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Contributors

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BOROUGH OF RYE



ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

for the Year 1952

By

M. I. SILVERTON, T.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.



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To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Rye Borough Council.

I have the honour to present the Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1952.

The health of the Borough continues to compare favourably with the rest of England and Wales, the Corrected Death Rate being 10.56 for the Borough as against 11.3 for the whole of England and Wales.

There were sixteen cases of confirmed Poliomyelitis within the Borough. An account of this unfortunate outbreak will be published in "The Medical Officer" of the 21st November, 1953, and a copy will be sent to you soon after publication.

It is extremely satisfying to record that there have been no ases of diphtheria for the past eight years. The incidence of the ther infectious diseases is discussed fully in the general text.

The preparation of this Report and my paper on Policmyelitis has reatly increased the pressure and volume of work of my clerical taff, and I wish to take this opportunity to thank them and articularly the Chief Clerk (Miss Portnell) for their painstaking ssistance and cheerful acceptance of these added tasks.

I am grateful to the Chief Sanitary Inspector and the Additional unitary Inspector (Mr. Green) for their willing co-operation at all mes.

The Chief Sanitary Inspector (Mr. Gower) has supplied the atistical information relevant to the Sanitary circumstances of the rough given in this report. It will be noted that his other ficial duties include these of Borough Surveyor and Water Superinndent, and that he has included reports on these matters.

I am obliged to the Town Clerk and the Treasurer for their urtesy and help.

The Housing Committee has given every consideration to my pleas r the rehousing of deserving families.

I wish to thank you for your encouragement and support during the st year. I have the honour to be.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Watch Oak, TLE, Sussex.

M. I. SILVERTON

Medical Officer of Health.

BOROUGH OF RYE

STAFF

Medical Officer of Health:

M. I. SILVERTON, T.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Chief Sanitary Inspector, Surveyor, Town Planning Officer and Water Superintendent:

H. C. GOWER, M. Inst.R.A.

Additional Sanitary Inspector:

R. C. GREEN, M.S.I.A., M.R.San.I.

The staff of the Battle Rural District Council Public Health Department carry out all the clerical work of the Medical Officer of Health.

Diphtheria Immunisation and Vaccination Clerk: MISS M. H. HEARNSHAW. (County Staff employed locally)

STATISTICS RELATING TO THE BOROUGH OF RYE

| Constant and a second | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| Area of Borough in acres | 1,021 | 1,021 | 1,021 |
| Population by census (Provisional) | | 4,511 | |
| Population (Registrar Ceneral's estimate for mid-year) | 4,506 | 4,442 | 4,517 |
| Rateable Value | £43,102 | £44,925 | £45,227 |
| Number of inhabited houses | 1,479 | 1,515 | 1,542 |
| Number of rateable premises | 1,758 | 1,834 | 1,863 |
| Sum represented by a penny rate | £167 | £171 | £174 |



| 8 | 121 | 2 | 171 | T | \cap | N | T |
|---|-----|---|-----|---|--------|----|---|
| 0 | 22 | 6 | 1 | 4 | v | 28 | 1 |
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- 3 -

BIRTHS AND BIRTH RATE

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| Time Disting | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Live Births | Male | Female | Total |
| Legitimate Illegitimate | 37 0 37 | 35 0 35 | 72 0 72 |
| Stillbirths | | | |
| Legitimate Illegitimate | 1 0 | 1 0 | 2 0 |
| | <u>ī</u> | ī | 2 |
| ive Birth Rate per 1,000 of home | populatio | on | 15.9 |
| orrected Birth Rate | | | 17.2 |
| ive Birth Rate per 1,000 of home (England and Wales | | on | 15.3 |
| tillbirth Rate per 1,000 home po (Borough of Rye) | opulation | | 0.44 |
| tillbirth Rate per 1,000 home po (England and Wales | | | 0.35 |
| tillbirth Rate per 1,000 births (Borough of Rye) | (live and | still) | 27.02 |
| tillbirth Rate per 1,000 births (England and Wales | | still) | 22.6 |

The Corrected Birth Rate takes into account the abnormal constitution of the population of this Borough in which there is a predominance of higher age groups and is therefore the appropriate figure when comparison is made with the rest of England and Wales.

