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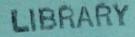
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Northallerton Urban District Council

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

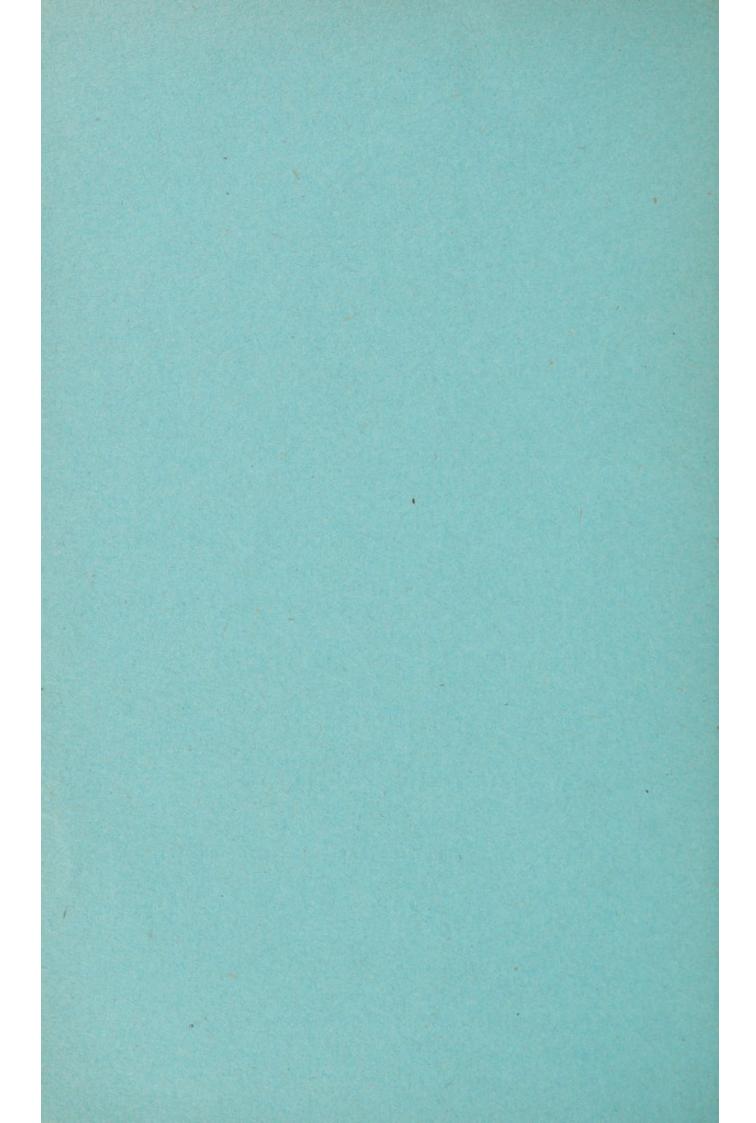
INCORPORATING THAT OF THE

SANITARY INSPECTORS

FOR THE YEAR

1947.

J. Walker, Printer. 102 High Street, Northallerton.





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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

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SANITARY INSPECTORS

FOR THE YEAR

1947.

NORTHALLERTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Members of the Council.

Chairman ... COUNCILLOR W. WAKE, J.P.

Vice-Chairman .. COUNCILLOR J. S. ANKERS.

Councillor P. W. Archer. Councillor A. H. Carter. Councillor T. M. N. Jackson. Councillor T. M. Lightfoot. Councillor J. L. Swain. COUNCILLOR C. F. ATKINSON. COUNCILLOR G. EAST. COUNCILLOR F. W. KIRKLEY. COUNCILLOR A. E. SKELTON, J.P. COUNCILLOR G. C. WRIGLEY.

Clerk : P. Hartley, f.I.a.c.

Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor : E. O. HILLYARD, A.M.I.C.E., M.R.S.A.N.I.

