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BOROUGH OF MALDON.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health,

FOR

⇒ 1908,

BY

H. REYNOLDS BROWN, M.A., M.D., C.M.

MALDON:

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MCMIX.

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BOROUGH OF MALDON.

To the Mayor, the Aldermen, and the Burgesses of the Borough of Maldon.

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to report on the sanitary condition of the Borough of Maldon during the year 1908.

SITUATION.—The Town of Maldon is situated for the most part on a ridge, rising to a height of about 120 feet, overlooking the tidal estuary of the River Blackwater. Some parts of the town are lowlying, and are occasionally flooded with salt water during exceptionally high tides. The soil is chiefly clay, with occasional patches of gravel.

Occupations of the Inhabitants.—The occupations of the inhabitants include work at iron foundries, timber yards, and flour mills. There are also a small seafaring population, and a few agricultural labourers. None of these occupations have any particular effect on the public health, and there are no offensive trades.

HOUSE ACCOMMODATION is good on the whole. The building bye-laws are satisfactory and well enforced. Some of the older houses are, however, ill-built, and crowded together.

No action under the Housing of the Working Classes Act has been taken during the year.

WATER SUPPLY,—The supply of water is derived from two deep wells, sunk to the Thanet Sands at 220 feet below sea level, and the Reading Beds at 120 feet respectively. The total yield is between 70,000 and 80,000 gallons per diem. The water is of perfect purity, and not excessively hard. It has practically no plumbo solvent action.

A considerable economy of water has been effected during the year by replacing old and leaky water mains. The quantity available per inhabitant—about 13 gallons—is small; but it must be pointed out that very little is employed in manufacturing purposes, as there are several private wells in use.

The public supply is in the hands of the Corporation.

MILK SUPPLY.—The dairies, cowsheds, and milkshops are inspected periodically by the Medical Officer of Health. The Model Bye-laws of the Local Government Board have been adopted. Owing to the semi-rural character of the borough the cows are generally kept under good hygienic conditions. Samples have been inspected during the year by the County Analyst, and have proved satisfactory.

OTHER FOOD SUPPLIES.—The slaughter houses are registered, and are inspected from time to time. No action under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act, or under the Public Health Act of 1875, has been found necessary.

SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE.—The greater part of the sewage of the town is water borne, and is discharged on the ebb into the Blackwater Estuary, about a mile below the town. A few privies are still in existence, but they are being replaced by w.c's. In one low-lying district—Fullbridge, Station Road, and the Causeway—the system of pail closets is being encouraged, the Sanitary Authority undertaking to empty them at regular and frequent intervals.

House Refuse is removed by the public scavengers. Occupiers are recommended to use, and are, in increasing numbers, adopting sanitary dustbins, which are emptied weekly.

Nuisances.—Forty-eight nuisances were detected and abated during the year. In no case were proceedings necessary.

Schools.—The Council is not the Local Authority for the Education Act, 1907. There are four public elementary schools in the Borough. Another is about to be built as the present accommodation is quite insufficient. During the year the two schools which were reported last year as being without a water supply have been

supplied with one. At the St. Mary's Infants' School the boys' privies have been converted into w.c's. It is to be hoped that this year the same will be done on the girls' side. St. Mary's School still continues the use of "galleries" for some of the infants. These have been done away with during the year at the British School, where the infants' department has been abolished; a temporary Provided Infants' School, with up-to-date furniture, having taken its place.

Hitherto the Medical Officer of Health has received a small annual fee from the County Education Authority for examining all children in doubtful health reported to him by the the school teachers. This arrangement has now been put an end to in view of the medical inspection of school children, under the Act of 1907. The efficiency of the vigilance of the school teachers is shown by the fact that, except in the case of measles and chicken-pox, no school epidemic has occurred in the Borough during the last ten years.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.—Notification of infectious diseases is well carried out. Measles and chicken-pox are not included in the list of notifiable diseases.

Isolation is provided at the Heybridge Hospital of the Maldon Joint Hospital Board. Only ten beds, however, are available, and only two diseases can be treated concurrently. A third block would sometimes be of great service. During the year 43 per cent. of the cases of diphtheria, 50 per cent. of those of enteric, and 70 per cent. of those of scarlet fever were removed. There were no "return cases."

