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A C 4611(3) ROCHTEBRARY

ROCHFORD RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF
HEALTH

(W. J. MOFFAT, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.)

FOR

1948

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Public Health Offices,
Council Offices,
Rochford.

July, 1949.

To the Chairman and Members of the Rochford Rural District Council.

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present for your consideration the Annual Report for 1948 on the health and sanitary conditions of the Rochford Rural District.

During the whole of the period under review in this report my predecessor, Dr. J. F. Macdonald, was in office and the work of compiling the report was undertaken by him, assisted by Mr. Jepson, Chief Sanitary Inspector, although, when submitting to you his Annual Report for 1947, Dr. Macdonald had indicated that that would be his final report.

On Dr. Macdonald's behalf I would like to express appreciation to the staff of the Council for their willing assistance and to thank the Council for their consideration.

I am,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

W. J. MOFFAT.

STAFF

S. C. HARRIS, Clerk to the Council.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer of Health: John F. Macdonald, M.D., D.P.H., Barrister at Law (also Medical Officer of Health for the Rural Districts of Chelmsford and Maldon) (until 19th June, 1949). W. J. Moffat, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., (also Area Medical Officer and Divisional School Medical Officer South East Essex, Essex County Council) (from 20th June, 1949).

SANITARY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT.

Chief Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods and Petroleum Inspector: H. Jepson, M.S.I.A.

Clerk and Typist: Miss P. M. Ferguson.

Temporary General Assistant: D. G. Stripp.

ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.

Engineer and Surveyor and Town Planning Officer: A. N. Box M.Inst.M.Cy.E., A.M.T.P.I., M.R.San.I.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Area (acres)	36,080 (land and inland waters)
Resident Population mid. 1948	Registrar General)
1931 census population (post County review)	13,969 (6,864 males, 7,105 females)
Number of inhabited houses at 1931 census (post County review)	
Estimated number of houses at the end of 1948	
The Rateable value of the District for the half-year ended 31st Marcn, 1948, was	
Product of a penny rate, year ended 31st March, 1948	

Social Conditions. A large proportion of the adult population is engaged in agriculture, and owing to the railway facilities an increasing number of people engaged in business in Greater London reside in the district.

The brick making industry is resuming its pre-war activity

Consideration is being given to the question of the establishment of light industry within the District.

The industries carried on in the district cannot be said to be detrimental to the health of those engaged therein.

Extracts from vital statistics of the year.

	Total	Male	Female					
Live Legitimate	317	182	135	Birth-rate per 1,000 of	the			
Births Illegitimate	13	6	7	estimated civilian po	pula-			
				tion—17.8				
Still \(\int \Legitimate \)	4	2	2	Rate per 1,000 total	(live			
Births Illegitimate		-	-	and still) births 12.1				
Deaths	218	114	104	Death-rate per 1,000	of of			
				the estimated civilian ulation 11.8	pop-			
Doothe from Puerr	oral ar	d Dog	t aborti		Nil			
Deaths from Puerp								
" " Other	mater	nal ca	uses .		Nil			
Number of deaths of infants under 1 year of age :-								
Males 2 (Illegitin	Males 2 (Illegitimate Nil), Females 3 (Illegitimate Nil) Total 5							
Deaths of infants u	nder 1	year	of age :-					
Legitimate infa	nts per	r 1,000	legitim	nate live births	16			
Illegitimate ,,					Nil			
			total		16			
Death from Measles					Nil			
					Nil			
			all ages)					
				f age)	Nil			
" " Cancer	(all ag	ges)			41			
		Maria Maria						

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF BIRTH AND DEATH RATES DURING THE YEAR 1948.

		per 1,000 n population	Deaths under one year per 1,000
	Live Births	Deaths from all causes	
England and Wales	17.9*	10.8*	34**
126 County Boroughs and Great Towns including London	20.0	11.6	39
148 Smaller Towns with estimated resident population of from 25,000 to 50,000 (1931 Census)	19.2	10.7	82
Rochford Rural District	17.8	11.8	16

^{*}Provisional.

^{**}Rate per 1,000 related births.

The following table, compiled from figures supplied by the Registrar General, classifies the deaths according to cause and sex. The classification is given under the new abridged list of causes of death, as used in England and Wales, contained in the Manual of the International List of causes of Death—

