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MARLBOROUGH BOROUGH



ANNUAL REPORT

on

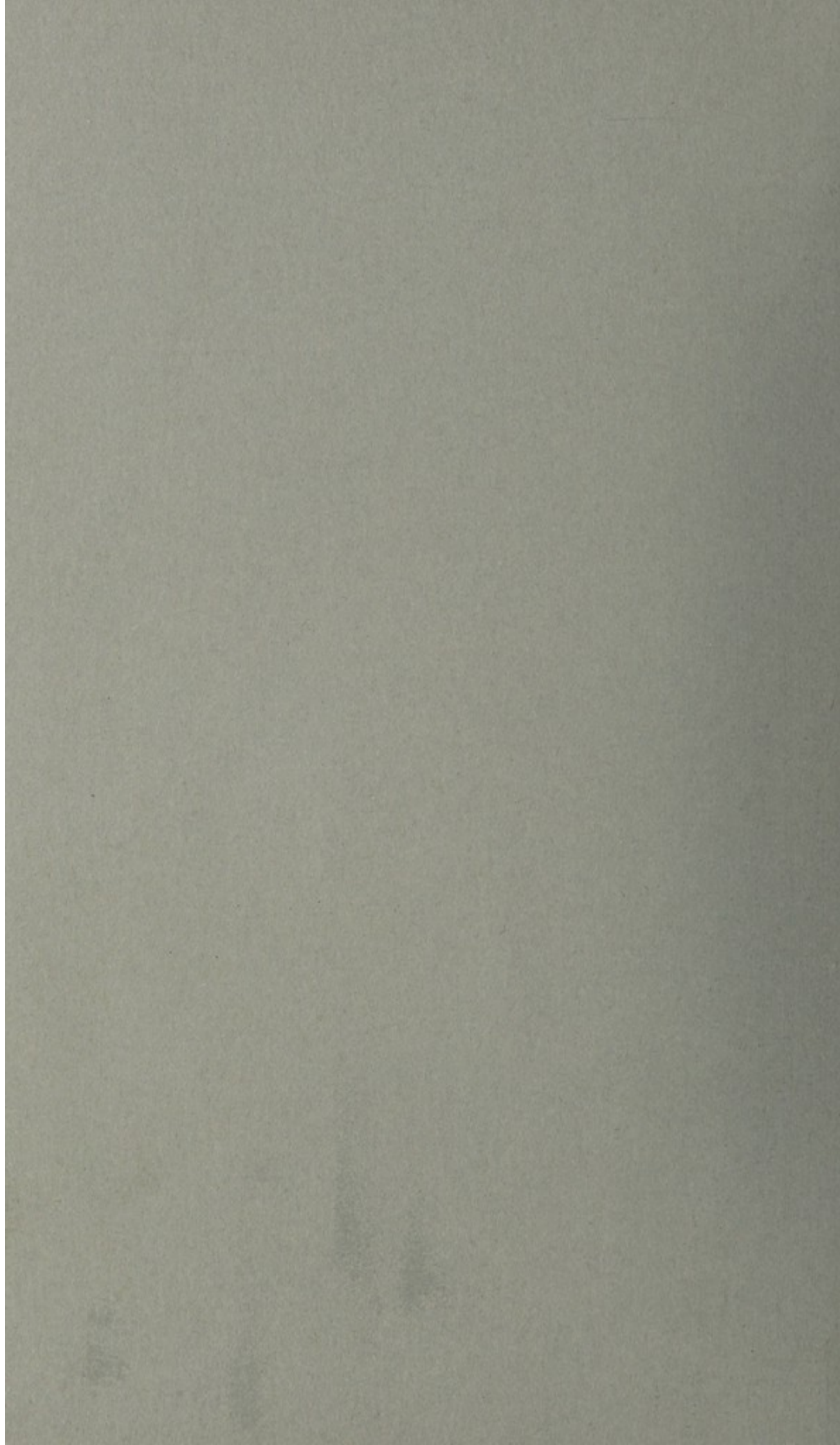
THE HEALTH OF THE AREA

and

THE WORK OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

for the year

1963



EAST WILTS UNITED DISTRICTS


MARLBOROUGH M.B.

MARLBOROUGH AND RAMSBURY R.D., PEWSEY R.D., AMESBURY R.D.

