# Contributors

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# NEWMARKET RURAL DISTRICT

IN THE

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF CAMBRIDGE

ANNUAL

REPORT

1. 33-

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR

\_\_\_\_\_1944\_\_\_\_\_

To the Chairman and Members

of the Newmarket Rural District Council.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I beg to present for your consideration my Annual Report for the year 1944 on the Health, Sanitary Conditions, and Vital Statistics of the Newmarket Rural District.

The Report is prepared in accordance with the instructions contained in Circular 49/45 issued by the Ministry of Health.

It is satisfactory to record that the general health of the population has continued to be good.

Arthur Morgan, Medical Officer of Health. GENERAL STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS Area: Land 80,856 acres. Water 245 " Number of Parishes: \_22 Rateable Value: £55,949. Sum represented by a penny rate: £223. 5. 0. Number of inhabited houses according to the Rate Books: 6,059. Estimated population: 19,330.

The whole district is agricultural in nature.

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL	STAPISTICS	FOR THE	YEAR
Live Births:			
	Total	Male	Female
Legitimate.	332	168	164
lllegitimate	26	17	9
Totals	358	185	173
Birth Rate per thousand es	stimated pop	ulation	18.5
Birth Rate per thousand p (England and Wales)			17.6
Still Births:	Total	Male	Female
Legitimate Illegitimate	71	2 1	5
Totals	8	3	5
Rate per thousand total (1	live and sti	11 births)	21.8
Deaths:	Total	Male	Female
	242	103	139
Death Rate per thousand es	stimated pop	ulation	12.5
Death Rate per thousand per (England and Wales)	pulation		11.6
Deaths from Puerperal caus	ses:		

nthe	2 rola Puerperal causes:	
(a)	Puerperal sepsis	Nil
(a)	Other Puerperal causes	2

Rate per thousand live and still births

Number " deaths of infants under one year of age:

		Total	Male	Female
Legitimate Illegitimate		14	7	7
	Totals	15	8	7

Death Rate of infants under one year of age:

(a) All infants per thousand live births 41.9 (b) Legitimate infants per thousand legitimate live births 42.1 (c) Illegitimate infants per thousand illegitimate live births 38.4

5.4

Deaths from cancer (all ages) ... ... 34 Deaths from measles (all ages) ... ... Nil Deaths from whooping cough (all ages) ... ... 1 Deaths from influenza (all ages) ... ... 11 Deaths from diarrhoea (under 2 years of age) ... ... 3

Birth and Death Rates for the last six years :-

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	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943
Birth Rate Death Rate	13.8	12.3	13.3 13.7	13.7	14.5	14.6

Note:- The death rates are uncorrected for age and sex distribution.

# GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES

## FOR THE AREA.

There is no particular alteration to record in any of these services.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY :-

- (a) A whole time Medical Officer of Health who also acts for other districts.
- (b) Two whole time Sanitary Inspectors. The assistant Inspector is serving in H.M. Forces and has not been replaced. The Senior Inspector (Mr. W.H. Couperthwaite, A.M.I.S.E., M.R.S.I., and special certificate in meat and other foods) is, therefore, working alone.

#### LABORATORY FACILITIES: -

Chemical and bacteriological examinations of water are made by the Public Analyst at Cambridge.

The Emergency Public Health Laboratory, Cambridge, make all bacteriological examinations that are required in cases of infectious diseases, etc.

Samples of milk are usually sent to the Agricultural Department, University of Cambridge.

#### HOSPITALS: -

There are no General Hospitals situated within the area. Cases of the infectious diseases are treated at the Council's Isolation Hospital.

### SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

#### WATER SUPPLY :-

Only four parishes and some outlying premises are without a piped water supply.

The supply is constant and has been well maintained.

Samples of the water supplied by the Council's five waterworks were taken each month and submitted to the Public Analyst for chemical and bacteriological examination. The results obtained were uniformly satisfactory.

Automatically controlled chlorination plants are installed at the three largest waterworks, vizt- Swaffham Prior, Soham and Saxon Street.

Number of houses having a piped supply under		sure	into	
or on to the house				3350
Number of houses supplied from standpipes				1671
(curtilage within 200 ft.)				
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.1			5021

The Council's Consulting Engineers have prepared a scheme for the co-ordination and augmentation of water supplies throughout the district with particular reference to Parishes and outlying premises which are at present without a piped supply.

#### DRAINAGE AND SEVERAGE: -

The conditions remain the same.

PUBLIC CLEANSING:-

A scavenging scheme which covers the whole area is administered by the District Council and supervised by the Sanitary Inspector.

A collection of refuse is made once in every three weeks over the greater part of the district, and the remainder is covered by a collection at intervals of six weeks.

The refuse collection is, at present, combined with a scheme to salvage certain necessary materials, and machinery for the baling of tins has been installed. The refuse is disposed of in selected pits by controlled tipping.

#### SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA

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inclue at	Slaughter-houses and butchers' shops.	22
	Bakehouses	47
	Fried Fish shops and other premises registered	41
	under Section 14, Food and Drugs Acts, 1938	9
	Knacker's Yard	9
	Factoris (excluding bakehouses)	5
	Cowsheds and Dairies	428
	Refuse Tips	30
	Infectious Disease	75
	Rooms disinfected	56
	Disinfestations (rooms)	14
· .	Howage Disposal Works	72
	Dwelling-houses	674
	Reinspections of dwelling-houses	122
	Nuisances	61
	Shops	92
	Miscellaneous	157

Samples taken:

Water	1	4	0
Milk	2	1	3

#### SHOPS ACT, 1934, etc.

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Ninety-two inspections of shops were made for the purposes of Section 10 of the Shops Act, 1934, and of Section 13, Food and Drugs Act, 1938 (in the case of food shops).

The following defects were noted :-

Unsatisfactory sanitary accommodation	3
Absence of proper washing facilities	1
Room used for the storage of foodstuffs requiring	
· · cleansing and lime washing	5
Room used for the storage of foodstuffs being	
unsuitable	6
Interior of shop requiring cleansing and redecorating	3

The occupiers of the various food shops were provided with a list of the requirements of Section 13 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, and other than the defects noted above, the conditions under which food was stored or exposed for sale were found to be reasonably satisfactory.

#### ERADICATION OF BED BUGS.

Nine dwelling-houses were found to be infested with bed bugs during the year, and six of these (in a row) were disinfested by the use of <sup>Hyd</sup>rogen Cyanide, the other three houses being dealt with by a liquid insecticide.

#### CAMPING SITES, etc.

There is nothing fresh to report under this heading.

#### SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS

There is nothing fresh to report under this heading.

#### SCHOOLS.

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There is nothing fresh to report under this heading.

#### HOUSING.

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A serious effort was made to secure the carrying out of essential repairs to other than war damaged dwelling-houses, in accordance with the "General Scheme for Repair of Houses".

The success attained was strictly limited owing to the local shortage of labour, and absorption of this in emergency repair works.

	dwelling-houses inspected					
Number of	re-inspections made	••••	••••	 	•••	122
	Informal Notices served Formal Notices served (Ser					58
		ct, 19	936)	 		17
	ection with above Notices					2

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Number of dwolling-houses repaired as a result of action taken: Informal action ... ... ... 49 Formal action ... ... ... 6

#### SUMMARY OF DEFECTS REMEDIED DURING THE YEAR

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Dwelling-house roofs repaired				 	23
Eaves guttering repaired				 	6
Chimney stacks repaired				 	1
Dwelling-house walls repaired (exter	nal)			 	18
Dwelling-house walls repaired (inter	nal)			 	5
Dwelling-house coilings repaired				 	10
Dwelling-house doors repaired				 	4
Dwelling-house floors repaired				 	1
Dwelling-house windows repaired				 	17
Cooking ranges repaired				 	2
Cooking ranges renewed				 	3
Additional sanitary conveniences pro	vided			 	3
Existing sanitary conveniences repai				 	5
Closet conversions				 	5
Water closet cistern repaired				 	1
Stair treads and risers repaired				 	1
Defective drains relaid or repaired	and re	constr	ucted	 	2
Washing coppers provided				 	2
Washing coppers repaired				 	3
New wash-house buildings constructed				 	3

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### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

#### MILK SUPPLY.

Number of Cowkeepers or Purveyors of milk on the registers (as at 31st December, 1944):

Wholesale Purveyors	 	77
Retail Puryeyors	 	25
Wholesale and Retail Purveyors	 	48
Retailers who are not cowkeepers	 	6
That the nets of the second second	1 11 4	156

#### Inspection.

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Regular inspection is made of all registered premises, and 428 inspections were made for the purpose during the year.

Efforts have been made to encourage clean milk production by intensive propaganda and by advisory visits.

Numerous informal notices were served in connection chiefly with lack of cleanliness and limewashing and these were all subsequently complied with. 3 Statutory Notices under the Milk and Dairies Order, 1926 were also served.

#### Milk Sampling.

The samples are sent to the School of Agriculture, University of Cambridge, for examination.

213 samples were taken mainly from Producer-Retailers, to assist in the National Milk Testing and Advisory Scheme. These samples were examined by the Resazurin test.

#### MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

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The position remains the same as that outlined in the reports for the years 1939 - 41, and the Newmarket Urban District's Inspectors have again been assisted with the inspection work at the Government Abattoir when necessary.

22 inspections of slaughter-houses and butchers' shops were made during the year.

The figures for unsound meat condemned will be included in the report of the Urban District's Inspectors, so to avoid any overlapping no separate detailed figures for this district are given.