Causes of Death	Males	Females	Totals
Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fever	-		-
Measles	-	_	_
Scarlet Fever	_	_	-
Whooping Cough	_	-	-
Diphtheria	-	_	_
Influenza	_	_	_
Acute Inf. Encephalitis	_	-	-
Cerebro Spinal Fever	_	_	_
Acute Poliomyelitis and Polioencephalitis	_	_	_
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	7	3	10
Other Tuberculous Diseases	1	-	1
Syphilitic Diseases	_	3	3
Cancer	28	18	41
Diabetes	_	2	2
Intra Cranial vascular lesions	10	14	24
Heart Disease	41	37	78
Other Circulatory Diseases	3	6	9
Bronchitis	2	4	6
Pneumonia (all forms)	6	3	9
Other Respiratory Diseases	1	2	3
Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum	1	1	2
Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	_	_	_
Appendicitis	1	_	1
Other Digestive Diseases	1		1
Nephritis	5	1	6
Puerperal and Post abortive sepsis	_	_	_
Other Maternal causes	_	_	_
Malformation, etc	_	2	2
Premature Birth		1	1
Suicide		_	
Road traffic accidents	9	_	2
Other violent causes	2 2	_	2
All other causes	8	7	15
THE OUTER COURSES			
	774	104	218
TOTALS	114	104	210

NUMBER OF DEATHS AT VARIOUS AGES.

	Occurring in district	Of non- residents occurring in district	Of residents occurring outside district	Allotted to district
State of the state of	and a little and a		Stran Mann	
Under 1 year	 41	38	2	5
1 and under 2	 		1	1
2 ,, ,, 5 5 ,, ,, 15 15 ,, ,, 25	 1	1	3	3
5 ,, ,, 15	 3	1 2	-	1
15 ,, ,, 25	 9	9	- Carri	
25 ,, ,, 35	 19	. 15	3	7
35 ,, ,, 45	 23	20	3	6
45 ,, ,, 55	 46	37	1	10
55 ,, ,, 65	 139	108	5	36
65 ,, ,, 75	 225	170	7	62
75 and upwards	 364	281	4	87
Totals	 870	681	29	218

The large proportion of deaths of non-residents is accounted for by there being a large institution and a hospital formerly belonging to another local authority situated in Rochford.

The natural increase in the population, namely, the excess of the number of births over the number of deaths, is shown in the following tabular statement for the years 1938-48.

During	1938	there were	218	births a	nd 183	deaths,	giving	a natural	increase	of 35
,,	1939	,,	251	,,	183	**	"	"	"	68
22	1940	"	215	"	220	1)	"	"	decrease	of 5
**	1941	,,	238	,,	205	"	,,	,,	increase	of 33
"	1942	,,	249	,,,	220	"	"	"	"	29
**	1943	"	280	"	209	"	,,	"	**	71
**	1944	,,	275	"	191	**	27	"	**	84
99	1945	"	264	**	220	**	**	,,	,,	44
"	1946	"	317	,,	245	,,	,,	,,	"	72
99	1947	",	380	"	255	"	,,	,,	,,,	125
27	1948	1)	330	***	218		**	1)	,,	112

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

The district Council consists of 22 elected members who meet monthly. (After the 1949 election the Council will consist of 30 members).

The following Committees deal directly or indirectly with health matters :-

> Public Health Housing Town Planning and Plans Plans Sub-Committee Finance Sewerage Pleasure Grounds

General Purposes Fire Brigade

Rating and Valuation

The Council is represented on the-

South-East Essex Health Area Sub-Committee South Eastern A.R.P. Area Committee South-East Essex Superannuation Joint Committee South-Eastern Essex Assessment Committee South-Eastern Area Guardians Committee Rural District Council's Association (Essex Branch) Rochford Library Sub-Committee National Savings Committee South-East Essex Divisional Executive (Education) East Central Essex Area Planning Sub-Committee. Southend Local Employment Committee. Rochford Council and Staff Joint Committee Rochford District Road Safety Organisation Joint Advisory Committee on Rural Housing

Reports of the Committees are sent out to all members before each Council Meeting.

The Minutes of the Council are circulated.

Since the 5th July, 1948, in accordance with the National Health Service Act, the services are as follows:—

Hospitals.

These are now vested in the North Eastern Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board. Similar facilities to those outlined in the 1947 report were available to residents of the District.

Ambulance Facilities.

These are now provided by the Essex County Council, who are the Local Health Authority. Arrangements were on similar lines to those prevailing in 1947 and previous years.

Professional Nursing in the Home.

There are 6 home nurse-midwives practising in the area under the supervision of the Essex County Council, as the Local Health Authority.

Registered Nursing Homes.

There are none in the district.

Laboratory Facilities.

These are provided by the Essex County Council and the Public Health Laboratory Service under the control of the Medical Research Council. Bacteriological laboratories were available at St. Andrew's Hospital, Billericay and at Balmoral Isolation Hospital, Southend-on-Sea.

Facilities for the examination of foodstuffs, including ice cream, water supplies and sewage effluents were available at the Counties Public Health Laboratories, 66, Victoria Street, London, S.W.1.

Clinics.

A list of those in the district, or serving the district, is given in the table on page 9.

National Assistance Act, 1948.

No action was required to be taken under Section 47 of the above Act from 5th July when the Act came into force, until the end of the year.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES (All provided by the County Council).

Maternity and Child Welfare Centres.

