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ROTHERHAM RURAL DISTRICT
COUNCIL

**ANNUAL
REPORT**



of the
Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR 1962

THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

AND

THE

AMERICAN

WOMAN

AND

THE

ROTHERHAM RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Members of the Public

Health Committee:-

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PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT STAFF:-

Medical Officer of Health:

Dr. J. M. Watt

Senior Assistant Medical Officer:

Dr. M. E. O'Neill

Assistant County Medical Officer:

Dr. M. J. Hallinan

Chief Public Health Inspector:

Mr. L. H. Cook

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector:

Mr. J. Eastwood

Additional Public Health Inspector:

Mr. J. Turner

To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee
of Rotherham Rural District

King Edward VII, when told that tuberculosis was a preventable disease, asked bluntly why it was not prevented. The same question could be posed about cancer of the lung which caused 20,000 deaths, largely due to smoking cigarettes, about bronchitis which caused another 20,000 deaths as a result of breathing sulphurous, dirty air and about accidents in the homes and on the roads which were responsible for another 20,000 deaths. These appalling and disgraceful deaths could, for the most part, be prevented.

Rotherham Rural District's share of these deaths in 1962 was 26 from bronchitis, 28 from cancer of the lung and 18 from home and road accidents.

"Fifteen hundred good soldiers" wrote Florence Nightingale, describing the atrocious sanitation of barracks a hundred years ago, "are as certainly killed yearly by these neglects as if they were drawn up on Salisbury Plain and shot." She was making the point that inertia or carelessness or maladministration can be just as responsible for damage as harm done deliberately.

We permit pollution of our air, as once we permitted pollution of our water supplies. The effort spent on preventing people smoking is trivial compared with the expensive persuasion to which they are subjected to take up this dangerous habit.

Conduct on the roads and the road system itself are plainly inadequate.

These failures far outweigh all infectious diseases in importance. Polio., diphtheria and smallpox have disappeared. Whooping cough, scarlet fever, measles and meningococcal infection are quickly declining and caused no deaths in 1962. Pulmonary tuberculosis is on the way out. A small passing outbreak of an infectious disease can excite public attention while the real killers, which are constantly with us, are ignored.

Immunisations

Our immunisation programme prevented the occurrence of polio., diphtheria and smallpox. It has rapidly reduced whooping cough to small proportions and has hastened the decline of tuberculosis.

The number of injections required was happily cut down in 1962 by the introduction of oral polio. vaccine. There is even reason to believe that artificial resistance to infectious disease will make more progress during the coming years and that it will be given in much greater comfort to young children.

Health Visitors

The multitude of duties borne by health visitors had two further additions with the introduction of the Ortolani and Phenylketonuria tests. The Ortolani test detects congenital dislocation of the hip joint in the first weeks of life while the Phenylketonuria test warns of a metabolic irregularity which may lead to mental deficiency and which has to be treated at the earliest moment by a special diet. Both tests have a high proportion of negative results and it is possible for a health visitor to go on testing for five or more years without discovering a single case, so that a high standard of persistence and patience is required with both.

Home Nursing

Thirty thousand injections were given by home nurses and the new disposable syringe gave a saving in time and labour as well as affording increased safety to the patients. Another innovation which was appreciated was the issue of disposable pads to incontinent patients.

A night nursing service for severely ill patients, sponsored by the Marie Curie Foundation and the County Council was particularly welcomed by relatives who had been losing sleep and then having to work next day.

Midwives

Trilene machines were made part of every midwife's equipment and provided more effective anaesthesia in labour.

More hospital midwifery cases were discharged after 10 days and some were sent home after 48 hours from Listerdale Maternity Home and the Jessop Hospital. These cases all required care from the domiciliary midwives after discharge.

Home Helps

Over six hundred elderly people, maternity cases, tuberculosis cases and cases with domestic difficulties received attention from over a hundred home helps.

Two nurses supervised the scheme, allocating hours of work according to need and attending to the many-sided needs of the elderly and infirm.

Quotations from these nurses' diaries give the best illustration of their work.

"Asked optician to visit the homes of three elderly people and to supply new glasses."

"Made appointment for elderly woman at hospital out-patients. Contacted ambulance officer for her conveyance."

"Asked miners' representative to send coal to pit pensioner who had none."

"Telephoned National Assistance Officer for fireguard for elderly man. Bought and delivered it."

"Lent home help scrubbing brush, soap and dishcloths from private supply for a home where an elderly woman refused to buy them."

"Collected pension for old age pensioner," and finally "Asked sweep to call at the home."

School Dental Service.

Staffing difficulties at the three dental clinics have at last been overcome and a full dental service for school children, pre-school children and expectant mothers is operating for the first time for 25 years.

A necessary improvement in the condition of school children's teeth has already been reported by school medical officers.

Clinic Buildings

The area is unique in having such a generous share of new buildings for clinic purposes. The attitude of parents and staff to infant welfare was transformed by the new County Council clinics at Brinsworth and Wickersley, by the re-conditioned premises at Swallownest, Treeton and Whiston, by the new village halls at Catcliffe and Laughton and by the clinic under construction at Thurgroft.

At a meeting of the Women's Institute in a new isolated housing estate, the people present were asked to write down a list of social needs which they considered were most necessary and it is significant that an infant welfare clinic was at the top of all lists submitted.

Developmental Clinic

One of the most successful innovations was the special clinic held by Dr. Harvey, the Paediatrician, to assess the progress of mentally retarded babies. Ascertainment of mental handicap in infancy permitted an early warning to be given to parents so that they were spared the severe shock of being told when the child reached 5 years of age that the child could not be admitted to school.

It also allowed the earlier admission of these children to Maltby Training Centre.

Hearing Tests

Routine hearing tests by pure tone audiometer were made on a much extended scale to children of 6 and 7 years of age in infant schools.

Severely affected children were sent for assessment to the new Audiology Clinic at the Doncaster School for the Deaf.

Committee for the Prevention of Home Accidents

A committee on Home Safety was held quarterly to receive reports upon deaths due to home accidents and upon casualties admitted to hospital or attending out-patient departments.

Homes were visited by health visitors to advise mothers of injured children upon measures to be taken to avoid repetition of accidents. Special attention was directed to the increasing danger of poisoning from medicinal preparations and to defects in furnishing which were particularly dangerous to old people.

Liaison with Hospital Staffs

The Health Department staff provided a link with the homes of hospital patients. Cases discharged from maternity, geriatric, children's, tuberculosis and mental illness wards were taken over by midwives, home nurses, mental welfare officers, home helps and health visitors when they returned home. Special reports on the home were furnished to consultants before cases were discharged and reports were given to help in the selection of cases for admission.

Liaison with Family Doctors

Clinics were provided for family doctors for the examination of their own patients who were expectant mothers. Help at these clinics was given by domiciliary midwives and health visitors. The majority of infant welfare clinics were taken by general practitioners and there was a constant exchange of information with the Health Department.

Public Health Inspectors

The detailed and descriptive report of the Chief Public Health Inspector speaks for itself. I will permit myself only one comment on this section of the report. The Rural District Council and staff push to the limit all progress possible in improving houses and providing new housing accommodation. I wish they could do much more. They share my feelings.

Chiropody

Old People's Welfare Committees controlled the present scheme for chiropody treatment. Approximately one-third of the pensioner population were treated along with a trivial number of physically handicapped persons and expectant mothers. The cost of the scheme was borne by the County Council. Considerable changes are likely to take place in the scheme when the new register of chiropodists is completed.

Nursing Equipment

Several hundred issues of nursing equipment were made, ranging from bed-pans, rubber sheets, Dunlopillo mattresses and pressure rings to wheelchairs and hydraulic hoists.

Atmospheric Pollution

A volumetric gauge and a sulphur dioxide gauge at Bramley, another sulphur dioxide gauge at Treeton and a smoke recorder at Dinnington have kept gloomy records of the atmospheric irritants caused by the mass of heavy industry on the windward side in Sheffield, Rotherham and Rawmarsh and the pollution due to local collieries, coke ovens and domestic chimneys.

After years of failure and in spite of a steady industrial expansion, these records in recent years actually showed an improvement in air cleanliness.

J. M. WATT

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ROTHERHAM RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1962

GENERAL AND VITAL STATISTICS

Area in acres	...	...	...	...	28,739
Population (Census 1961)	...	...	...	...	59,100
Population (estimated mid-1962)	...	...	...	...	61,000
Number of houses	...	...	...	...	18,387
Rateable value at 1.4.62	...	...	...	...	£550,992
Product of penny rate	...	...	...	...	£2,161.17s.2d.

EXTRACT OF STATISTICS

Live Births	...	...	...	...	...	1,310
Live birth-rate (comparable) per 1,000 population	...	...	...	...	...	18.7
Still-births	...	...	...	...	...	29
Still-birth rate per 1,000 live and still-births	...	...	...	...	...	21.6
Total live and still-births	...	...	...	...	...	1,339
Infant deaths	...	...	...	...	...	39
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births - total	...	...	...	...	...	29.8
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births - Legitimate	...	...	...	...	...	29.0
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births - Illegitimate	...	...	...	...	...	2.8
Neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 4 weeks) per 1,000 live births	...	...	...	...	...	23.6
Early neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 1 week) per 1,000 live births	...	...	...	...	...	19.8
Peri-natal mortality rate (still-births and deaths under 1 week) per 1,000 live and still-births	...	...	...	...	...	41.1
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births...	...	...	...	...	...	2.7
Maternal deaths (including abortion)	...	...	...	...	...	2
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 live and still-births	...	...	...	...	...	1.4
Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	498
Death-rate (comparable) per 1,000 population	...	...	...	...	...	12.6

Population

The increase in population was maintained during 1962, the estimated mid-year total being 61,000. This was 1,200 more than 1961. The census for 1961 recorded 59,100 people living in the area.

The following table gives the census population for 1961, the estimated parish distribution of the population for 1962 based on 3.317 persons per house and the number of houses in the area.

PARISH	Census 1961	Estimated at 3.317 persons per house	Number of houses
Aston-cum-Aughton	8,954	8,662	2,642
Bramley	4,492	4,650	1,402
Brampton Bierlow	3,826	3,782	1,140
Brinsworth	5,530	6,204	1,870
Catcliffe	1,932	1,991	600
Dalton	6,256	6,758	2,037
Hooton Levitt	94	96	29
Hooton Roberts	154	156	47
Orgreave	526	524	158
Ravenfield	1,028	1,155	348
Thrybergh	5,208	5,150	1,552
Thurcroft	7,689	7,796	2,350
Treeton	2,346	2,362	712
Ulley	211	219	66
Wentworth	1,503	1,540	464
Whiston	4,077	4,146	1,250
Wickersley	5,274	5,809	1,751
Totals -	59,100	61,000	18,418

Births

A total of 1,310 live births was notified in the Rotherham Rural District during 1962. This gave a crude rate of 21 per thousand and a comparable rate of 18.7 per thousand population.

The still-birth rate for the same period was 21.6 per thousand live and still-births, 29 still-births having been recorded.

