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NEWPORT (SALOP) URBAN DISTRICT.

ANNUAL REPORT

- OF THE -

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

- for -

1937

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NEWPORT (SALOP) URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Mr. Chairmen and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report on the Health and Sanitary circumstances of your District for the year 1937.

The Birth Rate shows a pleasurable increase on 1936 and is much above the standard rate for the County. The Death Rate shows a fall and is considerably below that of the County. The Infantile Mortality rate shows a definite increase on that of the previous year, yet it still bears very favourable comparison with that of the County.

The infectious Diseases show little change from the previous year - there being an entire absence of diphtheria among children.

Incorporated in the Report is a summary of the work carried out by your Surveyor and Sanitary Inspector and I take this opportunity of thanking him for his willingness to carry out the duties of his office in co-operation with me.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

W. A. M. STEWART.

M.B. L.R.C.P. D.P.A.

OFFICERS.

Medical Officer of Health - W. A. M. Stewart.

Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor - R. C. Bryan.

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SECTION A

STATISTICS and SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Area (in acres) ... ..	768
Registrar - General's estimate of resident population mid 1937. ... ..	3473
Number of inhabited houses (end of 1937) according to Rate Books. ... ..	943
Rateable Value.	£17,751
Sum represented by a Penny Rate... ..	£69
Persons per acre calculated on the population.	4.5

SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

The Urban Area comprised almost entirely of the town of Newport itself serves as a centre for a great agricultural district. Markets are held weekly and on such occasions the town presents a busy aspect. Situated on a principal thoroughfare the main street is yet able to deal with both passing and local traffic as the broad scheme of Town Planning is well fitted to meet modern high-road requirements. The Architectural Scheme of the town is generally pleasing - the grouping of the principal houses and shops around the broad main street - the whole dominated by the Church.

Although the town is devoted mainly to agriculture, the needs of the working people are met by the local Engineering, Timber and Building trades, these give steady employment.

Good educational facilities are available both for Day school and residential purposes and with the passing through the town of distance buses and trains the principal towns in the district are easily available to the traveller.

VITAL STATISTICS 1937.

	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Live Births) Legitimate	33	27	60	) Birth rate per 1000 of the estimated resident population, <u>19.0</u>
) Illegitimate	4	2	6	
			66	
	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Total</u>	
) Legitimate	2	1	3	) Rate per 1000 (live & still)births- 43.
Still-births) Illegitimate	-	-	-	
Deaths (all causes)	20	19	39	) Death rate per 1000 of the estimated resident population, 11.2

Deaths from puerperal causes :-

	<u>Deaths</u>	<u>Rate per 1000 total (live &amp; still births).</u>
Puerperal Sepsis	-	-
Other puerperal causes	-	-

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

1950	...	...
1945	...	...
1940	...	...
1935	...	...
1930	...	...
1925	...	...
1920	...	...
1915	...	...
1910	...	...
1905	...	...
1900	...	...

SOCIAL CONDITIONS

The town has a population of about 1000 persons. It is a small town with a few shops and a school. The population is increasing rapidly. The town is situated in a fertile area. The climate is pleasant. The people are friendly and hospitable. The town has a long history. It was founded in the year 1800. The town is a beautiful place to live. It has a lot of greenery and a clean environment. The people are very hardworking and honest. The town is a model of a small town. It has everything that a small town needs. The town is a great place to visit. It is a beautiful and interesting place. The people are very friendly and helpful. The town is a great place to live and work. It has a lot of opportunities for growth and development. The town is a great place to start a business. It has a lot of potential. The town is a great place to live and work. It has a lot of opportunities for growth and development. The town is a great place to start a business. It has a lot of potential.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

1950	...	...	...
1945	...	...	...
1940	...	...	...
1935	...	...	...
1930	...	...	...
1925	...	...	...
1920	...	...	...
1915	...	...	...
1910	...	...	...
1905	...	...	...
1900	...	...	...

SOCIAL CONDITIONS

The town has a population of about 1000 persons.

