[Report 1949] / Medical Officer of Health, Northallerton U.D.C.

Contributors

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Northallerton Urban District Council

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

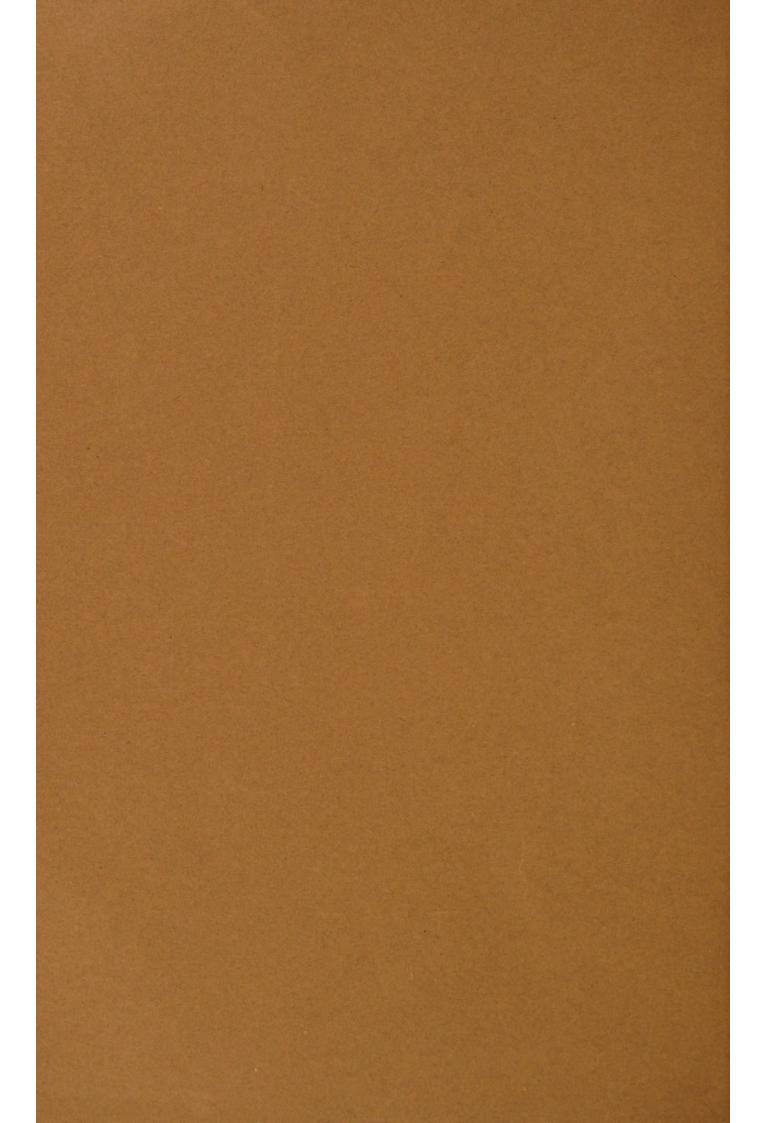
Medical Officer of Health

and

Sanitary Inspector

FOR THE YEAR

— 1949 —





Northallerton Urban District Council

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

and

Sanitary Inspector

FOR THE YEAR

_ 1949 _

NORTHALLERTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Members of the Council 1950-51.

Chairman . . Councillor J. L. Swain, J.P. Vice-Chairman . . Councillor A. E. Skelton, J.P.

COUNCILLOR C. F. ATKINSON.
COUNCILLOR G. EAST.
COUNCILLOR F. W. KIRKLEY.
COUNCILLOR W. A. NEWTON.
COUNCILLOR W. WAKE.

COUNCILLOR A. H. CARTER.
COUNCILLOR T. M. N. JACKSON.
COUNCILLOR T. M. LIGHTFOOT.
COUNCILLOR R. C. PICK.
COUNCILLOR G. C. WRIGLEY.

Clerk:
P. Hartley, f.i.a.c.

Surveyor and Water Engineer:
E. O. HILLYARD, A.M.I.C.E., M.R. SAN. I.

Sanitary and Meat Inspector:
A. CORNICK, M.R. SAN. I., M.S.I.A.

Medical Officer of Health: A. E. MILNE, M.B., CH.B.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT, 1949.

July, 1950.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit the Annual Report for the year ending 31st December, 1949.

The following report is arranged under the same headings as previously and contains the usual extracts from statistics.

1. GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area of District (in acres)				 3,653
Population (1921 census)				 4,791
Population (1931 census)				 4,787
Registrar-General's estimate of resi	dent p	opulation,	1949	 5,782
Number of inhabited houses, 1921				 1,101
Number of inhabited houses, 1931				 1,215
Number of inhabited houses, 1949				 1 700
Number of families or separate occ		1921		 1,101
Number of families or separate occ				 1,217
Rateable value of district				 £35,974
Sum represented by a penny rate				 6110

Physical Features.

