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COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK.

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR 1908,

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health,

WM. F. MARSH JACKSON,

M.R.C.S., ENG., L.R.C.P., AND L.M., EDIN.,

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE BOROUGH,

Fellow of the Incorporated Society of Medical Officers of Health,

AND

Past President of the Midland Branch of the Incorporated Society of Medical Officers of Health.

SMETHWICK:

PRESS OF W. J. DUROSE, HIGH STREET.

1909.



COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK.

Health Committee :

Chairman:

ALDERMAN BOWDEN.

ALDERMAN ADAMS COUNCILLOR EVANS
,, SUMMERTON ,, HOMES
,, MOTTERAM ,, POLLARD

COUNCILLOR STEPHEN.

Smethwick and Oldbury Joint Hospital Committee:

Chairman:

ALDERMAN BOWDEN.

ALDERMAN ADAMS ALDERMAN SUMMERTON
,, MOTTERAM COUNCILLOR POLLARD

COUNCILLOR STEPHEN.

Oldbury Representatives:

Councillor Davies | Councillor Parkes

Councillor Thomlinson.

COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK.

TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

To the Mayor and Corporation of the Borough.

GENTLEMEN,

In presenting you with this my TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT I wish to record my grateful appreciation of your kind consideration during my illness.

The year has been signalised by a prolonged and extensive epidemic of Scarlet Fever and a recurrence of Influenza, apart from these, however, the health of the population has been fairly satisfactory, the several rates with exception of those relating to Scarlet Fever compare favourably with those of former years. It is especially gratifying to note the partial recovery of the birth-rate, which the infantile death-rate though higher than that of last year is considering all things a fairly average one.

Two new duties have engaged my attention—the Notification of Births' Act, 1907, and the Medical Inspection of school children. The former is referred to in the body of the report, the latter forms the subject of a special report prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Board of Education, which will be submitted to you and forwarded with this report to the Authorities.

In addition to my ordinary work my responsibilities in connection with the Hospital have occasioned me much anxious labour. I have to thank the Health and Hospital Committees for the support they have severally accorded me.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

WM. F. MARSH JACKSON.

SMETHWICK, MARCH, 1909.

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Annual Report for the Year 1908.

SITUATION.

The Borough of Smethwick constitutes the extreme southern portion of the district which is known as South Staffordshire. It is bounded on the north by the County Borough of West Bromwich, on the east by the Urban District of Handsworth, on the south by the City of Birmingham, and on the west by the Urban District of Oldbury and the Township of Warley. It is closely in contact with a more or less dense population on certain of its confines, especially on its north-eastern boundary, where it is contiguous to Handsworth and Birmingham, as well as on its south-western boundary, where it adjoins Birmingham. Towards the south and south-west it adjoins a large and extensive tract of open country. Its surface is undulating, its elevation ranging from 426 to 606 feet above the sea level, its mean elevation being 550 feet. It extends from north to south three miles, and from east to west, on its widest portion, about two miles. The geological formation is gravel beds on the red sandstone. Coal measures exist, and are worked on its northeastern border, and in the western portion there is less gravel, and porous red sand prevails.

VITAL STATISTICS.

At the beginning of 1908 I estimated the population would be at the middle of the year 69,500, being an increase of 2,500 over the estimate for 1907, and on this figure the several rates have been calculated. This estimate was practically in agreement with that formed by the Registrar General, and the information furnished by the Assistant Overseer.

During the year the houses certified for completion were 422. The number of houses on the rate book, at present in force, is 14,839, an increase over 1907 of 477.

The area of the borough is 1,929 acres, and the average population density is 27.6 per acre. The rateable value of the property assessed for the poor, October, 1908, is £270,641 12s. 6d., and the rateable value of the property assessed for the General District Rate, October, 1908, is £258,802 0s. 5d.

The following table shows the distribution of the population in the various wards, together with the number of houses in each ward, extracted from the rate book in force October, 1908, by the Assistant Overseer:—

Ward.	Number of Houses.	Number Void.	Number Occupied.	Estimated Population.
Spon Lane	 2,380	147	2,233	11,165
Sandwell	 2,136	177	1,959	9,795
Uplands	 1,240	90	1,150	5,750
Bearwood	 4,639	318	4,321	21,605
Victoria	 2,299	92	2,207	11,035
Soho	 2,145	130	2,015	10,075
	-			
	14,839	954	13,885	69,425

Bearwood, Uplands, and a considerable part of Spon Lane Wards are practically purely residential localities. The principal works are in Soho and Sandwell Wards, and a few are situate in Victoria Ward. There has been an increase in the number of houses in all the wards, but the main extensions have been in Bearwood and Spon Lane Wards.

With the consequent increase in the population density it is fortunate that the situation of the Borough and the provision of open spaces and public parks is so satisfactory. The Registrar General has published the following figures relating to the Vital Statistics of 1908:—

Annual Ra	TES	PER 1,00	O LIVING.		INFANT MORTALITY
		BIRTHS.	DEATHS FROM ALL CAUSES.	DEATHS FROM SEVEN CHIEF EPIDEMIC DISEASES.	OF INFANTS UNDER 1 YEAR PER 1,000 BIRTHS.
England and Wales		26.5	14.7	1.29	121
76 Great Towns		27.0	15.8	1.59	128
142 Smaller Towns		26.0	14.7	1.26	124
SMETHWICK		30.0	14.5	1.87	135

For the sake of comparison I have added the rates of Smethwick, calculated on the population as estimated by me at the middle of the year.

MARRIAGES.

The number of marriages that have taken place during the year is 491. The marriage-rate for this year is 14·1 per 1,000 persons living per annum, against 14·4, 15·5, 14·9, 11·08, 14·8, and 12·1 for the 6 previous years.

BIRTHS.

During the year the births of 2,088 children were registered. The greatest number of births was registered in the month of September, and the lowest in February.

The birth-rate for the year is 30.0 per 1,000 persons living per annum.

DEATHS.

The deaths registered in Smethwick, by the local Registrar, during the year number 820, equal to a death-rate of 11.79 per 1,000 persons living per annum. To this however, have to be added

deaths of Smethwick persons occurring outside the borough, namely, 49 in public institutions in Birmingham, that is hospitals, and 66 in Kings Norton Union Workhouse; making a total of 935. From this 4 deaths of Oldbury persons, dying in the hospital, have to be deducted, making 931 the total number of deaths to be attributed to Smethwick.

Last year the deaths registered in Smethwick numbered 793, 39 in public institutions in Birmingham, and 60 in Kings Norton Union Workhouse, total 892.

In 1906 the deaths registered in Smethwick numbered 853, 49 in public institutions in Birmingham, 49 in Kings Norton Union Workhouse, total 951.

In 1905 the deaths registered in Smethwick numbered 772, in public institutions in Birmingham 34, Kings Norton Union Workhouse 38, Erdington Workhouse 1, total 865.

In 1904 the deaths registered in Smethwick numbered 719, in public institutions in Birmingham 39, Kings Norton Union Workhouse 52, total 810.

The corrected death-rate for the year under notice is 14.5 per 1,000 persons living per annum, against 14.34 in 1907, 14.6 1906, 15.0 in 1905, 13.2 in 1904, 14.1 in 1903, 13.8 in 1902, 14.9 in 1901, 15.6 in 1900.

The illegitimate births numbered 41.

There were registered 7 uncertified deaths, and 14 deaths under 1 year of age of illegitimate children.

The tables illustrating this section of my report are here reproduced, and the information required to be furnished to the Local Government Board, will be found at the end of the report,

TABLE—Showing the Number of Births and Deaths Registered during each of the Four Quarters of the Year 1908, with the respective Rates.

BIRTHS REGISTERED.	MALES.	FEMALES.	Totals.	BIRTH-RATE PER 1,000 LIVING.	DEATHS REGISTERED.	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTALS.	DEATH-RATE PER 1,000 LIVING.
First Quarter	261	244	505	29.03	First Quarter	136	130	266	15.2
Second ,,	257	281	538	30.9	Second ,,	118	103	221	12.7
Third ,,	296	258	549	31.6	Third "	115	95	210	12:04
Fourth "	233	263	496	28.5	Fourth "	127	107	284	13.4
Total	1047	1041	2088		Total	496	485	931	

TABLE SHOWING THE NUMBERIOF BIR

BIRTHS REGISTEREDS HMALES.
First Quarter retrauQ 1261
Second ., bno257
Third bri296
Fourth dr 238
TOTALIATOT 1047

MARK

MORTALITY IN THE WARDS OF THE BOROUGH, 1908. CALCULATED APPROXIMATELY ON THE LAST OBTAINABLE POPULATION FIGURES.

Wards.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	TOTALS.	DEATH RATES.
SPON LANE	 14	19	17	11	8	15	11	11	12	9 .	12	11	150	18.4
SANDWELL	 10	18	20	19	14	16	8	14	20	12	18	17	186	18-8
UPLANDS	 7	14	6	9	8	7	4	5	5	1	8	7	76	18-2
BEARWOOD	 15	20	23	19	9	14	10	14	18	28	17	20	202	9.03
Victoria	 11	11	19	16	9	18	18	12	14	11	18	7	154	18-09
Sоно	 18	13	16	14	13	12	8	14	12	15	14	19	168	16.1
TOTAL	 70	95	101	88	56	77	59	70	81	71	82	80	981	

I HOUGHOU SHENING CALCUARTED APPROXIMA

Inq.	. Mař.	Feb.	Jan	Wards.
811	715	611	114	SPONSLANE 21
6151	083	818	014	SANDWELL 02
6.8	87	114	75	UPLANDS &
619	128	(20	GI4	BEARWOOD 81
0.16	ears	118	142	Vістокіа 11
SIF4	3I2	818	814	12 16оно2
886	101	(95	070	81 7/ATOT

BIRTH AND DEATH STATISTICS FOR THE PAST TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS.

YEAR. POPULATION. BIRTHS. RATE. DEATHS. RATE. *1881 *25,076 1882 25,922 1083 41·9 384 14·8 1883 26,768 1130 42·1 462 17·2 1884 27,614 1195 43·2 498 18·0 1885 28,460 1151 40·6 455 16·0 1886 29,306 1174 40·0 512 17·5 1887 30,152 1126 37·4 509 16·8 1888 31,000 1172 37·8 533 17·1 1889 32,500 1202 36·9 590 18·1 1890 34,300 1281 37·3 591 17·2 *1891 *36,170 1423 38·3 699 18·8 1892 37,500 1323 35·2 615 16·4 1893						
1882 25,922 1083 41·9 384 14·8 1883 26,768 1130 42·1 462 17·2 1884 27,614 1195 43·2 498 18·0 1885 28,460 1151 40·6 455 16·0 1886 29,806 1174 40·0 512 17·5 1887 30,152 1126 37·4 509 16·8 1888 31,000 1172 37·8 533 17·1 1889 32,500 1202 36·9 590 18·1 1890 34,300 1281 37·3 591 17·2 *1891 *36,170 1423 38·3 699 18·8 1892 37,500 1323 35·2 615 16·4 1893 38,500 1446 37·5 676 17·5 1894 39,500 1396 35·3 611 15·2 1895 41,000 <td< th=""><th>YEAR.</th><th>POPULA-</th><th>BIRTHS.</th><th></th><th>DEATHS.</th><th>DEATH- RATE.</th></td<>	YEAR.	POPULA-	BIRTHS.		DEATHS.	DEATH- RATE.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*1881	*25,076				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1882	25,922	1083	41.9	384	14.8
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1883	26,768	1130	42.1	462	17.2
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1884	27,614	1195	43.2	498	18.0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1885	28,460	1151	40.6	455	16.0
1888 31,000 1172 37·8 533 17·1 1889 32,500 1202 36·9 590 18·1 1890 34,300 1281 37·3 591 17·2 *1891 *36,170 1423 38·3 699 18·8 1892 37,500 1323 35·2 615 16·4 1893 38,500 1446 37·5 676 17·5 1894 39,500 1396 35·3 611 15·2 1895 41,000 1503 36·6 592 14·4 1896 43,000 1546 35·9 723 16·8 1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1886	29,306	1174	40.0	512	17.5
1889 32,500 1202 36·9 590 18·1 1890 34,300 1281 37·3 591 17·2 *1891 *36,170 1423 38·3 699 18·8 1892 37,500 1323 35·2 615 16·4 1893 38,500 1446 37·5 676 17·5 1894 39,500 1396 35·3 611 15·2 1895 41,000 1503 36·6 592 14·4 1896 43,000 1546 35·9 723 16·8 1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1887	30,152	1126	37.4	509	16.8
1890 34,300 1281 37·3 591 17·2 *1891 *36,170 1423 38·3 699 18·8 1892 37,500 1323 35·2 615 16·4 1893 38,500 1446 37·5 676 17·5 1894 39,500 1396 35·3 611 15·2 1895 41,000 1503 36·6 592 14·4 1896 43,000 1546 35·9 723 16·8 1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1888	31,000	1172	37.8	533	17.1
*1891 *36,170 1423 38·3 699 18·8 1892 37,500 1323 35·2 615 16·4 1893 38,500 1446 37·5 676 17·5 1894 39,500 1396 35·3 611 15·2 1895 41,000 1503 36·6 592 14·4 1896 43,000 1546 35·9 723 16·8 1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1889	32,500	1202	36.9	590	18.1
1892 37,500 1323 35·2 615 16·4 1893 38,500 1446 37·5 676 17·5 1894 39,500 1396 35·3 611 15·2 1895 41,000 1503 36·6 592 14·4 1896 43,000 1546 35·9 723 16·8 1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1890	34,300	1281	37.3	591	17.2
1893 38,500 1446 37.5 676 17.5 1894 39,500 1396 35.3 611 15.2 1895 41,000 1503 36.6 592 14.4 1896 43,000 1546 35.9 723 16.8 1897 45,000 1657 36.7 756 16.8 1898 50,000 1724 34.4 742 14.8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15.1	*1891	*36,170	1423	38.3	699	18.8
1894 39,500 1396 35·3 611 15·2 1895 41,000 1503 36·6 592 14·4 1896 43,000 1546 35·9 723 16·8 1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1892	37,500	1323	35.2	615	16.4
1894 39,500 1396 35·3 611 15·2 1895 41,000 1503 36·6 592 14·4 1896 43,000 1546 35·9 723 16·8 1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1893	38,500	1446	37.5	676	17.5
1895 41,000 1503 36·6 592 14·4 1896 43,000 1546 35·9 723 16·8 1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1894	and the same of	1396	35.3	611	15.2
1896 43,000 1546 35·9 723 16·8 1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1895			36.6		100000
1897 45,000 1657 36·7 756 16·8 1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1896			35.9	723	16.8
1898 50,000 1724 34·4 742 14·8 1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15·1	1897		1000000	WANTED TO THE PARTY OF THE PART	Townson I	
1899 51,500 1856 36.03 780 15.1	1898	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		The state of the s	742	200000000
	1899			36.03		15.1
	1900	55,700	1859	33.3	872	15.6
*1901 *54,560 1895 34.7 815 14.9					170000000000000000000000000000000000000	
1902 55,700 1974 35 44 773 13.8				77.000		200000000000000000000000000000000000000
1903 58,000 1980 34.1 819 14.1				2000		
1904 61,000 1956 32.06 810 13.2						100000000
1905 63,000 1910 30 3 865 15.0		Company of the Compan				
1906 65,000 2027 31.2 951 14.6		121/2019/00/2019/2019				
1907 67,000 1973 29.4 892 14.34	1907		1973	29.4		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
1908 69,500 2088 30.0 931 14.5	1908	69,500	2088	30.0	931	14.5

*Census Years.

