[Report 1966] / Medical Officer of Health, Oswestry Borough.

Contributors

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I

BOROUGH OF OSWESTRY

ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE WORK OF THE

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

FOR THE YEAR

1966

00000



BOROUGH OF OSWESTRY

Area (Acres)	2,180
Population (Est.)	1.2,120
Inhabited houses according to Rate Book	4,178
Rateable Value	490,184
Product of a Penny Rate (Est.) £2,	000.0.0

Milkes, C.H.

Jones, W.G. Llewellin, R.A.C Morris, A.M.

TOWN CLIEK: Cubitt, R.S. (Resigned October, 1966).

A . HITTH TOMN CLIRK: Firth, A.

OSWESTRY BOROUGH COUNCIL (as at December, 1966)

MAYOR:

Councillor R.D.J. Jones, J.P.

DEPUTY MAYOR:

Councillor C. Edwards

ALDERMEN:

Campbell, S.G.D., O.B.E., B.E.M., J.P. Edwards, S.H. Francis, T.M. Hundley, E.M. Pritchard, H.E. Roberts, W.J., J.P.

COUNCILLORS:

Beauclerk, A.A. De Vere Davies, G.A. Davies, J.W.T. Edwards, C. Edwards, Mrs. M.A. Fields, J.E. Jackson, C.V. Jones, W.G. Llewellin, P.A.C. Morris, A.M. Nicholls, H.W. Pritchard, G.O. Roberts, Mrs. K.G. Roberts, R. Symon, Mrs. P.C.M. Watkin, W., J.P. Wilkes, G.H.

TOWN CLERK: Cubitt, R.S. (Resigned October, 1966).

ACTING TOWN CLERK: Firth, A.

HEALTH, BATHS AND PARKS COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN:

Alderman T. M. Francis

MAYOR:

Councillor R.D.J. Jones, J.P.

ALDERMEN:

Campbell, S.G.D., O.B.E., B.E.M., J.P. Francis, T. M. Hundley, E. M. Pritchard, H.E.

COUNCILLORS:

Beauclerk, A. A. De Vere Edwards, C Field, J. E. Jackson, C. V. Morris, A. M. Roberts, Mrs. K. G. Roberts, R. Symon, Mrs. P. C. M.

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

Medical Officer of Health:

WILLIAM MOCRE, M.B., B.Ch., D.Obst. R.C.O.G., D.T.M.H., D.P.H.,
Public Health Department, 8, Oswald Road, Oswestry.

Tel: Oswestry 2588

Chief Public Health Inspector:

RONALD J. LEWIS, F.A.P.H.I., CERT. MEAT INSP., DIP. R.I.P.H.H.

Additional Public Health Inspector:

GEOFFREY PLANT, M.A.P.H.I., (CERT. P.H.I.E.B.)

Clerical Staff:

Miss L. Williams.

* Miss D. Jones.

* Resigned August, 1966.

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Report of Chief Public Health Inspector

TO THE MAYOR, ALDERMEN AND COUNCILLORS OF THE OOFWESTRY BOROUGH COUNCIL

Your Worship, Ladies and Gentlemen,

In view of the resignation of Dr. William Moore in March, 1967, as his successor I have taken the liberty of writing this foreword, and have the pleasure of presenting for your perusal the Annual Report for the year 1966.

The Report has been presented in the form indicated by the Ministry of Health, which includes the Vital Statistics of the Borough.

Live births numbered 203 compared with 184 in the previous year representing a Live Birth Rate of 16.74 per thousand population, an increase of 1.46. Total deaths numbered 145 compared with 124 in 1965 and also representing an increase amounting to 1.67, making the Death Rate 11.96 per thousand population. The main causes of death continue to be due to malignant disease and cardiovascular diseases and most of the increase was due to heart disease.

The Birth Rate remains slightly lower than for England and Wales generally (17.7), and the Death Rate slightly higher (England and Wales 11.7).

Perinatal Mortality Rate, that is stillbirths and deaths under one week of age per thousand live and still births has to some extent replaced the Stillbirth Rate as a significant Vital Statistic reflecting on the health and welfare of the mother and the standard of medical and other care exercised by, and on behalf of the mother. In 1965, the Perinatal Mortality Rate was 21.50 (England and Wales 26.9), but in 1966 it had declined to 14.63.

The Infant Mortality Rate which in 1965 stood at 10.86 (England and Wales 19.0) was as low as 4.92 in 1966 there being only one infant death. The Infant

Mortality Rate is to some extent indicative of the social conditions and degree of community care prevailing in the area, and both of these statistics reflect favourably on the standard of health and social conditions in the area, and on the degree and quality of the medical care which is being provided by the medical and nursing personnel in and around Oswestry. To this may be added the gratifying fact that the Maternal Mortality Rate was once again 0.00, and although the population is relatively small and the actual number of births limited as a consequence, this can hardly be bettered.

