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SAMFORD RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

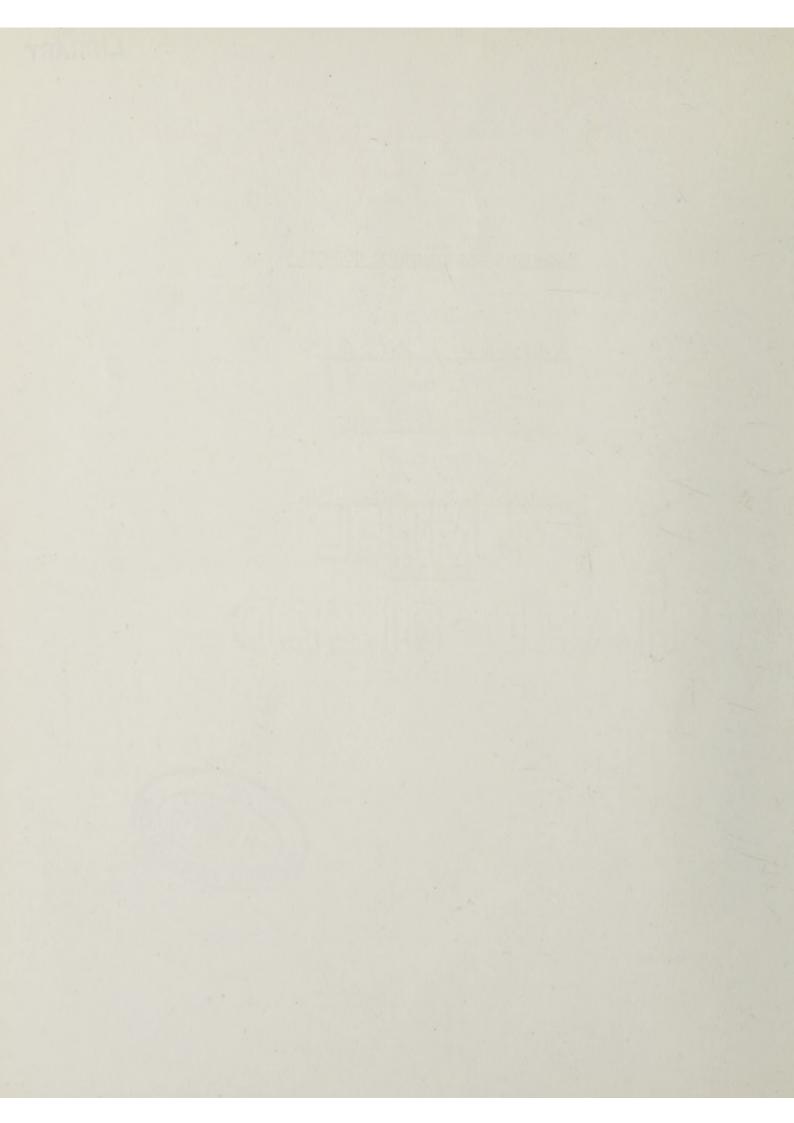
(Part-time)

M. DAWSON, M.B., Ch. B., D. P.H.

for the

YEAR 1949.





SAMFORD RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the

YEAR 1949

To the Chairman and Members of the Council:

Madam Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report for the year 1949.

As I did not assume the office of Medical Officer of Health until lst July 1950 I am indebted to my predecessor, Dr. P. J. H. Clarke, for the data conforming the various sections of the report, and I wish to acknowledge his assistance, also that of your Sanitary Inspector and Water Engineer, and also your Additional Sanitary Inspector, whose help has been most valuable.

1. GENERAL STATISTICS

ENERAL STATISTICS				
Area Estimated Popul Inhabited house Rateable Value Sum represented	lation(Reg.Gen	eral's figure		
Births (Registrar-General	al's figures).			
	<u>M.</u>	F.	Total.	
Total Legitimate Illegitimate	121 112 9	87 84 3	208 196 12	
Live Birth Rate per 1,00	00 Civilian Po	pulation: 1	4.25	
	(England & Wal	.es): 1	6.7	
Stillbirths.	<u>M.</u>	F.	Total.	
Total Legitimate Illegitimate	3 -	3 3	6	
Stillbirth Rate per 1,00	1 11	"	0.42	
	(England & Wal	.es)	0.39	
Infantile Mortality (Des	aths of infant	s under 1 yea	r)	
	M	F.	Total.	
Total	1 3	1	5 2 3	
Legitimate Illegitimate	3	=	3	
Infantile Mortality rat	e per 1,000 li	ive births 2	4.0	
	(England & V	Wales) 3	2.0	
Deaths (all causes)				
	м.	F.	Total	
	81	75	156	
Death rate per 1,000 Ci	vilian Populat	ion 1	1.1	

(England & Wales)

11.7

. CLASSIFIED CAUSES OF DEATH (Registrar General's figures)	M.	F.	Total
Diseases of Cardio Vascular System:- (1) Heart Disease	44	44	88
Cancer (all sites):- (1) Stomach & Duodenum 1(M) 4(F) (2) Breast -(M) 1(F) (3) All other sites 6(M) 7(F)	7	12	19
Diseases of the respiratory system:- (1) Bronchitis 4(M) 4(F) (2) Pneumonia 1(M) 2(F) (3) Pulmonary Tuberculosis 2(M) 1(F)	7	7	14
Nephritis (disease of Kidney) Disease of the Digestive System Congerital malformations, Birth injury etc. Syphilitic Disease Violent Causes (unspecified) All other causes	4 2 6	1 1 - 1 7	5 1 4 2 1 13
TOTAL	74	73	147

3. COMPARATIVE STATISTICAL TABLE FOR PAST THREE YEARS

2.

	1947	1948	1949	England & Wales 1949	London 1949
Estimated Population	12,990	14,150	14,030		
Total Live Births	249	204	208		
Birth Rate per 1,000 Civilian Population	19.2	14.4	14.25	16 .7	18.5
Total Infant Deaths under 1 yr	4	5.0	5.0		
Infant Mortality rate per 1,000 Live Births	24.1	24.5	24.0	32.0	29.0
Total Deaths	148.0	180	147		
Death Rate per 1,000 Civilian Population	11.4	12.7	11.1	11.7	12.2

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4. NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (EXCLUDING TUBERCULOSIS) COMPILED FROM NOTIFICATIONS RECEIVED.

		-							
Age Groups	0-	1-	3-	5-	10-	15-	25-	Unknown	TOTAL
Measles	4	14	16	45	12	1	2	-	94
Whooping Cough	4	14	7	21	-	-	2	-	48
Scarlet Fever	-	2	3	10	1	-	1	-	17
Acute Pneumonia	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	4
Food Poisoning	-	-	-		-	-	1.	_	1
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Infective Hepatitis	1	-	-	1	3	1	4	-	9
GRAND TOTAL:-					174				

(1) Measles showed greatest incidence in March/April period.

