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Contributors

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SIDMOUTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



Ack'd

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

for the year

1964

REPORT ON THE PROGRESS OF THE

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

RESEARCH BOARD OF THE

AND

RESEARCH BOARD OF THE

FOR THE YEAR

1901

Tele. No. : Honiton 391

Municipal Offices,
New Street,
HONITON.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Sidmouth Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman and Members,

The report follows the usual pattern, with the revised format introduced last year, whereby tabulated statements are grouped at the end.

I am glad that it was possible during the year to appoint a qualified Inspector, Mr. J. Fee, to help with the ever-increasing Public Health work. Following this appointment, Mr. E. V. Maer, who carried out very useful work during his five years in the Public Health Department, transferred to the Surveyor's Department and I am sure will be of great assistance to him.

I am, Your obedient Servant,

R.C. MACLEOD

Medical Officer of Health

Municipal Offices,

New Street,

BIRMINGHAM.

Tele. No. : Hamilton 331

To the Chairman and Members of the
Birmingham Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman and Members,

The report follows the usual pattern, with the revised format
introduced last year, whereby tabulated statements are grouped at the
end.

I am glad that it was possible during the year to appoint a
qualified Inspector, Mr. J. Lee, to help with the ever-increasing
Public Health work. Following this appointment, Mr. E. J. Mason, who
started out very useful work during his five years in the Public Health
Department, transferred to the Surveyor's Department and I am sure will
be of great assistance to him.

I am, Your obedient servant,

E. G. HARTLEY

Medical Officer of Health

STAFF

Medical Officer of Health ... R.C. MacLeod, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector ... S.T. Chard, F.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspector J. Fee, M.A.P.H.I. (from 19th October, 1964)

General Assistant to Public Health Inspector ... E.W. Maer (to 31st October, 1964)

Engineer and Surveyor ... T.H. Chambers, M.I.Mun.E., M.Inst.H.E.

Water Manager ... E.J. Lake (to 30th September, 1964)

Secretary to Surveyor and Public Health Inspector ... Miss M. Baker (from 1st February, 1964)

COMMITTEES CONCERNED WITH PUBLIC HEALTH

Public Health and Highways Committee

Housing Committee

STAFF

Medical Officer of Health ... E.C. Mansfield, M.D., Ch.D., D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector ... G.T. Chubb, F.R.S.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspector ... S. Poo, M.L.P.H.I. (from 1934 October, 1935)

General Assistant to Public Health Inspector ... E.V. Manser (to 1st October, 1935)

Engineer and Surveyor ... T.H. Chambers, M.I.N.E., M.I.A.S.T.

Water Manager ... E.L. Lake (to 30th September, 1935)

Secretary to Surveyor and Public Health Inspector ... Miss M. Baker (from 1st February, 1935)

COMMITTEES CONCERNED WITH PUBLIC HEALTH

Public Health and Highway Committee

Housing Committee

1. STATISTICS OF THE AREA

Area	...	...	11,475 acres
*Estimated Population	...	...	10,680 (30th June, 1964)
*Census Population (adjusted)	...	...	10,890 (April, 1961)
Number of Habitable Houses (Valuation Officer's Report)	...	...	4,340 (1st April, 1965)
Rateable Value	...	...	£577,007 (1st April, 1965)
Penny Rate produces	...	...	£2,307 (1st April, 1965)

*It will be noted that the Registrar General's estimated population for this year is still less than the adjusted census figure for 1961.

2. VITAL STATISTICS

		1964	(1963)
<u>Live Births</u>			
Male births registered	...	56	(53)
Female births registered	...	42	(58)
Total births	...	98	(111)

Birth Rate per 1,000 of the Estimated Resident Population:

Crude live birth rate	...	9.2	(11.1)
Corrected live birth rate	...	14.7	(17.7)

Deaths

Male deaths registered	...	87	(115)
Female deaths registered	...	122	(130)
Total deaths from all causes	...	209	(245)

Death Rate per 1,000 of the Estimated Resident Population

Crude death rate	...	19.6	(24.4)
Corrected death rate	...	9.2	(11.5)

(The remaining and more detailed statistics of births, deaths, and infectious diseases are given in Appendices 'A' and 'B'. The previous year's figures have been quoted for comparison purposes.)

3. NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT, 1954

(a) Local Health Authority (Part III); Hospital Facilities (Part II)

The Local Health Authority responsible for the Act under Part III is the Devon County Council. The hospital facilities under Part II have been found satisfactory when needed.

(b) Isolation

Arrangements for the admission of cases of infectious diseases to the Whipton Isolation Hospital at Exeter are satisfactory. The Medical Superintendent and staff are always co-operative and helpful.

(c) Smallpox

The smallpox hospital at Upton Pyne, which was administered by the Regional Hospital Board and had been available for many years, was discontinued during the year under review, arrangements having been made for all future cases to be admitted to Liskeard Hospital.

(d) Laboratory Facilities

The Public Health Laboratory Service at Gandy Street, Exeter, is available when needed, and the Director, Dr. B. Moore, is always willing to provide help and advice if required.

(e) Ambulance Service

This service is provided by the County Council

(f) Dental Care of Mothers and Young Children

These facilities are provided by the County Council.

4. NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

Section 47 - Removal to Suitable Premises of Persons in need of Care and Attention

It was not necessary during the year to take statutory action under Section 47 of the National Assistance Act, 1948. Cases come to the notice of the Public Health Department from time to time but every effort is made, before they reach the stage where court action is necessary, to advise the Health Visitor or Welfare Department of the County Council.

5. IMMUNISATION

The number of inoculations given in the town, as compiled from record cards sent in by general practitioners, was as follows :

<u>Smallpox</u>	43 primary vaccinations	6 re-vaccinations
	3 did not "take"; repeat vaccination refused.	

<u>Poliomyelitis</u>	109 primary inoculations	10 boosters
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<u>Tetanus</u>		1 booster
----------------	--	-----------

<u>Diphtheria</u>		2 boosters
-------------------	--	------------

<u>Triple</u>	103 primary inoculations	17 boosters
---------------	--------------------------	-------------

(combined Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus vaccine)	4 left the district; 3 incomplete to be completed during 1965.	
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6. TUBERCULOSIS

(a) Mass Radiography Service

The unit visited Sidmouth during October, 1964, the numbers X-rayed being as follows:

Source	Male	Female	Total
G.P. Referrals ...	1	-	1
Heaf positive children ...	5	11	16
Appointments ...	101	80	181
Hospital staff ...	1	12	13
School staff ...	3	6	9
Public ...	319	426	745
Contacts of Heaf positive children	8	12	20
Totals:	438	547	985

A list of the conditions discovered as a result of these examinations is given below:

(I) Pulmonary Tuberculosis		
(1) Newly-discovered significant cases		
(i) requiring treatment ...		-
(ii) requiring further observation		4
(2) Healed Cases. No further action		6
(3) Previously known cases ...		-
(II) Other Conditions		
Carcinoma of bronchus ...		1
Other malignant neoplasms ...		2
Non-malignant neoplasms ...		2
Acquired cardio-vascular disease ...		9
Bronchiectasis ...		1
Pneumonitis ...		1
Bronchitis and Emphysema ...		1
Diaphragmatic abnormalities ...		4
Bony abnormalities, not clinically significant ...		3

(b) B.C.G. Vaccination

B.C.G. vaccination against tuberculosis was offered to all schools having children aged 13 years and upwards. Eighty-two children were given Heaf tests and nine showed a positive result, including three who had B.C.G. previously; the remaining six showed evidence of resistance to the disease acquired through previous exposure to tuberculous infection, but all on investigation were found to be clear of the disease. The children who showed no evidence of resistance were vaccinated with B.C.G.

7. WATER SUPPLIES

(1) Public Supplies

The East Devon Water Board took over the administration of the Sidmouth Water Undertaking on the 1st October, 1964. The tabulated statement in respect of public supplies has therefore been omitted, but Appendix 'C' contains details of private supplies.

The public supply is satisfactory and is chlorinated before distribution.

(2) Private Supplies

Salcombe Regis

The only remaining private supply in the village is from a spring above Springfield. This feeds properties below the church and is satisfactory.

