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**REPTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL**



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**Annual Report**

OF THE

**Medical Officer of Health**

AND

**Chief Public Health Inspector**

**FOR THE YEAR 1962**

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*“ For indeed it is one of the lessons of the history of science that each age steps on the shoulders of the ages which have gone before. The value of each age is not its own, but is in part, in large part, a debt to its forerunners. And this age of ours, if, like its predecessors, it can boast something of which it is proud, would, could it read the future, doubtless find much also of which it would be ashamed ”.*

*Sir Michael Foster.*

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PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

Medical Officer of Health

MALCOLM ALLAN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

---oOo---

Chief Public Health Inspector

F. LOMAS, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector

H. EVANS, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspectors

R. A. DAVOLL, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.

(Appointed as Cleansing Superintendent 1st August, 1962)

B. A. RICHARDSON, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Rodent Officer

J. W. UFTON

Clerk

MRS. M. E. WHITE

Junior Clerk and Pupil

Public Health Inspector

L. A. K. GOWTRIDGE

Engineer and Surveyor

W. SPILMAN, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.Mun.E., M.R.S.H.

---oOo---

Clerk to the Council

F. BAILEY, M.B.E.

C O N T E N T S . . . . . O F . . . . . R E P O R T

Page

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF .. .. .	1
INTRODUCTION .. .. .	2 - 4
<u>SECTION A.</u> - Social Conditions and Vital Statistics ..	5
CLASSIFICATION OF DEATHS .. .. .	6
<u>SECTION B.</u> - Prevalence of, and Control over, Infectious Disease .. .. .	7 - 8
<u>SECTION C.</u> - Treatment Centres, Clinics and Welfare Centres	9 - 12
<u>SECTION D.</u> - General Sanitary Administration and Housing in the Area .. .. .	13 - 24
<u>SECTION E.</u> - Inspection and Supervision of Food .. ..	25 - 28
PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949 .. .. .	29 - 31
ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1937 .. .. .	32 - 33
<u>SECTION F.</u> - Annual Report of Cleansing Superintendent	34 - 35
<u>SECTION G.</u> - Annual Report of Engineer and Surveyor ..	36 - 40



To the Chairman and Members of the  
Repton Rural District Council.

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the year 1962.

In my report for 1961, I made mention of importations of Smallpox from Karachi, East Pakistan, to various parts of this country outwith the Rural District and which had repercussions in our area.

One of these was a visit by some residents to a Children's Hospital in Bradford where there was an outbreak of Smallpox arising from a nine year-old Pakastani girl who had been admitted suffering from Malaria and, as was discovered later, also Smallpox. These contacts were, of course, vaccinated and visited regularly until the danger period was over.

As an interesting episode of this outbreak in Bradford, a father visited his child once in a balcony, apart from the main Ward where the infection was and he developed Smallpox.

Also in connection with the above outbreak, the Department, together with some County Staff dealt with industrial unrest in a factory which employed a number of Pakistanis who had visited Bradford. These vaccinations were not essential, but were done at the urgent request of the firm's Director who could see no other way out of his immediate personnel problem, and we agreed with him.

In the early part of the year too there were secondary contacts from a Smallpox case at Tipton and certain vaccinations were done to relieve anxiety and natural apprehension of the individuals concerned and the neighbours rather than to prevent disease.

Efforts to restrain the public from demanding vaccination had some success, but this was greatly fortified by the Ministry of Health taking control of all the supplies of vaccine lymph to ensure that the infected areas had adequate supplies.

During the period of possible danger, tentative arrangements were made with the County for medical and nursing help and a Ministry of Health Smallpox Consultant was asked for advice, and the Smallpox Hospital Medical Superintendent was made aware of our local situation, and thus the channels of communication were opened up in order to cope forthwith with any emergency, should it have arisen.

All this trouble, due to the importation of major infectious disease, has mostly taken place since air travel is being more and more used, so that an individual may be infected in the Far East one day and arrive in England the next. Before the war, anyone returning to this country came by sea and his infection showed itself long before he reached these shores and the Public Health Authorities had advance notice of his arrival.

The only real and ultimate protection of the people of this country is by dealing with the infection at its source in the country of origin and this is being energetically tackled by these countries co-operating with the World Health Organisation.

During the year there were 331 cases of Polio in England and Wales, the lowest number for many years due, in great measure, to the immunisation campaign which started in 1956. This is very satisfactory, but could be improved by an intensive campaign not only to protect the individuals, but also eradicate the viruses from the community. This year Local Health Authorities and Doctors were permitted to change over from Salk to Sabin which, taken by the mouth, is so much more readily accepted.

There were no cases in the Rural District, and this fortunate circumstance tends to remove the impetus towards immunisation, but freedom from infection can only be maintained by parents having their children immunised at the age of about six months.



To turn from the microbes and viruses we find that so far as the young child and adult are concerned, motor vehicles are a greater menace than infectious disease. From the age of 1 to 15 years accidents in general are far the most important single cause of death. Between the ages of 5 and 14 accidents cause nearly one-third the total deaths. Thus accident prevention becomes one of the most important medical and social problems of our time. As the roads become congested, the homes mechanised, there is a continued increase in accidents on the roads, in the homes, in industry and elsewhere. This epidemic, if I may call it so, will prove more intractable than the epidemics of old for it depends on the intelligent co-operation of the individual at risk and this is not easy to attain.

Towards the end of the year, the Minister of Health presented to Parliament a Hospital Plan for England and Wales and this will by, amongst many other things, setting up of regional accident and emergency units lessen the loss of life and disability, but the prevention must be undertaken by Local Authorities through the Road and Home Safety Committees and in this field they can win as great victories as over Plague, Cholera and Smallpox. I am delighted that this Council is so actively interested in Road and Home Safety.

It is a coincidence that the preface to my last Annual Report was written the day after Lieutenant-Commander Scott Carpenter orbited the earth three times in his Aurora 7 space craft, and this one the day after Major Gordon Cooper did 22 circuits of the earth in 34 hours. I would that this speed of advance in space travel could be matched by equal advances to the basic Sanitary Services, but much is being accomplished, especially in the Rural District, as is shown in the various Annual Reports, particularly that part written by the Engineer and Surveyor.

Almost the whole District has a piped water supply, vast sums are being spent on sewage schemes, and house building forges ahead. The Council has achieved great things by their enlightened and enthusiastic concern for the welfare of the people in the Rural District.

The Royal College of Physicians, represented by their President, Sir Robert Platt, gave a booster rocket to the campaign on Tobacco Smoking and Cancer of the Lung early in the year, restating and amplifying the basic facts in the statement by the Medical Research Council on this subject of June 1957.

I have little to add to my remarks on the matter made in my Annual Report for 1960, except to say that £11 million per annum is now spent on tobacco advertising, just double the 1959 figure.

It can be argued that there is a relationship between atmospheric pollution and Lung Cancer, but there is no excess mortality from Lung Cancer in persons exposed to serious atmospheric pollution such as transport workers, garage hands and policemen. On balance, it seems likely that atmospheric pollution plays some part in causing the disease, but a relatively minor one in comparison with cigarette smoking. Recently it has been shown that Jersey has the highest male Lung Cancer death rate in the world and the highest consumption of tobacco per head of population, yet the atmosphere is practically only polluted by tobacco smoke!

Cigarette smoking is a cause of Lung Cancer and Bronchitis and probably contributes to the development of coronary artery disease and various other less common diseases. It delays healing of gastric and duodenal ulcers. The risks of smoking to the individual are calculated from death rates in relation to smoking habits among British Doctors. The chance of dying in the next ten years for a man aged 35 who is a heavy cigarette smoker is one in twenty-three, whereas the risk for a non-smoker is only one in ninety. Only 15% (one in six) of men of this age who are non-smokers, but 33% (one in three) of heavy smokers, will die before the age of 65. Not all this difference in expectation of life is attributable to smoking.



Reduction in general air pollution should reduce the risks of cigarette smoking, but it is necessary for the health of the people of Britain that any measures that are practicable and likely to produce beneficial changes in smoking habits shall be taken promptly.