TABLE B.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN 1908.

1908		BIRTHS.			DEATH	s.
M'NTH	M.	F.	Total	М.	F.	Total
∫AN.	83	86	169	34	36	70
FEB.	73	73	146	43	52	95
MAR.	105	85	190	59	42	101
APR.	70	85	155	46	42	88
May	88	82	170	30	26	56
JUNE	99	114	213	42	35	77
JULY	92	75	167	35	24	59
Aug.	86	73	159	34	36	70
SEP.	118	105	223	46	35	81
Ост.	92	86	178	48	23	71
Nov.	78	89	162	41	41	82
DEC.	68	88	156	38	43	81
TOTAL	1047	1041	2088	496	435	931

EPITOME OF MORTALITY IN 1908.

DIED.	М.	F.	TOTAL.
Under 1 year	162	122	284
1 year and under 5 years	64	54	118
Total under 5	226	176	402
5 years and under 15 years	24	25	49
15 ,. ,, 25 ,,	19	19	38
25 ,, ,, 65 ,,	139	123	262
65 years and upwards	85	95	180
Total over 5	267	262	529
Grand total	493	438	931

INFANTILE MORTALITY.

The deaths of 284 children under one year of age, of whom 162 were males and 122 females, were registered.

The infantile death-rate is 135 per 1,000 births.

The average number of infantile deaths per month during the year was 23.6.

In 1907 the monthly average was 19·1, in 1906 it was 22, in 1905 it was 22·1, in 1904 it was 24·95, in 1903 it was 23·05, in 1902 it was 21, in 1901 it was 27, and in 1900 25·4.

The highest mortality in any month was in November, when 34 deaths were registered; the lowest in May, when 17 deaths were registered.

This year 45 deaths occurred from premature birth, against 40 in 1907, 48 in 1906, 64 in 1905, 47 in 1904, 43 in 1903, 47 in 1902, 42 in 1901, and 54 in 1900.

Seventeen inquests on infants were held this year, against 9 in 1907, 13 in 1906, 5 in 1905, 9 in 1904, 5 in 1903, 1 in 1902, 5 in 1901, 3 in 1900, and 14 in 1899.

The deaths amongst infants from Respiratory Diseases, i.e. Bronchitis and Pneumonia, number 49, against 63 in 1907, 42 in 1906, 38 in 1905, 59 in 1904, 49 in 1903, 50 in 1902, 33 in 1901, and 51 in 1900.

The deaths from Diarrhœa including Enteritis number 60, equal to a death-rate calculated on the births of 29.3

The infantile death-rate this year is not so satisfactory as that of last year, which was quite exceptional, and mainly attributable to the low mortality from diarrhea, being the lowest on record for 20 years ending 1907.

The increased mortality from diarrhoea this year accounts for the higher death-rate, and this though regrettable is, as compared with recent years, not altogether unsatisfactory.

As I have mentioned in previous reports, the practice is continued of the furnishing by the registrar to parents on registering the birth of a child, of the leaflet you approved of respecting the feeding and care of infants, which has been much appreciated, additional copies being frequently asked for.

From the information furnished by means of the early notification of births, the health visitor has been enabled to follow up births with greater promptitude, and to give useful advice. Since this act came into operation the voluntary notification of births by the parish surgeon and the licensed midwives, which previously obtained, has been rendered unnecessary.

The health visitor has found, as reference to her report, which is appended, shows that by far the larger number of infants are breast fed during the first month.

INFANTILE MORTALITY.

******	DATE OF THE	DEATH SWIE	DESTRUCTION	DEATH-RATE
189	189461	1898;1	18081	NONEHE.
878	40/884	46098	521921	M-20
150	2018BE	24211	16801	11:34
181	1980	18946	1661	27:08
SI	12-89	1452	1881	\$7.7g
III	1917	14552	806	35:0
98	18-81	1972	18-6	1 32.3
01	10.74	10.87	11.8	72-3
85	10.74	03.4	4.6	80.9
85	07-88	10-97	90-6	8.5.8
81	1684	4-84	8-8	018-0
31	18-05	892	88	10-11
80	884	8422	72	114-12
				1

INFANTILE MORTALITY.-A SUMMARY FOR SEVENTEEN YEARS.

MONTHS.	DEATH-RATE 1892.	DEATH-RATE 1898.	DEATH-RATE 1894.	DEATH-RATE 1895.	DEATH-RATE 1896.	DEATH-RATE. 1897.	DEATH RATE 1898.	DEATH RATE 1899.	DEATH-RATE 1900.	DEATH-RATE 1901.	DEATH-RATE 1902,	DEATH-RATE 1903.	DEATH-RATE 1904.	DEATH-RATE 1905.	DEATH-RATE 1906.	DEATH-RATE 1907.	DEATH-RATE 1908
0-1	52-9	56-01	40-88	37:8	40-10	45-8	42-1	54-9	58-2	50.1	44-0	44-9	42-4	58-88	424	86-9	47-8
1-2	10-6	24-21	11:4	15:96	20 68	18.8	16-5	16-1	16-6	12-1	11.6	17:1	14.8	11.58	18-3	16.2	17:8
2-3	16-6	9-68	11.4	18-97	12-93	14:4	18-2	16-7	-10-2	19-5	12-1	18-1	12.7	9-42	8-8	18-6	11-01
3-4	15.8	14.52	12.89	18-97	15.52	20.5	14-2	17.7	15-5	16-8	9-1	15.1	15.8	9-42	7-8	6-5	14.8
4-5	9-06	14-52	12-17	11:31	12:98	18-8	9-6	15-6	10-7	18-1	10-1	10.1	12-2	8:14	7-8	9.6	9-5
5-6	18-6	18-12	9.81	7-98	11-64	9-6	8-5	12-9	10-7	14.2	8-15	10-1	9-7	8:37	9-6	6.5	6.7
6-7	11.8	10-87	10-74	9-31	12-85	114	9-1	12.3	7-5	8-4	8-15	8-0	9-2	8-37	74	5-5	5-2
7-8	3-7	7-60	10-74	6-65	7.76	7.8	9-6	10-2	11-2	5.8	4.05	3.5	5.1	6.81	8-9	5-06	4-8
8-9	.9-06	10.37	7.88	5-98	9.70	12-7	4.5	2-6	10-2	10-0	8-08	6.5	7:1	7.85	6-9	5.06	7.6
9-10	8-3	4.84	6:44	9.81	9-05	4.2	9-6	8-6	2-1	7-8	4.5	5.0	8:1	10:47	5.4	5.5	8.8
10—11	8-8	8-22	9.81	5 31	9-05	9.6	7-4	5.8	7.5	5.2	6.05	5.0	8.0	5:76	7.8	4:1	4.8
11-12	7:2	8-22	5-7	3 99	8-88	4.8	5-1	5-8	7.5	7-9	8.5	2-5	6.1	4-19	7-8	8-5	8-8

THE NUMBER OF BIRTHS, THE INFANTILE MORTALITY, AND THE INFANTILE DEATH-RATES FOR THE PAST TWENTY-ONE YEARS, WERE AS FOLLOWS:

YEAR.	BIRTHS.	INFANTILE DEATHS.	INFANTILE DEATH-RATE.
1888	1172	180	158.5
1889	1202	200	166 3
1890	1281	220	171.7
1891	1423	210	147.0
1892.	1328	221	167.7
1893	1446	259	179.1
1894	1396	208	149.1
1895	1503	213	141.6
1896	1546	260	168.1
1897	1657	280	168.9
1898	1724	273	158
1899	1856	332	179
1900	1859	304	160
1901	1895	323	170
1902	1974	252	127
1903	1980	280	141.7
1904	1956	285	145.6
1905	1910	266	139
1906	2027	264	130
1907	1973	232	116
1908	2088	284	135

ZYMOTIC DEATHS.

The deaths from the seven principal Zymotic diseases numbered 128. The Zymotic death-rate for the year is 1.84 per 1,000 persons living per annum, against 1.43 in 1907, 2.21 in 1906, 1.7 in 1905, 1.24 in 1904, 1.2 in 1903, 1.4 in 1902, 1.76 in 1901, and 1.42 1900.

The mortality from these diseases at under and over five years of age, sexes being distinguished as follows:—

ZYMOTIC DEATHS DURING 1908.

	UNI FIVE Y	ER EARS.	OV FIVE	ER EARS.	TOTAL.
	М.	F.	М.	F.	BGTH SEXES.
Small Pox					
Measles		1			1
Scarlet Fever	4	6	2	6	18
Diphtheria		3	3		6
Whooping Cough	14	11	1	2	28
Typhoid Fever				4	4
Diarrhœa	41	30			71
	4				
Totals	59	51	6	12	128

ZYMOTIC DEATHS AND DEATH-RATES FOR THE PAST TWENTY-ONE YEARS.

	18	88	18	59	18	90	18	91	18	92	18	93	18	194	18	9.5	1	896	18	97	18	98	18	99	15	100	19	01	19	02	15	08	19	04	15	905	1	905	11	107	19	8
	statts.	parts.	partne.	pitarit.	PRATES.	DELATE BATH.	DEATEN.	paratic.	DEATES.	pearis name.	DEATES.	pgatte nare.	DEATHS.	DEATH NATE.	DATES.	pears aute.	DRATH	DEATH	DEATHE	DEATH	DEATHS.	DEATH RATE.	DEATHS	DRATH	DEATHS	DEATH NATE.	DEATHER	DEATH	DEATHS.	DEATH RATE.	DRATHS.	DEATH RATE.	DEATHS.	DRATH RATE.	DEATHE	DEATH RATE.	DEATHS.	DEATH NATE.	DEATHS.	DEATH RATE.	DEATHS.	DRATH RATE.
Small Pos				*						100			9	023		200	-	***													1	0-01										***
Measles	14	0.45	24	073	9	0.26	19	0-51	18	0.48	3	007	15	0.08				0.97		041		014		018		0-28		0-07		-34	6	0.10				0.00		0.26			-1	
Scarlet Fever	6	0-19	2	0.061	21	0.61	1	0-00	5	0.13	5	0-07	2	0:05		0.05	8	0.18	2	0.06	3	0-06	4	0.07	3	0.5	13	0:23	20	-85	7	0.12	5	0.08	7	0:11	4	0-06	11	0-16	18	0.25
Diphtheria	1	0.08	4	0.19	8	0.08	8	0.08	1	20.0	1	0.01	3	0.08	1	001	4	0.9	16	0:35	20	0.1	6	0:11	9	0-15	4	0.00	7	12	11	0.19	- 5	0-08	1	0-01	14	0-21	7	0-10	6	0.08
Whoeping Cough	14	0.45	16	0.49	2	0.06	14	017	18	0:34	8	0.20	11	0.28		0-05	12	0.28	1	0.02	9	0.18	4	0-07	8	0-14	21	0.88	18	-23	16	0.27	11	0-18	28	0-46	80	0-46	15	0.22	28	0.40
Typhoid Fever	5	016	3	0.092	5	0-14	5	013	4	0-10	9	0:23	6	0-15	2	004	9	0:20	6	0-12	11	0.2	7	0.18	8	0-12	12	0 22	18	23	9	0.15	7	0-11	6	0.09	.8	0-12	5	0.07	4	0.05
Doubtful Fever	1	0.08	1	0.03	1	0 03																						***			100								***			
Diarrboxa	12	0.39	41	1:26	85	0.02	24	0-64	81	0-82	72	1:87	9	0:23	22	0-13	81	0.72	57	1-2	45	09	72	1.3	38	0.68	42	0.77	.8	-14	24	0.41	47					0.95			71	
Zymotic deaths	53		91		76		66		72		96		55		39		106		108		95		100					100	80													
All other deaths	480		499		515		633		543		560		556		558		617		653		647		680																			
Total deaths per year	553		590		591		659		615		676		611		592		723		756		742				872		815		778				510				951		892			
Zymotic death-rate		17		28		2:21		1.78		192		249		1:39		0.90		2:46		2-3		1.88		19		1.4		176		14		1.2		124		17		221		148		11-5
Other causes doub-rate		15:8		15-3		15-0		16-8		14-4		15 00		14:05		18-2		14:3		14-6		12:96		18-2		14-8		18:1		12-44		12-8		120		12:08		124		118		11.0
Geoeral death-rate		17:1		18-1		17-21		18-8		10-4		17-5		15-2		24-6	100	16-8		16-8		14-84		15-1		15.7		149		18-8		14:1		19-2		15-0		14:6		14:84		16-5

RUHERE

			-				
The	800102	1907	1908	906	M904	905	150
living H H	DEVINE.	BEATHS.	DEXTH?	PETTE.	DEVIHS.	2 >0	DEVIH.
of age,		1	0-01				- Tana
7 10	8 1 0	80413	88.10	10.26	70-01	699-G2	0.442
0.25	8- 18 OS	581.07	10.18	80-05	0 04	11.07	30.0
0.080	7 8 1	10-102	70-19	80.21	0.04	10.01	2 168.0
0.40	2 28 81	60.22	3D-27	10.46	08-1	80-46.8	0.02
Sm 2 20.0	2 4 8	e 0.07 g	30-18	21.07	80-11	60-08	0.19
1.02 aM		19.48	684	60.07	107		1.8 22 4
Sca	128 0	74	96	76	.144	.1.11	e 108
Dig -69	808	.745	.796	.784	.807	.754	10000
Wh .77	9.81	.819	.892	810	.951	.866	27756
1.84 KT	14	1.48	1.2	2.21	1.2	1.7	2.3
Dia 0-111		11.8	12.8	12.4	12:0	12.08	14.6
14.5	18-8	14.84	14:1	14.6	18-2	15.0	8-91
							THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN

PHTHISIS.

Sixty persons, four being under, and fifty-six over five years of age were registered as having died during the year from Phthisis.

The Phthisis death-rate for the year is 0.86 per 1000 persons living per annum, against 0.78 in 1907, 1.03 in 1906, 0.73 in 1905, 0.93 in 1904, 0.65 in 1903, 0.75 in 1902, 0.87 in 1901, 0.74 in 1900, and 0.81 in 1899.

Under the system of voluntary notification of Phthisis I have received four notifications. Bacteriological confirmation was obtained in each case. In all 56 bacteriological examinations were made at the University, 16 being positive and 40 negative.

The pamphlets issued by the National Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis can be obtained at the office of the Sanitary Inspector.

After a death from Phthisis a letter signed by the Medical Officer of Health is forwarded to the head of the family, recommending the disinfection of the rooms occupied by the patient, and this disinfection has been carried out, and practically in almost every instance my recommendation has been complied with, not a single objection having been raised.

On Table III. at the end of my report the incidence in localities and the age period of the persons notified will be found.

It is regrettable that so little advantage has been taken by practitioners of the invitation extended to them by the Health Committee of supporting the system of voluntary notification of Phthisis, for which they have agreed to pay the usual notification fee. If these notifications were made it would enable steps to be taken to enquire into the sanitary condition of the houses and premises occupied by the patients and any observations and recommendations on the part of the doctors sent to me with regard to these cases and their domestic circumstances would be much appreciated and tend to the abatement of any nuisances that may exist.

