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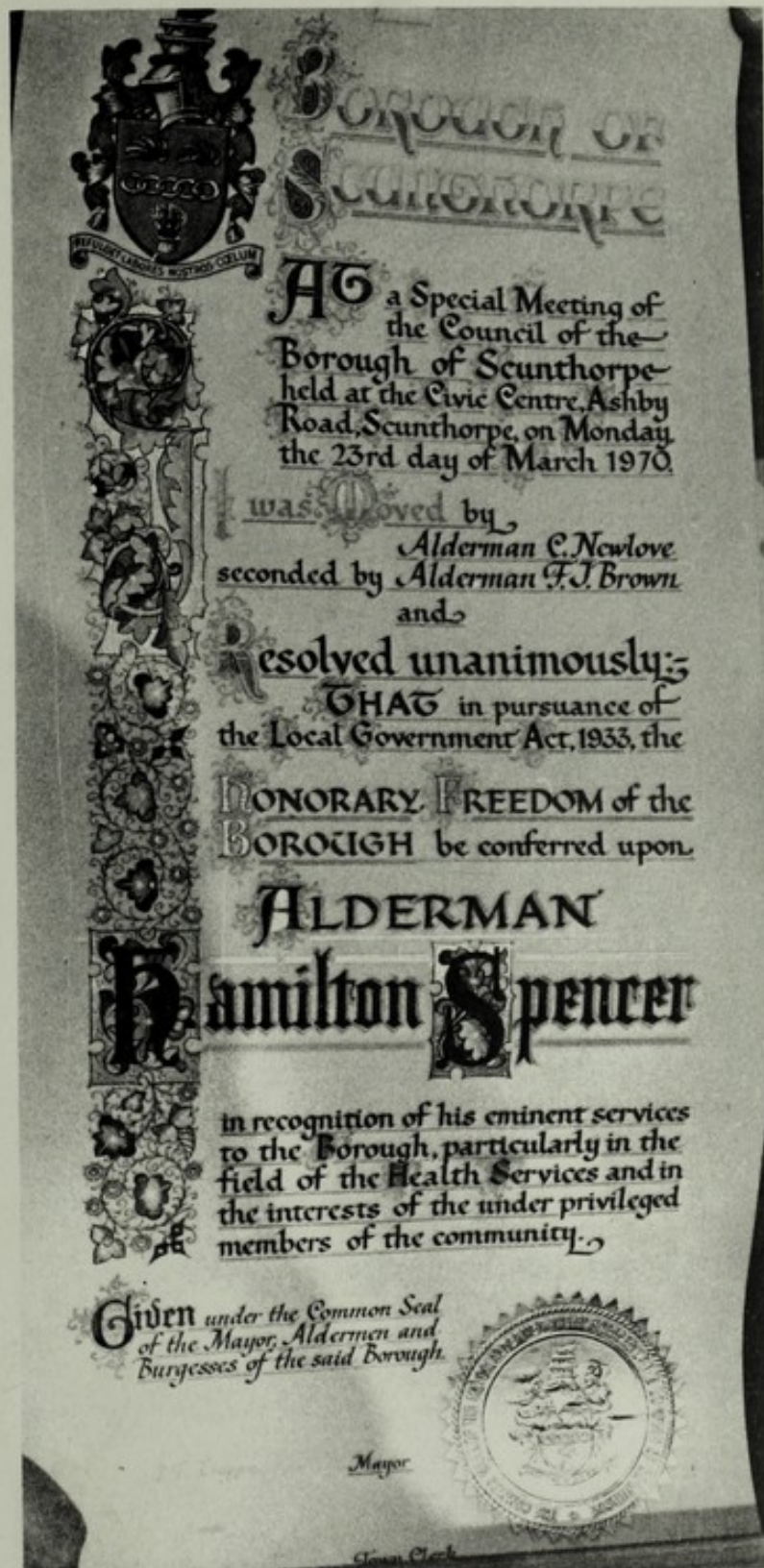
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annual health report



1970



**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1970 FOR THE BOROUGH
OF SCUNTHORPE IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN PARTS
OF LINDSEY**

Chairman - Councillor W. Ruffalo

Vice-Chairman - Councillor E.F. Scott

Alderman J. Parnaby J.P.

Alderman G. Davies

Alderman R. Spencer

Councillor Mrs. L.L. Cropper

Councillor J.J. Day

Councillor M. Fox

Councillor E.D. Haselwell

Councillor W.D. Hart

Councillor G. Nottingham

Councillor R. Park

Councillor P. Pycher

Councillor W.F. Wilson

Co-opted Member - Dr. R.H. Paxton

OF LINDSEY
OF SCUNTHORPE IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN PARTS
IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1970 FOR THE BOROUGH
ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Telephone No. 3453
(Internal Exchange)

(4-54 on extended work) (M.F.S. 4507 H. 11-11-11)

Medical Officer of Health and Medical Referee to the Borough Council

S. CHILDS, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.M., D.F.R.S. & H. (M.P.A.)
(Home Telephone No. 3587)

Deputy Medical Officer of Health and Deputy Medical Referee to the
Borough Council (M.F.S. 4507 H. 11-11-11)

1970

M.H. PATON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.M., D.F.R.S. & H. (M.P.A.)
(Home Telephone No. 3587)

BOROUGH OF SCUNTHORPE

Additional Medical Officer of Health -

Mayor - Councillor H.H. Skinner J.P. A.V. BERNARD

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

G.O. ALLEN, F.A.P.H.C., M.F.S. 4507 H. 11-11-11
(Home Telephone No. 3587)

Chairman - Councillor O. Duffelen

Vice-Chairman - Councillor W.P. Scott

Alderman L. Hornsby J.P.

Alderman C. Newlove

Alderman H. Spencer

Councillor Mrs. A.I. Cropper

Councillor J.A. Day

Councillor G. Fox

Councillor R.C. Heseltine

Councillor T.G.S. Kent

Councillor C. Nottingham

Councillor R. Ross

Councillor D. Spooner

Councillor W.T. Wilson

Co-opted Member - Dr. R.H. Foxton

MRS. M.A. BASSINIA (Appointed 10.11.70)
ROBERT SYKES
RONALD SYKES

Cleaning Depot Manual Staff

R. HILL - Plant Foreman
F. JOHNSON - General Foreman (Appointed 11.8.70)
78 Workmen

Environmental Health Clerks

MRS. V.E. WELLS (Appointed 10.8.70)
MRS. H. KITCHEN (Appointed 26.7.70)
MRS. E.A. ROBERTS (Appointed 12.1.70)
MRS. J. WILSON (Appointed 21.12.70)

Public Convenience Attendants - a whole-time, 11 part-time

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Telephone No. 3463
(Internal Exchange)

Comforts Avenue,
Scunthorpe,
Lincs.

Medical Officer of Health and Medical Referee to the Borough Crematorium -

S. CHILDS, M.A., M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., D.T.M. and H., D.P.A.
(Home Telephone No. 3867)

Deputy Medical Officer of Health and Deputy Medical Referee to the
Borough Crematorium -

N.D. PATON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., D.T.M. and H.
(Home Telephone No. 2927)

Additional Medical Officer of Health -

A.V. SHEARD, M.B., Ch.B., D.R.C.O.G., D.P.H. (Resigned 30.9.70)

Chief Public Health Inspector -

G.O. ALLEN, F.A.P.H.I., M.Inst. P.C., Cert. Meat Insp.
(Home Telephone No. 5685)

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector -

L.J. HOWSON, A.M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., Cert. Meat Insp.

Public Health Inspectors - Establishment 4

K. ARTIST, A.M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., Cert. Meat Insp., Dip. Shops Act Admin
M. BUTLER, M.A.P.H.I., Dip. P.H.I.E.B., (Resigned 1.3.70)
J.A. PARISH, Dip. P.H.I.E.B., Dip. Smoke Insp. (Appointed 11.5.70)
J.F. ROBINSON, A.M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., Cert. Meat Insp.
D.B. WHITE, A.M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., Cert. Meat Insp.

Pupil Public Health Inspectors - Establishment 2

J. ELVIN
A.S. REED (Qualified 1.12.70) Dip. P.H.I.E.B.

Cleansing Depot Senior Staff

MRS. M.A. BASSINDALE (Appointed 16.11.70)
ROBERT SYKES
RONALD SYKES

Cleansing Depot Manual Staff

R. HILL - Plant Foreman
F. JOHNSON - General Foreman (Resigned 11.9.70)
78 Workmen

Environmental Health Clerks

MISS V.E. FELL (Appointed 10.8.70)
MISS H. KITCHEN (Resigned 26.7.70)
MRS. E.A. ROBERTS (Appointed 19.1.70)
MISS J. SMITHSON (Resigned 31.12.70)

Public Convenience Attendants - 4 whole-time, 11 part-time

Infectious Diseases Nurse

MRS. M. FORD, S.R.N., R.F.N. (Home Telephone No. 4634)

Chief Clerk

F. HENRY, M.R.S.H.

Senior Administrative Assistant

A.G. SIMPSON, D.M.A., M.I.L.G.A. (Resigned 27.9.70)

Senior Male Clerk

P.T. KITCHING, A.M.R.S.H.

Clerical Officers

MRS. N. GREY
J.P.M. SCHERER

Clerks

MRS. J. AKESTER (Part-time - resigned 18.2.70)
MISS J. BARROWCLIFFE
MISS R. BOOTHBY
MRS. C. BRATTEN
MISS H. COLEMAN
MRS. J. CREDLAND (Commenced 5.1.70 - Ceased 7.8.70)
MRS. P. CUTHBERT
MRS. B. DAVIES (Appointed 24.8.70)
MRS. M. DEE
MRS. M. HARRIS (Resigned 15.4.70)
MRS. C. HASSAN (Appointed 17.1.70)
MRS. J. INGALL (Appointed 3.7.70)
L. JACKSON
MRS. B. McCUBBIN (Appointed 9.3.70)
MRS. P. MILNER
MRS. G. NICHOLSON (Part-time from 1.3.70)
MRS. J. ROBINSON
MRS. M. SIDALL
E. TILTMAN

Smoke Control Assistants

MISS D. FIRTH
S. TRENHOLME

Mortuary Assistant

A. COLE

DELEGATED HEALTH AND WELFARE SERVICES STAFF

Assistant Medical Officers of Health

H.L. LAING, L.R.C.S.I., L.R.C.P.I., L.M. ROTUNDA
NORA M. LAING, L.R.C.S.I., L.R.C.P.I.

Area Dental Officers

P.A. BETTS, L.D.S.
MRS. M. CLAYTON, L.D.S., B.D.S.

Dental Officer

J. McCUTCHEON, L.D.S.

Dental Auxiliary

MISS A.L. ROBINSON

Dental Surgery Assistants

MRS. S. ALLINSON
MRS. E.H. DAVIS (Appointed 26.5.70 - Resigned 1.12.70)
MRS. C.A. PATERSON
MRS. N.B. RYSDALE (Appointed 1.2.70)
MRS. D. SPENCER

Health Visitors (Establishment Whole-time 17)

MISS F.B. GISSEL, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert., Group Advisor
MISS N. PARRISH, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert., Group Advisor
MISS D.M. BALE, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
MRS. L.I. BRASIER, S.R.N., H.V. Cert.
MISS W. DAVIS, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
MRS. P. ELLIOTT, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
MRS. G. GALES, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
MRS. J. HUGHES, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
MISS S.E. RANBY, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
MRS. F.O. ROUSE, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. (Part-time)
MRS. H. SHARPLES, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
MRS. G. SUTHERLAND, R.G.N., H.V. Cert. (Part-time)
MRS. A. WELCH, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. (Appointed 28.9.70)

Superintendent Nursing Officer

MRS. G.F. O'REILLY, S.R.N., S.C.M., R.F.N., Q.N.
(Home Telephone No. 66942)

Midwives (Establishment 6)

Tel.No.

MRS. K. BEDELLS, S.C.M.	3767
MRS. M. CODDINGTON, S.R.N., S.C.M.	67968
MRS. R.H. GREEN, S.C.M.	61772
MRS. J.M. O'NEILL, S.R.N., S.C.M.	4321
MRS. E.M. RASHLEIGH, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Part-time)	5122
MRS. F. SNELL, S.C.M. (Resigned 31.5.70)	4465
MRS. C.W. WOOLLEN, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Appointed 20.4.70 Resigned 20.10.70)	

District Nurses (Establishment 17)

R.J. CHIVERS, S.R.N., Q.N.	Burton-on-Stather	694
MRS. S. DOWSON, S.E.N., S.C.M. (Part-time)		61403
MRS. B. FIDLING, S.R.N., Q.N.		66781
MRS. R.B. HARE, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Appointed P/t 20.1.70 Resigned 30.9.70)		
MRS. M.M. HARVEY, S.R.N., Q.N.		66707
MRS. B. HAWKE, S.E.N.		4954
MRS. P.A. HOUGHTON, S.R.N., Q.N.		4154
MRS. E. KIDDLE, S.R.N., Q.N.		61730
MRS. A.J. LYONS, S.R.N., Q.N.		61069
MRS. M. MAJOR, S.R.N., Q.N.		5206
MRS. J. MARPER, S.R.N.	Scawby	378
MRS. J. MELNYK, S.R.N., Q.N.		66979
MRS. P.M. OATES, S.R.N.		2750
MRS. B. PEART, S.R.N., Q.N.		4081
MRS. E. PRIESTMAN, S.R.N., Q.N.		61640
MRS. K. RISPIN, S.R.N., Q.N.		3706
MRS. R.M. TAYLOR, S.R.N., Q.N. (Appointed F/t 19.1.70)		67438
MRS. J. WOAD, S.R.N., Q.N.		5672

Bathing Auxiliaries (Part-time)

MRS. D. HAVERCROFT
MRS. B. MORLEY
MRS. O. PORTER
MRS. M. WILLIAMS

Clinic Nurses

MRS. J. BOYNTON, S.R.N. (Part-time)
MRS. P.A. COLEMAN, S.R.N. (Resigned 6.6.70)
MRS. A. DRINKALL, S.R.N. (Part-time)
MRS. M. FOSTER, S.R.N.
MRS. E.M.E. LAURENCE, S.R.N. (Part-time)
MRS. K.I. McCOURT, S.R.N. (Part-time)
MRS. J. O'FLYNN, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Part-time, Resigned 31.12.70)
MRS. D. OWEN, S.R.N.

Clinic Nurses (Cont'd)

MRS. J. PARKIN, S.R.N. (Appointed P/t 1.6.70)

MRS. J. PLUMTREE, S.R.N. (Part-time)

MRS. F. REVELL, S.E.N.

MRS. K.A. SAUNDERS, S.R.N. (Part-time)

Chiropodists (3)

MISS I.M.T. FRASER, S.R.CH., L.CH., H.CH.D. (Appointed 8.11.70)

J. GARDNER, M.CH.S., S.R.CH.

L. WHITE, M.CH.S., S.R.CH.

C. WHITTAKER, L.CH., S.R.CH. (Resigned 30.4.70)

Speech Therapist

MISS C. COULTHURST (Appointed 1.8.70)

Occupational Therapists

MRS. S.J. BROWN (Resigned 31.3.70)

MRS. P.D.N. JONES (Part-time)

Senior Welfare Officer

A.L. ANDERSON, M.I.S.W., M.R.S.H.

Social Welfare Officer

MRS. D.C. GALE (part-time)

Social Worker/Home Teacher for the Blind

K.H. SMITH

MRS. J.C. WILKINS (Appointed 1.7.70)

Social Worker for the Physically Handicapped

MISS M.E. GRINDELL

Trainee Welfare Officer

P.D. HASSETT

Craft Instructors

MRS. G. BOLT (part-time)

D.F. COOTE (Appointed 19.1.70 - Resigned 31.10.70)

G. CROSS (Part-time)

MRS. E. FRENCH (Part-time)

MRS. P. PARNHAM (Appointed 3.11.70)

MRS. M. SERGEANT (Resigned 13.9.70)

MRS. M.J. STARK (Part-time)

Home Help Organiser

MRS. H. LAVERICK (Home Telephone No. 5535)

Assistant Home Help Organiser

MRS. M. HARRISON

Home Helps

81

Social Workers

MRS. E.F. DEW (up to 31.3.70)

E.A.C. YELL (from 1.10.70)

Welfare Assistant

MRS. D.C. JEFFERSON (Appointed P/t 16.2.70)

Mental Welfare Officers

T. BAKER

T.B. BATTEN, S.R.N., R.M.N., R.M.P.A., C.S.W.

MRS. E.F. DEW (from 1.4.70)

J.K. FOLEY, R.M.N. (Appointed 15.6.70)

E.A.C. YELL (up to 30.9.70)

Welfare Foods Clerk

MRS. B. CUNNINGHAM (Part-time)

School Nurse

MRS. M. WILLSMORE, S.R.N.

Audiometrician

MRS. M.M. O'HARA

Clinic Clerk

MISS M. BURFORD

Vaccination Assistant

MRS. W.J. LOWE, S.R.N. (Part-time)

St. Luke's Junior Training Centre Staff

MRS. D. SHANE, Head Teacher

MISS J.R. PARSONS, Teacher

MISS J.J. ASTBURY, Teacher (Appointed 21.9.70)

MISS A. BAILEY, Teacher

MRS. W.B. BATES, Assistant Supervisor

MRS. V.G. HAGUE, Teacher

MRS. S. LEVY, Assistant Supervisor

MRS. K.J. LOWE, Female Assistant, Special Care Unit (Appointed 10.2.70)

MISS J. O'NEILL, Teacher (Appointed 9.7.70)

MRS. J. RUSSELL, Teacher (Resigned 4.1.70)

MRS. M.A. SMITH, Assistant Supervisor

Attendants on the Aged and Infirm

MRS. J. COWLEY (Appointed 8.6.70)
MRS. M.H. RILEY

Housing Welfare Staff (from 1.4.70)

Housing Welfare Officer

MISS M.B. LEAVER

Wardens

MRS. Y.C. COLLINSON
MRS. J. DAVIES
MRS. P. PIDD
MRS. J. WILLSMORE

Relief Wardens

MRS. K. AITKEN (Appointed 1.4.70)
MRS. H. BRANSON (Appointed 6.7.70)
MRS. E.M. SMART (Appointed 10.7.70)
MRS. G. WALKER (Appointed 6.7.70)

To the Chairman and members of the Health and Welfare Committee:

"Still Thou art blest compared wi me,
The present only toucheth thee,
But och! I backward cast my e'e on prospects drear,
And forward though I canna see I guess and fear."

Robert Burns

The illustration on the cover is that of the citation giving the freedom of the Borough to Alderman Hamilton Spencer. This states that the reason for the honour is

"In recognition of his eminent services to the Borough, particularly in the field of the Health Services and in the interests of the under privileged members of the community."

It is a pleasure to me to give this citation the prominence it deserves in my report and to remark that in this field the recognition is very well merited if due consideration is given to his 35 years or so of continuous service on the Borough Health Committee and his 20 years or so service as its Chairman.

For many years now there have been numerous discussions about various changes which will affect the Health and Welfare department of local authorities. The topics of interest have been four in number; first there is the question of reform of local government, next that of the reform of the local authority boundaries, next there is the question of reform of the National Health Service and lastly there is the question of separating welfare from health and making it a separate discipline.

Reform of the Welfare Services was a relatively late starter in these questions but has been the first to be dealt with under the Local Authority Social Services Act of 1970.

This is the last year in which welfare matters will be dealt with in this report because the new Social Services Act has already transferred delegated welfare to the County Social Services Committee.

Scunthorpe hands over a forward looking, efficient welfare team and organisation which has many services which are not yet available in the rest of the County and the new organisation faces the difficult problem of reducing the services in Scunthorpe to the low level in the rest of the County or of raising the services in the rest of the County to the Scunthorpe level.

Either way the County services require a very great deal of improvement and the only way to achieve this is to spend double, treble or quadruple the present allocation of money on these services immediately. As an illustration the Borough scheme of special ambulances for carrying wheelchair patients can be given. Some years ago Lindsey County Council turned down a Borough scheme to buy special ambulances equipped with special lifts to enable handicapped persons to be loaded while remaining in their own wheelchair. The Borough went ahead with a modified scheme and provided two such vehicles. If the County wish to continue such a service they require some seven vehicles for Scunthorpe and four times the number for the whole of the County. In my opinion twenty-eight such vehicles is a conservative estimate, but even if this were cut to half a large and immediate increase in expenditure is required. Once the ambulances are obtained it will be necessary to build and equip purpose built centres to contain the patients and this again will cause a large and continuing expenditure, because there are no such centres in the County at present other than the Borough 34 High Street scheme.

The new Social Services Act has made it compulsory that the new Welfare Services must be under the control of an independent chief officer responsible directly to the committee and herein lies the greatest hope for future improvement in Lindsey. Up till now welfare has merely been a small section in the County Clerk's department and the foolishness of thinking that a County Clerk has the time, training or interest to be also a good top chief welfare officer has been only too apparent over the last 25 years at least in Lindsey.

Under the Handicapped Childrens Education Act 1970 the classification of ineducable children disappears. All children are deemed to be educable and therefore come under the control of the various education acts. This has meant that the St. Luke's Junior Training Centre, which cared for some seventy children who had been removed from the control of the education acts, has been transferred to the Education Committee from the Health Committee. This change is likely to lead to a new look at the care, treatment and education of these children and should lead to improved conditions for them. The danger in all large scale operations is the dehumanising effect which reduces children to numbers and persons to cases, which is one of the most important criticisms raised against the National Health Service. How many times has the remark been made "the treatment was good but nobody seemed to care" about our nationalised Health Service. It is to be hoped that the same remarks will not become commonplace about the schools which will care for our special children.

There are fairly firm proposals to alter the National Health Service as constituted under the 1946 Act. These proposals are not as yet completely clear but it now appears that in 1974 the office and appointment and the department of the Medical Officer of Health will disappear and all the medical, dental and nursing staff, including Health Visitors, will transfer to a new Health Board which will take over from the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board and will be the Board for the whole of Lincolnshire. The Sheffield Regional Hospital Board will, or should, disappear. This change will certainly be to the advantage of Lincolnshire which has had to take a very low priority rating for all its promised schemes and which will start off so far as Scunthorpe is concerned with too little of everything except promises.

Believe it or not the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board after around 25 years of control has not yet provided a V.D. Clinic at the hospital but still uses Parkinson Avenue Clinic despite repeated reports over many years that this clinic space was urgently required for other purposes and that the present V.D. Clinic was a disgrace to the town. The number of baby beds available in Scunthorpe is still one of the lowest in the country when related to the number of babies in the area, and in my opinion is the main cause of the persistent adverse infant mortality rate in the Borough. I have for years suggested to our distant and disinterested Board that the infant mortality rate will improve as soon as more baby beds, adequately staffed and properly used, are made available. Similar remarks apply to the number of geriatric beds available.

There are also now fairly firm proposals for the reorganisation of local government also to take place in 1974. Under these proposals Scunthorpe Borough and its boundary and its councillors vanish, also the counties and county boroughs of Lindsey, Holland, Kesteven, Grimsby and Lincoln City vanish along with their boundaries and councillors and are replaced by a new area County Council. These changes are liable to upset Scunthorpe because the money which has gone into making our town the pleasant place it is will be going into other hands where different views as to its use will dilute it and probably spread it more thinly over a wider area.

All the services of the department including the delegated ones are continuing to develop and improve, but the Health Centre projects are continuing to make little progress possibly because of the attitude

the County Council appears to have taken over a minor disagreement between myself and the County Clerk on a question of fact at a committee meeting. Last year I remarked on this minor point of disagreement which has been allowed to interfere with the relations between the Borough and County Councils to such an extent that the County Council refuses to meet the Borough Health Committee to discuss anything at all. It appears to me to be unlikely that any progress can be made amicably on Health Centres while this attitude persists and the changes in local government are now so near that a large project such as this might be better left to the new authority responsible which will at least be expected to start off with the advantage of being on speaking terms with itself.

S. Childs
Medical Officer of Health.

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LOCAL STATISTICAL INFORMATION

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Area of the Borough	7,695 acres
Population	69,660
Population Density	60
Number of Inhabited Houses	22,644
Density of Population per acre	5.82
Rateable Value	
Product of any	
Live Births:-	

A LOCAL STATISTICAL INFORMATION

Number (a) Legitimate	N. 577, F. 530	
(b) Illegitimate	N. 46, F. 59	1,172
Rate per 1,000 population		16.8
Illegitimate live births percent of total live births		0.96
Still Births:-		
Number (a) Legitimate	N. 10, F. 11	
(b) Illegitimate	N. -, F. -	21
Rate per 1,000 total live & stillbirths		17.60
Total live and stillbirths		1,193
Infant Deaths (deaths under 1 year)	N. 15, F. 11	26
Infant Mortality Rates:-		
Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births		20.48
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births		19.68
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births		28.57
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 live births)		12.6
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 live births)		11.92
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths under one week combined per 1,000 total live and stillbirths)		29.34
Maternal Mortality (including abortion)		
Number of deaths		147
Rate per 1,000 total live and stillbirths		0.10

A LOCAL STATISTICAL INFORMATION

STATISTICS SUMMARISED FOR 1970

	Scunthorpe	England and Wales
Area of the Borough	7,895 acres	
Population	69,660	
Population Decrease	60	
Number of Inhabited Houses	22,644	
Density of Population per Acre	8.82	
Rateable Value	£5,646,956	
Product of Penny Rate	£23,225	
Live Births:-		

Number (a) Legitimate	M. 537, F. 530		
(b) Illegitimate	M. 46, F. 59	1,172	
Rate per 1,000 population		16.8	16.0
Illegitimate Live Births percent of total live births		8.96	8

Still Births:-

Number (a) Legitimate	M. 10, F. 11		
(b) Illegitimate	M. -, F. -	21	
Rate per 1,000 total live & stillbirths		17.60	13

Total live and stillbirths 1,193

Infant Deaths (deaths under 1 year)			
M. 13, F. 11,	24		

Infant Mortality Rates:-

Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births	20.48	18
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	19.68	17
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	28.57	26

Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 live births)	12.8	12
---	------	----

Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 live births)	11.95	11
--	-------	----

Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths under one week combined per 1,000 total live and stillbirths)	29.34	23
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Maternal Mortality (including abortion)

Number of deaths	-	147
Rate per 1,000 total live and stillbirths	-	0.18

WEATHER INFORMATION 1970

SUNSHINE

Total hours for year 1445.4 hours
 Highest monthly figure June 258.8 hours
 Sunniest days June 18th & 21st 15.5 hours

RAINFALL

Total for year 24.88 inches
 Number of wet days 180 days
 Wettest month November 4.25 inches
 Dryest month May 0.52 inches

TEMPERATURE - in degrees centigrade

Month	Average Maximum	Month	Average Minimum	Month	Average at 9.00 a.m.
January	5.6	January	0.83	January	2.4
February	5.5	February	- 0.06	February	1.7
March	6.9	March	- 0.40	March	2.1
April	10.1	April	2.07	April	5.8
May	17.7	May	8.00	May	12.1
June	21.2	June	10.07	June	15.8
July	19.8	July	11.02	July	14.9
August	21.7	August	11.06	August	15.1
September	19.1	September	9.07	September	13.2
October	14.4	October	6.02	October	8.1
November	9.7	November	3.05	November	5.7
December	7.0	December	1.04	December	3.9

Warmest month August 21.7°C
 Coldest month March - .04°C
 Highest temperature July 7th 28.0°C
 Lowest temperature January 7th - 9.4°C
 Lowest grass temperature January 7th - 12.2°C
 Air frost recorded on 47 days
 Ground frost recorded on 78 days

The Borough does not keep records relating to the incidence of poor visibility owing to Fog etc.