Harcombe

Since the main supply was put in order by a co-operative effort of the villagers, there has been no further trouble.

Fortescue

The reservoir has a capacity of 7,000 gallons and the spring yield is approximately 4,000 gallons per day. The supply is satisfactory but, as stated in previous annual reports, the yield is sufficient only for the thirty-nine properties connected.

Sidbury

There was no change during the year 1964, the position being as shown in Appendix 'C'. Negotiations are proceeding for the East Devon Water Board to take over these private supplies.

Bowl

This small private supply, owned by the Clinton Devon Estates, has failed in the past during long periods of drought and after one such period in 1962 the owners accepted that it was their responsibility to maintain supplies. No major works have been undertaken, however, although some slight augmentation has been achieved.

8. SEWERAGE

The new sea outfall completed in 1963 proved eminently satisfactory. As noted in the last report, there is no indication of pollution, and from high vantage points during calm weather it can be seen that the prevailing currents set seawards from the outfall.

During the period from 6th July to 19th August, 1964, sea water samples were taken twice weekly from twenty-seven points along the beach between positions eastward of the outfall and west of Jacob's Ladder. These sampling points were the ones used ten years previously, with the addition of one at the mouth of the River Sid and one at the Glen Stream. Altogether 378 samples were taken and the comparison with the results for 1954 was most dramatic, showing a great improvement. Such complete sets of samples, before and after the installation of a new sea outfall, must be rare.

9. FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955

(a) Brucellosis

Since the eradication of tuberculosis in dairy herds, brucellosis, while not nearly so widespread or so dangerous an infection, has become the major illness likely to be contracted through drinking raw milk. While pasteurisation renders milk safe, many people, particularly in rural areas have not a readily available supply of pasteurised milk or prefer to drink raw milk. In addition one third of all human cases is directly infected from the cow and there is considerable economic loss to farmers from the infection. The right and proper course is for an eradication scheme to be instituted with slaughter of infected animals and compensation to farmers. It is most unjust that under the present system dairy farmers selling raw milk should be penalised by action which the Medical Officer of Health is forced to take when neighbouring farmers with infection in their herds, but whose milk goes for pasteurisation, need not take any action and thus maintain infection in the area.

According to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries's own report on brucellosis, the number of infected cows in the country is about 66,000 and the major economic losses associated are 11,000 calves, $3\frac{1}{2}$ million gallons of milk, the cost of vaccination with strain 19 and the losses consequent upon 6,000 retained placentas!

10. (b) Liquid Egg (Pasteurisation) Regulations, 1963

There are no egg pasteurisation plants in the district and it was not possible during 1964 to take samples of liquid egg for the Alpha Amylase test.

(c) Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960

The number of visits during 1964 was again low but, following the appointment in mid-October of an additional qualified Public Health Inspector, it is anticipated that an improvement can be effected, although the continuing increase in the volume of legislation affecting public health work results in a corresponding increase in other duties.

Appendix 'D' contains a list of food premises in the district and numbers of visits.

(d) Meat

The position with regard to meat supplies is similar to that reported previously, local butchers obtaining their meat either from the Exeter City Abattoir or from a private slaughterhouse at Honiton. These arrangements appear to be satisfactory. At the 31st December, 1964, there were twelve butchers' shops and one market stall for the sale of meat in the district, all the shops being registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, for the manufacture of preserved food.

(e) Fish

The three wet fish shops, one with a fruit and vegetable section, maintained a good standard of hygiene during the year, and in the case of the three mobile fishmongers (including one from outside the district) conditions were found to be satisfactory.

(f) Milk and Dairies

All milk is pasteurised at Messrs. Hamnetts Dairies, Exeter, and distributed through the local depot which formerly contained the pasteurising plant. Local T.T. milk is still brought to this depot for distribution. The standard of the five premises registered as dairies remained satisfactory during 1964.

(g) Ice Cream

The number of premises registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, for the sale of ice cream remained unchanged at twenty-three. These premises sell pre-packed products with the exception of one, which has a soft ice cream machine.

Number and Gradings of Ice Cream Samples
taken in 1964.

