#### [Report 1965] / Medical Officer of Health, Ryde Borough.

#### **Contributors**

Ryde (England). Borough Council.

#### **Publication/Creation**

1965

#### **Persistent URL**

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/jm64s4zw

#### License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



Acknowledged 8/11/66

Public Healt

BOROUGH OF



RYDE, I.W.

# THE 87th ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

## Medical Officer of Health FOR THE YEAR 1965

including the separate Report of the

SENIOR PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

#### PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE 1965

(as constituted at 27th May 1965)

#### The Mayor—Alderman W. Ramage

Alderman Sutton (Chairman) Councillor Cleaver

Councillor Morey (Vice-Chairman) Councillor Colledge

Alderman Matthews Councillor Copper

Councillor Allen Councillor Holland

Councillor Bell Councillor Lloyd

Councillor Bourn Councillor Wigmore

Councillor Burridge

#### Public Health Officers 196#

Dr. D. W. Quantrill, M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H., D. (Obst.), R.C.O.G.

(Office-County Hall, Newport. Tel. Newport 2261).

Senior Public Health Inspector S. DUNMORE,

M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspector L. N. JORDAN,

M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Clerk Miss D. G. Boyce

Rodent Operator W. A. GOBLE

Temporary Assistant (Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963) F. G. RUGMAN

## Public Health Department Municipal Offices 5 Lind Street RYDE, I.W.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors, Ryde Borough Council

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

The statistics relating to births and deaths do not reveal any significant changes. The illegitimate births totalled 38 compared with 40 for the previous year and the illegitimacy rate (12.1%) is still above the rate for England and Wales (7.7%). During the year the high illegitimacy rates have caused concern to the Health Committee and the matter has been brought to the notice of the County Council for further investigation.

Once more the majority of deaths were accounted for by cancer, stroke and coronary thrombosis. There was one death from tuberculosis but no other deaths from infectious diseases.

Over three hundred cases of measles were notified but the disease appeared mainly in a mild form. Information received during the year suggested that this disease may ultimately be controlled by immunisation.

Twenty-one cases of food poisoning were notified but none were seriously ill. In the incidents that were investigated there was no evidence of carelessness by food handlers in business premises.

Food Hygiene in the Borough of Ryde is probably above average. Vigorous efforts, however, continue to be made to improve the standards still further. The Ryde and Seaview Hotel and Guest House and Caterers Association has strongly supported the Health Department's efforts in this respect and this Association's support enabled a course in Food Hygiene to be introduced into the Winter syllabus of the Isle of Wight Technical College. It is anticipated that this course will now become an annual feature. It is encouraging to record that responsible people involved in catering and the sale of food, are now realising that an elementary knowledge of the science of food hygiene is an asset to business as well as a means of protecting the health of the community.

Although the elderly residents of the Borough are, generally speaking, well cared for, I have during the year had occasion to visit several old people who were in special need of care and attention. In such cases difficulties arise when those who have become senile refuse the assistance of the various services available and yet are unable to cope without them. Their living conditions deteriorate and become deplorable. In extreme cases statutory powers are available to remove them to somewhere where they can be properly cared for. Removing an old person from his or her home, however, is a measure which can cause considerable distress and this may lead to a rapid deterioration and even death. Unless, therefore, their insanitary mode of living is a danger to the community, one feels that to leave them where they are is the lesser of two evils.

Fouling of pavements by dogs has again continued to cause concern. Unless, however, members of the public are prepared to report and give evidence regarding specific incidents there appears to be no effective way of controlling this nuisance.

My thanks are again due to the staff of the department for their continued efficient work and loyalty.

Finally, may I respectfully express to the Chairman and members of the Health Committee my appreciation of their support during the year.

Yours faithfully,

D. W. QUANTRILL

Medical Officer of Health

#### STATISTICS

	STATISTICS			
(1)	GENERAL			
	Area in acres			7,876
	No. of inhabited dwellings accordi	ng to		.,
	books (as at 31/3/66)			7,829
	Rateable value (as at $31/3/66$ )			747,839
	Sum represented by 1d. rate (1965/6		t	
	75			linches
	0 1!			
	Sunshine		1,00	9 hours
(9)	VITAL			
(2)				
	Population (Registrar's Figure)			20,710
	BIRTHS M.	F.		
	No. of live legitimate births 145	131		276
	No. of live illegitimate births 22	16		38
	Live birth rate per 1,000 of estimat	ed resi	dent	
	population			15.2
	Comparative factor (births)			1.19
	Comparative Birth Rate			18.1
	Live Birth Rate England and Wales			18.0
	Total live and still births			320
	M.	F.		020
	No. of legitimate stillbirths 4	2		6
	No. of illegitimate stillbirths —	_		
	Stillbirth rate per 1,000 (live and sti		he	18.8
				10.0
	Illegitimate live births per cent of	totai	nve	12.1
	births	T		12.1
	DEATHS M.	F.		999
	Total number of deaths 163		1	333
	Death rate per 1,000 of the estimat	ed resi	dent	10.1
	population			16.1
	Comparative factor (deaths)			0.75
	Comparative death rate			12.1
	Death rate England and Wales			11.5
	No. of deaths of legitimate M.	F.		
	infants under 1 year of age 1	5		6
	No. of deaths of illegitimate			
	infants under 1 year of age 4	-		4
	Death rate all infants per 1,000 live	births		31.8
	Death rate legitimate infants per			
	legitimate live births			21.7
	Death rate illegitimate infants per	1,000		
	illegitimate live births			105.3

