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COUNTY BOROUGH OF OLDHAM.

REPORT

ON THE

HEALTH OF OLDHAM

FOR THE YEAR 1916,

BY .

JAMES B. WILKINSON,

M.D., C.M., D.P.H., F.C.S.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH ; MEDICAL OFFICER TO THE EXECUTION COMMITTEE ; MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT OF WESTHULME AND STRINESDALE HOSPITALS ; EX-PRESIDENT AND EXAMINER TO THE INSTITUTE OF SANITARY ENGINEERS ; FELLOW ROYAL INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC HEALTH ; MEMBER ROYAL SANITARY INSTITUTE ; FELLOW INCORPORATED SOCIETY OF MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH.

OLDHAM:

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MEMBERS of the HEALTH COMMITTEE, 1916.

Mr. Councillor Simister, J.P., Chairman.
,, Dunkerley, J.P., Vice-Chairman.
The Mayor, Mr. Alderman Greaves, J.P.
Mr. Councillor Ashton.

,,		"	Grime, J.P.
,,	•	"	Stanbury
,		"	Makin.
,		>>	W. C. Brierley.
.5		,,	Jackson

HOSPITALS SUB-COMMITTEE AND INSANITARY DWELLINGS SUB-COMMITTEE.

All the Members of the Committee.

CJ

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the Oldham Borough Council.

DAME LEES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit my Annual Report on the work of the various Departments under the direction of the Health Committee for the year 1916. The absence of so many members of the permanent staff on military duty, and the lack of assistance has considerably delayed its production, and the size and contents have also been considerably curtailed, partly with a view to economy and partly owing to the difficulty of correctly calculating many of the statistics. There is no method of estimating with any degree of accuracy the populations of the various wards at the present time, and in consequence the few ward statistics given have been calculated on the pre-war population.

I am glad to be able to report that except for measles, fortunately of a mild type, the town has been very free from infectious disease throughout the year. I take this opportunity of tendering my thanks to the Members of the Health Committee for their support and confidence, and to the Staff for their willing co-operation and assistance.

I have the honour to remain,

Your obedient Servant,

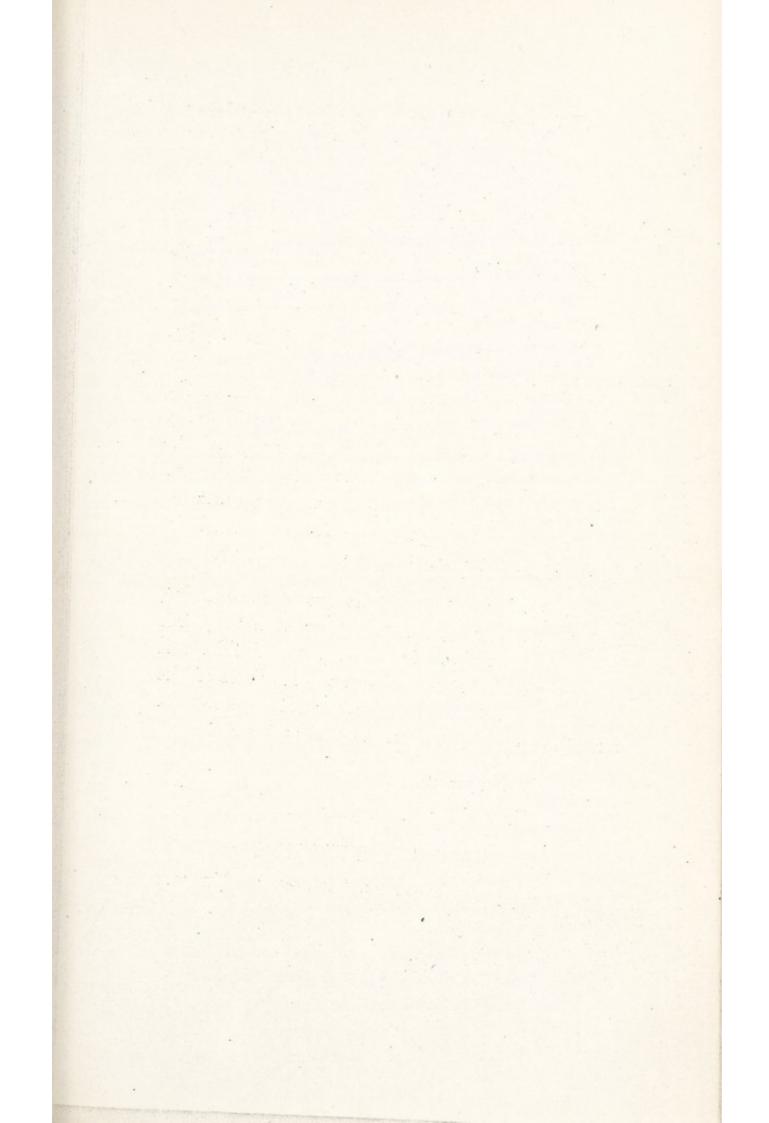
JAMES B. WILKINSON,

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

Health Office, Town Hall,

November 17th, 1917.

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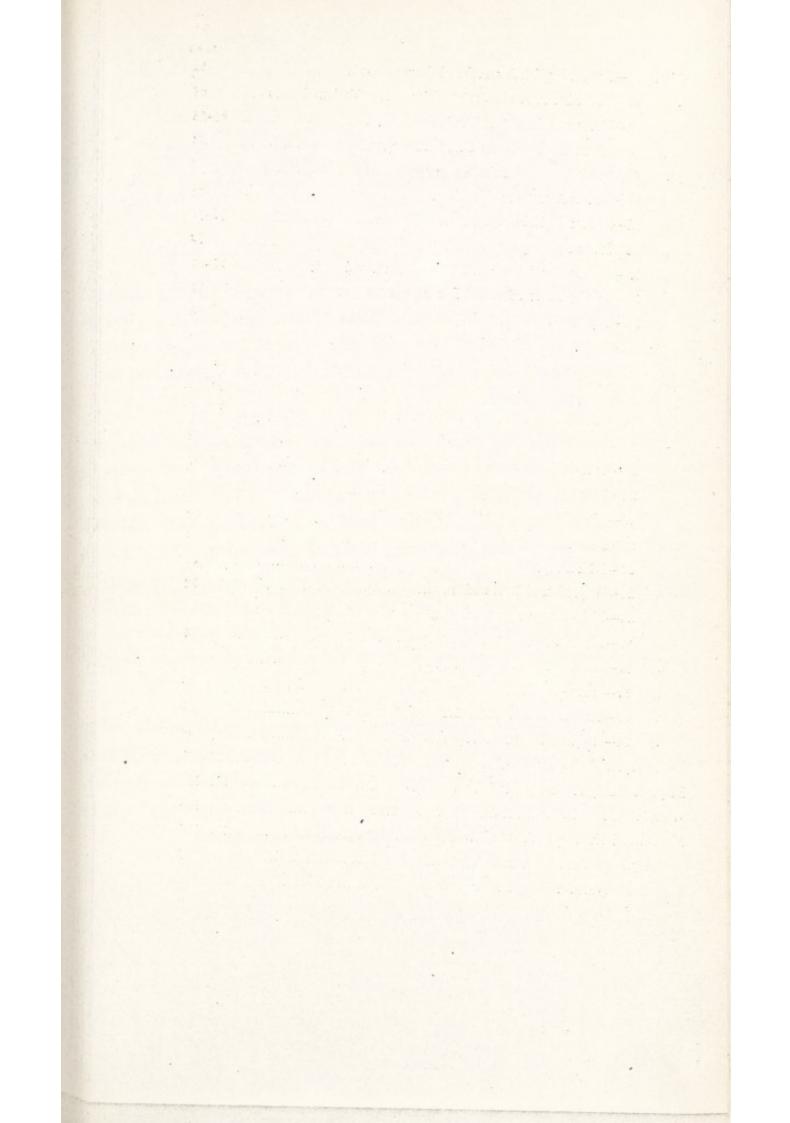


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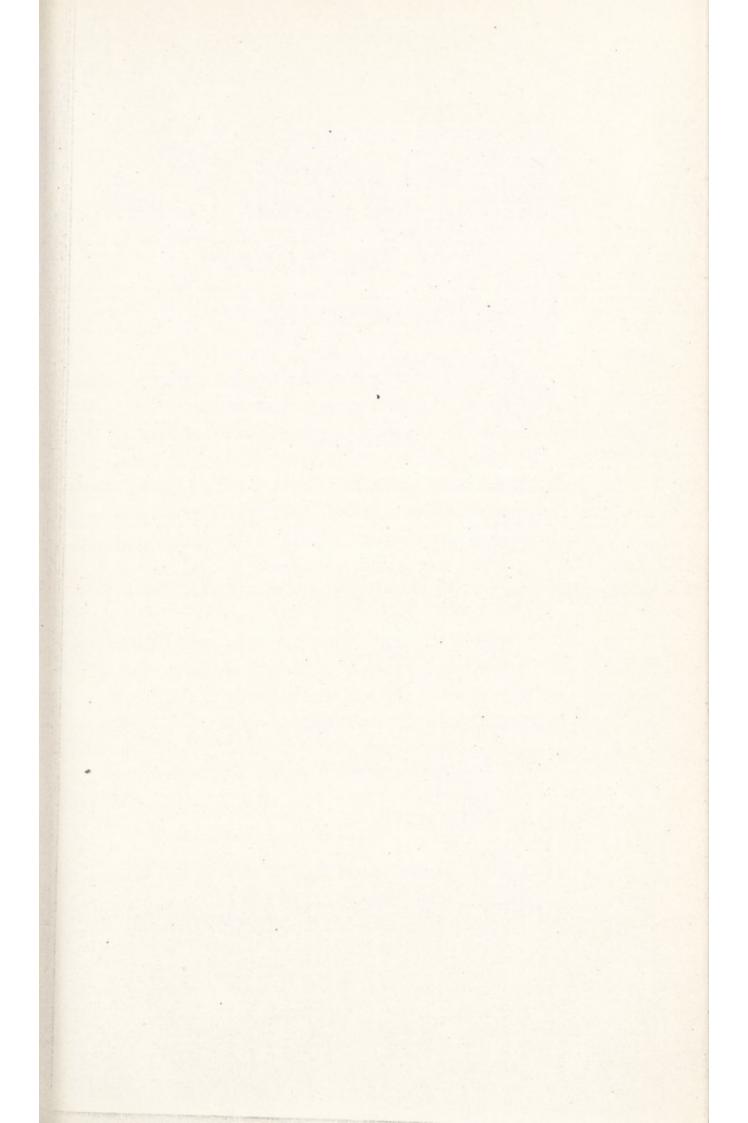
Annual Report.

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The General Regulations in regard to the Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health have been issued in former Reports, and with the view of limiting the size of the Report as much as possible, it is this year undesirable to repeat them.

Owing to the withdrawal of men from the town for Active Service, there has during the past year been a great diminution of the population. Under normal circumstances the population would be something over 150,000 persons. The Registrar-General has reduced this to an estimated population of 136,126 for deaths. There is no military camp in the town, and though several of the works in the town are engaged in the manufacture of munitions, there has been no large influx of persons for this work.

The Report has been curtailed as much as possible, with the exception of the tables, which have been compiled as usual, in order to have a complete record for comparison with future years. Under most of the headings a bare statement of the work done is all that is given.



Natural and Social Conditions of the District.

- A. -

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The natural conditions of the town remain the same as in past years, and it is unnecessary to recapitulate them. The principal points affecting the health of the town are the elevated position with exposure to the strong rainbearing south-west winds and the consequent heavy rainfall. This damp atmosphere, when combined with the smoke and dust, have a detrimental effect on Bronchial and Heart diseases, which contribute so largely to the death-rate of the town.

Throughout the year, there has been very little distress in the town, and though commodities have cost more, wages have been high, and there has been little or no lack of employment for those willing to work.

In the General Hospital, the year has been one of great stress, no less than 1,884 In-Patients and 6,522 Out-Patients having been treated.

The well-equipped operating theatre at the Workhouse Infirmary has also been made good use of for many persons unable to obtain admission to the General Hospital.

The Sanitary Circumstances of the District.

- B. -

WATER SUPPLY.

The supply of water throughout the year was ample, and no complaints have been received as to its purity, with the exception of one or two of some peaty deposit, due to an alteration to the service pipes.

At the close of the year the Reservoirs contained 1,910,550,000 gallons, or $28\frac{1}{2}$ weeks' supply, compared with 1,808,890,000 gallons, and 25 weeks' supply at the close of the year 1915.

SEWERAGE.

There are no rivers passing through the town, and all the streams have been sewerized.

The general arrangement of the Sewers and the construction of the Sewage Works have not been altered, and they need not be re-described.

As regards the Sewage Works, their condition has been very satisfactory during the year, the effluents have shown a great improvement, being practically all under the standard of the Rivers Board. All the sewage, except during very heavy storms, is treated. Owing to the absence of the Analyst on Military duty, the results of the daily analyses have not been tabulated. The Grossmann Plant for drying the sludge and extracting the grease has worked very satisfactorily, though, owing to the high price of coal and coke, and the increased cost of repairs, the working expenses have been high. It is difficult, however, to say that any other method would have been more economical. The alternative method of carting the sludge away would have proved equally if not more expensive, and during the past winter would have been almost impossible to have carried out. All the grease and manure have been disposed of.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.

The work of converting the Pan Closets to Water Closets has been almost entirely suspended during the year, and also the issue of notices for the provision of additional closet accommodation, but the inspection, cleansing and removal of blockages has been carefully attended to.

The various types of closets in the town at the close of the years 1915 and 1916 are as follows :---

		Dec., 1915	Dec., 1916	Increase	D'crease
Water Closets	 	6,892	6,906	14	
Waste Water Closets	 	24,443	24,486	43	
Latrines	 	2,916	2,940	24	
Pan Closets	 • •••	3,378	3,376	-	2
Total	 	37,629	37,708	81	2

Net Increase of Water Closets-79.

There are no privy vaults in the town. The contents of the remaining pan closets are mixed with shoddy dust, and

13

sold as manure, for which there has been considerable demand.

Offal from Butchers, Fishmongers, &c., is regularly collected, a small charge being made.

SCAVENGING.

The Local Authority, by their own staff, undertake the removal of ashes and house refuse, and this, in spite of labour and horse difficulties, has been efficiently performed.

The substitution of ash-cans for the open ash-pits has been temporarily suspended, except where a nuisance exists.

At the close of the year there were in the Borough 1,359 ash-pits, and 29,026 ash-cans, compared with 1,624 and 28,784 at the close of the year 1915.

The ash-pit and ash-can refuse is chiefly burnt at the destructors.

Premises and Occupations which can be controlled by Bye-Laws and Regulations.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

Bye-Laws for the control and regulation of these premises are in force, and the houses are supervised by a Special Officer of the Police Force, and are under the control of the Watch Committe. The accommodation is as follows:—

No. of Registered Lodging Houses	 15
Total accommodation at night	 1,158
Number of Persons occupying them	 226,221
Average occupation per night	 620

The average occupation per night has decreased by about 106.

All Common Lodging Houses are annually licensed. There is one less Lodging House than in the previous year.

The largest Lodging House has accommodation for 285 persons, all males.

Eight Lodging Houses have accommodation for females, of which two take only females. These two Lodging Houses have together about 40 beds.

- HOUSES LET IN LODGINGS.

In addition to the Common Lodging Houses, there were at the close of the year 162 houses let in Lodgings, a decrease of 9 from the previous year, and 706 furnished rooms, compared with 740 in 1914. These houses are registered as soon as it is known they are used as such. They could be kept in a much more satisfactory condition if power could be obtained to require registration before use, and of refusal if unsatisfactory or improperly used.

These premises are all inspected by the District Inspectors at least once a month, and several of them more frequently. 8,608 visits were made to them, and 189 notices were served for the removal of defects, and 182 of these notices have been complied with. Those not complied with were for broken walls, defective roofs, defective sloppipe, and detective ventilation; defects for which the landlord, and not the tenant, is responsible.

CELLAR DWELLINGS.

There are very few of these dwellings in the town, only 16 in all, and containing 35 rooms. Some of these occupied are allowed to remain so on the understanding that they are not to be let to persons having young children.

OFFENSIVE TRADING.

There are only 33 premises which come under this heading in this town, and most of them small places. This is a decrease of 4 from the previous year. 628 visits of inspection have been made, and 15 notices for defects have been served, all of which have been complied with.

The following is a list of these trades :-

Offen	SIVE	TR.	ADES,	1916.	
Tripe Boilers	-	-		-	13
Marine Stores	-	-	-		 9
Grease Works	-	-	-		5
Gut Scrapers	-	-		-	3
Hide and Skin	Dep	ôts	-		 2
Soap Boiler		-	1.12	1.	1
-	1			1.	-
1.			Total		 22

33

16

SCHOOLS.

The Medical Officer of Health is also Superintendent Schools Medical Officer, and a separate report on the work during the year in connection with the Schools has been issued.

Besides the Medical Officer of Health, the School Medical Staff consisted of a Lady Assistant Medical Officer, and a Male Assistant Medical Officer and three School Nurses.