Number of Samples	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
22	9	9	3	1

All premises from which samples falling below Grade 1 were taken were subsequently visited.

(h) Bakers and Confectioners

At the 31st December, 1964, there were seven bakeries in the district. The premises visited were found to be satisfactory with the exception of one, where the standard had dropped considerably within the previous year. Shortly after the visit a prosecution was instituted against the firm concerned, arising from the presence of a cockroach in a loaf of bread. A fine of £20, plus five guineas costs, was imposed.

Another prosecution was taken against a multiple bakery firm in respect of a loaf of bread which contained a metal belt clip, a fine of £50, with costs of £7.10s., being imposed. This was the second occasion within twelve months on which the firm had been prosecuted.

(i) General Provisions

Most premises inspected were satisfactory but in several cases conditions at the rear had deteriorated since the previous visit. It seems that some shopkeepers tend to neglect the provisions of the Food Hygiene Regulations unless frequent visits are made.

Once again it was necessary to criticise the coding system used by food manufacturers, which is often indecipherable. Despite opposition from the trade, the introduction of a different system, incorporating the date on which the product was packed, would seem to be desirable.

(j) Greengrocers and Fruiterers

The number of shops confined strictly to this trade remained at eight during the year under review, although - as previously noted - many general shops now sell fruit and vegetables. Generally conditions were found to be satisfactory.

(k) Hotels, Restaurants and Cafes

Visits to hotels, restaurants and cafes were made less frequently than one could wish, for the reason previously mentioned, i.e. the fact that only one qualified Public Health Inspector was available for most of the year. There is no substitute for regular inspection and it is hoped to increase the number of visits following the appointment of an Additional Public Health Inspector.

(l) Unsound Food

The tabulated statement in Appendix 'D' shows the amount of unsound food condemned in 1964. Disposal is carried out by burying at the refuse tip.

During the year a number of large Dutch canned hams were found to be unfit. When the tins were opened discolouration occurred. Subsequent examination at the Public Health Laboratory revealed streptococci of a type found in brine. Enquiries revealed that this type of canned ham is pasteurised, not sterilised, and has to be carefully controlled to ensure that it is kept at a low temperature until used. In this particular case the whole batch was condemned.

Enquiries directed to the manufacturers did not elicit any useful information but Dr. Hobbs of the Medical Research Council informed us that research on pasteurised meats was proceeding and that condemnation of the ham as we found it was fully justified.

10. FOOD POISONING

No cases of food poisoning were notified during the year.

11. HOUSING

(a) Slum Clearance

The original slum clearance programme, submitted in 1955, had virtually been completed by 1964, with one exception. This house forms part of a terrace and, as it is impracticable to demolish without affecting other houses, it will probably have to be cleared in conjunction with the redevelopment of the Eastern Town Area. There had been additions to the original programme of forty houses, and the total is now forty-six, made up as follows :

Demolished	...	...	29
Closed	...	...	16 *
Pending	...	...	1
			<u>46</u>

*Four of these houses have been brought back into use following thorough reconditioning by the owners after their proposals had been approved by the Council. In each case the "undertaking" under Section 16 of the Housing Act, 1957 was lifted after the Public Health Inspector had inspected the work and recommended this course.

Housing (contd.)

(b) New Flats

The official opening of the Roxburgh Flats took place during the early part of the year and, as reported previously, this was the first building in the Eastern Town Redevelopment Scheme.

(c) Improvement Grants

The Public Health Inspector is the technical officer responsible for improvement grants, and the table in Appendix 'E' shows the position over the past six years.

Action has not yet been taken under the Housing Act, 1964, Part II of which contains compulsory provisions, but it is anticipated that these provisions may be of use when the redevelopment of the Eastern Town Area begins to take shape since, as in this particular area, the percentage of properties without basic standard amenities is lower than in any other part of the district.

A summary of the results of a survey carried out in 1963 may be of interest and is appended.

	Number of Houses	*** Number with Amenities	Percentage with Amenities %
Eastern Town ...	68	12	17.5
Other Sidmouth houses	226	157	69.5
Sidford ...	51	18	35.3
Sidbury ...	115	57	49.5
	460	244	50.3

*** The summary is based on houses with the three basic amenities of bath in a separate room hot water supply and w.c. in or accessible from within the building.