There was a considerable increase in the notification of infectious disease and as usual this was largely accounted for by measles. This disease which is endemic in this country has the tendency to recur in epidemie form in alternate years. In 1965, 39 cases were notified, but in 1966 they had risen to 200. Although uncommonly fatal it is the remaining common infectious disease which is likely to produce an illness severe enough to result in serious consequences for the sufferer, almost invariably a child. Yet how lightly this disease is frequently accepted by parents. With the recent introduction of effective vaccination against this distressing condition we may now begin to see its decline as we have witnessed the virtual disappearance of diphtheria and poliomyelitis, and the very obvious decline of pulmonary tuberculosis with only 2 notifications of the latter during the year. However, these gratifying observations only serve to highlight the need for continued vigilance on the part of parents, for the continuance of this desirable state of affairs concerning serious infectious diseases is dependent upon the continued enthusiasm for, and acceptance by parents of, the need for vaccination and immunisation.

One of the most important functions of any health department is the promotion of all aspects of health education, and this is most likely to succeed through the personal contacts between the general public and all workers in the field of health promotion. However, example must also play an important part, and the part played by both individual personnel and by the care exercised by a local authority to ensure that the standards of the

community are maintained at the highest level of which it is capable, will be amply rewarded in the long run. Much of this work of promoting a healthy community is ultimately dependent upon the response of individual members of that community and, for example, the careless and uncleanly behaviour of one food handler may vitiate the efforts of a health department. A newcomer to Oswestry cannot fail to be impressed by the standards which have resulted from a vigilant Public Health Department and a responsible Local Authority.

It has been said that the more efficient a public health department is, the less likely it is to attract attention; and it is fair to state that the average person does not realise the effort that goes into making his life a safe and healthy one. It is all too easy to forget that all our meat is carefully inspected, that the cleanliness and quality of our food and drink is carefully controlled, that the standard of our working and living conditions is kept under surveillance and control, that our streets are kept clean and that our sanitation and scavenging is satisfactory. The public health inspector bears most of the responsibility for implementing these services and maintaining a healthy environment.

This will be the last Annual Report to the Borough of Oswestry as a separate health authority and I would like to take this opportunity of thanking Mr. R. J. Lewis, whose excellent contribution appears at the end of this report, for his diligent promotion of the public health during his period as Chief Public Health Inspector to the Borough of Oswestry and of congratulating him on the results so obviously achieved. We are indeed fortunate that we will continue to benefit from his services. I would also like to thank Miss Williams, secretary to the Health Department, not only for her patient and able assistance in compiling this Annual Report, but also for the effort she has put into making the smooth running of the Health Department successful.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

KENNETH E. JONES,

Medical Officer of Health.

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1966

Live Births	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	104	80	184
Illegitimate	15	4	19
d advate files bue evil letes con. I	119	84	203
The state of the s			
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population	• • • •		16.7
Live Birth Rate after correction by comparabili	ty fact	tor	16.2
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total live	birth	3	9.3
Still Births	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	(te) ba	2	2
	roo - ate	. 2	2
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			0.7
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 total live and still	births	3	9.7
Total Live and Still Births	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	104	82	186
Illegitimate	15	4	19
out nothing william age to de	119	86	205
Infant Dontha (dontha undan 1 wan)	Male	Female	Total
Infant Deaths (deaths under 1 year)	Mare	22	
Legitimate	-	1	1
		1	7
Infant Mortality Rates			
Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births			4.9
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate 1			5.4
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitima	re TIA	DILLUS	0.0

Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births)	4.9
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births)	4.9
Perinatal Mortality Rate (still births and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and still births	14.6
Maternal Mortality (including abortion)	
Number of deaths	Nil
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still births	0.00
Male Female	Total
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	TILL
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	-
Deaths from Diarrhoea (all ages)	2005
Deaths from all other causes	145
Death Rate per 1,000 population	11.9
Death Rate after correction by comparability factor	12.6

BIRTHS, DEATHS, STILL BIRTHS, INFANT MORTALITY, MATERNAL MORTALITY,

FOR THE YEAR 1966

		Rirth		Death		Still Rinth		Tnfant		Motown
OSWESTRY M.B.	Rate Live per Births 1,000 Pop.	Rate per 1,000 Pop.	Total	Rate per 1,000 Pop.	Still Births	Rate per 1,000 Live and Still Births	Infant	Infant Rate Deaths per 1,000 Live Births	Maternal Deaths	Mortality Rate per 1,000 Live and Still Births
	203	203 16.7	145 11.9	11.9	2	9.7	1	6.4		00.00
COUNTY OF SALOP (1965)	5,782	18.23	5,782 18.23 3,454 10.89	10.89	105	17.83	103	17.81	н	0.17
ENGLAND AND WALES	000,648	17.7	849,000 17.7 564,000 11.7		13,200	15.3	16,070	18.9	223	0.26