NUMBERS REGISTERED AS UNEMPLOYED AT THE SCUNTHORPE OFFICE
OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT AND PRODUCTIVITY

The following table gives the monthly average figure of the number of unemployed registered.

	<u>Men</u>	<u>Women</u>	<u>Total</u>
January	960	333	1293
February	1015	445	1460
March	1022	491	1513
April	1119	509	1628
May	1016	501	1517
June	917	360	1277
July	775	322	1097
August	755	439	1194
September	772	453	1225
October	724	230	954
November	824	275	1099
December	918	295	1213

<u>Total</u>	<u>Men</u>	<u>Women</u>	
-	-	-	Syphilis (early)
-	-	-	Syphilis (late)
49	24	25	Gonorrhoea
74	38	36	Other conditions
<u>123</u>			<u>Total</u>

NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE - NEW CLAIMS

Monthly Totals

January	-	4,605
February	-	1,884
March	-	1,591
April	-	1,537
May	-	1,847
June	-	1,137
July	-	1,194
August	-	1,277
September	-	1,565
October	-	2,220
November	-	1,649
December	-	1,430

VENEREAL DISEASES

The following table shows the number of persons residing in Scunthorpe who attended the clinic during 1970

		<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
January	Syphilis (early)	-	-	-
February	Syphilis (late)	-	-	-
March	Gonorrhoea	34	15	49
April	Other conditions	56	18	74
May	Total			<u>123</u>

WOODLANDS CREMATORIUM

Cremation of people formerly resident
in the Borough

Males

Females

Total

254

167

421

Cremation of people formerly non-resident
in the Borough

246

163

409

830

PUBLIC MORTUARY

The Borough owns and maintains a public mortuary sited adjacent to the Police Station and Courts. 121 bodies were received during the year and 114 post-mortem examinations were performed and also 3 post-mortems carried out by the Home Office Pathologist.

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS

Year	Population estimate to middle of each year	Area in Acres	Density (persons per acre)	Number of Inhabited Houses	BIRTHS		DEATHS				Notified Infectious Disease	Notifications of Tuberculosis	Deaths from Cancer	Cancer Death Rate per 1,000 Population
					Number	Rate per 1,000 Population	Under 1 yr. of age		At all ages					
							Number	Rate per 1,000 Live Births	Number	Rate per 1,000 Population				
1921	27,790	7,961	3.49	5,531	906	32.60	77	86.00	308	11.00	391	79	18	.647
1926	32,820	7,961	4.12	6,457	678	20.60	31	45.00	268	8.20	509	81	30	.914
1931	33,990	7,895	4.30	7,548	616	18.10	51	83.00	349	10.20	431	65	34	1.000
1936	38,740	7,895	4.90	9,970	712	18.30	40	56.10	360	9.20	377	83	37	.959
1941	45,840	7,895	5.80	12,450	855	18.65	37	43.07	408	8.90	1,082	59	44	.959
1946	48,960	7,895	6.20	12,558	1,009	20.60	30	29.73	424	8.66	825	77	70	1.429
1951	54,030	7,895	6.84	15,081	1,030	19.06	28	27.18	474	8.77	2,054	49	61	1.129
1956	58,760	7,895	7.44	17,999	1,093	18.60	29	26.53	496	8.44	1,215	28	70	1.191
1957	59,490	7,895	7.54	18,384	1,154	19.39	28	24.26	517	8.69	769	34	100	1.681
1958	60,700	7,895	7.69	18,783	1,164	19.18	30	25.77	554	9.13	1,635	32	107	1.763
1959	61,840	7,895	7.83	19,208	1,236	19.99	32	25.89	517	8.36	550	22	96	1.552
1960	63,090	7,895	7.99	19,739	1,288	20.42	28	21.74	545	8.64	441	19	101	1.600
1961	66,970	7,895	8.46	20,153	1,351	20.23	38	28.13	591	8.85	1,391	16	102	1.527
1962	68,130	7,895	8.63	20,450	1,445	21.21	37	25.61	570	8.37	447	23	95	1.394
1963	68,890	7,895	8.73	20,899	1,368	19.86	35	25.58	592	8.59	1,570	21	112	1.622
1964	69,600	7,895	8.82	21,082	1,463	21.02	33	22.56	572	8.22	833	19	115	1.652
1965	70,180	7,895	8.89	21,559	1,360	19.38	38	27.94	624	8.89	1,470	21	113	1.610
1966	70,980	7,895	8.99	22,048	1,331	18.75	30	22.54	610	8.59	1,572	15	121	1.70
1967	71,010	7,895	8.99	22,097	1,277	17.98	30	23.49	607	8.55	816	23	131	1.84
1968	69,760	7,895	8.84	22,099	1,320	18.92	27	20.45	651	9.33	1,131	7	140	2.01
1969	69,720	7,895	8.83	22,292	1,294	18.56	30	23.18	649	9.31	605	11	113	1.62
1970	69,660	7,895	8.82	22,644	1,172	16.8	24	20.48	672	9.65	1,986	14	131	1.88

POPULATION OF THE BOROUGH

The Registrar-General's estimate of the mid-year population of the Borough in 1970 was 69,660, a decrease of 60 from the mid-year estimate for 1969. As the natural increase in population was 521 during the year. - this figure represents the difference between the number of births and the number of deaths - it is clear that according to the Registrar-General's calculations there was a net migratory loss during 1970 of 581 compared with 685 during 1969. It would appear that the exodus of people from Scunthorpe Borough to other parts continued during 1970 but at a slightly slower rate.

The birth rate for Scunthorpe fell considerably during 1970 and, when allowance has been made for the fact that the proportion of women of child bearing age is slightly higher in Scunthorpe than in the rest of the country, it is seen that the birth-rate in Scunthorpe is now only just above the national average.

The illegitimate birth-rate, expressed as a percentage of the total birth-rate, fell from 10.58% in 1969 to 8.96% in 1970 but this is still above the national average of 8%.

Year	Population	Births	Deaths	Marriages	Divorces	Registrar-General's estimate
1960	111,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1961	112,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1962	113,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1963	114,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1964	115,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1965	116,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1966	117,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1967	118,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1968	119,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1969	120,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55
1970	121,5	12,55	12,0	1,115	1,115	12,55

BIRTHS IN THE BOROUGH OF SCUNTHORPE

Year	Total Births	Recorded Birth Rate	Registrar-General's Comparability Factor	Standardised Birth-rate	Rate per 1,000 England and Wales	Ratio of local adjusted birth rate to National Rate
1956	1,093	18.60	0.94	17.48	15.7	1.11
1957	1,154	19.39	0.93	18.04	16.1	1.12
1958	1,164	19.18	0.93	17.84	16.4	1.09
1959	1,236	19.99	0.93	18.59	16.5	1.13
1960	1,288	20.42	0.93	18.99	17.1	1.11
1961	1,351	20.23	0.91	18.41	17.4	1.06
1962	1,445	21.21	0.91	19.30	18.0	1.07
1963	1,368	19.68	0.97	19.23	18.2	1.06
1964	1,463	21.02	0.97	20.39	18.4	1.10
1965	1,360	19.38	0.97	18.8	18.0	1.05
1966	1,331	18.75	0.97	18.19	17.7	1.03
1967	1,277	17.98	0.97	17.44	17.2	1.02
1968	1,320	18.92	0.97	18.3	16.9	1.08
1969	1,294	18.56	0.97	18.0	16.3	1.11
1970	1,172	16.82	0.97	16.3	16.0	1.02

VITAL STATISTICS 1921 - 1970

Year	Population	Increase of Population over previous year	No. of live births	No. of deaths	Natural increase (births - deaths)	Migratory increase
1921	27,790	-	-	-	-	-
1922	28,530	740	729	278	451	289
1923	29,420	890	725	293	432	458
1924	30,970	1,550	786	324	462	1,088
1925	31,430	460	743	274	469	-9
1926	32,820	1,390	678	268	410	980
1927	33,050	230	606	321	285	-55
1928	31,660	-1,390	648	238	410	-1,800
1929	31,880	220	651	350	301	-81
1930	31,880	0	732	327	405	-405
1931	33,990	2,110	616	349	267	1,843
1932	34,190	200	591	325	266	-66
1933	34,590	400	553	359	194	206
1934	35,710	1,120	591	320	271	849
1935	37,710	2,000	750	340	410	1,590
1936	38,740	1,030	712	360	352	678
1937	40,270	1,530	812	394	418	1,112
1938	42,000	1,730	853	404	449	1,281
1939	43,940	1,940	923	388	535	1,405
1940	45,680	1,740	980	437	471	1,269
1941	45,840	160	855	408	447	-287
1942	44,990	-850	882	391	491	-1,341
1943	44,830	-160	970	389	581	-741
1944	45,750	920	1,098	395	703	217
1945	46,010	260	968	404	564	-304
1946	48,960	2,950	1,009	424	585	2,365
1947	50,220	1,260	1,163	415	748	512
1948	51,100	880	1,088	431	657	223
1949	52,030	930	1,022	445	577	353
1950	54,090	2,060	1,008	444	564	1,496
1951	54,030	-60	1,030	474	556	-616
1952	54,930	900	1,039	422	617	283
1953	55,850	920	1,060	484	576	344
1954	56,520	670	1,042	543	499	171
1955	57,440	920	997	468	529	391
1956	58,760	1,320	1,093	496	597	723
1957	59,490	730	1,154	517	637	93
1958	60,700	1,210	1,164	554	610	600
1959	61,840	1,140	1,236	517	719	421
1960	63,090	1,250	1,288	545	743	507
1961	66,790	3,700	1,351	591	760	2,940
1962	68,130	1,340	1,445	570	875	465
1963	68,890	760	1,368	592	776	-16
1964	69,600	710	1,463	572	891	-181
1965	70,180	580	1,360	624	736	-156
1966	70,980	800	1,331	610	721	-79
1967	71,010	30	1,277	607	670	-640
1968	69,760	-1,250	1,320	651	669	-1,919
1969	69,720	-40	1,294	649	645	-685
1970	69,660	-60	1,193	672	521	-581

DEATHS

672 deaths of Scunthorpe citizens occurred during 1970, compared with 649 during 1969, giving a crude or recorded rate of 9.65 deaths per 1,000 inhabitants and a standardised, adjusted or corrected rate of 13.99 deaths per 1,000 inhabitants. The ratio of the crude to the standardised rate is the Registrar-General's comparability factor; and indicates the higher proportion of younger people in the population of Scunthorpe than in the country at large. The standardised rate may be directly compared with the rate for the whole country of 11.7 deaths per thousand inhabitants. To reverse the calculations, the Registrar-General is saying that, if the population of Scunthorpe were made up of the same proportions of young people, middle aged and elderly as the population at large, 974 persons would have died in Scunthorpe and that if, in addition to that hypothetical condition, Scunthorpe were as healthy as the rest of the country, only 815 would have died. The fact that only 672 deaths actually occurred should not make us forget the excess mortality in the hypothetical Scunthorpe of the Registrar-General's figures. Both the local adjusted death rate and its ratio to the national rate are higher than they have ever been before, and though it is only to be expected that the death rate in a busy industrial town should be higher than that of the country at large, there seems no reason why it should be higher than it has been in the past.

The usual preponderance of male deaths was less marked this year, 53% of all deaths being those of males, compared with 59% in 1969. In addition the tendency for male deaths to occur at an earlier age than female deaths, though still marked, was less marked than in former years. 41% of all male deaths occurred below 65 years of age, compared with 46% in 1969 and with 31% of all female deaths in 1970. 33% of all male deaths occurred at 75 or over, compared with 25% in 1969, but 46% of the females who died were 75 or over. Only 5.6% of the men who died this year had attained the ripe old age of 85, compared with 7% in 1969. 16% of the women who died this year had attained that age, compared with 15% in 1969. One lady had attained the age of 102, the first centenarian in Scunthorpe since 1967.

Ischaemic Heart Disease remained the most important single cause of death, though less important than in recent years, 23% of all deaths being due to this condition this year, compared with 25% in 1969 and 26% in 1968. 26% of all male deaths were due to this cause and 19% of all female deaths. The next most important single cause of death, in both males and females was Cerebrovascular Disease, formerly called Vascular Lesions of the Nervous System, which occasioned 10% of all male deaths, 17% of all female deaths and 13% of all deaths. In the case of males. Cancer of the Lung was the third most important single cause of death, while in the case of females 'Other Diseases of the Circulatory System' was the third most important. In both males and females 'Other Forms of Heart Disease' took fourth place.

If the Registrar-General's causes are grouped into categories, Heart Disease, with 201 deaths, is as usual the most important, followed by Cancer with 131 deaths, Cerebrovascular Disease with 88 deaths and Respiratory Disease with 68 deaths in their usual order of importance. 'Accident' was given as the cause of death in 42 cases, 13 of which were concerned with motor vehicles. The previously highest total of deaths due to accident was 35 in 1968 when 18 were due to motor vehicle accidents. The number of suicides was down slightly, from 6 in 1969 to 3 in 1970.

DEATHS IN THE BOROUGH OF SCUNTHORPE

Year	Total Deaths	Recorded Death Rate	Registrar-General's Comparability Factor	Standardised Death Rate	Rate per 1000 (England and Wales)	Ratio of Local Adjusted Death Rate to National Rate
1955	466	8.15	1.36	11.08	11.7	0.95
1956	496	8.44	1.48	12.49	11.7	1.07
1957	517	8.69	1.49	12.95	11.5	1.13
1958	554	9.13	1.49	13.60	11.7	1.16
1959	517	8.36	1.49	12.46	11.6	1.07
1960	545	8.64	1.49	12.87	11.5	1.12
1961	591	8.85	1.56	13.81	12.0	1.15
1962	570	8.37	1.56	13.06	11.9	1.10
1963	592	8.59	1.51	12.97	12.2	1.06
1964	572	8.22	1.51	12.41	11.3	1.10
1965	624	8.89	1.48	13.16	11.5	1.14
1966	610	8.59	1.49	12.80	11.7	1.09
1967	607	8.55	1.47	12.57	11.2	1.12
1968	651	9.33	1.48	13.81	11.9	1.16
1969	649	9.31	1.46	13.59	11.9	1.14
1970	672	9.65	1.46	13.99	11.7	1.20

REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S FIGURES FOR
CAUSES OF DEATH DURING 1970

Cause Number.		Males	Females	Total
B4	Enteritis and other Diarrhoeal Diseases	1	-	1
B6(2)	Other Tuberculosis		1	1
B18	Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases	1	-	1
B19(1)	Malignant Neoplasm, Buccal Cavity etc.	2	-	2
B19(2)	" " Oesophagus	2	-	2
B19(3)	" " Stomach	7	1	8
B19(4)	" " Intestine	11	8	19
B19(5)	" " Larynx	3	-	3
B19(6)	" " Lung, Bronchus	35	4	39
B19(7)	" " Breast	-	14	14
B19(8)	" " Uterus	-	3	3
B19(9)	" " Prostate	6	-	6
B19(10)	Leukaemia	7	2	9
B19(11)	Other Malignant Neoplasms	14	21	35
B21	Diabetes Mellitus	1	4	5
B26(1)	Other Endocrine etc. Diseases	-	1	1
B23	Anaemias	1	2	3
B24	Meningitis	1	-	1
B46(4)	Multiple Sclerosis	-	1	1
B46(5)	Other Diseases of Nervous System	2	3	5
B26	Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	1	4	5
B27	Hypertensive Disease	3	3	6
B28	Ischaemic Heart Disease	93	59	152
B29	Other forms of Heart Disease	21	23	44
B30	Cerebrovascular Disease	36	52	88
B46(6)	Other Diseases of Circulatory System	13	26	39
B31	Influenza	4	3	7
B32	Pneumonia	11	14	25
B33(1)	Bronchitis and Emphysema	20	12	32
B46(7)	Other Diseases of Respiratory System	6	5	11
B34	Peptic Ulcer	2	-	2
B36	Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	2	-	2
B37	Cirrhosis of Liver	-	2	2
B46(8)	Other Diseases of Digestive System	4	2	6
B38	Nephritis and Nephrosis	4	4	8
B39	Hyperplasia of Prostate	2	-	2
B46(9)	Other Diseases, Genitro-urinary System	2	3	5
B46(11)	Diseases of Musculo-skeletal System	-	3	3
B42	Congenital Anomalies	6	3	9
B43	Birth Injury, Difficult Labour etc.	1	5	6
B44	Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality	3	3	6
B45	Symptoms and Ill Defined Conditions	2	5	7
BE47	Motor Vehicle Accidents	10	3	13
BE48	All Other Accidents	17	12	29
BE49	Suicide and Self-inflicted Injuries	2	1	3
BE50	All Other External Causes	-	1	1
Total		359	313	672

AGE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION OF CAUSES OF DEATH BY REGISTRAR GENERAL RETURNS OF 50 GROUPS 1970

Cause Number	0-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85-94	95+	Total
B4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
B6(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
B18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(10)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B19(11)	-	-	-	2	1	3	2	5	1	1	-	14
B21	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	2	4	-	-	21
B46(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
B23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
B24	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
B46(4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B46(5)	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B29	-	-	1	-	1	1	8	19	21	6	10	93
B30	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	9	6	1	7	21
B46(6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	17	10	-	36
B31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	6	-	13
B32	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	1	-	4
B33(1)	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	4	5	1	-	11
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	5	3	-	20
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	1	-	12

INFANT DEATHS

Twenty-four infants less than one year old died during 1970, during which year 1,172 live births took place. This gives an infant mortality rate of 20.48 per 1,000 live births, which is a decided improvement on the figure for 1969 of 23.18. Scunthorpe's Infant Mortality Rate has only once been lower, when, in 1968, it was 20.45.

The Infant Mortality Rate for the whole country however is 18, at which figure it has been steady for the past three years. No complacency may be felt in Scunthorpe until the Infant Mortality Rate for the Borough is not only as low as the national average, but considerably lower. Considering Scunthorpe's satisfactory average standard of housing, its general prosperity and, owing to its compactness, the convenience of its services, there seems no reason why its Infant Mortality Rate should not be well below the average. But not only is the Infant Mortality Rate itself above the average, but both the early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate, that is deaths of infants in the first week of life, and the Neo-Natal Mortality Rate, which is made up of deaths of infants within the first four weeks of life, and which together form part of the Infant Mortality Rate, are above the national average as likewise is the Perinatal Mortality Rate.

Though the category shown as causing the largest number of infant deaths is "Congenital Anomalies", prematurity is still the most important factor in the causation of infant mortality, as, in addition to the deaths directly attributed to this condition under the Registrar-General's classification of 'Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality', it is mentioned as a contributory factor in four of the cases of Respiratory Distress and Atelectasis, which the Registrar-General classifies under "Birth Injury, Difficult Labour and other Anoxic and Hypoxic Conditions" and, of the 21 stillbirths in Scunthorpe in 1970, 9 were premature. The stillbirth rate was 17.6, almost the same as the rate, 17.5, for 1969 and considerably above the national rate of 13.

One of the facts which has emerged from the investigations into the effect of smoking is that there is a higher incidence of premature and low birth-weight babies born to mothers who smoke during pregnancy than amongst those born to non-smokers. It is thus earnestly requested that all women who smoke should seriously consider stopping smoking when they are pregnant. If a woman who smokes is planning a pregnancy, she should give up smoking before the date of conception. It would appear that smoking has a deleterious effect not only on the smoking mother but on her unborn child.

1963	29.5	35.1	30	43	19
1964	28.2	23.55	33	35	12
1965	26.9	33.96	24	47	23
1966	26.3	34.36	29	47	18
1967	25.4	25.42	21	33	12
1968	20.45	30.42	26	41	13
1969	23.0	31.89	23	42	19
1970	20.48	29.34	21	35	18

INFANT MORTALITY

The Infant Mortality Rate is the number of babies under one year old who died during the year, related to the number of live births in the same year. This year twenty-four infants died and this gives a mortality rate of 20.48.

Number of Infants dying in hospital 21

(Scunthorpe General - 9, Maternity Home - 2

Sheffield Hospital - 7, Manor Maternity Home, Walsall - 1

Scartho Road Hospital, Grimsby - 1

West Cumberland Hospital, Hensingham - 1)

Number of Infants dying at home 3

<u>Year</u>	<u>Actual No.</u>	<u>Scunthorpe</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>England & Wales</u> <u>Rate</u>
1956	29	26.53	23.8
1957	28	24.56	23.1
1958	30	25.77	22.5
1959	32	25.89	22.2
1960	28	21.74	21.8
1961	38	28.13	21.4
1962	37	25.61	21.7
1963	35	25.58	21.1
1964	33	22.56	19.9
1965	38	27.94	19.0
1966	30	22.54	18.9
1967	30	23.49	18.3
1968	27	20.45	18.0
1969	30	23.18	18.0
1970	24	20.48	18.0

NEO-NATAL MORTALITY

The Neo-Natal Mortality Rate is the number of babies under four weeks of age who died during the year related to the number of live births in the same year. This year fifteen babies in this age group died, fourteen in the first seven days of life.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Actual No.</u>	<u>Scunthorpe Rate</u>	<u>England and Wales Rate</u>
1956	22	20.12	16.8
1957	18	15.59	16.5
1958	22	18.90	16.2
1959	32	16.18	15.9
1960	28	12.42	15.5
1961	25	16.28	15.3
1962	28	19.38	15.1
1963	22	16.08	14.3
1964	21	14.35	13.8
1965	27	19.85	13.0
1966	19	14.27	12.9
1967	17	13.31	12.5
1968	15	11.36	12.3
1969	24	18.55	12.0
1970	15	12.80	12.0

PERINATAL MORTALITY

This is the ratio of the number of deaths in the first week of life, plus the number of stillbirths, to the total number of live and stillbirths expressed as the number per thousand total births.

<u>Year</u>	<u>England & Wales</u>	<u>Scunthorpe</u>	<u>Still Births</u>	<u>Total Perinatal Deaths</u>	<u>Under 1 week</u>
1956	36.7	43.9	30	48	18
1957	36.2	46.7	37	54	17
1958	35.0	3.2	24	43	19
1959	34.1	38.7	29	49	20
1960	32.8	38.5	35	51	16
1961	32.0	46.6	43	65	22
1962	30.8	40.5	34	60	26
1963	29.3	35.1	30	49	19
1964	28.2	23.55	23	35	12
1965	26.9	33.96	24	47	23
1966	26.3	34.56	29	47	18
1967	25.4	25.42	21	33	12
1968	25.0	30.42	28	41	13
1969	23.0	31.89	23	42	19
1970	23.0	29.34	21	35	14

CAUSES OF INFANT DEATHS

Cause of Death	Sex.	Under 1 day	1 - 7 days	Total under 1 week	1 - 2 weeks	2 - 3 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	Total under 4 weeks	1 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 9 months	9 - 12 months	Total under 1 year	Place of Death.			Coroner
														Mat. Home.	Hospital.	Home.	
Prematurity	M. F.	3 3		3 3				3 3					3 3	1	2 3		
Respiratory Distress and atelectasis	M. F.	1 2	3 3	1 5				1 5					1 5	1 4			
Congenital anomalies	M. F.		1 1	1 1	1 1			2 1	2		1 1		5 2	5 2			
Uraemia	M. F.									1			1	1			
Accident	M. F.									2 1			2 1			2 1 1	2 2 1
Gastro-enteritis	M.								1				1		1		
Totals	M. F.	4 5	1 4	5 9	1 1			6 9	3 3	3 1	1 1		13 11	1 1	10 9	2 1 1	2 2 1

STILL BIRTHS 1970

<u>Cause of Stillbirths</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Diseases and conditions of pregnancy and childbirth	3	1	4
Placental and cord conditions	5	5	10
Congenital malformations of foetus	1	5	6
Diseases of foetus and ill-defined causes	1	-	1
	10	11	21

STILLBIRTHS 1970 TABLE 2

No. in Register	Week Ending	Mother's Age	Gravida	Weight lbs.	Weight ozs.	Place Inst. Dom.	Cause
13	24.1.70	27	2	2	8	1	Anencephalus
15	7.2.70	17	1	6	8	1	Placental Insufficiency
14	31.3.70	31	3	6	7	1	Prematurity Foetal Distress
19	31.3.70	26	2	6	1	1	II Placental Insufficiency Ia Placental Insufficiency Intrauterine Foetal Death Diabetes Mellitus and Mild P.E.T. Intrauterine Infection
16	31.3.70	35	4(2live 1S.B.)	4	8	1	Prematurity
18	31.3.70	42	6(4live 1S.B.)	3	4	1	Ia Placental Insufficiency
21	31.3.70	26	1	5	8	1	Ia Accidental Haemorrhage II Toxaemia of Pregnancy
20	31.3.70	22	2	1	12	1	Ia Placental Insufficiency
22	31.3.70	33	2	8	5	1	Ia Intrauterine Death b Maternal Accidental Haemorrhage
18	6.6.70	34	3	7	13	1	Ia Placental Insufficiency
28	30.6.70	18	1	1	15	1	Ia Anencephalic and Spina Bifida
25	30.6.70	24	4	5	9	1	Ia Placental Insufficiency b Anaemia due to Epistaxis
26	30.6.70	24	3	6	15	1	Ia Accidental Haemorrhage
23	30.6.70	22	2	2	-	1	Ia Anencephalic Foetus
20	18.7.70	23	2	7	-	1	Ia Placental Infarction
30	30.9.70	25	10(4live 5misc)	7	-	1	Ia Anencephaly. Spina Bifida b Hydramnios and Prematurity II Mother Rh. Negative
21	11.9.70	38	5(3live 1S.B.)	8	3	1	Ia Placental Insufficiency
32	30.9.70	38	7(1live 1S.B.)	4	4	1	II Post Maturity Ia Placental Insufficiency
33	30.9.70	20	4(1live 2misc) 2S.B.)	2	10	1	Ia Concealed Accidental Haemorrhage
25	21.11.70	18	1	0.450 K.G.	1	1	Ia Acute Hydramnios b Anencephaly

CASES OF MALFORMATIONS NOTIFIED 1970

Congenital Malformation	Number Detected		Date of Birth	Sex	Mothers Age	Gravida	Total
	At Birth	After Birth					
Anencephalus	1 S.B. 1 S.B. 1 S.B.		24.1.70 18.11.70 6.12.70	F M F	27 18 17	2 1 1	3
Other specified malformations of Brain or Spinal Cord		1	11.9.69	F	24	2	1
Rectal and Anal Atresia	1		24.9.70	M	23	2	1
Congenital Heart Disease unspecified		1	26.2.70	F	27	3	1
Hypospadias, Epispadias	1	1	15.5.70 2.8.70	M M	20 18	1 1	2
Dislocation of Hip		1	2.1.68	F	29	4	1
Talipes	1		30.10.70	M	19	2	1
Defects of Lower Limb unspecified	1		21.4.70	M	26	5	1
Defects of Skull & Face	1		26.10.70	F	20	3	1
Other defects of Face & Neck	1 1		23.2.70 1.12.70	M F	24 22	2 2	2
<u>TOTAL 14</u>							

CANCER

One hundred and thirty-one deaths occurred from cancer in 1970 which is eighteen more than in 1969, but nine less than in 1968. The trend for the sex-ratio in cancer of the lung in Scunthorpe to increase shown in the past five years continued in 1970. Over the country as a whole, about five men die of lung cancer for every woman who dies of this disease. During the five years up to, and including, 1965, the sex-ratio of this disease in Scunthorpe was average at 4.7 male deaths for female deaths. But in the five years since 1965 the overall ratio has been eight male deaths for every female death and this year the ratio is very nearly nine. No change in circumstances has been observed which would in any way account for this large increase in the sex-ratio even though the search has been extended back 10-15 years to the early fifties, as it has to be, due to the slow development of the condition.