#### Statistics-Continued

Infant Mortality Rate (England and Wales)	19.0
Neo Natal Mortality Rate per 1000 live births	25.5
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	25.5
Perinatal Mortality Rate	43.8
Maternal Deaths (including abortion)	Nil
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1000 live and still	
births	Nil

#### CAUSES OF DEATH

CAUSE		MA	LE	FEM	IALE
Tuberculosis, respiratory		1	(1)	_	()
Tuberculosis, other		_	()		()
Syphilitic disease		-	()	1	()
Diphtheria		-	()	_	()
Whooping Cough		_	()	-	(-)
Meningococcal infections		-	()	-	()
Acute Poliomyelitis		-	()	_	()
Measles		_	()	-	()
Other infective and parasitic disea	ases	-	()	_	(1)
Malignant neoplasm, stomach		6	(2)	4	()
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronch	us	12	(8)	2	(3)
Malignant neoplasm, breast		_	()	5	(3)
Malignant neoplasm, uterus		_	()	4	(3)
Other malignant and lymphatic					
neoplasms		17	(15)	12	(12)
Leukaemia, aleukaemia		2	(1)	_	()
Diabetes		1	()	2	(2)
Vascular lesions of nervous system	n	16	(24)	33	(25)
Coronary disease, angina		37	(34)	22	(23)
Hypertension with heart disease		4	(4)	3	(3)
Other heart disease		16	(17)	32	(39)
Other circulatory disease		1	(3)	7	(8)
Influenza		-	()	-	()
Pneumonia		8	(8)	6	(14)
Bronchitis		10	(5)	4	(1)
Other diseases of respiratory syste	em	1	(2)		(1)
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum		3	(1)	2	()
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea		2	()	1	()
Nephritis and nephrosis		-	()	2	()
Hyperplasia of prostate		1	(1)	-	()
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion		-	()	-	()
			100		

Causes of Death—Continue	d.					
Congenital malformations			1	(1)	_	(1)
Other defined and ill-define	d disea	ases	12	(8)	23	(16)
Motor vehicle accidents			5	(2)	1	(1)
All other accidents			2	(2)	1	(4)
Suicide			5	()	3	(1)
Homicide and operations of			_	()	_	()
ALL CAUSES			163	(139)	170	(161)

N.B.—Figures for 1964 are entered in brackets.

#### Prevalence of Infectious and other Diseases.

Disease.	Total Cases Notified	Cases admitted to Hospital	Total Deaths
Scarlet Fever	1	_	_
Diphtheria	_	_	_
Meningococcal Infection	_	_	_
Meningitis (Unspecified)	_	_	_
Puerperal Pyrexia	1		_
Erysipelas	_	_	_
Acute Encephalitis (In-			
fective)	_	_	_
Measles	331	_	_
Whooping Cough	12	-	_
Ophthalmia			
Neonatorum	-		_
Pneumonia	_	_	_
Dysentery	_	_	_
Food Poisoning	21	_	_
Malaria	_		_
Acute Poliomyelitis			
(Paralytic)		_	_
Acute Poliomyelitis			
(Non-Paralytic)	_	_	_
Paratyphoid Fever	_	_	
Tuberculosis (Respiratory)	3	1	1
Tuberculosis			
(Meninges & C.N.S.)	_	_	
Tuberculosis (Other)	1	_	_
Totals	370	1	1

		_			_	_	_						_		-
Paratyphoid fever	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1
Tuberculosis (Other)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	-
Tuberculosis (Meninges & C.N.S.)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	1	1
Tuberculosis (Respiratory)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	8
Acute Poliomyelitis (Non-Paralytic)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Acute Poliomyelitis (Paralytic)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	١	1	1	1	1	1
Acute Encephalitis (Infective)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Food Poisoning	-	3	1	-	1	2	2	7	7	-	-	-	1	1	21
Dysentery	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Ophthalmia Meonatorum	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Meningitis (Unspecified)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Meningococcal Infection	Ī	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Measles	12	34	46	33	45	147	9	S	-	-	1	1	-	1	331
Whooping Cough	1	-	1	7	1	7	-	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	12
Erysipelas	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Pneumonia	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	-
sinslaM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Diphtheria	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1
Scarlet Fever	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
		7	3	4	S	10	15	20	35	45	55	65			
Age	Under 1	and under				:			:	***	:	"	65 and over	Unknown	Totals
	5	-	N	3	4	3	10	15	8	35	45	55	65	5	