Additional Sanitary and Meat Inspector : A. CORNICK, M.R.SAN.I., M.S.I.A.

> Medical Officer of Health : A. E. MILNE, M.B., ch.B.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT, 1947.

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen,

JULY, 1948.

I beg to submit the Annual Report for the year ending 31st December, 1947.

The following report is arranged under the same headings as previously and contains the usual extracts from statistics.

1. GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area of District (in acres)				 3,653
Population (1921 census)				 4,791
Population (1931 census)				 4,787
Registrar-General's estimate of resid	dent p	opulation,	1947	 4,781
Number of inhabited houses, 1921	`	§		 1,101
Number of inhabited houses, 1931				 1,215
Number of inhabited houses, 1947				 1,594
Number of families or separate occu	upiers,	, 1921		 1,101
Number of families or separate occu	upiers,	, 1931		 1,217
Rateable value of district				 £34,152
Sum represented by a penny rate		/		 £125

Physical Features.

The following abbreviated description of the physical features of the district was included in previous annual reports.

"Northallerton, the County Town of the North Riding, is a market town situated in the Vale of York. The old portion consists mainly of one long wide street, with narrow side street and yards.

The Market Place, or main street, which has ample space along its entire length between the roadway and footpaths, makes the town an ideal place for shopping, and is largely patronised on this account. The houses are mostly built of old red brick.

During the year a few new houses have been built, those in Bullamoor Road and Crosby Road by the Urban District Council.

The area immediately surrounding the town is open agricultural land of good quality, for the most part flat or gently undulating. It is intersected by well-made roads in every direction. Railway level crossings still exist on three roads entering the town. The soil is mainly alluvial, with patches of sand, gravel and clay. The permanent pasture land is of good quality and the grazing excellent. The L.N.E.R. main line serves the town, the Passenger Station being situated just outside the Urban Boundary. Northallerton is an important Railway Junction—main branches from Hartlepool, Middlesbrough and Stockton, Leeds, Harrogate and Ripon, and Wensleydale, converge on the main line at this point.

		Total	М.	F.	Birth Rate.
1925	{Legitimate Illegitimate	 72	29	43	15.72
	Illegitimate	 4	1	3	5
1930	∫Legitimate	 50	28	22	7 10.82
	{Legitimate Illegitimate	 4	2	2	}
1935	∫Legitimate	 93	44	49	19.31
	Illegitimate	 3	1	2	3
1945	∫ Legitimate	 76	38	38	20.96
	Illegitimate	 14	7	7	3
1946	∫Legitimate	 84	48	36	7 19.5
	Illegitimate	 8	6	2	}
1947	∫Legitimate	 141	67	74	30.95
	Illegitimate	 6	3	3	5

2. EXTRACT FROM VITAL STATISTICS.

Live Births.

The rate for the country as a whole for 1947 is 20.5 per 1,000 population.

		Total	M.	F.
1947	 Still Births	 2	2	-

Equivalent to rate of 0.42 per 1,000. General rate over the whole country .050 per 1,000 population.

	D	eaths.			
Year.	Total.	M.	F.	1	Death Rate.
1925	 53	24	29		10.96
1930	 36	17	19		7.21
1935	 66	34	32		13.27
1945	 68	34	34		15.2
1946	 76	34	42		16.1
1947	 68	40	28		14.22

1947 the rate for England and Wales is 12.0 per 1,000 of population.

Causes	of	Death	1947.
--------	----	-------	-------

		Total.	M.	F.
Heart and Circulatory	Diseases	24	11	13
Pneumonia Bronchitis		11	7	4
Cerebral Haemorrhage		5	3	2
Cancer		9	4	5
Senility		_	-	-
Digestive Diseases		3	3	-
Tuberculosis		1	1	-
Congenital Causes		6	4	2
Violence		2	2	-
Nephritis		2	2	-
Scarlet Fever		-	-	-
Diphtheria		-		-
Influenza			· —	-
Whooping Cough		-	-	-
Diabetes		1	1	
Other defined causes		4	2	2
		_		- 1
		68	40	28

Average age of Death 71 years

15 over 80 years 27 ,, 75 ,, 26 all other ages

The Mount.