The following is a Summary of the work :--

No. of J'ntrants examined]	1,944
No. of eight year olds examined	:	2,048
No. of Leavers examined	:	2,356
No. of Ailments treated at the Clinic]	1,144
No. of School Exemption Certificates given	n. ;	3,866
No. of Certificates, fitness to attend School		772

FOOD SUPPLIES.

(a) MILK.

There were 107 Cowsheds and 47 Farm Dairies in the Borough at the close of the year. The number of Dairies is four less than in the previous year.

These premises are under the supervision of the Food Inspector, and 159 visits have been paid to them; 15 notices have been served for various defects, and 13 of these had been complied with at the close of the year.

It has only been necessary to serve one notice for a defective drain.

All the Cowsheds in the Borough have now at least 600 cubic feet of air space for each animal. No outbreak of disease has been attributed to the Milk supply.

There is one Depôt in the Borough where the milk is sterilized, cleansed and cooled before it is distributed to the consumers.

During the year 41 new retail milkshops have been registered, and 44 discontinued, making a total of 444 in the Borough, a decrease of 3. About 467 visits of inspection have been paid to them.

In addition to the visits to these shops, 202 visits have been made to the premises where Ice Cream is being manufactured.

It was not necessary to serve any notices for defects at either of these premises.

(b) BAKEHOUSES.

In Table 26 are tabulated the statistics in connection with these premises. The use of 10 has been discontinued during the year, and 11 new ones have been registered, making a total of 388, an increase of one. About 418 visits have been made in connection with these premises, and it was found necessary to serve 14 notices for the removal of defects, 13 of which have been complied with. There are 24 registered cellar bakehouses in the Borough.

About 200 are in connection with very small shops, and the baking is done in the living room or kitchen.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.

During the year one Slaughter-house license has lapsed, leaving 43 on the Register. All Slaughter-houses in the

18

Borough are annually licensed and before the license is granted each place is inspected by the Medical Officer of Health.

They are all constantly under the inspection of the Chief Inspector and the Assistant Meat Inspector. The total visits during the year was 2,873, and 12 notices were issued and complied with for various defects.

11 tons 16 cwt. of unsound or diseased food and offal was condemned and destroyed.

Three prosecutions were instituted against vendors of unsound m at, the condition of this being so bad that each one was sent for two months' hard labour without the option of a fine.

There is no public abattoir in the town.

In addition to the visits to the Slaughter-houses, Bakehouses, and Dairies, visits have been made to the following food shops in the town :---

Visits to	Meat Shops	 9,266
	Fish Shops	
,,	Fruit and Vegetable Shops	 6,147
,,	Ice Cream Vendors	 198
,,	Markets and Cattle Wharves	 1,189

SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACT.

During the year, 194 samples of Food have been formally purchased for analysis, and 184 were found to be genuine, except for the fact that two samples of Irish Butter sold as such contained more than 16 per cent. of water. Notice, however, was posted in the shop that the butters contained from 16 to 24 per cent. of water, Ten samples of milk were found to be not genuine, and the particulars and action was as follows :--

No. 9 was deficient in fat to the extent of 43 per cent.

No. 10 deficient in fat to the extent of 20 per cent.

No. 13 deficient in fat to the extent of 17 per cent., and contained 12 per cent. of added water.

The vendors of these samples were small shopkeepers, and only sold from two to four quarts per day. They were summoned to appear before the Health Committee and cautioned as to future procedure.

Control samples were purchased subsequently from the farmers who supplied them, and the sample purchased (No 19), corresponding to No. 9, was found to be deficient in fat to the extent of 33 per cent. The farmer appeared before the Health Committee, and agreed to pay a fine of $\pounds 1$ 1s. 0d.

No. 15 contained $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of added water. The explanation given was that the vendor, a farmer, purchased a quantity of milk from another farmer, which he had reason to believe was not genuine. He was cautioned by the Health Committee, and agreed to pay a fine of £2 2s.

No. 53 deficient in fat to the extent of 20 per cent. No. 54 deficient in fat to the extent of 10 per cent. No. 62 contained 9.6 per cent. of added water.

The vendors of these three samples were small shopkeepers, and appeared before the Health Committee and were cautioned.

No. 96 contained 9.5 per cent. of added water, and No. 97 contained 7 per cent. of added water, and was deficient in fat to the extent of 34 per cent. The vendor of these samples was prosecuted, and fined. by the Magistrates 40s. and costs in each case.

The samples of Baking Powder, Custard Powder, and Cream of Tartar were purchased as a result of a request received from the Chief Inspector of Foods. All except five were found to be genuine, and contained nothing injurious.

178 (Baking Powder) co	ontained le	s; the	n 1/100	Grains of Arsenn per lb.
186 (Baking Powder)	,,	,,	1/100	,,
189 (Custard Powder)	,,	,,	3/100	,,
190 (Baking Powder)	,,	,,	1/100	,,
194 (Cream of Tartar)	,,	,,	1/100	,,

It was not considered necessary to take any action in these cases.

The following is a summary of the various samples purchased :---

		DOW	10 1	510.				
New	Description of		-	N		Sum	moned l	
No. of Samples.	Description of Samples.	Genuine.		Not Jenuine.	Ma	gistrat		Com. am Cautionee
71.	Milk	61 -		10		2		8
	F 1		•••••	10	••••	2	••••	0
15.	Lard	15	••••		•••••			-
1.	Pepper	1						
5.	Coffee	- 5						
38.	Butter	38						
4.	Rice	4						
4.	Cheese	4						
16.	Flour	16						_
1.	Pearl Barley	. 1						
10.	Cream of Tartar				••• ••		••••	
		10	••• ••	an or other	•••••			
15.	Baking Powder	15						
2.	Skim Milk	2						
12.	Custard Powder	12		-				
				-				
194		184		10		2		8
1	INFORMAL SAMPLI	SS.						
9.	Milk	9						
4.	Butter	4				_		
207		197		10		2		8
201								0

SUMMARY OF SAMPLES OF FOOD ANALYSED DURING 1916.

HOUSING.

Various circumstances, engendered by war, have caused a considerable diminution of the usual work undertaken for the improvement of housing conditions. The absence of members of the staff, the difficulty of getting more than the absolutely necessary repairs carried out, the extra liabilities of property owners, have all limited the activities in this respect.

During the year, 1,551 houses have been thoroughly examined, and action taken for securing the necessary repairs, and 625 others were inspected on account of various complaints.

The number of new houses completed during the year was only 16. A glance at Table No. 1 will show the great diminution of house building in recent years. Only three houses were reported to the Health Committee during the year. One of these was improved by the demolition of some old buildings at the back, and the consideration of the other two was adjourned *sine die*.

28, Bottom-o'th'-Moor-Buildings in rear to be demolished and exit provided.

30 and 32, Bottom-o'th'-Moor-Adjourned sine die.

No.		Houses sed	No. Ad-	Plans to be Sub-			ouses olished	
R'ported	By L. A.	By Owner			moli'hed	By Owner	Ву L. А.	
3			2	1				

GENERAL SUMMARY.

CLASS OF HOUSES CLOSED.

No. Closed	Through.	Single.	Under Dwol'ings
		-	

The following is a Summary of the houses which were closed as dwellings during the year 1916.

Total Number Closed.	NAT	URE OF HO	USE.					
	Through	Single.	Back to Back	REASON FOR CLOSING.				
24	12	.12	0	14 for Cotton Mill Extension.7 for Iron Works Extension.				
				3 Converted into a Marine Store				

HOUSES VOLUNTARILY CLOSED.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS ACTS.

FACTORIES.—Smoke Observations of the Mill Chimneys and Inspections of the Mill Reservoirs are carried out by the District Inspectors. Defective sanitary conditions reported by the Factory Inspectors have also been dealt with.

WORKSHOPS.—There were at the close of the year 537 workshops on the Register, the use of 11 having lapsed and 21 new ones registered. 177 Notices have been served for various defective conditions during the year. The nature

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of these, and other particulars, are recorded in Table No. 25. The following is a list of the Workshops which are registered in the Borough :---

Bakers	9
Blacksmiths	6
Blind Manufacturers	2
Blind Women's Industry	1
Bookbinders	2
Bottlers (Beer)	2
Brush Makers	2
Cabinet Makers	6
Carriage Builders	1
Cloggers	54
Coffin Makers	2
Confectioners	50
Coopers	2
Cotton Waste Dealers	17
Curriers	3
Cycle Makers	3
Drapers (Underwear and	0
Skirts)	4
Dress Makers	
Dyers	1
Drysalters (Chemists)	5
Electro-Platers	2
French Polishers	1
Heating Apparatus Manufac-	1
turers	1
Hosiery & Stocking Knitters	21
Ice Cream Manufacturers	1
Joiners	8
Laundries	9
	And States and S

Machine Brokers	4
Mackintosh Manufacturers	1
Mantle Makers	7
Marine Stores	3
Milliners	
Opticians	1
Paper Bag Makers	1
Pattern Makers	1
Picture Framers	3
Plumbers	6
Photographers	1
Roller Coverers	1
Saddlers	2
Scale Makers	2
Shirt Makers	5
Shoe Makers	56
Skip Makers	6
Straw Workers	1
Sundry Trades	8
Tailors	42
Tinsmiths	9.2
Umbrella Manufacturers	2
Upholsterers	2
Watch Makawa	
Watch Makers	4
Wire Workers	1
Wheelwrights	5
Wood Carvers	1
Wringing Machine Manufac- turers	1
eurors	T

Sanitary Administration of the District.

- C. -

STAFF.

On the following page is a list of the permanent Staff of the Health Department and of the School Medical Department, which is so closely allied.

The Medical Officer of Health is also Superintendent School Medical Officer, and Chief Tuberculosis Officer.

The Assistant School Medical Officers are usually entirely employed in School Work.

The war has naturally called for service nearly all those members of the Staff who are of military age.

Both Assistant Medical Officers, all the Clerks, except the Chief Clerk, and two of the Inspectors, and one School Nurse, are absent on this duty.

The two Lady Inspectors, Miss Smith and Miss Rothwell, who were appointed in 1902, to undertake the Visitation of Infants and give instructions in Infant Welfare, resigned in September. During the 14 years in which they have been on the Staff, the reduction of Infant Mortality has been from an average of 180 to an average of 129 per 1,000 births, and their influence and instruction has, to a very great extent, been instrumental in securing this reduction. This result testifies the good and excellent work which they have given while in the service of the Corporation. Chief Inspector of Nuisances -

†*George Winterbottom.

Assistant Meat Inspector-

GEORGE T. WINTERBOTTOM.

Sanitary Inspectors and their Districts-

NAPOLEON BRIERLEY-St. Peter's and Clarksfield Wards.

W. A. HOPKINSON-Werneth, Hollinwood, and St. Paul's Wards.

JAMES BURNETT-Hartford and Westwood Wards.

*WILLIAM CLARKE-St. Mary's and Coldhurst Wards.

ELSON JACKSON-Mumps, St. James's, and Waterhead Wards (on Military Service).

Smoke Inspector-

+*FRANK TAYLOR (on Military Service).

Inspector for the Factories, Workshops, Bakehouses, &c.- *WM. G. WRIGHT.

Health Visitors-

NURSE FELTON, NURSE SYKES, MISS ANDREW (resigned). School Nurses-

NURSE BILLINGTON, NURSE LOIS PUGH (on Military Service), NURSE WILLIAMS, NURSE LUCY PUGH.

Chief Clerk-

JOHN WHIPP.

Assistant Clerks-

*H. BOARDMAN, *H. SCHOLEFIELD, W. DAWSON and J. CROSDALE (all on Military Service).

Disinfectors-

W. OAKES. G. STRINGER.

Matron Westhulme Hospital-

MISS PARKER.

Assistant Schools' Medical Officer-

ANNIE MOONEY, L.S.A., D.P.H.

T. F. BAMFORD, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Assistant Tuberculosis Officer-

CECIL BERRY, L. R.C.P., and S.Ed., and D.P.H. (on Military Service).

Assistant Medical Officer of Health-

A. L. DYKES, M.D., D.P.H. (on Military Service).

Medical Officer of Health, Superintendent Schools' Medical Officer, and Tuberculosis Officer-

JAMES B. WILKINSON, M.D., C.M., D.P.H., F.C.S.

* Sanitary Inspector's Certificate of the Royal Sanitary Institute.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR FOR THE YEAR 1916.

TO THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

SIR,—I have pleasure in presenting to you my Report of the work done by your Staff of Inspectors during the year.

During the year we have had five cases of Contagious Diseases, viz .:--

- (A) Four cases of Mange.
- (B) One suspected case of Rabies.

The animals affected with Mange were all Horses; one Dog was destroyed as being suspected of Rabies.

During the year 23,317 visits have been paid to premises where food is prepared or exposed for sale.

The amount of diseased or unsound food destroyed during the year amounts to nearly twelve tons. Over ten tons have been surrendered by butchers. In three cases seizures of diseased meat were made, and the three offending butchers were each afterwards committed to prison for two months' hard labour.

During the year 98 cases of Tuberculosis in animals have been reported, in addition 41 cases were found by the Inspector, making a total of 139 cases. Of these 139 cases 99 cattle and 40 swine were affected.

We began the year with 44 Slaughter-houses on the Register. One lapsed during the year owing to the premises being unoccupied. It has been found necessary to serve 12 Notices for the abatement of nuisances, all of which were complied with. The Table relating to Cowsheds shows that all these places have been made to comply with the requirements of this department so far as air space. I should like to see the Bye-laws amended so as to compel the cleansing of the animals.

A good many farmers never clean their animals, with the result that the milker conveys from the exterior part of the animal a great amount of dirt and dung into the milk. A custom of many farmers, just previous to milking, is to draw back the manure from about the animals' hind feet and scatter a fresh supply of shoddy. The scattering of this shoddy causes a great amount of dust to arise, some of which settles on the animal, this being carried to the milk by the milker.

During the year 194 samples of Food have been purchased under the Food and Drugs Acts, in addition 13 samples of Food were purchased informally, a total of 207 samples, which were submitted for analysis.

The number of Smoke Observations taken during the year amounted to 1,691, as compared with 1,319 taken during the previous year. The limit was exceeded in 17 cases; these 17 cases were dealt with as follows :---

- (A) 5 were dealt with by the Magistrates.
- (B) 1 was cautioned
- (c) 2 were served with a legal notice to abate the nuisance.
- (D) 8 were adjourned for three months, and one for two months, with the understanding that nothing further would be heard of the charge if they did not exceed the limit again during the adjournment.

The Inspection of the Borough for the purpose of ascertaining if any nuisances existed has resulted in 3,388 Notices being served, in addition 71 Notices were served to substitute Dust-bins in lieu of Ash-pits.

In connection with the above Notices, 11,126 re-visits were paid.

The substitution of Dust-bins in lieu of Ash-pits has only been dealt with on a very small scale during the year. In cases only where the owner desired, or where the Ashpit was dilapidated, have Bins been substituted. During the year 52 Ash-pits have been demolished and 134 Dustbins substituted.

From the 18th November, 1909, when we began this work, 6,585 Ash-pits have been demolished, and 16,763 Dust-bins substituted at a cost of £6,273 7s. 0d. to the Corporation.

During the year four additional Closets have been provided for houses which had insufficient closet accommodation. In the past eight years 1,724 additional closets have been provided for 4,280 houses which previously had 1,614 closets In addition, two closets have been provided in connection with workshops.

HOUSE INSPECTION. — During the year 1,551 houses have been inspected under the Town Planning Act. In the previous year 3,761 houses were inspected. A notice to cleanse was served on 190 householders, of these 153 had complied with the notice at the end of the year. The number of houses found structurally defective amounted to 336, of these 257 were repaired during the year. Only seven houses were found overcrowded, for which Notices were served and six were complied with. HOUSES LET IN LODGINGS.—During the year 8,606 visits were paid to Furnished Rooms. As a result of these Inspections 189 Notices were served to remedy various nuisances, of which 182 were complied with. The custom is to visit some of these premises once per month, but there are others where it is necessary to visit at shorter intervals. The approaches to some of these rooms are far from being satisfactory, the staircases and passages being very dark.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.—The number of visits to Infectious Diseases amounted to 723, as compared with 1,456 visits in the previous year. The visits to cases of Phthisis numbered 158, being an increase of 42 as compared with the previous year. The visits to cases of Phthisis are made in order to arrange for disinfection.

In conclusion, I desire to express my thanks for the great assistance I have received from all the members of your staff, and also to yourself, for your confidence and support.

I beg to remain,

Yours faithfully,

GEORGE WINTERBOTTOM,

CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR.

SMOKE NUISANCE.

The observations of the amount of black smoke emitted from the factory chimneys are taken by the District Inspectors during the absence of the Smoke Inspector. A larger number have been taken than in the previous two years. The following Table shows a comparison of the number of observations, &c., during the past 10 years :--

Year.	No. of Obser- vations	No Black Smoke	Under 2 Minutes	2 to 4 Minutes inclusive	Over 4 Minutes	No. Over the Limit.	Pro- secutions	Per cent of Pro- secutions
1907	1256	46.09	38.05	13.93	1.91	36	18	50
1908	1427	47.79	37.00	13.03	2.17	54	26	48
1909	1978	49.40	36.1	13.4	1.1	46	22	48
1910	1730	51.1	30.2	16.9	1.6	39	22	56
1911	1894	59.4	26.1	18.9	0.48	9	3*	17
1912	1547	45.2	31.4	21.8	0.9	23	5	21
1913	1575	46.2	28.8	$24 \cdot 1$	0.9	31	12	38
1914	1081	44·5	41.1	13.3	1.1	21	7	33
1915	1319	44.9	43.8	10.0	1.4	27	7	26
1916	1691	34.3	51.5	13.2	0.09	17	5	29

PERCENTAGE OF BLACK SMOKE.

