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Contributors

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RURAL DISTRICT OF POCKLINGTON.

ANNUAL REPORT
of the
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
(W. WILSON, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H.)

Including
THE REPORT OF
THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR
(F. HOLMAN, M.A.P.H.I.)



For the Year 1958.

POCKLINGTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

A N N U A L R E P O R T F O R 1 9 5 8.

Public Health Officers of the Authority:

Medical Officer of Health:

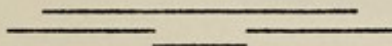
W. WILSON, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector (and Surveyor):

F. HOLMAN, M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspector:

L. H. POOLE, M.A.P.H.I., A.M.I.P.H.E.



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

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Divisional Health Office,
The Poplars,
Burnby Lane,
Pocklington.

Tel: Pocklington 3226

To: The Chairman and Members of the
Rural District Council of Pocklington.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour of presenting for your consideration my Annual Report on the health and sanitary circumstances of your District for the year 1958.

In 1956, very limited supplies of a vaccine for protection against poliomyelitis became available. By the end of 1958 vaccine was readily available for all between the ages of six months and twenty-five years and to certain priority classes including expectant mothers. Further reference is to be found in the report.

I should like to take this opportunity of thanking members of the Public Health Committee for their support during the year, and the staff of the Health and other Departments for their co-operation and assistance.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

Wm WILSON,

Medical Officer of Health.

Divisional Health Officer,
The Hospital,
Barnsley Lane,
Barnsley, Yorkshire.
Dear Sir,
I am writing to you
in regard to the
matter of the
Barnsley Hospital.

For the purpose of the
Barnsley Hospital Committee,
Barnsley, Yorkshire.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th inst. in regard to the matter of the Barnsley Hospital.

I am sorry to hear that you are unable to attend the meeting of the Committee on the 22nd inst. I am sure that your absence will be regretted.

I am sure that you will be able to attend the meeting of the Committee on the 29th inst. I am sure that your presence will be of great value.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. H. Smith.

J. H. Smith,
Secretary to the Committee.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area (in acres)	101,521.
Number of inhabited houses (approx.)	4,520.
Registrar-General's estimate of home population	14,520.
Rateable Value	£126,239.
Sum represented by a penny rate	£439. 9. 11.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Live Births.

	M.	F.	Total.
Legitimate	97	104	201
Illegitimate	<u>3</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>9</u>
	100	110	210
Live Births	- 210.
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population	- 14.46
Still-births	- 7.
Still-births Rate per 1,000 live and still-births	- 32.26
Total live and still-births	- 217.
Infant deaths	- 5.
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births	- 23.81
Legitimate infant mortality rate per 1,000 legitimate live births	- 24.87
Illegitimate infant mortality rate per 1,000 illegitimate live births	- Nil.
Neo-natal mortality (first four weeks) - rate per 1,000 live births	- 14.28
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births	4.3
Maternal deaths (including abortion)	Nil.
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 live and still-births	Nil.

Deaths.

	M.	F.	
	98	70	168.
Death Rate per 1,000	...	...	11.57
Deaths from Heart Disease	42	34	76.
Rate per 1,000 of the population	...	...	5.23
Deaths from Vascular Lesions of the Nervous System	12	10	22
Rate per 1,000 of the population	...	...	1.51
Deaths from Cancer	10	10	20
Rate per 1,000 of the population	...	...	1.38

Comparative Table of Birth and Death
Rates during the year 1958.

Area	Live Births	Deaths	Deaths of Children Under One Year of Age Per 1,000 Registered Live Births.
	(Rates per 1,000 home population)		
England and Wales	16.4	11.7	22.5
Administrative County	15.48	11.70	22.32
M.B. and U.D.s	15.07	12.02	20.43
R.D.s	16.02	10.45	24.20

Table of Birth, Death and Infant Mortality Rates.