The Mount was opened by the Ministry of Health as an emergency Maternity Home at the outbreak of war and in 1945 the house was purchased by the North Riding County Council and they assumed responsibility for it The patients are received from a wide area.

In 1947 there were 257 births registered from this Hospital.

Laboratory.

In 1940 the E.M.S. opened an emergency laboratory in premises leased from the North Riding County Council in the County Hall. This was later transferred to the Emergency Laboratory Service by the Medical Research Council under Doctor Goldie—the Laboratory now gives free service for all public health examinations.

In addition the Laboratory undertakes clinical pathological examinations for the general practitioners in the area.

Deaths of Infants under one year.

		Male.	Female.
Legitimate	 	5	2
Illegitimate	 	0	0
		5	2

Infantile Death Rate per 1,000 Live Births Registered is 42. Infantile Death Rate for England and Wales for 1947 is 41. The Deaths from Measles and Whooping Cough (all ages) and Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age).

Nil.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

The immunisation of children between the ages of 1 and 15 years was continued during the year, and a good number received a reinforcing injection

Number of children who completed			Total number of children				
a full course of Primary immunisation.			who were given a secondary				
Under 5 5 to 14 Total			or reinforcing injection.				
79	1	80	or remit	8			

4. NURSING ARRANGEMENTS, HOSPITALS, Etc., AVAILABLE IN THE DISTRICT.

Considering the population, Northallerton Urban District is well provided with hospitals and motor ambulance for the transport of the sick and injured. In this respect it caters not only for Northallerton but for the surrounding districts.

The accommodation and arrangements are practically the same as stated in previous annual reports.

Nursing in the Home. (a) For general home nursing there are two visiting district nurses under the management of a voluntary committee of ladies associated with the Queen's Nurses. This has been in existence for 47 years. The funds are derived from voluntary contributors, supplemented by small annual subscriptions and fees from the patients. A grant is received annually from the County Council. This provides for the services of the district nurses in the Urban and Rural districts for School Nursing and Health Visiting Work.

The District Nurses are supervised by the North Riding County Nursing Association. (b) No provision is made for nursing infectious cases in the patients' own home free of charge, and no such provision is necessary here.

Midwives. The Districts Nurses acts as midwives for the town, and certified midwives practising in the district also attend to such cases by arrangement when required. The County Authority gives grants in respect of Maternity services.

Nurse McCann has now given 24 years service to the area and has been awarded the Gold Medal of the Queen's Nurses.

Treatment Centres. A Tuberculosis Dispensary is provided by the County Council under the supervision of Dr. A. Cubie, the Tuberculosis Officer, and is held at the Rutson Hospital each Wednesday at 2 p.m. A School Eye Clinic also provided by the County Council is held at the Rutson Hospital under the Ophthalmic Surgeon, Dr. J. Higham. An Orthopaedic Clinic is held in the Zion Schoolroom each month.

School children requiring surgical treatment for enlarged tonsils and adenoids are admitted to the Rutson Hospital by arrangement with the County Council under the care of the Nose and Throat Surgeon, Mr. W. O. Lodge, F.R.C.S.E.

Child Welfare. A Child Welfare Clinic, serving the town and surrounding district, has been established, and is held in the Zion Schoolroom, every alternate Tuesday afternoon.

The Clinic is under the management of a Committee of ladies, who are responsible to the County Medical Officer of Health. These ladies, with the District Nurses, assist the local Medical Practitioners in the carrying out of the work. Financial aid is granted by the County Council.

There is no provision in this area for the public treatment of Venereal disease. A dispensary for this purpose is not necessary here, as the amount of such disease is so small as not to warrant the establishment of such at centre. Cases from the area attend the dispensaries at Stockton, Darlington or York.