RESPIRATORY DISEASES.

During the year 184 persons have died from Bronchitis and Pneumonia, 83 at under and 101 at over five years of age.

4 deaths were registered from Pleurisy, 96 were due to Bronchitis, and 88 to Pneumonia.

The death-rate for Respiratory Diseases is 0.27 per 1,000 persons living per annum, against 3.1 in 1907, 2.7 in 1906, 2.7 in 1905, 2.67 in 1904, 3.1 in 1903, 2.9 in 1902, 2.5 in 1901, 3.3 in 1900, and 2.5 in 1899.

CANCER.

Forty-nine deaths were registered from the several diseases grouped under this head.

The distribution in the Wards was as follows:—Spon Lane Ward, 10; Sandwell Ward, 12; Uplands Ward, 3; Bearwood Ward, 9; Victoria Ward, 9; Soho Ward, 6. Grouping these Wards as I have hitherto done, in accordance with the Staffordshire County Council Electoral Districts, the figures for the past twenty-one years are as follows:—

NORTHERN. Spon Lane and Sandwell Wards.	SOUTHERN. Uplands and Bearwood Wards.	South-Eastern. Victoria and Soho Wards.
183	175	199

The Cancer death-rate for the year is 0.70, against 0.85, 0.67, 0.60, 0.803, 0.77, 0.55, 0.62, 0.55, 0.46, and 0.52 in the ten previous years,

SHNOYIFICKRIONS YEARS.

ERAPISETYS:	ERAEE	WFFE DEVER	Тотигсатібия.	YEAR.
M	RSA	S. S.	Z	the same of
10 M M	8	879	429	1890
81	BA 1	175	258	1891 Januari
21	181	217	276	1892
89	86	181	880	MARKER 1898
27	82 5	184	388	A 1894
64	4	P22	887	MAY 1895
67	B .	266	402	JUNE 1886
49	40	173	822	June 1897
67	. 5	127	862	1898
71	2 40	281	465	SEPT. 1829
55	8	125	888	1900
72	8	487	686	1901
42	8	189	785	1902
48	4	882	578	1908
86	2	105	295	1904
54	618	160	281	TOTAL 1905
54	9	235	1003	1906
78	4	481	6621	1907
54	8	678	1618	1908
929	52	5888	88888	Total

NOTIFICATION RETURN FOR THE PAST NINETEEN YEARS.

	-	~	-			ASI NII	VET EEN	(EARS	
YEAR.	TOTAL NOTIFICATIONS.	SMALL POX.	SCARLET FEVER.	D ірнтнекіа,	CROUP.	TYPHOID FEVER,	CONTINUED FEVER.	PUERPERAL FEVER.	ERVSIPELAS.
1890	429		379	18	2	17		3	10
1891	258		175	13		36	1	2	31
1892	276		217	10	3	28	1	1	21
1893	360	21	241	12	1	46			39
1894	893	134	131	11	1	27		2	27
1895	887	7	222	11	1	28		4	64
1896	402		266	34	2	31		2	67
1897	322		172	65	4	32			49
1898	362		177	58	5	50		- 5	67
1899	465		281	48	2	59	2	2	71
1900	818	***	125	78	1	56		8	55
1901	636		437	60	2	62		8	72
1902	735	1	589	54		47		2	42
1903	578	24	392	59	1	55		4	43
1904	295	1	195	87	1	23		2	36
1905	281		160	39		24		4	54
1906	500		275	125	4	36		6	54
1907	662		431	119	3	32		4	78
1908	819		618	111	2	31		8	54
TOTAL	8368	188	5483	962	35	715	- 4	52	929

SUCMONTHILY TRECORD OF IN

PREBIA	GIOSCARLET	.xoTemente.as.	
MF	T M.M F.	₹ M.M F.	1907.
4 5 5	17 1 48	4 1	JAMUARY.
2 878	24 81	2 2	FEBRUARY
1 4	8 89 8 26	114	Максн
7 8	1 25 7 26	5 2	APRIL .
7 8	28 19	2 3	MAY
4	1 18 18	1 6	JUNE .
eas	2 20 84	2 4	July .
4 00 4	2 24 2 25	2	August .
4 2	1 29 1 40	1 2	SEPT.
2 1	28 141 2	2 2	OCTOBER.
	21 26		November
2 50 4	1 28 8 15	1 1	DECEMBER
10 64	1277 81341	21 388	
111	818 81	54	TOTAL

MONTHLY RECORD OF NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN 1908.

1907.	SMAI	LL Pox.		ARLET EVER.	DIPH	THERIA.	Typ Fev	HOID ER.	ERYSI	IPELAS.		RANOUS OUP.		PERAL VER.	TOTAL
1807.	M.	F.	M.	. F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F	M.	F.	M.	F.	
JANUARY			17	48	4	5	1	1	4	1					81
FEBRUARY			24	81	2	8		1	2	2		1		1	72
MARCH			89	26	4	7	8	2	1	4	1				87
APRIL			25	26	7	8	5	1	5	2					79
Мау			23	19	7	6			2	3					60
June			18	18	4	4		1	1	6					52
JULY			20	84	9	6		2	2	4				2	79
August			24	25	4	4	2	2		2					68
SEPT			29	40	4	. 2	1	1	1	2					80
OCTOBER			14	88	5	1	1	2	2	2					60
NOVEMBER			21	26		1		1		4					58
DECEMBER			28	15	4	5	8	1	1	1					58
			277	341	54	57	16	15	21	33	1	1		3	819
TOTAL		-	6	18	111		ŧ	31	54	1		2		3	

INFECTIOUS DISEASES (NOTIFIABLE).

The notifications that have been received during the year number 819.

The notification rate for this year is 11.6 per 1000 persons living per annum, against 9.8 in 1907, 7.6 in 1906, 4.4 in 1905, 4.8 in 1904, 9.9 in 1903, 13.2 in 1902, 11.6 in 1901, 5.7 in 1900, and 9.03 in 1899.

The mortality rate from these diseases is 0.54 per 1,000 persons living per annum, against 0.36 in 1907, 0.53 in 1906, 0.22 in 1905, 0.34 in 1904, 0.57 in 1903, 0.70 in 1902, 0.62 in 1901, 0.41 in 1900, and 0.77 in 1899.

The number of notifications of each scheduled disease for the nineteen years ended with the termination of the year under notice is shown in the table.

On the Spot Disease Map showing the Wards the number of cases of Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, and Typhoid Fever are indicated by distinctive marks.

SMALL POX.

No notifications of Small Pox have been received during the year.

On the 8th August I received through the Medical Officer of Health, Birmingham, to whom it had been sent in error, a notice from the Town Clerk of Liverpool stating that a seaman who had been exposed to the infection of Small Pox on board his ship, had shortly after his arrival in Liverpool, returned to his residence in Smethwick.

I immediately called at the address given and found that after being at home 8 days he had rejoined his ship on the 7th of August.

The five persons living in the house in contact with him had all been vaccinated in infancy, and declined the re-vaccination which I recommended. They were kept under observation for a fortnight. No one took any infection. The South Staffordshire Joint Small Pox Hospital is now available for admission for any cases of Small Pox which may occur in the Borough.

The districts for which the hospital is available are-

The Urban District of Bilston.
The Urban District of Coseley.
The Urban District of Darlaston.
The Urban District of Darlaston.
The Urban District of Heath Town.
The Urban District of Rowley Regis.
The Urban District of Sedgley.
The Urban District of Short Heath.
The Urban District of Tettenhall.
The Urban District of Tipton.
The Urban District of Wednesfield.
The Urban District of Oldbury.
The Rural District of Kingswinford.
The County Borough of Smethwick.
The County Borough of Wolverhampton.

The Smethwick representatives on the Joint Hospital Board are Aldermen Bowden, Motteram, and C. Summerton.

VACCINATION.

The Vaccination Officer's returns for the period of twelve months ended 30th June, 1908.

The percentage of births vaccinated works out at 75, as compared with 83 for the previous twelve months. The number of exemptions shows an increase of 96.

The returns of the Vaccination Officer were not so satisfactory as they were last year, 75 per cent. of the children born having been vaccinated, against 83 per cent in 1907. There has been an increase in the number of exemptions granted, the figures for this year being 137, against 41 in 1907. It cannot be too strongly urged on the public that they should avail themselves and their

KING'S NORTON UNION.—VACCINATION RETURNS.

1st July, 1907, to 30th June, 1908.

DISTRICT AND PARISH.	Total Births.	Col. I.	Col.	II.	Col. IV.	Cel. V.	Postponement	Removal to Districts	Removal to Places	Outstanding Cases.
		Successfully Vaccinated,	Insusceptible of Vaccination.	Had Small Pox.	Number in respect of whom Cartificates of Conscientions Objection have been received.	Dead, unvaccinated,	by Medical Certificate.	the Vaccination Officer of which has been daily apprized.	unknown or which cannot be reached; and Cases not having been found.	
i.	1	. 2		5		1	8	9	10	11
SMETHWICK	2,007	1,515	2		137	199	62	23	53	16
			Section 1							Sec. 25 (1) 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

Signed, A. E. FLETCHER, Vaccination Officer.

ACCINATION RETURNS.

. IV.				
	nding Co	Dead, unvaccinated,	Hemoval to Places on which cannot havenched and dases not having been found.	o Districts chunkon of which been pprined.
0	11	11	8 10	0
(37	16	199	8883	23

Signed, A. E. FLETCHER, Vaccination Officer.

SCARLET FEVER, 1908.
LIEATOWING AGE PERIOD OF ATTACK.

I	M	RH	M	FH	W	FH	M	F	Mich	PERI	AGE A
	.4.		·w.	1	+	1	-	-			
	1	1	2	2		1.		.1.2			
	2	2	2	8	1.	8		1	1		
	1.	B	2	2	2	88	P		1		
	82	8	8	n	12	12	p				
	16	18.	24	18	12	26	6		11		
1	1.	12	12	.2	11	98	28	258	3	. 2	15
1	I	1.	14	12	1	22	12	401			
1	1.	I.		8.	***	***	115	2			
1	23	26	68	18	24	81	17	25	29	40	

SCARLET FEVER, 1908.

TABLE SHOWING AGE PERIOD OF ATTACK.

AGE PERIOD OF	J.	AN.	F	EB.	MAI	RCH.	AP	RIL.	M	AY.	Ju	NE.	Ju	LY.	At	JG.	SE	PT.	Oc	er.	No	ov.	Di	EC.		Тот	ALS.
ATTACK.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	BOTH SEXES.
Under 1 year		1	2	1													2	1							4	3	7
and under 2	2		2	2	2	1	1	1	1	4	1	1		1		1	1				2	1		1	12	13	25
2 ,, 3	1	3		2	2	2	2	1		1	2	1	1	1		2	1	2		1	1	1	2	1	12	18	80
8 " 4	1	6	2	2	2	1		3	1	3	2	2	2	3	5	1	1	2		2	1	2	3	1	20	28	48
4 ,, 5	1	4	4	1	3	8	3	1	2		8	1	2	2	5	2	9	3		3	2	1	2	1	36	22	58
5 ,, 15	9	26	12	18	24	18	16	18	18	9	8	10	14	22	9	15	11	27	10	25	14	19	14	8	159	210	369
15 ,, 25	2	6	1		2	4	1	***		2	1	2	1	8	8	3	3	2	4	1					18	23	41
25 ,, 40	1	2	1	2	4	1	1	2	1		1	1		2	2	1	1	8		1		2	2	2	14	19	33
Over 40 years				3		1	1														1			1	2	5	7
	17	48	24	81	39	26	25	26	23	19	18	18	20	84	24	25	29	40	14	88	21	26	23	15	277	341	618
	60	5	56		6	5	5	1	4	2	8	6	5	1	49		69	9	4	17	4	7	8	8	6	18	

families of vaccination. People must not be lulled into a false sense of security because of the absence in recent years of outbreaks of Small Pox, for very surely one of these days, this disease will again become a serious menace to health, inevitably entailing much personal suffering, and probably fatality, to those who are unprotected by vaccination.

SCARLET FEVER.

The notifications of Scarlet Fever numbered 618, against 431 in 1907, 275 in 1906, 160 in 1905, 195 in 1904, 392 in 1903, 589 in 1902, 437 in 1901, 125 in 1900, and 281 in 1899.

The attack rate per 1,000 of the population is 8.8, against 6.4 in 1907, 4.2 in 1906, 2.5 in 1905, 3.2 in 1904, 6.7 in 1903, 10.6 in 1902, 8.0 in 1901, 2.2 in 1900, 5.45 in 1899, and 3.54 in 1898.

The mortality was 18, giving a death-rate of 0.25, against 0.16 in 1907, 0.06 in 1906, 0.11 in 1905, 0.081 in 1904, 0.12 in 1903, 0.35 in 1902, 0.23 in 1901, 0.05 in 1900, and 0.07 and 0.06 for the two previous years.

In the Street List appended to my report the locality of each outbreak is given, and the number of cases that have occurred in each Ward is shown on the Spot Disease Map.

The influence of Scarlet Fever on school attendance is indicated in the following figures, which show the number of outbreaks connected with each school for the last eleven years:—

School Incidence of Scarlet Fever in 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, and 1908.

School.	1898	/99	1900	/01	/02	/03	/04	/05	/06	/07	/08
Central	10	32	17	34	39	51	10	12	15	29	23
Chances	5	3	_	2	15	6	11	2	- 1	2	2
West Smethwi		12	11	10	49	19	17	9	21	12	23
Brasshouse La	ne 5	16	5	45	26	26	8	5	37	48	21
Sloe Lane	—	_	2	2	_	2	-	-	3	5	1
Cape	39	10	12	34	42	36	25	5	16	33	92
Corbett Street	22	24	6	35	42	15	11	16	5	19	26
Rabone Lane	1	5	_	5	_	2	3	2	2	5	5
Bearwood Roa	id 13	11	2	13	21	26	11	19	22	23	40
Waterloo Roa	d —	_		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	47
Old Church	—	4	_	1	8	2	1	1	4	7	8
Holy Trinity	5	6	8	5	8	21	1	3	4	_	3
St. Matthew's	13	23	4	10	17	17	7	8	4	9	16
St. Phillip's	1	1	5	2	9	3	-	-	1	11	6
Private School	s 6	8	7	9	9	7	6	5	2	15	5
Other Schools	2	1	4	6	8	3	3	8	8	11	6
		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
	132	156	83	213	293	236	117	95	145	229	322

The incidence of Scarlet Fever in the several Wards of the Borough during the last eight years has been as follows:—

Spon Lane.	Sandwell.	Uplands.	Bearwood.	Victoria.	Soho.
		In 1	901.		
31	111	19	104	81	91
		In 1	902		
151	73	46	151	70	98
202		In 1			
75	60	23	103	63	68
	00			,,,,,	
45	18	In 1 9	61	19	43
49	10			13	10
		In 1		10	90
30	16	8	55	18	32
		In 1	906.		
50	71	14	91	29	20
		In 1	.907.		
50	112	20	107	77	65
		In 1	908.		
57	68	20	267	88	118
0.	00	20		99	

Scarlet Fever which assumed an epidemic form in September, 1907, has continued very prevalent throughout the year. The disease principally attacked persons between the ages of 5 and 15 years; and so has largely affected the school attendances.