(2) Whooping Cough showed greatest incidence in April and Oct/Nov. periods.

(3) Scarlet Fever showed no special periodicity.

5. TUBERCULOSIS

(1) Cases Notified during the year

- (a) Pulmonary 8 Males, 11 Females.(b) Non-Pulmonary 1 Female.

(2) Ages of New Cases

- (a) Pulmonary Male: 20, 23, 23, 25, 25, 26, 49, 60. Female: 8,11, 13, 19, 21, 22, 22, 25, 29, 30, 56
- (b) Non-Pulmonary Female: 31.

(3) Cases crossed off the Register as recovered during the year

(a) Pulmonary - 1 Female. (b) Non-Pulmonary - 1 Female.

(4) Died during the year

(a) Pulmonary - 3 males, 2 females.

(b) Non-Pulmonary - Nil.

5. Continued

Cases on the Register at the end of the year - 71

- (a) Pulmonary 24 Males, 18 Females (b) Non-Pulmonary - 13 Males, 16 Females
- 6. DIFHTHERIA IMMUNISATION (Data kindly supplied by County Medical Officer of Health)

Pre-School Population (0-4 yrs.) - 1031 School Population (5-14 yrs.) - 2438

(a) Percentage of pre-school children immunised - 69.93% (b) Percentage of all children immunised - 61.1% Total Number of children receiving Boosted immunisations - 121.

The percentage of children immunised has increased from 56.4 in 1948 and there has been no case of diphtheria notifed in the area during the year.

7. SECTION 4 OF THE NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

No case was dealt with under this section during the year.

- 8. For information under headings 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12 of Circular 2/50, please refer to the Senior Sanitary Inspector's Annual Report.
- 9. MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND NATIONAL SERVICE FORM 572

A copy of this form is attached to this report and copies have been distributed as required.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen, Your obedient Servant,

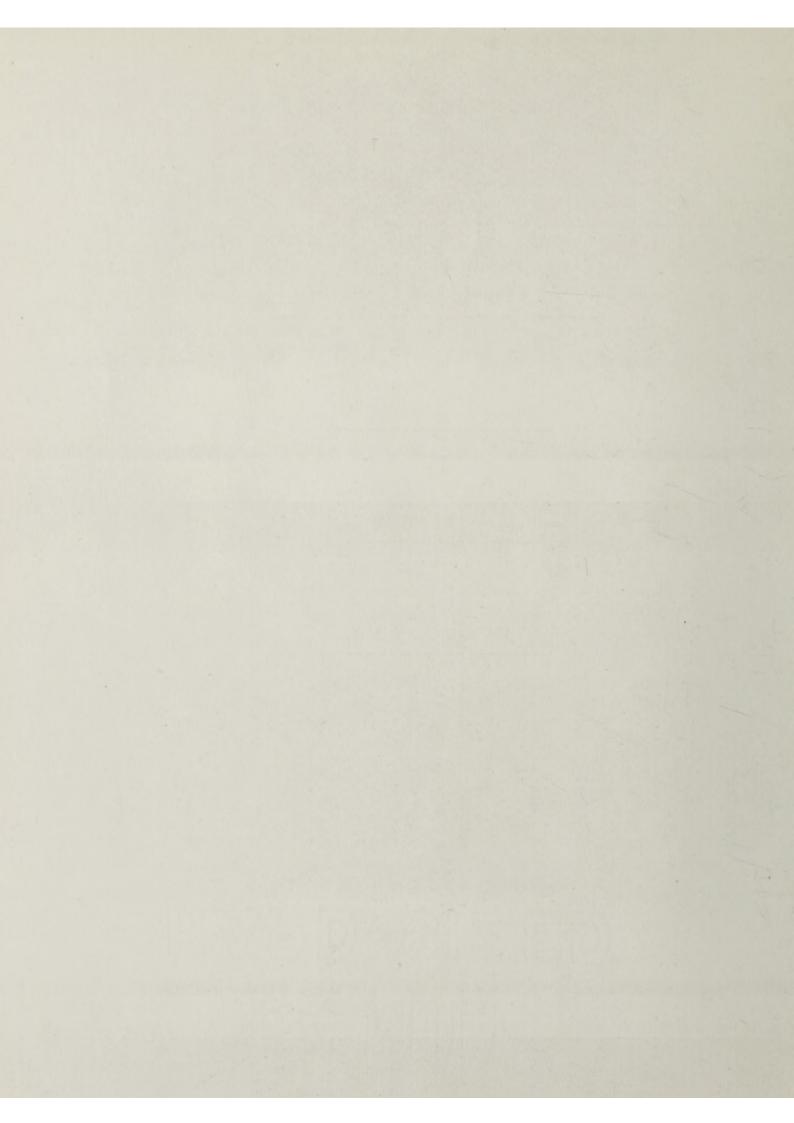
Medical Officer of Health.

SAMFORD RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

SANITARY INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR 1949.



SAFFORD RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

North Lodge, 25, London Road, Ipswich.

Mr. Chairman. Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present for your consideration my Annual Report for the year ended 31st December, 1949.

The statistical and other records are worthy of consideration and demonstrate some degree of progress in the development of the district.