DEATHS AND DEATH RATES

Year Male Female Total 1948 23 33 56 1949 33 33 66 1950 21 38 59 20 1951 31 51 1952 29 33 62

Deaths



Deaths and Death Rates (Continued)

Death Rate per 1,000 of home population (Borough of Rye) 13.72 Corrected Death Rate for Borough of Rye 10.56 Death Rate per 1,000 of home population (England and Wales)11.3

It is well known that this Borough is particularly favoured by those persons retiring from active life and is thus heavily weighed for age as compared with England and Wales as a whole, and so we get an apparently increased death rate. The Registrar General is aware of this and has given us a method of overcoming this bias by introducing a "comparability factor" of 0.77 for this Borough, thus giving a Corrected Death Rate of 10.56 which compares with 11.3 for England and Wales.

Infant Deaths and Death Rates.

| Deaths of infants under 1 year (Borough of Rye) | Two |
|---|------|
| Infant Death Rate per 1,000 live births | 27.7 |
| Infant Death Rate per 1,000 related live births (England and Wales) | 27.6 |
| Death Rate for diarrhosa (infants under 2 years) per 1,000 live births (Borough of Ryc) | Nil |
| Death Rate for diarrhoea (infants under 2 years) per 1,000 live births (England and Wales) | 1.1 |
| rnal Deaths. | |

Maternal Deaths.

| Borough | of Rye | | • • • • | ••• | | Nil |
|----------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------|------|
| Maternal | mortalit still | y rate births | per 1,00 , Boroug | 0 live h of Ry | and ye | Nil |
| Maternal | mortalit still | y rate births | per 1,00 , Englan | 0 live d and W | and alos | 0.72 |

Death Rates per 1,000 home population for certain specific causes

| | England | and Wales | Borough of Rye | | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | 1951 | 1952 | 1951 1952 | | | |
| Typhoid and paratyphoid Whooping cough Diphtheria Tubsrculosis Influenza Smallpox Pneumonia Acute poliomyelitis and policencephalitis | 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.31 0.38 0.00 0.61 0.00 | 0.00 0.00 0.24 0.04 0.00 0.47 0.01 | nil nil nil 0.22 nil nil 0.45 nil | nil nil nil nil nil nil nil 0.44 | | |

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Detailed Causes of Death

| Causes of Death | Male | Female | Total |
|---|------|--------|-------|
| Acute policmyolitis | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Other melignant and lymphatic neoplasms | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Vascular leatons of nervous system | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| Coronary disease, angina | 7 | 2 | 9 |
| Hypertension with heart disease | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Other heart disease | 6 | 16 | 22 |
| Other circulatory disease | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Bronchitis | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Other diseases of the respiratory system | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Ulcer of stomach and duodenum | ı | 0 | 1 |
| Gaunritis, enteritis and diarrhoea | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Congenital malformations | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Other defined and ill- defined diseases | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| Accidents, other than motor | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Totals | 29 | 33 | 62 |

The chief causes of death in order of frequency were:-(i.) Diseases of the heart and circulatory system ... 34 (54.8%) (ii) delignant neoplasms (cancer) 8 (12.9%) (iii) Vascular lesions of nervous system ... 7 (11.2%) It will be observed that there were 62 deaths from all causes and of these 47 (75.8%) occurred in persons of 65 years of age or over. 75.8% deaths over 65 in the Borough of Rye compares with 66.5% deaths over 65 in England and Wales for 1951. (1952 figures for England and Wales are not yet available.)



| | 1 | |
|---|---|---|
| - | 6 | - |
| | | |

TUBERCULOSIS NOTIFICATIONS

| | 19 | 47 | 19 | 48 | 19 | 49 | 19 | 50 | 19 | 51 | 19 | 52 |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| PULMONARY | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| Additions to Register | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Total on Register at 31st December | 12 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 7 | 10 | 8 | 14 | 8 | 11 | 9 | 13 |
| NON-PULMONARY Additions to Register | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | d |
| Total on Register at 31st December | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 |

| | Pulmonary | Non-pulmonary |
|--|-----------|---------------|
| Death Returns of cases not previously notified | - | - |
| Transfers from other areas | 1 | - |
| Cases restored to Register | H11 - 11 | - |
| New Cases (Primary notifications) | 4 | 1 |

TABULATED LIST IN AGE GROUPS OF NEW CASES MOTIFIED IN THIS BOROUGH AND ALL DEATHS DURING THE CURRENT YEAR

| | No | ew Case Notifi | s (Prima) cations) | гу | All Deaths | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Age | Pulmo M | onary F | Non-pul M | lmonary F | Pulmo N | onary F | Non-pu M | lmonary F | | | |
| 0 - 2 | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 3 - 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 3 10 | - | - | 1 | - 10 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 11-15 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 18-25 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 38-45 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 6-60 | | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 31 & over | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| TOTALS | 1 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | | | |



MASS MINIATURE RADIOGRAPHY

Doctor B. G. Rigden, the Director of the East Sussex Mass Radiography Unit visited Rye from 1st September to 9th September, 1952.