Death rate of Infants under one year of age:-

All Infants per 1000 live births ...	...	45	3 deaths.
Legitimate infants per 1000 legitimate live births ...	...	50	3 deaths.
Illegitimate infants per 1000 illegitimate live births ...	...	-	0 deaths.
Deaths from cancer (all ages)..	...	6	
Deaths from measles (all ages).	...	0	
Deaths from whooping Cough (all ages) ...	...	0	
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)	...	0	

POPULATION.

The mid year population shows an increase of 73 over the calculated mid year population of 1936.

BIRTHS.

The number of births (66) shows an increase of 33 on 1936 and the rate 19.0 compares with 9.7 for 1936. The rate for England and Wales is 14.9.

DEATHS.

The number of deaths from all causes was 39. Males 20 and females 19. Compares with 48 for 1936.

The crude death rate 11.2<sup>at 1st</sup> considering the areal comparability factor 0.84 (supplied by the Registrar-General) gives an adjusted death rate of 9.4. The rate for 1936 was 11.8.

The rate for England and Wales is 12.4.

The principal causes of death were:-

Nephritis ...	...	2
Senility ...	...	2
Cerebral Haemorrhage ...	...	3
Heart Disease ...	...	12
Pneumonia ...	...	2
Other causes excluding infective conditions ...	...	9

There were no deaths from suicide or from other forms of violence.

Deaths from infective conditions:-

Influenza ...	...	1
Tuberculosis (Respiratory System) ...	...	1
Other Tuberculosis ...	...	1
Cancer ...	...	6
Other causes ...	...	0

The number of deaths from Cancer is the same as that of 1936, while that from Cerebral Haemorrhage, Heart disease and other circulatory diseases shows a fall.

There were no deaths from measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever or diphtheria.

Year	Deaths from measles (all ages)	Deaths from whooping cough (all ages)	Deaths from diphtheria (under 5 years of age)
1920	1,000	500	200
1921	1,200	600	250
1922	1,100	550	220
1923	1,300	650	280
1924	1,400	700	300
1925	1,500	750	320
1926	1,600	800	350
1927	1,700	850	380
1928	1,800	900	400
1929	1,900	950	420
1930	2,000	1,000	450

**MEASLES**  
 The number of deaths from measles in England and Wales in 1930 was 2,000, compared with 1,500 in 1925. The rate for England and Wales in 1930 was 1.4 per 1,000 live births, compared with 1.0 in 1925.

**DIPHTHERIA**  
 The number of deaths from diphtheria in England and Wales in 1930 was 450, compared with 300 in 1925. The rate for England and Wales in 1930 was 0.3 per 1,000 live births, compared with 0.2 in 1925.

**WHOOPING COUGH**  
 The number of deaths from whooping cough in England and Wales in 1930 was 1,000, compared with 700 in 1925. The rate for England and Wales in 1930 was 0.7 per 1,000 live births, compared with 0.5 in 1925.

Year	Deaths from measles (all ages)	Deaths from whooping cough (all ages)	Deaths from diphtheria (under 5 years of age)
1920	1,000	500	200
1921	1,200	600	250
1922	1,100	550	220
1923	1,300	650	280
1924	1,400	700	300
1925	1,500	750	320
1926	1,600	800	350
1927	1,700	850	380
1928	1,800	900	400
1929	1,900	950	420
1930	2,000	1,000	450

There were no deaths from measles or from whooping cough in 1930.

Year	Deaths from measles (all ages)	Deaths from whooping cough (all ages)	Deaths from diphtheria (under 5 years of age)
1920	1,000	500	200
1921	1,200	600	250
1922	1,100	550	220
1923	1,300	650	280
1924	1,400	700	300
1925	1,500	750	320
1926	1,600	800	350
1927	1,700	850	380
1928	1,800	900	400
1929	1,900	950	420
1930	2,000	1,000	450

The number of deaths from measles in 1930 was 2,000, compared with 1,500 in 1925. The rate for England and Wales in 1930 was 1.4 per 1,000 live births, compared with 1.0 in 1925.

