Contributors

Portsmouth (England). Borough Council.

Publication/Creation

1930

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/x3fxsybk

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org "SALUS POPULI SUPREMA LEX"



City of Portsmouth HEALTH REPORT

For the year 1930

BY

A. MEARNS FRASER

M.D. (Edin. Univ.), D.P.H. (Camb. Univ.)

Medical Officer of Health, Medical Officer of Health to the Port of Portsmouth, Medical Adviser to the Education Committee,

INCLUDING

The Report of the Medical Superintendent, Milton Hospital, and of the Public Analyst.

> PORTSMOUTH : W. H. BARRELL, LTD., HIGH STREET.

Health and Housing Committee

1929-30.

The Right Worshipful the Lord Mayor: COUNCILLOR J. E. SMITH, J.P.

Chairman : COUNCILLOR A. E. ALLAWAY.

Vice-Chairman : COUNCILLOR L. N. BLAKE.

Aldermen :

SIR JOHN TIMPSON, K.B.E., J.P. A. HEMINGWAY. J. W. PERKINS, J.P. E. H. PRIVETT.

Councillors:

F. J. SPICKERNELL
J. H. PRINCE
J. J. MAHONEY
W. H. ANDREWS
J. A. GRIFFITHS
J. J. ROGERS
W. H. R. PREWER

W. J. AVENS
A. JOHNSON
W. A. BILLING
A. G. STAPLEFORD
G. W. POST, J.P.
W. W. REED
J. ELLIS-JONES

OFFICERS OF THE Medical Officer of Health's Dept.

Medical Officer of Health : A. MEARNS FRASER, M.D., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health : ROWAN W. REVELL, M.D., D.P.H., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lond.) M.B., B.S. (Lond.)

Chief Sanitary Inspector : C. W. HALL, Cert. R. San. I., Hons. Medallist City and Guilds, Lond. R.P.C. Lond.

> Chief Clerk and Meteorological Observer : H. G. GRAY, Cert. R. San. I.

Meat, Food and Sanitary Inspector : D. HOGG, Cert. R. San. I., Meat and Foods Cert. Inc. San. Assoc. of Scotland,

Inspector of New Buildings and Sanitary Inspector : A. F. PARDO, Cert. R. San. I., Hons. City and Guilds, Lond., R.P.C. Lond.

> Inspector of Workshops and Sanitary Inspector : F, R. BELL, Cert. R. San. I.

Inspector under the Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act and Sanitary Inspector :

E. J. SINNETT, Cert. R. San. I.

Housing Inspector :

E. B. SHAW, Cert. R. San. I., Hons. City and Guilds, Lond., R.P.C., Lond.

Sanitary Inspectors :

G. S. GATTRELL, Cert. R. San. I., Hons. City & Guilds, Lond., R.P.C. Lond.

C. J. COOKSLEY, Cert. R. San. I., Hons. City & Guilds, Lond.

F. H. MILLICAN, Cert. R. San. I. M. G. CROOK, Cert. S.I.B.

S. W. SMITH, Cert. R. San. I. L. RICHARDS, Cert. R. San. I. A. C. HARRISON, Cert. S.I.B.

First Assistant Clerk : L. C. ROGERS, Cert. S.I.B.

Assistant Clerks : E. S. CHADWICK, H. S. WOODCOCK.

Health Visitors :

*MISS	D.	POULSON	*MISS	М.	E. 1	HANDLEY
*MISS	Α.	KNIGHT	*MISS	L.	CUD	LIPP
*MRS.	М.	SMEATON	*MISS	Ν.	R. 1	E. RUSH
		* § MISS M. E	. SYKE	S.		

Port Sanitary Inspector : F. BATCHELOR.

Disinfector : B. J. HILLS.

* Certified Midwife. § Health Visitors Cert. R.S.I.

Public Vaccinators (part time)

C. J. MAYHEW, M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.) H. J. BELL, B.A., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S. (Edin.)

> Vaccination Officer : H. W. JOHNSON.

Infant Life Protection Visitor : *MRS. B. MADDEN.

MUNICIPAL TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARY.

Medical Officer :

ROWAN W. REVELL, M.D., D.P.H., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (LOND.)

Nurses :

MISS L. LAMB *MISS S. M. MITCHELL

MISS V. F. WARDLAW *MISS H. M. NEVILL

Secretary : *MISS E. HEALEY

Almoner : *MISS N. O. ALLEN

CHILD WELFARE CENTRES AND MUNICIPAL MATERNITY HOSPITAL.

Medical Officer : RUBY N. FOGGIE, M.B., Ch.B.

> Matron : *MISS C. A. ARKCOLL

Almoner : *MISS N. O. ALLEN

Lecturer to Pupils : D. McASKIE, M.B., C.M. (Ed.)

MILTON HOSPITAL FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Medical Officer : † J. McGREGOR, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.

> Matron : MISS F. PETCHEY.

LANGSTONE HOSPITAL.

Medical Officer :

ROWAN W. REVELL, M.D., D.P.H., M.R.C.S., M.R.C.P., (LOND.)

Matron : MISS J. S. BROWN

PUBLIC ANALYST : R. P. PAGE, F.I.C. Assistant : C. M. BECKETT

*Certified Midwife. †Part-time Medical Officer.

SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICE.

Medical Adviser to the Education Committee :

A. MEARNS FRASER, M.D. (Edin.) D.P.H. (Camb.)

School Medical Officer :

T. ERNEST ROBERTS, M.B., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.) D.P.H. (Camb.)

Assistant School Medical Officers :

LYSTER COLE-BAKER, M.D., B.Ch., B.A.O. ELIZABETH M. MARTIN, M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H. H. GORDON McGREGOR, M.B., B.S., (Lond.) M.R.C.S., (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.)

Ophthalmic Surgeon (part time) :

W. S. INMAN, M.B., (Lond.)

Dental Surgeon :

P. G. D. WINTER, L.D.S., R.C.S., (Eng.)

Assistant Dental Surgeons :

MISS D. E. SPROULLE, L.D.S., R.C.S., (Eng.)

L. J. THRELFALL, L.D.S., R.C.S., (Eng.)

School Nurses :

- *MISS B. LILLEY, Cert. San. Inst., Cert. Hygiene, B.E.
- MISS A. M. DAWKINS, Cert. Med. Psych.
- *MISS A. A. TROTTER.
- *MISS L. M. OAKES.
- MISS M. DURMAN.
- *MISS M. McKENZIE.
- MISS K. PAGE, Cert. Med. Psych.
- MISS E. V. SALMON, Certs. C.S., M.M.G.
- MISS I. HILL

CITY MENTAL HOSPITAL.

Medical Superintendent :

THOMAS BEATON, O.B.E., M.D., (Lond.) M.B., B.S., F.R.C.P. (Lond.)

Assistant Medical Officers :

F. E. STOKES, M.D. (Glas.), M.B., Ch.B., R.C.P.S. (Edin.), D.P.H. (Camb.) A. F. GRIMBLY, M.A., M.D. (Dub.), B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. (Dub.). D.P.M., R.C.P.S.

REGINALD WATERFIELD, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., (Dub.), (deceased).

VENEREAL DISEASES CLINIC.

Medical Officer (part time) :

A. CAMBELL, M.B., Ch.B.

Pathologist (part time) :

J. A. D. RADCLIFFE, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., R.U.I.

*Certified Midwife.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Police Surgeons (part time) :

H. H. FISK, M.R.C.S., (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)

R. HAMER HODGES, M.B., B.S., (Lond.), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., (Lond.).

MEDICAL REFEREE, WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT (part time). ROGER H. EMMETT, B.A. (Camb.), M.A., M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.).

MEDICAL OFFICER, CORPORATION TRAMWAYS (part time).

J. C. A. McCALDEN, B.A., (Dub.), M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O.

VETERINARY SURGEON (part time).

H. GREEN, M.R.C.V.S.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE DEPARTMENT.

Medical Superintendent, St. Mary's Hospital : R. C. MACPHERSON, M.B., Ch.B. (Glas.)

Assistant Medical Officers :

R. H. ZEITLAND, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lond.)
C. W. F. BURNETT, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lond.)
W. F. INGRAM, M.B., Ch.B., (Aberd.)

Dental Surgeon (part time) :

D. A. BEVIS, L.D.S., R.C.S., (Eng.).

District Medical Officers (part time) :

A. E. MARWOOD, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., (Edin.)

A. E. CLARK, M.B., Ch.B., (Glas.).

C. H. BROWNE, L.R.C.P., I. & L.M., D.P.H.

W. B. MASON, M.R.C.S., (Eng.), L.R.C.P., (Lond.).

J. C. DAVIS, M.B., Ch.B., B.A.O., (Dub.).

F. L. TITLEY, M.R.C.S., (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).

H. J. BELL, B.A., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., (Edin.)

Medical Officer's Report for 1930.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health and Housing Committee.

GENTLEMEN,

For the thirty-fifth year in succession I beg to submit my Annual Report. From it you will see that speaking generally the health of the City has been satisfactory. The death-rate was 11.8, and with the exception of the prevalence of measles early in the year, the incidence of infectious disease was exceptionally light.

There have been no special features to call attention to, but progress has been made in various directions. Amongst these may be mentioned the decision of the Council to provide a public abattoir ; to extend the Milton Hospital for Infectious Diseases ; and to provide further housing accommodation. Another matter which is receiving attention is a scheme for the co-ordination of the medical services of the City as provided for by the Local Government Act, 1929.

I take this opportunity of expressing my appreciation of the support of the members of the Health Department, and of the cordial co-operation of the heads and staff of other Municipal Departments.

> I have the honour to be, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant, A. MEARNS FRASER, M.D., Medical Officer of Health.

SUMMARY FOR 1930.

Civil Population (estimated to middle of 1929) 242,000

1.—GENERAL STATISTICS.

	Contract of the state of the state	WALLAND ALVIN	•	
Area in Acres (land	d and inland	water)		7,964
Population (Censu				
Naval and Mi	litary, 13,414		. Total	247,343
Number of Inhabit	ted Houses			57,591
Rateable Value, 1s	st April, 1930			
Sum represented b	y a Penny R	ate		£6,575
Average number o	f persons in e	each house (Co	ensus 192	(1) 4.7
Average number o	f persons per	acre (Census	1921)	31.4
Total Rainfall		30.31 inches	, 770 mil	limetres
2.—EXTRA	ACTS FROM	VITAL STA	TISTICS	
Births.	TOTAL	MALE	FEM	ALE
Legitimate	4,024	2,108	1,9	916
Illegitimate	237	115		122
Birth Rate				
Manhow of Warner	. Antino in an	in announces	f (1. :	1.11

Number of Women dying in, or in consequence of Childbirth : From Sepsis ... 7 Other Causes ... 4

Deaths of Infants under one year of age per 1,000 births : Legitimate ... 55 Illegitimate ... 67 Total 59

	19	29	19	30
	Popul	lation	Popu	lation
	Total-	261,400	Total-	-261,400
	Civil-	242,000	Civil-	242,000
	Number	Rate per 1000 living	Number	Rate per 1000 living
*Births	4394	16.8	4261	16.3
*Deaths	3345	13.8	2856	11.8
,, Principal Zymotic Diseases	120	0.49	173	0.71
,, Small-pox			1	-
,, Measles	1	0.00	101	0.41
,, Scarlet Fever	7	0.02	9	0.03
,, Diphtheria	24	0.09	16	0.06
,, Whooping Cough	19	0.07	6	0.02
,, Fever	2	0.00	1	0.00
,, Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	67	0.27	40	0.16
,, Pulmonary Tuberculosis	192	0.79	208	0.85
,, Cancer	373	1.54	334	1.38
,, Influenza	154	0.63	26	0.10
	Number	Rate per 1000 Births	Number	Rate per 1000 Births
" Under 1 year of age	293	66	250	59

COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS YEAR.

AVERAGE DEATH-RATE for previous Ten years (1920-1929) ... 11.97 *The Birth-rate is calculated on the total population and the Death-rates on the civil population only.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

There is no change of any note to report upon in connection with the social conditions of the City. Southsea is rapidly developing as a popular seaside resort and the attractions for visitors are being rapidly increased. The mildness of the climate and the large amount of sunshine recorded render it peculiarly beneficial to the old and those in delicate health, and for those reasons it is becoming increasingly appreciated as a winter resort.

As regards the vital statistics, the last estimated population for the City is given by the Registrar General as being 261,400; the death-rates, however, are based upon the estimated civil population, viz., 242,000. I think it is probable that the coming census will show a considerable increase over these figures.

The total deaths registered were 2,856; this gives a death-rate of 11.8, which is 2 per 1,000 less than the previous year. The death-rate for England and Wales was 11.4. There was a slight decrease in the deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis, and there were 334 deaths from cancer, as against 373 in the previous year. In the early part of the year measles became prevalent and accounted for the deaths of 101 children.

There was once again this year a slight decline in the birth-rate, which was 16.3, and this is the same as the birthrate for England and Wales.

Full particulars in regard to the health statistics of the City are given in the following tables :

TABLE I.

Table showing the Population, Marriages, Inhabited Houses, Births and Deaths, for the year 1930, and the ten preceding years.

Year	Estimated	No. of Inhabited	Marriages	Registered	Total	Number of	Deaths
reat	Population	Houses	Marriages	Births	Total, all ages	Under 1 year	Under 5 years
1930	*242,000	57,591	2,242	4,409	2,856	250	415
1929	*242,000	56,861	2,017	4,519	3,345	293	438
1928	*240,700	54,740	2,100	4,579	2,669	242	359
1927	*232,100	54,068	1,981	4,349	2,877	235	410
1926	*231,500	53,279	1,950	4,636	2,703	247	395
1925	*232,900	52,649	1,958	4,857	2,802	296	447
1924	*232,000	52,161	1,937	5,022	2,977	348	542
1923	*230,718	51,692	1,924	5,314	2,524	276	433
1922	*236,630	51,477	2,053	5,529	2,874	349	531
1921	*233,929	51,050	2,132	5,651	2,612	355	510
1920	*233,805	50,797	2,269	6,508	2,585	380	560
			-				
Average 10 years 1920-29	234,628	52,877	2,032	5,096	2,796	302	462

GROSS NUMBERS.

* Civil population only.

TABLE II.

Showing Births and Deaths during the four quarters ending 31st December, 1930

per 1000 hs.	Infants under 1 year	87	46	47	49	59
Death-rate per Births.	Diarrhoea and Enteritis (under 2 years)	7.7	13.5	9.1	8.3	9.6
bò	annan	0.25	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.10
00 livin	Diphtheria	0.07	0.10	0.03	0.06	0.06
per 10	Solution Cough Cough	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02
Death-rate per 1000 living.	Scarlet Fever	0.13	0.02	:	:	0.03
Dea	Measles	1.59	0.07	:	:	0.41
per iving.	Total Deaths (Civilians)	14.6	0.11	6.6	11.8	11.8
Kate per 1000 living.	Total Births	15.9	17.0	16.9	15.5	16.3
	Diarrhoea and Enteritis (under 2 years).	80	15	10	7	40
m	Influenza	15	01	0	9	26
is fre	Diphtheria	4	9	63	4	16
Deaths from	Whooping Unhooping	01	-		61	9
	Scarlet Scarlet	90	-	:	:	6
	Measles	97	-	:	:	101
	Enteric Fever	:	:	-	:	-
Deaths	or Infants under 1 year of age.	06	51	52	57	250
	DEATHS	880	664	595	717	2856
	BIRTHS. DEATHS	1033	1110	1011	1017	4261
	QUARTER	lst Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	TOTAL

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH 11

TABLE III.

Table showing the Annual Birth-rate, Rate of Mortality, and Death-rates among children for the year 1930, and ten preceding years.

Year	Birth-rate per 1000 of the Population	Annual Rate of Mortality per 1000 living from all causes	Annual Rate of Mortality per 1000 living from 7 Principal Zymotic Diseases	Deaths of Children under I year: Percentage to total Deaths	of Children under 1 year	Deaths of Childrer under 5 years : Percentage to total Deaths
†193 0	16.30	11.80	0.71	8.7	59	14.5
†1929	16.80	13.82	0 • 49	8.7	66	13.0
† 1928	17.21	11.34	0.41	8.9	55	13.2
† 1927	17.08	12.68	0.52	7.9	55	13.9
† 1926	18.20	11.67	0 • 60	9.1	54	14 • 6
†1925	19.07	12,30	0.52	10.3	62	15.5
†1924	20.10	12.58	0.44	11.6	69	18.1
†1923	21.06	10.93	0.61	10.9	52	17-1
† 1922	22.11	$12 \cdot 14$	0.61	12.1	63	18.4
†1921	22.90	11.20	0.75	13.5	63	19.5
† 1920	25.90	11.10	0.59	15.0	60	21.6
Average of 10 years, 1920-29	20.04	11.97	0.55	10.8	59	16+4

† Civil population only.

>	
-	
E	
-	
22	
4	
Fre	
-	

Showing the Population, Birth-rates, Death-rates, Zymotic Death-rates, and Deaths under 1 year to 1,000 Births

in the 20 Large Towns for the 53 weeks ended 3rd January, 1931.

		as estimated											Children
NAME OF TOWN	NWO	by Registrar General June, 1929	Birth Rate	Death Rate	Small- pox	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Diph- theria	Whoop- ing Cough	Enteric Fever	Diarrhoea & Enteritis under 2 yrs	Influenza	under 1 year of age to 1,000 Births
		1	2	8	4	5	9	2	8	6	10	п	12
CROVDON	:	222,300	15.8	10.3	:	0.10	00.00	0.07	0.01	÷	0.08	0.13	48
SHEFFIELD		518,000*	15.1	10.6		0.13	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.09	0.10	66
WEST HAM		307,600	18.2	10.8		0.27	0.01	0.10	0.06	0.00	0.15	0.06	65
BIRMINGHAM	AM	968,500	17.8	10.8		0.06	0.02	0.10	0.11	0.00	0.17	0.13	62
I, FICESTER		245,200	15.8	11.0	0.00	0.03	10.0	0.03	0.04	0.00	0.11	0.12	55
BRISTOL,		391,145*	15.7	11.2	:	0.14	0.01	0.11	0.06		0.06	0.07	59
CARDIFF		224,000*	16.9	11.2		0.03	0.00	0.13	0.11	00.00	0.16	0.10	72
LONDÓN		4,417,900*	15.7	11.4	0.00	0.23	0.02	0.10	0.03	0.00	0.15	0,08	59
PORTSMOUTH	HJ	242,000*	16.3	11.5		0.41	0.04	0.07	0.02	0.00	0.17	0.11	57
STOKE-ON-TRENT	TRENT	279,190	19.8	11.7	0.00	0.05	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.01	0.15	0.13	11
NEWCASTLE	Ε	283,400*	18.4	12.1		0.06	10.0	0.01	0.10	0.01	0.15	0.14	11
LEEDS	** **	478,500	15.8	12.2	0.00		0.05	0.11	. 20.0	00.00	0.07	0.13	66
SALFORD		235,600	16.5	12.3		0.28	10.0	0.13	0.08	0.01	0.31	0.18	75
HULL	** **	307,500	20.6	12.4		0.33	0.02	0.15	0.05	0.01	0.15	60.0	11
HTUOMY,I4	I	199,000*	16.0	12.5		0.13	0.04	0.12	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.08	61
NOTTINGHAM	AM	266,800	17.0	12.7		0.03	0.03	0.13	0.09	0.00	0.25	0.10	76
LIVERPOOL,	L,	869,500	21.7	12.7		0.21	0.04	0.26	0.08	0.00	0.30	60'0	81
MANCHESTER	ER	746,500	17.2	12.8	:	0.19	0.02	0.08	0.05	0.00	0.22	0.17	78
BRADFORD	0	294,605	15.1	13.4		0.04	0.06	0.07	0.16	0.00	0.08	0.11	73
SUNDERLAND	ND	184,000	23.1	13.4	•••	0.07		0.07	60.0	0.02	0.20	0.19	6L

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

TABLE V.

Deaths Registered at several groups of ages from different classes of Diseases during the year ending 31st December, 1930.