Herewith analysis of results: -

| | Male | Female | Total |
|--|------|--------|-------|
| Number of persons X-Rayed: | 230 | 206 | 436 |
| Number recalled for further X-Rays: | 20 | 10 | 30 |
| Number found to have Abnor- malities: | 16 | 8 | 24 |
| Analysis of Abnormalities: | | | |
| (a) Active Pulmonary Tuberculosis: | 2 | Nil | 2 |
| (b) Inactive Pulmonary Tuberculosis: | 6 | 3 | 9 |
| (c) Malignant Disease: | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| (d) Other Disease of Lung or Pleura: | 6 | 4 | 10 |
| (e) Cardio-Vascular Diseases: | 1 | 1 | 2 |

(1 film unclassified)

Number (per 1,000 persons X-Rayed) with Active Pulmonary Tuberculosis:

MOTE: No persons under 15 years are X-Rayed, except school leavers.

4.58

The results obtained are strictly confidential and only communicated to the private doctors of persons found to have abnormalities.

The surrounding district was publicised and the newspapers were helpful in giving advance publicity for this scheme.

It is hoped that further visits will be made and that more people will take advantage of this worthwhile service, it would be ideal if this survey could become an annual event.

Early diagnosis ensures a more complete recovery in less time and limits the incidence of tuberculosis by the treatment of infected persons who would otherwise be spreading the disease in their families and at work unknown to themselves.

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INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Comparative Statistics for the years 1947 - 1952

1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 Scarlet fever 0 4 4 13 10 22 Measles 9 132 30 0 116 8 Pneumonia 0 0 13 3 12 12 Erysipelas 1 1 4 2 3 1 Whooping cough 15 76 0 58 54 1 Poliomyelitis 1 0 16* 0 2 2 Meningococcal infection 0 0 0 0 0 1

1st January-31st December respectively

22 cases of policmyelitis were notified and 16 of these were confirmed.

Policmyelitis

Unfortunately there were two deaths, the remaining patients have made or are in process of making good recoveries and are overcoming their disabilities.

Comparatively few people appear to be susceptible to this virus although they may contribute to the chain of infection. Personal hygiene, in particular the careful washing of hands after using the lavatory may be an important factor in limiting the spread of this disease.

Diphtheria

For the past eight years this Borough has been free from diphtheria. Relevant immunisation statistics are given on page 10.

Measles

As forecast in my last report there has been a substantial decrease for the year under review. There were no admissions to hospital and no deaths.

Abrupt changes in incidence from year to year is typical of this infection and it is likely that 1953 will show an increase.

Scarlet fever

Although the numbers notified show a substantial increase the disease itself has been mild with no serious complications or deaths. The majority were nursed in their own homes, of which course I approve, except where other members of the family are milkers or food handlers, and effective isolation of the case is not possible.

Dysentery

Food Poisoning Outbreaks in 1952

Total number of outbreaks .. Nil .. Number of cases Number of deaths Nil Nil .. Other diseases The incidence of the other infectious diseases have no particular significance.



| | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apl. | May | Jun. | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov . | Dec. | TOTALS |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|------|--------|
| Scarlet fever | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 5 | 22 |
| Measles | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | 3 | 8 |
| Pneumonia | 2 | 6 | 2 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12 |
| Erysipelas | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Whooping cough | - | | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Poliomyelitis | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 16 |
| Meningococcal infection | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| | 5 | 9 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 19 | 9 | 61 |

