#### [Report 1972] / Medical Officer of Health, Lytham St Annes Borough.

#### **Contributors**

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#### BOROUGH OF LYTHAM ST. ANNES

# ANNUAL REPORT

1972

of

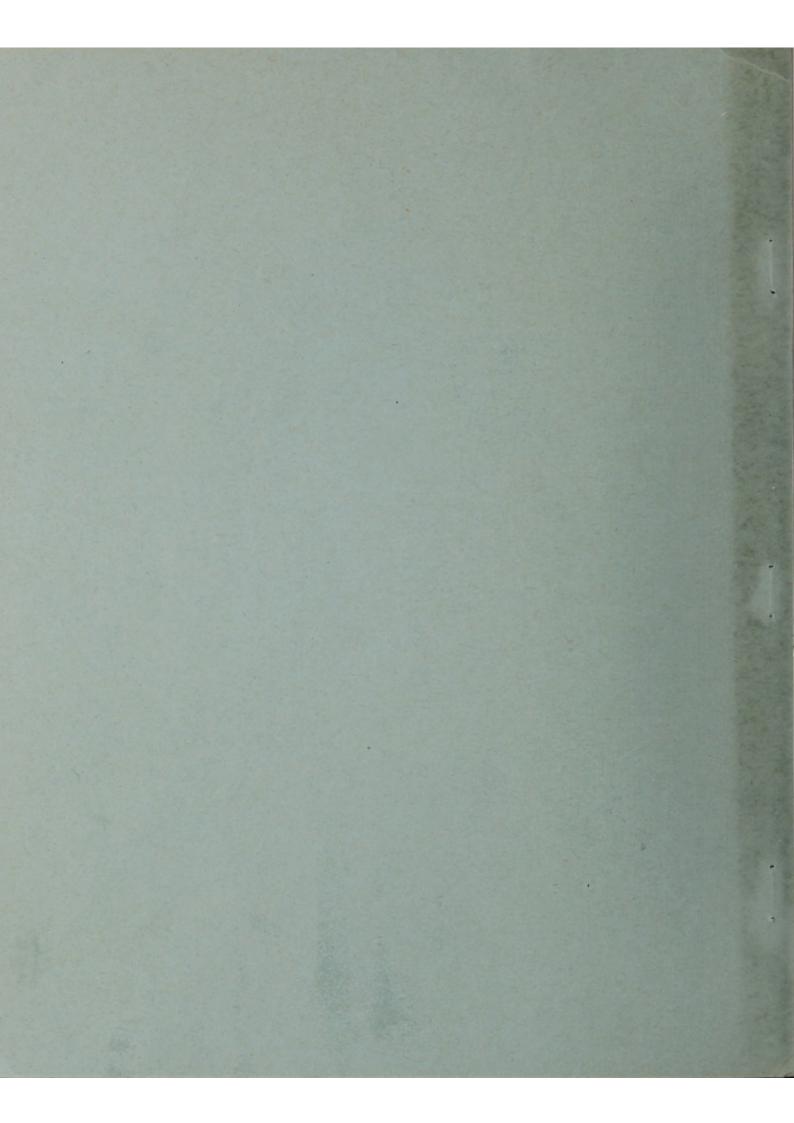
J. E. MORRIS, M.D., Ch.B., B.Sc., D.C.H., D.P.H., D.I.H., M.F.C.M.

Medical Officer of Health

and

TREVOR H. CUTLER, M.A.P.H.I.

Chief Public Health Inspector



#### BOROUGH OF LYTHAM ST. ANNES.

#### HEALTH COMMITTEE.

His Worship The Mayor (Councillor J.SHEPHERD)
Alderman J.M.TAVERNOR, Chairman
Alderman E.CROSSLEY
Alderman J. FAULKNER
Alderman N.S.UTLEY
Councillor MRS.E.FOSTER
Councillor J. GOULDBOURN
Councillor J.F.HEWITSON
Councillor MRS.C.M.HODGSON
Councillor T. JENKINS
Councillor A.R.KNIGHT
Councillor E.PORTER

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF.

Medical Officer of Health:

J.E.MORRIS, B.Sc., M.D., Ch.B., D.C.H., D.P.H., D.I.H., M.F.C.M.

Chief Public Health Inspector:

- +\* TREVOR H.CUTLER, M.A.P.H.I.

  Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector:
  - \* L. ROBINSON, M.A.P.H.I.
    Public Health Inspectors:
  - \* B. SANDERSON, M.A.P.H.I.
  - \* J.L.ROSCOE, M.B.E., M.A.P.H.I., M.R.S.H.
  - +\* N.POLLARD, M.A.P.H.I.

Pupil Public Health Inspectors:
G.S.HELM J.C.WORSLEY.

Clerical Staff:

R.CRAVEN MRS.A.LONG MRS.L.WORSDALE.

- \* Also holds the Royal Society of Health Certificate as a Meat & Foods Inspector.
- + Also holds the Royal Society of Health Certificate as a Smoke Inspector.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you the Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1972.

The prevalence of infectious diseases remained generally low during the year with the exception of measles. In all one hundred and forty four cases of this disease were notified during the year, the great majority of these cases were children under the age of fifteen. It is really an incredible state of affairs that this number of cases of measles should still occur, causing unnecessary suffering and risk to life and health, when a perfectly satisfactory vaccine is now available for the vaccination of young children against this most unpleasant illness.

The principal causes of death were again heart disease, cerebro-vascular accidents and cancer. In the case of the latter disease it is disturbing to record that the number of fatal cases of cancer of the lung has increased from twenty four in 1971 to thirty six in 1972, and I think it is only fair to say that there is little likelihood of our seeing any substantial reduction in the death rate from this particular disease until there is a considerable reduction in the habit of cigarette smoking in the population generally.

My thanks are again due to my colleagues in the Health Department for their loyalty and assistance.

To you, Mr. Chairman and Members of the Health Committee, my appreciation of the encouragement and support afforded to me.

I am,

. . . Ladies and Gentlemen;

Yours faithfully,

B. SARRESSON, M.A.P.H.I.

MRE, L. WOREDALE.

MARH.B.D

. J.E.MORRIS

Talley Holds the Royal questive of Health Ceptificate as a lest b Foods Ingreso tory

\* Also holds the Royal Loctory of Health Capatilate as a sence Inspector.

Medical Officer of Health.

#### NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area (exclusive of Foreshore), 5814 acres ) Total Area
Area of Foreshore, 5891 acres } 11,705 acres.

Population: Census, 1931 25,760

Population: Census, 1951 30,343

Population: Census, 1961 36,222

Population: Census, 1971 40,090

Population: Mid-1972 Registrar General's Estimate 40,940.

# PHYSICAL FEATURES AND CHARACTER OF THE AREA.

The Borough is a seaside resort, situated on the Fylde Coast, and extends from the Estuary of the River Ribble to the Southern boundary of Blackpool, a distance of six and three-quarter miles. The curving coast line faces successively South, South-west and West. The district is very flat and the climate equable. The soil is of a sandy nature near the sea, but inland is chiefly clay.

SOCIAL CONDITIONS, INCLUDING THE CHIEF OCCUPATIONS OF THE INHABITANTS.

The population is more residential than industrial. The industries are in the main light engineering works. In addition Government Departments and the Guardian Assurance Co. are major employers of labour. None of these has any special influence on public health. There is a considerable holiday population during the Summer months.

drift over occur in a see the common occur i

# VITAL STATISTICS.

Home Population (Census, mid - 1972) 40,940.