	REI	PORT	OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
	Total	2856	101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101
	South- sea	284	::∞::::∞:::: ∞ = : :::=01 :
	Mid- South- sea	737	
RICTS	Land- port Centr'l	675	: -: -:
DISTRICTS	Land- port North	914	::80000±0400 :: 80 :0-0 : -
	Poit- sca	192	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	Ports- mouth	54	::-:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	85 and over	149	
	75 to 85	518	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	65 10 75	564	:::=::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	60 65	226	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	55. 60	207	-::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
AGES	45 55	280	- 6: -: -: 8 :: : 6: 6
AG	35 to 45	155	: *************************************
	25 35	128	: : : = = : : : : : : = : : : : : : : :
	15 25	125	: : · · · : · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	5 15	68	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	- 0 io	165	::E _∞ + 0 ::: 1 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 1 ::: : :
	o ộ	250	::0::0+:::0 :: 0 + :::::= :
	CAUSE OF DEATH	TOTALS	CLASS I. CLASS I. General Diseases. Enteric Fever Malaria Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria Erysipelas Erysipelas Erysipelas Meningococcal Meningitis Other Epidemic and Endemic Diseases Mycoses Tuberculosis of the Respira- tory System Nycoses Mycoses Mycoses Tuberculosis of the Central Nervous System Tuberculosis of Intestines and Peritoneum Tuberculosis of Vertebral Column Tuberculosis of Other Organs Disseminated Tuberculosis Syphilis Caemia

				REI	POR	r 01	F T	HE	M	ÉD	ICA	AL,	OFI	FICE	R	OF	HE	AL	TH				_		15
22 89	69	47	2	75	c7 -	+ ;	16	35	0 8	67	c1 (21.0				5 g	3	3	80	158	12	13		10	-
0 10	10	6 -	• :	7	:	: '	- :	9	:-	-	:	: :	: :			: •	1	:	:	23	:	1	:-	• :	:
4 25	55	000	0 -	27	:	:	o :	12	4 63	:		- 00	0.01			- 0	a	:	3	43	c1	4	: *	0 01	-
5 16	10	10	+	16		-	67 :	9	:	: :	:	:	: ~			1 0	4	-	1	41	\$	01	- 0	o —	1
3 8 8 31	22	÷1	n w	22	-	n	eo ;	10	in a	:	1	- 7	9			-	+	01	4	45	0	10	: *	+ -	:
o 01 4	4	4.	- :	61	:	:	- ;	-	-	: :		:	: :			: •	•	:	:	03	:	1	:	:	:
ø	-	57	- :	-	:	:	:-	:	:-			:	: :			:	:	:	:	60	:		:	: :	:
01	- 1	: '	- :	8	:	:	: :	: :	:	: :	:	:	: :			:	:	:	:	22	:	:	:	: :	:
20	16	10.1	ic ci	12	-	:	10	: ∞	-	: :	:	: -	;			:	:	:	-	41	. 9	:	: *	- :	:
6 9 53	26	Ξ	r- 61	21	:	:	9	: 21	-	: :	: :	: *	- :			:	:	-	61	47	c 1	1	: *	- :	:
0 19	Ξ	10	- 3	12	:	:	33	: ෆ	¢1	:	: :	: -	- 00			:	:	:	1	19	-	8	:	::	:
6 8 g	10	4	eo :	10	:	:	:	: 9	C.3	:	: :	:-				:	:	1	5	16	01	3	1	- :	:
4 1	10	15	۰° :	14	:	:	-	: 01	: •	4	01	:	: 01			:	:	-	1	σ		ii)	- 0	7	:
- 0	1	9	°° :	3	;	:	1	: :	¢1	:	: :	-	: -			:	-		:	c	1 :	1	: :	c1 :	: :
: : **	:	1	: :	:	-	:	:	: **	: •		: :	: •	- :			:	64	:	:	c	• :		: : '	°° :	: :
:	:	:	: :	:	:	-	:	:	- <	1	: :	: "	c4 :	_		:	:	:	:		: :		: :		-
1 11	:	:	: :	:	:	0	:	: :	: •		: :	-	: -	2		:	~	:	-		: :		: :	: :	: :
: ::	:	:	: :	:	:	:	: -	- :	-	:	: :	:	: :			C1	c-1	:	:		: :		: :	: :	: :
::	:		: :	:	:	:	:	: :		1 0	4 :		: :					:	:		: :		: :	: "	
Cancer of the Buccal Cavity , Stomach, Liver, etc	., Peritoneum, Intes- tines and Rectum .	Cancer of Female Genital Organs	: :	Other or Unsj Organs	Other Tumours (not malig- nant)	c Fever henmatism. Osteo	Arthritis and Gout	: :	Chlorosis	Diseases of the Thyroid Gland	., Inymus Adrenals	, , Spleen	Leukaemia Lymphadenoma Other General Diseases	Class II.	Diseases of the Nervous System	nse Urgans. S	Meningitis	Ataxy)	Other Diseases of the Spinal Cord	age,	Paralysis of Unstated Origin	General Paralysis of the	Other forms of Insanity	Epilepsy	Chorea

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

TABLE V.--Continued

		REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
	Total	$\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\6\\2\\1\\2\\1\\6\\6\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\$
	South- sea	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	Mid- South- sea	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
ICTS	Land- port Centr'l	= 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10
DISTRICTS	Land- port North	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	Port- sea	:= = ∞ : = = ∞ ∞ : : : : : : : ∞ ∞ ∞ : • : : :
	Ports- mouth	:::::=====:::::====:::::=====:::::======
	85 and over	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	75 to 85	: 1 0: 0 : 0 - 1 0 : : 5 1 0 : : 0 : : 0 : : 0 : : 0 : 0 : : 0 : 0 : : 0 : 0 : : 0 :
	65 to 75	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	60 65 to	~ : :*82:: : ::2* ~ ::::
	55 60 to	:=:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
ES	45 55 55	$:: e_{0} e_{0} :: e_{0} e_{0}^{2} := e_{0} = : : : e_{0} = : e_{0}$
AGES	35 45	:: ° : :-2:: : : -: ° ° ° - ::::
	25 . 35	:: ° :==:::: : ::: ° ° - ::=:
	15 to 25	:: • • :• : : : · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	5 to 15	:: : • :• :• :• :• :• :• :• • • •
	1 to 5	······································
	0 to	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	CAUSE OF DEATH	CLASS IL—continued. Hysteria and Neuritis Cerebral Softening Other Diseases of the Ner- vous System

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

	REPORT OF T	THE MEDICAL (OFFICER OF HEALTH	
	27 10 41 14 35	9 2 2 9 2 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	10 10 10 80 7 80 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	61
- ;	ю —	- 64 : :	: = 5 3: : : 10:	: .
::	12 or 13 0 00 12 or 13 0 00	: 0 0 0 : :		-
::	∞ ∞ × × × × ×	- 0 0 0 0 0 -	∞ãoi:=oi := :	:
:-	8 4 E 0 9 6	- + 01 00 :	: 0. + 10 - 61 : - :	-
::	01 : 10 :-01	::::::	:=:::::::::	:
::	-: 8 :-:	::::::	:** : : : : : : : :	:
::	:- : ::-	::::::	:::=:0 =::	:
::	; 61 : ; = 10	:::∞::	: [2 - 4 0/ 00 : : : :	:
:-	1001 : 100	-010100 :01	- 81 - 91 - 90 - 5 : :	:
- :	4 : : :∞	:	:∞-::::::	:
::	∞ - : - :-	- ~ - : : :	:= : : : : : : : : :	:
: :	0.01 : - 4.0	: ** : : = :	- = = : :	1
: :	∞ : - ∞	:- ** : : :	:•:::::•:	1
: :	- : : 01 :01	::::-:	- 01 - : : : : - :	:
::	::::::01	:::::	∞ : : : : : : :	:
::	::::::01 00	::::=		:
: :	o::: 0 -:	:::::	:::::::::::	:
: :	:: % ::4	:::::		:
CLASS V. Diseases of the Digestive System. Diseases of the Buccal Cavity and Annexa	Ulcer of the Stomach or Duodenum Other Discases of Stomach Diarrhoca and Enteritis— (under 2 years) Diarrhoca and Enteritis— (over 2 years) Appendicitis	Other Diseases of the Intes- tines Cirrhosis of the Liver Biliary Calculi Other Diseases of the Liver Diseases of the Pancreas Peritonitis	CLASS VI. Non-Venereal Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System and Annexa. Acute Nephritis	Other Diseases of the Female Genital Organs

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH 17

18

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

	Total	- t> _ tS	w - w w	4	21
	South- sea	:- :	- : : :	:	:
	Mid- South- sca	- ~ -	4 :0 -	:	ic.
SICIS	Land- port Centr'l	:01 -	-:::	01	w
DISTRICTS	Land- port North	:	ca : : -	61	80
	Port- sea	::::	:::::	:	61
	Ports- mouth	::::	:=:::	. :	1
	85 and over	:: :	-:::	:	:
	75 to 85	::::	10 : : 01	:	:
	65 to 75	::::	oi : :	61	:
	60 65	::::	:- : :	:	:
	55 to 60	:: :	:::::	:	:
	45 45 55	::::	:::::	-	:
AGES	35 to 45	:	::::	:	:
	25 to 35	:* 0	:::::	:	:
	15 to 25	: 01 -	:::::	:	3
	5 15	::::	::- :	1	:
	to 1	:: :	:::::	:	e
	- 2 -	::::	::- :	: •	15
	CAUSE OF DEATH	CLASS VII. The Puerperal State. Puerperal Haemorrhage Puerperal Sepsis Puerperal Albuminuria and Convulsions	CLASS VIII. Diseases of the Skin and Cellular Tissue. Gangrene Carbuncle, Boil Cellulitis, Acute Abscess Other Diseases of the Skin and its Annexa	CLASS IX. Diseases of the Bones and Organs of Locomotion. Diseases of the Bones	CLASS X. Malformations. Congenital Malformations

TABLE V.—Continued

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

																_			
	29	64	9	201		12 8	3	eo oo	φ.		9	50	2	52 52	30	-	- 0	6 61	
	0	9	:	17		- 01	:	: -	:	: :	-	:	:	- 00	¢1	:	:	: :	
	œ	16	1	69		4 60	61	- :	:	: -	-	:	-	: 10	10	:	: •	4 ;	
	œ	15	61	7		: **	1		c4 -	- :	4	:	-	: -	10	1	: •	4 :	
	-	18	~	58	1	n c1		- 01	-	: :	4	eo	:	: 10	11		1	÷	
	3	9	:	00			:	: :	:	: :	: :	:	:	- 01	101	:	:	: -	
	:	3	:	o,		: -		:-	:	: :	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	: :	
	:	:	:	55		: :	:	: :	:	: :	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	: :	
	:	:	:	106			1	: :	:	: :	: :	:	:	: -	1		: 0	• 1	
	:	:	:	40		: -	:	: -	-	: :	1	:	:	: ∞	4	:	:-	- :	
	:	:	;	:			:	: -	: •			:	:	- 01	1	:	:-	- :	
	:	:	;	:		: **	:	: :	:	: :	: :	:		- 01	10		:-	- :	
	:	:	:	:		- 12	61	e1 e0	:	: :	1	:	:	: 00	+	:		- :	
	:	:	:	:		4 64	:	: 01	63	: :	1	:	:	: :	0	:	:	: :	
	:	:	:	:		- 01	:	: -	:	: :	:	:	:	: :	63	-	-	: :	
	:	:	:	:		: -	:	- :	:	: :	1	:	-	: :	co	:	:	: :	
	:	:	:	:		: :	:	: :	:	: :	1	:	:	: :	4		:	: :	
	:	:	:	:		: :	:	: :	:	: :	I	:	:	: :	1	:	: -		
	29	64	9	:		: :	:	::	:	: :	:	0	:	: :	:	:	:	: :	
	: .	: .	; :	:		: :	:	: :	:	: :	:	8 L		: :	:	:		: :	
ncy.	Scierema and Icterus Premature Birth, Injury at	Birth Other Diseases neculiar to		CLASS XII. Old Age. Old Age, Senile Dementia, Senile Decay	·	: :	:	:	:			Mechanical Suffocation Absorption of irrespir-	able or poisonous gas	: :	:		Hunger or Thirst Other Accidental Violence		
CLASS XI. Diseases of Early Infancy. Congenital Debility,	Scierema and Icterus mature Birth, Injury a	- CHI	Early Infancy	eme	CLASS XIII. External Causes. Suicide—Solid or Liquid			Drowning Cutting or Piercing	•		•	off irr	lonot	: :		Injury by animals	Viol		
SS	1 and	See	Ifanc	LASS XI Old Age. Senile De le Decay	S X II Ca	us G	~	or P.	: .	S		ion o	pois	: 20	;	v ani	hT TO	S X	
CLASS of Early tal Debi	rema ire B	th	IJ II	CLASS XII. Old Age. , Senile Den ile Decay	CLASS External le—Solid	Poisonous Gas	Hanging	Drowning Cutting or	Firearms	ent-Poise	su	orpti	le or	Fall .	Crushing	ry b	Hunger or Thirst ar Accidental Vio	CLASS XIV red Causes	
CLASS XI. Diseases of Early Infe Congenital Debility.	scle	Birth er Dis	Ear	Age	Ext	Pois	Har	Cutt	Fire	Accident-Poison	Burns	Abs	abi	Fall	Crus	Inju	Hum	CLASS XI Ill-defined Causes	
Dise	Pre	Oth		PIO	Suic					Acc							Othe	P-III	
							-			-			-		-	-			

Class	DISEASES		Number of Deaths
I.	General Diseases		883
II.	Diseases of the Nervous System and Sense	Organs	265
III.	Diseases of the Circulatory System		651
IV.	Diseases of the Respiratory System		307
V.	Diseases of the Digestive System		168
VI.	Non-venereal Diseases of the Genito-urinar and Annexa	y System	115
VII.	The Puerperal State		11
VIII.	Diseases of the Skin and Cellular Tissue		14
IX.	Diseases of the Bones and of the Organs of Locomotion		4
X.	Malformations		21
XI.	Diseases of Early Infancy		99
XII.	Old Age		201
XIII	Affections produced by external causes		115
XIV.	Ill-defined Diseases		2

SUMMARY OF TABLE V.

TABLE VI.

Table showing the Numbers and Death-rates per 1,000 of Population from the Seven Principal Zymotic Diseases, from Lung Diseases (excluding Phthisis), from Phthisis, and from all causes, during each Quarter and for the whole year 1930. (Civil population only.)

Quarter ending		Prin Zyn Dise	Seven cipal notic ases* ages	Dise (exce	ung eases epting uisis)†	Pht	hisis	From all Causes		
guirter choose		No.	Rate per 1000	No.	Rate per 1000	No.	Rate per 1000	No.	Rate per 1000	
1930	-									
March 31st		119	1.96	140	2.31	59	0.97	880	14.6	
June 30th		27	0.44	53	0.87	45	0.74	664	11.0	
September 30th		14	0.23	43	0.71	50	0.82	595	9.9	
December 31st		13	0.21	71	1 · 17	54	0.89	717	11.8	
Totals		173	0.71	307	1.26	208	0.85	2856	11.8	

* Includes Small-pox, Measles, Scarlet Fever, Whooping Cough, Diphtheria, Enteric or Typhoid Fever, and Diarrhoea.

Includes Laryngitis, Emphysema, Asthma, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, and other Diseases of the Respiratory System.

TABLE VII.

Showing the number of Deaths in the Years 1861 to 1930, from the Seven Principal Zymotic Diseases.

					DISEAS	ES			ТО	TALS
Year	Popula- tion	Small- pox	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Diph- theria	Whoop'g Cough	Fever	Diarr- hoea	Numbers	Rate per 1000 living
1861 1863 1864 1865 1866 1867 1868 1869 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1876 1877 1876 1877 1876 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1896 1897 1896 1897 1900 1901 1903 1904 1905 1907 1908 1909 1911 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1922 1923 1924 1926 1927 1928 1930	95220 96960 98731 102363 104230 106130 108064 110034 112040 114970 116380 117810 120730 122210 120730 122210 120730 128691 331535 13441 137412 140448 143552 146724 149966 153279 156667 160167 163628 165153 167878 170672 173565 176497 179500 185725 188885 193969 193969 193969 193969 202171 206336 210546 21056 2	$\begin{array}{c}1\\.12\\228\\3\\1\\\\1\\39\\514\\45\\2\\\\1\\\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.\\.$	3 42 80 6 14 162 46 7 39 4 55 10 12 6 42 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 7 15 10 12 6 4 7 7 10 12 6 8 4 7 10 12 6 12 10 12 6 12 10 12 6 12 10 12 6 12 10 12 6 12 10 12 6 12 10 12 6 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	5 2234 17 204 107 59 103 52 367 457 66 9 58 67 33 79 11 11 21 15 47 22 11 3 4 8 9 32 12 9 5 12 67 3 7 4 2 3 12 5 8 67 3 3 7 9 5 12 5 8 67 3 3 7 9 5 12 5 8 67 3 7 4 2 3 12 5 8 67 3 3 7 9 5 12 5 8 67 3 7 4 2 3 12 5 8 6 7 3 7 9 5 12 5 8 6 7 3 7 9 5 12 5 12 3 5 12 5 12	$\begin{smallmatrix} 6\\20\\24\\17\\7\\26\\4\\18\\13\\12\\15\\19\\11\\5\\1\\205\\60\\24\\122\\29\\34\\22\\29\\34\\120\\22\\40\\104\\70\\25\\71\\69\\66\\19\\66\\65\\72\\48\\7\\88\\24\\40\\34\\86\\47\\52\\46\\47\\46\\47\\52\\46\\47\\52\\46\\47\\47\\46\\47\\47\\47\\47\\47\\47\\47\\47\\47\\47\\47\\47\\47\\$	11 36 148 50 423 57 26 466 17 194 829 928 66 35 9 42 97 29 38 76 46 65 29 28 66 59 28 66 35 9 42 92 88 66 35 9 42 92 93 87 36 46 65 29 28 66 57 26 46 67 194 82 92 88 66 35 9 42 92 88 66 57 26 46 63 59 28 66 35 9 42 92 88 66 57 26 46 63 59 28 66 35 9 42 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 92 88 66 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52	111 128 72745 745 745 745 745 745 745 745 745 745	$\begin{array}{c} 152\\71\\68\\118\\122\\117\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\121\\100\\122\\73\\100\\122\\73\\286\\183\\316\\159\\213\\226\\65\\48\\54\\290\\57\\112\\71\\265\\48\\40\\37\\22\\87\\32\\31\\21\\9\\36\\152\\267\\40\\\end{array}$	289 522 391 506 290 325 338 464 602 430 359 834 310 467 371 822 352 411 381 436 556 274 397 314 698 3231 300 264 399 310 518 554 403 410 463 427 645 457 542 451 291 417 534 400 303 295 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 264 399 310 518 554 400 200 264 399 310 518 554 400 200 201 518 554 400 202 547 547 200 203 299 310 518 547 310 203 299 310 518 547 310 403 299 310 518 547 310 203 299 310 518 547 310 203 295 477 314 100 203 295 477 314 100 203 295 477 314 101 200 300 205 477 314 101 105 120 203 205 477 314 105 120 203 205 477 314 101 105 120 203 205 177 314 105 120 203 205 177 314 105 120 203 205 177 314 105 120 203 205 177 314 105 120 203 205 177 314 105 120 300 205 177 314 105 120 300 205 177 314 101 105 120 303 295 177 314 105 120 310 205 177 312 203 277 314 105 120 310 205 177 312 203 277 314 105 120 1077 310 203 277 314 105 120 1077 310 203 205 1277 314 101 105 120 1077 115 120 1077 115 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	$\begin{array}{c} 3.06\\ 5.39\\ 4.95\\ 3.09\\ 3.16\\ 4.86\\ 7.25\\ 6.63\\ 7.25\\ 6.63\\ 7.25\\ 6.63\\ 7.25\\ 6.63\\ 7.25\\ 6.63\\ 7.25\\ 6.63\\ 7.25\\ 6.63\\ 7.25\\ 6.63\\ 7.25\\ 7.266\\ 7.25\\ 7.266\\ 7.25\\ 7.266\\ 7.25\\ 7.25\\ 7.266\\ 7.25\\ 7$

* Civil population only.

 TABLE VIII.

 VACCINATION RETURNS FOR PAST TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS.

. 10	1	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_		-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
No. in respect of which certificates of conscientious objections have been received	31	20	45	44	67	149	266	346	562	713	800	978	890	769	848	810	859	9-4	1289	1152	1039	674	731	780	619	210	010	IAO	708	415	
No. of these births remain- ing		:		• :	67	67	:-	5	s	9	5	12	6	11	6	9	s	-1		4	5	2	1 00	0	10	10	0 11	0 0	71	8	
Removed to places unknown	19	24	17	26	28	25	24	26	21	42	34	27	31	18	29	37	30	38	29	26	18	15	16	14	14	16	00	07	07.	15	
the Districts the Vacc. Officer of which has been apprised	29	35	23	35	47	63	43	33	50	43	57	48	74	50	56	54	118	76	116	82	61	86	45	54	53	48	0.0	20	7.0	31	
Postpone- ment by Medical Certificate	26	23	28	25	43	40	37	40	40	+	33	44	59	47	39	32	38	26	3.)	32	23	40	26	24	26	28	50	17	00	39	
Dead Unvacc- inated	547	471	556	477	552	495	473	430	449	510	389	409	409	288	321	256	263	302	303	265	269	239	243	223	185	157	194	000		90	
Had Small- pox	:			:					:				:							::									:	:	
Insus- ceptible to Vaccin- ation	31	12	23	15	35	20	35	46	21	10	010	20	12	52	31	13	38	13	38	18	11	28	21	15	42	35	38	86	001	RI	
Successfully Vaccinated	4509	4831	4916	5015	2112	8906	0710	4938	400/	40/04	1001	1201	4235	3785	3875	3405	3459	3752	4790	4083	4105	4243	4004	3772	3673	3418	3541	3395	1 200	2001	
No. of Births returned in birth sheets so registered from 1st Jan. to 31st Dec.	5192	5446	2609	5637	1690	2000	0660	1000	2002	5658	2000	+100	2143	1664	2070	6106	4610	5195	6600	5662	5528	5327	5089	4884	4637	4353	4579	4518	0105	C017	
Year	1902	1903	1904	1905	1900	1900	1200	6061	1011	10101	1010	0121	1914	1915	1916	1181	1918	6161	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1000	1930	(to Junc)

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

IX.	
TABLE	

VACCINATION RETURNS-1st January to 30th June, 1930.