SEASONAL INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES DURING 1952

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN AGE GROUPS

| | Scarlet Fever | Measles | Pneu- monia | Erysip- las | Whoop- ing cough | Polio- myel- itis | Mening- ococcal infection | TOTALS |
|-----------------|------------------|---------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
| Under 1 year | - | - | 1 | - | - / | - | - | 1 |
| 1 year | 1 | - | 1 | - | | - | | 2 |
| 2 years | 2 | 1 | 2 | | - | 3 | - | 8 |
| 3 years | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| 4 years | 1 | . 1 | - | - | | 3 | - | 5 |
| 5 - 10 mars | 11 | 5 | - | - | 1 | 6 | - | 23 |
| Nor 15 Means | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 5 |
| 25-25 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 25-35 7-175 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 35-45 years | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 46-65 years | | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Over 65 | - | - | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | 4 |
| TOTALS | 22 | 8 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 16 | 1 | 61 |

- 9 -

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

| During 1952 the following | g childre | n re | ceiv | ed in | ject | ions | :- | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Under 1. | | 2 | 3 | | | 10-14 | Total |
| Treated at Clinics By Private Doctors | 5 34 | 7 13 | ī | : | 1 | 31 | 1 | 17 49 |
| Re-inforcing Injection | | | | | | | | |
| Treated at Clinics By Private Doctors | : | - | ī | ī | ī | 78 10 | -2 | 78 15 |
| | - Under 8 5-14 (1 Re-info | inc.) | B. | 61 5 93 | | | | |
| The number of children un who had been immunised by | der 15 ye 31st Dec | ears | of a | 1952: | resi | dent | in the | Borough, |
| Unde | r 5 years | | 26 | 54 | | | | |
| 5-14 | (inc.) | ••• | - | - | | | | |
| Componetive figures for th | | | 86 | | | | | |
| Comparative figures for the | ne past t | hree | (Conserved) | | | | | |
| No. immunised under 5 y | | | - | .950 | 1 | 951 | 195 | - |
| Child population (under | | | | 268 | | 285 420 | 26 | 4 32 * |
| Percentage immunised | | | | .66% | 67 | .85% | | |
| No. immunised 5-14 (inc) Child population (5-14) Percentage immunised | lusive) | | | 592 809 .20% | 010 | | S * | |
| * The Registrar General is | mahie | t.a | | | | | | |
| for 1952. The figure | s given | are | ther | efore | est | imat | ed. | |
| | VACCINA | TION | | | | | | |
| Mumber vaccinated during 1 | 952:- | | | | | | | |
| | Under | <u>r 1.</u> | 1 | 2-4 | 5- | Statement and statements | 15 or over | Total |
| Primary vaccination Re-vaccination | 48 | | - | ī | 23 | | 5 14 | 53 18 |
| Comparative figures for th | e past th | iree | year | rs:- | | | | |
| | | | | 950 | 19 | 51 | 1952 | |
| Primary vaccination Re-vaccination | | | | 70 11 | | 91 96 | 53 18 | |
| Number of babies born in 1 | 952 | | | | | 72 | | |
| Number of babies under 1 y | ear vacci | nate | d ir | 1952 | 2 | 48 | 3 | |
| Percentage vaccinated in 1 | | | | | | 66 | .66% | |



CLEAN FOOD

Responsible members of the food distributing trades are becoming increasingly aware of the necessity for personal hygiene in food handling but we still have a submerged "tenth" who do not appear to realise their obligations to their fellows and they are a persistent menace who must be kept under constant supervision.

Their dubious methods are usually well established and having been fortunate in the past in not having been detected as the known for m of infection they obstinately refuse to adopt accepted hygiene practices.

It is interesting to note that when a shop of this type changes hands the new owner is almost without exception keen and willing to improve the amenities, and the transformation both inside and outside the shop is only too obvious.

The consumers are somewhat blameworthy in that they patronise shops who patently transgress, e.g. clouds of flies, particularly in fish shops, smelly, rather dark, interiors in poor decorative state, and overcrowded with foods of various types, some in tins and prepacked, others exposed to any form of contamination that may elect to alight upon them. Until the public becomes more selective in their shopping so will these potentially dangerous shops remain with us.

The Sanitary Inspectors are assiduous in their efforts to improve standards and are making headway, but one hopos the public will realise the need for active co-operation.

MILK PRODUCTION AND PRODUCERS

The following is a comparative estimate of the percentage of different types of milk produced in the surrounding district:-

| | | | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 |
|-----------------|----|----|------|-------|--------|-------|
| T. T. Milk | •• | | 20% | 29.3% | 35.35% | 41.0% |
| Accordited Milk | •• | •• | 10% | 5.4% | 8.72% | 5.1% |
| Undesignated . | | •• | 70% | 65.3% | 55.93% | 53.8% |

The progressive increase in the percentage of T. T. Milk is noted with satisfaction.