Disinfection of premises is done by formaline spray, with uniformly satisfactory results. Clothes and bedding are disinfected at the Hospital by a Thresh double-ended steam disinfector.

Tuberculosis.—There is no system of notification of tuberculosis in force, and no special hospital accommodation is available. In the case of deaths, disinfection is carried out gratuitously by the Sanitary Authority.

1NCIDENCE OF DISEASE.—The number of cases of notifiable disease (60) has been the highest since 1900.

Of the nine cases of enteric fever, four belonged to a house epidemic. Beyond this no connection between the cases could be traced. In one only there was a history of shell-fish having been eaten.

Thirty cases of diphtheria were notified. In two instances, two cases occurred in the same house. In one of these instances a blocked sewer was apparently the cause.

Of the sixteen cases of scarlet fever, nine were distributed in four houses. None of these diseases became epidemic.

Measles assumed an epidemic form in the months of March, April, May and June. Cases were not however very numerous, and no deaths occurred.

The total number of deaths in the Borough is too small for any deductions to be drawn from the numbers due to any particular cause. It would be futile to attempt to base statistics on the four deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis, or the ten from cancer. It may however be considered satisfactory that the infant death-rate is extremely low—only 50 per 1000 births, and that half the deaths at all ages (45 out of 89) occurred over the age of 65.

The births numbered 140, or 24.6 per 1000 inhabitants. The curves of the death-rates, birth-rates and infant death-rates for successive decennial periods are shown in the figures which follow this report.

Factories and Workshops Act.—The total number of workshops registered in the district is only 35, and in none of these is a large number of hands employed.—No serious defects were found on inspection.—There is practically no homework in the district.

I am,

GENTLEMEN,

Your obedient servant,

H. REYNOLDS BROWN.

Fig. I.

Death-rate per 1,000 inhabitants for successive decennial periods.

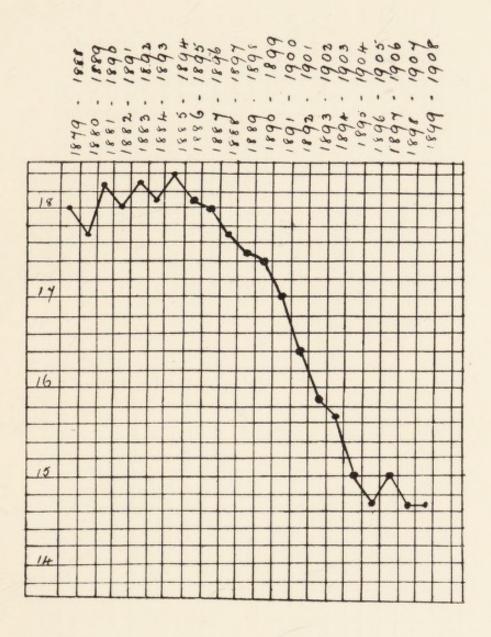


Fig. II.

Birth-rates per 1,000 inhabitants for successive decennial periods.

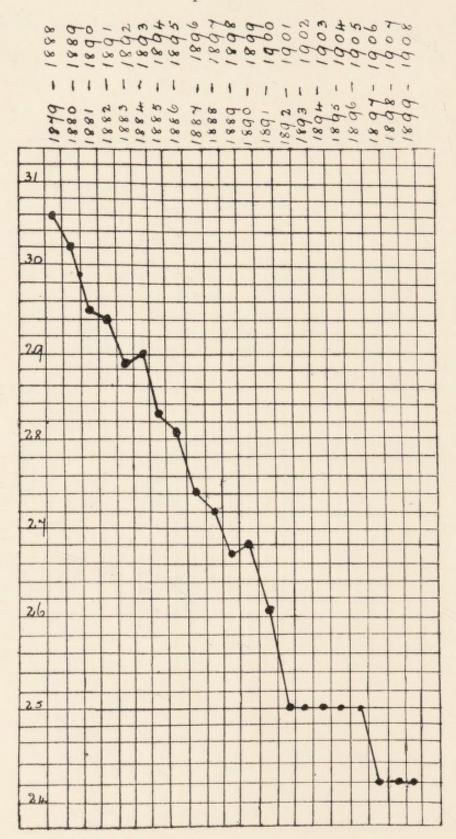


Fig. III.