Hospital and Ambulance Facilities.

The Rutson Hospital. A Cottage Hospital situated in the town was modernised in 1932 by the addition of two new wards, each of ten beds, two open sun wards, each of three beds, and two private wards, a total of twentyeight beds.

A modern operating theatre and ante-room was provided, the local funds have replaced the X-Ray apparatus with an efficient new model.

Children are received into the general wards of the Rutson Hospital.

Ambulance Facilities. There is at present one modern Motor Ambulance (capacity 2 stretcher cases) for the use of non-infectious cases. This ambulance is not limited to use in the town, but is also used for the movement of cases in the surrounding district. The ambulance is the property of the British Red Cross Society, and is controlled by them. Although there is at present no definite agreement between the Council and the British Red Cross Society, the service has always been satisfactory and adequate.

The Joint Isolation Hospital Committee possesses a motor ambulance which adequately fulfils its purpose.

Hospitals Provided or Subsidised by the Local Authority or by the County Council.

(1) **Tuberculosis.** Adult cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis requiring sanatorium treatment are admitted to the Wensleydale Sanatorium, Aysgarth, Mowbray Grange Sanatorium, Bedale, and other Sanatoria. Children suffering from chest tuberculosis are treated at the County Council's Sanatorium for Children near Aysgarth. Children with surgical tuberculosis are admitted to the Yorkshire Cripples Hospital, Kirbymoorside.

A limited number of beds in open sun wards in the Rutson Hospital are available for patients from the North Riding suffering from non-pulmonary tuberculosis, admission being by arrangement between the Rutson Hospital Committee and those who control the Tuberculosis scheme of the County Council.

(2) Fever Hospitals. In 1931 the County Council, through their Medical Officer of Health, prepared a scheme for re-grouping the fever hsopitals in the North Riding. This scheme was submitted to the Minister of Health and was approved in November, 1933.

It provided that on 1st April, 1938, the Northallerton Urban and Rural Councils were to be the providing Authorities, and that the existing Urban Hospital, Rural Hospital and Staff Cottage would accommodate cases of Infectious diseases other than Smallpox from the districts of Northallerton Urban and Rural, Helmsley, Bedale and Thirsk.

The administration of the Joint Hospital is in the hands of the Northallerton Rural District Hospital Committee, together with co-opted members from each area. An Advisory Committee consisting of members from all the interested Councils has been appointed to assist the administration. The members of this Committee are appointed on the basis of population.

During 1947, 78 cases were admitted to this Hospital from all these areas.

(3) **Smallpox.** The Urban District Council has made arrangements with the Middlesbrough Sanitary Authority for all Smallpox cases from this area to be admitted into the Middlesbrough Smallpox Hospital at a uniform fixed charge, to be taken there in the Middlesbrough Ambulance used for removal of Smallpox cases.

(4) Arrangements for Disinfection. Apparatus by superheated steam or other means for disinfecting unwashable goods is available at the Northallerton Infirmary and arrangements are made with the County Authority for its use. The sanitary inspector visits premises requiring disinfection and uses a formalin spray. Formalin lamps, sulphur candles and disinfectants are supplied free of charge.

SANITARY INSPECTORS' REPORT, 1947.

General Sanitary Work. 257 Inspections and 336 Re-inspections of houses were made under the Public Health and Housing Acts. 105 Informal Notices were served upon the owners of property in respect of 258 nuisances existing thereon, and in the majority of cases the nuisances were abated without further action being necessary. Only in 17 cases was it necessary to serve statutory notices. The total number of nuisances abated in compliance with notices served during the year was 151.

Analysis of Inspections, 1947.