The bulk of the milk supplied in the Borough is either pustourised or T.T.

REHOUSING OF HOMELESS FAMILIES

An ever recurring problem is presented by the young family not ordinarily domiciled in the Borough but unsuitably accommodated. Maybe as a sub-tenant in overcrowded conditions or in poorly furnished rooms, lacking the necessary amenities, with all the attendant evils of such accommodation, and paying an exhorbitant rent out of all proportion to the wage-earning capacity of the husband, thus additionally hazarding the nutrition of the family.

Representation to the Housing Committee for rehousing is made but threy quite rightly consider that they should make their selection from families normally resident in the Borough, and known to have been enduring poor housing conditions for some considerable time.

. .



Rehousing of Homeless Families (continued)

It does not appear equitable that these newly arrived families should "jump the queue" because they find themselves in worse circumstances, in some measure due to their own volition. However, the problem of the "new" family remains and their situation is urgent. An appeal to the County Welfare Officer brings forth the reply that it is the duty of the Housing Authority and so no help can be hoped for from this direction.

How long must these unfortunates remain "stateless" persons before they can be considered for rehousing on an equal footing with other residents who have established claims? When a family of this type is rehoused after a considerable lapse of time one quite often hears bitter complaints that persons with no previous connection with the Borough have been rehoused to the detriment of local applicants.

Consideration should be given to this matter in order to achieve a reasonable solution without subsequent recriminations.

A measure of hope could then be given to these families, otherwise it is intolerable that they should have to continue in this fashion, experiencing a complete lack of interest and possible rebuff from those in authority.

Situations of this type breed anxiety and insecurity and contribute to matrimonial upsets, with consequent ill effects on the mental stability of their offspring.

INFANT WELFARE CENTRE

The Infant Welfare Centre is held on the 2nd and 4th Thursdays in every month at the Youth Club Centre, Lion Street, Rye.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

(a) Section 47. Removal to Suitable Premises of Persons in Need of Care and Attention

Fortunately it was not found necessary to invoke these provisions during the year under review.

(b) Section 50. Burial or Cremation of the Dead

No action was taken under this Section.

HOME PHYSIOTHERAPY SERVICE

This service continues to fulfil a very necessary function in and around the Borough bringing treatment into the homes of patients who would otherwise have to spend many weary and painful hours in travelling and waiting for buses in all sorts of weather, with probable aggravation of existing symptoms.

During the period 1st April, 1952 to 31st March, 1953, 2,552 visits were made in the Borough of Rye and Battle Rural District compared with 2,143 in the corresponding period of the previous year.

PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY SERVICE

The facilities available at the Public Health Laboratory, Brighton, have been used extensively and I am obliged to the Director (Dr.J.E.Jameson) for his help and co-operation.



PREVENTION OF VENEREAL DISEASES

The Ministry of Health asked for the co-operation of all Local Authorities in giving publicity to the ever present danger of Venereal Diseases. Posters supplied by the Ministry were accordingly displayed at suitable vantage points throughout the Borough. Details regarding Treatment Centres and times of attendance were overprinted.

NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN

Satisfactory liaison was maintained with Inspector Boobyer but he, unfortunately, left the district during the year and it was some time before he was replaced.

AMBULANCE SERVICE

| | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Cases | 533 | 546 | 627 |
| Mileage | 16,142 | 13,626 | 14,208 |

The cost of the Ambulance Service as a whole is the responsibility of the County Council and the St. John Ambulance Brigade supply the trained personnel. This is an excellent example of the fusion of aid and voluntary services working in unison to provide a first-class service.

INDUSTRIES

The numbers employed in the main industries in the Borough are iven below. Working conditions are generally good and the employers are been co-operative. There were no outworkers.