Live Births:

3 0:11	Total	 . M.	F.
Legitimate Illegitimate	321 28	 172	149
25.0	349	191	158

Birth-rate per 1,000 population: 8.5

Adjusted Birth rate per 1,000 population: 12.2

(Comparability factor, 1.44)

Stillbirths:	Total	M.	F.
Legitimate Illegitimate	5 NIL	NIL	2 NIL
Rate per 1,000 total births :	14.0	as Forepri	ions Consulat
Deaths of infants under 1 year of	age:		
	Total	M.	F. 0 :00
Legitimate Illegitimate	5 NIL	4 NIL	NIL
Deaths of infants under 4 weeks o	f age:	. 15.	
	Total	М.	F.
Legitimate Illegitimate	4 NIL	3 NIL	NIL
Deaths of infants under 1 week of	age:		vizasopus 891
a sundy making near the near	Total	M. M.	fier F. of bu
Legitimate Illegitimate	3 NIL	NIL	1 NIL
2)	(Pi. radaecal):s	soarren Bodz	dariat to red
885,700,88	Total	. M.	F.
Deaths Death-rate per 1,000 population	776	332	19.0
Adjusted death-rate per 1,000 pop (Comparability factor 0.59).	ulation	ere prout 81	11.2
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000	total births:	t engineers	NIL
the There is a considerable	land oliging so s	Total No	of deaths.
Infantile mortality Rate per 1,000 live births	eor eo	LATE	5 14.0
Control of the Contro	1972) 40,940,	Total No	of deaths.
Infantile mortality (neo-natal)	to the state	4.0.111	4 4 4865
Rate per 1,000 live births Infantile mortality (early neo-nat		100	11.0
Rate per 1,000 live births		85.	9.0

SOCTAL

23.0

Admired Birth rate per 1,000 population: 12.2

Perinatal mortality rate per 1,000 total births

TABLE I.

Birth-rate, Death-rate and Analysis of Mortality during the year 1972 (Provisional figures)

0.0	200	1,000 Related Live-births	Neo-Natal Mortality	12.0	0.11
	Ra+o	1,000 Relat Live-	Infant Mortality	17.0	14.0
-		300 and	Maternal Causes (excl. abortion)	0.12	00.00
	1916	per 1,000 (live an	Maternal Causes due to abortion	0.03	00.00
		Rate   total still	Maternal Mortality (total)	0.15	0.0
	ATE	MIL	Офунсь Сацовр	1.78	2.59
	THR	u	Cancer (Lung and Bronchus)	0.65	0.87
	DE.A	per 1,000 Population	Cancer (All forms)	2.43	3.46
	TV	000 Pop	T.B.(All forms)	0.031	0.024
	ANNU	er 1,0	Other T.B.	.020 0.011	00000
1		Rate I	T.B. Respiratory	0.020	0.024
		19.8	All causes	12.1	2.11 21.0
	Rate per	ation	stillbirths	0.17 12.1	
	Rate	Popul	Live births	14.8	12.2
		1	888 2	Wales	NES
				and	ST. AN
		787		England and Wales 14.8	LYTHAM ST. ANNES
- notween	****	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Print Bright Commission Commissio		1

TABLE II

Comparative Table of Births, Deaths, Stillbirths, Maternal and Infant Mortality.

,									
	atal	Rate per 1000 live births	11.0	6.0	9.0	5.0	13.0	11.0	8.8
ality	Neo-natal	No.of deaths regis- tered	4	2	3	2	5	4	1
Infant Mortality	Total	No. of Rate per deaths 1000 regis- live tered births	14.0	23.0	9.0	5.0	18.0	13.0	13.6
In	IC	No. of deaths regis- tered	5	∞	3	2	7	5	2
	ity	Rate per 1000 total births	NIL	, NIL	5.8	NIL	2.57	NIL	1.67
	Mortality	No. of deaths regis- tered	NIL	NIL	2	NIL	1	NIL	88.
1445	TLUIS	Rate per 1000 total births	14.0	17.0	9.0	24.0	23.0	8.0	16.2
C+:1112.4th	OTTTO	No. regis- tered	5	9	3	6	6	2	- W
0	(all causes)	Rate per 1000 popn.	* 19.0	18.9	18.9	18.2	19.2	17.4	18.6
Dootho	(all c	No. regis- tered	276	762	969	692	711	637	Louisia a
intha		Rate . per 1000 popn.	* 8.5	8.5	9.5	6.6	10.2	10.2	9.6
Live Births		No. regis- tered	349	345	341	366	380	372	at 17 da
		LYTHAM ST. ANNES.	o Year 1972	" 1971	" 1970	" 1969	" 1968	1962 "	Average 5 years 1967-71

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted live birth-rate (comparability factor 1.44) = 12,2 per 1,000 \* Adjusted death-rate (comparability factor, 0.59) = 11.2 per 1,000.

## VITAL STATISTICS.

#### TABLE III

Birth and death rates, together with case rates for certain infectious diseases, for England and Wales in the Year 1972.

(Provisional figures based on Registrar General's Weekly and Quarterly Returns)
Estimated home population Mid-1972 - 49,028,900.

BIRTHS: Births Stillbirths	No. 725,405 8,794		per 1,000 population. 14.8 (0.17 (12.0 (a)
DEATHS:	183		Tr.
All causes	591,907		12.1
Tuberculosis (all forms)	1,470		0.030
Respiratory	968		0.020
Other Other	502	1000,	0.011
Cancer (all forms)	118,950	£ .000,	2.43
Lung and bronchus	31,649		0.65
Other cancer	87,301	. 350	1.78
Maternal Mortality (total)	111		0.15 (a)
Maternal causes (excluding abortion) Due to Abortion	86		0.12 (a)
Infant Mortality	25		0.03 (a)
Neo-natal mortality	12,494 8,373		17.0 (b)
Early neo-natal mortality	7,142		12.0 (b)
Perinatal mortality	15,936	- Ju	10.0 (b) 22.0 (a)
Se Brenchten and Esphyrian	10,000	92	22.0 (a)
NOTIFICATIONS (Corrected)		2	
Measles	145,687		2.971
Dysentery	9,034		0.184
Scarlet Fever	11,201		0.228
Whooping cough	2,069		0.042
Infective jaundice	12,233	3	0.250
Tuberculosis	0.60-		
Respiratory Meninges and C.N.S.	8,683		0.177
Other forms	98		0.002
Diptheria	2,277		0.046
Tetanus	20		0.000
Acute meningitis	1,546		0.032
Acute encephalitis	2,7.0	23 1	0.072
Infective	73		0.001
Post infectious	90		0.002
Opthalmia neonatorum	357		0.007
Acute poliomyelitis			Manager at the Control
Paralytic	3	44	0.000
Non-paralytic.	2		0.000

NOTIFICATIONS (Corrected)	continued	No.	Rate per 1,000 home population
	.000.350.94 - 570	Labest notice	timen shoul because
Leptospirosis	1000	24	0.000
Paratyphoid fever	202,207	76	0.002
Typhoid fever	Joe 8	128	0.003
Food poisoning		5,449	0.111
Anthrax		4	0.000
Smallpox		1	0.000
Malaria		363	0.007
	A11 7		

<sup>(</sup>a) per 1,000 total (live and still) births

Set. 8

8,635

( finter) grains and femanage

2.870 son readings

Action polypoprolities

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2003

0 450

580.0

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<sup>(</sup>b) per 1,000 live births.

TABLE IV

Causes of death in the BOROUGH OF LYTHAM ST.ANNES.

CAUSES OF DEATH	м.	1972. F.	Total
Tuberculosis of respiratory system Malignant Neoplasm, Buccal Cavity Etc. Malignant Neoplasm, Osophagus Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach. Malignant Neoplasm, Intestine Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus Malignant Neoplasm, Breast Malignant Neoplasm, Prostate Leukaemia Other Malignant Neoplasms Benign and Unspecified Neoplasms Benign and Unspecified Neoplasms Diabetes Mellitus Anaemias Mental Disorders Multiple Sclerosis Other Diseases of the Nervous System Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease Hypertensive Disease Ischaemic Heart Disease Other Forms of Heart Disease Other Forms of Heart Disease Other Diseases of Circulatory System Influenza Pneumonia Bronchitis and Emphysema Asthma Other Disease of Respiratory System Peptic Ulcer Appendicitis Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia Cirrhosis of Liver Other Diseases of Digestive System Nephritis and Nephrosis Hyperplasia of Prostate Diseases of Musculo-Skeletal System Congenital Anomalies Birth Injury, Difficult Labour etc. Other causes of Perinatal Mortality Symptoms and Ill Defined Conditions Motor Vehicle Accidents All other accidents Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries All Other External Causes.  Total All Causes.	1214821-316141-113280294219-96-113-2121-33651	- 24 7 12 11 6 3 - 4 22 1 1 1 4 - 2 3 6 5 5 5 8 8 2 1 2 8 2 3 2 1 - 2 5 1 - 3 1 - 1 3 2 1 4 2	1 4 5 1 20 36 7 3 3 5 8 2 1 3 4 5 6 3 4 7 2 1 2 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

ANNES DURING 1972. COMPARATIVE TABLE OF CAUSES OF DEATH IN THE BOROUGH OF LYTHAM ST.