CAUSES OF DEATH

CAUSE	1966	1965
Tuberculosis, respiratory Other forms of Tuberculosis Syphilitic disease Diphtheria Whooping Cough Meningococcal infection Acute Poliomyelitis Measles Other infective and parasitic diseases Malignant neoplasm, stomach Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus Malignant neoplasm, uterus Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms Leukaemia, aleukaemia Diabetes Vascular lesions of the nervous system Coronary disease, angina Hypertension with heart disease Other heart disease Other circulatory disease Influenza Pneumonia Bronchitis Other diseases of the respiratory system Ulcer of the stomach and duodenum Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea Nephritis and Nephrosis Hyperplasia of prostate Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion Congenital malformations Other defined and ill-defined diseases Motor vehicle accidents All other accidents Suicide Homicide and the operations of war		11 - 2072167 - 691 - 1 - 2 - 16 - 31 - 124

Rate per 1,000 Population	1,81	1.95	2.24
Total	22	619	108,142
ths F.	6	17.2	49,577
Deaths M.	13	348	58,565 49,577 108,142
1 h W	11	COUNTY OF SALOP (1965)	ENGLAND & WALES

INFANT MORTALITY

	Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000	Live Births	4.92
-	Combined		1
	Total	I. F. M. F. M. F. M. F. M. F.	- 1
	12	[24	-
	1 - 3 3 - 6 6 - 9 9 - 12 months months months	M.	-
	9 shs	[F4	1
1	6 - mont	M.	1
	6 hs	표.	-
0	3 - mont	M.	1
1	ths	표.	- 1
1	l mom	M.	1
		F.	1
	7 days month	M.	1
		Eri	1
	1 - 7	F. M. F. M.	1
	Under 1 day	F.	7
	Under	M.	1
	OSWESTRY		

NEO-NATAL MORTALITY

3	Deaths of	s of	Percentage of	Rate per
	infants	nts	total infant	1,000
OSWESTRY	under 1	1 month	deaths	Live Births
F1, D.	M. F.	Total	Bhounouts	South Service
	1 1	N	100	4.92
The same of the same of the same of				

NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Whooping	나		Н	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1
Who	M.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı
Scarlet	표.	1	7	1	1	1	n	1	1	1		1	1	4
Sca	M.	1	,	1	1	٦	7	1	1	-1	1	1	1	2
nonia	F1	-	1	1	'	1	1	7	1	1	7	-	-	2
Pneumonia	M.	1	1	1		1	1	1	•	1	-	1	1	1
Les	F.	4	00	6	14	11	44	1	7	1	1	-	2	93
Measles	M.	2	2	4	14	13	1 9	7	7	1	1	1	1	107
ery	F.	1	,	1	1	1	7	1	,	1	1	,	-	1
Dysentery	M.	ı	1	1	,	,	1			1		1	-	2
Age		9	-	2-	٣.	-+	7	10-	15-	-52-	45-	over	Unknown	Total

MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Disease	Jan. Feb	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. May	May	Jun.	. Jul.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Dysentery		,	2	1		'	1	-	1	,	1	'
Measles	,	1		17	7	84	118	27	18.1	7	1	4
Pneumonia	1	2		1	1	1		ı			1	,
Scarlet Fever	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	-
Whooping Cough		1		1		1	1	1	1	•	1	

TUBERCULOSIS 1966

At the end of the year the total number of cases on the register was seventy-seven; again forty-seven males and thirty females.

The Mass Radiography Unit visited the Borough at two-monthly intervals throughout the year.

Details of notification are as follows:-

	Respin	ratory F.	Non-res	spiratory F.	Tot	F.
Civilian cases Service cases Transfer	2 - 1	1010 S	510 <u>1</u> 07 0	to demonstrate of	2 - 1	EA C
Total	3	-	-	-	3	-
Cured Left district Deaths	2 1 1	-Y71600	0UA_ 120	ART JACO	1 1 1	-

Number of cases on the register at the end of the year:-

Respin	ratory	Non-res	Total		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
43	21	3	9	46	30

Number of primary notifications during the year 2

Death Rate (Respiratory Tuberculosis) per 1,000 population 0.82

Death Rate (Respiratory Tuberculosis) per 1,000 population

England & Wales 0.43

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS

Apart from routine medical inspections which I carry out in schools and clinics, I carry out from time to time -

- (a) Pre-employment Examination of all entrants to local government service employed by Oswestry Borough Council.
- (b) Examination to ascertain the fitness of children (aged 13 years and over) to engage in part-time work outside school hours. The scope and duration of this employment is strictly controlled by law. (Children and Young Persons Act, 1933).
- (c) All entrants to the teaching profession.
- (d) The assessment of the fitness of various individuals to continue their present employment.