Centre	Address	Sessions (Monthly)	M.O. in attendance
Hullbridge Rochford	Free Church Hall Rocheway, Rochford	2nd Monday 2 p.m Mondays 2 p.m	Yes Yes Attends 2nd, 4th and 5th Mondays
Rochford (ante natal Clinic)	Rocheway, Rochford	2nd and 4th Friday afternoons 1.30 p.m.	Yes
Great Wakering	Village Hall	2nd and 4th Thursday afternoons 2 p.m.	Yes
Great Wakering (ante natal	Village Hall	1st Thursday 2 p.m	Yes
Foulness	The Hut	3rd Wednesday 2 p.m. (ante natal patients seen prior to Child Wolfare Clinic)	× ×
Canewdon (Weighing Centre) Hockley	Village Hall Methodist Hall	2nd Wednesday 2 p.m 1st and 3rd Fridays 1.45 p.m	Attends
Barling (Weighing Centre)	Institute	3rd Friday 2 p.m	_
		Address	Hours of Sessions
SCHOOL MINOR AILMENTS CI	CLINICS Rochford Com	bined Treatment Centre,	4th Friday, 10 a.m.
SCHOOL MINOR AILMENTS CL. DENTAL CLINICS	CLINICS Great Wakering Village Hall Rochford Combined Treatme	ent Centre,	1st Thursday, 10 a.m. Held as and when required.
OPHTHALMIC CLINIC TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARY	Rocheway. do Southend Dispe	do. do. nsary, Warrior Square	1st and 3rd Wednesday, 10 a.m. Every Tuesday, 10 a.m.— 12 noon.

TREATMENT CENTRES FOR VENEREAL DISEASES:—Facilities are available at Southend, Chelmsford, Romford, and at a number of London Hospitals.

WATER SUPPLY

At the present time, with the exception of Foulness (including Havengore), all the water mains in the District belong to the Southend Waterworks Company. This Company has statutory powers to supply water throughout the District.

From time to time the service mains of the Company are extended.

- (a) On the Company's own initiative.
- (b) Under contract with the District Council who guarantee an agreed income from water rates as a result of the extension. This guarantee continues until, on three consecutive years the amount collected by the Company by means of water rates, is equal to the annual guaranteed sum.

Excluding the parishes of Foulness (including Havengore), which is supplied by private water mains, the Southend Waterworks Company provide 87 per cent of the dwelling houses in the District with a piped water supply.

In outlying areas of the District a number of premises used for human habitation have had to depend on rainwater collected from the roofs. The supply gives out during long periods of drought.

Six standpipes have been installed by the Council in agreement with the Water Company at the following points:—

Hawkwell Hockley Ashingdon

White Hart Lane Wellington Ave. New Hall Road

York Road Pooles Lane

Beckney Corner

The Council is responsible for the recovery of the water rates in respect of these standpipes.

Details of the Council's proposed water main extensions scheme were given in the Annual Report for 1946.

During the year the Ministry of Health further considered the scheme. The Ministry decided that the Council should instal the extensions by levying a water rate on the District, as no grant would be available under the Rural Water Supplies and Sewerage Act, 1944.

The Council decided to levy a 2d. rate for this purpose and, in the first instance, to proceed with the extension to Paglesham, the only parish then without a mains supply. This extension was commenced early in 1949. The remainder of the extensions have been placed in order of priority with the exception of a few cases, where the cost per house is excessive. These will receive further consideration at a later date.

The following table shows the approximate number of dwelling-houses in the various parishes and the number supplied from the Southend Waterworks Company's mains on the 31st December, 1948. The information as to supplies derived from the mains has been given by the Southend Waterworks Company.

	NUMBER O	of Houses on 31st December, 1948						
PARISH	In Parish (Estimated)	Supplied 1	from Mains Non- Domestic	Without Mains Water Supply				
Ashingdon	. 361	347	29	14				
Barling Magna	. 292	175	13	117				
Canewdon	. 227	183	31	44				
Foulness **	. 108	108	_	_				
Great Wakering	. 835	771	36	64				
Hawkwell	. 968	916	38	52				
Hockley	. 1469	1185	75	284				
Paglesham	. 106	No Main	No Main	106				
Rochford	. 1433	1456	55	12				
Stambridge	. 139	92	10	47				
Sutton	. 61	60	9	- 1				
TOTALS	. 5999	5293	296	741				

^{*} Business premises with living accommodation

^{**} Supplied from War Dept. Mains.

Routine samples of the water in supply are taken by the Southend Waterworks Company for chemical and bacteriological examination at three monthly intervals, and copies of the results are furnished to the Council.

The following is a copy of the analysis of a recent sample taken from the mains on the 5th October, 1948:

Chemical results in parts per Million.