Food Poi	soning	Outbr	eaks			
Total number of outb	reaks					12
Number of cases						21
Number of deaths						Nil
Infectious and Ot Head Tea				from		
Mumps				3		
Chicken Pox				13		
Measles				53		
German Measles				7		
Impetigo				1		
Whooping Cough				1		
Scarlet Fever				10		
				88		
Food and Drugs (Milk and Number of samples to Number of samples fo	ken du	ring 19 be T.1	965 B. posit			74 Nil
Number of samples in isolated		Brue 	ella Ab	ortus	was	4
Tuber	rculosis	, 1965				

						New	Cases				Dea	ths	
AGE PERIODS	AGE PERIODS		Totals	Pulmonary		Non- Pulmonary		Totals	Pulmonary		Non- Pulmonar		
		F		L	М	M F	M F	-	M F		М	F	
0	and	under	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1	,,	12	5	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5	,,	,,	10	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	,,	**	15	_	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	_
15	,,	,,	20	-	-	_	_		-	-	_	_	-
20	,,	,,	25	_	-	_	_	_	_	-		-	_
25	,,	,,	35	-	-	_		_	_	-	_	-	_
35	,,	,,	45	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	_
45	,,	**	55	1	1	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	-
55	,,	,,	65	1	1	_	_	_	-	-		-	-
65	,,	**	75	2	2	-	_	-	1	1	-	-	_
75	and	over		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	. 1	Γotal		*6	5			1	1	1	_	_	_

<sup>\*</sup>This total includes 2 transfers from the Mainland.

### Table showing the number of new cases and deaths from Tuberculosis during the period 1955-1965.

		Ne	w Cases			Deaths	
	I	Pulm.	NonPulm.	Total	Pulm.	NonPulm.	Total
1955		4	5	9	_	1	1
1956		6	2	8	2	- 1	2
1957		15	1	16	-	-	*****
1958		11	1	12	2		2
1959		12	3	15	1	-	1
1960		17	_	17	2	-	2
1961		9	_	9	1	_	1
1962		11	1	12	1	_	1
1963		8	2	10	3	_	3
1964		10	_	10	1	_	1
1965		5	1	6	1		1

#### Child Welfare Clinics

Name of Cli	nic	Place where held	How often held
Ryde		Well Street	Every Wednesday and *Friday 2.30-4.30 p.m.
Binstead		The Institute	Every Tuesday, 2.30 p.m.
St. Helens		Lower Green Methodist Sun- day School	First Thursday, 2.45 p.m.
Seaview		Methodist Sunday School	First Monday, 2.30 p.m.
de Fr		and the second s	

<sup>\*</sup>Doctor in attendance

#### Factories Act, 1937.

Report of the Medical Officer of Health in respect of the Year 1965, for the Borough of Ryde, in the County of the Isle of Wight.

#### Part I of the Act

1.—Inspections for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

	Number	Number of						
Premises	on Register	Inspections	Written notices	Occupiers				
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	8	2	_					
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	113	43	_	_				
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is en- forced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)				_				
Total	121	45	_					

#### 2. Cases in which Defects were found.

	Number of	cases in wh	ich defects v	vere found	Number	
Particulars	Found	Reme- died	To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	of cases in which prosecu- tions were instituted	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)			_	200	_	
Overcrowding (S.2)	_	_	- 10 <del>- 10</del>	-	-	
Unreasonable tempera- ture (S.3) Inadequate ventilation	_	_	_		<b>E</b>  _	
(S.4) Ineffective drainage of	_	-	_	*****		
floors (S.6) Sanitary Conveniences			-	_	-	
(S.7) (a) Insufficient	_	_	_	_	-	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	_	2	_	_	_	
(c) Not separate for sexes		_	_	_	_	
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)						
Total		2			_	

#### PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors, Ryde Borough Council

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my sixteenth Annual Report, permission having been received from the Medical Officer of Health to do so as a separate part of his Report.

My Report follows the layout used in previous years, being divided into four sections. Where figures appear in brackets

they refer to the previous year.

I will confine my preface remarks to expressing an omnibus thanks to everyone who at some time or another has been of assistance in the activities of the Public Health Department during the year under review and, in particular, may I thank the Chairman of the Public Health Committee, the Medical Officer of Health and the other departmental Chief Officers and their staffs for their co-operation. In particular, I would point out that my Assistant, Mr. Jordan, who, in the main, is responsible for the Ryde town area, has had a very busy year, and coped with many varied and difficult problems in a most thorough and efficient manner. In the office, Miss Boyce, who is our sole clerk, has found it difficult to keep pace with ever increasing clerical work in the Department, and we are faced with a likelihood of records, etc., falling seriously in arrear which, if it occurs, will be most unfortunate and detrimental, since we have prided ourselves to date in having an up-to-date and efficient records system.

Mr. Goble, the Rodent Operative, too, has again dealt efficiently and effectively with his particular work, and the public have received good service whenever they have

requested it.