(d) Building Programme

A table showing the amount of building and conversions during the past ten years has again been included (Appendix 'E') and it will be seen that the pace of building in the district is gradually accelerating.

12. OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

This Act covers new ground so far as public health matters are concerned, and initial inspections of premises are taking considerably longer than was originally anticipated. The average occupier, however, has been co-operative and some work is already being put in hand in advance of the statutory time set out in the various Regulations made under the Act. In the case of food premises the opportunity has been taken at the time of the inspection under the Offices, Shops and Railway

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963 (contd.)

Premises Act to check on matters relating to the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations.

A summary of the premises registered and visits made during 1964 is contained in Appendix "F".

13. CARAVANS AND CAMPING

At the 31st December, 1964, the number of licensed sites in the district was three, as follows :

	<u>Capacity</u>
Dunscombe Manor Farm, Salcombe Regis ...	58
Thorn Camping Site, Salcombe Regis ...	50
Slade Farm, Salcombe Regis ...	4

Relations with site owners remained good. Frequent inspections were made, mainly during the summer months, and conditions were found to be satisfactory.

14. PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

Following the reconditioning of the public conveniences at Connaught Gardens during 1963 the Council agreed to amended staffing arrangements whereby the female attendant who was engaged for seasonal work was employed during the winter on revised cleaning duties, thus ensuring employment throughout the year. This has avoided the difficulty previously experienced of finding a female attendant for the summer only, when the use of conveniences is more than twelve times that during the winter.

The Council decided to allow free washing facilities in public conveniences with effect from Whitsun, 1964, this being done merely by removing the doors of washing cubicles. The use of these facilities has trebled but there has not been an increase in damage to fittings, etc., and generally the free service of hot water, clean towels, soap, etc. has appealed to the public, who appreciated also the general high standard maintained at all conveniences.

15. AIR POLLUTION

The apparatus at the Council's Highways Depot was maintained, but during the year the Exeter City Council had to discontinue measurement of smoke stains owing to loss of qualified staff. It was therefore necessary to purchase a reflector meter, but this obviated delay in sending results to the Warren Spring Laboratory. The readings showed Sidmouth to be a clean district, although on occasions smoke stains appeared to be higher than one would expect of this type of area.

16. RODENT CONTROL

During 1964 approximately 130 properties were surveyed and/or treated. Generally it is found that only a single rat or mouse has given rise to the complaint but, as each infestation requires at least three visits, a considerable amount of the operator's time has to be spent on this duty, quite apart from the office work involved.

Following the normal practice, several visits were made to the refuse tip, although this is now in very good condition so far as rodent control is concerned. Only slight infestation was found in sewers in the district during the year under review.

17. REFUSE DISPOSAL

The disposal of refuse continued at the Knapp Copse tip, and the same four authorities mentioned in last year's report (Honiton Borough, Honiton Rural, Seaton Urban and Sidmouth Urban District Councils) continued to make use of this site. The tip was maintained in good condition.

Towards the end of 1964 the second of the 18/22 cu.yd. Dennis Paxit vehicles was replaced by a Dennis Paxit Major IIIA of 50 cu.yd. capacity. With the 35 cu.yd. vehicle put into service during the previous year it was found that these two large vehicles were able to collect, without the assistance of other vehicles, not only the whole of the domestic refuse in the district but also that arising from hotels and the salvage collection from business premises in the town area of Sidmouth.

18. DISINFESTATION

During the year one large house was treated, and also verminous bedding from a neighbouring district was put through the steam disinfecter.

19. DISEASES OF ANIMALS (WASTE FOODS) ORDER, 1957

At the 31st December, 1964, there were four plants licensed under the Diseases of Animals Act and, following considerable alterations in one case to satisfy basic requirements, all were satisfactory.