						_					_			
Number of these Births remaining on 31st January, 1931, neither	duly entered in the Vaccination Register (columns 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7	of this Return) nor temporarily accounted for in the Report Book (columns 8, 9 and 10 of this Return)	11	5		cı	1	8	929 inclusive.	:	: :		5	2
chich on 31st nentered in on account 300k) of	Removal to	places un- known, or which cannot be reached; and cases not having been found	10	4	4	ic.	5	15	sc. 31st, 19	3	5	4	8	20
Number of these Births which on jist January, 1931, remained unentered in the Vaccination Register on account (as shown by Report Book) of	Removal to	Utstricts the Vaccination Officer of which has been duly apprised	6	11	9	4	10	31	. 1st to De	16	18	2	11	52
		Postpone- ment by Medical Certificate	80	9	6	10	14	39	from Jan.	12	10	5	9	33
Jan., 1930 tion	1.0	Coi. 5 Dead Unvac- cinated	2	25	16	27	22	90)istrict	54	35	78	55	222
of these Births duly entered by 31st Jan., 1930 Columns 1, 2, 4 and 5, of the Vaccination Register Birth List Sheets, viz. :	Col. 4 Number in	respect of whomCertifi- cates of Con- scientious Objection have been received	9	122	110	79	104	415	l in this L	230	140	145	193	708
ths duly er ., 4 and 5, c Birth List		Had Small- Pox	5	:	:	:	:	:	gistered	:	:	:	:	:
these Bir Jumns 1, 3 Register	Col. 2	Insuscep- tible of Vaccin- ation	+	10	4	1	4	19	were re	25	10	22	29	86
Number of in Co	. 12	Success- fully Vaccin- ated	3	448	337	382	401	1568	Births	917	614	884	980	3395
of	Birth List Sheets as	registered from 1st January to 3oth June, 1930	2	631	486	510	558	2185	IN whose	1257	832	1145	1284	4518
	Registration Sub-Districts	District	I	1. North End and Buckland	2. Kingston and East Southsea	3. Portsea and Landport	4. Portsmouth and Mid-Southsea	Totals	VACCINATION OF CHILDREN whose Births were registered in this District from Jan. 1st to Dec. 31st, 1929 inclusive.	1. North End and Buckland	2. Kingston and East Southsea	3. Portsea and Landport	4. Portsmouth and Mid-Southsea	Totals

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

INFECTIOUS DISEASES .- The following cases of

infectious	diseases	were	notified	during	the year :	
				Cases	Admitted to	Total
D	isease			Notified	Hospital	Deaths
Diphtheria .				605	570	16
Scarlet Fever				689	609	9
Enteric Feve	r			40	32	1
Puerperal Fe	ver			15	14	7
Puerperal Py	rexia			22	12	
Acute Priman	y and Infl	uenzal	Pneumoni	a 35	-	26
Cerebro-spina				10	8	8
Poliomyelitis				2	_	
Encephalitis :	Lethargica			4		11
Erysipelas				76	23	5
Malaria .				7		2
Ophthalmia 1	Neonatorun	n		20	3	-
Tuberculosis				489	279	248

All the above cases have been visited, and such steps as were possible taken with a view to the prevention of the spread of the disease.

Small-pox.—No case of small-pox was notified in the City during the year. The usual particulars as to vaccination are given in Tables VIII. and IX. The Public Vaccinators are Dr. C. J. Mayhew and Dr. H. J. Bell.

Scarlet Fever.—There was a decrease in the prevalence of scarlet fever, the number of cases notified being 689 as against 787 in the previous year, but there were 9 deaths compared with 7 last year ; 609, or 88 per cent., were removed to and treated at the Milton Hospital.

Diphtheria.—The decline in the number of cases of diphtheria which took place in 1929 was continued in this year, the number of cases notified being 605 as against 766 in 1929 and 866 in 1928. The number of deaths was 16, which is the lowest recorded in the City for over 30 years. I think it may be claimed that the arrangements referred to in my previous Annual Report made with Dr. Roberts, the School Medical Officer, for the throats and noses of all children to be swabbed for the presence of diphtheria at the end of their convalescence and before returning to school has been to some extent responsible for the reduced prevalence of the disease.

Ninety-four per cent. of patients suffering from diphtheria were removed to and treated at the Milton Hospital. Arrangements are made for medical practitioners to obtain a supply of diphtheria antitoxin at any time of the day or night.

Enteric Fever.—There were 40 cases of enteric fever notified during the year, but only one death. This is a larger

number than in any year since 1925, and is accounted for by a localised outbreak amongst children, in respect of which I reported as follows :—

OUTBREAK OF ENTERIC FEVER.

The first intimation received of the recent localised outbreak of enteric fever in the Landport district was a notification from a medical man that a child in Upper Church Path was suffering from this disease, and that he had under his care several other children with suspicious symptoms.

Since that date, 18 other children in the same neighbourhood have been notified suffering from enteric fever. Further, I have ascertained that in addition a number of other children had severe attacks of gastro-intestinal disturbance.

As a result of enquiries it was soon apparent that one factor common to all the cases of illness was attendance at a Sunday School Outing to Stakes Woods, near Waterlooville, on Thursday, May 29th, where the children drank from a stream running through the woods.

This outing was attended by 118 children and 10 adults, or 128 persons in all. Of these, 99 drank from the stream, 26 stated that they did **n**ot, and from 3 no definite statement could be obtained.

Amongst those who drank from the stream 19 subsequently developed enteric fever; 27 suffered from severe attacks of abdominal pain, diarrhoea or vomiting within 72 hours of returning home; and a further 23 suffered from gastro-intestinal symptoms during the next three weeks. There was no illness during this period amongst the 29 who had not drunk from the stream, except that one child suffered from sores on the face the next day, and it is unlikely that this had any connection with the outing. It will be seen then, that 70 per cent. of the children who drank from the stream were subsequently ill, either immediately after or during the next few weeks.

A further curcumstance which points to the stream being the source of infection is the fact that the children who attended the Outing took their own food with them (they were also told to bring their own drinks). There was therefore no other article of diet common to all those who were taken ill, except the water from the stream.

The incubation period of enteric fever, *i.e.*, the interval elapsing between the exposure to infection and the onset of the disease, is usually from 10 to 15 days, when, however, the virus is conveyed by water the period is somewhat longer. In the present case the water was drunk on May 29th and the onset of enteric fever in the first case was June 11th, or 13 days later. In two cases the onset is given as June 25th, or 27 days after exposure to infection. The following table shows the period elapsing in each case between the drinking of the water and the onset of the disease :—

In 1 case the onset was on the 13th day

,,	1 case	,,	,,	,,	15th	,,
,,	2 cases	,,	,,	,,	17th	,,
,,	3 cases	,,	,,	,,_	18th	,,
,,	3 cases	,,	,,	,,	19th	,,
,,	1 case	,,	,,	,,	20th	,,
;;	2 cases	,,	,,	,,	21st	,,
,,	2 cases	,,	,,	,,	22nd	,,
,,	2 cases	,,	,,	,,	27th	,,

Although in a few of the above cases the incubation period is rather longer than usual, yet in none is it incompatible with the suggestion that the disease was contracted on May 29th.

Five of the patients who subsequently developed enteric fever had an attack of gastro-intestinal disturbance within a day or two of drinking the water, followed by an interval of apparent good health before the onset of the symptoms of the enteric fever.

The fever has been of a moderately severe type, but up to the present no deaths have resulted. All the patients but one have been removed to and treated at the Milton Hospital and in nearly every case the diagnosis has been confirmed by the Widal Test.

I visited Stakes Wood where the Outing took place, and found that the stream from which the children drank is the Hermitage Stream. It rises a little north of Waterlooville, passes through Stakes Woods, and eventually reaches Bedhampton, where it is piped under the Havant Road and eventually discharges into Langstone Creek. At the time of my visit, June 30th, there was very much less water flowing in the stream, than on May 29th, the bed of the stream showed marked evidence of sewage pollution, and a sample of the water which I took was analysed by Mr. R. P. Page, the City Analyst, who reported it to be "grossly polluted with matter of sewage origin." I ascertained that a little distance above Stakes Woods the stream receives the effluent from two sewage works and the condition of the stream strongly suggests that this effluent is not efficiently purified before being discharged.

I cannot find that there have been any cases of enteric fever recently notified in the Waterlooville district; this, however, does not preclude the presence of the causal organism of enteric fever in the effluent from the sewage works.

Briefly summarised, the ascertained facts are as follows :---

- (a) The 19 patients attacked by enteric fever all drank water from the Hermitage Stream on May 29th.
- (b) 50 other children who drank the water at the same time were subsequently attacked with abdominal pain, diarrhoea, and sickness.
- (c) The stream in question is grossly polluted with sewage.
- (d) Other persons in the same party who did not drink the water did not suffer any illness.
- (c) There have not recently been any cases of enteric fever in the Landport area, except amongst those who attended the Outing to Stakes Woods and drank the stream water.

In view of the above facts I am convinced that this outbreak of enteric fever is solely due to drinking the water from the Hermitage Stream on May 29th.

As the Hermitage Stream is situated outside the City boundaries, I have communicated the facts to the Medical Officers of Health of the districts concerned and to the County Medical Officer for Hampshire, in order that such steps may be taken as are necessary to protect the stream from pollution. The matter has also been reported to the Ministry of Health.

I may add that although in some few cases the illness took on a serious aspect, all the patients eventually made a good recovery.

Other Infectious Diseases. - As regards other infectious diseases I regret to say that after having for some years enjoyed comparative freedom from measles there occurred a severe outbreak in February and March, and altogether no fewer than 101 deaths were registered as being caused by this disease. Largely due to the fact that children who are developing measles are in a very infectious condition before the rash appears, it is almost impossible to control an epidemic once it has started in a community. Leaflets of advice were given to parents, and advice was given at the Child Welfare Centres and by the Health Visitors, but it was not until the end of March that the outbreak subsided. All the deaths except one occurred amongst children under five years of age. The deaths from Influenza numbered 26, and from Whooping Cough six. At the beginning of the year three cases of psittacosis (parrot disease) occurred. These were traced to a parrot which was purchased just before Christmas, the owner of the parrot and his wife were both taken ill about January 9th and the former died on January 18th. The doctor who attended these patients also contracted the disease and only recovered after a very grave attack. This is the first occasion on which psittacosis is known to have occurred in Portsmouth; the disease is usually contracted from a diseased bird of the parrot species, but it is extremely rare for it to be transmitted from one person to another, as was apparently the case in regard to the doctor above referred to.

Twenty cases of ophthalmia neonatorum occurred, and all were visited by the Health Visitors. One case removed before the end of treatment and could not be traced. All the others recovered without impairment of the sight.

The accommodation at Milton Hospital again proved insufficient and the patients suffering from tuberculosis had to be discharged in February, in order to make room for patients suffering from diphtheria. It is expected that the work for the extension of the Hospital referred to in my last Report will now shortly be commenced.

TABLE X.

WEEKLY RETURN of cases of Infectious Disease.

Wee	ek	xod	Fever	eria	4	onia	ral	ral	-0	gica	elitis	elas	ulmia	-	Tuber	culosis	
198		Small-pox	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Enteric Fever	Pneumonia	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Cerebro- spinal Fever	Encephalitis Lethargica	Acute Poliomelitis	Erysipelas	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Malaria	Pul- monary	Non- Pul- monary	Total
Jan.	4		29	19			1								7		56
"	11 18		15 17	23 20		1			1			3			17	2	62
33 33	25		17	20			11			2	1	1 6		**	7 10	5 2	55 59
Feb.	1		12	20		1			1	1.1	1.1	1	i	1	6		44
,,	8		8	9		1		1		1		2	1		7	1	31
**	15		14	15		1 .:		1	2			3			11	6	51
Mar.	22 1		23	10 18	••	5			1	• •	•••	2 4	• •	• •	6	1	48 35
22	8	1.	16	14	1			1				2			4 5	1	35
	15		9	8		2		1	1				2		10	4	37
,,,	22		11	11				1	1						7		31
April	29		23	19		1	1					1 .:			1	1	45
April	5 12		9 12	2	•••	• •	1 3	i				1		•••	5 6		18 41
**	19	11	20	8				1		1		i	11		11	1	41 42
,,	26		12	3		2						1	1	1	9	1	30
May	3		15	4		1				1		1	1		10	4	37
"	10		22	7	1										4	3	37
3.9	17 24		23 17	11 8			•••	• •				1		•••	11	1	46
2.9	31		12	9	11						1	1 2	1		4 5	3 2	34 31
,, June	7		8	13	1	1		i							11	1	36
	14		4	4		1		1				2			8	2	22
,,	21		3	4		1							1		10	2	21
"In the	28		13 10	9 10	7 13	11			1		• •	2	1.1		17	1	50
July	5 12	1.	8	15	5	1					• •	•••	1	1	10 4	1	46 34
1) 1)	19		11	5	1	1		i		12		1	i	1	8	1	31
,,	26		9	8	2		1	2				3			13	2	40
Aug.	2		10	10	1							3			4	3	31
,,	9		7	4	1	12	1.1								2		14
"	16 23	••	5 8	55	1	1	••	• •				2	••	• •	7	12	21
"	30	1	16	8	3			1			1.4	1	•••	* *	12 8	1	26 37
Sept.	6		9	8	2			1.1				î	1		7	ï	29
	13		13	7		1						1			8	1	31
"	20		21	2			• •	1				1	1		13	4	43
	27		20	9	1	1					••	1	••	• •	10	4	46
Oct.	4		19 10	8			ï	3			•••	2 5	•••	•••	777	··· 1	36 34
**	18		15	13		1		1							7	2	39
,,	25		13	8				1				1			4	1	28
Nov.	1		7	8			1	1				3			10	2	32
**	8	••	10	20	•••		3	1	• •		10	1		•••	13	2	50
**	15 22	••	6 8	18 20	•••	1	î	••	••			4	2	3	6 7	3	37
77 77	29		11	13	1	1	1	1							6		42 34
Dec.	6		9	19				1				1	3		8		41
**	13		12	14		2						5			12		45
>>	20	• •	21	15	•••	•••	1	1		•••		2	2		6	1	49
,n Tan	27 3	•••	14 17	12 24	•••	3	1	••	• •	•••		3	··· 1	··· 1	2 5	• •	31
Jan.					• •		- 1/2				•••	0	1	1	3		55
TOT	ALS		689	605	40	35	15	22	10	4	2	76	20	7	417	77	2019

TUBERCULOSIS.—The deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis numbered 208, against 192 in the previous year, and give a death-rate from this disease of 0.85 per 1,000 living. The number of cases of all forms of tuberculosis remaining on the register of notifications on 31st December, 1930, was 1,747, or 676 less than a year ago. These patients were as follows :—

Males			Pulmonary Tuberculosis 683	Non-pulmonary Tuberculosis 202
Females	···· ···	···· ···	668	194
'	ſota	1	1351	396

During the year 582 new patients were seen by Dr. Revell, the Medical Officer, at the Tuberculosis Dispensary, and of these 310, namely, 228 adults and 82 children, were found to be suffering from tuberculosis. Last year the number of new patients suffering from tuberculosis was 299.

Institutional treatment was provided for 367; 88 were in institutions at the beginning of the year and 279 were admitted during the year. It was again found necessary at the beginning of February to discharge the patients from the wards at Milton Hospital which are used for cases of tuberculosis, in order to make room for patients suffering from diphtheria.

In October the question of providing a sanatorium to take the place of Langstone was considered. The suggested accommodation to be provided was for 60 beds and the estimated cost was £34,000. Owing to the expense of building at the present time, and also to the fact that possibly the present shortness of beds for tuberculosis patients might to a certain extent be met by the co-ordination of medical services which is anticipated by virtue of the Local Government Act, 1929, it was decided not to proceed with the scheme for the present.

The following table gives particulars of the new cases of tuberculosis notified by medical practitioners during the year and deaths from this disease at various ages :—

		NEW	CASES			DEATHS			
Age Periods	Puln	ionary	Non-Pulmonary		Pulm	onary	Non-Pulmonary		
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	
0 to 1		1	4	2	1	1	3	1	
1 ,, 5	1	2	8	10		1	6	4	
5 ,, 10	19	12	14	13			3	3	
10 ,, 15	17	6	6	9		1	3	2	
15 ,, 20	23	30	5	4	8	16			
20 ,, 25	30	35	3	2 5	18	19	2	2	
25 ,, 35	62	53	3		29	24	1	1	
35 ,, 45	47	29	7	2	18	18	4	1	
45 ,, 55	38	20	3	1	20	8	2	1	
55 ,, 65	19	8	1		17	5	1		
65 & upwards	5	2			3	1			
TOTALS	261	198	54	48	114	94	25	15	

TUBERCULOSIS.

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1930.

Out of the total number of 248 deaths registered from all forms of tuberculosis, 30, or 12 per cent., had not been notified during life as suffering from this disease.

Further particulars of the work done in connection with tuberculosis are given in the following tables :—

A	
凶	
BI	
A	
F	

PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1912.

Summary of Notifications during the period from the 29th December, 1929, to the 27th December, 1930.

A.	Total Notifications	65 Total Form A. under by Notifus		4 228 314	2 184 . 258		40 44	27 20									
	Primary Notifications	-		:	:		:										
	Total Notifications			314	. 258		44	00									
		Total Primary Notiftus		228	184		40	E C									
Α.				4	61		:										
Ho	tions.	tions.	tions.	tions.	tions.	tions.	tions.	tions.	Primary Notifications.	tions.	55 to 65		Ξ	u o		-	-
on F											tions.	tions.	tions.	tions.	tions.	45 to 55	
tions	tifica	35 45		45	27		4	c									
tifica	NO AL	25 to 35		52	52		60	4									
of No	rimar	25 to 25		27	31		63	-									
Number of Notifications on Form	Ь	15 to 20		22	28		0										
InN	-	10 to 15		17	9		3	r									
		5 to 10		1 19	2 12		4 12	R 11									
		0 1 0 to			1	_	33 T	1 6									
		0 to		:	:	Non-Pulmonary :	:	Eamolae									

32

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

TABLE B.

Giving the results of the examination of patients at the Dispensary.

		Tubercular	Not Tubercular	Pre- Tubercular	Observation	Total
Adults	 	 228	113		8	349
Children	 •••	 82	142	6	3	233
	 TOTAL	 310	255	6	11	582

TABLE C.

Table of Occupations of Adult Patients found to be Tubercular.

Invalided Service						26
Household Occupation	ns					70
Office and Shop Worl	cers					44
Skilled Artisans and I	Factory W	/orkers				28
Labourers						20
Transport and Allied						15
Teaching and other P	rofessions	;	•••		••	6
Nurses		••		• •	• •	4
Merchant Service		••		• •	••	4
Amusements	• •	••	• •	• •	• •	1
Licensed Trade	• •	••	••			1
No Occupation	• •	••	••	• •	• •	6
Police	•••	••	••	••		3

228

TABLE D.

Showing particulars of 310 Patients found to be Tubercular. Age and Sex Table—ADULTS.

		16-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60 and over	Total
Pulmonary	Males	11	36	36	25	13	0	121
Fema	Females	15	41	28	7	6	0	97
Non-Pulmonary	Males	1	1	3	0	1	0	6
	Females	1	l	1	1	0	0	4
	TOTAL	28	79	68	33	20	0	228

Age and Sex Table-CHILDREN.

		0-4	5-6	7-8	9-10	11-12	13-15	Total
Pulmonary Males Female	Males	1	9	7	4	5	8	34
	Females	0	2	- 8	1	3	4	18
Non-Pulmonary	Males	5	3	4	0	3	2	17
	Females	3	3	3	3	0	1	13
		9	17	22	8	11	15	82

		Pulmonary	Non- Pulmonary	Total
Adul, TS		218	10	228
CHILDREN		52	30	82
Total	s	270	40	310

TABLE E.

Showing the number of cases of Pulmonary and Non-pulmonary

TABLE F.

Showing the Distribution of the Disease in the Non-pulmonary Cases.

	Adults	Children	Total
Joint and Bone .	. 3	18	21
Glands	. 3	4	7
Abd minal	2	8	10
Genito-Urinary .	1	0	1
Eyes	. 1 -	0	1
anna anna ann a san a rainn ann a bhain ann ann ann ann ann ann	10	30	40

TABLE G.

Showing the Number of Patients in each of the Three Stages of the Disease (Turban's Classification).

Adults Children	Stage I. 86 40	Stage II. 25 5	Stage III. 107 7	Total 218 52	
Tota's	126	30	114	270	

TABLE H.

LANGSTONE HOSPITAL

	Males	Females	Child	lren	Tetals
In Langstone Dec. 31st, 1929 Admitted during 1930	3 49	4 41	M. 6 21	F. 4 13	17
TOTALS	52 44	45 41	27 20	17 14	141 119
In Langstone Dec. 31st, 1930	8	4	7	3	22

TABLE I.

Total Number of Patients treated at various Sanatoria, Hospitals and Colonies during 1930

Sanatorium, Hospital or Colony		Resident at beginning of year	Admitted during year	Discharged during year	Remaining end of year	Totals
Langstone Hospital		8	90	86	12	98
Beach Lodge		9	34	33	10	43
Milton Hospital		25	82	78	29	107
Royal National Sanatorium,						
Bournemouth		1	9	9	1	10
Royal National Hospital for Co	n-					
sumption, Ventnor		6	13	16	3	19
Margate Sea Bathing Hospital		2	0	2	0	2
Fairlight Sanatorium		5	3	6	2	8
Lord Mayor Treloar Cripples' Hosp		21	38	29	30	59
King George V Sanatorium for Sail	ors,					
Bramshott		10	7	8	9	17
The Mount, Bishopstoke		1	0	1	0	1
Brompton		0	1	I	0	1
West Wales Sanatorium		0	1	1	0	1
King Edward VII. Sanatori	um,					
Midhurst		0	1	1	0	1
		88	279	271	96	367

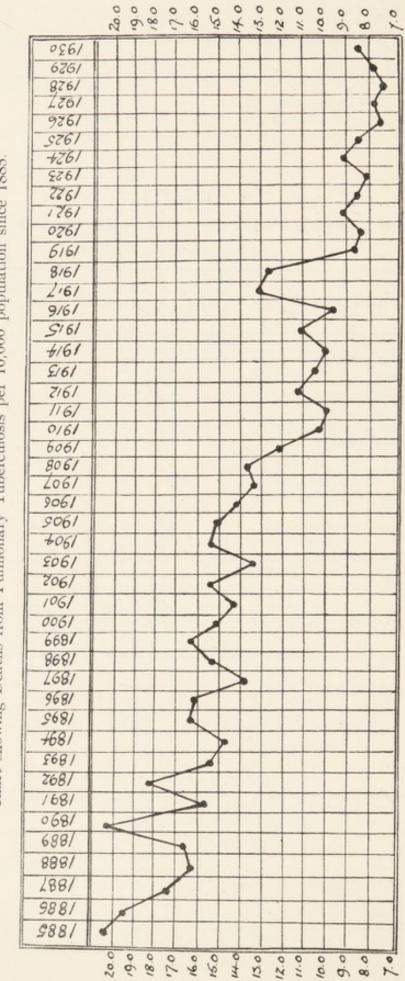


TABLE J.

Chart showing Deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis per 10,000 population since 1885.

TABLE K.