Appearance		Clear and Bright
Turbidity (Silica Scale)		Nil.
Colour (Hazen)		Nil.
Odour		Nil
Reaction pH		8.1
Free Carbon Dioxide		Trace
Electric Conductivity at 20° C.		495
Total Solids, dried at 180° C.		330
Chlorine in Chlorides		74
Alkalinity as in Calcium Carbon	ate	20
Hardness: Total		110 Carbonate
Temporary		20 non-Carbonate
Permanent		90
Nitrogen in Nitrates		4.0
Nitrogen in Nitrites		Absent
Free Ammonia		0.010
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hrs. at 27°	C.	0.65
Albuminoid Ammonia		0.066
Residual Chlorine		Absent
Metals Iron:		Less than 0.03
Other Metals		Absent

Bacteriological Results

No. o	f Colonies	deveopling	g on Agar	per	c.c	e. or ml. in 1 day at 37° C. 0
	,,	,,	,,		,,	2 days at 37° C.0
	,,	,,	,,		.,	3 days at 20° C.0
Pres.	Coliform	Reaction	Present	in		-Absent from 100 ml.
Bact.	Coli		Present	in		-Absent from 100 ml.
Cl. W	Velchii Re	eaction	Present	in		-Absent from 100 ml.

This sample is clear and bright in appearance, has a reaction on the alkaline side of neutrality, and is free from metals apart from a negligible trace of iron. The hardness of the water and its content of mineral and saline constituents in solution are very moderate. Its organic quality is very satisfactory and its bacterial purity is of the highest standard.

The water is considered pure and wholesome in character and suitable for drinking and domestic purposes.

Signed. ROY C. HOATHER.

The Counties Public Health Laboratories.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

There are two sewage disposal works in the District, the outfalls in each case being to tidal waters.

One of these disposal works is situated within the parish of Stambridge and deals with sewage from the parish of Rochford (including the Anne Boleyn Estate) and parts of the parishes of Ashingdon, Hawkwell and Hockley. Sewage from outside the Rural District is also treated at Stambridge, namely the area of Eastwood transferred to the County Borough of Southendon-Sea and part of the parish of Thundersley in the Urban District of Benfleet.

The standard of the effluent from the Stambridge Disposal works into the tidal water has been uniformly high and well within the limits of purity required by the standard adopted by the Essex County Council for inland waterways. The programme for the reconditioning of the sludge beds was continued with very satisfactory results and was completed in 1945.

Additional provisions have, however, become necessary with regard to dealing with the increased volume of sludge. Consideration was given to schemes for sludge digestion (and alternatives) but for the time being, excess raw sludge is being disposed of experimentally by direct application to adjacent agricultural land.

The other sewage purification works which is situated within the parish of Great Wakering treats sewage from the more populous parts of the parish.

Except after heavy rains, the standard of this effluent has been uniformly high, similar to that of the Stambridge works. Rectification of the existing defects cannot properly be dealt with at the present time, but this matter, which is mainly one of overloading will receive attention in the near future.

The number of house drainage connections made to the main sewers during the year was:—

EXISTING DWELLINGS.

Parish	No.	of Connections
Barling Magna		1
Hawkwell		1
Hockley		4
Rochford	A.C. OXIVALA	1
Great Wakering		1

NEW DWELLINGS.

Hawkwell		3
Hockley	T	6
Rochford		82
Great Wakering		4

In connection with the Water Supplies and Sewerage Act, 1944, the Council are applying for Ministry of Health consent to provide additional main sewers to enable a number of existing communities to be soil drained to such sewers, the estimated cost of which is approximately £100,000.

The Council has decided that, wherever possible, surface water drainage would best be dealt with on the separate system and so avoid serious overloading on the soil sewerage pumping systems.

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

All collections are dealt with by direct labour.

The following are particulars of the House Refuse and Night Soil Collection Services at the end of 1948:—

Apparent 2 500				No. of Houses	Night	Soil
Parish				14 day Refuse Collection	Twice Weekly	Weekly
Ashingdon				178	62	4
Barling Magna				282	142	
Canewdon				217	130	16
Foulness Island				108	_	-
Hawkwell				671	9	
Hockley				935	60	17
Paglesham				103	56	_
Rochford *				1422	14	12
Stambridge				134	82	_
Sutton				58	7	
Wakering, Great	t			828	98	_
Larris States and		Tot	als	4936	660	49

^{*} A weekly collection was commenced during October, 1948 from 366 properties in the parish of Rochford.

NIGHT SOIL COLLECTION

This has been continued during the day with a Dennis Cesspool vehicle with night soil attachment

UNMADE ROADS.

The majority of these roads are impassable to motor traffic,

Details were given in the Annual Report for 1947 of bins in holders having been placed at the end of 30 such roads. During the year 4 more were provided upon request from residents in such roads.

REFUSE DISPOSAL.

This has caused some concern during the year. As a temporary measure an old brickfield off Ashingdon Road, Rochford, has been used since April, and by March, 1949 this will have

been filled. At first a few occupiers of the nearby houses objected to this tipping. The tipping, however, was well controlled, and the Council were fortunate in obtaining soil from numerous contractors for covering.