The disease was mainly confined to families living in houses with two or three bedrooms. One hundred and thirty-five cases occurred in 57 houses. Two hundred and eighty-six cases were removed to the hospital, the rest were treated at home.

In very few instances could further infection be traced to any of the cases treated at home.

The Local Government Board drew attention to the large number of cases that had been notified during the period from the 4th July to the 7th November, and requested the Town Council to instruct me to prepare a special report dealing with non-fatal as well as fatal cases, and the steps taken to cope with the epidemic. I accordingly prepared a report which was printed and presented to you, and forwarded to the Local Government Board, in which I dealt, according to the Board's instructions, very fully.

As regards removal to hospital, the reasons for such removal were:—overcrowding, impossibility of home isolation, and want of proper nursing, special circumstances (mothers expecting confinement), occupation of other members of the family, i.e. coachman, chauffeur, jobbing gardener, ice cream maker, brewer's draymen, greengrocer, baker, food, milk, and other shops, railway servants, domestic service, laundry work, servant's registry office.

There were 18 deaths. Five occurring on the day of notification. In each case the premises were visited and found clean, and these deaths appear to have been due to intense toxic infection. One child, who was removed to hospital, was found on admission to have a mixed infection, Diphtheria being associated with Scarlet Fever.

The following brief notes of cases are of interest and hence recorded.

H.J. and H.J., aged 4 years and 30 years. Both having developed malignant Scarlet Fever, were removed to the hospital, where the father died on 26th Aug., twenty-six hours after admission, and the child on the 3rd September, having developed Meningitis. The dwelling was clean, and there were only two

other children. The child was a school girl, the father had been employed in Birmingham, and apparently contracted the infection from his daughter.

A.M.K., aged 10 years. This house was occupied by 2 families, 2 previous cases were notified here on the 4th of November, 1907, both treated at home, the house was disinfected on the 9th December, both having recovered. On the 28th January a sister aged 10 years was notified, and died on the 15th February. Other members of each family were attacked but recovered.

J. J., aged 5 months, notified 30th September, died 26th October, the cause of death being registered as Gastro Intestinal Catarrh, Scarlet Fever. There was another child aged 18 months notified on the same day. On visiting the house I found both children downstairs, and at once advised that they should be moved to a bedroom, where they were subsequently well isolated. There were 3 bedrooms.

With few exceptions I personally visited all cases as soon as possible after the receipt of the notification, practically on that day. In a few instances visits were made by the Sanitary Inspectors, and generally speaking I myself subsequently re-visited the outbreaks they had enquired into. I have made careful notes of all visits and given verbal advice as to isolation, &c. Each case has been regularly registered on the receipt of notification, and a card of printed instructions as to precautions against the spread of infection, and copies of section 126 of the Public Health Act, have been forwarded by post to the address given on the notification form. Disinfectants were supplied by the Corporation free of cost. When patients were treated at home they were recommended to be isolated in the most detached room, a sheet moistened with izal solution being placed outside the door frame, the nurse directed to wear a washable gown over her clothing, and to keep her hair covered while in the sick room, the gown to be hung in the room at the back of the door on leaving it, and she was advised to wash her hands in izalized water. workers in the family and other children, where possible, were recommended to live away from home, care being taken that they did not go to houses where there were young children.

The Education Department have been kept posted up, and children who were known to have been exposed to infection have been excluded from school for fourteen days.

Any insanitary conditions observed were specially noted, and steps immediately taken for their abatement, but as the large majority of the infected dwellings have only been erected within recent years but few defects have been found. It has been exceedingly difficult to arrive at any definite conclusion as to sources of infection. In a few instances persons notified were found to have been suffering for some little time before any doctor was called in, and not isolated, their infectiveness then only being discovered. The fact that some children in this state have been playing about in the street with other children, and probably attending school, may to some extent account for the spread of the disease.

It must be remembered that Scarlet Fever has for some time been extremely prevalent in adjoining districts, and that Smethwick until October, 1907, had been fairly free from the disease. With very few exceptions I have found that parents have been ready to carry out the instructions I have given as regards isolation, and that as a rule the houses in which outbreaks have occurred were kept in a cleanly condition.

DIPHTHERIA.

The notifications of Diphtheria number 111 this year, against 119 last year, 125 in 1906, 39 in 1905, 37 in 1904, 59 in 1903, 54 in 1902, and 60 in 1901.

The attack rate is 1.6 per 1,000 persons living per annum, against 1.7 in 1907, 1.9 in 1906, 0.6 in 1905, 0.6 in 1904, 1.0 in 1903, 0.9 in 1902, and 1.0 in 1901.

The death-rate is 0.11, against 0.10 in 1907, 0.21 in 1906, 0.01 in 1905, 0.081 in 1904, 0.19 in 1903, 0.12 in 1902, and 0.09 in 1901.

Two hundred and thirty-nine specimens of the secretions from the throats of patients were submitted for bacteriological examinations at the Birmingham University, who reported that 73 were found to shew the presence of the bacillus, and that in 166 cases the results were negative.

In December three children in one house, and one in another house in Soho Ward, all attending St. Matthew's Schools, were notified. The schools were immediately visited and the head teacher interviewed. The next day being Saturday advantage was taken of the opportunity for disinfecting the schools, it was

thoroughly done with formaldehyde, the two Linguer apparatuses being used. No further case occurred amongst the scholars. Bacteriological confirmations were received of these cases.

The Medical Officer of Health, of Birmingham, notified a case which had been taken to the Children's Hospital, Birmingham, for advice, and being found to be suffering from Diphtheria was removed to the City Hospital.

A girl, working in a local laundry, was notified.

Sixteen cases occurred in seven houses.

In several instances Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever co-existed.

Some minor insanitary conditions were discovered, and all were remedied.

All of these cases, were visited and inquired into. In no instance was infection traced to a previous case, excepting in the seven houses where more than one member of a family was attacked.

The milk supply was minutely inquired into, but proved to be free from suspicion, frequently I found that condensed milk alone was used. In a few instances there was some overcrowding, but usually speaking the accommodation was fairly sufficient.

In 16 cases anti-toxin was used.

The deaths numbered six, three males and three females, being 5.4 per cent. of the total number notified.

NOTIFICATIONS OF DIPHTHERIA. 1908, AT AGE PERIODS, SEXES BEING DISTINGUISHED.

-	M.	F	Вотн.
Under 1 year	 1		1
1 year and under 5	 8	10	18
5 ,, ,, 15	 34	29	63
15 ,, ,, 25	 5	7	12
25 ,, ,, 65	 6	11	17
65 ., and upwards	 	•••	
Total	 54	57	111

MORTALITY OF DIPHTHERIA AT AGE PERIODS, 1908.

	M.	F.	Вотн.
Under 1 year			
1 year and under 5		3	3
5 ,, ,, 15	3		3
15 ,, ,, 25			
25 ,, ,, 65			
65 ,, and upwards			
Totals	3	3	6

TYPHOID FEVER.

The notifications of Typhoid Fever number 31 this year, 16 males and 15 females, and 4 deaths have been registered as having been occasioned by it. Last year 32 notifications were received, 36 in 1906, 24 in 1905, 23 in 1904, 55 in 1903, 47 in 1902, and 62 in 1901.

The mortality rate this year is 0.05, against 0.07, 0.12, 0.09, 0.114, 0.15, 0.23, 0.22, 0.12, and 0.22 in the nine years immediately preceding this year.

The attack rate is 0.44 per 1,000 persons living per annum.

The Typhoid distribution is indicated in the Spot Disease Map appended to my report.

During the five years ended 31st December, 1908, 146 cases have been notified, giving an average per annum of 29 cases. In the preceding five years the notifications numbered 279, giving an average of 55.8 cases per annum. In view of the active steps that have been taken for the abolition of privies and ashpits this record is especially satisfactory, and now that hospital accommodation has been provided for cases of this fever, a still further diminution of it may be hoped for.

This year in the W.C. houses there was no duplicate case, but in two of those supplied with privies there were three and two cases respectively. Thirty-one cases occurred in twenty-eight houses, nineteen had W.C. and nine privy accommodation, and six of these have had W.C.'s substituted for privies, and of the remaining three a similar substitution will be carried out.

In no instance was the fever traceable to eating fish of any kind, and the milk was quite free from suspicion.

Ten cases were removed to the hospital, and in two instances Widal's Reaction was obtained.

One case was imported, the patient being a school teacher in a parish in Cheshire, and having come here ill to her friends. I communicated the circumstances to the Medical Officer of Health for that district.

Another case appeared to have been probably infected outside the borough, the patient being a commercial clerk, and following the profession of a violinist at a place of entertainment in Birmingham.

Another patient came from her home in Birmingham, where she had been some time ill, and under medical treatment. I took steps to endeavour to have her removed to the City Hospital, but before this could be arranged, she became too ill to be removed, and died.

In addition to privies, insanitary conditions discovered were first, defective slop closet; second, a stopped W.C.; and third, a broken soil pan.

There were four deaths, all females, three being over 30 years of age, and one over 15 years of age.

NOTIFICATIONS OF TYPHOID FEVER, 1908.

					М.	F.	Вотн.
Und	ler 1	year					
1 ye	ar an	d und	er 5 y	years		2	2
5	"	,,	15	,,	3	3	6
15	,,	,,	25	,,	6	3	9
25	,,	,,	60	,,	7	7	14
60	,,	,,	65	,,			
65	,,	,,	70	,,			
70	,,	,,	75	,,			
75 a	nd up	oward	s				
	Т	otals			16	15	31

MORTALITY OF TYPHOID FEVER AT AGE PERIODS, 1908.

	M.	F.	Вотн.
Under 1 year	 		
1 year and under 5	 		
5 ,, ,, 15	 		
15 ,, ,, 25	 	1	1
25 ,, ,, 65	 	3	3
65 ,, and upwards	 		
Totals	 	4	4

MEMBRANOUS CROUP.

Two cases of Membranous Croup were notified, against 3 in 1907, 4 in 1906, none in 1905, 1 in 1904 and 1903, and none in 1902.

Both proved fatal, a male aged 3 years and a female aged 5 years.

PUERPERAL FEVER.

Three cases of Puerperal Fever have occurred this year against 4 in 1907, 6 in 1906, 4 in 1905, 2 in 1904, 4 in 1903, 2 in 1902, 3 in 1901 and 1900, and 2 in 1899.

Three deaths have been registered.

February 27th, Mrs. P., aged 20, Sandwell Ward, confined 13th February, first child. After the child was born a doctor was called

in, and a certificated midwife was in attendance as nurse. The patient died 26th February. She was in lodgings here, where the family had recently had Scarlet Fever, but disinfection had been carried out a fortnight before she came. No suspicion was attached to the midwife, who was afterwards properly disinfected.

July 2nd, Mrs. G., Spon Lane Ward, out-door beer license. Confined 10 days, second child, a doctor and nurse in attendance, patient died June 30th. This case was notified on 2nd July, the patient having died on the 30th June.

July 5th, Mrs. H., Soho Ward. This case was notified on the 5th, and visited by me on the same day. The confinement had taken place on the 28th June. It was the patient's first child and was living. She and her husband occupied the front room down stairs, in a terrace off Reynolds Street. She was attended by a registered midwife. She died on 14th July. A doctor was called in on the 3rd July. I made careful inquries as to other patients attended by the midwife, but found no other case of illness had occurred in her practice. I at once required her to cease attending other cases until she had obtained my sanction to resume her work, and this was with-held until the 28th July. I visited her house, and made a careful inspection of it and the premises with the Sanitary Inspector. I found all rooms in a dirty condition, and a notice was served on the landlord to cleanse it. Her bedroom, bag, its contents, and her clothing, were disinfected, and she was instructed as to thoroughly washing herself and clothes. There was a pig kept in the yard. As soon as this is disposed of no more will be kept.

ERYSIPELAS

Fifty-four notifications of Erysipelas have been received this year against 73 last year, 54 in 1906, 54 in 1905, 36 in 1904, 43 in 1903, 42 in 1902, 72 in 1901, and 55 in 1900.

One death has been registered,

SMETHWICK AND OLDBURY JOINT ISOLATION HOSPITAL.

This hospital is intended for the reception of patients suffering from Scarlet Fever and Typhoid Fever. During the year under notice in consequence of the great prevalence of Scarlet Fever it has been constantly utilised. At present the whole scheme, which will ultimately be devoloped, has been only partially completed, and the need there has been to secure isolation has occasioned (having regard to the requirements of the Local Government Board) some temporary inconvenience. The question that has presented itself was whether in the interest of public health temporary overcrowding was preferable to the non-isolation that must otherwise have been unavoidable. By separating at the hospital as far as possible the less acute and convalesing patients from the more acute cases much was done to prevent any injurious result of overcrowding, and there is no doubt that in many instances the isolation which has been obtained has proved of signal service, and assisted the other efforts that have been made to prevent the spread of infection.

In all 289 cases of Scarlet Fever were admitted from Smethwick, and 66 from Oldbury, their age periods being as follows:—

	- 4 - 3	1 year and under 5	d	5-15	15-25	25 and over.
Smethwick		78		164	 28	 16
Oldbury		16		44	 6	 _

The deaths that occurred were-

Smethwick, 7. Oldbury, 2. Total, 9.

During the same period 14 cases of Typhoid Fever were admitted, viz.: from Smethwick, 10; from Oldbury, 4. There were 3 deaths—Smethwick patients, 2; Oldbury patients, 1.

Miss Edison was appointed Matron in July last, on the resignation of Miss Burtinshaw, and has fulfilled the expectations, that were anticipated of her, by her careful administration of the hospital, and uniform and intelligent care of the patients. She has now under her a staff of 7 nurses, 6 female domestic servants, a lodge keeper and 2 porters, the former acting as engineer, and being in charge of the disinfecting chamber, one or both of the latter attending to the conveying of patients to the hospital, and the removal of infected bedding, etc., and its return after disinfection, and in other work at the hospital.

PAYMENTS from 1st January to 31st December, 1908.

Salaries of Officers and Servants— Clerk Medical Officer (including arrears) Staff Porters, Gardeners. etc		£ 25 175 332 208	0 0 19	0 0 8	£	s.	d.
Torters, Gardeners, etc					741	17	9
Establishment Expenses— Printing, Stationery, etc Maintenance Expenses—						4	0
Rates, Taxes, Insurance, Repairs, a General Upkeep Patients' Expenses—	and 				651	11	6
Provisions, Medicine, and tempor	rary						
Nurses					685	16	6
				£2	,131	9	9

NUMBER OF BEDS, ETC., DISINFECTED FROM SMETHWICK AND OLDBURY FOR 1908.

Smethwick—Beds Oldbury — ,,	 	 600 157
	Total	 757
Smethwick—Mattresses Oldbury — "	 	 640 200
	Total	 840
Smethwick—Blankets Oldbury — "	 = =	 560 150
	Total	 710

Smethwick—Pillows Oldbury — ,,	 		 	820 250
		Total	 	1070
Smethwick—Bolsters Oldbury — ",	 		 	422 100
		Total	 	522

STEPS TAKEN FOR THE PREVENTION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Being through the agency of the Infectious Diseases Notifiable Act promptly advised of all outbreaks of infectious disease, each case is regularly registered, and on the day on which the notification is received a card of printed instruction as to precautions against the spread of infection, and copies of section 126 of the Public Health Act, are forwarded by post to the address given in the notification Form.

