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U.D.C.**

Contributors

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THE
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL
OF ROTHWELL



ANNUAL
REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

For the Year 1965



F. R. N. LYNCH, M.B., B.CH., B.A.O., D.P.H.



THE Urban District Council of Rothwell

Chairman of the Council:

A. C. LEWIN, ESQ., J.P.

Vice Chairman:

L. J. ADAMS, ESQ.

Public Health Committee:

F. T. LEE, ESQ., *Chairman*

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A. C. LEWIN, ESQ., J.P.

R. R. WILLOCK, ESQ.

Clerk of the Council:

A. SHARMAN, ESQ.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT STAFF

Medical Officer of Health:

F. R. N. LYNCH, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H.,

Also holds the appointment of Medical Officer of Health for :—

Burton Latimer, Corby and Desborough Urban Districts and
Kettering Rural District.

Assistant County Medical Officer and School Medical Officer.

Secretary:

MISS M. W. LANGLEY

Public Health Inspector and Surveyor:

A. SMITH, M.P.H.I.A., M.R.S.H., CERT. S.I.B.

Holds the Royal Society of Health Certificate as an
Inspector of Meat and other Foods

CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
Introductory Letter	3
Section A	
Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area	5
Section B	
General Provision of Health Services in the Area	9
Section C	
Sanitary Circumstances of the Area	12
Section D	
Public Health and Housing Acts	15
Section E	
Inspection and Supervision of Food	17
Section F	
Prevalence of, and Control over Infectious Diseases	18
Administration of Factories Act	21

Telephone: Kettering 2473.

Public Health Department,
75 London Road,
KETTERING.

July, 1966.

*To the Chairman and Members of the
Urban District Council of Rothwell.*

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN,

In accordance with my statutory duty as Medical Officer of Health, I have the honour to present to you my Report on the Health and Sanitary Circumstances of the Urban District for the year 1965.

There was little serious Infectious Disease during the year and that which occurred is described on page 18.

The Health Statistics for the District are entirely satisfactory. A slight increase in the Crude Birth Rate is noted during the last two years. The Standardised Birth Rate is the same as the rate for England and Wales, as supplied by the Registrar General (eighteen). Similarly, the Death Rate is also the same and is eleven. These figures are based on 1,000 head of population.

I wish to thank Mr. A. Smith, Surveyor and Public Health Inspector, for his co-operation in the work of the District during the year and for the high standard he has maintained. Mr. Smith has contributed that portion of the Report headed Sections C, D and E.

Dr. J. V. L. Farquhar, Medical Referee of the Kettering Crematorium has as usual kindly supplied the figures relating to cremations.

My thanks are also due to the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee for their continued support and to my Secretary, Miss Langley, for her help in preparing the Report.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient Servant,

F. R. N. LYNCH,

Medical Officer of Health.

SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS FOR THE FIVE YEAR PERIOD
1961 TO 1965

	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
Area of the Urban District (acres)	3,638	3,638	3,638	3,638	3,638
Population (Registrar General's estimate)	4,800	4,790	4,760	4,750	4,750
Number of Live Births	77	66	57	64	69
Legitimate	75	64	54	61	66
Illegitimate	2	2	3	3	3
Birth rate per 1,000 population ...	16.04	13.78	11.97	13.47	14.53
Number of Still Births	—	2	1	1	—
Legitimate	—	2	1	1	—
Illegitimate	—	—	—	—	—
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 total births	—	29.41	17.24	15.38	—
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 population	—	0.42	0.21	0.21	—
Number of Deaths	66	65	69	53	62
Death rate per 1,000 population ...	13.75	13.57	14.50	11.16	13.05
Deaths from Pregnancy, Childbirth and Abortion	—	—	—	—	—
Number of Infant Deaths	2	1	1	1	—
Infantile Mortality rate per 1,000 live births	25.97	15.15	17.54	15.63	—
Neonatal Mortality rate per 1,000 live births	25.97	15.15	17.54	—	—
Perinatal Mortality Rate per 1,000 total births	25.97	44.24	34.48	15.38	—
Deaths from all forms of Tuberculosis	1	1	—	—	—
Deaths from Respiratory Tuberculosis	1	—	—	—	—
Deaths from Malignant Neoplasms	17	14	15	13	19
Deaths from Measles (all ages) ...	—	—	—	—	—
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	—	—	—	—	—
Deaths from Enteritis and Diarrhoea under two years of age ...	—	—	—	—	—
Deaths from Acute Poliomyelitis and Polioencephalitis	—	—	—	—	—

SECTION A.