The Council have decided to continue tipping at the Depot yard in order to raise the level there. This site has a limited capacity, and it is anticipated that two years tipping will be the maximum possible there. The Council will require to give earnest consideration to the provision of additional tipping space in the near future.

SALVAGE

The Salvage scheme, inaugurated in 1939, was continued and the following materials were salvaged and returned to industry during the year:—

A STATE OF				Tons	crots.	grs.	lbs.
Paper		 		42	11	2	_
Bones		 		1	9	2	-
Non Ferrous	Metals	 		_	18	_	22
Heavy Iron		 		6	10	_	-
Bottles		 		9	8	-	-
Textiles		 	deio	3	7		A Thou
		Тота	L	64	4	_	22

In addition 18 gross of jars were sold.

TOTAL VALUE: £454 16s. 10d.

As in the past 25% of this has been distributed to the refuse collectors in the form of a bonus.

During December, in conjunction with the Board of Trade, a salvage campaign was organised in the District.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

The following table gives details of the inspections carried out and notices served during the year 1948:—

Nature of Inspection	Total Inspec-	Notices Served			
	tions	Informal	Formal		
Housing Acts & Public Health Acts	534	151	21		
Rural Housing Survey	577	_	_		
Moveable Dwellings	88	30	_		
Verminous or dirty premises	35	17	_		
Disinfestations	25	5	-		
Infectious Diseases	43	-	_		
Infectious Contacts	10	-			
Water Supplies	45	10	100		
Drainage	7	7	2		
Cesspool Nuisances	190	83	1		
Bakehouses	6	3	_		
Dairy Farms	26	5	-		
Food premises	32	2	_		
Slaughterhouses	10	_	_		
Knacker's Yards	9	1	_		
Rats and Mice	67	_	_		
Polluted Watercourses and Ditches	6	6	_		
Nuisances (miscellaneous)	9	2	_		
Refuse Tips	91	-	4		
Dust Bins	142	142	4		
Petrol and Carbide Storage	20	_	_		
Miscellaneous visits	162	_			
Disinfections	8	_	_		
Ice Cream Premises	17	5	-		
Factories	13	1	-		
Shops and Food Premises	54	6	_		
Licenced Premises	15	3	-		
Totals	2241	479	28		

Smoke Abatement:

One complaint was received about a portable boiler used for sterilising soil in greenhouses. This only lasts for a few weeks each year, and, following advice to the stoker, the nuisance was overcome.

Swimming Pools:

There is one at Wallasea Bay, Canewdon, adjoining the tidal River Crouch. The water is changed during tides.

The tidal rivers in the district are also popular for bathing.

Rodent Destruction:

As from the 1st April the Council resolved to employ the Pests Officer of the Essex Agricultural Executive Committee and the Minister of Agriculture agreed to this arrangement and undertook to reimburse the Council 50% of this expenditure, in accordance with Circular N.S.19.

Sewers and sewage works, as well as refuse tips are treated directly by the Council's employees.

Schools:

There are thirteen schools in the area and a number of inspections have been made in respect of drainage and sanitary accommodation.

Cesspools at 3 schools are emptied by the Council as requested by the Essex County Council.

Movable Dwellings:

During the year twenty-one licences were granted to station and use Moveable Dwellings on individual sites.

The majority of these dwellings are used throughout the year owing to the present Housing shortage.

Camping Site:

Early in the year the Council granted a Licence, under Section 269 of the Public Health Act, 1936, for a site at Pooles Lane, Hullbridge and adjoining the River Crouch.

Main water supply is laid on, W.C's have been erected for both sexes, and a drainage system installed.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

(a) Milk (Special Designations).

Eight Supplementary Licences to sell milk under the (Special Designations) Orders 1936 and 1938 were issued during the year—four in respect of "Tuberculin Tested" and four in respect of "Pasteurised" milk.

There are sixteen producers of "Accredited" Milk and twelve producers of "Tuberculin Tested" Milk in the District.

(b) Dairies and Cowsheds.

At the end of the year there were 46 Cowkeepers and in addition 18 Retail Purveyors of Milk, making a total of 64 in the Rural District.

Three Wholesale Purveyors were registered during the year.

REGISTRATIONS OF COWKEEPERS AND PURVEYORS OF MILK IN RESPECTIVE PARISHES.

Parish		Cowl	keeper's pre	mises	Not Cow- keepers	Totals	
I GILOII		Wholesale Purveyors of Milk		Retail Purveyors	Retail Purveyors of Milk		
Ashingdon		5	1	1	1	8	
Canewdon		9	_	E 17	_	9	
		_	1	1111	-	1	
		_	_		3	3	
		1	_	_	1 5	2	
		9	_	_	5	14	
		_	1	_	-	1	
		4	1	-	6	11	
Stambridge		2	2	-	-	4	
Sutton		4	1	_	-	5	
Wakering, Great	t	8	1	-	2	6	
Totals		37	8	1	18	64	

(c) Meat and other Foods.