 \times In five other cases the Representatives agreed to be dealt with by the Health Committee and were fined £1 in each case.

Owing to the difficulty experienced by the mill owners in obtaining suitable firemen, a usual procedure has been to adjourn the consideration of the case for two or three months, in order that further observations may be taken. Statistical details will be found in Table No. 28 and subsequent ones.

MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION.

A summary of the work under this head will be found in the Tables at the end of this Report, and further details in the paragraphs relating to the various food supplies.

WOMEN INSPECTORS.

In Table 24 will be found a summary of the work carried out during the past year by the three Women Inspectors. From this Table it will be seen that houses have been visited where 2,064 births have occurred, and 1,088 subsequent visits have been paid to these houses.

Further particulars of the work carried out in connection with infant welfare will be found in a later section.

PUBLIC ACTS AND BYE-LAWS.

The special Acts of Parliament and the Bye-laws in force in Oldham remain the same as in the previous year.

Prevalence and Control over Acute Infectious Diseases.

- D.

The following Table gives the number of cases of Infectious Disease notified and the deaths from these diseases :--

DIS	EASE			1	ITO	FICATIO	DNS.	DEATHS.	
Smallpox						1		0	
Scarlet Fever						149		3	
Erysipelas								2	
Diphtheria								30	
Enteric Fever								2	
Puerperal Fever								5	
Tuberculosis								256	
Measles and Ger								29	
Cerebro Spinal	Meni	ngiti	s					-	
Infantile Paraly									
Ophthalmia Neo								-	

The total number of Deaths from the seven principal Zymotic Diseases—viz., Smallpox, Scarlet Fever, Enteric Fever, Diphtheria, Measles, Whooping Cough, and Diarrhœa during the year was 144, equal to a death rate on the estimated population of 1.06 per 1,000 of the population. The above number is 8 less than in the previous year. For purposes of comparison the following statistics are given, showing the attack rates or the number of the principal Notifiable Diseases per 1,000 of the population :---

					Scarlet Fever.	Diph- theria,	Enteric Fever,	Puerperal Fever,	Erysi polas,
England	•••		••••		 2.14	1.51	0.16	0.06	0.54
Lancashire				:	 3.15	0.94	0.24	0.06	0.57
Liverpool		••••			 2.94	1.51	0.10	0.07	0.79
Bolton					 1.84	0.67	0.23	0.03	0.48
Manchester					 1.89	0.94	0.15	0.17	0.46
Salford					 2.03	0.96	0.20	0.06	0.54
Oldham	•				 1.09	1.03	0.04	0.07	0.75
Blackburn					 1.27	0.44	0.12	0.03	0.54
Preston					 3.57	2 04	0.41	0.03	0.55
Burnley					 1.77	0.96	0.35	0.02	0.83
Rochdale					 0.70	2.79	0.13	0.02	0.41

SMALLPOX.

Only one case of this Disease was notified, and though the closest enquiries were made, not the slightest trace could be ascertained as to the source of the disease. The woman did not follow any employment, and had not been out of the town or had had any visitors from outside. The disease was of a very severe type (semi-confluent), but the patient fortunately recovered. The nature of the disease was recognised in a very early stage, and at once reported. Every person who had been in contact, comprising members of four families, consented to be vaccinated, with the result that no further cases occurred,

SCARLET FEVER.

Of this disease only 149 cases were notified, compared with 530 in the previous year, and there were only three deaths, compared with 17 in 1915.

DIPHTHERIA.

During the year 142 cases were notified, and 29, or 20.4 per cent., of these cases died.

In the year 1915, 86 cases, and in the year 1914, 164 cases were notified.

The death rate for this disease for the town was 0.24, for the 96 large towns the average was 0.15. Enquiries are made respecting each case, and an endeavour made to secure good isolation, but the disease appears to show a general tendency to increase in prevalence.

ENTERIC FEVER.

Only five cases of this disease were reported during the year. This is the lowest number of notifications of this disease ever recorded in one year, the lowest number previously being 11 in the year 1915.

PUERPERAL FEVER.

Nine cases were notified and five of these died. Full enquiries were made in connection with each of these cases.

ERYSIPELAS.

One hundred and two cases were notified, and there were two deaths, one in a child aged ten and the other in an elderly person. The great majority of the cases were of a very trivial nature.

CHICKEN POX.

This disease is not notifiable. About 240 cases came to the knowledge of the Health Department.

MEASLES.

There was a considerable epidemic of Measles, especially towards the close of the year. The great majority of the cases were of a mild type. The total deaths numbered 29, of these 26 were of children under the age of five years.

The following figures indicate the numbers notified :--

Note 11 m	Measles	s. Gern	oai: M	easles.
rouned by Doctor	1042		37	
Notified by Parents	329		0	`
Not Notified	35		0	
	1406		37	
		•	01	

WHOOPING COUGH.

The number of cases of this disease which became known to the Health Department was about 240, and there were in the Borough 48 deaths; 46 of which were in children under the age of five y ars. Among the children examined in connection with Tuberculosis at the Dispensary, a large proportion owed the starting of the disease to an attack of Measles or Whooping Cough.

The following Table shows the prevalence of these various diseases in the several schools so far as reported by the teachers :--

School.	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Whooping Cough	Chicken Pox	Measles
Alexandra Rd.Council Beever Street ,, Clarksfield ,, Perker ,, Freehold ,, Hathershaw ,, Higginshaw ,, Hollins ,, Hollins ,, Northmoor ,, Richmond St. ,, Roundthorn ,, Scottfield ,, Smith Street ,, Waterhead ,, Waterhead ,, Watersheddings ,, Wellington St. ,, Werneth ,, Westwood ,, Christ Ch., Glodwiek. Coldhurst Church Moorside ,, Northmoor ,, St. Andrew's ,, St. Mark's ,, St. Mark's ,, St. Mark's ,, St. Mark's ,, St. Stephen's ,, St. Stephen's ,, St. Stephen's ,, St. Thomas' ,, Waterhead ,, Dunbar Street R.C. St. Anne's R.C. St. Mary's R.C. St. Mary's R.C. St. Mary's R.C. St. Patrick's R.C. Deaf Mutes' School Blind School Chaucer Street S.S.	$ \begin{array}{c}1\\2\\11\\13\\9\\3\\8\\\\4\\1\\\\3\\\\1\\2\\7\\3\\10\\5\\1\\2\\1\\4\\\\2\\1\\\\1\\\\\\1\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} & 1 \\ & 4 \\ & 1 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 1 \\ & \cdots \\ & 7 \\ & 25 \\ & \ddots \\ & 2 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 1 \\ & 3 \\ & \cdots \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 1 \\ & 4 \\ & \cdots \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 9\\ 3\\ 17\\ 14\\ 17\\ 11\\ 8\\ 45\\ \cdots\\ 4\\ 6\\ 12\\ 2\\ 1\\ 6\\ 12\\ 11\\ 7\\ 1\\ \cdots\\ 4\\ 6\\ 13\\ \cdots\\ 6\\ 1\\ 3\\ 4\\ 2\\ 2\\ \cdots\\ 2\\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ 4\\ 9\\ 1\\ 3\\ 1\\ 2\\ 20\\ 23\\\\ 2\\ 20\\ 23\\\\ 2\\ 2\\ 1\\ 3\\ 2\\ 1\\\\ 2\\ 1\\ 3\\ 2\\ 10\\\\ 4\\ 25\\\\\\ 1\\\\ 1\\\\\\ 1\\\\\\ 1\\\\\\\\ 1\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 32\\ 37\\ 59\\ 62\\ 87\\ 9\\ 41\\ 8\\ 50\\ 14\\ 1\\ 52\\\\ 11\\ 15\\ 6\\ 16\\ 4\\ 25\\ 2\\ 22\\ 6\\ 3\\ 19\\ 1\\ 62\\ 5\\ 1\\\\ 6\\ 3\\ 28\\ 2\\ 32\\ 22\\ 3\\\\ 2\end{array}$
Totals	103	88	236	216	748

CJ

CEREBRO SPINAL MENINGITIS.

No notification of this disease was received during the year, but the death of a young child was certified as due to this cause. The same child had been notified a few days before as suffering from Tubercular Meningitis, and from the history and course of the illness this was in all probability a correct diagnosis.

OPHTHALMIA. NEONATORUM.

Thirty-eight cases were notified during the year. Every case was visited, most of them by the Medical Officer of Health, and measures taken to secure proper medical attention,

INFANTILE PARALYSIS (POLIOMYELITIS).

One case of this disease was notified during the year. The case was not fatal, but paralysis of the right arm and leg supervened.

MEASURES ADOPTED FOR THE PREVENTION OF THE SPREAD OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

The measures taken under this head vary little from those of previous years, when they were fully enumerated, and consisted mainly in securing proper isolation either at home or in hospital, disinfection, and especially of the quarantine of children in contact.

The Hospital Accommodation available is as follows :----

WESTHULME HOSPITAL.—98 beds for various infectious diseases, and 30 beds for observation cases of Tuberculosis of the Lung. Two hundred and fifteen cases of Infectious Disease, and 131 cases of Tuberculosis were admitted during the year. STRINESDALE SANATORIUM.—30 beds for early cases of Tuberculosis of the Lung. Eighty seven cases were admitted during the year, including 11 cases from outside Oldham.

CINDER HILL HOSPITAL (Chadderton, Crompton, and Royton Joint Hospital Board).—Cases of Smallpox are sent to this Hospital, and an agreement has been entered into for Oldham to share the accommodation provided in the new Hospital, which is now completed.

Antitoxin is available for urgent or night cases of Diphtheria, and a supply of Antitetanic Serum is also stocked. Facilities are available to all Medical Practitioners for the free examination of Sputum, Diphtheria Swabs, blood for Typhoid tests, and Cerebro Spinal Fluid.

The following specimens were examined :---

	Total.	P	ositive.
Diphtheria Swabs	75		6
Typhoid Tests	15		6 .
Sputum	282		53
Cerebro Spinal Fluid	1		
Other Specimens	2		
Total	375		65

Prevalence of and Control over *Cuberculosis*.

40

The following is a brief summary of the work in respect to Tuberculosis during the year :---

The total number of primary notifications during the year was 553, compared with 506 in the previous year and 497 in 1914. Nearly all the cases were visited at their homes by the Tuberculosis Nurse, who obtained particulars as regards (a) the history of the illness, (b) possible sources of infection, (c) any insanitary conditions, such as overcrowding, bad ventilation, and lack of cleanliness, and reported these particulars to the Medical Officer, who is also Tuberculosis Officer. Advice was given as to how— (a) to prevent as far as possible the spread of infection to others, and (b) the measures to be taken to secure the best chances of recovery

A large proportion of the pulmonary cases were subsequently examined at the Dispensary, and those unable to come to this institution were, if necessary, visited by the Tuberculosis Officer at their homes.

The absence of the Assistant Tuberculosis Officer on. Military duty since December, 1915, has considerably limited the work in connection with this disease. The cases seen and examined at the Dispensary during the year were—

Insured Persons	463
Non-Insured Adults	110
Children	527
Total 1	100

The number of visits paid to the patients' homes by the Nurse totals 821, and about 125 in addition were made by the Medical Officer.

The number of deaths from Tubercular Diseases during the last two years was as follows :---

	1916.	1915.
Abdominal Tuberculosis	0	 1
Tubercular Meningitis	23	 22
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	203	 203
Other Forms	30	 41
Total	256	 267

Seventy-six early cases were admitted to Strinesdale from the Borough during the year, and with 13 who were inmates at the commencement of the year, makes a total of 89 Oldham patients who had been treated in that Institution. About 90 more advanced or observation cases were also admitted to Westhulme from the Borough, and several soldiers, discharged from the army on account of Tubercular Disease, were also admitted and received treatment. The following gives the occupation of the notified case during the year :-

	Cardroom hands							Numł Notifi 32	ed
.0 0	Piecers Reelers	·· ···			••••			7	
Cotton Operatives.	Spinners	·· ···						7	
Cot	Weavora	• • • • • •	•••		•••		···	37	
10	Winders			••••				7	
1			•••					11	
(Other Cotton Oper	atives	••••	•••				17	
Workers.	Iron Grinders	• •••						5	
ork	Fitters	• •••						7	
BI	Moulders							4	
Iron	Turners	• •••						14	
H (Other Ironworkers	••••	'					13	
í	Bricksetters							2	
02			••••	••••	••••			5	.9
General Trades.	Housework		••••			•••		53	
É)	Shop Assistants, &c	• •••						24	
ral	General Labourers				•••			33	
ene	Other General Trade	es	•••					46	
5	No Occupation							80	
	Soldiers and Sailors		••••					7	
	Clerks, &c							10	

The examination of specimens of Sputa is available for all Medical Practitioners in the town.

No. of specimens examined-

Negative, 229; Positive, 53; Total, 282.

Other Diseases.

- F. -

RESPIRATORY DISEASES.

There were 150 fewer deaths from these diseases than in the previous year. This diminution occurred both as regards Bronchitis and Pneumonia. The much smaller population would account for some of the reduction but not the whole of it. The actual numbers were—From Bronchitis 275, Pneumonia 145, Pleurisy 3, and other forms of Respiratory Disease 21. Sixty-eight of these deaths were in children under the age one year, and 134 in persons over 65 years of age.

HEART DISEASE.

There were 255 deaths from Heart Affection, a slight increase over the previous year.

DIARRHŒA.

The deaths attributed to this cause were comparatively very few, numbering only 32. Twenty of these were in infants under one year of age, four in children between one and two years, and seven in persons 60 years and upwards. Twenty-four deaths were also ascribed to Enteritis, and 15 of these were in children under one year of age.

CANCER.

The deaths from Cancer are two less than in the previous year—viz., 192. This number, however, is considerably higher than in any previous year. Out of the total number of deaths, 325, or 14 per cent., were of children under one year of age; 500, or nearly 22 per cent., of children under the age of five years, and 544, or nearly 24 per cent., in people 65 years of age and upwards.

Means for Preventing Mortality in Child Birth and in Infancy.

- G. -

INFANTILE DEATHS.

There has been a considerable decrease this year in the number of deaths of children under the age of one yearviz., 325, instead of 380, and 476 in the year 1914.

This, however, is to a considerable extent accounted for by the much smaller number of births.

The Infantile Mortality rate, which is almost the only correct death rate which at the present time can be estimated, has also slightly decreased, and was 122 per 1,000 births, compared with 126 in the previous year, and an average for the previous 10 years of 137 per 1,000. Though an improvement on previous years, this rate ought yet to be capable of considerable reduction, and the additional efforts in this direction, towards which the increased staff of Health Visitors, as arranged for towards the close of the year, will contribute, and probably tend to secure this desired result By extending this work to those over one year of age, there will also be a reduction in the loss of children under five years, and many others will be prevented from becoming weakly or crippled children. The following Table indicates the Infantile Mortalities of other areas for comparison :---

England	and	Wale	es	 91	per	1.000	hirtha
96 Great	Tow	'ns		 99	1		on ens.
Lancashin	e			 108		"	
Cheshire			·	 86		**	
Bolton				 103		"	
Oldham				 122		"	
Blackburn	1			 110		"	
Manchest	er			 100		"	
Preston				 110		"	
Liverpool				 116		,,	
Salford				 103		"	
Burnley				 151		"	
Rochdale				 103		"	
				 100		,,	

The large increase of illegitimate births which had been prophesied did not take place. In the whole of England and Wales the increase in the number of these births over the previous year was 1,567, in Lancashire the increase was only 45.

In Oldham there were 155 Illegitimate Births registered, compared with 154 in 1915, and 201 in the year 1914, and some of these were born in the Union Hospital, and do not properly belong to Oldham. Out of this number 34 died under one year of age, giving a mortality rate of 219 per 1,000, compared with the rate of 116 per 1,000 births in legitimate children.

A considerable saving of infant life could be effected if these children could be secured suitable homes, or measures taken to assist the mother when help was necessary. In no case is it more true that "the sins of the parent are visited on the children." There are many infants besides a proportion of the illegitimate ones who might be described as "unwanted babies," who receive so little care and attention that they either find an early grave or subsequently come under the public care in hospital, asylum, workhouse, or prison. It would certainly preserve many lives, and in the long run cost less to take charge of them at an early age, rear them in a healthy manner, and so cause them to become useful and profitable citizens of the country.

