

**[Report 1943] / Medical Officer of Health, Rothwell (Northamptonshire)
U.D.C.**

Contributors

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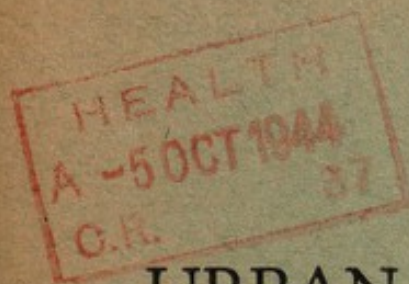
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ROTHWELL
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.



ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health,

For the Year 1943.

KETTERING :
H. RICHARDSON, WATER STREET.



Urban District of Rothwell.

Members of the Public Health Committee :

1939-43. MESSRS. H. SUMPTER (*Chairman*), L. F. BARLOW, S. L.
AUSTIN, J. W. ROWLETT AND W. MAIDS.

The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Council are
ex-officio members.

Public Health Officers of the Local Authority :

Medical Officer of Health :

JOHN TERENCE MURPHY, M.B., B.CH., B.A.O., D.P.H.

Also holds the appointments of Medical Officer of Health to the Urban Councils of Burton Latimer, Corby, Desborough, the Rural Council of Kettering and Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Assistant School Medical Officer to the Northamptonshire County Council.

Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor :

JOHN MILES, A.R.S.I.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
75, LONDON ROAD,
KETTERING.

August, 1944.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE
ROTHWELL URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my annual report on the health and sanitary conditions of the Urban District for 1943.

I have taken this opportunity to issue a more comprehensive report than those that have been given since 1938, and for comparative figures a survey report of the years 1939 to 1943 is included.

I wish to express my thanks to the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee for their support and also to the Clerk, and Sanitary Inspector, Mr. Miles, for his willing help and co-operation.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

J. T. MURPHY,

Medical Officer of Health.

SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS.

The following is a summary of the principal statistics for the years 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943.

	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943
Area (acres)	3638	3638	3638	3638	3638
Population (Registrar-General's estimate).	(a) 4538 (b) 4642	4829	4918	4559	4432
Number of Live Births	63	70	54	94	84
Legitimate	63	67	53	91	73
Illegitimate	—	3	1	3	11
Birthrate per 1,000 population ...	13.88	14.49	10.98	20.61	18.95
Number of Still Births	1	2	—	1	5
Legitimate	—	2	—	1	5
Illegitimate	1	—	—	—	—
Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births	15.62	27.77	—	10.52	56.18
Rate per 1,000 population	0.22	0.41	—	0.21	1.12
Number of Deaths	52	65	68	52	64
Death rate per 1,000 population (crude)	11.20	13.46	13.82	11.40	14.44
Total Maternal Deaths	—	—	1	—	—
(a) Puerperal Sepsis	—	—	—	—	—
(b) Other Puerperal Causes	—	—	1	—	—
Infantile Mortality rate per 1,000 live births	31.74	57.14	55.55	21.27	83.33
*Deaths from all forms of Tuberculosis	1	3	6	5	5
*Deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis	1	3	5	3	5
Deaths from Cancer (all ages) ...	3	8	11	10	7
Deaths from Measles (all ages) ...	—	—	—	—	—
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	—	—	—	—	—
Deaths from Diarrhoea under two years of age	—	—	—	—	—

(a) Estimated population for calculation of Birthrate.

(b) Estimated population for calculation of Death Rate and Notifiable Diseases.

* Registrar General's figures.

BIRTH-RATE, DEATH-RATE, AND ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1943.