Six private Slaughterhouses and one Knackers Yard were licenced for the year but the Slaughterhouses were little used except for emergency killing and slaughtering of a limited number of pigs under Ministry of Food Permits for privately owned pigs. There is no Government Slaughterhouse in the District.

The following foodstuffs were inspected and found unfit for human food. The Ministry of Food Salvage Department was notified in accordance with Food Salvage Regulations:—

TINNED	Foo	DDS	FRESH FOODS
Cod Roe Paste Milk Cod Roe Fish		38 tins 70 tins 4 tins 9 tins	Fish 6 stone Oranges 152 lbs. Bacon 20 lbs. 9 oz Home killed Meat 18 lbs.
Beans		7 tins	Fat 20 lbs.
Marmalade		8 tins	Eggs 4 doz.
Apple Jelly Jam		6 tins 4 tins	
Fruit	•••	9 tins	
Pudding	:	1 tin	
Tomatoes		13 tins	
Soup		3 tins	
Pickled Cabbage	·	22 jars	
Vegetables		6 tins	
Grapefruit		4 tins	
Bacon		1 tin	
Dried Egg		1 pkt.	
Peas		5 tins	Congridor
Stewed Steak		1 tin	
Meat		42 tins	

Bakehouses:

There are 10 bakehouses in the district. Informal action has been taken for three minor infringements of the Food and Drugs Act during the year.

Ice Cream :

There are five small scale manufacturers registered in the district. One did not manufacture during the year and has since given up.

Sampling was carried out under difficulties in 1948 by reason of the lack of suitable containers in which to send ice cream to the laboratory in a condition suitable for examination. Of the samples which arrived at the laboratory in proper condition, four were of ice cream manufactured locally three of which were in Grade III and the other in Grade I of the Ministry of Health's Provisional Grading based on the Methylene Blue Reduction Test. One sample of ice cream manufactured elsewhere but taken from a retailer in the District was reported upon as being in Grade I.

PETROLEUM LICENCES IN FORCE DURING 1948

Name of Licensee	Parish	Storage in Gallons
Murrell, H. S. G	Barling Magna	500
Great Wakering Brick Co. Ltd.	,,	1,250
Stacey, J	Canewdon	500
Davey & Armitage Ltd	,,	1,000
Ayres, E	Hawkwell	500
Hooker, G. E	,,,	500
Gregory, E	,,	500
Baker, E. J	Hockley	250
Hooton, H. E	,,	500
L.N.E. Railway	,,	100
Morling, W. V	,,	1,000
Potter, I. G	,,	500
Withers, S. G	**	1,000
Cottis & Sons	Rochford	1,000
Hurst, F. J. & Sons	,,	500
Marshall, F. H. & Co. Ltd	317	20
Marshall, F. H. & Co. Ltd	,,	70 (cellulose)
Milton Hall Brick Co. Ltd	,,	100
Rochford R.D.C	,,	500
Roughton, W. P	,,	500
Southend-on-Sea Corporation	,,	10,000
Southend-on-Sea Corporation	,,	100 (cellulose)
Squier, A. W. Ltd	,,	500
Warren, C. & F. Ltd	,,	2,500
Whittingham, W. H. & Sons	,,	2,000
Rankin, A. M. & H. Ltd	Stambridge	1,500
Smith, Mrs. D	,,	500
Steel, A	Sutton	500
Great Wakering Engineering Co.	Great Wakering	1,000
Church, J	,,	500
Rayner, C	,,	500
Rayner, C	Lt. Wakering	500
	Total	30,890

Total number of licences in force in 1948 ... 32.

Carbide of Calcium Licences.

One licence to store Carbide of Calcium was issued during the year as follows.

Name of Licensee	Parish	Storage in Cwts.
Alp, W	Great Wakering	. 5

HOUSING.

out		lowing table gives details of the housing work of the year.	earried
	Number	r of new houses erected during the year	
		By the Council By private enterprise	80 27
	Inspectio	n of dwelling-houses during the year:-	
	(1) (a)	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health	100
	(1)	or Housing Acts)	190
	(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	210
	(2) (a)	sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consoli-	10
	(b)	dated Regulations, 1925 Number of inspections made for the pur-	12
	(b)	pose	14
	(3)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	9
	(4)	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	107
	Remedy notices:	of defects during the year without service of	formal
		Number of defective dwelling-houses ren- dered fit in consequence of informal action	
		by the Local Authority or their Officers	87
3.	(A)-Pro	ander Statutory Powers during the year:— oceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the using Act, 1936:—	
	(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
	(2)	Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:	
		Ry owners	Nil

(B)—Proceedings under Public Health Acts:— (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied 21 (2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :-(a) By owners ... 21 (b) By Local Authority in default of owners Nil (C)—Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:— (a) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made 6 (b) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders ... 1 (c) Number of dwelling-houses undertakings 1 excepted ...

