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1952

# PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS

FOR THE

Borough of Newark and Southwell Rural District

BY

G. G. BUCHANAN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health for the Area

Reports of Sanitary Inspectors appended

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# Public Health Department The Friary Appletongate NEWARK

1st August, 1953

To the Mayor and Corporation of the Borough of Newark.

Sir, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my thirteenth Annual Report on the sanitary circumstances, health and vital statistics of the Borough for the year 1952.

The report is compiled in accordance with the Ministry of Health Circular 2/53 but I have included a section on the personal health work carried out by the County Council within the Borough.

The information on statistics and infectious diseases given in the report indicates that from a "public health" point of view nothing exceptional occurred throughout the year.

The estimated population figures of the Registrar General for the past few years are worthy of note.

Year	Esti	mated Popula	tion
1938	 	20,530	
1940	 	21,730	
1944	 	21,260	
1945	 	21,150	
1946	 	21,690	
1947	 	22,380	

The census populations were:-

Year		Population
1921	 	16,957
1930	 	18,055
1951	 	22,909

The population as estimated by the Registrar General from 1940 to 1949 excluded non-civilians but from 1950 members of the forces stationed within the district are included.

The housing position continues to improve and the statistics supplied by the Housing Manager, and included in the report, shows that good progress has been made. The total number of houses owned by the Council is now 1862 compared with 1533 last year. This includes huts at Lincoln Road Camp, the number of which is diminishing, and every effort is being made to close the Camp completely.

The Hawton Road Estate is indeed an example of fine layout with variety of type of house and wide streets making it so different from many council housing estates.

Unfortunately, as in practically all towns, the new housing estates have to be placed on the outskirts and although provision is made for shops there are possibly many necessities—cinemas, railway stations, "pubs," and places of work which can only be found within the area of the town centre. Again, unfortunately, modern "laziness" makes people averse to walking and bus journeys cost money which many cannot afford in addition to high rents.

I mentioned in the introduction to my last report the desire to commence a survey of old property with a view to clearance. This would, in due course, lead to the possibility of modern housing within easy reach of "amenities" but without additional staff such a survey cannot be made.

I gratefully acknowledge the assistance given by other departments of the Corporation and by the members of the Staff of the Public Health Department (including those actually employed by the County Council). Without the co-operation of the former and the loyal service of the latter the department could not efficiently carry on its work for health.

I am,

Your obedient servant, G. G. BUCHANAN

# BOROUGH OF NEWARK

Mayor: Councillor T. W. Howes

Public Health Committee:

Alderman A. E. WHOMSLEY, J.P. (Chairman)

Alderman C. CLUTTERBUCK

Alderman J. A. MARKWICK

Councillor D. P. BLATHERWICK

Councillor (Dr.) H. D. R. HINE

Councillor (Mrs.) E. YORKE

Councillor (Mrs.) L. M. DWYER

Councillor J. R. WILKINSON

Public Health Staff of the Authority: (as at 31st Dec., 1952)

Medical Officer of Health:
G. G. BUCHANAN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Sanitary Inspectors:

J. CATLOW, M.S.I.A., M.R.S.I., Cert. R.S.I., and S.I.J. Board, R.S.I. Meat I. Cert.

R. V. SPEDDING, M.S.I.A., M.R.S.I., Cert. R.S.I. and S.I.J. Board, R.S.I. Meat I. Cert.

Clerical Staff:

Mr. G. ROSSINGTON .. .. Senior Clerk

Mr. F. GAMMAGE

County Council Staff:

Medical Officer of Ante-Natal Clinic:

G. S. BUCHANAN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Health Visitors:

Mrs. I. CLEGHORN, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.

Miss A. T. KEELTY, S.R.N., S.C.M., R.F.N., H.V. Cert.

Miss M. HOLDNALL, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Part 1), H.V. Cert. (Commenced 11.2.52)

Clerical Staff:

Mrs. B. BUSH

Miss M. YOUNG

# Borough of Newark

# Statistical Summary for 1952

Population				 	22,97	0
Birth rate per 1,000	) popula	ition		 	18.2	(15.3)
Death rate per 1,00	00 popu	lation		 	11.3	(11.3)
Infantile Mortality	rate per	1,000	births	 	26.4	(27.6)
Area of Borough				 	3,364	acres
Number of inhabit	ed hous	es at th	e end o			houses and shops
Rateable Value				 	£153,	,077
Sum represented b	y penny	rate		 	£595	2s. 4d.

#### Vital Statistics for the Year 1952

В			

Live Births					Total 417	Males 216	Females 201
Legitimate					388	202	186
Illegitimate					29	14	15
Birth Rate	per 1.	,000 estir	nated po	pulation	18.2		
Still Births					10	6	4
Legitimate					10	6	4
Illegitimate					_	-	_

Still Birth Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births 23.4 Still Birth Rate per 1,000 population 0.44

#### DEATHS

Total	Males	Females
261	123	138
11 2		

Death Rate per 1,000 estimated population 11.3

#### MATERNAL MORTALITY

Deaths caused	throu	igh pregnanc	y, childh	pirth,	
or abortion					Nil
Rate per 1,000	total	(live and still	) births		Nil

#### INFANT MORTALITY

(under 1 year of age)

Number of d	eaths				Total 11	Males 7	Females 4
Legitimate					11	7	4
Illegitimate					-	-	_
		(	under 4 v	veeks of	age)		

		,		Total	Males	Females
Number of de	eaths		 	7	4	3
Legitimate			 	7	4	3
Illegitimate	4.4		 	_	_	-

Infant Mortality Rates:

All infants per 1,000 births 26.4 Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births 28.4 Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births Nil

Deaths from Measles (all ages) . . . Nil Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages) . . Nil

#### COMPARATIVE FIGURES

			Newark Borough	England and Wales	160* Smaller Towns
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 pop.			18.2	15.3	15.5
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 pop.			0.44	0.35	0.36
Death Rate per 1,000 pop.			11.3	11.3	11.2
Infantile Mortality Rate (per 1,00	00 relate	ed live			
births)			26.4	27.6	25.8

<sup>\*</sup> Towns with estimated resident population at 1951 census of 25,000 to 50,000.

#### Notes on Vital Statistics

Births. The number of births this year, 417, was an increase of 64 on the previous year. It will be recollected that the 1951 figure was the lowest for eleven years.

The live birth rate was 18.2 compared with 15.5 in 1951 and with 15.5 average for 160 smaller towns. The rate for England and Wales as a whole was 15.3.

The birth rates for the last 10 years were :-

Year		Birth Rate	Year		Birth Rate
1943	 	18.8	1948	 	17.1
1944	 	21.7	1949	 	17.2.
1945	 	19.0	1950	 	17.6
1946	 	20.7	1951	 	15.5
1947	 	20.1	1952	 	18.2

The number of illegitimate births rose from the 1951 low record of 18 to 29.

The figures for the last 10 years were :-

Year	Ille	gitimate	Births	Year	1//	egitimate Births
1943	 	37		1948	 	34
1944	 	28		1949	 	29
1945	 	48		1950	 	32
1946	 	43		1951	 	18
1947	 	25		1952	 	29

Deaths. The number of deaths 261 was 31 below that of 1951 giving a death rate per 1,000 population of 11.3 compared with 12.8. Heart disease was again the most frequent cause of death although the number of deaths resulting from it decreased from 115 to 85. This was followed by disease of blood vessels in the brain (stroke) totalling 66.

Classified Cause	e of Dec	ath					Male	Female	Total
Tuberculosis of	of respi	ratory	system				5	4	9
Tuberculosis -							2		2
Syphilitic disea							2	_	2
Malignant Nec									
	mach						2	3	5
								1	2
Lu							5	1	0
	east				4.4		-	/	/
	erus						-	- 2	2
Ot	her site	s and t	umour	rs			9	10	19
Intracranial va	scular l	esions					22	39	61
Heart disease							40	45	85
Other diseases				m			5	4	9
Influenza	Or one	diacory	0,000	**			1	1	
							2	1	2 3
Pneumonia								1	9
Bronchitis							/	2	
Ulcer of stoma	ich or c	duoden	um				2	-	2
Gastritis, etc.							1	1	2
Nephritis							2	3	2 2 5 2
Congenital ma	lformat	rions					1	1	2
Violent causes							6	5	11
All other cause							0	9	18
All Other cause	-0						-	-	10
					TOT	TALS	123	138	261

Under the heading of violent causes there are included one death due to motor vehicle accident and six suicides.

Deaths from cancer (other growths excluded) numbered 37, the same as in 1951. The ages at which death occurred were :-

		Male	Female
Under 40 years	 	 _	_
40 to 50 years	 	 _	_
50 to 60 years	 	 3	6
60 to 70 years	 	 4	7
70 to 80 years	 	 6	6
Over 80 years	 	 1	4
		_	
		14	23
		_	

#### Maternal Mortality

This year there was again no death of a mother in consequence of pregnancy, childbirth or abortion.

#### Infant Mortality

Eleven infants under one year of age died during the year. Nine were recorded in 1951.

The causes of death were :-

Cause		No. of M.	deaths F.
Broncho Pneumonia (b) Genera	al Feebleness		
(c) Prema	turity	 1	_
Broncho Pneumonia (b) Acute	Bronchitis	 1	
Intracranial Injury (b) Precipitate	labour	 1	_
Congenital Heart Disease		 _	1
Syncope due to accidental suffoca	ation	 _	1
Defective vitality (b) Prematurity		 1	
Congenital Disease of Heart		 1	-
Lymphatic Leukaemia		 1	-
Intracranial Haemorrhage (b) Bir	th Injury	 1	_
Prematurity		 _	2
		7	4
			_

The Natural Increase in population i.e. the excess of births over deaths was 156.

Year	N	atural Increase
1943	 	139
1944	 	215
1945	 	150
1946	 	219
1947	 	186
1948	 	131
1949	 	139
1950	 	131
1951	 	61
1952	 	156

# GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

#### Clinics

(a) Under the control of Nottinghamshire County Council

Maternity and Child Welfare Centre Monday and Thursday, 2 to 4 p.m.

Toddlers' Clinic Tuesday (Fortnightly), 2 to 4 p.m.

Ante-Natal Clinic Tuesday (Fortnightly), 2 to 4 p.m.

School Clinic Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 9 to 10.30 a.m.

Dental Clinic
By appointment.

The above are held at the Public Health Department, Appletongate, Newark.

(b) Under the control of Sheffield Regional Hospital Board

Chest Clinic, 11 Cartergate Tuesday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon

Orthopaedic Clinic Daily 9 a.m. to 12 noon

Monday, Wednesday and Friday 1 p.m. to 4 p.m.

The Orthopaedic Surgeon attends on the 4th Wednesday afternoon in each month. The Clinic is held in the Public Health Department, The Friary, Appletongate, Newark.

## Laboratory

The laboratory in the Department continued in use throughout the year. The following table shows the work carried out.