Age and Sex Distribution of Deaths from Cancer

Age	Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach		Malignant Neoplasm, Lung		Malignant Neoplasm Breast		Malignant Neoplasm Uterus	Other Malignant & Lymphatic Neoplasms		Total	
	M	F	M	F	M	F		M	F	M	F
0-24											
25-								2	1	2	1
35-			2			1		1	-	3	1
45-	2		9			3		3	3	14	6
55-	1		9	3		5	1	8	6	18	15
65-	4	1	11	-		3	1	18	8	33	13
75-	-	-	4	1		2	1	6	11	10	15
Total	7	1	35	4	-	14	3	38	29	80	51

CANCER

Year	Malignant Neoplasm Lung Bronchus	Malignant Neoplasm Breast	Malignant Neoplasm Stomach	Malignant Neoplasm Uterus	Other Malignant & Lymphatic Neoplasms	Total	Population of Scunthorpe	Cancer Fatality Rate Per 1,000 Population	Number of Deaths From all Causes	% of Deaths Due to Cancer
1956	20	1	10	3	36	70	58,760	1.19	496	14.11
1957	24	7	15	4	50	100	59,490	1.68	517	19.31
1958	23	2	11	2	69	107	60,000	1.76	554	19.31
1959	22	11	14	5	44	96	61,840	1.55	517	18.57
1960	31	7	9	6	48	101	63,090	1.60	545	18.53
1961	25	4	10	3	60	102	66,790	1.52	591	17.26
1962	26	8	13	6	42	95	68,130	1.39	570	16.67
1963	29	10	13	2	58	112	68,890	1.62	592	18.75
1964	21	10	18	8	58	115	69,600	1.65	572	20.10
1965	30	16	18	1	48	113	70,180	1.61	624	18.11
1966	25	9	16	4	67	121	70,980	1.70	610	19.84
1967	38	9	11	7	66	131	71,101	1.84	607	21.58
1968	42	8	17	2	71	140	69,760	2.01	651	21.51
1969	29	11	6	5	62	113	69,720	1.62	649	17.41
1970	39	14	8	3	67	131	69,660	1.88	672	19.49

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Including Tuberculosis, 1,986 cases of infectious diseases were notified to the Health Department during 1970. This is the second highest number in any year in the history of the Borough. Cases of notifiable infectious disease discovered during the investigation of the notified cases and cases of non-notifiable infectious disease, brought the total of known cases of infectious disease to 3,025. This is the highest number since 1958.

The reason for these high numbers was an epidemic of measles in the autumn of the year. This was rather a disappointment as immunisation against measles had been available since 1968. In 1969 measles notification were the lowest ever and hope was expressed that the immunisation campaign was already beginning to have an effect. The large number in 1970 may be explained by the fact that, in 1968 when the campaign of immunisation was started, the main effort was concentrated on the 4-7 year olds, the most susceptible age group, in the hope of preventing the epidemic due to occur in 1968. But that epidemic, as it began rather earlier than expected, was not prevented, though possibly limited. Thereafter measles immunisation became a routine measure, carried out in most cases when the child was about a year old, as part of the general immunising programme at the clinics. The children who were between 2 and 4 years in 1968 became the most susceptible age group in 1970 largely unimmunised, as attendance at the clinics falls off markedly in the later years of childhood and contact is not regained until the child starts school. But it is clear from the graphs that the 1970 epidemic, though not prevented, was delayed by 3-4 months, sufficient to justify the hope that future epidemics will be prevented if a sufficiently high number of children are routinely immunised at the end of their first year. No child who had definitely been immunised got measles during 1970. Unfortunately there were enough children susceptible in 1970, possibly because the 1968 epidemic had been limited, to fuel a very sharp outbreak. Fortunately few complications occurred. The experience of Nottingham with regard to measles in 1970 was very similar to Scunthorpe's according to an article in the 'Medical Officer' of December, 1970.

The number of cases of infectious hepatitis notified was the highest since this disease became notifiable in 1965, but no deaths occurred. The cases of meningitis were also the highest ever recorded and there was one death. In May a sharp outbreak of influenza, which is not a notifiable disease, was associated with seven deaths, all in elderly people. The death shown in the Registrar-General's Return as caused by 'Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases' was one of erysipelas which is not notifiable.

There was one case of typhoid in a person who had recently returned from a visit to Pakistan. There was no indication that he had become infected in Scunthorpe. Careful supervision was maintained of all persons in his close environment till it might be said with confidence that no spread of the disease had taken place in Scunthorpe.

Eight cases of food poisoning occurred and no connection was discovered between any of these cases. In four cases the causal organism was *Staphylococcus Aureus*, in two cases *Salmonella Typhimurium*, in another case *Salmonella Dublin* and in the last case the organism causing it was not identified.

NOTIFIED INFECTIOUS DISEASES (Corrected) 1961 - 1970

	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970
Scarlet Fever	15	7	40	23	12	5	34	43	92	21
Whooping Cough	53	15	123	80	3	35	161	31	4	76
Measles	1234	271	1224	497	1083	1318	372	700	81	1511
Acute Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paralytic	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Paralytic	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Encephalitis	1	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
Dysentery	56	134	117	209	316	117	167	310	316	243
Food Poisoning	5	6	48	9	5	7	7	13	17	7
Meningitis	1	1	6	7	3	6	5	1	3	9
Malaria	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Typhoid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Respiratory Tuberculosis	14	21	18	13	18	16	19	7	9	11
Non-Respiratory Tuberculosis	2	2	3	4	2	-	4	-	2	3
Infective Hepatitis	-	-	-	-	41	74	43	14	81	103

NOTIFIED INFECTIOUS DISEASES 1970 (corrected in cases of revised diagnosis)

	Under 1 year	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 24	25 & over	Age unknown	TOTAL
Measles	48	159	189	171	344	562	10	4	4	20	1511
Dysentery	24	35	31	5	8	32	12	26	65	5	243
Whooping Cough	13	12	9	4	8	27	1	-	1	1	76
Scarlet Fever	-	-	1	-	-	14	4	1	-	1	21
Food Poisoning	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	7
Infective Hepatitis	-	1	-	3	4	49	13	14	12	7	103
Respiratory T.B.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	9	-	11
Non-respiratory T.B.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	3
Meningitis	-	2	1	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	9
Encephalitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Typhoid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
TOTAL	88	209	233	186	364	685	43	48	97	34	1987

TOTAL MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF ALL KNOWN CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES - 1970

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
Scarlet Fever	1	4	-	-	2	1	1	-	2	13	2	4	30
Pneumonia	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4
Whooping Cough	-	6	7	8	5	2	4	4	20	19	71	30	176
Measles	2	-	2	-	-	7	91	79	232	820	325	86	1644
Dysentery	16	25	18	16	26	25	19	24	36	21	23	22	271
Gastro Enteritis	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	-	1	-	3	-	11
Chicken Pox	-	33	48	9	8	7	7	1	15	2	-	5	135
Mumps	23	71	118	10	6	11	4	2	8	9	9	2	273
Food Poisoning	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	8
Meningitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	1	2	3	-	11
Typhoid Fever	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Influenza	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Scabies	1	15	8	1	5	-	2	-	5	6	3	-	46
Impetigo	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	4
Rubella	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	-	1	-	-	-	8
Infective Hepatitis	25	13	15	28	14	8	6	4	6	5	-	1	125
Observations	10	22	12	44	19	9	23	19	20	36	21	22	257
TOTAL	78	190	228	119	111	76	168	136	352	935	460	172	3025

INFECTIOUS DISEASES - PLAYGROUPS

Total	Rubella	Whooping Cough	Observation	Measles	Mumps	Infective Hepatitis
Berkeley	-	-	-	9	-	-
Bughtric House	-	-	-	5	3	-
Ashby Community Centre	-	-	-	6	-	-
Ashby Church Hall	-	-	-	3	-	-
Avenue Vivian	-	-	-	9	-	-
Church Lane	-	-	-	3	-	-
Lincoln Gardens	-	2	1	4	-	-
Park View Ashby Road	-	2	-	12	-	-
Priory Lane	2	-	-	16	4	1
Riddings	-	-	1	10	-	-
Riddings Community Centre	-	-	-	8	-	-
St. George's	-	-	-	3	-	-
St. Lawrence's	-	-	-	3	-	-
Westcliff	-	-	-	18	-	-
West Common Lane	-	-	-	5	-	-
Total	2	4	2	114	7	1

ANNUAL RETURN OF FOOD POISONING - 1970

1. (a) Food Poisoning Notifications (corrected) as Returned to Registrar General

1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
2	1	5	-	8

(b) Cases Otherwise Ascertained

1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
-	-	-	-	-

(c) Symptomless Excreters

1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
-	-	-	-	-

(d) Fatal Cases

1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
-	-	-	-	-

2. Particulars of Outbreaks

	No. of Outbreaks		No. of Cases		Total No. of cases
	Family Outbreaks	Other Outbreaks	Notified	Otherwise Ascertained	
Agent Identified	-	-	-	-	-
Agent not Identified	-	-	-	-	-

3. Single Cases

	No. of Cases		Total No. of Cases
	Notified	Otherwise Ascertained	
Agent Identified	7	-	7
Agent not Identified	1	-	1

ANNUAL RETURN OF FOOD POISONING - 1970

1. (a) Food Poisoning Notifications (corrected) as Returned to Registrar General

Total	Subtotal	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
1	(b) Cases Otherwise Ascertained	2	1	3	-	6
6	-	-	-	-	-	6
8	(c) Symptomatic Expectorations	-	-	-	-	8
6	-	-	-	-	-	6
6	-	-	2	-	-	2
6	(d) Total Cases	-	2	-	-	2
6	-	-	-	-	-	6
7	-	2	1	1	-	4
41	Particulars of Outbreaks	-	-	-	-	41
52	-	-	-	-	-	52

Agent Identified	No. of Outbreaks			Total No. of cases
	Family Outbreaks	Other Outbreaks	Notified	
Agent not Identified	-	-	2	2
Agent Identified	-	-	2	2

51	-	-	-	-	51
53	Single Cases	-	-	-	53

Agent Identified	Agent not Identified	No. of Cases		Total No. of Cases
		Notified	Otherwise Ascertained	
7	1	7	-	8

Applications for Domestic Heaters and Boilers

Chicago Boilers

Received

Approved

B COMMUNITY HEALTH SECTION

Smoke Control Areas 1979

Number of Applications approved

For conversion.....Area No.8..... 199

Number of payments made

For conversion.....Area No.7 & 8..... 257

Number of visits by Smoke Control Assistants..... 1021

Number of interviews by Smoke Control Assistants... 370

Details of Conversions carried out:-

Electricity..... 29

Gas..... 44

Solid Fuel..... 79

Mixed Appliances..... 6

Central Heating..... 42

Total 200

B COMMUNITY HEALTH SECTION

Clean Air

Applications for Chimney Heights and Boilers

	<u>Chimneys</u>	<u>Boilers</u>
Received	4	4
Approved	4	4
<u>Smoke Control Areas 1970</u>		
Number of Applications approved		
For conversion.....Area No.8.....	189	
Number of payments made		
For conversion.....Areas No.7 & 8.	257	
Number of visits by Smoke Control Assistants.....	1021	
Number of Interviews by Smoke Control Assistants...	370	
Details of Conversions carried out:-		
Electricity	29	
Gas	44	
Solid Fuel	79	
Mixed Appliances	6	
Central Heating	62	
Total	220	

Public Supplies

545

nil

Private Supplies

10

nil

Samples taken by the North Lindsey Water Board are included in the above figures.

Details of Chemical Samples taken throughout the year are shown separately.

SMOKE CONTROL AREAS

OVERALL STATISTICAL INFORMATION AS AT 31st DEC. 1970

Area No.	Acreage	Houses		Total	Date of Confirmation by Ministry	Date of Operation
		Private	Council			
1	313	245	1200	1445	31.5.60	1.6.61
2	1350	2113	-	2113	11.7.61	1.6.62
3	180	961	459	1420	24.7.62	1.6.63
4	96	683	60	743	16.5.63	1.6.64
5	712	1527	1161	2688	24.9.64	1.12.66
6	132	609	332	941	13.2.67	1.3.68
7	212	580	700	1280	24.1.68	1.10.69
Total	2995	6718	3912	10630		
Full Total in Entire Town	7895	13580	8907	22487		
% age Under Smoke Control 31.12.70	38%	49%	44%	47%		
8	390	1232	181	1413	25.4.69	30.9.71

Water Supply

The following information has been supplied by the Borough Engineer:-

(a) Consumption in N.L.W.B. area for year ending 31.12.70

Domestic: 2381,000,000 gallons (estimate) 6.52 million
gallons per day.

Metered: 1587,000,000 gallons (estimate) 4.35 million
gallons per day.

Total: 3968,000,000 gallons (actual) 10.87 million
gallons per day.

Estimated population at 30th June, 1970 (Registrar General) 125,730

Consumption per head per day:-

Domestic: 34.6 gallons (approx)

Metered: 52.0 gallons (approx)

Total: 86.6 gallons

Water Supplies (Domestic)

(1) Number of samples taken for Chemical Examination:-

	<u>Satisfactory</u>	<u>Unsatisfactory</u>
Public Supplies	36	nil
Private Supplies	nil	nil

(2) Number of samples taken for Bacteriological Examination:-

	<u>Satisfactory</u>	<u>Unsatisfactory</u>
Public Supplies	546	nil
Private Supplies	10	nil

Samples taken by the North Lindsey Water Board are included in the above figures.

Details of Chemical Samples taken throughout the year are shown separately.

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS - WATER 1970

MAINS

Ref. No.	CM/R/20	CM/S/1	CM/S/2	CM/S/3
Date taken	13.1.70	11.3.70	11.3.70	11.3.70
Where taken	"Talbot Inn" Earl Street	25 Asterby Road	46 Holgate Road	N.L.W.B. Winterton
<u>Physical Characteristics</u>				
Suspended matter	none	none	none	none
Appearance of a Column 2' long	clear	clear	clear	Clear - Faintly Ye
Taste	normal	normal	normal	normal
Odour	none	none	none	none
<u>Chemical Examination</u>				
Total Solids dried at 180°	518.0	480.0	528.0	620.0
Chlorides in terms of Chlorine	59.0	45.0	49.0	73.0
Equivalent to Sodium Chloride	97.3	74.2	80.7	120.3
Nitrates	none	none	none	none
Nitrates as Nitrogen	7.40	7.45	6.46	1.19
Poisonous Metals	Less than 0.04	Less than 0.04	less than 0.04	less than 0.04
Total Hardness	252.0	214.0	226.0	218.0
Temporary Hardness	206.2	200.0	200.0	116.0
Permanent Hardness	45.8	14.0	26.0	102.00
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 80°F	0.76	0.28	0.48	0.32
Ammoniacal Nitrogen	0.104	0.048	0.040	0.06
Albuminoid Nitrogen	0.080	0.048	0.096	0.06
Free Chlorine	none	none	none	none
Sodium Bicarbonate	-	-	-	-
P.H. Value	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.4
<u>Bacteriological Examination</u>				
B. Coli Test (MacConkeys Bile Salt Lactose Broth)	-	-	-	-
Probable number of Coliform organisms per 100 ml.	-	2	-	-
<u>Remarks</u>	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS - WATER 1970

MAINS

Ref. No.	CM/S/4	CM/S/5	CM/S/6	CM/S/8
Date taken	25.3.70	25.3.70	7.5.70	16.9.70
Where taken	14, West Common Lane	P.H.I. Dept. Cottage Beck	Liberal Club Gilliatt St	3, Mary Street
<u>Physical Characteristics</u>				
Suspended matter	none	none	none	none
Appearance of a column 2' long	clear	clear	clear	clear
Taste	normal	normal	normal	normal
Odour	none	none	none	none
<u>Chemical Examination</u>				
Total solids dried at 180°	472.0	516.0	616.0	656.0
Chlorides in terms of Chlorine	45.0	46.0	82.0	76.0
Equivalent to Sodium Chloride	74.2	75.8	135.0	125.3
Nitrates	none	none	none	none
Nitrates in Nitrogen	7.46	7.44	2.98	2.92
Poisonous Metals	Less than 0.04	Less than 0.04	Less than 0.04	Less than 0.04
Total Hardness	212.0	216.0	220.0	232.0
Temporary Hardness	210.0	205.0	135.0	135.0
Permanent Hardness	2.0	11.0	85.0	97.0
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 80° F	0.32	0.28	0.36	0.24
Ammoniacal Nitrogen	0.040	0.056	0.024	0.080
Albuminoid Nitrogen	0.048	0.040	0.040	0.080
Free Chlorine	none	none	none	none
Sodium Bicarbonate	-	-	-	-
P.H. Value	7.1	7.1	7.6	7.4
<u>Bacteriological Examination</u>				
B. Coli Test (MacConkeys Bile Salt Lactose Broth)	-	-	-	-
Probable number of Coliform organisms per 100 ml.	-	-	-	-
<u>Remarks</u>	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory

Swimming Baths

Samples of water were taken at regular intervals from the Public Baths, also the swimming pools attached to schools. The results are tabulated below:-

	BACTERIOLOGICAL		CHEMICAL	
	SATISFACTORY	UNSATISFACTORY	SATISFACTORY	UNSATISFACTORY
Public Baths	3	-	1	-
Henderson Ave. Junior School	3	-	1	-
John Leggott College	2	-	3	-
Total	8	nil	5	nil

Paddling Pools

Satisfactory

Unsatisfactory

Central Park

3

1

Sheffield Park

2

1

Total

5

2

Public Baths Attendance Figures

The Baths, Entertainments and Catering Officer has supplied the following attendance figures for 1970.

Number of swimmers (excluding school parties) using baths 128,865

Number of swimmers (school parties) using baths 38,279

Number of swimmers (clubs) using baths 10,399

Total 177,543

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS - WATER
SWIMMING BATHS

Ref. No.	CS/S/1	CS/S/2	CS/S/3	CS/S/4
Date Taken	11.3.70	8.7.70	8.7.70	16.9.70
Where Taken	John Leggott College	John Leggott College	Public Baths Large Pool	Henderson Av. Jnr. Sch
<u>Physical Characteristics</u>				
Suspended matter	none	none	none	none
Appearance of a column 2' long	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear
Taste	-	-	-	-
Odour	Slightly Chlorinous	Slightly Chlorinous	Slightly Chlorinous	Slightly Chlorinous
<u>Chemical Examination</u>				
Total Solids dried at 180°	738.0	636.0	1468.0	868.0
Chlorides in terms of Chlorine	132.0	154.0	466.0	208.0
Equivalent to Sodium Chloride	201.2	253.8	768.3	356.0
Nitrates	none	none	none	none
Nitrates as Nitrogen	5.76	15.0	2.50	3.50
Poisonous Metals	Less than 0.04	Less than 0.04	Less than 0.04	Less than 0.04
Total Hardness	-	-	-	-
Temporary Hardness	-	-	-	-
Permanent Hardness	-	-	-	-
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 80° F	1.04	1.00	2.12	1.20
Ammoniacal Nitrogen	0.24	0.200	0.320	0.280
Albuminoid Nitrogen	0.32	0.800	1.20	0.960
Free Chlorine	1.5	0.64	2.50	0.54
Sodium Bicarbonate	-	-	-	-
P.H. Value	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.6
<u>Bacteriological Examination</u>				
B. Coli Test (MacConkeys Bile Salt Lactose Broth)	-	-	-	-
Probable number of coliform organisms per 100 ml.	-	-	-	-
Remarks	Free Cl2 excessive Chlorine Chlorinator Leaking visited by P.H.I.	Satisfactory	The residual chlorine is very high. Should not greatly exceed 0.5p per million water needs changing.	Satisfactory

FOOD AND DRUGS

MILK

The following licences are in force:-

- | | |
|--|-----|
| 1. Dealer's (Pasteuriser's) Licence authorising the use of the special designation "Pasteurised"..... | 2 |
| 2. Dealer's (Steriliser's) Licence authorising the use of the special designation "Sterilised"..... | 2 |
| 3. Dealer's (Pre-packed milk) Licence authorising the use of the special designation "Sterilised"..... | 102 |
| 4. Dealer's (Pre-packed milk) Licence authorising the use of the special designation "Pasteurised"..... | 12 |
| 5. Dealer's (Pre-packed milk) Licence authorising the use of the special designation "Ultra Heat Treated"..... | 5 |

Samples of heat treated milk were taken for testing and analysis throughout the year and details of results follow.

Bacteriological

RESULTS OF SAMPLES OF HEAT TREATED AND UNTREATED MILK

Number of Samples Taken	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Unsatisfactory		
			Methylene Blue	Phosphatase	Turbidity
Homogenised	23	-	-	-	-
Pasteurised	26	7	7	4	-
Sterilised	23	-	-	-	-
Total	72	7	7	4	-

Gerber

Number of Samples Taken	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
Untreated	-	-
Heat Treated	24	-
Total	24	-

All untreated milk is now received at the two dairies in bulk containers.
There is no practical way to sample raw milk and check on individual farms.

ICE CREAM

There are two premises registered for the manufacture of ice cream and 199 premises registered for the storage and sale of this commodity.

During the year, both chemical and bacteriological samples of ice cream were taken. Following are the results:-

Number and type of Samples taken	Grade			
	1	2	3	4
Bacteriological..... 15	9	4	1	1
Chemical..... 5	Satisfactory		Unsatisfactory	
	5		-	

Ice cream samples having a resultant grade of 3 or 4 were subsequently followed up with satisfactory samples.

FOOD SAMPLING (CHEMICAL)

135 informal samples of food and drugs were taken during the year under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955. TWO were unsatisfactory.

ITEM	No.	ITEM	No.
Almond Marzipan	3	Ice Cream	5
Almond Oil	3	Indian Brandee	3
Asprin Tablets	3	Lard	3
1 lb Apples (Foreign)	1	Lemon Flavouring	3
1 lb Apples (Foreign)	1	Lime Juice Cordial	1
Baking Powder	3	Meat & Potato Pie	1
Bamboo Shoots	2	Mercuric Oxide Eye Ointment	3
Beefburgers with Cheese	1	Milk	2
Beef Hamburgers in Gravy	1	Milk Chocolate	1
Beef Pie	1	Milk Chocolate without sugar	1
Bicarbonate of Soda	6	Milk Chocolate - full cream	1
Butter Mints	2	Mixed Fruit	1
Butter-Mint Bon-Bons	1	1 lb Pears - Italian	1
Butter Brazils	1	Pepper - white	3
Camphorated Oil	3	Pork Burgers	1
Cascara Sugrada Tablets	3	Prime Steak in Gravy	1
Castor Oil	3	Sal Volatile	3
Cheese - Cheddar	3	Sausages - Pork	4
Cheese Spread with Tomato	3	Sausage Rolls	3
Cough Mixture	2	Steak & Kidney Pie	1
Cough Syrup	1	Stewed Steak	2
Coreander Powder	2	Sugar	1
Cornish Pasty	3	Sultanas	1
Cream	3	Tincture of Myrrh	3
Crisps - Cheese and Onion	4	Zinc & Castor Oil Cream	3
Currants	1		
Curry Paste	3		
Dates	3		
Fish Cakes	3		
Flour - Plain	2		
Flour - Self Raising	1		
Friars Balsam	3		
Glace Cherries	3		
Glycerine	3		
Ground Dhaniya	2	Total	135

The following table shows the results of the unsatisfactory samples:-

No. of Sample	Nature of Sample	Formal/informal	Report	Action Taken
4590	Ground Dhaniya Powder	Formal	Contained 5.2% of Acid insoluble ash. The sample contained excessive acid insoluble mineral matter.	Stock withdrawn & returned to suppliers.
4525	Sal Volatile BPC	Informal	Sample deficient in Free Ammonia to the extent of 40%	Stock withdrawn & returned to manufacturer

MEAT INSPECTION

Public Abattoir

There is a decrease in the number of beast killed (4746 as against 5701). Also in the number of pigs (9840 as against 12620).

There was a decrease in calves (5 as against 26) and sheep (3619 as against 6765).

Private Slaughterhouse

The number of pigs slaughtered dropped from 2441 to 1721 and the number of sheep from 411 to 290.

Condemnation

There is very little change in the amount of meat condemned for disease other than Tuberculosis and Cysticercus Bovis.

The carcasses condemned were affected with:

Cattle..... 1 - Oedema

Calves..... nil

Sheep..... 1 - Septic Metritis

3 - Dropsy and Emaciation

Pigs..... 6 - Multiple Abscesses

1 - Pyaemia

2 - Emaciation

1 - Icterus

Parts of ten beef carcasses were condemned for tuberculosis and the parts of pig carcasses condemned increased from 74 to 81.

Attention is consistently paid to the detection of cysticercus bovis cysts and the parts of 39 carcasses of beef were noted as having a slight infection. It was not found necessary to submit any of the carcasses to breakdown by refrigeration.

ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED 1970

The following Table shows the number of Animals Slaughtered during 1970

Month	Abattoir				Fishers	
	Beast	Cows	Calves	Sheep	Pigs	
January.....	440	-	-	165	876	42
February.....	375	1	-	177	788	164
March.....	389	-	-	147	745	62
April.....	328	1	-	110	756	22
May.....	456	-	-	74	776	-
June.....	280	-	-	109	480	-
July.....	335	2	1	171	619	-
August.....	374	1	-	346	711	-
September.....	295	1	-	231	725	-
October.....	468	-	-	667	923	-
November.....	500	6	-	862	1016	-
December.....	508	1	4	560	1425	-
TOTAL.....	4748	13	5	3619	9840	290
						1721

UNFIT MEAT SURRENDERED 1970

The following table shows the amount of meat surrendered after examination, giving weight in pounds and the disease or cause of unfitness.