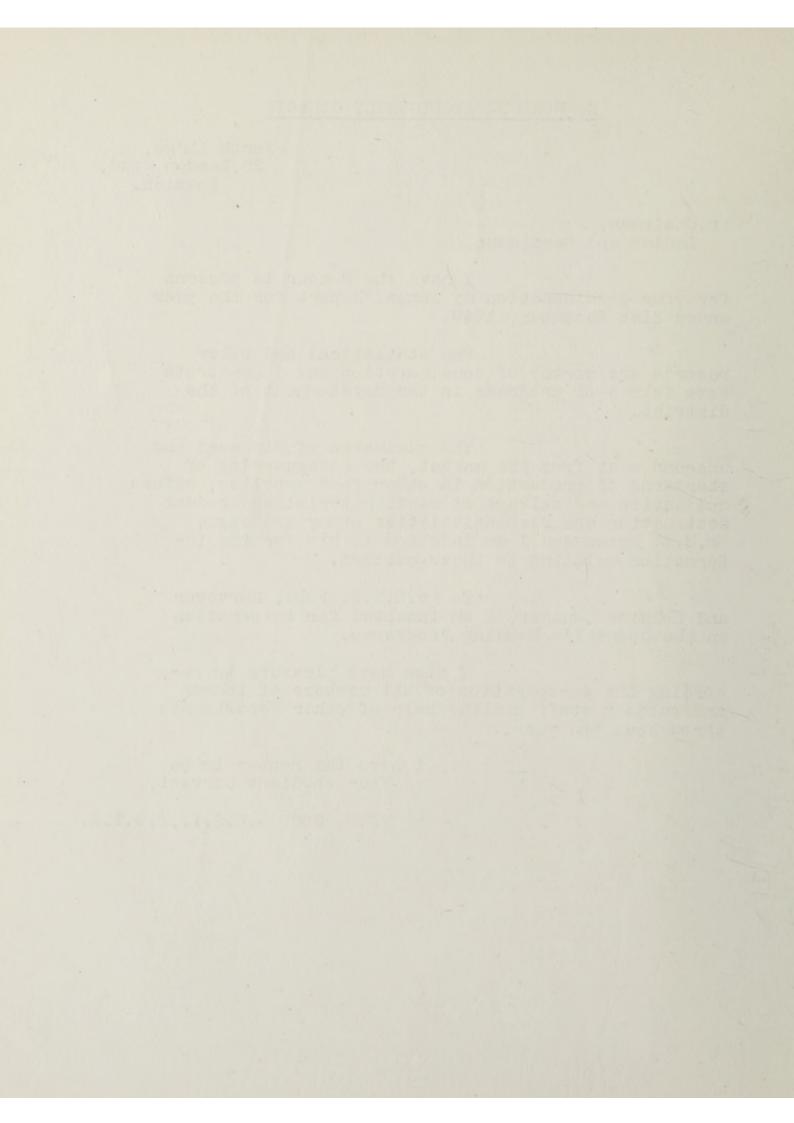
The exclusion of diseased and unsound meat from the market, the safeguarding of standards of production in other food supplies, refuse collection and salvage of waste material and rodent destruction are responsibilities of my colleague Mr.W.L. Brown and I am indebted to him for the information relating to these matters.

To Mr.D.W.J. Pope, Surveyor and Housing Manager, I am indebted for information on the Council's Housing Programme.

I also have pleasure in recording the co-operation of all members of indoor and outdoor staff and the help of other departments throughout the year.

> I have the Honour to be Your obedient Servant,

> > J.V. GOOD A.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.



1. WATER SUPPLIES

During six months of the year it was found necessary to institute a scheme for the carting of water in the parishes where the wells and springs had failed. Although the parishes of Stratford St.Mary. Higham, Capel St.Mary and Bentley were chiefly affected, it was obvious from complaints received that there was a general lowering of the underground water table throughout the district.

Rainfall figures for the district are given below:

YEAR	RAINFALL	AVERAGE ANNUAL RAINFALL	NO. OF INCHES BELOW AVERAGE
1947	19.34"	23.00"	3.66
1948	18.19"	23.00"	4.81
1949	18.70"	23.00"	4.30
		Total:	12.77

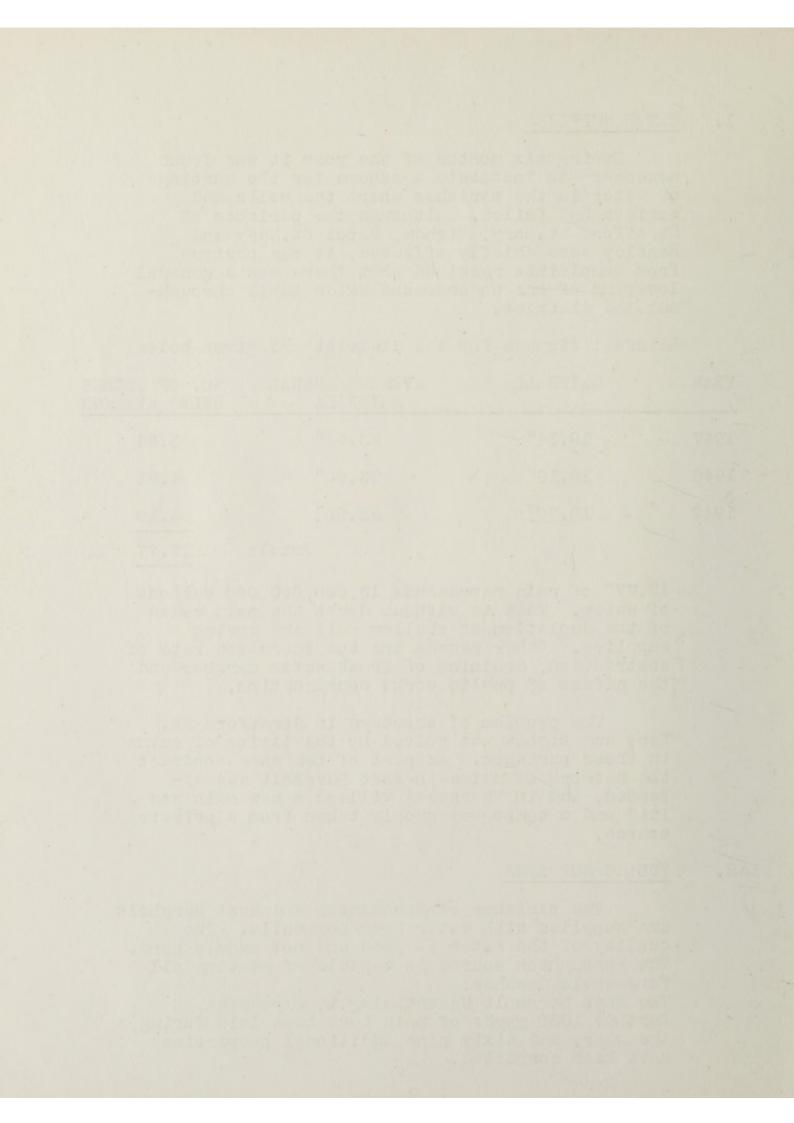
12.77" of rain represents 13,000,000,000 gallons of water. This is without doubt the main cause of the depletion of shallow well and spring supplies. Other causes are the increased rate of abstraction, draining of fresh water marshes and the effect of public works construction.

The problem of shortage in Stratford St. Mary and Higham was solved by the laying of mains in those parishes. As part of the same contract the network of mains in East Bergholt was extended, and in Wherstead village a new main was laid and a temporary supply taken from a private source.

2. PUBLIC SUPPLIES.

The parishes of Sproughton and East Bergholt are supplied with water from borewells. The quality of the water is good and not unduly hard. The Sproughton source is capable of meeting all forsecable demands.

The East Bergholt Undertaking is expanding, a further 1630 yards of main have been laid during the year, and sixty nine additional properties have been connected.



2 Continued.

In the parishes of Chelmondiston and Shotley a large proportion of the houses have a supply from the 7" Ipswich-Shotley Trunk Main. The supply is good qualitatively, but because of the limitation in size and the number of connections the supply is not good quantitatively.

