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Contributors

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THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

OF LOTHINGLAND.

ANNUAL REPORT

on the

HEALTH

of the

RURAL DISTRICT OF LOTHINGLAND

for the

year.

1950.



by: ARTHUR C. GEE, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.



Mr. Chairman, My Lord, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report for the year

During the greater part of the year under review, Dr. G. McN. Cubic was your Medical Officer. I took over from him in September as Acting Medical Officer.

The only infectious diseases of any significance occuring during the year were measles and whooping cough. The incidence of the former was almost exactly the same as the year before, whilst the number of tases of whooping cough showed a good fall. Jaundice still shows quite a high incidence, being slightly more prevalent than the year before. No cases of infantile paralysis were recorded.

I must acknowledge my indobtedness to the Clerk of the Council, the Sanitary Inspector and all the other officials of the Council for their willing assistance at all times.

Goneral Statistics.

AroaRogistrar-Gonoral's	estimate of	population	(mid'1950)	44,653 acres. 14,400.
Number of Inhabited Rateable Value	houses	::: :::		£6 1 ,873:

Vital Statistics.

Births		Malo	Fomelo	Total
	TOTAL Live Births (Illogitimate)	107	103	210. (9)

Birth Rate per 1,000 resident population = 14:9 (England and Wales = 15.8)

Stillbirths

	Malo	Female	Total
Logitimate	5	3	5
Illogitimate	-	-	-

Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births = 23.2.

Maternal Mortality - Nil.

Infantile Mortality (Deaths of infants under one year)

	Malo	Famalo	Total
Legitimate Illegitimate	4	1 1	5
	5	2	7

Infantile Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births) = 33:3. (England and Wales = 29.8)

<u>Deaths</u>				100	<u>alo</u>	Fanalo 79	Tot	<u>al</u> 65.
Death Rate per				opula	tion =	11:4		
Causes of Death		anu a	nd Wale		alo	11.6) Fqualo	Tot	al
Tuberculosis, respiratory Cancer Diabetes Heart Diseases Vascular lesions of nervous system Pneumonia & Bronchitis Other causes			1	1	2 13 1 26 12 6 19	3 24 4 59 19 13 43		
				8	5	79	165	To take
<u>(</u>	Compar	ativo	Table	for t	ho Post	Five yea	ars.	Transfer of
			1946		1947	1948	1949	1950
Population Births Birth Rate per Deaths Death Rate per Infant Deaths Infantile Morte	1,000		14,08 25 18, 17 12, 139.	51650	4,330 282 19.7 184 12,8 17.7	14,390 263 17.3 167 11.6 26.6	14,550 258 18, 187 12,8 23.0	7
			1013	Eng1	and & Wa 1950	los	Lo 1	ndon 950
Birth Rate per Death Rate per Infantile Morta	1,000 1,000	Rate		Letin.	15.8 11.6 29.8		1 1 2	7:8 1:8 6:3
Infectious Disc The follow Infectious Disc		able notif	shows t	he di	stributi no year:	on of th	ne vari	ous
Parish	Puorporal Pyroxia	Pncumonia	Scenict	Dysontory	Whooping	Jeundico	Monslos	Erysipolas
Barnby Benacre Blundeston Burgh Castle Carlton Corton Easton Bavents				000	8	42	4 14 50 1	1
C/forward	-	-	-	-	9	6	17	ł

Parish	Puorporal	Pnoumonia	Scarlot	Dysontory	Whgoping Cough	Jaundico	Moasles	Erysipolas
B/forward Flixton Fritton Fritton Frostenden Gisleham Henham Henstead Herringfleet Hopton Kessingland Lound Mutford Oulton Reydon Rushmere Somerleyton South Cove Wangford Wrentham	2	1 3	- 2 1 1 4	1	9 1 1 1 3 3 3	6 1 3 19	17 3227 2611 6013248	-1
	2	5	14	1	32	31	137	2

The responsibility for arranging for the hospital treatment of any infectious disease cases, which cannot be treated at home, rests with the East Anglian Regional Hospital Board.

Diphtheria Immunisation

The County Medical Officer has kindly supplied the following information:-

Pre-school Population (0 - 4) 1336
School Population 2297
Number of pre-school children immunisod 749
Total number of children immunisod 2531 (69.7%)
"Booster" treatment 1950

Tuberculosis

Number of cases on	Pul. Mal	os Non-pul.	Pul Fo	Non-pul.	<u>Total</u>
Register at beginning of year Number of cases added	23	13	10	11	57
to Register during year Number removed from	8	3	4	1	16
Register during year	2	-	2		4
Number of cases on Register at end of year	29	16	12	12	69

Infant Welfare Centres

	Carlton Colvillo	Kessingland	Wrontham	Somerley- ton & District.
No. of sessions	24	23	25	51
No. of children attending during year	e 46	73	51	194
No. of children who first attended during year:- (a)Under one year (b) 1 - 5 years	92	13	6	48 32
Total attendances:- (a) Under one year (b) 1 - 5 years	144 150	187 190	161 235	319 903

Water Supply

Analysis has shown the water from the three piped supplies to be of good quality.