Under Public Health and Housing Ac	ts		 605
Inspections for Council Houses			 0
Interviews with Owners and Builders			 262
Tents, Vans and Sheds			 2
Inspections for Conversion Scheme			 0
Verminous Premises			 2
Total Inspection of Housing	Conditio	ons	 871
Government Slaughterhouse Day Insp	oections		 414
Government Slaughterhouse Evening		ons	 100
Bakehouses			 6
Cowsheds			 5
Milk Retailers			 2
Ice Cream Premises			 4
Ice Cream Samples			 0
Fried Fish Shops			 18
Food Preparing Rooms			 24
Food Premises			 72
Markets			 9
Total Inspections with refere	nce to F	ood	 654
Investigation of Complaints			 131
Drain Tests			 84
Rat Inspections			 39
Building Licences			 245
Factories			 10
Water Samples (Bacteriological)			 20
Water (Chemical)			 . 8
Sundry Inspections			 53
Total of other Inspections			 580
Total Inspections made duri	ng the ye	ear	 2,105

Summary of Work, 1947.

Repairs to roofs				18
Repairs to Walls, Pointing, Plaster				23
Repairs to R.W.P. and Eaves gutters				7
Repairs to Chimneys, Firegrates and				16
Repairs to Windows, Sash Cords				11
Repairs to Floors, Stairs, Doors				22
Repairs to Wash houses, coppers				1
Repairs to Yards and Outhouses				3
Dampness remedied				18
Dirty Houses cleaned				1
Obstructed drains cleared				35
Ventilated and lighted Food Stores p	rovided			0
Damp proof courses provided				1
Water Supply				
Water Supply.				-
Insufficient water supplied		• •		3
Burst pipes and taps repaired				14
Sanitary Conveniences.				
Pail Closets abolished				38
Pail Closets repaired				1
Water Closets repaired				10
Dust bins provided and renewed				28
Drainage.				
New sinks provided				1
Defective drains relaid			s.,	3
Additional gulleys or inspection chan	nbers pro	vided		1
Waste pipes repaired and trapped		• • •	• •	3
Total for 1947				260

Section 47 Public Health Act, 1936.

During the year 38 Pail Closets were abolished and in 36 cases these were converted to the water carriage system, the other 2 properties had internal water closets. The Local Authority paid a £10 grant towards the cost of the work where the estimated cost exceeded £20. Only in 7 cases did the owners of the properties not come forward to participate in the scheme, and statutory notices were served on the owners concerned and the L.A. executed the work and charged half the cost to the owners.

This completed the scheme which was commenced during 1946 and the only privies and pail closets remaining are those which cannot be drained to the sewers, in accordance with the Public Health Act.

Squatters' Hutments.

During the year the ex-Military Hutments at Crosby Road and Malpas Road continued to be used for human habitation. In addition six Nisson Huts on the Lino Factory Site were occupied, after application had been made to the Council by the owner of a factory employing a large number of people. The Council granted this application on condition that the huts were provided with necessary amenities such as food cupboards, partition walls, water supply, W.C's, etc., and for a duration of 1 year only, and the Council would reconsider the Housing position at the end of that period and extend the licence if found necessary.

As stated in the last annual report these huts are totally unsuitable for human habitation, but owing to the shortage of houses, the families occupying the huts are glad of the opportunity of living there.

The following table gives some statistics in relation to the number of persons occupying the huts.

	Crosby Road	Malpas Road.	Lino Factory	Totals
Number of Hutments	 6	3	6	15
Total number of Persons	 21	15	18	54

HOUSING STATISTICS.

Houses Erected during the Year.