APPENDIX 'A'

VITAL STATISTICS - BIRTHS AND DEATHS

(Previous year's figures included for comparison)

				1964	1963
<u>LIVE BIRTHS</u>					
Male births registered	...	...	...	56	53
Female births registered	...	...	...	42	58
Total	...	...	...	98	111
Illegitimate births included in total			...	11	5
Illegitimate live births per cent. of total live births				11.2	4.5
<u>STILL BIRTHS</u>					
Still births registered	...	...	...	-	2
Illegitimate still births	...	...	...	-	-
Total	...	...	...	-	2
TOTAL live and still births	...	...	...	98	113
Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births	...			-	17.7
<u>DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR</u>					
Deaths registered	...	...	...	-	2
Illegitimate deaths registered		...	...	-	-
Total	...	...	...	-	2
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births	...			-	18.0
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 legitimate live births				-	18.8
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 illegitimate live births				-	-
<u>DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER FOUR WEEKS OF AGE</u>					
Deaths registered	...	...	...	-	2
Illegitimate deaths registered	...	...	...	-	-
Total	...	...	...	-	2
Neo-natal mortality rate per 1,000 live births	...			-	18.0
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	-	-
<u>DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER ONE WEEK OF AGE</u>					
Deaths registered	...	...	...	-	2
Illegitimate deaths registered		...	...	-	-
Total	...	...	...	-	2
Early neo-natal mortality rate per 1,000 live births				-	18.0
Peri-natal mortality rate (still births and deaths under one week combined per 1,000 total live and still births)	...	...	...	-	35.4

APPENDIX 'A' - VITAL STATISTICS : BIRTHS AND DEATHS
(contd.)

(a) Statistics provided by the Registrar General				Male	Female	Total
<u>Causes of Death</u>						
<u>Cancer</u>						
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	...			3	3	6
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	...			8	1	9
Malignant neoplasm, breast	...			-	8	8
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	...			-	1	1
Leukaemia, Aleukaemia	...			-	4	4
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms				6	10	16
<u>Heart Diseases</u>						
Coronary disease, angina	...			23	21	44
Other heart diseases	....			12	25	37
Other circulatory diseases	...			7	12	19
<u>Respiratory Diseases</u>						
Tube culosis	...	...	...	1	-	1
Pneumonia	...	...	...	-	2	2
Bronchitis	...	...	...	5	1	6
Other diseases of respiratory system				2	1	3
<u>Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases</u>						
				-	2	2
<u>Other Diseases</u>						
Vascular lesions of nervous system (i.e. cerebral haemorrhage	...			17	19	36
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	...			-	1	1
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	...			1	1	2
Nephritis and Nephrosis	...	...	...	1	-	1
Other defined and ill-defined diseases				1	6	7
<u>Accidents</u>						
	...	...	...	-	3	3
<u>Suicide</u>						
	...	...	...	-	1	1
				87	122	209
(b) Infant Mortality						
Deaths of infants under one year	...			-	-	-
TOTAL DEATHS FROM ALL CAUSES						
	...	...	...	87	122	209

APPENDIX 'B'

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

TUBERCULOSIS

(1) INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Disease	Cases notified	Cases admitted to Hospital	Deaths
Measles	4	-	-

(2) TUBERCULOSIS

New Cases and Mortality : 1964.

New Cases Notified:

Age Periods	Respiratory		Non-Respiratory	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
years				
5 - 14	1	-	-	-
15 - 24	-	-	-	-
25 - 44	-	-	-	-
45 - 64	1	1	-	-
65 upwards	-	-	-	-

Deaths from Tuberculosis 1

APPENDIX 'C'

PRIVATE WATER SUPPLIES

Type of Premises		Number of Premises	Number of Visits
Dispersed Totals		12	17
Salcombe Regis -		46	2
Properties connected to spring	...	...	8
Other private supplies	...	...	15
Harcombe -		5	2
Properties connected to main village supply	...	...	8
Other small supplies or wells	...	...	22
Fortescue -		5	1
Properties connected	...	...	36
Bowd -		3	2
Properties connected to main supply	...	...	11
Other small supplies or wells	...	...	7
Sidbury -		2	1
Ridgeway: properties connected	...	...	61
Greenhead: properties connected	...	...	92
Hatway: properties connected	...	...	20
Other properties in outlying areas with own private supplies	... ..	...	76
TOTAL		...	356

(a) Meat and Meat Products

(b) Fruit and Vegetables

(c) Fish and Fish Products

A refrigerated display cabinet, which failed on two occasions, involved the examination of many products totalling approximately 245 lbs.