National Assistance Act, 1948.

One person in need of care and attention was removed to suitable premises during the year.

Food & Drugs Act, 1938. Milk & Dairies Regulations, 1949.

Under this Act and the Regulations which came into operation on 1st October, 1949, the sale of milk was prohibited in four cases, two due to tuberculosis and two due to Brucella Abortus.

Food Poisoning.

No cases were notified.

I am,

My Lord, Ladios & Gontlamen
Your obedient Servant,

ARTHUR C GEE Medical Officer of Health.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SANITARY INSPECTOR FOR THE YEAR 1950.

Mr. Chairman, My Lord, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting a report upon the work of my department for the year 1950.

Housing.

- 63 Houses were inspected for defects and overcrowding and 20 informal notices were served, 16 being complied with.
 - 4 Statutory notices were issued, 3 of these were complied with.
 - 9 Houses were erected by private enterprise.

Control of Building Licences - Regulation 56A.

Type of Licence.	Number	Value.
Housing Repairs	50	£13,854.
Building of Houses by private enterprise	. 4	£6,035.

Building Byelaws and Town Planning.

Plans were submitted and approved as follows:-

Permanent Houses		19	
Temporary Dwellings		2	
Garages	***	10	
Stores - Workshops		7	
Agricultural building	s	20	
Additions & alteratio	ns to		
Houses		23	
Additions to Holiday	Camps	5	
Rebuilding of war-dam	nagod .	_	
Houses	***	3	
Miscellaneous		10	Total 99

Food and Drugs Act 1938, Section 14.

At the end of the year there were 24 premises registered for the sale of Ice-cream and 2 premises registered for both its manufacture and sale.

Bakehouses & Food Shops.

All of these were inspected during the year and with very few exceptions they were kept in a clean condition. A few shops were cleaned or repaired after verbal instructions.

Meat Inspection

Slaughtering was carried on at the Benacre Slaughter-house throughout the year and 5,234 carcases (the total number of animals killed) were inspected, of which 40 were totally unfit for human consumption.

	- 6 -					
Cat	ttle	Calves	Sheep	Pigs		
Number killed and inspected	1274	1184	2467	309		
All Diseases except Tubercu	losis					
Whole carcases condemned	3	Nil	25	Nil.		
Carcases of which some part or organ condemned	583 [#]	5	50	12		
Percentage of number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis	46.00	0.42	3.04	3.88		

M Note: These figures may seem excessive, but in the vast majority of these cases the liver or part of the liver only was condemned because of parasitic infestation (flukes).

Tuberculosis Only

Whole careeses condemned	11	Nil	Nil	1
Carcases of which some part of organ condemned	198	2	Nil	33
Percentage of number inspected affected with tuberculosis	_16.41	0.17	-	11.00

The total amount of meat certified as unfit for human consumption was 23,465 lb. of which 13,278 lb. was tuberculous that is to say 56.59 per cent.

Factories and Workshops.

33 Inspections were made and 2 notices served both of which were complied with.

Modent Control.

The part-time officer had a busy year dealing with complaints of infestations and making routine inspections. The Council's sewerage works and sewers were inspected and treated where necessary.

Water Supply

Samples were taken from shallow wells upon complaint and where the water was under suspicion. The samples were examined at the Public Health Laboratory at Norwich and the bacteriological results were reported as follows:-

Satisfactory samples - 3 Unsatisfactory samples - 12.

14 Wells were repaired or decpened as a result of informal action by the sanitary inspectors.

The Council's supply for the parish of Kessingland was severely tested during the holiday season when daily consumption was almost doubled at times and restrictions had to be imposed. There was not a day during the year when the supply failed, however, and the Public Analyst's quarterly reports upon samples examined were very satisfactory.

Collection of House Refuse.

A change-over from contractor to direct labour was made and a system of collection for the whole of the district inaugurated with very good results. The refuse was deposited at a controlled

tip in the Parish of Carlton by arrangement with the Borough of Lowestoft.

Sewage Disposal

No additions or alterations were made to the Council's sewers or sewerage works.

A second cesspool emptier was purchased and brought into service. The number of cesspools increased and the two tankers were fully employed in dealing with Council and private properties.

One cesspool emptier is fitted with an attachment for removing night-soil and is employed for this service in the parish of Kessingland.

I am, Mr. Chairman, My Lord, Ladies and Gentlemen, Your obedient Servant.

A. O. ADCOCK

Sanitary Inspector.