	With Subsidy.	Without Subsidy.	Total
(a) By Local Authority	 17	_	17
(b) By Private Enterprise	 	2	2

1. Inspection of Dwelling houses during the year :---

(1)	(a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	135
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	281
(2)	 (a) Number of dwelling houses (included sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing (Consolidation) Regulations, 1925 and 1932 	Nil
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	Nil
(3)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to Health as to be unfit for human habitation	5

HOUSING STATISTICS—continued.	
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	78
2. Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices : Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	70
3. Action under Statutory Powers during the Year :	
(a) Proceedings under Section 9 and 10 of the Housing Act, 1936	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	5
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of Formal notices	5
(a) By owners	5
(b) By Local Authority in default of Owners	Nil
(b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts :	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	20
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices	17
(a) By owners	17
(b) By Local Authority in default of Owners	Nil
(c) Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936 :—	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of demolition orders	Nil
(d) Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936 :	
Number of separate tenements in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil

FACTORIES ACT 1937.

PART 1 OF THE ACT.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors).

				Number of		
	MIC	Number				MIG
Premises	line	uo	Inspections	Written	Occupiers	line
	No.	Register		notices	prosecuted	No.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(1)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	1	37	8	1	liN	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) to which Sec-						
tion 7 applies-						
(Transfer of Enforcement) Order, 1938	61	IIN	IIN	liN	liN	61
(b) Others	33	42	8	IIN	IIN	6
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out- workers' premises)	4	IIN	Nil	UN -	IIN	Ť
TOTAL		44	16	- 1	Nil	

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two three or more " cases ").

Other offences against the Act (not includ- ing offences relating to Out-work) 13 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

WATER SUPPLY.

Water Supply.

The year was remarkable for the extremely low rainfall of August and October (*i.e.* $\cdot 19$ inches and $\cdot 52$ inches respectively). The total rainfall for the year was 24.36 inches being the lowest recorded since the installation of the rain gauge in 1925.

Rainfall for the three months August, September and October was 3.88 inches.

The supply reservoir reached the record low level of 17 ft. 7 in. below Top Water level on the 4th December. The draw down commenced in the last week of June and continued to the maximum low level over a period of 24 weeks. From the 4th to 24th December the reservoir refilled.

Thunder storms during the period were notably absent.

Restrictions were placed on the use of hose for gardens or car washing and at the most critical period the reservoir storage was reduced to ten days normal supply.

An emergency plan for pumping water from the compensation reservoir into supply was worked out, but fortunately it was unnecessary to put it into operation.

A 24 hour supply was maintained throughout.

The seasonal variation of quality judged by bacteriological standards was experienced but was not above normal proportions.

Water Act 1945.

The preparatory steps for the formation of the Joint Water Board were pursued during the year simultaneously with the exploration of the Site conditions carried out by Mr. Edgar Morton, M.Sc., Consulting Engineering Geologist, of Manchester, in collaboration with the Councils Consulting Engineers Messrs. Edward Sandeman Kennard & Partners.

REFUSE DISPOSAL.

This service continues as during the War period with weekly collection of house refuse in the more congested part of the town and fortnightly collections elsewhere. The Council have under consideration the advisibility of resuming weekly collections over the whole built up Area and for the purpose it will be necessary to purchase a collecting vehicle of a modern type.

SALVAGE.

The Council have continued their regular service of salvaging certain waste materials and provide communal bins for the use of nearby householders wherever it has been possible to arrange with a local pig or poultry farmer for the regular clearance of these bins of which there are 30 at present in use.

The quantities of materials disposed of during the year are :--

Mixed waste paper		38 tons 111 cwts.	
Textiles		10 cwts.	
Scrap Metal	· · ·	1 ton 1 cwt.	
Non-Ferrous Metal		$\ldots \frac{1}{3}$ cwt.	
Household Bones		$16\frac{1}{4}$ cwts.	

REMOVAL OF SHELTERS.

The collection of Morrison shelters was completed during the year.

INSPECTIONS AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk Supply.

The number of milk producers and retailers on the register at the end of the year were as follows :---

Dairy Farmers and Cow Keepers'	premises	 29
Dairies and purveyors of Milk		 8

Milk Special Designation Order, 1936.

Only one producer in the area has an accredited licence, this is granted by the County Council.