The following abbreviated description of the physical features of the district was included in previous annual reports.

"Northallerton, the County Town of the North Riding, is a market town situated in the Vale of York. The old portion consists mainly of one long wide street, with narrow side streets and yards.

The Market Place, or main street, which has ample space along its entire length between the roadway and footpaths, makes the town an ideal place for shopping, and is largely patronised on this account. The houses are mostly built of old red brick.

During the year a few new houses have been built, those in Bullamoor Road and Crosby Road by the Urban District Council.

The area immediately surrounding the town is open agricultural land of good quality, for the most part flat or gently undulating. It is intersected by well-made roads in every direction. Railway level crossings still exist on three roads entering the town. The soil is mainly alluvial, with patches of sand, gravel and clay. The permanent pasture land is of good quality and the grazing excellent.

The British Railways main London-Edinburgh line serves the town, the Passenger Station being situated just outside the Urban Boundary. Northallerton is an important Railway Junction—main branches from Hartlepool, Middlesbrough and Stockton, Leeds, Harrogate and Ripon, and Wensleydale, converge on the main line at this point.

2. EXTRACT FROM VITAL STATISTICS.

Live Births.

			Total	M.	F.	Birth Rate
1925	{ Legitimate Illegitimate		72	29	43	} 15.72
1930	∫ Legitimate		4 50	1 28	$\frac{3}{22}$	10.82
1935	Illegitimate		4	2	2	5
1955	{ Legitimate Illegitimate		93 3	44 1	$\frac{49}{2}$	} 19.31
1945	{Legitimate Illegitimate		76 14	38 7	38 7	} 20.96
1946	{ Legitimate Illegitimate		84 8	48 6	$\begin{array}{c} 36 \\ 2 \end{array}$	} 19.5
1947	{ Legitimate Illegitimate	.:	$\begin{array}{c} 141 \\ 6 \end{array}$	67 3	74 3	} 30.95
1948	{ Legitimate Illegitimate		107	65 4	50 4	} 20.91
1949	{ Legitimate Illegitimate		105 7	59 6	46 1	} 19.37

The rate for England and Wales for 1949 is 16.7 per 1,000 population.

		Total.	M.	F.
1949	 Still Births	 4	3	1

Equivalent to rate of 0.69 per 1,000 General rate England and Wales ·39 per 1,000 population.

I)e	a	t	h	S	

Year.	Total.	M.	F.	D	eath Rate.
1925	 53	24	29		10.96
1930	 36	17	19		7.21
1935	 66	34	32		13.27
1945	 68	34	34		15.2
1946	 76	34	42		16.1
1947	 68	40	28		14.22
1948	 55	29	26		10.00
1949	 75	37	38		12.97

1949 the rate for England and Wales is 11.7 per 1,000 of population.

Causes of Death, 1949.

		Total.	M.	F.
Heart and Circulatory	Diseases	 28	17	11
Pneumonia, Bronchiti		 4	2	2
Cerebral Haemorrhag		 14	4	10
Cancer		 13	6	7
Senility		 -	-	_
Diarrhoea under 2 year	ars	 -	-	_
Digestive Diseases		 2	1	1
Tuberculosis		 1	-	1
Congenital Causes		 1	1	-
Violence		 _	-	-
Nephritis		 2	1	1
Measles		 1	-	1
Diphtheria		 -	_	-
Influenza		 1	-	1
Whooping Cough		 -	-	-
Diabetes		 1	1	_
Other defined causes		 7	4	3
Road Traffic Accident	t	 -	-	-
		_	_	_
		75	37	38
		_		_

The Northallerton Maternity Hospital.

The Hospital was opened by the Ministry of Health as an emergency Maternity Home at the outbreak of war and in 1945 the house was purchased by the North Riding County Council and they assumed responsibility for it until it was taken over by the Regional Hospital Board. The patients are received from a wide area.

In 1949 there were 300 live births registered from this hospital.

Laboratory.

In 1940 the E.M.S. opened an emergency laboratory in premises leased from the North Riding County Council in the County Hall. This was later transferred to the Emergency Laboratory Service by the Medical Research Council under Doctor Hallinan—the Laboratory now gives free service for all public health examinations.

In addition the Laboratory undertakes clinical pathological examinations for the general practitioners in the area.

Deaths of Infants under one year.

		Male.	Female.
Legitimate	 	 1	0
Illegitimate	 	 0	0
		_	_
		1	0

3. NURSING ARRANGEMENTS, HOSPITALS, Etc., AVAILABLE IN THE DISTRICT.

Considering the population, Northallerton Urban District is well provided with hospitals and motor ambulance for the transport of the sick and injured. In this respect it caters not only for Northallerton but for the surrounding districts.

The accommodation and arrangements are practically the same as stated in previous annual reports.

