### [Report 1938] / Medical Officer of Health, Longbenton U.D.C.

### **Contributors**

Longbenton (England). Urban District Council.

### **Publication/Creation**

1938

### **Persistent URL**

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/knhr5afy

### License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.

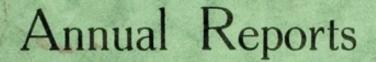




# LONGBENTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

County of Northumberland.





FOR THE YEAR

1938

OF

# WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM.

M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.,

Medical Officer of Health.

AND

# WILLIAM N. LOCKEY,

M. R. San. I., Certified Meat Inspector,

Chief Sanitary Inspector.



# LONGBENTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

County of Northumberland.



# Annual Reports

FOR THE YEAR

1938

OF

# WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM.

M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.,

Medical Officer of Health,

AND

# WILLIAM N. LOCKEY,

M. R. San I., Certified Meat Inspector,

Chief Sanitary Inspector.

# STAFF OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE.	OFFICER.	QUALIFICATIONS.
Medical Officer of Health	William Cunningham, (Succeeded Theodore Craig, M.B., Ch.B., F.R.S.M.E., on 1st August, 1938).	M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
Deputy Medical Officer of Health	Theodore Craig	M.B., Ch.B., F.R.S.M.E.
Chief Sanitary Inspector	William N. Lockey	M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A., Sanitary Inspector's Certificate, S.I.B., Meat and Food Inspector's Certificate, R.S.I., Sanitary Science R.S.I.
Additional Sanitary Inspector	Douglas Lister	M.S.I.A., Certificate S.I.B.
Clerk	EDWARD MARCH.	

# Longbenton Urban District Council.

# Annual Report

OF THE

# MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH, WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1938.

.....

FOREST HALL,

May, 1939.

To the Chairman and Members of the Longberton Urban District Council.

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADY AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit my Report for the year 1938 from data supplied to me by Dr. Theodore Craig, whom I succeeded on August 1st, 1938, on my appointment as Medical Officer of Health for the combined Urban Districts of Long Benton, Seaton Valley and Whitley and Monkseaton, and data collected by me subsequent to that date. The report has been prepared in accordance with Circular 1728 issued by the Ministry of Health, dated 25th October, 1938, and follows the various sections laid down.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.—While there has been a decrease in the number of cases of Scarlet Fever notified, 76 in 1938, as against 130 cases in 1937, there has been an increase in the number of cases of Diphtheria notified: 112 cases in 1938, as against 81 cases in 1937. It is impossible to give a reason for this increase in the case incidence of Diphtheria which has been the common experience all over the north. Local practitioners have been quick to co-operate in the detection of carriers and their prompt isolation.

BIRTH RATES AND DEATH RATES show no appreciable ference, while the increase in the population calculated at mid-year 1938 shows an increase of 90. The increase in the number of occupied houses was 40.

Milk.—Two cows in herds within the district were slaughtered as a result of reports from the County Bacteriologist, stating the presence of bacillus tuberculosis in samples of milk taken by your staff. In 1937 nine cows were slaughtered for the same reason. This shows a welcome improvement.

The work of the Department is increasing, especially on account of A.R.P. demands.

I have to thank Dr. T. Craig for his great help and courtesy on taking over from him on August 1st, 1938. I am indebted to Mr. Lockey, Chief Sanitary Inspector, for his valuable help and co-operation, and to the rest of the staff for their ready willingness to perform their duties.

I have the honour to be

Your obedient servant,

W. CUNNINGHAM.

### SECTION A.

### STATISTICS OF SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area (in acres)	6,843
Registrar General's estimate of Resident Population, mid- 1938	21,510
Number of Inhabited Houses (end of 1938) according to Rate Book	6,337
Rateable Value	£103,704
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	

### SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

The chief industry is coal mining, with the exception of the residential area of Benton and Forest Hall.

### UNEMPLOYMENT.

It has been impossible to obtain completely accurate figures of unemployment, as neighbouring Urban District areas are merged for Labour Exchange records. There was a sharp rise towards the end of the year in unemployment figures in the building trades, etc., due to bad weather.