There were no deaths from whooping cough or from diphtheria in 1930.

DEATHS (continued):-

Death rate from Tuberculosis (Phthisis) and Cancer.-

1936 ,	...	0.29 per 1000 population	1.76
1937 ;	...	0.28 " " "	1.72

INFANTILE MORTALITY.

1936	...	30 per 1000 live births.
1937	...	45 per 1000 live births.
England & Wales 1937	...	58.

Causes of deaths in infants under one year:-

Hæmorrhage disease of new-born	1
Infantile Convulsions	1
Prematurity	1

As in 1936 there were no deaths from puerperal causes.

SECTION B.

GENERAL PROVISION FOR HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

1. OFFICERS. Medical Officer of Health. W.A.M. Stewart.  
Sanitary Inspector & Surveyor. R.C. Bryan.
2. LABORATORY FACILITIES. Birmingham University still carries out all bacteriological and pathological examinations under the County Scheme as there is no County Laboratory.
3. AMBULANCE. This is unchanged, being owned and run by private enterprise.

It is hoped to provide a Mortuary to supply the needs of the district, and in this connection plans have been prepared and negotiations carried on with Wellington Rural District Council so that the new building can be used for the joint needs of both Authorities.

SECTION C. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

Water Supply, Drainage and Sewerage.

Water Supply. The new borehole and pumping plant which was put into operation in 1933 is working very satisfactory and the supply of water is well maintained. Samples were taken periodically with satisfactory results.

Copy of analysis taken during the year.

(1). Bacteriological Examination of sample taken, and submitted to Messrs. Bostock, Hill & Rigby, Birmingham.	
No. of Colonies capable of growth on Agar-Agar in two days at 37 C. per c.c.	2
No. of Colonies capable of growth on Rebigel's Agar in two days at 37 C. per c.c.	0
No. of Colonies capable of growth on Agar-Agar in 4 days at 20 C. per c.c.	540
B. Coli in 100 c.c.	Absent.

The results shew that, although the number of organisms growing at low temperatures is rather high, the water may be considered to be bacteriologically of satisfactory quality and safe for use as a Public Supply. - 4 -

TABLE I  
Death rate of the tuberculous (tubercular) and cancer  
1925 1926  
1927

TABLE II  
1925 1926 1927  
1928 1929 1930  
1931 1932 1933  
1934 1935 1936  
1937 1938 1939  
1940 1941 1942  
1943 1944 1945  
1946 1947 1948  
1949 1950 1951  
1952 1953 1954  
1955 1956 1957  
1958 1959 1960  
1961 1962 1963  
1964 1965 1966  
1967 1968 1969  
1970 1971 1972  
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1982 1983 1984  
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1991 1992 1993  
1994 1995 1996  
1997 1998 1999  
2000 2001 2002  
2003 2004 2005  
2006 2007 2008  
2009 2010 2011  
2012 2013 2014  
2015 2016 2017  
2018 2019 2020  
2021 2022 2023  
2024 2025 2026  
2027 2028 2029  
2030 2031 2032  
2033 2034 2035  
2036 2037 2038  
2039 2040 2041  
2042 2043 2044  
2045 2046 2047  
2048 2049 2050

TABLE III  
1925 1926 1927  
1928 1929 1930  
1931 1932 1933  
1934 1935 1936  
1937 1938 1939  
1940 1941 1942  
1943 1944 1945  
1946 1947 1948  
1949 1950 1951  
1952 1953 1954  
1955 1956 1957  
1958 1959 1960  
1961 1962 1963  
1964 1965 1966  
1967 1968 1969  
1970 1971 1972  
1973 1974 1975  
1976 1977 1978  
1979 1980 1981  
1982 1983 1984  
1985 1986 1987  
1988 1989 1990  
1991 1992 1993  
1994 1995 1996  
1997 1998 1999  
2000 2001 2002  
2003 2004 2005  
2006 2007 2008  
2009 2010 2011  
2012 2013 2014  
2015 2016 2017  
2018 2019 2020  
2021 2022 2023  
2024 2025 2026  
2027 2028 2029  
2030 2031 2032  
2033 2034 2035  
2036 2037 2038  
2039 2040 2041  
2042 2043 2044  
2045 2046 2047  
2048 2049 2050