	Total		Positive		Negative	
19		1952				
Swabs examined for Dip. Bac.	5	1	_	_	5	1
Sputum examined for Tub. Bac.	33	19	10	4	23	15
Other specimens examined	2	_	1	_	1	_

The examinations for diphtheria bacilli have decreased steadily since the commencement of immunisation, the figures for the past ten years are:—

Year			Number examined	Positive	Negative
1943	 	 	174	19	155
1944	 	 	116	3	113
1945	 	 	82	4	78
1946	 	 	94	3	91
1947	 	 	34		34
1948	 	 	26	_	26
1949	 	 	19	_	19
1950	 	 	8	_	8
1951	 	 	5	_	5
1952	 	 	1		1

#### Infectious Disease

The total number of notifications received during 1952 was 318 compared with 521 in the previous year. The cause of the decrease was that measles did not become widespread until November.

#### Measles

Notifications of measles numbered 157 compared with 414 in 1951. There were the usual scattered cases until November and then in November and December 146 cases were notified. The epidemic continued into 1953.

Age Groups	1	Number
Under 1 year		1
1 to 2 years		20
3 to 4 years		34
5 to 9 years		98
10 to 14 years		2
15 to 24 years		
25 years and over		2

In the 5 to 9 year group the majority were either 5 or 6 years of age, i.e. in their first year at school.

#### Whooping Cough

Seventy-nine cases of whooping cough were notified, the number in 1951 being 30.

Age Groups	1	Number
Under 1 year		7
1 to 2 years		21
3 to 4 years		16
5 to 9 years		33
10 to 14 years		1
15 to 25 years		
25 years and over		1

The years of greatest risk are those before school, 44 children being under 5 years of age. These under 5's are unfortunately the least able

to withstand the strain of the disease and the complications with which it is associated. Inoculation against whooping cough is not yet available under the scheme of the Local Health Authority (County Council) but it can be obtained through the general medical practitioners usually in conjunction with diphtheria immunisation as three combined injections.

#### Scarlet Fever

There were only 19 notifications of Scarlet Fever. This is the lowest number since 1941. Fortunately this disease has never been very prevalent and the type has been mild although the latter attribute tends to allow spread owing to cases going about without sufficient symptoms to make the calling of a doctor appear necessary.

Age Groups			Number		
2 to 3 years					2
3 to 4 years					5
5 to 9 years					9
10 to 14 years					3

#### Pneumonia

Five cases of pneumonia were notified compared with thirteen in 1951. This is the fewest recorded since 1946. All the cases were over 35 years of age, two being over 65.

#### Acute Poliomyelitis (Infantile Paralysis)

There were no confirmed notifications.

#### Tuberculosis

The number of new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis, i.e., tuberculosis of the lungs, increased from 31 in 1951 to 38 in the year under review. Notifications of other forms of the disease numbered 3 compared with 5 in the previous year. Of the 38 new cases 22 were admitted to sanatorium or hospital for treatment. Three were in hospital or sanatorium at the time of notification, nine were admitted within one month, nine within two months and one 3 months after notification.

In October, Barnby Road Hospital, previously the Corporation's Infectious Disease Hospital, was opened by the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board, as an annex to Ransom Sanatorium with sixteen beds for female patients.

The Mass Radiography Unit from Lincoln visited the town in November and December and the following report was received from the Medical Director.

	Men	Women	Total
X-rayed on 35 m/m film	2843	2037	4880
Recalled for large films	102	52	154
Recalled for clinical examination	77	27	104
Referred to Chest Clinic	25	12	37
Referred to own Doctor	16	7	23

Cases of :-		Men	Women	Total
Bronchiectasis	 	_	_	_
Pneumokoniosis	 	3	_	3
Neoplasm	 	-	1	1
Cardiac Abnormality	 	15	5	20
Pul. T.B. p.p. Active	 	3	3	6
Pul. T.B. p.p. Inactive	 	40	13	53
Observation	 	9	3	12

The number of persons attending for X-ray was men 2843 and women 2037 — total 4880. This is a decrease of 1171 compared with the number who attended when the unit was last here in 1948.

The number of men decreased by 1136. This indicates a marked disregard for the benefits obtainable not only to the persons concerned but to the immediate relatives and friends who are at risk from an unsuspected infectious case of tuberculosis. The object of the unit is to discover such cases in the earliest stages when treatment can be of the greatest benefit.

From the point of view of a public health official it is unfortunate that the results of examination are strictly confidential between the unit and the person concerned and therefore no action can be taken to ensure that treatment is obtained when necessary, the decision regarding this being left entirely to the individual.

The hope is expressed that, when the unit again visits Newark, there will be a large increase in the number willing to spare the short time necessary to undergo this examination.

Smallpox

There was no smallpox in the District during the year.

The arrangements for vaccination were continued. Monthly sessions were held at The Friary and where it was impossible for a mother to attend with the baby home visits were made.

The number of vaccinations carried out by the Department was 80 compared with 105 in 1951.

In addition, 76 vaccination records were received from medical practitioners as against 101 in 1951.

Diphtheria

For the eighth year in succession no case of diphtheria was notified. When one takes one's mind back to the years before 1941, i.e., before commencement of immunisation, and thinks again of the severe illness, distress, and tragedies caused by diphtheria, usually in children, one realises the very great benefit that immunisation has conferred on our population because not only have children ceased to suffer but parents are spared the awful anxiety of waiting for news of progress in those they love.

The long spell of freedom is, unfortunately, bad from the standpoint

of propaganda and many parents have no knowledge of the results of infection by the germ of diphtheria. This pleasing period may be broken at any time; there are still cases of diphtheria recorded in this country and abroad and infection may be reintroduced. The number of children in the Borough who are not immunised is too large to avoid danger and a plea is made to all parents to bring their children forward for immunisation and help to keep Newark free from this disease.

Immunisation clinics were continued at the Public Health Department at monthly intervals. From the following table it will be seen that primary immunisation numbers dropped by 90 although "boosting" injections increased by 107 as compared with the 1951 figures.

	Primary	Re-inforcement	Total
By Public Health Dept. *By General Practitioners	222 (305) 115 (122)	278 (217) 76 (30)	500 (522) 191 (152)
		Grand Total	691 (674)

<sup>\*</sup>The figures indicate the number for whom the doctors have sent in record cards.

The figures in brackets are the corresponding numbers for 1951.

#### Hospital Treatment

The following cases of Infectious Disease were admitted to hospital during the year:—

- 1 Encephalitis complicating Chickenpox
- 1 Measles
- 2 Meningitis
- 5 Scarlet Fever

#### Infestation

Infestation by the Scabies mite is now fortunately very rare and only one case was dealt with by the Department during the year.

On the other hand infestation by the head louse shows no signs of becoming extinct in spite of continued head inspections at schools and visits to homes. This continued infestation, principally in girls, indicates carelessness by mothers and older girls. The latter should have sufficient pride and should be able to take sufficient care of their hair to avoid infestation. Modern D.D.T. hair preparations can deal with the trouble if properly used and supplies for school children, free of cost, are available at the School Clinic.

Nottinghamshire County Council Act, 1951

The following sections of this Act became operative within the Borough on 1st July, 1952.

Section 147 — Provides for the Registration of hawkers of food and their premises.

- Section 148 Allows the Council to make Byelaws as to sale etc., of certain articles for animal feeding purposes and registration of premises from which horseflesh or unsound meat is sold for animal feeding.

  The Byelaws came into force in January, 1953.
- Section 149 Regulates the slaughter of animals otherwise than for human consumption.
- Section 150 Regulates the method of dealing with carcases in slaughterhouses where the animal has been slaughtered for human consumption before being brought in.
- Section 155 Requires the registration of hairdressers and barbers and allows the making of byelaws for cleanliness of the premises.

  Byelaws came into force in December, 1952.

Clean Food Campaign

Visits by the Health Department staff to food shops continued. A number of improvements were carried out and by advice and encouragement progress is being made in improving the standard of hygiene in cases, hotels and shops.

Water Supply

The water supply in the Borough was satisfactory in both quantity and quality. The water is obtained from the Bunter Sandstone and there are pumping stations at Farnsfield (Southwell Rural District) and Clay Lane, within the Borough. At Farnsfield a chlorinating plant is in use, but the plant has not been in use yet at the Clay Lane Station. A new bore at Clay Lane was in progress during the year and at the time of writing has been completed and tested with satisfactory results.

The following results of sampling within the Borough were obtained.

Results of Bacteriological Examinations:—

Raw Water				
Number of samples	taken	 	 	8
Satisfactory		 	 	4
Unsatisfactory		 	 	4
Water after treatment				
Number of samples	taken	 	 	25
Satisfactory		 	 	24
Unsatisfactory		 	 	1
Results of Chemical Analy.	sis —			
Number of samples		 	 	2
Satisfactory		 	 	2
Unsatisfactory		 	 	_

#### Rodent Infestation

The staff employed was two operatives under the immediate control of the Chief Sanitary Inspector, and the method of dealing with rat and mice infestation continued to be by the "block" system for dwelling houses and business premises. Regular sewer treatments were also undertaken. Special treatments were also given when the investigation of complaints indicated the necessity. Increased use was made of a new poison viz., Warfarin.

The following tables set out the work undertaken.

			Premises Tr	reated :-
		Dwelling	Business	Estimated No. of
Year		Houses	Premises	rats killed
1945	 	 112	133	19,667
1946	 	 646	105	11,641
1947	 	 1,465	85	8,393
1948	 	 1,495	112	10,107
1949	 	 741	83	7,424
1950	 	 869	125	9,795
1951	 	 875	192	10,295
1952	 	 1,041	161	9,751

Sewer/manholes investigations and treatments undertaken :-

Investigated	 213
Treated	213
Visits with treatment	 647
Total Number of visits	 860
Estimated killed	 395
Bodies found	 7
Poison bait eaten	 10.8 lb

Housing

The following information on the housing position within the Borough has been supplied by the Housing Manager. :—

borough has been	supplied by the H	ousing	Mana	ger. :-		
Waiting List	Families (in ho	ouses)			167	
	Families (in ro	oms)			231	
	Single people ried couples		The state of the s	Mar-		
	(in houses)				45	
	(in rooms)				190	
	Old aged peop					
	(in houses)				34	
	(in rooms)				9	
	Out of the B					
	(in houses)	100			114	
	(in rooms)				73	
	Total				863	

Prefabs	Total number Total occupan	ts—A			28 55 28
Total number of hou	ises owned by the	e Loc	al Autho	ority	1,862
Housing Progress	New houses year 1952	built	during	the	
	Houses				220
	Flats				16
	Shops				8 5
	T.B. Cases				5
Post War Housing	Hawtonville				46
	Pre-fabs				28
	Winthorpe Ro	ad			384
	Hawton Road				398

County Council Services

The following information relating to personal health (County Council) services within the Borough should be of interest and has kindly been supplied by the County Medical Officer.