Year	(l Pulmo Tubero	onary	(2) Tubercular Meningitis,	(3) Other Forms of	Totals Cols. 2 a	
I cal	Deaths	Rate	Hvdrocephalus Deaths	Tuberculosis Deaths	Deaths	Rate
1879	271	2.05	44	58	102	.77
1880	234	1.74	49	81	130	.96
1881	275	2.14	44	61	105	.81
1882	269	2.07	33	67	100	.76
1883	262	1.96	41	72	113	.84
1884	292	2.12	34	62	96	.69
1885	290	2.06	36	54	90	.64
1886	285	1.98	38	85	123	.86
1887	261	1.77	41	95	136	.92
1888	240	1.60	38	90	128	.85
1889	251	1.63	35	93	128	.83
1890	319	2.03	37	57	94	.60
1891	252	1.57	41	86	127	.79
1892	308	1.89	31	51	82	.50
1893	254	1.53	32	59	91	.55
1894	241	1.43	21	50	71	.42
1895	280	1.64	43	50	93	.54
1896	283	1.63	51	55	106	.61
1897	245	1.38	39	33	72	.39
1898	277	1.54	37	57	94	.52
1899	295	1.61	40	64	104	.57
1900	286	1.53	42	53	95	.51
1901	278	1.47	37	91	128	.67
1902	308	1.58	31	51	82	.42
1903	269	1.35	35	34	69	.34
1904	321	1.58	44	32	76	.37
1905	314	1.52	42	25	67	.32
1906	306	1.45	38	36	74	.35
1907	282	1.31	47	36	83	.38
1908	300	1.36	39	38	77	.35
1909	272	1.21	41	33	74	.33
1910	249	1.09	40	23	63	.28
1911	239	1.02	36	23	59	.25
1912	267	1.13	30	46	76	.32
1913	264	1.08	41	40	81	.33
1914	249	1.01	33	52	85	.34
1915	233	1.15	51	69	120	.59
1916	188	0.95	39	48	87	•43
1917	269	1.35	38	62	100	.50
1918	261	1.28	23	45	68	.33
1919	197	0.88	25	37	62	·27
1920	197	0.84	19	36	55	.23
1921	211	0.90	22	26	48	•20
1922	207	0.87	17	38	55	.23
1923	191	0.82	21	16	37	.16
1924	222	0.93	18	36	54	.23
1925	204	0.87	27	23	50	.21
1926	183	0.79	18	20	38	•16
1927	182	0.78	27	24	51	.22
1928	179	0.74	26	23	49	•20
1929	192	0.79	26	9	35	-14
	208	0.85	26	14	40	•16

Table showing the number of Deaths and Death-rates per 1000 living from TUBERCULAR DISEASES for Fifty-Two Years (1879 to 1930).

* Calculated on estimated civil population.

VENEREAL DISEASE.—Very valuable work has again been carried on at the Venereal Diseases Treatment Centre, Royal Portsmouth Hospital, under the direction of Dr. A. Cambell. The great value to the community of this Treatment Centre will only be appreciated when it is realised how many children, the victims of congenital syphilis have here received such treatment as has enabled them to develop into healthy children. Dr. Cambell submits the following statement and tables in respect of the work at the Centre :—

The number of patients who attended the Centre for the first time was 52 more than in 1929, but the attendances were slightly less. This apparent discrepancy is due to the number of severe cases being less than in the previous year. The average number of attendances in a case of early syphilis is 30 and in gonorrhoea 120. While there were only 15 more cases of gonorrhoea, syphilis increased by 20 as a larger number of female children with congenital syphilis were sent up for treatment by the School Clinic and the Eye and Ear Hospital. In the early stages of acquired syphilis the figures are about the same.

Seventy one patients in the later stages of syphilis were treated. In all these cases the infection dates back ten to thirty years ago and in most of them the disease is unsuspected until the appearance of symptoms of some severe organic lesion affecting the brain and spinal cord, or the heart and blood vessels. Some of them are parents in whom the disease is discovered only when their children come under treatment, that is to say that they are in a latent stage and do not suffer from any form of the disease which would send them to a doctor for advice. In all of them the Wassermann blood test is positive and they are treated, and although their chances of being completely cured are not so good as in the early stages, it is possible to prevent the disease progressing and making itself manifest later on. The father is most frequently the cause of congenital syphilis, the mother only rarely. If all men submitted themselves to a Wassermann test before marriage there would be practically no congenital syphilis.

For the last three years the number of patients treated has steadily risen, and there seems no prospect of a diminished incidence of venereal disease to any great extent, until more women come up for treatment. Prostitutes spread syphilis, but gonorrhoea is largely spread by amateurs, probably due to the fact that the symptoms of this disease in women may be so slight that they do not know they are infected.

There were two cases of gonorrhoeal vaginitis in children.

Patients sent up for examination and found not to be suffering from venereal disease amounted to 344 as against 322 for 1929.

A. CAMBELL, M.B., Medical Officer in charge of V.D. Treatment Centre.

The following is the annual table prepared for the Ministry of Health, giving particulars of the work carried out at the Centre during the year :—

RETURN RELATING TO ALL PERSONS WHO WERE TREATED AT THE TREATMENT CENTRE DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1930.

	Syp	hilis	Soft C	hancre	Gonor	rhoea	other	itions than ereal	То	TAL
	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	Μ.	F.	M.	F
 Number of cases which— (a) at the beginning of the year under report were under treatment or observation for (b) had been marked off in a previous year as having ceased to attend or as transferred to other Centres, and which returned to the Treatment Centre during the year under report suffering 	198	140	2		113	15	19	2	332	15
from the same infection	12	13			12	••	6	5	30	18
TOTAL—Items 1 (a) & 1 (b)	210	153	2		125	15	25	7	362	1.8
 (a) Number of cases dealt with at the Treatment Centre during the year for the first time with infections of less than 1 year's standing more than 1 year's standing 	42	17 72	4	: :	164 23	43	197	147	407 93	207 72
TOTAL—Items $1(a), 1(b). \& 2(a)$	322	242	6		312	58	222	154	862	45
2 (b) Number of cases includ- ed in item 2 (a) known to have received previous treatment at other Centre's for the same infection	9	4			26	6	6	1	41	11
 Number of cases which ceased to attend : (a) before completing the first course of treatment for	15	7 22			28	9			43	16
(c) after completion of treatment, but before						5			26	
final tests as to cure of Number of cases trans- ferred to other Treat- ment Centres after treat-	20	20			35 38	5 2		••	55	25
ment for	2:	22	4		91	25			61 130	47
Number of cases which, at the end of the year under report, were under treat- ment or observation for	206		2		117	17	12	13	337	192
TOTAL-Items 3, 4, 5, and 6	322	242	6		312	58	12	13	652	313
Out-patient attendances :	2541	2170	55		1520	283	450	369	4566	2822
ment, <i>e.g.</i> , irrigation, d. cssings, etc	876	341	156		8114	1357	549	404	9695	2102
Total Attendances	3417	2511	211		9634	1640	999	773	14261	4924
Aggregate number of "In- patient days" of treat- ment given to persons who were suffering from	45	41			55	39	3	. 36	103	116

		For detection of							
9.	Examinations of Pathological material :	Spirochetes	Gonococci	Other Organisms	For Wassermann Reaction				
	 (a) Specimens which were examined at, and by the Medical Officer of, the Treatment Centre	33	180						
	were sent for examination to an approved laboratory		1190	50	1313				

Statement showing the services rendered at the Treatment Centre during the year, classified according to the areas in which the patients resided.

					1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Name of County or County Borough (or Country in the case of persons residing elsewhere than in England and Wales) to be inserted in these headings.	Portsmouth	Hampshire	West Sussex	Isle of Wight	L'ondon	Southampton	Bristol	Birmingham	Belfast	Surrey	Swansea	Guernsey	TOTAL
A. Number of cases from each area dealt with during the year for the first time and found to be suffering from :	159 4 182	35 28	4 12	3 2					••••••				$201 \\ 4 \\ 230$
Conditions other than Venereal	279	46	12	4	-	_		•••	1	1		-	
Total	624	109	28	9	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	779
B. Total number of attendances of all patients residing in each area	17217	1667	168	47	33	28	13	7	2	1	1	1	19185
C. Aggregate number of "In-patient days" of all patients residing in each area	174	8	37										219
D. Number of doses of arsenobenzene compounds given in the :		320	53	13 									2031
 E. Give the names of arsenobenzene compounds used in the treatment of syphilis the usual initial and final doses. F. State the amount and kind of treatment usually administered to a case of Syphilis of each of the types usually dealt with at the Treatment Centre. 	Su Sta (1 the	eo-Salva lphosta abilarsa A descri variou oe insert	b n ption o s types	of cas	eth ses	ods of	s of	tr	eat				
G. State the nature of tests applied in deciding as to discharge of patients referred to in Item 5 on previous page.	Company Tests of Care												oation al ex-
	P	PHILIS. Primary econdar ces		gative V	Vas	ser	ma	nn	fo	r 2			

MATERNITY & CHILD WELFARE.—A large amount of work at the various Maternity and Child Welfare Centres has again been carried out by the Medical Officer, Dr. R. N. Foggie and the Health Visitors.

The new Child Welfare Centre at Trafalgar Place, Fratton, has greatly facilitated the work, and especially the arrangements for the issue of children's food have effected a great improvement.

The total number of attendances at all Centres was 29,149, an increase of 1,826 over the previous year. As I reported in my last annual report, the demands upon the Medical Officer at the Centres are more than can be effectively dealt with by one officer.

The attendances at the various centres are given in the following table :—

Centres	Atten- dances	New Patients	Seen by the Medical Officer
Fratton (2 afternoons a week) Eastney (1 afternoon a week) Portsea (1 afternoon a week) Stamshaw (1 afternoon a week) Cosham (1 morning a week)	 $10521 \\ 5888 \\ 4060 \\ 5456 \\ 3224$	766 295 210 375 112	4816 1793 1392 1374 546
TOTALS	 29149	1758	9721

Ante-natal clinics were held at the Maternity Home on Friday mornings; the patients were largely limited to those who were going into the Home for their confinements. The average attendance was 29 and the total number of patients was 327. The question of the extension of the ante-natal clinic so as to enable advice to be given to any expectant mother who may apply is under consideration. I do not think, however, that the provision of ante-natal services can be expected to reduce the maternal mortality rate much below that registered in this City last year, namely, 2.3 per 1,000 births.

The total number of visits paid by Health Visitors was 13,635, a considerable increase over last year; of these 3,943 were first visits to infants under one year of age and 1,539 visits were to children between the ages of 1 and 5 years. The Health Visitors also visited 20 cases of ophthalmia neonatorum, 6 cases of pemphigus neonatorum, 15 cases of puerperal fever, 22 cases of puerperal pyrexia, and 1 case of poliomyelitis.

The number of necessitous infants attending the Centres to whom food was issued was 1,566, over 500 less than last year; the cost of the food issued was $\pounds 3,251$, and of this amount $\pounds 1,276$ was received in part payment from parents. We have to acknowledge with thanks the assistance of those ladies who have helped at the various centres, and especially the weekly attendance of Miss White to supervise the issue of food.

The infantile mortality rate was 59 deaths per 1,000 births, compared with a rate of 66 last year. The infantile mortality rate for England and Wales was 60.

MUNICIPAL MATERNITY HOME.—During the year 292 patients were admitted to the new Municipal Maternity Home in Trafalgar Place, Fratton Road ; this is an increase of 86 over the previous year. There were no maternal deaths in the Home, though there was one case of puerperal fever. Towards the end of July a very persistent outbreak of pemphigus neonatorum broke out, and as all the measures for control of the disease failed, it was decided to close the Home from July 21st to August 11th, the patients being sent to St. Mary's Hospital. The wards were thoroughly disinfected, and no further cases occurred on re-opening.

Under the direction of Dr. Foggie the work of the Home has been efficiently carried out by the Matron, Sister-in-charge and Staff. Dr. Stephen Green has again on many occasions rendered us very valuable assistance and attended at the Home during the absence of the Medical Officer.

The following table, required by the Ministry of Health, gives particulars of the year's work at the Home :—

No. of beds	17
Number of cases admitted during the	
year	
Average duration of stay	
Number of cases delivered by :	
(a) Midwives	281
(b) Doctors	
Number of cases in which medical	
assistance was sought by a	
midwife	87
Number of cases notified as :	
(a) Puerperal Fever	1
(b) Puerperal Pyrexia	1
Number of cases of pemphigus	
neonatorum	11
Number of infants not entirely breast	
fed while in the institution	53
Number of cases of ophthalmia	
neonatorum	Nil.
Number of maternal deaths	Nil.

Number of foetal deaths :

(a) Stillborn 4

(b) Within 10 days of birth .. 2

(c) Causes of death :

Stillborn. 1 Transverse presentation

1 Brow presentation & maceration

1 Anencephalus

1 Maceration

Within 10 days :

2 Prematurely

To the Maternity Ward of St. Mary's Hospital 178 patients were admitted. Particulars of the work done is given in the Annual Report of that Institution. In the Royal Naval Maternity Home there were 294 patients.

MIDWIVES.—The number of Midwives practising in the City was 73, and altogether they attended 3,112 confinements; of these they attended as midwives in 2,740, and as maternity nurses in 372 cases.

INSURANCE SCHEME.—As regards the scheme of insurance for payment of the expenses of doctors called in by midwives the number of expectant mothers who insured was 1,850, and the amount received in premiums was £462–10s. 0d. The total amount paid to medical men by the Local Supervising Authority was £1,269, and out of this there was recovered from patients (including the premiums) £561, or 44 per cent. I find that midwives sent for medical help in 39 per cent. of their cases when the patients were insured, but only in 22.5 per cent. when they were not insured.

MATERNAL MORTALITY.—Last year I reported that the maternal mortality rate in Portsmouth was extremely low, namely, only 3.4 deaths in mothers per 1,000 births. This year I am glad to record a still lower rate, namely, 2.3 per 1,000 births. Out of 4,261 births there only occurred 11 deaths amongst the mothers ; seven of these were due to sepsis and four to other causes. All cases of puerperal fever and pyrexia were visited by the Health Visitors, personal disinfection of the midwives was carried out, and arrangements were made for discontinuing practice for a period where deemed necessary.

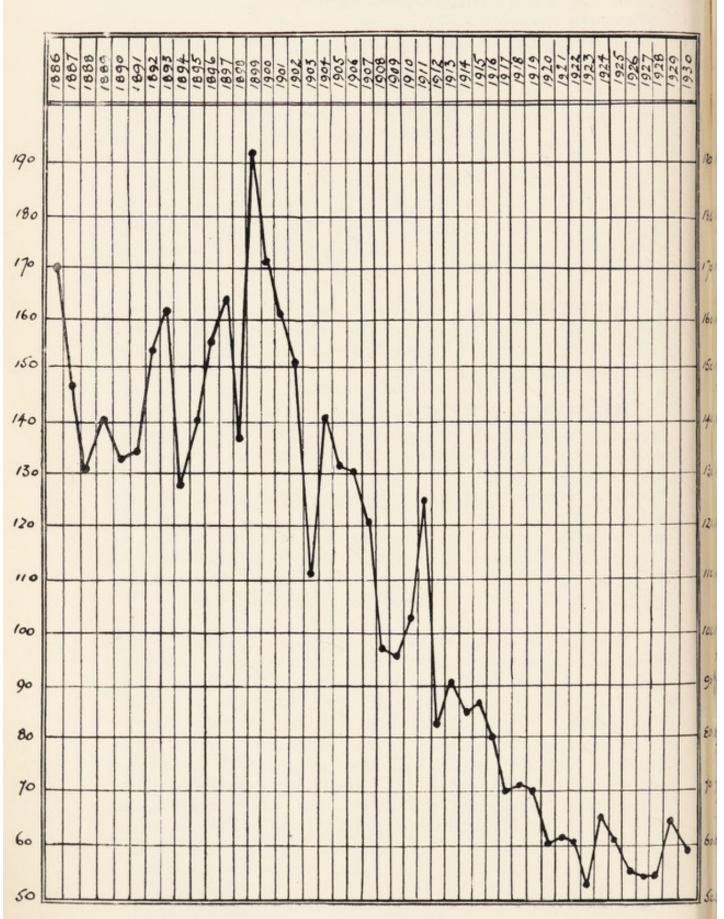


Chart showing the number of Deaths under 1 year of age to 1000 Births in Portsmouth 1886 to 1930.

We	eek ending 1930	Tempe	rature	Earth 1	Therm.	Rain in inches	Deaths from Diarthoea
	1930	Max.	Min.	1 ft.	4 ft.		Diarritoea
April	12th	54.1	41.7	47.7	48	0.15	2
	19th	51.5	39.8	47.8	48.2	0.67	1
,,	26th	54.4	43	48.7	48.1	0.56	1
May	3rd	62	44.8	52.5	50.1	0.02	1
,,	10th	55.7	43	53	51.6	0.48	2
	17th	57	48.4	55.5	52.1	0.26	
	24th	60	47.2	55.8	53.8	0.23	
	31st	63.7	52.2	58.7	54.5	0.40	3
June	7th	69.8	55	62.0	56.5	0.06	2
,,	14th	68.2	52.7	63.4	58.3		1
	21st	71.2	57.7	65.8	60.0		
,,	28th	67.7	54.1	65.7	61	0.32	4
July	5th	72.1	56.4	68	62.2	0.48	2
	12th	71.7	56.5	69.5	63.5	0.04	
	19th	68	56.1	66	63.3	0.59	1
,,	26th	64.2	53.7	62.7	62.5	0.64	
August	2nd	68.2	58.0	64.1	62	0.47	1
	9th	65.7	54.5	63.5	62	1.39	
,,	16th	67.4	56.2	63.2	62	0.45	
,,	23rd	67	55.1	62.4	61.7	1.12	
,,	30th	76.8	61.4	65.4	61.7	0.74	
Septemb	er 6th	70.8	56.7	65.3	62.8	0.03	
,,	13th	67.1	55.7	63.4	62.9	0.66	
	20th	63.8	54	60.5	61.7	1.17	4
.,	27th	62.5	54.2	60.2	61	0.30	1

Table showing the Relationship of Temperature and Fatal Cases of Summer Diarrhoea.

1
-
_
Press,
\sim
-
0
\simeq
5
1
cn:
94
-
•
\sim
PORTSN
0
<u> </u>
0.
_
fw.
-
0
-
7 OF
X
N THE CITY
H
F-1
HE C
0
6.00
L.
-
-
<u> </u>
-
1
-
-
ш.
-
-
2
_
-
0
2
2
IHTIW &
0 0
A ON
NGV
ING V
SING V
SING V
ISING V
USING V
TISING V
CTISING V
CTISING V
ACTISING V
ACTISING V
RACTISING V
RACTISING V
PRACTISING V
PRACTISING V
PRACTISING V
S PRACTISING V
S PRACTISING V
ES PRACTISING V
ES PRACTISING V
TES PRACTISING
OF MIDWIVES PRACTISING
OF MIDWIVES PRACTISING
OF MIDWIVES PRACTISING
OF MIDWIVES PRACTISING
OF MIDWIVES PRACTISING
OF MIDWIVES PRACTISING
OF MIDWIVES PRACTISING
OF MIDWIVES PRACTISING
TES PRACTISING

2																																
Date of Notice 1930	13th January	13th January	24th January	24th January	25th January	27th January	lst January				10th January	24th January 24th January	3 mm	25th January	13th February	24th January	24th January	24th January		24th January	<u> </u>	24th January	~~~		3rd January	23rd June	16th January	24th January	21st January	22nd January	21	Znd January
-					-				_	-					-																	
Date of Certificate	14th Aug., '20	28th Feb., '26	26th April, '06	14th Oct., '08	16th Dec., '08	30th April, '17	5th May, '18	11th May, '18		17th May, '17	25th April, '04	10th Oct. '25	16th Dec., '26	17th Dec., '13			30th June, '04	Oct.,	Nov.,	9745 April 26	think of	11th Tune '21	Nov.		21st May, '08	23rd Mar., '22	Oct.,		Dec.,	May,	Aug.,	14th June, '24
No. of Cert.	51397	68136	23295	27020	27693	870	42180	47125	29590	19981	4208	67188	69902	39421	52297	28319	5487	8755	52338	24222	01000	016/0	47980	65151	26437	56686	34559	50981	70015	50992	66858	63413
	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :		:	:	•	:	:	:	:	;	• •
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	•••
	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	: :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :		:	;	m	:	:	:		:	:
ADDRESS	23 Ourtam Road	31 Collins Road	109 Church Road	45 St. George's Square	12 Haslemere Road	78 Kensington Road	118 St. Augustine Road	26 Besant Road	42 Wadham Road	23 Outram Road	3/ Aylesbury Koad	Telephone Road	57 St. Piran's Avenue	14 Alexandra Road	16 St. Andrew's Road	15 Sheffield Road	128 Prince Albert Road	454 Commercial Road	6 Longs Road	5 Addison Dand	Development Docu	91 Furbern Koad	2 Shirley Avenue	3 Dean Road, Cosham	3 Derby Road	" The Ramshack," Cosham	28 Victoria Road North	31 Curzon Howe Road	63 Margate Road	73 King Street, Southsea	Naval Welfare Centre	49 Wisborough Road
щ	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	-	:	:	: :	:		:	;	:	:	:	1	:	:		:	-	:	:	÷	:	:	:	
CHRISTIAN NAME	Clarissa Mary	Dorothy Vera	Eliza	Elizabeth	Ellen M.	Elizabeth	Sarah	Frances Mary	Rosina	Ellen	Patty Jane	Alice Louise	Mary A.	Elizabeth	Gertrude E.	Mabel Coles	Mary Ann Leah	Marion	Mary	Ethel Fanny	ind	Louisa Alice Mand Mary	Louisa	Julia	Lucy Ann	Dulcie	Mabel Vesper	Eliza	Eliza	Ada	Winifred	L'ydia
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	: :	:	1	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	
SURNAME	Ainsley	Bampton	Barnes	Barnes	Blake	Blair	Bragg	Brassfield	Brinn	Brockett	Challis	Conner	Cowell	Crafts	Denham	Dowse	Elliott	Farndell	Farr	Field	F 17 III	Foley	French	Godwin	Goodman	Hanan	Heard	Hebington	Hebington	Hodge	Horton	Howard
										10.			14.		16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.		23.	126	26.		28.	29.	30.			33.	34.