Nursing in the Home. (a) For general home nursing there are two visiting district nurses under the management of a voluntary committee of ladies associated with the Queen's Nurses. This has been in existence for 47 years. The funds are derived from voluntary contributors, supplemented by small annual subscriptions and fees from the patients. A grant is received annually from the County Council. This provides for the services of the district nurses in the Urban and Rural districts for School Nursing and Health Visiting Work.

The District Nurses are supervised by the North Riding County Nursing Association.

Since 5th July, 1948, the same facilities have been available but the Nurses are directly controlled by the Local Health Authority of the County Council.

(b) No provision is made for nursing infectious cases in the patients' own home free of charge, and no such provision is necessary here.

Midwives. The District Nurses act as midwives for the town, and certified midwives practising in the district also attend to such cases by arrangement when required. The County Authority gives grants in respect of Maternity services.

Treatment Centres. A Tuberculosis Dispensary is provided by the County Council under the supervision of Dr. A. Cubie, the Tuberculosis Officer, and is held at the Rutson Hospital each Wednesday at 2 p.m. A School Eye Clinic also provided by the County Council is held at the Rutson Hospital under the Ophthalmic Surgeon, Dr. J. Higham. An Orthopaedic Clinic is held in the Zion Schoolroom each month.

School children requiring surgical treatment for enlarged tonsils and adenoids are admitted to the Rutson Hospital by arrangement with the County Council under the care of the Nose and Throat Surgeon, Mr. W. O. Lodge, F.R.C.S.E.

Child Welfare. A child Welfare Clinic, serving the town and surrounding district, has been established, and is held in the Zion Schoolroom every alternate Tuesday afternoon.

The Clinic is under the management of a Committee of ladies, who are responsible to the County Medical Officer of Health. These ladies, with the District Nurses, assist the local Medical Practitioners in the carrying out of the work. Financial aid is granted by the County Council. Since the 5th July, 1949, the local health committee runs this direct with the same staff.

There is no provision in this area for the public treatment of Venereal disease. A dispensary for this purpose is not necessary here, as the amount of such disease is so small as not to warrant the establishment of such a centre. Cases from the area attend the dispensaries at Stockton, Darlington or York.

Hospital and Ambulance Facilities.

The Rutson Hospital. A Cottage Hospital situated in the town was modernised in 1932 by the addition of two new wards, each of ten beds, two open sun wards, each of three beds, and two private wards, a total of twenty-eight beds.

A modern operating theatre and ante-room was provided, the local funds have replaced the X-Ray apparatus with an efficient new model.

Children are received into the general wards of the Rutson Hospital.

The Northallerton Infirmary is available for Chronic Sick and the Friarage Hospital was built in 1939 under the Emergency Medical Service and was later transferred to the R.A.F. as a Service Hospital.

The Friarage Hospital is now a large General Hospital supplying Wensleydale, and the overflow from Middlesbrough and Darlington.

Ambulance facilities. There is at present one modern Motor Ambulance (capacity 2 stretcher cases) for the use of non-infectious cases. This ambulance is not limited to use in the town, but is also used for the movement of cases in the surrounding district.

The ambulance is the property of the British Red Cross Society, and is controlled by them, and they work under contract with the Local Health Authority.

There is also a motor ambulance at the Isolation Hospital which belongs to the Local Health Authority.

Hospitals Provided or Subsidised by the Local Authority or by the County Council.

(1) **Tuberculosis.** Adult cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis requiring sanatorium treatment are admitted to the Wensleydale Sanatorium, Aysgarth, Mowbray Grange Sanatorium, Bedale, and other Sanatoria. Children suffering from chest tuberculosis are treated at the County Council's Sanatorium for Children near Aysgarth. Children with surgical tuberculosis are admitted to the Yorkshire Cripples Hospital, Kirbymoorside.

A limited number of beds in open sun wards in the Rutson Hospital are available for patients from the North Riding suffering from non-pulmonary tuberculosis, admission being by arrangement between the Rutson Hospital Committee and those who control the Tuberculosis scheme of the County Council.

(2) Fever Hospitals. In 1931 the County Council, through their Medical Officer of Health, prepared a scheme for re-grouping the fever hospitals in the North Riding. This scheme was submitted to the Minister of Health and was approved in November, 1933.

It provided that on 1st April, 1938, the Northallerton Urban and Rural Councils were to be the providing Authorities, and that the existing Urban Hospital, Rural Hospital and Staff Cottage would accommodate cases of Infectious diseases other than Smallpox from the districts of Northallerton Urban and Rural, Helmsley, Bedale and Thirsk.

The administration of the Joint Hospital was in the hands of the Northallerton Rural District Hospital Committee, together with co-opted members from each area.

(3) Smallpox. The Urban District Council has made arrangements with the Middlesbrough Sanitary Authority for all Smallpox cases from this area to be admitted into the Middlesbrough Smallpox Hospital at a uniform fixed charge, to be taken there in the Middlesbrough Ambulance used for removal of Smallpox cases.