Parish Distribution of Live and Still-births

PARISH	Live	Still-births
Aston-cum-Aughton	162	5
Bramley	185	4
Brampton Bierlow	50	-
Brinsworth	155	2
Catcliffe	55	-
Dalton	149	5
Hooton Levitt	-	-
Hooton Roberts	-	-
Orgreave	17	1
Ravenfield	40	1
Thrybergh	117	1
Thurcroft	167	8
Treeton	37	1
Ulley	3	-
Wentworth	25	-
Whiston	81	1
Wickersley	67	-
Totals -	1,310	29

Deaths

498 deaths were allocated by the Registrar General to the Rotherham Rural District area for the year under review. The causes and sex distribution were as follows:-

Causes of Death	Males	Females	Total
Tuberculosis	3	-	3
Syphilitic disease	-	-	-
Other infective and parasitic diseases	1	-	1
Malignant neoplasm, stomach ...	5	9	14
Malignant neoplasm, lung & bronchus	25	3	28
Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	4	4
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	5	5
Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms	15	16	31
Leukaemia, aleukaemia	2	3	5
Diabetes	-	3	3
Vascular lesions of the nervous system	41	35	76
Coronary disease, angina	62	22	84
Hypertension, with heart disease ...	5	8	13
Other heart disease	18	27	45
Other circulatory disease	15	10	25
Pneumonia	15	13	28
Bronchitis	21	5	26
Other diseases of the respiratory system	10	1	11
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum ...	-	1	1
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	2	1	3
Nephritis and nephrosis	2	6	8
Hyperplasia of prostate	2	-	2
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion ...	-	2	2
Congenital malformations	7	1	8
Other defined and ill-defined diseases	30	23	53
Motor vehicle accidents	7	2	9
All other accidents	5	4	9
Suicide	-	1	1

The crude death-rate was 8.1 per thousand and the comparability factor was 1.55, giving a comparable rate of 12.6 per thousand.

Infant Deaths

39 infants under one year of age died in 1962. The infant death-rate was 29.8 per thousand live births. Particulars of the infant deaths are as follows:-

<u>Birth Weight</u>	<u>Age at Death</u>	<u>Cause of Death</u>
5 lbs. 7 ozs.	3 months	Hyperplasia. Bronchopneumonia.
7 lbs. 4 ozs.	10 minutes	Intracranial haemorrhage. Tear of tentorium cerebelli. Breech delivery.
6 lbs. 15 ozs.	6 hours	Haemolytic disease of the Newborn.
5 lbs. 5 ozs.	3 days	Pulmonary syndrome of Newborn. Prematurity.
6 lbs. 10 ozs.	3 months	Bronchopneumonia.
7 lbs.	2 days	Acute respiratory obstruction. Pharyngeal tumour.
6 lbs. 15 ozs.	6 months	Bronchopneumonia.
1 lb. 13 ozs.	1 hour	Prematurity. Unknown cause of premature labour.
6 lbs. 12 ozs.	1 month	Terminal bronchopneumonia. Gastro-enteritis.
4 lbs. 10½ ozs.	1 day	Prematurity.
2 lbs. 4 ozs.	14 hours	Prematurity.
5 lbs.	1 day	Asphyxia. Intracranial haemorrhage.
6 lbs. 8 ozs.	2 days	Birth anoxia. Intracranial haemorrhage.
5 lbs. 8 ozs.	8 days	Septicaemia. Staphylococcal pneumonia. Slight intracranial haemorrhage.
5 lbs. 12 ozs.	1 week	Pneumonia.
1 lb. 8 ozs.	2 hours	Prematurity.
7 lbs. 4 ozs.	2 weeks	Meningitis. Meningomyelocele hydrocephalus.

<u>Birth Weight</u>	<u>Age at Death</u>	<u>Cause of Death</u>
7 lbs. 11 ozs.	1 day	Pulmonary atelectasis. Congenital diaphragmatic hernia.
4 lbs.	20 hours	Intracranial haemorrhage.
7 lbs. 11 ozs.	1 week	Terminal bronchopneumonia. Congenital abnormality of heart. Intracranial haemorrhage due to tear of tentorium cerebelli.
5 lbs. 1 oz.	1 week	Intracranial haemorrhage.
6 lbs.	4 months	Cardiac failure due to acute infection of respiratory tract, otitis media and mastoiditis. Auricular septal defect of the heart.
5 lbs. 10 ozs.	Unknown	Unknown.
5 lbs. 12 ozs.	4 months	Cerebral venous thrombosis due to meningitis.
4 lbs. 8 ozs.	2 days	Multiple congenital abnormalities. Extrophy of cloaca.
6 lbs.	12 hours	Circulatory failure due to congenital deformity of the heart.
7 lbs. 5 ozs.	35 minutes	Cerebral haemorrhage. Lacerated tentorium cerebelli.
7 lbs. 4 ozs.	6 days	Bronchopneumonia. Hydrocephalus and spina bifida with meningocele.
6 lbs. 10 ozs.	4 days	Anoxia. Severe congenital malformation of the heart and arterial trunk.
10 lbs. 12 ozs.	3 months	Mesenteric thrombosis due to intussusception.
2 lbs. 3 ozs.	11 hours	Atelectasis. Prematurity.
2 lbs. 3 ozs.	17 hours	Prematurity
5 lbs. 15 ozs.	4 days	Haemolytic disease of the newborn. RH. Incompatibility.

<u>Birth Weight</u>	<u>Age at Death</u>	<u>Cause of Death</u>
4 lbs. 12½ ozs.	14 hours	Intra-natal asphyxia. Placenta Praevia. Prematurity.
2 lbs. 1 oz.	1 day	Prematurity.
7 lbs.	3 months	Meningitis. Meningomyelocele hydrocephalus.
5 lbs. 14 ozs.	30 minutes	Meningocele and hydrocephalus.
2 lbs. 8 ozs.	9 hours	Intracranial haemorrhage. Prematurity.
6 lbs. 14 ozs.	2 hours	Pneumonia.
6 lbs. 1½ ozs.	18 hours	Intracranial haemorrhage.

From the details given, it will be seen that of the 39 infants who died, only 8 lived more than four weeks. The neo-mortality rate was 23.6 per thousand live births.

Trend of Infant Deaths over the Past Ten Years:-

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>Live Births</u>	<u>Infant Deaths</u>	<u>Infant Death Rates</u>
1952	894	29	33
1953	947	39	38
1954	973	31	32
1955	1,031	35	34
1956	1,163	37	32
1957	1,154	37	32
1958	1,246	37	29
1959	1,166	22	19
1960	1,242	29	23
1961	1,260	45	36
1962	1,310	39	30

<u>CARE OF MOTHERS AND</u>		
<u>YOUNG CHILDREN</u>		
33	30	3001
34	31	3002
35	32	3003
36	33	3004
37	34	3005
38	35	3006
39	36	3007
40	37	3008
41	38	3009
42	39	3010
43	40	3011
44	41	3012
45	42	3013
46	43	3014
47	44	3015
48	45	3016
49	46	3017
50	47	3018
51	48	3019
52	49	3020
53	50	3021
54	51	3022
55	52	3023
56	53	3024
57	54	3025
58	55	3026
59	56	3027
60	57	3028
61	58	3029
62	59	3030
63	60	3031
64	61	3032
65	62	3033
66	63	3034
67	64	3035
68	65	3036
69	66	3037
70	67	3038
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74	71	3042
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76	73	3044
77	74	3045
78	75	3046
79	76	3047
80	77	3048
81	78	3049
82	79	3050
83	80	3051
84	81	3052
85	82	3053
86	83	3054
87	84	3055
88	85	3056
89	86	3057
90	87	3058
91	88	3059
92	89	3060
93	90	3061
94	91	3062
95	92	3063
96	93	3064
97	94	3065
98	95	3066
99	96	3067
100	97	3068

Domiciliary and Institutional Births

DETAILS	B I R T H S				TOTALS
	<u>Domiciliary</u>		<u>Institutional</u>		
	<u>Live</u>	<u>Still</u>	<u>Live</u>	<u>Still</u>	
Primary notifications received	1,008	9	809	8	1,834
Inward transfers	13	-	552	26	591
Total notifications received	1,021	9	1,361	34	2,425
Outward transfers	17	-	449	6	472
Total adjusted notifications	1,004	9	912	28	1,953

Analysis of Institutional Births:-

	<u>Live</u>	<u>Still</u>
Born in (a) Hospitals	506	26
(b) Maternity Homes	369	2
(c) Nursing Homes	37	-
Total	912	28

Institutional Admissions

Cases investigated during 1962 - 156

The hospitals and maternity homes ask for home circumstances reports on any cases applying for admission on which the hospital authority require further information. The patients' homes are visited by a health visitor who submits her reports to me; as a result, I can then give my recommendations to the hospital or maternity home on form O.P.M.9.

	<u>Priority 2</u>		<u>Priority 2</u>	<u>Cancelled</u>
	<u>Full time</u>	<u>48 Hours</u>	<u>Recommended on sociological grounds</u>	
Listerdale Maternity Home	95	34	19	5
Kilton Hospital, Worksop	1	-	-	-
Hallamshire Maternity Home Chapelton	-	-	1	-
City General Hospital, Sheffield	-	1	-	-
Totals	96	35	20	5

SUMMARY OF CASES ATTENDED BY MIDWIVES (Divisional Table)

Name of Midwife	New Bookings	Summary of Cases					Total	Ante-natal visits	Total Cases	Labour				Post-natal	
		Removals from Register				Present				Details of Deliveries		Hosp-ital Cases	Total Visits		
		Completed	Miscarriage or Abortion	Removals	Transfers to Hospital					Dr. not bkd.	Dr. booked				
														Not Present	Present
Mrs. J. Benton	34	33	-	1	2	43	26	-	1	2	23	25	398		
Mrs. M. J. Bowers	101	81	-	1	18	100	58	-	1	5	52	60	1,317		
Mrs. N. Butterfield	123	104	-	2	7	113	80	-	1	59	20	59	1,844		
Mrs. F. E. Daniels	55	68	-	1	5	74	80	-	4	30	46	54	1,845		
Mrs. J. Hastings*	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	1	4	11	2	825		
Miss E. Hemingway	65	51	-	-	7	58	37	-	1	4	32	39	957		
Mrs. C. King	101	89	-	4	3	96	105	-	23	33	49	14	2,327		
Mrs. S.J.G. Loftus	62	50	-	1	8	59	62	2	21	11	28	131	1,778		
*Mrs. R. M. Meredith	-	-	-	-	-	543	49	-	1	15	33	112	1,433		
Mrs. E. Mozley	97	86	-	1	3	206	74	-	28	14	32	132	1,689		
*Mrs. C. Mynett	-	-	-	-	-	807	67	-	3	6	58	40	1,572		
Mrs. J. Oldcorn	97	62	-	3	19	211	61	-	-	15	46	45	1,401		
Miss W. E. Payne	72	57	-	2	5	1,252	68	-	-	13	55	46	1,467		
Mrs. E. Perkins	102	88	-	1	8	64	72	1	22	4	45	28	1,501		
Mrs. M. Street	94	67	1	4	15	97	41	-	-	3	38	38	1,192		
*Mrs. H. Tyers	129	103	-	1	14	87	73	-	1	20	52	60	1,744		
Mrs. W. H. Wildsmith	51	43	-	1	5	118	22	-	7	1	14	26	522		
Cases attended by Wath Midwives	-	-	-	-	-	49	15	-	12	-	3	2	142		
Totals	1,183	982	4	.23	119	1,128	7,340	1,006	3	127	239	637	913	23,954	