DISEASE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEPT	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
Tuberculosis	208	133	88	45	57	12	47	99	142	214	106	36	1187
Abscesses	1084	701	880	1244	448	527	466	368	744	886	649	739	8736
Arthritis	12	66	62	52	34	22	57	10	87	4	18	145	569
Actinomycosis	-	75	-	50	50	5	-	25	75	50	75	115	520
Injury	-	-	89	-	20	30	25	4	132	-	7	5	312
Cysticercus Bovis	65	25	5	5	5	10	150	35	50	125	90	-	565
Dropsy and Emaciation	180	236	169	-	-	-	-	-	-	240	-	-	825
Fevered	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	-	106	-	190
Septicaemia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	302	302
Decomposition	10	-	-	21	12	28	34	-	47	22	35	10	219
Moribund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inflammation and Pneumonia	318	231	257	330	225	203	323	394	378	358	230	361	3608
Parasitical Infestation	1358	711	544	701	370	1107	1147	859	1105	710	1005	838	10455
Other Conditions	4	44	15	4	9	91	27	28	91	79	70	-	462
	3239	2222	2109	2452	1230	2035	2276	1822	2935	2688	2391	2551	27950

CARCASSES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED 1970

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep	Pigs
Number Killed	4746	13	5	3909	11561
Number Inspected.....	4746	13	5	3909	11561
<u>All Diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticerci:</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned.....	1	-	-	4	10
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned...	1132	-	1	193	690
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci.....	23.9	-	20	0.5	6.0
<u>Tuberculosis only:</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned.....	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned...	10	-	-	-	81
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis.....	0.2	-	-	-	0.8
<u>Cysticercosis:</u>					
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	39	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration.....	-	-	-	-	-

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

Registrations and General Inspections

Class of Premises	No. of Premises Registered during the year	Total No. of Registered Premises at end of year	No. of Registered Premises receiving a general inspection during year
1. Offices	2	197	73
2. Retail Shops	9	512	408
3. Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	-	13	13
4. Catering Establishments open to the Public, Canteens	1	71	38
5. Fuel Storage Depots	-	6	1
Total.....	12	799	533

Number of visits of all kinds by inspectors to registered premises: 713

Analysis of persons employed in Registered Premises by Work Place

Class of Work Place	No. of Persons Employed
1. Offices	1110
2. Retail Shops	2658
3. Wholesale Departments, Warehouses	168
4. Catering Establishments Open to the Public	315
5. Canteens	3
6. Fuel Storage Depots	19
Total	4273
Total Males	1410
Total Females	2863

Number of Inspectors appointed under Section 52 (1) of (5) of the Act = 6

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

NOTICES SERVED AND ABATED

<u>Premises</u>	<u>No. of Notices Served</u>	<u>No. of Notices Abated</u>
1. Shops	49	23
2. Offices	2	1
3. Wholesale Warehouses	3	1
4. Catering Establishments	19	6
5. Canteens	4	1

Details of items covered by notices served during year

	<u>No. of Contraventions</u>				
	<u>Shops</u>	<u>Offices</u>	<u>Catering Est.</u>	<u>Canteens</u>	<u>Wholesale Warehouses</u>
1. Accommodation for clothing	-	-	1	-	-
2. First Aid - Provision and replenishing stocks	19	1	12	-	2
3. Cleanliness	12	-	12	2	-
4. Information for employees	16	1	11	2	2
5. Hot and Cold Water	9	-	2	-	-
6. Lighting	3	-	2	-	-
7. Overcrowding	-	1	-	-	-
8. Sanitary Conveniences	4	-	6	-	1
9. Temperature	-	-	-	-	-
10. Thermometer	7	1	2	-	-
11. Ventilation	5	-	2	2	-
12. Redecorations	15	-	7	-	-
13. Obstructions	5	-	-	1	-
14. Removal of Rubbish	5	-	-	1	-
15. Impervious Surfaces	1	-	2	-	-
16. Provision of Forms	7	1	1	-	-
17. Prohibit Smoking	2	-	2	1	-
18. Wash Hand Basins	5	-	2	-	-
19. Provide Refuse Bins	5	-	2	1	-
20. Provide Seats for Staff	1	-	-	-	-
21. Guarding of Machinery	2	-	-	-	-
22. Protect Open Food on Display	5	-	-	-	-
23. Provide towel, soap and nailbrush	8	-	6	1	1
24. Repairs to Floors, Passages and Stairs	2	-	1	-	1
Total Number of Items	138	5	73	11	7

REPORTED ACCIDENTS

Work Place	Number Reported		Total Number Investigated	Action Recommended			
	Fatal	Non-fatal		Prosecution	Formal Warning	Informal Advice	No Action
1. Offices	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
2. Retail Shops	-	5	5	-	-	2	5
3. Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
4. Catering Establishments open to the Public, Canteens	-	1	1	-	-	1	1
5. Fuel Storage Depots	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-	8	8	-	-	3	8

ANALYSIS OF REPORTED ACCIDENTS

Accident	Offices	Retail Shops	Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	Catering Establishments open to the Public, Canteens	Fuel Storage Depots
1. Machinery	-	-	-	-	-
2. Transport	-	-	-	-	-
3. Falls of Persons	-	3	1	1	-
4. Stepping on or striking against object or person	1	2	-	-	-
5. Handling Goods	-	-	-	-	-
6. Struck by falling object	-	-	-	-	-
7. Fires and Explosions	-	-	-	-	-
8. Electricity	-	-	-	-	-
9. Use of Hand Tools	-	-	-	-	-

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT 1955: FOOD HYGIENE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS 1960

Details of Food Premises

Category	No.	Fitted to comply with Reg. 16	Fitted to comply with Reg. 19	Premises where Reg. 19 applies
Dairies	2	2	2	2
Ice Cream Manufacturers	2	2	2	2
Fish Products	40	40	40	40
Cafes	34	34	34	34
Butchers	41	41	41	41
Bakers/Flour Confectioners	29	29	29	29
Grocers	141	141	141	141
Others	51	51	6	6
	340	340	295	295

The category "cafe" includes: 16 cafes proper
3 cafes attached to multiple stores
7 fish restaurants
8 restaurants attached to public house
hote

This list does not include the following:

45 off licences and public houses
3 cinemas
2 bingo halls
1 theatre

giving a grand total of 391 premises where food is handled.

Registrations under the Food and Drugs Act. S.16

Manufacture of Ice Cream..... 2
Storage and Sale of Ice Cream..... 195
Manufacture of Pressed, Pickled and Preserved Foods..... 27
(includes 2 fish)

FOOD HYGIENE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS 1960

Food Shops

The number of shops involved in informal action was 40. Contraventions were as follows:-

<u>Contravention</u>	<u>No. of Shops involved</u>
1. Cleanliness.....	8
2. Ensure that Machinery is properly guarded.....	2
3. Heating.....	1
4. Hot Water Supply.....	3
5. Defective Wall Surfaces.....	2
6. Defective W.C.....	5
7. First Aid.....	15
8. Prevent Contamination by Flies.....	5
9. Provide Artificial Lighting to Toilets.....	6
10. Provide Soap, Clean Towels and Nailbrush.....	15
11. Prohibit Smoking in Food Preparation Room.....	3
12. Protect from Contamination by Customers, food on display.....	7
13. Provide Receptacles for Putrescible Waste.....	7
14. Provision of Forms.....	11
15. Redecoration Required.....	13
16. Repairs.....	9
17. Replace Worn Treads on Stairs.....	2
18. Remove Obstructions from Stairs and Passageways....	6
19. Thermometers.....	4
20. Ventilation.....	3
Total.....	<u>127</u>

SHOP ACTS 1950

Non Food Shops

The number of shops involved in informal action was 12. Contraventions in these shops were as follows:-

<u>Contravention</u>	<u>No. of Shops involved</u>
Display an abstract of the O.S.R. Act 1963.....	8
First Aid.....	6
Hot Water Supply.....	3
Provision of Forms.....	2
Provide Handrails to Stairs.....	1
Provide additional Toilet.....	1
Redecoration Required.....	1
Remove Rubbish.....	1
Thermometers.....	4
Total.....	<u>27</u>

MISCELLANEOUS PREMISES

Pet Animals Act, 1951

There are four premises registered by the Town Clerk. Supervision of these is by an Inspector of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Riding Establishment Act, 1964.

There are no persons holding a licence to set up a Riding Establishment in the Borough.

Animal Boarding Establishment Act, 1963

Two persons are licenced under this Act to run establishments. The two premises were subject to inspection during the year and were found to be satisfactory.

Rag Flock and Other Filling Materials Act, 1951

There are three premises on the Rag Flock Register. These were all visited during the year and no contraventions were noted. Three samples were taken and all conformed to standard.

Hostels

Redbourn Works Hostel has accommodation for 95 persons and there are few vacancies.

Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960

The number of vans on the municipal site at Manifold Road still continue to decrease. At the end of the year there were 36 vans, compared with 45 the previous year, although part of the site was sub-let during the year for 24 vans in connection with the Anchor Project. This part has now been vacated. Four site inspections were carried out during the year.

One caravan was inspected on site.

The private site still operates with its maximum capacity of 60 caravans. Twelve inspections of the site were carried out and eleven caravan inspections were carried out in connection with overcrowding and living conditions. The land in Station Road has now been discontinued as a winter site for showmen. A part of Mill Field has now been adapted for a similar purpose and provided with basic facilities.

Rent Acts 1957

No certificates of disrepair were either issued or revoked during the year.

Scrap Metal Dealers Act 1964

There were 25 dealers registered under the Act, eight of which were itinerant collectors. Routine visits were made during the year to all scrap metal stores.

NUISANCES

Noise Abatement Act, 1960

The Department received 13 complaints of noise nuisance during the year, 4 commercial, 9 domestic. All were fully investigated and with the co-operation of the firms and persons concerned, all the nuisances were abated.

Public Health Acts 1936 and 1961

Details of nuisances abated and improvements effected in 1970 by informal action are given below:-

<u>Type of Nuisance</u>	<u>Informal Action</u>	<u>Formal Action</u>	<u>Total</u>
Internal House Repairs.....	81	-	81
External House Repairs.....	65	-	65
Dustbins to be Provided.....	8	-	8
Drains cleared by Local Authority.....	1351	-	1351
Drains cleared after Notice to Owner.....	-	1	1
Drains Repaired.....	10	-	10
W.C.'s Repaired.....	17	-	17
Infestations (excluding rats and mice)...	212	-	212
Accumulations of Refuse and Rubbish.....	5	-	5
Nuisances from Animals and Birds.....	7	-	7
Nuisances from Burning Rubbish, Bonfires etc.	1	-	1
Houses Cleansed.....	2	-	2
Dirty Yards Cleansed.....	7	-	7
<u>Housing Inspection (General)</u>			
Complaints Received.....	637		
Houses Inspected.....	1114		
Visits made.....	2037		

HOUSING

New Houses

100 houses were built by the Local Authority and
144 by private builders.

Old Houses

Closing orders were applied for but not served in connection with the following two houses, the Corporation having purchased in the interim period.

66 Frances Street

52 Earl Street

No. 21 West Street was the subject of a Closing Order during 1969 but the tenant was not rehoused until 1970.

Some of the problems of sub-standard accommodation in Earl Street and Beauchamp Street areas have been solved by demolition of most of those that had been purchased by the Council and had remained empty, a total of 39. Over the next three years this area should be cleared.

The two clearance areas in Queen Street, Ashby, were confirmed by the Ministry as a Compulsory Purchase Order after a public enquiry had been held.

At the end of the year only two houses were empty and demolition therefore had not taken place.

The Environmental Health Committee of the Council declared its first Improvement Area in the Crosby Ward. A total of over 1,000 houses were involved. The Public Health Inspectors were given the responsibility of inspecting to check on the standards of fitness and had nearly completed the work at the end of the year.

Sub-Standard Accommodation

Cold Water Supply Of the remaining twelve houses in the Borough without internal water supply, 3 are in a confirmed Compulsory Purchase Order. Three are unoccupied, two are in areas proposed for redevelopment, three are owner occupiers who are old age pensioners and do not wish to have any change and the last is a bungalow served by a spring.

Sanitary Accommodation

44 Properties remain without mains sewage. These include:-

- 6 houses with pail closets (5 are unoccupied)
- 27 houses connected to septic tanks
- 11 houses with cess-pools

In no case is it practical to make connections to the mains sewers because of distance, but the number served by septic tanks will diminish with the continued closure of houses at Old Santon. Originally a terrace of 32, the number now occupied is 10.

HOUSING

Number of New Houses Erected during the year:

By the Local Authority..... 100

By other Local Authorities..... -

By other Persons or Bodies..... 144

Number allocated for Replacing Houses subject to Demolition
Orders or otherwise Demolished..... -

Inspection of Dwellinghouses during the Year:

Total number of dwellinghouses inspected for housing defects
(Under Public Health or Housing Acts)..... 114

Number of Inspections made for the purpose..... 237

Remedy of Defects during the year without service of formal Notices:

Number of Defective Dwelling Houses rendered fit in consequence
of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers 54

Action under Statutory Powers during the year:

1. Proceedings under Public Health Acts:-

(a) Number of Dwellinghouses in respect of which notices
were served requiring defects to be remedied..... 1

(b) Number of Dwellinghouses in which defects were
remedied after service of Formal Notice:

(i) By Owners..... 1

(ii) By Local Authority in default of Owners..... -

2. Proceedings under the Housing Acts:-

(a) Number of Dwellinghouses in respect of which
notices were served requiring repairs..... 4

(b) Number of Dwellinghouses which were rendered unfit
after service of Formal Notices:

(i) By Owners..... 1

(ii) By Local Authority in Default of Owners..... -

(iii) Number of Unfit Houses purchased by Local
Authority in accordance with Housing Acts... -

(c) Number of Certificates of Disrepair issued..... -

continued....

3. Slum Clearance - Proceedings under the Housing Acts:-

- | | |
|---|-----|
| (a) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made (Individual Unfit Houses only)..... | 1 |
| (b) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders made (Individual Unfit Houses only).... | 1 |
| (c) Number of dwelling houses or parts subject to closing orders..... | nil |
| (d) Number of dwelling houses or parts rendered fit by undertakings..... | nil |
| (e) Number of dwelling houses included in confirmed Clearance Orders..... | nil |
| (f) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance thereof..... | nil |
| (g) Total number of dwelling houses in which Demolition Orders are operative and which are still occupied except under the provisions of Sections 35 and 46 of the Housing Act, 1957..... | nil |
| (h) Total number of dwelling houses occupied under Sections 34, 35 and 46 of the Housing Act, 1957..... | nil |
| (i) Houses demolished or closed voluntarily by owners which would otherwise have been the subject of statutory action to secure demolition or closure..... | nil |

4. Nissen Huts or Similar Hutments

- | | |
|---|-----|
| (a) Number still occupied..... | nil |
| (b) Date by which it is anticipated occupants will be rehoused..... | nil |

5. Estimated Number of Dwellings Excluding those under Para.4 above Remaining to be Dealt with Under:-

- | | |
|---|----|
| (a) The Housing Act, 1957 Sect. 16 & 18 | - |
| (b) The Housing Act, 1957 Sect. 42 | 20 |

Housing Acts, 1949 - 64 (Grant aid work completed 1970 and not included in 1969 Report).

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|
| Number of Dwellings subject to Grant | (a) Standard Grant | 3 |
| | (b) Discretionary Grant | nil |

Housing Act, 1969

Number of dwellings for which applications for grants have been made:

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| (a) Standard grant (Sect. 8) | 68 |
| (b) Improvement grant (Sect. 2) | 17 |
| (c) Special grant (Sect. 13) | nil |

Number of Dwellings subject to Grant:

(a) Standard Grant	59
(b) Improvement Grant	6
(c) Special Grant	nil

Number of Declared General Improvement Areas	1
Number of Dwellings in these Areas	1076
Number of other Buildings (e.g. shops)	20

Housing Act, 1969 - Part III - Qualification Certificates

Improvement Cases

1. No. of applications for qualification certificates under Sect. 44(2) under consideration at the 31st December, 1970.....	nil
2. No. of Certificates of provisional approval issued.....	nil
3. No. of qualification certificates issued under Sect. 46 (3).....	nil

Standard Amenities Already Provided

4. No. of applications for qualification certificates under Sect. 44(1) under consideration at 31st December 1970.....	33
5. No. of qualification certificates issued under Sect. 45(2) in respect of:-	
(1) Dwellings with Rateable Value of £60 or more.....	1
(2) Dwellings with Rateable Value of £40 to less than £60.6	
(3) Dwellings with Rateable Value of less than £40.....	nil

Exemption for Low Income Tenants from Sect. 54

6. No. of Certificates issued under Sect. 55.....	nil
---	-----

Total No. of Applications for Qualification Certificates Refused	5
--	---

HOUSES IN MULTIPLE OCCUPATION

(A)	(i)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during 1970	6
	(ii)	Number of persons concerned in such cases	41
(B)	(i)	Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	2
	(ii)	Number of families dwelling therein	4
	(iii)	Number of persons dwelling therein	17

MULTI-OCCUPATION

(A)	Number of houses on register at end of year	140
(B)	Number of visits made for all purposes	293

FORMAL ACTION

(C)	(i)	Number of Management Orders served (Section 12)	1
	(ii)	Number of Directions to Prevent Overcrowding (Section 19)	1
	(iii)	Number of Notices requiring the Execution of Works (Section 15) served	1
	(iv)	Number of Notices requiring the Execution of Works (Section 15) abated	nil

INFORMAL ACTION

(D)		Served	Abated
	(i)	To Cleanse	5
	(ii)	To Provide Hot Water	1
	(iii)	To Provide Dustbins	2
	(iv)	To Remove Refuse	6
	(v)	For other Facilities and Defects	8
		22	22

The increase in the number of houses in multiple occupation on the register probably indicates that we have found more of these already in existence rather than a real increase in their numbers. During the period of Crosby Environmental Area Survey every house in this district has been visited and naturally we have discovered houses in multiple occupation of whose existence we were not aware. Many of these were the better type of house which would not normally come to our notice.

The building of Anchor Village has prevented the houses in multiple occupation in town from being full to overflowing and has doubtless saved many problems. The main trouble, as always, has been with the three F's.

Filthy Premises and Yards
Facilities for Cooking and Washing
Family Lettings

but the only answer is patience and perseverance and so far we have managed without the third p - prosecution.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

	<u>Agriculture Property</u>	<u>Non-Agricultural Property</u>
Total number of properties in the district.....	7	25,630
Total number of properties (including nearby premises) inspected following notification.....	2	920
Number infested by (i) rats.....	2	283
(ii) mice.....	-	83
Total number of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than notification.....	-	492
Number infested by (i) rats.....	-	2
(ii) mice.....	-	4

The Council renewed the contract with a firm for rodent control.
All complaints are treated within 24 hours.

<u>Advised</u>	<u>Served</u>
5	5
1	1
2	2
6	6
8	8
22	22

The building of Anchor Village has prevented the houses in multiple occupation in this town from being full to overflowing and has doubtless saved many problems. The main trouble, as always, has been with the three P's: Pests, Poverty and Proximity. The only answer in patience and perseverance and so far we have managed without the third P - prosecution.

Family Settings
Facilities for Cooking and Washing
Filthy Precious and Yards

The building of Anchor Village has prevented the houses in multiple occupation in this town from being full to overflowing and has doubtless saved many problems. The main trouble, as always, has been with the three P's: Pests, Poverty and Proximity. The only answer in patience and perseverance and so far we have managed without the third P - prosecution.

WORKPLACES AND FACTORIES

	<u>With</u> <u>Power</u>	<u>Without</u> <u>Power</u>
Bakers.....	12	1
Boots and Shoes.....	11	-
Butchers.....	18	-
Clothing.....	7	-
Concrete Manufacturers.....	7	-
Crisps.....	1	-
Cycle Repairs.....	4	-
Dairies.....	2	-
Dry Cleaners.....	7	-
Egg Packing.....	1	-
Engineering.....	49	-
Fish Products.....	3	-
Florist (Wreaths).....	1	-
Furnishers.....	4	1
Garages.....	73	1
Gas Works.....	2	-
Ice Cream Manufacturers.....	2	-
Iron and Steel Subsidiaries.....	33	-
Jewellers.....	1	-
Joinery.....	37	-
Ladies Wear.....	4	1
Leatherwork.....	1	1
Mineral Waters.....	1	-
Monumental Masons.....	2	-
Motor Cycles.....	10	-
Music Shops.....	1	-
Paper Baling.....	1	-
Plastics.....	2	-
Plumbers and Glaziers.....	4	-
Poultry.....	1	-
Printing and Photography.....	9	2
Radio, Electric and T.V.....	17	2
Scrap Metal Dealers.....	19	6
Slaughterhouses.....	2	-
Vegetable Packing.....	3	-
Weigh Scales.....	1	-
Corn Miller.....	1	-
Glass.....	1	-
Total	355	15

FACTORIES ACT, 1961.

The following tables contain the prescribed particulars which are required by Section 153(1) of the Factories Act, 1961, to be furnished in the Annual Report with respect to matters under Parts I and VIII of that Act which are administered by the Council:-

PART I OF THE ACT

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspectors).

	Number on Register	Inspections	Number of	
			Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.....	15	5	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority....	355	197	6	-
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises).	18	5	-	-
Total.....	388	207	6	-

2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found.

Particulars	Number of Cases in which Defects were found				Number of Cases in which Prosecutions were Instituted
	Found	Remedied	to H.M. Inspectors	By H.M. Inspectors	
Want of Cleanliness (S.1.).....	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)...	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable Temperature (S.3)...	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate Ventilation (S.4)...	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective Drainage of floors (S.6).....	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences.(S.7)...					
(a) Insufficient..	1	1	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective.....	4	1	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes.....	1	1	-	-	-
Other Offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6	3	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT

Section 133 and 134:

Section 133: Number of Outworkers in August list required by Section 133 (1) (c):-

Make Wearing Apparel..... 2

Section 134: -

POULTRY INSPECTION

1. Number of Processing Plants: 1
2. Number of Birds Processed during the Year: approx 100,000
3. Type of Birds Processed: Mainly Hens, Broilers and Capons
4. Percentage of Birds rejected as Unfit for Human Consumption: 4 1/2%
5. Weight of Poultry rejected as unfit for Human Consumption:
approx 8,000 lbs.

An experienced spotter from the staff of the firm carries out a general visual inspection, removing any suspect poultry for further inspection.

PART VIII OF THE ACT

Section 133 and 134:

Section 133: Number of Outworkers in August last reported
by Section 133 (1) (a):-

Make Working Appraisal.....

Section 134:

REFUSE COLLECTION

Negotiation continued between management and men regarding the introduction of Work Study.

Refuse Disposal

The experimental work on the bulk reduction of refuse for land reclamation came to fruition when the Chief Public Health Inspector presented a paper on the subject at the Annual Conference of the Institute of Public Cleansing.

Tipping of pulverised refuse close to homes gave no cause for alarm to the residents.

Civic Amenities

The public tip became over used due to excessive tipping of refuse other than household refuse. It was necessary therefore to close the tip on the 16th April.

Arrangements were made for anyone to bring in household refuse etc. at weekends and nights, through the refuse disposal plant via the weighbridge. From the 17th April to the end of the year, 3,122 persons brought in varying amounts of refuse.

Excess Refuse

The service for the collection of excess and bulky refuse continued to keep one driver and a van busy throughout the year.

TABLE 1 - MAN POWER

Service	Designation	No. 1970
Refuse Collection	General Foreman	1
	Drivers	13
	Spare Drivers	3
	Carriers	30
Miscellaneous Collection	Driver/Collector	1
Salvage Collection	Drivers	4
	Mates	4
Refuse Plant	(1) Foreman	1
	(2) Chargehand/Yardman	1
	(3) Weighman	1
	(4) Hopperman	1
	(5) Refuse Sorters	4
	(6) Tin Baler Operative	2
	(7) Incinerator Operative	1
	(8) Paper Salvage Operatives	5
	(9) Fork Lift Driver	1
	(10) Pool Labourers	3
Refuse Disposal Tip	Tractor Drivers	3
Depot Cleansing - Mess Room	Cleaner - Male W/T	1
Toilets, Offices etc.	Cleaners - Female P/T	2
	Total.....	82

TABLE II - VEHICLES AS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1970

No.	Service	Reg. No.	Make	Type	Cap.	Year
1.	Collection	658 CBE	S.D.	T.Y.Pakamatic	50 c.y.	1962
2.	Collection	21 CBE	S.D.	T.N.Pakamatic	20 c.y.	1964
3.	Collection	BBE 277B	S.D.	T.N.Pakamatic	20 c.y.	1964
4.	Collection	DFU 133C	Karrier			
			G.W.	Ramillies	20 c.y.	1965
5.	Collection	GFW 221D	Karrier			
			G.W.	Ramillies	35 c.y.	1966
6.	Collection	HFU 396D	Karrier			
			Gamecock	Ramillies	35 c.y.	1966
7.	Collection	HFU 810D	Karrier			
			Gamecock	Ramillies	35 c.y.	1966
8.	Collection	JBE 133E	S.D.	T.N.Pakamatic	20 c.y.	1967
9.	Collection	LFW 233F	S.D.	T.B.N.Pakamatic	20 c.y.	1967
10.	Collection	MFU 988F	S.D.	T.Y.Pakamatic	20 c.y.	1968
11.	Collection	OFU 314G	S.D.	T.B.Z.Pakamatic	37 c.y.	1968
12.	Collection	RBE 204G	S.D.	T.B.Z.Pakamatic	37 c.y.	1969
13.	Collection	UFW 327J	S.D.	T.B.Z.Bulk Container	20 c.y.	1970
1.	Reserve					
	Collection	TBE 153	Karrier	MKV Side Loader	10 c.y.	1959
2.	Reserve					
	Collection	YFU 323	Karrier Gamecock	Bin Lift Dual Tip	18 c.y.	1961
1.	Misc.					
	Collection	NFW 745	Karrier	Van	8 c.y.	1956
1.	Paper Salvage					
	Collection	812 CFU	Karrier	Van	16 c.y.	1962
2.	"	DFU 957C	Karrier	Van	16 c.y.	1965
3.	"	NFU 475F	Karrier	Van	16 c.y.	1968
4.	"	SFU 674H	Karrier	Van	16 c.y.	1969
1.	Refuse					
	Disposal	EBE 298C	Ford	2000 Tractor		1965
2.	"	FFU 421D	Ford	2000 Tractor		1966
3.	"	KFU 516E	Inter- nation	Hough 4 Wheel Drive Tractor Shovel		1967
4.	Refuse	480 EFW	Karrier	Open Dropside Lorry		1963
	Disposal & Bulk Collection					
1.	Miscellaneous	CBE 754C	Ford	Van Utility - used by P.H.I. for sampling, disinfestations etc. Also used as spare salvage van or misc. collections		1965
2.	"		K.E.F.	Pedestrian Sweeper		1964
3.	"	OFW 207G	Ford	Transit Van used by Gen. Foreman. Supervision etc.		1968

TABLE III - WEIGHT OF REFUSE COLLECTED

Year	Year	Tons	Loads	Bins Collected
1962	1962	14,275	12,414	1,229,982
1963	1963	15,448	11,342	1,286,141
1964	1964	17,364	11,290	1,361,137
1965	1965	17,848	11,307	1,402,557
1966	1966	17,668	10,566	1,316,819
1967	1967	18,632	11,075	1,338,180
1968	1968	18,832	10,852	1,355,557
1969	1969	19,137	10,746	1,382,487
1970	1970	19,501	11,094	1,525,347

TABLE IV - ANALYSIS OF MISCELLANEOUS COLLECTIONS

Description	No. of Collections
	1970
Scrap Metal - Bedsteads etc.	720
Furniture	1,184
Paper Salvage	182
Excess Refuse	922
Total	3,008

Refuse direct to Tip - Brick Rubble, Soil etc. approx 2,500 tons
(Brought in by other Corporation Departments and Contractors).