	Rate per 1,000 Total Population		Annual Death-rate per 1,000 Population								Rate per 1,000 live births	
			All Causes	Typhoid & Para- typhoid Fever	Small-pox	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough	Diph- theria	Influenza		
	Live Births	Still Births									Diarr- hoea & Enteritis under 2 yrs	Total Deaths under 1 yr
England and Wales ...	16.5	0.51	12.1	0.00	—	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.37	5.3	49
126 County Boroughs and Great Towns, including London ...	18.6	0.63	14.2	0.00	—	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.36	7.9	58
148 Smaller Towns (estd. resident populations, 25,000—50,000). ...	19.4	0.61	12.7	0.00	—	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.37	4.4	46
London ...	15.8	0.45	15.0	0.00	—	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.27	10.4	58
Rothwell Urban District	18.95	1.12	14.44	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	83.33

	Puerperal Sepsis	Others	Total
The Maternal Mortality rates for England and Wales (excluding abortion) are as follows :— (per 1,000 live births)...	0.39	1.45	1.84
The Maternal Mortality rates for Rothwell Urban District (per 1,000 live births) :—	Nil	Nil	Nil

SECTION A. Statistics and Social Conditions.

Area (acres)	3,638
Registrar-General's estimate of resident population	4,432
Number of inhabited houses (end of 1943) according to Rate Books	1,470
Rateable Value	£19,819
Sum represented by Penny Rate	£74

The chief occupations of the inhabitants are as follows :—
Boot and shoe manufacture, ironstone mining and manufacture of agricultural implements.

Extracts from Vital Statistics for the Year.

LIVE BIRTHS.	TOTAL.	MALES.	FEMALES.
Legitimate	73	40	33
Illegitimate	11	8	3
Totals ...	84	48	36

Birth-rate per 1,000 of the estimated population 18.95.

STILL BIRTHS.	TOTAL.	MALES.	FEMALES.
	5	2	3

Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births—56.18.

DEATHS.	TOTAL.	MALES.	FEMALES.
	64	33	31

Death-rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population 14.44.

Deaths from Puerperal causes :—

Pue peral Sepsis	nil
Other Puerperal Causes	nil
Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births ...	nil

Death-rate of infants under one year of age :—

All infants per 1,000 live births	83.33
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	82.19
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	90.90
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	nil
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	nil
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under two years of age) ...	nil
Deaths from Cancer (all ages)	7

Population.—For 1939 estimated populations were determined by the Registrar-General for the calculation of (a) birth rates (b) death rates and the incidence of notifiable disease. For 1940-43, the Registrar-General reverted to the normal practice of providing an estimated population for the computation of all rates.

Deaths.—To enable comparisons to be made and in order to eliminate differences of age and sex distribution of populations a "comparability factor" is issued by the Registrar-General. This factor was not available for 1941-43, owing to the magnitude of local population changes and the uneven incidence of civilian war deaths. Non-civilian deaths registered after 3rd September, 1939, are excluded.

Births.—The birth rate showed marked rises in 1942 and 1943. The following table shows the birth rate for 1939-43 together with the rates for the Administrative County and England and Wales.

LIVE BIRTH RATES 1939-43.

	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.
Rothwell	13.88	14.49	10.98	20.61	18.95
Administrative County	15.02	13.94	13.51	16.66	*
England and Wales ...	15.00	14.60	14.20	15.80	16.50

*This figure is not available.

Infantile Mortality is the number of deaths in children under one year of age per 1,000 live births. This is an indication of the environmental and social conditions of a community with special reference to housing, overcrowding and maternity and child welfare.

INFANTILE MORTALITY RATES 1939-43.

	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.
Rothwell	31.74	57.14	55.55	21.27	83.33
Administrative County	40.41	40.3	48.1	34.5	*
England and Wales ...	50.0	55.0	49.0	40.0	49.0

*This figure is not available.

Altogether there were seven deaths in infants under one year of age, four deaths were due to premature birth and two to congenital debility.