KOLL, OF MIDWIVES-continued.

	SURNAME		CHRISTIAN NAME		ADDRESS				No. 01 Cert.	Date of Certificate	Date of 2 otice 1930
36.	Jago	:	Clara Sara	- :	24 Elphinstone Road		:	:	23268	6th Feb., '06	6th February
37.	Jordan	:	Emma Jane .	:	82 Vernon Road		:	;	58896	13th Dec., '22	28th July
38.	Kean	:	Lucy Rowe .	:	133 Eastfield Road		:	;	31908	30th Sept., '10	24th January
39	Langstreeth	:	Maria .	:	80 Castle Road		:	1	14211	23rd Feb., '.5	24th January
40.	L,ee	:	Ethel Eliza	1	23 Derby Road			;	60963	11th Aug., '23	24th February
41.	Lovett	:	Ellen .	:	14 Shearer Road			1	48431	10th Feb., '19	24th January
÷	Malyon	1	Marion .	1	200 Stamshaw Road		:	:	46160	111th Aug., '27	25th January
43.	Martin	:	Elizabeth Amy	:	80 Portchester Road			:	56977	16th April, '22	24th January
4.	Martin	:	Emma Jane	:	4 Alhambra Roed			:	32376	29th Oct., '10	25th January
45.	Matthews	-	Elizabeth .	:	1 Exeter Road		:	:	55447	31st Oct., '22	24th January
46.	Moore	:	Emma Lilian K.	:	23 Oliver Poad			:	48077	9th Nov., '18	26th January
47.	Owen	1	Jane Ann	:	22 Besant Road		:	:	43020	1st Nov., '15	25th January
48.	Paul	:	Margaret .	:	12 Northern Parade			1	35805	2nd May, '12	27th January
48.	Pavin	-	Winifred S.	:	Naval Maternity Home			:	78458	24th May, '30	15th July
50.	Pettigrew	:	Nellie Louisa	:	22 Milton Road		:	:	48894	10th May, '19	31st January
51.	Packer	:	Mabel Elizabeth	:	7 St. Andrew's Road		:	;	48091	9th Nov., '18	23rd January
52.	Phillips		Edith .	:	80 Methuen Roed			:	3388	24th May, '04	25th January
53.	Phillips	:	Abigail G. L.	:	14 Wykeham Avenue		:	:	34709	28th Oct., '11	25th January
÷:	Rennolds	:	E. E	:	13 Cromwell Road			1	62715		30th January
55.	Richards	:	Annie Kathleen .	:	Naval Maternity Home		:	:	35480	23rd Feb., '12	30th January
56.	Rose	:	Ellen Mary .	:	286 Fawcett Road		:	1	31706	2nd May, '10	13th March
27.	Rumbold	:	Edith .	:	20 First Avenue, Cosham			:	49421	9th Aug., '19	25th January
28.	Rust	:	Jane .	:	204 Powerscourt Road		:	;	40133	28th April, '14	25th January
59.	Sansom	:	Maud Mary .	:	31 St. Mary's Road			:	40779	22nd June, '14	24th January
60.	Spaven	:	Marion .	:	Crambe Lodge, Priory Road	ę	:	;	61571	8th Oct., '23	24th January
61.	Stallworthy	:	Lydia Helen .	1	33 Brompton Road, Mile End	pu	:	1	64077	9th Aug., '24	27th January
62.	Stevens	:	Johanna .	:		venu		:	55569		26th January
63.	Street	:	Beryl .	-	9 Clovelly Road		:	:	38035		26th January
đ.	Taylor	:	Florence Mary .	:	" Rosemary," Portchester		:	:	29219	10th Aug., '09	24th January
65.	Taylor	•••	Lily May .	-	3 Posbrooke Road		:	:	18246	April,	24th January
.99	Tomes	:	Ellen .	:	16 St. George's Square			:	15515	23rd May, '05	27th January
67.	Trowbridge		Edith Mary .	:	1 Collins Road			:	22860	28th Nov., '05	25th January
68.	Upfield	:	Gertrude Eleanor	-	25 Oliver Road		:	1	62132	12th Dec., '23	24th January
	Walter	:	F. M. J.	:	73 Warren Avenue		:	:	70749	28th Feb., '27	1st October
70.	Weller	:	Marion Edith .		45 Catisfield Road			:	46669	10th Nov., '17	15th january
	VYYIII										

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH 47

.

S.,
N
CITY
E
È.
U
-
HIN THE
-
1
H
Z
-
10
4
H
-
50
5
-
U.
F HOSPITALS
H
H
IT.
OF
0
1
h
SUMMARY
\simeq
2
1
-
-
N
12
1
S
· n
ERVICES
H.
0
H
5
-
M
171
10
97
-
H
H
27
HEAL/TH
1
[7]
Ξ.
1997
1-
OF
0
-
Z
3
0
I
50
F
>
6
9
R
A
-
L.
-4
K
141
H
Ę
H
ENE
INF
ENE

NURSING STAFF	80	12	130 Nurses 69 Attáts.	89 male 121 female	45	=	п	ø	4
MEDICAL STAFF	5 Resident Medical Officers 26 Honorary Medical and Surgical Staff	No resident Medical Officer 14 Honorary Medical and Surgical Staff	 Resident Medical Superintendent Resident Assistant Medical Officers Consultants when read. 	 Resident Medical Superintendent Resident Assistant Medical Officers 	1 Part-time non- resident Medical Officer	1 Part-time non- resident Medical Officer	1 Non-resident Medical Officer 2 Hon. Consultant Medical Officers	1 Non-resident Medical Officer	1 Non-resident Medical Officer
AREA SERVED	Portsmouth and surrounding district	Portsmouth and surrounding district	Portsmouth	Portsmouth	Portsmouth	Portsmouth	Portsmouth and District	Portsmouth and District	Portsmouth
MANAGEMENT	Voluntary Committee	Voluntary Committee	Public Assistance Committee of the City Council	Committee of City Council	Health & Housing Committee of City Council	Maternity & Child Welfare Committee of City Council	Voluntary Committee	Army Authorities	Health & Housing Committee of City
Number of Beds	190	47	1168	1014	206	16	15	6	and 9
DESCRIPTION	General	Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat	General	For Patients of Unsound Mind	City Infectious Diseases Hospital (excluding smallpox)	Lying-in Cases	Lying-in Cases. (Limited to the wives of men in the Royal Navy and Royal Marines)	Lying-in Cases. (Limited to the wives of men in the Army and Royal Air Force)	Tuberculosis, carly cases & Children
SITUATION	Commercial Road	Pembroke Road	Milton Road	Locksway Road, Milton	Milton Road	Trafalgar Place Fratton Road	Clifton Road, Southsea	London Road, Hilsea	Locksway Road, Milton
HOSPITAL	Royal Portsmouth Hospital	Portsmouth and Southern Counties Eye & Ear Hospital	St. Mary's Hospital	City Mental Hospital	Milton Hospital	Municipal Maternity Hospital	Royal Naval Maternity Home	Military Families Hospital	Langstone Hospital and Reach Lodoe

HOSPITALS .- From a reference to the preceding statement it will be seen that in the two general hospitals, the Royal Portsmouth and St. Mary's, there are altogether 1,358 beds, or 53 beds per 1,000 population. Including the City Mental Hospital there are an additional 1,336 beds for special diseases. Proposals are in hand for increasing the accommodation at the Royal Hospital by 60 beds; at the Milton Hospital by 84 beds, and at the City Mental Hospital by 124 beds. It is also proposed to provide a reception ward at St. Mary's Hospital, and a colony for mental defectives on Portsdown Hill. Although the Royal and the Eye and Ear Hospitals are used to a certain extent by persons outside the City, I am of opinion, when the above mentioned proposals are completed, and when the hospital services have been effectively co-ordinated, that the hospital accommodation available should be sufficient for the needs of the City.

Clinics and Treatment Centres.—The following clinics and treatment centres are provided by the City Council :—

- THE TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARY, Anglesey Road, at which the Medical Officer and Nurses attend daily.
- THE SCHOOL CLINIC, 103-5 Victoria Road N., under the control of the Education Committee. The clinic is open daily, and the staff consists of the School Medical Officer, two full-time Assistant Medical Officers, three full-time Dental Surgeons, and one part-time Ophthalmic Surgeon, together with 9 Nurses, 3 Dental Attendants, and clerical staff. During the year 18,296 children were dealt with at the clinic, and the attendances numbered 63,643 (vide Report of School Medical Officer).
- MATERNITY and CHILD WELFARE CENTRES.—There are five Maternity and Child Welfare Centres, as follows :— Trafalgar Place, Clive Road, Fratton; St. George's Church Hall, Portsea; St. Patrick's Hall, Eastney; Winchester College Mission Hall, Stamshaw; and the Institute, Cosham (vide p. 41).
- ANTE-NATAL CLINICS are provided by the Local Authority at the Municipal Maternity Hospital and at St. Mary's Hospital, but are for the most part limited to patients who have booked beds at these institutions. An antenatal clinic is also held in connection with the Royal Naval Maternity Home and Child Welfare Centre.
- ORTHOPAEDIC CLINIC.—An orthopaedic clinic is held at the School Clinic, where a surgeon from the Lord Mayor Treloar Hospital at Alton attends, and at this hospital

50 beds are maintained for Portsmouth children, and 5 beds are also maintained at the Treloar Home at Hayling Island.

- THE TREATMENT CENTRE FOR VENEREAL DISEASES (vide p. 38) is held at the Royal Portsmouth Hospital, and is open daily.
- An OUT-PATIENT CLINIC FOR MENTAL DISORDERS is conducted on Thursday each week by Dr. T. Beaton, O.B.E., Medical Superintendent to the City Mental Hospital, at the Royal Portsmouth Hospital.
- INSTITUTIONAL PROVISION FOR THE CARE OF MENTAL DEFECTIVES.—This is provided at St. Mary's Hospital, a portion of which is approved by the Board of Control for the accommodation of 29 male and 31 female adult mental defectives. Here all grades over the age of 16 years are treated. The Local Authority have now under consideration the provision of a Colony for Mental Defectives on a site within the City on Portsdown Hill. The projected scheme is eventually to provide accommodation for 500 defectives, and at present arrangements are in hand for the erection of an administration block, central kitchen, and six villas, four of which will each accommodate 60 patients, and two 40 patients, or 320 patients in all.

PROFESSIONAL NURSING IN THE HOME.—This is to a certain extent provided for by an arrangement with the Queen Victoria Nursing Association, to which the Council makes an annual grant of £150. During the year the Queen's Nurses attended 1,867 patients in their homes and paid 47,700 visits, these included 3,094 home visits paid to 268 patients at the request of the Health Department.

REGISTRATION OF NURSING HOMES.—With regard to the Midwives and Maternity Homes Act, 1926, Part II., and the Nursing Homes Registration Act, 1927, I have to report as follows :—

(1)	Number of a	pplications fo	r regist	tration		5
(2)	Number of H	Iomes register	ed			4
(3)	Number of C	orders made re	efusing	registratio	on	1
(4)	Number of A	ppeals agains	t such	Orders		Nil
		applications				
	registration					Nil
In ad	dition to the	above one oth	er app	lication wa	as mad	le, but
was v	vithdrawn aft	er the premis	es had	been inspe	ected.	

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1929.—In the Administrative scheme adopted by the Council the medical services transferred to the Council under the above Act have been delegated to the Public Assistance Committee, with instructions that this Committee shall as soon as practicable report what services can be administered by existing committees of the Council and not by way of Poor Relief, and what steps should be taken to give effect thereto. At present consideration is being given to the question of the appropriation of St. Mary's, the Poor Law Hospital, under the Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907, for the purpose of administering it as a general municipal hospital. When this has been done a consultation will take place with the representatives of the voluntary hospitals, in order that the hospital services of the City can be co-ordinated to the best advantage.

AMBULANCE FACILITIES.—The following ambulance facilities are provided in the City : For infectious cases two ambulances are kept at the Milton Hospital. For general ambulance work the Council possesses four ambulances, two belonging to the Public Assistance Committee and two presented to the Council by the Portsmouth Volunteer Ambulance. These are all kept at St. Mary's Institution. In addition the Police maintain two ambulances for street accidents. The general ambulance service is available at any time, day or night, on application either to the Health Department or to St. Mary's Institution. Proposals are in hand for providing additional garage accommodation for ambulances, and generally for making the service more efficient.

LABORATORY FACILITIES.—At the present time the bacteriological examination of throat swabs for the presence of diphtheria bacilli is carried out by the Public Analyst. The examination of sputum for tubercle bacilli is done by the Tuberculosis Officer at the Tuberculosis Dispensary. All other bacteriological investigations in connection with infectious diseases are carried out by the Pathologist to the Royal Portsmouth Hospital. It would be an advantage to the inhabitants of this City if the pathological laboratory at the Royal Hospital were licensed for animal inoculation, because at the present time all investigations in which this is necessary have to be sent to London or elsewhere before a report can be obtained.

In connection with the diagnosis of infectious diseases

the following bacteriological examinations have been carried out during the year :---

D .			RES		
Dise	ase		 Positive	Negative	Total
Diphtheria			 921	2216	3137
Tuberculosis			 148	420	568
Enteric Fever			 30	60	90
Cerebro-spinal I (Spotted feve		itis	 3	2	5
Other examinat			 2	3	5

LOCAL AND ADOPTIVE ACTS.—The following Local Acts, General Adoptive Acts and Bye-laws are in force :—

LOCAL ACTS.

The Portsmouth Corporation Act, 1883.

The Portsmouth Corporation Act, 1920.

The Portsmouth Corporation Act, 1930.

Adoptive Acts.

The Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890.

The Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907.

The Public Health Act, 1925, Sections 14, 17-26 (inclusive) 29-33 (inclusive), and 35 to 55 (inclusive), of Parts II. to V.

BYE-LAWS.

Offensive Trades, 1889. Slaughter-houses, 1921. Nuisances, 1893. Common Lodging Houses, 1891. New Streets and Buildings, 1928. Nuisance by Dogs, 1928.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CITY.

Water Supply. The water supply continues to be excellent as regards both quality and quantity. The results of the City Analyst's monthly chemical analysis of the water are given on page 91.

Drainage and Sewerage. The new sewerage scheme for Wymering has been commenced, and it is estimated that it will be completed in 18 months.

Scavenging. House refuse continues to be disposed of by means of controlled tipping; this is carried out so as to

52

cause practically no nuisance, and a large area of marshy land at Cosham which has been used for the purpose will shortly form an excellent recreation ground. Consideration is being given to the installation of an improved form of vehicle for the collection of refuse.

Sanitary Inspection. Details of the work done in connection with the sanitary inspection of the City will be found in the Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report. The proposal mentioned in my last Annual Report for filling in and reclaiming the mudland at Stamshaw has had to be abandoned on account of the cost, one item being a charge of £970 by the Board of Trade for compensation. No steps have needed to be taken in connection with smoke abatement.

Food. A list of articles condemned as unfit for food will be found in the Chief Inspector's Report. The results of the examinations of the milk supplies are given in the Public Analyst's Report following this.

Public Abattoir. "Measures, as you are aware, have been taken to institute a Public Abattoir, and it is needless, I am sure, to dilate on the advisability of such an establishment . . . Two sites for the proposed Abattoir have been under discussion." It is interesting to note that the above appeared in the annual report of the Medical Officer of Health for Portsmouth, the late Sir George Turner, in the year 1877. As this was written 52 years ago it cannot be said that the matter of an abattoir has been unduly hurried. Still, we have now advanced to the stage where a definite site has been fixed, namely, on the western side of the Northern Road, and instructions have been given for the preparation of plans. There appears now every reason to hope that an abattoir for this City will be commenced during the coming year. There are at the present time 62 private slaughter-houses in use in the City ; of these, 13 have provisional annual licences, 45 are licensed, and 4 are registered.

Food and Drugs Adulteration Act. Particulars of samples taken and foods analysed will be found in the reports of the Public Analyst and Chief Inspector.

Municipal Disinfecting Fluid. During the year 9,500 gallons of electrolysed sea-water disinfecting fluid were manufactured at the municipal station in Park Road; 3,050 gallons were issued to the public, 2,340 gallons to the public elementary schools 2,280 gallons to the public swimming baths, and 1,830 gallons to hospitals.

Factories and Workshops.—The following tables give the number of inspections, the defects found, and action taken in connection with the supervision of factories, workshops and workplaces :—

		Number of	10.0
Premises	Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
Factories (including Factory Laundries)	126	18	Nil
Workshops (including Workshop Laundries)	519	28	Nil
Workplaces (other than Outworkers' premises)	49	7	Nil
TOTAL	704	53	Nil

DEFECTS FOUND IN FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

	N	umber of Def	ects.	Number of
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	respect o which Prosecu- tions were instituted
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Nuisances under the Public Health Acts :—				
Want of Cleanliness :.	22	20		
Want of Ventilation				
Overcrowding				
Want of Drainage of Floors	1	1		
Other Nuisances	15	11		
Sanitary (insufficient	5	1		
accommo- unsuitable or defective	14	12		
dation (not separate for sexes	1			
Offences under the Factory and Workshop Acts: Illegal occupation of underground bake-				
house (s. 101)				
Other Offences	5	-5		
mentioned in the Schedule to the Ministry of Health (Factories and Workshops Transfer of Powers) Order, 1921				
TOTAL	63	50		

				1
Lists received twice a year from Employers		 		64 76
Number of Outworkers : Contractors		 		76
Workmen		 		482
Lists received once a year				10000
Number of Outworkers : Contractors		 		2
Workmen		 		23
			•••	
Outwork in unwholesome premises	• •	 	• •	=
Notices served		 		-
Outwork in infected premises		 		3

HOMEWORK.

REGISTERED WORKSHOPS.

Retail Bakehouses							 56
Tailoring							 140
Dressmaking and Mi	llinery						 101
Upholstery							 35
Laundries							 15
Photography							 19
Miscellaneous	••	••	••	••	••	••	 373
						TOTAL	 739

HOUSING.—The total number of new houses built during the year was 1,114; this is a decrease of 139 compared with those built in 1929.

Of new houses of the working class type 259 were built by the Council at the Eastern Road and Gladys Avenue Estates for the purpose of rehousing the tenants of slum properties. These complete the first instalment of the Slum Clearance Scheme which was initiated in 1929, and have enabled the Council to close a large number of dwelling-houses unfit for habitation and to re-house their tenants in excellent houses on two well-arranged and attractive estates.

It is satisfactory to find that although no reduction was made in the rents of the Council houses, which in nearly every case were higher than the tenants had previously paid, yet the arrears in rent at the end of the first year were less than one per cent. of the total rental.

One result of the demolition of slum properties in Portsea and the rehousing of their occupants in other districts is a complaint that the businesses of many tradesmen in Portsea have been seriously affected. For this reason urgent appeals have been made to the Council to build more houses in Portsea. Unfortunately, however, Portsea area is already much overbuilt, its streets are narrow and its houses crowded together, in some places to the extent of over 30 to the acre. A large number of the houses which have been demolished were in narrow courts and alleys, or built in the back gardens of other houses, and to rebuild on these sites, even if this were permitted under the bye-laws, would be to reproduce exactly the unhealthy conditions which we are attempting to remedy. Here and there, it is true, the Council may be able to erect a few cottages or block of flats, but if the housing conditions in Portsea are to be brought to comply with modern ideas, it will be necessary, not to build more houses there, but still further to reduce the number of existing buildings.

Housing Programme. Towards the end of the year I submitted proposals for a five years' housing programme, and advised that, in each of the five years, operations should be simultaneously carried out under the following heads :—

- The provision of new houses to meet the shortage resulting from the cessation of building during the war and the period following.
- (2) Unhealthy areas to be dealt with under the provisions of Part I. of the Housing Act, 1930.
- (3) Single houses and groups of houses to be dealt with under Part II. of the Housing Act, 1930.
- (4) The provision of small flats or houses for aged couples of limited means (Housing Act, 1930, Section 46).

These proposals were fully discussed by the Health and Housing Committee, and with slight modifications were adopted and subsequently confirmed by the Council. The proposals include the provision during the next five years of 2,300 new flats or houses, to be devoted to the following purposes :—

(1)	To meet the present house shortage (Housing Act, 1924)	1000
(2)	To replace houses in unhealthy area (Housing Act, 1930)	600
(3)	To accommodate tenants from houses made subject to Demolition Orders (Housing Act,	
	1930)	500
(4)	To accommodate aged couples of limited means (Housing Act, 1930)	200
	(Housing Act, 1930)	200

The estimated charge on the rates for carrying out the above proposals is, for the first year $\frac{1}{2}d$. rate, for the second 1d. rate, for the third $1\frac{1}{2}d$., for the fourth $1\frac{3}{4}d$., and for the fifth 2d. The result of the adoption of a five years' programme will be to replace spasmodic attacks on housing conditions by a considered policy, which, if steadily pursued, cannot fail to prove of great advantage to the working classes of the City.

Housing Conditions. The standard of housing for the working classes, apart from overcrowding resulting from house shortage, is on the whole fairly good. There is an absence of large tenement buildings, nearly all the houses are self-contained, with small gardens, and an exceptionally large proportion are owned by the tenants and well looked after. On the other hand, in the older parts of the City, notably in Portsea and Landport, there are many areas of narrow streets and alleys where, at a time before effective building bye-laws were in force, houses have been crowded together without any regard to sufficiency of air space. A number of these small groups of houses have been demolished but there remain many areas which, as circumstances permit, should be radically dealt with under the provisions of the Housing Acts.

Owing to the house shortage there is a considerable amount of overcrowding. Although a number of good type working class houses have been erected during the past few years, these have been built only for sale, and not to let. There are many hundred families living in one, two or three rooms who are urgently in need of better accommodation; these are not in a position to purchase a house and can only afford a small rent. This class is not catered for by the speculative builder, and there appears no likelihood of their needs being supplied except by the Local Authority or by a public utility society or building trust. A difficulty in the way of providing houses at a moderate rent is the fact that nearly all the available building land in the City has now been developed. There still remains a part of the estate purchased by the Corporation at Wymering ; this is a really excellent site for healthy houses, but has the drawback that it is some distance from the centres of employment.