Notices of all new outbreaks are forwarded to the Education Committee, the School Attendance Officers being thus acquainted with them. I continue to make it a point to personally visit all premises where outbreaks have occurred, to endeavour to ascertain the source of infection, to enquire as to the sanitary condition of the premises, the employment of the working members of the family, the schools attended by the children, and to give such general verbal instructions as are necessary. Further, all the elementary schools are provided with time tables showing the period of infectiveness of the various diseases, with a view of preventing the premature return to school of any children from infected houses. Disinfection at the conclusion of the illness is performed. outbreaks of Typhoid Fever occur in other than W.C. houses special pans are provided. In all cases of infectious disease affecting school children, no child is allowed to return to school until a notice has been received by the school attendance officer signed by the Medical Officer of Health, certifying it may do so. In the case of Diphtheria this certificate is not forwarded until the Medical Officer of Health has received from the University, Birmingham, a notice that the patient is no longer infective. The method of disinfection is either

by sulphur, formalin, or chloride of lime, at my discretion, and all unwashable articles are conveyed in the removal van and disinfected in Manlove, Alliott & Co.'s Saturated Steam Disinfector, and returned in another van. The usual notices are served on the landlord or tenant, requiring a stripping and limewashing of the walls of the patient's room. In cases of Puerperal Fever when necessary, infected beds and bedding are destroyed, the Corporation paying compensation. In all cases attended by midwives steps are taken to require them to have their clothes thoroughly washed and disinfected, to advise them as to personal cleanliness, and to prevent them from attending any other cases for such period as may seem necessary.

Cases of Scarlet Fever and Typhoid Fever where home isolation is difficult of accomplishment, are removed when practicable to the new hospital.

OTHER INFECTIOUS, BUT NOT NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

MEASLES.

One death has been registered this year from Measles, against 28 last year, 17 in 1906, 42 in 1905, 1 in 1904, 6 in 1903, 19 in 1902, 4 in 1901, 16 in 1900, and 7 in 1899.

Measles has been conspicuous by its absence.

WHOOPING COUGH.

Twenty-eight deaths have been registered this year from Whooping Cough, against 15 last year, 30 in 1906, 28 in 1905, 11 in 1904, 16 in 1903, 13 in 1902, 21 in 1901, 8 in 1900, and 4 in 1899.

Whooping Cough has been more or less prevalent during the year, and the mortality heavier.

INFLUENZA.

Fourteen deaths have been registered this year from Influenza, against 12 last year, 11 in 1906, 6 in 1905, 5 in 1904, none in 1903, 4 in 1902, 5 in 1901, and 14 in 1900.

This disease has been still in evidence throughout the whole year.

It was most prevalent in the early part of the year, and was often associated with Pneumonia and Bronchitis, it was responsible for 14 deaths, 12 of them occurring amongst adults and old people.

INQUESTS.

The Registrar's returns show that 62 Inquests have been held on persons belonging to the Borough.

The verdicts returned were:-

Burns, 5; Accident, 5; drowning, 8; poisoning, 1; suffocation, 4; natural causes, 39.

1 6	AGES.	М	F	TOTAL.
Under 1	year	 10	7	17
1 year a	nd under 5	 4	5	9
5 ,,	,, 15	 5	3	8
15 ,,	,, 25	 2		2
25 ,,	,, 65	 13	5	18
65 and 6	ver	 4	4	8
	Total	 38	24	62

BATHS.

The number of bathers attending the baths in the year ending 31st March, 1908, was 38, 453, a decrease over last year of 7.267.

During the same period 14,000 school children were allowed by the Education Committee to attend the baths during school hours.

The following table shows the number of bathers for the past twenty years:—

			N	lo. of Bathers.	
1888-1889				16,874	
1889-1890				23,235	
1890—1891				18,140	
1891-1892				19,105	
1892-1893				19,342	
1893-1894				23,813	
1894—1895				22,358	
1895—1896				28,153	
1896 - 1897				26,672	
1897—1898				28,170	
1898—1899				32,752	
1899—1900				27,000	
1900—1901				29,700	
1901—1902				30,113	
1902—1903				20,031	
1903—1904				25,530	
1904—1905				31,626	
1905—1906				44,068	
1906—1907		1000		45,720	
1907—1908	200			38,453	
1001-1000		***			
				551,165	

WATER SUPPLY.

The water supply by the South Staffordshire Water Works Company has maintained its character for purity, and has been sufficient and constant. One of the most important means for the maintenance of the health of the borough has no doubt been the exceptionally excellent quality of the water. Mr. Davies, the collector, informs me that the total houses now supplied number 14,774. Of these 454 were connected during the year, namely 438 new and 16 old houses.

No well has been closed during the year,

SLAUGHTER HOUSES.

The number of slaughter houses on the register is 17; among these 10 are registered, and 7 licensed, the occupiers of the licensed ones being under the obligation of having to obtain an annual renewal of their license. They have been systematically visited during the year, and, at the time of inspection, verbal notices have been, as a general rule, sufficient to secure the abatement of any nuisance discovered.

DAIRIES, COWSHEDS, AND MILKSHOPS.

The number of dairymen and purveyors of milk on the register at the end of the year was 250, and the number of cowsheds on the register was 9. During the year 39 persons were registered for the sale of milk. Four registered dairymen discontinued the sale of milk during the year, and their names were struck off the register, while in several instances there were changes of occupation in milkshops.

These have been systematically visited and the regulations in respect thereof have been enforced.

ROUTINE SANITARY WORK.

During the year I made special visits and inquiries as to the following matters, being accompanied by the Sanitary Inspector.

Faulty drainage, defective and insufficient W.C. accommodation, belonging to a group of houses in Cross Street, all the nuisances being subsequently abated.

VARNISH WORKS IN UNION STREET.

In my report for 1907 I referred to this, and to the steps that had been taken to abate a nuisance that was complained of, occasioned by the escape of disagreeable and pungent fumes during the process of boiling pitch. This year further complaints having been made, I again visited the works, and then found that any nuisance that had recently been noticed was due to purely

accidental causes, and that the owner was doing everything that could possibly be done, and that certain structural arrangements that I had previously recommended had been effected, with the result that all smoke and fumes were consumed in the furnaces beneath the coppers, and no further complaint has reached me.

RAG SORTING.

The practice of rag sorting on land adjoining a public thorough-fare was complained of as being objectionable. The matter was inquired into, and as it was possible that such a constant collection of old rags gathered indiscriminately, and then sorted in such a locality, and often in the midst of groups of children, might be a source of danger to health, steps were taken to prevent any recurrence of the practice.

In the course of my visits to premises in which infectious diseases were notified, I made numerous personal inspections of houses, drains, privy and W.C. accommodation, and premises and surroundings, noting all defects, which were dealt with by the Sanitary Inspector and abated.

The Health Visitor has reported from time to time on cases of overcrowding, dirty houses and people, and neglected children, all of which have received my attention.

ANIMAL NUISANCE.

Pig keeping has been frequently inquired into, and in accordance with the instructions of the Health Committee, who are of opinion that with the growth of the population, and the increasing number of houses, it is objectionable, an opinion which I share, it is being gradually restricted, and in many instances has been abolished.

MEAT INSPECTION.

The sale of meat has been kept under pretty close observation. In three instances the carcases of five tuberculous pigs were brought to the notice of the Inspector, and voluntarily surrendered, and destroyed in the destructor.

The statistical records of sickness and mortality, and the register of the incidence of infectious diseases have been kept. The usual returns required by the Local Government Board have been regularly forwarded, and I have prepared the monthly reports for the Health

Committee, and attended their meetings, and in addition to the house to house inspections already referred to, and the visiting of practically every house in which infectious disease has been notified, have generally kept myself acquainted with the sanitary condition of the borough. I have again gratefully to acknowledge my extreme obligation to the Corporation officials for their valuable assistance in many ways, and also to tender my thanks to Mr. Davies, the collector of the South Staffordshire Waterworks Company; Mr. Fletcher, the Vaccination Officer; and Mr. Fisher, the Relieving Officer, for the returns which they have provided.

MIDWIVES' ACT.

REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1908.

Thirty-nine midwives registered their intention to practice in the Borough. Of these only one is a trained midwife, the rest being bona fide midwives, i.e., midwives who were in practice before the passing of the Central Midwives' Board Act. Two are 72 years of age. There are also 7 uncertified midwives in practice.

The midwives have been visited periodically, when their case books, bags, appliances, and homes have been inspected and their mode of practice investigated.

RESULT OF INVESTIGATION.

Five midwives were using bags without a washable lining, and in 6 cases the bags were dirty or in an otherwise unsatisfactory condition.

Five had neglected to keep their case books, and the registers of 10 who were unable to write were kept in a more or less unsatisfactory condition by relatives.

Two houses were found to be in an insanitary condition. Notices were served on the landlord, and the several nuisances abated.

Ten notifications of still-births, 4 notifications of medical help required, and 1 notification of the death of a child, were received from the midwives as required by the Rules of the Central Midwives' Board.

Three midwives were reported for various infringements of the Rules of the Central Midwive's Board.

First Case—A complaint of neglect of patient was received from the Worcester County Council referring to a midwife residing in the borough.

Second Case—A midwife had been attending a case in Handsworth, where the infant had Ophthalmia Neonatorum. Instead of advising the parent to obtain medical advice, as required by the midwives' rules, she had herself treated the baby's eyes with lotion.

Third Case—Instead of visiting the case for 10 days, as required by the Rules of the Central Midwife's Board, the midwife left the case on the sixth day.

Delegated by the Health Committee, I interviewed these midwives, and although they admitted their offences, the conditions under which they were working at the time mitigated them in some degree, which warranted me in dismissing them with a severe caution.

THE NOTIFICATION OF BIRTHS' ACT (1907).

From January 22nd, 1908 (when this Act came into force in the Borough) until December 31st, 1,825 births have been notified, including 47 still-births.

Total notifications	 	87 %
Notified by doctors	 	14 %
", " midwives	 	76 %

The provisions of the Act are as follows:-

In the case of every child born in an area in which the Act is adopted, it shall be the duty of the father of the child, if he is actually residing in the house where the birth takes place at the time of the occurrence, and of any person in attendance upon the mother at the time of, or within six hours after the birth, to give

notice in writing of the birth to the Medical Officer of Health of the district in which the child is born.

Notice shall be given by posting a prepaid letter or post card, addressed to the Medical Officer of Health giving the necessary information of the birth, within thirty-six hours thereafter, or by delivering a written notice at the office or residence of the Medical Officer of Health within the same time.

SANITARY WORK AND IMPROVEMENTS.

Mr. Fyles, the Sanitary Inspector, has furnished me with the following information as regards the progress that has been made during the year in improving sanitary conditions.

The conversion of privies into W.C.'s and the abolition of middens has been further proceeded with. The following figures show the extent of these improvements since the completion of the sewerage of the district thirteen years ago:—

		W.C.'s Provided.	Privies Abolished.	Middens Abolished.	Houses Affected.
1896		140	140	126	151
1897		226	226	175	240
1898		401	395	276	434
1899		509	500	340	569
1900		645	621	394	707
1901		585	585	382	613
1902		409	409	229	433
1903		349	341	220	367
1904		310	304	199	317
1905		333	330	219	308
1906		285	280	208	287
1907		256	254	152	259
1908		246	243	160	255
T	otals	4,694	4,628	3,080	4,940

The number of water-closets substituted for privy middens during the year was 246, as compared with 256 the preceding year. The above figures strikingly indicate to what extent privy middens

have been replaced by the water-carriage system. The number of privies and middens existing at the present time is 893 privies and 573 middens.

DRY REFUSE REMOVAL.

During the year 10,866 loads, weighing 14,252 tons, were collected and destroyed in the Destructor. The figures for the previous year were 14,559 loads, which shews a decrease of 3,693 loads.

This decrease is brought about by the loads in the year under notice being of much greater weight than the previous year, owing to an improved system of working.

In connection with this work it is important to state that there is a weekly collection of the refuse from the portable receptacles which number approximately 11,000. The following table shews the rapid extension and growth of dry refuse requiring to be dealt with during the past eight years:—

	N	o. of Loa	ds.
1901	 	6,663	(Carts)
1902	 	8.762	.,
1903	 	9,871	٠,
1904	 	12,240	٠,
1905	 	10,654	(Wagons)
1906	 	13,146	,,
1907	 	14,559	,.
1908	 	10,866	,,

NIGHT SOIL REMOVAL.

The work under this head continues to decrease owing to the abolition of the privy midden. The figures for the last five years are as follows:—

		N	o. of Loads.
1904	 	 	8000
1905	 	 	6900
1906	 	 	6100
1907	 	 	5860
1908	 	 	5230

The table being a summary of sanitary work done in the Nuisance Inspector's department during the year 1908 has been duly filled in, and is appended.

DISINFECTION.

The total number of houses disinfected was 608. In addition there were also disinfected 39 houses in connection with Phthisis. In 540 instances the infected room or rooms were also stripped and limewashed. In each case the bedding, &c., was removed to the steam disinfector, and thoroughly disinfected.

DRAINS AND WATER-CLOSETS.

During the year 87 registered complaints were dealt with. They related for the most part to blocked water-closets and drains, and various other nuisances. In each case visits were made, and the nuisance arising therefrom was dealt with by at once serving notices on the responsible party.

In this connection there have also been reported to the Surveyor 55 premises whose sewer connexions were blocked, thus causing a very great nuisance in the back premises.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.

This has been administered by the Sanitary Inspector, who states that—

During the year 237 samples were submitted to the Public Analyst for analysis. One hundred and thirty-two of these were milk, 85 butter, 3 margarine, 3 paregoric, 1 coffee, 1 coffee and chicory, 3 pepper, 3 camphorated oil, 1 pills (iron), 1 sweet spirit of nitre, 1 vinegar, 2 jam, and 1 mustard. The number certified as being not genuine was 26. In 8 instances of serious adulteration the Health Committee authorised proceedings to be instituted, with the result that in 7 instances the magistrates convicted—one case being withdrawn on payment of costs. In the other instances where the samples had been taken officially, the vendors were cautioned.

The total fines and costs amounted to £22 15s. 0d.

WORKSHOP ACT, 1901.

The number of workshops on the register is 215 factories 39. During the year 308 inspections were made and 31 defects met with. These defects related to want of cleanliness, ventilation, over-crowding, and other nuisances. Notices were served requiring the abatement of the nuisances which in each instance have been remedied. Section 22 of the Public Health Acts (Amendment Act) is in force, and in all cases of insufficient or unsuitable sanitary accommodation water-closets are required

With regard to the standard enforced I beg to report that it is the one prescribed by the Home Office in accordance with the "Sanitary Accommodation Order" of the 4th February, 1903. In judging of the sufficiency of closet accommodation the question of adequate urinal accommodation is also considered. A large number of inspections were made of home-workers' premises, which were found generally in a satisfactory condition. In four instances, failure to affix the prescribed Abstract were discovered, and notice to that effect was sent to H.M. Inspector of Factories. Eight defects under section 5 were reported by H.M. Inspector, and notices were served to abate these.