General Statistics of the Area

Area (acres)	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,638
	<i>Year</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>			
Census Population	1951	2,211	2,408	4,619			
	1961	2,297	2,469	4,766			
	Increase of 147 = 3.2%						
Population (Registrar General's Estimate, mid-year 1965)							4,750
Number of inhabited houses (1951)	...	...	...				1,540
	(1961)	...	...				1,724
	(1965)	...	...				1,746
Rateable Value	...	...	...	...	...	...	£138,672
Sum represented by Penny Rate	...	...	...	...	...	...	£529-1-8

SOCIAL CONDITIONS INCLUDING CHIEF OCCUPATIONS OF THE INHABITANTS

The chief occupations of the inhabitants are as follows :—Boot and shoe manufacture, ironstone mining, agriculture and manufacture of agricultural implements. The social conditions of the District are satisfactory and up to the end of the year, there has been virtually full employment.

Extracts from Vital Statistics, 1965

Live Births		<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>
Legitimate	... ..	36	30	66
Illegitimate	... ..	2	1	3
		—	—	—
	Totals	38	31	69
		—	—	—
Crude Birth Rate per 1,000 estimated population	...			14.53
Adjusted Birth Rate (comparability factor 1.24)	...			18.01
Still Births		<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>
Legitimate	... ..	—	—	—
Illegitimate	... ..	—	—	—
		—	—	—
	Totals	—	—	—
		—	—	—
Rate per 1,000 total births (live and still)	...	...	...	—
Deaths		<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>
Number registered all causes	... ..	33	29	62
Crude Death Rate per 1,000 estimated population	...			13.05
Adjusted Death Rate (comparability factor 0.87)	...			11.36
Deaths from Certain Specified Causes		<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>
Cardio-vascular disease (all forms)		6	5	11
Malignant Neoplasms (all forms)	...	14	5	19
Accidents and violence	... ..	2	—	2
Deaths from Maternal Causes	... ..	—	—	—
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 total births	...			—
Deaths of Infants (under 1 year)		<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>
		—	—	—
Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births	...			—
Legitimate Infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	...			—
Illegitimate Infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	...			—
Deaths of Infants (under 4 weeks)		<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>
		—	—	—
Neonatal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births	...			—

Classification of Causes of Death During 1965

	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory	—	—	—
2. Tuberculosis, other	—	—	—
3. Syphilitic disease	—	—	—
4. Diphtheria	—	—	—
5. Whooping Cough	—	—	—
6. Meningococcal infections	—	—	—
7. Acute Poliomyelitis	—	—	—
8. Measles	—	—	—
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases	—	—	—
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach	1	—	1
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus ...	4	1	5
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast	—	3	3
13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus	—	1	1
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neo- plasm	9	—	9
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia	—	—	—
16. Diabetes	1	—	1
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system ...	1	12	13
18. Coronary disease, angina	4	1	5
19. Hypertension with heart disease ...	—	—	—
20. Other heart disease	2	4	6
21. Other circulatory disease	2	1	3
22. Influenza	1	—	1
23. Pneumonia	1	1	2
24. Bronchitis	1	2	3
25. Other diseases of respiratory system ...	—	1	1
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum ...	—	—	—
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea ...	—	1	1
28. Nephritis and nephrosis	1	—	1
29. Hyperplasia of prostate	2	—	2
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion ...	—	—	—
31. Congenital malformations	—	—	—
32. Other defined and ill defined-diseases	1	1	2
33. Motor vehicle accidents	—	—	—
34. All other accidents	2	—	2
35. Suicide	—	—	—
36. Homicide and operations of war ...	—	—	—
Totals	33	29	62