#### Child Welfare Centre :-

First	Attenda	ances	Tota	al Atten	dances	Cons	ultations
Mothers	Infants	Children	Mothers	Infants	Children	Infants	Children
312	296	27	5,885	4,294	2,256	667	440

#### Ante-Natal Clinic :-

	Ante-Natal		Post I	Vatal
New Cases	Total	Medical	Total	Medical
	Attend-	Consul-	Attend-	Consul-
	ances	tations	ances	tations
68	242	242	10	10

#### Home Nursing

No. of Nurses	No. of visits paid	No. of cases attended
employed 4	10,353	364

These figures cover the activities of the Newark District Nursing Association, which serves, in addition to the Newark Borough, the parishes of Winthorpe, Coddington, Barnby-in-the-Willows and Farndon, in the Newark Rural District.

Home Help Service

Home Helps are provided by the County Council and are available where domestic help is required owing to the presence of any person who is ill, lying-in, an expectant mother, mentally defective, aged, or a child not over compulsory school age. In maternity cases a Home Help attends daily for two weeks from the birth of the baby, excluding Saturday afternoon and Sunday, and her duties include the ordinary domestic work such as cleaning, cooking, washing, care of children, mending and shopping.

In general cases of sickness or when assisting in the households of old or infirm people Home Helps undertake such of the above duties as may be necessary. Part-time help can be arranged.

The charge for the service is 2s. 9d. per hour (raised from 2s. 6d. on the 9th February, 1953) but where the applicant is unable to afford this amount, the County Council's Scale of Assistance is applied.

#### Ambulance Facilities

The ambulance requirements of the Borough are, in the main, covered by the vehicles and personnel of the Newark Main Station.

Details for 1952 are as follows:-

Calls attended . . . 7,891
Patients carried . . 9,502
Mileage involved . . 89,840

Not all these patients resided in the Borough.

National Assistance Act, 1948. Section 47

No action was necessary under this section.

# RODENT DESTRUCTION

	Visits	Visits	Total No.				Poison I	Poison Bait Eaten		- F
Types of Premises	Without with Treatment Treatment	Vith	or Visits	Killed	Found	Zinc Phos.	Arsenic	Red Squill	Mafantu	Poison
Breweries	16	69	85	135	30	.10	.10	1.0	∞.	2.12
Shops	32	78	110	55	14	9.	ı	1.0	1	1.6
Factories and Workshops	22	78	100	755	63	13.6	1	.10	1	14.0
Houses (Block Treatment)	10028	5077	15105	7271	537	.14	4.	146.10	34.4	182.0
Corporation Property	115	289	404	965	85	9.2	1	11.0	4.0	24.2
Miscellaneous	48	134	182	175	19	1.4	1	3.6	1	4.10
Sewers	213	647	860	395	7	8.2	2.6		1	10.8
TOTAL	10474	6372	16846	9751	755	33.12	3.4	163.10	38.12	239.6

# RODENT DESTRUCTION

	Mice	71	59	88	48	48	7.1	105	99	76	108	107	898
	Bodies	86	73	75	56	50	72	117	30	51	69	44	755
	Est. rats killed	1205	1200	1090	830	930	959	1125	730	585	775	625	9751
	utnefeM	1		3.14	oć.	1.12	2.0	8.0	12.10	2.0	5.6	2.10	38.12
nt of it eaten	Iliup2 bsA	19.4	20.4	13.12	19.12	20.14	14.6	16.14	3.14	0.6	12.10	13.0	163.10
Amount poison bait	Arsenic	4.	L	.10		1		1	2.6	1	1	1	3.4
bod	Sinc Phosphide	9.12	9.12	4.14	φ.	.10	1	3.4	1	3.10	1.6	1	33.12
ith	Total	129	186	93	109	108	96	215	154	100	113	112	1415
dealt w	Sewers	82	1	1	1			29	64	1			213
ted and	Miscellancous	14	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	4	32
s inspec	Corporation	17	00	3		10	9	1	1	29	I		74
Number of Premises inspected and dealt with	Honses	95	91	75	103	91	98	138	85	29	106	104	1041
iber of	Factories & Workshops	3	1	4	1	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	17
ZmZ	sdoys	1	1	3	2	4	2	2	1	1	2	4	22
	Breweries	1	3	3	1	2	1	2	1	2	1		16
	Total No. of visits	1123	1752	1117	1878	1459	1400	2315	1728	1337	1286	1451	16846
9/10	1952	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July/August	September	October	November	December	Total

INFECTIOUS DISEASE, 1942 - 1952

Total	123	297	82	208	45	176	599	340	261	521	318
Meningococcal											1
Encephalitis											-
Dysentery									2		-
Polioencephalitis						T		-			
Acute						00		1	2	-	
Whooping Cough	13	54	2	15		23	106	79	83	30	79
Pneumonia	-	7	-	3	1	9	21	32	10	13	2
Measles	13	173	2	119		72	380	172	16	414	157
Ophthalmia Neonatorem	3		-	2	-	1	-		1		
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	3		2	20	1		1				
Other forms of Tuberculosis	6	4	4	6	4	2	5		in	2	3
Pulmonary	35	20	28	21	12	15	40	27	29	31	38
Puerperal	2	'n	16	-	4	7	3	-	1	2	7
Scarlet	34	21	20	32	21	40	37	21	27	24	19
Erysipelas	4	10	5	1		2	2	9	4	4	7
Diphtheria including Membranous Qroup	9	3	1		*						
Year	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1921	1952

\* Not Clinical Diphtheria

TUBERCULOSIS

New Cases and Mortality during 1952

		New (	Cases				Deaths	
Age Periods	Pulm	onary		on- onary	Pulm	onary		Non- onary
	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1 to 5	1	-	_	-	_	-	1	_
5 to 10	1	2	-	_	_	_	_	_
10 to 15	_	1		1	-	-	-	-
15 to 20	2	4	_	_	_	_	_	_
20 to 25	_	4	_	_	-	-	1	-
25 to 35	5	4	_	1	2	-	_	-
35 to 45	3	2	1	-	-	. 3	_	-
45 to 55	4	1	-	-	2	-	_	_
55 to 65	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	_
5 & upwards	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Totals	19	19	1	2	5	4	2	_
Totals for previous year	16	15	2		3	1	_	

(1) Non-notified deaths:- Pulmonary Tuberculosis .. Nil Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis .. Nil

Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations 1925

No action has been necessary under these Regulations.

#### Public Health Act, 1936. Section 172.

No action has been necessary under the above heading.

## ANNUAL REPORT OF SANITARY INSPECTORS FOR THE YEAR 1952

Complaints received					533
Complaints dealt with					540
Informal notices serve		letters)			168
Informal notices comp			f the year		156
Nuisances abated					212
Inspections carried out:-					
0 1					383
Re-inspections					335
Food premises inspect	ed (includin	g Cafes an	d Restauran	its)	366
Dairies, cowsheds and	milkshops i	nspected			46
Inspections at Slaught			Shops (fo	r meat	
inspection)					995
Inspections at other		ises (inclu	ding Ice	Cream	
premises)					2531
Canal boats inspected					4
Bakehouses inspected					21
Smoke observations ta					8
					3
Knackers Yards inspec					
Drains tested					41
Factory inspections					16
Inspections under the					65
Inspections of Fried F	The state of the s				7
Inspection of Hairdres	sers' Establi	shments			36
Living vans inspected	at fairs, and	at other tis	mes		89
Visits to premises wh	ere the Sch	eduled Off	ensive Trac	les are	
carried on					3
Factories inspected					16
*					
Work in connection with					ublic
Health and Hous	ing Acts, 193	o, ionowing	g Service of I	votices.	20
Drains repaired					39
New gully traps fitted					31
Inspection chambers re		renewed			10
Blocked drains relieved	d				34
W.C.'s repaired or ren	ewed				21
Fire-ranges repaired or	renewed				3
Spouting repaired or r					17
Roofs repaired					8
Outside walls repaired					5
Inside walls repaired					6
New floors or floors re	enaired				7
Ceilings renewed or re					1
	Paried				3
Chimneys repaired	d				10
New dustbins provide					10

Dampness remedied	The comment of	28
Yard surfaces provided or renewed	1	12
New sinks	doctors assets beinge	3
Windows repaired	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2
Miscellaneous	corber of dwellingshood	4()
Burst pipes repaired	Miles Commence and Commence	1
Other duties performed:-	and sometimes of the section	11 11
Visits in connection with Rodent S		24
Cases of Infectious Diseases invest	igated	32
	1001010	
Disinfo	ections	
Houses disinfected		30
Rooms disinfected	codings ander Public	50
Articles at the steam disinfector	nose-untilbuilde redmi	22
Houses disinfested	int - former and to easily	11
Rooms disinfested	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · bell-one	33
HOUS	SING	
HOUS	SING	
	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE	
1. Inspection of Dwellinghouse	es during the year 1	952
1. Inspection of Dwennighous	es during the year 1	752
1. (a) Total number of dwe	ellinghouses inspected f	or
housing defects (und	der Public Health or	r
Housing Acts)		383
(b) Number of inspections	s made for the purpose.	. 718
		(a) (b)
2. (a) Number of dwelling	houses (included und	er
	which were inspected as	
recorded under the	Housing Consolidat	ed
Regulations, 1925 and	1 1932	Nil.
	s made for the purpose.	. Nil.
(b) I tumber of hispections	made for the purpose.	
3. Number of dwelling h	ouses found to be in a st	ate
0	rious to health as to b	
unfit for human habita		4
4. Number of dwellin	ighouses (exclusive	of
those referred to un	der the preceding su	b-
heading) found not	to be in all respects	š
reasonably fit for huma	an habitation	168
100		
2. Remedy of defects during year	without service of form	nalnotices
Number of defective dwel		
in consequence of informal a	action by the Local Aut	127
OFITH OF TRAIT OFFICE		1.3/

3. Acti	ion under Statutory Powers during the year—	
	Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936.	
(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which	
	1 0 1	Vil.
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices.	
(i	i) By owners	Vil.
(1	ii) By Local Authority in default of owners N	Jil.
(2) F	Proceedings under Public Health Acts:—	
(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which	
	notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	3
	remedied	0
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :—	
(i	By Owners and Occupiers	1
(ii	) By Local Authority in default of owners N	lil.
(3) P	Proceedings under sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 19	36
(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	3
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses demolished in persuance of Demolition Orders N	Jil.
(4) F	Proceedings under section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936	
(a)	Number of separate tenements or under-ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been	
//>		lil.
(b)	Number of separate tenements or under-ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were	
	made N	Jil.
	FOOD INSPECTION	
	. 0	26
		95
	nd Markets 25 are three slaughterhouses being used by the Ministry	31 of
Food as	the slaughtering centre. A further slaughterhouse is licens slaughter of self supplier pigs.	