In the Cattawade district of Brantham parish there are three standpipes from which local residents draw water which are supplied by The B.X. Plastics Reservoir, the water comes from borewells into the chalk. The standpipes are on the edge of the carriageway of a busy road and are a source of danger to drawers of water.

Raydon is the other long established water undertaking in the Samford area and as a Public Supply has nothing to recommend it. It is a spring supply collected into an underground concrete tank and pumped by a small horizontal piston type pump to a water tower in the village street. The quality of the water was consistently unsatisfactory. The Council have no control over the collecting area. The water is now chlorinated and the analyses are now generally satisfactory.

Stratford St.Marw and Higham - during the year watermains have been laid in the parishes of Stratford St.Mary and Higham. This is Stage 1 of the Regional Water Supply Scheme and water is supplied for the time being from the Langham High Lift Station of the South Essex Waterworks Company.

Wherstead - A short length of main has been laid in the village of Wherstead and supplied temporarily (pending development of the Regional Source) from private spring supply.

3. PRIVATE SUPPLIES.

The remainder of the dwellings within the district, with the exception of a few supplied from brewells, are dependent upon shallow wells and springs. These are of doubtful quality, more particularly where they are of the bucket and windlass type. During the year there was a general lowering of the underground water table, and for a period varying from three to six months the Local Authority carted water in the parishes of Stratford St. Mary, Higham, Capel St. Mary and Bentley.

4. The new Post War Council Housing Sites are supplied with water under pressure as follows:-

PARISH	NO.OF EXIST- ING HOUSES	NO. OF PRO- POSED HOUSES	SOURCE OF SUPPLY	PUMPING ARRANGEMENTS
Capel St. Mary.	16		shallow well	Submersible pump pressure cylinder.
Tattingstone	12		" "	" " "
Stutton	8	21	11 11	Surface pump & pressure cylinder.
Brantham	20	48	Borewell	11 11 11
Sproughton	24	28	Borewell P.S.	From Public Mains.
Copdock & Washbrook	0	30	Borewell	Submersible Pump pressure cylinder.
Erwarton	4	4	Borewell	Public mains from Ipswich
Shotley	0	52	Borewell	Public mains from Ipswich
Stratford S	t. 7	14	Treated river water.	Public mains
East	0.4			
Bergholt Chelmondist	24 on 16	20	Borewell Borewell	Public mains Public mains from Ipswich
Holbrook	12	26	Borewell	Deep well pump high level storage tank.
Bentley	8	20	Shallow well	Submersible pump pressure cylinder.

3,

5. OTHER LARGE PRIVATE SUPPLIES

The Royal Hospital School, Holbrook, with a population of 86 Staff and 600 Scholars is supplied with water from two borewells. This supply has been analysed and found satisfactory.

The London County Council Training School, Woolverstone Hall, with 9 Staff and 90 Scholars is supplied from a borewell.

The B.X. Plastics, Ltd., Brantham Works, Brantham, employing 1450 persons, and Messrs. Bexford, Ltd., Brantham, employing 200 persons, are supplied for trade and other purposes with water from a number of borewells.

Quarterly Bacteriological Analyses are taken of each of the Public Supplies and copies of analyses are given in Appendix A.

No cases of illness traceable to Plumbo Solvent water have been reported.

The October analysis of the Raydon Public Supply showed much grosser pollution than is asual. Investigation revealed that a motor cycle scramble had been held in the vicinity. It has been agreed that whilst the supply for the village is drawn from this source such an event will not be repeated. The supply was chlorinated and has been ever since.

Parish or Undertaking		Population No.ef Supplied sup		
	Inside houses	Stand- pipes	Inside houses	Stand- pipes
East Bergholt	988	8	282	3
Raydon	68	108	19	31
Sproughton	476	12	136	4
Freston) Woolverstone				
Chelmondiston	1332	76	380	22
Shotley				
Stratford St.Mary) Higham	95	35	27	10

.

6. The following piped supplies have been sampled and analysed bacteriologically:-

Undertaking	Date of Sample	Result of Analysis	Remarks.
Sproughton Public Supply Tap in High Street.	6.1.49.	Satisfactory.	
Public Supply East Bergholt Tap, Burnt Oak Corner.	6.1.49.	No evidence of harmful pollution Findings not up to standard of good bore water.	
Public Supply Raydon, Council Houses, Hadleigh Road.	6.1.49.	Unsatis- factory.	This water is now chlorinated (see later analyses).
Public Supply Cattawade, Tap Cattawade Street.	6,1,49.	Unsatis- factory.	
Public Supply Cattawade, from Rising Main to Heading Tank.	28.2.49.	Satisfactory.	
Public Supply Cattawade. The Street.	1.4.49.	No evidence of harmful pollution.	
Public Supply Raydon, Hadleigh Road.	1.4.49.	Poor for a Public Supply.	
Public Supply East Bergholt Burnt Oak Corner.	1.4.49.	Repeat sample early.	
Public Supply East Bergholt Burnt Oak Corner.	5.4.49.	No evidence of harmful pollution, but not up to standard of this supply.	

6. Continued.

Undertaking	Date of Sample	Result of Analysis	Remarks
Public Supply Sproughton, Standpipe, Chanbry Row.	1.4.49.	Repeat sample early.	
Public Supply Sproughton, Chantry Row.	5.4.49.	No evidence of harmful pollution, but not up to standard of this supply.	
Public Supply East Bergholt Reservoir Pumping Station	28,4.49.	No evidence of harmful pollution but below standard for this supply	
Public Supply Cattawade, The Street.	8.7.49.	Satisfactory.	
Public Supply East Bergholt Tap, Burnt Oak Corner.	8.7.49.	No evidence of harmful pollution.	
Public Supply Raydon, Tap, Hadleigh Road.	8.7.49.	No evidence of harmful pollution.	
Public Supply Raydon, Cistern collecting water from Springs.	12.10.49.	Very unsatis- Due to factory for a Motor Public Supply Cycle Scrambl	
Public Supply Raydon, Elevated Storage Tank, The Street.	12.10.49.	Very unsatis- Due to factory for a Motor Public Supply. Cycle Scramble	

6 Continued

Undertaking	Date of Sample	Result of Analysis	Remarks.
Public Supply Cattawade, Tap, The Street.	12.10.49.	No evidence of harmful pollution, but findings below standard for this borewell supply.	
Public Supply Raydon, Standpipe, The Street. (Chlorinated)	8.12.49.	Findings fail to show evidence of satisfactory chlorination.	Corrected later.
Public Supply Raydon Collecting Tanks. Not Chlorinated.	8.12.49.	Findings not up to standard of good shallow well supply.	Sample taken from source before chlorination.
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS			
Church Green, Chelmondiston.	27.8.49.	Good organic quality free from any signs of dangerous pollution, Quite fit for drinking purposes. Somewhat ferruginous, this accounts for complaints of rusty sediment and an upalatable taste.	Ipswich water.
7. WATER SUPPLY	STATISTICS.		
Number of hous Samples taken Samples taken Samples taken Samples taken Inspections of Inspections and Chlorinating of Number of test	50 22 3 19 2 36 79 21 6		

. .. nu na hun driant oht

8. SEWERAGE

During the year a scheme for the sewerage of the village of Harkstead was prepared. It was decided not to carry on with this but to concentrate upon a scheme for the new housing site.

