottles
Temple Stores	74	25	16	370
Wagon Lane C.W.C.	305	174	116	1418
Davies - Lode Lane	845	129	122	3205
Hobs Moat C.W.C.	1031	364	400	3544
Dlton C.W.C.	316	155	156	2047
"Iris", Oxhill Road	793	67	114	2010
Halifax Road C.W.C.	1657	384	681	7076
"Lavinia" Colebrook Road	256	-	2	404
Cole Green C.W.C.	468	171	145	1709
"Anne", Haslucks Green Road	424	123	163	2669
Monkspath Stores	103	12	- welde	136
Dorridge C.W.C.	157	107	191	2632
Bentley Heath C.W.C.	21	28	38	636
Knowle C.W.C.	76	112	175	2661
Bolihull C.W.C.	407	247	579	5240
Public Health	209	183	68	875
	7142	2281	2966	36632

- 21 -

tems issued in 1964		* Items still on Loan at 31.12.64.
Beds and Bedding		
Beds, Hospital and other types	9	10
Beds, Side rail		2
Blankets		1
Mattresses, , Dunlopillo		17
Pillows, Staff and foam	4	9
Pillow, Cases		12
Sheets, Staff		-
Sheeting, Rubber and Plastic, etc	56	37
Bed Accessories		
Air Rings	11	7
Alarms	39	40
Back Rests	34	11
Back Rests, Covers	5	4
Beds, Cradles	31	12
Beds, Pans	92	66
Bed Tables	. 7	5
Bottles, Urine	15	13
Cushions, Dunlopillo	25	9
Poles, Lifting		8
Pressure Pad Units		Total a land
Sheets, draw		24
Bed. Boards	5	8
Orthopaedic Accessories		
Carriages, Spinal	2	1
Chairs invalid folding & self prop,	100	63
Crutches all types		19
Hoists	2	2
Slings	2	6
Sticks, Walking, Tripod & quadruped	36	34
Walking aids	35	46
Tongs Helping Hand		2

- 22 -

DISTRIBUTION OF WELFARE FOODS - NATIONAL WELFARE FOODS SCHEME

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dPublic Health	209	183	68	875
SARTING CONSTRUCTS OF ST	7142	2281	2966	36632

LOAN SCHEME		
Items issued in 1964		* Items still on Loan at 31.12.64.
Beds and Bedding		
Beds, Hospital and other types	9	10
Beds, Side rail .		2
Blankets	2	1
Mattresses, Dunlopillo	17	17
Pillows, Staff and foam		9
Pillow, Cases	6	12
Sheets, Staff	6	appoid along
Sheeting, Rubber and Plastic, etc	56	37
Bed Accessories		
Air Rings	11	7
Alarms	39	40
Back Rests		11
Back Rests, Covers	5	4
Beds, Cradles	31	12
Beds, Pans	92	66
Bed Tables	7	5
Bottles, Urine	15	13
Cushions Dunlopillo	25	9
Poles, Lifting	8	8
Pressure Pad Units	4	10.000
Sheets, draw	14	24
Bed Boards	5	8
Orthopaedic Accessories		
Carriages, Spinal	2	1
Chairs invalid folding & self prop		63
Crutches, all types		19
Hoists		2
Slings	2	6
Sticks, Walking, Tripod & quadruped	36	34
Walking aids		46
Tongs Helping Hand		2
Carried forward	581	468

(b) Registered Partially Sighted

On the 31st December, 1964 there were 22 persons registered as Partially Sighted in the Borough, made up as follows:-

Age Distr	Males 1	Total		
Age under 5 years .				
5 - 15 ye	ears	 5		5
16 - 20 ye	ears	 2	1	3
21 - 49 ye	ears	 3	1	4
50 - 64 ye	ears	 2	1	3
65 and ove	er	 5	2	7
		17	5	22

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948 - SECTION 50

During the year, the attention of the Department was drawn to the death of two persons for whose burial or cremation to one would accept responsibility.

In one case, there was sufficient money in the estate of the deceased to defray the cost of cremation. In the other case, the Death Grant of £6.5.0d., from the Ministry of Pensions and solutional Insurance reduced the cost of the cremation borne by the Corporation.

ANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

s'ater

The Borough is supplied with mains water by the water endertakings of the Cities of Birmingham and Coventry, more than 0% coming from Birmingham. It is estimated that the number of couses, flats and shops with living accommodation served by them In the 31st March, 1964 was as follows: -

Birmingham	Coventry
29,904	1,994

With the attainment of County Borough status on the 1st pril, 1964, and the transfer of approximately 1,300 houses from the district to other authorities, the position then was: -

Birmingham	Coventry
28,742	1,856

On the 31st December, 1964 due principally to the building of new houses and flats, the position was as follows -

Birmingham	Coventry
29,134	1,914

Samples from Water Mains

The number of samples was as follows: -

Chemical	and Bacteriological examination	1 <i>.</i>	 7
Chemical	examination only	1	 4
Bacteriol	ogical examination only		 6

Total

17

All proved satisfactory.