#### Carcases Examined

Bulls	 	 		43
Bullocks	 	 		690
Heifers	 	 		694
Cows	 	 		748
Rams	 	 		70
Ewes	 	 		151
Sheep	 	 		050
Calves	 	 	1	300
Boars	 	 		25
Sows	 	 		90
Porkets	 	 	1	640

Total Number of carcases inspected 13,501

## Whole Carcases with Viscera and Offal condemned as unfit for human consumption, and sent for salvage.

Bullocks	 	 	 4
Heifers	 	 	 5
Cows	 	 	 27
Ewes	 	 	 21
Sheep	 	 	 15
Calves	 	 	 8
Boars	 	 	 2
Sows	 	 	 5
Porkets	 	 	 16

Total number of carcases condemned 103

	Steers	Heifers	Cows	Ewes	Speep and Lambs	Calves	Boars	Soms	Porket Pigs
Septic Pleurisy with Tuberculosis		_	_	_	_	_	_	1	
Generalised Tuberculosis	2	4	22	_	_	1	1	1	5
Immaturity						1	_	_	_
Generalised Septicaemia		_	-	1	_	1	_	_	_
Emaciation with Oedema	-	_	1	3	2	_	1	_	_
Pregnancy Toxaemia	-	-	-	9	_	_	_	_	_
Decomposition	_	_	_	_		1	_	1	1
Septic Metritis		_	-	1	_	_	_	1	
Moribund from various causes	1	_	1	2	4	3	_	_	3
Swine Erysipelas with Endocarditis	-	_	-	_		_		_	4
Septic Pleurisy with Multiple Abscesses	-	_	_	_	1	-	-	_	_
Extensive and Severe Bruising	-	_	-	1	1	1	-	_	-
Fevered due to various causes		-	1	2		_	-	1	2
Generalised Pyaemia		-		1	2	_	_		-
Jaundice	_	_	-	1	-	-	_	-	-
Septic Mastitis	-	-		_	1	-	-	-	-
Oedematous		1	1	-	3	_		-	_
Inflammation with Peritonitis		_		_	-	-	-	-	1
Tubercular Pneumonia with Emaciation		-	1	_	-	_	-	_	_
Pyaemia with Nephritis	1	-		-	1	_	-	-	-
TOTALS	4	5	27	21	15	8	2	5	16
1011100		-			10		-	-	

In addition, the following part carcases were also condemned and sent for salvage.

Beef	lb.		16.
Bruising Heated	242	Tuberculosis Abscesses	 2909
Mutton			
Bruising Heated Arthritis	28 11 7	Dog worried Abscesses	 94 80
Pork			
Bruising	503	Tuberculosis	 73
Viscera and Offal De	estroyed		
Beast			
Lungs  Heads and Tongues  Hearts  Thick Skirts	151	Livers Mesenteries Stomachs	 811 260 260

Sheep						
	lucks	21	Livers		 	885
Mesenteries,	Intestine	s and Stor	nachs			
Calves						
			Livers		 	2
Mesenteries,	Intestine	s and Stor	nachs		 	87
Pigs						
Mesenteries		423	Heads		 	86
Intestines		423	Lungs		 	77
Livers		77	Hearts			
Total weight	of Meat	confisca	ted—			
		Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	lb.	
1952		30	7	1	16	
		30	7	2	17	
1950		32	2	3	12	

# Carcases Inspected and Condemned

	Cattle ex- cluding cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	1427	748	1300	8271	1755
Number inspected	1427	748	1300	8271	1755
All diseases except Tubercu- losis Whole carcases condemned	3	4	5	38	15
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	541	270	87	885	423
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis	38.1	36.6	7.0	11.2	25.0
Tuberculosis only Whole carcases condemned	6	23	1	Nil	8
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of the number	245	122	Nil	Nil	86
inspected affected with tub- erculosis	17.6	19.4	0.08	Nil	5.3

General Food Destroyed (most of this was sent for salvage)

			Tons	Cwts.	Ors.	16	
1952			3	8	1	2	23
1951			3	8	2	2	$7\frac{1}{2}$
			lb.				lb.
Canned Food	s (exclu	ud-		Canned I-	Iam (110 t	ins)	12601
ing Canned	Ham)		56961	Flour and	l Cereals		1581
Cheese and Fa	ats		$140\frac{3}{4}$	Conserve	s		1371
Biscuits and (	Cakes		$10\frac{3}{4}$	Sauces an	d Pickles		13
Prepared Mea	ts		53	Sweets			151
Dried Fruit			60	Sandwich	Spreads		41
Wet Fish			141	Bacon			$26\frac{3}{4}$
Cordials			$-2\frac{3}{4}$	Ice Crean	n		153
Bottled Fruit			44	Sausages			47
Butter			$5\frac{1}{4}$				
Sundries			$6\frac{1}{2}$				

Milk (Special Designations) Order

61 samples of milk were taken under the above order and submitted to the analyst for examination. The results of such examinations are shown below:—

	Samples -	Samples	reported
Designation	taken	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
Accredited	12	10	2
Pasteurised	26	26	Nil
T.T.Pasteurised	13	13	Nil
T.T. (Raw)	10	5	5

Follow up samples of the 7 unsatisfactory samples were taken with satisfactory results.

The unsatisfactory Accredited samples were traced to a faulty bottling plant. Under supervision, these faults were rectified.

The cases of the T.T. (Raw) milk were referred to The County Milk Production Officer and with co-operation from his department the standard was brought back again to satisfactory.

No. on Register at 31st Decemb	per, 1952	Distributors 14	Dairies 3
No. of inspections during year .		. 46	46
No. of defects or unsatisfactory found	condition:	s Nil.	Nil
No. of defects or unsatisfactory remedied	condition:	s Nil.	Nil

#### FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938

Sampling under the above act is carried out by the Nottinghamshire County Council. The following information has been supplied by Mr. T. L. E. Gregory (Chief Inspector).

Report of the Public Analyst appointed for the County of Nottingham upon articles analysed by him, and of those examined by the inspectors, taken in the Newark Borough, during the year ending 31st December, 1952

		No. of	
Articles		samples	Result
Almonds, Ground		1	Genuine
Black Beer		1	>>
Cooking Fat		. 1	>>
Cream of Asparagus S	Soup	1	>>
Gin		1	>>
Ice Cream		3	>>
Kidney Soup		1	2)
Lemonade Powder		1	,,
Malted Milk		1	>>
Mandarin Oranges in l	ight		
syrup		1	>>
Meat Paste		1	>>
Milk		33	1 sample found to be deficient
			due to natural causes.
Peas, tinned		1	Genuine
Pork Luncheon Meat		1	>>
Pork Sausage		1	>>
Puff Pastry		1	>>
Sauce		1	,,
Sausage Meat		1	29.2 per cent. deficient in meat. Prosecution. Fined £1., plus £1. 15s. 0d., costs.
Tomatoes, tinned		2	Genuine
Vegetables, mixed, tin	ned	2	"
Whisky		2	22

Report as to the administration of the Public Health Act, 1936 (Sections 249 - 258) in respect of Canal Boats for the year 1952

The boats are examined at the various wharves within the Council's area.

Inspections are carried out by the Sanitary Inspector, Public Health Department, The Friary, Appleton Gate, Newark, whose duties includes those of Canal Boats Inspector.

### Factories Acts, 1937 and 1948 Part 1 of the Act.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health.

Premises	M/c line No.	No. on Reg.	Number of		
			Inspections	Written notices	Occupiers prosecuted
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(i) Factories in which sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	1	27	4	Nil	Nil
(ii) Factories not incl. in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	2	146	12	3	Nil
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	3	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
TOTAL		173	16	3	Nil

2. Cases in which Defects were found.

(Defects discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions are reckoned as two, three or more "Cases").

	M/c line No.	Number of cases in which defects were found.			
Particulars (1)		Found (3)	Remedied (4)		ferred By H.M. Inspec. (6)
Want of cleanliness (S.I.) Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)	4	1	1	Nil	1
(a) insufficient	9	1	1	Nil	1
(b) unsuitable or defective	10	1	1	Nil	1
(c) not separate for sexes	11	1	1	Nil	1
TOTAL		4	4	Nil	4

## Part VIII of the Act

#### OUTWORK

(Section 110)

		Section 110
Nature of Work	M/c line No.	No. of out-workers in August list required by Section
(1)	(2)	110 (1) (c) (3)
Wearing apparel — Making, etc.	13	7
TOTAL	70	7

#### Public Health Administration

Moveable Dwellings were checked during the year by a comprehensive survey and report on the assortment of vans which now seem to congregate annually in Tolney Lane. The majority are summer visitors only, of the itinerant salesman type, following the various fairs up and down the country. These have been found to be in the main, well conducted.

A rougher, less meticulous type was found to have dumped itself on land recently acquired by the Council. This problem was satisfactorily dealt with by the simple matter of the law of trespass, under the guidance of the Town Clerk.

The coming into force of the Rag Flock Act, 1951 has been noted. There is only one firm within the Borough which is concerned. Their premises have been registered in accordance with the requirements of Section 2 of the Act.

Complaints in respect of Smoke Nuisances have given rise to some concern during the year. In the cases of two firms, the complaints were found to be due to either mechanical breakdowns, or to re-organisation. When things were running smoothly, no trouble was experienced. In the third case, however, the trouble is more serious, and it would appear that this particular industrial process is exempted from the relevant provisions of the Public Health Act. We are assured, nevertheless, by the owners, that every care is being taken.

The few remaining shallow well supplies of domestic water in the Borough have now been sampled. The analyst's reports were unsatisfactory, a result not altogether unexpected. Nevertheless several samples were taken, all with very much the same results. At the time of writing, the matter is being pursued further by the appropriate Committee.

New local legislation in the form of Bye-laws with respect to Hair-dressers and Barbers, under the Nottinghamshire County Council Act, 1951 has occasioned a complete initial survey of all such premises within the Borough. These have now been registered, and issued with a copy of the Bye-laws. Future inspections will have a stricter character than had those of the first general check.

Complaints were received concerning the conditions of sanitary accommodation at places of entertainment in the Borough. It has been suggested that as the licences for these premises are renewed annually, there should be more liaison between the Licencing Authority and this Office as to the suitability, adequacy, and satisfactory condition of such sanitary accommodation.

## Housing Administration

The improvement in the housing construction programme gives cause for satisfaction, and we feel that we may be able to see on the

horizon a glimmer of that light which will illuminate the dark areas of sub-standard property. It is unfortunate that we have to set against this brightening outlook the gloomier economic facts of the rents of new houses and the costs of repairs of old houses, details which are beyond the scope of this report to discuss, but details which nevertheless vitally affect the conscientious Hygiene Officer in his attempts to improve general housing conditions.

Recent case law has given rise to a problem interesting from an academic point of view, but from the human standpoint, depressing. One house in a block in a court has been reported by your Inspectors as completely unfit in all respects. The case referred to was concerned with such an instance, and gave judgment as to what was a "building" and what was "part of a building." As a consequence we no longer feel that our normal procedure is as infallible as we have hitherto liked to believe.