Pocklington R.D.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Crude Birth Rate</u>	<u>Corrected Birth Rate</u>	<u>Crude Death Rate</u>	<u>Corrected Death Rate</u>	<u>Infant Mortality.</u>
1948	16.35		8.8		22.7
1949	17.2		12.4		40.3
1950	17.7	20.7	12.0	12.24	31.0
1951	13.9	16.3	12.1	12.34	51.4
1952	14.7	17.05	11.5	11.7	18.2
1953	14.12	16.37	11.08	11.3	21.0
1954	15.34	16.56	10.5	9.66	12.98
1955	13.89	15.00	11.84	10.89	24.6
1956	14.38	15.53	10.94	10.61	19.14
1957	15.65	16.75	11.01	10.68	22.12
1958	14.46	15.47	11.57	11.45	23.81

Table showing Causes of Death in Pocklington R.D.C., 1958.

							<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total.</u>
All Causes							98	70	168
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
2.	Tuberculosis, other	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
3.	Syphilitic disease	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
4.	Diphtheria	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
5.	Whooping Cough	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
6.	Meningococcal Infections	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
8.	Measles	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
9.	Other infective and parasitic diseases	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
11.	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	...	...	...	...		4	2	6
12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast	...	...	...	...		-	3	3
13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	...	...	...	...		-	3	3
14.	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	...	...	...	...		6	2	8
15.	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	...	...	...	...		1	-	1
16.	Diabetes	...	...	...	...		-	1	1
17.	Vascular lesions of nervous system	...	...	...	...		12	10	22
18.	Coronary disease, angina	...	...	...	...		21	16	37
19.	Hypertension with heart disease	...	...	...	...		4	5	9
20.	Other heart disease	...	...	...	...		17	13	30
21.	Other circulatory disease	...	...	...	...		4	-	4
22.	Influenza	...	...	...	...		3	2	5
23.	Pneumonia	...	...	...	...		3	1	4
24.	Bronchitis	...	...	...	...		4	5	9
25.	Other diseases of respiratory system	...	...	...	...		1	-	1
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	...	...	...	...		-	1	1
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis	...	...	...	...		3	-	3
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	...	...	...	...		2	-	2
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
31.	Congenital malformations	...	...	...	...		3	1	4
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	...	...	...	...		8	3	11
33.	Motor vehicle accidents	...	...	...	...		2	-	2
34.	All other accidents	...	...	...	...		-	2	2
35.	Suicide	...	...	...	...		-	-	-
36.	Homicide and operations of war	...	...	...	...		-	-	-

Table Showing Age and Sex Distribution of Deaths during 1958.

					<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total.</u>
0 - 1 year	...	...	...	...	3	2	5
1 - 4 years	...	...	...	...	1	-	1
5 - 14 years	...	...	...	...	-	1	1
15 - 24 years	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
25 - 44 years	...	...	...	...	4	1	5
45 - 54 years	...	...	...	...	7	4	11
55 - 64 years	...	...	...	...	14	6	20
65 - 74 years	...	...	...	...	26	27	53
75+ years	...	...	...	...	43	29	72
Totals:					98	70	168

Table Showing Age and Sex Distribution of Deaths from Cancer during 1958.

					<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total.</u>
0 - 1 year	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
1 - 4 years	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
5 - 14 years	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
15 - 24 years	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
25 - 44 years	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
45 - 54 years	...	...	...	...	2	3	5
55 - 64 years	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
65 - 74 years	...	...	...	...	1	3	4
75+	...	...	...	...	5	3	8
Totals:					10	10	20

Prevalence of, and Control Over, Infectious Disease.

The following cases of infectious disease have been notified during the year:-

Erysipelas	...	...	...	...	...	1 case	(3)
Food Poisoning	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.	(11)
Measles	...	...	...	...	...	36 cases	(213)
Pneumonia	...	...	...	...	...	2 cases	(3)
Scarlet Fever	...	...	...	...	...	2 cases	(1)
Tuberculosis (Pulmonary)	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.	(1)
Tuberculosis (Non-Pulmonary)	...	...	...	...	...	1 case	(5)
Whooping Cough	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.	(17)

(Cases occurring in 1957 are shown in parenthesis).

Tuberculosis.

Three new cases of Tuberculosis (1 male and 2 female) were notified or came to notice during the year.

There were no deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis.