COMMENTS ON VITAL STATISTICS

1. **Population.**—The Registrar General's mid-year estimate of population is 4,750; this is the same as the figure for 1964.
2. **Births.**—There were 69 births during 1965, that is 5 more than in the previous year. This gives a crude birth rate of 14.53 per 1,000 population. This rate, standardised for the age and sex composition of the population, gives an adjusted rate of 18.01. The adjusted, or corrected birth rate, is obtained by multiplying the crude rate by a number known as the Comparability Factor, this latter figure being supplied by the Registrar General. The factor for Rothwell is 1.24. The adjusted birth rate of 18.01 for 1965 compares with the rate of 16.71 for 1964 and the provisional crude rate for England and Wales 18.1 per 1,000 population.
3. **Deaths.**—There were 62 deaths from all causes in 1965, that is 9 more than in 1964, giving a crude death rate of 13.05 per 1,000 population. The Comparability Factor 0.87 gives an adjusted rate of 11.36. The provisional crude death rate for England and Wales is 11.5.
4. **Disposal of the Dead.**—Of the 62 deaths during the year, 53 bodies were cremated at Kettering Crematorium. The percentage is 85.48.
5. **Infantile Mortality.**—There were no Infant Deaths during the year. In 1964 there was one. The Infant Mortality Rate for England and Wales is 19.0 and the Neonatal Mortality Rate 13.0.
6. **Still Births.**—There were no Still Births in 1965. The Rate for England and Wales is 15.7. There was one Still Birth in 1964.
7. **Maternal Mortality.**—There were no deaths classed to Pregnancy and Childbirth.

SECTION B.

General Provision of Health Services

In subsequent sections, full details will be found relating to infectious diseases and environmental health within the Urban District, for which services the Council are directly responsible.

The present section is related to those health services which concern more the personal health and welfare of the individual rather than public health and the community. The Health Committee of the Northamptonshire County Council is responsible for the administration of many of these services under Part III of the National Health Service Act.

Liaison between County Council services and District Council services is facilitated by the fact that your Medical Officer of Health is also a School Medical Officer and Assistant County Medical Officer.

Laboratory Facilities.—The Public Health Laboratory, Northampton and the Department of Pathology at Kettering General Hospital are available for the examination of specimens in connection with the diagnosis and control of infectious diseases.

Ambulance Service.—This is one of the services for which the County Council is responsible. The assistance which the St. John Ambulance Brigade has previously given in this work has been discontinued during the year.

Domiciliary Services.—These include District Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors, who are all highly trained, qualified nurses on the staff of the County Medical Officer. The Home Help Service, also provided by the County Council, is proving more and more valuable in relieving people of domestic worries during periods of illness or confinement, and in helping old folks to remain in their own homes, so that they can retain their treasured independence.

Child Welfare Centre.—A clinic is held on the first and third Wednesday in every month at The Labour Hall. A Medical Officer attends both sessions. In accordance with the policy of the County Health Department, a new type of clinic, which provides facilities for the teaching of parentcraft and relaxation to expectant mothers, is held on each Tuesday afternoon at 2 p.m. in the Crown Hall, High Street.

Welfare Foods, (National Dried Milk, Cod Liver Oil, Orange Juice etc.) are distributed at Messrs. Grays, (Chemist), 2 Market Place, during shop hours.

Immunisation and Vaccination.—Immunisation against Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Poliomyelitis and vaccination against

Smallpox are free services, available either from the family doctor or at the County Child Welfare Clinics. Certain age groups of children can also be given B.C.G. vaccination to protect against Tuberculosis; this is done through the School Health Service.

Treatment Centres and Clinics.—

(a) TUBERCULOSIS:

New Patients—Out-patient Department, General Hospital, Kettering. Friday 9 a.m.

Follow-up Clinic—St. Mary's Hospital, Kettering.