### Food Administration

The general output of the Ministry of Food Slaughtering Centre in the Borough continues to rise, and it is interesting to note that the population fed by this Slaughterhouse is by far in excess of that of the Borough which contains it, being estimated at approximately 50,000 as against 22,000, the population of Newark. It is not surprising that your two inspectors feel that the high standard of 100 per cent. inspection they themselves have set is becoming more and more difficult to maintain if the other work of the Office is not to suffer to a greater extent than it already has done.

The figure of 13,501 for the total number of carcases inspected during the twelve months represents an increase of 25 per cent on the previous year. This has absorbed more time, and has also necessitated an officer being on duty at the irregular hours demanded by this type of work.

It is gratifying to report that the co-operation between the Ministry Officials at the Slaughterhouse and your inspectors is of such a high quality as to make pleasant an otherwise gruelling task.

Routine inspection and personal contact with the general food tradespeople continues to maintain as high a standard of food handling as can be expected in a town of ancient character and antiquated buildings. Were there more time available, it is felt that much more could be done in this line. As an illustration, an example can be quoted of an hotel where some drainage became in need of overhaul. Complete uncovering for inspection was asked for, as a result of which it was discovered that well over half of the building's sullage drainage had been going into a very old soak-away within the yard of the hotel.

The above brief paragraphs will, I hope, Ladies and Gentlemen, give you a very general picture of the state of the Hygiene of the Borough during the year 1952.

J. CATLOW, Chief Sanitary Inspector

Public Health Department The Friary Appletongate Newark

1st August, 1953

To the Chairman and Members of Southwell Rural District Council

Sir, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my thirteenth Annual Report on the sanitary circumstances, health and vital statistics of Southwell Rural District for the year 1952.

The report is compiled in accordance with the Ministry of Health Circular 2/53 and once again, by the courtesy of the County Medical Officer, I have included a section on the personal health services maintained in the District by the County Council.

The health of the population was good and apart from a minor outbreak of measles there was no untoward incidence of infectious disease.

In my last report, comment was made of the review of housing conditions and at the time of writing some of the worst houses are being dealt with. Much time will shortly be required for this work which must be undertaken whenever the housing programme indicates that the time is opportune for the transfer of occupants from condemned property to council houses.

The scavenging service by direct labour now covers the whole area with a pail closet service for most of the district. These services are a source of anxiety to the staff owing to the difficulty of maintaining a minimum necessary complement of drivers and loaders. It has, so far, been impossible to reach the full complement allowed. In two small parishes, only tins are collected once a month but it is hoped to bring these parishes within the full scheme during 1953.

Unfortunately, in common with other authorities, it was necessary to cease the separate collection of waste paper owing to the impossibility of finding a market and the danger of fire in storage.

I wish to record my thanks to the members of the Council for their interest in public health matters and to the members of the staff, both of this department and the other departments, for their co-operation and advice throughout the year.

I am,

Your obedient servant,

G. G. BUCHANAN

# Rural District Council of Southwell

### Public Health Committee

Chairman: Mr. W. H. CREWE

Vice-Chairman: Mr. E. CAUDWELL

### Members:

Mr. A. W. BAGGALEY, J.P. Mr. C. W. PAYTON Mr. J. T. BROOKS Mr. D. DARRICOTT Mr. F. J. W. GALE Mr. W. E. BUST Mr. J. W. BARKER Mrs. M. BEARDSLEY Mr. A. S. CAUNT Mr. T. BROCKLEHURST (Junr.) Mr. W. STANIFORTH Mr. H. A. J. MERRYWEATHER Mr. A. E. CORKE Mr. H. J. TRUEMAN Mr. R. SELFE Mr. D. REID Lt.-Col. E. D. HOLDER Mr. W. CARLINE Mr. C. W. BARTLE Mr. M. LUKE Mr. J. K. BECKETT Mr. J. SALES Mr. A. F. CLIFFORD Mr. H. SHILLING Col. W. M. E. DENISON, J.P. Mr. H. MAY Mr. J. THORNTON Mr. W. H. STEVENS Lt.-Col.G.H. VERE-LAURIE, D.L., J.P. Mr. G. E. EMMERSON Mr. H. DE LACY Mr. F. A. MOAKES Mr. W. R. BODDY Mr. T. E. B. DAVIS Mr. W. A. BEARDSLEY Mr. H. BROWN Mr. F. J. JOHNSON-COOPER Mr. F. A. REYNOLDS Mr. F. SLANEY Mr. F. WINSTANLEY Mr. S. PICKERING Mr. D. JONES Mr. W. EYDES Mr. H. GRAY

### Medical Officer of Health:

G. G. BUCHANAN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., Public Health Department The Friary, Appletongate, Newark

### Sanitary Inspectors:

B. D. HALL, A.R.S.I., Council Offices, 8 Westgate, Southwell J. B. JACKSON, A.R.S.I., Certified R.S.I. and S.I.J. Board, R.S.I. Meat I. Cert.

S. BURNS, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.
J. W. BRYAN, A.R.S.I. (Commenced 1.4.52)

Clerical Staff: Mr. G. R. CAREY Mrs. G. I. LANSDELL

### Surveyor:

S. COOPER, A.M.I.S.E., Council Offices, 8 Westgate, Southwell

Clerk to the Council:

S. W. LYNDS, Council Offices, 8 Westgate, Southwell

# RURAL DISTRICT OF SOUTHWELL

## STATISTICAL SUMMARY FOR 1952

Population			 40,030
Birth rate per 1,000 population			 17.4 (15.3)
Death rate per 1,000 population			 9.8 (11.3)
Infantile Mortality rate per 1,000	) births		 31.6 (27.6)
Area of District			 118,586 acres
Number of inhabited houses at the	ne end	of 1952	 11,691
Rateable Value			 £238,988
Sum represented by penny rate			 £922

# Vital Statistics for the Year 1952

			BIRTI	HS			
Live Births Legitimate Illegitimate	 er 1,000 estimat	  ed pop	 		Total 697 663 34	Males 370 352 18	Females 327 311 16
Still Births Legitimate Illegitimate Still Birth Ribirths	ate per 1.000 to	otal (li	ve and		18 17 1	12 11 1	6 6
		1	DEAT	HS			
Death Rate per	1,000 estimate	d popu	ulation	9.8	Total 392	Males 207	Females 185
	MA	TERN	AL N	ORT	ALITY		
Deaths caused	through preg	nancy,	childl	oirth,			
or abortion Rate per 1,000					1 1.4		
	IN		T MO				
Number of dea Legitimate Illegitimate					Total 22 20 2	Males 15 13 2	Females 7 7 -
		(under	4 weel	ks of a			
Number of dea Legitimate Illegitimate					Total 15 14 1	Males 11 10 1	Females 4 4 —
Infant Mortali	ity Rates:						
Legitimate	Acasles (all age	,000 leg egitima s)	gitimate  te live b	e live  births	31.6 30.2 58.8 1 Nil		
	CO	MPAR	ATIVI	E FIG	GURES		
	e per 1,000 po e per 1,000 pop r 1,000 populat	pulatio oulation ion 1,000	n	  l live	Southwell Rural District 17.4 0.45 9.8	0.35	Smaller Towns 15.5 0.36 11.2

### Notes on Vital Statistics

Population. The Registrar General's estimated population is now over 40,000, viz. 40,030, and the vital statistics are calculated on this figure.

Births. The number of births registered was 697, an increase of 30 on the 1951 figure. The number of male live births rose by 32 and the female births decreased by 2. There was an increase of 10 in the number of illegitimate births. The birth rate was 17.4 per 1,000 population compared with 16.7 last year and 15.3 for the whole country.

The birth rates for the last 10 years were:-

Year		Birth Rate	Year		Birth Rate
1943	 	19.5	1948	 	17.6
1944	 	20.7	1949	 	17.2
1945	 	19.0	1950	 	16.8
1946	 	19.6	1951	 	16.7
1947	 	20.5	1952	 	17.4

The illegitimate birth figures for the last 10 years were :-

Year		Illegitimate Births	Year		Illegitimate Births
1943	 	33	1948	 	32
1944	 	40	1949	 	33
1945	 	55	1950	 	30
1946	 	46	1951	 	24
1947	 	36	1952	 	34

Deaths. A small decrease occurred in the number of deaths, namely from 395 to 392, and the death rate fell from 9.9 to 9.8. This is a remarkably low death rate, that for the country as a whole being 11.3. Of the 392 deaths, 184 resulted from diseases of the heart and circulation.

Classified	d Cause of	Death			Male	Female	Total
Tuberculosis of resp	piratory syste	em			5	2	7
Other forms of tube					1	_	1
Acute poliomyelitis		cepha	alitis		1	_	1
Measles					-	1	1
Malignant Neoplasi	ms:-						
Stomach					6	3	9
Lung .					4	2	6
					_	4	4
						4	4
	ites				27	15	42
Intracranial vascula					27	34	61
TT II					- 56	53	109
Other diseases of ci	rculatory sy	stem			9	9	18
T) 1 1 1 1					12	15	27
n					4	7	11
Other respiratory d	iseases				5	-	5
Ulcer of stomach o					6	1	7
Nephritis .					4	2	6
Pregnancy, childbir					_	1	1
Congenital malforn	nation				7	1	8
X ** 1					13	8	21
All other causes .					20	23	43
			TO	TALS	207	185	392

Death rates for the last 10 years are set out below :-

Year		Rate	Year		Rate
1943	 	9.1	1948	 	9.2
1944	 	8.8	1949	 	9.0
1945	 	9.3	1950	 	10.2
1946	 	10.3	1951	 	9.9
1947	 	10.4	1952	 	9.8

Deaths from cancer and other growths numbered 65 — Males 37 and Females 28.

The ages at which death occurred were :-

			Male	Female
Under 40 years	 		_	1
40 to 50 years	 		6	3
50 to 60 years	 		4	9
60 to 70 years	 		6	7
70 to 80 years	 		17	6
Over 80 years	 		4	2
			_	_
	TOTA	LS	37	28
				_

### Maternal Mortality

One death from causes connected with pregnancy or confinement was registered during the year.

### Infant Mortality

Unfortunately, last year's decrease in infant deaths was not maintained and there was an increase in the year under review. There were 22 deaths of infants under one year of age compared with 17 in 1951. Fifteen of these were males.

Prematurity was directly or indirectly responsible for 7 deaths and congenital malformation for 6.

The causes were:-		No. 0	f deaths
		M.	F.
Prematurity (directly or indirectly)	 	4	3
Congenital malformation	 	6	_
Suffocation from inhalation of vomit		_	1
Pneumonia or broncho pneumonia	 	2	2
Hydrops foetalis	 	1	-
Blood disease of newborn	 	2	_
Cerebral haemorrhage	 	_	1
		_	_
		15	7

The Natural Increase in population, i.e., the excess of births over deaths was 305.