*With the Compliments
of the
Medical Officer of Health*

Dr. H. I. LOCKETT.
1 THE GREEN, MARLBOROUGH

Office : Marlborough 487
Home : Lockeridge 262



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BOROUGH OF MARLBOROUGH

East Wilts United Districts (M.O.H.) Office,
1, The Green,
MARLBOROUGH.

Telephone 487.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1963, in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 15(5) of the Public Health Officers Regulations, 1959 and Ministry of Health Circular 1/64.

During the year 67 Marlborough people died compared with 62 in the previous year. The death rate of 12.5 per 1000 population, which has been adjusted by means of a comparability factor to enable the rate to be fairly compared with that for the country as a whole or with other areas, is a little above the County and National rates. It is pleasing to record, however, that there were no infant or childhood deaths during the year and, in fact, only one death in a person under the age of 45 years, that of a 26 year old woman from a complication of an ulcer of the duodenum. It is also satisfactory that no motor vehicle or other accidental deaths occurred.

The live birth rate for the Borough for 1963, adjusted to allow for population structure, was 18.9, a little lower than last year's figure and much the same as the National rate. Of all the births (live and still), four were illegitimate, giving an illegitimacy rate of 4.8%, less than last year's figure of 6.5%.

As there were no infant deaths, the infant mortality rate was nil. The stillbirth rate of 24.1 was less than in 1962, but, as pointed out in the preamble to last year's Report, we should remember that rates based on small absolute numbers must be expected to vary quite widely from year to year.

Of the 94 cases of infectious disease notified by practitioners in the area, 79 were cases of measles.

The dysentery notifications refer to a small outbreak involving children and staff of the Marlborough Children's Convalescent hospital. In addition, notice was received of a Salmonella menston infection affecting a student nurse at this hospital. No further cases of this latter infection occurred.

Five tuberculosis notifications was an unusually high number compared with experience in the Borough in recent years. One of these was a glandular type of infection, probably originally acquired as long as ten years ago when there was an outbreak of non-pulmonary tuberculosis in Marlborough children drinking milk from a local T.T. herd in which a tuberculous cow was found.

REPORT OF THE

Joint Committee on the

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...

...

...

...

I have the honor to present the annual report of the
Office of Health for the year 1957, in accordance with the
provisions of the Public Health Officers Regulations,
1957 and Ministry of Health Circular 1/57.

During the year of Harborough people died at a rate of 12.5 per 1000 population, the previous year. The death rate of 12.5 per 1000 population which has been adjusted by means of a comparability factor to allow for the rate to be fairly compared with that for the county as a whole or with other areas, is a little above the county and national rates. It is pleasing to record, however, that there were no deaths among children under the age of 15 years, that of a 15 year old woman, a composition of an illness of the abdomen, it is also noteworthy that no motor vehicle or other accidental deaths occurred.

The live birth rate for the Borough for 1957, estimated to allow for population changes, was 15.5, a slight increase from 15.0 in 1956. The rate of 15.5 is above the national rate of 14.5 and the county rate of 14.5.

As there were no infant deaths, the infant mortality rate was 0.0, the rate of 0.0 is below the national rate of 0.5 and the county rate of 0.5. The rate of 0.0 is also below the rate of 0.5 for the county as a whole. The rate of 0.0 is also below the rate of 0.5 for the county as a whole.

The death rate for cancer was 15.5, a slight increase from 15.0 in 1956. The rate of 15.5 is above the national rate of 14.5 and the county rate of 14.5.

Five deaths were attributed to cancer, an increase from four in 1956. The rate of 15.5 is above the national rate of 14.5 and the county rate of 14.5.

Of the four pulmonary tuberculosis cases, one was a near relative of a previously notified case and the other three were associated in that two were infected by the third through close association before the nature of his illness had been discovered.

Thus this infection was imported into the town, since the original case was a man who had come to work in Marlborough only shortly before his illness became serious and his infection was undoubtedly acquired elsewhere.

Regarding protection against infectious diseases by immunisation, I am once again indebted to Dr. Lycott, the County Medical Officer, for supplying statistics concerning work carried out by General Practitioners and Medical Officers of the County Health Department in respect of residents in the Borough. Diphtheria immunisation (combined in most cases with protection against whooping cough and tetanus) was completed in 20 of the 81 children born during the year. Some of these children would be too young to be expected to have had a complete course by the end of 1963, and to obtain some idea of the immunisation state of the child population at risk it is more useful to consider how the 89 children born during 1962 have fared. Of these, the figures suggest that 21 had a complete course of primary immunisation against diphtheria in 1962, and a further 42 in 1963, giving a total of 63, that is 71%. (No account of such factors as migration has been taken in arriving at this rough estimate).