Routine check samples of water from the main suppliers are submitted for Chemical Analysis and Bacteriological examination.

The results of samples taken on the 21st May, 1964, are as follows: -

Birmingham Coventry Water Mains Water Mains Results expressed in parts per 1,000,000 Bright, few Bright, few Appearance small particles small particles Ammoniacal Nitrogen 0.000 0.013 0.02 0.05 Albuminoid Nitrogen Chlorine in Chlorides 16.0 70.5 Nitrate Nitrogen 0.4 3.4 Oxygen absorbed from permanganate at 27°C in 4 hours 0.7 0.5 Total Solids dried at 100°C 50 340 Nitrite Nitrogen 0 0 DH 7.05 7.45 Free Chlorine 0 0 Temporary 13 100 lardness (Permanent 6 72 Total 19 172 Radioactivity Electrical Conductivity 65 6micromhos 482 micromhos at 20°C Calcium 5.4 Ca 49.2 Magnesium 1.3 Mg 11.9 Bodium 4.0 Na 39 Alkalinity as Calcium Carbonate 13 100

The water supplied to Solihull by the Coventry Water Undertaking is a river derived supply from the Severn, and in consequence the quality of the water will vary with the river vilow.

lumber of houses served by public water mains

a) Direct to houses

The estimated number of dwelling houses, flats, and shops which living accommodation at the end of the year was 31,116; of this number approximately 31,048 were connected direct to the mains.

(b) By standpipes

12 houses are served by mains water from 6 standpipes or taps in outbuildings.

Rural Water Supplies

Due to the alteration of Solihull boundaries on the 1st April, 1964 the number of wells was altered as follows:-

Position at 31st March, 1964- 267 houses served by 231 wellPosition at 1st April, 1964- 74 houses served by 54 wellsPosition at 31st December, 1964- 68 houses served by 48 wells

During the year, 6 houses previously served by 6 wells were connected to public mains.

Results of Samples of Rural Water Supplies

Routine samples have been taken for supervisory purposes and a number following complaints. The number of samples submitte to the Public Analyst or Bacteriologist was as follows:-

	Chemical and Bacteriological	Bacteriological only
No. of samples submitted	10	52
No satisfactory in both tests	3	
No. unsatisfactory in both test	s 5	-
No. satisfactory in chemical		
tests only	2	-
No. satisfactory in bacteriolog	ical	
tests only	-	26
No. unsatisfactory in bacter-		
iological tests only	ne berleb tevin	26

The unsatisfactory water samples were from wells chiefly of the shallow type.

Drainage and Severage

The local sewerage system has been further extended by the laying of 5,614 yards of foul sewer and by 6,520 yards of surface water sewer, a combined total of 6.9 miles. The arrangements for sewerage and sewage disposal are adequate.

Closet Accommodation and Cesspools

During the year 5 pail closets were converted to waterclosets, connected to the public sewer and £225 was paid by the Council to owners of properties in the form of grants towards the cost of conversion. 11 cesspools serving 33 houses were discontinued following connection of the properties to the public sewer.

The Borough Engineer and Surveyor who is responsible for the emptying of pail closets and cesspools, states that at the end of 1964, 89 pail closets and 213 cesspools were in use in the Council's area and the number of properties drained to cesspools was said to be 292. The majority of these pail closets and cesspools are situated where sewers are not available.

Public Cleansing

The Council undertake the removal of house refuse from all premises within the Borough, the ash bin method of storage being general and the system of disposal that of controlled tipping

Housing

Number of houses built during the year, including flats -

Council	houses	 24	140
Private	houses		478

Inspection of Dwelling Houses during year

Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)

Number of dwelling houses (including above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932

Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation Nil

83

8

Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation

Houses Demolished or Closed

	houses demolished				
procedure	under the Housing	Acts		terron the	Nil
Number of	persons displaced	as a	result	of	
	ater a parent par				Nil
Number of	houses closed				Nil
Number of	persons displaced	as a	result	of	
a Closing	Order			a to ta labora	Nil

Permanent Dwellings

No action was taken during the year under the Demolition sections of the Housing Acts.

Temporary Dwellings

Again, no demolition action was taken during the year under the Housing Acts.