TABLE SHOWING POPULATION AND NUMBER OF HOUSES AT CENSUS 1931, AND THE NUMBER AT THE END OF DECEMBER, 1948.

Parish	Area in statute acres (land	Census	, 1931	Number of Houses at end of 1948			
I alish	and inland water)	Houses	Popula- tion	Gross	With £20 and under Rateable Value		
Ashingdon .	2513	274	786	361	324		
Barling Magna.	3435	231	800	292	274		
CD	6801	188	634	227	220		
Foulness .	7123	112	426	108	104		
Great Wakering	2542	780	2498	835	758		
TT 1 11	1361	600	1744	968	899		
Hockley	3643	820	2016	1469	1226		
D 1 1	1867	105	311	106	97		
Rochford .	3023	939	3968	1433	1204		
Stambridge .	2231	140	549	139	127		
CLL-	1541	61	237	61	58		
Totals .	36080	4250	13969	5999	5286		

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Infectious Diseases Generally.

During the year 176 cases of infectious diseases (exclusive of Tuberculosis) were notified as compared with 204 during 1947.

In the tables on pages 27 and 28 cases of infectious diseases are classified according to age, disease and locality.

Although two cases of diphtheria and two cases of poliomyelitis were notified, in no instance was the diagnosis confirmed. The comparatively large incidence of puerperal pyrexia is accounted for by cases notified from the maternity block at the hospital which serves a considerably greater population than that of the Rochford Rural District.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

As from the 5th July, 1948, the Essex County Council became responsible for all immunisation, with the coming into operation of the National Health Service Act, 1946.

The District Council, however, carried on diphtheria immunisation until the 20th April, 1949. The prophylactic used throughout was A.P.T. (Alum Precipitated Toxoid) and for "boosting," T.A.F. (Toxoid-Antitoxin Flocules). The tables on pages 29 and 30 show the position at the end of 1948 and the number of Diphtheria notifications and deaths in relation to Immunisation.

TUBERCULOSIS.

New Cases and Mortality during 1948.

During the year, 11 deaths were registered as due to Tuberculosis 10 being Pulmonary and 1 Non-Pulmonary.

The following table shows the numbers of new cases of Tuberculosis and of deaths from this disease in the area during 1948, classified according to age and sex:—

	1		*New	Cases		Deaths					
Age		Respin	ratory		on- ratory	Respi	ratory	Non- Respiratory			
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Under 1		1	_	_	_	_		1	_		
		-	_	-	-	1	-	-	-		
		1	-	-	-	_	-	-	-		
		-	1	-	-	-	-	_	-		
			-	-	_	-	-	-	-		
		2	1	-	1	-	1	-	-		
		-	2	-	1	1	2	-	-		
		-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-		
65 and over .		-	-	-	-	3	-		-		
Totals .		5	4		2	7	3	1	_		

^{*}Not including cases of Tuberculosis removed into the district during the year which had been previously notified elsewhere.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING THE YEAR 1948 (EXCLUSIVE OF TUBERCULOSIS)

	Total		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1		-
	Cases admitted to Hospital	1	16	7	1	61	1	. 2	9	23	1 =	2	1	2		40
	65 and over	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	1	1	-	6
	45-65	3	1	1	3	1	1	Т	1	-	1	1	1	1		8
	35-45	2	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1.		4
1	20-35	1	15	1.	1	-	1	1	- 2	1	1	1	1	-		22
	15-20	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	I	1	1	1.	1	1		5
	10-15	1	1	-	1	-	60	-	-	1	1	7	1	1		8
	5-10	1	1	13	1	12	28	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		54
	4-5	1	1	64	1	3	00	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1		14
-	1,	1	1	3	1	2	14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		19
	2-3	1	1	1	1	4	7	i	-1	1	1	1	1	1		12
	1-2	1	- [1	-1	53	9	1	1		1	1	1	1		6
	Under	1	1	1	9	1	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		12
	Total Cases Notified	9	91	20 .	12	27	74	5	11	2 -	10	2	1	67		176
1		-	:	:		:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:		1
	Jisease	:	в		neumoni	:	:			eningiti	:		is	:		
-	Notifiable Disease	Erysipelas	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Acute Primary Pneumonia	Measles	Whooping Cough	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Meningococcal Meningitis	Typhoid Fever	Paratyphoid	Infective Hepatitis	Poliomyelitis		TOTALS

Table Shewing Local Distribution of Cases Notified During 1948.