A comparison is made with the previous year :-

| lengted Water W | Male | 1951 Female | Total | Male | 1952 Female | Tota |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| lerated Water Manufacturers Bakeries Bedding Makers Builders Forn Chandlers Forn Chandlers Forn Chandlers For For Chandlers For Chandlers For Chandlers For For Chandlers For Chandlers For For For For Chandlers For For For For For For For For For For | 5 19 3 79 19 113 12 4 8 7 4 8 | 3 22 3 1 2 11 48 2 8 1 2 | 8 41 6 80 21 124 60 6 16 8 4 10 | 2 21 3 124 16 118 14 8 3 5 11 7 3 5 | 1 29 3 2 2 2 2 2 19 150 - 2 8 2 1 | 3 50 6 126 18 2 137 15 58 3 7 19 9 3 6 |

berths at Rye.

poing: There was no cargo shipping at Rye during the year.

which contribute greatly to the prosperity of the Town.



SECTION II

The Chief Sanitary Inspector reports: -

| | PUBLIC HEALA | CH ACT, 1936 | |
|---|----------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| | <u>Visits</u> | Informal Notices served | Informal Notices complied with. |
| Alleged nuisances Smoke nuisances Provision of | 115 12 | : | |
| dustbins Existing drains New building work Infectious diseases | 8 38 200 | 2 6 - | 2 6 |
| Vormin and insect pests | 80 | 6 houses disinfecte 20 houses disinfecte | |

HOUSING ACT, 1936.

405 inspections and re-inspections of dwellinghouses were carried out for the following reasons: -

> Houses controlled by the Borough Council 1.

Investigation of complaints by Tenants
Applications for re-housing on medical

grounds, overcrowding, etc.

15 informal notices were served requesting house repairs and all were complied with. The works required by two formal notices outstanding from 1951 were completed.

The following improvements have been carried out at properties controlled by the Borough Council:-

29 tiled surround fireplaces complete installed in lieu of ranges or combination grates. 7 baths installed. 2 brick built solid fuel coppers removed and replaced with gas coppers. 1 wash-hand basin installed. 32 power and additional electric lighting points installed at 13 houses. l electric cooker in lieu of solid fuel range. 1 W.C. pan. l sink. 1 alteration in position of water supply to make it more easily available. 1 gas service laid on.

HOUSING ACT, 1949.

Improvements to one house were effected under the above mentioned et involving improved kitchen and W.C. accommodation and the



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MILK AND DAIRIES REGULATIONS, 1949

The only dairy premises in the Town are used for the roceipt, storage and distribution of designated milks obtained already bottled from suppliers outside the Town. No processing or bottle washing is carried out on the premises. Frequent inspections of the premises have been made and improvements have been carried out to the premises.

The following licences were issued during the year :-

Dealers licences for "Pasteurised" milk - 2 " "Tuberculin Tested" milk - 2

12 samples of milk were taken for examination and submitted to the Public Health Laboratory, Brighton. All passed the

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938.

ICE-CREAM

There are now 17 premises registered under the above mentioned, all for the storage and sale of ice-cream. The bulk of ice-cream sold from these premises is pre-packed. It is unfortunate however that in spite of reports and exhortations in the press, the cleanliness of the hands of the consumers of this tasty commodity often appears to be in contradistinction to the care taken in production and distribution. The resulting litter from prepacked ices after a public gathering is also most annoying.

The general standards of hygiene of the ice-cream trade in the Borough is good.

INSPECTION OF MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

The one slaughter house remaining in the Town is used almost ontirely for slaughtering a small number of pigs under Ministry of Food licences and for occasional emergency slaughter of animals. The premises are old but are kept in a reasonable state of cleanliness.

All animals destined for human consumption are sont to the control slaughtorhouse in Hastings.

Inspections of meat and other foods are often made at the request of the retailers who have noted an abnormal condition prior to sale.

70 inspections of food premises (food shops, catering establishments etc.) have been made.

The following/



Inspection of Meat and Other Foods (continued)

The following is a list of foods inspected during the year and certified as being unfit for human consumption:-

| | cwts. | stones | lb. |
|---|--------|-----------|---|
| Meat Ham Fish Fish Vegetables Fruit Pork Soups Smoked salme Miscellaneou | 2 1 | 534354255 | 74 124 10 30 24 10 30 24 |
| | 7 | 7 | 0 |

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

The following is an abstract from particulars supplied to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries:-

| Number | of | complaints received regarding infestations | |
|------------|----|--|-----------|
| Number | of | properties inspected | 90 248 |
| Number | OI | minor rat infestations | 223 |
| Number | of | mouse infestations | 22 |
| Tream DOT. | 01 | properties treated by Council operator x | 248 |

* This involves from 4-6 visits to each property.