The majority of temporary dwellings that were due for action under the Council's Slum Clearance Programme were situated in the rural parts of the Borough and were transferred to other authorities when Solihull became a County Borough in April last

Repairs

Number	of	houses	made	fit	after	informal	
action							26
Number	of	houses	made	fit	after	formal action	3

RENT ACT, 1957

Application for Certificates of Disrepair

1 Number of applications for certificates	3
---	---

2. Number of decisions not to issue certificates Nil

 (a) in respect of some but not all defects 1 (b) in respect of all defects 2 4 Number of undertakings given by landlords under Paragraph 5 of the First Schedule 2 5 Number of undertakings refused by Local Authority under proviso of paragraph 5 of the First Schedule Nil 6 Number of Certificates issued Nil 	3	Number of decisions to issue Certificates	
 4 Number of undertakings given by landlords under Paragraph 5 of the First Schedule 2 5 Number of undertakings refused by Local Authority under proviso of paragraph 5 of the First Schedule Nil 			1
Authority under proviso of paragraph 5 of the First Schedule Nil	4	Number of undertakings given by landlords	2
		Authority under proviso of paragraph 5 of the	
6 Number of Certificates issued Nil		°First Schedule	Nil
	6	Number of Certificates issued	Nil

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Milk Supply

Thirty nine dealers (Pre-Packed Milk) Licences were operative during 1964 as follows:

Retail Dairymen	3
Shopkeepers retailing milk	36

Milk Samples

The following table gives the results of milk samples submitted for bacteriological, phosphatase and turbidity tests

7 No of Samples	Raw	Haw Tubérculin Tested		Tuberculin Tested . Pasteurised		Homogen,i Tubercul Tested Pasteuri		Pasteurised		Sterilised		Totals	
	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	tisfactory	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory ^{NS}	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory &	Unsatisfactory	
Methylene Blue Test Phosphatase Test Turbidity Test	1	-	22 24		12 12		12 14	2	17		47 51 17	4	

ICE CREAM

Manufacturers

At the close of the year there were no active manufacturers of ice-cream in the Borough

Vendors

Registered and retailing	ice-cream at close of 1964	226
New registrations during	the year	3
Registration transferred		28

Vendor's premises where pre-packed and/or loose ice cream was sold were as follows:-

Selling	pre	packed	ice	cream	only	188
Selling	pre	packed	and	loose	ice-cream	38

The methylene blue test was used for estimating the bacteriological quality. The results of tests were divided into four grades. 27 samples were submitted to the test and graded as follows: -

Grad	des		1	2	3	4
No.	of	Samples	23	2	1	1

Grade 1 is the highest grade and ice-creams placed in Grades 1 and 2 are regarded as satisfactory.

Analysis of Ice-Cream for Fat Content, Sucrose and Milk Solids

> No. of Samples Satisfactory 25 25

By the Food Standards (Ice Cream) Order, 1953, Ice-Cream is required to contain 5% fat, 10% sugar and 7½% milk solids other than fat. In the case of Dairy Ice Cream, Dairy Cream Ice or Cream Ice, the fat must be milk fat. The results of sampling show that ice cream sold in the area has a higher solid content than the legal standard.

SL AUGHTERHOUSES

Only 1 slaughterhouse is licensed for the killing of Cattle. Sheep and Pigs. It is closely supervised and all animals killed are inspected and marked in accordance with the Meat Inspection Regulations, 1963.

Slaughtermen

8 Slaughtermen's annual licences were issued during the year entitling the holders to slaughter Cattle, Sheep and Pigs.

	Skall gerner Search and are	Cattle excldg Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
1	Number killed	504	12	2	4551	882	S. Data March
13	Number inspected	504	12	2	4551	882	111
0	ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBER- CULOSIS AND CYSTICERCI Whole carcases condemned				4		-
	Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	92	4		204	72	
10000	Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuber culosis and cysticerci	18%	33%		5%	8%	
	TUBERCULOSIS ONLY Whole carcases condemend		ni ștre	no be		1100	
	Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned					7	1944 A
10	Percentage of the number inspected affected with uberculosis		1000	all lies	a loči a V žane	0 8%	A Formand
	CYSTICERCOSIS		ed know	ald oile	an I o di		
10	arcases of which some part r organ was condemned		1			1.000	
E an	arcases submitted to treat ent by refrigeration		1	101 20	10017		
1000	eneralised and totally ondemned						-

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

CLEAN FOOD

Frequent inspections of premises at which food is stored or manufactured are made by the Public Health Inspectors Every opportunity is taken to discuss with persons employed in these premises the various requirements of the Food Hygiene Regulations.

A number of lectures was given during the year to local organisations.

Other Food Preparation Premises

Routine inspections of commercial kitchens, works canteens and of vehicles from which food is sold were made during the year. There are no stalls where food is prepared in the Area.