Immunisation against poliomyelitis was carried out by the use of oral vaccine during the year. A rough estimate of the proportion of babies protected in this way can be made by considering again the 89 babies born during 1962. Of these, 2 were protected in 1962 and 56 in 1963, giving a total of 58, or 65%.

Only 2 primary vaccinations in children against smallpox were recorded during the year and it would appear that considerable ground is being lost in providing the community with a high level of protection against this dangerous disease, the possibility of the entry of which into this country from time to time cannot be ignored, as comparatively recent events clearly demonstrated.

Several old people living alone were seen during the year where the possibility of action for compulsory removal to hospital or Part III accommodation under the provisions of section 47 of the National Assistance Act, 1948, had been considered, but in no case was it necessary to have recourse to the legal powers.

I would like to conclude these introductory remarks by expressing my thanks to all members of the Borough Council staff for their helpfulness on numerous occasions, to my Clerical Assistant, Miss G.M. Boswell, particularly for the attention she has devoted to the preparation of this Report, and to my colleague, Dr. F.J.G. Lishman, who has kindly acted as my Deputy whenever it has been necessary for me to be away from the district.

I am, your obedient servant,

H.I. LOCKETT,

Medical Officer of Health.

June, 1964.

Of the four pulmonary tuberculosis cases, one was a near relative of a previously notified case and the other three were associated in that two were infected by the third through close association before the nature of his illness had been discovered.

Thus this infection was imported into the town since the original case was a man who came to work in Hanborough only shortly before his illness became serious and his infection was undoubtedly acquired elsewhere.

Regarding protection against infectious diseases by immunisation, I am once again indebted to Dr. Lyett, the County Medical Officer, for supplying statistics concerning work carried out by General Practitioners and Medical Officers of the County Health Department in respect of residents in the borough. Immunisation (concerning in most cases with protection against whooping cough and tetanus) was completed in 30 of the 61 children born during the year. Some of these children would be too young to be expected to have had a complete course by the end of 1951, and to obtain some idea of the immunisation state of the child population at risk it is more useful to consider how the 61 children born during 1950 have fared. Of these, the figures suggest that 21 had a complete course of primary immunisation against diphtheria in 1950, and a further 45 in 1951, giving a total of 66, that is 11%. (No account of such factors as migration has been taken in arriving at this rough estimate).

Immunisation against poliomyelitis was carried out by the use of oral vaccine during the year. A rough estimate of the proportion of children protected in this way can be made by comparing the 61 children born during 1950. Of these, 2 were protected in 1950 and 24 in 1951, giving a total of 26, or 43%.

Only 2 primary vaccinations in children against measles were recorded during the year and it would appear that considerable ground is being lost in providing the community with a high level of protection against this dangerous disease. The possibility of the entry of which into this country from time to time cannot be ignored, as comparatively recent events clearly demonstrated.

Several old people living alone were seen during the year where the possibility of action for emergency removal to hospital or Part III accommodation under the provisions of section 41 of the National Assistance Act, 1948, had been considered, but in no case was it necessary to have recourse to the legal powers.

I would like to conclude these introductory remarks by expressing my thanks to all members of the Borough Council staff for their helpfulness on numerous occasions to my Clinical Assistant, Miss G. Howell, particularly for the attention she has devoted to the preparation of this report and to my colleagues, Dr. P. J. G. Bismarck who has kindly acted as my deputy whenever it has been necessary for me to be away from the district.

I am, your obedient servant,

H. J. JONES

Medical Officer of Health

June, 1951

Staff of the Public Health Department

Medical Officer of Health	H.I. Lockett, M.B., D.P.H.
Chief Public Health Inspector	H.C. Yeoman, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.
Additional Public Health Inspector	R.H. West, A.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I. (resigned 15.9.63) W.H. Jones, M.A.P.H.I. (commenced 1.9.63)
Clerk (M.O.H. Office)	Miss G.M. Boswell
Clerk (Borough Office)	Mrs. T. Holbrook

The Medical Officer of Health acts in a similar capacity for the three Rural District Councils, Amesbury, Marlborough and Ramsbury, and Pewsey. These combined districts have a population of 62,440 and an area of 235,289 acres. They have appointed a Joint Committee, the East Wiltshire United Districts (Medical Officer of Health) Committee, to deal with all matters relating to the office of medical officer of health. The Medical Officer also performs duties for the Wiltshire County Council under the National Health Service, Education and Mental Health Acts.