* Resigned 26.6.62 and 31.8.62 respectively

* Relief Nurses

Institutional Confinements

<u>Institution</u>	<u>Number of Confinements</u>
Moorgate General Hospital, Rotherham	252
Listerdale Maternity Home, Wickersley	255
Jessop Hospital for Women, Sheffield	45
Clifton Lane Nursing Home, Rotherham	25
St. Helen's Hospital, Barnsley	10
Hallamshire Maternity Home, Chapeltown	10
City General Hospital, Sheffield	12
Pindar Oaks Maternity Home, Barnsley	1
Montagu Hospital, Mexborough	4
Nether Edge Hospital, Sheffield	5
Claremont Nursing Home, Sheffield	1
Lincoln Hospital	1
Leeds Maternity Home	1
Kilton Hospital, Worksop	1
Total -	623

Administration of Inhalational Analgesics

Cases where analgesia was administered by Domiciliary Midwives:-

	Peth- idine Alone	Gas and Air		Trilene	
		Alone	With Peth.	Alone	With Peth.
(a) When doctor was present at delivery	49	3	6	41	101
(b) When doctor was not present at delivery	209	7	7	104	259

Statutory Notices

The following statutory notices were received from midwives in the Division during the year:-

Death of child	...	...	...	...	-
Still-births	...	...	...	...	5
Liability to be a source of infection:-					
Contact with puerperal pyrexia cases					12
Contact with other conditions					5

Medical Aid

General practitioners were called to give medical aid at, or in connection with, domiciliary confinements in 167 instances, as analysed below:-

	<u>Domiciliary</u>	<u>Institutional</u>
Pregnancy	41	-
Labour	91	2
Lying-in	10	11
The Child	25	2

PREGNANCY

	Domiciliary	Institutional
Abdominal Pain ...	1	-
Abortion, complete ...	1	-
Anaemia ...	1	-
Ante-partum haemorrhage ...	10	-
Disproportion ...	1	-
General condition ...	8	-
Malpresentation ...	3	-
Miscarriage ...	1	-
Pyelitis ...	1	-
Toxaemias - Albuminuria ...	3	-
Eclampsia ...	1	-
Hypertension ..	7	-
Oedema ...	1	-
Toxaemia ...	-	-
Vomiting ...	2	-
Totals	41	-

LYING-IN

	Domiciliary	Institutional
Breast condition ...	3	1
General condition ...	2	4
Maternal distress ...	1	-
Phlebitis ...	1	-
Post-partum haemorrhage ...	1	6
Pyrexia ...	1	-
Vomiting ...	1	-
Totals	10	11

LABOUR

	Domiciliary	Institutional
Episiotomy ...	2	-
Foetal distress ...	3	-
General condition ...	1	-
Intra-partum haemorrhage ...	1	-
Labour - delayed	22	-
premature ...	6	-
Laceration - perineal	40	1
vaginal ...	1	-
Malpresentation ...	3	-
Retained placenta ...	7	1
Ruptured membranes ...	1	-
uterine inertia ...	4	-
Totals	91	2

THE CHILD

	Domiciliary	Institutional
B.B.A. ...	1	-
Chest condition ...	3	-
Coryza ...	1	-
Cyanosis ...	2	1
Deformity ...	2	-
Eye condition ...	2	-
General condition ...	9	1
Haemorrhage ...	1	-
Prematurity ...	2	-
Still-birth ...	2	-
Totals	25	2

Medical Aid Notices

Issued for:-	No. issued because of complications arising in/ during			
	Preg-nancy	Labour	Lying-in	The Child
(a) Domiciliary cases.				
(i) Where the Medical Practitioner had arranged to provide the patient with maternity medical services under the National Health Service Act.	32	73	4	17
(ii) Others.	9	18	6	8
(b) Cases in Institutions.	-	2	11	2
(c) Totals.	41	93	21	27

Dental Treatment of Expectant and Nursing Mothers

72 expectant and nursing mothers received dental treatment under the West Riding County Council scheme which provides dental treatment for mothers up to 12 months after the birth of their children.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum

No cases were notified in the Division during 1962.

Phenylketonuria Testing

Number of babies tested	1,874
During the fourth week of age or under ...	944
Over four weeks but less than six weeks ..	557
Six weeks of age or over	373
Number of tests found to be negative	1,874

Distribution of Dried Milk and Other Foods

I am grateful to the members of the various voluntary committees who give their time week after week to attend the clinics for the purpose of selling milk foods, weighing babies, etc. This help is also greatly appreciated by the mothers attending the clinics.

INFANT WELFARE CENTRES - ATTENDANCES

	Number of children who at their first attendance were under one year of age.	Number of children who attended during the year and who were born in:-			Total number of children who attended during the year.	Number of attendances during the year made by children who at the date of attendance were:-			Total attendances during the year.
		1962	1961	1960-1957		Under 1 year	1 but under 2	2 but under 5	
BRAMLEY	160	126	172	307	605	3,080	496	242	3,818
BRAMPTON BEELOW	87	79	76	27	182	1,906	392	214	2,512
BRINSWORTH	161	157	569	245	971	3,954	1,154	681	5,789
DALTON	174	158	222	80	460	1,880	461	196	2,537
SMALLOWEST	153	134	227	275	636	2,570	1,218	813	4,601
THURCROFT	153	107	165	52	324	2,583	661	852	4,096
TREETON	32	30	17	10	57	390	155	65	610
WHISTON	69	60	62	50	172	893	645	183	1,721
*MOBILE CLINICS	138	118	161	85	364	2,272	526	361	3,159
	1,127	969	1,671	1,131	3,771	19,528	5,708	3,607	28,843

* Including attendances made when the Mobile Clinic visited the Kiveton Park Rural District.

Ante-Natal Clinics

CLINIC	Number of women who attended during the year.	Total number of attendances made.
Brinsworth	71	256
Cortonwood	23	160
Dalton	98	292
Swallownest	186	1,090
Thurcroft	99	282
Totals:	477	2,080

Care of the Unmarried Mothers and Their Children

50 cases in the Division were reported to the Medical Officer of Health for attention during 1962.

15 mothers were under 20 years, 22 were 20 to 30 years and 13 were over 30 years.

41 were single women.

9 were married women, but had illegitimate pregnancies.

Settlement of these cases was as follows:-

- 32 mothers kept their babies.
- 3 babies were taken by the grandparents.
- 4 babies were adopted.
- 7 cases were settled by marriage.
- 1 case was referred elsewhere for action.
- 3 babies died.

Care of Premature Babies

(i.e. babies weighing $5\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. or less at birth)

The Sorrento cots were maintained at the Ambulance Depot, Maltby, for use as required.

Children Neglected or Ill-treated in Their Own Homes

Seven families were reported to the Co-Ordinating Committee for the care of neglected children in Division 31 in November. Action was taken as follows:-

Family One - Father stayed off work for birth of child and family were without means. The National Assistance Officer was asked to provide immediate money allowance.

A child in the family was reported to be backward mentally by the health visitor and the case was referred for formal examination under Section 34 of the Education Act, 1944.

Family Two

Mother dead. Education Welfare Officer was asked to arrange school meals for children attending school.

Health Visitor was asked to provide an enuresis alarm for a male aged 21.

Home Help Supervisor was asked to provide daily Home Help under the County Council Scheme.

Family Three

13 persons were living in a three bedroomed house, including this family, who were lodgers. Father worked at the colliery. Application was made to the National Coal Board Housing Manager for a separate house for this family.

Family Four

An unmarried mother with three children. The National Assistance Officer was asked to make weekly payments to the mother as payments under an Affiliation Order were unreliable.

Family Five

School Medical Officer was asked to see a child suffering from nervousness and sleeplessness at the school clinic.

Family Six

Father suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis and unemployed. The National Assistance Officer was asked to provide an additional allowance to the father.

Family Seven

Both parents had been mental hospital in-patients and there was a suggestion that there had been cruelty to the children. The Mental Welfare Officer was asked to arrange for hospital psychiatric investigation for both parents.

SUMMARY OF VISITS PAID BY HEALTH VISITORS AND CLINICS ATTENDED

HEALTH VISITOR	No. of children under 5 years visited for first time	Expect- ant Mothers	Children Aged			T.B. House- holds	Aged & Infirm	Home Helps	Liaison	Registration of Blindness	Infectious Diseases	Still-births	Miscellaneous	Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics
			Under 1	1-2yrs.	2-5yrs									
*Mrs. M. A. Atkinson	170	5	203	140	222	-	33	-	7	-	-	1	14	114
*Miss J. M. Bateman	88	2	70	23	46	1	-	210	-	8	19	-	10	45
Miss J. Cheetham	552	37	314	192	248	1	38	1	37	10	4	1	74	151
Mrs. D. I. Dolphin	499	53	346	398	554	-	132	-	133	18	15	22	78	124
Mrs. E. Ellis	219	12	138	43	115	-	3	-	8	2	-	-	33	126
Miss G. Flinton	177	22	368	55	81	-	28	-	10	-	-	-	-	148
*Mrs. F. E. Hollingsworth	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	147
Mrs. V. M. Hopkinson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,033	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Mrs. F. Ives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64
Miss A. Lawler	393	123	565	107	64	-	24	-	173	-	-	-	14	145
*Mrs. M. Lawrence	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53
*Miss M. M. P. Lynott	157	19	97	63	99	-	7	-	12	-	-	-	39	87
Miss M. K. Moloney	338	9	687	564	279	-	2	-	21	-	-	-	-	153
Miss I. Noble	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,363	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Mrs. N. Priestley	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	2	117
Mrs. L. W. Roberts	486	85	732	620	603	-	9	-	85	3	-	1	105	158
Mrs. M. Shaw	137	9	165	85	97	-	54	-	82	-	-	1	-	137
Miss E. Short	756	19	600	296	169	-	31	-	1	6	-	1	2	103
Mrs. H. B. Stockwell	258	20	199	61	138	8	59	-	17	8	71	-	54	139
Miss M. J. Thorpe	417	33	308	126	261	-	89	-	82	4	8	4	22	160
Mrs. H. M. Toothill	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	23	109
Mrs. C. M. Wharton	394	21	299	160	176	-	17	-	5	2	-	-	104	232
*Mrs. M. M. White	-	-	-	-	1	14	-	317	1	-	238	-	-	-
TOTALS -	5,041	469	5,092	2,933	3,153	24	570	6,925	674	62	355	30	574	2,512

* Commenced duty 1.6.62
" " 23.7.62
" " 8.8.62

x On maternity leave part of year.
y Resigned 31.7.62, 30.4.62 and 22.8.62 respectively.
z Part-time Assistant Health Visitors.