Food Premises

(1)	The number of food premises in the area by type of	
	business	
	Butchers	61
	Cafes and Snack Bars including Public Houses	-
	serving meals	48
	Confectioners (Bread, cakes, pastry,	
	chocolates and sweets)	53
	Fishmongers	9
	Fried Fish and Chips	7
	Fruiterers and Greengrocers	49
	Groceries and Provisions	130
(2)	Number of registered food premises under Section 97	
	of the Solihull Urban District Council Act, 1936	
	Ice Cream Vendors	226
	Wholesale Distributors	1
	Manufacturers of Meat Products	11
(3)	Inspections of registered food premises	426
(4)	Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960	
	There has been a ready compliance with the requireme	nte a

There has been a ready compliance with the requirements of the Regulations, and the following work was done during the year

Hot or cold water supplies provided		20
Wash hand basins fitted		14
Sinks fitted		10
Clothes lockers, etc , provided		5
Wash-hand notices provided		22
Structural defects remedied		49
Walls, etc., cleaned		49
Ventilation improved or provided		3
Additional fittings, working surfaces imp	roved	84
First Aid boxes provided or replenished		9
Miscellaneous		 4.4

(5) The amount and method of disposal of condemned food -

The following food was examined and disposed of by burial in the refuse tip after inspection had shown that it was unfit for human consumption

	Tons	Cwt	Qrs	Lbs
Meat and Offal	1	0	1	1
Miscellaneous tinned foods	1	8	0	18
Other foods	1	10	0	13
Total	3	18	2	4

Food and Drugs Act Sampling

The work done during 1964

	Total number of sam	mples taken
	Formal	Informal
Milk		53
Miscellaneous Food and Drugs		122

Of these, 53 samples of Milk and 112 samples of Other Food nd Drugs were reported as genuine.

The results of unsatisfactory samples of food and drugs impund as a result of routine sampling were as follows

No.	Article	Nature of Contravention	Remarks
4406	Margarine	Contained 14 8% butter fat which was in excess of the 10% claimed	Referred to Manufacturer
4424	Skimmed Milk Powder	Unsatisfactory label	Of foreign manufacture Referred to importer
4441	Lemonade and Beer	Contained only 1% proof spirit	Manufacturer agr to produce a stronger product
4447	Hamburgers with gravy	Contained 45% total meat instead of at least 60%	Referred to Manufacturer
4452	Luncheon Meat Loaf	Contained 60% total meat instead of at least 65%	Of foreign manufacture. Referred to importer
4497	Cottage Cheese	Should have been described as "Medium fat curd cheese"	Referred to manufacturer
4536	Skinless Pork Sausages	Preservative declaration on label not in prescribed form	Manufacturer agn to make necessar alterations
4538	Casserole Steak in Rich Gravy	Contained 50% total meat instead of 75%	Referred to Manufacturer
4558	Liver, Bacon and Onion with Rich Gravy	Unsatisfactory label Can should have had a band label which was missing from the sample	Manufacturer agn to attach labels more securely
4565	Stewed Steak with Gravy	Contained 67% total meat instead of 75%	Old stock Manufacturer has increased meat content to 75%
Comp	laints received	from members of the public	
	m . 1 . 1	C 1	

Total number of complaints received45Number of complaints where samples were
submitted to the Public Analyst for examination25Number of complaints where samples were
examined in the Department20

All the complaints were satisfactorily disposed of by Informal Action taken with Importers, Manufacturers, or Retailer with the exception of the following which were reported to the Council

No.	Article	Remarks	Action
4486	Bread	Contained streaks of black greasy matter.	Legal proceedings. Fine of £10 with £6.6.0d. Advocate's Fee.
4526	Pork Pie	Contaminated with mould.	Warning.
4529	Chocolate Sponge Rolls	Contaminated with mould.	Legal proceedings. Fine of £15 with £6.6.0d. Advocate's Fee
4530	Empty Milk Bottle	Contained a pad of mould growth.	Warning.
1	Bread	Contaminated with mould.	Warning.
-	Sausage Roll	Contaminated with mould.	Warning.
-	Layer Cake	Contaminated with mould.	Warning.
-	Chicken	Unfit for human consumption.	Brought before a justice of the peace condemned and destroyed. Warning.
-	Pork Pie	Contaminated with mould.	Warning.

SWIMMING POOLS

No major improvements were effected to either the Corporaotion-owned or privately owned open air public swimming pools in othe district.

A new covered pool is in course of construction which will binclude the latest improvements. It is expected that this pool will be opened during the Summer of 1965.

At each of the two open air existing pools, spot checks are taken regularly during the Summer by the Public Health minspectors in order to ascertain that the chlorine content and the acidity of the water are in accordance with the requirements of the Council's Byelaw relating to these points. If variations are found, they are immediately corrected.

No contravention of the other Byelaws has been noted during the year.

In addition to the tests mentioned above, samples were imubmitted to the Public Analyst and the Bacteriologist of the ublic Health Laboratory Services as follows:- No. of samples:

Bacteriological and Chemical ... 6 Bacteriological ... 8

All proved satisfactory.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961 - Part 1 of the Act.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health.