Infant Mortality per 1,000 births for successive decennial periods.

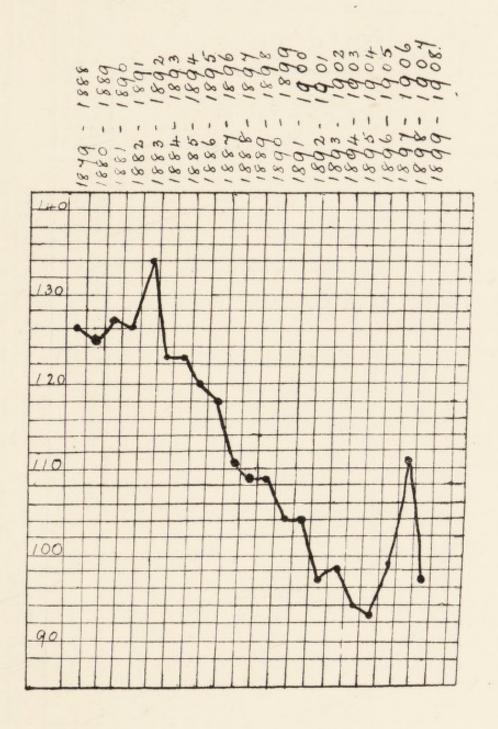


Table I.—Borough of Maldon.

Vital Statistics of Whole District during 1908 and Previous Years.

		BIRTHS.	THS.	DEATHS U YEAR (DRATHS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE.	DEATHS AT ALL AGES. TOTAL.	AT ALL TOTAL.		Deaths of New	Deaths	DEATHS AT AGES. NE	AT ALL NETT,
YEAR.	Population estimated to Middle of each Year.	Number.	Rate.*	Number.	Rate per 1,000 Births registered	Number.	Rate.*	DRATHS IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.	on 775	Residents registered beyond District.	Number.	Rate.
1	67	60	4	5	9	1-	00	6	10	11	12	13
1898	5,512	140	25.4	19	136	115	20.9	33	27	0	88	15.9
1899	5,530	153	9.1.6	16	104	86	17.7	15	00	0	06	16.2
1900	5,549	126	22.0	111	87	116	20.9	233	91	0	100	18
1901	5,568	120	21.3	11	91	318	13.1	14	6	0	73	13.1
1902	5,587	140	25.0	12	98	100	17.9	34	24	0	92	13.6
1903	5,606	157	28.0	19	11	104	18.4	37	30	0	74	13.2
1904	5,625	144	25.6	12	83	106	18.9	32	22	0	462	14
1905	5,644	148	26.2	14	94	108	19.5	34	23	0	83	15
1906	5,663	97	17.2	17	175	126	22.3	43	35	2	93	16.2
1907	5,683	131	23.0	16	122	96	16.9	34	31	67	29	11.8
verages for years 1898—1907.	5,596	136	24.1	14	105	105	9.81	30	23	0	82	14.7
1908	5.701	140	24.6	7	90	126	21.0	51	37	3	88	15.6
Charles and in case of the last of the las	The state of the s			STREET, SQUARE, SQUARE	COLUMN TAXABLE PROPERTY.	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	The real Property lies and the least of the	Street, or other Designation of the last o		The residence in column 2 is not the owner, where the column 2 is not the column 2 is		

* Rates in Columns 4, 8 and 13 calculated per 1,000 of estimated population.

Total population at all ages, 5,565. Number of inhabited houses, 1,324. Average number of persons per house, 4.28 ∫ of 1901.		The Union Workhouse is within the district.
	I. Institutions within the District receiving sick and infirm persons from outside the District.	Maldon and Heybridge Isolation Hospital
Area of District in acres (exclusive) 3,028.	I. Institutions within the District receiving sick and infirm persons from outside the District.	The Maldon Union Workhouse Infirmary. Maldon Sanitorium.