Since 5th July, 1948, all the following Hospitals have come under the Northallerton Hospital Management Committee and they continue to give excellent service.

1. Rutson Hospital.

2. Northallerton Infirmary

Isolation Hospital

4. Northallerton Maternity Hospital

5. Friarage Hospital

(4) Arrangements for Disinfection. Apparatus by superheated steam or other means for disinfecting unwashable goods is available at the Northallerton Infirmary and arrangements are made with the County Authority for its use. The sanitary inspector visits premises requiring disinfection and uses a formalin spray. Formalin lamps, sulphur candles and disinfectants are supplied free of charge.

Food Poisoning.

There has been no cases during the year.

SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT, 1949.

To the Chairman and Members of the Northallerton Urban District Council.

Gentlemen,

I beg to submit my annual report on the work accomplished in my Department during the past year.

It will be observed from the following statistics that an increased number of visits than in previous years has been made with regard to Food Inspection, Sampling of Ice-Cream, and drainage of new Buildings. During the year 7,388 animals were slaughtered at the Government Controlled Slaughterhouse.

As the building of new houses, and the laying of new sewers proceeds, a greater proportion of my time must be spent on the supervision and testing of new drainage. It will therefore be appreciated that with only one Sanitary Officer it is impossible to execute efficiently all the duties required by the various statutes.

I am indebted to Mr. E. O. Hillyard, water engineer, for the statistics which he so kindly prepared on the section dealing with Water.

In conclusion I desire to express my appreciation for the support and unfailing help that I have received from the Clerk, Surveyor, Medical Officer of Health, and the staff in general.

I am Gentlemen,
Your Obedient Servant,
A. CORNICK.

General Sanitary Work. 326 Inspections and 222 Re-inspections of premises were made under the Public Health and Housing Acts. 140 Informal Notices were served upon the owners of property in respect of 276 nuisances existing thereon, and in the majority of cases the nuisances were abated without further action being necessary. Only in 6 cases was it necessary to serve statutory notices. The total number of nuisances abated during the year was 264.

Analysis of Inspections, 1949.

Under Public Health and Housing Acts	 548
Interviews with Owners and Builders	 165
Infectious Diseases	 6
Total Inspections of Housing Conditions	 719
Government Slaughterhouse Day Inspections	 410
Government Slaughterhouse Evening Inspections	 97
Bakehouses	 9
Cowsheds	 3
Dairies	 4
Ice Cream Premises	 55
Ice Cream Samples	 53
Fried Fish Shops	 2
Food Preparing Rooms	 24
Food Premises	 59
Markets	 12
Restaurants	 4
Milk Samples (Special Designations)	 7
Milk Samples (Bacteriological)	 . 3
Milk Samples (Biological)	 5
Total Inspections with Reference to Food	 747
	-
Investigation of Complaints	 151
Drain Tests	 130
Rat Inspections	 186
Building Licences	 3
Factories	 9
Water Samples (Bacteriological)	 73
Water (Chemical)	 3
Sundry Inspections	 64
Knackers Yards	 8
Total of other Inspections	 627
Total Inspections made during the year	 2,093

Summary of Sanitary Improv	vements,	1949.	
Repairs to roofs			 16
Repairs to Walls, Pointing, Plaster			 7
Repairs to R.W.P. and Eaves gutters			 9
Repairs to Chimneys, Firegrates and ove	ns		 11
Repairs to Windows, Sash Cords			 14
Repairs to Floors, Stairs, Doors			 19
Repairs to Yards and Outhouses			 8
Dampness remedied			 8
Dirty Houses cleaned			 3
Water Supply.			
Insufficient water supplied			 3
Burst pipes and taps repaired			 9
Internal Water supplies provided			 1
Sanitary Conveniences.			
Water Closets Compartments repaired ar	nd cleans	ed	 14
Water Closets Basins renewed			 1
Dust Bins provided and renewed			 27
W.C. Cisterns repaired			 4
Drainage.			
Obstructed Combined Drains Cleared by	y L.A.		 5
New sinks provided			 3
Defective Drains Repaired			 7
Additional gulleys or inspection chamber	rs provid	ed	 3
Sink Waste Pipes repaired and trapped	-		 4
Obstructed Drains cleared			 43
Septic Tank cleared			 1
Food Premises.			
Floors cleansed			 1
Hot and Cold Water Supply provided			 1
Rooms provided with additional ventilation	ion and l	ighting	 2
Wallplaster repaired			 1
Walls Limewashed or Painted			 4
Factories.			
Urinal Accommodation provided			 1
Water Closet Accommodation provided			 2
Floors Cleansed			 -
Walls Limewashed			 -
Miscellaneous.			
Swill Bins cleansed or removed			 2
Nuisances from Piggeries abated			 5
Deposits of Refuse removed			 11
Dilapidated Buildings made safe			 1
То	tal for 19	949	 251

Squatters Hutments.