The registered causes of death were as follows :—

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL
All Causes...	33	31	64
1. Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers	—	—	—
2. Cerebro-spinal Fever	—	—	—
3. Scarlet Fever	—	—	—
4. Whooping Cough	—	—	—
5. Diphtheria	—	—	—
6. Tuberculosis of the respiratory system	3	2	5
7. Other forms of tuberculosis	—	—	—
8. Syphilitic diseases	—	—	—
9. Influenza	1	1	2
10. Measles	—	—	—
11. Acute Poliomyelitis and polio- encephalitis	—	—	—
12. Acute infantile encephalitis	—	—	—
13. Cancer	4	3	7
14. Diabetes	1	—	1
15. Heart disease	10	11	21
16. Intracranial vascular lesions	1	2	3
17. Other circulatory diseases	—	—	—
18. Bronchitis	—	1	1
19. Pneumonia (all forms)	—	—	—
20. Other respiratory diseases	1	—	1
21. Ulcer of stomach or duodenum	—	1	1
22. Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	—	—	—
23. Appendicitis	—	—	—
24. Other digestive diseases	1	—	1
25. Nephritis	1	3	4
26. Puerperal Causes	—	—	—
27. Premature Birth	1	3	4
28. Congenital debility, malformation, and birth injury	1	1	2
29. Suicide	—	—	—
30. Road traffic accidents	—	—	—
31. Other violent causes	1	—	1
32. All other causes	7	3	10

SECTION B. General Provision of Health Services.

(a) **Laboratory facilities.**—Until 1940 chemical and bacteriological analyses were carried out by the Clinical Research Association, Limited, London. Since then bacteriological examinations have been carried out by the Emergency Public Health Laboratories at Leicester and Northampton.

The following specimens have been examined :—

	1940	1941	1942	1943
Swabs	—	1	3	2
Blood	3	3	4	3
Faeces	6	20	1	2
Urine	6	19	2	—

(b) **Ambulance facilities.**—Infectious cases are removed by the ambulance of the Joint Hospital Board. Non-infectious and accident cases are removed by the Desborough or Kettering ambulance under the administration of the St. John Ambulance Brigade.

(c) **Nursing in the Home.**—The Rothwell Nursing Association, which is affiliated to the County Nursing Association, provides the services of a whole-time nurse. Details of the work carried out during 1939-43 are as follows :—

<i>Year</i>	<i>General</i>	<i>Cases Nursed.</i>		<i>Total Visits</i>
		<i>Midwifery</i>	<i>Maternity</i>	
1939	26	10	26	1791
1940	28	14	29	2152
1941	33	10	24	1889
1942	34	22	41	2781
1943	98	23	33	3379

(d) **Treatment Centres and Clinics.**—A County Council Welfare Clinic is held twice monthly. A Medical Officer attends one session each month.

The County Council is the Authority for the treatment of Tuberculosis and the Tuberculosis Officer attends weekly at the Health Clinic, Market Street, Kettering.

Orthopaedic cases attend the Manfield Orthopaedic Clinic at Kettering and persons suffering from Venereal Diseases are treated at the Kettering and District General Hospital every Thursday evening under the County Council scheme.

Under the Scabies Order, 1941, a cleansing centre was established in 1942 and the services of a nurse was obtained for treating women and children.

<i>Year.</i>	<i>Number ascertained</i>	<i>Number treated at Centre.</i>	<i>Number treated at home.</i>
1942	20	15	5
1943	41	39	2

Twenty contacts also received a treatment with Benzyl Benzoate Emulsion.

Diphtheria Immunisation : From 1941 free immunisation against diphtheria was offered to all children from 1-15 years of age.

The numbers immunised were as follows :—

	<i>Under 5 years.</i>	<i>Between 5 and 15 years.</i>	<i>Total</i>
1941	115	476	591
1942	59	13	72
1943	111	70	181
	<hr/> 285	<hr/> 559	<hr/> 844

The percentage of children immunised up to December 31st, 1943 is :—

<i>Under 5 years.</i>	<i>Between 5 and 15 years.</i>
71%	83%

As children reach the age of fifteen years they are excluded from the percentage of immunised children.

SECTIONS C and E. Sanitary Circumstances of the Area and Inspection and Supervision of Food.

Water.—The quality of the water, which is derived from springs, remained uniformly good throughout the period under review. Regular samples are taken and submitted to chemical and bacteriological tests.