Also, throughout the year, we have had the services of Mr. Rugman for administration duties under the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, as a result of which the work called for by the Act is well in hand and progressing very satisfactorily.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,
STANLEY DUNMORE

Senior Public Health Inspector

#### Section I-Sanitary Circumstances

#### Complaints

290 (247) general complaints were received and dealt with during the year. This figure does not include complaints concerning rodent infestations.

#### Water Supply

An adequate supply of pure and wholesome water was maintained to all parts of the Borough by the I.W. River & Water Authority throughout the year, and the Authority's Engineer has had no special comments to make, and reported the following information concerning local supplies:—

Routine sampling of the supply to the area was carried out by the Water Authority's Inspectors, and 131 samples were submitted for bacteriological examination. 127 were satisfactory, and 4 suspicious. Modern chlorination equipment is installed at the sources serving the Borough

ment is installed at the sources serving the Borough.

The water is not liable to plumbo solvency. No contamination of supplies has occurred.

No chemical analyses were taken in the area during 1965. Previous chemical analyses have shown the fluoride content

to be less than 0.1 parts per million.

There are approximately 7,829 inhabited dwellings in the Borough, with a population of 20,710. All houses, etc., are connected direct to the mains supplies, and no wells or standpipes are in use.

#### Mains water is supplied to:-

Domestic Premises				7,464
Commercial Premises				 1,180
Industrial Undertaking	s			 32
Other Undertakings				 8
Entertainment and Rec	creatio	onal Pre	emises	 51
Education and Cultura	l Pren	nises		 24
Crown Premises				 22
Miscellaneous				 199

8,980

#### **Drainage Matters**

The bulk of the Borough's foul drainage, and much of its surface water, is discharged, untreated, through long outfalls, well beyond low-water mark, into the strong currents of the

Solent flowing eastwards into the open sea.

Much successful work has been done to reduce the surface water load on the sewers. However, a flood problem, which occurs during very heavy rain conditions, persists in the Strand, West Hill Road, Simeon Street Recreation Ground area, and means to remedy this continue to be investigated in co-operation with the I.W. River and Water Authority.

The purification works at Havenstreet and St. Helens have

dealt satisfactorily with the sewage there.

It can be said that the arrangements for sewerage and sewage disposal are reasonably adequate in the Borough, except that the carrying out of the Council's schemes to sewer the Fishbourne and Kitehill districts are urgently necessary. These schemes have been finalised and now only await the necessary Ministry approvals. A small area which, in my opinion, warrants consideration for sewering, although of less urgency, contains the properties in Corbett Road and the western end of Playstreet Lane.

The Council's mechanical emptier has adequately dealt with the septic tanks and cesspools which serve small groups and individual houses within the Borough—a small total in all.

Alterations or new drainage works relative to existing buildings are supervised by myself or Mr. Jordan. 50 such works have been supervised, including 4 which necessitated action under Section 24, Public Health Act, 1936.

#### Public Cleansing

This service is operated by the Borough Surveyor. All districts in the Borough receive at least a once-weekly collection, and a trade refuse collection service is also provided.

An estimated total of 13,000 tons was collected and dumped at Nettlestone. The Public Health Committee has continued to explore alternative methods of refuse disposal made necessary by the limited 'life' of the tip. Ultimately some type of compostion plant seems to be the likely and most satisfactory solution.

Methods of refuse collection have been under active consideration by the Public Health Committee, and, to assist them, the Borough Surveyor carried out a works study, during the autumn, which included consideration of the collection of full bins by the refuse vehicle teams, and householders to return the empty bins themselves—much opposition to this scheme resulted, and it was subsequently withdrawn. The introduction of paper bag storage was also considered, and, after illustrating films were seen, it was decided to introduce, in the first instance, a pilot scheme on the Council's Binstead housing estate, and also to encourage hotels and eating establishments to adopt this storage method. I hope that the next Annual Report will show encouraging progress.

The Council's fleet of vehicles required to collect the domestic and trade refuse comprises one continuous loader,

three compressor-type vehicles, and two side loaders.

The tip has received regular checks by the Rodent Operative, and, during the summer, exposed surfaces of refuse

received regular spraying with suitable insecticides.

The amount received from salvaged paper and cardboard showed a very considerable and welcome increase over last year, namely £1,187 (£387), brought about by the Government's import duty on wood pulp. £42 was obtained for salvaged rags and metals. A salvage incentive scheme for the Council's refuse collectors is in operation.

#### Verminous Premises

Disinfestations, including the general cleansing of one insanitary dwelling, were carried out at 37 premises. None of the infestations proved unduly difficult to deal with, and were readily eliminated. There were 20 cockroach, 4 flea, 1 bug, 7 ant and 5 fly infestations dealt with. Also, 60 wasps' nests were destroyed during the summer and autumn.