Schemes of sewerage for the parishes of Holbrook, Shotley, Sproughton, Copdock and Washbrook, Brantham and East Bergholt are being planned.

Small schemes of sewerage and sewage disposal for the new housing sites at Arwarton and Bentley were completed.

9. HOUSING

There has not been a very eager response to the offer of Improvement Grants under the Housing Act, 1949.

The excellent standards of design of the Council's Post Var Houses, the inclusion in them of all modern services must be appreciated by the tenants removed from overcrowded and insanitary houses, indeed I know from my own contacts that this is so.

It is hoped that the future may see even more rapid expansion of house building so that the clearance of old and insanitary houses may be recommenced.

The Rural Housing Strvey continues steadily.

The following is a record of the housing progress during the year:-

PARISH	COMPLETED	UNDER CONSTRUCTION	ALLOCATED BUT NOT COMMENCED
Arwarton	4	-	-
Bentley	4	8	
Branthan	20	10	24
Capel St. Mary	16	-	-

accel of the second residence to the second residence and the second re

9. Continued.

PARISH	COMPLETED	UNDER CONSTRUCTION	ALLOCATED BUT NOT COMMENCED
Chelmondistor		-	6
Copdock	Pro-Fabs.	6	-
East Bergholt		10	-
Harkstoad	Pro-Fabs.	6	-
Holbrook	-	12	4
Shotley	-	10	- 1
Sproughton	4		- 4
Stratford St. Mary	7	-	-
Stutton	8	6	-
Tattingstone	10	2	2
Total: P	40 73 re-Pabs. Houses	70	34

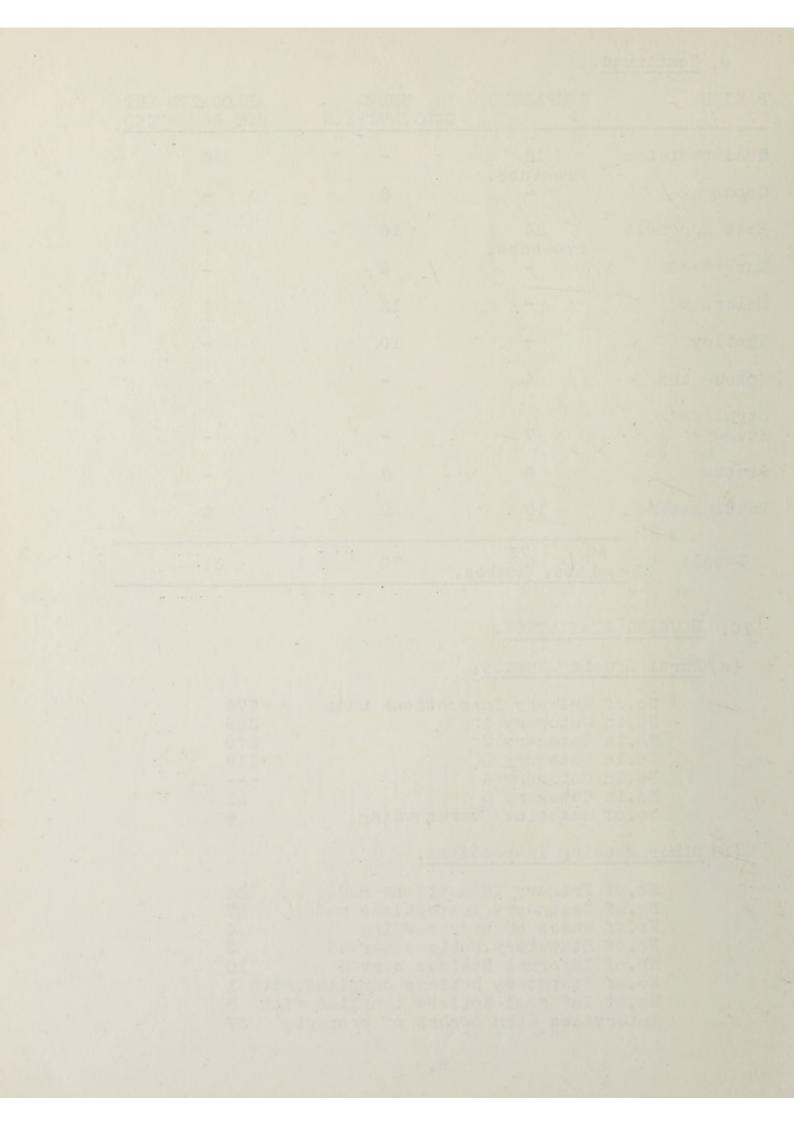
10. HOUSING STATISTICS.

(a) Rural Housing Survey.

		Inspections	made	776
	Category			329
No.in	Category	2		278
No.in	Category	3		118
No,in	Category	4		
No.in	Category	5		51
No. of	cases of	Overcrowdin	ng	6

(b) Other Housing Inspections.

No. of	Primary Inspections made	34
No. of	Secondary Inspections made	27
No. of	cases of Overcrowding	4
No. of	Statutory Notices served	3
No.of	Informal Notices served	10
No.of	Statutory Notices complied with	1
No. of	Informal Notices complied with	5
Interv	views with owners of property	37



10 Continued.

(c) Description of Works executed.

Roofs repaired	4
External walls repaired	2
Chimney Stacks repaired	3
Rainwater caves guttoring repaired	
or renewed	4
Damp conditions abated	1
Defective or damp floors remodied	2
Wood floors repaired	2
Fireplaces repaired or renewed	-
Cocking Ranges repaired or renewed	1
Coppers repaired or renewed	1
Windows repaired or renewed	3
Closets repaired or renewed	3
Doors fitted or repaired	1
Privies converted to Earth Closets	1
Ceilings repaired	3
Staircases repaired	1

11, REFULE AND SALVAGE COLLECTION.

(a) Disposal of Household Refuse.