As far as can be ascertained, the numbers of unemployed on 31st December, 1938, were:—

	Men.	Women.	Young Men.	Young Women.	Insured Persons, Mid-year 1938.
Westmoor	345	25	25	34	2,235
Dudley	179	9	6	15	1,600
Seaton Burn	128	6	8	19	1,700
West Allotment	32	8	6	2	600
	684	48	45	70	5,135

Extracts form Vital Statistics of the	HE YEA	R.	
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Live Births—Legitimate	196	160	356
Illegitimate	5	9	14
Total Live Births	240	169	370
Still Births—Legitimate	13	- 8	21
Illegitimate	2	_	2
Total Still Births	15		23
Birth Rate per 1,000 Population		_	17.00
Still Births per 1,000 Live and Still Births			17.20 $58.50$
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Deaths	139	131	270
DEATH RATE.			
The Death Rate per 1,000 of the estim	ated po	pulation	12.55
CORRECTED DEATH RATE.			
The corrected Death Rate (comparabi	lity fac	tor 1.07)	13.42
D D		Rate per	
DEATHS FROM PUERPERAL CAUSES.	Deaths.	total (Liv	1,000 ve and
Puerperal Sepsis	1	total (Liv Still B	1,000 ve and irths.
	1	total (Liv	1,000 we and irths.
Puerperal Sepsis	1	total (Liv Still B 2.54	1,000 we and irths.
Puerperal Sepsis	$\frac{1}{2}$	total (Liv Still B 2.54 2.54 5.08	1,000 we and irths.
Puerperal Sepsis	1 1 2 - Age.	total (Liv Still B 2.54 2.54 5.08	1,000 we and irths.
Puerperal Sepsis Other Puerperal Causes	1 1 2 - Age.	total (Liv Still B 2.54 2.54 5.08 Male. Fo	1,000 we and irths.
Puerperal Sepsis Other Puerperal Causes	1 1 2 - Age.	total (Liv Still B 2.54 2.54 5.08 Male. Fe	1,000 ye and irths.
Puerperal Sepsis Other Puerperal Causes	1 1 2 - Age.	total (Liv Still B 2.54 2.54 5.08 Male. Fo	1,000 ve and irths.
Puerperal Sepsis Other Puerperal Causes	1 1 2 - Age. 	total (Live Still B) 2.54 2.54 5.08  Male. For 14 14	1,000 ye and irths.  4  Emale.  12  10  2
Puerperal Sepsis Other Puerperal Causes	1 1 2 - Age. 	total (Live Still B) 2.54 2.54 5.08  Male. For 14 14 14 UNDER ONE	1,000 ye and irths.  Here are a second irths.  Here a second irths
Puerperal Sepsis	1 1 2 AGE FANTS	total (Live Still B) 2.54 2.54 5.08  Male. For 14 14	1,000 ve and irths.  4  8  emale.  12  10  2  YEAR  70-27
Puerperal Sepsis Other Puerperal Causes	1 1 2 AGE FANTS Live Bi	total (Live Still B 2.54 2.54 5.08 Male. For 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1,000 ve and irths.  4  2  Emale.  12  10  2  YEAR  70-27  67-4
Puerperal Sepsis Other Puerperal Causes	AGE FANTS rths .	total (Live Still B 2.54 2.54 2.54 5.08 Male. For I4 — 14 — 14 — 14 — I4 — I4 — III III III III III III II	1,000 ve and irths.  4  8  emale.  12  10  2  YEAR  70-27
Puerperal Sepsis	AGE TFANTS Live Bi	total (Live Still B 2.54 2.54 5.08 Male. For 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1,000 ye and irths.  4 3 emale. 12 10 2 YEAR 70-27 67-4 42-85
Puerperal Sepsis Other Puerperal Causes	AGE.  TANTS  This Live Bi	total (Live Still B 2.54 2.54 5.08 Male. For 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1,000 ye and irths.  4 3 emale. 12 10 2 YEAR 70-27 67-4 42-85

BIRTH RATE, DEATH RATE AND ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1938. (The Mortality Rates for England and Wales refer to the whole population.)