In 1962, 26,000 people died from Lung Cancer, 1,000 more than in 1961. The practical reason for this high figure is known and also how it can be lessened, but the rub is how to persuade people not to smoke cigarettes. It is a good idea to stop smoking during an illness when cigarettes do not taste good and don't start again. If you stop to think, it will suddenly dawn on you that smoking is a shocking waste of money. Perhaps you have to have, or acquire, the right nationality for this drastic step!

Towards the end of the year, the Minister of Health announced that he would approve, under Section 28 National Health Service Act, 1946, schemes by Local Health Authorities for co-operating with water undertakings for the addition of fluoride to water supplies which are naturally deficient in this substance. The object of course is that in time everyone would have the benefit of one of the natural ways of protecting teeth against decay. A vast amount of research has been done on fluoridation in many countries, and three pilot schemes in Great Britain over a period of five years have shown that fluoridation at 1 p.p.m. brought about a substantial reduction in dental caries in the milk teeth of young children.

Various other methods of prevention have been tried, but none has yet been shown to be as effective. Moreover, the excellent result in the milk teeth will, in time, in this country be shown in sound permanent teeth.

As this Report was being written, it was announced that the London County Council's Health Committee had given their approval to fluoridation of London's water supply since the Members were convinced that children born and brought up in areas with about 1 p.p.m. of fluoride occurring naturally in, or added artificially to the water, have up to 60% less dental decay than children brought up in areas where the water contains only a trace of fluoride.

The Council have, of course, anticipated such decisions by already giving their approval to fluoridation which will ensure that the children of the Rural District grow up with a sound dentition and mouths free from infection.

The Chief Public Health Inspector and the Engineer and Surveyor have written comprehensive and detailed accounts of their work for this Report, and I am indeed profoundly grateful to them both, for it is only by means of this composite Report that a true picture of the environmental factors influencing the health of the people can be obtained.

Within the Report there is a list of County Council Clinics and a Table showing primary immunisations against Diphtheria for which I am indebted to Dr. Morgan, County Medical Officer of Health.

It is a pleasure to me to take this opportunity of thanking the Chairman and Members of the Council, Clerk to the Council and Rating Authority, Mr. F. Bailey, M.B.E., General Practitioners, Health Visitors, Heads of Departments and Staffs, particularly of course, all the Staff of the Public Health Department, especially the Chief Public Health Inspector and his Deputy.

I am,  
Your obedient Servant,

MALCOLM ALLAN,

Medical Officer of Health.



# SECTION A.

## STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

Elevation of the District from 130 to 604 O.D.

Area .. .. .	65,654 acres
Registrar-General's estimated population mid 1962 (including Members of the armed forces stationed in the area) ..	39,110
Population (Census 1951) .. .. .	31,562
Number of inhabited dwellings end of 1962 .. .. .	11,993
Rateable Value 31st March, 1962 .. .. .	£681,729. 0. 0.
Produce of 1d. Rate, 31st March, 1962 .. .. .	£2,571. 10. 0.

### VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births:	Total	M.	F.	Birth Rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population ..	
Legitimate	632	334	298		16.82
Illegitimate	26	14	12		
	658	348	310	Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total Live Births ..	3.95

### Stillbirths

Legitimate	18	10	8	Rate per 1,000 (Live and Still) Births ..	27.35
Illegitimate	-	-	-		
	18	10	8		

Total Live and Still Births: 676

### INFANT MORTALITY RATES

	Total	M.	F.	Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births	22.8
Legitimate	14	10	4	Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births .. ..	22.15
Illegitimate	1	1	-	Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	38.5
	15	11	4		

### NEO-NATAL MORTALITY RATE

	Total	M.	F.	Deaths of infants under 4 weeks 1,000 total Live Births .. ..	16.7
Legitimate	10	7	3		
Illegitimate	1	1	-		
	11	8	3		

### EARLY NEO-NATAL MORTALITY RATE

	Total	M.	F.	Deaths of infants under 1 week per 1,000 total Live Births .. ..	13.7
Legitimate	8	7	1		
Illegitimate	1	1	-		
	9	8	1		

### PERINATAL MORTALITY RATE

	Total	M.	F.	Stillbirths and Deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and still births .. ..	39.6
Legitimate	26	17	9		
Illegitimate	1	1	-		
	27	18	9		

### MATERNAL MORTALITY (INCLUDING ABORTION)

Number of Deaths .. .. .	Nil
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births	Nil

DEATHS (including Members of the armed forces who were stationed in the area) .. .. .	444	Death Rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population .. ..	11.35
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# CLASSIFICATION OF DEATHS

Cause of Death	All ages		Total
	M.	F.	
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory .. .. .	-	1	1
2. Tuberculosis, other .. .. .	-	-	-
3. Syphilitic disease .. .. .	-	-	-
4. Diphtheria .. .. .	-	-	-
5. Whooping Cough .. .. .	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal Infections .. .. .	-	-	-
7. Acute Poliomyelitis .. .. .	-	-	-
8. Measles .. .. .	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases	1	-	1
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach .. ..	7	5	12
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus ..	11	1	12
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast .. ..	-	7	7
13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus .. ..	-	-	-
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	10	16	26
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia .. .. .	2	1	3
16. Diabetes .. .. .	1	1	2
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system ..	21	43	64
18. Coronary disease, angina .. .. .	52	36	88
19. Hypertension with heart disease ..	8	7	15
20. Other heart disease .. .. .	29	34	63
21. Other circulatory disease .. .. .	21	11	32
22. Influenza .. .. .	-	1	1
23. Pneumonia .. .. .	12	15	27
24. Bronchitis .. .. .	15	2	17
25. Other disease of respiratory system ..	2	1	3
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum .. ..	3	2	5
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea ..	2	1	3
28. Nephritis and nephrosis .. .. .	2	-	2
29. Hyperplasia of prostate .. .. .	-	-	-
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion ..	-	-	-
31. Congenital malformations .. .. .	6	-	6
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases	13	22	35
33. Motor vehicle accidents .. .. .	6	3	9
34. All other accidents .. .. .	5	3	8
35. Suicide .. .. .	-	1	1
36. Homicide and operations of War .. ..	-	1	1
TOTALS	229	215	444

SECTION B.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING YEAR 1962

Disease	Total Cases notified	Cases admitted to Hospitals	Total Deaths
Small-pox .. ..	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever .. ..	5	-	-
Diphtheria .. ..	-	-	-
Enteric Fever:-			
Typhoid .. ..	-	-	-
Paratyphoid .. ..	-	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia .. ..	-	-	-
Meningococcal Infections .. ..	-	-	-
Erysipelas .. ..	-	-	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum .. ..	-	-	-
Acute Poliomyelitis:-			
Paralytic .. ..	-	-	-
Non-Paralytic .. ..	-	-	-
Pneumonia .. ..	4	-	-
Dysentery .. ..	2	-	-
Food Poisoning .. ..	-	-	-
Measles .. ..	159	-	-
Whooping Cough .. ..	2	-	-

The cases of the following diseases occurred in the  
Parishes set opposite thereto:-

Dysentery:	Church Broughton 2.
Scarlet Fever:	Mickleover 4, Etwall 1.

CASES OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES AT VARYING AGES DURING 1962

Disease	Age Groups												Total
	0-	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	10-	15-	20-	35-	45-	60-	
Small-pox .. ..													-
Scarlet Fever .. ..				1		4							5
Diphtheria .. ..													-
Enteric Fever:-													
Typhoid .. ..													-
Paratyphoid .. ..													-
Puerperal Pyrexia .. ..													-
Meningococcal Infections .. ..													-
Erysipelas .. ..													-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum .. ..													-
Acute Poliomyelitis:-													
Paralytic .. ..													-
Non-Paralytic .. ..													-
Pneumonia .. ..					1			1			2		4
Dysentery .. ..								1			1		2
Food Poisoning .. ..													-
Measles .. ..	13	13	10	18	21	77	4	2	1				159
Whooping Cough .. ..						2							2



PARTICULARS OF NEW CASES OF TUBERCULOSIS  
AND OF DEATHS FROM THE DISEASE IN THE AREA DURING 1962

Age Groups	New Cases				Deaths			
	Respiratory		Non-Respiratory		Respiratory		Non-Respiratory	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 year								
1 - 4								
5 - 14								
15 - 24	1							
25 - 34				1				
35 - 44	1			1				
45 - 64	2					1		
65 and over								
TOTALS	4	-	-	2	-	1	-	-

CASES TREATED IN SANATORIA, ETC.