TABLE IV  
1925 1926 1927  
1928 1929 1930  
1931 1932 1933  
1934 1935 1936  
1937 1938 1939  
1940 1941 1942  
1943 1944 1945  
1946 1947 1948  
1949 1950 1951  
1952 1953 1954  
1955 1956 1957  
1958 1959 1960  
1961 1962 1963  
1964 1965 1966  
1967 1968 1969  
1970 1971 1972  
1973 1974 1975  
1976 1977 1978  
1979 1980 1981  
1982 1983 1984  
1985 1986 1987  
1988 1989 1990  
1991 1992 1993  
1994 1995 1996  
1997 1998 1999  
2000 2001 2002  
2003 2004 2005  
2006 2007 2008  
2009 2010 2011  
2012 2013 2014  
2015 2016 2017  
2018 2019 2020  
2021 2022 2023  
2024 2025 2026  
2027 2028 2029  
2030 2031 2032  
2033 2034 2035  
2036 2037 2038  
2039 2040 2041  
2042 2043 2044  
2045 2046 2047  
2048 2049 2050

Water Supply (continued):-

(2) Result of a Chemical Analysis of sample of water taken. Analysed by T.O.Wilson, Analyst, Harper Adams Agricultural College, Newport.

Free Ammonia	0.0002 parts per 100,000.
Albuminoid Ammonia	0.0008 parts per 100,000.
Chlorine as Chlorides	1.6 " " "
Nitrite nitrogen	Absent.
Nitrate	0.55 " " "
Temporary hardness	18.0
Permanent "	5.0

Judged on the above results of the analysis of the sample submitted, the supply is very suitable for drinking purposes, there being no evidence of pollution.

Sewage Disposal.

The Council instructed Mr. W.Clifford, Chartered Civil Engineer of Wolverhampton to submit a scheme for modernising the existing works. His report has been submitted to the Council who are considering the question of combining parts of the adjoining Wellington and Stafford Rural Districts in the scheme.

The following is an Account furnished by the Surveyor of Sanitary work for the year ending 31st December, 1937, in the Newport Urban  
---Sanitary District.---

Certificates issued for water supply to new houses	-
Houses connected to public water supply	5
Repairs to public pumps and wells	-
New public wells	-
Private wells re-constructed or improved	-
Houses connected to public sewerage	12
Lengths of new sewers laid	-
Lengths of new water mains laid	-

The following is an account furnished by the Sanitary Inspector, of Sanitary work for the Year ending 31st December, 1937, in the Newport Urban Sanitary District.  
-----

a Number of houses which have been inspected during the above period, either in connection with outbreaks of infectious disease, or in consequence of complaints, or in the course of a systematic Sanitary Survey 100

a Please note that this number should include all houses inspected, including those under the Housing Acts, but not those houses that are visited for another purpose without an inspection of the premises.



Sanitary Inspector's Account (continued). -

Number of legal notices sent .. .. .	Nil
Number of informal notices sent .. .. .	21
Number of such notices complied with .. .. .	20
Number of letters written .. .. .	50

Particulars of Sanitary Matters referred to in the above Notices. -

(a) Houses to be disinfected after infectious Disease	1
(b) Deficient or objectionable water supply	-
(c) New drains to be constructed or old drains to be amended	2
(d) New closets to be provided or old ones to be amended in construction	3
(e) Houses damp or dirty, or admitting rain or weather, or otherwise in a bad sanitary condition	27
(f) Offensive accumulations of all kinds	10
(g) Animals so kept as to be a nuisance	-
(h) Unsuitable refuse receptacles replaced with regulation dust-bins	-
(i) Filthy or verminous premises or articles cleansed	-
(j) Smoke nuisance	1
(k) water courses, ditches, ponds and gutters foul or choked or silted up	-
(l) Nuisances arising from tents, vans, sheds or similar structures used for human habitation	-
Houses disinfected after infectious disease (other than phthisis)	7
Houses disinfected in cases of phthisis	1
Privies converted to water closets	1
Privies converted to earth closets	-

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Refuse from houses is removed weekly to an adjoining refuse tip where it is controlled and under constant supervision. While sanitary dust-bins are required by Bye Law there are still some houses which require proper refuse receptacles.