Table II.—Borough of Maldon.

Vital Statistics of separate Localities in 1908 and previous years.

		_		_	_	_		_	_	_	-		-	-
τό	Deaths Deaths at all under Ages. 1 year.	d.		6	00	9	9	6	9	10	6	00	$ \infty $	13
rer's	Deaths at all Ages.	C.	42	48	20	47	43	43	53	52	99	40	49	54
Sr. PETER'S.	Births regis- tered.	6.	92	96	84	22	84	108	96	88	64	88	88	98
3.—S ₁	Population estimated to middle of each Year.	a.	3183	3208	3233	3258	3283	3308	3333	3358	3383	3408	3295	3433
zó.	Deaths Deaths at all under Ages. I year.	d.		4	CI	67	9	63	4	+	1-	4	4	ଦୀ
RYS	Deaths at all Ages.	C.	21	20	111	13	23	22	13	21	23	18	18	21
St. MARY'S.	Births regis- tered.	b.	27	37	27	25	38	39	37	43	27	32	33	39
2.—Sr	Population estimated to middle of each Year.	a.	1291	1286	1281	1276	1271	1266	1261	1256	1251	1246	1273	1241
56	Deaths Deaths at all under Ages. 1 year.	d.		00	_	67	0	0	П	0		-	-	0
INI	Deaths at all Ages.	c.	1.9	15	20	13	10	6	13	13	12	6	13	14
TI S	Births regis- tered.	9.	15	15	15	57	14	10	11	17	9	10	12	15
1.—ALL SAINTS'.	Population estimated to middle of each Year.	a.	1040	1037	1034	1032	1029	1026	1023	1020	1017	1014	1028	1012
			:	:	:		:	:	::	:	:	:	10	:-
9g													0 190	
ALITIE			:	:	:		::	:	:	::	:	::	1898 t	:
NAMES OF LOCALITIES.	YEAR.												Averages of years 1898 to 1907	
MES 0			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	ses of	:
NAJ			1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	19061	1907	Averag	1908
													-	

NOTES.—(a) The separate localities adopted for this table are areas of which the populations are obtainable from the census returns,

(b) Deaths of residents occurring in public institutions beyond the district are included in sub-columns c of this table, and those of non-residents registered in public institutions in the district excluded.

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the year 1908. Table III.—Borough of Maldon.

	NO. OF CASES REMOVED TO HOSPITAL PROM BACH LOCALITY.	Cases of be ofted.	remov			13	:	11	:	4	:	:	:	:	:		28	
	HOS	əsnoH				:	:	-	;	:	:	:	:	:	:		-	-
	No. of Cases loved to hosp om each local	8,1919	a as			15	:	00	:	4	:	:	:	:	i		24	
	No. fove	s, A.rej	N '38				:	9	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		.00	
	REN	'stais	s IIV			-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		-	
	TOTAL CASES NOTIFIED IN EACH REGISTRATION SUB-DISTRICT.	əsnoH	noinU			: 60	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	V	4	-
	TOTAL CASES OTHERD IN EAC REGISTRATION SUB-DISTRICT.	s'ter's.	et. Pe			25	0.1	13	:	6	:	:	7	:	:		50	
	TPIE TPIE TGIST	's, Are	R '3S		9	-	_	00	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		5	_
	TON NOT RE St	'stnis	S IIV			-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		-	
			65 and upwards.			: :	1	::	::	1	::	***	::	:	:		22	
)	r.		25 to 65.			େ	ಣ	্য	:	+	:	:	:	::	:		11	Action of the same
	CASES NOTIFIED IN WHOLE DISTRICT.	urs.	15 to 25.			+	N:	C 7	***	_	:	***	_	:	:		∞	Stores or a constraint
	ED IN WHO	Years.	5 to 15.			18:	:	1-	:	က	:	:	:	:	:		28	Commence of the last
	ASES NOTIFI		1 to 5.			9	:	5	::	:		:	::	:	:		11	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
	5		Under 1.			: :	:	:	::	:	:	::	:	:	:		0	Secretary of the second
		At all	Ages.			30	4	16		6	::	:	1	::			09	Action Contraction
		ASE.				branous croup)	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:		gitis		:	The second second
		NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.		Small-nox		Diphtheria (including Membranous croup)	Erysipelas	Scarlet fever	Typhus fever	Enteric fever	Relapsing fever	Continued fever	Puerperal fever	Plague	Cerebro-spinal Meningitis		Totals	The second secon

Isolation Hospital-Name and Situation, Maldon Joint Hospital, Broad Street Green, Heybridge, Maldon, R.D. Notes.—The localities adopted for this table are the same as those in Tables II. and IV.