TABLE V

ANALYSIS OF SALVAGE SALES - PERIOD 1961 - 1970
WEIGHTS AND VALUES

YEAR	PAPER		TEXTILES		BAILED TINS		SCRAP METAL		TOTAL	
	TONS	£	TONS	£	TONS	£	TONS	£	TONS	£
1961	1399	12,222	33	379	-	-	12	71	1444	12,672
1962	1212	10,498	25	308	8	14	15	176	1260	10,996
1963	1238	10,480	19	280	-	-	9	159	1266	10,919
1964	1246	10,791	17	406	-	-	28	139	1291	11,336
1965	1946	13,906	22	306	-	-	32	406	2000	14,618
1966	1904	17,889	108	1,406	830	3,320	44	409	2886	23,024
1967	1683	15,538	154	1,251	808	3,369	123	397	2768	20,555
1968	1654	16,229	156	1,007	529	2,496	374	927	2713	20,659
1969	1707	18,493	159	1,043	611	3,464	117	1,015	2594	24,015
1970	1595	18,260	158	1,687	698	4,018	190	2,175	2641	26,140
Total	15,584	144,306	851	8,073	3,484	16,681	944	5,874	20,863	174,934

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

Public Conveniences	Attendants							
	Male				Female			
	W/T		P/T		W/T		P/T	
	No.	Hrs.	No.	Hrs.	No.	Hrs.	No.	Hrs.
Ashby Central Car Park.								
Ashby High Street	-	-	1	10½	-	-	1	10½
Ashby Turn								
Burringham Road	-	-	1	10½	-	-	1	10½
Central Toilets								
Manley St. Car Park	1	40	1	16	1	40	1	16
Cole Street	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7
Cottage Beck Road	-	-	1	10½	-	-	1	10½
Doncaster Road								
Britannia Corner	1	40	1	16	1	40	1	16
Queens Gardens								
Ashby Road	-	-	1	10½	-	-	1	14

No major change occurred during 1970 in the arrangements made by Southgate Borough Council for the registration of births under Section 22 of the National Health Act. With the exception of Dr. Clark in September 1970 a midwife was employed in the Maternity and Child Health Section, and in the same month a midwife was employed in the Maternity and Child Health Section. Practitioners in the Maternity and Child Health Section, all other changes were maintained as before.

C PERSONAL HEALTH AND WELFARE SECTION

The following table shows the attendance of all the clinics during 1970. The total number of attendances was 31,665, which was slightly less than in 1969 when it was 31,834.

During 1970 the following clinics were held at Parkington Avenue, Ashby and Kibbles, 31 mothers made 43 attendances at the 47 clinics held at Parkington Avenue, 37 mothers made 55 attendances at the 45 clinics held at Kibbles and 38 mothers made 51 attendances at the 53 clinics held at Ashby.

Altogether 36 mothers made 44 attendances at the 47 clinics, compared with 34 mothers made 43 attendances in 1969. This was a slight increase in the number of mothers attending the clinics.

In response to a request from the Health Service, the following clinics were held at Parkington Avenue, Ashby and Kibbles, 31 mothers made 43 attendances at the 47 clinics held at Parkington Avenue, 37 mothers made 55 attendances at the 45 clinics held at Kibbles and 38 mothers made 51 attendances at the 53 clinics held at Ashby.

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PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

Public Convenience	Attendance							
	Male				Female			
	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2
Ashby Central Car Park.	-	-	1	10½	-	-	1	10½
Ashby High Street	-	-	1	10½	-	-	1	10½
Ashby Turn Burrington Road	-	-	1	10½	-	-	1	10½
Central Toilets Marley St. Car Park	1	40	1	16	1	40	1	16
Gale Street	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7
College Back Road	-	-	1	10½	-	-	1	10½
Doncaster Road St. James' Corner	1	40	1	16	1	40	1	16
Queens Gardens Ashby Road	-	-	1	10½	-	-	1	14

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE SERVICES

No major change occurred during 1970 in the arrangements made by Scunthorpe Borough Council to fulfil its responsibilities under Section 22 of the National Health Act. With the departure of Dr. Sheard in September 1970 a toddlers' session held fortnightly in the Berkeley area had to be abandoned, but, by the employment of Drs. Butt and Mahmood, General Practitioners in Scunthorpe, on a sessional basis, all other clinics were maintained as before.

Dr. Bell, Consultant Paediatrician at Scunthorpe General Hospital, continued to hold two weekly sessions, one at Parkinson Avenue Clinic and the other at Ashby.

The Table which follows details the attendances at all the clinics during 1970. The total number of attendances made, 31,665, was practically the same as in 1969 when it was 31,634.

Sessions for taking blood samples from expectant mothers were held at Parkinson Avenue on the first Monday of every month. 11 mothers-to-be attended during 1970.

Relaxation classes for expectant mothers were held at Parkinson Avenue, Ashby and Riddings. 91 mothers made 438 attendances at the 47 sessions held at Parkinson Avenue, 97 mothers made 351 attendances at the 45 sessions held at Riddings and 98 mothers made 517 attendances at the 53 sessions held at Ashby.

Altogether 286 mothers made 1,306 attendances at these classes, compared with 1969 when 343 made 1,193 attendances.

At these relaxation classes the whole process of childbirth is explained to the mothers-to-be and any doubts or anxieties they may be feeling alleviated. In addition, in the mothercraft section talks are given on infant management up to school age and there are practical demonstrations on the feeding and bathing of babies. Student Nurses doing obstetrical training at the Maternity Home attended the relaxation and mothercraft classes as observers.

In response to a special demand, 8 sessions of an adoptive mothercraft class were held at Parkinson Avenue between January and June for ladies who were in the process of adopting, or who had recently adopted, babies. 18 ladies attended, but with the present reduction in the number of babies requiring adoption, such a large demand is unlikely to recur.

'Toddlers' sessions, to which mothers are encouraged to bring their young children for 'birthday medicals' were held at Ashby, Parkinson Avenue, Riddings and, for the first part of the year, at Berkeley. In all 1,081 toddlers attended 152 sessions. 128 defects requiring referral were discovered, in addition to 115 which should correct themselves naturally and are being kept under observation.

Midwives continued to conduct ante-natal examinations at Parkinson Avenue but early in the year the sessions were transferred from Thursday afternoons to Tuesday afternoons. These sessions are for expectant mothers who find it more convenient to be examined at a clinic than in their own homes. 89 attended pre-natally for a total of 438 examinations and 7 attended for post-natal examinations.

INFANTS ATTENDING CHILD HEALTH CLINICS DURING 1970

	Number under one at first attendance	Number of Children Attending during year who were born in:-							Total number who attended during year	Number of attendances during the year made by Children who were born in:-							Total attendance during year	Number of sessions held	Average attendance at each session (per session)	Number seen by Doctor for Consultation
		70	69	68	67	66	65	64		70	69	68	67	66	65	64				
Ashby	410	344	407	208	97	74	21	-	1151	3744	3959	762	275	208	71	12	9031	190	47.5	1464
Berkeley	99	91	120	72	39	26	8	-	356	1416	1101	363	220	124	37	3	3264	53	61.5	284
Brumby	78	65	65	27	17	13	2	6	195	675	748	153	39	45	30	16	1706	48	35.5	335
Parkinson Avenue	489	443	352	140	42	21	6	1	1005	3460	2741	582	129	59	52	-	7023	190	36.9	1485
Riddings	285	253	264	147	50	25	11	-	750	3191	2468	647	215	130	73	2	6725	106	63.4	1165
Westcliff	194	189	166	62	24	16	2	-	459	1776	1733	258	70	45	28	6	3916	101	38.7	841
Total	1555	1385	1374	656	269	175	50	7	3916	14262	12750	2765	948	611	291	39	31665	688	46.0	5574

WELFARE FOODS SERVICE - DISTRIBUTION

	<u>National Dried Milk</u>	<u>Cod Liver Oil</u>	<u>Vitamin A & D Tablets</u>	<u>Orange Juice</u>
Parkinson Avenue	2,207	244	293	3,874
Ashby	1,239	291	304	6,215
Riddings	693	172	112	3,571
Berkeley	312	84	81	1,673
Westcliff	288	112	98	2,491
Brumby	201	17	7	346
	<u>4,940</u>	<u>920</u>	<u>895</u>	<u>18,170</u>

Total receipts during the period January 1st, 1970 to December 31st, 1970, amounted to £2,162. 15. 4d.

THE "AT RISK" REGISTER

The 'At Risk' Register started in 1965, represents all those children who are known to have a slightly greater risk of showing some deviation from the normal in their development than other children who have not been particularly to the notice of the Health Department. Health Visitors keep especially watchful eye on these children and their progress is reviewed regularly intervals. If, with the passage of time, the developmental milestones which were at risk are successfully passed, the children are removed from the register. If a definite handicap is diagnosed, registration, as a fact is made, but they are still retained on the 'At Risk' Register, as it unfortunately true that a child with one definite handicap is more likely have another than a child about whom no information is available.

At the start of 1970, 711 children were on the register, 491 were added during the year, 360 were removed from the register following check-up and another 94 could not be traced, probably because they had left the area. At the end of the year there were 648 children on the 'At Risk' Register.

CASE OF UNEMPLOYED WOMEN

The Lincoln Diocesan Board for Social Welfare continued to act as the agents of the Borough Council in carrying out this service by making appropriate enquiries into cases where difficulties are anticipated, and bringing to the Council's notice those cases where financial assistance is required towards the cost of maintenance at a Mother and Baby Home. During 1970 grants were made in 5 cases for accommodation at such homes for periods of 14 - 16 weeks.

PREMATURE BABY SERVICE

A premature baby is defined as one weighing $5\frac{1}{2}$ lbs or less at birth. As the birth weight is made the sole criterion of prematurity, it is likely that some full-term infants of low birth weight due to defective intrauterine nutrition are included in the return and it is possible that some infants of short gestational period are excluded.

100 premature babies were born in Scunthorpe in 1970, as compared with 89 in 1969. Only one of these took place outside hospital. This was immediately transferred to hospital and survived.

Of the 99 premature babies born in hospital, 7 died. 2 babies were below 2 lbs 3 ozs and both died, one within 24 hours of birth and the other within 7 days. 4 babies were between 2 lbs 3 ozs and 3 lbs 4 ozs; 2 died within 24 hours but the other two survived. Of the 18 babies between 3 lbs 4 ozs and 4 lbs 6 ozs one died; of the 33 between 4 lbs 6 ozs and 4 lbs 15 ozs one died; and of the 43 over 4 lbs 15 ozs one died; the first two within 24 hours and the last within 7 days.

Owing to the fact that premature babies are being retained in the Premature Baby Unit in the hospital until their needs are little different from babies of normal birth weight, it was found possible, at the end of May to discontinue the special premature baby service which, up to then, had been maintained. Since June 1970, nursing of premature babies, on discharge from hospital, has been included in the normal home midwifery service.

THE "AT RISK" REGISTER

The 'At Risk' Register started in 1963, represents all those children who are known to have a slightly greater risk of showing some deviation from the normal in their development than other children who have not been brought particularly to the notice of the Health Department. Health Visitors keep especially watchful eye on these children and their progress is reviewed at regular intervals. If, with the passage of time, the developmental milestones which were at risk are successfully passed, the children are removed from the register. If a definite handicap is diagnosed, registration of the fact is made, but they are still retained on the 'At Risk' Register, as it is unfortunately true that a child with one definite handicap is more likely to have another than a child about whom no information is available.

At the start of 1970, 711 children were on the register, 491 were added during the year, 260 were removed from the register following check-up and another 94 could not be traced, probably because they had left the area. At the end of the year there were 848 children on the 'At Risk' Register.

CARE OF UNMARRIED MOTHERS

The Lincoln Diocesan Board for Social Welfare continued to act as the agents of the Borough Council in carrying out this service by making appropriate enquiries into cases where difficulties are anticipated, and bringing to the Council's notice those cases where financial assistance is required towards the cost of maintenance at a Mother and Baby Home. During 1970 grants were made in 2 cases for accommodation at such homes for period of 14 - 16 weeks.

MIDWIFERY SERVICE

At the beginning of 1970 the number of midwives was five. By the end of the year with the continuing fall in the number of home confinements, 4 full time midwives and 1 part time midwife were employed.

These midwives attended 43 mothers at their home confinements, as compared with 58 in 1969. At three of these home confinements a doctor was present at the birth, but in the other 40 cases the midwife officiated alone.

The care of these mothers required 641 visits. In addition 5,648 home visits were paid looking after the 965 mothers, who, having had their babies in hospital, returned home before the tenth day.

The ante-natal care of the mothers required 1,640 visits to the houses of patients, 441 social visits were paid to see whether home conditions were suitable for home confinements and 1,200 other visits were found necessary in the course of providing the service. Thus a grand total of 9,570 visits to the homes were made by the Borough midwives in 1970. This is a decrease of 1,827 from the 11,497 visits made in 1969, a fall of 16%.

During the year 1970, 1,497 visits were made to the homes of patients who were expecting a child. This was a decrease of 1,827 from the 11,497 visits made in 1969, a fall of 16%.

Compared with 1969, when 11,497 home visits were paid, there has been an increase in the work done in bringing advice on the rules of Health and Hygiene into the homes of Southrop of 15.6%.

HEALTH VISITORS

The staffing position with regard to these very important workers continued to improve, with the recruitment of a further full-time Health Visitor and at the end of the year, out of an establishment of 17, 11 full-time and 2 part-time Health Visitors were 'in post'.

Health Visitors are attached to all the large group practices in the town and to some of the non-group practices.

In addition to their duties in the Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics, the Health Visitors paid the following home visits during 1970.

<u>Type of Case</u>	<u>No. of Visits</u>
Children under 1 year	5210
Children 1 - 5 years	7117
Mentally Disturbed Persons	88
School children	2277
Infectious Diseases	14
T.B. Cases	-
Other Cases	1787
	16,493

Compared with 1969, when 14,471 home visits were paid, there has been an increase in the work done in bringing advice on the rules of Health and Hygiene into the homes of Scunthorpe of 13.6%

At the start of 1970, 711 children were on the register, 491 were added during the year, 260 were removed from the register following check-up and another 94 could not be traced, probably because they had left the area. At the end of the year there were 848 children on the 'At Risk' Register.

CASES OF UNWANTED PREGNANCIES

The Lincoln Diocesan Board for Social Welfare continued to act as the agents of the Borough Council in carrying out this service by making appropriate enquiries into cases where difficulties are anticipated, and bringing to the Council's notice those cases where financial assistance is required towards the cost of maintenance at a Mother and Baby Home. During 1970 grants were made in 2 cases for accommodation at such homes for periods of 14 - 16 weeks.

GERIATRIC VISITORS

No change occurred during 1970 in the organisation in Scunthorpe of this scheme, first outlined in the Socialist Commentary of January, 1966, as part of a very comprehensive survey of future social policy for our old people. The Borough Council approved the introduction of the scheme of Geriatric Visitors but the County Council would not approve it and only allowed it to be started provided any Geriatric Visitors so appointed were held against any unfilled Health Visitors establishment post. The scheme started with one part-time nurse and has now quite rapidly expanded until there are now five qualified nurses, all part-time workers, operating the scheme. These nurses work in co-operation with the General Practitioners in the town and take their case-loads from the General Practitioners. They do not overlap practices but one Geriatric Visitor usually works with more than one practice except in the case of the large group practices. The visitors maintain contact on behalf of the doctors with the old people in the practice. They also ensure that the older patients obtain various social and welfare services when they are required. During the year these visitors paid 3,782 visits to the homes of old people. This is a slight decrease on the 3,849 visits they paid in 1969.

216 new patients were added to the visiting lists of the Geriatric Visitors during 1970 and at the end of the year 325 males and 799 females were being visited. Of these, 83 were being regularly taken to the Day Centre for the Elderly at 34, High Street, 272 were receiving chiropody treatment, 145 the services of a Bathing Attendant, 99 the services of the Welfare Officer for the Physically Handicapped, 60 those of the Welfare Officer for the Blind, 84 were receiving Meals on Wheels and 242 getting Home Help.

During the year 47 geriatric patients were admitted to Convalescent Homes for a period of two weeks on the average.

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GERIATRIC VISITORS

The following table summarises the investigation of work done by the Geriatric Visitors during the year. The letters A, B, C, D & E are used to indicate each of the five Geriatric Visitors.

	A	B	C	D	E	Totals
Male	55	56	80	75	59	325
Female	144	183	182	154	136	799
New Patients	27	47	55	53	34	216
34. High Street	10	19	22	26	6	83
Chiropody	66	34	17	106	49	272
Bath Attendant	22	24	34	44	21	145
Physically Handicapped	18	16	10	34	21	99
Blind Visitor	8	15	15	11	11	60
Meals on Wheels	20	21	16	16	11	84
Home Help	44	54	58	45	41	242
Cerebral	14	18	8	24	14	78
Bronchitis	13	25	9	15	21	83
Miscellaneous	43	68	25	82	65	283
Elderly	96	56	125	41	27	345
Arthritis	12	52	39	34	38	175
Heart	21	20	56	33	30	160
Caravan	1	1	-	-	-	2
Group Dwellings	3	10	6	12	16	47
O.A.P. Flat	23	30	38	30	17	138
O.A.P. Bungalow	30	19	34	35	21	139
Council House	27	17	15	23	31	113
Private and Rented	83	132	113	101	108	537
No. of Houses	167	209	206	201	193	976
No. of People	199	239	262	229	195	1124
Living Alone	89	100	100	82	89	460
Living with Relatives	43	74	43	86	100	346
Couples	33	30	55	28	2	148
With Lodger & Housekeeper		5	9	5	2	22
Central Heating	20	30	29	56	25	160
Open Fire	74	133	115	66	155	543
Gas or Electric	73	46	62	79	13	273
Died	24	19	22	31	30	126
Part 3 or Moved Away	14	5	-	12	-	31
60 - 65	29	25	8	23	18	103
66 - 70	39	44	23	46	36	188
71 - 75	43	66	94	50	44	297
76 - 80	36	48	60	48	36	228
81 - 85	39	35	51	34	37	196
86 - 90	11	17	21	21	15	85
91 - 100	2	4	5	7	9	27
101 - 105						-

HOME NURSING SERVICE

The equivalent of 17 full-time Home Nurses were busily employed throughout the year. On 1st January 1970, 321 cases were being nursed and 1,228 new cases came under treatment during the year.

Of the new cases 489 were medical, 739 were surgical. Of all the cases nursed, 82 were under five years old and 408 over 65 years old.

The care of these patients required 49,633 visits by the Home Nurses during 1970 compared with 47,464 during 1969.

BATHING SERVICE

This service is ancillary to the nursing service. During 1970 the Bathing Attendants made 4,020 visits, as compared with 3,981 visits in 1969.

THE ESSENTIAL LAUNDRY SERVICE

This service is also complementary to the nursing service, in that it provides for the issue, collection and laundering of drawsheets as required on the recommendation of any doctor or an officer of the Health and Welfare Department. 272 cases used the service in 1970, compared with 295 cases in 1969. 149 users of the service were 60 years of age or over and in 50 cases the service was required for over three months.

LOAN OF NURSING EQUIPMENT

This service provides for the loan of certain items of nursing equipment for the use of patients being nursed at home.

Major items of equipment issued included: 38 hospital-type bedsteads, 71 commodes, 43 dunlopillo mattresses, 4 self-lifting poles, 4 cot-sides, 5 pulleys, 4 ripple machines and 108 wheelchairs.

8,200 incontinence underpads were issued during 1970 at a cost of £156 compared with 12,000 in 1969 at a cost of £228. This saving is a consequence of the extra use of drawsheets supplied by the Essential Laundry Service.

TUBERCULOSIS

The situation with regard to this disease was satisfactory during 1970. The number of cases in the Borough register fell by three. For the second time in the history of the Borough a year passed with no deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis. It is a curious coincidence that when, and only when, there have been no deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis during the last ten years, there has been one death from non-pulmonary tuberculosis.

As recommended in the Ministry of Health Circular 64/50, all persons appointed by the Local Authority to work with children are examined and x-rayed to limit the danger of infection to children. During the year a total of 93 persons were so examined. This total included 81 teachers/student teachers, 1 nurse and 11 other staff.

Extra nourishment was supplied during the year to three females and two males on the Borough register. Extra nourishment supplied was in the form of milk and eggs to supplement the patient's diet.

Tuberculin Test and B.C.G. Vaccination

<u>Contacts</u>		<u>Schoolchildren</u>	
No. skin tested	202	No. skin tested	713
No. found positive	7	No. found positive	17
No. found negative	195	No. found negative	696
No. vaccinated	212	No. vaccinated	696

TUBERCULOSIS

Year	New Cases			Cases on Borough Register			Deaths		
	Pul-monary	Non Pul-monary	Total	Pul-monary	Non Pul-monary	Total	Pul-monary	Non Pul-monary	Total
1960	18	1	19	337	57	394	2	-	2
1961	14	2	16	216	22	238	1	-	1
1962	21	2	23	235	24	259	2	-	2
1963	19	4	23	246	27	273	-	1	1
1964	13	4	17	250	28	278	1	-	1
1965	19	2	21	264	29	293	1	-	1
1966	15	-	15	211	29	240	2	-	2
1967	19	4	23	234	34	268	2	-	2
1968	7	-	7	225	35	260	2	-	2
1969	9	2	11	205	36	241	1	-	1
1970	11	3	14	200	38	238	-	1	1

TUBERCULOSIS 1970

Age	New Cases				Deaths			
	Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
25-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
35-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
45-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 & over	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	1

TUBERCULOSIS 1970

Registered Cases	PULMONARY				NON-PULMONARY				Grand Total
	M.	F.	Children	Total	M.	F.	Children	Total	
No. of cases on T.B. register on 31.12.69.....	118	75	12	205	16	17	3	36	241
Transferred in from other areas during the year.....	3	4	-	7	-	-	-	-	7
New cases notified during the year.....	7	2	2	11	1	2	-	3	14
Total	128	81	14	223	17	19	3	39	262
Number of cases written off the register.....									
(1) Recovered.....	6	1	1	8	-	-	-	-	8
(2) Removed to other areas	3	4	-	7	-	-	-	-	7
(3) Lost sight of.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(4) Change of diagnosis...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(5) Deaths from T.B.	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1
(6) Deaths from other causes	6	2	-	8	-	-	-	-	8
Total	15	7	1	23	-	1	-	1	24
No. of cases on T.B. register on 31.12.70.....	113	74	13	200	17	18	3	38	238

CERVICAL AND BREAST CANCER SCREENING SERVICE

During 1970 this service was provided at Ashby Clinic where 106 clinic sessions were held. 1,149 women attended for examination compared with the 667 examined in 1969. Of these only one was found to be positive, giving a rate of 0.09% compared with the 0.45% of 1969. There were four cases labelled as 'atypical' or 'doubtful' and these cases are being followed up. In six cases the examination of the breasts did not seem to exclude breast cancer and seventeen abnormal conditions were discovered by the urine test which accompanies the examination. These, and sixty-seven other local and minor conditions discovered at the examination, were referred to the General Practitioners of the patients concerned.

The marked fall in the ratio of positive cases of cervical carcinoma discovered to the number of patients screened for this condition from 1.9% to 0.45% in 1969 to 0.09% in 1970, may be taken as a measure of the success of the service. A large proportion of the examinations this year were repeat examinations on patients previously screened in 1966 and early 1967. It would appear that by early first screening and regular re-screening at four-yearly intervals, not only the mortality of this disease but its incidence may be drastically reduced.

Cytology Sessions held at Ashby Clinic

No. of Attendances	No. found Atypical	No. of Carcinoma	No. found Doubtful	Others	
				Negative	Negative with other conditions
1149	3	1	1	1127	90

THE MARIE CURIE MEMORIAL FOUNDATION
AREA WELFARE GRANT SCHEME

The above scheme is organised by the Marie Curie Memorial Foundation on a national scale so that help 'in kind' may be given to necessitous cancer patients immediately the need is apparent and without any administrative delay. The scheme is operated locally by the Medical Officer of Health and the Superintendent Nursing Officer, who are given block grants of money for distribution as considered necessary. The Medical Officer of Health acts as the agent of the Foundation through an imprest account to be used at his discretion and accounted for retrospectively.

£11. 9. 8d. was expended under this scheme during 1970.

The "Day and Night Nursing Service" of the same Foundation allows nursing care to be provided at home during emergency periods. It is designed to allow relatives to obtain adequate rest periods from their nursing responsibilities when, for example, a cancer patient is awaiting admission to hospital, or during the terminal stages of the disease.

During 1970, £22. 7. 3d. was expended in supplying this service in Scunthorpe.

NURSERIES AND CHILD MINDERS ACT, 1948

A total of 14 persons have been registered as childminders with the Local Authority during the year. At the year end the total number of persons on the register was 61 caring for a total of 133 children.

The number of registered playgroups is 18 providing sessional care for a total of 482 children.

VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION

The campaign of immunising as many susceptibles as possible against diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough, poliomyelitis and smallpox, at the time when immunisation is likely to be most effective and to have the least side effects on the person immunised continued in Scunthorpe during 1970 in accordance with the recommendations of the Ministry of Health Circular 29/68. At the end of the year a start was made in the immunisation of girls at about their fourteenth year against rubella, as recommended by the Department of Health and Social Security Circular 11/70. Immunisation at school was offered at three of the six Comprehensive schools in Scunthorpe. The acceptance rate was disappointingly low but it is hoped that, when adequate publicity has convinced the general public of the advisability of immunising all teenage girls against rubella by a completely harmless vaccine, thus removing all risk that an attack of the disease in some future pregnancy may adversely affect the foetus and thus give rise to a congenitally handicapped child, a better response will be obtained.

The figures show an improvement on the figures for 1969, and, if maintained, should provide a satisfactory level of immunity against the diseases specified.