The following Table compares the Death rate among infants in the town from certain classes of disease during the six years previous to the employment of Women Inspectors, during the six years after their employment, and during the first six years in which the Notification of Births has been in force, with the present year :--

CAUSE OF DEATH.	Average Death Rate per 1,000 Births, 1896-1901.	Average Death Rate per 1,000 Births, 1902-1907.	Death Rate per 1,000 Births in 1908-1913	1916
Premature Births	20.07	21.71	22.36	20.62
Congenital Defects	2.77	5.23	3.84	3.37
Atrophy, Inanition & Debility	21.41	17.78	15.89	17.24
Diarrhœa	21.06	17.54	20.34	7.50
Other Zymotics	14.20	13.33	9.78	9.37
Convulsions	14.74	10.54	6.88	7.81
Dentition	2.87	2.13	1.78	0.75
Tubercular Diseases	7.39	4.86	4.02	1.87
Pneumonia and Bronchitis.	38.75	30.70	26.71	25.12
Other Causes	36.15	27.59	25.35	28.12
	179.42	150.42	136.95	121.78
Excluding Premature Births and Congenital Defects	158.6	123.5	110.75	97.86

The following is a summary of the work in connection with Infant Welfare :---

HEALTH VISITORS.—There are three Health Visitors, and authority was given towards the close of the year to appoint a fourth. These women visit cases of puerperal fever, measles, whooping cough, chicken pox, etc., and inspect workshops where females are employed. First visits to infants are made as soon as possible after birth when midwives are in attendance, and about ten days after birth if doctors are attending. Re-visits are only made in special cases. During 1916, 3,692 visits were made to 2,604 infants, 320 visits in connection with the deaths of infants, 2,250 visits to cases of infectious disease, and 39 special visits. Cases of Ophthalmia Neonatorum are visited by the Medical Officer of Health or Assistant Medical Officer of Health.

CENTRES. (A) MUNICIPAL.

(1) One Municipal Centre in St. James' Free Church School, Manchester Road, where consultations for children up to five years of age are conducted fortnightly by an assistant Medical Officer (lady), assisted by a Health Visitor and two voluntary helpers. Infants under two years old are weighed and examined, and advice is given to mothers. The Centre is also open weekly, apart from consultations under the superintendence of a Health Visitor, assisted by two voluntary helpers and a sewing mistress, for classes in sewing and making infants' garments, cookery, and in infant care and management. The average number of babies weighed was 10, and the average number of mothers 25 at each meeting.

(2) A School for Mothers and Infant Clinic at the Oldham Day Nursery at Overens Street, Lees Road, which

are now under the direction and control of the Medical Officer of Health. A School for Mothers and Infant Clinic are held alternate weeks. An assistant Medical Officer (lady) attends at the infant clinic, and is assisted by the nurse and by one of the Health Visitors. Infants are weighed and examined, and advice is given to mothers. At the school for mothers one of the Health Visitor's gives lectures and instruction. Voluntary helpers also assist.

(3) An Infant Clinic is held at the Bent House School for Mothers, where the babies are weighed and advice given to mothers at fortnightly meetings. An assistant Medical Officer (lady) attends at these clinics. Voluntary helpers assist in the work, and at the school for mothers.

THE MIDWIVES' ACT.

It was possible to visit only a few of the Midwives, and these visits have usually been made in consequence of some report. Early in the current year, however, measures were approved which will secure in future efficient and regular inspection.

The following is a list of those Midwives who practised in the Borough during the year :---

In the year 1915 there were 25 Midwives who had received training and held certificates, and 35 untrained. In 1916 there were 28 trained and 29 untrained, a total decrease of three. Some of the older ones practice very little.

LIST OF MIDWIVES.

LIST OF MIDWIVES-CONTINUED.

Name.	Address.	Number of Certificate	Date of Certificat	
Kershaw, Hannah	10, Port Street	1712	Feb. 25/1904	
Laycock, Martha A	39, Bamford Street,		51 5 1	
7 /	Chadderton	30989	June 30/1910 (4	
Mayall, Eliza Ann	11, Hesse Street	142	Nov. 26/1903	
Mills, Mary Ellen	235, Ashton Road	483	Dec. 17/1903	
Moorhouse, Emma	III, Redgrave Street	29566	Oct. 30/1909 (4	
O'Hara, Ellen	31, Jackson Street	28117	Feb. 15/1909 (4	
Radakin, Catherine	13, Davies Street	79	Oct. 29/1903	
Reeves, Sarah Elizabeth.	37, Chester Street		Feb. 20/1916 (4	
Ridings, Alice	58, Albert Street,			
	Chadderton	34276	Aug. 8/1911 (
Roberts, Mary Ann	4, Flora Street	591	Dec. 17/1903	
Shaw, Mary Ann	5, Old Lane, Austerlands	505	Dec. 17/1903	
Smith, Charlotte	12, Higginshaw Road	64	Oct. 29/1903	
Stirman, Mary J	33, Fulham Street	3043	Feb. 21/1910 (4	
Sutton, Mary	100, Bamford Street,			
	Chadderton	58	Oct. 29/1903 (
Taylor, Fanny	171, Balfour Street	29693	Oct. 30/1909 (4	
Taylor, Mary Ann	3, Canal St., Hollinwood	2592	Mar. 24/1904	
Travis, Mary	47, Westend Street	9443	Oct. 27/1904	
Tweedale, Mary Jane	41, Sharples Hall Street.	29713	Oct. 30/1909 (4	
Whalley, Mary	40, Brackley Street	216	Nov. 26/1903 (
Whyatt, Hannah	6, Prince Albert Street	11065	Dec. 22/1904	
Worstencroft, Sarah Ann.	8, Coalshaw Green,		1.51	
	Chadderton	21194	April 27/1905	
Wright, Kitty	92, Bolton Street	65	Oct. 29/1903	
Wright, Mary	782, Huddersheld Road.	5444	June 30/1904	

(1) Holds the Certificate of St. Mary's Hospital, Manchester.

(2) Holds the Certificate of the London Obstetric Society.

(3) Holds the Certificate of the Southern Hospital, Manchester.

(4) Passed the Examination of the Central Midwives' Board.

Vital Statistics of the Borough.

In ordinary circumstances the population of the Borough would have reached a figure of about 153,000, but the Registrar General has estimated that the removal of soldiers, etc., from the town has reduced the population to 136,126, and it is on this figure that the death rates have been calculated.

For calculating the birth rates the population has been estimated to be equal to 148,107. It is not possible to estimate with any degree of accuracy the population of the several Wards in the Borough, and the statistics given of the various rates in Table 7 are estimated on the pre-war populations.

The natural increase or the increase of the births over the deaths during the year was only 373 less than half the increase in normal times.

BIRTHS.

The total number of Births registered in the Borough during the year was 2,667, of which the males numbered 1,371, and the females 1,296. This number is a decrease of 340 compared with the year 1915, and is equal to a rate of 17.8 per 1,000 of the estimated population.

The previous lowest death rate, in 1915, was 20.8 per 1,000.

DEATHS.

The total number of deaths registered in the Borough during the year was 2,442, giving a crude rate of 17.8 per 1,000 of the estimated population. From this number the deaths of 228 non-residents are to be deducted, and 80 residents who died outside the district are to be added giving a corrected number of 2,294, which is equal to a rate of 16.7 per 1,000 persons.

NUMBER O	OF DEATH	S FROM C	ERTAIN	DISEASES	DURING
THE SI	X YEARS (PRE-WAR	YEARS)	, AND IN	1916.

La restante de la constante de				in the second	the starts	Theory is a		-
	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	Aver'ge	191
Measles	48	84	64	65	38	169	64	29
Scarlet Fever	16	4	5	7	19	48	12	. 8
Whooping Cough	15	77	13	65	36	56	44	48
Diphtheria	14	9	11	12	19	39	14	30
Typhoid Fever	12	10	3	0	3	5	7	2
Tuberculosis	287	247	227	257	263	258	265	250
Diarrhea	54	80	260	52	104	69	124	33
Cancer	123	147	145	133	146	155	137	19:
Premature Births	97	69	84	83	77	77	83	55
Diseases of Brain and Nerves	328	256	297	246	290	302	287	26
Heart Disease, &c	325	339	247	226	292	277	290	25
Respiratory Diseases	613	490	494	507	531	523	534	44
Diseases of Digestive System	145	136	139	124	161	134	143	14
" " Urinary " …	121	96	100	141	99	99	111	10-0
Accident	53	46	60	68	62	65	56	7.
Suieide	15	13	16	10	17	19	14	10
Atrophy and Wasting	56	66	61	51	55	38	64	4:1

The average death rate for England and Wales was 14.0, and for the 96 large towns 14.4 per 1,000 population

Though the rates for the Wards are, owing to the populations being unknown, of little value, they will be found in Table 6. Mumps has the highest rate of 21 pe 1,000, and St. James' the lowest, with 12.6 per 1,000.

Meteorological Report.

The Observatory is in the Oldham Park on the south east side of the town. The records are taken daily at 10-0 a.m. In addition to the instruments at this place, a raingauge, maximum and minimum thermometer, and a sunshine recorder have been installed at the Strinesdale Sanatorium. A Summary of the Observations will be found in Table 12.

JANUARY.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.67 and the mean temperature 45. The maximum in the sun was 57 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 41 to 44 degrees. Rain fell on 24 days, the total rainfall amounting to 3.69 inches.

FEBRUARY.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.42, and the mean temperature 38. The minimum temperature recorded on the grass was 24 degrees, and the maximum in the sun 68 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 38 to 43 degrees. Rail fell on 21 days, the total rainfall for the month amounting to 5.39 inches.

MARCH.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.39 inches, and the mean temperature 35 degrees. The minimum temperature on the grass was 21 degrees, and the maximum temperature in the sun was 59 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 37 to 40 degrees. Rain fell on 17 days, the total rainfall being 2.69 inches. APRIL.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.49 inches, and the mean temperature 44 degrees. The minimum temperature on the grass was 23 degrees, and the maximum temperature in the sun was 88 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 39 to 44 degrees. Rain fell on 16 days, the total rainfall amounting to 2.39 inches.

MAY.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.55 inches, and the mean temperature 50 degrees. The minimum temperature recorded on the grass was 25 degrees, and the maximum in the sun 84 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 43 to 48 degrees. Rain fell on 15 days, the total rainfall amounting to 2.62 inches.

JUNE.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.57 inches, and the mean temperature 51 degrees. The minimum temperature recorded on the grass was 28 degrees, and the maximum in the sun 80 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 48 to 50 degrees. Rain fell on 17 days, the total rainfall amounting to 3.34 inches.

JULY.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.69 inches, and the mean temperature 57 degrees. The minimum temperature recorded on the grass was 34 degrees, and the maximum in the sun 80 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 50 to 54 degrees. Rain fell on 20 days, the total rainfall amounting to 2.10 inches.

August.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.61 inches, and the mean temperature 60 degrees. The

minimum temperature recorded on the grass was 31 degrees, and the maximum in the sun 90 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 54 to 56 degrees. Rain fell on 16 days, the total rainfall amounting to 2.46 inches.

SEPTEMBER.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.71 inches, and the mean temperature 54 degrees. The maximum in the sun was 87 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 52 to 55 degrees. Rain fell on 13 days, and the total rainfall amounted to 3.08 inches.

OCTOBER.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.48 inches, and the mean temperature 51 degrees. The maximum temperature recorded in the sun was 68 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 49 to 53 degrees. Rain fell on 25 days, and the total rainfall amounted to 6.17 inches.

NOVEMBER.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.33 inches, and the mean temperature 43 degrees. The maximum temperature recorded in the sun was 60 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 45 to 49 degrees. Rain fell on 18 days, and the total rainfall amounted to 3.14 inches.

DECEMBER.—The mean barometric pressure was 29.13 inches, and the mean temperature was 34 degrees. The minimum temperature on the grass was 12 degrees, and the maximum in the sun 50 degrees. The temperature recorded by the thermometer 4 feet below the surface ranged from 40 to 45 degrees. Rain fell on 22 days, and the total rainfall amounted to 3.34 inches. The following table gives the hours of sunshine recorder each month at Strinesdale, and at Torquay and Southpon for comparison :---

	Torquay.	S	outhpor	t.	Strinesdale.
January	50.4		40		11.08
February	81.2		76		30.72
March	106.8		61		44.54
April	255.3		192		114.81
May	200.9		190		107.31
June	200.6		185		108.20
July	260.2		173		130.15
August	212.4		195		117.75
September	147.2		118		111.80
October	94.9		78		39.60
November	56.3	<i></i>	47		19.50
December	75.8		47		16.40
· Total	1742.0		1402		851.86

VITAL STATISTICS, 1916.

SUMMARY.

Population estimated by the Registrar General to the middle of the year 136,120
Births registered in the 52 weeks ending December 30th, 1916 Males 1,371 Females 1,296 2,667
Deaths registered in the 52 weeks ending December 20th, 1916 Males 1,162 Females 1,132 2,294
Deaths from the seven principal Zymotic diseases 152 Deaths under 1 per 1 000 Births
Annual Rate of Births per 1,000 living population. 17.8
Annual Rate of Mortality from all causes per 1,000 living population 16.7
Annual Rate of Mortality per 1,000 living popula- tion from the seven principal Zymotic diseases. 0.9
Of the 2,294 deaths registered during the year 1916,

500 or 21.8 per cent., were those of children under 5 years of age.

PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATHS.

Bronchitis.			275	Debility, &c		10
Pneumonia			145	Cancer	•••	48
Phthisis			203	Cancer	••••	192
Heart Diseas	0		200	Convulsions		25
Measles			212	Diarrhœa	····	32
Apoplone for		·	29	Premature Birth		55
Apoplexy, &c	• • • •	••••	124 .	Whooping Cough		48
Diphtheria	••••	•••	30	Accidents		85

TABLE No. 1. HOUSES BUILT IN THE BOROUGH.

		YEAR.				No. of Houses Built
March	, 1876, to	March,	1877			1181
,,	1877	,,	1878			1010
	1878		1880			989
,,	1880	,,	1881			746
,,	1881		1882			738
,,	1882	,,	1883			644
,,	1883	,\$	1884			631
,,	1884		1885			737
,,	1885	,,	1886			780
.,,	1886		1887			657
	1887	, ,,	1888			711
**	1888	,,	1889			. 371
	1889	,,	1890			218
,,	1890		1891			214
,,	1891	,	1892			190
,,	1892	. "	1893			227
,,	1893	"	1894			362
,,	1894	,,	1895			284 *
,,	1895		1896			294
,,	1896	,,	1897			360
"	1897		1898			505
"	1898	,, -	1899			455
,,	1899		1900			608
**	1900	,,	1901			543
"	1901	,,	1902			439
"	1902		1903			375
"	1903	,,	1904			357
"	1904	• • •	1905			242
,,	1905	,,	1906			185
,,	1906	"	1907			169
,,	1907	"	1908			210
,,	1908	"	1909			283
,,	1909	, ,,	1910			443
"	1910	,,	1911			453
, ,,	1911	,,	1912	••••		283
	1912	"	1913	••••	••••	288
"	1912	"	1914			283
,,	1913	,,	1914			212
,,	$1914 \\ 1915$	"	1915			85
	1915	"	1910		••••	16
**	1910	, ,,	1911		••••	10

TABLE No. 2.

INFANTILE MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1916.

DEATHS FROM STATED CAUSES IN WEEKS AND MONTHS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE,

CAUSE OF DEATH	Under 1 week	1-2 weeks	2-3 weeks	3.4 weeks		1-3 months	3-6 months	6-9 months	9-12 months	
All Causes-{ Certified Uncertified	1	20	6	18	1		1			3 308
Small-Pox Chicken-Pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphthei a and Croup Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Pneumonia (all forms) Diarrheea Enteritis Gastritis Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, overlying Injury at Birth Atelectasis Congenital Malformations Premature Births Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus	······································	······································	······································		······································	······································	······································	······································	$ \begin{array}{c} $	 6 18
Other Causes	12 16	5 2	21	43	23 22	11 8	7 10	4 3	3 8	48 51
TOTALS	84	20	6	15	125	56	54	47	45	327

TABLE No. 3.

DEATHS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE IN 1916.

		Н	ow Fe	ed.		Occ	upatio	on of 1	fother.
Nature ^s of Diseases.	Breast.	Bottle.	Artificial food.	Both Breast and Bottle.	No Food.	Cotton Workers.	Charwoman or D'm'stic Servant	Other Occupation.	Housework.
Small Pox Chicken Pox									
Measles	2	3		1					6
Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough	5	13	3			5		1	12
Diphtheria & Croup									
Erysipelas Tubercular Meningitis Abdominal	2								2
Tuberculous Other Tuberculosis	1								1
Diseases Meningitis (not		1							1
Tuberculous)	 13	1 3	₁			1 5			
Laryngitis Bronchitis	116	21		2			1	 1	1 28
Pneumonia (all forms)	10	15	1	1		3		1	22
Diarrhœa Enteritis	6	15 11	4		••••	55	1		· 15 10
Enteritis		8	2			2	••••		6
Syphilis	1				1				2
Rickets Suffocation, over-		2	1						2
lying									
Injury at birth	···; 1	1			2				32
Atelectasis Congenital Mal-	I				1				Z
formation	2	3			1	1	1		4
Premature Birth Atrophy, Debility,	13	6		2	32	15		1	37
and Marasmus	14	25	3		8	5		2	40
Other Causes	20	26	2	2	5	10	1	1	41
TOTALS	111	134	23	8	54	66	4	7	250

6.-Showing Population, Births and Birth Rates, Deaths and Death Rates.-1916. TABLE No.