During the year Closing Orders were made in respect of the following premises :—

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10 Bateman's Alley, Kent Street, Portsea. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11 The Dell, Aylward Street, Portsea. Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 Hay's Place, Prince George Street, Portsea. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Fairlea, Prince George Street, Portsea. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Dorset Cottages, Portsea.

Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5 amd 6 Prince George Place, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 St. John's Place, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Cross Street Place, Portsea.

Nos. 7 and 9 Blossom Alley, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Witley Place, Portsea.

Nos. 6, 11, 12, 13, 13a Blossom Alley, Portsea.

Nos. 1 and 2 Blossom Place, Blossom Alley, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Blackthorn Court, Blossom Alley, Portsea.

Nos. 3, 3a, 2, 1, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21 Blossom Alley, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Providence Court, Blossom Alley, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Primrose Alley, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Collins Court, Portsea.

Nos. 9 and 10 Primrose Alley, Portsea.

Nos.1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 York Place, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 Rudmore Terrace, Stamshaw.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Rudmore Cottages, Rudmore Square, Stamshaw. The Cottage, The Shore, Rudmore, Stamshaw.

No. 69 Exmouth Road, Southsea.

No. 24 Lower Church Path, Landport.

Nos. 133 and 135 Arundel Street, Landport.

No. 103 St. Pauls Road, Southsea.

Nos. 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 25, 27, 29 and 31 Nancy Road, Fratton.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 Reform Place, Marylebone Street, Southsea. No. 33 Hawke Street, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Victoria Place, Havant Street, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Wickham Place, Wickham Street, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 St. John's View, Prince George Street, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Pollard Court, Queen Street, Portsea.

Nos. 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22 Merry Row, Landport.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23 Providence Place, Commercial Road, Landport.

Nos. 1 and 2 All Saints View, Landport.

Nos. 13, 15, 17, 19, 21 and 23 Chalton Street, Landport.

Nos. 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 34 Hawke Street, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Wiggs Court, Clock Street, Portsea.

Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6 Hampton Court, St. Thomas's Street, Portsmouth.

Nos. 10 and 11 Margery's Court, Butcher Street, Portsea.

Nos. 1 and 2 Oldfield Place, Prince George Street, Portsea.

Nos. 1 and 2 Unicorn Passage, Unicorn Street, Portsea.

Nos. 79, 80, 81 and 82 Frederick Street, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Youngs Court, All Saints Road, Landport.

Nos. 48 and 50 Upper Church Path, Landport.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Norfolk Place, Commercial Road, Landport.

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Surrey Cottages, Surrey Street, Landport.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Crystal Place, Prince George Street, Portsea.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 Munday's Court, St. George's Square, Portsea.

Nos. 43, 44, 45 and 46 Cross Street, Portsea.

No. 1 East Street, Portsmouth.

No. 72 Broad Street, Portsmouth.

No. 3 Broad Street, Portsmouth.

No. 1 Tower Street, Portsmouth.

No. 10a Broad Street, Portsmouth.

- No. 1 Dore's Court, Portsmouth.
- No. 2 Dore's Court, Portsmouth.
- Nos. 24, 26 and 60 White Hart Road, Portsmouth.
- Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 Lennox Row, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Haig's Court, North Street, Portsea.
- No. 9 Mary Street, Landport.
- No. 53 Oxford Street, Landport.
- Nos. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 and 26 Seymour Street, Landport.
- Nos. 5, 7, 9 and 11 Buckland Street, Landport.
- Nos. 4 and 5 Cosy Cliff, Collyer's Pit, Portsdown Hill, Cosham.
- The Bungalow, Cosy Cliff, Collyer's Pit, Portsdown Hill, Cosham.
- Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 Albert Place, Cornwall Road, Fratton.
- Nos. 12, 22, 23, 24, and 32 York Place, Portsea.

Demolition orders were made in respect of :---

- Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Clapperton Court, Britain Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Willington Place, St. George's Passage, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 St. George's Passage, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 Taylor's Court, Britain Street, Portsea.
- No. 41 Britain Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 White Hart Road, Portsmouth.
- Nos. 5, 6, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 York Place, Portsea.
- The Cottage, The Shore, Rudmore.
- Nos. 1, 3 and 4 York Place, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Collins Court, York Place, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Witley Place, Blossom Alley, Portsea.
- Nos. 6 and 7 Blossom Alley, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Providence Court, Blossom Alley, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Blackthorn Court, Blossom Alley, Portsea.
- Nos. 1 and 2 Blossom Place, Blossom Alley, Portsea.
- Nos. 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 3, 3a, 13 and 13a Blossom Alley, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Dorset Cottages, Prince George Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2 and 9 Blossom Alley, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Fairlea, Prince George Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 5 and 6 The Dell, Aylward Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5 Bateman's Alley, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 3 and 4 The Dell, Aylward Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 6 and 10 Primrose Alley, York Place, Portsea.
- Nos. 2, 7, 13, 23, 14, 9, 16, 20 and 15 York Place, Portsea.
- No. 69 Exmouth Road, Southsea.
- Nos. 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 25, 27 and 29 Nancy Road, Fratton.
- Nos. 31, 32, 33 and 34 Hawke Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Victoria Place, Havant Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 1 and 2 Wickham Place, Wickham Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 21 and 22 Merry Row, Landport.
- No. 2 All Saint's View, Landport.
- Nos. 2, 13, 14 and 15 Providence Place, Landport.
- Nos. 27, 28, 29 and 30 Hawke Street, Portsea.
- No. 9 Reform Place, Southsea.
- No. 2 Wiggs Court, Clock Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6 Hampton Court, St. Thomas's Street, Portsmouth.
- Nos. 1, 2 and 3 St. John's View, Prince George Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 79, 80, 81 and 82 Frederick Street, Portsea.
- Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Young's Court, All Saints' Road, Landport.

The tenants of the foregoing dwelling-houses were accommodated for the most part on the housing estates provided by the City Council in the Eastern Road and Gladys Avenue.

The following housing statistics, prepared for the Ministry of Health, are given of work carried out in connection with dwelling-houses, and further details are given in the Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report, p. 72. NUMBER OF NEW HOUSES ERECTED DURING THE YEAR :--(a) Total (including numbers given separately under (b)). 1114 (i) By the Local Authority 259 (ii) By other Local Authorities ... none (iii) By other bodies and persons . . 855 (b) With State assistance under the Housing Acts :---(i) By the Local Authority : (a) For the purposes of Part II of the Act of 1925 none (b) For the purposes of Part III of the Act of 1927 259 (c) For other purposes ... none 1.-INSPECTION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE YEAR :-(1) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) and the number of inspections made . . 6006 (2) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925, and the number 226 of inspections made (3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation 136 (4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation ... 90 . . 2.—Remedy of Defects during the Year without the SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES. Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers 1408 3.—ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR. A.-Proceedings under Section 3 of the Housing Act, 1925. (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs ... 90 (2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices (a) By owners ... 43 (b) By Local Authority in default of owners 31 . . (3) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders became operative in pursuance of declarations by owners of intention to close ... 4

B.—Proceedings under Public Health Acts.

4.-

es were 2578	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notice served requiring defects to be remedied
emedied	(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were ren
510	
none	(a) By owners
Housing	C.—Proceedings under Sections 11, 14 and 15 of the H Act, 1925.
making	(1) Number of representations made with a view to the m
180	of Closing Orders
orders	(2) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing
314	were made
	(3) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing were determined, the dwelling-houses having rendered fit
nolition	(4) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Dem
154	Orders were made
	(5) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuar
142	Demolition Orders
	-Number of Houses owned by Local Authority :
1008	(1) Houses owned at 1st April, 1929
	(2) Constructed under Part III, Housing Act, 1925,
381	during the last two years
1389	

	-
-	đ
6	2
100	6
60	2
100	ς.
930	÷
-	÷
	7
	÷
- 02	2
_	3
-	÷.
	1 4 4 4 4 4 F
	2
17	τ
12	٠
- 53	×i
-	-
1.0	7
	4
	з
-	۹
THF	÷.
5	7
5	4
	7
	1
0	5
-	٩
-	5
0	g
2	1
1T	5
ROP	e
	1
h-	
STIMM A D V	×i
P 20	
	J
- 0	5
_	7
	4
<	
1.25	1
	H
2	۰,
- 53	1
-	-
-	
	1
- 1	5
-	_
_	=
71	
	4
0	2
100	1
1	
	0
12	1
P	9
1	
10	
Int	
"UT	
TUTE	
T'U'T	
A TUTT	
A TUTT	
T TY TY TY	
C A WUT	
TE A WELL	CTITICA -
TE A WELE	A LEAST LAND A
ITE A TUEL	ALL LACE V
WITE'A TITLE	VI LA
WILL A TURE	W EAST ILLER AND
ULL A TELE	ALL LACT VALUE VALUE
WITE A TELED	ALL DATE AND A
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
1.00	
MONTHI VIEATHER	

		;	;	ABSOLUTE	OTE	MEAN	NN	Mean	SUNS	SUNSHINE		RAINFALL	T	Relative
Month		Mean Barometer ins.	Mean Temp. °F.	Max. °F.	Min. °F.	Max. °F.	Min. °F.	Pany Range °F.	Total No. of hours	Days of 0.5 hrs. or more	Total m.m.	Total ins.	Days of 0.01 ins. or more	(Saturation 100)
January	:	29.819	45.4	55	33	9.6+	41.2	8.4	59.0	18	106.8	4.23	55	16
February	:	30.062	38.6	52	30	44.0	35.2	8.8	81.0	20	35.8	1.39	2	87
March	1	168.62	43.5	58	24	49.4	37.6	11.8	137.0	24	40.3	1.59	П	84
April	:	29.799	48.9	70	35	54.9	42.9	12.0	151.1	26	57.8	2.31	16	83
May	:	29.985	53.5	68	41	59.65	47.4	12.2	174.4	26	34.4	1.35	16	80
June	. :	30.038	62.2	78	45	69.69	54.8	14.8	256.0	27	18.0	0.72	4	78
July	:	29.891	62.3	78	51	68.6	56.1	12.5	230.0	29	40.4	1.61	10	77
August	:	29.925	63.4	83	51	69.3	57.2	12.1	227.5	29	92.3	3.69	17	84
September	:	29.961	59.7	74	47	65.3	54.2	11.1	162.2	24	70.3	2.81	18	84
October	:	29.914	53.2	65	52	57.6	48.8	8.8.	125.1	27	74.1	2.96	20	84
November	:	29.890	47.1	58	28	52.7	41.6	11.1	72.8	16	123.4	4.94	16	85
December	:	29,893	42.5	54	27	47.4	37.4	10.0	53.9	19	76.4	3.05	21	1 6
TOTAL	:	(···)	:	:	3	:	:	:	1730.0	285	770.0	30.65	178	:
MEAN	1	29 922	51.6	66.0	38.6	57.3	46.2	1.11	144.1	23.7	64.1	2.55	14.8	84.2

						R	E	60	R'	r	01	-	TH	IĘ	7	IE	DI	(C.	1L	0)F]	FI	CE	R	01	F	HI	(A)	L/T	н											6
Date		7th	Jan. 10th, 11th.	Dec. Z/th	Jan. 5th	Jan. 5th, 6th.			Dec. 4th	Feb. 21st	Mar. 25th	Feb. 8th, 10th	Jan. 9th	Feb. 12th, 13th, 16th	Dec. 3rd	Jan. 21st		Feb. 14th	Jan. 25th			Jan. 16th	Feb. 3rd	Dec. 25th	Jan. 24th	Now 0745	Dec 17th	Feb. 3rd	Feb. 18th	Dec. 17th	Dec. 16th	Nov. 13th	Nov. 13th	Jan. 18th	Nov. 16th	Feb. 15th	Nov. 14th	Jan. 15th, 17th, Dec. 28th	Jan. 20th	Dec. 9th, 15th	Feb. 15th Nov. 17th
Minimum on Grass	.F	10	x i	13	12	13	2	19	16	19	16	16	14	15	12	13	. 15	13	14	11	10	13	17	12	19	14	18	17	13	16	17	22	18	19	17	21	17	18	15	17	16
Date		Dec. 31st		Jan. 10th	Jan. 2nd	Jan. 5th, 6th.	Feb. 6th, 7th.	Feb. 26th	Jan. 24th	Feb. 21st	Dec. 14th	Feb. 10th	Jan. 9th	Dec. 7th	Jan. 15th	Jan. 1st	Nov. 24th	Jan. 24th	Jan. 24th	Dec. 30th	Mar. 3rd	Jan. 27th	Jan. 16th	Feb. 3rd	13th,	Dec. 29th, 315t	Jan. 2010 Eab. 96th	Feb 25th	Feb. 5th	Jan. 9th	Jan. 25th, Feb. 8th. 9th	Jan. 7th	Nov. 15th	Jan. 24th, 25th	26th	Feb. 18th, 29th	Mar. 19th	Jan. 15th, 17th	Dec. 19th	Mar. 12th, 14th, Dec. 15th	Feb. 15th March 20th
Minimum in Shade	-F	18	19	19	20	14	17	24	24	27	22	22	20	23	23	25	24	25	20	17	20	21	25	20	29	20	24	25	20	23	24	22	26	26	23	27	26	22	24	25	16 24
Date		Dec. 16th	Jan. 6th	Jan. 9th	Jan. 2nd	Jan. 4th	Feb. 6th	Feb. 25th	Jan. 23th	Feb. 21st	Dec. 14th	Feb. 3rd	Jan. 7th	Dec. 6th	Jan. 12th	Jan. 2nd	Jan. 1st, Nov. 17th	Dec. 26th	Jan. 23rd, 24th	Jan. 11th	Mar. 3rd	Jan. 26th	Jan. 15th	Feb. 2nd	Dec. 29th, 30th	T 1046	Jan. 19th Tan 98th	Feb 25th	Tan. 26th. 27th.	3rd. 4	Jan. 31st	Dec. 12th	Feb. 7th	Feb. 6th	25th	Feb. 20th, 27th	Dec. 14th	Jan. 14th	Dec. 19th	Dec. 14th	Feb. 13th Dec 5th
Maximum in Shade	Ja	30	31	29	29	25	25	32	32	37	30	35	30	32	32	30	35	34	29	35	34	35	35	32	36	00	36	34	31	36	31	31	38	37	34	37	35	32	29	37	38
Date			May 16th, Sept. 12th	July 27th	June 18th	July 1st	Sept. 28th	July 21st	July 16th	Aug. 16th	Aug. 3rd	July 25th	July 19th	July 19th	June 1st, July 9th	July 17th	July 21st, 26th	Sept. 1st	July 16th	July 2nd	Aug. 12th	May 23rd	Aug. 14th	July 15th	June 29th	1011 1011	Aug. 15th, 14th Tube 2nd	Ang 2nd	Tuly 16th. 17th	22nd	Aug. 10th, 13th	May 24th	July 19th	May 23rd, 24th	July 12th	July 12th	June 7th	July 14th	July 10th	July 15th	Sept. 5th Ammet 28th
Maximum in Shade	H.	17	78	17	85	82	79	81	86	81	84	85	84	82	80	79	80	64	79	83	85	76	06	89	81	02	70	89	78	83	82	78	89	79	89	17	82	85	80	88	87
Year	New Street	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1011	1914	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929

SUMMARY OF METEOROLOGICAL STATISTICS, 1930.

Barometer.—The mean barometer pressure for the year was 29.922 inches. The highest observed reading corrected to sea-level was 30.770 on November 12th and the lowest 28.791 on February 1st.

- **Temperature.**—The mean temperature in the shade was 51.6°, or 0.8° above the normal.
- MAXIMUM.—The mean maximum temperature in the shade was 66.0°, the highest being 83°, on August 28th.
- MINIMUM.—The mean minimum temperature was 38.6, the lowest being 24° on March 20th.
- MINIMUM ON GRASS.—The mean minimum temperature on the grass was 40.6°, the lowest being 16° on November 17th.
- EARTH TEMPERATURE.—The mean temperature at 1 foot below the ground was 53.0°, and that at 4 feet 53.6°.

Bright Sunshine.—1,730 hours of sunshine were registered by the Campbell-Stokes Recorder. The greatest amount registered on one day was 14 hours 54 minutes, viz., on June 5th.

Frosts.—The minimum thermometer in the shade, four feet above the ground fell to and below freezing point on 28 days, and that on the ground on 57 occasions.

Humidity.—The mean humidity of the air (Saturation 100) was 84.2

Rainfall.—The total rainfall was 30.65 inches or 0.89 inches above the normal. The greatest fall of rain in 24 hours was 0.89 inches, on January 4th.

Hail.-Hail occurred on 1 occasion.

Thunder.-Thunder occurred on 7 occasions.

Snow.—Snow or Sleet fell on 5 occasions.

Fogs.—Fogs occurred on 14 occasions.

Gales.-Gales occurred on 6 occasions.

Averages for the Past Ten years, 1921 to 1930 :--

	Hours of Bright	Mean	Humidity
Rainfall	Sunshine	Temperature	(Saturation 100)
29.78	1799.4	51.5	81.0

Vital Statistics of Whole District during 1930 and previous years.

			BIRTHS		TOTAL DEATHS REGISTERED IN	RED IN	TRANSFERABLE DEATHS	BRABLE THS	NE	NETT DEATHS BELONGING TO THE DISTRICT	STRICT	2
YEAR	Population estimated to		Ne	Nett.	THE DI	STRICT.	of Non-	of Resi-	Under 1)	Under 1 Year of age	At al	At all Ages
	Middle of each Year.	Un- corrected Number	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	registered in the District	dents not registered in the District	Number	Rate per 1,000 Nett	Number	Rate
1910	227,821	5801	:	25.41	2995	13.14	:	:	603	104	:	:
1911	232,221	5787	5775	24.99	3101	13.40	106	72	734	127	3067	13.20
1912	236,732	5605	5570	23.60	3141	13.31	16	81	466	85	3125	13.24
1913	241,256	5989	5966	24.34	3096	12.63	98	82	545	16	3080	12.57
1914	245,827	5714	5678	23.17	3176	12.96	125	98	486	85	3149	12.81
1915	202,441	4975	4949	24.44	3405	16.81	176	55	433	87	3284	16.24
1916	197,848	5186	5184	24.09	2987	15.09	112	62	418	80	2937	14.84
1917	198,527	4613	4584	20.71	3081	15.51	197	58	326	71	2902	14.81
1918	203,396	4778	4774	20.90	3730	18.33	190	107	361	75	3647	17.93
1919	224,846	5300	5139	21.94	3006	13.37	118	93	383	74	2981	13.26
1920	233,805	6520	6520	25.85	2705	11.10	120	55	393	09	2640	11.29
1921	233,929	5662	5651	22.90	2704	11.55	142	50	355	63	2612	11.20
1922	236,630	5465	5529	22.10	2920	12.34	108	62	349	63	2874	12.14
1923	230,718	5338	5314	21.06	2540	11.00	81	65	276	52	2524	10.93
1924	232 000	5096	5022	20.10	3003	12.94	94	68	348	99	2977	12.58
1925	232,900	4888	4770	19.07	2912	12.50	110	64	297	61	2866	12.30
1926	231,500	4636	4496	18.20	2746	11.86	108	65	247	54	2703	11.67
1927	232,100	4352	4230	17.08	3006	12.95	121	09	234	55	2245	12.68
1928	240,700	4579	4445	17.21	2864	11.89	134	57	245	55	2730	11.34
1929	242,000	4519	4394	16.80	3429	14.16	153	69	293	66	3345	13.82
1930	242,000	4409	4261	16.30	2927	12.09	142	71	250	59	2856	11.80

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

0
33
1930
Year
e
P
0
Å
the the
60
H
"E
12
.0
Ъ
ie.
11
St
ă
1
S
N,
G
S.
Ô
-
Infectious
5
.E
S
f
5
-
f
~
5
s
-Cases of
4
H
H
177
3
B
~
TABLE II
N
PPENDIX
0
5
2
6
A

		Total Cases	Removed to Hospital	:	570	23	609	32	:	14	12	:	:	:	3	8	226	53	1550				
		91	səsıltuoZ	:	29	9	27	61	61	60	3	:	:	:	1	:	18	7	98	1.7			
1930.	each	10	-biM biM	:	119	17	170	9	9	4	4	:	:	1	6	:	104	17	457	e U.D.C			
Year 18	fied in ty.	+ 1	Landport Central	:	186	25	217	24	6	4	œ	:	01	1	61	1	113	27	625	verstok			
the Y	Total Cases notified in each Locality.	° ;	Vorth Vorth	:	228	21	219	1	10	+	9	1	¢1	1	4	1	131	12	647	Milton Hospital for Infectious Diseases. Small-pox Hospital at Elson (by arrangement with Gosport and Alverstoke U.D.C.) 7% I guardone, Communition Hospital.			
during	otal Ca	61	Portsea	:	33	10	35	:	80	:	I	I	:	4	4	1	43	13	148	Josport			
	T	-	Ports-	:	10	¢1	21	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	80	1	44	with C			
notified			65 and over	:	:	21	-	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	9	:	29	ment			
			45 to 65	:	00	22	60	10	44	1	:	:	1	01	:	:	64	4	114	tal.			
ease			35 45	:	12	16	18	1	ŝ	-	io .	:	-	4	:	:	72	9	141	s Disc by ar Tospi			
Dis	ict.		20 to 35	:	45	11	65	3	00	12	16	:	:	Ţ.	:	:	167	11	339	Infectious Diseases at Elson (by arrang munition Hospital.			
Infectious Diseases	Distri		15 to 20	:	39	1	50	4	10	1	1	:	1	:	:	:	50	6	161	Infe at El			
fect	nole 1	ears	10 15	:	100	:	16	12	4	:	:	:	:		:	3	23	10	243	al for pital			
	Cases notified in whole District	N-S	5 to 10	:	270	:	330	14	67	:	:	1	1	:	:	33	31	23	674	ospit: Hos			
es of		At Ages-	5 to	:	40	1	36	:	1	:	1	1	1	:	:	1	:	63	81	Milton Hospital for Small-pox Hospital			
Case		F	A	F	F	4 to 3	1 :	42	-	49	:	1	:	:	-	-	1	:	:	67	3	100	Milt Smal
			09 £ 19	:	33	1	24	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	3	-	ŝ	68	- oi ei			
(E)			10 Q -	:	6	-	18	:	00	:	• :	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	31	itoria			
TABLE IICases			Under 1	:	2	1	4		1	:	:	:	:	:	20	:	-	4	38	or Sana			
DIX.			At all Ages	:	605	76	689	40	35	15	22	5	4	L	20	10	417	77	2019	spitals			
APPENDIX.			Notifiable Disease	Small-pox	Diphtheria (including Mem- branous Croup)	Erysipelas	Scarlet Fever	Enteric Fever	Influenzal Pneumonia	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Poliomyelitis	Encephalitis Lethargica	Malaria	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Other forms of Tuberculosis	TOTALS	Isolation Hospitals or Sanatoria			

.