At the end of 1958, cases on the Tuberculosis Register were as follows:-

Pulmonary Males	28 cases.
Non-Pulmonary Males	13 cases.
Pulmonary Females	22 cases.
Non-Pulmonary Females	21 cases.
	—
Totals:	84 cases.
	—

Vaccination against Smallpox.

The following table shows the number of persons vaccinated or re-vaccinated during the year 1958:-

Age at Date of Vaccination:	Under 1	1 year	2 to 4	5 to 14	15 or over	Totals.
Number Vaccinated	116	3	2	5	3	129
Number Re-Vaccinated	-	-	-	8	25	33

Immunisation against Diphtheria.

The figures for immunisation carried out during the year are as follows:-

Primary Immunisation.

Aged Under 5	5 - 14	Total	Reinforcing Injections .
194	7	201	78

Of the 194 children under five years of age who are shown as having been immunised against Diphtheria, 166 were at the same time immunised against Whooping Cough.

The following table shows the position as regards the total number of children who have been immunised at any one time, and also as regards those who have been immunised or re-immunised during the last five years:-

Number of children who received primary or re-inforcing injections within the last 5 years (1954-58)			Number of children under 15 immunised more than 5 years ago (1944-53)	Total Number of Children Immunised 1944-58.
Aged Under 5	Aged 5 to 14	Total.		
757	1376	2133	1059	3192

Protection against Poliomyelitis.

In 1956, a British vaccine for protection against Poliomyelitis became available and parents of children born between 1947 and 1954 were invited to register. In May and November sufficient vaccine was received to enable 10% of those registered to be given two doses. In May, 1957 the Minister of Health decided to extend the offer of registration to those children born in 1955 and 1956. Few of these children were given vaccination during the year as the supplies of vaccine received were only sufficient to deal with registrations submitted in the previous year. In November, 1957, the Minister announced that it was proposed to import supplies of Salk vaccine from the United States and Canada during 1958 and in anticipation of this vaccination was available to all children born from 1943. During 1958, Salk vaccine was readily available and the waiting list was reduced to a minimum.

In September, 1958, the scheme was extended to include young adults up to the age of twenty-five years. It was also recommended that a third injection should be offered not less than seven months after the second injection to re-inforce and prolong the degree of immunity given by two injections.

At the end of the year the acceptance rate for children under fifteen years was approximately 62%. The response from young persons aged between fifteen and twenty-five years was most disappointing.

From the introduction of the scheme until December, 1958, 2,344 children living in the Rural District had received two injections against poliomyelitis.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES
IN THE DISTRICT.

Nursing.

A domiciliary nursing and midwifery service is available throughout the District as part of the County Council's scheme under the National Health Service Act.

District Nurse/Midwives are stationed at Pocklington, Market Weighton, Wilberfoss, Bubwith and Driffield.

Laboratory Facilities.

Bacteriological samples are examined at the Public Health Laboratory situated at Hull.

Routine samples of water are sent to this Laboratory for examination.

Ambulance Service.

Ambulances based at Pocklington and Market Weighton are available.

Treatment Centres and Clinics.

Child Welfare Clinics are held fortnightly at Pocklington and Market Weighton and monthly at Stamford Bridge and Warter.

Ophthalmic Clinics are held quarterly in Pocklington and Market Weighton.

Orthopaedic Clinics are held at York, Driffield and Beverley.

Tuberculosis Clinics are held at Driffield, Beverley and York.

Venereal Diseases Clinics are held at York and Hull.

Hospitals.

General medical and surgical cases are admitted to hospitals at York and Beverley. Maternity cases go to Fulford, Westow, Driffield or Beverley.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948.

It has not been necessary to take any action under Section 47 of this Act during the year.

The first part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The second part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The third part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The fourth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The fifth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The sixth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The seventh part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The eighth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The ninth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The tenth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The eleventh part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The twelfth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The thirteenth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The fourteenth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The fifteenth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The sixteenth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The seventeenth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

The eighteenth part of the century was marked by the discovery of gold in California, which led to a great influx of people to the West.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Rural District Council of Pocklington.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my sixth annual report on the public health circumstances of the District and of the work carried out by my Department during the year ended 31st December, 1958.