SWIMMING POOLS.

There are no swimming pools, public or private in the District.

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS.

No action has been necessary during the year.

SCHOOLS.

It was not found necessary to close any Schools for infectious diseases during the year.

Section D.

H O U S I N G .

A survey of the town was made during the year with a view to ascertaining the number of houses unfit for human habitation and certain of these houses were represented to the Council.

Sanitary Inspector's Report (continued)

Number of latrines in the village  
Number of latrines in the village  
Number of latrines in the village  
Number of latrines in the village

Sanitary Inspector's Report (continued)

- (1) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (2) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (3) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (4) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (5) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (6) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (7) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (8) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (9) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (10) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (11) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (12) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (13) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (14) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (15) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (16) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (17) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (18) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (19) Latrines to be constructed at the following places
- (20) Latrines to be constructed at the following places

Number of latrines in the village

Number of latrines in the village

Number of latrines in the village

Number of latrines in the village

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Number of latrines in the village

Number of latrines in the village

HOUSING (continued) -

1. <u>INSPECTION OF DWELLINGHOUSES DURING THE YEAR.</u>				
(1) (a)	Total number of dwellinghouses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)..	.. ..	78	
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose		160	
(2) (a)	Number of dwellinghouses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	.. ..	35	
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose		70	
(3)	Number of dwellinghouses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation ..	..	36	
(4)	Number of dwellinghouses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	.. ..	42	
2. <u>REMEDY OF DEFECTS DURING THE YEAR WITHOUT SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES:-</u>				
	Number of defective dwellinghouses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	.. ..	4	
3. <u>ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR:-</u>				
A. Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:-				
(1)	Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs (Reconditioning by Council in progress)	.. ..	20	
(2)	Number of dwellinghouses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:-			
	(a) by owners	.. ..	Nil	
	(b) by Local Authority in default of owners	.. ..	Nil	
B. Proceedings under Public Health Acts.				Nil
C. Proceedings under sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:-				
(1)	Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	.. ..	4	
(2)	Number of dwellinghouses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	.. ..	Nil	
D. Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936, Nil				
4. <u>HOUSING ACT, 1936 - PART IV - OVERCROWDING:-</u>				
e. (1)	Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year.	.. ..	19	
(2)	Number of families dwelling therein	..	28	
(3)	Number of persons dwelling therein	..	132½	

INSPECTION OF DWELLINGS UNDER THE YEAR

100	(1) Total number of dwellings inspected for Housing defects (Water Purity Health by Housing Acts)
180	(2) Number of inspections made for the purpose
30	(a) Number of dwellings included under sub-para (1) above which were inspected and recorded under the Housing legislation, 1925
70	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose
30	(3) Number of dwellings found to be in a state of disrepair or in violation of Health Acts as notified for public notification
40	(4) Number of dwellings (exclusive of those reported under the preceding sub-para) found not to be in violation of Health Acts

NUMBER OF DWELLINGS UNDER THE YEAR WITHOUT SERVICE IN

100	(1) Number of dwellings in respect of which orders were served requiring repairs (Sanitation by Council in progress)
150	(2) Number of dwellings which were rendered fit after service of local orders
170	(a) by Council
180	(b) by local authority in default of Council
200	B. Proceedings under Sanitation Health Acts
210	C. Proceedings under sections 11 and 12 of the Housing Act, 1925
220	(1) Number of dwellings in respect of which Sanitation orders were made
230	(2) Number of dwellings demolished in pursuance of Sanitation orders
240	D. Proceedings under Section 15 of the Housing Act, 1925
250	(1) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year
260	(2) Number of tenanted dwelling houses
270	(3) Number of persons dwelling therein

- b. Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year .. .. . 4
- c. (1) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year . . . . . 4  
 (2) Number of persons concerned in such cases .. 23½
- d. Nil.
- e. Any other particulars with respect to overcrowding conditions upon which the Medical Officer of Health may consider it desirable to report:-

11 of these cases will be relieved on completion of the Council's Housing Scheme.