Rodent Control treatments of sewers was carried out in January and July. Each course of treatment involves inspecting, baiting and poisoning each of the manholes known to exist on the older sewers together with test baiting at manholes on the newer systems. During the year this means that upwards of 250 inspections of sewer manholes are made in this connection.

Opportunity was taken during minor sewer reconstructions to incorporate baiting points at two manholes.

Visits are made by Inspectors of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries (Rodent Control Division) and close liaison is maintained in order that the best possible methods are used.

FACTORIES AND WORKPLACES

25 inspections and visits were made to factories and workplaces.

Improvements to sanitary accommodation was requested at three factories and to decorations at one factory.

There are no outworkers under Section 110 (1)(c) in the Borough.

There were/



Factories and Workplaces (continued)

There were 53 factories on the register at the end of the year, of these 39 used mechanical power whilst the remaining 13 had no mechanical power.

The duties of the Council in connection with the Factories Act, 1938, are mainly concerned with the provision of suitable and adequate sanitary accommodation.

WATER SUPPLY

Routine samples are taken for Bacteriological examination once a month and for chemical analysis once a quarter. Other samples are taken as required.

During 1952, 36 Bacteriological samples (23 unchlorinated and 13 chlorinated) and 8 chemical samples (4 unchlorinated and 4 chlorinated) were taken. With the exception of two bacteriological samples all the samples proved to be satisfactory. Both samples were of unchlorinated water and investigations showed that the pollution was associated with the installation of a new pump. Further samples proved to be satisfactory. Samples of water taken after chlorination at all times proved highly satisfactory.

The consumption of water during the year was as follows :-

Pumped from Cadborough Waterworks - 56,000,000 gallons Pumped from Military Road - 13,913,000 "

69,913,000

п

This represents an increase of 249,000 gallons over the consumption figures for 1951.

The distribution of the water consumed was as follows :-

| Borough of Rye - Hastings C.B. (Rye | 61,827,690 | gallons |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| Harbour) - Battle R.D. (Playden)- Standpipe | 3,760,000 4,064,000 261,310 | 11 15 17 |
| | 69,913,000 | н |

The Cadborough boreholes continued to produce an ample supply of water and at times during 7 months of the year overflowed some few hours after the cessation of daily pumping.

ADDITIONAL WATER SUPPLY

In July work was commenced on the cleaning out of two boreholes and the installation of a new pump. As a result of the cleaning 10-15 feet of silt was removed from the boreholes.

The new pump is a "Sulzer" Borehole Pump capable of delivering approximately 14,000 g.p.h. and was put into service on 7th August, 1952.



DRAINAGE AND SEVERAGE

The automatic sewage ejectors lifted the following amounts of sewage: -

| Station D. | Cadborough Marsh Winchelsea Road New Winchelsea Road King's Avenue Tilling Green | - | 1,998,535 17,006,028 | 11 11 11 11 | |
|------------|--|---|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | | 41,631,513 | gallons | |

REFUSE COLLECTION

In all 4,503 cubic yards of refuse have been disposed of at Camber Fields tip. Of this amount, 3,315 cubic yards were collected as domestic refuse, the remaining 1,188 cubic yards being accounted for by builders refuse etc., deposited directly at the tip.

PRIVATE ENTERPRISE BUILDING

During 1952, four houses were completed by private enterprise.

CONTROL OF CIVIL BUILDING

During the year, 30 licences amounting to a value of £13,555 were issued by the Council and 19 licences to a value of £9,770 were issued by the Ministry of Works.

The Borough Treasurer who is responsible for lettings of Council Houses has supplied the following statistical information: -

HOUSING

Accommodation under the letting control of the Council at the Sist December, 1952:-

| Assisted Schemes - Pre-war houses | 115 |
|--|-----|
| Assisted Schemes - Post-war houses and flats | 199 |
| Expired Leases - Pre-1914 houses | 96 |
| Requisitioned houses and flats | 16 |
| Temporary hutments | 24 |
| Total dwellings | 450 |

Applicants on Council's Housing Lists: -

| | at 3 | 31st Dec. 1951 | at 31st Dec. 1952 |
|-----------------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|
| Operative Deferred | | 157 112 | 140 96 |
| | Totals | 269 | 236 |

During the year 1952, twelve dwellings were completed and at the Sist December, twenty-eight dwellings were under contract, using a total of 227. The Council propose erecting a further