The office of Chief Public Health Inspector is combined with that of Borough Surveyor, and his Assistant is likewise Assistant Borough Surveyor.

Comparisons, 1963

	Marlborough Borough	Wiltshire County	England and Wales
Birth Rate per 1000 population	16.3	16.2	16.2
Death Rate per 1000 population	12.0	12.0	12.0
Infant Mortality Rate per 1000 Live Births	21.1	21.0	21.0

Staff of the Public Health Department

Medical Officer of Health	H. I. Lockart, M.B., D.P.H.
Chief Public Health Inspector	H. C. Yeoman, M.B.B.S., M.A.P.H.I.
Additional Public Health Inspector	R. H. West, A.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I. (appointed 1936) W. H. Jones, M.A.P.H.I. (appointed 1936)
Clerk (M.O.H. Office)	Miss G. M. Powell
Clerk (Borough Office)	Mrs. T. Kibbick

The Medical Officer of Health acts in a similar capacity for the three Rural District Councils, namely Northborough and Ramsgate, and Faversham. These combined districts have a population of 62,440 and an area of 1,350 acres. They have appointed a Joint Committee, the East Whitstable United District (Medical Officer of Health) Committee, to deal with all matters relating to the office of Medical Officer of Health. The Medical Officer also performs duties for the Whitstable County Council under the National Health Service, Education and Health Acts.

The office of Chief Public Health Inspector is combined with that of Borough Surveyor and the Assistant Public Health Inspector is combined with that of Surveyor.

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in acres	1496
Population, Registrar General's mid-year estimate	5660
Number of inhabited houses and flats	1600
Number of houses and flats owned by the Council	531
Rateable Value	£198,090
Product of a Penny Rate	£700

VITAL STATISTICS

	Male	Female	Total
Live Births	40	41	81
Legitimate	38	40	78
Illegitimate	2	1	3
Still Births	1	1	2
Deaths of Infants under one year of age ...	nil	nil	nil
Deaths from all causes	29	38	67

	Crude	Adjusted
Live Birth Rate per 1000 population	14.3	18.9
Death Rate per 1000 population	11.8	12.5
Still Birth Rate per 1000 Live and Still Births		24.1
Infant Mortality Rate per 1000 Live Births ...		nil
Perinatal Mortality Rate per 1000 Total Births		24.1

Comparisons, 1963

	Marlborough Borough	Wiltshire County	England and Wales
Birth Rate per 1000 population ...	18.9		18.2
Death Rate per 1000 population ...	12.5		12.2
Infant Mortality Rate per 1000 Live Births	nil		20.9

GENERAL STATISTICS

1496	Area in acres	...
5880	Population, Registrar General's mid-year estimate	...
1800	Number of inhabited houses and flats	...
231	Number of houses and flats owned by the Council	...
£198,090	Ratesable Value	...
£700	Product of a Penny Rate	...

VITAL STATISTICS

	Male	Female	Total	
...	40	41	81	Live Births
...	36	40	76	Legitimate
...	2	1	3	Illegitimate
...	1	1	2	Still Births
...	all	all	all	Deaths of Infants under one year of age
...	29	36	65	Deaths from all causes
...	14.5	18.9	16.7	Live Birth Rate per 1000 population
...	11.8	15.5	14.2	Death Rate per 1000 population
...	24.1	24.1	24.1	Still Birth Rate per 1000 live and still births
...	all	all	all	Infant Mortality Rate per 1000 live births
...	24.1	24.1	24.1	Perinatal Mortality Rate per 1000 total births

COMPARISONS 1953

	Bartholomew Borough	Wiltshire County	Wiltshire County and Wiltshire	
...	18.7	18.7	18.7	Birth Rate per 1000 population
...	12.5	12.5	12.5	Death Rate per 1000 population
...	all	all	all	Infant Mortality Rate per 1000
...	20.9	20.9	20.9	Live Births