Tuesday 1.30 p.m.

(b) VENEREAL DISEASES:

Out-patient Department, General Hospital, Kettering.

Tuesday 5.30 - 7 p.m.

Clinics are held weekly and treatment is provided by the Oxford Regional Hospital Board.

Tuberculosis and Other Diseases of the Chest Committee.—

The excellent work of this Committee was continued during the year and a number of visits were made to patients undergoing both hospital and domiciliary treatment. In 1965, over £200 was spent on assistance to patients; this sum included Cash and Clothing Grants, etc., and the cost of supplying milk. There are 11 patients on the Committee's visiting list.

Rothwell Citizens' Welfare Committee.—This Committee was formed in March 1962 for the surveillance of the aged people of the town. Its members include Urban Councillors, representatives from various Church and voluntary organisations, Ministers of Religion and Medical Practitioners.

The objects of the Committee are to assist old people, whether resident in the town at present or accommodated in local hospitals, caring for the aged and chronic sick.

With the help of the W.V.S., the Chiropody Clinic has been held successfully once a month and the Committee has been able to expand the work of the Clinic to a small extent.

The Committee subsidises the meals provided by the 'Meals on Wheels Service' and gives financial assistance towards the maintenance and garaging of the delivery van.

The needs of the old people in Rothwell are being met on an increasing scale and the requirements of the chronic sick and disabled have not been neglected. At Christmas every home where there was an occupier over 70 years of age was visited and gifts of cash and kind were distributed. Visits to hospitals were also made where residents of the town were provided with appropriate Yuletide comforts.

Women's Voluntary Service for Civil Defence.—Much good work was carried out during the year by the W.V.S. The 'Meals on Wheels Service' was responsible for the delivery of a large number of hot meals. The total number of meals delivered was 2,816.

In addition, gifts of clothing and knitted blankets were made to the elderly people and the W.V.S. van has been used for the conveyance of patients to various clinics.

National Assistance Act, 1948, Section 47.—This Act empowers Local Authorities to require the compulsory admission to hospital in certain cases of persons in need of care and attention. No formal action was taken under the provisions of the Act during the year.

Sanitary Conditions of the Area.

Water Supply.—An adequate supply of water has been maintained in the town by the Mid-Northamptonshire Water Board, and no reports of water shortage were received during the year.

Water Analysis.—The following information was supplied by the Engineer and Manager of the Mid-Northamptonshire Water Board: "The following samples of water were taken during 1957 by the Board:—

Rotwell ...

The results of these analyses were satisfactory. A copy of a report upon the chemical and bacteriological analyses of the final water at Rotwell was submitted to the Board. "The results indicate a pure and wholesome water of a high standard of bacterial purity suitable for public supply purposes."

Fluoride Content of the Water Supply.—The water supply contains 0.3 parts of naturally occurring Fluorine per million parts of water.

Rainfall.—The recorded rainfall during 1957, taken at Clow Hill Reservoir, Kettering was 28.11 inches, 10.57 inches more than the 17.54 inches for the year's average for the four dry years.

The heavy rain in December made the year's rainfall the highest for five years, replenished the reservoirs and so encouraged the Water Board to lift the restrictions on the use of hoses for garden watering and car washing.

1955	28.11	1950	27.80
1954	17.54	1949	19.73
1953	21.52	1948	28.77
1952	18.55	1947	19.24

Water Services.—The water supply is connected to 15 private houses and 10 new Council houses, and always at a high standard.

REPORT BY A. SMITH

M.P.H.I.A., M.R.S.H., CERT. S.I.B., Cert. Meat and Foods, R.S.H.
Surveyor and Public Health Inspector.

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the year 1965.

SECTION C.

Sanitary Circumstances of the Area.

Water Supply.—An adequate supply of water has been maintained in the town by the Mid-Northamptonshire Water Board, and no reports of water shortage were received during the year.

