### [Report 1948] / Medical Officer of Health, Ramsey U.D.C.

#### **Contributors**

Ramsey (England). Urban District Council.

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# RAMSEY

# URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.



# ANNUAL REPORT

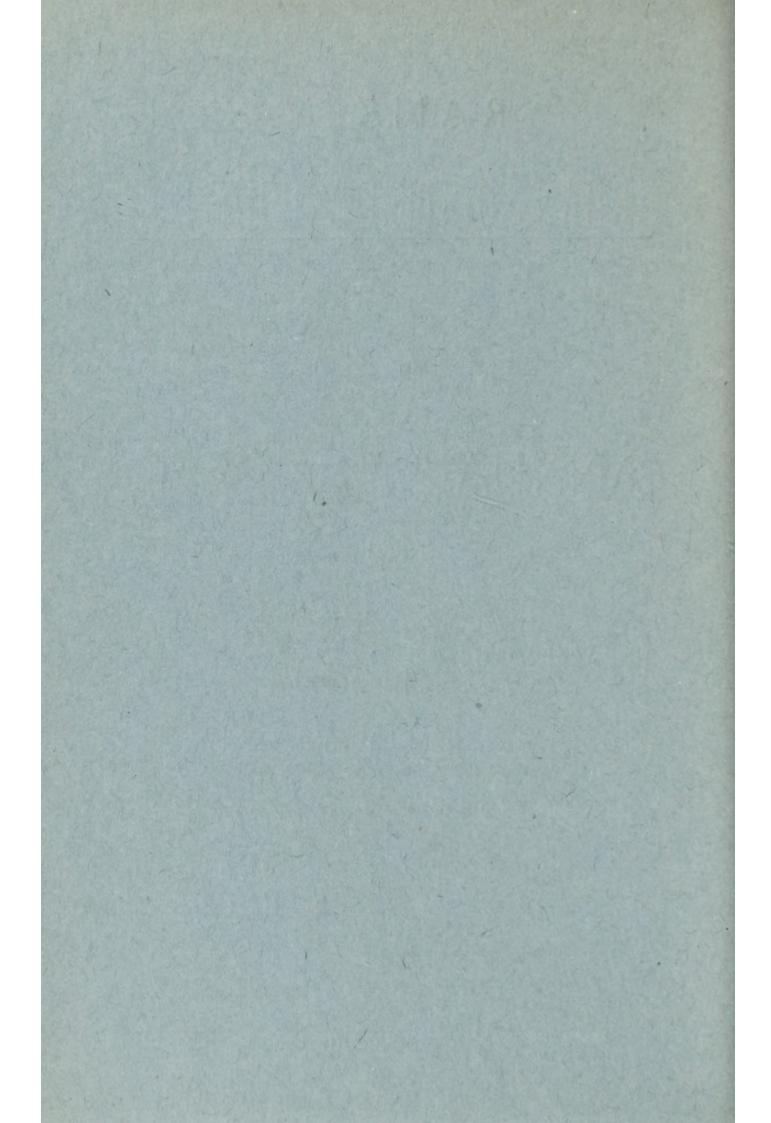
OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER
OF HEALTH

UPON THE

SANITARY CONDITION of the DISTRICT DURING THE YEAR 1948.





# TO THE RAMSEY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Council.

I beg to submit the Annual Report on the sanitary conditions of the district for the year ending 31st December, 1948.

The report has been constructed on similar lines as last years report, as requested by the Ministry of Health.

#### STAFF:

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
H. PATTINSON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

V. J. BATEMAN, A.R.San.I.

# STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area Estimated Population (mid 1948)	15,980 acres 5,660
Number of Inhabited Houses, end of 1948	1,630
Rateable Value	£20,464
Value of Penny Rate	£85:5:4

During the course of 1948, no radical change took place in the industry of the district, which is chiefly connected with agricultural activities.

# VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births.	
Birth Rate per 1000 population	21.2
Still Births.	
Rate per 1000 total births	32.3
Deaths.	
Death Rate per 1000 population	9.9
Deaths from Puerperal Causes per 1000 total (live and still) births	Nil
Death Rate of Infants under one year of age :-	
All infants per 1,000 live births	25.0
Legitimate infants per 1000 legitimate live births	26.5
Illegitimate infants per 1000 illegitimate live births	Nil
Deaths from Cancer (all ages)	10
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	Nil
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	Nil
Deaths from Diarrhœa (under 2 years)	I

### RATES.

	Per 10	00 Popul	ation.	Per 1000 live birth	
	Live Births	Still Births	Death Rate	Infantile Mortality	
Ramsey U. D. C.	 21.2	0.71	9.9	25.0	
England & Wales	 17.9	0.42	10.8	34.0	

The following table shows the classification of deaths from all causes, Registrar General's figures.

		Μ.	F. 7	otal
	Causes of Death.	30	26	56
I.	Typhoid and paratyphoid fevers		-	-
2.	Cerebro spinal fever	. –	-	-
3.	Scarlet fever		-	-
4.	Whooping cough	-	-	
5.	Diphtheria		-	-
6.	Tuberculosis of respiratory system		2	2
7.	Other form of tuberculosis		-	-
8.	Syphilitic diseases		-	-
9.	Influenza		-	-
10.	Measles		-	-
II.	Ac. Polio. myel and polio enceph		-	-
12.	Ac. inf. encephalitis		-	-
13.	Cancer of buc. cav. & oesph & uterus		-	-
14.	Cancer of stomach and duodenum	. I	3	4
15.	Cancer of breast		2	2
16.	Cancer of all other sites	. 2	2	4
17.	Diabetes		-	-
18.	Intra; cran vasc. lesions	. 4	5	9
19.	Heart disease	. 6	9	15
20.	Other diseases of the circul. system	. 2	I	3
21.	Bronchitis	. 3	-	3
22.	Pneumonia	. I	-	I
23.	Other respiratory diseases		-	-
24.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	. I	-	I
25.	Diarrhœa under 2 years	. I	-	I
26.	Appendicitis		-	-
27.	Other digestive diseases		-	-
28.	Nephritis		-	-
29.	Puerperal and post abort, sepsis		1 -	-
30.	Other maternal causes		-	-
31.	Premature birth		-	-
32.	Con. mal; birth inj; infant dis	. I	-	I
33.	Suicide	. I	-	I
34.	Road traffic accidents		-	-
35.	Other violent causes	. I	-	I
36.	All other causes	. 6	2	8

# GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Prior to the inception of the National Health Service on the 5th July, 1948, there was no change from previous years in the provision of Health Services. Since the 5th July, services have been provided as follows:-

# (a) Laboratory Facilities:

No change has taken place in the general arrangements during the past year. Bacteriological specimens from Practitioners in the district are examined at the Pathological Department of the Memorial Hospital, Peterborough, or by the Pathological Laboratory, Tennis Court Road, Cambridge.

# (b) Ambulance Facilities:

- (1) For the removal of infectious cases a motor ambulance is available at the Isolation Hospital, Huntingdon.
- (2) For non-infectious and accident cases, ambulances are provided by the Huntingdon County Council from their depot at Huntingdon. For non-emergency cases there is still an available ambulance stationed at Ramsey.

# (c) Nursing in the Home:

Nursing in the home is carried out by three qualified nurses employed by the Huntingdon County Council. All nurses are certified midwives and attend the majority of maternity cases under the Domiciliary Midwifery Scheme.

All cases of Tuberculosis are visited by the Tuberculosis Health Visitor and a report with details of home conditions and circumstances is completed.

# (d) Clinics and Treatment Centres:

Infant Welfare Clinics are held at the Wesleyan Schoolroom on the 2nd and last Wednesday every month from 2—4 p.m.

The following additional Clinics are provided:-

School Clinic (Minor Ailment) Ramsey Town C. P. School
3rd Thursday of the month
10—12 noon

Dental Clinic

The Wesleyan Schoolroom 2nd and last Wednesday of the month. 2—4 p.m.