LOCAL HEALTH AUTHORITY CLINICS

Under the National Health Service Act, 1946 the County Council, the local health authority, provide child welfare clinics. The Clinic in Oswestry is held at 30, Upper Brook Street every Wednesday from 9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and from 1.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Immunisation against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus are provided as well as vaccination against smallpox. Facilities are also available for immunisation against poliomyelitis.

Welfare foods - orange juice, cod liver oil preparations, other vitamin preparations, powdered milk, and cereals for babies - are all on sale at the clinics. These welfare foods are also on sale daily except Thursday.

The Clinic is staffed by experienced Health Visitors who can advise mothers on any problem connected with the rearing, feeding and management of babies and young children. A doctor is always in attendance.

DENTAL CLINICS

The Salop County Council provides a dental service for expectant and nursing mothers and for pre-school age and school age children. The aim of the School Dental Service is to ensure that, as far as is practicable, children will leave school without the loss of permanent teeth, free from dental disease and irregularity, and trained in the care of their teeth.

The dentist holds frequent weekly sessions in the clinic at Upper Brook Street, Oswestry.

CHILD GUIDANCE CLINICS

Two weekly sessions are held in Shrewsbury and two in Wellington. Sessions are also held in all parts of the county as and when the need arises. A Child Psychiatrist was appointed in 1965.

TUBERCULOSIS CLINICS

The Chest Physician attends at the Oswestry and District Hospital every Friday from 1.30 p.m. to 4 p.m., and at the Chest Clinic, Copthorne Hospital, Shrewsbury, every Wednesday from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

VENEREAL DISEASE CLINIC

Treatment is available at No.1, Belmont, Shrewsbury as follows:-

Females: Monday - 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Thursday - 5 p.m. to 7 p.m.

Males: Tuesday - 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Friday - 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.

AMBULANCE SERVICE

Under the National Health Service Act, it became the duty of the County Council, the local health authority, to make provisions for securing that ambulances and other means of transport are available for the conveyance of persons suffering from illness or mental defectiveness and expectant mothers or nursing mothers, from places in their area to places in or outside their area.

HOME HELP SERVICE

This service is provided by the Salop County Council as one of its functions under Part III of the National Health Service Act. It helps to maintain the aged and the sick in their homes. This excellent service is run in Oswestry and District by the supervisor Mrs. Crombie who has 31 Home Helps under her control.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1951

One case was dealt with under the above Act by the Medical Officer of Health during the year.

HOSPITAL FACILITIES

The following hospitals are administered by the Birmingham Regional Hospital Board which was constituted in accordance with the National Health Service Act.

Oswestry and District Hospital, The Robert Jones and Agnes Hunt Orthopaedic Hospital, The Royal Salop Infirmary, Copthorne Hospital, Monkmoor Hospital, The Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital.

The latter four are in Shrewsbury.

LABORATORY FACILITIES

Laboratory facilities are available at the Public Health Laboratory, Royal Salop Infirmary, Shrewsbury. The Bacteriologist is Dr. A. C. Jones, the Pathologist, Dr. G. Grant.

This service undertakes work for local authorities free of charge in so far as it is relevant to diagnosis. It is particularly invaluable in dealing expediously with the bacteriological examination of food samples.

NATIONAL BLOOD TRANSFUSION SERVICE

The following figures supplied by the Shropshire Branch include donors resident in the Oswestry Rural District. Public spirited members of the community continue to support the twice yearly sessions of this valuable service, but new volunteers are constantly needed to replace those leaving the district or reaching 'retiring age', and to keep pace with the ever increasing demand for blood transfusion as a part of Hospital treatment. Those of us who have received blood transfusions for ourselves or a member of our family, owe a debt of gratitude which no money can repay to these donors.

Attended	Bled	New Donors
303	282	23

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

WATER SUPPLY

I am indebted to the Water Engineer of the West Shropshire Water Board for the following figures on rainfall and water consumption in the area.

Rainfall at Penygwely Reservoirs for the year was -

No.1 - 53.76 inches.

No.2 - 53.485 inches

at Mount Reservoir - 43.44 inches

Total consumption of water for the year was 176,709,000 gallons.

The following figures are supplied by the kind co-operation of the Borough Surveyor's Department.