Year		N	atural Incre	ase
1943	 	 	380	
1944	 	 	428	
1945	 	 	350	
1946	 	 	343	
1947	 	 	376	
1948	 	 	321	
1949	 	 	319	
1950	 	 	265	
1951	 	 	272	
1952	 	 	305	

# GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

### Treatment Centres and Clinics

The Treatment Centres and Clinics in the District are maintained by the County Council. These are set out below:—

### School Clinics

Bilsthorpe, Village Hall

Tuesdays 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon

Medical Officer attends

Clipstone, Church Hut

Tuesdays 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon

Fridays 2.0 p.m. to 4 p.m.

Fridays 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon

Medical Officer attends

Ollerton, Methodist Chapel

Tuesdays 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon

Medical Officer attends

Fridays 2.0 p.m. to 4 p.m.

Southwell, 45, King Street

Thurs. 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon

Medical Officer attends

### **Dental Clinics**

Bilsthorpe, Village Hall

By appointment only

New Ollerton, Briar Road

Thursday, 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon and 1.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

### Ante-Natal Clinics and Child Welfare Centres.

Bilsthorpe .. Village Hall .. A.N. Fortnightly Friday a.m.

C.W. Weekly .. Thursday a.m.

Blidworth . . Methodist Chapel A.N. Fortnightly Monday a.m. C.W. Weekly . . Monday p.m.

Clipstone . . Church Hut . . A.N. Fortnightly Thursday a.m.

C.W. Weekly . . Friday p.m.

Edwinstowe .. Church Institute A.N. Fortnightly Monday p.m. C.W. Weekly .. Thurs. p.m.

Lowdham . . The Institute . . A.N. Monthly . . Monday a.m. C.W. Weekly . . Tuesday p.m.

North Muskham Methodist A.N. Monthly . . Wed. p.m. Schoolroom . . C.W. Fortnightly Wed. p.m.

Ollerton . . Methodist Chapel A.N. Weekly . . Wed. a.m.

New Ollerton . . C.W.TwiceW'kly Tues. p.m. & Wed. p.m.

Rainworth . . Methodist Chapel A.N. Monthly . . Monday p.m. C.W. Fortnightly Tuesday p.m.

Southwell . . 45, King Street . A.N. Monthly . . Monday p.m. C.W. Weekly . . Thurs. p.m.

Sutton-on-Trent Cricket Pavilion A.N. Monthly . . Friday a.m.

C.W. Fortnightly Tuesday p.m.

Tuxford .. Old Grammar A.N. Fortnightly Tuesday a.m.
School C.W. Weekly .. Monday p.m.

TIMES OF SESSIONS — a.m. 9.30 to 12 noon p.m. 2.0 to 4.30

### Infectious Diseases

### Measles

The total number of notifications received was 211. The cases which occurred principally in Clipstone and Edwinstowe accounted for 109 of the number. Towards the end of the year several cases were notified from the Blidworth area.

### Whooping Cough

This disease was fortunately not prevalent, only 57 cases being notified compared with 151 in the previous year. Inoculation against whooping cough was not included in the Local Health Authority's scheme as far as Southwell Rural District was concerned but a number of children were inoculated by private medical practitioners under the National Health Scheme.

### Scarlet Fever

Twelve cases were notified. Of these 3 were admitted to hospital.

### Infantile Paralysis

Four notifications of Acute Poliomyelitis (Infantile Paralysis) were received. Of these, three were confirmed and in one the diagnosis was changed after death. Two of the patients had paralysis. Of the confirmed cases two were notified on the same day but they resided in well separated parishes and no connection between the two was discovered. The cases were all males aged 9, 22 and 3 years.

# Dysentery

A sharp small outbreak of dysentery (Sonne type) occurred at Gunthorpe. Nine cases in three families were notified on one day and all lived in one street with close contact, the children all playing together. Three were mothers and the others were children. Very careful investigations failed to find the original source.

Owing to the rapid action of the medical practitioner concerned, and the close co-operation of the families, the condition quickly cleared up and no further cases developed.

# Paratyphoid Fever

There were two notifications of this disease. Both were children having no direct or indirect contact and the time between notification was 7 weeks. The source of infection in neither case was discovered.

### Tuberculosis

Seven fewer cases of pulmonary tuberculosis were notified, the number being 17 compared with 24 in 1951. This is the lowest number, with the exception of 1949 (14), for the past twenty years. There were three deaths of notified cases but, in addition, 4 deaths occurred the death certificate indicating tuberculosis as the cause.

Notifications of other forms of tuberculosis totalled 5, the same number as in 1951. There was only one death.

Eight of the patients notified during the year were admitted to Sanatorium within one month of notification, one within three months, one within four months, and one after six months. The waiting time for females was very short. The man who waited over six months did so at his own request owing to domestic difficulties.

# Smallpox

No smallpox occurred in the District.

During the year 215 vaccinations were carried out by the Public Health Department and 149 record cards of successful vaccinations were received from Medical Practitioners.

# Diphtheria

Another year has passed without a notification of diphtheria making a clear period of six years, surely a magnificent tribute to the effect of immunisation. It is, however, necessary to point out in this report as in that of Newark Borough that the danger is not a thing of the past. Cases still occur in the country and the risk of infection is always present. Every effort must be made to keep up and increase the percentage of children given this protection. It would be appalling if because of the apparent lack of risk the child population again becomes susceptible to infection by this very serious disease. As has been stated previously many mothers and in fact many medical practitioners have never come in contact with diphtheria and although the latter know the condition theoretically the former have no idea of the distress and after effects of the disease.

The following table sets out the work undertaken by the Department and indicates a fall in the number of primary immunisations of 76 but an increase in the number of boosting injections by 49.

The record cards from private practitioners show increases of both primary and booster injections by 5 and 25 respectively.

By Public Health Department : Primary Boosting	 444 586
	1030
By Private Practitioners:— Primary Boosting	 170 50 220

### Anthrax

One worker in a knackers yard was infected from a carcase of a beast which was dealt with on the premises.

## Hospital Treatment

12 cases were admitted to hospital during the year as follows:-

Acute Poliomyelit	is	 	3
Measles		 	1
Meningitis		 	1
Para-typhoid		 	2
Pneumonia		 	1
Scarlet Fever		 	3
Sonne Dysentery		 	1

### National Assistance Act, 1948

No action was necessary under this Act. The Authority approved an application for compulsory removal in the case of one old lady living alone in insanitary conditions but, before the court was held, she became so ill that removal to hospital was managed.

# Water Supply

The water supply in the District was generally satisfactory.

Details of houses with piped supply and of the samples taken are contained in the Report of the Senior Sanitary Inspector.

# Housing

In the Report of the Senior Sanitary Inspector are recorded details of inspections and action taken with regard to repairs and demolitions under the Housing Acts.

The Council's Housing Scheme made good progress during the year and the agreements between the Council and the Miners' Housing Association was approved by the Minister of Housing and Local Government. This agreement was for the erection of 480 houses by the Association.

The general progress report of the Surveyor at the end of the year was as follows:-

(a)	Houses completed :- Aluminium Bungalows Traditional	 326 874	
			1,200
(b) (c)	Houses under constructs Contracts let but constr		1,200 246
( )	tion not commenced		42
11	Calcanas annuared		1,488
(a)	Schemes approved		
			1,606
(d)	Schemes approved		1,48 11 1,60

### Food Hygiene

The normal visits to food shops were carried out with the object of ensuring cleanliness and hygienic methods of handling foodstuffs. All shop keepers co-operated when the Department requested the showing of cards asking customers to refrain from taking dogs into shops.

During the year routine bacteriological swabbing of crockery and eating utensils was undertaken at colliery canteens. Of the 194 articles swabbed, six were reported as "Fairly satisfactory" and 44 unsatisfactory. Copies of all reports were forwarded to the responsible sections of the colliery staff and interviews took place to discuss the best means of cleaning and sterilising the articles. As a result many improvements were undertaken in washing equipment and the use of modern cleansing and sterilising material was commenced. The reports at the end of the year indicate satisfactory co-operation.

# County Council Services

### Child Welfare Centres:

		First	Atten	dances	Tota	l Attend	lances	Consul	tations
	M	others	In- fants	Child- ren	Mothers	In- fants	Child- ren	In- fants	Child- ren
Bilsthorpe		48	48	6	944	621	554	304	179
Blidworth		87	82	7	1199	987	304	262	92
Clipstone		121	121	11	1630	899	1068	221	56
Edwinstowe		62	58	7	1625	1121	629	270	177
Lowdham		54	44	8	1275	728	655	159	163
North Muskh	am	40	33	12	550	321	384	120	110
Ollerton		137	131	8	2600	2001	787	379	186
Rainworth		41	36	8	920	546	487	244	221
Southwell		98	73	27	1035	810	198	260	101
Sutton-on-Tre	ent	25	24	3	481	268	259	70	77
Tuxford*		58	42	15	836	492	470	203	186
		771	692	112	13,095	8,794	5,795	2,492 1	,548

<sup>\*</sup>Retford R.D. but cases residing in Southwell Rural District attend this Centre.

### Ante-Natal Clinics

	New Cases	Ante- Total Attend- ances	Natal Medical Consul- tations	Post Total Attend- ances	Natal Medical Consul- tations
Bilsthorpe	 33	192	185	14	14
Blidworth	 50	283	278	2	2
Clipstone	 54	367	365	20	20
Edwinstowe	 56	394	394	31	30
Lowdham	 18	83	83	9	9
Ollerton	 135	795	791	35	34
Rainworth	 20	84	84	4	4
Southwell	 22	97	97	10	10
Sutton-on-Trent	 3	19	19	3	3
Tuxford*	 28	195	194	17	17
	419	2509	2490	145	143

<sup>\*</sup>Retford R.D. but cases residing in Southwell Rural District attend the clinic.

### Home Nursing

The Home Nursing Service is provided by the Nottinghamshire Nursing Federation and Associated and Affiliated District Nursing Associations, who act on behalf of the County Council under agency arrangements.

The following are the detailed statistics relating to the work of the Association.

		No. of Nurses employed	No. of Visits paid	No. of Cases attended
Bilsthorpe D.N.A.		 1	1,237	49
Blidworth D.N.A.		 1	1,441	37
Carlton-on-Trent D.N.A	١.	 1	2,305	56
Clipstone D.N.A.		 1	1,797	150
Edwinstowe D.N.A.		 1	1,638	68
Farnsfield D.N.A.		 1	1,103	58
Lowdham D.N.A.		 1	1,638	54
Muskham D.N.A.		 1	1,687	135
Ollerton D.N.A.		 1	2,898	187
Rainworth D.N.A.		 2	3,560	211
Southwell D.N.A.		 2	4,391	201
Thoresby D.N.A.		 1	1,372	72
Thurgarton D.N.A.		 1	1,283	48
Blidworth Colliery D.N	.A.	 1	2,329	55

# Home Help Service

Home Helps are provided by the County Council and are available throughout the area where service is required owing to the presence in a household of any person who is ill, lying-in, an expectant mother, mentally defective, aged, or a child not over compulsory school age.

In maternity cases a Home Help attends daily for two weeks from the birth of the baby, excluding Saturday afternoon and Sunday, and her duties include the ordinary domestic work such as cleaning, cooking, washing, care of children, mending and shopping.