Mrs. D. Craddock, who had been employed in the Department for four years, left to take up an appointment in the office of the Medical Officer of Health and Mrs. G. Franks was appointed to succeed her. There were no other staff changes during the year.

I should like to place on record my appreciation for the ready assistance my staff and other Officers have given to me and to the Members of the Council for their support.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

F. HOLMAN,

Chief Public Health Inspector.

to the Department of the Interior
and the United States Geological Survey.

W. C. Calkins, Indiana and Oklahoma.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration.

Very respectfully,
W. C. Calkins, Indiana and Oklahoma.

I am, Sir, very truly,
Your obedient servant,
W. C. Calkins, Indiana and Oklahoma.

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WATER SUPPLY.

The water obtained from all sources is of good quality and no treatment, other than chlorination, is necessary.

During the year, work was commenced on the sealing of springs which were formerly in the ownership of Pocklington Water Company whose undertaking the Council had taken over in 1957. Further schemes of improvement to the reservoirs and chlorination houses were put in hand and the work was well under way when the year ended.

Kirby Underdale is the only village in the District that does not enjoy a direct mains supply from the Council's undertaking and during the year, plans were prepared for taking a new main to feed the community. It was hoped that all preparations would be complete to allow a start to be made to the work in the summer months of 1959.

Work on the preparation of the second stage of the co-ordination scheme was completed and at the end of the year, notification had been received that an enquiry would be held in January, 1959, with a view to the scheme being incorporated in the general system.

It was a comparatively wet summer and there was no undue demand on the system as a whole and throughout the area the supplies to the rural district and neighbouring authorities was well maintained.

53 new connections were made and the metered supplies total 1,158.

The main details of the water system are as follows :-

Chalk Springs : Kirby Underdale, Millington, Warton and Givendale Valley.

Borehole: Market Wighton.

Pumping Stations: Kirby Underdale, Market Wighton, Millington and Warton.

It can be said that the District is supplied in three zones, all of which are interconnected with link mains.

NORTHERN ZONE.

4" and 3" diameter Spun Iron Distribution Mains to all Parishes.

Trunk Main. Kirby Underdale to Stamford Bridge, 6" diameter spun iron.

Reservoirs:

Garrowby. a) 100,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.
b) 50,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Kirby Underdale. a) 10,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.
b) 10,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Bishop Wilton. 10,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Watterman Hole. 100,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Givendale. 5,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

CENTRAL ZONE.

5", 4" and 3" diameter Spun Iron Distribution Mains to all Parishes.

Trunk Mains: Millington to Pocklington Wood, 9" and 6" diameter spun iron.
Pocklington Wood to Barmby Moor, 8", 7" and 6" diameter spun iron.
Barmby Moor to Hayton, 6" diameter spun iron.
5" steel and iron rising mains from Millington to Garrowby.
Ousethorpe to Pocklington, 5" diameter.

Reservoirs:

Millington. a) 35,000 gallons Mass Concrete Reservoir.
b) 5,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.
c) 5,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.
d) 10,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Pocklington Wood. 500,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Barmby-on-the-Moor. 40,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Water Tower.

Pocklington. 150,000 gallons Brick with Cast Iron Roof Reservoir.

SOUTHERN ZONE.

5", 4" and 3" diameter Spun Iron Mains to all Parishes.

Trunk Mains:

Warter to Harswell, 9" and 8" diameter spun iron.
Warter to Hayton, 6" diameter spun iron.
Hayton to Bielby, duplicate 6" diameter spun iron.
Hayton to Market Weighton, 6" diameter spun iron.

Reservoirs:

Loaningdale. a) 20,000 gallons Mass Concrete Reservoir.
b) 5,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Warter. a) 15,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.
b) 25,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Burnby. 500,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Londesborough. 1,000 gallons Brick Break Pressure Tank.

Shiptonthorpe. 25,000 gallons Concrete Water Tower.

Market Weighton. 150,000 gallons Brick Reservoir with corrugated iron roof.

