[Report 1943] / Medical Officer of Health, Newhaven Port Health Authority.

Contributors

Newhaven (England). Port Health Authority.

Publication/Creation

1943

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/npr2mndy

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



E15 MARIE (4 14 162) NON HAVEN

0.8.

Library

.IBRAR

NAWHAVEN PORT HEALTH AUTHORITY.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR

ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1943.

To the Members of the Newhaven Port Health Authority. Madam and Gentlemen,

I beg to present to you my Annual Report as Medical Officer of Health for the Port of Newhaven during the year 1943.

The health of the crews in ships entering the Port over this period has been very good. Only 7 cases of sickness or injury were brought to my notice. They were as follows: enlarged axillary glands (1) Wax in the ear (2), whitlow (1) injury to the eye (1) Measles (2) - the latter were admitted to the Isolation Hospital

To provide against the importation of Infectious Disease into the Port, temporary quarantine would be at the anchorage, until fixed quarantine is arranged, which under present circumstances is fluid. The Lewes, Newhaven & Scaford Joint Hospital Board possess a well equipped Isolation Hospital to which cases of Infectious Disease can be removed for treatment at any time. Cases of smallpox may b; removed to the Smallpox Hospital at Chailey, and for this object arrangements are in force with Brighton for the provision of an ambulance. A supply of calf lymph, renewed every two months, is always kept in cold storage and can be obtained at very short notice. In case of the incidence of Plague on board any vessel entering the Harbour, it is proposed to apply rat guards, and wrapping over the mooring ropes tarred daily to prevent the incursion of rats on to the shore.

The only foreign Port with which Newhaven had any considerable traffic was Dieppe, and the chief risk of the importation of Infectious Disease was from the Continent of Burope. This traffic is now brought to a standstill owing to the war.

The total number of vessels entering the Port during the year was 205. Nine entered the Port for shelter only, and one towing. The sanitary conditions generally were good, and there was no necessity to serve any notice. Verbal instructions were given in those cases where improvement could be made, and where further inspection was possible, such improvement was found to have been carried out. One ship was fumigated for rats; three fishing vessels and one tug were fumigated for bugs. Rats were not otherwise an evidence, probably due to the fact that cargoes were coal or stone, carried by coastwise shipping only.

ALIENS GRDER 1920 No aliens entered the Fort for landing during the year, and no inspections were necessary in this respect.

PSITTACOSIS No birds entered the Port during the year and no action was necessary.

FOREIGN MIAT AND UNSOUND FOOD REGULATIONS No food of any description entered the Fort during the year.

AMOUNT OF SHIP	PING INTERING TH	R PORT. TABLE A	
Number of sh	ips entering the	Port	205.
Number of sh	ips inspected by	the Medical Offi	cer. 3
Number of sh	ips inspected by	the Sanitary Ins	pactor. 173
Number of sh	ips reported to	be defective.	5
Number of sh	ips reported as	having Infactious	Dicase. 1

CHARACTER OF THE TRADE OF THE PORT, TABLE D

IMPORTS The only imports during the year were coal, stone and oil. The usual imports of namedactured silk, cotton, wool, timber, motor cars, machinery, clocks, watches, chemicals, brandy, wines, potatoes, and fruits have coased owing to the war.

EXPORTS No exports have occurred during the year. Fish, textiles and machinery are usually exported in normal times.

PASSENGUR TRAFFIC. Mil.

Source of Water Supply The water supply to the Port and Shipping on the Best Side is pumped from a well sunk into the chalk at Denton, and owned by the Southern Railway Company. Samples for examination are taken each quarter, and the results prove the water to be of good quality. Water for the West Side is provided by the Newhaven & Seaford Water Company. Proquent samples prove this supply to be very good in all respects.

TABLE C. Two cases of Infectious Disease were landed and treated at the Inclation Hospital, viz. measles.

TABLE D. No cases of Infactious Dieres occurred on vessels during the voyage prior to entering this Port.

TABLE: Musber of rate destroyed on vessels during the year - mil. A specially appointed wan is employed by the Southern Railway Company to catch or poison rate on their properties.

TABLIF Rets destroyed on gange and other railway properties - 40. This figure can only be estimated owing to the main treatment being by poison.

My thanks are due to the officials of the Railway Company, Customs, Home Office and C-I.D. for their courtesy and roady help extended to me in the execution of my duties.

I am, Midam and Gantlemen,

Yours obediently,

(eigned) Hodia Parkmyet.