		Nu	mber of	INT PROVIDE
Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
Factories in which Sec. 1 2,3,4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local	10			Anton Contraction
Authorities. 2. Factoriesnot included in (1) in which Sec.7 is en- forced by the Local Authority	10 109	26	3	
Other premises in which Sec.7 is enforced by Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	85	56	5	doso da oso dos oso regu so dos regu to reidi ty of
Totals	204	90	9	eads there a

2. Cases in which Defects were found

- Normality		Nun	Number of cases in				
Solution and the second second	Particulars (1)	Found (2)	Reme- died (3)	Ret To H.M. Inspector (4)	ferred By H.M. Inspector (5)	which prosecu- tions were instituted (6)	
	Want of clean- liness (S.1.)	2	3	3629	1	are there	
	Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-		-		
CT C	Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	1 90)				17.2	
and the second second	Inadequate vent- ilation (S.4)	2	3	dolda ana	fiels/thir	an here i per	
	feasurement of Atmo-	Nun	iber og defect	Number of cases in			
l	Four Depokit f			Ref	erred	which	
	Particulars	Found	Reme- died	To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	prosecu- tions were instituted	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
	Sanitary Conven- iences (S.7)				ee orer		
6	(a) Insufficient	10	9	-	-	-	
(0)	(b) Unsuitable or defective	67	48		-	122000	
((c) Not separate for sexes	-		-	-		
損	Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Out-Work).		3		-	Parale In Prank Sp 1955 I be	
	Total	77	60	at the man	arteneta.	-	

PART VIII of the Act

Outwork: Sections 133 and 134

Natur	e of Work	No. of outworkers in August List required				
			by	Section	133 (1)	(c)
Wearing Apparel	Making etc. Cleaning and	Washing	(2)		1	
Carding, etc., of	buttons, etc.				36	
					37	

The table above indicates the number of premises which wer notified. The official table requested by the Minister to be completed contains columns which have been omitted from the above because they merely provided "Nil" returns.

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION

Smoke Control Areas

The Smoke Control Area No.4 mentioned in last year's reporwas duly confirmed by the Minister of Housing and Local Government and came into operation on the 1st December, 1964. Owing too boundary changes made when Solihull obtained County Borough status, the Council agreed to accept responsibility for the payment of grants under the Clean Air Act, 1956 for 52 houses which were in Smoke Control Orders Nos. 34 and 66 made by the Birmingham City Council and transferred to Solihull.

Smoke Control Orders Nos. 5, 6 and 7 were made by the Council and are awaiting confirmation by the Minister of Housing and Local Government. Smoke Control Orders

		In O	perat	ion	Awaiting Confirmatio			mation	
AREAS ACRES	1 95	2 105	2 3 105 176	4 758	34*	5 235	6 312	7 774	66*
No. of Dwellings No. of Other	20.		440	926	3	705	397	189	49
Premises Total	18 576	24 307	250 690	34 960	3	25 730	2 399	196	4.9

*Parts of Smoke Control Orders made by Birmingham City Council and transferred to this Authority upon boundary changes.

Measurement of Atmospheric Pollution

Four Deposit Gauges and four Lead Peroxide Candles situated in various parts of the Borough have been in continuous use onthroughout the year, as well as the Daily Volumetric apparatus issituated at the Council House. The fifth Deposit Gauge and Lead operoxide Candle situated at Earlswood and used as a "Control" for comparing results of the other instruments were discontinued mapon boundary changes in April last.

The results from the four sets of instruments show that there was a marked increase in the average monthly deposit of rit and dust at the Olton site, which showed high readings in lay, June and July. There was a slight increase at the Shirley ites, while the Knowle site showed a decrease. Amounts of ulphur dioxide as measured by the Lead Peroxide Candle, showed downward trend and the average daily sulphur dioxide figures measured by the volumetric apparatus showed a decrease as did he average daily smoke concentration measurements.

eposit Gauges

Results expressed in tons per square mile. Deposit gauges abllect dust and grit from the atmosphere.

				Olton	Velsheda Road	Cranmore Blvd	Gres- wolde	Earls- wood
Average	month	nly Dep	posit:		Oper of Lo			
1959				8.22	6.82	6.90	5.41	4.69
1960				10.14	10.38	8.57	6.32	6.40
1961				8.03	7.35	6.52	5.27	4.79
1962		8638	· · · ·	8.92	8.68	7.01	5.58	5.68
1963				8.85	7.06	6.62	5.92	5.92
1964				11.14	7.31	6.75	5.37	Sana Taor
Annual	Rainf	all in	inche	s				
1959				20.64	25.61	24.35	21.63	21.84
1960		in corsil		31.40	33.74	36.23	33.50	35.59
1961				20.67	24.21	24.66	22.05	23.98
1962				21.18	24.50	27.34	22.81	25.13
1963				16.90	21.67	25.79	22.15	23.79
1964				16.66	18.53	20.06	20.73	-

Lead Peroxide Candles

The sulphur dioxide in the atmosphere reacts on the lead peroxide in the instrument to form lead sulphate. The amount of change is measured and forms the basis of comparison.