The ex-military hutments at Crosby Road, Malpas Road, Linoleum Factory site, and Stone Cross Camp continued to be used for human habitation during the year.

The Council continued their policy of demolishing the huts immediately one became vacant, this practice having regard to the structures is sound as the hutments are totally unsuitable for human habitation.

The following table gives some statistics in relation to the number of persons occupying the huts.

Situation	Crosby Road	Malpas Road	Lino Factory	Stone	Totals
Number of Hutments	3	2	2	6	13
Total Number of Persons	12	13	8	34	67
Number of Huts Demolished during year	1	1		_	2
Number of persons moved during year	11	4	11		26
Number Huts now used for other purposes	_	_	4	_	4

Temporary Housing Ex-R.A.F. Base Hospital.

The alterations and adaptations of the brick hutments for temporary habitation for a period of 5 years was completed during the year, the last 8 families occupied the huts, making a total of 29 separate homes.

The hutments which are in an open and quite pleasantly situated position are now known as Priory Close, and these buildings are filling a very useful purpose as they have provided 29 families with a home of their own, and therefore it can be said that from this aspect alone these temporary dwellings are very acceptable.

HOUSING STATISTICS.

Houses Erected during the Year.				
and an analysis and an analysi	With Subsidy.	Without Subsidy.	Tota	al.
(a) By Local Authority	37	_	37	
(b) By Private Enterprise	—	8	8	
1. Inspection of Dwelling houses dur	ing the year:-	-		
(1) (a) Total number of dwelling defects (under Public Ho	ng-houses inspealth or Housi	ected for houng Acts)	sing	150
(b) Number of inspections in	made for the p	urpose		365
(2) (a) Number of dwelling above) which were insp Housing (Consolidation)	pected and rec	corded under	the	Nil
(b) Number of inspections in	made for the p	urpose		Nil
(3) Number of dwelling-house dangerous or injurious to habitation				Nil
(4) Number of dwelling-houses under the preceding sub- respects reasonably fit for	-head) found	not to be in		86
2. Remedy of defects during the year Number of defective do consequence of information or their officers	lwelling-house	s rendered f	it in	86
3. Action under Statutory Powers d (a) Proceedings under Section 1936:—			Act,	
(1) Number of dwellin notices were served			hich	1
(2) Number of dwelling fit after service of			lered 	1
(a) By owners (b) By Local Au			· · ·	1 Nil
(b) Proceedings under Publ	lic Health Acts	:		
(1) Number of dwellin notices were ser- remedied	ng-houses in r	espect of w		5

	(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices	11
	(a) By owners	11
	(b) By Local Authority in default of Owners	Nil
(c)	Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:—	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of demolition orders	Nil
(d)	Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936 :—	
	Number of separate tenements in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

Part 1 of the Act.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors).

	13.	-		Number of		MIL
Premises	Iine No	Number on Posister	Inspections	Written	Occupiers	No No
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 are to be enforced by Lo cal Authorities		88	10	Z	Nii	1
(ii) Factories not included in (i) to which Section 7 applies— (a) Subject to the Local Authorities	c	۰	Ş	ž	Ž	¢
(Transfer of Enforcement) Order, 1938	7	0	INI	INI	TAIL	
(b) Others	65	44	œ	Nil	Nil	60
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	4	Nil	Nil	Z	Nii	4
Total		85	18	Nii	Nil	

CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases").

	7	M/c line No.	(8)	2	9	1	00	6	10	=	12	13	09
		ZEZ	~										9
pun	Number of	prosecutions were	instituted (7)	Nii	"						:	*	0
efects were fo	rred	By H.M. Inspector	(9)	Nii			**	*	**		11		0
Number of cases in which defects were found	Referred	T.H.M. Inspector	(5)	Nii		**	**	**			"	"	0
Number of ca		Remedied	(4)	co	Nil	Nil			1	01	Nil	63	8
		Found	(3)	က	Nil	Nil	Nil	"	1	60	Nil	65	10
	Mile	line No.	(2)	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	09
		Particulars	(1)	Want of cleanliness (S.1.)	Overcrowding (S. 2)	Unreasonable temperature (S. 3)	Inadequate ventilation (S. 4)	Ineffective drainage of floors (S. 6)	Sanitary Conveniences (S. 7)— (a) Insufficient	(b) Insuitable or defective	(c) Not separate for sexes	Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	TOTAL

OUTWORK.

Sections 110 and 111.

No. of		Notices Prose-	unwholesome served cutions	premises (7) (8) (9)	Nil Nil 14	15	N:I Nil 70
No. of	50		Y	lists pren (5) (6)	Nil	1	N. I.N.
No of cases			_	Council (4)	I.X.	1	Ž
No. of out-			required by	Sect. 110(1) (c) (3)	-	1	-
	M/c	line	No.	(3)	14	15	20
		Nature of	work	(1)	Wearing Making, etc	appared Cleaning and Washing	Torest

WATER SUPPLY, 1949.