CAUSES OF DEATH, 1963

Cause of Death							Male	Female	Total
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
2	Tuberculosis, other	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
3	Syphilitic diseases	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
4	Diphtheria	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
5	Whooping cough	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
6	Meningococcal infections	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
7	Acute poliomyelitis	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
8	Measles	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
9	Other infective and parasitic diseases	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
10	Malignant neoplasms stomach	...	...	...	...	...	-	2	2
11	" " lung bronchus	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
12	" " breast	...	...	...	...	...	-	1	1
13	" " uterus	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
14	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	6
15	Laukaemia aleukaemia	...	...	...	...	...	1	-	1
16	Diabetes	...	...	...	...	...	1	-	1
17	Vascular lesions of nervous system	...	...	...	...	...	4	12	16
18	Coronary disease angina	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	9
19	Hypertension with heart disease	...	...	...	...	...	1	-	1
20	Other heart disease	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	6
21	Other circulatory disease	...	...	...	...	...	-	3	3
22	Influenza	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
23	Pneumonia	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
24	Bronchitis	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
25	Other diseases of respiratory system	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
26	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	...	...	...	...	...	-	1	1
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	...	...	...	...	...	1	-	1
28	Nephritis and nephrosis	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
29	Hyperplasia of prostate	...	...	...	...	...	1	-	1
30	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
31	Congenital malformations	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
32	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	9
33	Motor vehicle accidents	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
34	All other accidents	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
35	Suicide	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
36	Homicide and operations of war	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Totals ...							29	38	67

CAUSES OF DEATH, 1963

Causes of Death	Male	Female	Total
Medicine and operations of war	...	...	...
Skilled	...	...	...
All other accidents	...	...	...
Motor vehicle accidents	...	...	...
Other defined and ill-defined diseases	5	4	9
Congenital malformations	...	...	...
Pregnancy childbirth and puerperium	...	...	...
Hypertension of pregnancy	1	...	1
Hepatitis and jaundice	...	...	...
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	1	...	1
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	...	1	1
Other diseases of respiratory system	...	...	...
Bronchitis	2	1	3
Pneumonia	1	2	3
Influenza	1	2	3
Other circulatory diseases	...	...	...
Other heart diseases	3	3	6
Hypertension with heart diseases	1	...	1
Coronary disease angina	2	4	6
Vascular lesions of nervous system	4	12	16
Diabetes	1	...	1
Leukaemia	1	...	1
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	3	3	6
Uterus	...	...	...
Stomach	...	1	1
Lung neoplasms	...	...	...
Malignant neoplasms stomach	...	2	2
Other infective and parasitic diseases	...	...	...
Measles	...	...	...
Acute poliomyelitis	...	...	...
Haemorrhagic infections	...	...	...
Whooping cough	...	...	...
Diphtheria	...	...	...
Syphilitic diseases	...	...	...
Tuberculosis other	...	...	...
Tuberculosis respiratory	...	...	...

Totals...

59

38

97

IMMUNISATION STATISTICS, 1963
(By courtesy of the County Medical Officer)

(1) Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus Immunisation

Year of Birth		1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1954-58	1949-53
Primary immunisation completed during 1963	Diph.	20	42	2	2	3	3	-
	Wh/c.	20	42	-	2	2	1	-
	Tet.	20	42	2	2	3	3	-
Reinforcing injections administered during 1963	Diph.	-	2	13	1	6	39	-
	Wh/c.	-	1	12	1	4	2	-
	Tet.	-	2	13	1	4	35	-

(2) Smallpox Vaccination

	Months				Years			
Age Group	0-3	3-6	6-9	9-12	1	2-4	5-14	15+
Vaccinations	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Re-vaccinations	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	28

(3) Poliomyelitis Immunisation

Age Group	2nd inj.	3rd inj.	4th inj.	3 oral doses	3rd oral after 2 inj.	4th oral after 2 inj. + 1 oral dose	4th oral after 3 inj. or 3 oral
Children born in 1963	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
Children born in 1962	-	-	-	56	-	-	-
Children born in 1961	-	-	-	28	-	1	-
Children and young persons born 1943-1960	-	-	-	41	-	24	87
Young persons born 1933-1942	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
Totals	-	-	-	145	-	25	87

BOROUGH OF MARLBOROUGH

Report of the Chief Public Health Inspector for the year 1963.

Council Offices,
1, The Green,
Marlborough.

Telephone: Marlborough 118

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors:

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my fifteenth Annual Report on the work of the Public Health department. The report is in accordance with the Ministry of Health's Circular 1/64 dated 13th January, 1964.