Water Analysis.—The following information was supplied by the Engineer and Manager of the Mid-Northamptonshire Water Board:

“The following samples of water were taken during 1965 by the Board:—

						<i>Bacteriological Examination</i>
Rothwell	...	...	...	...	...	23
Pitsford.	Final Water	...	...	...	...	115

The results of these analyses were satisfactory”.

A copy of a report upon the chemical and bacteriological analyses of the final water at Pitsford was submitted—

“The results indicate a pure and wholesome water of a high standard of bacterial purity suitable for public supply purposes”.

Fluoride Content of the Water Supply.—The water supply contains 0.3 parts of naturally occurring Fluorine per million parts of water.

Rainfall.—The recorded rainfall during 1965, taken at Clover Hill Reservoir, Kettering was 28.11 inches, 10.57 inches more than the 17.54 inches last year, a welcome increase after four dry years.

The heavy rains in December made this year’s rainfall the highest for five years, replenished the reservoirs and so encouraged the Water Board to lift the restrictions on the use of hosepipes for garden watering and car washing.

1965	28.11	1960	33.49	1955	19.55	1950	25.58
1964	17.54	1959	19.73	1954	29.06	1949	23.72
1963	21.35	1958	28.44	1953	19.24	1948	28.77
1962	18.69	1957	23.72	1952	23.44		
1961	22.12	1956	23.25	1951	29.97		

Water Services.—New services were connected to 17 private houses and 10 new Council houses.

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal.—There have been no serious defects or stoppages of sewers throughout the system during the year.

The reconstruction and modernisation of the Sewage Works has given appreciable improvement in management, treatment and final effluent and more satisfactory conditions for the attendant.

Sewage Effluent.—A sample of final effluent taken by the Welland and Nene River Authority was reported to be “a satisfactory discharge”.

Public Cleansing.—A weekly collection of house and trade refuse has been maintained excepting for holiday periods.

Controlled Tipping.—All household refuse is deposited in the Controlled Tip at Thorpe Underwood, and facilities are available for tradesmen to deposit their trade waste in the tip at moderate charges.

Salvage Collections.—The total collections of mixed waste paper was 81 tons, 2 cwts., 2 qrs., an increase of 24 tons, 13 cwts., 1 qr. over 1964.

The price of all waste papers was increased and restrictions of deliveries were removed during the year.

Total receipts from the sale of mixed waste paper was £740 against £453 in 1964, an increase of £187.

Annual Tonnage of Waste Paper:—

<i>Year</i>	<i>tons</i>	<i>cwts.</i>	<i>qrs.</i>
1952	48	11	0
1953	56	9	0
1954	65	16	0
1955	72	5	0
1956	70	0	2
1957	70	6	0
1958	69	13	2
1959	78	11	3
1960	66	5	2
1961	69	16	2
1962	68	12	2
1963	56	1	3
1964	56	9	1
1965	81	2	2

Rodent Control.—33 infestations of rats were successfully dealt with by your Rodent Operator during the year, when 124 bodies were recovered, mostly at the refuse disposal tip and sewage works.

Sewer treatment was carried out by baiting 12 manholes on different parts of the system, but no evidence of infestation was found.

Factories Act, 1961.—There were 27 factories on the Register—25 inspections were made and no defects were found. The number of outworkers living in Rothwell in August, 1965 was 11, all engaged in Textile works. Regular inspections were made.

Prescribed particulars on the administrations of the Factories Act, 1961 are to be found at the end of the Report.

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.—A survey of all offices and shops was made following the receipt of registration forms as laid down in the Act. Only minor defects were found and in all cases the owners were asked to rectify these defects.

The following premises were registered:—

Offices	22
Retail Shops	67
Warehouses	8
Fuel Storage Depots	2

SECTION D.

Public Health and Housing Acts

Housing.—Two new dwellings were completed by the Council during the year, and a start was made on a further eight. Thirteen private houses were completed during the year.

Nine houses were demolished during the year.

Slum Clearance.—During the nine years 1956-1965, a total of 124 uninhabitable dwellings have been dealt with under the Housing Acts, and 88 families have been re-housed. 34 bungalows and 18 ground floor flats have been made available for Old and Disabled Persons.