#### Rodent Control

The rodent (rats and mice) destruction service is operated by the Department, which provides a contract service for 69 business premises and a free service for householders. Business premises not having a contract were treated if requested, and charged for work done. Mr. Goble, our Rodent Operator, again dealt efficiently with the necessary destruction work, and some details of what this involved are set out as follows:—

During the year, 449 complaints were received, and 3,819

visits were made for the purpose of treatments and routine inspections.

	ouncil operties	5	(includi	inghou ing Cot ouses)		Agricultural Premises		(ind Bu	l other premises (including Business Premises)		
Lucus	Infe:	sted	Lucius	Infe.	sted	Inches	Infes	ted	Inches	Infe.	sted
Inspec- ted	Rats	Mice	Inspec- ted	Rats	Mice	Inspec- ted	Rats	Mice	Inspec- ted	Rats	Mice
37	14	2	498	325	57	33	20	3	169	40	32

Also a 10% baiting of sewer manholes was undertaken, and, of the 50 manholes baited, subsequent examination revealed that rats were present in only one of these. Two maintenance treatments of the infested manhole and those adjacent to it resulted in the infestation being eliminated.

In addition, Mr. Goble commented that during the past year a further improvement had been evident regarding infestation of business premises, complaints of both rats and mice being fewer and of a minor nature. There was, however, an increase in the number of complaints involving private dwellinghouses, due, no doubt, to prolonged periods of inclement weather which caused rats, mice and even field mice to invade many properties. All these were effectively controlled, but the very wet conditions delayed considerably the treatment of farms and smallholdings.

Referring again to complaints from private houses, it was found that, in a large number of cases, the trouble was directly due to the indiscriminate and extravagant feeding of wild birds with bread and kitchen scraps, a practice which may be desirable in the depths of winter, but certainly not throughout the year. All efforts to discourage this activity seem to be of no avail.

Public parks, allotments and certain areas of the foreshore have been inspected from time to time, and treated when necessary.

In an endeavour to reduce operating cost, an experiment is in progress using an inexpensive by-product from a local industry as a bait base for rat poison, and, should this substance prove to be acceptable to rodents, a useful saving will be effected. Contact has been maintained with the County Pests Officer of the Ministry of Agriculture, whose interest and advice have been appreciated.

#### Caravans and Camping

Camping activities in the Borough, both caravan and tentage, call for limited comment. Four of the five caravan sites have permanent licences, none is very large, and they are very efficiently operated: the fifth site has made further improvements during the year, but continues to operate under

a temporary licence for the time being.

There are also four licensed tentage sites in the Borough. Again, none of these is large, all are adequately equipped, and, in particular, the small site at Binstead has been much improved. Because of the popularity of camping at the height of the holiday season, these sites were quite unable to meet all the enquiries received for accommodation, but fortunately this did not result in any significant use of land unequipped for camping purposes elsewhere in the Borough.

There is also a well equipped permanent site at Nettlestone, owned and used by the Bucks Schools Camp Association during school holidays. In addition, there are several other organisations (Boys Brigade, etc.) who also have permanent, well equipped sites which operate for a limited holiday period

—these, too, are satisfactorily operated.

#### Swimming Pools

There are no public swimming pools in the Borough—there are two privately-owned pools at Warners' Puckpool and St. Clare Camps, and a covered, heated pool at the Nodes Holiday Centre, and the three have adequate filtration and chlorination plants, which are efficiently operated. During the summer, routine sea water samples taken from the openair swimming pool of a large hotel within the Borough proved unsatisfactory, and, as a result of representations to the management, they agreed to substitute mains water and to instal a suitable filtration and chlorination plant.

14 samples were taken for bacteriological examination, only 4 of which were unsatisfactory, and three of these were

from the pool referred to above.

#### Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963

As I have already mentioned, Mr. Rugman has carried out the duties in the Department as required by this Act. The

year's work is summarised as follows:-

The number of premises registered in the Borough of Ryde under the above Act for the year ending 31st December 1965, is 345: an increase of 11 on the previous year. The number of different kinds registered under the Act and a broad analysis of persons employed therein by workplace are as follows:—

Deisons employed th	nerem o	y won	xprace a	ire as	Tollows
Registration					07
Offices					87
Retail Shops					187
Warehouses					9
Catering and Ca	anteen				61
Fuel Storage D	epots				1
					345
Persons employed	by wor	rkplace	e		750
Retail Shops					881
Wholesale, etc.					80
Catering Establ	lishment	ts			586
Canteens					8
Fuel Depots					8
					2313

### Of this total 723 are males 1590 are females

The number of visits of all kinds made to registered premises

under the Act, for the year, was 686.

At the initial inspection, employers were at first advised verbally what was required to remedy any defaults under the Act. This was followed up by further visits at a later date to see that the matters in question had been attended to. In many cases, the requirements of the Act had been duly complied with, but, in those premises where the defaults had not been remedied, an Informal Notice was served on the persons responsible. The total number of notices served was 45. This had the desired effect in many instances, and later visits showed that, by the end of the year, 31 of the premises had complied with the Act. However, it was found that a great

number of occupiers were unaware of the requirements of the recent Regulations "The Information for Employees Regulations, 1965", which came into force on 1st June 1965,

until these were pointed out to them.

Seven accidents were reported under the Act. Most of these occurred in retail shops. Six were investigated, but none was attributed to any breach of the Act. The seventh was of a minor nature which called for no further action. None of the accidents was in connection with the use of machinery.