During the year Mr. R.H. West, Additional Public Health Inspector left to take up a new appointment with Ashburton U.D.C. His place was taken by Mr. W.H. Jones from Liverpool C.B.C.

This change of staff, and increasing pressure of other work, has resulted in fewer inspections in 1963. The staff situation has been considered by the Council, and a further Junior Assistant will be taking up his appointment in January, 1964.

Your obedient servant,

H.C. Yeoman.

Chief Public Health Inspector

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S VISITS

A total of 578 inspections were made by the Public Health Inspectors in 1963, and these are summarized as follows:-

Water Supplies	4
Drainage	49
Moveable Dwellings	3
Factories	25
Refuse Disposal	32
Rodent Control	8
Petroleum installations	23
Housing	16
Inspection of Meat and other Foods	12
Dairies	16
Food Premises	32
Improvement Grants	28
Swimming Bath	18
Shops	2
Miscellaneous Visits	42
Building Byelaws	268
	<u>578</u>

Report of the Chief Public Health Inspector for the year 1963.

Council Offices,
The Green,
Marlborough.

Telephone: Marlborough 118

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors:

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my fifteenth Annual Report on the work of the Public Health Department. The report is in accordance with the Ministry of Health's Circular 1/64 dated 15th January, 1964.

During the year Mr. E.H. West, Additional Public Health Inspector left to take up a new appointment with the N.D.C. His place was taken by Mr. W.H. Jones from Liverpool D.D.C.

This change of staff, and increasing pressure of other work, has resulted in fewer inspections in 1963. The staff situation has been considered by the Council, and a further Junior Assistant will be taking up his appointment in January, 1964.

Yours obedient servant,

H.C. Young.

Chief Public Health Inspector

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S VISITS

A total of 578 inspections were made by the Public Health Inspectors in 1963, and these are summarized as follows:-

4	Water Supplies
40	Drainage
3	Noxious Wastings
92	Factories
12	Refuse Disposal
8	Robert Control
23	Petroleum Installations
48	Housing
12	Inspection of Halls and other Premises
16	Public Houses
32	Food Premises
28	Improvement Grants
18	Swimming Baths
2	Shops
42	Miscellaneous Visits
578	Building Byelaws

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Food and Drugs Acts. The following premises are registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955.

Sale of Ice Cream	26
Manufacture of Ice Cream	nil
Manufacture and sale of Sausages and Preserved Meats	5
Fish and Chips	1

Food Premises. There are the following food premises within the Borough :

Bakehouses	3
Butchers	5
Cafes and Restaurants (unlicensed)	6
Dairies	1
Fishmongers	3
Fried Fish Shops	1
Greengrocers	5
Grocers	16
Licensed premises doing catering	13
Licensed premises not catering	12
Sweets and Sugar confectionery	5

Condemned Food. 75 lbs 15 ozs of food was condemned during the year. It was all fresh meat, most of which was affected by extensive bruising.

Food Hygiene Regulations. The number of inspections fell during the year, but in general conditions continue to be satisfactory. A number of informal notices were served, but no formal action was necessary.

Meat Inspection. There are no licensed slaughterhouses in the district, and therefore, the only meat inspected was in the shops, at the butchers' requests.

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933-1954. The number of persons licensed to slaughter animals is three. In addition a Cash Captive Bolt Pistol is held in the office by the Chief Public Health Inspector.

Milk Regulations. There are five licensed dealers in the Borough. All premises have been regularly inspected, and sampling carried out in accordance with the delegation agreement. During the year 28 statutory samples were taken.

MOVEABLE DWELLINGS.

At the end of the year the number of licensed sites had fallen to two with a total number of three caravans. Both sites have been inspected from time to time, and are satisfactory.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Food and Drugs Act. The following premises are registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955.

26	Sale of Ice Cream
21	Manufacture of Ice Cream
5	Manufacture and sale of Buns and and Preserved Buns
1	Fish and Chips

Food Premises. There are the following food premises within the

	Borough :
3	Bakery
2	Butchers
6	Cafes and Restaurants (unlicensed)
1	Dairies
3	Ice Cream Parlours
1	Fried Fish Shops
2	Grocery
15	Licensed premises doing catering
12	Licensed premises not catering
2	Sweets and Sugar Confectionery

Condensed Food. 75 lbs 12 oz of food was condemned during the year. It was all fresh meat, most of which was affected by extensive bruising.