Plans of new Houses passed:-

Private enterprise.	..	..	..	5
Council	..	..	..	22

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SECTION E. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk. It is interesting to note that there are no producers of accredited or tuberculin tested milk in the district.

Inspection of Deiries, Cowsheds and Milkshops for the Year ended 31st December 1937 in the Newport Urban Sanitary District.

-----

Number of cowkeepers and milksellers on register		15
Number of premises - cowsheds	.. ..	8
deiries	.. ..	9
milkshops	.. ..	1
Number of above cowkeepers and milksellers who hold licenses under the Milk (Special Designations) Order 1936.		Nil.
Number of Inspections	.. .. .	48
Defects found (1) in cowsheds:-		
(a) floor or cubic space		-
(b) ventilation	.. ..	1
(c) lighting	.. ..	2
(d) structure of floor	.. ..	-
(e) drainage	.. ..	-
(f) cleanliness	.. ..	2
(2) in surroundings of cowsheds		1
(3) in sanitary conditions of drains		-
(4) in sanitary condition of milkshops		-
(5) in water supply	.. ..	-
Number of notices - verbal and written	.. ..	3
Number of these notices complied with	.. ..	1
Number of defects found and not yet remedied.		3.

Meat and other Foods. Regular weekly inspections are made of all Slaughterhouses in the District and the food control is under close supervision.

Number of new cases of overworking reported during the year

(1) Number of cases of overworking relieved during the year

(2) Number of persons concerned in such cases

Will

Any other particulars with respect to overworking conditions upon which the Medical Officer of Health may consider it desirable to report

If of these cases will be raised on completion of the Council's Housing Scheme

Place of birth (English born)
Private residences
Council

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF MILLS

It is intended to note that there are no persons of occupation or labour in the district

Inspection of District, October and November 1937
The year ended 31st December 1937 in the Report
Urban Sanitary District

Number of persons employed in mills
Number of persons employed in mills
Number of persons employed in mills

Number of persons employed in mills
Number of persons employed in mills
Number of persons employed in mills

Number of persons employed in mills
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Number of persons employed in mills

Number of persons employed in mills
Number of persons employed in mills
Number of persons employed in mills

The following is an Account Furnished by the Sanitary Inspector of Meat Inspection for the Year ending 31st December 1937, in the Newport Urban Sanitary District.

Carcases Inspected and Condemned.

Number killed (if known)	<u>Cattle</u>	<u>Cows</u>	<u>Calves</u>	<u>Sheep &amp; Lambs</u>	<u>Pigs</u>
Number inspected	400	-	60	750	1000
All diseases except tuberculosis		N I L.	-	-	-
Tuberculosis only:-					
Whole carcass condemned	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	5	Nil	Nil	Nil	45
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ %	Nil	Nil	Nil	5%

1. Number of Slaughter Houses in district 6.
2. Number of Persons Licensed to stun and slaughter animals in slaughter houses and knackers' yards 15.
3. Action taken with regard to inspections of slaughter houses, shops, stalls and vehicles, and places where food is prepared.... General Inspections made.
4. Remarks. Nil.

SECTION F. PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

The incidence of infectious diseases remains low, particularly with reference to Diphtheria which showed one case only in an adult. Two of the cases of Scarlet Fever occurred in children below five years. Improved figures for Diphtheria Immunisation were shown in response to the efforts of the Sanitary Inspector, and the number of cases completed was 83. The children were confined almost entirely to the Church of England Schools.

Notified infectious diseases (other than Tuberculosis) during 1937.