Death Rate per 1,000 Population. 16.7 13.0 15.2 14.8 15.1 17.8 1.91 14.5 13.6 21.0 12.6 15.2 7.91 186 Total. 150 183 232 240 190 201 150 223 181 143 215 2,294 DEATHS Females. 83 92 2 139 137 228 82 76 118 23 99 104 1,132 Males. 103 62 16 93 103 105 611 74 105 102 17 1,162 III The Populations of the Wards are pre-war numbers. Birth Rate per 1,000 6.61 13.9 16.6 18.5 16.8 18-9 18.8 18.1 18.1 18.2 17.6 1.91 17.8 Total. 221 160 200 290 267 202 251 187 297 157 200 235 2,667 BIRTHS. Females. 103 83 148 16 139 126 85 102 146 67 103 1,296 103 Males. 118 27 109 142 128 7117 125 85 151 00 1,371 132 56 Density (Persons 98.2 to an 42.5 46-2 Acre). 55.55 34.8 8.18 64.5 24.7 26.2 1.69 11.2 17.2 30.0 Area in Acres, 113 262 271 280 457 130 207 420 623 125 1,015 826 4,729 Population. 11,102 11,510 12,111 15,923 15,550 10,639 13,352 10,367 16,338 8,637 11,387 14,128 136,126 ********** *********** Werneth Hartford Clarksfield St. James' Waterhead Total..... ; WARD. Hollinwood ... Mumps. St. Peter's St. Mary's Westwood St. Paul's Coldhurst

TABLE No. 7.

Death Rates per 1,000 population in the various Wards, from various Diseases.

1916.

Ward.	All causes	Seven Principal Zymotic Diseases	Phthisis	Bronchitis	Pneumonia	Deaths under 1 year to 1000 births
St. Mary's	16.7	1.6	1.4	2.3	1.4	149
St. Peter's	13.0	0.4	1.3	0.9	0.8	94
Werneth	15.2	1.1	1.1	1.9	0.6	120
Westwood	14.8	0.7	1.3	2.0	1.6	114
St. Paul's	15.1	0.7	0.7	1.5	1.1	161
Coldhurst	17.8	1.5	2.5	1.8	0.8	138
Hartford	15.1	0.7	1.0	1.9	0.8	151
Hollinwood	14.5	1.2	0.6	2.1	1.0	133
Clarksfield	13.6	1.1	1.3	1.8	0.5	74
Mumps	21.0	1.5	2.9	2.4	1.1	146
St. James'	12.6	0.2	1.1	1.9	0.6	80
Waterhead	15.2	0.8	1.4	1.5	1.0	106
Borough	16.7	0.9	1.3	1.8	0.9	122

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TABLE No. 8.

	1	NT												
	_	NAMES LOCALIT	OF MES.			Вс	roug	h of	Old	ham.				
		YEAR	ι.	1	mated	tion esti- to middle h Year.	D11	rths stered.	a	eaths t all ges.	1	eat inde Yea	ir.	
	1	906 907 908 909	·····		141 142	0,969 ,730 2,507	3,7	87 43 89	2, 2, 2, 2,	641 732 868	-	555 541 64(2	
	1	910 911 912	····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		146	3,301 5,700 5,751 5,840	3,7	91	2, 2, 2, 2,	717 464 610		467 475 556		
	1	913 914			149 151	,936 ,044 ,781	3,4 3,4 3,4 3,0	65 93 -	2, 2,	440 552 694 601		400 483 476		
		1906	nges of ears to 1915.	}		,456	3,6			632		3S0 497		
NAME		916			141	,781	2,6	67	2,5	294		325		
LOCALI	TIES.	1	. Mar	y's		St	. Pet	er's.		11	W		eth	
Уна	R.	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	Births Registered.	Deaths at all Ares.	Deaths under I Year.	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	Births Revistored	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 Year.	Population esti- mated to middle	of each Year.	Births	Deat	at all Ages. Deaths under 1 Year.
1907 1908 1909		10,810 10,835	333 332 362 347 228 296 332 320 330 291	214 218 240 227 201 222 297 194 241 202		11,722 11,723 11,723 11,723 11,723 11,562 11,558 11,558 11,540 11,522 11,510	207 220 238 212 213 189 189 180 172	168 213 196 150 156 202 168 162	19 34 19 26 24 21 21 21 18	11,3 12,3 12,3 12,4 12,1 12,1 12,1 12,1 12,1 12,1	22 58 96 36 13 11 11	23 27 28 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	74 29 18 39 21 38 14 31 16 32 16 30 16 30 16 30 18 20
Averages Years 1906 to 19	of]	10,934		225		11,510	200	195 177	22 22	<u>12,1</u> 12,1	-	19) 248	17	
1916		11,102	221	186	33	11,510	169	150	15	12,11		000	-	
		2	stwo	od.		1	Pai		10 1	1		200 lhu	rst.	3 24
1908		13,705 13,846 13,990 14,130	381 420	234 244 271 241	41 37 70 44	12,664 12,834 13.008	376 384 390	$\frac{234}{213}$	44 59 49	10,33 10,33 10,33		307 272 337	237	51 43
1910 1911 1912		14,728 14,939 15,149 15,349	442 382 337	220 241 228	41 52 37	13,184 14,594 14,940 15,278	$379 \\ 365 \\ 343 \\ 369 $	207	38 48 48 32	10,33 10,57 10,58 10,56	0 0 7	321 254 294 251	266 224 205 238	49 46 48
1914 1915 Averages o		15,550 15,550	380 2 295 2	233 245 214	40 37 22	15,598 15,923 15,923	341 351 339	252	45 51 38	10,60 10,63 10,63	9 9	272 282 215	219 234 242	$\frac{40}{50}$
Years 1905 to 191		14,693		237	42	14,094	364	227	15	10,49	E 2	280	241	46
1916		15,550	290 2	32	53	15,923	267	240 4	13	10,639	12	02	190	28

TABLE No 8-Continued.

NAMES OF LOCALITIES.	На	rtfo	ed.		Hol	linw	ood.			rksfi	eld.	
YEAR.	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	Birtlk Registered	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 Year.	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	Births Registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 Year.	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	Births Registered.	Denths at all Ages.	Deaths
1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	$\begin{array}{c} 12\ 473\\ 12,473\\ 12,473\\ 12,479\\ 13,170\\ 13,149\\ 13,218\\ 13,255\\ 13,352\\ 13,352\\ 13,352\\ \end{array}$	361 375 336 367 362 310 329 324 316 275	260 303 263 239 239 251 242 255 228		$\begin{array}{r} 9,150\\ 9,252\\ 9,356\\ 9,476\\ 9,808\\ 9,951\\ 10,093\\ 10,230\\ 10,367\\ 10,367\end{array}$	302 286 281 277 270 254 250 273 268 239	191 174 160 185 146 184 152 157 155 157	38 38 50 31 43	$\begin{array}{c} 15,866\\ 16,158\\ 16,454\\ 16,750\\ 15,702\\ 15,861\\ 16,022\\ 16,180\\ 16,338\\ 16,338\\ 16,338\end{array}$	387 379 432 392 375 364 352 371 361 308	245 228 256 252 291 256 221 255 262 256	$55 \\ 45 \\ 63 \\ 39 \\ 44 \\ 50 \\ 40 \\ 42 \\ 43 \\ 42$
Averages of Years 1906 to 1915	12,942	335	264	49	9,805	270	166	39	16,167	372	252	46
1916	13,352	251	201	38	10,367	187	150	25	16,338	297	223	22
	I	Iump	os.		St.	Jam	es's		Waterhead.			
1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 Averages of Years	8,298 8,293 8,293 8,572 8,579 8,605 8,621 8,637	216 218 258 213 238 199 198 199 236 182 216	231 203 205 169 228 179 198 226	51 36 38 30 48 22 38 45 33	10,660 10,660 10,660 11,166 11,219 11,277 11,332 11,387 11,387	241 289 277 293 299 269 273 248 261 214 214 216	203 237 205 187 188 167 206 184	41 45 51 35 27 30 32 29	12,982 12,984 12,984 12,984 13,759 13,853 13,948 14,038 14,038 14,128 14,128 14,128	381 334 379 383 338 320 354 295 305 279 337	257 268 251 239 267 212 269 265 269	56 72 41 40 58 34 50 42 45
1906 to 1915) 1916	8.637	187	181	23	1,387	200	143	16	14,128	235	215	2

TABLE No. 9.-FOR WHOLE DISTRICT.

NETT DEATHS AT ALL AGES	DISTRICT.	ber Rate.	13	18.8	19-7	20-1	0.61	16-7	18-2	16.3	1.21	17-8		18-2	16-7	
NETT		Number	12	2641	2732	2868	2717	2464	2610	2440	2552	2694	2601	2632	2294	9
ñ	of residents remisterid		11	11	21	9	22	1-	35	51	53	58	65	33	80	ises, 33,41
Denths of Non-	register'd		District.	160	152	160	178	199	180	212	161	214	209	185	228	ubited hot
Total		Institu- tions in the District.	6	341	536	580	592	570	560	209	610	636	682	571	696	ser of inhu
NI GED	Ages.	Rate.	00	19-8	20.3	21.1	1.07	18:0	19-3	17-4	18.0	18.8	19-0	19-2	17-8	4,729. Numb
REGISTER STRICT.	At all Ages.	Number	t.~	2790	2863	3022	2873	2656	2755	2601	2690	2850	2745	2784	2442	in Acres.
Total Drates Registered in The District.	r I Year Age.	Rate per 1,000 Births	register'd 6	146	144	159	119	127	159	117	138	136	126	137	122	f District at all age
TOTAL	Under 1 Year of Age.	Number	10	552	192	646	195	472	556	400	483	476	380	497	325	Area of District in Acres. 4.729. 1Total population at all ages. 147.495. Number of inhabited houses, 33,415. A verage number of persent per house A44
.sm		Rate.	4	26-9	26.5	28.4	7.12	25-2	24.4	23.2	23-2	23.0	20.8	24-9	17-S	-Total 1
BIRTHS.		Number	63	3787	3743	4059	3912	3711	3491	3419 .	3465	3493	3007	3605	2667	
	Population estimated to	muddle of each Year.	61	140,969	141,730	142,507	143,301	146,700	147,751	148,840	149,936	151,044	141,781	145,455	148,107	AT CENSUS OF 191
		YEAR.	1	1906	1907	1908	6061	1910	1161	2161	1913	1914	1915	Averages for years 1906-1915	1916	

TABLE No. 10.

Showing the Birth-rates, also Rates of Mortality from all causes, from the seven principal Zymotic Diseases, and from Phthisis, Bronchitis, and Pneumonia, during the years 1882-1916.

		RA			PULATIO	N FROM		Deaths under
Year	Population	Births	Deaths all causes D	princip'l ymotic diseases	Phthisis	Bron- chitis	Pneu- monia	1 year to 1000 births
1882	114,017	35.3	24.9	2.8	2.3	3.4	2.1	182
1883	115,888	36 0	22.5	1.5	2:3	2.9	1.8	159
	117,791	37.4	25.9	3.7	2.6	2.8	2.3	182
1884	119,724	37.5	23.2	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.2	167
1885	121,690	1.7	24.2	3.0	2.3	3.1	1.9	175
1886	121,000	26.2	24.1	2.6	2.4	3.0	2.0	173
Avera 1007	ge 5 y'rs 123,687	33.8	25.8	4.5	2.0	3.2	2.1	187
1887	125,007	33.3	22.3	2.2	1.9	2.6	2.6	151
1888	127,781	31.5	22.7	3.3	1.9	2.8	2.6	178
1889		31.0	24.4	2.5	2.0	3.4	$3 \cdot 1$	180
1890	129,878 132,010	30.8	25.6	2.3	1.9	3.7	3.3	193
1891	152,010		24.2	2.9	1.9	3.1	2.7	178
Avera	ge 5 y'rs 132,171	29.5	22.3	2.7	2.1	2.8	2.3	177
1892	132,738	29.4	21.6	2.6	1.9	2.3	2.4	186
1893	133,313	28.4	19.4	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.9	162
1894	133,888	29.0	23.1	2.9	1.8	2.7	2.4	190
1895	134,475	29.1	21.6	2.9	1.7	2.5	2.3	183
1896	101,110		21.6	2.6	1.9	2.5	2.3	180
Avera	age 5 y'rs 135,045	28.2	20.7	2.7	1.7	2.0	2.2	183
1897 1898	135,617	27.7	19.2	2.4	1.7	2.1	2.2	174
1899	136,210		22.7	2.4	1.6	2.8	2.6	198
1900	136,797		22.0	2.7	1.9	2.8	2.3	173
1901	137,382		19.7	2.5	1.6	2.2	2.2	173
Avon	a ge 5 y'r		20.9	2.5	1.7	2.4	2.3	180
1902	138,091	26.1	19.1	2.0	1.5	2.1	2.0	148
1903	138,786		18.6	2.4	1.6	2.4	1.6	160
1904	139,497		18.3	2.3	1.4	2.2	1.5	
1905	140,225		18.1	2.1	1.5	1.9	1.6	
1906	140,969		18.8	2.8	1.3	1.7	1.6	146
Aver	age 5 y'ı		18.6	2.3	3 1.4			
1907	141,730		19.3	1.5			1.9	144
1908	142,507		20.1	26	1.5		1.5	
1909	143,301		19.0	1.1			1.8	
1910			16.7	1.8			1.5	
1911	and the second second second		18.2	2.5				
	rage 5 y'		18.6	1.9				
1912				1.3				
1913				1.4				
1914				2.5				
1915				1.0				
1916				0.9				
	rage 5 y'		5 17.2	1.	4 1.3	3 1.9	1 1 1	3 128

* Estimated for Deaths.

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TABLE No. 11.

Showing the number of deaths from the Seven Principal Zymotic Diseases in the Borough of Oldham, during the years 1878-1916.

Year	Population	Smallpox	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	-Whooping Cough	Fever Typhus and Typhoid	Diarrhea	Total Deaths
1050	100 550		114	210				0.0	For
1878	102,573	1	114	240	26	77	36	93	587
1879	105,679	•••	9 96	136	19	60	25	46	295
1880	108,880		50	131	9	70	28	142	476
1881	112,176	9	69	87	10	36	39	69	257
1882	114,017	4	6	58	10	77	26	74	318
1883	115,888	2	193	21	9	38	26	76	178
1884	117,791		54	33	7	36	≥ 22	149 46	440 050
1885 1886	119,724		89	20	14	104	18	134	256
1887	121,690		176	32	29	57 100	30	89	371 555
1888	123,687	13	53	103 66	62	40	25 24	43	275
1889	125,717 127,781		126	54	36 16	127	24 20	78	421
1890	129,878	••••	95	25	6	82	15	96	319
1891	132,010		97	25	18	71	27	68	306
1892	132,010	15	139	42	18	68	16	56	354
1893	132,738	65	29	16	16	56	26	140	348
1894	133,313	22	56	21	39	58	15	46	257
1895	133,888	23	97	16	25	57	26	143	387
1896	134,475		165	56	34	53	23	72	403
1897	135,045		96	21	9	77	19	145	367
1898	135,617		87	24	10	65	23	114	323
1899	136,210		49	46	21	54	18	138	326
1900	136,797	3	108	54	20	89	17	76	367
1901	137,382		73	41	13	30	9	171	337
1902	138,091	7	103	39	49	29	13	42	282
1903	138,785	23	43	30	58	111	12	47	324
1904	139,497	14	70	22	34	37	22	117	316
1905	140 225	5	65	45	11	57	12	98	293
1906	140,969		125	33	17	41	6	175	397
1907	.141,730		35	17	17	66	4	78	217
1908	142,507		82	28	23	54	12	174	373
1909	143,301		43	16	14	15	12	54	159
1910	146 700		84	4	9	77	10	80	264
1911	- 147,751		64	5	11	13	3	260	356
1912	148,840		65	7	12	65		52	201
1913	149,936		38	19	19	36	3	104	219
1914	151,044		169	48	39	56	5	69	386
1915	141,781*		48	17	20	15	4	49	153
1916	136,126*		29	3	30	48	2	32	144

* Estimated for Deaths.

TABLE No. 14.

Return of Inquests held in Oldham, touching the cause of death of any person, for the year ended 31st December, 1916.

INQUESTS.	Males	Females.
Infants (Legitimate), under 1 year	127	7
", 1 year and under 7 years	16	16
Infants (Illegitimate or unknown) under 1 year		
1 year and under 7 years	1	
Children, 7 years and under 16	7	8
Youths, 16 years and under 25	3	1
Adults, 25 years and under 60	54	28
Aged, 60 years and above	1.0	29
Ages unknown		
Total	134	89
VERDICTS.	Males.	Femal
Felo de se		
Want of Attention at Birth		
Murder		
Manslaughter		1
Suicide, while Insane	. 6	4 30
Accidental Death	C	4
Open Verdicts		3
Excessive Drinking		45
Natural Causes	1	
Found Drowned		
Stillborn Disease aggravated by neglect		
Justifiable Homicide		
Total	136	8

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TABLE No 12.