Food Hygiene Regulations. The number of inspections fell during the year, but in general conditions continue to be satisfactory. A number of informal notices were served, but no formal action was necessary.

Meat Inspection. There are no licensed slaughterhouses in the district, and therefore the only meat inspected was in the shops, at the butchers' requests.

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933-1954. The number of persons licensed to slaughter animals is three. In addition a Cash Carriage Bolt Factory is held in the office by the Chief Public Health Inspector.

Milk Regulations. There are five licensed dealers in the Borough. All premises have been regularly inspected, and sampling carried out in accordance with the delegation agreement. During the year 25 statutory samples were taken.

MOVABLE DWELLINGS.

At the end of the year the number of licensed sites had fallen to two with a total number of three dwellings. Both sites have been inspected from time to time and are satisfactory.

HOUSING.

Council Housing. During the year eight 2 bedroom houses were completed, and at the end of the year the following were in course of construction :

Four 2 bedroom houses
Two 3 bedroom houses
Three Old People's Bungalows.

Provisional plans have been made to demolish Nos. 44-49 St. Martins and to re-build Old People's Flats on the sites. By the end of the year one tenant had been re-housed, and efforts are being made to re-house all the remaining tenants as soon as possible.

Private Housing. Seventeen houses were completed and occupied in 1963, almost double the number in the previous year. A start has been made on the preparation of a Development Plan for the Borough, although by December it still had not received final approval. Outline planning consent, in the meantime, had been given for over 100 dwellings, and in addition the Council have engaged Architects to prepare plans for the development of 11 acres of Port-fields.

Housing Consolidated Regulations.

The information called for in Article 31 of the Housing Consolidated Regulations 1925 is set out below :

- (1) Number of houses which on inspection were considered to be unfit for human habitation. Nil
- (2) Number of houses the defects in which were remedied in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers. 4
- (3) Number of representations made to the Local Authority with a view to (a) the serving of notices requiring the execution of works or (b) the making of demolition or closing orders. Nil
- (4) The number of notices requiring the execution of works. Nil
- (5) The number of houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices. Nil
- (6) The number of demolition or closing orders. Nil
- (7) The number of houses in respect of which an undertaking was accepted under subsection (2) of section 19 of the Housing Act, 1930. 1
- (8) The number of houses demolished. Nil

Improvement Grants.

During 1963, thirteen applications were received, the details of which are as follows :

Type	Applications Received	Granted	Amount
Discretionary	3	3	£755
Standard	10	10	£1200

HOUSING

Council Housing During the year eight 2 bedroom houses were completed, and at the end of the year the following were in course of construction:

Four 2 bedroom houses
Two 3 bedroom houses
Three Old People's bungalows

Provisional plans have been made to demolish Nos. 44-49 St. Martin's and to re-build Old People's Flats on the site. By the end of the year one tenant had been re-housed, and efforts are being made to re-house all the remaining tenants as soon as possible.

Private Housing Seventeen houses were completed and occupied in 1963. Almost double the number in the previous year. A start has been made on the preparation of a development plan for the Borough, although by December it still had not received final approval. Outline planning consent in the meantime, had been given for over 100 dwellings, and in addition the Council have engaged architects to prepare plans for the development of 11 acres of Portfields.

The information called for in Article 17 of the Housing Consolidated Regulations 1955 is set out below:

Housing Consolidated Regulations

- (1) Number of houses which on inspection were considered to be unfit for human habitation. Nil
- (2) Number of houses the defects in which were remedied in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers. 4
- (3) Number of representations made to the local authority with a view to (a) the carrying of notices regarding the execution of works or (b) the making of demolition or clearing orders. Nil
- (4) The number of notices regarding the execution of works. Nil
- (5) The number of houses which were repaired after service of formal notices. Nil
- (6) The number of demolition or clearing orders. Nil
- (7) The number of houses in respect of which an undertaking was executed under section (2) of section 19 of the Housing Act, 1930. Nil
- (8) The number of houses demolished. Nil

During 1963 thirteen applications were received the details of which are as follows:

Improvement Grants

Type	Applications Received	Grants	Amount
Discretionary	1	1	£575
Standard	10	10	£1,650

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

The weekly collection of house and trade refuse has continued satisfactorily with a twice weekly collection for hotels and cafes.

There was a further drop in the amount of salvage collected during the year.