Sancton. 15,000 gallons Reinforced Concrete Reservoir.

Bulk supplies are fed to Howden R. D. C. and Beverley R. D. C. at Shipton Lane, Laytham and Ellerton. Norton R. D. C. receives a supply at Thixendale and further connections are provided at Elvington (Derwent R. D. C.) and Stamford Bridge (Flaxton R. D. C.) which can be used in times of emergency.

There is approximately 200 miles of mains in the District.

The water extracted during the year was 298,173,000 gallons.

183 samples of water were submitted for bacteriological examination during the year, and the following is the detailed analysis of the reports :-

Kirby Underdale Regional Supply.

Chlorinated Water :

Satisfactory	....	32.
Unsatisfactory	....	4.

Untreated Water :

Satisfactory	....	12.
Unsatisfactory	....	-

Millington Regional Supply.

Chlorinated Water :

Satisfactory	....	31.
Unsatisfactory	....	1.

Untreated Water :

Satisfactory	....	15.
Unsatisfactory	....	1.

Warter Regional Supply.

Chlorinated Water :

Satisfactory	....	32.
Unsatisfactory	....	-

Untreated Water :

Satisfactory.	....	-
Unsatisfactory	....	-

Market Weighton Regional Supply.

Chlorinated Water :

Satisfactory	....	20.
Unsatisfactory	....	-

Untreated Water :

Satisfactory	....	-
Unsatisfactory	....	-

Newbald Regional Supply.

Chlorinated Water :

Satisfactory	....	11.
Unsatisfactory	....	-

Untreated Water :

Satisfactory	....	-
Unsatisfactory	....	-

Pocklington Town Supply.

Chlorinated Water :

Satisfactory	....	10.
Unsatisfactory	....	3.

Untreated Water :

Satisfactory	....	7.
Unsatisfactory	....	1.

Miscellaneous Samples.

Untreated Water :

Satisfactory	....	-
Unsatisfactory	....	3.

Particulars of the number of dwellinghouses and the number of the population supplied from public water mains (a) direct to the house, (b) by means of standpipes and (c) from other private sources, are set out in the following tables.

Parish	Number of Houses	Cat. 1 - Number supplied direct from Public Main	Cat. 2 - Number supplied from Standpipes	Cat. 3 - Number supplied from other private sources	Population figures for respective categories		
					Cat. 1	Cat. 2	Cat. 3
Allerthorpe	60	60	Nil	Nil	225	-	-
Barnby Moor	175	173	"	2	528	-	10
Bielby	51	51	"	Nil	178	-	-
Bishop Wilton	156	147	"	9	495	-	27
Bugthorpe	48	46	"	2	166	-	8
Catton	79	74	"	5	260	-	17
Cottingham	81	78	"	3	290	-	12
Everingham	85	84	"	1	307	-	5
Fangfoss	88	85	"	3	375	-	10
Full Sutton	44	44	"	Nil	308	- Incl. R.A.F. Camp	-
Goodmanham	89	83	"	6	212	-	21
Hayton	91	91	"	Nil	308	-	-
Huggate	94	94	"	Nil	348	-	-
Kirby Underdale	50	14	"	36	90	Estate Supply	92
Londesborough	65	63	"	2	227	-	7
Market Weighton	726	715	"	11	2048	-	32
C/Pd	1982	1902	Nil	80	6365	-	241

Parish	Number of Houses	Cat. 1 - Number supplied direct from Public Main	Cat. 2 - Number supplied from Standpipes	Cat. 3 - Number supplied from other private sources	Population figures for respective categories		
					Cat. 1	Cat. 2	Cat. 3
B/Fd	1982	1902	Nil	80	6365	-	241
Melbourne	147	147	Nil	Nil	493	-	-
Millington	75	73	"	2	217	-	9
Nunburnholme	68	61	"	7	186	-	30
Pocklington	1069	1066	"	3	3304	-	9
Sancton	115	106	2	7	348	8	25
Seaton Ross	128	128	"	Nil	385	-	-
Shiptonthorpe	144	144	"	Nil	420	-	-
Skirpenbeck	25	25	"	Nil	94	-	-
South Gliffe	42	39	"	3	136	-	11
Stamford Bridge	196	194	"	2	548	-	4
Sutton-on-Derwent	96	95	"	1	324	-	6
Thornton	39	38	"	1	136	-	2
Warter	82	82	"	Nil	299	-	-
Wilberfoss	215	214	"	1	644	-	4
Yapham	57	57	"	Nil	191	-	-
	4480	4371	2	107	14,090	8	341

REFUSE COLLECTION.