per 00 Sirth	Total Deaths under I Year.	53	87-30
Rate per 1,000 Live Birth	Diarrhoa and Enteritis under under 2 Years.	0.0	13.2
	Smallpox,	0-00	00.0
LATION	Enteric Fever.	0.00	0.00
) Роги	Influenza.	0.11	0-42
ER 1,00	Diphtheria.	0.07	0.187
RATE P	Whooping Cough.	0.03	0.093
ANNUAL DEATH RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION	Scarlet Fever.	0.01	0.00
	Measles.	0.04	0.233
	All Causes.	11.6	13-94
per 00 trion.	Still Births.	09-0	0.84
Rate per 1,000 Population	Live Births.	15-1	17-65
		England and Wales	Longbenton (1937)

### Causes of Death in Longbenton Area, 1938.

Causes of Death.	Male.	Female
All Causes	139	131
1—Typhoid and Paratyphoid		_
2—Measles	_	_
3—Scarlet Fever	_	
4—Whooping Cough		2
5—Diphtheria	3	4
6—Influenza	1	1
7—Encephalitis Lethargica	_	_
8—Cerebro-Spinal Fever	1	_
9—Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	2	4
10—Other Tuberculosis		
11—Syphilis		_
12—General Paralysis of the Insane, Tabes		
Dorsalis, etc.	2	
13—Cancer	25	20
14—Diabetes	2	3
15—Cerebral Hæmorrhage, etc	8	11
16—Heart Disease	23	29
17—Aneurysm	_	_
18—Other Circulatory Diseases	9	10
19—Bronchitis	2	3
20—Pneumonia (all forms)	8	4
21—Other Respiratory Diseases	1	2
22—Peptic Ulcer	3	
23—Diarrhœa (under 2 years)	2	_
24—Appendicitis	_	
25—Cirrhosis of Liver	_	_
26—Other Diseases of the Liver	1	
27—Other Digestive Diseases	5	2
28—Acute and Chronic Nephritis	5	6
29—Puerperal Sepsis	_	ĭ
30—Other Puerperal Causes		î
31—Congenital Debility, Premature Birth, Mal-		
formations, etc	9	8
	3	2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	
	8	4
34—Other Violence	13	12
35—Other Defined Diseases	3	2
36—Ill-defined Diseases or not known		
Special causes (included in No. 35)—		
Smallpox		
Poliomyalitis		-
Polioencephalitis	-	-

There is no evidence of any unusual or excessive mortality during the year.

I have no evidence, statistical or otherwise, that conditions of occupation, environment, or unemployment have exercised any significant influence on the health or physique of children or adults.

### Section B.

- 1. (i.) Public Health Officials: see page 3.
  - (ii.) (a) Laboratory facilities remain the same as in former years.
    - (b) Ambulance Services.—The Council provide and maintain one motor ambulance for the free conveyance of residents to hospitals, etc. The two Colliery Companies each maintain one motor ambulance for the use of their workmen. No arrangements exist for the co-ordination of Ambulance services with neighbouring authorities.
    - (c) Nursing in the home is controlled by the Northumberland County Council.
    - (d) Sun Ray Clinic.—The only treatment centre maintained by this Authority is the Sun Ray Clinic, which has sessions on Monday and Friday in each week. The average attendance at each session in 1938 was 15. The diseases treated were varied, e.g., diseases of joints, respiratory diseases, diseases of glands, cases of debility following infectious diseases, etc. It is satisfactory to note that benefit was derived from the treatment in all cases.
    - (e) There are no hospitals in the area with the exception of the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Scaffold Hill, administered by the Earsdon Joint Hospital Board, of which Board this Council is a Constituent member.

Maternity and Child Welfare Service.—Longbenton Urban District Council ceased to be a Maternity and Child Welfare Authority on 1st April, 1938, this service having been transferred to the Northumberland County Council.

### Section C.

### Sanitary Circumstances of the District.

- (1) WATER SUPPLY.
  - (i.) No alteration has been made in the source of water supply, and it has been satisfactory in quality and quantity. Samples taken for bacteriological examination on two occasions gave satisfactory results. Two wells supplying two houses were closed during the year by informal action.
  - (ii.) Drainage and Sewage.—Conditions remain the same.
- (2) Rivers and Streams.—No official action has been necessary.
- (i.) Closet Accommodation.—There are still 330 houses with earth closets in the area. Of these, 282 are included in confirmed clearance areas, and 8 are in areas scheduled for clearance. Conversion to the water carriage system was effected in 6 separate closets, and 3 are in process of conversion. The remaining 37 are mostly in connection with farms, etc., isolated from, or below the level of our sewers. The rest of the houses in the district, approximately 6,513, have water closets, practically all of the wash-down type.
  - (ii.) Public Cleansing.—See Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.
  - (iii.) Sanitary Inspection of the Area.—See Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.
  - (iv.) Shops and Offices.—See Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.
  - (v.) Camping Sites.—No applications have been made for camping sites during 1938, and no camping sites exist in the area.
  - (vi.) Smoke Abatement.—No official action has been necessary.
  - (vii.) Swimming Baths and Pools.—There are no Swimming Baths or Pools in the area
  - (viii.) Eradication of the Bed Bug.—See Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.
- (4) Schools.