The workshops relate to various kinds of work carried on therein; but bakehouses and establishments where wearing apparel is made constitute a large proportion. There are no underground bakehouses. The workshop laundries number 3, and factory laundries 3.

ANNUAL REPORT UNDER THE CANAL BOATS' ACTS, 1877 AND 1884. BOAT REPORT, 1908.

The supervision of boats during the year comprised the inspection of 333, as compared with 389 the year preceding. Though, as will be seen, there is a slight falling off in the number of boats inspected, the average is well maintained, standing considerably above the average of earlier years. These inspections represent frequent visits to the Canal, and the slight decrease arises largely from delays on the waterway and trade depression, causing irregularity in the canal traffic. There is a very noticeable improvement in the condition of the boats this year, which is very obvious from a reference to the total number of infringements, viz, only 3%.

It will be noted from the list appended that the infringements actually relating to the boats number only 9, as compared with 27 the previous year, and of these 5 relate to certificates (viz., 4 to production and 1 to renewal of certificate), whilst the infringements having direct relation to the boats were to the extent of only 1.2% as compared with 7% the previous year.

As to the occupants, the contraventions under this head were practically nil, only one case of overcrowding being met with, i.e. to the extent of 3%, as against 2% the previous year. The total infringements were 10, as compared with 35 the previous year, and 6 at the corresponding period of 1906, i.e. 3%, 9%, and 1.5% for these respective periods.

THE INFRINGEMENTS OF THE ACTS ARE AS FOLLOWS :-

(a)	Registration		 -
(b)	Notifications of change of	Master	 -
(c)	Certificates		 5
(d)	Marking		 -
(e)	Overcrowding		 1
(f)	Separation of the sexes		 _
(g)	Cleanliness		 _
(g) h)	Ventilation		 _
(i)	Painting		 _
(j)	Provision of water-cask		 2
(k)	Removal of bilge water		 -
(1)	Notification of infectious	disease	 -
(m)	Admittance of Inspector		 _
(n)	Leakage in cabins		 2
,	-			-
				10

Printed forms are served on the owners specifying the infringements and allowing a number of days in which to remedy. This notice must be returned within the said number of days, signed by an Inspector, certifying that the matter complained of has been remedied. Failing this, proceedings could be instituted. During the year under review evidence, either by notice or otherwise, has been received that the Acts have been complied with in every instance.

No infectious cases occurred on the boats.

Signed

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE,

Town Clerk.

J. FYLES,

Sanitary Inspector.

HEALTH VISITOR'S REPORT, 1908.

During the year 1908 2,890 visits have been made.

Sixty-seven unwholesome houses, structural defects, &c., have been reported to the Sanitary Inspector, together with a number of overcrowding cases, the result of 121 house to house visits.

Two hundred and eight insanitary conditions were found in the homes visited, including insufficiently ventilated rooms (caused by closed windows and blocked chimneys), dirty floors and bedding, verminous homes, children wearing verminous clothing, or with verminous heads. Most of these were remedied on a later visit paid to the homes.

The principal cause of the discomfort and untidyness of the homes is due to the mother's ignorance of the best ways of cleaning and cooking. She may be always busy, but her work often proves ineffectual because as she performs one task she creates another, hence the house always presents a neglected and untidy appearance.

Another thing which strikes one is, that the amount of washing and the number of washing days are no guarantee that the houses are kept clean.

Method again is woefully lacking.

In most of the homes I am referring to the washing is dried indoors. In winter from necessity, in summer because the washing is not commenced until late in the day, hence the outdoor drying is over.

When we remember that all these clothes have to be dried in the room in which the family live, and in many cases where they sleep, it is not a surprising fact that many children, and especially babies, catch cold.

Chronic ailments and deaths are the natural results of this damp steaming atmosphere.

Not only is the family washing done, but washing is often taken in. If people saw the conditions under which some of this washing was done, they would be more scrupulous in sending it out. One can easily conjecture how disease may be spread. The total number of infants visited was 2,490; 1,135 were first visits, and 1,355 were re-visits.

RESULTS.

Breast	fed		 	996
Bottle	fed		 	93
Breast	and	bottle fed	 	46

The number of boat shaped bottles is certainly increasing in the district.

These, however, are often abused. If the regulator is lost a cork usually replaces it. This is seldom properly cleaned, and so the milk is contaminated.

Some mothers are under the impression that unless harmful effects are immediate, the food given to the baby is suitable.

A four months' old baby was fed on a diet of roast pork and boiled bread, because it enjoyed it.

It was not until the baby became seriously ill, and the doctor called in, that she altered the diet.

Sore eyes are very prevalent among the poorer classes.

It is exceedingly difficult to induce the mothers to treat these rationally. They still adhere to the old-fashioned and superstitious remedies recommended by certain midwives in whom they have implicit confidence.

One popular remedy is to squirt milk in the baby's eyes.

Many mothers, after having been induced to bathe the eyes, will not take the trouble to use a clean rag each time, they employ dirty rags which aggravate instead of alleviate the complaint.

Since the Early Notification of Births' Act has come into operation, it has been possible to visit all the infants within a fortnight of birth. By doing so, mistakes in feeding have been remedied, and valuable advice given at this early stage, which must have produced good results.

STREET LIST OF SCARLET FEVER.

JANUARY.

7 Melbourne road 124 Cambridge road 366 Stoney lane

Back 50 S. George street

Chances cottages
19 Middlemore road
2 Market street
10 Sabel road

215 Montague road

25 Melbourne avenue 22 Highbury road

6 Victoria avenue

43 New street

17 Union street

50 Dibble road 3 Sloe lane

17 Bertram road

11 Ada grove, Cape hill

75 Cross street 80 Edith road

5 Park retreat
3 Wells street

53 Edgbaston road

76 Waterloo road

119 Unett street 59 Bearwood road

36 High street

61 S. Mary's road

88 Cape hill

Cape of good hope inn

18 Clifford road 140 Gilbert road

26 Fawdry street

99 Florence road 425 Oldbury road

100 Lightwoods road

Thomas street 139 Raglan road

10 Florence road

FEBRUARY.

75 Halford street
109 Rabone lane
11 Brisbane road
197 Windmill lane
4 Sydenham road
428 Oldbury road
194 Lightwoods road
16 Hume street
Carlton road
5 Lime grove

103 Cambridge road

5 Park retreat

31 Landon street 9 Cemetery road

155 Florence road

44 Tiverton road

119 Unett street Cape of good hope inn

72 Hume street

Back 279 Oldbury road

16 Bertram road

19 Brewery street 380 Bearwood road

32 Mornington terrace

10 Loxley road 110 Cape hill

20 Victoria gardens

52 Montague road

10 Whitehall road 2 Melbourne road

93 Rosefield road

24 Westfield road

76 Wills street

26 Church road

176 Merivale road

138 Uplands

MARCH.

15 Rosebery road

84 Salisbury road

24 Wellington road

13 Park hill road

108 Florence road

81 Windmill lane

96 Sabel road

110 Three shires oak road

50 Reginald road

39 Unett street

20 Shireland road

6 Spon lane

156 Milcote road

6 Fawdry street

I Clent villa, Gilbert road

121 Waterloo road

268 Bearwood road

Spout house

13 Park hill road

6 Claremont road

21 Salisbury road

Soho strest

108 Florence road

15 Oliver road

15b Milcote road

53 Edgbaston road

STREET LIST OF SCARLET FEVER - continued.

95 S. George's street
274 High street
24 Wellington road
3 Weston road
258 Montague road
Ada grove, Cape hill
1 Trafalgar terrace
18 Dawson street
21 Victoria park road
108 Marshall street
12 Laurel grove
6 Grantham road
3 Sharrow grove
26 Gladys road

APRIL.

50 George street 9 Marlboro' road 17 Woodlands street 72 Salisbury road 6 Ryland terrace 372 High street 64 Marshall street 75 Cheshire road 56 Mallin street 16 London street 142 St. George street 12 Stoney street 3 Rupert avenue 243 Montague road 11 Brasshouse lane 118 Lewisham road 40 Windmill Lane 77 Edith Road 128 Dibble road 21 John street 29 Church street 32 High park road 11 Back Helena street 166 Grove lane 138 Baldwin street 1 Topsham road 5 Back 9 Hume street Mona avenue 7 Pool road 242 Montague road 28 Florence road 69 Bearwood road

MAY.

19 Florence road 6 Laundry road Bearwood road

Back 117 Cape hill 9 Regent street 28 Florence road 100 Trafalgar road 37 Uplands 26 Church road 34 Holly lane 19 Edith road 10 Bertram road 25 Rosebery road 77 Cambridge road I Edward road 11 Back Helena place 21 Belmont road 68 Corbett street 191 Windmill lane 98 Great Arthur street 93 Gladys road Montague road 36 Mornington road 167 Milcote road 48 Crocketts lane 155 Rolfe street 46 Gilbert road

JUNE.

82 Crocketts lane 3 John street 41 Reynolds street 26 Unett street 121 Florence road 121 Florence road Bearwood road 75 Shire oaks road 38 Lewisham road 13 Harding street 58 Poplar street 65 Cheshire road 33 Cranford street 70 Ethel street 27 Park hill road 29 Mafeking road 109 Sabel road 20 Back 115 Price street 14 Bolham road 34 Sabel road 12 Poplar road 3 Laurel grove, Cape hill 39 Reynolds street 48 South view, Unett street 2 Sloe lane 95 Baldwin street 223 Halfords lane

STREET LIST OF SCARLET FEVER-continued.

a Corner street	=0 Cabal mand
3 Corser street 6 James street	78 Sabel road 3 Milcote road
324 Stoney lane	16 Back 31 Cranford street
324 Stolley lane	3 Vince street
JULY.	12 Corbett street
14 St. Matthew's road	105Salisbury road
43 Upper Grove street	14 Raglan road
8 Park avenue, Ballott street	9 Mallin street
9 Unett street	6 Brook street
41 St. Paul's road	34 Reynolds street
7 Sabel road	66 Rawlings street
2 Bishopton road	99 Rosefield road
83 Montague road	276 Montague road
37 Baldwin street	120 Rolfe street
635 Bearwood road	77 Gladys road
5 Rawlings road	6 Ethel street
30 Halfords street	70 Raglan road
121 Lewisham road	88 Windmill lane
I Corser street	125 Bearwood road
24 Mafeking road	4 Oxford road
24 Windmill lane	41 Wills street
14 South road	43 Upper grove street
15 Sandwell buildings	22 Talbot road
34 Holly lane	
96 Woodlands street	SEPTEMBER,
24 St. Mary's road	5 Laundry road
8 Lower Cross street	30 Poplar road
40 Weston road	330 High street
37 Clifford road	12 Mafeking road
70 Ballott Street	Back 32 Poplar street
26 Gladys road	63 Edgbaston road
19 Bridge street west	30 Edith road
8 Belmont road	142 Waterloo road
16 Cape hill	57 Church lane
331 Oldbury road	77 Gladys road
102 Raglan road	13 Tiverton road
11 Park avenue, Parkes street	102 Raglan road
80 Rabone lane	I S. Matthew's road
12 Landale road	35 Watery lane
Heathfield, Edgbaston road	13 Feeder street
77 Lindon road	6 Murdock road
76 Reynolds street	66 Upper grove street
68 Trafalgar road	39 Talbot road
12 Prince Albert terrace	143 Oxford road
. WOMEN	72 George street west 4 New street
AUGUST.	5 Clifford road
6 Lime grove, Florence road	
59 Unett street 5 Union passage	3 Park avenue, Suffrage street 14 Ethel street
12 Prince Albert terrace	14 Carver street
11 Regent street	64 Ballott street
125 Bearwood road	141 Sycamore road
113 Edith road	331 Oldbury road
	33

STREET LIST OF SCARLET FEVER-continued.

79 Rabone lane 10 Lightwoods view 17 Hume street 11 Shireland road 32 Florence road 41 Dawson street 31 Vince street 118 Lewisham road Back 48 Victoria park road 11 Baldwin street 53 Dibble road 9 Marlboro road 22 Corbett street 361 High street 76 Milcote road Back 48 High street 207 Cape hill 26 Queen street 41 Montague road

OCTOBER.

3 Back 14 Baldwin street 77 Linden road 7 Pearman road 41 Montague road 8 Middlemore road 29 Whitehall road 488 Bearwood road 73 Shireland road 76 Milcote road 33 Rosebery road Holly lane hospital 14 Ada road 41 Montague road Old Tavern House 15 Marlboro road 87 Shireland road 95 Edith road 130 St. Paul's road 11 Exeter road 153 Rosefield road 140 Sycamore road 33 Dawson street 3 Raglan avenue 130 Cheshire road 10 Middlemore avenue 7 Marshall street 9 Rawlings road

53 Claremont road

117 Londonderry lane 31 Jubilee avenue

99 Corbett street

London street, old tube works

71 Mornington road 15 Cutler street 14 Ada road 40 Marlboro road

NOVEMBER.

52 Rosebery road 5 Spring gardens, Gilbert road 94 Gilbert road 6 Cedar grove, Cape hill 41 Mills street 31 Mafeking road 19 Ada road 142 Marlboro road 21 Bampton road 142 Waterloo road 4 Oxford road 69 Edgbaston road 9 Pearman road 54 Rawlings street 6 Upper grove street Bearwood road 14 Ethel street 17 Hume street Ivy place, Wills street 53 Montague road 15 Watts road 12 Dale street 120 Montague road 13 Ada road 15 Reginald street 25 Church road 25 Unett street 2 Lightwoods road 121 Rosefield road 6 Cedar grove 93 Baldwin street

DECEMBER.

2 Howard street 90 Cape hill 61 Bridge street 37 Corbett street 71 Pool road 103 Gilbert road 111 Montague road 63 Church road 29 Whitehall road 69 Windmill lane 42 Gladys road 38 Reynolds street The Elms, S. Paul's road 471 Bearwood road

STREET LIST OF SCARLET FEVER - continued.

Back 194 Windmill lane 107 Woodlands street 44 Waterloo road Back 44 Wills street 49 Grove lane 3 Bampton road 92 Shireland road

STREET LIST OF DIPHTHERIA.

JANUARY.

99 Bearwood road 120 Waterloo road 96 Raglan road 434 High street 29 Rosefield road 6 Baldwin street 67 Oldbury road 78 Gilbert road 103 Edith road

FEBRUARY.

197 Windmill lane 428 Oldbury road 194 Lightwoods road 55 Pool road 52 Montague road 25 Trafalgar road 16 London street

MARCH.

19 Rosebery road 57 Church road 39 Unett street 98 Edith road 17 Victoria gardens 181 Montague road 57 Church lane 27 Jubilee avenue 32 High park road 97 Lightwoods road

APRIL.

3 Park hill road 7 Marlboro road 71 Church lane 154 Grove lane 110 Sabel road 43 Shireland road 3 Rupert avenue 32 High park road 81 Ada road 56 Shireland road 8 Exeter road

MAY.

28 Salisbury road 134 Uplands 8 Salisbury road 8 Exeter road 26 Church road 5 Alma street Montague road 194 Cheshire road 18 Clifford road 6 Baldwin street

JUNE.