The yield of the springs during late summer and autumn decreased considerably and frequently proves insufficient to meet the demand of the town. During the following periods, the supply of water to the town was restricted :—

1940—13th October to 3rd November.

1941—29th September to 11th November.

1942—25th July to 6th November.

1943—5th July to 31st December.

A chlorinating plant was fixed on the 28th February, 1941, and has been in constant use since that date. The yield of the supplementary supply at Halfway House was increased in 1943 to 10,000 gallons per day by constructing an underground tank of this capacity to receive the full yield of the spring daily.

Approximately 98% of the population of the Urban District receives water from the undertaking. It is estimated that 70% of the total number of houses in the district are supplied with water to fittings inside the premises, and the remainder rely on standpipes fixed in yards common to a number of houses.

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal.—Throughout the period, the sewerage system and the sewage disposal works have proved adequate and satisfactory results have been maintained. The plant appears to be in good order and there is no reason to anticipate any important alteration or renewal of plant.

Sanitary Inspection of the Area.—428 inspections were made during the year. Five statutory notices were served during the year under the Housing Act and one formal notice was served under Section 83 of the Public Health Act, 1936. All notices were complied with satisfactorily, without recourse to legal proceedings.

Meat and Other Foods.—The slaughter-houses in Rothwell have not been used since the commencement of the central slaughtering arrangements. The following is a summary of food condemned and destroyed during the year :—

Meat (including tinned meat)	...	58lb.
Fish	...	70lb.
Vegetables (tinned)	...	2lb.

Bakehouses.—There are four bakehouses in the area and each is inspected at quarterly intervals. The standard of cleanliness maintained is very good in each case.

Milk and Dairies Order, 1926.—The premises of all producers, other than accredited producers, are inspected monthly, but despite this and the frequent taking of samples the percentage of good samples in 1943 fell below that in 1939, 1940 or 1941.

Table No. 1 shows in monthly intervals the number of samples taken and the results obtained. All the samples were submitted to the County Council Laboratory for the methylene blue test. 70% of the samples reached the standard for accredited milk. The failure of the remaining 30% to reach a good standard may be partly due to the war-time difficulties of production, but there is no doubt that the main cause can be traced to poor premises and unhygienic methods found in connection with the milk production in a few of the farms in the area.

A total of 50 samples of pasteurised milk was taken during the five year period, 1939-43, and of these, 24 were tested by the Plate Count Test and all were good samples. The average count per sample amounted to 27,000 per c.c.

The balance of these samples were submitted to the Phosphatase test with the following results :

Group 1.—24.

Group 2.— 2.

The following summary gives the position with regard to milk production in this area on 31st December, 1943 :—

Number of cowsheds	...	...	...	...	14
Number of retailers	...	...	...	...	9
			<i>Producers.</i>	<i>Retailers.</i>	
Tuberculin tested Milk	...	...	Nil.	1	
Accredited milk	...	...	3	Nil.	
Pasteurised milk	...	...	Nil.	1	
Ungraded milk	...	...	11	5	

SECTION F. Infectious Diseases.

Smallpox.—No cases were notified.

Enteric Fever.—Three cases of paratyphoid fever were notified in August, 1940 and the centre of the infection was located in Kettering. All the patients were removed to hospital and recovered.

Scarlet Fever.—The disease was mild in type and no deaths occurred.

Diphtheria.—Two cases of diphtheria occurred, one in 1942 and the other in 1943. The patients were removed to hospital and both recovered. Neither had received prophylactic inoculation.

Puerperal Pyrexia.—One case was notified in 1939 and one in 1943. Both patients were nursed at home and recovered.

Erysipelas.—One case was notified in 1943, an elderly person, and recovery took place.

Cerebro-Spinal Fever.—No cases were notified.

Measles.—Under the Measles and Whooping Cough Regulations, 1939, measles became notifiable in November, 1939. A sharp epidemic occurred in the first quarter of 1941, 209 cases being notified from January to the end of April. There were 58 cases reported in 1943 all in the first half of the year. One case was removed to hospital and no deaths occurred.