The increasing use of the refuse collecting service throughout the district, with the consequent strain on our existing resources became much more apparent during the year. It was necessary, therefore, to report to the Council that unless semething was done to ease the strain, the efficiency of the service would be greatly impaired. The following recommendations were made to the Public Health Committee and the Finance & General Purposes Committee:-

- (a) The purchase of another refuse Freighter.
- (b) The engagement of two more men and the use of casual labour, when necessary.
- (c) The introduction of a weekly collection schedule in the more populous parishes.

These recommendations were adopted by the two committees and the Council in July. It is anticipated that the revised services will commence in April, 1950.

The amount of household refuse collected and disposed of during 1949 was 1300 tons approximately. Disposal was by means of controlled tipping at tips in Chelmondiston, Bentley and East Bergholt.

11 Continued.

Two hundred and eighty five visits and inspections have been made during the year with regard to various matters relating to the collection service.

Righty one visits and inspections were sarried out to the Refuse Tips.

Eight accumulations of miscellaneous cefuse have been removed from various parishes during the year.

(b) Salvage Collection.

The improvement in the collection of all items of salvage has been maintained during 1949. Waste paper particularly has improved from 43 tons in 1948 to 53 tons in 1949. The orices realised for the items salvaged have also improved by £20 despite the drop in the purchase price of waste paper and the virtual impossibility of selling any type of bottles or jars.

(c) Annual Salvage Figures 1949.

tems Collected		Tonnag	30		Price	
Waste paper Books and	C	Qrs.	Lbs.	£	S	đ
Magazines 53	4	3	7	366	3	4
Scrap Iron 14	10	0	0	31	12	6
Non-Ferrous Metals	17	0	11	24	3	9
Rags and Sacking 3	17	1	0	47	15	2
Rope and String	2	3	14		14	3
Bones 1	1	3	14	6	5	0
Bottles 1	10	0	0	16	9	0
Total: 75	3	3	18 -	493	3	0

12. RODENT CONTROL

(a) County Council Campaign.

During the year, the Council continued to co-operate with the County Council in the checking and payment of 2d per carcase for all dead rats taken to the authorised centres in the district.

4035 Rats were paid for on behalf of the County Council at a cost of £35 - 13 - 6d.

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12 Continued.

(b) Rodont Control within the Council's area.

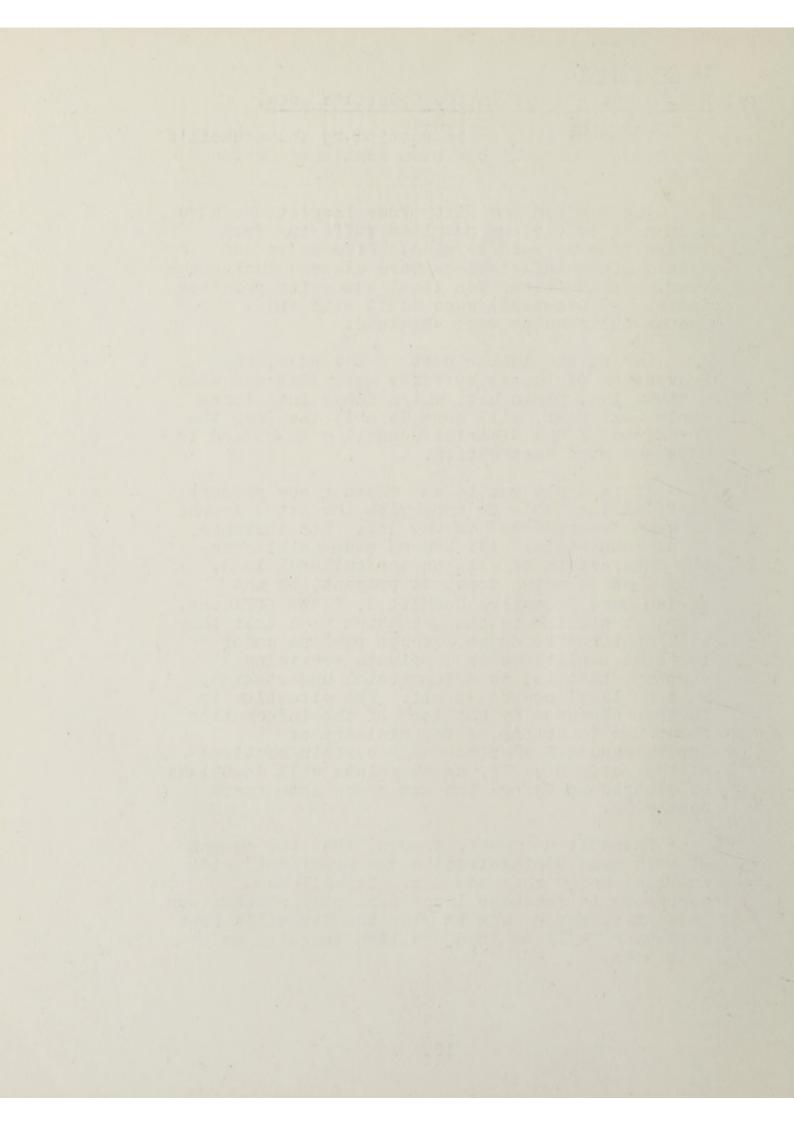
The work of ret des ruction by the Council's own Rodent Operator has been continued during 1949.

One Hundred and Fifty Four inspections have been made to various premises suffering from infestation by rats or mice. Five major and Twenty minor infestations were cleared during the year. In addition. Ten local authority premises (mainly refuse tips) were dealt with and successful results were obtained.

During the latter part of the year, the Prevention of Damage by Pests act, 1949 was made statute law. This act, which comes into force early next year, will considerably increase the functions of the district council with regard to rate and mice destruction.

It is early yet to saw whether our present staff will be able to cope with the extra amount of work foreshadowed in the Act. For instance. I al authorities will become responsible for the destruction of rats on agricultural land. This work is being done, at present, by the Agriculture Executive Committee. Pests Officers. There is nothing in the act which says that they will continue to do so. except perhaps under the same conditions as a private servicing company, that is, as a commercial undertaking. w th no legal powers at all. The situation is further obscured by the lack of the information about the functions of the Ministry of Agriculture & F sheries under certain sections of the Act. However, these points will doubtless be cleared up before the Act comes into force next year.

There is no doubt, though, that the amount of work both administrative and practical, will increase under this new act. It will be necessary to consider later next year whether our present operator, who is also the Council's Rent collector will be in a position to carry on each tobs.



13 (a) Meat and Other Foods.