In general cases of sickness or when assisting in the households of old or infirm people, Home Helps undertake such of the above duties as may be necessary. Part-time help can be arranged.

The charge for the service is 2s. 9d. per hour (raised from 2s. 6d. on 9th February, 1953) but where the applicant is unable to afford this amount, the County Council's Scale of Assistance is applied.

Further particulars may be obtained from the following sub-offices:-

Parishes

Blidworth, Haywood Oaks, Lyndhurst, Clipstone, Edwinstowe, Ollerton, Boughton, Wellow, Ompton, Rufford, Eakring, Bilsthorpe, Kirklington, Winkburn, Maplebeck, Walesby.

Grassthorpe, Weston, Egmanton, Kirton, Sutton-on-Trent, Carlton-on-Trent, Ossington, Laxton, Kneesall, Kersall, Norwell, Cromwell, Caunton, Bathley, North and South Muskham, Kelham, Averham, Hockerton, Southwell, Upton, Staythorpe, Rolleston, Fiskerton, Halam, Edingley, Farnsfield.

Bulcote, Gunthorpe, Hoveringham, Thurgarton, Bleasby, Gonalston, Lowdham, Epperstone, Halloughton, Oxton.

Perlethorpe-cum-Budby

Sub-Office

15 St. John Street, Mansfield. Tel. No.: Mansfield 2810

The Town Hall Newark Tel. No.: Newark 369

Park House, Burton Road, Carlton, Nottingham. Tel. No. Carlton 57151

67 Carlton Road Worksop Tel. No. Worksop 2884

In addition, a Home Help Officer is in attendance at the Maternity and Child Welfare Centre at Southwell on Wednesday mornings from 10.30 a.m. till 12.30 p.m.

Although it is anticipated that there will always be transport difficulties in such a wide rural area, the recruitment position at the end of the year was satisfactory and all cases reported were served without undue difficulty.

### Ambulance Facilities

The ambulance requirements are partly covered by the vehicles and personnel of the Newark Ambulance Station and partly by the ambulances stationed at the following day Sub-Stations:-

		Calls Attended	Patients Carried	Mileage Involved
Bilsthorpe	 	940	1,410	14,397
Southwell	 	1,326	1952	16,414

In addition, patients residing in the eastern part of the district who require transport to Hospitals in the Mansfield area may be conveyed by vehicles from the Mansfield Main Station, and the Warsop and East Kirby Sub-Stations, whilst the patients who require transport to Nottingham may be carried by vehicles from Arnold or Carlton Depots.

# INFECTIOUS DISEASE, 1942 — 1952

Total	390	734	342	694	354	323	552	366	417	562	348
Meningococal sirigninaM											-
Dysentery											10
gninosio  bood										1	
Acute Polioencephalitis				-	-	3	-	1			
Acute Poliomyelitis						3	3	5	5		4
gniqoodW AguoO	30	223	59	110	57	39	145	20	75	151	57
Pneumonia	38	9	39	32	15	13	14	10	14	00	24
Мсазіся	209	344	71	402	140	159	316	255	248	349	211
Ophthalmia Weonatorum	9	4			1	1					
Cerebro-Spinal Fever			2	-	1			2			
o ther forms of Tuberculosis	Ξ	5	ın	4	9	10	7	4	4	5	5
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	21	20	29	20	18	25	20	14	32	24	17
Puerperal Pyrexia	ın	9	33	10	ıcı		1	1	2	2	2
B bioddytereq										1	2
Scarlet Fever	57	57	125	114	104	99	45	52	31	16	12
Erysipelas	rc	00	33	2	3	4		2	9	ro	
sirədiddid gaibuləni suonsidməM quorD	∞	7	9	3	33						1
Year	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952

### TUBERCULOSIS

# New Cases and Mortality during 1952

		New	Cases		Deaths				
Age Periods	Pulmonary		Non- Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non- Pulmonary		
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	
Under 1		_		_		_		_	
1 to 5	-	_		1	-		-	_	
5 to 10	1	-	1	1	-		-	-	
10 to 15	1	1	_	_	-		-	-	
15 to 20	2	3		-	1		_	_	
20 to 25		-	-	-	1	1	-	-	
25 to 35	-	3		_	-	-	-	-	
35 to 45	1	1	_	-	_	_	-	_	
45 to 55	1		1	-	_	_	1	-	
55 to 65	1	-	_	-	-	-		-	
65 & upwards	1	1	_	1	_	-	-	_	
Totals	8	9	2	3	2	1	1	_	
otals for									
previous year	6	18	3	2	2	8		_	

(1) Non-notified deaths:—Pulmonary Tuberculosis— 4

Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis— Nil

# Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925.

No action has been necessary under these Regulations.

# Public Health Act, 1936. Section 172.

No action has been necessary under the above heading.

# ANNUAL REPORT

# OF THE SENIOR SANITARY INSPECTOR

# FOR THE YEAR 1952

Number of Statutor	ry Notices	served			3
Number of Statutor	*		rith		6
Number of Statutor					5
Number of Informa					65
Number of Informa			ith		85
Number of Informa					54
Inspections carried	d out :-				
Accumulations					37
Bakehouses					6
Butchers' Shops					70
Catering Establishm	nents (Cafe	s, Canteens	, etc.)		71
Cinemas					21
Choked Drains					63
Civil Building Licer	nsing				143
Council House App					1023
Drainage (Dwelling					277
Drainage (Other p		hops, Facto	ories, Cov	wsheds,	
etc.)					99
Dirty Houses					36
Disinfections					40
Disinfestations					92
Factories (With Me	chanical P	ower)			17
Factories (Without					21
Food Shops (Other	than Butc	thers' and F	ried Fish	Shops)	94
Fried Fish Shops					20
Housing					
Overcrowding					11
Sanitary Defect					157
Demolition Or					57
Re-visits re Sa					248
Ice Cream Premises					21
Ice Cream Samples					4
Interviews with Ow					143
Interviews with Bui		2			114
Interviews with Ter					47
Interviews with Ref		tion Staff			475
Keeping of Animals					40
Knackersvards					13

				_
				16
				181
				44
lotels				37
ns				91
sits re				404
ovisions)				30
				26
Acts				14
				3
				45
isits re.				17
				315
				37
				40
				40
				77
				78
				22
				10
				3
				246
	iotels as sits re ovisions) Acts isits re.	lotels ns sits re ovisions) Acts isits re.	lotels ns sits re ovisions) Acts isits re.	lotels ns sits re ovisions)  Acts isits re.

### Infectious Disease

Premises are disinfected by spraying with Formaldehyde and fumigation with Formic Aldehyde vapour. During the year the disinfection of 21 rooms and their contents was carried out.

The Council have no steam disinfecting plant and where necessary arrangements are made with Councils in neighbouring districts.

### Bakehouses

Number of Retail Bakehouses on Register	13
Number of Informal notices to limewash	4
Number of informal notices to limewash complied with	4
Number of informal notices re clean food handling	2
Number of informal notices re clean food handling com-	
plied with	2

Milk No. on Register at 31st December, 1952	Distributors 112	Dairies 79
No. of inspections during year	9	7
No. of defects or unsatisfactory conditions found	1	2
No. of defects or unsatisfactory conditions remedied	1	2

### Ice Cream Premises

No. of Ice Cream premises registered during the year	 16
No. of premises on Register at 31st December, 1952	 101
No. of Ice Cream samples taken	 4

Grading of samples taken:		Gr	ade	
	I	II	III	IV
	4	_	_	_

All premises have been kept in a satisfactory condition. Two premises manufacture under the cold mix method, the remainder of the registered premises are registered for storage of prepacked Ice Cream.

The majority of the storage receptacles are electrical refrigerators. Two stores use "Cardice" and every precaution is taken to prevent the ice cream from coming into contact with the "Cardice."

Travelling Ice Cream vans are inspected during the course of duties; all vans come from outside the District.

### Food and Drugs Act, 1938

Sampling under the above Act is carried out by the Nottinghamshire County Council. The following information has kindly been supplied by T. L. E. Gregory, Esq., (Chief Inspector).

"Report of the Public Analyst appointed for the County of Nottingham upon the Articles analysed by him under the above Act, and of those examined by the Inspectors, taken in the District of Southwell Rural District Council during the year ending 31st December, 1952."

		No. of	
Articles		Samples	Result
Ale		 1	Genuine
Almonds, Groun	nd	 1	,,
Baxen Tablets		 1	,,
Biscuits		 1	,,
Brandy		 1	,,
Butter		 2	,,
Cake		 1	
Cake Flour		 1	,,
Cherries, Glace		1	**
Coffee		 2	,,
Cordial		 1	,,
Cooking Fat		2	,,
Cornflour		 1	"
Custard Powder		 3	,,,
Cut Peel		 1	33
		 1	"
Egg, Dried		 1	33

		No. of	
Articles		Samples	Result
Fish Cakes		1	Genuine
Flavouring Essence		1	
Fruit Tablets		1	,,
Gravy Powder		1	"
Herring Roes		1	22
Ice Cream		6	,,
Ice Confectionery		2	23
Jam		1	**
Jelly Powder		1	,,
Marmalade		1	**
Meat Paste		1	>>
Meat Pie		1	**
Milk		170	160 Genuine
			<ol> <li>1. 13.3 per cent defi- cient in milk fat— Caution.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>4.6 per cent defi- cient in milk fat and slightly deficient in milk solids — Caution.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>5 per cent deficient in milk fat and slightly deficient in milk solids — Caution.</li> </ol>
			4. 7 samples found to be deficient due to natural causes.
Milk Powder		2	Genuine
Mint in Vinegar		1	>>
Mixed Sweet Herbs		1	>>
Nuraphos		1	,,
		1	,,
Pepper Flavoured Compour	nd	1	"
Pineapple, Crushed		1	,,
Pineapple in Syrup		1	,,
Polony		1	>>
Potatoes, Dehydrated		1	>>
Raspberries in Syrup		1	>>
Rice, Ground		1	>>
Rum		1	**
Salad Cream		1	33

		No. of	
Articles		Samples	Result
Sausage		 7	6 Genuine
0			1 Slightly deficient in meat — Caution.
Sherbet		 1	Genuine
Sultanas		 1	,,
Sweets		 6	,,
Synthetic Crear	n	 1	>>
Syrup of Figs		 1	,,
Table Jelly		 1	>>
Tomato Ketchi	ар	 1	,,
Tomato Soup		 1 -	,,
Vinegar, Malt		 1	,,
Welsh Rarebit		 1	,,
Whisky		 5	,,
Whole Carrots,	tinned	 1	"
		252	Genuine 241
		-	

# Diseased and Unsound Food

The following diseased and unsound food has been surrendered during the year:-

Apples			57 tins	Apple Sauce	1 tin
Apricots			1 tin &	Asparagus Tips	1 tin
1			3 jars	Beans	15 tins
Beetroot			1 jar	Black currants	1 tin
Bilberries			6 tins	Butter	12½ lb.
Braised Kidne	eys		4 tins	Cheese	2 ctns.
Butter Beans			2 tins	Chopped Pork	1 tin
Cherries			22 tins	Cooked Ham	33 lb. &
Cooked Bonel	ess Sho	ulde	r 3 lb.		12 ozs.
Cream			10 bts.		& 6 tins
Damsons			2 tins	Custard Powder	1 tin
Dressed Crab			1 tin	Dehydrated Cabbage	35 tins
			1 tin	Fishpaste	1 jar
			1 tin	Grapefruit	3 tins
Jellied Veal			1 tin	Jam	1 jar &
Luncheon Me					1 tin
Macaroni			21 lb.	Jellies	2 pkts.
			8 ozs.	Luncheon Tongues	14 tins
Milk, Sweeter	ned		-	Meat Loaf	1 tin
			1 jar	Milk, Unsweetened	14 tins
Oranges			4 tins	Mixed Vegetables	2 tins
Peas			0 .	Peaches	13 jar &
					5 tins

Pickled Onions	S	1 jar	Pineapple	 2 jar &
Plums			**	6 tins
		3 tins	Pork Brawn	 6 tins
Raspberries		47 tins	Prunes	 3 tins
Shrimps		1 tin	Rock Lobster	 1 tin
Spinach		2 tins	Soup	 6 tins
Strawberries		5 tins	Stewed Steak	14 tins
Tomato Paste		4 tins	Tomatoes	 253 tins
Pears		3 jars		
		& 3 tins		

### Knackersyards

There are three licensed Knackersyards in the District, one of these is in connection with Hunt Kennels.