The year 1949 has been remarkable for its irregular distribution and paucity of rainfall, the total being 20.78 inches for the period.

Since the installation of the rain-gauge at Oakdale in 1925 the years of minimum rainfall are as follows.

Month	1929	1943	1947	1949	Average for Osmotherley 1881-1915
	inches	inches	inches	inches	inches
January	 3.00	3.48	2.50	-84	1.68
February	 .80	.78	-80	.57	1.34
March	 .46	.37	3.26	.50	1.85
April	 1.45	1.15	2.55	2.27	1.68
May	 1.87	2.70	2.39	-87	1.94
June	 1.33	1.95	1.82	.75	2.17
July	 1.95	1.10	3.45	2.00	2.78
August	 2.92	3.35	.19	2.45	2.86
September	 ·16	4.11	2.17	-61	1.92
October	 3.11	1.86	.52	2.22	2.98
November	 3.50	2.74	2.30	4.20	2.31
December	 4.64	1.30	2.41	3.50	2.29
Totals	 25.19	24.89	24.36	20.78	25.80

N.B. The last column indicates the 35 years average of a rain gauge station at Osmotherley in the near vicinity of the Oakdale works—as taken from the records of the British Rainfall Organisation and are included for comparison.

Restrictions of the use of hose for car washing and for gardens were imposed early in May and Emergency measures were put into operation on the 24th August when the water available from the supply reservoir had been lowered to the equivalent of 3 days supply.

The special measures had been planned in time to meet the emergency, these included reduction by 50% of Compensation water as authorised by the Ministry of Health.

Provision of Sanitary precautions on farms and dwellings along Slapestone stream which flows into the Compensation Reservoir, from which the emergency supply was taken. Issue of instructions to consumers to boil all water required for human consumption, and installation of efficient chlorination plant to displace original Hyperchlorite solution plant. The pumping operation was organised and maintained by the County Fire Brigade.

Heavy rain storms on the 17th November restored the supply position and the emergency period terminated on the 21st of that month.

Brompton Supply.

At the close of the year 1948 the laying of the new 6 inch main to Brompton was in progress, this was completed and brought into service on the 23rd May, 1949.

REFUSE DISPOSAL.

The new Refuse Collecting Vehicle (14 c. yd. Karrier) was delivered on the 3rd September by the Manufacturers and as from the 5th of that month weekly collections of domestic refuse were resumed throughout the district.

SALVAGE.

The salvage service by the Council resulted during the year in the collection and disposal of the following quantities of waste materials:—

-	tons.	cwts.	qrts.	lbs.
Mixed Waste Paper	 57	16	0	0
Household Bones	 1	1	0	0
Textiles		6	0	0
Scrap Metal		5	0	0

SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

The leather dyeing Factory submitted proposals for the preliminary treatment of their factory effluent and on the advice of their Consultant, Mr. Garner, of Wakefield, (W.R. Rivers Board) their proposals were formally approved, and it is anticipated the installation will be put in hand at an early date.

The services of Mr. Marshall of the firm of Wilcox, Raikes and Marshall, Chartered Civil Engineers, of Birmingham, have been retained in connection with the extension of the Council's Sewage Disposal Works, which are due for early consideration, in view of recent rapid development in the area.

INSPECTIONS AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk Supply.

The number of milk retailers on the register at the end of the year were as follows:—

Dairies and purveyors of Milk ...

Milk Special Designations Order, 1936.

Only one producer in the area has an accredited licence, this is granted by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

9

Five purveyors of milk in the district are granted Dealer's licences, for the use of special designations, four for "Tuberculin Tested" and two for "Pasteurised," these licences are granted by the Local Authority.

Ice-Cream: Food and Drugs Act 1938.

The number of premises registered in the area for the purpose of the sale or manufacture of Ice Cream, under Section 14 of the Food and Drugs Act is as follows:—

During the year a great deal of attention was given to the supervision of the production of Ice Cream and 36 samples of Ice Cream and 15 Swabs of various parts of Ice Cream equipment were taken and submitted to the County Pathologist for Bacteriological examination.

2 Ice Cream Samples were taken and submitted for Chemical Analysis and also for metallic contamination, the results of which I append below.

It is evident that if satisfactory reports of samples are to be obtained, adequate supervision and inspection of Ice Cream Premises, Plant and personnel are required and samples should be submitted for examination at frequent intervals.

Bacteriological Analysis.

16 Samples ... Provisional Grade 1.
9 Samples ... Provisional Grade 2.
5 Samples ... Provisional Grade 3.
6 Samples ... Provisional Grade 4.

Total 36 Samples.