(The following table is a reproduction of the original document, which is a very poor quality scan of a typed document. The text is largely illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The table appears to be a summary of vaccination statistics for 1970, categorized by age group and disease. The data is presented in a tabular format with multiple columns for different age groups and rows for different diseases. The total number of vaccinations is 101. The diseases listed include Tetanus, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, Polio, and Rubella. The age groups are Under 1, 1-2 yrs, 2-4 yrs, 4-12 yrs, and 12 yrs and over. The total for each disease is 101. The total for all diseases is 101.)

Smallpox Vaccination

	Under 1	1-2 yrs	2-4 yrs	4-12 yrs	12 yrs and over	Total
Primary Vaccination	2	176	209	112	202	700
Re-vaccination	-	-	-	-	192	192

Rubella

	12 yrs	14 yrs	16 yrs	18 yrs	20 yrs and over	Total
Primary Vaccination	176	70	1	3	251	451

VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION

Primary Immunisation of Persons under 16 years

Type of Vaccine	Under 1	1 yr.	2 yrs.	3 yrs.	4 yrs.	5-9	10-15	Total
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tetanus	1	2	3	-	6	28	274	314
Diphtheria/ Tetanus	-	2	1	1	1	85	-	90
Triple: Diphtheria/ Tetanus/pertussis	1	472	356	24	19	33	2	907
Poliomyelitis:								
Salk	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
Sabin	-	456	349	32	26	116	38	1017
Measles	2	309	362	115	105	229	4	1126

Reinforcing Immunisation of Persons under 16 years

Type of Vaccine	Under 1	1 yr.	2 yrs.	3 yrs.	4 yrs.	5-9	10-15	Total
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Tetanus	-	1	1	4	1	25	578	610
Diphtheria/ Tetanus	-	1	5	3	75	703	10	797
Triple: Diphtheria/ Tetanus/Pertussis	-	3	12	4	14	70	3	106
Poliomyelitis:								
Salk	-	-	1	-	-	7	-	8
Sabin	-	5	19	5	82	764	589	1464

Smallpox Vaccination

	Under 1	1-2 yrs.	2-4 yrs.	5-15 yrs.	Total
Primary Vaccination	3	178	209	113	503
Re-vaccination	-	-	-	196	196

Rubella

13 yrs.	14 yrs.	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18+	Total
176	70	1	1	-	3	251

The Medical Officer of Health gave five lectures to different groups of nurses.

Mrs. O'Reilly, Superintendent Nursing Officer, gave 36 lectures during the year including 28 talks to various clubs in the town. Two lectures were given as part of a District Nurse Training Course, three to Obstetric students and three in connection with British Red Cross examinations.

Mrs. Laverick, Home Help Organiser, gave four lectures on the Home Help and Sitter-in Service.

Mrs. Elliott, Health Visitor, gave seven lectures to various bodies. A weekly lecture to Child Care Students was also given in connection with the Home Office Certificate on Child Health. Mrs. Elliott instructed mothers on Ante-Natal Care and Mothercraft by arrangement with a local General Practitioner. She assisted Student Nurses and Child Health Students with practice work on her district.

Mrs. Gales, Health Visitor, gave a course of lectures at the Foxhills Comprehensive School on Mothercraft.

Mrs. Hughes, Health Visitor, also gave a series of talks on Mothercraft at the Infant Welfare Clinics. In addition she gave talks to Student Nurses at the Riddings Clinic. Together with Mrs. Brasier, lectures were given at the Ashby Girls' School.

Miss Davis, Health Visitor, gave lectures on Mothercraft to Adoptive Mothers and Student Nurses at Parkinson Avenue Clinic.

Mrs. Sharples, Health Visitor, gave a talk to local organisations within the town on the work of a Health Visitor and supervised a Student Health Visitor for a period of one week.

All the Health Visitors co-operated in the organisation of weekly Mothercraft classes at the various Infant Welfare Clinics in the Borough. They also, with the assistance of the Geriatric Visitors, took part in a scheme for Student Nurses at the local hospital which entailed visits to the Infant Welfare Clinics and Geriatric Day Centre and observations on the district.

The Public Health Inspectors gave a total of 21 lectures during the year. 7 lectures were given at the Refuse Disposal Plant, 3 at the Abattoir, 1 at the Co-operative Food Unit, 1 at the Technical College, 6 to the Town Womens' Guilds etc and 3 to students on an educational course of the local Co-operative Society.

CHIROPODY

The departure of Mr. Whitaker to Scarborough in March reduced the compliment of Borough Chiropodists to two but the appointment of Miss Fraser in November restored it to the usual figure of three

Compared with 1969 when 8,387 treatments were given to 2,147 patients, 2,219 patients received 9,162 treatments: i.e. slightly more patients were treated and they were given, on the average, more treatments during the year, 4.1 compared with 3.9. This means that the average wait between treatments has been reduced from slightly more than three months to slightly less than three months and Messrs Gardner and White are to be congratulated on this improvement in the service while they were on their own for more than half the year.

Of the treatments, 363 were given at Lindsey County Council Old Peoples Homes, 6,561 were given at Borough Clinics and 2,238 were given at the homes of patients unable to travel to the clinics. The great majority of patients treated were elderly but 84 were physically handicapped, 10 were expectant mothers and 4 were mentally subnormal persons.

WELFARE OF THE DEAF

During the year this service continued to function under the auspices of the Lincolnshire Deaf Welfare Committee. This Committee administers a joint welfare scheme for Grimsby County Borough, Holland County Council, Kesteven County Council, Lincoln County Borough and Lindsey County Council.

HOME HELP AND SITTER-IN SERVICE

The following table summarises these services for 1970. Taking both services together it will be seen that 533 cases received 68,434 $\frac{3}{4}$ hours service compared with 1969 when 497 cases received 72,867 $\frac{1}{2}$ hours service. It will be seen that slightly more people required the service but, on the whole, a smaller amount of service was required in the individual case. Many other towns in this country have shared the experience of Scunthorpe in finding that the number of hours service required per year is roughly equal to the population of the town.

At the end of the year 80 Home Helps and 1 Sitter-in were being employed on a part-time basis.

On 97 occasions, when the Home Help or Sitter-in Service was asked for, investigation revealed an alternative solution to the problem, and that the service was not, in fact, required.

Home Help Service	Aged	Sick & T.B.	M.D.	Maternity	Others	Problem Families	Total
No. of cases supplied	412	35	3	16	56	8	530
No. of hours supplied	52,880 $\frac{3}{4}$	7,567 $\frac{1}{2}$	263 $\frac{1}{2}$	703 $\frac{1}{2}$	4,515 $\frac{1}{4}$	1,890 $\frac{3}{4}$	67,821 $\frac{1}{4}$
<u>Sitter-in Service</u>							
No. of cases supplied	2	1	-	-	-	-	3
No. of hours supplied	603 $\frac{1}{2}$	10	-	-	-	-	613 $\frac{1}{2}$

MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

This section gives care and after care for subnormal and psychiatric patients of all grades. Each officer carries a case load of all types of patients, providing help and support as required. With the promotion of Mr. T.B. Batten, S.R.N., R.M.N., R.M.P.A., C.S.W. to Senior Mental Welfare Officer at the beginning of the year and the recruitment of two Mental Welfare Officers during the year, the full establishment for the Borough of one Senior Mental Welfare Officer and three Mental Welfare Officers was achieved.

During October and November, Mr. Batten attended a Senior Management Course at Leicester Polytechnic and all the staff attended the Lindsey County Council Social Services Staff Development Courses at Horncastle in preparation for the new Social Services Department due to come into effect on 1st April, 1971.

At the end of the year 481 persons in Scunthorpe were in receipt of this service and 4,281 supportive visits were made apart from the many office interviews.

Social Histories were supplied to hospitals on request and the weekly hospital case conferences were always attended by an officer.

Local case discussions were held regularly and the help of other statutory and voluntary services enlisted when necessary.

The services of Mrs. Brown, Occupational Therapist, were lost when she resigned at the end of March but Mrs. Bolt, Craft Instructress, continued to make craft work available in the homes of those benefited by this activity.

The Ladies Friendship Circle and the Mens' Club continued their activities during the early part of the year but from March onwards these had to be discontinued owing to the repairs and alterations taking place at 34, High Street.

The following table lists the number of occasions in which Mental Welfare Officers took action under the Mental Health Act 1959, arranged according to the sections of the Act under which action was taken.

Section 5	48
Section 25	47
Section 26	23
Section 29	48
Other	13
Total	179

As in past years short term holiday care for subnormal children was arranged with Harmston Hall Hospital well in advance and emergency short term care as the necessity arose.

The Mental Welfare Section provides a 'round-the-clock' rota for emergencies, with a Mental Welfare Officer always on duty. In 1970 emergency services outside office hours were required on 115 occasions.

SCUNTHORPE JUNIOR TRAINING CENTRE AND SPECIAL CARE UNIT

With retrospective effect from August, 1969, Mrs. Shane, formerly the Supervisor, was designated Head Teacher, and the former Assistant Supervisors became Teachers, in preparation for the transfer of the Unit to the Education Department in April, 1971. An increase in the establishment was also approved, so that at the end of the year the staff at St. Luke's consisted of the Head Teacher and four teachers, plus one seconded on a two year training course in Sheffield, and four assistants.

The children are conveyed to the Unit in a bus with an escort provided.

At the end of the year the numbers of children attending were as follows:-

<u>Training Centre</u>		<u>Special Care Unit</u>	
Borough	30	Borough	14
County	19	County	6

This is an increase of 8 on the 1969 figures.

There is still a waiting list of children for placement but an extension is planned for 1971 which should improve the position.

One student from the Nottingham College of Technology and another from the Sheffield College of Technology attended St. Luke's for six weeks practical training as part of the Diploma Course for Teachers of Mentally Handicapped Children.

Students from Wentworth Castle College and from Lindsey Technical College also had a day at St. Luke's while on the Home Office Child Care Course.

An 'Open' month for parents was held in May and a Jumble Sale in April added £11-25 to the school fund. In June the children had a visit to Central Park and inter-school sports at Grimsby Training Centre. A Harvest Festival was held in October and in December a Carol Service and a Christmas dinner with a film show rounded off a successful school year.

WELFARE OF BLIND AND PARTIALLY SIGHTED PERSONS

As shown in the table a total of 155 persons were registered as blind at 31st December, 1969.

A total of 30 cases were added to the register during the year. This figure comprises 16 new registrations, 7 cases re-certified from the partially sighted register and 7 new cases notified from other areas.

There were 25 deaths recorded during 1970 and in addition 3 persons left the area giving a final total of 157 names on the blind register at 31st December, 1970.

At the 31st December, 1969, a total of 38 persons were registered as partially-sighted.

Thirteen new registrations were added to the register during the year and one person notified from another area. Transfers to the blind register numbered 7. Four deaths were reported during the year and 2 persons left the area giving a final total of 39 persons registered as partially-sighted at 31st December, 1970.

Classes have been held on three days of each week at 34, High Street, Group Therapy methods are employed to encourage independence and the practice of a variety of crafts is aimed at developing tactile dexterity and providing a basis for the improvement of mobility in the home.

In this year the use of "long cane" techniques and a new approach to the problems of mobility have captured the interest of many blind people in the Borough.

The importance of mobility training for newly blind persons is becoming widely recognised, as loss of mobility is one of the things most missed by them.

Mobility enters into every phase of life; in fact mobility in a blind person is living.

There is no officer trained to instruct in these special mobility techniques in the area and the nearest available are based at Nottingham.

A number of outings have been arranged to places of interest and a party of 24 spent a week at the R.N.I.B. Holiday Home at Scarborough.

The British Wireless for the Blind have been able to meet all requirements in ensuring that no blind person in the Borough is without a radio, an essential source of news and information for them.

In promoting these activities much has depended on the team of voluntary workers giving time and practical help to the club members, both as escorts and guides and in preparing tea and sandwiches at the various functions.

70 blind people attended the Christmas party given by Lindsey Blind Society. It's success depends to a large degree on the support of people in business who are always willing to help in any way possible.

The following table shows the number of persons on the Borough Blind Register during 1970:-

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Number on Register at 31st December, 1969	62	93	155
Number of Scunthorpe people registered in 1970	6	10	16
Recertified from partially sighted register	3	4	7
Transferred into the Borough	3	4	7
	<u>74</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>185</u>

Removed from Register:-

Transferred from the Borough	2	1	3
Deaths	11	14	25
Total on Register at 31st December, 1970	<u>61</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>157</u>

The Register of Partially-Sighted persons is as follows:-

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Number on Register at 31st December, 1969	11	27	38
Number of persons registered in 1970	5	8	13
Transferred into the Borough	1	-	1
	<u>17</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>52</u>

Removed from the Register:-

Transferred from the Borough	-	2	2
Deaths	1	3	4
Transferred to Blind Register	3	4	7
Total on Register at 31st December, 1970	<u>13</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>39</u>

WELFARE OF THE PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED

No. of Persons Registered as Physically Handicapped at end of 1969	Cases Deleted from Register during 1970	Additions to Register during 1970	Total on Register at 31.12.70
361	78	120	385

As shown above the number of persons in Scunthorpe registered with the Local Authority as being seriously and permanently physically handicapped increased from 361 to 385, a rise of 6.6%. As part of the statutory provision for the welfare of these persons, structural alterations or adaptations in the home were carried out on 16 occasions. These were mostly the provision of ramps for wheelchair access and of suitably placed hand-grips to improve the mobility of the disabled person.

201 aids and appliances, such as lazy tongs, sock puller-ons, extended lavatory seats, walking sticks and walking frames, were issued during the year as necessary, to help the handicapped surmount their disabilities.

1451 calls were made during the year by Miss Grindell, the Borough Welfare Officer for the Physically Handicapped, in both visiting the handicapped in their homes and arranging, under the auspices of the Lindsey Society for the Handicapped, for the attendance, early in January, of 34 disabled and 20 of their friends at a pantomime, for the attendance in July of 45 disabled, with 70 helpers, at a County Rally for the Disabled at R.A.F. Manby and for the attendance of 36 disabled and 38 friends at a church service in October. The Lindsey Society for the Physically Handicapped, through Miss Grindell, also renewed 35 television and 2 radio licences and gave monetary assistance in certain cases towards household repairs, redecorating and holiday expenses. A grant of £30 was given towards the W.R.V.S. Riding School Scheme, which provides handicapped children with the stimulating experience of being on horseback. In addition, group holidays were arranged for 11 of the disabled.

The Social Club for the Physically Handicapped continued to meet fortnightly at Bughtric House and a special Christmas party was held there attended by 13 of the members.

Mrs. Stark, Craft Instructress, continued to help with the craft work carried out by the physically disabled in their own homes. Others on the register attended the Geriatric Day Centre and the Remedial Recreation Club in addition to the five who attend the Brumby Wood Lane Spastic Centre from their homes in Scunthorpe. 22 of the persons on the Borough register of the Physically Handicapped manage to continue in full-time employment.

REGISTER OF THE PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED - YEAR ENDED 31.12.70
ARRANGED TO SHOW THE AGES OF THE PERSONS HANDICAPPED
AND THE CAUSE OF THEIR DISABILITY

	Under 16	16-29	30-49	50-64	65 and over	Total
A/E Amputation		1	5	1	10	17
F Arthritis and Rheumatism			5	23	113	141
G Congenital malformations and deformities	1	5	4		3	13
H/L Diseases of the digestive and genito-urinary systems; heart or circulatory system; respiratory system (other than T.B.) and skin		3	3	12	29	47
Q/T Injuries of the head, face, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis or trunk. Injuries or diseases (other than T.B.) of the upper/lower limbs and spine.	1	3	11	15	21	51
V Organic nervous diseases		14	21	29	44	108
U/W Neurosis					1	1
X Tuberculosis (respiratory)			1			1
Y Tuberculosis (non-respiratory)						-
Z Diseases and injuries not specified above	1			1	4	6
	3	26	50	81	225	385

OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY FOR THE PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED

Mrs. P.D.N. Jones, Occupational Therapist (part-time) for the Physically Handicapped submits the following report.

During 1970 the number of patients receiving therapy has continued to increase and the domiciliary therapy supplied by the craft instructors continued to provide a valuable service to those persons who are house-bound. All such domiciliary therapy is done under the guidance of the Occupational Therapist. Some patients receiving visits from the craft instructors were found to require a more concentrated therapy and accordingly arrangements were made for these patients to attend at the Remedial Recreation Centre.

The Remedial Recreation Centre has become firmly established as the base for the Occupational Therapist and this is reflected in the amount of work now being carried out in these premises. Several patients have been successfully rehabilitated and either returned to their employment or have been accepted for training in a Society Workshop. Patients also attended the centre in connection with their assessment for activities of daily living and the use of aids.

It is pleasing to report that there has been an increase in co-operation with other departments which has led to better understanding of the scope of occupational therapy now being offered to the disabled in the Borough. With this aim in view lectures have been given to various organisations in the town including evening institutes and groups of student nurses who have visited the Remedial Recreation Centre.

DAY CENTRE FOR THE ELDERLY

The Geriatric Day Centre for the Elderly, 34, High Street, operated on 199 days during 1970. The attendance figure for this period was 2335. This was an increase of 562 from the previous year. Up to September 40 people attended once weekly. As from 21st September, 1970 another special ambulance was made available thus providing transport for 80 people for once weekly visits, making 4 groups of 20 members. This proved to be very successful. The established members welcomed the new ones and an even more friendly atmosphere was attained.

The average age remains around 78-80 years, more ladies than men, 60 females, 20 males. There is still a waiting list of 21, but some of the people on this list already attend when regular members are, for any reason, unable to attend.

After being collected and transported to the centre the members are served a cup of tea and, when they are all settled in, a well balanced cooked meal is provided. Many members say this is the best meal they have throughout the week. After coffee they then divide into smaller groups, some playing cards, dominoes etc. Some enjoy just chatting with friends and it is noticeable how many firm friendships are formed. Television is available but little used as they say they can watch T.V. when they are alone at home. After tea they are taken back to their homes.

During February a hairdressing service was introduced and this proved very popular with the ladies and a great boost to morale. So great was the demand for perms and sets that, to keep everything fair, a rota system had to be made.

During the summer when transport was available various trips out were made, tea at Normanby and a ride on the special train, a trip to Scawby Woods and then to Hibaldstow to enjoy ice cream from the makers, a mystery tour around the villages and a look at the new Anchor Project. These were all appreciated and enjoyed by all.

Transport could not be made available for all 80 members on one day, therefore it was decided to hold a Christmas party for each separate group on their respective day of attending the centre. After their party they were then taken to the Civic Theatre to the "Old Time Variety". This was so successful that it has already been decided to repeat this venture next year.

During the Christmas period carol services were held and on the last visit before Christmas each member was given a card and a miniature brandy. To complete the festivities they went to the pantomime.

It is evident that the participation in these communal activities stimulates a new interest and coupled with a sense of belonging, creates a much more healthy and happy attitude to life.

Another aspect of the Day Centre is whilst the elderly are at the centre their relatives benefit by having a break from their responsibilities. Many expressions of gratitude are received for this, making the Day Centre a very worthwhile service.

GENERAL WELFARE

The Senior Welfare Officer, Mr. Anderson, gives the following report of the general welfare work carried out in 1970.

The opening of the new Anchor Project, an extension of the vast Iron Works of the British Steel Corporation, said to be one of the largest of its kind in Europe, brought an influx of men seeking work with the later problems of families and housing. Other problems brought about by this arrival of workers was the task of providing clothing, footwear and assistance with money matters. These problems became a daily occurrence requiring constant action to alleviate difficulties.

Interviews

The total number of interviews carried out over the year was 168. Records are kept of all persons seen and over the years it is of interest to note that some families respond and are able to cope with their day to day problems, while others fail completely: in spite of every help they remain in their original state. Such inadequate families require follow up action to avoid their falling into financial or other difficulties. Frequent interviews can help and prevent trouble and, given support, some of these families are able to cope.

Family Problems

This aspect of welfare work is probably the most important. The ever present family differences, both within a family and with neighbours, culminate sometimes in a complete breakdown. Alcoholic drinks, loose marital relationships, incompatibility of temperament, unsympathetic or belligerent behaviour on the part of one or other members of the family, finally cause a breakdown within that family. Constant attention by visits and guidance help in some cases, but family troubles still form one of the most difficult aspects of work for a welfare officer. The number of families dealt with during the year totalled 79.

Accommodation Problems

A constantly recurring problem is that of finding accommodation. Each week persons call on the welfare officer, either as single elements or with their families, asking for accommodation. Sometimes they have been resident in the town for some years, others have come in from various parts of the United Kingdom in search of work in the Steel Works. A number of addresses are kept on hand so that, in an emergency, families or single elements may be catered for. An added difficulty with these people is that generally they have little or no money. The number of interviews regarding accommodation was 64.

Financial Problems

A good relationship with the Ministry of Social Security has been maintained over the year and the settlement of many difficult financial problems has, with their timely help, been solved.

Many families find themselves in financial difficulties through mismanagement, lack of work or ability, or lack of desire to work and by checking on the background of each case and the income available, as compared with the expenditure, a picture can be formed of each problem and generally an answer can be found. The number of such cases dealt with in the year was 68.

Marital Problems

Such difficulties that are reported usually tend to be cases where husbands and wives, through incompatibility, drink, loose behaviour or garrulousness create an atmosphere of tension and any question of the couple living in the same house or flat becomes almost impossible. The problem does not seem to be confined to any particular age group: both young and old experience difficulties and, eventually, the family breaks up. Bitterness and the lack of sensible outlook on life prevents a satisfactory settlement in such cases. Often by a quiet talk and advice, much can be done and some families have settled after a few visits have been made by the welfare officer. In some cases there is an indication of some mental instability on the part of either the husband or wife which finally results in action being taken by the general practitioner and the mental welfare officer. Twelve such cases have been dealt with this year.

Furniture

A small amount of furniture has been given to the department for distribution to people in need, especially to those who get accommodation of their own for the first time. We are grateful to the donors of the furniture. The number of cases helped in this way was 39.

Clothing

Clothing enquiries numbered 41 for the year and when supplies were not available at the office, the W.R.V.S. were glad to help from their store.

Christmas Joy

Two families contacted this office asking if any elderly person was known, who would be alone at Christmas and who would care to share their home, this was a happy duty to perform and three people accepted the invitation.

Staff Advisory

Help and advice concerning problem cases was given to members of the staff of the Health and Welfare Department on 460 occasions.

Visits

The total number of visits made to all age groups during the year under review was 745.

In addition, numerous enquiries have been dealt with by the Senior Welfare Officer when received by telephone at his home address after duty hours, including week-ends.

The year has been one of increasing activity at the above occupational and social centre for the physically handicapped. At the end of the year 60 names were on the register of those attending the centre, 10 more than in 1969, but only 30 to 40 of these attended at any one time. At present there is no waiting list and all referrals to the centre are accepted as soon as received.

After several changes, the staff at the end of the year consisted of Mrs. P. Jones, Occupational Therapist (part-time), Mrs. P. Parnham, Craft Instructor, Mr. G. Cross, Mrs. G. Bolt, Mrs. E. French and Mrs. M.J. Stark, Craft Instructors, (part-time) and Mrs. L. Holmes, Caretaker (part-time).

Each new member attending has a treatment programme arranged by the Occupational Therapist to meet his or her individual needs according to what is required, whether general rehabilitation for return to work, recreational activities and re-socialisation, diversional occupational therapy and craft work instruction in activities of daily living or specific remedial therapy arranged in conjunction with the general practitioner or consultant. The Occupational Therapist personally supervises the more severely handicapped people requiring specific exercises and assessment. There is available a wide variety of craft activities including printing, weaving, wrought iron and metal work, ceramics, handcarving and modelling, as well as the carpentry traditionally carried on in the workshops.

The use of the garage which previously housed the ambulance as a store has enabled full advantage to be taken of several offers of timber and old furniture. Orders for articles from the workshop have been steady throughout the year and were very heavy at Christmas. The play-groups in the Borough continued to keep the workshop busy with orders for large toys and furniture.

During the year three men left the centre to return to full employment and a fourth has been offered a training place at Welwyn Garden City workshops.

At the Rally for the Physically Handicapped at R.A.F. Manby in July every member was encouraged to enter some article in the handicraft section and though the centre was not so successful as last year, a good outing was enjoyed by all who attended.

The centre's stall at Family Day in Quibell Park was well patronised and a Christmas sale arranged at the centre was most successful.

Voluntary helpers have played an important role in running the centre and gratitude is expressed for the helpful assistance of Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Smelt and Mrs. Sheardown.

On the social side there were expeditions to Caistor-on-Sea, Hornsea Potteries and Scarborough and a Christmas dinner at a local hotel for members, staff and committee. A film show and New Year tea party on 31st December marked a successful finish to a successful year.

Modern medicine has made many spectacular advances in recent years and the improvement in the treatment of kidney disease is one of the most conspicuous. By a method known as intermittent haemodialysis a patient with poor kidney function may be maintained in good health indefinitely but unfortunately this means that he must be attached to a kidney machine for periods of some hours two or three times a week. As the kidney unit for the Scunthorpe area is at Lodge Moor Hospital, Sheffield, this entails the inconvenience of considerable travelling for any Scunthorpe person on maintenance therapy. In order that this inconvenience may be avoided, and also of course, to free a place at the unit for the treatment of another patient, the Sheffield Hospital Regional Board makes available, to suitable patients, a kidney machine which is installed in their own home, and by making use of this, after suitable training, the sufferer treats himself as necessary and largely regains his independence.

This entails that one of the rooms at the home must be adapted up to a hospital standard of hygiene, with considerable plumbing and electrical alterations and these adaptations and alterations may be carried out by the local Health Authority under Section 28 of the National Health Service Act. A room in a Council house in Scunthorpe was so adapted by the Housing Department and, on 13th January 1970, was ready for the special equipment supplied by the Hospital Regional Board. The Lodge Moor authorities considered the alterations entirely satisfactory and said they had been 'done to highest standard of workmanship'.

Number of Home Dialysis Units	Housing Department		Health Authority		Total
	1 Bedroom	2 Bedrooms	1 Bedroom	2 Bedrooms	
520	18	24	178	112	
80	-	82	-	30	
120	18	108	178	140	

HOUSING WELFARE OF THE AGED AND INFIRM

By a change in the administration of the housing services of the Corporation, the Housing Welfare of the Aged and Infirm became the responsibility of the Borough Medical Officer of Health on 1st April, 1970 and on that day the services of Miss Leaver, Housing Welfare Officer, and the wardens of the Grouped Dwellings were transferred from the Housing Department to the Health Department.

Miss Leaver makes the following report on the work done from then to the end of the year.

In the period April to 31st December, 1970, the emphasis of work has changed from the wide sphere of welfare duties normally undertaken to the particular element of interviewing, visiting and the subsequent allocation of Aged Persons' Dwellings.

During this period 40 new flats built on Infill Sites were completed and allocated, leaving a balance of 64 properties for completion in the early months of 1971.