11 Dawson street 96 St. Paul's road 166 Lightwoods road 70 Ethel street 27 Park hill road 6 Poplar place 18 Raglan avenue 384 St. Paul's road

JULY.

6 Vince street
37 Bertram road
110 Florence road
75 Cheshire road
384 S. Paul's road
110 Florence road
24 Windmill lane
11 Chatwin street
75 Vicarage road
167 Cape hill
34 Reynolds street
12 Prince Albert terrace

STREET LIST OF DIPHTHERIA-continued.

AUGUST.

37 Warley road 140 Waterloo road

49 Thomas street

39 Reynolds street

44 Woodlands street 1 Victoria avenue

30 Poplar street

SEPTEMBER.

9 Oliver road 59 Upper grove street 6 Edith road 105 Edith road

40 Holly lane

OCTOBER.

230 S. Paul's road

67 Florence road 95 Edith road

Old farm, Price street

33 Sycamore road

NOVEMBER.

3 Wellington road

DECEMBER.

109 Unett road 56 Edith road 114 Shireland road 182 Grove lane 71 Pool road 119 Rosefield road 47 Thomas street

STREET LIST OF TYPHOID FEVER.

JANUARY.

17 High park road 58 Bolham road

FEBRUARY.

109 Rabone lane

MARCH.

169 Montague road 13 Stone street 191 Cape hill

APRIL.

341 Stoney lane 50 Victoria park road 58 Lower cross street 82 Corbett street 348 Bearwood road 34 Weston street

6 Park retreat, Suffrage street

JULY.

Price street 179 High park road

AUGUST.

48 Victoria street 9 Marshall street Forge tavern, Rolfe street 54 Dibble road

SEPTEMBER.

20 Hawthorne street

OCTOBER.

56 Bridge street 135 Florence road 6 Bearwood road

NOVEMBER.

53 Montague road

DECEMBER.

47 Halfords street 105 Rosefield road 12 Sherwood road



TABLE I. THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK, IN THE COUNTY OF STAFFORD. FOR WHOLE DISTRICT.

	Population	Bira	rns.		UNDER R OF AGE	DEATHS AT		Total Deaths in Public	Deaths of Non- residents registered	Deaths of Residents registered in Public	Nett Dear Ages belo the Di	onging to
YEAR.	estimated to middle of each Year.	Number.	Rate.	Number.	Rate per 1,000 Births registered.	Number.	Rate.	Institu- tions in the District.	in Public Institu- tions in the District.	Institu- tions beyond the District.	Number.	Rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1893	38,500	1446	87.5	259	179.1	676	17.5					
1894	39,500	1396	35.3	208	149.1	611	15.2					
1895	41,000	1503	36.6	213	141.6	592	14.4	-				
1896	43,000	1546	85.9	260	168.1	723	16.8					
1897	45,000	1657	86.7	280	168-9	756	16.8					
1898	50,000	1724	34.4	273	158	742	14.8					
1899	51,500	1856	86.08	382	179	780	15.1					
1900	55,700	1859	88.8	304	160	872	15.6					
1901	54,560	1895	34.7	828	170	815	14.9	17 19 1				
1902	54,700	1974	85,44	252	127	773	13.8					
Averages for years 1893-1902.	47,146	1,685	85.9	270	160	784	15.5					
1908	58,000	1980	34.1	278	140	756	14.1	1		68	819	14.1
1904	61,000	1,956	32.06	285	145.6	719	11.7			91	810	13.2
1905	63,000	1,910	80.3	266	139	772	12.2			93	865	15.0
1906	65,000	2,027	81.2	264	130	853	18.1			98	951	14.6
1907	67,000	1,978	29.4	232	116	793	11.8	8	1	99	892	14.34
1908	69,500	2,088	80.0	284	135	820	11.79	12	8	115	981	14.5

Area of District in Acres Total population at all ages ... 54,560 (exclusive of area covered by water)... 1,929

Number of inhabited houses 11,782 Census of Average number of persons per house 4.7 1901.

Institutions within the District receiving sick and infirm persons from outside the District:—Smethwick and Oldbury Joint

Isolation Hospital.

At

Institutions outside the District receiving sick and infirm persons from the District:—The General Hospital, Queen's Hospital, Children's Hospital, Birmingham; King's Norton Union Infirmary, South Staffordshire Small-Pox Hospital, Moxley.

Is the Union Workhouse within the District? No.

TABLE L.

OD SHITHE COUNTMEBOROUGH

FOR WHOLE DISTRICT.

DEAT	BAB OF AGE	HDEATHE	Population	Tota Deatl in Pal
eWe	Rate per	Namber	middle of each Year.	Instant tions in th Distri
5	4.6	8.7	20	10
259	2.789.1	87H46	88,690	1898
208	8.989.1	968111	89,500	1894
218	9-B\$1-6	800092	41,000	1895
260	6.988-1	82(646	48,090	1896
280	9-886.7	788556	45,990	1897
278	8:84.4	214724	59,990	1898
882	80-8879	084856	51,590	1899
804	8-880	64812	007,36	1900
\$28	0784-7	cd895	54,590	1901
252	7.86.44	81974	54.700	1902
270	6-989-0	3887B4	45,446	Averages for years 1893-1902
\$78	084.1	08056	58,000	1908
185	8.82106	01,956	61,000	1904
366	8.089	247910	68,000	1905
164	2.180	82,027	65,000	1906
182	029.4	87978	000029	1907
184	0.085	02,088	69,500	19081

Arga of District and Acres of second escondexclusive of rareas 1,929 and covered by water) as 1,929

Institutions within the District receiving sict Isolation Hospital.

Institutions outside the District receiving sick:

Is the Union Workhouse within the District?

TABLE II.

THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK.

Names of LOCALITIES.	1	.—Spon	LANE W	ARD.	2 SA	NDWE	LL WA	RD.	8.—	UPLAN	NDS W	VARD.	4	BEARW	VOOD W	VARD.	5.—7	CTOR	IA W	RD.	6.—S	оно V	VARD.	
YEAR.	Population esti- mated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under I year.	Population esti- mated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population esti- mated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Douths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population esti- mated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under	Population esti- mated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under
Population 1901	of Boroug	h54,56	182	43			176	85			57	21			166	65			133	46		-	151	68
1902	7761		112	84	9556		170	58	4112		60	18	18979		155	51	9665		130	48	9472		146	43
903			110	40			163	54			57	19			180	54			189	44			170	69
904			130	46			155	62			62	15			151	51			158	56			159	55
905			125	40			184	56			51	12			195	50			138	52			172	56
906	10,550		146	42	9,555		182	57	5,475		57	12	19,895		231	53	10,455		176	45	10,180		159	55
	11,065		149	29	9,695		175	58	5,860		64	14	21,055		218	58	10,945		185	84	10,245		156	44
908	11,165		150	45	9,795		186	58	5,750		76	28	21,605		202	49	11,085		154	49	10,075	-	168	55

TABLE II.
THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMI

JAN8WE	LL Väs	NE WAT	SPON LA	Alestanos	WARD TO	NAME
Donation esti-	Dealtheat all Design and Design	Deaths under lyger. Destarrel	Britis teastered.	Births registered of each Assr. meted to miggle Lobsletion eati-	Deaths under	Population esti- mated to middle
	184	18288	-54,560	Borough-		Popu 1901
9556	178	11283	4112	2761	18.	1902
	1/04	54011		57	19	1908
	1584	18028		62	15	1904
1 3	4011	1250		51	12.	1905
9,551	4281	14674	5,475	5550	2	1906
9,695	1782	14986	5,860	1085	11 4	1907
9,795	4581	1508	5,750	185	11 28	1908

TABLE III.

THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK.

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR 1908.

		CASES	Notifii	ED IN WE	OLE DIS	STRICT.			TOTAL (CASES N	OTIFIED I	N EACH I	LOCALITY.			No of		EMOVED T		TAL FROM	
Notifiable Disease.				At Ages	-Years			1	2	3	4	5	6		1	2	3	4	5	6	1
	At all Ages.	Under 1	1 to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 65	65 and up- wards	SPON LANE WARD.	SANDWELL WARD.	UPLANDS WARD.	BEARWOOD WARD.	VICTORIA WARD.	Sono WARD.	Totals.	SPON LANE WARD.	SANDWELL WARD.	UPLANDS WARD.	ВКАКИООВ WARD.	Vістоніа Ward.	Sono Ward.	TOTALS.
Small-pox Cholera Diphtheria Membranous Croup Erysipelas Scarlet fever Typhus fever Enteric fever	111 2 54 618	 1 7 	 18 1 1 161 2	68 1 2 369 	 12 8 41 	17 37 40 	 5	 10 7 57 	 4 68 2	8 1 7 20	 43 1 15 266 8	 19 9 88 8	31 12 118 		24	24	10	129		60	286
Relapsing fever Continued fever Puerperal fever Plague	8				1	2		1	ïi				ï			•	•••	2		1	10
Totals	819	9	183	441	71	110	5	85	75	86	882	124	165		30	25	10	181	89	61	296

Isolation Hospitals—South Staffordshire Joint Small Pox Hospital, Moxley
Smethwick and Oldbury Joint Isolation Hospital.
Total available Beds, 40. Number of Diseases that can be Concurrently Treated—Scarlet Fever and Typhoid Fever.

TABLE III.

THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMETHWAY

DURING DESTRUCTION SEASESUMED DURING

	ione Dis	ED IN WE	North	Colum	ies Norm	LIED IN	mon La	CALTY.
man's trees	-Years		1	2	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			Notifian
No.	Locto	o to is	T total	Under	WANTED THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O	BEARWOO VPAND.	VICTORIA WAREN	South Water
8	121 38 404 10	869.	101	4 67	1112 618 81:	48 266 8	nous Cr ever ever g fever d fever	Small-po Cholera Diphther Membran Erysipela Scarlet fo Typhus f Enteric fo Relapsing Relapsing Puerperal
56	1107	440	168	76	8198	392	124	sto 165

SMETHWICK AND OLDBURY JOINT ISOLATION HOSTAL SMETHWICK AND OLDBURY JOINT ISOLATION HOSTAL REMUNDISEASE PROPER BEAUTY TOTAL TREATES.

TABLE IV.

THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK.

CAUSES OF, AND AGES AT, DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1908.

		DEATE	SUBJ		AGES.		AT	I			LOCA L AGE			DEATHS
CAUSES OF DEATH.	All Ages.	Under 1.	1 and under	5 and under 15	15 and under 25	25 and under 65	65 and up-	SPON LANE WARD.	SANDWELL WARD.	UPLANDS WARD.	BEARWOOD WARD.	VICTORIA WARD.	Sоно WARD.	IN PUBLIC INSTITU- TIONS.
Small Pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping-cough Diphtheria and Membranous croup Croup Fever Typhus Enteric Other continued Cholera	 1 18 28 8 2 4 14	 1 8 	 1 9 16 3 1 	 8 4 5 1 	 1	 1 3 8		 6 5 2 1 2 	3 8 1 1	4	 1 1 7 2 1 1 8	5 5 1 	3 4 2 	
Plague Diarrhœa Enteritis Puerperal fever Erysipelas Other septic diseases Phthisis (Pulmonary tuberculosis)	71 11 8 1 60	60	11 1 		 1 10	3 2 1 	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· 1	5 2 1 	 16 8 1 	6 1 	8 1 1 	 14 2 9	22 2 1 	
Cancer, malignant disease Bronchitis Pneumonia Pleurisy Other diseases of Respiratory Organs Alcoholism—Cirrhosis of liver Venereal diseases	37 49 96 88 4 6 5 8	17 22 27 2	12 12 22 	3 5 2 	1 1 2 5 	4 82 23 22 3 5 2	16 37 7 1 2	7 10 14 11 1 2	10 12 20 19 2	4 3 4 10 	7 9 27 14 1 2	4 9 16 14 2 1 	5 6 15 20 2 1 4	
Diseases and accidents of parturition Heart diseases Accidents Suicides Membranons Croup Rheumatic Fever	61 2 63 58 4 1 3 225	61 17 62	 1 9 1 15	 4 8 8	 6 2 1 8	28 16 2 2 59	 24 6 2 78	9 6 9 1 40	15 11 12 1 1 84	5 1 8 6 2 	16 17 7 1 1 59	10 16 12 1 30	6 1 5 12 45	
All causes	931	284	118	50	38	262	180	150	186	76	202	154	163	

HWICKIO HDUOROE

A 7773 m n 20 mm	Commence of the Contract of th	145
A L SOPE	OTHE CYEAR	Pu
	NING III WILLIAM	Marine

		SAT	Hammi SUD	Local			AT	
	DEATHS IN PUBLIC INSTITU- TIONS.	POHO WYRD.	Aronogra Aronogra	BEVEA.goder	O. S. Trange	25 W. T. Bridge	S. W. TWEE	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AND	20 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16	11	1. 87 1	4 	81 81 81 81 82 12 13 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140	11 12 2	Scarlet Fever Whooping-coug Diphtheria and
-		46	30	1.	1.	3/6	40	All other causes
-		168	161	202	76:	186	150	All causes

TABLE V.—COUNTY BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK.

INFANTILE MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1908.—Deaths from stated Causes in Wreks and Months under One Year of Age.

	Cause of De.	атн.			Under 1 Week.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	8-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 month.	1-2 Months.	2-3 Months.	8-4 Months	4-5 Months.	5-6 Months.	6-7 Months.	7-8 Months.	8-9 Months.	9-10 Months.	10-11 Months.	11-12 Months.	Total Deaths under One Year.
All Causes.	1 II mountified				59 3	11	13	14	97 8	37 	23	31	20	14	11	9	16	7	9	6	280
Common Infectious Diseases.	Chicken Pox Measles Scarlet Fever Diphtheria : Croup													 1							 1
Diarrhœal Diseases.	Whooping Cough Diarrhea, all forms Enteritis, Muco-ente Gastritis, Gastrointe	eritis. Ga	stro-enteri	 tis		2	``i	2	5	9	9	1 18	5	1 2	3	8	7	2	1	1	8 60
Wasting Diseases.	Premature Birth Congenital Defects				45 1 2	1	5	2	56 2 2	2 1 1 1 1	1	2					 1				61 4 8 1
Tuberculous Diseases.	Atrophy, Debility, M Tuberculous Mening Tuberculous Peritor Other Tuberculous	Marasmus gitis nitis : Tab		erica	4	i 	3	5	18	6 1 2	5 1 1	1 1	1 2	2 3	1 1 1	2	1 2		2		29 7 13
Other	Rickets Meningitis not Tube		200			ïi 			1		2		ī 1 			 1		***	•••	1	 5 1
Causes.	Bronchitis Laryngitis Pneumonia		•••				2	1	2 1 1	 4 8	1	2 8 1	3 2 4		 2 2	2	1 2	1 1 1 1	 1 8	1 3	8 22 1 27
	Suffocation, overlyin Other Causes .	g			10	2	2	1 2	1 16	1 4	1	1 1	2	1	ï	ï	···			1	29
	Population Fetim				62	11	13	14	100	87	28	31	20	14	11	9	16	7	9	7	284

Population—Estimated to middle of 1908—69,500.

Births in the year—legitimate, 2047; illegitimate, 41.
Deaths in the year of legitimate infants, 270; illegitimate infants, 14.
Deaths from all Causes at all Ages, 931.