Bretby Hall Orthopaedic Hospital, Bretby ..	1	case
Derbyshire Royal Infirmary, Derby .. ..	2	cases
Derwent Hospital, Derby .. .. .	1	case
Outwoods Hospital, Burton upon Trent ..	2	cases

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DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

The following Table for England and Wales shows the dramatic decline in the disease since the national immunisation campaign was launched in 1940:-

<u>Year</u>	<u>Deaths</u>	<u>Corrected Notifications</u>
1951	30	664
1952	23	376
1953	20	266
1954	8	173
1955	12	155
1956	3	53
1957	4	37
1958	8	80
1959	-	102
1960	5	49
1961	8	51

The County Medical Officer has kindly supplied the following details of Diphtheria Immunisation record cards received during the period 1st January to 31st December, 1962, in respect of children immunised during the year 1962:-

Primary	582
Booster	384
Total:	<u>966</u>

SECTION C.  
DERBYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL CLINICS

DERBY:

Ante-natal Clinics

County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby

Every Tuesday, 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.  
Doctor attends each session.

Child Guidance Clinics:

County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby.

By appointment.

Speech Therapy Clinics:

Village Hall, Hatton  
and the  
County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby.

Temporarily unstaffed.

Each Monday and Wednesday p.m.  
By appointment.

Dental Treatment

County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby.

By appointment.

Eye Clinics:

County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby.

1st, 3rd and 4th Monday p.m.  
2nd and 5th Monday a.m.

Minor Ailment Clinics:

County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby.

Monday a.m.

Orthopaedic Clinics:

County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby.

By appointment. Every Thursday from  
9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 1.30 p.m. to  
4.00 p.m.

Infant Welfare Centre:

County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby.

Fridays 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Poliomyelitis Vaccination:

County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby.

2nd Wednesday all day and each Saturday  
morning, by appointment

Yellow Fever:

County Clinic,  
Cathedral Road,  
Derby.

Each Monday morning, by appointment.  
(For certain travellers abroad only).

LITTLEOVER:

Infant Welfare Centre:

Baptist Chapel Schoolroom,  
Thornhill Road,  
Littleover.

Every Thursday, 1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.

MELBOURNE:

Minor Ailment Clinic:

Penn Lane, Melbourne

Every Wednesday a.m. Doctor in  
attendance, 1st and 3rd a.m.



DERBYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL CLINICS

(CONTINUED)

MELBOURNE (CONTINUED)

Infant Welfare Centre:

Penn Lane, Melbourne

Each Wednesday, 1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.

MICKLEOVER:

Infant Welfare Centre:

Methodist Church,  
Mickleover

Each Thursday 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.  
and 1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.

OVERSEAL:

Methodist Church,  
Overseal

1st and 3rd Fridays in each month,  
1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.

REPTON:

British Legion Hall (Temporary),  
Repton

2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month,  
1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.

SINFIN:

Infant Welfare Centre:

St. Stephen's Church Hall,  
Sinfin Lane, Sinfin

2nd and 4th Mondays in each month,  
1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.

SWADLINCOTE, ALEXANDRA ROAD:

Ante-natal Clinics:

2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month  
9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Doctor  
attends each session.

Child Guidance:

By appointment.

Dental Treatment:

Temporarily unstaffed.

Eye Clinics:

By appointment, 4th Thursday in each  
month, commencing 2.30 p.m. and 2nd  
Friday in each month commencing 9.30 a.m.

Infant Welfare Centre:

Every Monday 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 a.m. and  
1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.

Minor Ailment Clinics:

Mondays 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. 2nd and  
4th Wednesdays 9.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.  
Doctor present.

Orthopaedic Clinics:

By appointment. 1st, 3rd and 5th Tuesdays  
in each month 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and  
1.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

Speech Therapy:

Temporarily unstaffed.

Poliomyelitis Vaccination:

2nd, 4th and 5th Saturday mornings, by  
appointment.

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CHEST CLINICS

BURTON UPON TRENT:

Chest Clinic,  
Outwoods Hospital,  
Belvedere Road,  
Burton upon Trent.

Monday 1.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m., Wednesday  
1.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m., Friday 9.00 a.m.  
to 10.30 a.m. Contact Clinics are held  
on alternate Tuesdays from 9.00 a.m. to  
10.00 a.m. and B.C.G. clinics on the  
Friday of the same week from 11.00 a.m.

DERBY:

The Chest Clinic,  
93 Green Lane,  
Derby.

Wednesday 9.30 a.m. to 12 Noon, 6.00 p.m.  
to 8.00 p.m., Friday 9.30 a.m. to 12 Noon,  
2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m., Saturday (Con-  
tacts only) 9.30 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. By  
appointment only at all sessions.

## DERBYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL CLINICS

(CONTINUED)

### IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIPHTHERIA

Facilities for immunisation are available on request, when the Doctor is in attendance at Infant Welfare Centres and Minor Ailment Clinics.

### REPAIRS OR REPLACEMENT OF GLASSES FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN

The necessary form may be obtained on request from the Principal School Medical Officer, County Offices, Matlock, Derbyshire, or from the School Medical Officers.

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WELFARE FOOD DISTRIBUTION CENTRES  
\*\*\*\*\*

The Schools, Bretby.	Alternate Wednesdays 3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
Central Stores, 9 Mount Pleasant Road, Castle Gresley.	Shop Hours.
County Clinic, Cathedral Road, Derby.	Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday 9.00 a.m. to 12 Noon. Saturday 9.00 a.m. to 12 Noon.
Parish Room, Etwall.	Wednesday 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Mrs. M. Rawson, The Green, Findern.	Shop Hours.
Avenue Stores, Goseley	Shop Hours.
W. P. Orme & Son, General Stores, Hartshorne.	Shop Hours.
A. & K. T. G. Tomlinson, 10 Station Road, Hatton.	Shop Hours.
Mrs. M. Cooper, Main Street, Hilton.	Wednesday 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.
Grange Hall, Littleover	1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
The Bungalow, Penn Lane, Melbourne.	Each Wednesday 1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.
Methodist Church, Station Road, Mickleover	Thursday 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.
Methodist Chapel, Woodville Road, Overseal	1st and 3rd Fridays 1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.
British Legion Hall Repton	Temporarily. 2nd and 4th Tuesdays 1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.
St. Stephen's Church Hall, Sinfin Lane, Sinfin.	2nd and 4th Mondays 1.30 p.m. to 4.15 p.m.
County Clinic, Alexandra Road, Swadlincote.	Monday, Tuesday and Friday 9.15 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 1.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Saturdays, 9.00 a.m. to 12 Noon.
Geo. Gibson & Son, Bells End Road, Walton-on-Trent.	Shop Hours.

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SECTION D.

To the Chairman and Members of the  
Repton Rural District Council

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit the Annual Report on the sanitary circumstances of the District for the year ended the 31st December, 1962.

The betterment of housing conditions throughout the District continues to be the major concern of the Department and is a continuation of the efforts of previous years towards the elimination of bad houses and the repair and improvement of other houses which can be restored and modernised, especially under the Improvement Grants schemes.

Details of the number of houses so improved under the Discretionary and Standard Grant schemes are contained within the Report.

Since 1954 when private slaughtering was resumed, a 100% meat inspection has been maintained. The quality of meat supplied by the local butchers is very good.

The records relating to Tuberculosis in cattle are very satisfactory and is evidence that the disease has practically disappeared. In 1960 no whole carcase was condemned, there being 64 part carcasses, or organs, affected. In 1961, and again in 1962, there was only one organ affected with the disease.

During the latter part of the year, re-organisation of the refuse collection service over the whole district was commenced and a bonus incentive scheme introduced.

This work was undertaken by Mr. R. A. Davoll within the Department, when he was appointed Cleansing Superintendent in August, 1962. I wish to record my appreciation of his services which entailed recording alongside the collectors during the whole of their working day, often in adverse weather conditions. It was then necessary for this to be followed up each evening tabulating the results to enable a scheme for the whole district to be formulated.

The efforts put into this work have produced very satisfactory results financially and, at the same time, a more frequent collection of refuse has been obtained. An account of the work by the Cleansing Superintendent is contained within the Report.