The amounts of waste paper collected during the past six years are :

1958	92 tons	7 cwt.	1961	92 tons	12 cwt.
1959	96 "	12 "	1962	88 "	6 "
1960	85 "	0 "	1963	75 "	19 "

PETROLEUM.

At the end of 1963 there were 24 licensed installations. One petroleum installation was closed during the year, and the tank rendered harmless. The testing of tanks over 20 years old has continued.

DRAINAGE AND SANITATION.

The main sewage disposal works in Elcot Lane continues to function reasonably satisfactorily. Difficulties have been experienced in maintaining a good effluent, due to the effect of trade wastes, and a system of re-circulation has been continued.

RODENT CONTROL.

There were 47 complaints in 1963, all except 16 from private houses. Disinfestation is carried out by the Borough Foreman under the guidance of the Public Health Inspector.

FACTORIES.

Twenty five inspections were made during the year, and the details are set out in the appendix to this report.

WATER SUPPLY.

The water supply to the entire area is now administered by the Swindon Borough Council, and consequently no inspections have been made and no samples taken.

SWIMMING BATH.

The open air bath continues to operate satisfactorily, and during 1963 it was open to the public from 6th May to 7th September. At the end of the year plans had been prepared for filtration and chlorination plant, and it is hoped to carry out the installation before the 1964 season commences.

PUBLIC CLEANING

The weekly collection of refuse and refuse refuse has continued satisfactorily with a twice-weekly collection for hotels and cafes. There was a further drop in the amount of refuse collected during the year.

The amount of waste paper collected during the past six years are:

1928	32 tons 15 cwt.	1921	32 tons 15 cwt.
1929	36 " 15 "	1922	38 " 8 "
1930	37 " 0 "	1923	37 " 12 "

PETROLEUM

At the end of 1931 there were 24 licensed installations. The petroleum installation was closed during the year, and the tank rendered harmless. The testing of tanks over 20 years old has continued.

DRAINAGE AND SEWAGE

The main sewage disposal works in Brixton have continued to function reasonably satisfactorily. Effluents have been experienced in maintaining a good effluent due to the effect of trade water, and a system of re-chlorination has been continued.

POISON CONTROL

There were 41 complaints in 1931. All except 18 from private houses. Maintenance is carried out by the Borough Foreman under the guidance of the Public Health Inspector.

FACTORIES

Twenty five inspections were made during the year, and the details are set out in the appendix to this report.

WATER SUPPLY

The water supply to the entire area is now administered by the Brixton Borough Council, and consequently no inspections have been made and no samples taken.

SWIMMING BATH

The open air bath continued to operate satisfactorily and during 1931 it was open to the public from 5th May to 1st September. At the end of the year plans had been prepared for filtration and chlorination plant and it is hoped to carry out the installation before the 1932 season commences.

FACTORIES ACTS, 1961

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1963 FOR THE BOROUGH OF MARLBOROUGH IN THE COUNTY OF WILTSHIRE

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961

PART I OF THE ACT

- INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1 2,3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	6	3	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	48	22	-	-
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	-	-	-	-
Total	54	25	-	-

2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases").

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	2	2	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1963 FOR THE BOROUGH OF
MARTLEBOROUGH IN THE COUNTY OF WILTSHIRE

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration
of the Factories Act, 1961

PART I OF THE ACT

INSTRUCTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made
by Public Health Inspectors).

Provision	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Compliers presented
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 are enforced by Local Authorities	2			
Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	48			
(1) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)				
Total	50	50		

Cases in which DEFECTS were found
(If defects are classified at the premises as two, three or more separate
occasions they should be recorded as two, three or more "cases").

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found			Number of cases in which proceedings were instituted
	Reported to H.M. Inspector	Reported to H.M. Inspector	Reported to H.M. Inspector	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
of cleanliness (2.1)	2	2	2	
working (2.2)				
reasonable temperature				
(2.3)				
adequate ventilation				
(2.4)				

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	3	3	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	1	1	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Out-work)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6	6	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT (Sections 133 and 134)
reference Outworkers -

NIL RETURN.

Particulars	Pounds	Remitted	To H.M. Inspector	Referred by H.M. Inspector	Number of cases in which defects were found	Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Effective drainage of sewers (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Very Conspicuous (S.7)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unstable or defective	3	3	-	-	-	-
Not separate for sewers	1	1	-	-	-	-
or offences against the (not including cases relating to Out- lets)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4	4	-	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT (Sections 133 and 134)

Reference Outworks

Nil Return.