Two purveyors of milk in the area are granted Dealer's licences, for the use of the special designations, one for "Tuberculin Tested" and the other for "Pasteurised," these licences are granted by the Local Authority.

Food and Drugs Act, 1938 : Ice Cream.

The number of premises registered in the area for the purpose of the sale or manufacture of Ice Cream, under Section 14 of the Food and Drugs Act is as follows :---

Manufacturers of Ice Cream	 	 	2
Dealers of Ice Cream	 	 	4

Fried Fish Shop.

18 Inspections were made during the year to the Fried Fish Shops in the area, these premises are all registered by the Local Authority.

All the food preparing rooms have now been reconditioned and now conform to the requirements of the Food and Drugs Act 1938. The occupiers have maintained a good standard of cleanliness in the premises.

Inspection of Meat and Other Foods.

During the year 1947 the following animals were slaughtered at the Government Slaughterhouse :---

Cattle	Calves	Sheep	Pigs
1,342	1,610	3,416	59

These figures include 391 animals admitted as casualties for emergency slaughter, in addition 56 dressed carcases and organs were received having been slaughtered on private premises for emergency reasons. 100% inspections have been carried out during the year, and carcases or portions thereof and organs having a total weight of 26 tons 10 cwts 7 sts 0 lbs. were condemned as being diseased or otherwise unfit for human consumption.

Details of whole Carcases Condemned or Destroyed.

			Tons	Cwts	Sts	Lbs
23	Cows Generalized Tuberculosis		 5	16	4	6
3	Heifers ,, ,,		 -	9	7	10
3	Bullocks ,, ,,		 -	19	7	10
1	Pig " "		 -	1	2	12
8	Cows Tuberculosis and Emaciati	on	 1.	14	3	7
1	Bullock ,, ,,		 -	3	5	9
9	Calves Congenital Tuberculosis		 -	2	5	8
4	Cows Johne's and Emaciation		 -	16	2	13
1	Heifer ,, ,,		 -	2	5	9
3	Bullocks ,, ,,		 -	13	4	4
3	Cows Septicaemia		 -	14	6	12
1	Pig ,,		 -	1	7	-
3	Sheep ,,		 	1	2	-
2	Calves ,,		 -	-	6	2
1	Cow Septic Mastitis		 -	3	6	-
2	Sheep ,,		 -	1	-	3
5	Cows Fevered Condition		 1	5	7	4
1	Bullock ,,		 -	4	6	4
4	Sheep ,,		 	2	1	13
1	Cow Septic Pericarditis		 -	4	3	-
1	Bullock ", ", "		 -	5	3	13
1	Sheep Enteritis and Fevered		 -	-	5	5
3	Calves ,, ,,		 	-	8	8
3	Calves General Dropsy		 	1	4	12
8	Sheep ,, ,,		 -	2	5	10
2	Pigs Moribund		 -	1	5	12
2	Calves ,,		 -	-	5	6
6	Sheep "	• •	 -	3	2	1