Percentage of total	deaths	18.55	16.36	8.11	7.21	3.47	4.38	89.8
	Heart Disease	Malignant Neoplasms (All Sites)	Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases	Other Circulatory Diseases	Bronchitis	Pneumonia	All Other Causes
2222222222222222	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	stes	tee Sy	Jackin	Liver Neph Neph Nepul Nepul Nepul	* * *

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#### STATISTICS OF THE AREA.

#### 1. Population.

The Population of the Borough at the middle of 1972 is estimated by the Registrar General at 40,940, 760 more than in 1971, 15,180 more than in the 1931 census, 10,597 more than the 1951 census, and 4,718 more than the 1961 census.

#### 2. Births.

According to the Registrar General, 349 live births - 191 males and 158 females - occurred in the Borough during the year. This is 7 more than in the previous year, and gives a crude birth-rate of 8.5 per thousand.

# CORRECTED BIRTH-RATE

1972 adjusted birth-rate (comparability factor, 1.44) - 12.2 per thousand.

#### ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS.

There has been a decrease in the number of illegitimate births, 28 - of which 19 were males and 9 females - as compared with 33 in 1971. This represents 8.02 per cent of the total live births, and an illegitimate birth-rate of 0.68 per 1,000 of the population. The corresponding figures for the previous year were 9.64 per cent, and 0.82 per thousand.

#### STILL BIRTHS.

There were 5 still births - 3 males and 2 females - as compared with 4 males and 2 females during the previous year. This represents 1.43 per cent of the total births, and a still-birth rate of 0.12 per 1,000 of the population. The corresponding figures for 1971 were 1.75 per cent and 0.14 per thousand.

#### 3. Deaths.

There has been an increase in the number of deaths during this year, 776 as compared with 762 in 1971. The crude death-rate is 19.0 per thousand; the same as the previous year.

#### CORRECTED DEATH-RATE.

1972 adjusted death rate (comparability factor 0.59) - 11.2 per thousand.

# SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

#### 1. Water Supply.

Water is supplied by the Fylde Water Board; the supply has been satisfactory in quality and ample in quantity. Practically all houses in the Borough receive their supply direct from the mains, but some of the larger houses, hotels, etc., are provided with storage cisterns.

All water is mechanically filtered; lime water is added to prevent action on lead, and the water is afterwards chlorinated.

#### LEGISLATION IN FORCE

List of Adoptive Acts of Parliament

Infectious Disease (Prevention) Act, 1890.

Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890, Parts II, III, IV and V.

Museums and Gymnasium Act, 1891.

Private Street Works Act, 1892.

Public Libraries Acts, 1892 to 1919.

Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907, with certain exceptions and amendments which are fully set out in Section 8 of the Lytham Saint Annes Corporation Act, 1923.

Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907, Section 86, as to dealers in old metal and marine stores.

Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907, Section 85, as to Registries for Servants.

The following parts and sections of the Public Health Act, 1925, viz: Sections 17,18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 30, 31 and 35 comprised in Part II.

Sections 38, 42 and 43, comprised in Part III.

Sections 45, 46, 47 and 50, comprised in Part IV.

Sections 51,52, 53, 54 and 55, comprised in Part V.

On the 16th May, 1927, the Minister of Health declared the Council to be the Local Authority for the purpose of administering the Housing (Rural Workers) Act, 1926, to the exclusion of the County Council.

By "The Borough of Lytham St. Annes (Offensive Trades) Confirmation Order, 1924" the Minister of Health on the 6th December, 1924, confirmed the Order of the Council under Sec. 112 of the Public Health Act, 1875, as amended by Sec. 51 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907, declaring the trades, business or manufactures of a Gut Scraper, a Rag and Bone Dealer, a Bone Crusher or Grinder, and a Fish Frier within the Borough to be offensive trades.

(This Order, so far as it relates to the trade of a Fish Frier, was revoked by Sec. 107 of the Public Health Act, 1936).

The Lancashire County Council, by agreement dated 6th May, 1952, delegated to the Council such of their functions under Part II and Part III of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1947, as are specified in the Third Schedule to the Lancashire County Council Town and Country Delegated Planning Scheme, 1952.

# LANCASHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (GENERAL POWERS) ACT, 1951.

- S.13 Slaughter of Animals other than for human consumption.
- S.14 Registration of Hawkers and their premises.
- The Council, by resolution (No. 791, dated 17th December, 1951) has fixed 1st April, 1952, as the appointed date for the coming into operation of S.13 (Slaughter of Animals other than for human consumption) and S.14 (Registration of Hawkers and their premises) of the Lancashire County Council (General Powers) Act, 1951. (Advertisement in Lytham St. Annes Express and Lytham Times of 8th February 1952).

# LANCASHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (GENERAL POWERS) ACT, 1968

- S.16 Registration of Hawkers of Food and their premises.
- S.17 Local Grants for improvement of dwellings.

#### LOCAL ACTS OF PARLIAMENT

Lytham St. Annes Corporation Act, 1923, Royal Assent 31st July, 1923.

#### LYTHAM ST. ANNES FOOD ORDER, 1946.

- The Minister of Health, by the Lytham St. Annes (Food) Order, 1946, declared Section 14 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, to be in force in the Borough of Lytham St. Annes, with effect from the 21st day of August 1946.
- Section 14 contains provisions relating to the registration of premises used in connection with -
  - (a) the sale or manufacture for the purpose of sale of ice cream or the storage of ice cream intended for sale; and
  - (b) the preparation or manufacture of sausages or potted, pressed, pickled or preserved food intended for sale.

## SLAUGHTERHOUSES (HYGIENE) REGULATIONS, 1958.

The Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food by order has declared Parts II and III of these Regulations to be in force in the Borough of Lytham St. Annes with effect from 1st July, 1962.

# SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS (PREVENTION OF CRUELTY) REGULATIONS, 1958.

The Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food by order has declared Regulation 5 of the Regulations to be in force in the Borough of Lytham St. Annes with effect from 1st July, 1962.

#### BYE-LAWS IN FORCE WITHIN THE BOROUGH.

DATE

15th June, 1880 Pleasure Boats and Vessels, Lytham.

29th April: 1889 The Beach, Lytham.

2nd Oct., 1891 Pleasure Boats and Vessels, St. Annes.

Seashore and Esplanade, St. Annes. 24th Oct., 1903

29th May, 1907 The Beach, Lytham.

15th June, 1907

Seashore, Lytham. Cleansing of Footpaths and Pavements, Removal of 26th March, 1923 Household refuse etc.

26th March, 1923 Public Slaughter-houses.

26th March, 1923 Public Bathing.

26th March, 1923 Horses, Ponies, Mules or Asses.

26th March, 1923 Mortuaries.

4th April, 1923 Nuisances.

9th June, 1926 Bye-laws with respect to the Management of the Park Cemetery (Amended 25th October, 1948).

15th May, 1928 Public Slaughter-houses.

26th Sept., 1932 Parks and Pleasure Grounds.

30th Nov., 1936 Good Rule and Government (Dogs and Bicycles)

19th Dec., 1938 Public Sanitary Conveniences.

Tents, Vans, Sheds etc. 19th Dec., 1938

30th Jan., 1939 Good Rule and Government (Roller Skating).

Queues. 24th April, 1939

25th Sept., 1939 New Streets.

27th Sept., 1948 Regulations with respect to the Management of the Park Cemetery.

25th Oct., 1948 Table of Fees to be taken by Ministers of Religion at Interments in the Park Cemetery.

30th Jan., 1950 Sale of Contraceptives in Slot Machines.

30th Jan., 1950 Handling and Sale of Food.

Hackney Carriages (Amended October, 1962). 25th Sept., 1950

Table of Fees and Payments with respect to the Park 30th July, 1951 Cemetery.

31st Jan., 1955 Underground Rooms (Regulations).

#### DATE

Sonne Dysentege. 30th July, 1956 Good Rule and Government (Deposit of Litter).

30th Sept., 1957 Regulations with respect to the Park Crematorium.

30th Sept., 1957 Table of Fees and Charges with respect to the Park Crematorium (Amended 25th November, 1957).