Your Rodent Officer, Mr. J. W. Ufton, has given me a most comprehensive report of his activities during the year, which is embodied within the Report.

His keenness and expert knowledge of his subject relieves the Public Health Staff of any additional duties under this heading, and I am indeed fortunate in having such an Officer within the Department.

The promotion of good sanitary background in any district is essentially a combined operation carried out by Members of the Council and staff working as a team. This is especially true of the Repton Rural District Council, and I take this opportunity to thank the Chairman of the Council, the Chairman and Members of the Health and Public Works Committee, the Clerk to the Council, the Medical Officer of Health and all the staff of the Public Health Department, including your Scavenging Foreman for the assistance and support I have received during the year.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,  
Your Obedient Servant,

F. LOMAS,

Chief Public Health  
Inspector.



GENERAL SANITARY ADMINISTRATION

	No. on Register	Increase or Decrease	Inspections made
Bakehouses .. .. .	2	-	4
Canal Boats .. .. .	-	-	-
Common Lodging Houses ..	-	-	-
Dairies .. .. .	1	-7	-
Factories .. .. .	80	-	37
Houses let in Lodgings	-	-	-
Ice Cream Premises ..	107	+5	76
Market Stalls .. .. .	-	-	-
Milk Distributors ..	21	+1	-
Caravan Sites Licensed	29	+6	576*
Offensive Trades .. ..	-	-	-
Preserved Food Stores	33	-	21
Outworkers .. .. .	14	-	15
Shops .. .. .	281	-	84
Slaughterhouses .. ..	11	-4	1,696
Knackers' Yards .. ..	-	-	-

\*The major proportion of these visits, apart from the regular inspection of the Willington Caravan Site which is of only temporary duration, was carried out during a Survey of the whole District to review the requirements under the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960.

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S A M P L I N G

The following sampling work was carried out during the year 1962:-

MILK\*

Description of Sample	No. of Samples taken	Methylene Blue Test		Phosphatase Test	
		Sat.	Unsat.	Sat.	Unsat.
(a) Routine	79	41	2	36	-
(b) Biological	10	10	-	-	-

\*Sampling in this connection carried out by County Council

W A T E R

Description of Sample	No. of Samples taken	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
(a) Mains, S.S.W.W.C.	24	24	-
Mains, S.D.W.B.	146	146	-
(b) Other Sources, Wells, etc.	3	2	1

W A T E R      S U P P L I E S

Estimated  
Population  
involved:

Number of houses in District connected to mains	11,542	40,397
Number of houses in District supplied from standpipes on mains .. .. .	162	567
Number of houses in District not supplied from standpipes or mains .. .. .	289	1,011
Number of connections made during the year:-		
(a) existing houses .. .. .	280	
(b) new houses .. .. .	347	
(c) other premises .. .. .	Nil	

D R A I N A G E

Number of houses in District connected to sewers	10,524	36,834
Number of houses in District not connected to sewers ... .. .	1,469	5,141
Number of connections made during the year:-		
(a) existing houses .. .. .	39	
(b) new houses .. .. .	336	
(c) other premises .. .. .	Nil	
Number of conversions of other closets to water- closets .. .. .	67	

S A N I T A R Y      A C C O M M O D A T I O N

(a) Conversions to water-closets during 1962:-

(i) Privy Middens .. .. .	Nil
(ii) Pail Closets .. .. .	67
(iii) Waste Water Closets .. .. .	Nil

The total number of conversions to water-closets up to the end of the year since the beginning of 1942 is 1,228

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# H O U S I N G

No. of houses inhabited at the end of 1962 .. .. .	11,993
New houses erected during the year by:-	
(a) Local Authority .. .. .	78
(b) Private Enterprise .. .. .	269
Number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) .. .. .	276
Number of dwelling-houses found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation .. .. .	117
Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so in injurious or dangerous to health as to be unfit for human habitation ... .. .	22
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of action (formal or informal) by the local authority .. .. .	183
Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made .. .. .	22
Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders .. .. .	26
Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Undertakings were accepted .. .. .	4
Number of premises in respect of which Closing Orders were made, or Undertakings given by owner not to re-let .. .. .	2

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DETAILS OF IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

	DISCRETIONARY		STANDARD		BOTH GRANTS	
	January 1954 to 31 December, 1962	1 January, 1962 to 31 December, 1962	July 1959 to 31 December, 1962	1 January, 1962 to 31 December, 1962	January 1954 to 31 December, 1962	1 January, 1962 to 31 December, 1962
Number of applications received .. ..	435	37	238	72	673	109
Number of houses involved	507	39	239	72	746	111
Number of houses improved	416	38	157	51	573	89
Number of applications refused .. ..	7	1	4	2	11	3
Number of applications withdrawn	44	3	11	1	55	4
Number started, but not finished .. ..	10	-	10	-	20	-
Number approved, but not started .. ..	21	-	57	-	78	-
Total Grants paid, or to be paid .. ..	£99,677. 11. 2.	£11,153. 0. 0.	£16,857. 4. 7.	£5,830. 7. 8.	£116,534. 15. 9.	£16,983. 7. 8.
Average cost per house	£239. 12. 2.	£293. 10. 0.	£107. 7. 5.	£114. 6. 5.	£203. 7. 8.	£190. 16. 0.



DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

HOUSING (FINANCIAL PROVISIONS) ACT, 1958 AS AMENDED

BY HOUSE PURCHASE AND HOUSING ACT, 1959

Parish	Total Houses Improved	Total Cash Spent			Total Grant Paid		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Barton Blount	1	984	9.	0.	400.	0.	0.
Bretby	4	2,298.	19.	3.	1,012.	0.	0.
Burnaston	3	4,044.	16.	2.	1,120.	0.	0.
Castle Gresley	25	7,860.	11.	0.	3,629.	16.	0.
Catton	3	3,044.	10.	0.	1,056.	0.	0.
Cauldwell	1	1,179.	8.	11.	400.	0.	0.
Church Broughton	7	4,812.	14.	9.	1,438.	0.	0.
Coton-in-the-Elms	7	4,753.	14.	8.	1,863.	0.	0.
Dalbury Lees	6	5,130.	2.	9.	1,621.	0.	0.
Drakelow	3	1,662.	18.	10.	794.	0.	0.
Egginton	22	9,604.	6.	6.	4,378.	0.	0.
Etwall	29	12,512.	12.	11.	11,334.	16.	8.*
Findern	8	3,171.	18.	4.	1,497.	0.	0.
Foremarke	2	1,781.	5.	0.	620.	0.	0.
Foston and Scropton	13	9,287.	9.	6.	3,730.	0.	0.
Hartshorne	16	9,866.	12.	0.	4,341.	9.	0.
Hatton	31	11,845.	12.	2.	5,315.	0.	0.
Hilton	24	12,249.	12.	2.	5,221.	4.	6.
Ingleby	2	890.	5.	0.	426.	0.	0.
Linton	8	3,423.	10.	9.	1,618.	0.	0.
Lullington	2	1,388.	16.	0.	627.	0.	0.
Mickleover	17	8,222.	13.	8.	3,257.	0.	0.
Nethorseal	14	9,681.	6.	0.	4,668.	15.	0.*
Newton Solney	12	5,797.	12.	7.	2,504.	0.	0.
Osleston and Thurstaston	3	1,672.	8.	8.	866.	0.	0.
Overseal	35	12,924.	12.	1.	5,911.	0.	0.
Radbourne	7	4,689.	11.	7.	2,198.	0.	0.
Repton and Milton	27	15,267.	5.	3.	6,500.	0.	0.
Rosliston	6	6,123.	19.	5.	1,735.	0.	0.
Smisby	2	1,028.	0.	0.	494.	0.	0.
Sutton-on-the-Hill	2	825.	16.	0.	350.	0.	0.
Ticknall	18	8,874.	15.	4.	6,761.	16.	0.*
Trusley	4	3,489.	3.	11.	1,474.	6.	0.
Twynford and Stenson	4	2,559.	5.	0.	1,178.	0.	0.
Walton-on-Trent	13	7,656.	10.	8.	3,159.	0.	0.
Willington	8	2,629.	15.	0.	1,217.	0.	0.
Woodville	27	10,351.	6.	8.	4,961.	8.	0.
TOTALS	416	213,588.	7.	6.	99,677.	11.	2

\*Includes Almshouses. Dealt with under Housing Act, 1949, Section 31.