Home Nursing

The following table gives details of the work carried out by Home Nurses in the Division.

Classification	No. of cases attended by Home Nurses during the year	No. of visits paid by Home Nurses during the year
Medical	1,070	37,881
Surgical	438	11,593
Infectious Diseases	7	51
Tuberculosis	49	7,213
Maternal complications	46	433
Totals	1,610	57,171
Patients included above who were aged 65 or over at the time of the first visit during the year.	706	32,982
Children included above who were under 5 years of age at the time of the first visit during the year.	64	582
Patients included above who have had more than 24 visits during the year.	509	45,302

Issues of Equipment

A great amount of work is still being done in connection with the provision of nursing equipment for use on loan in the patients' own homes, such items as bed-pans, back-rests, dunlopillo mattresses, etc., being in great demand.

A new innovation during 1962 was the supply of disposable pads for incontinent patients and protective pants for ambulant patients who are also incontinent. During the year, 13,600 pads were ordered for 61 patients and 7 people were supplied with pants.

Item	On Loan	In stock		Under repair	Total	No. of issues during year
		With Home Nurse	At Divisional office			
Bath seat	1	-	-	-	1	1
Bedding - blankets	4	-	-	-	4	2
Bedding - pillows	4	-	1	-	5	2
Bedding - pillow cases	-	-	5	-	5	-
Bedding - sheets	3	-	6	-	9	1
Bed blocks	-	-	12	-	12	-
Bed cradles	15	17	6	-	38	31
Bed pans - enamel	4	4	-	-	8	10
Bed pans - polythene	25	6	2	-	33	49
Bed pans - porcelain	37	15	1	-	53	100
Bed pans - rubber	1	-	1	-	2	1
Bed rests - other	39	14	7	-	60	80
Bed tables	-	-	1	-	1	-
Bedsteads with self-lifting pole	9	-	-	-	9	11
Bedsteads - ordinary	2	-	2	-	4	6
Bedsteads with cot sides	1	-	-	-	1	1
Chairs - high rest	-	-	1	-	1	1
Chairs - 'Amesbury' - play	-	-	2	-	2	1
Commodore - chair	7	-	-	-	7	13
Commodore - other	3	-	-	-	3	3
Cushions - 'Dunlopillo'	2	-	-	-	2	3
Enuresis alarms	20	-	-	-	20	45
Hot water bottles	-	5	-	-	5	-
Hydraulic hoists	1	-	-	-	1	3
Lifting pole and chain	1	-	-	-	1	1
Mattresses - 'Dunlopillo'	11	-	2	-	3	22
Open-air shelters	1	-	-	-	1	1
Pressure rings - air	28	48	11	-	87	66
Pressure rings - 'Latex' foam	2	-	1	-	3	4
Rubber sheets	70	30	7	-	107	143
Urinals - male	51	21	3	-	75	106
Urinals - female	7	23	1	-	31	17
Walking aids - 'Bonaped'	-	-	2	-	2	-
Walking aids - crutches	12	-	2	-	14	9
Walking aids - tripod	1	-	-	-	1	1
Walking aids - walking sticks	-	-	4	-	4	2
Wheel chairs - folding	19	-	2	-	21	41
Wheelchairs - self-propelled	1	-	-	-	1	2
Wheel chairs, indoor wooden	1	-	-	-	1	1
Inflatable toilet seat	1	-	-	-	1	1
Feeding cup, special, polio.	-	-	1	-	1	-
Feeding cups	-	4	1	-	5	2
Protective pants	5	-	4	-	9	7

ANALYSIS OF CASES COMPLETED DURING YEAR, i.e. EXCLUDING CASES STILL UNDER TREATMENT ON 31st DECEMBER

Age Group	Classification of Cases (completed cases only)					
	Medical	Surgical	Infectious Diseases	Tuberculosis	Maternal Complications	Other
0 - 4	33	24	2	-	-	-
5 - 14	23	47	2	-	-	-
15 - 44	144	135	1	13	43	3
45 - 64	172	92	1	6	-	1
65 +	353	79	1	2	-	-
Totals	725	377	7	21	43	4
Total visits this year (including injection visits)						
0 - 4	269	270	12	-	-	-
5 - 14	169	431	12	-	-	-
15 - 44	1,356	1,600	9	823	414	15
45 - 64	3,112	1,940	12	418	-	4
65 +	10,029	2,456	6	157	-	-
Totals	14,935	6,697	51	1,398	414	19

Number of visits for injections only 2,135

Referred by:-		No. of cases
General practitioner		1,013
Hospital		131
Health department		19
Other		14
Total -		1,177
Disposal of Cases		No. of cases
Convalescent		711
Hospital		127
Died		231
Other		108
Total -		1,177

Home Help Service

Number of Home Helps employed in the Division at
31.12.62 - 122

Cases provided with domestic help during the year:-

Type of Case	Number of Cases			Hours Employed
	From previous year	New Cases	Total	
Maternity (including expectant mothers)	16	105	121	8,261
Tuberculosis	5	2	7	1,505
Chronic Sick:-				
65 years and over	348	120	468	100,688
Under 65 years	18	21	39	6,876
Others	5	12	17	847
Totals -	392	260	652	118,537

Convalescent Home Treatment

During 1962, one case was dealt with as follows:-

Female, aged 52 years.

Anaemia.

Sent to Tudor Convalescent Home, Bridlington for two weeks in September.

Cancer

Cases are referred by the Radiotherapy Centre, Tree Root Walk, Sheffield, or by the Health Visitor for financial help either by cash grants from the Marie Curie Memorial Foundation or by recommendations to the National Society for Cancer Relief for a weekly allowance and, in some cases, an initial grant to purchase necessities, such as bedding, etc.; these grants are disbursed from the Divisional office, either direct to the patient or in some cases, to the Health Visitor, who then purchases the items required.

Hospital Liaison

Weekly visits are made to the hospitals and cases referred are followed up for pre-admission and for pre-discharge reports on the home circumstances.

Chiropody

This service continues to expand and is much appreciated by the patients.

CHIROPODY SERVICE

Name of Voluntary Association	No. of patients treated									Total treatments given									Total Number of Treatments					
	In Chiropodists' Surgeries	In Voluntary Association's premises or clinics			Domiciliary			Total Number Treated			Notional Sessions			In Voluntary Association's premises or clinics			Domiciliary							
		P.	PH	EM	P.	PH	EM	P.	PH	EM	P.	PH	EM	P.	PH	EM		P.		PH	EM			
Rotherham Rural District Old People's Welfare Committee	21	1	-	561	12	-	338	16	-	920	29	-	112	6	-	2945	57	-	1759	82	-	4816	145	-

P.	=	Pensioners.
P.H.	=	Physically Handicapped.
E.M.	=	Expectant Mothers.

Parish Distribution of Infectious Diseases

PARISH	Scarlet fever	Measles	Dysentery	Whooping cough	Pneumonia	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Puerperal Pyrexia	Chickenpox
Aston-cum-Aughton	3	9	7	1	4	-	-	-	-
Bramley	7	-	11	-	2	-	-	1	-
Brampton Bierlow	3	1	-	1	9	-	-	-	-
Brinsworth	5	2	15	-	5	1	1	1	-
Catcliffe	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dalton	1	1	4	-	1	-	1	-	1
Hooton Levitt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hooton Roberts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Orgreave	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Ravenfield	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thrybergh	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thurcroft	2	115	26	-	1	-	-	-	-
Treeton	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ulley	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wentworth	3	6	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Whiston	4	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	1
Wickersley	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	11	-

Quarterly Incidence of Infectious Diseases

QUARTER	Scarlet fever		Measles		Dysentery		Whooping cough		Pneumonia		Erysipelas		Food Poisoning		Puerperal pyrexia		Chickenpox	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
January to March	4	4	1	2	13	10	1	-	5	3	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
April to June	5	4	3	1	13	11	1	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
July to September	-	2	-	3	5	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	1	-	4	-	1	-
October to December	4	9	67	68	8	9	2	1	6	4	-	-	-	1	4	-	-	-

Age Distribution of Infectious Diseases notified during 1962

DISEASE	Age in Years									Total
	Under 1 year	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5-9 years	10-14 years	15-24 years	25 and over	
Scarlet fever	-	-	-	2	4	17	5	4	-	32
Measles	2	16	14	16	20	66	11	-	-	145
Dysentery	2	4	8	10	5	19	5	5	13	72
Whooping cough	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	5

DISEASE	Age in Years						Total
	Under 5 years	5-14 years	15-44 years	45-64 years	65 and over	Age unknown	
Acute Pneumonia	4	1	8	6	5	1	25
Erysipelas	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Food Poisoning	-	1	1	-	-	-	2
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	3	-	-	10	13
Chickenpox	1	-	1	-	-	-	2

Virus Enteritis

There was a marked increase in the severity and the number of cases of virus enteritis in the Division in 1962. 29 babies were admitted to Lodge Moor, Kendray and Doncaster Isolation Hospitals and four of them died.

Infection in older children and in adults was less severe and, as the disease was not notifiable, it was not possible to estimate the extent of its spread, but several cases were found among familial contacts.

Dr. Gillespie of the Sheffield Public Health Laboratory, informed me that attempts to isolate a virus in specimens sent from the area isolation hospitals were unsuccessful.

TuberculosisRotherham Rural District

	<u>Pulmonary</u>		<u>Non-Pulmonary</u>	
	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>
Number of cases on register at 1st January 1962.	139	109	23	24
Number of cases notified for first time during the year.	9	2	3	3
Number of cases restored to the register.	-	-	-	-
Number of cases added to register during the year, i.e. transfers in, etc.	5	5	-	-
Number of cases removed from the register.	23	17	4	4
Number of cases remaining on the register at 31.12.62	130	99	22	23

From the Public Health point of view, the problem of tuberculosis is practically limited to cases who have infectious lung disease. These are the cases who spread tuberculosis infection in their own households, at their places of employment and in public places. They are quite a small group on the tuberculosis register and their numbers are falling year by year. Elderly men figure frequently among them because they are unco-operative in attending for examination and treatment and because lung infections tend to break down in old age.

The importance of this small group of infectious cases is sufficient to justify their inclusion in a separate register and to the cancellation of visits to cases outside the group.

During the past few years there has been a considerable reduction in the expenditure upon after-care for tuberculosis cases because of their shrinkage in numbers and because most of their needs have been met by the National Assistance scheme. The number of cases receiving free milk under the County Council Scheme has also shown a steady decline.

Extra Nourishment for Tuberculosis Cases

No. of patients in the Division receiving extra nourishment on 1st January, 1962	...	...	...	...	44
No. of patients granted extra nourishment during the year					4
No. of grants discontinued	...	...	...	...	12
No. of patients receiving extra nourishment on 31.12.62					36

B.C.G. Vaccination

Contact Scheme - I am grateful to the Consultant Chest Physicians for the following details of people vaccinated at the Chest Clinics as contacts of known cases of tuberculosis.