No real difficulties arose over the letting of the ground floor dwellings but considerable difficulty was experienced in finding tenants for the first floor flats.

As a consequence of the building programme the waiting list has not increased during the period under review.

It appears that a considerable number of those persons registered for Aged Persons' Accommodation may never wish to accept a tenancy.

It also appears that elderly persons hold strong views as to which areas of the town they find acceptable, therefore difficulties over lettings arise. The most popular areas are Crosby, Lincoln Gardens and the part of Ashby adjacent to the High Street. These likes and dislikes of the old people require to be given consideration when planning further building programmes.

Total Number of Aged Persons' Dwellings

	Bungalows		Flats		Total
	1 bedroom	2 bedrooms	1 bedroom	2 bedrooms	
	112	178	344	18	652
Grouped Dwellings	36	-	62	-	98
Total	148	178	406	18	750

Application Waiting List

	at 1.4.70	New Registrations	Rehoused	Cancelled	at 31.12.70
	404	116	54	62	404
Transfer List	152	64	50	6	160
Total	556	180	104	68	564

No. of Properties available for Letting 1.4.70 - 31.12.70

New Property	54
By Termination of Tenancy	36
By Transfer	14
	<u>104</u>

Method of Allocation

Applicants in points order	40
Applicants by Court Order	1
Transfer (Council Tenants)	42
Applicants by Closing Orders	4
Transfers by Closing Orders	4
Grouped Dwellings - Applicants	9
Transfers	4
	<u>104</u>

Number of Office Interviews

Housing Welfare Officer	317
Clerk	74
	<u>391</u>

Number of Home Visits

Housing Welfare Officer	446
Part-time Assistant	97
	<u>543</u>

REPORT OF THE SCHOOL MEDICAL SECTION

4,218 children out of 4,300 attending Borough schools were medically examined in 1969. About 90% absent at present in forces whereby children are regularly examined three times during their school career, first as entrants, then in their last year at junior school and finally as leavers.

There were 1,000 defects discovered amongst the children examined which were either under treatment by, or required either treatment or observation by, the child's general practitioner or consultants. The defects reported for 1969 were as follows: 1,000 defects reported for 1969 were discovered amongst the children. When these figures are compared with those of the past five years during which time the objectives of the examinations have remained sufficiently similar - except for 1969 - to justify comparison - it will be seen that the steady improvement in the condition of Southampton children continues.

D SCHOOL HEALTH SECTION

Year	No. of Children Given Medical Exam.	No. of Defects Reported	No. of Defects Reported Per 1,000 Children Examined
1965	3,322	2,100	632.1
1966	3,603	1,950	541.3
1967	4,131	1,962	474.3
1968	3,700	1,877	507.0
1969	4,218	2,234	529.6
1970	4,218	1,807	428.4

D SCHOOL HEALTH SECTION

REPORT OF THE SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER

4,218 children out of 15,182 attending Borough schools were medically examined in 1970 under the scheme at present in force whereby children are routinely examined three times during their school career, first as entrants, then in their last year at junior school and finally as leavers.

There were 1,087 defects discovered amongst the children examined which were either under treatment by, or required either treatment or observation by, the child's practitioner or a consultant. Over half these defects were visual. In addition 794 defects requiring, for the present, nothing more than observation by the School Medical Officer were discovered amongst the children. When these figures are compared with those of the past five years - during which time the conditions of the examinations have remained sufficiently similar - except for 1969 - to justify comparison - it will be seen that the steady improvement in the condition of Scunthorpe children continues.

Year	No. of Children Given Periodic Exam.	No. of Defects Recorded	No. of Defects Recorded Per 1,000 Children Examined
1965	3,922	2,189	558.1
1966	3,883	1,955	503.5
1967	4,137	1,962	474.3
1968	3,760	1,691	450.0
1969	4,709	2,224	472.3
1970	4,218	1,881	445.9

SCUNTHORPE SCHOOLS 1970

I am indebted to Mr. Edmonds, Borough Education Officer, for the following information showing the number of boys and girls in each school in the Borough as at 31st December, 1970.

Number on Roll in Borough Schools

	<u>Boys</u>	<u>Girls</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ashby Infants' School	79	53	132
Ashby Junior School	143	132	275
Berkeley Infants' School	102	121	223
Berkeley Junior School	112	86	198
Brumby Junior Boys' School	325	-	325
Brumby Junior Girls' School	-	294	294
Brumby Comprehensive School	501	337	838
Bushfield Road Infants' School	85	87	172
Crosby Infants' School	150	138	288
Crosby Junior School	238	233	471
Enderby Road Infants' School	139	125	264
Foxhills Comprehensive School	412	411	823
Frodingham Infants' School	149	160	309
Grange Lane Infants' School	121	113	234
Grange Lane Junior School	200	183	383
Henderson Avenue Infants' School	132	124	256
Henderson Avenue Junior School	249	224	473
High Ridge Comprehensive School	553	514	1067
John Leggott College	409	397	806
Lincoln Gardens Infants' School	128	98	226
Lincoln Gardens Junior School	160	175	335
Parkwood Infants' School	163	143	306
Parkwood Junior School	173	139	312
Priory Lane Infants' School	143	160	303
Priory Lane Junior School	216	205	421
Riddings Infants' School	135	118	253
Riddings Junior School	225	203	428
Riddings Comprehensive School	475	511	986
Rochdale Road Junior School	182	180	362
Scunthorpe C.E. Primary School	164	154	318
St. Augustine Webster School	162	155	317
St. Bede's R.C. Comprehensive School	236	221	457
St. Bernadette's R.C. Primary School	215	248	463
St. Hugh's Special School	92	72	164
Sunway Infants' School	78	83	161
Thomas Sumpter Comprehensive School	475	419	894
Westcliffe Infants' School	145	113	258
Westcliffe Junior School	191	196	387
Totals	7,857	7,325	15,182

Children found unsuitable for education at school during the calendar year ended 31st December, 1970:

Number of children who were the subject of new decisions recorded under Section 57(4) of the Education Act, 1944..... 9

TABLE A

	Tuberculosis	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough	Measles	Dysentery	Gastro Enteritis	Chicken Pox	Mumps
Ashby Infants	-	1	4	26	2	-	-	2
Ashby Junior	-	-	-	5	-	1	-	-
Berkeley Infants	-	-	1	112	-	-	4	7
Brumby Junior	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
Brumby Comprehensive	-	1	-	2	-	-	1	3
Bushfield Road Infants	-	-	3	68	-	1	-	1
Crosby Infants	-	-	2	63	2	-	56	35
Crosby Junior	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	-
Enderby Road Infants	-	1	2	36	-	-	-	-
Frederick Gough Comprehensive	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Frodingham Infants	-	-	9	116	-	-	34	14
Foxhills Comprehensive	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Grange Lane Infants	-	-	8	80	1	-	15	15
Grange Lane Junior	-	-	2	4	-	-	-	-
Henderson Avenue Infants	-	2	2	61	1	-	5	49
Henderson Avenue Junior	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	-
High Ridge Comprehensive	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-
John Leggott College	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-
Lincoln Gardens Infants	-	-	4	58	5	-	-	-
Lincoln Gardens Junior	-	-	3	8	1	-	-	-
Lynton Preparatory	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	-
Parkwood Infants	-	-	8	71	4	-	12	22
Parkwood Junior	-	1	2	3	2	-	-	-
Priory Lane Infants	-	5	10	139	13	-	3	54
Priory Lane Junior	-	-	-	10	3	-	-	2
Riddings Infants	-	3	7	56	1	-	-	2
Riddings Junior	-	2	3	6	2	-	-	-
Riddings Comprehensive	-	2	-	3	2	-	-	-
Rochdale Road Junior	-	-	3	4	3	-	-	-
Scunthorpe C.E. Primary	-	-	-	59	4	-	-	3
St. Augustine Webster	-	1	-	42	-	-	-	-
St. Bernadette's	-	-	4	37	-	-	-	-
St. Hugh's	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	2
St. Luke's	-	3	-	7	2	-	-	-
Sunway Infants	-	-	-	20	3	-	4	11
Thomas Sumpter Comprehensive	-	4	2	2	4	-	-	1
Westcliffe Infants	-	-	6	56	4	-	-	20
Westcliffe Junior	-	-	3	8	3	-	-	-
Totals	1	28	90	1,197	73	3	134	243

TABLE A Cont.

	Scabies	Influenza	Impetigo	Hepatitis	Meningitis	Rubella	Observation	Total
Ashby Infants'	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	36
Ashby Junior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Berkeley Infants'	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	124
Brumby Junior	1	-	-	2	-	-	2	9
Brumby Comprehensive	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	11
Bushfield Road Infants'	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	77
Crosby Infants'	11	-	-	1	-	-	2	172
Crosby Junior	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	7
Enderby Road Infants'	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	42
Frederick Gough Comprehensive	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Frodingham Infants'	2	-	-	2	1	-	3	181
Foxhills Comprehensive	-	-	1	1	1	-	3	9
Grange Lane Infants'	-	-	-	2	-	2	6	129
Grange Lane Junior	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	9
Henderson Avenue Infants'	14	21	2	-	-	-	3	160
Henderson Avenue Junior	-	-	-	4	2	-	2	13
High Ridge Comprehensive	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6
John Leggott College	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	9
Lincoln Gardens Infants'	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	71
Lincoln Gardens Junior	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	14
Lynton Preparatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Parkwood Infants'	2	-	-	8	-	-	6	133
Parkwood Junior	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	14
Priory Lane Infants'	2	-	-	4	-	2	6	238
Priory Lane Junior	-	-	-	4	-	-	4	23
Riddings Infants'	-	-	-	28	-	-	5	102
Riddings Junior	-	-	-	22	-	-	6	41
Riddings Comprehensive	-	-	-	6	-	-	6	19
Rochdale Road Junior	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	15
Scunthorpe C.E. Primary	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	67
St. Augustine Webster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
St. Bernadette's	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41
St. Hugh's	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	7
St. Luke's	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Sunway Infants'	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	43
Thomas Sumpter Comprehensive	-	-	-	3	-	-	4	20
Westcliffe Infants'	-	-	-	7	-	-	5	98
Westcliffe Junior	-	-	-	4	1	-	5	24
Total	36	21	4	109	7	6	96	2048

SCHOOL MEDICAL INSPECTIONS 1970

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	Periodic Inspection								Total	
		Entrants (1st Age Group)		Leavers (3rd Age Group)		Others					
		Requiring treatment	Requiring observations	Requiring treatment	Requiring observations	Requiring treatment	Requiring observations	Requiring treatment	Requiring observations		
4	Skin	27	10	15	2	26	5	68	17		
5	Eyes - a. vision	46	25	206	67	206	140	458	232		
	b. squint	76	6	16	3	28	2	120	11		
	c. other	4	4	2	-	2	2	8	6		
6	Ears - a. hearing	14	61	6	1	24	28	44	90		
	b. otitis media										
	c. other	4	2	-	-	9	1	13	3		
7	Nose and Throat	5	1	-	-	-	1	5	2		
8	Speech	24	34	2	1	10	10	36	45		
9	Lymphatic Glands	2	57	-	3	3	3	5	63		
10	Heart	-	9	-	-	-	1	-	10		
11	Lungs	13	17	6	4	7	9	26	30		
12	Developmental -	22	10	8	-	20	4	50	14		
	a. hernia	5	3	1	1	-	1	6	5		
	b. other	10	16	7	5	15	33	32	54		
13	Orthopaedic -										
	a. posture	1	-	1	-	-	4	2	4		
	b. feet	11	39	6	2	12	19	29	60		
	c. other	13	12	7	2	9	6	29	20		
14	Nervous System -	5	-	6	-	6	1	17	1		
	a. epilepsy	4	1	-	-	1	2	5	3		
	b. other										
15	Psychological -										
	a. development	2	36	19	-	31	7	52	43		
	b. stability	6	11	5	1	18	16	29	28		
16	Abdomen	2	1	2	-	2	1	6	2		
17	Other	14	18	13	17	20	16	47	51		

SCHOOL MEDICAL INSPECTIONS, 1970

A.

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	Requiring Treatment	Requiring Treatment per 1,000 examined	Requiring Observation
4	Skin	68	16.12	17
5	Eyes - a. vision	458	108.58	232
	b. squint	120	28.45	11
	c. other	8	1.90	6
6	Ears - a. hearing	44	10.43	90
	b. otitis media	13	3.08	3
	c. other	5	1.19	2
7	Nose and Throat	36	8.53	45
8	Speech	5	1.19	63
9	Lymphatic Glands	-	-	10
10	Heart	26	6.16	30
11	Lungs	50	11.85	14
12	Developmental -			
	a. hernia	6	1.42	5
	b. other	32	7.59	54
13	Orthopaedic - a. posture	2	0.47	4
	b. feet	29	6.88	60
	c. other	29	6.88	20
14	Nervous System -			
	a. epilepsy	17	4.03	1
	b. other	5	1.19	3
15	Psychological -			
	a. development	52	12.33	43
	b. stability	29	6.88	28
16	Abdomen	6	1.42	2
17	Other	47	11.14	51
Total		1,087	257.71	794

SCHOOL MEDICAL INSPECTIONS, 1970

B

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	Requiring Observation per 1,000 examined	Treatment and Observation	Treatment and obser- vation per 1,000 examined
4	Skin	4.03	85	20.15
5	Eyes - a. vision	55.00	690	163.58
	b. squint	2.61	131	31.06
	c. other	1.42	14	3.32
6	Ears - a. hearing	21.34	134	31.77
	b. otitis media	0.71	16	3.80
	c. other	0.47	7	1.66
7	Nose and Throat	10.67	81	19.20
8	Speech	14.94	68	16.12
9	Lymphatic Glands	2.37	10	2.37
10	Heart	7.11	56	13.28
11	Lungs	3.32	64	15.17
12	Developmental - a. hernia	1.19	11	2.61
	b. other	12.80	86	20.39
13	Orthopaedic - a. posture	0.95	6	1.42
	b. feet	14.22	89	21.10
	c. other	4.74	49	11.62
14	Nervous System -			
	a. epilepsy	0.24	18	4.27
	b. other	0.71	8	1.90
15	Psychological -			
	a. development	10.19	95	22.52
	b. stability	6.64	57	13.51
16	Abdomen	0.47	8	1.90
17	Other	12.09	98	23.23
Total		188.23	1,881	445.95

SCHOOL MEDICAL INSPECTIONS, 1970

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	Special Inspections	
		Requiring treatment	Requiring observation
4	Skin	-	-
5	Eyes - a. vision	3	1
	b. squint	2	-
	c. other	-	-
6	Ears - a. hearing	8	2
	b. otitis media	2	1
	c. other	1	-
7	Nose and Throat	-	-
8	Speech	2	4
9	Lymphatic Glands	-	-
10	Heart	-	-
11	Lungs	2	-
12	Developmental -		
	a. hernia	-	-
	b. other	-	-
13	Orthopaedic -		
	a. posture	-	-
	b. feet	-	-
	c. other	-	-
14	Nervous System -		
	a. epilepsy	-	-
	b. other	-	1
15	Psychological -		
	a. development	23	4
	b. stability	17	5
16	Abdomen	-	-
17	Other	3	-

SCHOOL MEDICAL INSPECTION 1970

Age Groups Inspected (by years of birth)	No. of Pupils Inspected	Number of Children found to require treatment (including cases under treatment but excluding dental diseases and infestation with vermin).			Physical Condition	
		For defective vision (excluding squint)	For any other condition recorded	Total individual children requiring treatment	S (Satisfactory)	U (Unsatisfactory)
1966 and later	72	1	19	19	72	nil
1965	626	9	99	102	626	nil
1964	718	31	101	116	718	nil
1963	57	2	5	7	57	nil
1962	15	1	3	3	15	nil
1961	18	-	-	-	18	nil
1960	109	12	20	32	109	nil
1959	933	124	143	240	933	nil
1958	428	62	55	110	428	nil
1957	43	8	4	10	43	nil
1956	533	83	45	113	533	nil
1955	503	77	34	106	503	nil
1954 and earlier	163	48	35	74	163	nil
Total	4,218	458	563	932	4,218	nil

Supervision cases 3,543

Specials 97

ROUTINE AUDIOMETRIC AND VISION TESTING

<u>Vision Testing of 5 year olds in School</u>					
<u>Routines</u>					
Number Tested	No Action	Referred to eye Clinic	Re-test	Wearing Glasses Satisfactory	Referred to eye Clinic
904	823	32	48	1	-
<u>Specials</u>					
Number Tested	No Action	Referred to eye Clinic	Re-test	Wearing Glasses Satisfactory	Referred to eye Clinic
256	103	29	111	13	-
<u>Vision Testing of 9 year olds in School</u>					
<u>Routines</u>					
Number Tested	No Action	Referred to eye Clinic	Re-test	Wearing Glasses Satisfactory	Referred to eye Clinic
934	840	35	45	14	-

HEARING TESTS

Hearing Tests of 5 year olds, 9 year olds and Specials

	Number Tested	Referred to School Medical Officer	Referred for Re-test	Number without Hearing Loss	Cases Confirmed Deafness No.	%
Routine Examination of 5 yr. olds	904	41	64	799	6	0.66
Routine Examination of 9 yr. olds	934	30	72	832	10	1.07
Special Examinations	669	94	279	296	38	5.68
Total	2,507	165	415	1,927	54	2.15

Verminous Conditions

During the year 18,026 examinations were carried out and 388 pupils, or 2.15% of the pupils inspected, were found to be infested to some degree.

Minor Ailments

During the year 40 children attended the minor ailments clinic at Parkinson Avenue where minor dressings and treatments are carried out.

School Clinic

The following table shows the number of children who attended the three weekly clinics:-

SCHOOL CLINIC

[illegible]

Treatment of Defects

The procedure for the disposal is unaltered.

Disposal of New Cases found at Routine Inspection in 1970

Number of cases referred to G.P.s	66
-----------------------------------	----

Of these the following action was taken:-

Number of cases referred to specialists	36
---	----

Treated by G.P.s	3
------------------	---

No Treatment necessary	4
------------------------	---

No reply from G.P.s, or number of cases pending	23
---	----

Number of cases referred to specialist by School Medical Officer	59
--	----

Number of cases referred to eye clinic	149
--	-----

Number of cases attended eye clinic	135
-------------------------------------	-----

Number of cases awaiting appointment at eye clinic	1
--	---

Persistent refusals and discharged from eye clinic	10
--	----

Number of cases lost sight of	-
-------------------------------	---

Number of cases attending private optician	3
--	---

Eye Clinic

Out of a total of 1,128 children who attended the eye clinics during the year 458 children were prescribed glasses.

Ear, Nose and Throat Defects

42 known children had operations for tonsils and adenoids.

Ultra-Violet Light Treatment

During the winter months there were 58 sessions held at two clinics. A total of 169 attendances were made. 8 children attended for the first time.

The third annual survey has just been completed. 1970 was the first year in which water supply was consistently adequately fluoridated i.e. 1 part per million. The water supply needs to be fluoridated for 3 years before there is a noticeable improvement in the condition of the children's teeth. In our case this will be 1973, although a small improvement has already been noticed.

Dental Health

The auxiliary continued to visit schools and playgrounds, giving talks and demonstrations of dental health. Every five year old starting school at Easter and September 1970 has received an oral hygiene kit, each of these contains a toothbrush, toothpaste, flosser and a letter to the parent.

DENTAL REPORT 1970

Staff

<u>Area Dental Officers</u>	Mr. P. Betts Mrs. M. Clayton
<u>Dental Officer</u>	Mr. J. McCutcheon
<u>Dental Auxiliary</u>	Miss L. Robinson
<u>Dental Assistants</u>	Mrs. S. Allison Mrs. C. Paterson Mrs. N. Rysdale Mrs. D. Spencer
<u>Part-time Assistant</u>	Mrs. E. Davis

A Dental Assistant in the School Dental Service is required to act as Dental Nurse, Dental Receptionist and Filing Clerk. With the ratio of one Dental Assistant to one Dental Officer problems arise when a Dental Assistant is absent due to illness or any other cause. We were therefore pleased to have the services of one extra part-time assistant during part of 1970, who assisted at all the clinics when needed, unfortunately this assistant resigned during the year.

Due to the pressure of routine remedial work at the clinics, we are unable to inspect all schools in our area once a year. At school inspections the mouths of all children are inspected. Dental treatment is given to all who need it with the exception of those children who regularly attend a Dental Practitioner or who persistently refuse treatment.

Concern has been expressed about children in the Westcliff area. These children have not received regular dental inspections at school and are some distance from a dental clinic. Some thought has been given to providing a one-surgery dental clinic in the premises which house the Westcliff Maternity and Child Welfare Clinic. Equipment from one of the surgeries at the Ashby Clinic would be moved into the Westcliff Clinic.

Preventative dentistry i.e. individual dental health education, individual nutritional guidance, sealing of fissures of the teeth before decay can attack them, use of topical fluoride when necessary should be occupying more of our time. At present this could only be done at the expense of routine remedial work. It is something to be aimed for in the future.

Fluoridation Survey, Scunthorpe - Corby

The third annual survey has just been completed. 1970 was the first year in which water supply was consistently adequately fluoridated i.e. 1 part per million. The water supply needs to be fluoridated for 3 years before there is a noticeable improvement in the condition of the childrens' teeth. In our case this will be 1973, although a small improvement has already been noticed.

Dental Health

The auxiliary continued to visit schools and playgroups, giving talks and demonstrations on dental health. Every five year old starting school at Easter and September 1970 has received an oral hygiene kit, each of these contains a toothbrush, toothpaste, beaker and a letter to the parents

At the Infant Schools in the Borough the children are given pieces of either apple or carrot after their school meal. There are still a number of schools selling confectionery to their pupils in aid of school funds and increasing the caries rate.

Mr. J. J. McCann

Dental Officer

Mrs. L. Robinson

Dental Auxiliary

Mrs. S. Allison

Dental Assistant

Mrs. C. Patterson

Mrs. K. Rylands

Mrs. D. Spencer

Mrs. E. Davis

Part-time Assistant

A Dental Assistant in the School Dental Service is required to act as Dental Nurse, Dental Receptionist and Filing Clerk. With the ratio of one Dental Assistant to one Dental Officer provides a ratio of one Dental Assistant to one Dental Officer. It is essential that the Dental Assistant is absent due to illness or any other cause. We were therefore pleased to have the services of one extra part-time assistant during part of 1970, who assisted at all the clinics when needed. Unfortunately this assistant was absent during the year.

Due to the pressure of routine remedial work at the clinics, we are unable to inspect all schools in our area each year. At school inspections the routine of all children are inspected. Dental treatment is given to all who need it with the exception of those children who regularly attend a Dental Practitioner or who previously refuse treatment.

Concern has been expressed about children in the Westcliff area. These children have not received regular dental inspections at school and are some distance from a dental clinic. Some thought has been given to providing a one-day dental clinic in the premises which house the Westcliff Nursery and Child Welfare Clinic. Equipment from one of the nurseries at the Westcliff would be moved into the Westcliff Clinic.

Preventative dentistry, i.e. individual dental health education, individual nutritional guidance, sealing of fissures of the teeth before decay can attack them, use of topical fluoride when necessary should be occupying more of our time. At present this could only be done at the expense of routine remedial work. It is something to be aimed for in the future.

Fluoridation Survey, Bournemouth - Dorset

The third annual survey has just been completed. 1970 was the first year in which water supply was consistently adequately fluoridated i.e. 1 part per million. The water supply needs to be fluoridated for 5 years before there is a noticeable improvement in the condition of the children's teeth. In our case this will be 1975, although a small improvement has already been noticed.

Dental Health

The auxiliary continued to visit schools and playgroups, giving talks and demonstrations on dental health. Every five year old attending school at Bournemouth and Bournemouth has received an oral hygiene kit, each of these contains a toothbrush, toothpaste, waxed and a letter to the parent.

Table Showing Dental Inspection and Treatment
Sessions Devoted to 1970

Inspection	111
Treatment	1,501
Dental Health Education	186
<u>Inspections</u>	
A. First inspection at school	8,629
B. First inspection at Clinic	1,858
C. Number of children re-inspected at school or clinic	430
Total inspected	10,917
Number of A & B found to require treatment	5,346
Number of C found to require treatment	221
Total found to require treatment	5,567
Number of A & B offered treatment	4,616
<u>Attendances and Treatment</u>	
First visit	4,067
Subsequent visits	3,350
Total visits	7,417
Additional courses of treatment commenced	252
Fillings - permanent teeth	4,853
Fillings - deciduous	897
Permanent teeth filled	4,409
Deciduous teeth filled	881
Permanent teeth extracted	1,047
Deciduous teeth extracted	3,040
General anaesthetics	1,769
Emergencies	410
Number of pupils x-rayed	151
Prophylaxis	648
Teeth otherwise conserved	37
Number of teeth root filled	32
Inlays	5
Crowns	24
Courses of treatment completed	3,652
<u>Orthodontics</u>	
Cases remaining from previous year	nil
Cases commenced during year	13
Cases completed during year	5
Cases discontinued during year	1
Number of removable appliances fitted	25
Number of fixed appliances	2
Pupils referred to hospital consultant	nil
<u>Prosthetics</u>	
Pupils supplied with F.U. or F.L. dentures	nil
Pupils supplied with other dentures	31
Number of dentures supplied	46
<u>Anaesthetics</u>	
General anaesthetics administered by dental officers	nil

Non-School Dental Work for Year 1970

M. & C.W.

A. Attendances and Treatment

First Visit
Subsequent Visits

Total Visits

Number of additional courses of treatment other than first course commenced during year

Treatment provided during year:-

Number of Fillings

Teeth Filled

Teeth Extracted

General Anaesthetics given

Emergency Visits by Patients

Patients x-rayed

Patients treated by Scaling and/or removal of Stains from the teeth (prophylaxis)

Teeth otherwise Conserved

Teeth Root Filled

Inlays

Crowns

Number of Courses of Treatment completed during the year

Children 0-4 (incl.)	Expectant and Nursing Mothers
239	94
95	166
334	260
10	9
107	126
107	114
282	142
149	24
42	6
4	8
5	31
1	-
-	1
-	-
-	1
166	87

B. Prosthetics

Patients supplied with F.U. or F.L. (First time) 6

Patients supplied with other dentures 18

Number of dentures supplied 27

C. Anaesthetics

General anaesthetics administered by Dental Officers nil

D. Inspections

Number of Patients given first inspections during the year

Number of Patients in A & D above who required treatment

Number of Patients in B & E above who were offered treatment

Children 0-4 (incl.)	Expectant and Nursing Mothers
230	61
97	56
97	56

E. Number of Dental Officer Sessions Devoted to Maternity and Child Welfare Patients

For Treatment 126

For Health Education -

CHILD GUIDANCE AND SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGICAL SERVICE

A total of 268 children were seen by Dr. Nichol during the year. Of this total 96 were new cases and 172 children attended for review interviews.