# STANDARD GRANTS

## HOUSE PURCHASE AND HOUSING ACT, 1959

Parish	Total Houses Improved	Total Cash Spent			Total Grant Paid		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Burnaston	1	469.	18.	0.	145.	0.	0.
Castle Gresley	7	1,659.	9.	1.	823.	6.	11.
Church Broughton	2	786.	9.	0.	195.	0.	0.
Dalbury Lees	1	185.	10.	0.	92.	15.	0.
Egginton	3	416.	17.	10.	161.	1.	5.
Etwall	6	1,666.	19.	0.	647.	2.	0.
Findern	6	1,026.	11.	6.	513.	5.	9.
Foston and Scropton	7	2,451.	0.	7.	831.	8.	3.
Hartshorne	3	1,402.	8.	9.	435.	0.	0.
Hatton	8	2,345.	7.	0.	1,011.	7.	0.
Hilton	15	4,685.	0.	8.	1,733.	10.	8.
Ingleby	2	569.	4.	11.	266.	14.	2.
Linton	6	1,438.	14.	8.	655.	17.	6.
Lullington	1	348.	0.	0.	145.	0.	0.
Mickleover	12	1,991.	13.	6.	898.	0.	2.
Netherseal	5	1,696.	9.	4.	475.	0.	0.
Newton Solney	3	696.	0.	0.	310.	10.	0.
Osleston and Thurvaston	2	412.	0.	0.	195.	0.	0.
Overseal	22	5,167.	7.	4.	2,387.	1.	8.
Radbourne	2	368.	17.	3.	109.	17.	10.
Repton and Milton	5	1,491.	15.	0.	644.	10.	0.
Rosliston	3	1,740.	17.	0.	445.	0.	0.
Sutton-on-the-Hill	2	250.	14.	8.	85.	0.	0.
Ticknall	2	467.	8.	8.	156.	10.	7.
Walton-on-Trent	2	845.	0.	0.	270.	0.	0.
Willington	3	595.	1.	10.	253.	0.	11.
Woodville	26	6,499.	11.	5.	2,971.	4.	9.
TOTALS	157	41,674.	7.	0.	16,857.	4.	7.



# SUMMARY OF DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

The following particulars are a summary of details of "Discretionary Grant" applications since the Scheme commenced in January 1954 to the 31st December, 1962.

Total number of applications received .. .. .	435
Number of houses involved in these applications ..	507
Number of houses improved .. .. .	416
Number of applications refused .. .. .	7
Number of applications withdrawn .. .. .	44
Number of properties where work has commenced, but not finished .. .. .	10
Number of properties at which work has not yet commenced .. .. .	21
Total Grants paid .. .. .	£99,677. 11. 2.
Average cost per house .. .. .	£239. 12. 2.

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# SUMMARY OF STANDARD GRANTS

The following particulars are a summary of details of "Standard Grant" applications from July 1959 to the 31st December, 1962:-

Total number of applications received .. .. .	238
Number of houses involved in these applications ..	239
Number of houses improved .. .. .	157
Number of applications refused .. .. .	4
Number of applications withdrawn .. .. .	11
Number of properties where work has commenced, but not finished .. .. .	10
Number of properties at which work has not yet commenced .. .. .	57
Total Grants paid .. .. .	£16,857. 4. 7.
Average cost per house .. .. .	£107. 7. 5.

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# GRAND SUMMARY

	Total Expenditure			Total Grant		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Discretionary Grants Completed (416)	213,588.	7.	6.	99,677.	11.	2.
Discretionary Grants Pending (31)	15,916.	8.	6.	7,427.	17.	7.
Standard Grants Completed (157)	41,674.	7.	0.	16,857.	4.	7.
Standard Grants Pending (Estimated figures) (67)	17,784.	12.	3.	7,193.	17.	2.
TOTALS	288,963.	15.	3.	131,156.	10.	6

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# HOUSING ACTS

Number of houses inspected under Housing Acts	.. .. .	197
Number of houses which were found defective	.. .. .	95
Number of houses where defects have been rectified	} Urgent repairs dealt with under Public Health Act.	
Number of houses where work is still in hand		
Total number of visits whilst work was in hand		
Informal Notices served		
Statutory Notices served	.. .. .	

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## UNFIT HOUSES

The following is a list of properties on which Demolition and Closing Orders have become operative. The position at the end of the year was as follows:-

Top Cottage, left-hand side Portland Street, Etwall  
 5 Cottages, Portland Street, Etwall  
 Cottage rear Clematis Cottage, Main Street, Findern  
 Whitmore's Cottage, Lower Green, Findern  
 Grundy's Cottage, Lower Green, Findern  
 Pettifer's Cottage, Lower Green, Findern  
 3 Cottages, Coton-in-the-Elms (Cauldwell Estate)  
 2 Cottages, Church Farm, Coton-in-the-Elms (Deakin)  
 6 Spring Cottage, Hartshorne  
 23 - 33 Ticknall Road, Hartshorne (6 houses)  
 5 Cottages, Main Street, Netherseal  
 2 - 12 Clifton Road, Netherseal (6 houses)  
 3 Cottages, Clifton Road, Netherseal (Leedham's)  
 2 Houses, Main Street, Netherseal (Tagg's)  
 3 Houses, Clifton Road, Netherseal (Richardson's)  
 Chapel House, Egginton  
 Field Cottages, Burnaston  
 2 Cottages, The Bank, Burnaston  
 66 Egginton Road, Hilton  
 45 Egginton Road, Hilton  
 Field Cottage, Church Broughton  
 Hill Farm, Ashby Road, Ticknall  
 3 Block, Main Street, Ticknall  
 Knifton's Cottage, Main Street, Ticknall  
 3 Cote Cottages, Church Broughton  
 2, 2A, 4 and 6 Well Lane, Repton  
 3 New Street, Rosliston (Wedd's)  
 81 and 83 Burton Road, Castle Gresley  
 44 and 46 Main Street, Milton (Fisher, late Brown)  
 4 Archway Cottages, Ticknall  
 40 - 58 Station Road, Hatton (10 houses)  
 45 Main Street, Walton-on-Trent

## DEMOLITIONS CARRIED OUT:

12 Bridge Street, Castle Gresley (demolished by National Coal Board)  
 7 Old Workhouse Cottages, Rosliston  
 101 and 103 Main Street, Repton  
 Cottage (late Barnes), Main Street, Repton  
 12 Burton Road, Repton  
 2 Cottages, Corner Hunts Lane and Clifton Road, Netherseal (S. A. Jones)  
 2 houses, Main Street, Netherseal (Tagg's)  
 2 houses, Main Street, Netherseal (Mrs. Davis)  
 4 Cottages adjoining Holly Bush Inn, Dog Lane, Netherseal.  
 3 Long Row Cottages and 2 at rear, Egginton (5 cottages)



# HOUSING STATISTICS

## 1. INSPECTION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE YEAR

(1)(a)	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) .. ..	276
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose .. ..	824
(2)	Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932 ..	197
(3)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation .. .. .	22
(4)	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to in preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation .. ..	95

## 2. REMEDY OF DEFECTS DURING THE YEAR WITHOUT SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES

Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of Informal action by the Local Authority, or their Officers	183
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## 3. ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR

### Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 12 of the Housing Act, 1957:

(1)(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring repairs .. .. .	Nil
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:-	
(i)	By Owners .. .. .	Nil
(ii)	By Local Authority in default of Owners ..	Nil

### Proceedings under Public Health Acts:

(2)(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Statutory Notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	1
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:-	
(i)	By Owners .. .. .	1
(ii)	By Local Authority in default of Owners ..	Nil

### Proceedings under Sections 17 and 23 of the Housing Act, 1957:

(3)(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made .. .. .	22
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders, or by Agreement .. .. .	27
(c)	Closed in pursuance of an Undertaking given by Owner under Section 16, and still in force .. .. .	2

# HOUSING STATISTICS (CONTINUED)

## ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR (CONTINUED)

### Proceedings under Section 18 of the Housing Act, 1957

- |        |   |     |
|--------|---|-----|
| (4)(a) | Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made .. ..  | Nil |
| (b)    | Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit .. .. | Nil |
| (5)    | Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1953, Closing Orders made under Section 10(1) ..   | Nil |

### 4. HOUSING ACT, 1957 (PART IV) - OVERCROWDING

- |        |   |                         |
|--------|---|-------------------------|
| (1)(a) | Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year .. .. .  | } Figures not available |
| (b)    | Number of families dwelling therein .. .. .   |                         |
| (c)    | Number of persons dwelling therein .. .. .  |                         |
| (2)    | Number of overcrowding cases reported during year   |                         |
| (3)    | Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year by rehousing .. .. .   | Nil                     |
| (4)    | Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority has taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding .. .. . | Nil                     |

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## R E N T      A C T,      1 9 5 7

No applications under the Act have been received during the year.