					AGE GROUPS								All Ages
	Under 1 year Months				YEARS								
	0-	1-	3-	6-	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	10-	15-	20-	
Vaccinated:													
Males	26	6	3	1	1	1	1	3	2	4	1	-	49
Females	20	6	4	1	4	4	3	-	10	3	-	1	56
Total	46	12	7	2	5	5	4	3	12	7	1	1	105
Result of Vaccination:													
Males	25	6	3	1	-	1	1	2	2	4	1	-	46
Females	18	5	4	1	4	4	2	-	10	1	-	1	50
Total	43	11	7	2	4	5	3	2	12	5	1	1	96
Unsuccessful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not finally ascertained	3	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	9

B.C.G. Vaccination of 13 Year Old School Children

Acceptances

Number of 13 year old children eligible for vaccination during the year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,228
Number of acceptances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,051
Percentage of acceptances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85.5

Pre-Vaccination Tuberculin Test

Number of children tested	...	...	...	...	...	958
Result of test:-						
Positive	...	...	144			
Negative	...	...	779			
Not ascertained	...	...	35			

Percentage positive	...	...	...	...	...	17.6
Number vaccinated	...	...	...	...	...	779

Care and After-Care

The Rotherham Tuberculosis Care Committee continues to cover the Divisional area, excluding Brampton Bierlow, which is included in the purview of the Mexborough Chest Clinic. A grant is made by the West Riding County Council each year and this, together with the proceeds from Christmas Seals sales, etc., provide essential help for more needy cases.

44 visits were paid to the Chest Clinic in Rotherham by the Health Visitor and 5,601 visits to tuberculosis households.

Immunisation and VaccinationRotherham Rural DistrictTetanusProtective Refresher Total

No. of children immunised under 1 year	817	-	817
No. immunised from 1-4 years	152	14	166
No. immunised over 5 years	72	47	119
Total	1,041	61	1,102

Diphtheria

No. of children immunised under 1 year	818	-	818
No. immunised from 1-4 years	154	14	168
No. immunised over 5 years	40	58	98
Total	1,012	72	1,084

Whooping cough

No. of children under 1 year immunised	821	-	821
No. immunised from 1-4 years	150	11	161
No. immunised over 5 years	21	22	43
Total	992	33	1,025

Smallpox

No. of children vaccinated under 1 year	386	-	386
No. immunised from 1-4 years	646	7	653
No. immunised over 5 years	1,310	668	1,978
Total	2,342	675	3,017

Poliomyelitis Vaccination

<u>Salk</u> No. of children and adults receiving			
2nd injections during 1962	...	...	313
No. of children and adults receiving			
3rd injections during 1962	...	...	628
No. of children and adults receiving			
4th injections during 1962	...	...	141

<u>Oral</u> No. of children and adults receiving first dose	3,032
" " " " " " third dose	3,896
" " " " " " fourth dose	2,485

IMMUNISATION AND VACCINATION

ACCUMULATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR 1962

CLINIC	Polio.	Smallpox	Triple	Diphtheria	Diphtheria/ Tetanus	Others	Totals
BRAMLEY	1,390	148	131	2	2	1	1,674
BRINSWORTH	2,012	250	151	9	9	14	2,445
CORFONWOOD	656	87	93	6	2	-	844
DALTON	1,126	98	141	-	5	-	1,370
SWALLOWNEST	1,349	276	94	3	21	1	1,744
THURCROFT	1,255	130	95	2	6	-	1,488
TRETON	127	21	13	-	2	2	165
WHISTON	280	27	15	-	-	6	328

Training Centre

The intake of trainees continues to rise and, in spite of staffing difficulties, etc., the scope of work is being steadily expanded. During the year, the Male Handicrafts Instructor returned to the Centre after a course of training lasting ten months.

Three buses are now running daily to convey the trainees to and from the Centre and cover the Divisional area. In addition, children are being collected from Braithwell by one of the buses.

Phase 1 of the extensions to the Centre to provide accommodation for 116 trainees is now almost complete, Phase 2 (the kitchens and dining hall) is not yet started, but it is hoped that this will follow on without delay when the first part is completed. This will then enable meals to be cooked on the premises.

The senior section is now open 48 weeks per year instead of the school terms of approximately 39 weeks per annum.

Number of patients awaiting entry to hospital or admitted for temporary residential care during 1962:-

	Severely subnormal				Totals				Grand Total
	Under age 16		16 and over		Under age 16		16 and over		
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
Number of patients in L.H.A. area on waiting list for admission to hospital at 31.12.62									
In urgent need of hospital care	2	1	-	1	2	1	-	1	4
Not in urgent need of hospital care	1	2	-	1	1	2	-	1	4
Total	3	3	-	2	3	3	-	2	8
Number of admissions for temporary residential care (e.g. to relieve the family)									
To N.H.S. hospitals	2	3	-	1	2	3	-	1	6
To L.A. residential accommodation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Elsewhere	1	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	3
Total	3	5	-	1	3	5	-	1	9

Number of patients referred to Local Health Authority during 1962

Referred by	Mentally Ill		Psychopathic		Subnormal		Severely Subnormal		Totals		Grand Total
	Under age 16		16 and over		Under age 16		16 and over		Under age 16		
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
General practitioners	-	-	25	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
Hospitals, on discharge from in-patient treatment	-	-	39	49	-	-	1	-	-	-	89
Hospitals, after or during out-patient or day treatment	-	-	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
Local education authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	17
Police and Courts	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Other sources	-	-	10	8	-	-	-	-	1	1	20
Total	-	-	87	93	-	-	1	3	1	1	200

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Number of Patients under Local Health Authority care at 31st December, 1962.

	Mentally Ill			Psychopathic			Subnormal			Severely subnormal			Totals			Grand Total				
	Under age 16		16 and over	Under age 16		16 and over	Under age 16		16 and over	Under age 16		16 and over	Under age 16		16 and over					
	M	F		M	F		M	F		M	F		M	F						
Total number	-	-	68	79	-	-	2	1	1	14	8	32	16	47	57	33	17	129	146	325
Attending day training centre	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	22	12	20	21	22	13	20	21	76
Resident at L.A. expense in other residential homes/hostels	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Receiving home visits and not included in above figures	-	-	68	79	-	-	2	1	-	14	8	9	4	27	36	10	4	109	125	248

School Medical Inspections

Rotherham Rural District

*Age groups Inspected	No. of Pupils Inspected	Physical Condition of Pupils	
		No. found Satisfactory	No. found Unsatisfactory
1957	212	212	-
1956	620	617	3
1955	422	419	3
1954	439	438	1
1953	430	430	-
1952	266	265	1
1951	90	90	-
1950	12	12	-
1949	1	1	-
1948	387	387	-
1947	162	162	-
1946	101	101	-
TOTALS	3,142	3,134	8

Number of pupils seen at special inspections - 199

*Age Groups Inspected	No. of Pupils Inspected	Physical Condition of Pupils	
		No. found Satisfactory	No. found Unsatisfactory
1958 and later			
1957	337	337	-
1956	792	789	3
1955	577	574	3
1954	620	619	1
1953	712	712	-
1952	413	412	1
1951	169	169	-
1950	41	41	-
1949	3	3	-
1948	746	746	-
1947 and earlier	732	732	-
TOTALS	5,142	5,134	8

* Years of Birth.

WORK OF THE HEALTH VISITOR AND SCHOOL NURSE

HEALTH VISITOR AND SCHOOL NURSE	CLINICS ATTENDED	SCHOOL NURSING								Health Education	
		SCHOOLS		HOME VISITS							
	Chest	Minor Ailments	School Clinics	Specialist Clinics	Medical Inspection	Hygiene Inspections	Special Visits	Infection	Handicapped Pupils	Neglected Children	Medical inspections follow-up
Mrs. M. A. Atkinson	-	5	3	13	17	15	8	-	-	59	8
Miss J. M. Bateman	-	2	-	1	10	5	8	-	5	20	15
Miss J. Cheetham	-	28½	10	-	33	11	38	5	12	16	20
Mrs. D. I. Dolphin	-	2	5	3	22	15	16½	-	-	-	15
Mrs. E. Ellis	-	2	6	3	11	3	16	-	3	1	37
Miss G. Flinton	-	2	1	4	13	14	12	-	-	-	54
Mrs. F. E. Hollingsworth	1	32	6	18	20	12	12	-	-	-	-
Mrs. F. Ives	-	23	5	5	2	26	7	-	6	1	-
Miss A. Lawler	-	1	6	-	24	30	145	4	1	33	19
Miss M. M. P. Lynott	-	2	-	1	5	6	-	-	-	2	1
Mrs. M. M. Lawrence	-	2	1	10	19	15	5	-	-	-	-
Miss M. K. Moloney	-	-	1	1	1	8	4	-	-	21	-
Mrs. N. Priestley	-	3	-	-	6	29	26	1	-	8	-
Mrs. L. W. Roberts	-	12	2	-	1	10	9½	-	1	-	-
Mrs. M. Shaw	-	1	-	-	26½	14½	3	8	7	-	3
Miss E. Short	-	8	2	-	39	11	41	-	2	42	12
Mrs. H. B. Stockwell	13	-	10	-	25	-	12	-	1	3	9
Miss M. J. Thorpe	-	-	-	2	18½	11½	11½	-	-	-	-
Mrs. M. M. Toothill	-	19	6	62	75	46	29	18	9	12	11
Mrs. C. M. Wharton	-	6	14	20	10	13	28	8	22	4	-
Mrs. M. M. White	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	44	148½	78	143	378½	295½	431½	59	69	222	204
											17

Defects Found at Periodic Medical Inspections during the Year

Defect or Disease	PERIODIC INSPECTIONS							
	ENTRANTS		LEAVERS		OTHERS		TOTAL	
	T	O	T	O	T	O	T	O
Skin	-	33	-	11	1	32	1	76
Eyes - a. Vision	33	122	50	184	78	293	161	599
b. Squint	7	44	-	10	4	39	11	93
c. Other	1	11	-	4	-	14	1	29
Ears - a. Hearing	2	50	1	16	1	47	4	113
b. Otitis media	-	59	-	21	2	64	2	144
c. Other	1	13	-	4	-	8	1	25
Nose and Throat	22	314	3	28	21	226	46	568
Speech	12	42	1	4	16	34	29	80
Lymphatic glands	1	195	1	12	5	92	7	299
Heart	2	65	2	30	2	65	6	160
Lungs	1	121	1	27	1	86	3	234
Developmental -								
a. Hernia	-	10	-	-	1	12	1	22
b. Other	1	38	2	7	-	56	3	101
Orthopaedic -								
a. Posture	-	4	-	1	-	4	-	9
b. Feet	-	32	4	5	-	36	4	73
c. Other	-	33	1	17	-	40	1	90
Nervous System -								
a. Epilepsy	-	5	-	4	-	13	-	22
b. Other	-	5	-	4	-	17	-	26
Psychological -								
a. Development	1	4	-	2	-	18	1	24
b. Stability	-	8	-	2	1	14	1	24
Abdomen... ..	-	21	-	20	1	31	1	72
Other	2	66	1	14	8	78	11	158

T = Treatment

O = Observation

Cleanliness of School Children

A total of 11,918 children were examined by Health Visitors and School Nurses at cleanliness surveys in schools. 171 were found to have head nits.