(1)	Number of premises supplied from public mains 4,686
(2)	Number of population supplied from public mains 12,120
	(a) direct to premises (1) 4,684
	(2)
	(b) by means of standpipes (1) 2
	(2)

Thirteen houses have private systems, four have wells and another four are supplied by Liverpool supply. One other house is supplied by Oswestry Rural District supply.

REPORTS OF ANALYSIS

(Raw Water)

CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL RESULTS

P	hysical:			
	Colour (Hazen)	20 20	Conductivity @ 20°C	100 micromhos/cm.
	Turbidity	20081 8 10 10 18090	Total Solids @ 180oC	60 mg/1.
		pH	7.50	
C	hemical:			
	Chloride (Cl)	8 mg/l	Total Hardness (CaCO3)	28 mg/l
	Ammonia, Free & Sali	ne (N) "	Calcium (CaCO ₃)	18 "
	Ammonia, Albuminoid	(N) 0 "	Non Carbonate Hardness	14 " "
	Nitrate (N)	0.8 "	Free Carbon Dioxide	0.8 "(8)
	Nitrite (N)	O (at)moori	Iron (Fe)	0 "(%) **1**18
	Oxygen Dissolved	10.16 "	Aluminium (Al)	0 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
	Oxygen Absorbed	1.68 "	Lead (Pb)	0 " 0
	Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)	14	Manganese (Mn)	0 " "
		Free Chlorine	0 mg/1.	

REPORTS OF ANALYSIS

(Filtered Water)

CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL RESULTS

Physical:			
Colour (Hazen)	0	Conductivity @ 20°C	100 micromhos/cm.
Turbidity	0 100	Total Solids @ 180°C	65 mg/1.
	рН	6.70	
Chemical:			
Chloride (Cl)	12 mg/1	Total Hardness (CaCO3)	32 mg/l.
Ammonia, Free & Saline (N)	0.050 "	Calcium (CaCO ₃)	16 "
Ammonia, Albuminoid (N)	0.050 "	Non Carbonate Hardness	24 "
Nitrate (N)	1.0 "	Free Carbon Dioxide	1.6 "
Nitrite (N)	0 10 11	Iron (Fe)	0.040 "
Oxygen Dissolved	9.84 "	Aluminium (Al)	0.09 "
Oxygen Absorbed	0.20 "	Lead (Pb)	0 "
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)	(8 "	Manganese (Mn)	0 "
Sweeting Dates Street	Free Chlorine	0 mg/l.	

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

Number	of	premi	se	s conne	ecte	ed to	pub.	lic a	sewers	3				•	. 1	+,652
Number	of	premi	se	conne	ecte	d to	sat:	isfa	ctory	priva	te					
							sewa	ge di	isposa	l wor	ks					44
Number	of	premi	se	s with	out	sati	sfac	tory	means	of						
								sev	vage d	lispos	al					5
						REF	USE	DIS	POSAL							
	N	umber	of	Wards	in	the	town								6	
	N	umber	of	Wards	whe	ere i	efus	e is	colle	ected					6	
			1	Methed	of	col	ecti	on:	Direc	et lab	our					
			1	Method	of	dist	osal	:	Conti	colled	ti	opi	ng.			

SDAREWER GHA ESAMEARS

BORCUGH OF OSWESTRY

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OF

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR 1966

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SECTION 2 - CONTROL OF LIVING CONDITIONS .		9-11
SECTION 3 - CONTROL OF WORKING CONDITIONS		12-15

Your Worship, Aldermen and Councillors,

This Annual Report is the last report for the Borough of Oswestry, which on April 1st 1967 was merged in the Oswestry Rural District Council. This report, prepared mainly before April 1st 1967, will be presented to the new Authority.

During the 14 years of my service with the Borough the Committee have always given me support in my endeavours to ensure that although relatively only a small authority we should nevertheless maintain a standard of environmental hygiene service that was both complete and modern, using new techniques and considering the latest problems. For this I am grateful to the Committee and the Council.

I must express my appreciation of the loyal support of Miss Williams and Mr. Plant - and during the first half of the year, Miss Jones.

I remain,

Your obedient Servant,

R. J. LEWIS,

Chief Public Health Inspector.

SECTION I - CONTROL OF FOOD

MEAT INSPECTION

Pigs	4,103	4,103	2	204	5.04		7	137	0.36
Sheep and Lambs	8,506	8,506	3	91	1.105	I S	Val	apter meent	inta s (1)
Calves	39	39	2	1	5.12		i bru	born	digang
Cows	1	1	18,50	1	-nov.to		1	is	Cate L.S.
Cattle excluding cows	1,532	1,532	TAMER	379	24.73	5	1	2	0.103
tautno	Number killed	Number inspected	ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS Whole carcases condemned	Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis	TUBERCULOSIS ONLY	Whole carcases condemned	Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis

Cysticercus Bovis generalised (carcase and offal condemned) - Nil (carcase frozen) - 3 (heads and offal condemned).