30th Sept., 1957 Table of Fees to be paid to Ministers for Cremation Services.

Infactive Jaundice.

. ness lecon Januari Feb.

Clean Air Act. 31st March, 1959

Hairdressers and Barbers. lst Jan., 1965

# PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS DISEASE

# (a) Notifiable Diseases:

- 1. Smallpox. No cases were notified during the year.
- 2. Scarlet Fever. No cases were notified during the year.
- 3. Diphtheria. No cases were notified during the year.
- Enteric or Typhoid Fever. No cases were notified during the year.
- Paratyphoid Fever. No cases were notified during the year.
- 6. One hundred and forty four cases were notified as compared with 3 cases in 1971. There were no deaths.
- 7. Acute Pneumonia. No cases were notified during the year.
- 8. Whooping Cough. No cases were notified during the year.
- Puerperal Pyrexia. 9. No cases were notified during the year.
- 10. Meningococcal Infection. No cases were notified during the year.
- 11. Acute Poliomyelitis. No cases were notified during the year.
- Acute Encephalitis (Infective and Post-Infectious). 12. No cases were notified during the year.

- 13. Sonne Dysentery.
  No cases were notified during the year.
- 14. Ophthalmia Neonatorum.
  No cases were notified during the year.
- 15. Erysipelas.
  No cases were notified during the year.
- 16. Malaria.
  No cases were notified during the year.
- 17. Food Poinsoning.
  One case was notified during the year.
- 18. Tuberculosis.

  Five cases were notified during the year the same as in 1971.

  There was one death in the Borough during the year.
- 19. Infective Jaundice.
  No cases were notified during the year.

#### (b) Non-notifiable Diseases:

- 1. Influenza.

  There were three deaths in the Borough during the year.
- 2. Malignant Neoplasms.

  There has been an increase in the number of deaths from cancer, 142 deaths 61 males and 81 females being registered as due to this disease, 29 more than the previous year. The death-rate is 3.46 per 1,000 which is 0.65 above the rate for the previous year.

# TABLE VI.

## Incidence of the Main Infectious Diseases - 1968-1972.

1		1968	1969	1970	1971 1972	7
	Dysentery	63	84	-		1
1	Typhoid Fever		-	_	nghoop) as confin	1
	Poliomyelitis	year	all raise	s bolding	Corper of are toll	1
	Diphtheria	-		200	Toronna -	1
	Scarlet Fever			1	1 -	1
	Tuberculosis (all forms)	4	4	5.	5 5	
+	Measles	39	2	149	3 144	
1	Whooping Cough	year	pring the	0 207,146	High one is the contraction of	1
1	Acute Pneumonia	1	4		- 110	
	Smallpox	- 1	-	h h - 7 1 4 4		1
	Food Poisoning	134	5	. 21	4 1	1
	Infective Jaundice	4	7	5	Acate lacer sals	-
-		. TORY	edd golds	b beither	d exercisions off	1
-						1

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# TABLE VII THEROTIOUS DISEASES

The table below shows the number of infectious diseases; number of deaths from these diseases.

Total	deaths	TI TITITI
to the last	Age un- known	Velfare functional H elt   Service Act, 1946, th
vis 000,	25 and over	Age un- known.
	15-	and over
a ban	10-	1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 9 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TOTAL CASES NOTIFIED AGE PERIODS - YEARS	5-	1
ASES NO	-4-	11 112/1111
TOTAL CASES AGE PERIODS	3-	15-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-
T A	2-	11 117111
ya) no	1-	11 1791111 7 11111111111111111111111111
na Progg	-0	11 1101111 6 11 1111111
Total	at all ages	11 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
NOTITETABLE DISEASES	Ton	Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Acute Poliomyelitis - Paralytic Non-Paralytic Acute pneumonia (Primary and Influenzal) Smallpox Acute encephalitis - Infective Post Infectious Enteric or typhoid fever Erysipelas Food poisoning T.B.Respiratory T.B.Respiratory T.B.Respiratory T.B.Neminges and C.N.S. Infective Jaundice Puerperal Pyrexia Other notifiable diseases

#### MATERNITY AND CHILD HEALTH

Under the National Health Service Act, 1946, the maternity and child welfare functions of the Local Authority were transferred to the Lancashire County Council on the 5th July, 1948.

#### INFANT MORTALITY RATE.

The infant mortality rate for the year was 14.0 per 1,000 live births, as against 23.0 in 1971 and is made up of 4 males and 1 female deaths.

#### NEO-NATAL DEATH RATE.

The neo-natal death-rate which represents the number of deaths of infants under 4 weeks of age is 11.0 per 1,000 live births and is made up of 3 males and 1 female deaths.

#### EARLY NEO-NATAL DEATH RATE.

The early neo-natal rate which represents the number of deaths of infants under 1 week of age, is 9.0 per 1,000 live births and is made up of 2 males and 1 female deaths.

#### SCHOOL HEALTH AND MATERNITY AND CHILD HEALTH CLINICS.

County Council Clinics held in the Borough are as follows:-

ST. ANNES. Back Headroomgate Road, off Clarendon Road North, St. Annes.

Monday a.m. Dental Clinic.

p.m. Screening tests for hearing - schoolchildren (by appointment) (1st in every month).

Tuesday a.m. Minor Ailments Clinic

a.m. Remedial exercises by Physiotherapist by appointment.

a.m. Dental Clinic.

a.m. Vaccination and Immunisation (2nd Tuesday in each month)
(Adults only by appointment)

p.m. Child Health Clinic, and Immunisation.

Wednesday a.m. Dental Clinic

a.m. Cervical Cytology Clinic (Cancer Smear Test) (weekly by appointment).

a.m. Chiropody Clinic for Children (3rd in month).

p.m. Orthopaedic Clinic for children by appointment (1st Wednesday in every month).

p.m. Opthalmic Clinic (Every Wednesday).

Thursday a.m. Speech Therapy.

a.m. Dental Clinic

a.m. Child Health Clinic and Immunisation

a.m. Opthalmic Clinic

p.m. Relaxation and Mothercraft Classes for Expectant Mothers. Every Thursday by appointment.

Friday a.m. Remedial exercises by Physiotherapist by appointment (1st and 3rd in every month.)

a.m. Dental Clinic.

#### LYTHAM. Bath Street Clinic.

Monday a,m. Screening tests for hearing - schoolchildren (by appointment) (3rd Monday in every month).

a.m. Dental Clinic

p.m. Remedial Exercises by Physiotherapist by appointment (2nd and 4th in every month).

Wednesday a.m. Speech Therapy.

a.m. Minor Ailments Clinic.

a.m. Vaccination and Immunisation (4th in Month)

a.m. Chiropody Clinic for Children (3rd in month)

p.m. Child Health Clinic, Vaccination and Immunisation.

ANSDELL. Baptist Church Hall, Ansdell Road North.

Thursday p.m. Child Health Clinic, Vaccination and Immunisation.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my fourteenth annual report on certain aspects of the Public Health Department's duties. The year's work is briefly summarised in the following pages and gives some indication of the variety of duties which the Department carries out.

The annual throughput of animals slaughtered at the Public Abattoir continued to decrease during the year and reached such low levels that the Council were forced to implement their earlier decision to close the Abattoir on the 31st December, 1972. The reason for the decline in throughput would ppear to be the increasing amount of container meat brought in, particularly from Ireland. The future use to which the Abattoir premises and land is to be put will be a matter of decision for the New District Council in 1974.

The year ahead is undoubtedly going to be one of change in Local Government since the whole pattern of Local Authority Re-organisation points to considerable re-thinking in Departmental duties and management methods. One can only hope that the New District Councils will take the best from the old Local Authority arrangements, and implement new procedures with foresight so that in the end, after the upheaval, an improved system of Local Government will emerge.

Whatever the outcome of re-organisation should be, I should like Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, to take this opportunity of placing on record my sincere thanks to the Council and its Health Committee for their unfailing support during the fourteen years I have served them as Chief Public Health Inspector. I should also like to acknowledge with gratitude the ready assistance which I have always received during that time from all my colleagues, both in the Department and any other Departments of the Borough Council.

Yours faithfully,

T.H.CUTLER.

Chief Public Health Inspector.

#### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD PREMISES

#### MILK

In addition to bacteriological and biological sampling carried out by the Lancashire County Council, the following table shows details of the samples taken by the Borough Council's Inspectors.