APPENDIX.-TABLE III. Infant Mortality.

Nett Deaths from stated causes at various Ages under 1 Year of Age.

CAUSE C	F D	EATI	Ι.		Under 1 week	1-2 weeks	2-3 weeks	3-4 weeks	Fotal under 4 weeks	4 weeks and under 3 mths.	3 months and under 6 mths.	5 months and under 9 mths.	9 months and under 12 mths.	Tota Death unde One Year
Small-pox	••	• •		•••	1.1			••		•••		**	• •	• •
Chicken-pox Measles			•••	• •					**	ï	1	6	ii	19
all a state of the	•••	• •	•••	• • •		•••	•••				1		11	19
Scarlet Fever	•••	• •	•••	• •					**	••	••	1	**	
Whooping Cough	•••		•••	• •						••		1	1	2
Diphtheria	·: .		• •	••	•••		••	••	••	••	••	1	••	1
Meningococcal Me			• •	• •	• •			••		• •	2	**		2
Tubercular Menii			• •	• •	••	••	••	•••			1	1	2	4
Abdominal Tuber			• •	• •	•••						1.1	4.4	••	
Other Tuberculou								••			1.4.4	••	2	2
Meningitis (not T	ubercu	(lous)		• •	••		1	1	2			2	1	5
Convulsions				• •	3			1	4		1.1	1.1	1	5
Influenza		• •		• •						••				
Bronchitis						1	1		2	3	1	3	3	12
Pneumonia (all fo	rms)				3			1	4	9	6	5	11	35
Diarrhoea											1	1		2
Enteritis						1			1	14	14	3	1	33
Gastritis														
Syphilis													1	1
Rickets														
Suffocation, overl	ying				1				1		1	1		3
Injury at Birth					5				5					5
Atelectasis					5				5					5
Congenital Malfor	matio	ns			3	1	2		6	7	1	1		15
Premature Birth					41	4	4	3	52	5	1	1		59
Atrophy, Debility	and				12	3	3	1	19	5	5			29
Other Causes			••		6	1			7	1	2	•••	1	11
			TOTALS		79	11	11	7	108	45	36	26	35	250

Nett Births in the year-Legitimate 4024

Illegitimate 237

Port Sanitary Authority.

To the Chairman and Members of the Port Sanitary Authority. GENTLEMEN,

There were no cases of infectious disease amongst the ships arriving at this port. During the year 6,987 vessels in all arrived at the port, 491 of these were inspected by the Port Sanitary Inspector, and in 36 of these insanitary conditions were detected, all of which were remedied before leaving port.

Of vessels arriving, 447 were from coastwise ports, 214 from foreign ports, and 6,326 from the Solent.

The nationality of vessels was as follows :---

 6876	Belgian		2
 41	Italian		1
 19	Danish		1
 10	Esthonian		2
 16	Finnish		1
 17	Dantzig		1
 	41 19 10 16	41Italian19Danish10Esthonian16Finnish	41 Italian 19 Danish 10 Esthonian 16 Finnish

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

A. MEARNS FRASER, M.D., Medical Officer of Health.

Milton Hospital.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Chairman and Members of the Hospital Committee.

GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report for the year ending December 31st, 1930.

The number of admissions was 1,311, as against 1,506 the previous year.

The number of deaths was 39, discharged 1,076, remaining 197. The combined mortality in respect of all deaths was 2.9 per cent.

SCARLET FEVER.—Admitted 609; last year 702; discharged 531; died 7; remaining 72. The fatality rate was 1.1 per cent.

DIPHTHERIA.—Admitted 570 ; last year 727 ; discharged 458 ; died 16 ; remaining 93. The fatality rate was 2.8 per cent. Of four cases admitted for Diphtheria, 1 died of Scarlet Fever, 2 of Measles, and 1 of Meningitis.

ENTERIC FEVER.—Admitted 32; discharged 32. There were no deaths.

TUBERCULOSIS.—Admitted 84; discharged 45; died 9; remaining 30. The fatality rate was 10.7 per cent.

MEASLES.—Admitted 6; discharged 6; died 2.

CEREBRO-SPINAL MENINGITIS.—Admitted 8; discharged 4; died 4. The fatality rate was 50 per cent.

ERVSIPELAS.—Admitted 2; discharged 0; remaining 2.

Your obedient servant,

JAMES MCGREGOR,

Medical Superintendent.

MILTON HOSPITAL.

NUMBER OF PATIENTS ADMITTED during the Year 1930.

				AG	ES		1	1	
Diseases	0 to 1	1 to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 55	55 and over	TOTAL
Scarlet Fever	4	116	374	63	36	13	2	1	609
Typhoid Fever		1	22	6		1	1	1	32
Diphtheria	8	113	355	51	24	11	6	2	570
Cerebro-spinal Fever	1	3	4						8
Measles		2	2		2	·			6
Tuberculosis			1	22	22	26	10	3	84
Erysipelas					2				2
TOTALS	13	235	758	142	86	51	19	7	1311

NUMBER OF	PATIENTS	ADMITTED	to the	MILTON	HOSPITAL
(Small-pox P	atients—Lang	stone Hospita	al) for th	he years 18	83 to 1930.

Year	Small-pox	Scarlet Fever	Enteric or Typhoid	Diphtheria	Measles	Other Diseases	Total
1883	5	1			1		7
1884	1	13	2	4	4		22
1885	8	16	6	6	1		37
1886	7	29	€6	11	11	ï	125
1887	20	56	37	27	4	3	147
1888	4	120	35	23	8	8	198
1889	6	278	48	18	5	8	363
1890	1	384	114	69	1	7	576
1891		180	51	52	22	18	323
1892		532	81	27		5	645
1893	6	503	94	12	6	5	626
1894	22	238	53	38	22	9	382
1895	1000	177	83	46	15	25	346
	6	354	76	38	10		501
1896	0	413	102	37	6	17	
1897		436	92	118	6	11	569
1898		333	96			10	662
1899	1			225		2	657
1900		198	157	211	1		567
1901	1	270	101	179			542
1902	8	339	105	197			649
1903	3	572	70	211		2	858
1904		340	73	220	• •	3	636
1905	10	274	57	198			539
1906	1	243	72	239	••		555
1907		202	109	235			546
1908		343	102	284	1	1	731
1909		631	96	354	1		1082
1910		850	114	336			1300
1911		635	70	436			1141
1912		702	71	782			1555
1913		730	55	652			1437
1914		469	110	615	••		1194
1915		630	33	684		27	1374
1916		340	47	589		35	1011
1917		383	21	340	4	48	796
1918		277	15	483	25	27	827
1919		250	10	520	10	156	946
1920		382	12	598	16	105	1113
1921		1010	26	482	8	71	1597
1922		996	14	555	6	41	1612
1923		595	24	669	6	98	1392
1924		518	29	477	5	108	1137
1925		834	23	754	8	89	1708
1926		489	12	924	10	73	1508
1927		539	16	723	4	99	1381
1928		684	13	848	3	102	1650
1929		702	6	727	1	70	1506
1930		609	32	570	6	94	1311

Report of the Chief Sanitary Inspector.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health and Housing Committee.

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to present the Annual Report as Chief Sanitary Inspector of the work carried out by the Department during the year.

1,910 Informal and 668 Statutory Notices were served for the abatement of nuisances under the Public Health Act.

90 Notices were also served under Section 3 of the Housing Act, 1925, to render houses in all respects fit for habitation.

27 Inspections were made of the sanitary arrangements of places of public entertainment.

The following summary shows the particulars of the work carried out under the supervision of your officers :—

DRAINAGE DEFECTS.

Drains cleared					458
Drains cleared in Workshops					1
Drains repaired or relaid					259
Drains ventilated or ventilating sha	afts repa	aired			28
New water-closet pans provided				· `	39
New Pedestal closet pans provided					6
Water-closet fittings repaired					221
Flushing apparatus to water-closet	s provid	ed			68
,, ,, ,, ,,	,,	in Wor	kshops		
Separate and additional sanitary a	ccommo	dation pr	ovided		10
Water-closets disconnected from W	orkshop	s			12
" ventilated					5
,, cleansed					3
Gratings provided to gully traps					25
Glazed stoneware sinks provided					18
Sink waste-pipes repaired, trapped	or renew	wed			140

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

OTHER DEFECTS.

Rain-water spouting cleansed or rep	paired				549
Roofs repaired					1066
Weather slating repaired or externa					352
74 / 1 / 1		-			532
Sashes, lines, sills, glazing or sash fr	rames :	repaired			1279
Damp courses provided or repaired		·			55
Houses or parts of houses cleansed		empered			303
,, ,, ,, repaired		·			878
Sanitary dustbins provided					10
Dust chutes cleansed or repaired					4
Space beneath floors ventilated					22
Yards, stables, sties, etc., repayed					177
Overcrowding in dwelling-houses ab	ated				11
Foundation of house concreted					2
Water supply laid on or water servi	ces ret	aired			68
Workshops cleaned or distempered					13
Workshop floors repaired					2
Workshop roofs repaired					
Workshops or parts of Workshops r	epaire	d			9
Cooking ranges or firegrates repaire					145
Coppers repaired or renewed					100
Other nuisances in dwelling-houses	abated				74
OFFENSIVE	S MAT	TER, &c.			
Manure and refuse removed	• •		•••		23
Stagnant water removed		• •	• •	• •	2
Animals removed		•••	••	• •	_
Bedding cleansed or destroyed					6
SLAUGHTERHOU	ISES	STABLES	&c.		
Yards, stables, sties, etc., cleansed		OLIDALO,			9
Bakehouses cleansed			•••		11
Danchouses cleansed					11
BYI	LAW	S.			
Notices under Nuisance Bye-laws co	mplie	1 with		22	9

The following articles of food have been destroyed as unfit for the food of man, viz. :--

MEAT.			Mutton.		
Beeř.			Carcases of	 	16
Carcases of		63	Pieces of	 lbs.	1149
Forequarters		76	Sheeps' Lungs	 sets	13
Hindquarters		3	,, Livers	 	18
Pieces of	lbs.	11761	,, ,,	 lbs.	26
Ox Livers		187	,, Heads	 	5
" Lungs	sets	222	,, Kidneys	 	276
,, Heads and To	ngues	136	Pork.		
,, Kidneys		7	Carcases of	 	27
	lbs.	$145\frac{1}{2}$	Pieces of	 lbs.	434
,, Tails		18	Pigs' Heads	 	89
	1bs.	66	,, Lungs	 sets	90
,, Tripe	lbs.	73	" Livers	 	
,, Fat	lbs.	335		 lbs.	73
Sweetbreads	1bs.	22	Kidnevs	 lbs.	7

73

Venison				Skate			stone	321
Pieces of		lbs.	26	,,			lbs.	$7\bar{0}$
FISH.				,,			cases	1
Bass		lbs.	93	Smelts			boxes	14
Bloaters		stone	28	Soles			stone	20
	••	lbs.	139	,,			lbs.	54
,,	••	boxes	11	,,			boxes	5
		barrel	1	,,			kits	2
Bream		box	î	Sprats			lbs.	70
Cod		stone	701	Trout		• •	lbs.	5
		lbs.	212	Whitebait			boxes	5
,,		cases	122	Whiting		••	stone	9
Dabs		stone	52	,,		• •	lbs.	7
,,		boxes	6	,,		• •	boxes	3
Dogfish		boxes	5			• •	cases	7
,,		case	1	Witches		• •	stone	10
Fillet		stone	261	Yawlings		• •	boxes	20
,,		lbs.	$4\tilde{2}$	Crayfish		• •	lbs.	6
,,		boxes	255	Crabs				211
Gurnard		cases	2			• •	lbs.	151
Haddock		stone	16	Cockles		•••	boxes	3
,,		lbs.	78	Facillana		•••	bag	1
. ,,		boxes	$303\frac{1}{2}$	Lobetore		• •	• •	750
,, Rock		cases	5			•••	1bs	115 63
Hake		lbs.	12	Prawns		••	tins	261
., ···		boxes	9	Whelks		•••	bag	202
Halibut		lbs.	$139\frac{1}{2}$	WHEIRS		• •	Dag	1
Herrings		stone	12	FRUIT.				
,,		boxes	7	Apples			Ibs.	205
,,		kits	4	Currants			sieves	9
,,		barrels		,,			boats	63
Kippers		boxes	348	Dates			boxes	8
Mackerel		stone	11	Gooseberries			lbs.	56
,,	• •	lbs.	12	Plums			sieves	177
	• •	boxes	25	,,			pots	131
Meagrims	• •	stone	. 7	,,			crates	5
	• •	boxes	35	Cherries			boats	5
Plaice	• •	stone	52	MICODITANT	DUC			
,,	• •	lbs.	24	MISCELLANE	2005.		11	000
	• •	boxes	2	Bacon Carrots		• •	lbs.	223
Pollock	• •	stone	$32\frac{1}{2}$	Chicken		• •	bags	73 24
Roes	• •	stone	40 16	Wild Ducks		• •	• •	19
,, Roker	• •	boxes lbs.	56			• •	• •	460
	• •	fish	1	Eggs		• •	1bs	11
Salmon		lbs.	128	,, liquid Ham		• •	lbs.	9
" Frozen		lbs.	70	Hares		•••	105.	11
,, Frozen Saltfish	••	case	1	Partridges		•••		12
Shrimps		gallons		Rabbits		•••	• •	569
-		bags	2	Tomatoes			boxes	68
,,		boxes	1000	Turkeys			DUACO	9
"		hampe		Tinned Goods				847
,,		hampe	10 41	- unica coode				011

GENERAL INSPECTION.

DWELLING-HOUSES.—5,964 dwelling-houses were inspected, and 17,856 re-inspections were made whilst work ordered to be carried out was in progress.

COMPLAINTS.—1,903 complaints were made at the office and received attention.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES.—1,420 visits were made to the slaughterhouses. There were 62 in actual regular use on December 31st, 13 being annual licences; these have been all well kept.

DAIRIES, COWSHEDS AND MILKSHOPS.—1,450 visits were made to the registered Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops. There are 504 retail purveyors, 18 wholesale dealers in milk, and 3 cowkeepers carrying on business in the City, and these premises have been well kept.

Under the Milk (Special Designations) Order 1922, 28 licences for the sale of Certified, Grade A (Tuberculin tested), Grade A and Pasteurized Milk were issued.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES.—173 visits were made to the eight registered Common Lodging Houses.

WORKSHOPS.—678 visits were made to the Workshops, which have been well kept, and 121 visits to out-workers' premises. 25 complaints were received from H.M. Inspector of Factories, all of which received attention.

BAKEHOUSES.—288 visits were made to the different Bakehouses, most of which were found to be kept in a cleanly condition.

SAUSAGE MANUFACTORIES.—385 visits were made to these premises, which were kept in a satisfactory manner.

OLD DRAINS.—2,119 old drains were tested or re-tested.

NEW DRAINS AND FITTINGS.—2,284 new drains were tested or re-tested and 2,385 sanitary fittings were examined.

OCCUPATION CERTIFICATES.—1,114 Occupation Certificates were issued with respect to new buildings.

SANITARY CERTIFICATES.—14 Sanitary Certificates with respect to the sanitary condition of the drains and fittings of old dwelling-houses have been issued.

INCREASE OF RENT AND MORTGAGE INTEREST (RESTRIC-TION) ACT, 1920.—Under this Act 14 certificates relating to dwelling-houses not being kept in a reasonable state of repair were granted to the tenants.

MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT, 1926, AND AGRICULTURAL, PRODUCE (GRADING AND MARKING) ACT, 1928.—Under the above Acts Orders in Council have been made in relation to the marking of the following imported food stuffs :—Fresh Apples, Raw Tomatoes, Eggs (hen or duck eggs in shell), Dried Eggs, Oat Products (Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Oat Flour and Groats), Currants, Sultanas, Raisins and Honey. During the year 1,206 visits were paid to various shops to ensure compliance with the provisions of the above Orders. A large number of traders were cautioned, and in one case legal proceedings were instituted against a person for obliterating the "indication of origin" mark from imported eggs and selling the same. A conviction was secured in the Police Court and a fine of £20 and costs imposed.

RATS AND MICE (DESTRUCTION) ACT. —459 visits were made to rat infested premises and 24 notices were served.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.—1,424 cases of infectious diseases were visited and investigated, and 1,455 rooms were disinfected by the disinfector.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant.

C. W. HALL, Chief Sanitary Inspector.

Report of Meat Inspector

and

Inspector under The Diseases of Animals Acts.

A. MEARNS FRASER, ESq., M.D., Medical Officer of Health.

SIR,

I beg to present my report for the year ending 31st December, 1930.

The following is a list of animals brought into the City of Portsmouth:—

Arriving	by ferry 1	boats	from	Isle of	Wight :
-	Beasts				1,612
	Sheep				1,341
	Calves				2,097
	Pigs				7,597
	Horses				909
Amining	at Cashan	Man	1-04 1		
Arnving	at Coshan	1 Mar	ket :		100
	Beasts				133
	Sheep				1,864
	Calves				844
	Pigs				4,720
	Horses				5
Arriving	at Fratton	1 Rail	way (Cattle I	ocks :
	Beasts				5,819
	Sheep				15,141
	Calves				1,320
	Pigs				2,766
Arriving	at Coshan	n Rail	lway (Cattle I	ocks :
	Beasts				586
	Sheep				1,073
	Calves				8
	Pigs				6
	Horses				252

INSPECTION OF CATTLE DOCKS, TRUCKS AND FERRY BOATS.—The cattle docks and trucks have been kept clean and disinfected. Ferry boats are a great improvement over the tow-boats which were in former use for transport of animals to Portsmouth from the Isle of Wight. There has been a number of complaints referring to cattle being separated in Bath Square, near the point of landing, before being driven to their respective destinations. As there are no pens where stock may be separated, or detained if necessary, this nuisance cannot be abated, and breaches of the Contagious Diseases Animals Acts are constantly taking place.

INSPECTION OF COSHAM MARKET.—All live stock exposed for sale at this market during the year has been of good quality. After sales take place all litter is removed and burned, and pens are washed down and disinfected.

SWINE FEVER ORDER, 1922.—During the year 999 licences were issued for movement of 4,414 swine, and 2,084 licences were received in connection with movement of 18,486 swine into this City. Two serious cases of swine fever occurred at the allotment holders' premises at Hilsea, involving over 100 pigs. The piggeries affected were placed, as required, under movement restrictions. Piggeries of which there are about 50 are scattered over a wide area, and it is impossible to keep them under proper supervision. I think one condition that I have observed is worthy of note, and that is, that in this City swine fever has only occurred amongst animals which have been swill fed.

IMPORTATION OF DOGS ORDERS.—Forty-three notifications were received from the Customs referring to dogs brought from foreign parts, and were dealt with as provided in the Orders.

TUBERCULOSIS ORDER, 1925.—I have regularly visited cowsheds and inspected cows kept for milk production. Two cows showing symptoms of tuberculosis were slaughtered, and the presence of this disease was confirmed on postmortem examination.

SHEEP-SCAB ORDER, 1928.—Under this Order numbers of sheep from infected districts were moved for slaughter to Portsmouth and the skins afterwards disinfected.

CONVEYANCE OF LIVE POULTRY ORDER, 1919.—Boxes and crates, etc., used for conveyance of poultry, principally to and from Cosham market, were inspected and found kept in a cleanly condition.

TRANSIT OF ANIMALS ORDER, 1930.—This Order (except Art. 5) became operative in October, and provides principally for the cleansing and disinfecting of vehicles used for conveyance of animals and the keeping of records of stock carried in the same. Records so kept aid in tracing animals which may have been moved from a market where disease is subsequently found to exist. Article 5 becomes operative in October 1931, and deals with the construction of motors used for conveyance of animals by road.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.—There are 62 of these in use in Portsmouth. They have been kept in a fairly cleanly condition during the last twelve months. I have to report that a large amount of diseased and tubercular meat is being sold in this City, owing to ignorance and unscrupulousness. Carcases are boned out and the meat sold as cuttings or in sausages. At present it is impossible to prevent this taking place.

RETAIL MEAT SHOPS, ETC.—These premises have been kept in a fairly clean condition, but there have been breaches of the Meat Regulations, 1924, by a number of butchers in hanging meat beyond the level of their shops. They have been warned that proceedings will be taken if further infringement takes place.

CASEOUS LYMPHADENITIS.—During the year I inspected 10 per cent. of 12,682 carcases of mutton which had arrived in this city subject to inspection. I found on inspection only eight parts of carcases slightly affected by the above disease. As inspection at the source of export is now very rigid, I would suggest, as the percentage affected is low, that examination here be dispensed with. It is impossible to carry out adequately the inspection of slaughter-houses, shops and piggeries, etc., and this additional work.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

D. A. HOGG,

Meat Inspector and Inspector under the Diseases of Animals Acts.



The Public Analyst's Report.

The Chemical Laboratory, 16 Arundel Street, Portsmouth.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health and Housing Committee.

Gentlemen,

I beg to submit my Report on the work carried out in my Department during the year ending 31st December, 1930.