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## S H O P S     A C T,     1 9 5 0

The administration of the above Act is carried out by the Public Health Department.

There is satisfactory liaison with the Surveyor's Department whereby all plans submitted for the erection of new shops are carefully checked and the necessary requirements both under the above Act and under the Food Hygiene Regulations are agreed upon before Bye-law approval is given.

No infringements under the Act came to my notice during the year.

## C A M P I N G     S I T E S

The construction of two new Electricity Power Stations within the District has created problems in the housing of mobile labour needed for these major contracts.

In the case of the Willington Power Station, an adjoining temporary site has been provided by the Central Electricity Generating Board for the workers and their families and will be discontinued during 1963 following the completion of this Station.

At Drakelow, which is a much larger project and will take several years to complete, no site has been made available by the Central Electricity Generating Board, but the position is being explored with a view to the provision of a suitable site for this area.

Prior to these major schemes of construction within the District, it has never been accepted that a serious need for a caravan site existed, but that this need could be satisfactorily met by the discriminate siting of individual caravans.

Twenty-nine individual Site Licences have been issued under the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960

## S W I M M I N G   P O O L S   A N D   B A T H S

There are no public pools or baths within the Rural District.

## S M O K E     A B A T E M E N T

During the year, several applications under the Clean Air Act, 1956, Section 3, Sub-Section 2, requesting approval of proposed installations have been received and dealt with.

The findings of the Standard and Lead Peroxide Gauges sited near the Drakelow and Willington Power Stations are recorded at monthly intervals. The readings have indicated increases in ash deposition from the Drakelow Power Station and, upon further investigation, it is understood that modifications on the precipitator plant are being carried out to further increase their efficiency.

During the year, the Council recommended the adoption of Building Bye-laws under Section 24 of the Clean Air Act, 1956, dealing with smoke prevention and draft proposals have been submitted to the Minister of Housing and Local Government for approval.

SECTION E

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOODS

During the year, the following foods were inspected and condemned as unfit for human consumption:-

	lbs.	ozs.
Boiled Bacon	3	0
10 tins Corned Beef	52	0
1 tin Gammon Ham	9	4
1 tin Danish Picnic	1	0
Jellied Veal	6	0
<u>FROZEN FOODS</u>		
3 Chickens	6	12
Meat and Meat Products	37	6
Fish and Fish Products	40	10
Shrimp Sauce		15
Onion Sauce		12
Hollandaise Sauce		15
Puff Pastry	4	8
Mousse	6	9
Arctic Rolls	3	0
Dairy Cream Sponges	2	0
Swiss Rolls	1	8
Chicken Dinners - 5 in number		
TOTAL WEIGHT CONDEMNED		<u>176</u> <u>3</u>

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MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATION) ORDERS AND REGULATIONS  
MILK AND DAIRIES REGULATIONS

The County Medical Officer, Dr. J. B. S. Morgan, has forwarded the following information regarding samples of Pasteurised Milk taken within the District:-

<u>SAMPLES</u>		
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>Satisfactory</u>	<u>Unsatisfactory</u>
24	23	1

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I C E C R E A M

There were no new premises registered for the manufacture of Ice Cream during the year.

Five new premises were added to the Register of Ice Cream Retailers and six transfers of licence were recorded during the year.

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## MEAT INSPECTION

During the year one new slaughterhouse, complying in every respect with the new constructional standard laid down in the Slaughterhouses Act, 1958, has been provided. This brings the total of Slaughterhouses in this District to eleven.

No particular difficulties on meat inspection have been met during the year.

There is, however, a considerable amount of slaughtering taking place every Sunday at one of the Slaughterhouses in the District which makes it necessary for an Inspector to be on duty on that day.

A rota is worked by the Inspectors to ease the burden and for which I gratefully acknowledge.

It may be that the new Meat Inspection Regulations envisaged will provide for restricting the days of slaughtering, a proviso which, I am sure, would be welcomed by the inspectorate throughout the Country.

The following figures and classification of animals slaughtered during the period from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1962 gives an indication of the high quality of meat supplied by the butchers in the area.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOODS (CONTINUED)

MEAT INSPECTION (CONTINUED)

	Cattle excluding cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	3,383	506	275	9,871	1,237	-
Number inspected	3,383	506	275	9,871	1,237	-
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	2	2	8	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	299	78	6	316	226	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with diseases other than Tuberculosis or Cysticerci	8.8%	15.8%	2.9%	3.2%	18.2%	-
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	1 (1)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	6 (-)	- (-)
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	0.02% (0.02%)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	0.48% (-)	- (-)
<u>Cysticercosis</u>						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	21	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

1961 FIGURES IN BRACKETS



INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOODS (CONTINUED)

MEAT INSPECTION (CONTINUED)

The weights of meat and offal condemned during 1962 were as follows:-

	Tons	cwts.	qrs.	lbs.
Whole carcasses condemned	14	9	19	
Part carcasses condemned	13	0	0	
Offals condemned .. ..	3	1	1	5
	<hr/>			
TOTAL WEIGHT CONDEMNED	4	10	2	24

SLAUGHTERHOUSES

During the year the number of slaughterhouses licensed was ten and the number of licences granted to slaughtermen was thirty.

FISH AND CHIP PREMISES

No alteration was recorded during the year.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE

On receipt of notifications of Infectious Disease, premises are inspected and appropriate investigations made according to the nature of the disease, and in all cases after close consultation with the Medical Officer of Health.

Disinfections are carried out where necessary.

Rats and Mice

An improvement in the state of the District was noticeable during the year, particularly in respect of business premises. More people are getting to know the service of this Department and are making use of it.

Trouble at Sewage Works is virtually non-existent due to regular visits and the establishment of permanent baiting points. Without this system the District could not be treated successfully, owing to its size.

Railway embankments, canals, rivers and brook-course are the greatest sources of infestation in the District and do account for sudden influxes of rats by migration to properties. These, we think, are known to the Department now and action is taken where necessary.

The system of controlled tipping has helped the Rodent Officer at the Egginton site where only the actual tip face is exposed.

The tip at Church Broughton is more difficult to treat owing to its isolated position, the limited amount of tipping carried out by the Council and the fact that the tip is not in the Council's ownership. It is open to the public who tip indiscriminately and it is suspected that scrap dealers are attracted to the site to see what they can pick up.

As a consequence, discreetly laid baits are often disturbed and exposed to the weather making them unpalatable to rats and therefore, the tip cannot be said to be under successful rodent control for the reasons stated. Efforts are, however, being made to tighten up control at this tip.

The results of work done at the Infestation Control Laboratory are usually published in the Scientific Journals, Magazines and leaflets not purchased by this Council. To make this information more readily available, the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food is now issuing Technical Circulars periodically to Local Authorities for their Officers on the latest methods of Rodent Control.

Derbyshire Workable Area Committee

Your Rodent Officer continues to attend on behalf of the Council and much information is exchanged between other Authorities, ourselves and the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food Officers.

The Minutes of these Meetings, together with circulars, are kept in the Department should anyone wish to pursue this increasingly absorbing subject.

Contracts

Agreements made on an annual basis returned the sum of £146. Many farmers are not renewing their Agreements on expiry, but wait until the premises are infested again. They are under the impression they then get "value for money." This is surely a fallacy as "prevention is better than cure," the cost of feeding one rat for one year is £1. I would welcome more films and lectures to National Farmers' Unions and Agricultural Discussion Societies.



PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT (CONTINUED)

Other Pests:

Foxes

Four cases of foxes were dealt with on the Council's properties.