			Defects Found	Defects Remedied
(a)	Slaughterhouses	412	5	5
(b)	Butchers! Shops	19	-	-
(c)	Food Processing Factories	25		_
(d)	Cafes and Restaurants	24	1	1
(e)	Fish Fryers	19	2	1
(f)	Retail Food Shops	29	-	-
(g)	Ice Cream Premises	50	1	1
(h)	Milk Production	435	13	9
(1)	Bakehouses	19	4	4

13 (b) Foodstuffs Condemned as unfit for Human Consumption.

6.5 lbs. Imported Tongue Roots (New Zealand)

247 lbs. Imported Chitterlings (Polish)

24 lbs. Imported Hens Carcases (50lbs.Dutch)

56 tins Foodstuffs (various)

48 lbs. Home Killed Beef

14 lbs. Home Killed Pork.

13 Continued.

(c) Carcases Inspected Etc.

	Cattle ex- cluding cows.	Cows	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs
Number Killed	1452	847	1321	4453	39
Number Inspected	1452	847	1321	4453	39
All Diseases Except Tuberculosis. 1. Whole Carcases condemned	-	4	4	8	-
2. Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	515	363	14	284	22
3.Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis.	35.4	43.3	1.3	6,54	56.4
Tuberculosis Only. 1. Whole carcases condemned	2	24	1	-	1
2.Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	286	330	_	_	2
3. Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis.	19.8	39.38	0.07	-	7.69

14. MILK AND DAIRIES REGULATIONS 1926 - 43.

Work under the provisions of these Regulations was continued under somewhat Frustanten conditions until lat October.

Two Hundred and Thirty Nine visits and inspections were made to Cowsheds and Dairies, thirteen defects were found and remedied.

O STARTENST O

The Food & Drugs Act, 1944.

The Milk & Dairies Regulations, 1949.

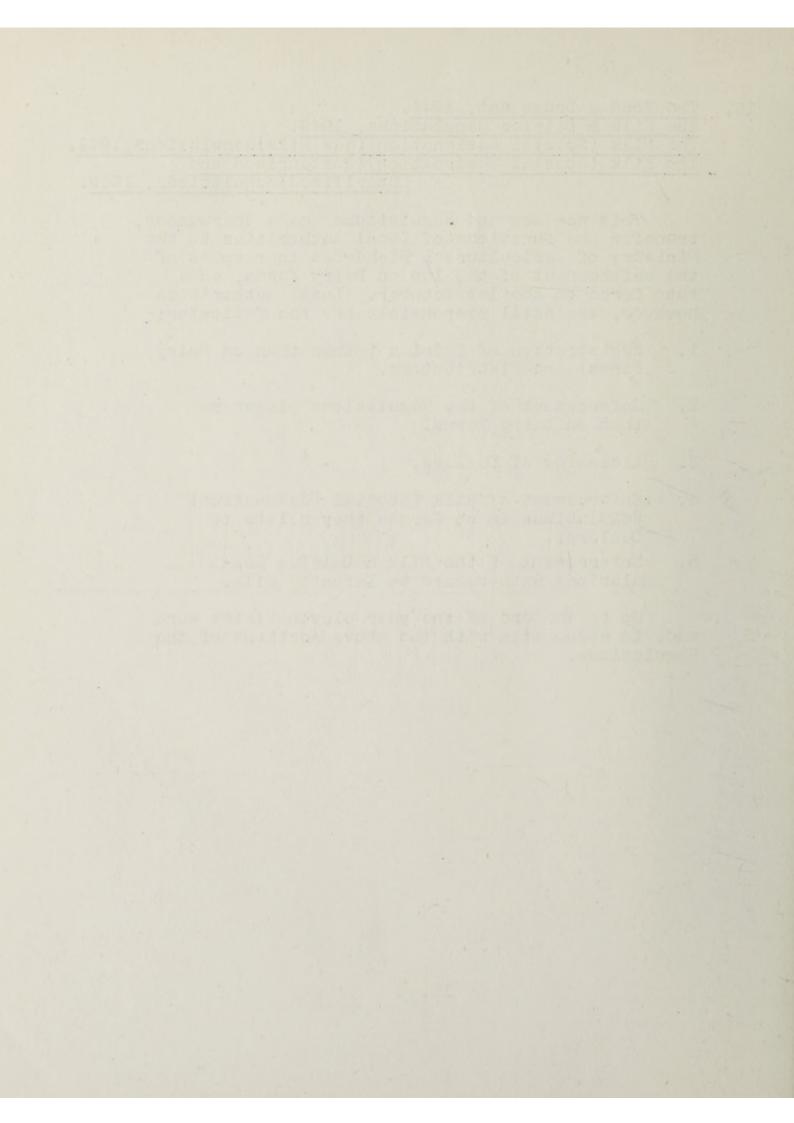
The Milk (Special Designation) (Raw Milk) Regulations, 1949.

The Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised) Regulations, 1949.

This new Act and Regulations, made thereunder, transfer the functions of Local Authorities to the Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries in respect of the enforcement of the law on Dairy Farms, came into force on the 1st October. Local Authorities however, are still responsible for the following:-

- 1. Registration of Dairies (other than on Dairy Farms) and Distributors.
- 2. Enforcement of the Regulations elsewhere than on Dairy Farms.
- 3. Licensing of Doalers.
- 4. Enforcement of Milk (Special Designation)
 Regulations in so far as they relate to
 Dealers.
- Enforcement of the Milk & Dairies Regulations with regard to Infected Milk.

Up to the end of the year eleven visits were made in connection with the above sections of the Regulations.



Remarks:

WATER

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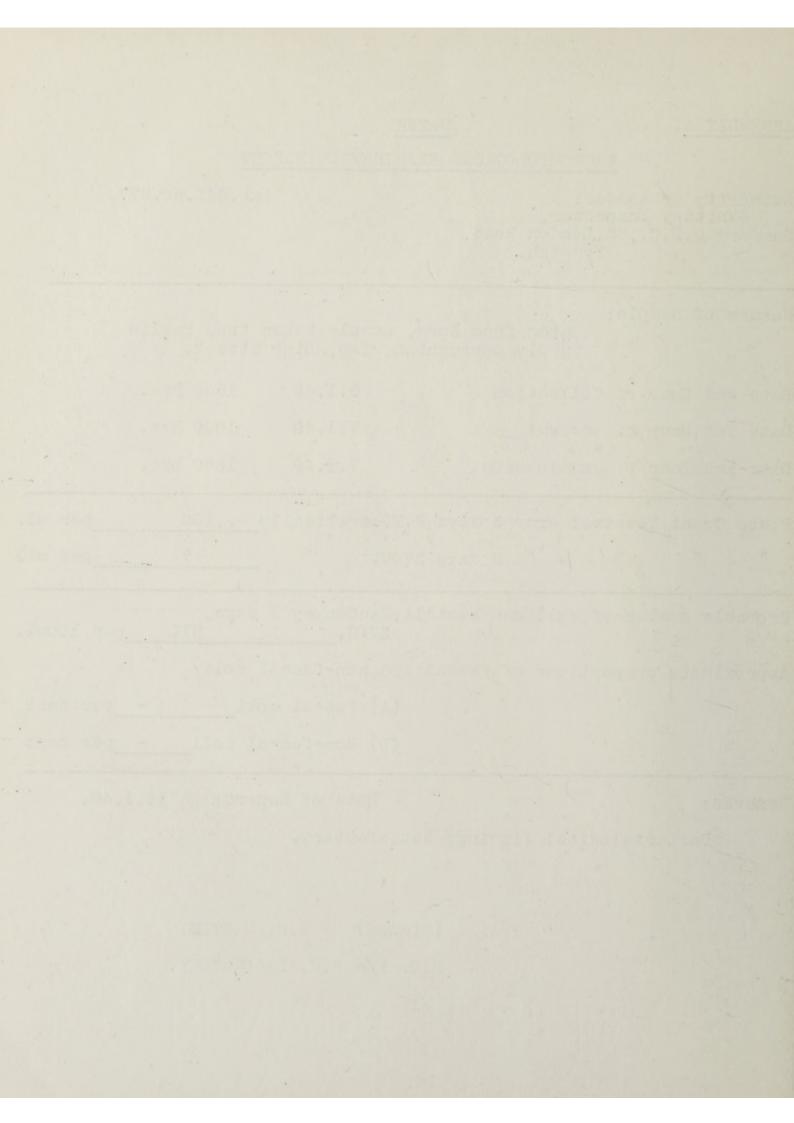
BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

Authority or Sender: Sanitary Inspector, Samford R.D.C., 25, London Road, Ipswich.					Lab.Ref.No.277.			
Nature	of Samp	Wate	er from Bon oly Sprough			from Publi Street.	c	
Date a	and Hour	of Collec	tion	6.1	.49	1500 hrs.		
Date a	and Hour	of Arriva	11	7.1	.49	1000 hrs.		
Date a	and Hour	of Examin	nation	7.1	.49	1500 hrs.		
			gar 3 days		ically	100	per ml.	
11	11	Ħ	" 2 days	37°C.	11	7	per ml	
Probab	ole numbe	er of coli	lform baci:	lli,MacCon 37°C			_per 100ml.	
Approx	cimate pr	roportions	of faeca:	l and non-	faecal	coli:		
				(a) Fae	cal co	oli <u>-</u>	per cent	
				(b) Non	-faeca	l coli	_per cent	

Bacteriological findings satisfactory.

(Signed) P.H. MARTIN.
M.O. i/c P.H. LABORATORY.

Date of Report: 10.1.49.



WATER

BACTERIOLOGICAL EYAMINATION REPORT

Authority or Sender: Sanitary Inspector, Samford R.D.C., 25, London Road, Ipswich.	Lab.Ref.No. 2219	
Cattawade n	borewell, sample taken from main piped supply, from rising ading tank.	
Date and Hour of Collection	28.2.49 1100 hrs.	
Date and Hour of Arrival	28.2.49 1140 hrs.	
Date and Hour of Examination	28.2.49 1200 hrs.	
Plate Count. Yeastrel agar 3 day	ys R.T.C.aerobically 10 per	
Probable number of coliform baci	illi, MacConkey 2 days 37°C. NIL per 100	ml.
Approximate proportions of faeca	al and non-faecal coli:	
	(a)Faecal coli - per	cent
	(b) Non-faecal coliper	cent
Remarks:	Date of Report: 3.3.49.	

Bacteriological findings satisfactory.

(SIGNED) P.H. MARTIN.

M.O. i/c P.H. LABORATORY.

WATER

BACTERIOLOGICAL ETAMINATION REPORT

Authority or Sender: Sanitary Inspector. Samford R.D.C., 25, London Road, Ipswich.		Lab.Ref.No.3376			
		aken from Publicat Oak Corner.	С		
Date and Hour of Collection	5.4.49	1600 hrs.			
Date and Hour of Arrival	5.4.49	1710 hrs.			
Date and Hour of Examination	5.4.49	1710 hrs.			
Plate Count. Yeastrel agar 3 days " " 2 days	R.TC.aerobics	1,			
Probable number of coliform bacil	li, MacConkey	2 days 25 per	r 100 ml		
Approximate proportions of faecal	and non-face	al coli:			
	(a) Faccal c	coli NOT found.	por cent		
	(b) Non-face	eal coli	per cent		
Remarks: Bacteriological findings pollution, but are NOT up	show no evide				

(Signed) P.H. MARTIN.
M.O. i/c P.H. LABORATORY.

WATER

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

Authority of Sender: Sanitary Inspector Samford R.D.C., 25, London Ipswici	n Road,	Lab.Rof.No.6418			
	Water from Spring, Public Supply, Tap				
Date and Hour of Collec	tion 8.7.49	1130 hrs.			
Date and Hour of Arriva	1 8.7.49	1520 hrs.			
Date and Hour of Examin	ation 8.7.49	1600 hrs.			
Plate Count. Yeastrel ag	ar 3 days R.To C.s	ar erobically_	proximatel 420	y per ml	
11 11 11	" 2 days 37° C.	п	48	per ml	
Probable number of coli	form bacilli, MacCo	nkoy 2 days	0. per	100 ml	
Approximate proportions	of faecal and non	-faecal coli:			
	(a) Fac	cal coli	per	cent	
	(b) Nor	-faccal coli_	- per	cent	
Remarks:	Date o	of Report: 11	.7.49.		
Bacteriologic	al findings show n	no evidence of			

(Signed) P.H. MARTIN.
M.O. i/c P.H. LABORATORY.

harmful pollution.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

27th August. 1949.

No.1678. Book A.

Sample received from: Samford R.D.C.

Mark or Seal: ex Church Green, Chelmondiston.

Physical Characteristics: Opalescent, slight sediment of iron. No taste or odour

whon received.

Results of Analysis.	Grains per Gallon.
Free and Saline Ammonia	0.0035
Albuminoid Ammonia	0.0014
Combined Chlorine	2.9
Nitrogen as Nitrates	0.11
Nitrites	NIL

Total solids in Solution

Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 80°F.

Poisonous Metals

Hardness before Boiling (total)

24.60

Hardness after boiling (permanent)

OPINION:

This water is of very good organic quality and free from any sign of dangerous pollution. It is quite fit for drinking purposes. It is, however, somewhat ferruginous and this accounts for the complaint of rusty sediment and an unpalatable taste. The water would certainly be improved in both respects by treatment consisting of aeration followed by settling or filtration.

(Signed) LINCOLNE SUTTON & WOOD.