INFANTILE MORTALHY DURING THE Y

MU ONE YEAR OF AGE.

-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Under Week.	2-8 Weeks.	8-4 Weeks:	Fotal under I month.	1.2 Months.	2.8 MoHths.	8.4 Months	4-5 Mosshs.	5-6 MoRhs.	100		
8.	18	14.		.37	23.	31	20 ed	ifed ertifi	(Cert	All Causes.	_
						roup		sles let F ther oppin	Mea Scar Dipl	Common Infectious Diseases.	I
.2.	. L.		tro-er arrh 86.		eritis, estina 	o-ent rointe th	Muc Gast e Bir	eritis, ritis, natur	Ente (Gast (Pren	Diarrheal Diseases.	
2			. 2	1		t Mil	al De Birth Breas Debi	ry at	Inju	Wasting Diseases,	
			s Me	Tabe	gitis nitis : Disea	lenin erito lous	ous N ous P bercu	erculer Tu	Tube	überculous Diseases.	1
1.				***	 erculo		s not	ets	Rick	neuroonia liber diseas liber diseas	
	2.	1	. 2	1.4	1	8	800 8 2	vulsio chiti ngitis	Bron Lary	Other de Causes.	1
10	2.	1	.16		139	erlyin	n, ov	catio	Suffo Othe	andents bleides	600
62	18	14	100	37	28	31	20	14.		Sectionalic F	

Deaths in the year of legitimate

Deaths from all Causes at all A

SUMMARY OF SANITARY WORK DONE IN THE NUISANCE INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT DURING THE YEAR 1908, IN THE BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK.

142 85 6 79 6 151 65 7 58 7 46 21 21 None. 85 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	142 85 6 79 6 7 7 10 151 151 65 7 1 158 7 7 158 7 7 158 7 7 158 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159	142 85 6 79 6 7 7 68 7 7 68 7 7 68 7 7 68 7 7 68 7 7 68 7 7 68 7 7 68 8 8 8	142 85 6 79 6 7 6 88 7 7 68 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	
142 85 6 79 6 142 46 21 21 None. 870 886 246 22 886 246 246 49 19 4 15 4 49 19 4 15 4 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	142 85 6 79 6 79 6 79 6 79 6 79 6 79 6 79 70 70 6 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 88 8 8 8 8 8 8	142 85 6 79 6 151 65 7 58 7 46 21 21 None, 86 22 22 86 22 22 22 88 8 8 38 10 18 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	142 85 6 79 6 151 65 7 58 7 46 21 21 None. 870 86 22 22 22 68 10 246 246 49 19 4 15 4 49 19 6 38 8 8 8 8 8 88 8 None. 8 8 8 8 88 8 88 8 18 20 18 88 8 8	
151 65 7 58 7 88 7 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	151 65 7 58 7 7 88 7 7 868 7 7 868 7 7 868 7 7 868 7 7 868 7 7 868 7 7 868 7 7 868 8 8 8	151 65 7 58 7 7 88 7 7 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	151 65 7 58 7 7 88 7 7 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Foul Conditions
None. 850 22 22 22 22 22 22 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	None. 86 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	None. None. 870 86 82 838 10 886 849 11 886 840 12 886 840 13 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	None. 850	Structural defects
None. 86	None. 870 86 870 88 88 886 246 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 1	None. 870 86 870 88 62 222 88 886 246 49 19 49 19 49 19 49 19 40 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	None. 870 86 82 88 886 246 19 19 19 19 19 19 10 10 10 10	ation
86	86	870 86 886	870 22 88 8 84 76 89 879 879 888 adulterated, &c Not t for use	
86	86	86 22 888 8. 86 8. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	86 22 888 8 886 246 10 10 886 246 246 246 99 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Dairies and Milkshops
62 22 22 23 68 886 246 246 246 246 246 246 246 246 36	62 22 22 8886 246 10 10 886 246 246 246 946 946 946 946 946 946 946 946 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 94 98 94 98 94 98 94 98 94 98 94 98 94 98 94 98 94 98	886 246 246 388 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	886 246 246 888 886 246 946	:
886 246 10 18 886 246 246 44 9265 65 1 64 1 70 40 38 8 63 88 8 8 8 63 88 8 8 8 None. 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	886 246 10 886 49 19 4 15 4 4 15 4 4 15 4 4 15 4 4 15 4 4 15 4	886 246 10 18 886 246 246 44 15 44 15 44 15 49 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	886 246 10 18 886 246 246 4 49 19 4 15 4 265 65 1 64 1 9 6 38 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 None. 8 8 8 8 None. 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 10 10 8 8 8 8 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Bake-houses
886 246 246 4 49 19 4 15 4 265 65 1 64 1 9 6 38 8 63 88 8 8 8 8 63 88 18 20 18 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 8 8 8 8 76 89 89 34 for Analysis 28 adulterated, &c 28 hydrations Notetons	886 246 246 44 15 4 4 15 4 4 15 4 4 15 4 4 15 4 4 15 65 65 1 64 1 1 64 1 1 65 65 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	886 246 246 44 15 4 15 4 15 4	338 10 246 246 4 49 19 4 15 4 15 4 265 65 1 64 4 15 4 265 65 1 64 8 <td>1ses</td>	1ses
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19 4 1 1 9 4 1 1 9 4 1 1 9 4 1 1 9 9 6 1 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	265 65 1 64 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	19	265 19 4 15 4 15 9 9 19 9 19 19 19	Ashpits and Privies
For the forms of t	265 65 1 64 1	265 65 1 64 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	265 65 1 64 1 1 64 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 6 1 1 65 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	ruse
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70 40 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	70 40 38 38 38 38 38 8 8 8	70 40 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 34 36 34 36 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38 34 38	70 40 38 38 38 38 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Ne discomposition
None. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	For the following state of the following stat	None. 89 89 84 None. 89 89 84 To Analysis 28 to tor use Note the state of the state	None. 89 89 84 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	
68 88 18 20 18 8 10 18 8 8 10 18 8 8 10 18 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	None. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	None. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	68 88 18 20 18 10 18 10 18 10 10 1	
None. 8 8 84 84 85 84	None. 8 8 84 85 85 85 86 87	None. 8 8 8 84 None. 8 8 8 84 10 8 8 22 10 8 8 23 2647 670 89 579 88 adulterated, &c 28 ken 12 t for use No	None. 8 8 8 84 None. 8 8 8 84 10 8 8 8 22 10 8 8 8 34 2647 670 89 579 88 adulterated, &c 28 ken 29 t for use No	fiddn
None. 8 8 2 10 8 83 34 76 89 89 34 2647 670 89 579 88 adulterated, &c 28 ken 24 hydrions 24 for use No.	None. 8 8 8 10 8 8 2 76 89 89 34 2647 670 89 579 88 adulterated, &c 28 ken 28 t for use No	None. 8 8 2 10 8 89 34 2647 670 89 579 88 adulterated, &c 1 t for use Note	None. 8 8 2 10 84 10 10 89 89 28 247 670 89 579 88 240 lterated. &c 28	
None. 8 8 2 76 89 89 34 2647 670 89 579 88 for Analysis 28 adulterated, &c 28 ken 28 representations 78 for use	None. 3 3 2 10 89 89 34 2647 670 89 579 83 adulterated, &c. 28 ren 28 ren 2 ren ren r for use No	10 8 89 2 2647 670 89 579 88 adulterated, &c 28 ken 28 t for use No	None. 8 8 2 10 76 89 84 2647 670 89 579 83 for Analysis adulterated, &c 28 adulterated, &c 2 t for use t for use nrictions nrictious nrictious	riy.
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for Analysis 28	for use 76 89 83 34 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	76 89 89 34 2647 670 89 579 83 for Analysis 28 adulterated, &c. 28 nvictions t for use	76 89 89 84 2647 670 89 579 88 for Analysis adulterated, &c 28 nvictions 28 t for use No	20
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for Analysis ken	for Analysis ken	for Analysis ken	for Analysis ken adulterated, &c tfor use tror use	TOTALS
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adulterated, &c nvictions	adulterated, &c ken	adulterated, &c ken	adulterated, &c ken tror use tror use	Significa of Chimilotte
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nyicuons iii	t for use to	t for use t	t for use	oon and Lings are
t for use	t for use	t for use	t for use mr	
				imples of Water tab
Disease.	Disease.			Houses Disinfected at
against Infectious Disease. ding Disinfected or Destroyed 640 fter Infectious Disease 608	Disease.	::		Schools ditto
Disease.	Disease.	::		noontions for not
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:: ::::				
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JOHN FYLES, Inspector of Nuisances.

SUMMVEA OE SVALLVEA MOSK DOME IN THE MAISTNCE INSECTION'S DESVERMENT DURING THE YEAR 1908, IN THE BOROUGH OF SMETHWICK.

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n na	sees	mon :::	Boleson	Act	The same
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age		-	1		-
Drain		and Schools	Dwelling-bouses		-
House		brus	Dwell		-

This table is enclosed by request of the Secretary of State for the guidance and convenience of Medical Officers of Health in preparing that part of their Annual Report which relates to Factories, Workshops, Workshops, and Homework. It is not intended to supersede the fuller statement which is desirable in the text of the Report, but to provide for uniformity in the presentation of such particulars as lend themselves to statistical treatment.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR 1908, FOR THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF SHETIWICK, ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORY AND WORKSHOP, ACTS, 1901, IN CONNECTION WITH FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS, LAUNDRIES, WORKFLACES, AND HOMEWORK.

1-Instruction (including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors or Inspectors of Nuisances)

						N	Number of	
	(I)				Superdient.	No.	Weiting Nations.	Prosections.
Factories (including Factory Laundries) Workshop a meloding Workshop Laundries Workshop a meloding Workshop Laundries Workshop a meloding the meloding included in Part 3 of this Report)	undries	n Part 8 of this R	(eport)		251		: 18 14	111
Total					808		81	200
		2-Derects Found	POUNDS:					
	-	-		B	350	Number of Defects		Number of
	Partirulars.				Found.	Resellet.	H.M. Inspector.	Prosecutions.
aNuisances under the Public Health Acts-	Acts-		ı					
Want of cleanliness					18	TO		
Want of ventilation					60	5 N		
Overcrowding	***				10	16		
Want of drainage of floors					1	4:		
Other nuisances					,		See 99 of the Public	the Public
bSanitary accommodations (unsuitable or defective	able or defective			100	10:	10	Health Acts Amendm'nt	Amendm'nt
(not se	(not separate for sexes			-		1	WaterClosets enforced*	enforced*
Offences under the Factory and Workshop Act— Illegal occupation of underground bakehouse (s 101)	rkshop Act- bakehouse (s 101)				No Underground Bakehouses	ground Ba	kehouses	
hereach or special samuary requirements for concentrates (Excluding offences relating to outwork which are included in Part 8 of this Report).	to outwork which ar	e included in Part		::	11	11		11
Total					91	100		

*Remainder in progress of being remedied. For Males, I Closet for every 25 up to 100; 1 for every 40 up to 500; 1 for every 90 a Including those specified in section 2, 3, 7, and 8, of the Factory and Workshop Act as weaknible under the Public Health Acts.

For districts not in London state here whether Section 22 of the Phylic Health Acts Amendment Act, 1800, has been adopted by the District Council; and if so what standard of sufficiency and suitability of sanitary accommodation for persons employed in factories and workshops has been enforced.

8-HOME WORK.

Total 4 25	Locks, Latches and Keys	Cart Gear	Anchors and Grapnets	Cables and Chains	Electro-plate	File making	Stuffed Toys	Brush making	Paper Bags and Boxes	Umbrellas	Carding, &c., of Buttons, &c	Furniture and Uphotstery	Lace, lace curtains and nets	(2) Cleaning and Washing	Wearing Apparel— (1) Making, &c 4 25	Eddini Out- on on on	Nature of Work. Twice in the year. Once in the year	Lights received from Employees.
60			100	355	***	***	***	***			-	***	***	100	10	S Lieb	Once b	on Ka
12	200	2000		***			***	***	***			***	200	-	10	worthers.	a the year	géogers.
151	300			***		-		-		-00	85				116	Compella.	Addresses of Outworkers	To real Parts of
16	- 613	***	***	***			***	****			****	***	***		15	Connectis.	Addresses of Outworkers	No other Deal
	***					***	****			****			****	***	:	of lists.	Fuiling to	Prosculium
***	***	***	100	***		***		***			***	100		:		Belle.	Palling.	Josep.
88	-000	***						100				***	444		8	0.00	Outworkers'	Inspections
20									:		0		**	***	10	0.00	In.	0
10		-	*			***				***		***	***	***	10	ORD Desired	Hex.	ection 2
	::	-	:	:		***	:				:			:	:	0.00	Prose-	1
10	***	***		***	***	***	***	***			***		. 818	***	to	(14) (14) (14) (14)	T.	20
10	***		***					***						***	10		•	Sections 1
: 1		-	200											***	:	Die Checklone	Prosecu Unter	- BEE 'ANE

who seet them both in February and August as required by the Ast and of the entries of manes approximatly double of the number of individual collections whose names are given, slave in

And the second of the second o

part of their Annual Report which relates to Factories, Workshops, Workplaces, and Homework. It is not intended to supersede the fuller statement which is desirable in the text of the Report, but to provide for uniformity in the presentation of such particulars his table is enclosed by request of the Secretary of State for the guidance and convenience of Medical Officers of Health in preparing that as lend themselves to statistical treatment.

ary commissions for parenouses he 37 to 1000

bakehouses	ground	-			- Charles	8.	***	100	1	(5)	ting should	e should be	D, Since in
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M. E. MYKZH IYCKZOK,

(Signature) (Date) roth March 1909.

Medical Officer of Health.

Norse—The Esclory and Workshop Act, 1825, requires the Medical Officer of Health in his Annual Report to the District Council to report apending the sound of the Annual Report to the Secretary of State (Home Office). If the Annual Report to the copy of the Home Office the portions which this subject to the Secretary of State (Home Office) and the Copy sent to the Home Office the portions which to restories, workshops, laundries, workshops, laundries, workshops, laundries, or homework. The daties of Local Authorities in the Medical Officers of Health under the Act of 1901 are detailed in the Home Office Memorandum of December, 1904. A further Memorandum, on the Home Work Provisions of the Factory Act, was such to find the Memorandum of December, 1904.

2) Cleaning and Washing

ice, lace curtains and nets ure and Upholstery

Borough SPOT DISEASE MAP 1908. X Scarlet Fever. of West Bromwich. Typhoid Fever. + Diphtheria. xxxxxxxxxxxxxx XXXXXXXX xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx ††††† XXXXXXXXXXXXX xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx P arish xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Spon Lane Ward. Sandwell Ward. †††† XXXXXXXXXXXX xxxxxxxxxxx XXXXXXXX XXXX Oldbury. XXX XXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX ++++++++++ Uplands Ward. Victoria Ward. † † † † † † † † XXXX XXXXXXXXXXX †††† Soho Ward. XXXXXXXXX ††††††**†**††† XXXXX XXXXXX tttt XXXXXX XXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX ††††††††††††††††††††††††††††††† XXXXXXXXX XXXXXX City of Birmingham. XXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX XXXXX SCALE - 20 Chains. 1 Inch.