Weekly Means of Meteorological Observations for the year 1916.

bebro 6Ini	or onlisens tants fa		·04	4.14	Ŧ[.	5·18	4.68	4.25	5.19	18.09	13-19	12.15	1.01	3.07	24-16	33.17	25.30	4.16	34.15	24.09	6.95	31-19	38.20
$\mathrm{Clouds\ covered\ =\ 0}_{0=\mathrm{rest}\ =\ 0}$																						5	
no erad to rotmix fish nint doithw			9	5	9	5	9	4	9	00	4	4	9	5	1	67	6	9	64	00		d	4
.ni21 IlshuisH .burrorg svoda			1.76	.52	1.08	.32	·83	1.46	1.86	60·	1.31	.52	1.40	-37	-25	·03	1.05	1.28	.03	-23	1.53	-57	+1.
TEMPERATURES.	Temperature wolod .ft tolow surface.		42	43	43	42	42	42	41	40	40	39	39	39	39	40	40	41	42	77	45	45	47
	Temperature Temperature Surface, surface,		43	43	43	43	43	40	39	39	38	37	38	39	39	11:	43	43	47	49	1.7	19	24
	muminiK .ssniO no		39	36	40	38	37	33	29	27	26	·ŀ·	•]•	22	29	27	33	33	35	32	34	36	36
	Maximum Maximum Bulb in Vacuo		55	: 3	51	52	49	55	54	55	52	59	48	. 51	60	72	7.3	66	83	76	11	63	16
	Maximum Maximum ding		52	48	49	48	46	45	50	45	44	57	• •	.ŀ	÷	÷	÷	53	70	63	58	69	76
	muminiW .ebad& ni		41	37	14	39	38	32	34	31	31	30	34	32	34	35	37	38	44	38	40	47	11
	numixeM obcd8 ni		53	47	49	46	44	41	44	39	37	37	39	41	44	50	51	46	60	24	53	60	49
nollerute8 to %			93	92	85	92	92	88	84	74	60	13	16	83	85	.85	28	. 85	80	62	86	11	10
METER	Wet		45	42	43	42	40	35	37	33	34	33	37	35	39	33	11	11	51	4.5	45	23	52
HVOROMETER	Dry		46	43	45	43	41	37	39	36	35	34	38	37	41	45	44	-13	54	48	14	89	25
Thermometer			46	43	45	43	41	37	39	36	35	34	38	37	11	45	14	43	54	48	17	88	15
Barometer reduced to Sea Level at 32.0			29	29	29	29	29	29	29.19	29	23	23	29	23	29	29	23	50	29.75	29-40		29-79	
DATE		1916	5	15	22	29	February 5	12	19	26	March 4	II	18	25	April 1	. 8	15	22		May 6		52	IT
		-	-		-														-				

	_			_	_		_				_	_	_		1					_			_								-
34-10	00.0V	14.90	10.85	20.30	9.80	27-25	60.90	46-70	52.55	1.80	16.15	26.65	25.40	21.75	18.85	30.60	2.00	6.10	13.50	17.30	2.20	1.10	6.90	4.00	9-20	8.00	3.70	1.000	09.	Total 851.86	
6 01	g a	0 0	10	-1	10	6	9	6	÷	10	8	8	00	00	1-	8	10	10	x	8	6	10	x	6	8	1	6	10	10	8	
41-		4 6	1 -2	9	9	20	0 .	67	-1	5	20	4	\$	9	0	0	9	2	4	1-	-	2	57	0	-11	-11	5	4	9	als. 221	
-54		00.		02.	.88	67.	1	·03	I	1.49	.76	·21	1.12	92.	1.20	1	1.80	2.04	-67	•56	*	1.51	10.	61.	•48	.0g.	.35	÷9.	1.55	Tot 40.17	
48	48	70	- 50	51	51	52	53	54	. 55	56	55	55	55	54	0	52	52	52	52	51	49	48	48	46	45	44	43	41	40	47	
53	53	1 10	22	56	56	110	60	61	60	60	58	58	56	56	54	54	54	55	51	47	47	46	45	43	42	39	- 38	37	38	48	
0.00	39	40	40	41	42	45	43	14	42	48	45	41	41	39	35	39	43	44	30	30	31	34	31	28	26	20	22	19	27	35	er.
85	18	198	88	87	82	81	98	66	98	88	90	85	86	78	61	\$3	77	12	69	68	56	58	22	52	51	46	41	40	44	69	of Order.
12	19	60	10	72	65	11	85	84.	84	73	74	72	75	99	65	11	64	63	- 59	57	50	51	51	46	1-14	42	38	37	42	60	ment out
44	43	40	49	50	49	52	54	56	53	54	54	50	52	47	45	49	50	51	40	40	42	42	39	39	34	30	30	29	32	49	- Instrument
53	55	909	23	60	58	63	72	69	10	99	64	62	63	60	59	63	65	61	52	51	49	50	48	45	44	39	38	37	41	53	-1-
79	73	22	80	75	81	85	72	11	72	82	- 82	81	81	80	74	81	87	81	64	61	86	86	92	92	85	85	90	90	92	19	
49	45	15	51	53	52	56	58	60	57	56	56	53	55	50	48	53	53	55	43	44	44	45	42	41	39	34	34	34	38	45	
53	49	10	19	22	00	59	64	64	62	59	59	56	58	53	52	56	00	58	46	12	46	17	43	42	41	36	35	: 35	39	48	
53	67	1 12	54	22	55	59	64	† 9	62	59	69	56	58.	53	52	56	55	58	46	47	46	47	43	42	41	36	35	35	39	48	
29-65																	29.50	29.60				29.18					ŝ	00	29-37	29-49	
June 3				00					12			_	6					14				11				6				Means	

TABLE No. 15.

COUNTY BOROUGH OF OLDHAM.

Deaths Registered at Several Groups of Ages from Different Causes during 52 Weeks ending December 30th, 1916.

1	-					-					
					AGE	š.					Total Deaths
CAUSE OF DEATH.	0 to 1	1 to 2	2 to 5	Total under 5 years	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 45	45 to 65	65 and upwards	All Ages.	whether of "Residents" or "Nop- Residents" in Institutions, in the District.
Classes. ISpecific Febrile or Zymotic Diseases IIParasitic Diseases IIDietetic Diseases IVConstitutional Diseases VDevelopmental Diseases VILocal Diseases VILocal Diseases VILocat Biseases VIDeaths from Violence VIIDeaths from Ill- Defined and Not Specified Causes	1 4 64 137 3	45 1 37 4 6	42 3 1 30 4 2	139 2 7 65 204 11 72	48 52 12 5	46 5 40 4 2	95 1 29 178 13 10	92 1 158 404 29 26	18 59 74 349 16 28	435 2 258 139 1227 85 143	134 1 71 24 382 63 22
TOTALS	325	93	82	500	117	97	326	710	544	2294	697
I.—SPECIFIC FEBRILE ON ZYMOTIC DISEASES. 1. Miasmatic Diseases. Smallpox Measles Scarlet Fever Typhus Whooping Cough Diphtheria Simple Continued and Ill- defined Fever Enteric or Typhoid Fever Cerebro-Spinal Fever Tabes Mesenterica Tubercular Meningitis, Hydro- cephalus Phthisis Other Forms of Tuberculosis Scrofula Other Miasmatic Diseases Influenza	1.8	13 16 6 1 3 2 	$ \begin{array}{c} 7 & 2 \\ 11 & 13 \\ 13 \\ \\ 5 & 1 \\ 2 \\ \\ $	26 2 46 19 1 8 4 6 	$ \begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 11 \\ $	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	 2 76 5 7	 71 4 12	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··	:29 3 48 30 :2 2 2 : 203 30 :25	$ \begin{array}{c} $
Discussion Discussion (4		24			₁	3		 32	ii

		1.			AGE	s:				1	Total Do
CAUSE OF DEATH.	0 to 1	1 to 2	2 to 5	Total under 5 years	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 45	45 to 65 .	65 and upwards	All Ages	whethe "Resident or "N Residents Institute in th Distri-
3. Malarial Diseases. Remittent Fever Ague											
Cowpox and Effects of Vacci- nation			·								
Other Diseases, Hydrophobia, Glanders, Splenic Fever											
5. Venereal Diseases. Syphilis	2			2							
Gonorrheea, Stricture of Ure-										2	1
6 Sentis Diamas											
6. Septic Diseases. Erysipelas Pyæmia, Septicæmia Puerperal Fever				 1 	1	 1	 4	1 1 		2 2 5	1 4
II PARASITIC DISEASES.											
Thrush, and other Vegetable Parasitic Diseases Worms, Hydatids, and other Animal Parasitic Diseases.	1	1		2						2	1
IIIDIETETIC DISEASES.											
Want of Breast Milk, Starva- tion Scurvy Chronic Alcoholism Delirium Tremens	···· ···	···· ··· ···	· ··· ···				 1 	 1		 2 	
IV.—Constitutional Diseases.											
Rheumatic Fever, Rheumatism of the Heart Rheumatism Gont Rickets Cancer, Malignant Disease Purpura, Hæmorrhagic Dia- thesis	 2 1		 1 1	 3 1		3 1 1	3 1 19 	2 3 1 130	9 41	8 13 2 3 192 2	$\frac{6}{1}$ 52
Anæmia, Chlorosis, Leucocy- thæmia Glycosuria, Diabetes Mellitus Other Constitutional Diseases	1		1	2			4 2	9 12 	5 4	20 18	3 8
	,	-									

				A	GES.			~			Total Dustly
CAUSE OF DEATH.	0 to 1	1 to 2	2 to 5	Total under 5 years	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 45	45 to 65	65 and upwards	Ањ Асез.	whicher of "Residents" in Residents " in Institutions in the District.
VDevelopmental Diseases.							-				
Premature Birth. Atelectasis Congenital Malformations Old Age V1.—LOCAL DISEASES.	55 2 7 	···· ····	 1 	55 2 8 		 * 	 		 74	55 2 8 74	7 1 16
1. Diseases of Nervous System. Inflammation of Brain or Membranes		4	6	10	5	1	1	4	3	21	2
Apoplexy, Softening of Brain, Hemiphlegia, Brain Paralysis. Insanity, General Paralysis of	1			1	1		8	50	64	124	55
the Insane Epilepsy Convulsions Laryngismus Stridulus (Spasm		 3	1 1 2	$\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\25\end{array}$	1 	1 3 	11 8 	22 6 	8 1 	$ \begin{array}{r} 44 \\ 19 \\ 25 \end{array} $	44 19 1
of Glottis) Poliomyelitis Disease of Spinal Cord, Para-		2		3	1			ï	1 	5 1	
plegia, Paralysis Agitans Other Diseases of Nervous System	4			4	1	3 1	2	4	1	15 4	5
2. Diseases of Organs of Special Sense. Of Ear, Eye, Nose		2		2	1	2			·	5	4
3. Diseases of Circulatory System.											
Pericarditis Acute Endocarditis Valvular Diseases of Heart Other Diseases of Heart Aneurism Embolism, Thrombosis Other Diseases of Blood Vessels	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	 8 	 3 2 	 6 2 	4 18 17 1 1	 40 51 4	8 27 38 1 15	20 94 118 1 2 20	 21 33 1 3
4. Diseases of Respiratory System. Laryngitis Croup	1		1	2	2	. 1				5	1
Emphysema, Asthma Bronchitis Broncho-Pneumonia Pneumonia (other forms) Pleurisy	 41 15 11 	···· 7 7 7	354	1 51 27 22	 1 4 8	 3 1 3	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 20 \\ 2 \\ 26 \\ 2 \end{array}$	 4 87 8 25 1	 113 4 15	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 5 \\ 275 \\ 46 \\ 99 \\ 3 \end{array} $	4 67 8 8
Other Diseases of Respiratory System					2		1	5	2	10	2

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				A	GES.					o'	Total
CAUSE OF DEATH.	0 to 1	1 to 2	· 2 to 5	Total under 5 years	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 45	45 to 65	65 and upwards	ALL AGES	whet "Reside Insti- Insti- Dis
5. Diseases of Digestive											
System. Dentition	2	3		5				 1		5 2	
Sore Throat, Quinsy	9	•••	 1	10	2		6	2	5	25	
Enteritis Obstructive Diseases of	15	2	1	18	2		2	1	1	24	
Intestine	3		1	4	2		5	7	3	21	
Hernia Peritonitis						·	1 3	3	4	85	ŧ
Appendicitis and Typhlitis					7	5	3	2	2	19	
Ascitis Cirrhosis of Liver							2	9	3	14	
Jaundice and other Diseases								3		8	
of Liver Other Diseases of Digestive	5	() () ()	••••	5							
System	1		1	2	1		4	6	3	16	
6. Diseases of Lymphatic System. Of Lymphatics and of Spleen							1			1	
7. Diseases of Glandlike Organs of Uncertain Use. Bronchocele, Addison's Disease							1	1		2	
8. Discases of Urinary											
System. Nephritis Bright's Disease, Albuminuria. Disease of Bladder or of Pros-			 1		22	2 1	19	24 17	5 9	52 34	
tate								2	7	9	
Other Diseases of the Urinary System							1	6	2	9	
9. Diseases of Reproductive System.											
A. Of Organs of Generation.			1								
Male Organs Female Organs											
B. Of Parturition.											
Abortion, Miscarriage Puerperal Convulsions											
Placenta prævia, Flooding Other Accidents of Childbirth							· "i			i ii	
10. Diseases of Bones and							1			1	
Joints. Caries, Necrosis											
Arthritis, Ostitis, Periostitis Other Diseases of Bones and									1	1	
Joints							1	1	1	3	

1				0. 10					-		
				A	GES.						Total Deaths whether of
CAUSE OF DEATH.	0 to 1	1 to 5	2 to 5	Total under 5 years	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 45	45 to 65	65 and upwards	ALL AGES	"Residents" in or "Non- Residents" in Institutions in the District.
11. Diseases of Integumentary System. Carbuncle, Phlegmon Other Diseases of Integumen- tary System VIIDEATHS FROM VIOLENCE.					1			1			
1. Accident or Negligence. Fractures and ContusionsGunshot Wounds Gunshot Wounds Cut, Stab Burn, Scald Poison Drowning Suffocation Otherwise 2. Homicide. Manslaughter Murder 3. Suicide. Gunshot Wounds Cut, Stab Poison Otherwise Otherwise Otherwise Murder Burn, Scald Otherwise Gunshot Wounds Cut, Stab Poison Drowning Hanging Otherwise		2	2	6 4 1 	1 7 4 	4	5	21 1 2 2 1 1 	14 2 	51 12 1 8 1 2 2 1 4 3 	37 4 17 1 1 2 1 1
VIII.—DEATHS FROM LL- DEFINED AND NOT SPECIFIED CAUSES. Dropsy	46 2 	1 5 		48 2 22 	 1 3 1	···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ····		 2 4 20 	 4 4 20 	48 6 16 71 2	 8 7 4 2 1

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TABLE No. 16.

SCARLET FEVER.

		Deaths o	ths of such Cases.			
Ages	Cases Reported.	Total.	Percentage.			
Under 5 years	47	1	2.12			
5 to 10	. 68		·			
10 to 15	27	1	3.70			
15 to 25	. 5		· · · · ·			
25 to 35	2					
35 to 45						
45 to 55						
Over 55						
Total	149	2	1.34			

TABLE No. 17.

DIPHTHERIA.

	0. 1	Deaths of	such Cases.
Ages.	Cases Reported.	Total.	Percentage.
Under 5 years	64	20	31.25
5 to 10	59	7	11.86
10 to 15	9	2	22.22
15 to 25	4		·
25 to 35	5 .		
35 to 45	1		
45 to 55			
Over 55			
			-
Total	. 142	29	20.42

TABLE No. 18.

D

TYPHOID OR ENTERIC FEVER.

		Deaths of s	such Cases.		
Ages.	Cases Reported.	Total.	Percentage.		
Under 5 years					
5 to 10	· 1		• • • • •		
10 to 15	·				
15 to 25	1				
25 to 35	2				
35 to 45	1	1	100.00		
45 to 55					
Over 55					
Total	. 5	1	20.00		

TABLE No. 19.

Showing the number of Cases of Sickness and the Deaths Registered during the several months of the year 1916 in Oldham.

PRING CONTINUED FIR	Deaths.	:		:		:	:			:		:	:	1	:
Relapsing Fruir	Cases.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:
MEM- BRANOUS CROUP	Deaths.	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:
	Cases.	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:
ERYSIPEDAS	Deaths	•	:	:	:		:		-	:	:'		:	1	64
BRYS	səsuð	13	II	00	10		-	4						i	103
TYPHUS FEVER	Deaths.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	:
	Cases.	:		:	:	:			:	:	:			1	5
PUER- PERAL FEVER.	Deaths.	H		•	-		1	:	:	:	:	:		1	6
	Guses.							:			:	•	-	1	
TYPHOID EEVER.	Deaths.	:			1				:	-			:	1	10
		9		-								_	:	-	29
DIPH- THERIA.	Deaths.		1.11							-	-	-			
F F	Cases.	ī	-	-	14										142
SCARLET FEVER.	Deaths.	-	:	:	:	:	:		c1	:	:	:	:	-	6.0
	Cases.		10	18	12	10	10	20	13	17	8	0.	10		149
SMALLPOX.	Deaths.	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:
SMAT	.sased				:		::	:	:		:.	:	:	1	
MovTHS.		January	- 2-	March		May	June	July	August	September.	October	November	December		Totals

TABLE No. 20.

