Contributors

Malton (England). Rural District Council.

Publication/Creation

1948

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RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF MALTON

Annual Report

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

36

FOR THE YEAR 1948.

A. C. KNAGGS, PRINTER, MALTON

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RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF MALTON

Annual Report

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR 1948.

To the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure in presenting my report for the year ending 31st December, 1948.

Although the year ended has shown little or no alteration in the General Social Conditions of the District, it has been made memorable by the inauguration on the 5th of July of the National Health Service.

There is no doubt that this expensive service will eventually have a profound influence upon the lives of all of us, but it is yet too early to view it in its true perspective.

Certainly it is a far cry from the first Public Health Act of 1848 to this National Health Service 100 years later.

It may not be considered that the total cost of this service, $\pounds 260$ million, out of a total Exchequer expenditure of $\pounds 3,000$ million, amounts to much, but there can be no doubt that a 40% level of taxation on peoples' incomes has destroyed incentive and stopped the will to work, and in this burden of taxation the new National Health Service plays an important part.

Area in acres		 	 	 48,078
Population Estimated		ear	 	 6,161
Number of inhabited	houses	 	 	 1,664
Rateable Value		 	 	 £19,185
Product of the Penny	Rate	 	 	 £68 4 8

SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

1	/[]	IAL	STA	ATIS	11	CS.	
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Live Births	 	 	 ·····	49 42	44
Legitimate	 	 	 	43	44
Illegitimate	 	 	 	6	-

The Birth Rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population is 15.1

Malas Famalas

Still Births numbered 2, 1, male and 1 female, both legitimate. The rate per 1,000 total population is 0.32.

Deaths from all causes numbered 67 of these 30 were males and 37 females. The death rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population is 10.8.

Corresponding figures for England and Wales are Birth Rate 17.9, Death Rate 10.8, so that our number of Births is not up to the average.

In deaths of Infants under 1 year there were 4, 2 male and 2 female, all legitimate. The rate per 1,000 live births would be 43.0 as against 34 for the whole country.

On examination of the various causes of Death there would appear to be nothing of special note, 3 males and 3 females died from Cancer, 14 males and 14 females died from Heart Disease, which includes the older section of the population, and is to be expected. Two male infants died from congenital malformation or diseases of infants, and one female was premature.

				Males.	Females.
Tuberculosis			 	_	1
Cancer			 	3	3
Diabetes			 	1	-
Intra-cranial vascular lesio	ns		 	2	7
Heart Diseases			 	13	14
Other disorders of the Cin	rculatory	system	 	1	-
Pneumonia			 	-1	3
Other Respiratory Diseases	s		 	-1	1
Appendicitis			 	1	-
Other Digestive Diseases			 	-	1
Nephritis			 	1	1
Premature Birth			 	-	1
Congenital debility, malfor	mation,	etc.	 	2	-
Suicide			 	1	-
Other violent causes			 	1	-
All other causes		·	 	2	5

ANALYSIS OF THE CAUSES OF DEATH.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

During the year 7 cases of Scarlet Fever were notified, 3 being in one family, and all notified on the same day. Two cases were sent to the York Fever Hospital out of the total number, and the rest were nursed at home; a method which has proved satisfactory in practice and which has not led to any extension of the disease.

One case of Diphtheria and one of Acute Lobar Pneumonia were also notified.

TUBERCULOSIS.

Two cases occurred, one female aged 25 (knee joint) and one male also aged 25 (Pulmonary).

There was one death, that of a female.

MEASLES.

34 cases were notified and were spread fairly equally over the whole area and over the year under review. No death occurred.

WHOOPING COUCH.

22 cases occurred during the latter half of the year, and were reported chiefly from the Habton and Ryton districts. There were no deaths.

ANNUAL REPORTS OF MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH-1948. VITAL STATISTICS.

Birth-rates, Civilian Death-rates, Analysis of Mortality, Maternal Mortality and Case-rates for certain Infectious Diseases in the year 1948. Provisional figures based on Quarterly Returns.