Eyes

London Road Clinic, Old Fletton, by Appointment

Tuberculosis

High Street, Old Fletton By Appointment.

Orthopædic

Memorial Hospital, Peterborough Every Monday, 2.15 p.m. By Appointment.

Nose, Throat and Ear Clinic Memorial Hospital, Peterborough every Wednesday at 3 p.m. By Appointment.

Venereal Diseases

28, Fitzwilliam St., Peterborough Mixed Session—Wed., 4 - 6 p.m.

Women Only

Fridays — 10—12 noon. New cases and special treatment

only, Mondays — 10—12 noon.

Men Only

Friday -4-6 p.m.

New cases and special treatment only, Mondays — 4—6 p.m.

Under the Ante and Post Natal Scheme, provided by the County Council, expectant mothers are examined twice during their pregnancy (or oftener if necessary) and once after confinement.

# (e) Hospitals:

- (1) Fever—The treatment of infectious diseases is carried out at the Hospital for Infectious Disease at Huntingdon
- (2) The Peterborough Memorial Hospital, the County Hospital, Huntingdon and Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge, continue to carry out the general hospital services in the district.
- (3) Provision is made for Maternity cases at the Maternity Hospital, Paxton Park.

## INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

The routine visits of inspection in connection with this work have been carried out as in past years,

#### HOUSING.

During the year the Council completed 19 permanent houses. Eight houses were completed by private enterprise. The standard of the new Council houses has been kept at a high level, but the number still required is considerable if all persons living in unfit houses are to be re-housed.

#### DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

The septic tank system which deals with sewage before it enters the river, remains in the same state as in former years. New houses with modern sanitation continue to increase with the result that the condition of the river is becoming worse every year, and during the summer months unpleasant odours are experienced by many people living in the vicinity. Palliative measures for this situation have been tried in the past with no success and it is more than ever necessary that a comprehensive disposal works is contructed in the near future to bring the drainage and sewerage of the town up to the modern standard which the Council are upholding in their housing programme.

### WATER.

Samples from the water supply are taken regularly and forwarded to the Emergency Public Health Laboratory at Cambridge for bacteriological analysis. Apart from temporary difficulties with the mains to new houses samples have been satisfactory in all respects.

There is still some insufficiency of supply in parts of Ramsey Forty Foot, Ramsey Heights and Ramsey St. Mary's.

# TO THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

SIR,	
I beg to submit my report for the year end	ling
31st December, 1948.	
Nuisances:	
Abated as a result of informal action	26
Abated as a result of Statutory action	Nil
Analysis No. No. of Inspections	
Premises 12 17	
Overcrowding 3 3	
Drains 6 6 Animals I I	
Dampness 6 6	
Disinfestation 3 3	
Closets:	
No. of houses at the end of the year with W.C.'s	643
" " " Pail Closets	948
No of W.C.'s constructed design the Privy Vaults	37
No. of W.C.'s constructed during the year for new houses	27
No. of Pail Closets newly constructed for old property	27 2
and the control of the control of the property	_
Cesspools:	
No. of new cesspools provided	14
No. of cesspools emptied by L.S.A	36
No. of cesspools emptied privately	I
Housing:	
Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the year:	
I (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected	
for housing defects	12
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	16
2 (a) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in	
a state so dangerous or injurious to health	
as to be unfit for human habitation	3
(b) Number of dwelling-houses found not to be	
in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	9
Remedy of defects without service of Formal Notices	,
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered	
fit in consequence of informal action by the	
Local Authority or their Officers	4