#### MILK SAMPLES. BIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS

A total of 31 samples of untreated Farm-Bottled milk taken during the year returned the following results:

Brucella		Biological Test					
Ring Test	Culture Test	90.16	Brucella		Tuberculosis		
-ve +ve	-ve +ve	11211	-ve	+ve	-ve	+ve	
30 1	2 NIL	2111	11	NIL	11	NIL	
No result:NIL	No result:29	HE I	No res	ult:20	No res	ult: 20	

Twenty six samples of heat-treated milk were also submitted for examination. These satisfied the Phosphatase and Turbidity Tests, and with the exception of two samples, the Methylene Blue Test.

#### MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION

#### ST. ANNES PUBLIC ABATTOIR

All slaughtering of animals for human consumption was carried out at the Council's Public Abattoir. Some 30% of the carcase meat from this Abattoir was exported into the neighbouring rural areas and home-killed meat brought into the Borough from other Abattoirs, mainly those at Blackpool and Liverpool.

The number of animals slaughtered at the Public Abattoir showed a decrease on the "throughput" for 1971, the figures being 11308 in 1971 and 8493 in 1972.

The complete absence of tuberculosis in all animals slaughtered is indeed a tribute to the work in recent years to control this disease.

The number of entire carcases and offal rejected as unfit for human consumption showed an increase this year, the figure of 27 being 7 more than last year's figure and 1 more than for the year 1970.

Carcases and offal inspected and condemned.

Hr. Chairman, Ladies and Som	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed Number inspected ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS AND CYSTICERCI:	758 758	60	2	5069 5069	2604 2604
Whole carcases condemned Carcases of which some part	3	2	NIL	4	18
or organ was condemned Percentage of the number inspected affected with	575	53	. 1	1133	842
disease other than Tuberculosi and Cysticerci TUBERCULOSIS ONLY:	s   76.25	91.66	50.00	22.43	33.02
Whole carcases condemned Carcases of which some part	Nil-	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
or organ was condemned Percentage of number inspected	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil OF
affected with Tuberculosis CYSTICERCOSIS:	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Carcases submitted to treatment	12	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
by refrigeration Generalised and totally	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
condemned	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

The following table shows the cause of condemnation of entire carcases:

indeed a tribute to

CATTLE: (including Cows)	Extensive and severe bruising
CALVES:	a bewords traited alided and the best secured at Nil
SHEEP:	Generalised Oedema
PIGS:	Multiple abcesses

The Public Abattoir was permanently closed on the 31st December, 1972 and there are now no slaughtering facilities in the Borough.

## TOTAL UNSOUND FOOD SURRENDERED OR CONDEMNED.

TYPE OF FOOD	TONS.	CWTS.	LBS.
Meat at Abattoir & Wholesale Butchers	7	0	3
Meat at Retail Shops	COST PURE S	1	69
canned or Frozen Meats	poo7 10	10	56
Canned or Frozen Fish	adeligevac	3	20
Canned or Frozen Fruit & Vegs	.oie etc.	7	70
Other Foods	unage le	1	1
TOTAL	8	3	107

#### FOOD HYGIENE.

# Number and Type of Food Businesses

TYPE OF BUSINESS	2000	No.	No. complying with Reg.18	No. complying with Reg.21
General Grocers Greengrocers & Fruiterers Fishmongers (including poultry) Meat Shops Bakers and Confectioners Fried Fish Shops Sugar confectionery, minerals and ice Catering establishments Others	:: ::	92 16 14 39 22 15 33 192	92 16 14 39 22 15 33 192	92 16 14 39 22 15 33 192 164

# Inspection of Premises

# The following table shows visits paid to food premises:

	OFFER		
Dairies			21
Fishmongers and Shellfish Handlers		rekber.	23
Fried Fish Shops			11
Hotels Boarding H	••	•••	
noters, boarding houses	• •	• •	58
Ice Cream Premises			74
Restaurants			175
Grocers and other food premises	120		258
Butchers	2.2	••	9.500000
Control			93
Greengrocers and Fruiterers			31
Bakehouses			28
Food Hawkers (vehicles)	and the co	diam	59
Licensed Premises			20
Trouble II childre			TO.

Contraventions of Food Hygiene Regulations, 1970 - remedied during the year:-

Cleanliness and monain of cominment	70
Cleanliness and repair of equipment Protection of food from contamination	. 18
Conitons Commission Concentration	• 10
Sanitary Conveniences - Cleanliness,	
repairs etc	. 13
Provision of Washing Facilities	. 44
Provision of First Aid Materials	. 12
Duarrigian of Clathing A	
Engilities for weaking accommodation	. 9
Facilities for washing food and equipment .	. 6
Lighting of Food Rooms	. 5
Ventilation of Food Rooms	0
Provision of Potuse Ctores	71.
Structural Repair and Cleaning of Food	• T.4
	BELLINE IN
Rooms	. 82
Temperature control of foods	. 2
Food Hawkers - cleanliness, etc	,
041	
Others	. 2

Food Complaints

		1,12		-No.	of of	complaint	ts investigated
Commodity			100	··Hon	e-pro	oduced	Imported food
Milk Meat and Prepared Meats Bread and Confectionery	\$0.5		***	-11	5 4 4	0.3031	aridalas-ania
Fish Other Foods	::		inalies		1		-

Ice-cream Samples
Results of Bacteriological Examinations

Bacteriological Gr	ading	reffer	Mot	biles		1	Premis	es	
		I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Soft Ice-cream Other Ice-cream	2	. 1		-		20	1 3	1	-

The Liquid Egg (Pasteurisation) Regulations, 1963

There are no egg pasteurisation plants within the district.

By the courtesy of the Lancashire County Council, the following particulars of samples taken by the County Sampling Officer under the Food & Drugs Act, 1955 in Lytham St. Annes, during the year 1972 are given. A total of one hundred and seven samples was obtained, consisting of twenty seven samples of milk and eighty others comprising:

	1 Cooked Hake Portions	1	Dried Sage
	Limeade Soft Drink	1	Ground Allspice
	l Ginger Ale		Epsom Salts
-	3 Chocolate	1	Zinc Ointment B.P.
	l Part tin Apple and Prune Strained	11	Boric Acid Ointment
	Baby Food, canned		Glace Pineapple
	l Cockles		Grapefruit, canned
	2 Shrimps		Part tin Milk Rice Pudding
	l Baked Beans		Dandelion & Burdock
	2 Cream Sherry		Part Steakette
2	2 4 11 2 (1)		Part Packet Biscuits
3	3 Double Cream		Plum Pudding
-	L Cream Cakes		Pineapple Sauce
-			Ground Almonds
1	1 1/1 1 7 1 1 1 1 1		Vanilla Flavour
	2 Lard		Food Colour
-	Pilchards, canned	1	Citron
	L Gravy Mix Powder	1	Soft Drink (Bottle)
1			Soft Drink, canned
-	l Part Loaf of Bread		Jam
		1	Coffee
-	Marmalade	1	Mince Meat
	l Icing Sugar		Chicken Fillets in Jelly (Jar)
	L Table Dessert Mix	2	Biscuits
	Apple Flakes	1	British Butter
	Apricots (Glacé)	1	Wine and Whisky Blend
	Malt Vinegar		Mineral Water Bottle
	Nib Almonds	1	Part Loaf of Bread
	L Tea		Whisky
	Cocoa	2	Gin
	Blancmange Powder	1	Rum
		2	Brandy
1	Cider Vinegar	1	Wine Vinegar

The samples were submitted to the County Analyst for analysis and with the exception of those detailed below were reported to be genuine:-

I give below details of those samples on which the County Analyst gave adverse reports:-

Sample.

Result of Analysis

Action Taken

Limeade Soft

Contained a piece of dead fungal mycelium measuring 9/16" x 1/32" supported on decaying vegetable matter of the nature of a leaf weighing in all 10 mgms. There was also a colony of fungus attached to the side of the bottle 3" from the bottom, which in my opinion could not have grown when submerged in liquid.

Prosecution Fined £15 Costs £4.50.

Ginger Ale.

Contained a thin film of dead mould growth Prosecution (blotted weight 35 mgms) which when opened Fined £15 out had a diameter of 12" i.e. the diameter Costs £4.50 of the bottom of the bottle. There was also a dead culture of mould adhering to the side of the bottle and a faint ring of scum adhering to the inside-surface all around the bottle approximately 2" from base.