	England and Wales.	126 C.B's Great Towns including London,	148 Smaller Towns Res. Pop. 25,000 —50,000 at 1931 Census.	London Admin. County.
	Rates per	1,00 Civil	ian Popula	tion.
BIRTHS	100()	20.0	10.0	
Live Births	19.9 (a)	20.0	19.2	20.1
Still Births	0.42 (a)	0.52	0.43	0.39
DEATHS All Causes	10.8 (a)	11.6	10.7	11.6
Typhoid and Paratyphoid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Whooping Cough	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01
Diphtheria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
Tuberculosis	0.51	0.59	0.46	0.63
Influenza	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.02
Smallpox	-	-	-	
Acute Poliomyelitis and	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00
Polioencephalitis		0.01	0.01	0.00
Pneumonia	0.41	0.38	0.36	0.54
Notifications(Corrected) Typhoid Fever	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00
Danshard I Frank	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01
Cerebro-spinal Fever	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03
Scarlet Fever	1 73	1.90	1.82	1.37
Whooping Cough	212	3.51	3.31	3.13
Diphtheria	0.08	0.10	0.09	0.10
Erysipelas	0.21	0.23	0.21	0.22
Smallpox		_		
Measles	9.34	9.75	8.84	9.17
Pneumonia	0.73	0.84	0.60	0.57
Acute Poliomyelitis	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.04
Acute Polioencephalitis	0.00	0.00	0.00 Births.	0.00
Deaths	Mates per	1,000 Live	Dirtins.	
All causes under 1 year of				
age	34 (b)	39	32	31
Enteritis and Diarrhoea				
under 2 years of age	3.3	4.5	2.1	2.4
		1,000 Total	(Live and	Still) Births
NOTIFICATIONS (Corrected)				22.0
Puerperal Fever and	(00	0.00	4.71	724()
Pyrexia	6.89	8.90	4.71	7.34 (c)

	Rates per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) Births.	Rates per million women aged 15-44.
140 Abortion with Sepsis 141 Abortion without Sepsis 147 Puerperal infections 142-146, 148-150 other	0.11 0.05 0.13	9 4
maternal causes	0.73	

Maternal Mortality in England and Wales.

(a) Rates per 1,00 total population. (b) by Per 1,000 related births.

(c) In London Puerperal Fever alone was 0.61.

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA'

1. PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY :--

Medical Officer of Health,

DR. L. C. WALKER, M.A., M.B., B.Ch., M.R.C.S., L.T.C.P. (Part time).

Sanitary Inspector, Surveyor, Meat Inspector, Inspector under the Milk and Dairies Order, Inspector under Petroleum Acts, Buildings Inspector, etc. :---

> J. E. MORGAN, C.R. SAN, I., M.S.I.A. Holds :---

1. Certificate of Royal Institute of Public Health and Hygiene.

2. Diploma of the Royal Institute of Public Health and Hygiene.

- Certificate of the Royal Sanitary Institute, and Sanitary Inspectors Examination Joint Board.
- 2. NURSING IN THE HOME.

The County Authorities control this, and in general it works satisfactorily. The District is covered by nurses who also act as Midwives, and who reside at Swinton, Sheriff Hutton and Nunnington.

Infectious Diseases are generally nursed at home, as many of the cases can safely be isolated and no spread of disease has been found to follow this policy.

3. MIDWIVES. See 2 above.

4. LABORATORY FACILITIES.

These are provided by the Public Health Laboratory situate at the County Hall, Northallerton.

5. HOSPITALS.

The Malton and District Hospital, The York County and City Hospitals, and the Leeds General Infirmary supply the needs of the District. Orthopædic cases are treated as required at the Adela Shaw Orthopædic Hospital, Kirbymoorside.

6. UNMARRIED MOTHERS AND MENTAL DEFECTIVES.

Unmarried mothers, illegitimate infants and homeless children are provided for by the Ryedale Guardians Committee.

7. AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

These are provided as follows :--

(a) for Infectious Diseases by the Isolation Hospital, York, and

(b) for Non-infected cases and accidents by the Malton Ambulance under the auspices of the St. John's Ambulance Society who freely and willingly give their services.

8. CLINICS-TREATMENT CENTRES.

Maternity and Child Welfare Clinic is held each month at Swinton.

Orthopædic Clinics are held at regular intervals by the County Orthopædic Surgeon, and at Malton Hospital by the visiting Surgeon.

Cases of Tuberculosis can be sent to the Dispensary at Scarborough. Treatment Centres for Venereal Diseases are held at York County Hospital and the Scarborough Hospital.

SANITARY INSPECTORS' REPORT.

Synopsis of Inspections made. Dwelling Houses :---

	Consolidated Regu	lations				 	 285
	Water Supply					 	 38
	Overcrowding					 	 12
	Infectious Diseases	5				 	 8
	Miscellaneous		•••••			 	 151
SAN	ITARY CONVENIENCE	ES :					
	Ashpits and Privie	s				 	 38
	Water Closets					 	 42
	Chemical Closets					 	 0
Refu	JSE DISPOSAL :						
	Tips					 	 56
DPA	INS AND SEWERS :-						
DRA							~ ~
	Inspections					 	 242
	Cesspools and sep	tic tan	ks			 	 59
	Water tested					 	 21
	Public urinals					 	 2
FACT	FORIES :						
	With mechanical j	oower				 	2
	Without mechanic	al pow	er			 	 õ
	Outworkers					 	 Ő
Foo	D :						
1 00							
	Inspections					 	 17
	Condemnations					 	 1
Foo	d Storage (Prepar	RATION	ETC.) :	-			
	Butcher's shops					 	 5
	Fish friers					 	 2
Mis	CELLANEOUS :						
14115							
	New buildings					 •••••	 44
	Moveable dwelling					 	 21
	Ponds and water	courses				 	 31
	Rats and mice					 	 102
	Building licenses	•••••				 	 103
	Petroleum licenses					 	 - 7
	Schools				•••••	 	 11
	Animals and poult	iry			•••••	 	 44

Total.....