				Olton	Velsheda Road	Cranmore Blvd.		
Average	mont	hly Dep	posit:					
1959				1.86	1.63	1.10	0.65	0.64
1960				2.13	1.40	1.30	0.66	0.74
1961				1.77	1.14	1.23	0.58	0.62
1962				1.91	1.37	1.23	0.67	0.64
1963				1.88	1.26	1.29	0.66	0.76
1964				1.63	1.14	1.10	0.55	b nilg lite

The figures express daily the number of milligrammes of sulphur dioxide per 100 sq.cms. of candle fabric.

Daily Test for Smoke and Sulphur Dioxide

The apparatus is situated in an inside room at the Council House. Air from outside is drawn through a dilute solution of hydrogen peroxide for 24 hours. The amount of alkali needed to neutralise the sulphuric acid in the hydrogen peroxide ' (brought about by the oxidation of the sulphur dioxide) is ascertained.

In addition, this air is drawn through a filter paper and the amount of smoke stain is measured.

Average Daily Smoke expressed as microgrammes per cubic metre of air:

1959	 62.6
1960	 66.4
1961	 62.7
1962	 74.2
1963	 72.5
1964	 66.8

Average Daily Sulphur Dioxide expressed as microgrammes per cubic metre:

1959	 125
1960	 151
1961	 100
1962	 109
1963	 125
1964	 120

RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION

The two Rodent Operatives carried out the work shown in the following summary of surface treatments.

		Type of Property								
C C	Properties Inspected	Private	Business & Industrial	Local Authority	Agri; cultural	Total				
Q	a. On request	821	90	18	8	937				
0	b. On survey	1780	215	MARY - PARA	anne al 1	1995				
1	c. Treated	1883	110	18	8	2019				

Continued reliance is placed on "Warfarin" with oatmeal as the base Excellent results are obtained with this poison which is recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture Fisheries and Food. At the end of the year, there were 5 contracts in force.

SEWER TREATMENTS

One sewer treatment was carried out during the year, details of which are as follows -

Date of Treatment	e of atment Bait and Poison No. of Manhole Baited		No, of Bait	f Poisoned ts taken		
Treatment	used	Baited	Partial	Complete		
October	Oatmeal and Warfarin	101	5	1		

SHOPS ACT, 1950

The total number of shops in the area at the end of 1964 was 941.

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

Parts of the Act came into operation on the 1st August, 1964, and by the end of the year 689 premises had been notified as coming within the Act. Of this number, 86 were inspected and contraventions of the Act had been drawn to the attention of occupiers or owners when found.

ANIMAL BOARDING ESTABLISHMENTS ACT, 1963

This Act came into force on the 1st January and the Council authorised a Veterinary Officer and the Public Health Inspector to inspect the premises.

8 licences were issued during the year to persons whose premises had been inspected and approved 3 of these were transferred to other authorities on the alteration of boundaries on the 1st April, 1964.

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951

The owners of 4 pet shops were granted annual licences during the year.

The Act prescribes the conditions under which pet animals should be kept and the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals arrange for the inspection of the premises on behalf of the Council and advise us as to their suitability.

RIDING ESTABLISHMENTS ACT, 1939

There are 3 Riding Establishments within the area and these were inspected bi-annually by the Veterinary Officer authorised by the Council. A favourable report was received in respect of each.

PETROLEUM

Storage

93 premises were licensed for the storage of a total of 394,924 gallons of petroleum spirit and 10,315 gallons of petrolmeum mixtures. The income received from the payment of licence fees was £106.5.0d.

Nork Done

New installations supervised	 5
Pressure tests on new underground storage	
tanks supervised	 12
Routine pressure tests on existing under- ground storage tanks supervised	 11
Routine ullage tests on existing underground	
storage tanks supervised	 7
Steaming out and removal of existing under-	
ground storage tanks supervised	 1

During the year a complaint was received from the G.P.O. that cretroleum spirit had gained access to underground cable ducts and manholes on a trunk road. Tests were carried out at a nearby Filling Station and it was found that the probable cause was a leaking suction line from an underground tank to a pump. Remedial measures were immediately taken.