Sanitary Inspections of the Area:—

Complaints received	837
Nuisance inspections	82
Housing inspections	755
Factory inspections	25
Food Shops inspections	51
Rodent infestations	33
Nuisances abated	82
Housing defects remedied	766

Summary of Sanitary Defects Remedied:—

Drains re-laid or renewed	24
Blocked drains cleared	28
Inspection chambers repaired	3
Inspection chambers provided	9
Soil and ventilation pipes provided	14
Water closet compartments repaired	5
Wells and pumps repaired	3
Roofs repaired	65
Rainwater guttering repaired	40
Dampness to walls remedied	10
Fireplaces repaired or renewed	44
Floors repaired or relaid	5
Sub-floor ventilation provided	—
Handrails to staircases provided	4
Stairs repaired	11
Washing coppers provided	18
Sinks provided	9
Internal water services	26
Dustbins provided	84
Bathrooms, Internal W.C.'s and Hot Water Installations provided under Improve- ment Grants	20

Number of Notices Served:—

Informal:	Nuisance	...	...	...	9
	Housing	...	...	...	6
Statutory	...	...	...	...	—

Common Lodging Houses.—There are no common lodging houses in the town.

Storage of Petroleum Spirit.—12 licences for the storage of petroleum in underground tanks have been issued during the year.

Sanitary Inspections of the Area:—

307	Complaints received
82	Nuisance inspections
132	Housing inspections
22	Factory inspections
21	Food shops inspections
32	Rodent inspections
82	Nuisances abated
700	Housing defects remedied

Summary of Sanitary Defects Remedied:—

24	Drains re-laid or renewed
28	Blocked drains cleared
2	Inspection chambers repaired
9	Inspection chambers provided
14	Soil and ventilation pipes provided
2	Water closet compartments repaired
3	Wells and pumps repaired
82	Roofs repaired
40	Rainwater gutters repaired
10	Lampers to walls remedied
44	Factories repaired or renewed
2	Floors repaired or relaid
1	Sub-floor ventilation provided
4	Handrails to staircases provided
11	Stairs repaired
18	Washing copper provided
9	Sinks provided
22	Internal water services
14	Lodgings provided
	Bathrooms, lavatories, W.C.'s and fire escapes
	Installations provided under bye-laws
20	Sanitary drains

SECTION E.

Inspection and Supervision of Food

Meat and Food Inspection.—There are no licensed slaughter-houses in the District.

The following food was examined and found to be unfit for human consumption, consequently being surrendered and destroyed:—

Canned Lambs Liver	25 lbs.
--------------------	-----	-----	-----	---------

Shops.—Food Shops were regularly inspected and kept in a highly satisfactory condition.

Clean Food Campaign.—Notices continue to be displayed in all food shops requesting shoppers, in the interests of hygiene, not to bring dogs into the premises. These notices appear to be serving their purpose.

Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960.—The number of food premises subject to these Regulations is as follows:—

General Grocers	...	...	...	21
Butchers	...	...	...	6
Fried Fish Shops	...	...	...	2
Bakers	...	...	...	1
Greengrocers	...	...	...	1
Total				31

No. of premises fitted to comply with Regulation 16	...	...	31
No. of premises to which Regulation 19 applies	...	...	31
No. of premises fitted to comply with Regulation 19	...	...	31

Total	21	6	2
Regulatory	21	6	2
Non-regulatory	0	0	0
Total	21	6	2

SECTION F.

Prevalence of, and Control over Infectious Diseases

There was little Infectious Disease notified to me during the year. The notifications received were as follows:—six cases of Scarlet Fever, one case of Whooping Cough and three cases of Respiratory Tuberculosis.

Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus.—Routine immunisation of infants under one year of age with Triple Antigen was continued during the year. Immunisation is carried out either by the family doctor or at the County Health Department's bi-monthly clinics at the Labour Hall.

Whooping Cough.—One case was recorded compared with seven cases in the previous year.

Scarlet Fever.—Six mild cases occurred.