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1231

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RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION ACT, 1919, AND INFESTATION ORDER, 1943.

There are few major infestations, and the Council have not thought fit to employ a full time Rodent Operator.

SHOPS ACT, 1934.

The shops in the district are mainly of the one-man business type. Thirteen visits have been made.

CAMPING SITES.

There are no licensed sites for campers in the District.

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

There are no trades under this heading.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES.

There are six licensed slaughterhouses in the district, although none are used for public slaughtering. All meat supplied to the area is inspected at the Central Slaughter house situated at Malton.

SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACT, 1933.

Eight applications for slaughterman's licenses were received and granted. There are now twenty-three licensed slaughtermen under the above Act.

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS, ETC.

No cases were reported or discovered.

SCHOOLS.

No great improvements have been made in the sanitation of schools. The use of pail closets being still prevalent.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD. Milk Supply.

Number of Producers Registered		262
Number of Retail Purveyors Registered		12
Number of Retail Purveyors resident outside the District		1
Number of Inspections of Dairies and Cowsheds		195
Number of Cowsheds and Dairies, etc., constructed to com	ply	
with the Milk and Dairies Order, 1926		18

DESIGNATED MILKS.

The following licenses have been granted by the County Council for the production of Designated Milks :--

Accredited							3
Tuberculin Tested One Supplementary	Licence	to reta	il Tul	berculin	Tested	Milk	6 was
granted.							

During the year the attention of cowkeepers was drawn to the following defects or contraventions of Milk and Dairies Order, 1926. Failure to register, defective floors and drainage, water supply, dirty walls and flooring, and lack of lighting and ventilation.

MEAT FOODS INSPECTION.

With the exception of the slaughter of pigs for home consumption no public slaughtering is carried out within the district. As these killings are not notified to this department, no records are kept. Small quantities of food, mainly tinned, were inspected and condemned as being unfit for human consumption.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938.

REGISTRATION OF PREMISES UNDER SECTION 14.

Ice Cream Dealers		 	 	 Nil
Ice Cream Manufacture	ers	 	 	 Nil
Meat Preparation		 	 	 Nil
Fish Friers		 	 	 Nil

WATER SUPPLIES.

Fourteen water samples were taken from the regional supply, and the analyst's reports showed the water to be of a consistently high quality.

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Unburnable refuse has been collected quarterly from the majority of parishes and disposal is by means of tipping. One tip at Slingsby is at present being used.

The open sewers, of which there are fifteen, have been cleansed as regularly as possible by direct labour. A service of cesspool emptying by mechanical means has been in use during the year.

It is anticipated that the sewerage scheme for the parishes of Broughton, Swinton, Amotherby, Appleton-le-Street and Barton-le-Street, will be commenced in 1949.

HOUSING.

1. 1	NUMBER	OF I	New	HOUSES	ERECTED	DURING	THE	YEAR.
------	--------	------	-----	--------	---------	--------	-----	-------

1.	By Local Authorit	ty	 	 	 44
2.	By other bodies		 	 	 2

3. Number of houses under construction by Local Authority 20

These 44 new houses erected by the Local Authority during the year were dispersed as follows :--

Parish.			Number.			Type.
Whitwell-on-the-Hill			4		Traditional Brick.	
Hovingham				10		"
Slingsby				14		,,
Terrington				6		"
Broughton				10		Airey type.
				_		
To	otal			44		

12 Traditional brick houses at Sheriff Hutton and 8 Airey houses are in course of erection.

2. INSPECTION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

Again the Council have not seen their way clear to appoint an assistant for the carrying out of the Rural Housing Survey, consequently progress in this direction has been slow.

	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	189
3.	REMEDY OF DEFECTS DURING THE YEAR. Number of defective dwelling-houses repaired or improved	156
4.	ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR.	
	A. Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936.	
	1. Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
	2. Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices :	
	(a) By owner	Nil
	(b) By Local Authority in lieu of owners	Nil

	В.	Proceedings under Public Health Acts.	
	1.	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	Nil
	2.	Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :	
		(a) By owners	Nil Nil
	C.	Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936.	
	1.	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil
	2.	Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	1
	D.	Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936.	
	1.	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil
	2.	Number of separate tenement or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	Nil
5.	Hot	USING ACT, 1936—Overcrowding.	
	А.	 Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year Number of families dwelling therein 	Nil Nil
	-	3. Number of persons dwelling therein	Nil
	В.	Number of new cases of overcrowing reported during the year	6
	C.	 Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year Number of persons concerned in such cases 	5 24
	D.		Nil
	E.	Any other particulars with respect to overcrowding con- ditions upon which the Medical Officer of Health may consider it desirable to report	Nil

I remain,

Your obedient servant,

L. C. WALKER,

Medical Officer of Health.