The collection of house refuse is carried out weekly in Pocklington and Market Weighton, and fortnightly in the remaining parishes.

Two vehicles of the 'Fore and Aft Tipping' type and driven by diesel engine are in operation to carry out the collections and two tips are used at Yapham Mill, Pocklington and Skelfrey near Market Weighton. The bulk of the refuse is deposited at Yapham Mill and towards the end of the year, it was felt that the size of this tip warranted full time attention. With a view to having this requirement fulfilled, the Council made arrangements to employ a full-time attendant during the financial year 1959/60 and that in the interval an attempt should be made to purchase the tip outright.

SEWAGE PURIFICATION AND DISPOSAL.

There were no new schemes of sewage disposal or sewers constructed during the year, but work of preparation for future schemes were continued. There were no serious obstructions in the sewers and the cleansing of open watercourses, which are more or less sewers, was carried out successfully by hired labour.

HOUSING.

Twenty three-bedroomed houses and six two-bedroomed bungalows were constructed during the year on sites at Pocklington and Barmby Moor respectively. A further contract for twenty-two dwellings in the ratio of ten bungalows and twelve flats was started at Pocklington and the construction of a further block of four flats on a re-developed site at Pocklington was well under way.

Since 1945, 732 houses of the following types have been built by the Council :-

Traditional Brick Houses	579
Airey Prefabricated Houses	100
Swedish Timber Houses	8
Temporary Houses, Aluminium	45
	<hr/>
	732

The above houses have been erected in the following Parishes :-

<u>Parishes</u>	<u>Number of Houses.</u>		
	<u>Pre-War.</u>	<u>Post War.</u>	
		<u>Perm.</u>	<u>Temp. Bungalows.</u>
Allerthorpe	4	4	-
Barmby Moor	-	22	-
Bielby	4	-	-
Bishop Wilton	8	20	-
Catton	-	10	-
Cliffo	-	7 [⌘]	-
Cottingham	-	10	-
Everingham	-	8 [⌘]	-
Fangfoss	8	18 [⌘]	-
Full Sutton	-	6	-
Goodmanham	12	8	-
Hayton	8	8	-
Huggate	-	10	-
Market Weighton	83	138	15
Melbourn	4	12	-
Millington	-	6	-
Nunburnholme	8	-	-
Pocklington	28	226	30
Sancton	12	24	-
Seaton Ross	-	12	-
Shiptonthorpe	-	18 [⌘]	-
Skirpenbeck	-	6	-
Stamford Bridge	-	56	-
Sutton on Derwent	-	26 [⌘]	-
Thornton	8	-	-
Wilberfoss	4	32 [⌘]	-
	<u>191</u>	<u>687</u>	<u>45</u>

[⌘] Includes War Agricultural Cottages.

At the end of the year, there were approximately 350 applicants for Council Houses.

Inspections of Dwellinghouses during the Year.

(1)	(a)	Total number of dwellinghouses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	112
	(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose ..	347
(2)	(a)	Number of dwellinghouses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 to 1932	Nil
	(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose ..	Nil
(3)		Number of dwellinghouses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation.. ..	42
(4)		Number of dwellinghouses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceeding sub-head) found not to be in all respects fit for human habitation	26

Romey of Defects during the year Without Service of Formal Notices.

Number of defective dwellinghouses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	25
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Houses Officially Represented by the Medical Officer of Health.