Portion of Chocolate

Contained approximately 0.19 gm. of disorganised masses of cocoa bean debris -(Parenchyma, vascular tissue stone cells).

Complainant informed. Manufacturer communicated with.

Part Tin of Stained Baby Food, canned.

Contained a matt of mould measuring 18 mm x Public Health Apple and Prune 28 mm x 0.5 cm caused by perforations in the Inspector of can made by a carton opening knife. The outside label had been immersed in hot water to see Manager probably by the complainant and the said mould was dead.

Lytham St. Annes of Boots and complainant.

Baked Beans (opened can) The foreign matter present in the sample consisted of hard compressed piece of charred bean material weighing 16 mgm.

Complainant and manufacturer informed.

Part Loaf of Bread

Contained an unsightly inclusion of brown bread crumb distributed within an area of approximately 3 x  $3\frac{1}{2}$  and weighing approximately 6 gms.

Complainant and bakery informed.

Table Dessert Mix

Designation of the food may not be sufficiently specific to comply with the labelling regulations which will operate from January, 1973. Should either bear an additional name "Table Jelly Compound" or firm may have to show that the present name has been in continuous use over a period of 30 years.

Manufacturer communicated with. Sample

Result of Analysis.

Action Taken

Apricots (Glace)

Contained 395 parts per million of sulphite Remaining stock preservative (expressed as sulphur dioxide) - withdrawn from i.e. 295 parts per million in excess of the sale. maximum quantity of sulphur dioxide permitted in Glace Fruit by Schedule 1 to the Preservatives in Food Regulations, 1962.

Borax B.P.

Borax 106% (B.P.limits 99 - 103%)

Packer informed

Part Tin Milk Rice Pudding.

The peculiar odour of the liquid from the can was due to a strong bacterial flora. The can was damaged by a small horizontal slit 2 mm long and continuing on the outside carton opening of the can as a scratch and cut in the label methods. approximately 12 mm long - probably caused by a carton opening knife. The actual hole through the metal had re-sealed itself with rice pudding material but inoculation of the can contents would have been made after the can was labelled.

Complainant informed. Vendor cautioned re

Dandelion & Burdock.

Contained broken glass comprising 1 piece Prosecution measuring approximately (16.0 x 14.0 x 4.0) Fined £50 mms and weighing 1.39 gms together with 30 mgm Costs £23. weight of small fragments including 1 piece measuring (6.0 x 3.0 x 0.7) mms, 18 pieces of over 1 mm (maximum dimension) and at least 50 particles of coarse powder. The total weight of broken glass was thus 1.42 gms.

Part Steakette Contained a fragment of galvanised iron wire Complainant approximately 1/16" long and 1/32" diameter. informed. Supplier cautioned.

Biscuits Part Packet.

The 5 black pellets submitted with the Complainant biscuits were fresh rodent droppings weighing interviewed. in all 23 mgms. The animal had induced a substantial amount of oat in its diet but no oat starch was present in the biscuits. The wrapper showed no sign of rodent damage.

Wine Vinegar

Contained 0.3 ccs of yeast sediment. Packers informed.

Part Loaf of Bread.

The sliver of glass submitted with the sample Complainant and was a piece of heat resistent glass (such as bakery manager Pyrex) having a density of 2.274 and a shape informed. suggestive of the inside corner of a rectangular dish such as a butter-dish (no other fragments of glass were found). The sliver weighed 0.429 gm.

# HOUSING.

The following tables show the work carried out during the year under this heading.

Numbe	r of new houses erected during th	ne year:-	Houses	Flats
	y the local authority By other local authorities	and there a	NIL	NIL NIL
	By other bodies or persons		330	112
1. Inspe	ctions of dwelling-houses during	the year:		
(1) (a)	Total No. of dwelling-houses insor informally for housing defect			ce Pydding,
	Health or Housing Act)	m. · ano · · ·		221
(b)	No. of inspections, formal or in for the purpose	nformal, ma		1150
(c)	No. of dwelling-houses in (a)abo be not in all respects reasonabl human habitation but capable of fit	ly fit for		57
whic	l No. of dwelling-houses existing h were unfitfor human habitation easonable expense of being render	and not ca		1
2. Houses	Demolished:	Number	Displace ye	d during ar
			Persons	Families
In Cle	arance Area:			
	uses unfit for human habitation uses included by reason of bad	NIL	NIL	NIL
	rangements etc	NIL	NIL	NIL

	Number	year		
		Persons	Families	
In Clearance Area:				
(1) Houses unfit for human habitation (2) Houses included by reason of bad	NIL	NIL	NIL	
arrangements etc (3) Houses on land acquired under	NIL	NIL	NIL	
Section 43 (2) Housing Act, 1957	NIL	NIL	NIL	
Not in Clearance Areas:		The S late		
(4) As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17 (1)				
Housing Act, 1957	NIL	NIL	NIL	
(5) Local Authority owned houses certificated unfit by the Medical	hewaris-no			
Officer of Health	NIL	NIL	NIL	
(6) Houses unfit for human habitation where action has been taken under				
local Acts	NIL	NIL	NIL	
(7) Unfit houses included in Unfitness				
Orders	NIL	NIL	NIL.	

7	T ALLS	sandar - 1	Displaced d	uring year
3.	Unfit houses closed.	Number	Persons	Families
	(1) Under Sections 16 (4), 17 (1) and			
	35 (1) Housing Act 3050	NTT	NETT	
	(2) Under Sections 17 (3) and 26	NIL	NIL	NIL
	'Harra's A I Born	NTT		
	(3) Parts of buildings closed under	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Section 18 Housing Ast 2005	1000		
	Section 18 Housing Act, 1957	NIL	NIL	NIL
4.	Unfit Houses and Bit 1 1			
7.	Unfit Houses made Fit and Houses in whi	ch Defects	were Remed	ied:
	1	By Owner		
	(1) After informal action by local	Dy Owner	by Loca.	1 Authority
	authority	E0.	and beed bed	0 (5)
	(2) After formal notice -	59.	N.	IL
	(a) Under Public Health Acts	4	med villen	R (n)
	(b) Under Sections 9 and 16,	4	N.	IL
	Housing Ast 3050	orders by dwe	a Thensialby	A (1)
	(3) Under Section 24, Housing Act 1957	1		IL .
	(4) Under Section 27, Housing Act 1961	NIL.	N)	
	the officer section 27, housing Act 1961	NIL	N)	IL
5.	Unfit Houses in Mannau H (11			
,.	Unfit Houses in Temporary Use (Housing	Act, 1957):	and memoria	8. Reukins
				10 (0)
200	TELLISMO IO MARIE CON CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS	No. of	No. of se	parate
	BERRY THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Houses		contained
	beisella	(1)	in Column	(1)
	The same was the s		(2)	
	Position at end of year:			
	(1) Retained for temporary accommodation	An Daylorda		
	(a) Under Section 48	NIL	NITT	
	(b) Under Section 17 (2)	NIL	NIL	
	(c) Under Section 46	NIL	NIL	
	(2) Licensed for temporary occupation -	MIT	NIL	
	under Sections 34 or 53	NITT	1 201 101	
		NIL	NIL	
6.	Purchase of Houses by Agreement:			
			comes agant	
		No. of		cupants of
	did to the same to be	Houses		in Col.(1)
	Houses in Clearance Areas other than	(1)	()	2)
	those included in series other than			
	those included in confirmed Clearance			
	Areas compulsory Purchase Orders,			
	Purchased during the year	NIL	N:	IL

# 7. Housing Act, 1969 - Improvement Grants etc:

	THE ST CLEAR SOLD OF SECONDARY	Private bodies or individuals No. of dwellin houses or othe buildings affected.	g No. of dwelling
	Action during year:-	Car filly allegate	
ine	<ul> <li>(a) Submitted by private individual to local authority</li> <li>(b) Approved by local authority</li> <li>(c) Submitted by local authority to Ministry</li> <li>(d) Finally approved by Ministry</li> <li>(e) Work completed</li> <li>(f) Additional separate dwellings included in (e) above</li> <li>(g) Any other action taken under the Acts</li> </ul>	1s 39 12 NIL NIL 5 NIL	1 1 NIL NIL
	Housing Acts, 1961, 1964 and 1969 -	0	No. of dwellings or other buildings
F	Action during year		

	Ton dat tilb Jeat		
(a)	Applications submitted to Local Authority		17
121	A-7:	 	17
(0)	Applications approved by Local Authority	 	15
(c)	Work completed	200	
,	"OLIC COMPLECTOR		76

9. Rent Act, 1957. Certificates of Disrepair:

8.