Wasps

Only seventeen cases of wasps were disposed of compared with fifty-three in the previous year.

Sewer Treatments:

Small infestations of rats were found in several systems and were treated as shown in the following Tables:-

Summary of Treatments	Local Authority Properties	Dwellings including Council Houses	Business Properties	Total
<u>NUMBER OF PROPERTIES INSPECTED AS A RESULT OF:</u>				
(a) Notification .. ..	Nil	97	22	119
(b) Survey under the 1949 Act .. ..	38	495	106	639
<u>NUMBER OF PROPERTIES INSPECTED WHICH WERE FOUND TO BE INFESTED BY:</u>				
<u>Rats</u> Major (over 20) ..	21	9	15	45
Minor .. ..	11	166	6	183
<u>Mice</u> Major .. ...	Nil	Nil	2	2
Minor .. ..	Nil	53	7	60
TOTAL	32	228	30	290
NUMBER OF PROPERTIES TREATED	32	228	27*	287
TOTAL TREATMENTS CARRIED OUT	585	889	106	1,580

\*ADVICE GIVEN. OCCUPIERS CARRY OUT OWN TREATMENT

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT (CONTINUED)

SEWER TREATMENTS

Test Bait Annual 10%	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962
No. of manholes in systems under test	1329	1012	1315	1111	No Test	1327
No. of manholes in systems baited	147	102	159	132		169
No. of manholes in systems showing "Take"	40	8	14	Nil		9

TREATMENTS

	1957	1958**	1959*	1960 and 1961	1962
No. of manholes in systems treated	1330	1588	476	No treatment necessary	392
No. of manholes baited .. ..	152	129	22		37
No. of manholes showing "Take"	44	28	8		17
No. of manholes showing "No Take"	108	101	14		20

\*\*Two treatments 10 Parishes

\*One treatment 3 Parishes

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PREScribed PARTICULARS ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE  
FACTORIES ACT, 1937 & 1948. PART I OF THE ACT

1. INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors)

PREMISES  (1)	Number on Register  (2)	NUMBER OF		
		Inspections  (3)	Written Notices  (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted  (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	5	5	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	75	32	-	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding Outworkers' Premises) .. .. .	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTALS</b>	80	37	-	-

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

Particulars  (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted  (6)
	Found  (2)	Remedied  (3)	Referred		
			To H.M. Inspector  (4)	By H.M. Inspector  (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2) ..	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3) .. .. .	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate Ventilation (S.4) .. .. .	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient ..	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective ..	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes .. .. .	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act, (not including Offences relating to Outwork) .. .. .	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	-	-	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT

O U T W O R K

(SECTIONS 110 AND 111)

There were fourteen Outworkers reported as employed within the Council's area during the year. The Outworkers' premises have been visited and, in each case, found to be satisfactory.

NATURE OF WORK  (1)	SECTION 110			SECTION 111		
	No. of outworkers in August list required by Section 110 (1)(c) (2)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council (3)	No. of prosecu- tions for failure to supply lists (4)	No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premises (5)	Notices served (6)	Prose- cutions (7)
Wearing) Making apparel) etc.	10	-	-	-	-	-
Lace, lace curtains and nets	2	-	-	-	-	-
The making of boxes or other receptacles or parts thereof made wholly or partially of paper	1	-	-	-	-	-
Toys (non- inflammable)	1	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	14	-	-	-	-	-

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## SECTION F.

### ANNUAL REPORT OF CLEANSING SUPERINTENDENT

#### (1) Refuse Collection

At the beginning of the year, the collection of refuse was carried out over the whole area by a fleet of seven Council-owned vehicles using direct labour. The frequency of collection varied between seven days in parts of the Mickleover Parish and fourteen days in the more rural and less populated Parishes.

Owing to the rapid private development in parts of the District, and the increased bulk of the refuse, it became increasingly difficult to maintain the frequency of collection and, after consideration, the Council placed an order for a new compression type refuse vehicle of 50 cu.yd. capacity.

The vehicle was put into service in the first week in August, and at the same time a survey was commenced of the refuse collection service with a view to instituting a weekly collection throughout the Rural District. The survey was carried out by accompanying each crew for the whole of the round and then instituting a bonus system based on payment for the number of bins emptied. Although there was a natural doubt in the men's minds at the start of the scheme, this was soon overcome and thereafter the men gave their full interest and support to the scheme.

By the end of the year, the survey of all the rounds was completed and three teams were actually working on the bonus system with the remaining three rounds waiting to commence during the second or third week of the New Year. At that time every house in the District where a collection is required will be visited weekly with some premises visited two and three times a week. The rounds have been reduced from seven to six and the number of men engaged on refuse collection has been reduced by three.

The new vehicle is ideal for the collection of today's refuse, particularly in a Rural District where the distance to the disposal point makes it essential to reduce the number of trips as far as possible. Based on the satisfactory results with one vehicle, orders have been placed for two more similar vehicles to be delivered in January and April, 1963.

#### (2) Pail Emptying

Owing to the Council's policy of providing foul sewers wherever possible, the number of pail collections and cesspool emptying is reducing and it is confidently expected that when the workings of this section are reviewed in the Spring of 1963, a financial saving will be effected within this section.

#### (3) Refuse Disposal

In common with other Authorities, a problem is being experienced in finding further sites for tipping for the disposal of refuse, although the problem is probably more acute in this area. For this reason, the Council has decided to investigate the provision of a disposal plant and enquiries are proceeding as to the most suitable type of plant, etc.

## Refuse Disposal (continued)

As I was only appointed some five months before the end of the year there is not a great deal to report on at the end of 1962, but it is confidently expected that by the end of 1963 all the work of the section will have been reviewed and the resultant benefits will be apparent. It is also hoped that definite steps will have been taken regarding the provision of a disposal plant as the short life of the present tip at Egginton is causing some anxiety.

### (4) Anti-Litter Campaign

Litter bins are now fixed in the majority of the larger Parishes throughout the District and regular emptyings are carried out.

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I have received all the help and support I would wish, both from Members and Officers of the Council, and it would not be possible to list them all, but I must mention Mr. F. Lomas, the Chief Public Health Inspector, who has readily given me the benefit of his great experience and knowledge.

R. A. DAVOLL,

Cleansing Superintendent.



SECTION G.

ANNUAL REPORT OF ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR FOR  
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YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1962  
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1. SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Parish of Ticknall  
Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Scheme

This scheme, prepared by the Council's consultant engineers was completed in May and the Works were commissioned in July.

Parish of Findern  
Sewerage Scheme - Heath Lane

This scheme was finally completed in June after strong pressure had been brought on the contractor to maintain adequate labour strength on the site. A certain amount of remedial work was necessary due to infiltration of ground water into the new sewers and also some work was necessary to the superstructure of the pumping station. The plant has subsequently performed satisfactorily.

Parish of Dalbury Lees  
Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Scheme

This contract was commenced in February and was virtually complete at the end of the year with the exception of a certain amount of remedial work to the sedimentation tanks.

The Council decided to extend this scheme to include additional property at Lees Green and an application was made to the Ministry for approval to this extension and this was received in July. The work was carried out in conjunction with the main contract.

Parish of Bretby  
Sewerage Scheme

The contractors commenced work in February and completed this contract in November. A delay was experienced in commissioning the pumping station due to the Electricity Board's scheme for standard voltage for Bretby Village not being brought into operation. It is anticipated that this will be available early in 1963.

Parish of Hartshorne  
Sewerage Scheme - Ashby Road, Boundary

Tenders for this work were obtained in January, 1962, and after a delay caused by the owner of the property situated in the Ashby Urban District objecting to the sewer being laid across his land, it was decided to revise the route and the scheme was finally commenced in November.

Parish of Hartshorne  
Sewerage Scheme - Manchester Lane

Tenders for this scheme were received in September, and it is expected that a start will be made early in 1963.

## SEWAGE DISPOSAL (CONTINUED)

### Parish of Smisby

### Parish of Trusley (Long Lane)

### Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Schemes

These two schemes, both of which make provision for receiving farm drainage, were discussed with the Ministry in June and, at their request, the details were submitted in September for consideration. An informal investigation was held at the Council's Offices in October and subsequently the Council was advised to revise the schemes to include for recirculation of the effluent in view of the difficulty of purification of the farm waste. It is hoped to submit amended drawings early in 1963.