E.

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the Year 1916.

	C	ASES N	OTIFIEI	D IN WI	HOLE I	DISTRIC	т.
Notifiable Disease.	At all		I	At Ages-	-Years	5.	
	Ages.	Under 1	1 to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 65	65 and upwds
Small-pox	1					1	
Diphtheria	142	1	63	68	4	6	
Erysipelas	103	2	2	4	11 .	70	14
Scarlet Fever	149	2	45	95	5	2	
Typhus Fever							
Enteric Fever	5			1	1	3	
Puerperal Fever	9				3	6	
*Phthisis	553						
*Ophthalmia Neonatorum							
*Infantile Paralysis.							
*Cerebro Spinal Meningitis							
Totals	409	5	110	168	24	88	14

* Not included in Totals,

TABLE No. 20-Continued.

1.	1											
	No.	OF C.	ASES	Rem	OVED	то Н	OSPI1	AL F	ROM 1	ЕАСН	Locz	LITY
Notifiable Disease.	St. Mary's Ward	St. Peter's Ward	Werneth	Westwood	St. Paul's Ward	Coldhurst Ward	Hartford Ward	Hollinwood Ward	Clarksfield	Mumps	St. James's Ward	Waterhead
*****		-		-					1			
Small-pox							1					
Diphtheria	3	1	4	8	6		9	2	23	1	1	2
Erysipelas				1								
Scarlet Fev'r	11	7	11	9	12	3	9	4	9	1	12	9
Typhus "	·											
Enteric "			2	2					1			
Puerperal,,												
Measles			4	6	2		2	1	3			
-					-			-		•		
Totals	14	8	21	26	20	3	21	7	36	2	13	11

Û

		To	TAL	Case	s No	TIFIE	D IN	EAC	н Lo	CALI	FY.	
Notifiable Disease.	St. Mary's Ward	St. Peter's Ward	Werneth Ward	Westwood Ward	St. Paul's Ward	Coldhurst Ward	Hartford Ward	Hollinwood Ward	Clarksfield Ward	Mumps Ward	St. James's Ward	Waterhead
Small-pox							1					
Diphtheria	5	9	13	14	15	2	15	4	51	2	3	+
Erysipelas	4	8	8	20	7	8	13	4	9	5	9	
Scarlet Fev'r	12	7	16	14	17	4	15	6	20	2	23	1
Typhus "												
Enteric "			. 2	2					1			
Puerperal ,,	1			2	2		1		1	1	1	
											-	
Totals	22	24	.39	52	41	14	45	14	82	10	36	3

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the Year, 1916.

TABLE

SUMMARY OF CASES ADMITTED INTO WESTHULME

	18	95	18	96	18	97	18	98	18	99	19	000	19	01	19	02	19	03	19	04
-	Admitted	Died	Admitted	Died	Admitted	Died	Admitted	Died .	Admitted	Died										
Smallpox	8																			
Measles			12	3	43	3	22	6	9		2		50	6	26	6				
Scarlet Fever		5	371	18	140	-8	164	14	400	23	585	30	425	27	405	23	250	13	391	11
							1		2		2				3		6	2	4	
Typhus Typhoid			8								1	1								
Fever. Simple Con-		10	27	5	31	6	29	7	34	9	37	9	22	4	22	7	33	8	56	13
tinued Fever Puerperal															••••					
Fever.																				
	••••																			
Chil D			• • •									••		•••						
Chicken Pox Whooping Cough																				
			[1		Í		1			Í				'.					-
1:	34 2	04	1.8 2	8 21	141	7 23	162	74	45 3	26	274	04	973	74	563	63	07 2	54	58 2	4

No. 21.

HOSPITAL DURING THE YEARS 1895 TO 1916.

190	05	190	06	190	07	190	8	190	9	191	0	191	1	191	12	191	3	191	4	191	5	191	6
Admitted	Died																						
7		7	1	8		53	8	13		.64	3	14	1	21	1			47	7	6	1	18	5
157	21	424	17	317	12	306	13	312	10	154	6	260	6	242	7	509	10	815	37	364	7	110	
2	1	3	1	5		5	1	8	2	11	4	25	4	20	5	22	9	46	9	37	6	76	2(
34	7	18	3	12	2	30	9	20	2	27	8	25	1	18	5	10		24	6	14	1	9	
																		1					
••••								2	1	1	1	3				1		1		5		2	
																		105	20	127	22	131	2
		5										24		10	0	4							
								1		,								1	1				
500	29	457	22	342	14	394	31	355	15	257	22	351	12	311	18	546	19	1040	80	553	37	346	55

TABLE No. 22.

Showing the number of new Cases of Sickness coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the years 1884 to 1916.

	Small- pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diph- theria.	Typhus Fever,	Typhoid Fever.	Puer- peral Fever.	Total
1884	2	289	20	1	100		412
1885	4	229	28		58	2	321
1886	5	391	44	12	100	7	559
1887	3	1,775	127	2	119	5	2,031
1888	104	985	86		106	3	1,284
.1889	1	680	39		56	5	781
1890		320	11	2	63	. 7	403
1891		238	29		112	. 4	383
1892	75	667	27		83	9	861
1893	416	442	25		70 -	9	• 962
1894	165	264	67		69	9	574
1895	137	216	70		. 109	5	537
1896	27	785	61	8	114	17	1,012
1897		332	38	2	86	10	468
1898	1	346	39		68	20	474
1899	2	822	71		92	11	998
1900	8	1065	94		72	21	1260
1901	2	679	56		40	18	795
1902	178	704	187		63	15	1147
1903	256 .	507	201		52	9	1025
1904	255	638	158		76	19	1146
1905	281	969	98		62	15	1425
1906	455	794	92		31	16	1388
1907		522	69		22	8	621
1908		597	89		39	21	746
1909		522	62		35	16	635
1910	2	217	50		24	14	307
1911	1	447	87		20	19	574
1912	·	366	49		18	10	
1913	8	922	91		12	13	443
1914	4	1265	164		18		1,046
1915	22	530	86		10		1,460
1916	1	149	142		5	10 9	659 306

TABLE No. 23.

Summary of Cases treated in the Cinder Hill and Strinesdale Hospitals during the years 1901 to 1916.

9	Died.		:	:	:	1 :
1916	Admitted.		~1_ ∞⊕	76	11	87
5	Died.	. :	:	1 :	:	1 :
1915	bettimbA	22	*66	82	17	66
*	Died.	:		1 .4		
161	Admitted.	4	116	101	15	116
13	Died.	:		1 :	:	
1913	Admitted.	8	110	103	~	110
5	Died.	•	C1	01		01
1912	Admitted.	:	*1-	67	0	10
I	Died.	:	4	1 :		1 - 21
1161	Admitted.	П	*89	68	:	68
1910	Died.	:	00	1 :	:	0
19	Admitted.	53	72%	74	:	74
1909	Died.	:	:	1 :		1 :
13	Admitted.	:	. :	1 :	:	1 : 1
08	Died.	:	:	:	:	1 :
1908	Admitted.	:	:	:	÷	1 ;
1961	Died.	;	:	1		1 :
	Admitted.		:		•	1 : 1
1906	beid	:	:		:	1 :
6T	Admitted.	:	414	413	Ч	414
1905	Died	:	10	20	:	12
19	bettimbA	:	267	266	1	267
04	Died.	:	13	13	:	13
1904	Admitted.	:	269	246	23	269
03	Died.	:	22	21	Н	22
1903	bettimbA		278	255	24	279
32	Died.	н	6	0		1 01
1902	Admitted.	6	175	175	<i>б</i>	184 10 279
1061	Died.	:			;	1 :
13	Admitted.	:	63	1 :	:	1 01
	Hospitals.	Cinder Hill Oldham Cases	Strinesche	Oldham Cases	Out-Township Cases	Totals

TABLE No. 24.

WOMEN INSPECTORS' REPORT.

VISITS, &c., during the year ending December 30th, 1916.

	Visits.	Re- Inspect'n.	Nuisances Reported to Chief Inspector.	
Births	2,604	1,088	Dirty Houses	16
Deaths of Infants	277	43	Damp do.	4
Workshops	87		Defective Ventilation	2
Shop Hours Acts			Do. Cellars	
Enquiries for Shop Seats			Privy Nuisances	2
Infectious Diseases	1,271	23	Overcrowding	2
School Notifications	926	30	Defective Drains	3
Special Cases	34	5	Do. Slop-pipes	2
			Under Workshops and Shop Hours Acts	
			Other Defects	12

TABLE No. 25.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF WORKSHOPS REGISTERED VISITS MADE, AND DEFECTS REMOVED.

No. of	f Workshops on Register Decemb	er, 1915				E.
,,	" Discontinued during	1916				
,,	" Registered during 19)16				
,,	", on Register Decemb	er, 1916				Ð.
,,	Visits Paid					12
,,	Notices Served					10
,,	" Complied					1
Re-Ins	spections of Work in Progress or	Under N	lotice,	and	1	
	including Ashpit work					2
Miscel	llaneous Visits (to Owners, Agents,	&c.), and	inch	iding	3	
	Ashpit work					25
Privies	s Inspected	·				21

Nature of Defects.	Notices Served.	Notices complied.
Dirty Workrooms	4	2
Damp, Defective Roof, &c	3	3
Defective Ventilation	4	4
Defective Water Supply	15	10
Defective Cellars	1	-
Insufficient or no Closet Accommodation	5	2
Defective Closets	5	2
Privy Nuisances	117	99
Blocked Drains	7	7
Defective Drains	8	6
Untrapped Drains	5	5
Defective or Short Slop Pipes	2	1
Fire Escapes	5	2
Accumulations	3	3

50 Tests have been applied to the drains of 28 premises, and 24 defects discovered.

29 yards of drainage pipes laid, and 6 traps fixed.

TABLE No. 26.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF BAKEHOUSES REGISTERED, VISITS MADE, AND DEFECTS REMOVED.

No. of	Bakehouses	on Reg	ister,	Dece	emb	er, 1	915		 		387
		discont									
,,	,,										
,,	,,	on Reg	gister,	Dec	em	ber,	1916		 	:	388
,,	Visits paid		?						 		418
,,	Notices ser	ved	•						 		14
,,	" con	aplied							 		13
Re-ins]	pections of v	work in	prog	ress	or	unde	er no	tice	 		53
Miscell	aneous Visit	ts (to C	wner	s, Ag	gent	s, et	c.)		 		31

		Notices Served	Notices Complied	
			3	3
			1	1
			·	
			2	2
			4	4
			2	1
			2	2
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ··· ··· · ··· ··· · ··· ··· · ··· ··	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

				Gr	11	here E	laking	is Do	ne.	1	Kind o	f Ove	n Use	đ.
				No. on Register	Living Room	Living Room and Kitchen	Out Kitchen	Cellar	Bakehouse	Ordinary	Special Iron	Gas	Brick	Stove
No.	1			80	31	16	12	6	15	30	45	11	6	
.,	2			85	31	11	17	8	18	33	47	8	2	1
,,,	3			96	18	28	28	4	18	22	56	22	4	1
,,	4			54	19	6	15	4	10	18	29	9	5	1
"	5			73	27	18	8	2	18	30	42	14	2]
	To	tals		388	126	79	80	24	79	133	219	64	19	4

TABLE No. 27.

RETAIL MILK SHOPS.

No. of 1	Ailk Sho	ops on Register,	Decem	ber, 1	915		
.,,	. ,,	Discontinued	l during	g 1916	5	·	
,,	,,	Registered	. ,,	1916	·		
,,	,,	on Register,	Decem	ber, 1	916		
No. of	Visits P	aid					
Visits t	o Ice C	ream Vendors	*				

TABLE No. 28.

Showing the number of	Smoke Observations taken and Inspections of	
Mill Lodges	made during the years 1915-1916.	

Fortnight ending	SM Obser	IOKE VATIONS.	MILI INSP	MILL LODGES INSPECTIONS.			
1915. 1916. Jan. 2 Jan. 15	1915. 14	1916. 37	1915.	1916.			
,, 16 ,, 29	26	37	3	*****			
" 30 Feb.12	31	41	17	26			
Feb. 13 ,, 26	47	48	17	9			
,, 27 Mar.11	41	55	49	6			
Mar. 13 ,, 15	51	56	34	2			
" 27 Apr 8	53	82		12			
Apr. 10 ,, 22	44	60	9	15			
" 14 May 6	23	92	8	5			
May 8 ,, 20	38	87	4	7			
" 22 June 3.	57	85	4	22			
June 5 ,, 17	47	74	19	3 .			
" 19 July 1	59	81	6	4			
July 3 ,, 15	56	68	31	9			
,, 17 ,, 29	60	76	42	5			
" 31 Aug. 12	60	75	22	2			
Aug. 14 ,, 26	83	77	6	12			
,, 28 Sep. 9	67	55	10	3			
Sep. 11 ,, 23	51	80	23	9			
" 25 Oct. 7	76	64	10	5			
)ct. 9 " 21	77	75	3				
" 23 Nov. 4	61	73	18				
lov. 6 ,, 18	52	60	37	12			
" 20 Dec. 2	43	53	40	6			
Dec. 4 ,, 16	43	50	9	-			
,, 18 ,, 30	32	50	12	9.			
,, 31 .	27	00	13	9			
			14				
Totals	1319 1	691	443	192	-		

CU

TABLE No. 29.

HALF-HOURLY SMOKE OBSERVATIONS, TAKEN DURING 1916.

Total Observations taken.	No Black Smoke.	Under 1 Minute,	One and Under 2 Minutes.	Two and Under 3 Minutes.	3 and 4, both inclusive.	0 Mii
1691	580	381	491	182 •	41	
Percentage	34.3	22.5	29.0	10.8	2.4	0

TABLE No. 30.

LIST OF FIRMS REPORTED TO HEALTH COMMITTEE DURING THE YEAR 1916.

How disposed of	Adjourned for 3 months Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. do. do. Do. Legal Notice Served Fined 20/- Do. Do. Do.
Nature of Appliances Fixed.	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil
No. of Boilers Work- ing	646644664014014 10661 D
Consumfp. tion Weekly	Tons 72 60 60 60 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70
Dfameter of Boilers	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Length of Boilors	56666666666666666666666666666666666666
No of Boilers	またらまじ きせきゅう せこせい そうのの こ こ
Where Situated	Gartside Street Scott Street Chadwick Street Ralcon Street Netherhey Street Scott Street Miligate Miligate Miligate Miligate Greenacres Road Greenacres Road Greenacres Road Greenacres Road Lees Brook Greenacres Road Lees Brook Bailway Bank
NAME OF MILL	Glodwick Mill Alma Mill West End Mill West End Mill Commercial Mill Pearl Mill Durban Mill Durban Mill Majestic Mill Martford Iron Wks.

TABLE No. 31.

SMOKE PROSECUTIONS DURING 1916.

No. of Firms Fined.	Amount of Fine.	No. of times previously prosecute
2	20/-	_
1	20/-	1 .
1	20/-	2
1	20/-	8

TABLE No. 32.

NATURE OF SMOKE APPLIANCES IN USE IN THE BOROUGH OF OLDHAM, 1916.

Name of Appliances.	No. of Mills.	No. of Boilers
Cass's Coking Machines	1	3
Dyson & Williamson's Coking Machines	1	3
Williamson's Auto-Coking do	6	11
McDougall's do.	1	1
Proctor's do	3	10
Meldrum Bros.' Forced Draught Furnace	1	1
Wilton's do. do	1	1
Broadbent's Louvre Air Regulators	14	46
Oandy's Tubular Bars	2	8
Yates & Thom's Rocking Bars	1	1.
Butterworth's Sectional Bars	2	8
Holden's Hollow Bars and Dead Plates	1	1
Hollow or Split Bridge Walls	3	6
Whittle's Steam Injectors	1	2
Martin's Swing Doors Sanger and Webster's Patent Air	1	2
regulators	7	24
Wintenead & Seating Blocks	i	1.
British Smoke Preventor	2	4
reen's Smoke Consumer	3	12
hornton's Smoke Consumer	3	7
ohnson's Smoke Consumer	2	7
Senniss' Sprinkling Stoker	1	i
irroco Fans	1	1
TOTALS	59	162

Where no Appliances are fixed-120 Mills; 279 Boilers. There are also about 60 Workshop Chimneys not on books.

TABLE No. 33.

SAMPLES OBTAINED UNDER THE "SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACT."