Up to the end of the year, no applications for any exemp-

tions had been received.

In November last, a lighting survey was made, with the use of the Protimeter Photometer, to assess the lighting standards in registered premises. A proportion of offices, shops, etc., were inspected which represented a reasonable cross section of all registered premises. This data was submitted in a report to the Ministry of Labour.

#### Factories Acts, 1937-59 and 1961

There were 121 (125) premises registered as factories in the Borough, of which 113 (116) have power installed. With the exception of several newly established factories engaged in light industries, which employ fairly large numbers of persons, the factories are small.

#### Common Lodging Houses

There are no registered common lodging houses within the Borough.

#### Noise Abatement Act, 1960

Only one complaint was lodged during the year—excessive noise at night caused by radios, etc.—resolved by an informal request.

#### Summary of Inspections and Visits

Complaints						 144
Public Health A	Act					 156
Re-visits to Pre	mises t	inder l	Notice-	-Public		
Health Act						 137
Interviews with	Owner	rs, Age	nts, Bu	iilders,	etc.	 652

				175
				32
3			***	11
				8
				12
S				355
				16
	House	boats		60
				5
				43
				2
emises	Act			686
				20
				64
				16
				15
ces				7
				6
				23
				6
				153
medie	d			
ealth .	Act, 19	36, Se	wers	
				55
ealth .	Act, 19	36, Se	wers	
Altere	d			50
				12
1	-			_
				1
				9
				1
actori	es, etc.			2
		, Cara	vans	
				3
	Demolis			
	medie ealth Altere or Re l oaired Remo actoric	medied ealth Act, 19 Altered or Repaired or Repaired laired or Clea Removed actories, etc.	medied ealth Act, 1936, Secalth	medied ealth Act, 1936, Sewers Altered or Repaired baired or Cleansed Removed

#### Section II—Housing

The Council's housing units number 779 (744), comprising 14 four-bedroomed houses, 440 three-bedroomed houses, 230 two-bedroomed houses and flats, 29 one-bedroomed flatlets and bungalows and 66 bed/sitting-room units. These units are situated in varying sized housing estates, sited in the several districts (except Seaview) which make up the Borough.

Mr. R. Lugg is the Council's Housing Officer, and he reports that he received 191 (155) new applications for housing units, bringing the total on his registers to 352 (205 for general housing and 147 for old people) at the end of the year. 54

applicants were re-housed during the year.

The Council's house building programme, which got under way again in 1964, resulted in the completion of 40 new units during the year. Also, the Council commenced to demolish the 50 pre-fabs., and the two estates now used for this purpose will eventually be re-developed with permanent dwellings. 6 such pre-fabs. had been demolished by the end of the year.

The local building industry has again been very active throughout the year, as indicated by the rapid growth of several new housing estates in the town suburbs and at Seaview, Nettlestone and St. Helens. In addition, there has been much "in-filling" in the already developed parts of the Borough. The Council's Building Inspector (Mr. R. Bartrum) reported that 340 plans had been received in his office—almost as many as in 1964. The rapid local private house building progress is indicated by the fact that, in 1965, 196 houses were completed (1964—147: 1963—62). In addition, 7 buildings were converted to provide 37 units of accommodation.

Advances under the Council's S.D.A.A. scheme continued at about the high rate of 1964, namely 131 (133). Discretionary Grants (30) and Standard Grants (25) were likewise similar.

The Council's second Slum Clearance Programme was scheduled to have been completed at the end of the year, but, because of difficulties in re-housing displaced persons, and limited progress in dealing with a number of properties situated in the Oakfield re-development scheme, a small number of scheduled dwellings remain to be dealt with. During the year, Closing Orders were made in respect of 7 houses and 5

"parts of buildings"; an Undertaking to carry out works to make the premises fit for human habitation was accepted in respect of 1 basement flat; 2 houses and 2 basement flats previously closed were made fit and the Undertakings and Closing Orders cancelled; 6 properties on which Closing Orders or Undertakings were operative were demolished.

No action has had to be taken in connection with the

Rent Act, 1957.

N

## (1) (a) Total number of dwellinghouses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) ... ... ... ... 215 (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose ... 482

#### Details of Inspections, Visits, etc. Complaints Public Health Act Re-visits to Premises under Notice—Public Health ... 151 ... ... ... ... 104 Housing Acts Re-visits to Premises under Notice—Housing Acts ... 116 ... 567 Interviews with Owners, Agents, Builders, etc. ... 148 Improvement Grants (Standard) Improvement Grants (Discretionary) 50 4 Water Samples 1 Overcrowding 2 Rent Act Miscellaneous 81 ...

uisances Abated and Defects Re	emedie	ed		
Chimneys and Stacks Repaire	d			 3
Ceilings Repaired, Renewed of	r Prov	rided		 3
Dampness Abated				 28
Doors Repaired or Renewed				 4
Eaves Gutters Repaired, Rene	ewed o	or Prov	ided	 11
Fireplaces Repaired, Renewed	or Pr	rovided		 1
Floors Repaired or Renewed				 11
Food Stores Provided				 34
Roofs Repaired or Renewed				 25
Rainwater Pipes Repaired or	Renev	ved		 6