OTHER MATTERS AFFECTING PUBLIC HEALTH:

TABLE OF WORK DONE 1964

Dwelling Houses

Internal - Repairs to					
Plaster			 		21
Floors			 		10
Doors and Windows			 		38
Ranges, fireplaces, flues .			 		11
Damp Walls			 		7
Wastepipes - sinks and wash-b	asins		 		6
Sinks and wash-basins replace	ed.		 		4
External Repairs to					
Roofs			 		23
Pointing etc. of walls .			 22.100		19
Chimneys		lei	 		6
Yard paving			 		11
Gully channels			 1.2.90		11
Rainwater pipes			 		15
Eavesgutters			 		26
Water Supply					
1					6
Existing houses connected to					6 5
Hot water apparatus renewed .				• • •	
Water supply pipes renewed .					6
Standpipes discontinued .					2
Miscellaneous	i feet i		 ili on	11.1	6
Drainage					
Drains reconstructed or repai	ired .		 		15
Drains cleansed			 		66
Inspection chamber covers pro	ovided		 		4
Inspection chambers repaired	Inigh	1000	 		3
Cesspools repaired			 		3

Drainage (Cont'd).

	Cesspools discontinued	 11
	Houses connected to sewer	 33
	Drains tested	 18
	Other drainage work	 3
	and the second sec	
	Sanitary Accommodation	
	Pail closets converted to W.C.'s	5
	W.C. apparatus repaired	20
ł	Closet buildings repaired	3
1	Additional closet accommodation provided	 4
l	Misc ellaneous	
l	Ware distant from the time	197
ļ		
Ì		 63
1	Rat disinfestations	 2019 9
ł	Dustbins provided	 9
Į	Factories	
ľ	Contract Contract	
1	See body of report for details	 63
l		
	Petroleum	
Br	See body of report for details	 36
0	Food Premises - Hygiene Regulations:	
3	See body of report for details	 169
	Shops Act	
10	Heating facilities provided	 7
	Lighting improved-artificial or natural	11
	Washing facilities provided	2
	Seats provided	6
	Legal forms exhibited or kept	50
	Additional W.C.'s provided	1
		4
	W.C.'s repaired	
10	Miscellaneous	 24
	Vffices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963:	
	Heating improved	 1
	Lighting improved	4
1		

Offices Shops and Railway P	remise	s Act	1963	(Cont	<i>d</i>).	
Thermometers provided						1
First Aid kits replenished	or pro	vided				1
Machinery fenced						
Cleansing or redecoration						
Clean Air Act						
Adaptations - domestic		3.9.01	lada	1000		518
industrial		122				1
Smoke nuisance abated -						
domestic	1.1.18	1. phone	0000		1 Jaylo 23	2
industrial						23
Nuisances Abated						
Due to keeping of animals						
Noise					othing	
Offensive accumulations rem	oved			100000	ad. rują	9
Verminous premises disinfes						
Watercourses and ditches	steu					
Smoke		(122.5 ab	101			8
Smell						
CHOXX.					*******	

TABLE 1

COUNTY BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Summary of Visits and Notices served in the Public Health Inspectors' Department during the year 1964

		Notic es						
	Visits made	Statutory	Informal	Verbal	Complied with			
HOUSING								
Housing Acts	61		-	1	1			
Public Health Acts	807	8	53	51	90			
Caravans etc	16		1	2	1			
Rent Act, 1957	20		-		a constant			
Drainage	318		3 -	6	4			
Cesspools	3		1					
Closet Conversions	10		1 2 2					
FOOD HYGIENE REGU- LATIONS								
Shops	642		52	41	56			
Mobile Shops	4		2	41	56			
Hotels, Restaurants	~	1 1 1	-	1				
Cafes etc	74		6	2	3			
Factories, Canteens				-				
etc	20	- 19	5	3	3			
Registered Premises	426	-	* 4	-				
Fish Frying	55	- 1		10.000				
Bakehouses	5		1	1	1			
SHOPS ACT				1.15				
Welfare Provisions	516		22	0.1	10			
etc Closing Hours	516 49		33	81	48			
FACTORIES ACTS	49		2	14	8			
Factories - Power	91		14	12	13			
Non Power	16		14	14	13			
Outworkers	34		-		1			
Building Operations	14		8	3	7			
OFFICES SHOPS AND								
RAILWAY PREMISES	_							
ACT 1963 *								
General Inspections	86	-	78	1	6			
Other Visits	55		the State of the	1.1.1.1				
ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION								
Daily Smoke Filter	287	A DATE DO NOT	DATES TO A	1-1-1	Service Service			
Deposit Gauge CLEAN AIR ACT	12	-		- 341 - 3	1.000			
Smoke Control Areas	1685							
Observations	1000							
Domestic	17	-			-			
Industrial	39				-			
• Nuisances	41			8	5			
	5353	8	26.2	0.07	246			
Carried fwd	0000	0	202	2 27	240			

TABLE 1 (Cont'd).