6 swabs .. Sterile.
9 swabs .. Unsatisfactory.

Total 15 swabs.

Chemical and Metallic Analysis.

Sample No. 2. Sample No. 1. 6.34% 6.79% Fat Fat 3.50 parts per million 0.5 parts per million Lead Copper 3.0 parts per million Copper 1.0 parts per million Tin None Tin None Zinc None Zinc None

Inspection of Meat and Other Foods.

During the year 1949 the Government controlled slaughterhouse continued to be used, this slaughterhouse serves a population of 35,000 and the meat is distributed from this centre to the Northallerton Urban District, and the Rural Districts of Bedale, Masham, Northallerton and Thirsk.

I have reported previously that the slaughterhouse is unsuitable for the present rate of killing and if this system of centralized slaughtering continues it is essential that a modern abattoir should be erected.

Carcases Inspected and Condemned, 1949.

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Dressed carcases received	53	4	3	45	16
Number killed (if known)	1,060	246	1,421	4,481	180
Number inspected	1,062	250	1,424	4,526	196
All Diseases except Tuberculosis. Whole carcases condemned	11	222	47	47	111
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	419	94	14	417	333
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis	40.48	46.40	4.27	10.25	22.44
Tuberculosis only. Whole carcases condemned	7	24	ũ	0	ಣ
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	106	58	0	0	8
Percentage of the number inspected infected with tuberculosis	10.64	32.80	.350	0	5.61

Details of whole Carcases Condemned or Destroyed.

			Tons	Cwts	Sts	Lbs
5	calves Congenital Tuberculosis			_	13	1
	cows Generalized Tuberculosis		4	2	2	10
	heifers ,, ,,		-	12	4	12
3	bullocks ,, ,,		1	0	1	2
4	pigs ,, ,,		_	8	6	5
1	bullock Tuberculosis, Johnes & Emaciation	on	_	4	0	2
3	cows ,, ,, ,,		-	11	2	6
2	cows ,, and Emaciation		-	9	0	8
1	cow ,, and Bruising		-	6	6	0
6	cows Johnes and Emaciation		1	5	7	13
1	heifer ,, ,,		-	2	5	12
1	bullock ", "		_	3	4	3
1	cow ,, and Anaemia		-	4	2	4
4	sheep Dropsy and Emaciation		-	1	3	11
2	cows General Dropsy		_	10	6	3
2	calves ,, and Bruising		_	-	7	12
4	sheep ,, ,,		_	1	1	4
2	sheep Pneumonia and Dropsy		-	-	7	2
1	sheep Parasites and Dropsy		-	-	2	7
1	sheep Pleurisy and Dropsy		-	-	3	3
1	sheep Anaemia and Dropsy		_	-	4	6
1	bullock Uraemia and Dropsy		-	7	0	1
1	cow Peritonitis and Dropsy		-	5	2	1
1	cow Bruising and Dropsy			5	4	4
1	calf Necrosis and Dropsy and Fevered		-	_	5	5
1	pig Cirrhosis and Dropsy and Emaciation	n	_	1	5	0
1	pig Rheumatism and Dropsy		-	-	4	10
1	cow Rheumatism and Emaciation		-	1	5	0
10	sheep Moribund		_	5	1	0
	pigs ,,		-	1	4	7
1	Cow ,,		-	4	5	10
1	calf "		-	-	4	4
1	bullock Extensive Bruising and Moribun	d	-	6	5	12
1	bullock Bruising and Emaciation		-	3	7	. 6
1	cow ,, ,,		-	4	4	1
1	sheep Extensive Bruising		-	-	5	10
1	sheep Internal Bruising and Fevered	٠	-	-	3	8
2	cows Fevered Condition		-	8	1	4
1	cow Mastitis and Fevered		-	3	4	0
2	sheep ,, ,,		-	1	3	6
1	bullock Septic Pneumonia and Fevered		-	4	5	5
4	calves Pneumonia and Fevered		-	2	0	5