Diseases of the Skin

During the year, 38 children were treated for impetigo and 32 for other skin conditions.

Minor Ailments

1,092 pupils received treatment for minor ailments during 1962.

Specialists' Clinics - Rotherham Rural District

Ear, Nose & Throat Clinic

Number of children seen - School	...	...	115
Pre-school	...	...	3

40 children were referred for operative treatment.

Ophthalmic Clinic

Number of children seen	...	...	661
Glasses were prescribed for	194 children		
Number of repair forms issued	...	...	173

Paediatric Clinic

Number of children seen - School	16
Pre-school	10

Child Guidance Clinic

Number of children seen	117
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Speech Therapy Clinic

Number of children treated	75
Defects of articulation	55
Stammering	...	...	17
Defective speech	...	...	3

Convalescent Home Treatment

Arrangements were made for 3 children from the Division to go to the Filey Convalescent Home for periods of two weeks each.

Training Colleges - Medical Examination of Entrants

51 entrants for Training Colleges were examined and reports submitted to the appropriate colleges.

Children and Young Persons Act, 1933 (Employment of Children)

The above Act requires children to be medically examined to decide their fitness for employment in entertainments or newspaper deliveries, etc. 177 children were examined under these regulations.

Ambulance Service

The following figures were provided by the County Ambulance Officer.

Vehicles Available

Maltby Depot

5 ambulances (to 2.12.62)
6 ambulances (from 3.12.62)

Kiveton Park Depot

1 ambulance

Patients:

Out-patients	...	...	19,218
Admissions	...	...	2,144
Discharges	...	...	1,196
Transfers	...	...	152
Accidents	...	...	464

Total 23,174

Stretcher cases	...	2,492
Sitting cases	...	20,682

Total 23,174

Emergency cases included
in above ... 1,417

The Kiveton Park station was closed on 2nd December, 1962 and the whole of the area is now covered by the Maltby station.

Dental Service

The following statistics have been supplied by Dr. Davies, County Dental Officer, who made the following comments:-

"1962 was, as far as recruitment is concerned, a very successful year and particularly so in your Division. Mr. J. L. Traynor, B.Ch.D. was recruited on the 2nd January, 1962, and devotes on an average 9 sessions a week to the Maltby Clinic. Mr. B. Kirkland, B.D.S., joined us on the 23rd July and works whole-time at the Thrybergh Clinic. Mr. M. S. Ormesher, B.D.S., came along on the 24th September and works whole-time at the Dinnington Clinic. A very satisfactory aspect of this recruiting is that all three are young and well-qualified dental surgeons from whom I hope we shall get many years of service. In addition, Mr. Kershaw continued to devote 2 sessions per week and the school holidays to the Aughton Clinic."

No. of children inspected	...	5,967
No. found to require treatment	...	4,923
No. offered treatment	...	4,398
No. treated	...	2,203
Total attendances	...	6,055
Extractions - temporary	...	2,007
permanent	...	795
General anaesthetics	...	760
Fillings - temporary	...	194
permanent	...	5,069
Other operations - temporary	...	105
permanent	...	1,794

REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

HOUSING STATISTICS

Number of dwelling houses in the district ... 18,418
 Number of back-to-back houses included in above ... 4

Houses in Clearance Areas and Individual Unfit Houses

Number of houses included in Representations made during the year:-

(a) Clearance areas ... 6
 (b) Individual Unfit Houses ... 10

Houses Demolished

In Clearance Areas:-	Houses Demolished	Displaced during Year	Families
----------------------	-------------------	-----------------------	----------

Houses unfit for human habitation	5	-	-
-----------------------------------	---	---	---

Not in Clearance Areas:-

As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17 (1) Housing Act, 1957.

19	26	10
----	----	----

Local Authority owned houses certified unfit.

-	-	-
---	---	---

Unfit Houses Closed:-

Under Sections 16 (4), 17 (1) and 35 (1), Housing Act, 1957.

2	6	2
---	---	---

Parts of Buildings Closed under Section 18, Housing Act, 1957.

-	-	-
---	---	---

Unfit Houses made fit and Houses in which defects were remedied:-

	By Owner	By Local Authority
After Informal action by Local Authority.	200	-
After Formal notice under:-		
Public Health Acts.	155	63
Sections 9 and 16 Housing Act, 1957.	3	8

New Houses

Number of new houses completed during the year:-

By Local Authority ... 106
 By Private Enterprise ... 358

Overcrowding

Number of dwellings known to be overcrowded at end of year	...	10
Number of families dwelling therein	...	17
Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during year	...	4
Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during year by Local Authority	...	Nil

Slum Clearance

The following statement indicates the progress made since 1951 in the rehousing of families living in slum clearance property:-

Action taken resulting in rehousing

	<u>1951/54</u>	<u>1955</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>1960</u>	<u>1961</u>	<u>1962</u>
Demolition Orders	28	8	9	11	13	70	34	20	10
Closing Orders	6	-	1	1	5	3	3	3	2
Undertakings	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clearance Areas	5	54	10	11	6	4	27	1	-
Unfit Houses owned by the Council	-	-	2	12	4	2	-	-	-

12 families living in unfit houses were rehoused by the Council during the year and there are now 9 families awaiting rehousing under the official and extended Slum Clearance Programme.

One clearance area containing 6 houses was confirmed during the year.

Grants for conversion or improvement of housing accommodation

32 applications were received for grants for conversion or improvement of housing accommodation, all of which were approved. In 34 cases, works of improvement were completed during the year.

RENT ACT, 1957

Only one application was received for a Certificate of Disrepair and the applicant was issued a Certificate in August, 1962.

NUISANCES

Nuisances outstanding at end of 1961	...	259
Nuisances found in 1962	...	399
Total requiring abatement	...	658
Total abated during 1962	...	487
Number of nuisances outstanding at end of 1962	...	171
Informal notices served	...	224
Informal notices complied with	...	315
Statutory notices served	...	175
Statutory notices complied with	...	172

GALE DAMAGE

The gale which swept South Yorkshire in February caused an enormous amount of damage to property.

In this district more than 3,000 council houses were damaged and probably a larger number of private houses were affected.

The building resources in the area were stretched to the limit in carrying out, in the first instance, repairs of a temporary nature. In certain cases, damage was so severe that temporary repairs were not effective in making the houses reasonably weatherproof.

The assistance of the Public Health Department was sought by occupiers and in the most urgent cases it was decided to take action under the provisions of Section 26 of the Public Health Act, 1961.

The following is a summary of the action taken:-

Number of Statutory Notices served	...	...	...	...	140
Number of houses repaired by Local Authority following service of notice	...	...	...	...	51
Number of houses repaired by owners following notice	...	...	...	...	88
Total number of houses repaired	...	...	...	...	139
(One house became vacant under operative Demolition Order)					

The total cost of carrying out the repairs by the Local Authority amounted to £668. 16s. 2d.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

Number of houses connected to sewers	...	...	...	...	17,962
Number of houses with unsatisfactory drainage	...	...	...	...	66
Number of houses with satisfactory private drainage	...	...	...	...	390

Treeton (Mill House) Pumping Station and sewer extension works at Northfield Lane, Wickersley, were completed during the year.

The construction of new sewage disposal works at Slade Hooton; Stage 1 of Swallownest Sewage Disposal Scheme and Fence Pumping Station are in progress.

Many of the sewage treatment plants are overloaded due to housing development and the following schemes are awaiting approval or are in the course of preparation:-

Stages 11 and 111 Swallownest Sewage Disposal Scheme;
Ravenfield Sewage Disposal Scheme;
Ulley Pumping Station;
Catcliffe, Treeton, Brinsworth and Whiston Sewage Disposal Scheme; and
Bramley/Maltby Joint Sewage Disposal Works.

12 privy conversions were carried out during the year; 10 of these were in the unsewered outlying parts of Brampton Bierlow and Wentworth parishes and it was necessary to provide cesspools for the drainage of the premises.

99.31% of the houses in the area are now on the water-carriage system.

A cesspool emptying service is operated by the Public Health Department. Three Dennis cesspool emptying vehicles are maintained for this purpose and two of the vehicles are employed full time.

In outlying parts of the district which are not sewered, there are 335 houses drained to 252 cesspools. (In some cases two or more houses are drained to one cesspool). There is a tendency towards an increase in the number of cesspools in the district due to the building of private houses in unsewered parts of the area.

A minimum storage capacity of 1,400 gallons per house is specified for each cesspool which enables a fortnightly emptying service to be maintained throughout the year.

WATER SUPPLY

As from 1st April, 1962, Sheffield Corporation took over from Rotherham Rural District Council the duties of water undertakers; they also took over similar duties from Wath-upon-Dearne Urban District Council and are now responsible for the supply and distribution of water in all of the 15 parishes in the southern part of the district together with the larger part of the parish of Brampton Bierlow in the northern section of the district.

Fringe supplies are obtained from Rotherham Corporation for part of the parish of Whiston and from Doncaster and District Water Board for Hooton Roberts and Laughton.

Earl Fitzwilliam's Wentworth Estates Company distributes water in the parish of Wentworth and the south west part of Brampton Bierlow parish. Water is bought in bulk from Sheffield Corporation and is supplemented by the Dearne Valley Water Supply.

The following water sample results indicate the chemical composition of water supplied in the area:-

- Sample No. 1. - Doncaster & District Water Board
(Taken at Hooton Roberts)
- Sample No. 2. - Sheffield/Dearne Valley Water Supply
(Taken at Wentworth)
- Sample No. 3. - Sheffield Corporation
(Taken at Swallownest)

<u>Physical Character</u>	<u>Samples</u>		
	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>No. 3</u>
Suspended matter	None	Faint trace	Faint trace
Appearance of column 2 feet long	Clear: yellowish	Clear: yellowish	Clear: yellowish
Taste	Normal	Normal	Normal
Odour	None	None	None
<u>Chemical Examination</u>	<u>Parts per Million</u>		
Total solid dried at 180°C.	78.0	85.0	92.0
Chlorides in terms of chlorine	11.0	11.0	10.5
Equivalent of Sodium chloride	18.1	18.1	17.3
Nitrates	None	None	None
Nitrates as Nitrogen	0.48	0.36	0.32
Poisonous Metals (lead, etc.)	None	None	None
Total Hardness	44.0	42.0	38.0
Temporary Hardness	10.0	9.0	10.0
Permanent Hardness	34.0	33.0	28.0
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hrs. at 80°F.	1.48	1.40	1.16
Ammoniacal Nitrogen	0.022	0.024	0.026
Albuminoid Nitrogen	0.088	0.064	0.056
Free Chlorine	0.02	0.02	None
pH Value	7.8	8.1	7.5

Although there has been a general improvement in the sufficiency of the water supply in the district the position at Laughton and Brinsworth remains unsatisfactory where there is a shortage at peak periods. A constant supply of water was restored at the two houses in Brampton Bierlow parish where an acute shortage was reported in 1961.