Ventilation Provided				 1
Walls (External) Re-pointed of	r Re	epaired		 4
Walls (Internal) Repaired				 13
Windows Repaired or Renewed	d			 11
Water Supplies Provided or Re	epai	red		 1
Waste Pipes Cleared, Repaired	-			 2
New Bathrooms Provided				 43
New W.C.'s Provided				 39
W.C. Compartments Repaired				 3
W.C. Pedestals Provided				 40
W.C. Cisterns Provided, Repai	red	or Renew	ed	 41
Wash-hand Basins Provided				 40
Hot Water Supplies Provided	or I	Repaired		 40
New Dustbins Provided				 8

#### Section III-Inspection and Supervision of Food

The inspection and supervision of food is, of course, a very important part of the work of Mr. Jordan and myself, but it is one to which only a limited amount of time can be allocated, especially as regards routine inspections of food premises, and we have to, of necessity, largely confine our attentions to premises which we know to be, or liable to be, sub-However, in fairness to the local food industry, including local caterers, praise must be given to their endeavours to maintain a good standard of hygiene in their premises and their service to the public, although this becomes increasingly difficult, especially for seasonal operators, who, because of scarcity of suitable local personnel, are having to employ imported labour, which is often from foreign countries without knowledge of our English laws appertaining to the food trade. Early in the year, a food hygiene film and related lecture was given, at the request of the local Hotel, Guest House and Caterers' Association, to its members, a number of whom, in the autumn, enrolled for the Royal Society of Health Food Hygiene Certificate course being run at the Island's Technical College.

In accordance with the Ministry of Health Circular 1/66, the table below sets out details of food premises subject to the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960, grouped in categories of trade carried on in them, including information relating to Regulations 16 and 19:—

Category	Total No. of Premises	Fitted to comply with Reg. 16	Reg. 19 Applicable	Fitted to comply with Reg. 19
Bakehouses	13	13	13	13
Fishmongers and				
Poulterers	8	8	8	8
Butchers	18	18	18	18
Dairies and Milk				
Distributors	29		-	
Greengrocers and				
Fruiterers	13	13	13	13
Grocers	60	60	60	60
Restaurants, Cafes,	1000			
etc.	58	58	58	58
Licensed Premises				
(Full Licences)	65	65	65	65
Bread and Cake Shops	12	12	12	12
Fried Fish Shops	9	9	9	9
Hotels	24	24	24	24
Private Hotels and				
Guest Houses	(a) 100	(x)	100	(x)
Small Boarding				
Houses	(b) 250+	(y)	250+	(y)
Clubs	6	-	_	_
Confectioners	26	26	_	_
Totals	691	306	630	280

 (a) Estimated number of premises normally capable of sleeping 10 or more persons.

(b) Estimated number of premises normally capable of sleeping less than 10 persons—in operation for short periods only.

(x) Only a limited number of premises have been inspected—due to shortage of time and staff.

(y) No small boarding-houses have been inspected.

#### Meat Inspection

There are no slaughterhouses within the Borough—supplies of fresh meat come from Newport and nearby mainland counties. Two wholesale meat distribution depots are established—in Ryde and Binstead. The bulk of fish sold locally comes from the recognised fishing ports. Quality of both meat and fish has been good.

The following quantities of meat and tinned and packaged

foods were condemned as unfit and destroyed:-

 Meat (Home Killed)
 ...
 ...
 17lb.

 Meat (Imported)
 ...
 ...
 16lb.

 Poultry
 ...
 ...
 51lb.

Bacon .		 	 114lb.
Cooked M	eats	 	 2351b.
Beefburge	ers	 	 701b.
Sugar .		 	 281b.
Cake		 	 31b.
Raisins		 	 21b.
Meat Pies	, etc	 	 147
Frozen Fo		 	 80 pkts. and 4
			Chickens

(Refrigerator breakdown)

Meat, Milk, Fruit, Vegetables, Fish, etc. 1481 (1174) tins, jars and bottles

In addition, it was necessary to destroy a large quantity of frozen foods from a premises seriously damaged by fire.

#### Food Analysis

During the year ended 31st March 1966, the Food and Drugs Authority (I.W. County Council) officials took samples of various food commodities, and submitted them for analysis, and the Chief Officer has supplied the reports thereon, which are as follows:—

Article	No. taken	No. unsatis- factory	Remarks
Milk (a)	120	34	32 failed Methylene Blue test 2 failed Phosphatase test
Milk (b)	44	3	Channel Island deficient milk     fat     deficient solids not fat
Iced Lolly	3		i delicient sonds not lat
Pork Sausages	1		
Hot Dog Sausages	1	_	
Soft Drinks	2	_	
Ice Cream	6 2	_	
Double Cream	2	-	
Milk Bread	2	1	Deficient in milk fat. Manufacturer advised
Pork Pies	3	_	
Liqueur Chocolates	1		
Champagne Perry	1	=	
	186	38	

Milk (a) Keeping quality Milk (b) Compositional quality

#### Milk Supplies

32 (31) distributors are registered, and 9 (9) premises registered as dairies. All milk sold is designated, the bulk of which is pasteurised and supplied from a factory in Newport, and the remainder is pasteurised in a small plant operated by a local dairyman. All sampling is undertaken by the Food and Drugs Authority.