The premises have been kept in a satisfactory condition during the year.

### Petroleum Stores

All stores have been kept in a satisfactory condition, the majority of the spirit is stored underground.

Number of licences issued during the year	 	139
Number of new licences granted during the year	 	16
Number of licences transferred during the year	 	5

# Cleansing Work

The collection of dry and wet refuse is made in the following parishes:-

Averham	Eakring	Halam	Rolleston
Bilsthorpe	Edingley	Halloughton	Rufford
Bleasby	Edwinstowe	Haywood Oaks	Southwell
Blidworth	Egmanton	Hoveringham	Staythorpe
Boughton	Epperstone	Kelham	Sutton-on-
Bulcote	Farnsfield	Kirton	Trent
Carlton-on-	Fiskerton-cum-	Lowdham	Thurgarton
Trent	Morton	Lyndhurst	Upton
Caythorpe	Gonalston	Ollerton	Walesby
Clipstone	Gunthorpe	Oxton	Wellow

In the following parishes dry refuse only is collected:-

Bathley	Grassthorpe	Kneesall	North Muskham
Caunton	Hockerton	Kirklington	Norwell
Cromwell	Kersall	Laxton	Ompton
Perlethorpe-cum- Budby	Ossington	Weston	South Muskham

At the present time in the undermentioned two parishes tins only are collected once a month.:-

Maplebeck Winkburn

During 1953 it is hoped to include the above in the normal collection service.

Cesspools in the Parish of Blidworth are emptied periodically, a contractor being employed to carry out the work.

The Council have tips in the following parishes:-

Bilsthorpe	Clipstone (2)	Kelham	Walesby
Blidworth	Gunthorpe	Southwell	

The following number of receptacles were emptied during the year:-

Area		Ashbins	Ashpits	Pails	Cesspools
Ollerton		 126,773	11	23,205	_
Clipstone		 151,475	4	17,416	_
Southwell		 59,683	28	11,642	_
Blidworth		 112,440	82	3,077	148
Lowdham		 44,991	38	29,287	_
Bleasby		 46,867	59	19,827	_
Sutton-on-T	rent	 40,097	_	_	_

### Salvage

The collection of paper was discontinued during the year due to lack of markets and insufficient storage space for the collected material.

Details are given below of the amounts of paper, rags, and scrap metals sold during 1952 which brought in the sum of £362. 19s. 6d.

				Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lb.
Mixed waste	paper			12	11	1	_
Brown pape	r and c	artons		5	4	_	-
Newspaper				1	1	-	_
Books				2	18	3	_
Scrap iron				1	2	2	-
Aluminium,	brass	and co	pper	_	_	4	171
Rags				1	2	3	_
T) .				_	2	_	-

# Hydrogen Cyanide (Fumigation of Buildings) Regulations, 1951

One lot of buildings was treated with Hydrogen Cyanide during the year, and the necessary conditions were observed by the fumigators.

# Rag Flock and other Filling Materials Act, 1951

There are no premises in the District which require registering under the above Act.

# Pet Animals Act, 1951

One licence was granted during the year for the keeping of a Pet Shop under the above Act.

Conditions were made by the Council during the year. These were

based on the recommendations of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty of Animals.

# HOUSING

1.	Insp	pection of Dwelling Houses during the year:-	
(1)	(a)	Number inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	325
	(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	660
(2)		Number of dwelling houses inspected and recorded under Housing Consolidated Regulations	21
	(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	26
(3)		Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	14
(4)		Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	156
2.		nedy of Defects during the year without service of ormal notices.	
		Number of dwelling houses rendered fit as the result of informal action	85
3.	Act	ion under Statutory Powers during the year:-	
(1)	Pro	oceedings under Public Health Acts:	
	(a)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices where served requiring defects to be remedied	2
	(b)	Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:-	
		(1) By Owners	6
		(2) By Local Authority in default of Owners	Nil
(2)		occeedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing t, 1936	Nil
(3)		occeedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing t, 1936:-	
	(a)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders where made	11
	(b)	Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	4

### 4. Overcrowding

Owing to the movement of the population in the colliery areas due to the redevelopment of the six collieries, it is very difficult to check on cases of overcrowding.

The following information has been obtained as the result of the investigation of applications for Council Houses.

(a)	Number of cases of overcrowding reported du year	aring the	17
	Number of persons concerned in such cases		130
(b)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved du	iring the	
	year		15
	Number of persons concerned in such cases		91

# Moveable Dwellings

In the District there are forty-five sites licensed to station caravans and ninety-five licensed moveable dwellings. Included in this number are thirty-six moveable dwellings on the Hazleford Ferry Camping Site, Bleasby.

# Water Supply

All the 55 Parishes in the Rural District are supplied with a good and wholesome supply of piped water.

All the public supplies are chlorinated and none are liable to have plumbo-solvent action.

The number of houses connected to the Council's main supply during the year was 235.

				Dwelling	houses
				Direct	Stand- pipe
Averham	 	 	 	49	7
Bathley	 	 	 	40	3
Bilsthorpe	 	 	 	595	7
Bleasby	 	 	 	119	6
Blidworth	 	 	 	1880	33
Boughton	 	 	 	400	3
Bulcote	 	 	 	57	_
Carlton-on-T		 	 	49	11
Caunton	 	 	 	90	11
Caythorpe	 	 	 	66	13

					Dwelling	houses
						Stand-
					Direct	pipe
					2000	P·P·
Clipstone					847	3
Cromwell			3.0	 	39	_
Eakring				 	143	
Edingley			 		76	8
Edwinstowe			 	 	997	9
Egmanton			 12	 	70	7
Epperstone			 . /	 	105	14
Farnsfield			 	 	349	49
Fiskerton			 	 	97	19
Gonalston				 	21	_
Grassthorpe			 	 	15	2
Gunthorpe			 	 	129	13
Halam			 	 	78	4
Halloughton			 	 	12	2
Hockerton			 	 	23	1
Hoveringham			 	 	98	5
Kelham			 	 	50	2
Kersall			 	 	12	2 2 3
Kirklington				 	69	3
Kirton			 	 	42	_
Kneesall			 	 	54	5
Laxton			 	 	98	6
Lowdham			 	 	352	36
Maplebeck			 	 	16	6
North Muskh	am		 	 	110	16
South Muskha	am		 	 	56	10
Norwell			 	 	95	33
Ollerton			 	 	1086	28
Ompton			 	 	9	_
Ossington			 	 	36	7
Oxton			 	 	175	25
Perlethorpe-cu	ım-Bud	lby	 	 	81	3 5
Rolleston			 	 	48	
Rufford			 	 	207	10
Southwell			 	 	984	67
Staythorpe			 	 	25	1
Sutton-on-Tre	ent		 	 	258	58
Thurgarton			 	 	85	9
Upton			 	 	111	2
Walesby			 	 	149	16
Wellow			 	 	91	19
Weston			 	 	81	
Winkburn			 	 	30	-

Details of samples of water taken from Public Supplies :-

No. of Samples taken	Result of Satisfactory	Analysis Unsatisfactory	Remarks
21	19	2	Both the unsatisfactory samples were taken from the Council's Blidworth reservoirs. Follow up samples, after cleaning work at the reservoir, proved satisfactory.

Details of samples of water taken from Private Supplies :-

3	1	2	1. The property is now
			vacant and the owner's
			agents have given an
			undertaking not to relet
			until a satisfactory water
			supply has been provided.
			<ol><li>Condition of well be-</li></ol>

ing improved, mains supply to be provided.

### Rat Infestation

One Rodent Operator is employed in the District.

Sewer treatments were carried out in accordance with the Ministry instructions. Open sewer dykes were also treated.

The following destruction jobs were carried out during the year :-

Local Authority Tips			 18
Local Authority Sewera			 12 (parishes)
Local Authority Sewage			 9
Other Local Authority	proper	ties	 1
Business premises			 63
Private dwellings			 366
Poison taken			 4½ lb.
			2976
Number of bodies found	1		 864

The Council's operator co-operates with the County Agricultural Pest Officer on jobs of destruction where both Authorities are involved.

# Factories Acts, 1937 and 1948

# PART I OF THE ACT

# 1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health.

	M/c line No.			Number of		
(1)		No. Reg.	Inspections (4)	Written notices (5)	Occupiers prosecuted (6)	
(i) Factories in which sections, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities  (ii) Factories not incl. in (i) in which Section 7 is en-	1	13	13	1	Nil	
forced by the Local Authority	2	75	17	2	Nil	
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers'		hun	1			
premises)	3	14	8	Nil	Nil	
TOTAL		102	38	3	Nil	

## 2. Cases in which Defects were found.

(Defects discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions are reckoned as two, three or more "Cases").

	M/c line No. (2)	Number of cases in which defects were found				
Particulars (1)		Found (3)	Remedied (4)	Refe To H.M. Inspec. (5)		
Want of Cleanliness (S.1) Sanitary Conveniences	4	2	2	Nil	Nil	
(S.7) (b) Unsuitable or defective	10	1	Nil	Nil	1	
TOTAL		3	2	Nil	1	

## PART VIII OF THE ACT

### Outwork

(Section 110)

Nature of Work (1)	M/c line No. (2)	No. of out-workers in August list required by Section 110 (1) (c)
Wearing apparel — Making, etc.	13	11
Lace, lace curtains and nets	16	1
TOTAL		12

B. D. HALL Senior Sanitary Inspector