	1				-		-	Start.					_	
-	ľ	'otal.	N	filk.	B	itter.	Bro	ead and Hour.	Gro)ther oceries,	Spi	/ines, rits and Beer.	I Su	ndr
Tour.	No. of Samples	Percentage Adulterated	No. of Samples	Percentage Adulterated	No. of Samples.	Percentage Adulterated	No. of Samples.	Percentage Adulterated.	No. of Samples,	Percentage Adulterated.	No. of Sumples.	Percentage Adulterated.	No. of Samulas	Percentura
1886 1887 1888 1899 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1907 1908 1909 1910 *1911 *1912 1913 1914 o1915 =1916	$\begin{array}{c} 62\\ 75\\ 90\\ 98\\ 98\\ 119\\ 90\\ 106\\ 139\\ 147\\ 154\\ 169\\ 75\\ 86\\ 127\\ 155\\ 174\\ 201\\ 237\\ 244\\ 243\\ 248\\ 256\\ 256\\ 257\\ 227\\ 260\\ 265\\ 284\\ 163\\ 207\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \cdot 0 \\ 8 \cdot 9 \\ 6 \cdot 1 \\ 5 \cdot 9 \\ 1 \cdot 1 \\ 1 0 \cdot 4 \\ 2 \cdot 1 \\ 6 \cdot 1 \\ 6 \cdot 5 \\ 3 \cdot 0 \\ 4 \cdot 6 \\ 1 2 \cdot 6 \\ 7 \cdot 1 \\ 2 \cdot 3 \\ 7 \cdot 0 \\ 9 \cdot 7 \\ 5 \cdot 3 \\ 5 \cdot 8 \\ 4 \cdot 0 \\ 2 \cdot 0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} & 40 \\ & 57 \\ & 70 \\ & 80 \\ & 75 \\ & 75 \\ & 68 \\ & 83 \\ & 120 \\ & 138 \\ & 120 \\ & 138 \\ & 120 \\ & 138 \\ & 120 \\ & 138 \\ & 120 \\ & 138 \\ & 150 \\ & 61 \\ & 59 \\ & 72 \\ & 109 \\ & 118 \\ & 149 \\ & 161 \\ & 161 \\ & 161 \\ & 161 \\ & 179 \\ & 144 \\ & 117 \\ & 119 \\ & 144 \\ & 117 \\ & 119 \\ & 144 \\ & 111 \\ & 129 \\ & 55 \\ & 80 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \cdot 2 \\ 6 \cdot 6 \\ 4 \cdot 0 \\ 1 \cdot 5 \\ 8 \cdot 3 \\ 3 \cdot 6 \\ 5 \cdot 0 \\ 6 \cdot 5 \\ 2 \cdot 0 \\ \dots \\ 1 \cdot 7 \\ 8 \cdot 3 \\ 6 \cdot 9 \\ 1 \cdot 7 \\ 2 \cdot 7 \\ 5 \cdot 0 \\ 5 \cdot 6 \\ 4 \cdot 5 \\ 2 \cdot 1 \\ 2 \cdot 3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9\\ 4\\ 5\\ 7\\ 13\\ 3\\ 7\\ 18\\ 11\\ 9\\ 8\\ 14\\ 27\\ 29\\ 34\\ 26\\ 20\\ 13\\ 10\\ 11\\ 4\\ 30\\ 22\\ 20\\ 17\\ 19\\ 22\\ 42\\ 42\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \cdot 1 \\ \dots \\ 25 \cdot 0 \\ 20 \cdot 0 \\ \dots \\ 23 \cdot 1 \\ \dots \\ 42 \cdot 8 \\ \dots \\ \dots \\ 25 \cdot 0 \\ 21 \cdot 4 \\ 11 \cdot 1 \\ 24 \cdot 1 \\ 11 \cdot 8 \\ 3 \cdot 8 \\ 30 \cdot 0 \\ 61 \cdot 5 \\ 30 \cdot 0 \\ 27 \cdot 3 \\ 25 \cdot 0 \\ 3 \cdot 3 \\ \dots \\ \dots \\ 10 \cdot 0 \\ 17 \cdot 6 \\ \dots \\ 9 \cdot 0 \\ \dots \end{array}$	4 6 6 16 4 16 4 10 17 6 22 16		$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	23·1 16·6 25·0 16·6 4·3 8·7 12·2 2·5 0·5 	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ \cdots \\ 25 \cdot 0 \\ \cdots \\ 33 \cdot 3 \\ \cdots \\ 16 \cdot 6 \\ \cdots \\ 16 \cdot 6 \\ \cdots \\ 22 \cdot 2 \\ 9 \cdot 1 \\ 5 \cdot 0 \\ 9 \cdot 4 \\ 9 \cdot 4 \\ 9 \cdot 4 \\ 6 \cdot 2 \\ 12 \cdot 5 \\ 2 \cdot 5 \\ \cdots \\$	$\begin{array}{c} & \vdots & 4 \\ & 3 & 6 \\ & 3 & 6 \\ & 3 & 9 \\ & \vdots & & 4 \\ & \vdots & & \vdots & & 3 \\ & 3 & 4 \\ & & 7 & 3 \\ & 7 & 3 \\ & 10 \\ & 11 \\ & 2 \end{array}$	33

+ Two of these samples were not taken under the Food and Drugs Act.

One do. do. do. do. do. do.
Five informal samples of Milk and 20 samples of Butter were also taken.
Three "lach of Butter and Lard were also taken."

I one informal sample of Milk.
 Three informal samples of Butter; One informal sample of Lard; Two informal samples

of Cream.
 o Two informal samples of Butter; Three informal samples of Milk; One informal sample of Cheese.

= Two informal samples of Butter ; Nine informal samples of Milk.

TABLE No. 34.

MAGISTERIAL PROCEEDINGS, 1916.

No. of Cases,	Particulars of Complaint.	How Disposed of.	Penalties.			
			£	<u>s.</u>	d.	
5	Smoke Cases	20/-	5	0	0	
3	Exposing for Sale Dis- eased and Unsound					
	Meat	Two Months' Hard Labour in each case				
		•	1. +			
	•					
8		£	53	0	0	
					0	

THE AT THE ADDRESS OF A	man a series				0.0
FOOD INSPECTO	R'S	REP	ORT.		
Visits to Markets					641
Do. Cattle Wharves					548
Do. , Meat Shops				•••	9,266
Do. Fish Shops					
Do. Fruit and Vegetable Shops				•••	
Do. Miscellaneous Do.					
Do. Contagious Diseases		•••		••••	46
Den Contragious Diseases				•••	92
SLAUGHTER	HOI	ISES	1		
VISITS MADE AND DEI			EDIED.		
No. on Register, December, 1915			1.11		44
No. lapsed during 1916					1
No, newly licensed during 1916					
No. on Register, December, 1916					43
ti in the second			Notices]	Notices
Distantia Nature of Defects.			Served.	C	
Dirty			3		3. ,
Defective Floors			1		1
Do. Drains					
Without Bye-Laws			2		2
Do. Name Plate					
Accumulation of Refuse			2		2
Insufficient Number of Vessels			2		2
Defective Yards			1		1
Insufficient Water Supply			1		1
Defective Ventilation					
3.6 751					
E C II					
DAIRIES, AND	COW	SHE	DS.		
No. of Dairies on Register, December	, 1915				. 51
No. "	1916	• • • • • • •			47
No. of Cowsheds on Register Decom	von 10	15			107

No. ,, ,, ,,		191	6' '		47
No. of Cowsheds on Register,	Dago			••• •••	
				••• •••	107
No. " Lapsed d	uring	1910 .		••• •••	
No. of New Cowsheds Regist	ered d	luring]	1916		
No. of Cowsheds on Register	Decei	mber, 1	916		107
Nature of Defects.				Notices	
Defective Eaves Gutters				Served.	Complied.
Complete Daves Guilers				-	
Cowsheds Overcrowded					
Defective Door				Barrison	
Do. Ventilation					
, Do. Drain				1	1
Do. Gable End				~	
·Keeping Pigs in Cowsheds					-
Do Coma in Buildings	N. D				
Do. Cows in Buildings	NOT R	egister	ea		
Defective Roofs					
"Floors …					
Accumulation of Refuse					
Insufficient Water Supply				·	
Dirty					
Nuisance from Pig Keeping		•••			
Defactive Privy		(2		-

The number of Cowsheds, and the amount of cubic space per head :--

Total n	umber	of Cowsh	eds, 107.			1915. No. of Shippons	1916. No. of Shippons.
600 cul	bic feet	and under	700 cubic	feet	per hea		 52
700	,,	. ,,	800	,,	,,	 16	 16
800	,	,,	900		,,,	 26	 26
900	,,	,,	1000	,,	,,	 8	 8
1000 ·	,,	,,	1100	,,	,,	 - 2	 2
1100	,,	**	1200	"	,,	 . 3	 3
				Т	otal .	 107	. 107

SUMMARY.

Mati

				Visits paid.	Notices served.	complied with.
Slaughter .	Hou	ses	 	 2873	12	12
Dairies .			 	 47		
Cowsheds .			 	 112	1	1

DISEASED OR UNSOUND FOOD DESTROYED.

					Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
6	Oxen			 	 1	13	1	24
18	Sheep			 	 0	9	3	0
5	Pigs			 	 0	7	2	1
	Calves			 	 0	1.	0	0
	Meat			 	 1	18	0	4
	Offal			 	 6	0	0	1
	Fruit			 	 0	2	2	0
	Fish			 	 0	3	0	0
	Preserved	Goods		 	 0	18	1	3
120	Rabbits		·	 	 0	2	2	0
			Total	 	 11	16	0	5
					2 10 10 10 10			Contraction of the local division of the loc

Conditions.			Reported.	by Inspector.	Total.
Tuberculosis		·	98	41	139
Damaged or Over-k	ept Food	s	35	16	51
Liver Flukes	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14	. 14
Hydatids			1939	13	13
Pneumonia			5 5	4	9
Smothered			20		20
Puerperal					, ;
Injured in transit			6	1	7
Pyæmia				12	12
Parasitic Mange			4		4
Suspected Swine Fo					
Dropsy		17.742	1	1	2
Milk Fever				2	2
Suspected Rabies			1	- '	1
*	+				

INSPECTORS' ANNUAL REPORT, 1916.

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Total Number of Reports of Nuisances and Notices Served	3459
Total Number of Notices complied with	2843
Total Number of Notices complied with Order of Committee	
in 1916	324
Number of Complaints Received and Visited	680
Re-Inspection of Nuisances under Notice	11126
Number of Cases dealt with by Health Committee in 1916	420
Number of Cases remaining unabated	96
Number of Cases dealt with by the Magistrates in 1916	10

House-to-House Inspecti	on								·	1551
Total Number of Houses	Ins	pected	l on	Com	plair	at	·	·	· ·	625
Houses Repaired						'				187

	NU	ISA	NCE	S.		 	Notices Served.	Notices Complied with
Dirty Houses					 	 	190	153
Damp, Defective	Roo	í, &c			 	 	896	. 782
Defective Ventila	tion				 	 	63	41
Defective Cellars					 	 	40	24
Privy Nuisances					 	 	793	700
Defective Water					 	 	94	94
Overcrowding					 	 	14	14
Unfit for Habitat	ion				 	 	-	

HOUSES LET IN LODGINGS, 1916.

Number	of Houses	on Register, December, 1915	17
,,	,,	lapsed during 1916	1
	,,	registered during 1916	
"		on register December, 1916	16
,,,	Rooms	on register December, 1915	74
,		lapsed during 1916	€
,,	,,	registered during 1916	8
,,,	,,	on register December, 1916	70
Visits pa	bi		860
Notices	Served		18
"	complied w	rith	18

NATURE OF DEFECTS	Notices Served	Notice Compli- With
Broken Walls, Floors and Ceilings	17	14
Overcrowding	5	5
Dampness from defective Roof, etc	39	37
Blocked Drains	17	.17
Defective Slop-pipes	12	11
Dirty Walls, Floors, Ceilings, etc	74	74
Defective Water Closet	12	12
Additional Waste Water Closets provided		-
Accumulations of Refuse	10	10
Defective Dust-bin	2	5
Defective Ventilation	1	-
	189	185

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DRAINAGE DEFECTS.		Notices Served.	Notices Complied with
•	10		
Blocked Drains		355	322
Defective Drains		136	134
Drain inlets untrapped or defectively trapped		101	85
Slop Pipe, defective or improperly ventilated		145	122
Defective Water Closets		77	69
Defective Waste Water Closets		1272	1269
New Water Closets provided		5	3
New Waste Water Closets		3	3
Yards and Passages Repaired and Flagged		53	45
Accumulation of Offensive Matter		. 399	383
Manure Heaps		55	53
Defective and Insufficient Dustbins		377	376

No. of Smoke or other Tests, 289. No. of Houses Tested, 223.
No. of Defects found, 129. 586 yards of Channel Tiles and Drainage Pipes have been laid or re-laid during the year.
Traps fixed, 85. Ventilating Grids, 2.

Houses connected with Main Sewer, 1.

VISITS TO VARIOUS	PR	REM	ISE	s.	Visits Paid.	Notices Served.	Notices Complied with
Bakehouses					418	14	13
Pigsties					116	4	3
Tents, Vans, and Sheds					209	. 4	2
Houses let in Lodgings					8608	189	182
Offensive Trades					628	15	15
Mill Lodges					, 192	2	1
Ice Cream Vendors					198		
Milkshops					467		
Factories and Workshops .					1193	184	146
Shop Hours Act					2		

ABOLITION OF ASHPITS.

Notices served for the abolition of 87 AshpitsNumber of Ashpits abolished during the yeardo.do.since November 18th, 1909Number of Dustbins provided during the Yeardo.do.since November 18th, 1909	5 658 13
£ Total Cost of 16547 Dustbins with Covers 6199 do. 216 do. without Covers 6	9 1 4 5
Total Cost to date 626.	3 7
Samples taken under Food and Drugs Act Informal Samples	38 338 1236
Defective Urinals Carcases of Animals in Water Stagnant Water Manure Pits built Poultry in Houses Dust and Fly from Mills Low or Defective Chimneys Dangerous Places reported Coal Gas Nuisances and Escapes reported	
Visits to Cases of Infectious Diseases Visits to Cases of Phthisis Cases removed to Hospitals Houses Stripped or Cleansed after Infectious Disease	7 1 2
HOUSES AND CLOTHING DISINFECTED. Number of Houses Disinfected during the year Number of Rooms do. do Number of lots of Clothing Disinfected during the year	5 16 6 62

Number of Articles do. do. do Number of Articles destroyed during the year

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Articles.	Disi	nfected.	Dest	troyed.	Totals.		
Blankets	1915. 1866	1916. 1020	1915. 4	1916. 6	1915. 1870	1916. 1026	
Sheets	1212	894	8	17	1220	911	
Pillows	1609	1135	96	62	1705	1197	
Bolsters	817	541	38	21	855	562	
Quilts	740	631	7	7	747	638	
Mattresses	. 5	9	82	39	87	48	
Beds	978	597	135	105	1113	702	
Carpets	13	2	12	2.	25	4	
Rugs	2	29		6	2	35	
Curtains	113	14	1	·	114	. 14	
Clothes	1708	1067	34	21	1742	1088	
Sundry Articles	333	345	38	71	371	416	
Total	9396	6284	455	357	9851	6641	

CLOTHING, &c., 1915-1916.

SANITARY DEPARTMENT, 1916.

RHODES BANK.

Number of	Sanitary Pans in the Boroug	h			 	-
Do.	Water Closets do.				 	6
Do.	Waste-water Closets do.				 	2
Do.	Latrines do.				 	2
Do.	Houses represented				 	36
Do.	Mills, Workshops, &c. do.			1.1.		
Do.	Churches, Schools, &c. do.				 	
Do.	Tons of Manure sent out fro	m Higg	ginsh	aw	 	1

DESTRUCTORS.

	DI	sinuo	TOR	12.					
Quantity of Ashes	, Fish Offal	and Gar	bage	cons	sume	d :		Те	onsa
Rhodes Ban								127	779
Robin Hill	,,							72	
Hollinwood								6:	2012
		Total						263	341
Quantity of Morts Rhodes Ban	ar Sold :— k Destructo	r						Tons 579	
Robin Hill	,,							315	
Hollinwood	,,							583	
		Total						1477	1
	FLAG MAI	KING D	EPA	RT	MEN	т.			0
Quantity of Flags	made								Sqg
	sold								
									81
CLEA	NSING (N	IGHTSC)IL)	DE	PAR	TME	INT		
Number of Sanita	ry Pans En	untied du	ring	the	night				16
	ools, &c.,								
	tions of Bu				g the	nigh	nt		
Do. (lo. Fis	h Offal		de).	-			
Do. Loads	of Excreta	collected	1						
Do. do.	Butcher	s' Ottal e	ollec	ted	••••				
Do. do. Do. do.	Fish Off	al collect	ed		••••	••••	••••		
Do. do.	Shoddy	Dirt con	ected					••••	
CL	EANSING	ASHES	a D	EDA	RTA	TEN	T		
							1.		
Number of Ashpi	ts in the Bo	rough							
Do. Ash C	ans, &c.	do.							2
Do. Ashpi	ts Ismptied	during th	ie da	y			•••		

2001	ANDER COULES	uo.	cco.		* . *	 111.4	101
Do.	Loads of Asl	nes taken to	Destru	ctors		 	2
Do.	do.	do.	Corpor	ation T	ips	 	21
Do.	do.	do.	Other !	Tips		 	
Do.	do. Cli	nker remov	èd			 	
Total No.	of Loads remo	oved					3