		Notices						
	Visits Made	Statutory	Informal	Verbal	Complied with			
Brought fwd.	5353	8	262	227	246			
FOOD AND DRUGS General	156		-	1	1			
Corned Beef Enquiries	425 47	-	-	-				
Ice Cream	42				-			
Water Mains - Wells	73	- 44	1	1 310				
Swimming Pools Meat Inspection	59 451		-	1	1			
Refuse Disposal Offensive	11	-	-					
accumulations	3	-	30	10.3023				
Keeping Animals (Piggeries) etc.	10		-	-				
Ditches and Watercourse	31		-		alo se al			
Infectious Diseases Disinfections	81 1		-		-			
Insect Infestations Rats and Mice	21		-		-			
Infestations	49	- 2	-	201	11/4			
Petrol Installations Surrender of	225		-					
unsound food Animal Boarding	152			cirer?	11111			
Establishments	30		-	is y units	Ser 19-			
Noise Abatement Town and Country	43	1	2	1	1101			
Planning Miscellaneous	50 697	-		1002	1			
Totals	8010	8	265	230	248			

In addition to the above 150 visits were carried out in areas subsequently transferred to other authorities on the 1st April, 1964.

TABLE II

COUNTY BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Vital Statistics of Whole District during 1964 and previous years

	7	Bir	ths	ths			
	imated ach			Under :	l year	At all	ages
Year	Population esti to middle of ea year	Number	Rate	Number	Rate per 1000 Live Births	Number	Rate
1	2.	3.	4.	5	6.	7.	8
1955	75,740	1181	15 6	22	18.6	660	8.7
1956	78,860	1264	16.0	14	11.1	636	8.1
1957	81,620	1489	18 2	22	14.7	681	8.3
1958	85,120	1490	17.4	28	18.7	693	8 1
1959	88,990	1670	18 7	21	12.5	699	7.8
1960	92,550	1711	18.4	36	21.0	753	8 1
1961	96,080	1828	19 02	26	14.2	771	8.02
1962	98,670	1843	18 6	34	18 4	790	8.0
1963	100,680	1784	17.7	30	16.8	825	8 2
*1964	99,300	1746	17 6	30	17.1	791	7.9

* Boundaries of original Borough reduced in size.

TABLE III

COUNTY BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Cases of Infectious Diseases notified during the year 1964.

Number of cases notified								
The second second second	At ages - years							
Notifiable Disease	At all ages	Under 1	1 - 4	5 - 14	15 - 44	45 - 64	65 and over	Age unknown
Smallpox		-	-		-	. 2	-	-
Plague	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Diphtheria (including		115		11	- 0.5	181		
Membranous Croup)		-	1	21-1	-	1	-	
Erysipelas	2	- 1	-		1	1	-	-
Scarlet Fever	44	1	15	28	1	100	-	-
Paratyphoid Fever		81-	-01	11- 1	100	-	-	-
Enteric Fever	1	81-11	-11	14	(4)	22	-	3
Pneumonia	21	1	2	11-	6	8	4	-
Malaria	-	-	-	8.1-	. (*1)	. 6	-	
Dysentery	3	51-	3	-	(7)	. (7)	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	2	-	-	1	1		-	1
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	-		-	-			-	-
Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acute Encephalitis	-		-	-	-		-	-
Opththalmia Neonatorum	1	1	-	1.00	140	1	-	
Polio-Encephalitis		1	n ein	11-1	1000	11-1	-	-
Respiratory Tuberculosis	14	-	2	1	9	1	1	*
Other forms of Tuberculosis	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Meningococcal Meningitis	-	-	-	-	· · ·	-	-	
Food Poisoning	2	-	~	1	1	-		-
Total	91	2	22	30	20	11	5	1

TABLE IV

COUNTY BOROUGH OF SOLIHULL

Causes of Death during the year 1964

Cause of Death	Males	Females
ALL CAUSES	410	381
 Tuberculosis Respiratory Tuberculosis, Other Syphilitic Disease Diphtheria Whooping Cough Meningococcal Infections Acute Poliomyelitis Measles Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach Malignant Neoplasm, Lung Bronchus Malignant Neoplasm, Breast Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms Leukaemia, Aleukaemia Diabetes Vascular Lesions of Nervous System Coronary Disease, Angina Hypertension with Heart Disease Other Circulatory Disease Influenza Pneumonia Bronchitis Other Diseases of Respiratory System Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea Nephritis and Nephrosis Hyperplasia of Prostate Oregnancy, Childbirth Abortion Congenital Malformations Other defined and ill defined diseases Malignatian dill defined diseases 	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ - \\ 2 \\ - \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 27 \\ - \\ 47 \\ 1 \\ 40 \\ 101 \\ 3 \\ 18 \\ 17 \\ 2 \\ 19 \\ 26 \\ 4 \\ 8 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 40 \\ 11 \\ 14 \\ 4 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 381 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ 11 \\ 4 \\ 20 \\ 3 \\ 43 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 75 \\ 62 \\ 4 \\ 48 \\ 16 \\ - \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ - \\ 1 \\ - \\ 3 \\ 39 \\ 31 \\ 16 \\ \end{array} $