The percentage of detected adulteration is slightly lower than that of the previous year.

In spite of the large number of bacteriological examinations of Diphtheritic material the analytical work has been well maintained.

During the year Mr. J. A. Radley, who was Pupil Assistant in the Laboratory, obtained a London B.Sc. Degree with Honours, and he subsequently obtained his Associateship of the Institute of Chemistry, taking his examination in January of this year.

I have to record my appreciation of the work of Mr. C. M. Beckett, without whose loyal co-operation it would be impossible to carry out the increasing work year by year, and of the thorough and conscientious manner in which Inspector E. J. G. Sinnett carries out his duties at all times.

> I remain, gentlemen, Your obedient servant,

> > REGINALD P. PAGE,

Public Analyst.

27th July, 1931.

REPORT OF THE PUBLIC ANALYST.

During the year ending 31st December, 1930, the number of samples and specimens examined was 4,565, which may be briefly summarised as follows :—

		1930	1929
Food and Drugs Act	 	1239	1240
" Graded " Milks	 	123	140
Samples taken at Farms	 	17	32
Water	 	14	22
Paints, Oils, Soaps, etc.	 	11	33
Diphtheritic Material	 	3137	542*
Miscellaneous	 	24	38
	Totals	4565	2047
		Contraction Contraction Contraction	and the second s

*For the months of November and December only.

The number of samples taken in connection with the Food and Drugs Act is 1,239. This gives an average of one sample for every 195 persons in the City, or a "Sample Rate" of 5.1 samples for 1,000 persons.

The nature of the samples analysed, the number adulterated or of inferior quality, is shown in the following table :—

TABLE A.

Nature of Samp	ple	Number Examined	Number Genuine	Number Inferior	Number Adulterated	Percentage, Adulterated
Milk		606	563	11	32	5.2
Skim Milk		1	1			
Cream		16	16			
Butter		109	109			
Margarine		67	67			
Lard		6	6			
Dripping		4	4			
Coffee		46	46			
Cocoa		55	55			
Tee		24	24			
Change		7	7			
Turner Card		8	8			
	•••••••	21	21			• •
37		35	34		ï	2.8
	•• ••	13	11		2	15.3
Ground Ginger			5			
Ground Almonds		5		••		
Baking Powder		6	6			
Rice		14	14	• •		
Pearl Barley		12	12			
Arrowroot		8	8			
Vinegar		3	2		1	33.3
Self Raising Flour		3	3			
Sausages		9	9			
Brawn		2	2			
Cooked Meat		1	1			
Fish Paste		2	2			
Mincemeat		4	4			
Cream Buns		7	3		4	57.1
Sultanas		7	7			
Raisins		7	7			
Currants		7	7			
Mixed Candied Peel		3	3			
Cinnamon		4	4			
Gregory Powder		3	3			
Cream of Tartar		1	1			
Tartaric Acid		7	7			
Bicarbonate of Soda	•• ••	6	6			
	•• ••	5	5			
	Culphoto	0	4	••		
Exsiccated Magnesium	-	6	4 6			
Boracic Ointment	•• ••	6				
Zinc Ointment	•• ••	6	6			• •
Olive Oil	** **	4	4			• •
Orange Quinine Wine		3	3			• •
Non-Alchoholic Wine		3	3		12	
Whiskey		50	45		5	10.0
Gin	•• ••	19	19			
Tot	AL	1239	1183	11	45	3.6

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

TABLE B.

ADULTERATED SAMPLES.

No.	Nature	of Si	ample		Nature of	Adulter	ation		Observation
12	Milk			14.5%	Added W	ater			Case dismissed no evidence
									offered
77	,,			11.5%				• •	Test Sample, private person
78	.,,	•••		13.6%	,,				Test Sample, private person
79	,,	••		7.16%	,,		• •		Dismissed on payment of
80		•••	•••	11.3%				· · · l	of Costs, 12/
92	Vinegar				efficient in			• •	Cautioned by M.O.H.
139 155	Mustard Milk		•••		dded Staro eficient in				Test Sample Fined ℓ1
194		•••		17%					Fined $\frac{f}{f^2}$
204	"			5%	"	,,			Cautioned by M.O.H.
206	"			3%	**	,,			Cautioned by M.O.H.
208	,,			3%	,,	,,			Cautioned by M.O.H.
254				30%	,,	,,			Test Sample
255	,,			22%	,,,	,,			Farmer and Retailer written
									to.
269	Milk				eficient in	Milk Fa	t		Test Sample
271	,,			25%	,,	,,		(Samples taken at Farm
286	**	• •		22%	,,		• •	1	after seeing Cows milked.
287	"	•••	• •	15%	,,	,,	• •	(
295 300	"	11		7%	Added W				Cautioned by M.O.H.
301	"	••	• •	4.8%	Added Wa		• •		Test Sample, private person Fined £2 and 18/6 Costs.
382	Whiskey	1.1			Excessive	Water		·	Test Sample
383	,,			3.7%					Test Sample
385	,,,			12.3%	,,				Test Sample
391	,,			2.3%	,,				Test Sample
394	,,			3.0%	,,				Cautioned by M.O.H.
450	Milk			18% D	eficient in	Milk Fa	t		Fined £2 and 15/6 Costs.
505	,,			29%	,,	.,			Fined 10/-
561	,,	**		9%	,,	<i>,,</i> · ·			Cautioned by M.O.H.
567	"	• •	• •	6%	"	<i>,,</i>			Test Sample, private person
568	23		• •	6%	,,		• •		Test Sample, private person
569 739	"	•••	• •	8%	,,	,,		••	Fined £2 and 10/6 Costs.
744	,, Milk		• •	6% 4%	"	,			Test Sample Cautioned by M.O.H.
827					dded Wate	er	•••		f2 and 21/- Costs
855	Ground								Test Sample
886	Milk				Added Wat				Fined £1 and 10/6 Costs
932	Ground	Ginge	r				de per		Cautioned by M.O.H.
951	Cream B	Buns		Emulsi	fied vegeta	able oil in	stead of	f cream	Test Sample
952	,,				,,	,,	,,		Test Sample
957	,,				,,	,,	,,		Test Sample
958					"	. "			Test Sample
1019	Skim Mi	lk	• •		e sold from				
					ced " Skin				
					there was e owner on				Fined £1 10s.
1146	Milk				, Deficient				Test Sample
1203	Milk				eficient in				Cautioned by Town Clerk.
1204	Milk			5%	,,				Cautioned by Town Clerk
			The		including (1 110	8a 0.4

The Fines including Costs amounted to £18 8s. 0d.

TABLE C.

Showing the number of samples analysed and the number adulterated in Portsmouth during the last five years :—

			Year	Samples Examined	Number Adulterated	Percentage Adulterated
Portsmouth		 	1926	1,202	57	4.7
Do.		 	1927	1,261	53	4.2
Do.		 	1928	1,295	60	4.6
Do.		 	1929	1,240	54	4.3
Do.		 	1930	1,239	45	3.6
ENGLAND & W	ALES	 	1928	129,034	7,524	5.8
Do.		 	1929	133,584	7,260	5.4

MILK.

The following table gives the statistics of the adulteration of Milk during the last five years :---

			Year	Samples Examined	Number Adulterated	Percentage Adulterated
Portsmouth		 	1926	588	37	6.2
Do.		 	1927	601	29	4.8
Do.		 	1928	626	44	7.0
Do.		 	1929	583	30	5.1
Do.		 	1930	606	32	5.2
ENGLAND & W	ALES	 	1928	67,350	5,542	8.2
Do.		 	1929	68,115	5,293	7.8

TABLE D.

TABLE E.

Showing the average amount of Milk Fat and of Solidsnot-Fat for each month in the year :---

М	lonth		Milk Fat	Solids-not-Fat	Total Solids	
January		 	3.70	8.87	12.57	
February		 	3.50	8.86	12.36	
March		 	3.67	8.82	12.49	
April		 	3.63	8.86	12.49	
May		 	3.53	9.01	12.54	
June		 	3.57	8.91	12.48	
July		 	3.55	8.76	12.31	
August		 	3.57	8.81	12.38	
September		 	3.77	8.87	12.64	
October		 	3.71	8.98	12.69	
November		 	4.09	8.87	12.96	
December		 	3.89	8.85	12.74	
Average 193	30	 	3.66	8.87	12.53	
,, 192	29	 	3.67	8.80	12.47	

FARMERS' SAMPLES.

Forty-two samples of Milk were taken during the year, representing the milk supplied to Retailers in the City, and of these seven were found to be adulterated. Legal proceedings were instituted in four cases, and fines amounting to £6 1s. 0d. were inflicted. In one case a letter of caution was sent by the M.O.H.; no proceedings were instituted in the other two cases, for after visiting the farm and seeing the cows milked, it was found the milk did not come up to the legal standard.

MILK SUPPLIED TO LOCAL INSTITUTIONS.

Seventy-one samples were obtained from St. Mary's Hospital, Kingston Prison, and the various Hospitals in the City. All were returned as genuine.

MILK AND DAIRIES (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1922. "Certified Milk."

Examined 23; Passed 21; Rejected 2.

Certified Milk is produced from specially selected herds of cows, which are subjected to frequent Veterinary Inspection,

The Milk is put up in sterilized bottles, sealed at the farm and is not opened until actually required by the Consumer.

The standards for "Certified Milk" are :—" Not more than 30,000 Bacteria in one cubic centimetre, and "Bacillus Coli" to be absent from one-tenth of a cubic centimetre, of the milk. The milk shall not be treated at any stage by heat."

The 23 samples examined gave an average of 4,545 Bacteria per cubic centimetre, and 2 samples failed to pass the "Bacillus Coli" test.

The average amount of Milk Fat was 4.04 per cent. and of Solids-not-fat 9.16 per cent.

The average retail price of this milk for the year was 1s. 2d. per quart.

The results show that a very high standard for both Cleanliness and Quality has been maintained during the year. That there will always be a market for Certified Milk is quite certain, but it is to be feared that the high price will be a limiting factor where this grade of milk is concerned.

"Grade A. (Tuberculin Tested) Milk."

Examined 54; Passed 42; Rejected 12.

This Milk is produced from cows which have been certified free from disease, and which are subjected to the Tuberculin Test at intervals of six months. The standards for this Grade of Milk are : " not more than 200,000 bacteria per cubic centimetre, and 'Bacillus Coli' absent from onehundredth of a cubic centimetre of the Milk.'' The milk shall not be treated at any stage by heat.

Grade A. (Tuberculin Tested) Milk is delivered to the Retailer in bulk and bottled locally.

The 54 samples examined gave an average of 10,698 Bacteria per cubic centimetre, and on 12 occasions the milk failed to pass the "Bacillus Coli" test.

The average amount of Milk Fat was 4.26 per cent. and of Solids-not-Fat 8.86 per cent.

The average retail price for the year was 8d. per quart.

The Grade A. (T.T.) Milk sold in Portsmouth during the year has been the product of five producers, of which two have been responsible for eight of the rejected samples. Neither of these producers now send milk to the City. Bearing this in mind it is evident that a good standard of quality and cleanliness has been maintained, and it is satisfactory to record that the consumption of this Grade of Milk is steadily increasing.

"Grade A" Milk.

Examined 46; Passed 35; Rejected 11.

Grade A Milk is to be produced and treated under such conditions that a sample taken at any time between Production and Delivery to the consumer shall not contain " more than 200,000 bacteria per cubic centimetre, and " Bacillus Coli " shall be absent from one-hundredth of a cubic centimetre." The milk shall not be subjected to heat at any stage.

In other words, it is milk produced under what should be normally clean conditions, and it is delivered in sealed churns to the Retailer and bottled locally.

The price throughout the year has been one penny per quart more than milk of ordinary quality.

The 46 samples examined contained an average of 17,162 Bacteria per cubic centimetre, and on nine occasions the milk has failed to pass the "Bacillus Coli" test. The average amount of fat was 3.32, and of Solids-not-Fat 8.76 per cent.

Nine of the eleven rejected samples were the product of one particular farm.

BUTTER.

109 samples of Butter were analysed during the year, all of which were found to be genuine and free from Preservatives. The following Table gives the number of samples of Butter analysed, the number adulterated, and the percentage of adulteration during the last five years :---

			Year	Samples Examined	Number Adulterated	Percentage of Adulteration
Portsmouth		 	1926	125	0	
Do.		 	1927	138	1	0.7
Do.		 	1928	109	4	3.6
Do.		 	1929	118	0	
Do.		 	1930	109	0	
ENGLAND & W	ALES	 	1929	10,965	149	1.3

TABLE F.

MARGARINE.

67 samples of Margarine were examined and found to be free from Preservatives.

In no case was excessive water detected, and the samples were all correctly labelled, as required by the Sale of Food and Drugs Act.

JAM.

During the last few months an observation of the Jam offered for sale would have revealed the fact that an entirely new label has made its appearance. Whereas in the past the nature of the jam has been boldly set out in large type, a close inspection of the label would have revealed the statement, *in very small type*, " with the addition of a small quantity of fruit juice to improve the flavour."

This label has been before the public for years, and in effect it meant, for instance, Raspberry Jam contained more or less raspberries, together with fruit pulp in greater or less quantity, according to the quality of the jam and the honesty of the manufacturers.

During the past year the Food Manufacturers' Federation appointed a committee to discuss with members of the Society of Public Analysts the composition of jam, and as a result of their deliberations jam is now appearing in our shops labelled "Full Fruit Standard" and "Lower Fruit Standard."

It may be of interest to know what these so-called Standards represent :

FULL FRUIT STANDARD.

In single fruit jam the amount of fruit is to vary from a maximum of 45 per cent. in the case of Rhubarb and Cherry, to a minimum of 30 per cent. for Black Currant, and they must be labelled as follows : "This Jam is guaranteed to conform to the agreed Full Fruit Standard of the Federation of Food Manufacturers."

LOWER FRUIT STANDARD.

For second quality jam the minimum content of Fruit is 20 per cent., and there must be a notice on the label to the effect that the jam is mixed " with other fruit juice " in type of equal size. The receptacle must also bear the label as follows : " This Jam is guaranteed to conform to the Lower Fruit Standard of the Federation of Food Manufacturers."

Moreover, Citric, Malic, or Tartaric Acids and Artificial Colouring Matter may be added to either quality jam without declaration.

There is no disputing the fact that the old-fashioned home-made jam, which consisted of fruit and sugar only, has been almost entirely replaced by the manufactured variety. This being so, I venture to think that a black currant jam containing only 30 per cent. of Black Currants is a poor substitute for the old-fashioned variety, and to label it "Full Fruit Standard" is misleading to the public.

It should be clearly understood that these Standards have no legal significance, but they are intended to be a guarantee that, for instance, Black Currant jam of the Full Fruit standard actually contains 30 per cent. of black currants, whereas black currant jam, with the addition of a small quantity of other fruit juice to improve its flavour, was not only misleading, but untrue, as jam made from Black Currants would not be improved by the addition of extraneous fruit pulp.

PRESERVATIVES AND COLOURING MATTER.

The Public Health (Preservatives, etc., in Food) Regulations now define the nature of the Foodstuffs or Beverage which may contain Preservatives and the maximum quantity of Preservatives allowed. Consequently the search for Preservative substances in Foods and Beverages forms a large and increasing proportion of the work of the Department.

Not only have the *permitted* Preservatives to be searched for and the quantity estimated to ascertain if the quantity present is within the limits allowed, but search has also to be made in those articles such as Cream, Milk, Butter, etc., to which it is now illegal to add Preservatives.

Similarly the use of Artificial Colouring matter is now controlled by these Regulations and such Foods and Beverages as are artificially coloured must be examined as to the nature of the Colouring Matter. Two samples of Ground Ginger, purchased from the same vendor, were found to contain Sulphur Dioxide in excess of the limit laid down for this commodity. A warning was sent to the vendor, and the remaining stock was withdrawn from sale.

DRUGS.

Forty-nine samples were analysed, all of which were purchased at local pharmacies, and proved to be in accordance with the standards laid down in the British Pharmacopoeia.

SPIRITS.

Fifty samples of Whiskey were analysed, with the result that five of these were found to be diluted with water to a strength below the legal limit of 35 degrees under proof.

Nineteen samples of Gin proved to be of the correct strength.

The sale of water at the price of whiskey represents gross fraud on the consumer, and I am glad to be able to report an improvement during the year under review.

Year		No. of Samples Examined	No. of Samples Adulterated	Percentage of Adulteration
1926	 	38	6	16
1927	 	68	14	20
1928	 	84	5	5.9
1929	 	51	13	25.4
1930	 	69	5	7.2

MISCELLANEOUS.

On two occasions Human Viscera were submitted by the Coroner for examination in cases of suspected poisoning. In one case Oxalic Acid was present, but in the other case no poison was detected.

Five cases, of which four consisted of the alleged administration of Drugs, were investigated for the City Police. The remaining case consisted of the examination of Chocolates which had been sent through the parcel post. The chocolates had been rather crudely tampered with, part of the inner portion having been removed and replaced by Oxalic Acid.

The remaining cases consist of samples submitted by the Medical Officer of Health, and samples brought to the Laboratory from time to time by ratepayers, or submitted by retailers in order to test the purity of their products.

	-	
1.1		
0	~~	
1.1	U U	
1.1	The second secon	
1.1	.	
10	personal in the local diversity of the local	
	1	
1	5	
2.3	0	
	how .	
	1	
1.1	r-1	
1		
2.1	\sim	
	-	
1.1	here .	
5.1	-	
5.1	0	
	-	
	2	
	*	
2	-	
	~	
	<u> </u>	
	SUPPLY DURING	
	-	
	-	
	10	
	011	
	+-	
	- 1	
	CY_	
	_	
	1+1	
	particular in the second	
	- C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C	
	(and a second	
	·	
η.,	-	
e.		
	8	
	-	
ĸ.	2	
	-	
	5)	
	-	
	-	
ю		
	-	
	00	
	_	
	Barring .	
	<u> </u>	
	-	
	0	
	_	
	1+	
54	-	
	-	
	()	
	-	
	OF PUBLIC WATER	
	1000	
	TO .	
1	20	
	TwT	
1	particul .	
	10	
-	40	
	have	
	~	
1	-	
	-	
1	< L	
T	1	
10	1	
	-	
1	< <u></u>	
	-	
	-	
	TT.	
-	-	
1	-	
T	-	
	TABLE OF ANALYSES	
-	1.7	
	LT.	
11	-	
1	-	
12	00	
1 mar	-	
	-	
1	-	
1	-	
	5	
1	-	
	-	

BY THE PUBLIC ANALYST.

(Results expressed in parts per 100,000).

Remarks	Bright and Clear. The analysis shows that the water is in good condition on the date	m question. do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 37° C.	IIN	Nil	IIN	IIN	Nil	IIN	IIN	IIN	Nil	IIN	IIN	IIN	
Albu- minoid or Organic Ammonia	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.0015	0.0015	0.0005	0.001	0.0015	
Free or Saline Ammonia	IIN	0.0005	IIN	IIN	0.0005	0.0005	0.001	Nil	Nil	IIN	0.0015	0.0015	•
Total Hardness	23.0	22.0	22.0	23.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	21.0	21.5	22.0	21.5	
Nitrogen as Nitrates	0.39	0.49	- 0.43	0.44	0.42	0.44	0.36	0.41	0.33	0.42	0.33	0.45	
Chlorine	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	
Volatile Solid Residue	2.5	3.0	3.0	2.5	3.0	2.9	1.8	1.6	2.8	2.0	2.2	1.7	
Total Solid Residue	33.6	32.9	31.6	30.3	31.3	31.2	29.8	30.0	30.7	30.3	31.6	30.5	
Source	Co.'s Main, 16 Arundel Street.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	
Date 1930	Jan. 23	Feb. 25	Mar. 20	April 24	May 20	June 24	July 23	Aug. 12	Sept. 24	Oct. 23	Nov. 19	• Dec. 19	

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

91

INDEX.

Page

Abattoir, Public					53
Acreage		• •	•••	•••	8 51
Ambulance Facilities	••	••			81
Analyst's Report					65-67
					52
Bacteriology	•••			•••	8
Births					8
Birth-rate		L Cont			8
					72-76
Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report Cowsheds, Bakehouses, etc.	••				75
Deaths, total	••				8 14-19
" Causes "					20
,, different class of ,, children under 1 year					8 & 67
Death-rate for 10 years					12
Diphtheria					25
Diseases of Animals Acts					77-79
Disinfectant Fluid					53
Drainage Defects				••	72
Enteric Fever					25-27
Factories and Workshops					54-55
Foods and Drugs (Adulteration) Act					53
Food, unsound or destroyed					73-74
General Provision of Health Services					49
Graded Milks					86
					2
Health and Housing Committee Hospitals and Clinics					48-49
Hospitals and Clinics Housing					55
Houses, List of Closed					57-59
Infectious Diseases					25
", ", weekly numbers					29
Infantile Mortality					8 & 44
Inhabited Houses					10
Inspection of Cattle Trucks, etc.					77
Insurance Scheme under Midwives Ac	t, 1926				43
Local Government Act, 1929					51
Laboratory Facilities					51
Marriages					10
Maternal Mortality					43
Maternity and Child Welfare					41
Meat Inspector's Report Mental Defectives, Provision for					77-79
Mental Defectives, Provision for					50
Meteorological Observations			••		62 - 64 69
Milton Hospital, Medical Superintende					46-47
Midwives, Roll of					30
Municipal Tuberculosis Dispensary Municipal Maternity Hospital					42
					50
Nursing Facilities Nursing Homes, Registration of					50
Population	•••	• •		•••	8 68
Port Sanitary Authority		••			28
Psittacosis					
Sanitary Circumstances of the City			••		52 79
Slaughterhouses S'um Clearance Scheme					55
Slum Properties					55
Staff of Health Department					3-4
Statistics and Social Conditions					9
Summary of Statistics					8
Swine Fever					78
Tuberculosis					30-37
					23-24
Vaccination Returns					38-40
					91
Water Supply, Analysis of Workshops, Nuisances in respect of					54
Zymotic Diseases (1861-1930) Table					22
					24