Water samples are submitted regularly for bacteriological examination and the reports indicated that the quality of the water is satisfactory.

Water samples are examined periodically for plumbo-solvency and all samples examined during the year were found to be satisfactory.

The tenants of the following houses obtain their water supply from stand pipes which are on public water mains, there being no supply pipes into the houses:-

Bungalow, Mansfield Road, Aston.

Howarth Hall Lodge, Whiston.

The following houses have private water supplies:-

The Danes, Dalton Parva. Spring Supply.

Spa Farm, Treeton. Spring Supply.

Spa Farm Cottages, Treeton. Spring Supply.

(2 houses)

Howarth Hall, Whiston. Spring Supply.

Howarth Hall Cottages, Whiston. Spring Supply.

No. 2 Moat Lane, Wickersley. Well Supply.

The quality of the water from the Spring supplies of three of the houses is satisfactory.

The water supply to the remaining four houses is not satisfactory. Three of these houses are on sites remote from the public supply and the fourth is a wooden bungalow, owned and occupied by an aged couple, and will eventually be demolished.

TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS

In this district, the law relating to the control of caravans, contained in the Public Health Act, 1936, is superseded by the Rotherham Rural District Act, 1931.

This local Act makes it illegal for anyone to occupy a tent, van, shed or similar structure without obtaining the prior approval of the Council, the effect of which is to make it possible to exercise a greater measure of control over this type of dwelling.

All applications for permission to occupy caravans in the area are considered by the Public Health Committee and, where circumstances warrant it, permission is granted for specific periods and extended permission is granted as circumstances require.

43 applications were received during the year; 35 of the applicants were granted permission to occupy caravans in the area for periods varying from three to six months and 8 applications were refused.

32 applications were received for extended permission from persons living in caravans in the area; all applications were granted.

On 31st December, 1962, there were 60 caravans sited in the area compared with 15 on 31st December, 1961.

Permission was granted to establish a caravan site in Thrybergh parish for a period of three years for the use of work people engaged on site development works for Parkgate Iron & Steel Company, Ltd. Although the site is large enough to accommodate 65 caravans, there were only 35 caravans on the site at the end of the year.

The site was visited regularly during the year and in December, 1962, it was found necessary to make representations regarding certain unsatisfactory features. It was noted that the toilets and ablution room were not being maintained in a satisfactory condition. There was delay in completing the shower bath compartments. Hot water had not been provided and arrangements for the disposal of domestic waste water from some of the caravans was not satisfactory. There was a noticeable improvement in these conditions following a meeting between representatives of the development company and members of the Public Health Committee.

Permission was granted to establish another caravan site in the area for the use of employees engaged on development works in connection with British Railway's Tinsley Marshalling Yard but it was later decided not to proceed with the proposal.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937 and 1948

Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health:-

<u>Premises</u>	<u>Number on Register</u>	<u>Number of Inspts.</u>	<u>Written Notices</u>	<u>Occupiers Prosecuted</u>
1. Factories in which Secs. 1,2,3,4 & 6, are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	13	9	-	-
2. Factories not included in (1) in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	97	96	10	-
3. Other premises in which Sec. 7 is enforced by Local Authority (Excluding Outworkers' premises).	41	17	-	-

Cases in which defects were found:-

<u>Premises</u>	<u>Found</u>	<u>Remedied</u>	<u>Referred to:</u>		<u>Number of</u>
			<u>To.H.M. Inspector</u>	<u>By H.M. Inspector</u>	<u>cases in which prosecutions were instituted</u>
Want of cleanliness	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary conveniences:-					
a. Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
b. Unsuitable or defective	10	9	-	1	-
c. Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
	10	9	-	1	-

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION

This Council is a constituent Member of the Sheffield & District Clean Air Committee but the administration of the Clean Air Act, 1956, (Smoke Control Areas) is the responsibility of the Council.

This district is on the South Yorkshire coalfield and at least 80% of the families are associated with the mining industry.

The question of forming Smoke Control Areas received further consideration and at a meeting held in December 1962, it was decided to carry out a preliminary survey of the whole area.

RODENT CONTROL

One full-time Rodent Operative is employed in the department.

The following premises were treated for infestations during the year:-

	Local Authority Premises	Dwelling Houses	Business Premises
Rat infestations:-			
Major	9	-	-
Minor	27	498	7
Mice infestations:-			
Major	-	-	-
Minor	-	54	6
Totals -	36	552	13

The cost of treating business premises was recovered from the occupiers of the premises on a labour/material/establishment charge basis.

The work done by private contractors at farms in the area continues to be effective in the control of infestations and satisfactory liaison exists between these contractors and the Public Health Department.

In no case was it found necessary to take formal action during the year.

Two sewer maintenance treatments were carried out during the year.

REGISTRATION OF HAIRDRESSERS AND BARBERS

By the adoption of Section 120 of the West Riding County Council (General Powers) Act, 1951 and Bye-laws thereunder the registration of Hairdressers and Barbers became compulsory.

66 visits were made to premises during the year and 36 premises were registered. The standard of hygiene in all premises visited was found to be satisfactory and consequently in no case was it found necessary to take any action.

AGRICULTURE (SAFETY, HEALTH & WELFARE PROVISIONS) ACT, 1956

132 visits were made to farms under the provisions of the above Act. As a result of these visits it has been found that there is little effort on the part of farmers to provide reasonably sanitary facilities for seasonal workers. It was necessary to serve 41 informal notices.

SUPERVISION OF FOOD SUPPLY

Milk Supply

During 1962, 219 samples of milk were taken compared with 206 samples taken in 1961.

Whenever samples of Tuberculin Tested Milk are reported as being unsatisfactory, the results are forwarded to the Milk Production Officer for such action as he may consider necessary.

The following table gives a summary of milk sample results:-

	<u>Satisfactory</u>	<u>Unsatisfactory</u>
Tuberculin Tested (Past.)	72	1
Pasteurised	73	2
Sterilised	39	Nil
Tuberculin Tested (Raw)	26	6

SLAUGHTERING FACILITIES

1st January, 1962, was the day appointed by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries & Food for the construction regulations to apply to all slaughterhouses in the area.

Three slaughterhouses were improved so as to comply with all regulations by that date and were licensed. Works of improvement on a fourth slaughterhouse were carried out during the year and the owner applied for a licence in December, 1962, which was granted.

There are, therefore, four licensed slaughterhouses in use in the area.

MEAT INSPECTION

I hereunder submit statistical data relating to the meat inspection service for the year ended 31st December, 1962:-

Carcases and Offal Inspected and Condemned in Whole or in Part

	<u>Cattle</u> <u>Excluding</u> <u>Cows</u>	<u>Cows</u>	<u>Calves</u>	<u>Sheep</u> <u>and</u> <u>Lambs</u>	<u>Pigs</u>	<u>Horses</u>
Number killed	631	4	Nil	1,306	638	-
Number inspected	631	4	Nil	1,306	638	-

All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticercosis

Whole carcasses
condemned

Carcases of which
some part or organ
was condemned

Percentage of the
number inspected

affected with disease
other than tuberculosis
and cysticercosis

109

1

5

13

17.29

25.0

0.38

2.03

Tuberculosis Only

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	1	-
Percentage of the number affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	0.15	-

Cysticercosis

Carcase of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

The following organs were condemned as being unfit for human consumption:-

TuberculosisPigs

1 Set intestines and stomach.

Other DiseasesBeasts

1 Liver	-	Telangiectasis
30 Livers	-	Distomatosis
52 Part Livers	-	Distomatosis
19 Livers	-	Abscesses
1 Part Liver	-	Bacillary Necrosis
11 Lungs	-	Abscess
1 Lungs	-	Pneumonia
1 Spleen	-	Peritonitis
1 Kidney	-	Nephritis
8 lbs. Beef	-	Bruising
20 lbs. Kidney Fat	-	Necrosis
1 Heart	-	Epicarditis

Sheep

Part Carcasses 72 lbs. - Extensive bruising.

Pigs

1 Liver	-	Parasitic
12 Hearts	-	Pericarditis
2 Hocks	-	Bruising

No case of Cysticercus Bovis was found during 1962.

The treatment of *Cysticercus Bovis* carcasses is carried out at the Rotherham Municipal Market by arrangement with Rotherham Corporation. Carcasses are delivered for refrigeration treatment and returned to the owners on production of a letter from the Chief Public Health Inspector, addressed to the Market Superintendent, authorising release.

The disposal of condemned meat is by burying in the case of small quantities; carcasses are sent to knackers' yards for processing, after being coloured with naphthalene green G.S. dye, a supply of which is kept at each slaughterhouse and each district inspector carries a container spray.

All condemned meat is coloured with the dye after the owner has signed a certificate of surrender.

The slaughter of Animals Register contains the names and addresses of 42 licensed slaughtermen:-

13 are licensed for the slaughter of pigs only.

29 are licensed to slaughter all animals except horses.

The Cash Captive Bolt is the instrument in general use for the stunning of animals.

Unfit Food

The following quantities of foodstuffs were found to be unfit for human consumption and voluntarily surrendered by the owners:-

<u>Canned Foods</u>	<u>Cans</u>	<u>Weights</u>	
Boiled Ham	27	222 lbs.	9 ozs.
Meat	34	116 lbs.	2 ozs.
Fruit	232	1,217 lbs.	- ozs.
Tomatoes	37	35 lbs.	10 ozs.
Green French Beans	5	21 lbs.	12 ozs.
Beans	6	10 lbs.	11 ozs.
Peas	8	31 lbs.	14 ozs.
Frozen Eggs	8	224 lbs.	- ozs.
Fish	3		11 ozs.
Cream	2		12 ozs.
Soup	1	1 lb.	- ozs.
Steak and Kidney Pudding	1	1 lb.	- ozs.
Macaroni	3	1 lb.	8 ozs.
Chicken	1		5 ozs.
Beetroot	8	7 lbs.	11 ozs.
Rice Pudding	5	2 lbs.	15 1/2 ozs.
Tomato Juice	2	15 lbs.	6 ozs.
Mincemeat	1	28 lbs.	- ozs.

Other Foods

Yeast	28 lbs.	- ozs.
Cheese	9 lbs.	8 ozs.
Milk Powder	43 lbs.	- ozs.
Fresh Cream	1 gallon	

ICE-CREAM PREMISES

There are 145 premises in the area registered for the sale and storage of ice-cream and one shop registered for the manufacture, storage and sale of ice-cream.

136 visits were made to registered premises during the year and in all cases the premises were found to be satisfactory.