Number of Diseases that can be concurrently treated, 2.

Total available Beds, 10.

Table IV.—Borough of Maldon. Causes of, and Ages at, Death during Year 1908.

Small-pox		DEA	THS				Dist	RICT	Loca	ATHS LITTE L AG	S AT	BLIC S.
Measles Scarlet fever	CAUSES OF DEATH.	All ages.	Under 1.	1 and under 5.	5 and under 15.	15 and under 25.	25 and under 65.		All Saints'.	St. Mary's.	St. Peter's.	DEATHS IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.
Scarlet fever												
Whooping cough Diphtheria and membranous Croup Croup 2												
Diphtheria and membranous croup Croup 2 2		1		1							1	
Croup	Whooping cough											
Croup	Diphtheria and membranous											
Fever Enteric 3												
Fever Enteric												2
Fever Enteric 3	(Typhus											
Epidemic influenza		3			1	2					3	
Cholera Plague												
Plague												
Diarrheea Enteritis Puerperal fever Erysipelas Other septic diseases Other septic diseases Other tuberculous diseases 3	Cholera											
Enteritis Puerperal fever Erysipelas Other septic diseases Phthisis (Pulmonary Tuberculosis). 4	Plague											
Puerperal fever												
Erysipelas												
Erysipelas	Puerperal fever											
Phthisis (Pulmonary Tuberculosis) 4 4 1 1 2 1 Other tuberculous diseases 3 1 2 2 1 2 Cancer, malignant disease 10 4 6 4 2 4 2 Bronchitis 8 2 1 5 2 6 3 Pneumonia 4 2 2 1 3										100		
Phthisis (Pulmonary Tuberculosis) 4 4 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 4 2 2 4 2 2 4 2 2 3 8 2 1 3												
Other tuberculous diseases 3 1 2 2 1 2 Cancer, malignant disease 10 4 6 4 2 4 2 Bronchitis							4				2	1
Bronchitis 8 2 1 5 2 6 3 Pneumonia	Other tuberculous diseases	3					1	2		2	1	2
Bronchitis 8 2 1 5 2 6 3 Pneumonia	Cancer, malignant disease	10					4	6	4	2	4	2
Pneumonia 4 2 1 3 Pleurisy <td>Bronchitis</td> <td>8</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>6</td> <td></td>	Bronchitis	8	2				1	5		2	6	
Other diseases of Respiratory organs	Pneumonia	4	2				2				8	
Other diseases of Respiratory organs	Pleurisy											
Organs <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1000</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						1000		1				
Alcoholism, Cirrhosis of liver 2 1 1 2 1 Venereal diseases	organs											
Venereal diseases <td>Alcoholism, Cirrhosis of liver</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td>	Alcoholism, Cirrhosis of liver	2									2	1
Premature birth 2 2 1 1 Diseases and accidents of parturition	1									1000		
Diseases and accidents of parturition								10000			1002565	
Heart diseases 11 1 3 7 2 3 6 12 Accidents 2 1 1 2 1 Suicides 1 </td <td></td> <td>100000</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		100000	-									
Heart diseases 11 1 3 7 2 3 6 12 Accidents 2 1 1 2 1 Suicides 1 </td <td></td>												
Accidents 2 1 1 2 1 Suicides 1 1	** * ** **	1				1	3	7	2			72.5
Suicides 1 1 1 Murders 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 6 2			The same				100			7/		
Murders 2 1 1 1 All other causes 36 1 1 1 11 24 7 8 21 26	0 113	1332						1000	1	13323	1	100
All other causes 36 1 1 1 11 24 7 8 21 26				1000	1000	1000	1000	10000		POST N	1	-
	4 11 . 1	00	1	1			100000				-	
All causes 89 7 1 1 3 28 45 14 21 54 51			-	-	-	-	-		-	-		
	All causes	89	7	1	1	3	28	45	14	21	54	51
	111		1	1	1	0	-	10	1	.31	OI	01

INFANTILE MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1908. Deaths from stated Causes in Weeks and Months under One Year of Age. Table V.—Borough of Maldon.