Totals	9	-	4	20	7	14	61	57	1	-	73	61	187
Other Forms of Tuberculosis	-	+	1	.1	1	-	1	67	1	1	1	1	+
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	1	1	1	1	-	61	-	2	1	1	-	P	7
Whooping	-	1	63	20	1	8	1	63	1	1	45	-	74
Scarlet Fever	-	1	1	1	2	1	1	13	1	1	1	1	20
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	. 1	Г	-1	Ţ	1	1	91	1	1	1	t	16
Pneumonia	1	1	1	L	-	1	1	-	1	1	8	1	12
Typhoid	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid		1	1	1	1	1	+	63	1	1	1	1	2
Measles	3	1	-	1	1	5	1	9	1	1	11	1	27
-Infective Hepatitis	1	F	1	+	1	+	1	1	1	T.	1-	1	1
Erysipelas	1	1	ı	1	1	-	1	61	1	-	64	1	9
Diphtheria	1	1	1	1	-	L	1	-	1	1	1	1	63
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Dysentery	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	1-	1	10	+	11
Acute Poliomyelitis	F.	1	1	1	61	I	1	1	1	4	1	1	23
PARISH	Ashingdon	Barling Magna	Canewdon	Foulness	Hawkwell	Hockley	Paglesham	Rochford	Stambridge	Sutton	Wakering, Gt.	Waker ng, Lt.	TOTALS

Diphtheria Notifications and Deaths in relation to immunisation.

	Number of cases included in preceding column in which the child had completed a full course of immunisation		1	Table	1	4		1	Nil
DEATHS	Number of Deaths	1	-	1		1		1	Nil
28.7	Age at date Death	Under 1	1	8	8	•	5 to 9	10 to 14	Totals
SNO	Number of cases included in preceding column in which the child had completed a full course of immunisation	White A series of			and the second limited	41	to an annual termination of the state of the		ī.
Notifications	Number of Cases Notified	1000		The state of the s		1,000			1
	Age at date of Notification	Under 1	1	23	80	4	5 to 9	10 to 14	Totals

* Reported as being a Streptococcal throat infection and not Diphtheria.

IMMUNISATION IN RELATION TO CHILD POPULATION

	Num	ber of chi	ldren who any tin	had comp	leted a fu	Number of children who had completed a full course of immunisation at any time up to 31st December, 1948.	immunisati	ion at
Age at 31,12,48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	11947	2 1946	. 8 1945	1944	5 to 9 1939-1943	10 to 14 1934-1938	Total under 15
Number of children immunised	10	192	162	144	189	1140	1133	2970
Number of births regis- tered	1	330	317	264	275	1004	1072	1
Estimated Mid-year population 1948	2007 10000		1598			24	2472	
Percentage Immunised		The state of	43.6%			%26	- %	

NUMBER AND TYPE OF HOUSES OWNED BY THE DISTRICT COUNCIL AT END OF 1948.

PARISH	100 miles	Number of Non- Parlour Type	Number of Parlour Type	Totals
Ashingdon				-
Barling Magna		16	_	16
Canewdon		43	6	49
Foulness		- 1556	-	-
Hawkwell		-	-	_
Hockley		- 77.57	2	2
Paglesham		12	_	12
Rochford		110	120	230
Stambridge		28	_	28
Sutton		_	_	_
Great Wakering		106	30	136
Totals	1200) 	315	158	478

Includes Agricultural Cottages (Parlour type Canewdon 6, Hockley 2, Great Wakering 2) and 3 cottage non-parlour in Canewdon (purchased by Council).

Small Bungalows for aged persons (Rochford 8, Great Wakering 8) and ordinary Bungalows (Canewdon 6.)

ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1937

1. Inspections for the purposes of provisions as to health including inspections made by Saniţary Inspectors.

	Premises		Number of			
	Premises	Register	Inspec- tions		Occupiers Prosecuted	
(i)	Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	10	17			
(ii)	Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced			-magal	reme	
(iii)	Other Premises in which Sec- tion 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-	41	7	3	antalad awawali	
	workers' premises)	3	6	_		
	Total	54	30	3	TOL TOO!	

2. Cases in which Defects were found.

		Number in which defects were found			Number of cases in	
Particulars	Found	Reme'd	to H.M.	Referred by H.M. Inspector	were	
Want of Cleanliness (S.1.)	3	3	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	T HOTEN	100 01	
Overcrowding (S.2)	_	_	_	_	_	
Unreasonable Temperature	_	_	-	_	_	
(S.3)	_	-	-	_	_	
Inadequate Ventilation (S.4) Ineffective Drainage of Floors		mun (6)	- Things	miti Had	10-	
(S.6.)	AVE SOU	THE VIE	mba fu			
Sanitary (a) Insufficient Conveni- (b) Unsuitable or	-	-	-	-	-	
ences Defective (S.7) (c) Not separate	2	2	-	3	-	
for sexes Other Offences against the		-	-	-	-8	
Act (not including offences relating to outwork)	_	_			_	
Total	5	5	_	3		