The following table shows the work carried out under this Act

Applications for Certificates of Disrepair			2000	NIL
Undertakings given by Landlords				NIL
Certificates issued			0	NIL
Vicita to manifest	••			NIL
Certificates outstanding at end of year	••	• •		NIL
of third des outstanding at end of year				7

10. Housing Act, 1969. Qualification Certificates.

Up to the end of the year a total of 120 applications had been received for the issue of Qualification Certificates. All the properties were inspected and 144 visits were made by the Inspectors during the year for the purpose.

#### 11. Houses in Multiple Occupation.

Moine Investigations:

A survey of this class of property showed that whilst many were well maintained, there were others where the lack of facilities and disrepair called for attention. Owners were required to improve the standard of these houses and the following table indicates the works carried out during the year:

SANITARY AMPINISTRATION

# Summary of Works, done.

W.C.'s provided or repaired	. 1			69	90.00		5
Washbasins provided			THE .			73080	17
Sinks provided							3
Baths provided							1
Hot water supply provided				BOLLIN			11
Artificial lighting improved		888				TOVER	8
Windows repaired							5
Ventilation improved							35
Heating improved							5
		**					3
Ventilated foodstore provided							14
Cleaning and decoration of pas	ssage	S					1
Overcrowding							1

There were five requests for dislocation out seem

#### SANITARY ADMINISTRATION

Public Health Acts, 1936-1961.

#### Summary of visits and inspections

Drainage inspections and tests  Keeping of animals  Infectious diseases and Food Poisoning Investigations  Moveable Dwellings  Nuisances (including re-visits)  Piggeries and Stables  Public Conveniences  Smoke observations and Survey  Swimming Pools  Miscellaneous  Offensive accumulations  Dirty and/or Infested premises  Ditches and Streams  Water supply  Summary of Defects remedied		698 20 138 18 471 6 97 1200 137 854 203 267 14 29
Walled and the state of the sta		17
Walls and wallplaster		25
Floors and Ceilings repaired		6
Roofs, Chimney stacks repaired		.5
Eaves, gutters and downspouts repaired		6
Dampness abated		32
Sinks and Watepipes		3
W.C.'s repaired		7
Drains Cleansed	• •	16
Drains Repaired	• •	.7
Dustbins provided	••	45
Offensive accumulations removed	••	22
Ventilation improved	••	3 6
Others		
Informal Notices served		170
Abatement Notices served	••	5

#### Disinfection and Disinfestation

There were five requests for disinfection of houses during the year. Seven houses were found to need treatment for infestations.

#### Closet Accommodation.

There are, in the Borough, approximately 18,930 fresh water closets. In addition there were in use at the end of the year 5 pail closets, all belonging to premises where no sewer is available. All the pail closets which serve houses in the rural fringe are emptied regularly by the Corporation.

#### Noise Investigations.

Complaints relating to noise increase every year. In addition to complaints relating to domestic and traffic noise, sixteen major noise complaints relating to industrial or commercial noise were investigated. A total of 308 visits and observations were made by the Inspectors during the year. All but three of the complaints were brought to a satisfactory conclusion by informal action. The outstanding complaints were still under active investigation at the year end.

#### Public Conveniences.

There are twenty-six Public Conveniences under the control of the Health Department.

Free washing facilities are provided at the majority of the conveniences. In some of the older ones it is impossible to provide such facilities without major reconstruction. In all, ten conveniences are without any form of washing facilities.

#### Moveable Dwellings.

The following table shows the licences issued and caravans stationed on sites at the year end:-

Number o	f residential site licences in force at the year end f residential site licences issued or re-issued in 1972	2
Number o	f caravans on licensed residential sites	2
Number o	f holiday site licences in force at year end	1
Number o	f holiday site licences issued in 1972	NTP
Number o	f caravans permitted on licensed holiday sites	250

#### Rodent Control.

The work of rodent control continued throughout the year, the services of one part-time operator being used. Two hundred and sixty-two infestations were dealt with. In addition to the visits of the rodent operator, the inspectors made one hundred and fifty-two visits of an advisory nature during the year.

the year.	TYPE OF P	ROPERTY
Water State Control of the Control o	Non- Agricultural	Agricultural
<ul> <li>(a) No. of properties in the district</li> <li>(b) Total number of properties inspected following notification</li> <li>(c) No. of (b) infested by - rats</li> <li>- mice</li> <li>(d) Total number of properties inspected for rats &amp; for mice for reasons other than notification</li> <li>(e) No. of (d) infested by - rats</li> <li>- mice</li> </ul>	20783 249 41 167 152 6 37	19 12 4 3 3 2 2

Swimming Baths and Paddling Pools.

There are two municipally owned swimming baths in the Borough. The details are as follows:

# St. Annes Open Air Baths:

Capacity - 800,000 gallons.

Source of filling water - Ses Water.

Treatment - filtration and chlorination.

Rate of change - 5½ hourly.

#### Lytham Baths:

Capacity - 90,000 gallons.

Source of filling water - Sea Water.

Treatment - filtration and chlorination.

Rate of change - 3½ hourly.

Daily checks are taken at each pool and in addition samples of water from both baths are submitted for bacteriological examination. During the year 60 samples were taken of which 44 were satisfactory.

Seventy two samples were taken from swimming baths which are privately controlled. Unsatisfactory results were reported to the operators and satisfactory results were obtained on re-sampling.

Three samples of water from Council maintained Paddling Pools were submitted for examination. An arbitrary standard of less than 100 coliform bacilli per millilitre was adopted as showing a satisfactory water for paddling purposes. On this standard all the samples were unsatisfactory.

#### Clean Air.

Except for those householders who voluntarily contributed to improving the atmospheric pollution picture by converting their heating arrangements to smokeless combustion, albeit inadvertently, by installing central heating in one of its many forms, little progress was made during the year towards the establishment of a Clean Air Zone in the Borough. A preliminary survey was, however, initiated for this purpose and was still in progress at the year end. One complaint relating to industrial smoke was made during the year and was brought to a satisfactory conclusion.

Pet Animals Act, 1951.

Six premises are licensed for the sale of pet animals. Ten visits were made to these premises during the year.

Animal Boarding Establishments Act, 1963.

Two premises registered under this enactment were found to satisfy licence conditions and relicensed. Eight visits were made by Inspectors.

#### Diseases of Animals.

With delegated authority from the Lancashire County Council, the provisions of the Diseases of Animals (Waste Foods) Order, 1957, is enforced by the Council. The order requires the inspection and licensing of plant for boiling of waste food.

The following table shows the action under this Order:-

Number of	plants licensed at 1st April, 1972	- 2
Number of	plants licensed during the yeat	NIL
Number of	licenses cancelled during year	NÌL
Number of	inspections of plant during the year	4
Number of	prosecutions for offences	NIL

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.

One public health inspector is employed, part-time, upon the enforcement of the Act. He commenced his duties in August, 1964.

At the year end 582 premises had been registered and all have received a general inspection. A total of 275 visits had been made for the purposes of the Act.

Standards were found to be generally good, but 307 contraventions were brought to the notice of the occupiers for their attention. These included 42 defects of floors, passages and stairs, 18 relating to First Aid provisions, 20 relating to temperature control, 19 relating to sanitary conveniences, 14 relating to the lack of washing facilities, 18 relating to fencing exposed parts of machinery and 90 relating to lighting.