### Parish of Lullington

### Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Scheme

This scheme was submitted to the Ministry for approval in October and their reply is awaited.

### Parishes of Rosliston and Coton-in-the-Elms

### Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Scheme

The approval of the Ministry to this scheme, which was prepared by the Council's Consulting Engineers, was received and tenders obtained in November.

## 2. MINING SUBSIDENCE - DAMAGE TO SEWERS

### Parish of Castle Gresley

The 9" main sewer in Castle Gresley in the vicinity of the War Memorial and White Lady's Reservoir has been further affected; also the 6" sewer opposite the Mount Pleasant Inn. The 9" sewer in Bridge Street and the 9" sewer opposite Home Farm, Burton Road, have also been affected.

### Parish of Overseal

The 6" cast iron rising main from the Moira Road Pumping Station was broken in Moira Road in July and the electric power cable was broken in December. The 9" sewer in Lullington Road was affected in November.

### Parish of Bretby

The 5" cast iron rising main from the Pumping Station opposite the Golf Club on Ashby Road was broken on 14th November.

## 3. STREET LIGHTING

Several schemes were prepared and carried out during the year, as follows:-

Coton-in-the-Elms	..	..	..	8 Group "B" lamps
Drakelow	..	..	..	32 Group "B" lamps
Church Broughton	..	..	..	14 Group "B" lamps
Dalbury Lees	..	..	..	5 Group "B" lamps
Ingleby	..	..	..	6 Group "B" lamps
Repton	..	..	..	5 Group "B" lamps
Willington	..	..	..	17 Group "A" (sodium) lamps
				24 Group "B" (tungsten) lamps



## STREET LIGHTING (CONTINUED)

Schemes have been prepared and are being carried out, or will be carried out shortly, as follows:-

Hartshorne	..	..	..	..	53 Group "B" lamps (including 20 conversions)
Hatton	..	..	..	..	43 Group "A" (sodium) lamps 2 Group "B" lamps
Linton	..	..	..	..	2 Group "B" lamps
Milton	..	..	..	..	2 Group "B" lamps
Marston-on-Dove	..	..	..	..	4 Group "B" lamps
Castle Gresley	..	..	..	..	5 Group "A" lamps (sodium) (Cadley Hill)
Overseal	..	..	..	..	10 Group "A" (sodium) lamps (Acresford Road)
Radbourne	..	..	..	..	4 Group "B" lamps
Sutton-on-the-Hill	..	..	..	..	9 Group "B" lamps
Ticknall	..	..	..	..	8 Group "B" lamps
Trusley	..	..	..	..	6 Group "B" lamps

In addition, many sundry additional lamps have been provided in various parishes, and comprehensive schemes are being prepared for Group "B" lighting in the parishes of Overseal and Netherseal.

## 4. HOUSING

The number of houses approved by the Minister of Housing and Local Government since 1946 is 1,785.

The number of houses completed up to 31st December, 1962, is 1,658.

The following summary gives the progress made during the year ended 31st December, 1962.

Parish	Houses under Contract	Houses under Constn.	Completed in previous year	Completed year ended 31.12.1962	Type
Coton-in-the-Elms	24	-	-	12	Traditional
Egginton .. ..	8	8	-	-	"
Etwall .. ..	12	12	-	-	"
Hartshorne .. ..	35	4	15	16	"
Hatton .. ..	24	-	-	24	"
Mickleover .. ..	22	22	-	-	"
Netherseal .. ..	26	-	-	26	"
Smisby .. ..	2	-	-	-	"
Walton-on-Trent	8	-	-	-	"
Woodville .. ..	18	18	-	-	"
TOTALS	179	76	15	78	

Plans for 404 dwellings were approved during the year ended 31st December, 1962.

269 dwellings were completed, and 385 in course of erection. These include properties approved during the previous year, but not completed.

The total number of applications and plans submitted to the Council for approval during the year was 1,318, of which 761 were approved

# HOUSING (CONTINUED)

## Foul Drainage Connections:

### New Houses:

Building Estates	..	..	178	on public sewer
Private Properties	..	..	80	on public sewer
Private Properties	..	..	11	on cesspools/ septic tanks

TOTAL

269

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WATER SUPPLIES - YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1962

The District as a whole is exceptionally well served with mains supply of water and the following is a Statement of the position in the area:-

Parish	Supplying Undertaker	Total Houses	No. of houses supplied	Estd. population supplied	Supply direct to property	Supply off Stand-pipes	No. of houses un piped supply.
Ashe	S.D.W.B.	15	15	38	15	-	-
Barton Blount	S.D.W.B.	15	6	21	6	-	9
Bearwardcote	S.S.W.W.C.	10	4	14	4	-	6
Bretby	S.S.W.W.C.	254	241	844	241	-	8
do.	Sw. & Ashby	-	5	17	5	-	-
Burnaston	S.S.W.W.C.	66	56	196	56	-	10
Calke	Private Sup.	10	-	-	-	-	10
Castle Gresley	S.S.W.W.C.	413	413	1,445	413	-	-
Catton	S.S.W.W.C.	21	12	42	12	-	9
Cauldwell	S.S.W.W.C.	28	27	94	27	-	1
Church Broughton	S.D.W.B.	116	97	339	97	-	19
Coton-in-the-Elms	S.S.W.W.C.	150	142	497	142	-	8
Dalbury Lees	S.D.W.B.	56	53	185	53	-	3
Drakelow	S.S.W.W.C.	63	60	210	60	-	3
Egginton	S.S.W.W.C.	102	100	350	100	-	2
Etwall	S.S.W.W.C.	530	522	1,827	522	-	5
do.	S.D.W.B.	-	3	10	3	-	-
Findern	S.S.W.W.C.	294	262	917	262	-	20
do.	S.D.W.B.	-	12	42	12	-	-
Foremarke	Sw. & Ashby	26	26	91	21	5	-
Foston and Scropton	S.D.W.B.	135	119	417	119	-	16
Hartshorne	S.D.W.B.	901	901	3,153	877	24	-
do.	Sw. & Ashby	192	192	672	192	-	-
do.	Caulkley - Private Sup.	15	15	52	15	-	-
Hatton	S.D.W.B.	531	526	1,841	526	-	5
Hilton	S.S.W.W.C.	382	369	1,292	369	-	13
Hoon	S.D.W.B.	13	2	7	2	-	11
Ingleby	Private Sup.	20	20	70	20	-	-
Linton	S.S.W.W.C.	563	563	1,971	563	-	-
Lullington	S.S.W.W.C.	47	45	157	45	-	2
Marston-on-Dove	S.D.W.B.	16	11	39	11	-	5
Mickleover	S.D.W.B.	3,063	3,056	10,696	3,056	-	7
Netherseal	S.S.W.W.C.	291	279	976	279	-	12
Newton Solney	S.S.W.W.C.	154	145	507	145	-	9
Osleston and Thurstaston	S.D.W.B.	68	61	213	61	-	7
Overseal	S.S.W.W.C.	686	686	2,401	686	-	-
Radbourne	S.D.W.B.	45	40	140	40	-	5
Repton and Milton	S.S.W.W.C.	618	585	2,048	565	20	16
do.	Sw. & Ashby	-	17	59	14	3	-
Rosliston	S.S.W.W.C.	131	125	437	125	-	6
Smisby	S.D.W.B.	94	80	280	80	-	14
Sutton-on-the Hill	S.D.W.B.	30	19	67	19	-	5
do.	Private Sup.	-	6	21	6	-	-
Ticknall	S.D.W.B.	201	191	668	81	110	10
Trusley	S.D.W.B.	33	33	115	33	-	-
Twyford and Stenson	S.D.W.B.	73	52	182	52	-	21
Walton-on-Trent	S.S.W.W.C.	260	250	925	250	-	10
Willington	S.S.W.W.C.	465	463	1,620	463	-	2
Woodville	S.D.W.B.	797	797	2,790	797	-	-
TOTALS		11,993	11,704	40,964	11,542	162	289

S.D.W.B. - South Derbyshire Water Board  
S.S.W.W.C. - South Staffordshire Waterworks Company  
Sw. & Ashby - Swadlincote and Ashby Joint Water Board.