Whooping Cough.—There were 60 cases notified in 1941 and 10 in 1943. All were nursed at home and no deaths occurred.

Pneumonia.—No cases were notified during the years 1939-43.

Undulant Fever.—Two cases were notified, one in 1942 and one in 1943. These were relatives and the source of infection seemed to be from the same milk. Both patients recovered.

TUBERCULOSIS.

Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925. These regulations empower the Council to prevent persons suffering from tuberculosis to engage in the milk trade. No action was taken during 1939-43.

Public Health Act, 1925, Section 62, and Public Health Act, 1936, Section 172. No action was taken under this section whereby an infectious case of pulmonary tuberculosis may be compulsorily removed to hospital.

Seventeen cases of pulmonary tuberculosis were notified during the 1939-43 period.

A table is shown giving the age and sex incidence of tuberculosis and of the deaths from the disease for 1939-43. These figures, which are compiled locally, differ slightly from the Registrar-General's figures in page 3.

Tuberculosis After-Care.—The Tuberculosis After-Care Committee was formed in 1930. Assistance is granted to tuberculous patients and the Committee always show great keenness on the preventive side of tuberculosis. The funds are mainly obtained from voluntary sources.

Government Evacuation Scheme.

There were two major receptions of evacuees into the district in September, 1939, and again in the autumn of 1940.

			<i>Evacuees received</i>	<i>State at end of year.</i>
1939	...	...	714	252
1940	...	...	406	605
1941	...	...	—	299
1942	...	...	—	167
1943	...	...	—	124

There were a number of problems associated with the billeting of unaccompanied children such as vermin infestation, bed-wetting and behaviour abnormality, but nothing of an epidemic nature occurred. Difficult children exhibiting marked degrees of bed-wetting and behaviour problems were removed to one of the County Council Hostels at Burton Latimer, Rushden or Northampton. From 1941, the arrangements were made with the County Council for the treatment of scabies and impetigo at the Public Assistance Institutions at Oundle and Kettering.

RESULTS OF MILK SAMPLING UNDER THE METHYLENE BLUE TEST, 1939-1943. TABLE No. 1.

Year	Category	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total for Categories	Total for Year
1939	Good	7	11	11	11	7	5	2	—	—	—	—	11	65	88
	Moderate	—	—	—	—	2	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	6	
	Bad	4	—	—	—	2	4	7	—	—	—	—	—	17	
1940	Good	11	3	11	7	—	2	3	12	5	10	9	9	82	117
	Moderate	—	1	—	2	—	5	2	8	—	—	1	1	20	
	Bad	—	2	—	1	—	3	6	3	—	—	—	—	15	
1941	Good	—	7	8	9	9	10	7	4	10	9	8	5	86	121
	Moderate	—	—	1	—	1	—	5	5	4	1	3	2	22	
	Bad	—	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	7	—	1	1	13	
1942	Good	—	8	3	8	10	6	5	4	6	7	—	6	63	94
	Moderate	—	2	3	1	—	2	2	1	2	1	—	1	15	
	Bad	—	—	3	—	1	1	3	4	3	—	—	1	16	
1943	Good	7	7	8	5	3	4	4	3	7	5	8	7	68	99
	Moderate	1	1	2	3	3	—	1	—	2	3	—	—	16	
	Bad	—	—	—	1	2	4	3	5	—	—	—	—	15	
Five years monthly totals	Good	25	36	41	40	29	27	21	23	28	31	25	38	364	519
	Moderate	1	4	6	6	6	9	12	14	8	5	4	4	79	
	Bad	4	4	4	3	5	12	19	12	10	—	1	2	76	

TABLE No. 2.

MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (Other than Tuberculosis) 1939-1943.