Mill House, Millington.
Nos. 1,2 and 3, Brook Cottages, Barmby Moor.
26, New Street, Pocklington.
White House, Sutton on Derwent.
Two Cottages, Middle Street, Barmby Moor.
Nos. 1,2/4,3,5 and 7 Church Lane, Pocklington.
12, Stathors Yard, Pocklington.
3, Cherry Orchard, Pocklington.
90/92, and 106, Bridge Street, Pocklington.
Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7 and 9 Towle's Yard, Pocklington.
3, Pem Lane, Pocklington.
Nos. 2, 3, 4/5 and 6 Garden Place, Market Weighton.
Two Hutments, Holme Road, Market Weighton.
Cottage at Sutton on Derwent (formerly known as Ivy Cottage)
Nos. 2, 4 and 6 Deans Lane, Pocklington.
Church House, Barmby Moor.
Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Millington.
Three cottages at Town Street, Shiptonthorpe.
Cottage, Church View, Barmby Moor.

Demolition Orders made during the year.

Two Cottages, Middle Street, Barmby Moor.
Cottage at Southgate, Market Wighton.
Mill House, Millington.
26, New Street, Pocklington.
1 - 10, Ramsdale Terrace, Canal Head, Pocklington.
Sandfield, Fooffeo Lane, Yapham.

Closing Orders Made During the Year.

81, Bishop Wilton.
Nos. 2, 3, 4/5 and 6 Garden Place, Market Wighton.
13, Chapmangate, Pocklington.
3, Cherry Orchard, Pocklington.
Nos. 2, 3 and 4 Church Lane, Pocklington.
12, Stather's Yard, Pocklington.
3, Towle's Yard, Pocklington.
Nos. 90/92 and 106, Bridge Street, Pocklington.
Nos. 2, 4 and 6 Deans Lane, Pocklington.
Black Cottage, Stamford Bridge.

Undertakings accepted during the year.

White House, Sutton on Dorwent.
3, Pem Lane, Pocklington.

Improvement Grants - Housing Acts, 1949/57 and Housing Financial Provisions Act, 1958.

Number of applications	11
Number accepted	11
Total expenditure	£8,887. 11. 7d.
Amount given in Grants	£2,743. 0. 0d.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTIONS OF THE AREA - PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936.

Dwellinghouses :-

Complaints received	..	..	..	..	28
Complaints confirmed	..	..	..	..	28
Informal Notices served	..	..	..	..	28
Informal Notices complied with	..	..	..	..	28
Statutory Notices served	..	..	..	..	Nil
Statutory Notices complied with	..	..	..	..	Nil
Inspections made for the purpose	..	..	..	..	89
Water supply .. .. .	..	..	..	..	245
Sewers .. .. .	..	..	..	..	39
Sewage Disposal .. .. .	..	..	..	..	71
Public Conveniences .. .. .	..	..	..	..	30
Refuse Collections and Disposal .. .. .	..	..	..	..	25
Drains .. .. .	..	..	..	..	63
Cesspools and Septic Tanks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	32
Drain Tests .. .. .	..	..	..	..	61
New Buildings .. .. .	..	..	..	..	167
Accumulations .. .. .	..	..	..	..	5
Insanitary Conditions .. .. .	..	..	..	..	7
Infectious Disease .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1
Places of Public Entertainment .. .. .	..	..	..	..	3
Moveable Dwellings .. .. .	..	..	..	..	5
Ponds and Watercourses .. .. .	..	..	..	..	52
Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	12
Animals and Poultry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	7

SLAUGHTERHOUSES AND MEAT INSPECTION - FOOD AND DRUGS ACT.

There are eight licenced slaughterhouses in the District in the following Parishes :-

Pocklington	...	...	...	4.
Market Weighton...	...	...	...	1.
Stamford Bridge...	...	...	...	1.
Wilberfoss	...	...	...	1.
Seaton Ross	...	...	...	1.

Routine inspection was carried out at all the slaughterhouses and 100% inspection service was maintained - 772 visits being made. Butchers continued to slaughter at the same time as in previous years and it was only on very isolated occasions that your Officers were called to carry out inspections outside normal office hours.

The operations in these premises were carried out in a satisfactory manner and no action was necessary to ensure good public health practice being upheld.