Total Deaths under One Year.	- c3 - 4 L1	t-
.sdraoM 21-11		
10-11 Months.		1
9-10 Months.		-
.sdtnoM e-8		
7-8 Months.		-
.sdrnoM 7-9		-
.sdtnoM 3-6		¢1
4-5 Months.		
3-4 Months.		
2-3 Months.		
1-2 Months.	-	-
Total under 1 Month.		
3-4 Weeks.		
2-3 Wеекв.		
1-2 Wеекв.		1
Under I Week.	-	-
CAUSE OF DEATH.	i. Common Measles Diseases. Dipatheria: Croup Whooping Cough ii. Diarrhocal Diseases. Diseases. Diseases. Diseases. Diseases. Diseases. Tuberculous Birth Congenital Defects Injury at Birth Want of Breast-milk, Starvation Atrophy, Debility, Marasmus Tuberculous Peritonitis: Tabes Mesenterica Diseases. Dise	
	i. Common Infectiou Diseases ii. Diarrhoea Diseases iv. Tuber- culot Diseases iv. Other iv. Other	
	i. C iii iii. J	

Death in the year of -legitimate infants 7, illegitimate infants 0. No uncertified deaths. Births in the year—legitimate 131, illegitimate 9.

Deaths from all Causes at all Ages, 89.

Table VI.

Summary of Work done through the Sanitary Inspector in the Urban Sanitary District of Maldon during the year ending 31st December, 1908.

		Total No. for Year.
1	Complaints received	15
2	Nuisances detected without complaint	40
3	Nuisances abated	48
4	Notices served	25
5	Summonses taken out	_
6	Convictions	_
7	Cottages inspected	240
8	Lodging-houses inspected	2
9	Slaughter-houses inspected	4
10	Bake-houses inspected	9
11	Dairies & milk shops inspected)	11
12	Cowsheds inspected	11
13	Workshops inspected (vide M. O. H.	
	Report)	_
14	Filthy houses cleansed, sec. 46 Public	
	Health Act, 1875	_
15	Houses disinfected	60
16	Overcrowding abated	_
17	Houses placed in habitable repair	_
18	Houses closed	_
19	Houses erected or re-built	_
20	"Certificates" granted	_
21	,, deferred	_
22	Wells sunk or improved supplies of	
	water afforded	
23	Wells cleansed or repaired	
24	Wells closed	_
25	Houses connected with sewers	8
26	", with water mains	8
27	Earth, pail, or improved privies con-	
	structed or existing privies altered	5
28	Privies and W.C.'s repaired; W.C.'s	
	supplied with water	
29	Cisterns cleansed, repaired, or covered	-
30	Animals improperly kept removed	_
31	Samples of water taken for analysis	_
32	Compensation paid for destruction of	
	infected bedding	_
33	Seizures of unsound meat, &c	

Table VII.—Borough of Maldon.

FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS, LAUNDRIES, WORKPLACES AND HOMEWORK. On the administration of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, in connection with

1.—INSPECTION.

Including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors or Inspectors of Nuisances.

		Number of	
Premises. (1)	Inspections. (2)	Written Notices. (3)	Prosecutions. (4)
Factories (Including Factory Laundries.)	ř.	1	1
Workshops (Including Workshop Laundries.)	18	1	1
Workplaces (Other than Outworkers' premises included in Part 3 of this Report.)	1	1	1
TOTAL	23	7,7	

Defects Found.—Two Nuisances under the Public Health Acts were detected; both were remedied without legal action. Registered Workshops.—There are 35 in the district, including 9 Bakehouses.

Outworkers.—2 lists relating to 5 outworkers' premises were received.