Disease	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Totals
Smallpox	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enteric Fever (including typhoid and paratyphoid)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	3
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scarlet Fever	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	1	11
	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4
	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	5	—	—	—	2	12
	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	2	—	7
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diphtheria	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Puerperal Pyrexia	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Erysipelas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Totals	
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —
Measles	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	— — 106 — 1	— — 44 — 3	— — 29 — 25	— — 1 — 28	— — — — 1	— — — — —	— — 1 — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	2 — — — —	6 — 2 — —	8 211 2 58
Whooping Cough	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	— — 2 — —	— — 1 — 3	— — 10 — —	— — 24 — 1	— — 4 — —	— — 5 — —	— — 1 — 2	— — 4 — 3	— — 6 — —	— — — — —	— — — — 1	— — — — —	— — 60 — 10
Pneumonia	1939 1943	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	
Undulant Fever	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — 1 1
Totals	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	— — 32 1 —	— — 108 3 5	— — 48 — 5	— — 6 40 — 25 30	— — 4 1 1	1 — 5 2 —	— — 4 — 6	— — 6 — 1	— — 5 — —	— — 7 1 4 —	— — 22 275 16 789		

AGE INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (Other than Tuberculosis) 1939-1943. TABLE No. 3.

Disease	-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-35	35-45	45-65	65 & Over	All Ages	Removed to Hospital	Deaths
Enteric Fever (including typhoid and paratyphoid)	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- 1 - - -	- - - - -	- 1 - - -	- - - - -	- 1 - - -	- - - - -	- 3 - - -	- 3 - - -	- - - - -
Scarlet Fever	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	- - - 1 -	- - 1 1 -	- 1 - 3 -	- 2 1 1 -	- 7 - 3 5	- 1 1 3 1	- - - - 1	- - 1 - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- 11 4 12 7	- 10 3 9 7	- - - - -
Diphtheria	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - 1 -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - 1 -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - 1 1	- - - 1 1	- - - - -
Puerperal Pyrexia	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - 1 -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- 1 - - 1	- - - - -	- - - - -
Erysipelas	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - 1	- - - - 1	- - - - -	- - - - -

Disease	—1	1—2	2—3	3—4	4—5	5—10	10—15	15—20	20—35	35—45	45—65	65 & Over	All Ages	Removed to Hospital	Deaths
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1939	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1940	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1941	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1942	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1943	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Measles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1939	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1940	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1941	7	20	3	1	29	2	1	—	—	—	1	—	8	—	—
1942	—	—	22	19	1	93	20	—	—	—	—	—	211	1	—
1943	4	3	1	10	14	25	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
1943	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	58	—	—
Whooping Cough	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1939	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1940	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1941	6	5	11	7	8	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	60	—	—
1942	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1943	1	—	1	—	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Pneumonia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1939	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1943	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Undulant Fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1939	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1940	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1941	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1942	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1943	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1939	—	—	3	2	2	9	3	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
1940	—	25	34	26	38	116	21	—	—	2	—	—	22	13	—
1941	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	275	4	—
1942	—	1	1	4	2	3	3	1	—	—	—	—	16	10	—
1943	5	3	2	10	18	35	2	1	—	—	—	1	79	8	—

TABLE No. 4.

NEW CASES OF TUBERCULOSIS, 1939—1943.

Age Periods	Respiratory.						Non-Respiratory.								
	Male			Female			Male			Female					
	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943
0—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
15—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
25—	—	2	—	—	2	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
35—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45—	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
55—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
65—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals	1	6	1	—	3	—	2	2	—	2	—	1	1	—	1

DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS, 1939—1943.

TABLE No. 5.

Age Periods	Respiratory						Non-Respiratory					
	Male			Female			Male			Female		
	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943		1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	
0—	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	
1—	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	
5—	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	
15—	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	
25—	—	—	—	—	1		—	—	—	—	—	
35—	—	—	1	—	1		—	—	—	—	—	
45—	—	2	—	—	1		—	—	—	—	—	
55—	1	—	—	1	—		—	—	—	—	—	1
65—	—	1	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	
Totals	1	3	1	1	3		—	—	—	—	—	1

These figures, which are locally compiled, differ slightly from the Registrar-General's figures given in page 3.