Action under Statutory Powers	during t	he year:		
(I) Number of dwelling-ho	ouses in	respect	of	
which Demolition Order				3
(2) Number of dwelling-ho		nolished	in	
pursuance of Demolition	Orders			Nil
Milk Supply:				
No. of Registered Cowkeeper	re			4
No. of Cowsheds and Dairie				12
No. of Retailers' Premises in				4
	poored			7
Disinfection:				
Cases of Infectious Disease rep	orted		•••	12
No. of Inspections				12
Rooms disinfected				12
No. of Schools disinfected			•••	Nil
Meat Inspection:				
No. of slaughter houses on Reg	rister			6
No. of inspections	,,,,,,			12
No. of visits for the inspection	of meat			16
		000a		
Water Supply:				
Samples taken for analysis	•••			49
Samples unsatisfactory		•••		16
Wells closed		•••		Nil
Wells cleansed and repaired		•••		Nil
New Wells sunk	•••	•••		Nil
Ashbins: New provided				50
Offensive Trades: No. Registered	l			Nil
Shops and Offices:				
N				10
No. requiring additional heatin	 or			Nil
No. requiring additional ventil				Nil
No. requiring additional sanita				Nil
	The second second			- ' ' '
Factory and Workshop Act, 1937.				
	number			. 0
	cluding b			18
				2
D 1 1	n registe			6
	uisances			Nil
**	of outwo			Nil
Legal proceedings, i.e., Summonses				Nil

The following table gives the incidence of notifiable diseases (other than tuberculosis) in the area during 1948.

	Opthalmia Neonatorum	Puerperal Pyrexia	Whooping Cough	Measles	Pneumonia	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Diphtheria	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Erysipelas	DISEASE
-	П	н	42	w	11	ı	,	2	,		TOTAL
Γ	1	,	4	1	П	1		1	1,	1	under I year
	1	1	7	н	2	1	1	1	1	1	I - 2
	1	1	7	,	1	1	•	10	1	1	2 - 3
	1		4	1	1	1			1	1	3 - 4
	1	•	7	1	1	1	1	1	•	1	4 - 5
	1	1	13	2	1	1	1	-	,	1	5 - 10
	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	10 - 15
	1	1	1	1	1	•	1	1		•	15 - 20
	1	•	1	1	w	1	1	П	1	1	20 - 35
	1	П	1	•	2	1	1 -	•	1	1	35 - 45
	•	1	1	1	w	1	1	1	•	1	45 - 65
	•	1	1	1	1	1	•	•	1	1	65 & upwards
-	ı			,	I	•	1		1	•	Cases admitted to Hospital
	1	1	1	•	•	•	1	'	'	1	Total Deaths

# PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

The incidence of notifiable diseases showed a marked decrease due to the absence of any measles epidemic.

There was, however, a marked increase in the number of Whooping Cough cases notified.

#### DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

The following table sets out the number of children immunised in the district, together with the figure of the total child population:-

Under 5 Years.

Between 5-15 Years

Number	Estimated	Number	Estimated
Immunised	Population	Immunised	Population
200	540	698	871

It is noticeable that while the level of protection among schoolchildren remains at a high level, the protection of the 0—5 age group leaves much to be desired.

There appears to be a growing tendency to postpone immunisation until the child is attending school. This practice saves parents' time but leaves the young child unprotected at a time when the risk of infection is considerable.

It should be borne in mind that despite the continuing decline of notifications in the Country, the case fatality rate has remained practically stationary for the last 7 years, and that the risk of the disease proving fatal is much greater in those who have not been immunised.

### TUBERCULOSIS.

	N	NEW (	CASES		DEATHS				
Age Periods	Pulmo	nary	No Pulmo	on	Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary		
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	
0	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	
1	_	1	_	_	-	_	-	_	
5	2	_	2	_	-	_	-	_	
15	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
25	_	1	-	_	-	_	_	_	
35	_	1	_	_	_	2	_	_	
45	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	
55	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	
65 and upwards	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
TOTAL :-	2	3	2	_	_	2	-	-	

No action was found to be necessary under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations 1925 in connection with persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis employed in the milk trade, or under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936, which deals with the Compulsory removal to hospital of persons suffering from tuberculosis.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

H. PATTINSON,

Medical Officer of Health