Details of the number of animals inspected and the % of meat condemned are listed in the following table :-

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	527	9	7	1,416	2,656	Nil
Number inspected	527	9	7	1,416	2,656	Nil
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticercosis</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	Nil	Nil	1	2	3	Nil
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	17	Nil	Nil	6	9	Nil
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis or cysticerci	3.22%	Nil	14.28%	0.56%	0.45%	Nil
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	1	Nil
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	13	Nil	Nil	Nil	9	Nil
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	2.46%	Nil	14.28%	Nil	0.37%	Nil
<u>Cysticercosis.</u>						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Generalised and totally condemned	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

FOOD PREMISES.

The number of food premises and type of business carried on is given hereunder :-

			<u>Registered Premises.</u>	
General Stores	..	77		
Fish Shops	..	7	Ice-Cream Premises	54
Sweets	..	7	Butchers Shops	.. 10
Cafes	..	7	Dairies	.. 7
Refreshment Rooms		2		
Inspections made			.. ..	342.

CONDEMNED FOOD.

Condemned meat from Slaughterhouses is collected and taken to a destructor. Unsound tins are disposed of in the Refuse Collection Service and details of condemnations are given hereunder :-

<u>Description</u>	<u>Tins</u>	<u>Weight.</u>	
Apricots	13	13 lbs.	14 ozs.
Apricot (Conserve)	3	6 lbs.	
Beans (Runner)	1		9½ ozs.
Beans (Baked)	4	2 lbs.	
Carrots	3	3 lbs.	2 ozs.
Cherries	1	1 lb.	4 ozs.
Corned Beef	4	8 lbs.	4 ozs.
Crawfish	1		3½ ozs.
Cream	1		6 ozs.
Fruit Salad	17	15 lbs.	14½ ozs.
Gooseberries	4	5 lbs.	
Grapefruit Juice	5	6 lbs.	2 ozs.
Grapefruit Segments	6	7 lbs.	14 ozs.
Ham & Chicken	2		10 ozs.
Ham (Boneless)	5	48 lbs.	14 ozs.
Luncheon Meat	19	13 lbs.	11 ozs.
Milk (Evaporated)	28		52¼ pints.
Oranges	16	11 lbs.	
Peaches	39	51 lbs.	3½ ozs.
Pears	13	18 lbs.	3½ ozs.
Peas	21	19 lbs.	5 ozs.
Pineapples	77	85 lbs.	8 ozs.
Pineapple Juice	3	3 lbs.	12 ozs.
Pork (Chopped)	3	2 lbs.	5 ozs.
Rice Pudding	1		10 ozs.
Sardines	1		8 ozs.
Salmon	1		15½ ozs.
Soup	17	13 lbs.	5½ ozs.
Stowed Steak	12	19 lbs.	
Strawberries	9	5 lbs.	10 ozs.
Tomatoes	16	15 lbs.	12 ozs.
Tongue	1	6 lbs.	0

FOOD HYGIENE REGULATIONS, 1955/56.

In the course of routine visits to various premises, advice was given from time to time, with a view to the general raising of the standards. Improvements to premises throughout the District were maintained and no statutory action had to be contemplated in any case.

SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS, 1953.

There are forty-one registered slaughtermen on the Council's Register. One new application was received during the year and a licence was granted.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

All complaints received were investigated and dealt with, and many routine treatments at the Council's tips, sewers and sewage works were carried out. Several business premises were inspected and disinfection measures were taken where necessary.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937/48.

The following list of factories shows the types of trade being carried on in the Rural District during the year :-

Mechanical.

Blacksmiths	2.
Boot and Shoe Repairers	2.
Corn Drier and Grinder	2.
Carpenters and Joiners	11.
Egg Packing and Grading	1.
Electrical Generating & Transformers	7.
Fish Fillet & Fishcake Making	1.
Garage & Motor Repairers	19.
Maltster	1.
Plastic Products	1.
Poultry Dressing	1.
Printers	4.
Coal Gas Manufacturers	2.
Tailors	3.
Vegetable Washer	2.

Non-Mechanical.

Tailor	1.
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Inspections.

With mechanical power	38.
Without mechanical power	1.
Outworkers	1.