SLAUGHTERING FACILITIES

These consist of

- (a) A slaughterhouse run by a company formed by the local butchers (Oswestry & District Wholesale Meat Supply Co., Ltd.).
- (b) Two small private slaughterhouses.

Animals slaughtered and inspected.

Cattle	Calves	Sheep	Pigs
1,532	39	8,506	4,103

DETAILS OF CONDEMNATION

Cattle.

Abcesses 33 Livers; 2 Lungs; 1 part liver and skirt.

Actinomycosis 8 Heads.

Angioma 5 Livers; 2 part Livers.

Cirrhosis 6 Livers; 8 part Livers.

Contamination 9 Lungs; 2 Heads; 1 Heart; 1 part Liver.

Cysticercus Bovis 3 Heads and Offal.

Decomposition 3 Tails.

Echinococci 5 Livers; 3 Lungs.

Endocarditis 1 Heart.

Calves.

Emaciation/Ordema 1 Carcase.

Fascioliasis 122 Livers;

120 part Livers; 15 Lungs; 1 Pluck.

1) rungs, 1

Pericarditis 4 Hearts.

Peritonitis 4 Livers;

2 part Livers.

Pleurisy 27 Lungs.

Pneumonia 3 Lungs.

Cirrhosis 3 Livers.

Trauma 1 Spleen.

Tuberculosis 2 Lungs.

Tumour 1 Liver.

Injury (Contusion) 1 Carcase.

Details of condemnation continued

Sheep.

Arthritis 1 Leg; 1 Carcase.

Echinococci 11 Livers; 5 Plucks.

Fascioliasis 50 Livers.

Filaria 2 Lungs.

Injury 3 Legs; 1 Carcase & Offal.

Emaciation/Odema 1 Carcase.

Oedema 1 Lamb.

Necrosis 3 Livers.

Strongylus 5 Livers.

Tenuicollis 1 Lamb's Pluck.

Pigs.

Abcesses 2 Heads; 1 Leg; 1 Lungs; 1 part Liver; 1 Pluck.

Actinobacillosis 12 Heads; 1 Liver.

Adhesions 3 Plucks.

Ascarides Lumb 30 Livers; 3 part Livers.

Arthritis 4 Hindquarters.

Echinococci 1 Sow's Liver; 5 Livers; 1 Sow's Lungs; 1 Lungs.

Fascioliasis 6 Livers.

Hydatid Cysts 1 Kidney.

Hypostasis 6 Lungs.

Injury 2 Legs; 1 Shoulder;
1 Sow's Pluck; 1 Sow.

Necrosis 2 Kidneys.

Pericarditis 2 Hearts.

Peritonitis 3 Livers.

Pleurisy 1 Lights.

Pleurusy/Pericarditis 76 Plucks; Peritonitis. 2 Sow's Plucks.

Pneumonia 17 Lungs; 1 Plucks.

Pneumonia/Pleurisy 3 Lungs; 3 Plucks;

Pyaemia 1 Carcase.

Tortion 1 Sow's Spleen.

Tuberculosis 130 Heads; 1 Lungs; 5 Sow's Heads.

Cirrhosis 3 Livers.

Total weight condemned.

Tons Cwts. lbs.

3 7 6

OTHER UNSOUND FOOD SURRENDERED OR CONDEMNED

		Tons.	Cwts.	lbs.
Cooked Meat and meat prod			Total	34
Canned Meats	• • • • • • • • •		6	54
Fish		• • • • •	100000	24
Fruit and Vegetables			1	61
Other Foods			2	61
Frozen Chickens		supported to do	1	81
	То	tal -	12	91
FOOD	AND DRUGS ACT, 195	5		
	week . Tevil I p			
Number of Prosecutions un	der Section 2			. 1
Number of Prosecutions un	der Section 8			- Accord
Number of complaints of f	oreign bodies in fo	od		. 22
Road I remail VI shore	red Phil		Action t	alson
Food	Complaint	Sopia Live		STREET, P
Butter	Rancidity		Warning 1 No action	
Cereal	Mites	omingovan o	vo accion	
Confectionery:	TOTAL PROPERTY NAMED IN	NAME OF THE PARTY OF	BISTO DES	PPYH
(1) Chocolate Eclairs	Mould growth		Warning 1	
(2) Chelsea Bun	Cockroach		Warning 1	
(3) Apple Turnovers	Mould growth	And the second	Warning 1	etter
Cooked Meats:		binneh		
(1) Sausage meat	Maggot	-	Warning 1	etter
(2) Faggots in Gravy	Cigarette end	in the same of	Prosecuti	on
(3) Pork Pie	Piece of Plastic	1	Warning 1	etter
(4) Bacon	Maggot	1	Warning 1	etter
(5) Gammon	Maggot	1	Warning 1	etter