179 samples of ice-cream were taken during the year and the results were as follows:-

Samples classified in Provisional Grade 1	...	...	161
" " " " " 2	...	...	4
" " " " " 3	...	...	9
" " " " " 4	...	...	5

Retailers are notified of all sample results and unsatisfactory results are sent to the manufacturers and to the local authority in whose area the ice-cream is manufactured. were

All samples classified in Provisional Grade 3 and 4 of loose or unwrapped ice-cream. One of the supplies giving most cause for concern was produced in Sheffield and the facts were reported to the Corporation for investigation. As a result of action taken, subsequent samples taken towards the end of the year were satisfactory.

In addition to this action, attendants on vehicles known to be selling unwrapped ice-cream were kept under observation for any infringement of the Food Hygiene Regulations.

SUPERVISION OF FOOD PREMISES

The following is a classified list of food premises in the area:-

Grocers and General Dealers	...	...	...	184
Hotels and licensed Premises	...	...	...	51
Butchers' Shops	...	...	...	44
Fish Frying Premises	...	...	...	32
Canteen Premises	...	...	...	34
Bakehouses	...	...	...	6
Registered Food Preparation Premises	...	...	...	32
Slaughterhouses	...	...	...	10
Chemists' Shops	...	...	...	10
Cafes	...	...	...	3

In connection with duties under the Food Hygiene Regulations, 429 visits were made to food premises and mobile shops. As a result of these visits, 71 informal notices were addressed to the occupiers of premises and proprietors of mobile shops.

No application was received for a Certificate of Exemption under Regulation 31 of the Food Hygiene Regulations.

In connection with Regulations 15, 16 and 19, of the Food Hygiene Regulations, all occupiers of food premises, whether self-contained shops or house shops, are required to provide separate fixed wash basins and sinks with a constant supply of hot and cold water from taps over the sinks. The washing facilities (personal and equipment) are required to be sited in convenient positions on the premises having regard to the purposes for which they are required.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

The Chief Public Health Inspector is also Cleansing Superintendent and is responsible for the operation of the refuse collection and cesspool emptying services of the Council.

The public cleansing fleet consists of:-

- 7 Dennis (10 cubic yard) side loading refuse vehicles.
- 1 Dennis Diesel (16 cubic yard) vehicle, fitted with Shefflex Fore and Aft tipping body.
- 1 Dennis (12 cubic yard) vehicle fitted with Shefflex Fore and Aft tipping body.
- 1 Dennis Paxit 111 continuous loading refuse vehicle.

- 1 Dennis vehicle converted for the carrying of covering material for use on tips.
- 3 Dennis cesspool emptying vehicles.
- 1 Chaseside mechanical shovel.
- 1 Land Rover for use of mechanics.

The 15 parishes in the southern part of the district are divided into 8 collection areas and each vehicle is manned with a driver and 2 loaders; additional labour being directed to districts according to seasonal requirements.

Generally, a weekly collection is maintained throughout the district, but during holidays, (particularly statutory holidays), the interval of collection extends to 10 days until the position is restored with the assistance of spare vehicles and labour.

The regularity of the collection is undoubtedly due to the refuse collection bonus scheme which continues to work satisfactorily.

The collection and disposal of refuse in the northern parishes of Brampton Bierlow and Wentworth is carried out by contract.

The Council operate a scheme for the supply of all dustbins in the area for the storage of house refuse. Under this scheme, the following bins were supplied during 1962:-

Dustbins supplied to new private houses	...	...	376
Replacement dustbins to private houses	...	...	494
Dustbins supplied to new Council houses	...	...	98
Replacement dustbins supplied to Council houses	...	...	223
Private sales	...	...	14
A total of 1,205 dustbins were issued at a cost of £2,525. 16s. 9d.			

All refuse is disposed of by controlled tipping at 5 refuse tips in the area.

Operational Statistics

Total amount of refuse collected and disposed of	...	21,755 tons
Number of premises from which refuse was collected	...	18,979 premises
Average haul by vehicles to disposal point	...	2½ miles.

CLINICS HELD IN ROTHERHAM RURAL DISTRICT

INFANT WELFARE CLINICS: (June 1963)

<u>Clinic</u>	<u>Day and Time</u>	<u>Doctor Attending</u>
BRINSWORTH, Brinsworth Lane.	Monday afternoons and all day Thursdays	M. E. O'Neill
CATCLIFFE, Community Hall, Old School Lane.	Alternate Tuesday afternoons.	P. C. Griffiths
CORTONWOOD, Methodist Church Hall, Chapel Avenue.	Thursday afternoons.	M. S. Scott
DALTON, Nursery Hut, Doncaster Road.	Tuesdays a.m.(alt. HV) Tuesday afternoons	M. L. Dibb
SWALLOWNEST, Hengist Hut, Rotherham Road.	Thursdays, 10a.m. to 4.30 p.m.	P. C. Menneer (p.m. only)
TREETON, Reading Room, Front Street.	Alternate Tuesday afternoons.	P.C. Griffiths
THURCROFT, Methodist Church Hall, Woodhouse Green.	Mondays 10 a.m. to 4.30 p.m.	H. M. Lyle
WHISTON, Community Hall, Well Lane.	Thursday afternoons	M. T. Jago
WICKERSLEY, Sycamore Avenue.	Alt. Wednesdays a.m. (HV) Wednesdays p.m.	A. F. Oakley

ANTE-NATAL CLINICS

BRINSWORTH Brinsworth Lane.	Alternate Wednesday afternoons.	M. E. O'Neill
CORTONWOOD, Methodist Church Hall.	Alternate Wednesday afternoons.	U. Gray
DALTON, Nursery Hut.	Wednesday afternoons	R. E. Price
SWALLOWNEST, Hengist Hut.	Wednesday afternoons	J. S. Gregory A. Gibbons
*Relaxation Class	Alt. Tuesday afternoons.	
THURCROFT, Methodist Church Hall.	1st and 3rd Wednesday afternoons in month.	J. O'Hara
WICKERSLEY, Sycamore Avenue.	Tuesday and Thursday afternoons.	J. Mulroy H. Walker

MOBILE CLINIC (Visits this area on alternate weeks)

<u>District</u>	<u>Day and Time</u>	<u>Parking Place</u>
LAUGHTON COMMON	Tuesday 9.30 a.m.	Mission Hall
HELLABY	Wednesday 9.30 a.m.	Bateman Road
RAVENFIELD COMMON	Wednesday 11 a.m.	Opposite No. 23 Braithwell Road.
WENTWORTH	Wednesday 2 p.m.	Square in front of George & Dragon
HARLEY	Wednesday 3 p.m.	The Square, Harley

*SCHOOL CLINICS - Doctors' Sessions

<u>Clinic</u>	<u>Day and Time</u>	<u>Doctor Attending</u>
BRINSWORTH, Brinsworth Lane	second Wednesday morning in month	M. E. O'Neill
CORTONWOOD, Methodist Church Hall	Quarterly - Fourth Thursday morning	-
DALTON, Nursery Hut	First Wednesday morning in month	-
SWALLOWNEST, Hengist Hut	Second Wednesday morning in month	-
THURCROFT, School Medical Room	First Tuesday morning in month	M. J. Hallinan
WICKERSLEY, Sycamore Avenue.	2nd Tuesday morning in month	M. J. Hallinan

*The above clinics are held when there
is a sufficient number of cases to
warrant a full session.

MIDWIVES, HOME NURSES AND HEALTH VISITORS

(Rotherham Rural District)

Names and Addresses:

Telephone Numbers

Divisional Nursing Officer

Mrs. A. Brooks,
48 Furniss Avenue, Dore, Sheffield.

Sheffield 360665

Midwives:

Mrs. M. J. Bowers, 231 Rotherham Road, Maltby.

Maltby 2789

Mrs. N. Butterfield, 7 Green Lane, Wickersley.

Wickersley 2177

Mrs. F. E. Daniels, 15 Parkstone Cres., Hellaby.

Wickersley 2105

Mrs. M. A. Hardy, 109 Bawtry Road, Brinsworth.

-

Miss M. Hassall, 6 Green Lane, Aston.

Aston Common 589

Mrs. C. King, 76 Vale Road, Thrybergh.

Thrybergh 295

Mrs. C. Mynett, Muglet Lane, Maltby.

Maltby 2569

Mrs. E. Perkins, 7 Oldgate Lane, Dalton.

Thrybergh 292

Mrs. E. Sawyer, "Littlehoos", Brampton Road,
Thurcroft.

Wickersley 3116

Mrs. H. Tyers, 27 Black Hill Road, Rotherham.

Wickersley 2585

Mrs. W. H. Wildsmith, 36 Garden Drive,

Brampton Bierlow.

Wombwell 3064

Home Nurses:

Mrs. J. Bladen, 42 Westfield Road, Brampton
Bierlow.

Wombwell 3035

Mrs. K. Hale, 20 Parkstone Crescent, Hellaby.

Wickersley 2591

Mrs. M. Hardy, 33 Broom Riddings, Greasborough,
Rotherham.

Rotherham 3443

Mrs. G. D. Lines, 18 Plane Drive, Bramley.

Wickersley 2316

Miss B. Palmer, 33 First Avenue, East Dene,

Rotherham.

Rotherham 78442

Mrs. M. Parker, 23 Bawtry Road, Brinsworth.

Rotherham 5700

Mrs. M. E. Parkin, 162 Rotherham Road, Maltby.

Maltby 2319

Mrs. A. Roberts, 3 Rowena Drive, Thurcroft.

Wickersley 3297

Mrs. M. Stokes, 20 Nursery Road, Swallownest.

Aston Common 456

Mrs. J. Tordoff, 62 Bent Lathes Avenue, Rotherham.

Rotherham 5608

Mrs. H. M. Trimble, 2 Bellscroft Avenue, Thrybergh.

Thrybergh 434

Mrs. E. Walker, 51 Doncaster Road, Dalton.

Thrybergh 546

Health Visitors:

<u>Names and Addresses</u>	<u>Telephone Numbers</u>
Miss J. M. Bateman, 76 Gerard Road, Rotherham	-
Miss J. Cheetham, 31 Storth Lane, Wales.	Kiveton 239
Miss A. Lawler, 16 Bramwell Street, Sheffield.	Sheffield 24993
Miss M. M. P. Lynott, 134 Broom Road, Rotherham.	-
Miss M. K. Moloney, 13 Brocklehurst Avenue, Sheffield, 8.	Sheffield 46532
Mrs. L.W. Roberts, 75 Laughton Road, Thurgroft.	Wickersley 2586
Mrs. M. Shaw, 28 Cotswold Crescent, Whiston.	Rotherham 77945
Mrs. H. B. Stockwell, 39 Brampton Road, Thurgroft.	Wickersley 2101
Mrs. M. F. E. Thorpe, 39 Whitehill Lane, Brinsworth.	-

Assistant Health Visitors:

Mrs. V. M. Hopkinson, 49 St. John's Road, Rotherham.	-
Mrs. M. E. Steed, 53 Hall Road, Rotherham.	-

Part-time Assistant Health Visitors:

Mrs. N. Priestley, 23 Woodall Lane, Harthill.	-
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