Gastro-Intestinal Diseases.—No cases of Dysentery or Food Poisoning were reported.

Infectious Hepatitis.—This disease first became notifiable, by Order of the Urban District Council, for a temporary period of three years on July 1st, 1962, and was extended for a further period of three years from November 1st, 1965. Knowledge of the incidence and pattern of spread is not at the present time thoroughly understood and I consider it important that we continue to collect information since the disease is certainly responsible for a sizeable fraction of ill health which occurs in young people.

Smallpox.—There were no cases during the year.

Poliomyelitis.—This is the fourth disease which is prevented by routine immunisation in infancy. This is again done either by the family doctor or at the County Health Department's Clinics. No cases occurred.

Tuberculosis.—Three new cases of Respiratory Tuberculosis, all from one family, were notified during the year. Two cases were removed from the Register as healed. The Register, as at 31st December, 1965, stands as follows:—

<i>Tuberculosis</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>
Respiratory ...	3	2	5
Non-respiratory	2	3	5
Total	5	5	10

Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925.—These regulations empower the Council to prevent persons suffering from Tuberculosis to engage in the milk trade. No action was taken during the year.

MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (Other than Tuberculosis) 1965

Disease	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
Whooping Cough ...	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Scarlet Fever...	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	—	6
TOTALS ...	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	—	7

AGE INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (Other than Tuberculosis) 1965

Disease	0-	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	10-	15-	20-	35-	45-	65+	All Ages	Removed to Hospital	Deaths	Age Unknown
Whooping Cough	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Scarlet Fever	—	—	—	2	—	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
TOTALS ...	—	—	—	2	1	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—

**TUBERCULOSIS
NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1965**

AGE PERIODS	NEW CASES				DEATHS			
	RESPIRATORY		NON-RESPIRATORY		RESPIRATORY		NON-RESPIRATORY	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 - 4	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 - 14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15 - 24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 - 34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 - 44	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45 - 54	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
55 - 64	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65 +	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

PART I OF THE ACT

1.—**INSPECTIONS** for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	27	25	—	—
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	—	—	—	—
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	27	25	—	—

2.—**CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND**

Particulars (1)	Found (2)	Number of cases in which defects were found			Number of cases in which Prosecutions were instituted (6)
		Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of Cleanliness (S.1.)	—	—	—	—	—
Overcrowding (S.2.)	—	—	—	—	—
Unreasonable temperature (S.3.)	—	—	—	—	—
Inadequate ventilation (S.4.)	—	—	—	—	—
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6.)	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7.):					
(a) Insufficient	—	—	—	—	—
(b) Unsuitable or defective	—	—	—	—	—
(c) Not separate for sexes	—	—	—	—	—
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	—	—	—	—	—

PART VIII OF THE ACT
OUTWORK (Sections 110 and 111)

Nature of Work	Section 110			Section 111		
	(1)	(2) No. of out-workers in August list required by Section 110 (1) (c)	(3) No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	(4) No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	(5) No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	(6) Notices served	(7) Prosecutions
Wearing apparel { Making, etc. ...	2	—	—	—	—	—
Wearing apparel { Cleaning and washing ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Household linen ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lace, lace curtains and nets	—	—	—	—	—	—
Curtains and furniture hangings ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Furniture and upholstery	—	—	—	—	—	—
Electro-plate ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
File making ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Brass and brass articles ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fur pulling ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Iron and steel cables and chains ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Iron and steel anchors and grapnels ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cart gear ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Locks, latches and keys ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Umbrellas, etc. ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Artificial flowers ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nets, other than wire nets	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tents ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sacks ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Racquet and tennis balls ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paper bags ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
The making of boxes or other receptacles or parts thereof made wholly or partially of paper ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Brush making ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pea picking ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Feather sorting ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carding, etc., of buttons, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stuffed toys ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Basket making ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chocolates and sweetmeats	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cosaques, Christmas crackers, Christmas stockings, etc. ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Textile weaving ...	11	—	—	—	—	—
Lampshades ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL ...	11	—	—	—	—	—