	-		Tons	Cwts	Sts	Lbs
3	Cows Extensive Bruising		-	17	7	5
1	Sheep ", "		-	-	2	7
1	Bullock Pyaemia		-	6	1	11
2	Sheep ,,		-	-	5	-
3	Calves ,,		-	1	14	1.
1	Calf Joint Ill		-	-	3	. 8
5	Calves Septic Pneumonia		-	1	6	7
2	Sheep Pneumonia, and Emaciation		-	-	6	1
2	Bullocks Cancer and Fevered Condition			10	4	4
1	Heifer ,, ,, ,,		-	4	-	2
2	Cows Pneumonia and Oedema		-	8	7	1
1	Bull Generalized Actinomycosis		-	5	4	1
1	Pig Uraemia		-	2	7	5
13	Calves Immaturity		-	2	5	13
1	Calf Pneumonia and Emaciation		-	-	2	7
1	Calf Pneumonia and Immaturity		-	-	1	12
1	Calf Nephritis and Immaturity		-	-	2	
1	Calf Nephritis and Dropsy			-	3	2
1	Calf Jaundice and Dropsy		-	-	2	12
1	Calf Dropsy and Bruising		-	-	2	12
1	Calf Dropsy and Emaciation		-	-	2	12
1	Calf Distomatosis and Emaciation		-	-	2	13
6	Sheep ,, ,,		-	2	1	10
2	Calves Enteritis and Emaciation		-	-	6	-
1	Sheep Rheumatism and Dropsy		-		4	4
2	Sheep Pleurisy and Dropsy		-	-	5	12
4	Sheep Decomposition			1	3	-
1	Sheep Parasites and Emaciation		-	-	-	10
1	Calf Deformity and Emaciation		-	-	1	10
	Calves Pneumonia and Fevered		-	1	7	-
1	Bullock ,, ,,		-	4	3	2
	Summary of Carcases and Offal	s Co	ondemr	ned.		
174	Carcases and organs		18	17	7	11
99	Bovine Heads and Tongues		-	14	2	-
3	Bovine Tongues		-	-	1	1
261	Bovine Lungs		1	12	5	-
54	Sheeps Lungs		-	-	7	10
2	Pigs Lungs		-	-	-	6
410	Bovine Livers		2	11	2	-
79	Sheep Livers		-	1	3	4
3	Bovine Stomachs		-	-	6	-
56	Bovine Intestines		-	13	-	-
2	Pigs Intestines		-	-	-	10

					Tons	Cwts	Sts	Lbs
32	Sheeps Plucks				 	1	1	2
	Pigs Plucks				 -	-	1	6
2	Calf Plucks			·	 -	-	-	8
4	Bovine Mesentrice	e Fats	V		 -	-	2	12
13	Bovine Skirts				 -	-	1	12
10	Bovine Hearts				 -	-	2	12
39	Udders				 -	4	7	-
25	Forequarters				 -	15	1	3
16	Hindquarters				 -	9	8	9
	Portions				 -	5	6	12
	Total Ca	rcases	and O	rgans	 26	10	7	0

Tuberculosis Order 1938.

13 Animals were slaughtered under the above order during the year, and it was found necessary upon post-mortem examination to condemn 12 of the carcases and organs. 9 calves were found affected with congenital tuberculosis and some cases were reported to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Veterinary Inspector, when there was sufficient evidence to trace the dams of these calves. There are still a number of calves sent to the Slaughterhouse with no lot numbers attached and in these cases it is impossible to trace the dams.

Summary of other Food Condemned.

The undermentioned food submitted for examination was found to be unfit for human consumption and following surrender of same was destroyed.

1275 lbs. of Canned Meat.

48 lbs. of Jam

241 lbs of Canned Fruit

125 lbs of Prunes

17 lbs. of Boiled Sweets

120 lbs of Flour

80 lbs. of Ground Rice

20 lbs of Oats

97 lbs of Biscuits

25 lbs of Dried Apricots

8 lbs of Canned Spaghetti

2 tins of Pudding

14 tins of Fish

61 tins of Vegetables

58 tins of Milk

10 tins of Soup

8 tins of Stew

9 Stones of Smoked Cod Fillett

360 Eggs

1 Bottle of Rhubarb

19

SHOPS ACT 1934 SECTION 10.

No action was taken under this section during the year.

Smoke Abatement.

No action was required under this heading.

RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION ACT 1919, AND INFESTATION ORDER, 1943.

Work in connection with the above heading has been executed by Mr. W. Dixon who is a part-time operator. The Refuse Tips of the Urban and Rural District Councils which are situated in the Urban Area have been treated, also the sewage works of both Councils. In addition 10 other premises were pre and poison baited.

The estimated number of rats destroyed as calculated by the Ministry of Food formula is 1319, the work executed included 2 reservoir infestations.