PRIVATE WATER SUPPLIES

356	...	...	...	...	TOTAL
76	...	...	...	...	Other properties in outlying areas with own private supplies
30	...	...	...	...	Hatway: properties connected
32	...	...	...	...	Greenhead: properties connected
61	...	...	...	...	Kidgway: properties connected
7	...	...	...	...	Other small supplies or wells
11	...	...	...	...	Properties connected to main supply
36	...	...	...	...	Properties connected
22	...	...	...	...	Other small supplies or wells
8	...	...	...	...	Properties connected to main village supply
12	...	...	...	...	Other private supplies
8	...	...	...	...	Properties connected to spring
2	...	...	...	...	Salcombe Regis -

APPENDIX 'D'

INSPECTIONS OF FOOD PREMISES: 1964

Type of Premises	Number of Premises	Number of Visits
Licensed Hotels	12	17
Private Hotels	31	-
Guest Houses	46	2
Restaurants and Cafes	17	19
Fish and Chip Shops	2	2
Butchers	12	6
Bakers and Confectioners	8	14
Dairies	5	2
Fishmongers	3	6
Grocers and General Provisions	30	22
Greengrocers	7	2
School Canteens and Boarding Schools	5	1
Mobile Shops	2	1
Public Houses (excluding Hotels with Licences)	16	2
Market (Butcher; two Greengrocers)	3*	9

* Stalls

Number of Statutory Notices served	1
Prosecutions under Section 2, Food and Drugs Act 1955	2 **

** Fines imposed :

Cockroach in loaf	£20 and costs
Foreign body in loaf ...	£50 and costs

UN SOUND FOOD : 1964

Examined and Condemned on Voluntary Surrender for Destruction

	lbs.
(a) Meat and Meat Products	557
(b) Fruit and Vegetables	634
(c) Fish and Fish Products	161

A refrigerated display cabinet, which failed on two occasions, involved the contamination of many products totalling approximately 263 lbs.

INSPECTIONS OF FOOD PREMISES, 1932

Type of Premises	Number of Premises	Number of Visits
Licensed Hotels	...	17
Private Hotels	...	-
Guest Houses	...	2
Restaurants and Cafes	...	19
Fish and Fish Shops	...	2
Butchers	...	6
Bakery and Confectionery	...	14
Dairies	...	2
Fishmongers	...	6
Grocers and General Provisioners	...	22
Greengrocers	...	2
School Canteens and Boarding Schools	...	1
Mobile Shops	...	1
Public Houses (excluding Hotels with Licences)	...	2
Markets (Borough; two Greengrocers)	...	3

* Details

Number of Statutory Notices served	...	1
Prosecutions under Section 2, Food and Drugs Act 1922	...	2
as Times imposed:		
Cookhouse in loss	...	£20 and costs
Foreign body in loss	...	£20 and costs

UNFOOD FOOD : 1932

Examined and Confirmed on Voluntary System for Destruction

Type	(a) Meat and Meat Products	(b) Fruit and Vegetables	(c) Fish and Fish Products
...
...
...

A refrigerated display cabinet, which failed on two occasions, involved the destruction of many products totalling approximately £25 lbs.

APPENDIX 'E'

HOUSING

(1) IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

The summaries show the progress made from 1959, when the standard grant scheme started, to 31st December, 1964. It will be noted that the amount paid in respect of discretionary grants during 1964 was higher than in any previous year, and the number of standard grants was lower than in other years.

DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

Applications, Approvals, and Grants Paid
under Section 30 of the Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958

Year	Applications		Completions and Grants Paid	
	Received	Approved	Dwellings Completed	Grants Paid
				£
1959	6	5	8	1,550
1960	8	7	1	400
1961	8	7	11	3,240
1962	13	13	8	2,388
1963	4	6	7	2,616
1964	11	11	14	4,534
	50	49	49	14,728

STANDARD GRANTS

Applications, Approvals, and Grants Paid
under the House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959

Year	Applications		Completions and Grants Paid; and Standard Amenities Installed						
	Received	Approved	Dwellings Completed	Fixed Bath	Wash-hand Basin	Hot Water	Water Closet	Food Storage	Grants Paid
									£
1959	12	10	1	1	1	1	-	-	105
1960	22	21	18	17	18	17	4	5	1,402
1961	14	17	17	15	17	17	7	9	1,742
1962	17	11	7	7	7	6	6	5	902
1963	19	16	18	16	16	16	9	8	1,570
1964	10	8	13	7	11	11	9	7	1,104
	94	83	74	63	70	68	35	34	6,825

(2) BUILDING PROGRAMMERate of Building and Conversions :Ten Years : 1955/64

Year		By Local Authority	By Others	Totals	Grand Total
1955	Houses	-	27	27	78
	Bungalows	-	50	50	
	Conversions	-	1	1	
1956	Houses	-	17	17	60
	Bungalows	-	38	38	
	Conversions	-	5	5	
1957	Houses	6	14	20	86
	Bungalows	-	53	53	
	Conversions	-	13	13	
1958	Houses	-	12	12	72
	Bungalows	-	49	49	
	Conversions	-	11	11	
1959	Houses	24 (Flats)	34 (21 Flats)	58	114
	Bungalows	-	52	52	
	Conversions	-	4	4	
1960	Houses	-	35 (21 Flats)	35	87
	Bungalows	-	42	42	
	Conversions	-	10	10	
1961	Houses	18 (Flats)	23	41	101
	Bungalows	-	52	52	
	Conversions	-	8	8	
1962	Houses	76 (6 Flats)	32 (4 Flats)	108	177
	Bungalows	-	60	60	
	Conversions	-	9	9	
1963	Houses	9 (9 Flats)	9 (1 Flat)	18	76
	Bungalows	-	46	46	
	Conversions	-	12	12	
1964	Houses	8 (8 Flats)	12	20	109
	Bungalows	-	63	63	
	Conversions	-	26	26	
TOTALS	Houses	141	215	356	960
	Bungalows	-	505	505	
	Conversions	-	99	99	

N.B. Houses include flats where they are new erections; otherwise flats are included under conversions.

APPENDIX 'F'

THE OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

(a) Registrations and General Inspections

	Total Number of Premises registered at 31.12.64.	Number of Registered Premises visited in 1964
Offices	41	5
Retail Shops	123	37
Wholesale Shops; Warehouses	1	-
Catering Establishments open to the Public; Canteens	5	1
Fuel Storage Depots	2	-
TOTALS	172	43

(b) Analysis of Persons employed in Registered Premises

Class of Workplace	Number of Persons employed
Offices	196
Retail Shops	539
Wholesale Departments; Warehouses	2
Catering Establishments open to the Public	50
Canteens	-
Fuel Storage Depots	12
TOTAL	799 *

* Males : 313; Females : 486.

THE OFFICE, SHOP AND ALL BY PUBLIC CT. 1962

(a) Registrations and General Inspections

Number of Registered Persons	Total Number of Persons registered at 31.12.62	Office	Retail Shops	Wholesale Shops; Warehouses	Catering Establishments open to the Public	Canteens	Fuel Storage Depots	TOTAL
5	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
-	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
-	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	175	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(b) Analysis of Persons employed in Registered Premises

Number of Persons employed	Class of Employees	Office	Retail Shops	Wholesale Shops; Warehouses	Catering Establishments open to the Public	Canteens	Fuel Storage Depots	TOTAL
136
239
2
50
-
12
737

APPENDIX 'G'

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

(a) INSPECTIONS

Premises	Number on Register	Number of Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(1) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	22	10	-	-
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	47	2	-	-
(3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	-	-	-	-
TOTALS :	69	12	-	-

(b) CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND :

Nil

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

(a) INSPECTIONS

Premises	Number on Register	Number of Inspections	Written Notices	Occurrences Prosecuted
(1) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by local Authorities	22	10	-	-
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the local Authority	47	2	-	-
(3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	-	-	-	-
TOTALS :	69	12	-	-

(b) CASES IN WHICH DIRECTIONS WERE ISSUED :

Nil