SPEECH THERAPY

In August 1970 a longstanding need was assuaged by the appointment of Miss C. Coulthurst as Speech Therapist to the Borough. The Speech Therapist first of all visited all the schools in the Borough, reviewing the position with regard to the very large back-log of cases untreated in the past. 68 of the worst cases were seen for assessment but only 49 of these could be accepted for a course of treatment. Before the end of the year 49 cases had made 476 attendances for speech therapy sessions. Miss Coulthurst reserves a session for both St. Luke's and St. Hugh's School and is hoping to start a pre-school playgroup for children with speech impediments during 1971. By the end of the year the number of cases under active treatment or review by the Speech Therapist had increased to 94.

CHILD GUIDANCE AND SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGICAL SERVICES

During the year 1970-71, 173 children were seen by the Child Guidance and School Psychological Services. Of this total 96 were new cases and 77 children attended for review interviews.

Actively treated

As regards attendance for review interviews, 173 children attended for review interviews.

During the year 1970-71, 173 children were seen by the Child Guidance and School Psychological Services.

During the year 1970-71, 173 children were seen by the Child Guidance and School Psychological Services. Of this total 96 were new cases and 77 children attended for review interviews. The number of cases under active treatment or review by the Speech Therapist had increased to 96.

Review

Review

Review of cases for review by the Speech Therapist

B. Statistics

Patients with left handedness (1970-71) 18
Patients with right handedness 27
Patients with ambidexterity 1

C. Assessment

General assessment by Child Guidance and School Psychological Services

D. Intervention

Number of Patients given first interview during the year 173

Number of Patients in A & B treatment during the year 96

Number of Patients in C & D treatment during the year 77

E. Review of Cases and Review of Cases

Review of cases for review by the Speech Therapist

Review of cases for review by the Speech Therapist	Review of cases for review by the Speech Therapist
173	96
96	77
77	55

REPORT

During the year several reports on various subjects were made to the Health & Welfare Committee and those not dealt with elsewhere are gathered together in this section.

REPORTS OF THE REGIONAL HOSPITAL BOARDS TO THE COMMITTEE

The official title of this report is "The Functions of the District General Hospital". It was published in October, 1959, and the various Regional Hospital Boards were asked to contact the Local Authorities and make observations on it. The Sheffield Regional Hospital Board has made its observations and these were received by the Borough on the 15th November.

The covering letter from the Board is as follows:-

"Dear Sir/Madam,

The Functions of the District General Hospital
The Buckton-Garner Report

As you will be aware the above Report was published by Her Majesty's Stationery Office on the 17th October, 1959, and the Board and the appropriate national organisations were asked by the Secretary of State to submit their views on the principal recommendations. In addition Regional Hospital Boards were asked to carry out a feasibility study into the application of the recommendations to the Hospital Services in their Region.

I attach a copy of the Board's letter to the Department dated 15th November, 1959, together with extracts from the feasibility study applicable to the area with which you are concerned. These should not be construed as firm proposals but if your authority has any comments to offer on the Board's observations or on the possible method of implementing the Report I should be glad if you would let us know them. My Board will also be interested to receive a copy of any comments made by your authority as a result of the Secretary of State's request.

Until more definite proposals can be formulated my consideration of the detailed proposals should be in confidence.

Yours faithfully,

The Buckton-Garner Report itself runs about 20 pages but it has a summary of the principal recommendations which is as follows:-

Summary of Principal Recommendations

1. Independence and control of planning of the hospital and the community health services (pp. 11 and 40-42).

F REPORTS TO THE COMMITTEE

REPORTS

During the year several reports on various subjects were made to the Health & Welfare Committee and those not dealt with elsewhere are gathered together in this section.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH ON THE BONHAM-CARTER REPORT

The official title of this report is "The functions of the District General Hospital", it was published in October, 1969, and the various Regional Hospital Boards were asked to contact the Local Authorities and make observations on it. The Sheffield Regional Hospital Board has made its observations and these were received by the Borough on the 25th November.

The covering letter from the board is as follows:-

"Dear Sir/Madam,

The Functions of the District General Hospital
The Bonham-Carter Report

As you will be aware the above Report was published by Her Majesty's Stationery Office on the 17th October, 1969, and the Board and the appropriate national organisations were asked by the Secretary of State to submit their views on the principal recommendations. In addition Regional Hospital Boards were asked to carry out a feasibility study into the application of the recommendations to the Hospital Services in their Region.

I attach a copy of the Board's letter to the Department dated 13th November, 1969, together with extracts from the feasibility study applicable to the area with which you are concerned. These should not be construed as firm proposals but if your authority has any comments to offer on the Board's observations or on the possible method of implementing the Report I should be glad if you would let me have them. My Board would also be interested to receive a copy of any comments made by your authority as a result of the Secretary of State's request.

Until more definite proposals can be formulated any consideration of the detailed proposals should be in confidence.

Yours faithfully, "

The Bonham-Carter Report itself has about 20 pages but it has a summary of the principal recommendations which is as follows:-

"Summary of Principal Recommendations

1. Interdependence and need for joint planning of the hospital and the community health services (paras. 11 and 40-46).

2. No further development of separate hospitals for any single acute specialty (para. 11).
3. All hospital psychiatric (including mental subnormality) and geriatric treatment to be based on district general hospitals; existing hospitals in these specialties to be run down and closed (paras. 14 and 16).
4. District general hospitals should be planned around teams of not less than two consultants in each specialty, with all their in-patients at the one district general hospital (para. 20).
5. Most district general hospitals should therefore be planned to serve at least 200,000 population each, and up to 300,000 or more in the major concentrations of population (para. 26).
6. Importance of making the district general hospital as accessible as possible to its public (para. 23).
7. Where geography makes it essential to plan a district general hospital to serve substantially less than 200,000 population, special consideration will have to be given to how the hospital is to be staffed (para. 27).
8. In-patient provision for E.N.T. surgery and ophthalmology should be made at selected district general hospitals only (para. 30).
9. Small hospitals in some peripheral country towns to be retained as "peripheral hospital units", but in a limited role (paras. 33-39).
10. General practitioners to be offered part-time work in relevant specialties at the district general hospital, perhaps including responsibility for the care of some of their own patients, but as members of the hospital team (para. 44).
11. Integration of nurse training (para. 49 et seq).
12. Need for review of the hospital building programme (paras. 57-60). "

The Sheffield Regional Hospital Board has observations to make on all 12 of the recommendations and also a little to say on Health Centres.

It also outlines the proposals for the Scunthorpe area which are basically to turn the Scunthorpe General Hospital into a modified district general hospital which is calculated to be expected to serve a population of about 150,000 people in 1981.

Observations

The most important feature of much Health planning in the last 20 years or so, and this is specially applicable to Hospital planning, is that the planning has not as its primary aim and consideration the needs of the community to be served. The primary consideration ought to be the needs of the community and those needs vary with the size of the community. The present report appears to start with a district hospital which is then defined as regards size and staffing and then a clumsy attempt is made to fit a hospital drainage area round the planned hospital. This is the wrong way of doing things and Scunthorpe is liable to be the loser for many years to come while this type of mentality persists.

Insufficient consideration appears to have been given to what will happen to the large number of persons at present permanently cared for in St. John's and Harmston Hall when these are closed. The patients at present housed there are for the most part retained for social reasons rather than for the purpose of receiving active medical treatment. It would appear reasonable that these buildings be handed back to the local authorities and changed into residential homes for their inmates.

January, 1970.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
ON
THE LOCAL AUTHORITY SOCIAL SERVICES BILL

I refer to the letter of the 17th of March from the Association of Municipal Corporations. This letter seeks the views and comments of delegated authorities on the above bill and I suggest the following points for consideration:-

1. The whole of the new bill should be postponed until the new Local Authority Boundaries are fixed and the new Authorities elected.
2. Clause 10 should be completely omitted but if included sub-section 2 should specify which Secretary of State.
3. In Scunthorpe the Health and Welfare Department is combined and integrated. Had there been in existence a separate Welfare Department with delegated powers the revocation would not have the effects which will follow as a result of severing the services from a combined Health and Welfare Department. This severing will split an existing efficient organisation and the disintegration will mean a substantial increase in salaries, office accommodation, and establishment charges to provide separate and additional facilities for the new department.
4. The relations between the Borough Council and the County Council over delegation have not been particularly happy in the past. The principal reason for the unhappy relationship is that the Borough Council has persisted in setting much higher standards than the Lindsey County Council has seen fit to approve. Many of these standards and services have been provided by the Borough acting as a district Council because the County Council had already disapproved of the services. The Borough supplies special transport for wheelchair cases (2 ambulances with hydraulic lifts), Remedial Recreational facilities, seven Community Centres at which

six Luncheon Clubs for the elderly are run. Other services not available in the rest of the County but available in the Borough are an Essential Laundry Service, Day Centres for (a) the aged (b) the physically handicapped (c) the blind (d) psychiatric females (e) psychiatric males. The Borough has for years asked for a Deaf Welfare Officer and for staff to work with the partially hearing and has for years been refused by the Lindsey County Council.

The Borough Council implemented the Geriatric Visitor scheme as outlined in the Socialist Commentary of January 1966 although the County Council did not approve the scheme and six part-time nurses are now employed on this work. It can hardly be in the public interest to revoke delegated functions in this Borough when the standards of all services provided under delegated powers are of a much higher standard than those provided outside the Borough by the County Authority.

5. The White paper on local government reform makes a unitary authority on the South Humberside which includes Scunthorpe and Grimsby. The Lindsey County Council Offices and Lincoln City are placed in a different unitary authority. It can hardly be in the public interest or in the interests of good administration to change the existing system in order that Lindsey County Council (which is the present Local Welfare Authority) may take over the services and in the course of the next 2 or 3 years hand these same services back to the proposed new unitary authority of South Humberside. Such a unitary authority would, in accordance with Seebohm's recommendations, have an area office in Scunthorpe, by virtue of population, irrespective of whether Scunthorpe became the new Administrative Centre or not.
6. Should there be any variation of the existing scheme it is suggested that in the interests of the Borough population and the proposed Local Authority changes it would be best served by (a) varying the Delegation scheme to provide for the remaining County Services not already delegated to be added to the schedule of delegated functions, or (b) varying the Delegation schemes to provide for a joint scheme with Grimsby County Borough until such time as the new Local Authorities are created.
7. It would appear that there will be enough changes in the structure of Local Authority services without this unnecessary change for such a temporary period.
8. The unavoidably high expenditure on temporary office accommodation and new administrative staff will have the effect of diverting already scarce financial resources and further delaying expansion of other services.

March, 1970.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH ON THE MANAGEMENT
STRUCTURE OF THE LOCAL AUTHORITY NURSING SERVICES

The Ministry Circular 13/70 dated the 5th August, 1970, is relevant and my references to the circular refer to the paragraph numbers on the circular.

Paragraph 14 of the Circular states:- "The Secretary of State asks all Health Authorities as a matter of urgency to review the senior nursing staff structure in their area in the light of the working party's detailed recommendations and to send him not later than the 31st December, 1970, an interim report on action taken or planned under this circular".

Paragraph 2 states:- "They (the working party) see a need for three levels of nursing management - top, middle and first line. They recommend all authorities who have not already done so to appoint a chief nursing officer to co-ordinate and direct health visiting, home nursing and domiciliary midwifery in their area and urge authorities to review their senior nursing staff structure in the light of the report's recommendations."

Section 6 states:- "In recommending three levels of management the working party do not suggest that every authority should appoint separate first line, middle and top managers. Many existing authorities will not be able to justify the employment of staff exclusively on first-line management. What has to be decided in each individual authority's situation is whether it is essential to employ separate first-line or separate middle managers in addition to the chief nursing officer. In some areas it may be appropriate for both first line and middle management responsibilities to be undertaken by the same person. In some there will be no need to interpose separate first line or middle managers between the field workers and top management and in such a situation all management functions will be performed by the chief nursing officer herself."

Section 9 states:- "The working party recommend that all local health authorities who have not already done so should appoint a chief nursing officer with an appropriate grading to co-ordinate and direct health visiting, home nursing and domiciliary midwifery in their area and to provide a single avenue of communication on the policy matters through the Medical Officer of Health to the Health Committee. The Secretary of State recognises the statutory responsibilities of the Medical Officer of Health for advising the Health Committee on all matters concerning the Health Department of which the chief nursing officer and her staff form part. While accepting that the Medical Officer of Health has final responsibility as head of the department, the Secretary of State says the working party's view that it is an inappropriate use of medical skills for a Medical Officer to be personally involved in the day to day organisation and administration of the nursing services. In many areas Medical Officers of Health are increasingly prepared to grant the chief nursing officer wide discretion in all nursing matters. This is a development which has the Secretary of State's full support."

Section 10 states:- "There may be a need exceptionally for a supporting grade at top management level."

Section 11 states:- "While a small number of forward looking authorities are already making local arrangements the Secretary of State shares the concern expressed by the working party about the general lack of training in management for senior local authority nurses."

Section 15 states:- "The Secretary of State attaches considerable importance to the need for further consultations in nursing matters between hospitals and local authorities so as to secure better deployment of nursing staff inside and outside hospital. It would in his view help to foster and improve co-ordination between hospital and local authority nurses if there were better knowledge about their respective roles."

General observations

So far as section 15 is concerned, Scunthorpe in the last few years has been a very active authority and there is a very considerable interchange of information and views between the local authority nursing personnel and the hospital staff. The Medical Officer of Health is involved in lecturing to the hospital nurses on the functions of the Health and Welfare Department. The senior nursing officer and the health visitors lecture to the student nurses. The student nurses from the hospital are taken out on the district on rounds and to the clinics by the health visitors, district nurses, district midwives and clinic nurses and shown the whole of the workings of the Local Health Authority. It is not to any extent necessary to organise rounds of instruction for the Local Authority nurses in the hospitals because they are all experienced in hospital work before they come to the Local Authority. However, whenever new developments arise action is taken. When the Kidney Dialysing Units which are now being put on the district and in the homes of patients became available in Scunthorpe, all the district nurses were taken over to the Sheffield hospital concerned and received instruction from the hospital staff. The Borough on more than one occasion has offered to arrange for nurses and midwives to work in the Local Hospitals where necessary and planning is going ahead for using midwives in this way.

As regards training in management, the Borough nurses have been asked if they are interested and arrangements have been made for suitable nurses to be released and sent on management courses as and when the opportunity arises. The Borough has for several years now approved the establishment of an extra Administrative Nursing Officer but this has been repeatedly turned down year after year by Lindsey County Council. This year, due to some slight disagreement on the part of the County Council, no staff matters have as yet been considered and finalised.

The present staffing establishment for nurses is as follows:-
The establishment falls in two groups because of the administrative set-up forced on the Borough by the County Council.

Group A:- Senior Nursing Officer - Mrs. O'Reilly - in charge responsible for:-

	<u>Establishment</u>	<u>No. Employed</u>
Midwives	6	4 W.T. 2 P.T.
District Nurses	17	16 W.T. 2 P.T.
Nursing Auxiliaries	3	4 P.T.

Group B:-

All these are under the direct management of the Medical Officer of Health.

	<u>Establishment</u>	<u>No. Employed</u>
Health Visitors	17	10 W.T.
including		2 P.T.
Geriatric Visitors		5 P.T.
School Nurse	1	1 W.T.
Clinic Nurses	4.5	7 P.T.

The population of the Borough is 69,720

Proposed new establishment

Chief Nursing Officer	1
Deputy Chief Nursing Officers	2

It is considered that all that is required in Scunthorpe is to appoint the Chief Nursing Officer as Chief Officer in charge of all the nursing services as advised by paragraph 2. It is considered that middle and first line management should be combined and incorporated in the top line management but that the top line management requires to be supported. One Deputy Chief Nursing Officer would not be sufficient for the purpose and therefore an establishment of two deputies is recommended. This need is underlined in section 10 of the circular.

Staff Gradings:- The recommended staffing grading for the three posts involved, Chief Nursing Officer, Deputy number 1 and Deputy number 2 should be according to the Whitley Council gradings as follows:-

Nurses and Midwives Council - Table IV A

Superintendent Nursing Officer	50 - 99 staff
Deputy Superintendent Nursing Officer	25 - 99 staff

August, 1970.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
ON THE
SPECIAL TREATMENT ACCOMMODATION AT PARKINSON AVENUE CLINIC

It has been repeatedly drawn to the attention of the Health Committee over many years that this accommodation is urgently required by the Borough and that the Borough services are being restricted because of this.

Speech Therapy is at present housed in the staff room of the Riddings Clinic. This is a temporary measure as the room cannot be made suitable for Speech Therapy.

At the Health Committee held on 28th November, 1968, it was resolved:-

"That Lindsey County Council be requested to arrange for Sheffield Regional Hospital Board to vacate the premises as soon as reasonably possible."

On 13th January, 1969, the Town Clerk submitted a letter to the Health Committee from the Clerk of the County Council stating that the County Health Committee were not prepared to ask the Board to vacate the accommodation until such time as they had provided alternative accommodation at the Scunthorpe War Memorial Hospital. The Committee decided to hold its next meeting at Parkinson Avenue Clinic to allow members to see the conditions prevailing. Although the meeting was held at the clinic and members deplored the conditions, no further action was taken at that time.

The rooms are now needed for the proper development of Speech Therapy in the Borough and it is advised that the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board be given notice to quit immediately.

October, 1970.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
ON THE
REVOCATION OF CERTAIN HEALTH AND WELFARE SERVICES UNDER
THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES SOCIAL SERVICES ACT, 1970

This report deals only with services delegated under the compulsory Delegation Scheme which had an operative date of 1st November, 1960, and does not differentiate as to whether the original authority was a Health act or a Welfare Services act.

Staff:-

The transfer under the 1960 scheme took some time and the first establishment schedule was completed in 1962 and from it the following staff establishment is drawn:-

Mental Welfare Officer	- 1	(Mr. Armstrong - transferred from Lindsey County Council)
Home Help Organiser	- 1	(Mrs. Laverick - transferred from Lindsey County Council)
Home Helpers	- 43	part-time (transferred from Lindsey County Council)
Social Worker for the Physically Handicapped	- 1	(Miss Grindell - transferred from Lindsey County Council)
Social Worker/Home Teacher for the Blind	- 1	(Mr. Iles - appointed by the Borough)

Clerical work was dealt with by an integrated clerical department and a notional one clerk was added to the Borough Establishment to deal with all the above officers.

Premises:-

No premises were transferred or made available.

Equipment:-

A few decrepit wheelchairs were handed over.

As at the 30th September, 1970, the position is as follows:-

Staff:-

Mental Welfare Officers	- 4	(Mr. Batten, Mr. Baker, Mr. Foley, Mrs. Dew)
Home Help Organisers	- 2	(Mrs. Laverick, Mrs. Harrison)
Home Helpers	- 81	(part-time)
Social Worker for the Physically Handicapped	- 1	(Miss Grindell)
Social Workers/Home Teachers for the Blind	- 2	(Mr. Smith, Miss Pain)
Senior Welfare Officer	- 1	(Mr. Anderson)
Social Welfare Officer	- 1	(2 part-time officers)
Trainee Welfare Officers	- 2	(Mr. Hassett and 1 vacancy)
Craft Instructors	- 3	
Caretakers	- 1	(Mr. Jones - 34 High Street premises)
Clerical staff	-	Estimated 6 posts attributable to services to be transferred

Premises:-

Part of 34, High Street has been opened as a social craft centre and caters for the blind, the handicapped and male and female psychiatrics.

Equipment:-

Considerable sums of money have been expended on providing modern aids and equipment to meet the needs of all cases.

Transport:-

As at 31st December, 1962 - Nil
As at 30th September, 1970 - 1 personnel carrying vehicle reg. no. 796 HBE ex. Junior Training Centre bus transferred in July, 1969.

Borough drivers are used for a proportion of their working hours on Welfare functions.

The following table gives the number of staff and the actual case-loads as at 31st December, 1962, and 30th September, 1970.

	at 31.12.1962	at 30.9.70
Mental Welfare Officers	1	4
Cases receiving care from the department	220	450
Home Help Organisers	1	2
Home Helpers (part-time)	45	81
Cases receiving help	228	374
Hours allocated	28,782 (for full year)	50,646* *(for 9 months only)
Social Workers for the Physically Handicapped	1	1
Cases on register	131	385
Senior Welfare Officer	-	1
Social Worker	-	1 (2 P.T.)
Trainee Welfare Officer	-	2 (1 vacancy)
Social Workers/Home Teachers for the Blind	1	2
Cases on register (a) Blind	103	154
(b) Partially sighted	21	37

Cont'd.

at 31.12.1962

at 30.9.70

Craft Instructors	-	3
Craft Centre Caretaker	-	1

Deaf Welfare - agency service by Lincolnshire Deaf Committee	-	-
Cases on register requiring services of Specialist Welfare Officer	29	37

Clerical Staff (notional)	1	6
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October, 1970.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF HEALTH AND WELFARE SERVICES IN THE BOROUGH
REVIEW OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FOR THE THREE FINANCIAL YEARS 1971/72 1972/73 and 1973/74
IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SOCIAL SECURITY CIRCULAR NO. 7/70

YEAR	CODE NO.	PROJECT	LOCATION AND SIZE	STATEMENT OF NEED	OTHER REMARKS
1971/72	01	Health Centre	Town Area (to serve estimated population of 30,000)	<u>New Provision.</u> Required to meet the needs of the town North of the A18 Trunk Road which is at present served by a clinic built over 30 years ago on a restricted site.	Further review is indicated
1971/72	03	Day Nursery	Borough Area (50 places)	<u>New Provision.</u> Required to meet the needs of expanding town, with a predominantly young population which has no such facilities other than part-day care provided by voluntary playgroups.	Further review is indicated
1972/73	01	Health Centre	Ashby Area (to serve estimated population of 30,000)	<u>New Provision.</u> Required to meet the needs of the town south of the A18 Trunk Road which is at present served by a small purpose built clinic without facilities for General Medical Practitioners.	Further review is indicated
1972/73	04	Adult Training Centre	Borough Area (80 places)	<u>New Provision.</u> Required to meet the needs of the Borough which has no such provision. At present served by limited number of places in County Council Centre outside the Borough area.	Further review is indicated

Cont'd.

YEAR	CODE No.	PROJECT	LOCATION AND SIZE	STATEMENT OF NEED	OTHER REMARKS
1972/73	07	Day Centre for the Mentally Ill	Ashby Area (50 places per session)	<u>New Provision</u> Required to meet the needs of community care both preventative and after-care for Mental Health Services of the Borough with heavy caseloads. Social Clubs at present exist in adapted temporary premises of limited size.	Further review is indicated.
1973/74	17	Day Centre for Physically Handicapped (including Blind and Deaf)	Site not yet determined Provision for approx. 200 places	<u>New Provision</u> Required to meet the needs of the area for community care.	Further review is indicated.
1973/74	14	Day Centre for Psychiatric Geriatrics	Borough Area (30 places)	<u>New Provision</u> To meet the needs of community care for those cases not requiring hospital or residential placement.	Further review is indicated.

September, 1970.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
ON THE
MASS MINIATURE RADIOGRAPHY SERVICE

On 5th December, 1969, the Department of Health and Social Security circularised all local health and delegated health authorities and forwarded a copy of memorandum HM(69)97 which was being sent to all regional hospital boards. This memorandum suggested that the general need for a mass radiography of the chest no longer existed and the regional hospital boards were asked to consider, in consultation with local health authorities, how best the needs for chest X-ray services could be met with a view to integrating any remaining mass miniature radiography units with hospital radiography departments.

On 2nd October, 1970, the Acting Secretary to the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board issued a letter referring to the circular HM(69)97. The letter states:-

"..... enclosed are details of provisional proposals for the Sheffield Region which have met with the approval of the Department". (Department of Health and Social Security).
"If your Council/Committee have any comments to make upon these proposals I shall be pleased to receive them. Unless I hear from you on this subject before 30th November, 1970, however, it will be assumed that they have no comments to make."

So far as I am aware the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board did not consult this Council before submitting proposals to the Department of Health and Social Security and these proposals, as set out by the Regional Board, appear to make no provision for mass miniature radiography services to be based in Lincolnshire. It would appear that the nearest units are to be based at Nottingham and Sheffield.

It will be recalled that the Borough Health Committee at its meeting on 23rd March, 1970, authorised the Town Clerk to take up the question of the inadequacy of X-ray facilities at the Scunthorpe War Memorial Hospital with the Department of Health and Social Security.

I am not, at this time, satisfied that these proposals are in the best interests of the general public of the County and particularly the residents of this Borough and recommend that further, more detailed and specific information be obtained from the Regional Board as to the actual facilities which will be available, including days and times of availability, for all sections of the general public, including volunteers, resident in this town.

October, 1970.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
ON FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES

In accordance with Minute No. 8 of the Health Committee meeting of 19th October, 1970, discussions have been held with the Lincolnshire Branch Administrator of the Family Planning Association regarding agency services. It became clear during the discussions that figures supplied by the Association to me during the course of the year, and upon which my financial estimates for next year were based, were not fully explanatory of the division between medical and social cases. Further details have been supplied and revised estimates have been produced and are presented for your decision.

As instructed by the Committee I have investigated the possibility of operating a direct scheme and report as follows.

It would be possible to operate a direct service using the existing clinics and by employing, on a sessional basis, the required trained doctors and nurses.

None of the Department's existing Medical Officers have been trained for this work. Most of the Health Visitors and some of the Clinic Nurses have been so trained. One third of the total women attending Borough Clinics are from the County area outside the Borough.

It is recommended that the Family Planning Association be appointed as agents to serve the Council for Family Planning Services for 1971/72 and that the Council adopt Application No. 5 of the F. P. A. National Scheme.

It is recommended that a revised sum of £3,500 be included in the estimates for this purpose for the financial year ending 31st March, 1972.

November, 1970

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
ON FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES

During the year 1970, the Medical Officer of Health has been requested to provide a report on the family planning services provided by the Health Department. The report is based on the information provided by the Family Planning Association and the Health Department. The report is divided into two parts: a general overview of the services and a detailed account of the activities during the year. The general overview includes information on the number of consultations, the number of contraceptive methods supplied, and the number of sterilizations performed. The detailed account includes information on the number of consultations by type of service, the number of contraceptive methods supplied by type of method, and the number of sterilizations performed by type of procedure. The report also includes a list of the names of the staff who provided the services and a list of the names of the patients who received the services.

As requested by the Committee, I have investigated the possibility of operating a family planning service in the Health Department. It would be possible to operate a family planning service in the Health Department, but it would be necessary to have a dedicated staff and a dedicated premises. The Health Department currently does not have a dedicated staff for family planning services, and it does not have a dedicated premises for family planning services. Therefore, it is not possible to operate a family planning service in the Health Department at the present time. However, it is possible to provide family planning services in the Health Department on a part-time basis. This would involve having a dedicated staff member who would provide family planning services during a specific time of the day. This would be a more cost-effective way of providing family planning services in the Health Department.

November, 1970

Medical Officer of Health

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