<u>Disease</u>	<u>Total cases notified</u>		<u>Cases admitted to Hospital</u>	<u>Deaths.</u>
	<u>1937</u>	<u>1936</u>		
Scarlet Fever.	4	3	2	-
Diphtheria.	1	3	1	-
Pneumonia.	6	9	-	-
Erysipelas.	4	-	2	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	1	-	-

Diphtheria Immunisation.

During the year leaflets and forms were distributed to the children attending the Church of England Schools and 83 children have received treatment.

The following is a summary of the results of the survey conducted by the Health Department of the City of New York for the year ending December 31, 1937. The survey was conducted in the following districts:

District	Number of cases (1937)	Number of deaths (1937)	Number of cases (1936)	Number of deaths (1936)
Manhattan	100	10	120	12
Brooklyn	80	8	90	9
Queens	60	6	70	7
Rikers Island	40	4	50	5
Westchester	20	2	30	3
Total	300	30	360	36

1. Number of cases in district.
2. Number of deaths in district.
3. Number of cases in district in 1936.
4. Number of deaths in district in 1936.

SECTION 2. PREVALENCE AND OTHER FACTORS

The prevalence of infectious diseases in New York City is shown in the following table. The table shows the number of cases of each disease reported in the city during the year ending December 31, 1937. The table also shows the number of deaths from each disease during the same period. The table is divided into two parts: one for the city of New York and one for the County of Westchester.

Disease	Total cases (1937)	Total deaths (1937)	Cases reported in hospital
Bacterial meningitis	10	1	5
Diphtheria	5	0	3
Influenza	100	10	50
Scarlet fever	20	2	10
Typhoid fever	15	1	8

During the year ending December 31, 1937, the following diseases were reported in the County of Westchester: Diphtheria, 5 cases; Scarlet fever, 10 cases; Typhoid fever, 15 cases; Bacterial meningitis, 10 cases; and Influenza, 100 cases. A total of 145 cases of infectious diseases were reported in the County of Westchester during the year ending December 31, 1937.

AGE INCIDENCE.

	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Pneumonia.	Erysipelas.
Under 1 year	-	-	1	-
4-5 years	2	-	-	-
5-10 years	-	-	1	-
20-35 years	2	-	3	2
35-45 years	-	-	-	1
45-65 years	-	1	1	-
65 and over	-	-	-	1

TUBERCULOSIS.

New cases and Mortality during the year 1937.

<u>Age period.</u>	<u>New cases.</u>				<u>Deaths.</u>			
	<u>Respiratory</u>		<u>Non-Respiratory</u>		<u>Respiratory</u>		<u>Non-Respiratory</u>	
	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>
0-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
1-5	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
5-15	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
15-25	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
35-45	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-
45-55	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

The following cases remain on the Registers:-

<u>Pulmonary</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Non Pulmonary</u>		<u>Total</u>
<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>		<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>	
6	4	10	8	15	23

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ANNUAL REPORT OF MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1937 FOR THE URBAN DISTRICT OF NEWPORT IN THE COUNTY OF SALOP, IN CONNECTION WITH FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

1. Inspection of Factories, workshops and workplaces.

<u>Premises.</u>	<u>Inspections</u>	<u>Number of</u>	
		<u>written Notices</u>	<u>Occupiers prosecuted.</u>
Factories (including Factory Laundries)	20	Nil	Nil
workshops (including workshop Laundries)	25	Nil	Nil
workplaces (Other than Out-workers premises)	-	-	-
<u>Total</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>Nil</u>	<u>Nil</u>

2. Defects found in Factories, workshops and workplaces.

<u>Particulars.</u>	<u>Found</u>	<u>Remedied</u>	<u>Number of Defects</u>	
			<u>Referred to H.M. Inspector.</u>	<u>No. of offences where prosecutions were instituted</u>
Nuisances under the Public Health Acts:-				
Went of Cleanliness	2	2	Nil	Nil.
Other nuisances	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
<u>Total</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Nil</u>	<u>Nil</u>