#### REMEDIES .

Sect.	The second secon	No. Found.	No. Remed- ied.	Sect.	Contravention .	No. Found.	No. Remed- ied.
4 5 6	Cleanliness Overcrowding Temperature	·21 1 20	12 1 5	16	Floor, passages and stairs Fencing exposed	42	21
7 8 9	Ventilation Lighting Sanitary Accomm- odation.	3 90	24	18	parts machinery Protection of young persons	18	10
10	Washing Facilities Supply of drinking water	14	7 5	19	from dangerous machinery Training of young persons working	-	-
12	Clothing Accomm- odation	3	1		at dangerous machinery	_	_
13 14	Sitting Facilities Seats (Sedentary Workers)	-	-	23	Prohibition of heavy work First Aid(General	-	-
15	Eating Facilities	-	-	27	Provisions) Hoists & Lifts Other Matters	18 6 52	14 5 21
			-9		TOTAL	307	127

The following tables show details of premises registered and inspected,

		Total 19818 total and Inspected,			
Class of Premises	No. registered during the year	Total No. of registered premises at the year end.	No. of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year.		
Offices Shops Wholesale Shops Catering Establish-	7 15 1	166 362 1	11 23 1		
ments Fuel Storage Depots	2 20000	52 1	7		
Totals	25	582	42		

Offices, Shops & Railway Premises Act, 1963.

#### Accidents.

Under the above enactment, accidents in offices and shops became "notifiable" to the Local Authority.

Six such accidents were notified during 1972, all of which were investigated. A summary of this is shown below.

The summary shows that one male and five females were involved in accidents, one of which occurred in shop premises, four in offices, and one in a catering establishment.

There were no serious accidents reported.

Summary of Accidents, 1972.

Sex.	Premises	Cause of Accident	Injury Sustained.
F.	Office	Trapped between mobile filing cabinets	Bruised bottom of spine.
F.ai	Office	Slipped on stone steps	Badly bruised and sprained foot.
F	Office	Trapped between lift doors when loading trolley on to lift.	Cut left hand.
F.	Office.	Tripped over heel of another person when leaving filing bay	(i) Broken bone upper left leg. (ii) Dislocated left hip.
М	Shop	Cut whilst using a band saw to cut meat	Part of thumb cut off.
F.	Catering Establish- ment.	Tripped over end of roll of carpet.	Fractured left leg.

Factories Act, 1937 - 1961 - Part 1 of the Act.

# 1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health.

Premises	Number on Register.	Inspections	Number of Written Notices	Occupiers prosecuted
(i)Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4,& 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	the the year	and boylour bak bistopless Tight theyons	And some that the track that the track to th	nio Cracved autol 35 31 im con gularios loca-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	. 249	. 92	6	CEP Subte - 184
(iii)Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	18	Total and the same of the same	capality of the state of the st	s eletite Pedro
Total	267	97	6	el (im gal-a) longe

# 2. Cases in which Defects were found

	Number defec	r of cases ts were fo	Number of			
Particulars		agada	Referre	ed	cases in which	
Tarticulars	Found	Remedied	To H.M. Inspector.	By H.M. Inspector.	prosecutions were instituted	
Catoring ak, 1824 km.	1 20	Litt gaiv	ton, whom hos		100   3	
Want of cleanliness (S.1) Sanitary Conveniences:	. 3	3	- 3	yad _		
(a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or	3	3	deserte	Gut	The Brop	
defective (c) Not separate for	4	3	oda Tayo Da	nco	odeS - 1	
Other offences against	-	-	inds -		ton	
the Act	3	3	1961 - Part	192 -	Factories A	
					Program of	
Total	13	12	no reduction	-	realment	

Shops Act, 1950.

Several complaints were received during the year relating to trading out of hours. Each was investigated and where the complaint was substantiated a warning was sufficient to prevent any further contravention of the Act.

#### PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Refuse Collection.

At the year end the vehicle fleet engaged in refuse collection was two 18/25 oubic yard capacity "Paxit" vehicles, four 35 cubic yard capacity and one 20 cubic yard capacity "Pakamatic" vehicles, one 18/56 cubic yard capacity "Norba" vehicle and one 12/16 cubic yard capacity moving floor vehicle engaged in cardboard collection from commercial premises.

The following table shows statistical details of the fleet operation:

	200016-	or one races operation:			
D 2 (1	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73
Fuel (in galls) Mileage	7,755	8,074 70,379	8,716 72,375	9,517 68,997	9,190
M.P.G. Weight of refuse	9.13	8.72	8.30	7.24	65,698 7.14
Weight per thousand RP	14,866	14,806	14,258	14,193	14,306
per day (in cwts.)	22.4	22.4	22.1	19.3	19.2

The now well established trend of decreasing weight and increasing volume of refuse is well illustrated in these statistics, despite the increasing number of dwellings built in the Borough, particularly in the Lytham Hall Park development.

As in previous years a minimum weekly service has been maintained to all premises in the Borough. Many hotels and shops have been provided with a rate-borne twice weekly collection service. More frequent collection from all types of premises are provided upon payment of the Council's fees and this service is increasingly used. Trade refuse is collected by agreement after the payment of the annual charge. A separate cardboard salvage collection service was maintained throughout the year to commercial premises where the quantities of board to be salvaged each week warranted that separate free collection.

A "Special" collection service continued to operate for the removal of refuse not catered for in the weekly routine service collection. A modest charge is made for this service which is now so popular that one vehicle must be set aside virtually the full week to carry out the demands made upon this service. There can be no doubt that the ability of the ratepayers of the Borough to obtain a quick removal of unwanted bulky furniture, garden refuse and similar material reduces considerably the amount of indiscriminate tipping which would otherwise take place on unused plots of land.

The second year of the work study based productivity bonus scheme proved successful in that there were substantial savings in wages to the Corporation and the men enjoyed the benefit of improved pay as a result of the scheme. Increased sickness in the work force continues to cause concern, but whether or not the increased sickness is directly attributable to the bonus scheme is difficult to define since an examination of the statistics relating to the sickness does not reveal any particular pattern. The bonus scheme, performance, and round make up are reviewed annually and adjustments made according to the work load falling on each crew.

It is worth recording that the cost per ton of refuse collection and disposal was held at the same level as last year although the actual net cost of the service increased due to the increased bulk of refuse collected and the additional properties to be serviced.

The Inspectors made a total of 871 visits to premises in connection with refuse collection matters.

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The following tables show the cost of refuse collection and disposal for the past three years.

Gross Expenditure.			
Refuse Collection Refuse Disposal Totals	1970/71 62,692 40,030 102,722	1971/72 67,447 40,520 107,967	1972/73 72,853 40,430 113,283
Income  Refuse Collection Refuse Disposal Totals	2,665 6,239 8,904	2,856 5,667 8,523	2,347 5,360 7,707
Net Expenditure			
Refuse Collection Refuse Disposal	59,927 33,791 93,718	64,591 34,853 99,444	70,506 34,070 104,570
Net Cost per 1,000 population		men slowup a gire	die of daugh
Refuse Collection Refuse Disposal	1,620 914 2,534	1,615 871 2,486	1,719 831 2,550
Net Cost per Ton	a bevolgal to 11	Sened on Bouch	ne des eds 8
Refuse Collection Refuse Disposal	£4.20 £2.31 £6.51	£4.83 £2.48 £7.31	£4.93 £2.38 £7.31
The total		arms draw are the	THE BOAT IS

The total net cost of refuse collection increased by 10p per ton this year.

Refuse Disposal.

The Refuse Handling Plant operated very satisfactorily during the year under review. Thus the amount of refuse deposited at Saltcotes Road Tipping Site was kept to a minimum.

The Car Disposal Unit continued to be extensively used, a total of 103 cars being handled during the year and a total of 459 cars dealt with since the Unit opened in 1968.

Difficulties were experienced during the year in the use to which the public put the Out of Hours Compound provided at the front of Saltcotes Road Controlled Tipping Site for the deposit of rubbish at such times when the Tip was closed. Despite the fact that the Compound was doubled in area during

1971, refuse continued to overflow on to the approach road to the Tip. This is entirely due to the strange reluctance of some members of the public to use the back of the Compound with the net result that the front area of the Compound quickly becomes full and late comers are obliged to tip on the road section. In view of this situation the Council decided to man the tip each weekend in order that the environment of the tip approach should not be damaged.

The Inspectors made 220 visits in connection with the Civic Amenities Act, 1967

The net cost of refuse disposal decreased during the year under review by 10p per ton.

#### Salvage.

The following table shows the income from salvaged material as compared with the previous year:

	1971/72	1972/73
Baled Waste Paper Baled Destructor Scrap Metal and Rags Miscellaneous	£3,166 £889 £457 £72	£2,906 £1,174 £46 £74
TOTALS	£4,584	£4,200

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