Foreign bodies continued

Jon Food	Complaint -	Action taken
Fish: Manager		
(1) Fish Fingers	Malodorous	No action
(2) Filleted Kip	pers Maggot	Warning letter
(3) Fillet of Co	d Round Worm	No action.
Milk:		
(1) Carton	Maggot	No action
(2) Bottle	Ball point pen	No action
(3) Bottle	Dirty bottle	Warning letter
(4) Bottle	Dirty bottle	Prosecution
Other Foods:		
(1) Chipped pota	toes Piece of glass	No action
(2) Forest Brown	Beer Used cork	No action
(3) Tin of Soup	Jelly-like substance	No action
Sweets:		
(1) Milky Bar	Maggot Mag Maggot	No action
(2) Easter Egg	Needle Needle	No action
Total amount of	Fines and Costs imposed under	Section 2 of the
	ct, 1955	
-faite avail recomm	A .qu patilase for easing up. A	-sealitesta bealmgooon
Total amount of	Fines and Costs imposed under	Sections 27 and 34
of the Milk and	Dairies (General) Regulations	

All food cases were thoroughly investigated and where there was any substance in the complaint the cases were reported to the Public Health Committee. The statement 'no action' against many of the cases listed

means that the circumstances were such that it was not possible to attribute responsibility. Warning letters were sent in those cases in which the Council or the Committee felt that formal legal action was not justified. In all cases where legal proceedings were taken, the defendants pleaded guilty and the prosecutions were successful. The strenuous investigation of food complaints is resulting in the number of complaints increasing; I do not think this is because food handling conditions are deteriorating, to the contrary I believe that with rising standards of food hygiene the public is expecting a higher standard, and knowing that complaints will be investigated bring them to our notice.

Contraventions of the Food Hygiene Regulations for which notices were served.

Regulation		Number of
Number		Notices served
		bon ten (1)
33		9

Following is a list of the various food premises in the Borough: -

Baking bread and confectionery

Hotels, Cafes, Snack Bars and Factory Canteens are included in this figure. Most of these premises have refrigerated storage, and use a recognised steriliser-detergent for washing up. A number have dishwashing machines which steam sterilise, or double-unit sterilising sinks.

(c)	Butchers													19
(d)	Fish Friers													9
(e)	Wet Fish									10				3
(f)	Grocers	30	1	1971	DIC	90	00		1	h	7	00	1	43

Food premises continued.

(f)	Greengrocers
(g)	Sweets
(h)	Licensed Houses
(i)	Market Halls (Powis Hall)
(j)	Mobile Shops
	(i) Grocery 3
	(ii) Greengrocery 3
(k)	Milk and Dairies
	Oswestry is a specially designated area; the bulk of milk
	being processed outside the town and distributed by local
	dealers. No complaints were received of the lack of keeping
	quality but two cases of dirty bottles and two cases of
	foreign bodies were brought to our notice.
(1)	Ice Cream
	(i) Producers Nil
	(ii) Retailers 69

Food Hygiene Education.

In conjunction with the College of Further Education, during 1966 a short '4 lecture' course for food handlers was run in the summer, and was followed in the autumn by the establishment of a course which is recognised as training for the Royal Society of Health Certificate in the Hygiene of Food Retailing and Catering.

POULTRY No. of poultry processing premises within the district . . . Nil

SECTION 2 - CONTROL OF LIVING CONDITIONS

HOUSING

During 1966 Slum Clearance progress was marked by

- (1) the confirmation of the Compulsory Purchase Order made on No.2 Clearance Area (Castle Street).
- (2) The Public Inquiry into the Compulsory Purchase Order on No.3 Clearance Area (Gate Street/Llwyn Road).
- (3) The continued redevelopment of the site of Clearance Area No.1.

(A) REPAIR - HOUSING AND PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS

Number of houses rendered fit after service of notices:

20 39383	Section and I Housing	16	Public H and sim Local A	nilar	Total	5
	Informal	Formal	Informal	Formal	Informal	Formal
By owner	19	-	-	8	19	8

(B) BEYOND REPAIR - HOUSING ACT 1957

(a) INDIVIDUAL HOUSES

(b) CLEARANCE AREAS

Represented during Year:-

Number of people to be displaced

- (a) individuals 265
- (b) families 90

CONTROL OF LIVING CONDITIONS

Housing Clearance areas continued.