			Tons	Cruto	Sts	Lbs
9 shoop Plaurier and Fevered			1 0118	CWIS	7	7
2 sheep Pleurisy and Fevered 1 cow Medicine Taint and Masti	tio			5	6	6
25 calves Immaturity			_	6	1	0
1 1 1			_	_	3	8
2 calves Pneumonia and Immatur	rity		_	_	4	6
1 calf Decomposition			_	_	3	1
			_	1	0	8
1 pig ,, 1 calf Inflammation and Dropsy			_	_	3	13
1 calf Generalized Melanosis			_	_	3	3
1 calf Deformity and Emaciation			_	_	2	2
1 heifer Leukaemia			_	4	5	9
1 bullock Moribund and Tainted	Conditio	on	_	3	7	6
1 bullock Pneumonia, Johnes and			_	1	6	4
9 sheep Parasites and Emaciation			-	3	2	2
9 pige	•		_	1	4	6
1 sheep Pneumonia and Emaciati	ion		_	_	3	3
1 pig Pleurisy and Deformity			_	0	6	6
1 cow Septic Mastitis			_	6	0	2
3 cows Septicaemia			_	14	0	7
2 sheep ,,			_	_	7	7
1 min 1			_	-	4	0
2 calves Abscesses and Emaciation			_	_	6	2
2 calves Joint ill			_	_	5	10
1 calf Navel Ill			_	_	1	3
2 calves Pyaemia			_	_	6	6
1 sheep ,,			_	-	3	13
1 calf Septic Pneumonia			_	-	3	8
3 sheep ,, ,,			-	1	0	8
1 sharm Dlaumian			-	_	2	12
1 bullock Septic Pericarditis			_	5	0	10
1 heifer Sapraemia and Acute Pe	ritonitis		_	4	5	7
I ficher baptacinia and treate I				_	_	_
			17	9	1	4
			_			_
Summary of Carcas	es and (Offals	Conden	nned.		
177 Carcases and organs			17	9	1	4
69 Bovine Heads and Tongues			_	17	2	0
3 Bovine Tongues			S-	-	-	9
1 Calf Head and Tongue				-	_	7
6 Sheep Heads and Tongues			_	-	3	0
5 Pigs Heads and Tongues			_	_	5	0
341 Bovine Lungs			2	2	5	0
199 Sheep Lungs			_	3	14	6
To purch range					10000	

				Tons	Cwts	Sts	Lbs
8	Pigs Lungs			1 0115	CWIS	1	2
7	Calves Lungs		• • •			1	0
101	Bovine Livers			 2	10	4	0
				 2	3	0	6
171	Sheep Livers			 _	9	U	
4	Pigs Livers			 _	-	-	8
4	Calves Livers			 -	-	-	8
6	Bovine Stomachs			 -	1	0	8
77	Bovine Intestines			 -	13	6	0
13	Pigs Intestines			 -	-	4	9
4	Sheep Intestines			 -	-	-	8
50	Sheep Plucks			 -	1	6	4
11	Pigs Plucks			 -	-	3	2
2	Calves Plucks			 -	-	-	8
8	Bovine Skirts			 -	-	1	2
7	Bovine Hearts			 -	-	1	0
2	Sheep Hearts			 _	_	_	2
19	Bovine Udders			 -	2	3	0
47	Bovine Portions of F	ore or l	Hindquarters	 1	13	7	2
23	Sheep Portions	,,	,,	 _	2	6	11
	Pig Portions		,	 _	2	6	11
	Calves Portions			_	_	6	5
	Portions of Frozen B		ndquarters	_	-	4	6
	Portion of English Be			 _	_	_	5
	Portions of English B			 _	1	6	8
9	TOTHOUS OF EMERISH I	, , , , ,	inaquarter	 1841184	_	_	_
	Total Caron	coc one	Organs	26	10	7	1
	Total Carca	ises and	Organs	 20	10	'	1
							-

Tuberculosis Order 1938.

8 Animals were slaughtered under the above order during the year and it was found necessary upon post-mortem examination to condemn 7 of the carcases and organs. 5 calves were found affected with congenital tuberculosis and some cases were reported to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Veterinary Inspector, when there was sufficient evidence to trace the dams of these calves.

Summary of other Food Condemned.

The undermentioned food submitted for examination was found to be unfit for human consumption and following surrender of same was destroyed.

88 tins of Canned Meat

11 tins of Jam

28 tins of Canned Fruit

85 tins of Fish

86 tins of Vegetables

- 38 tins of Milk
- 3 tins of Soup
- 4 Bottles of Fruit Juice
- 15 Fowls
- 6 Bottles of Sauce
- 18 lbs Cut Macaroni
- 14 lbs. Black Pudding.
- 9 lbs Soyaghettie
- 31 lbs. Semolina

SHOPS ACT, 1934, SECTION 10.

No action was taken under this section during the year.

Smoke Abatement.

No action was required under this heading.

RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION ACT, 1919. AND INFESTATION ORDER, 1943.

Work in connection with the control of Rats and Mice Infestation has been executed by Mr. Dixon who is a part-time operator. Two maintenance treatments of sewers have again been carried out.

The Council have accepted the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, Financial grant scheme under Circular N.S. 19, and thereby Private Dwelling houses are served free of cost.

For the year commencing 1st April, 1949, and ending 31st March, 1950 the following infestations have been dealt with and I append the following statistics.

	Re	servoir	Infestations Major	Minor	No results
Local Authorities Premises		1	14	3	2
Business Premises		-	5	6	1
Private Premises		_	-	4	4
		_	-	_	_
Totals		1	19	13	7
		-	_		-

The estimated number of rats destroyed as calculated by the Ministry of Agriculture's formula is 1,257.

J. Walker, Printer, Northallerton