#### Food and Drugs Act, 1955, Section 16

Premises registered under the above Act and Section, and which comply with the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations 1960, are:—

Registered for the M	Ianufa	cture of	Saus	ages and	/or	
Preserved Foods						26
Registered for the	Manu	facture,	Stor	age/Sale	of	
Ice Cream	•••				• • •	125
						151

#### Ice Cream

124 premises are registered for the storage and sale of ice-cream, the majority of which are shops which sell only wrapped ice-cream manufactured by the national producers. There are two local manufacturers, making ice-cream products in small, well equipped factories, who sell their products from their local shops and mobile vans which operate throughout the Island, and the national producers have storage depots on the Island, providing an excellent distribution service.

Both the local and national ice-cream products have been of a satisfactory quality and purity standard.

#### Bakehouses

13 (15) bakehouses were in operation, none of which is underground. Except for three firms who manufacture and deliver bread, the bakehouses are small and attached to shop premises. The construction of a very large, new, fully automated bakery has been completed at Binstead. Such a factory contains highly specialised and complicated machinery, and requires expert supervision by the management.

#### Licensed Premises

The 65 licensed premises in the Borough received inspections during the year, and a small number were required to make minor alterations or improvements to meet the requirements of the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations. Operation and management of these establishments has been of a satisfactory standard. During the year, washing facilities have been installed in the customers' toilets at a number of public houses.

#### Details of Inspections, Visits, etc.

Complaints			 		26
Interviews with Own					189
Re-visits to Premises					
Drugs Act			 		38
Butchers' Shops			 		18
Fishmongers and Por			 		10
Greengrocers			 		9
Grocers and Other F			 		37
Bakehouses			 		16
Fried Fish Shops			 		7
Ice-Cream Premises			 		17
Restaurants and Kite	chens		 		57
Food Stalls			 		14
Food Factories			 		23
Licensed Premises			 		65
Hotels			 		24
Food Inspection			 		59
Milk Distributors			 		12
Food Poisoning Enqu			 		18
Miscellaneous			 		26
		1000	7.00	0.00	1000000

#### Number of Food Premises in which Contraventions Remedied:

		***			2
					2
ood Sh	ops				2
					3
chens					2
					11
					3
					1
	ood Sh chens 	ood Shops chens	ood Shops chens	ood Shops	ood Shops

#### Summary of Notices Served (Sections I, II and III)

 	125
 	7
 	1
 	10
 	_
 	_
 	47
 	45

#### Section IV-Miscellaneous

Duties carried out in addition to those contained in the Public Health Officers Regulations, 1959, include the following:—

#### Petroleum (Regulation) Acts, 1928 and 1936

During 1965/66, commencing 1st May 1965, 39 premises were licensed for the storage of petroleum spirit. (Total gallonage: 58,550). In addition, 12 Petroleum Mixtures Licences were issued. 80 visits were made to the petroleum establishments for the purpose of ascertaining that the Acts and Regulations were being complied with, and to inspect any work in connection with new installations, alterations or repairs.

#### Shops Act-Closing Hours

The Department is responsible for the compliance with "hours of closing" by shops within the Borough, as required by the Shops Act and several operative Closing Orders made by the Council.

#### Hackney Carriages and Drivers

The local byelaws governing hackney carriages licensed to ply for hire on the Council's stands are administered by the Health Department, and this necessitated 74 inspections of the 41 licensed vehicles.

47 drivers for these vehicles are also licensed by the Council, and subject to similar surveillance.

#### Pet Animals Act, 1951

Four pet shops are licensed by the Council, and these have been operated in accordance with their conditions of licence. The Council required the proprietors to supply pamphlets with animals sold, advising on their care.

Animal Boarding Establishments Act, 1963

The same two establishments as previously licensed have had their licences renewed since both have continued to be satisfactorily operated and have maintained the required standards.

#### Heating Appliances (Fireguards) Act, 1952 Oil Heaters Regulations, 1962

Mr. Jordan is the Officer responsible for the administration of the above-mentioned enactments, which require occasional observations of shops selling heating appliances.

#### Lectures and other Educational Activities

Mr. Jordan has again given his valued and appreciated assistance to the I.W. Group Hospital Management Committee by giving a series of lectures and demonstrations on public health subjects to the trainee nurses during their qualifying examination courses. As a result of invitations received, several talks on public health matters have been given to local organisations.

I attended the Annual Conference of Public Health Inspectors held at Blackpool in September, and Mr. Jordan attended a Week-end School held at Oxford in April, organised by the

Public Health Inspectors' Association.