Houses	demolished by Local	Authorities or Own	ners
		(a) unfit	23
		(b) others	
Number	of people displaced	(a) individuals	18
		(b) families	9

COMMON LODGING HOUSE

The only common lodging house was closed during the year by the owner of the building in preparation for redevelopment of the site.

PLACES OF ENTERTAINMENT

The two Cinemas had their annual inspection and a Certificate regarding their cleanliness, ventilation and adequacy of facilities was submitted to the Magistrates. A strong request for hot water hand washing facilities for the patrons was resisted by the owners, because of the fears of vandalism.

LICENSING ACT, 1961

Registered Clubs are inspected at the time of initial registration and thereafter at annual intervals.

VERMIN CONTROL

The elimination of rats in the sewers is a major achievement, and one that would not have seemed possible ten years ago. The Town still has scattered rat infestations which tend to form a pattern showing rats moving

CONTROL OF LIVING CONDITIONS

Vermin control continued

in from the fields outside the town, especially along the small streams. Mice infestations are less frequent also, but do rapidly build up in old shops. The making of contracts with various business premises does mean that a percentage immediately telephone a complaint of infestation, and in this way act as a network of look-out posts'.

The occurrence of Warfarin resistance in the County, though not actually yet in the Borough, may present some problems in the future and the position is being carefully watched.

SECTION 3 - CONTROL OF WORKING CONDITIONS

In recent years District Councils had been having a decreasing responsibility in this field, but with the introduction of the Offices, Shops & Railway Premises Act, the duties are once again a vital part of the work of the Health Department. This was the second full year of application of the Act, and all registered premises have been inspected. The tables show the work that has been carried out. Progress was made in obtaining better heating in premises covered by the Act, especially shops.

OFFICES, SHOPS & RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

(A) REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Class of	number of premises	Number of registered	Number of registered premises receiving a
Premises	registered during the year	premises at end of year	general inspection during the year
Offices	1	83	29
Retail Shops	2	184	45
Wholesale shops Warehouses	30 - 55	10	3
Catering estab-	303	114	Minholmoon SI
lishments open to the public, canteens	-	17	3
Totals	3	294	80

TOTAL NUMBER OF VISITS OF ALL KINDS BY INSPECTORS
TO PREMISES REGISTERED UNDER THE ACT 253

In this Schedule -

[&]quot;general inspection" means any inspection of premises to which the Act applies which is undertaken for the purpose of ascertaining whether all the relevant provisions of the Act and instruments thereunder are complied with as respects those premises; and "registered premises" means any premises in respect of which a notice under section 49 of the Act has been received by a local authority or by the London County Council and the expression "premises registered" shall be construed accordingly.

CONTROL OF WORKING CONDITIONS

OFFICES, SHOPS & RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

(B) ANALYSIS OF CONTRAVENTIONS

2 4 50	The Carrier and have	A DELTA	a made and	To the Court and a three states and the
Section	Number of Contraventions found	later	Section	Number of Contraventions found
4	Cleanliness	-	13	Sitting facilities 1
5	Overcrowding	ì	14	Seats (Sedentary workers)
6	Temperature	34	15	Eating facilities 5
7	Ventilation	6	16	Floors, passages and stairs
8	Lighting	17	17	Fencing of exposed parts of machinery
9	Sanitary Conveniences	22	18	Protection of young persons from - dangerous machinery
10	Washing facilities	20	19	Training of young persons working at dangerous machinery
11	Supply of drinking water	-	23	Prohibition of heavy work
12	Clothing accommodation	1		First Aid general provisions 8
		TOTAL 136		

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CONTROL OF WORKING CONDITIONS

OFFICES, SHOPS & RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

(C) REPORTED ACCIDENTS

	Number	Reported	Total No.	Action Recommended			
Workplace	Fatal	Non Fatal	Investi- gated	Informal advice	No action		
Retail shops	-	- 8	8	2	6		
Wholesale shops, Warehouses	(£7	1 (5)	1	1	-		
TOTALS:	-	9	9	3	6		

Analysis of reported accidents

	Retail shops	Wholesale warehouses
Machinery		alls of been and all the
Falls of persons	6	CALL SCORE OF TERROLD
Struck by falling object	1	1041444 Eddel
Fires and explosions	1	-

- (D) EXEMPTIONS No. of applications received Nil
- (E) PROSECUTIONS No. instituted and completed during the year Nil

CONTROL OF WORKING CONDITIONS

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

PART I OF THE ACT

1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

		Number		Number of				
1	Premises (1)	on Register (2)	Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)			
(i)	Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	12	6	18,146	7			
(ii)	Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	110	45	6	-			
(iii)	Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding Out-workers' premises	- 1 - 1	-	yu v atalo	-			
	Total	122	51	6				