Regular inspection is made of premises where foodstuffs are stored or exposed for sale, and the following is a summary of the foodstuffs condemned during the year.

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271 1bs. Oranges (unfit - deco	mposition).
46 ozs. Custard Powder 5 lbs. Mixed Rice and Oats. 140 lbs. National Flour.	Contaminated by mice.
57 lbs. Sultanas.39 lbs. Rice.21 lbs. Rolled Oats.6 lbs. Self Raising Flour.41 lbs. Butter.10 lbs. Lard.12 lb. Currants.4 lb. 10 ozs. Bacon.1 Facket Barley.1 Tin Beans.	Impregnated with glass splinters, etc. arising from explosive blast.
24 lbs. Sugar. (Contaminated 23 lbs. Sheep Liver. (Decor 126 lbs. Imported Beef (Decor 171 lbs. Meat. (Impregnated w	mposition).

186 tins various foodstuffs. (Blown or otherwise unfit).

# PREMISES ON WHICH FOOD IS PREPARED

Regular inspection is made of these premises and a high standard of cleanliness has been maintained.

There has been no alteration in the number of premises and the registration particulars are the same as those given in the report for the years 1939 - 41.

BAKEHOUSES

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There are 24 bakehouses in the district, and 47 inspections were made during the year.

A high standard of cleanliness has again been maintained.

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

There is nothing fresh to report under this heading.

### SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACT, 1933.

The tate of an

Every effort is made to see that the requirements of this Act are carried out, and 31 licences were granted during the year.

#### FACTORIES.

The following is a summarised report on the administration of The Factories Act, 1937 in the district:

#### Number of Factories on the register

Factories	with mechanical power	 		46
Factories	without mechanical power	 		27
		1. Mar 4	- 7.6	··

#### INSPECTIONS, etc.

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52 inspections have been made, and 5 written notices served in connection with various defects (chiefly sanitary conveniences) which were remedied without reference to H.M. Inspector of Factories or Legal proceedings.

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#### PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

Apart from the fact that there has been a considerable decrease in the number of notifications of measles and a slight increase in the incidence of scarlet fever, there is nothing of importance to record.

The number of notifications and the age groups are set out in the following table:-

Disease.	Total cases	Analyses under Age Groups.								Cases	Deaths.				
	notified.	-1	1-	-2-	3-	4-	5-1	10-	15-	20-	35-	45-	65-	Hosp.	
Scarlet fever.	58	12 100	1	5	1	2	27	11	5	5	1	1	1	55	Nil
Erysipelas.	2									1.2	2	in is	14	1	Nil
Measles	23	1	1	1		1	6	. 6	2	. 5				4	Nil
Whooping cough.	2				1	1	124	170	22.15				12		1
Pneumonia	20	2		1	1	2	3	1	12.000	1	3	4	2	5	9
Cphthalmia neonatorum.	1 . 1	1									-12			-	Nil
Cerebro spinal feve	r 1	14.2.4			120	1	-	2.14	10-10	1	200	100	1	1	Nil
Totals	107	4	2	7	3	7	36	18	7	11	6	4	2	65	10

Notifications of some of the principal infectious diseases during the last six years as compared with the present year:-

	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944
Scarlet fever.	46	23	52	18	22	39	58
Diphtheria.	2	2	2	5	2	-	-
Measles.	-	-	106	627	2	249	23
Whooping cough.	-	10	127	29	47	9	2
Pneumonia.	7	4	3	12	19	15	20

It will be noted that no cases of diphtheria have been reported during the last two years.

#### DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION:

The arrangements are the same as set out in my Report for the year 1942, and they have continued to function satisfactorily. At the end of 1944 it was estimated that approximately 84% of children under 5 years of age, and 83% of those between the ages of 5 and 15 had been fully protected. Diphtheria prophylactic and diphtheria antitoxin are always supplied free of charge to Medical Practitioners.

So far as the non-notifiable infectious diseases are concerned, there is little to comment upon. It seems, however, that influenza has been rather more prevalent and 11 deaths were attributed to this disease as against 8 in 1943 and 4 in 1942.

#### TUBERCULOSIS

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Lge Periods		New Ca			Deaths					
	Resp:	iratory	Non-Res	spiratory	Respiratory		Non-Respirator			
	М.	F.	М.	F.	м.	F.	М.	F.		
0	197-6		1							
1			E E							
5		ing a second	1	1						
15	1	1	1		1			1		
25	1	2								
35	1		1		1		1			
45	1		1.1							
55	1	7.100		1	1					
65 and over										
Totals	4	2	2	1	3	-	1	1		

### NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1944.

There were two deaths that had not been notified.

No action has been necessary under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925, or under section 172 of the Public Health Let, 1936.

Arthur Morgan, M.A., M.R.C.S., D.P.H.

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