The schools in the area are each provided with a sufficient and suitable water supply from the mains supply. No definite epidemic of infectious disease was traced to any one particular school, but many throat swabs were taken of contacts of Diphtheria at various schools.

### Section D.

Housing.—See Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.

### Section E.

### Inspection and Supervision of Food.

- (a) Milk Supply.—See Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.
- (b) Meat and Other Foods.—See Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.
- (c) Adulteration.—See Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.
- (d) Chemical and Bacteriological Examination of Food.—Milk is the only food of which samples are taken for bacteriological examination by this Authority. These samples are examined in the County Laboratory, Newburn.
- (e) Nutrition.—No special educative effort was made in the nature of lectures, film, etc.
- (f) Shellfish.—(Molluscan)—There are no shellfish beds or layings in this area. Shellfish is rarely sold in the area.

### Section F.

### Prevalence of, and Control over, Infections and Other Diseases.

The following table gives the numbers and the age groups of the cases of Infectious Diseases notified during the year :—

[SEE OVER PAGE.]

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR 1938.

	Dootho	STREET, STREET	- : : - : - :
	Hoenitel	Tools	:42 242 :
		65 and over	:: ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
		45 to 65	: : : : : :
		35 to 45	514 : :
		20 to 35	99 :077:
IED.		15 to 20	1000 - :01 : : :
TIF		10 to 15	:: 1 1:: 38
S N(	UP.	50 10	524 : : E : : -
ASE	AGE GROUP.	40 50	102 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
OF C	AGE	654	10 4 ::::::
ER (		3 2 6 8	-4 ::::
NUMBER OF CASES NOTIFIED.		-20	::%:::
N		Under 1 Year.	: : ::::::
		At all Ages.	176 173 173 174
	-	DISEASE.	Smallpox Scarlet Fever Diphtheria Enteric Fever (including Paratyphoid) Puerperal Pyrexia Pneumonia Erysipelas Cerebro Spinal Fever Dysentery

### Section F.

2.—Diphtheria.—The greater proportion of cases occurred in the first half of the year. The type of diphtheria was fairly mild until November and December, when some toxic cases occurred. It must be stated that the use of diphtheria antitoxin in many cases is delayed until admission to hospital. Free antitoxon is supplied by the Council, and is available at all times. Local practitioners have co-operated in swabbing the throats of all contacts and ten carrier cases were discovered and sent to hospital for isolation.

Immunisation Against Diphtheria.—The people have not taken advantage of the original scheme formed some years ago, but a new scheme is being prepared, and I hope for a good response.

Scarlet Fever.—Cases were of average incidence, and were spread evenly over this scattered district. Twelve cases were treated at home, where isolation conditions were satisfactory.

PNEUMONIA.—Seventeen cases were notified and twelve died.

PUERPERAL PYREXIA.—Three cases occurred. One of the cases was removed to Hospital for treatment, the others being treated at home.

Measles and Whooping Cough.—These diseases are not notifiable in the district.

- 4.—(a)—Prevention of Blindness.—There were no cases of Ophthalmia neonatorum.
- (b)—Tuberculosis.—No action was necessary under the Public Health (Tuberculosis Regulations), 1925, with regard to persons employed in the milk trade, nor in the compulsory removal to hospital of persons suffering from Tuberculosis.

Bacteriological Examinations.—The following statement shows the number of specimens submitted to the County Bacteriologist for examination during the year:—

	Negative.	Positive.
Tuberculosis	. 23	8
Diphtheria	. 452	44
Dysentery		2
Enteric Fever	. 7	-

Section F. Tuberculosis, 1938.

	Cases Notified.				DEATHS.			
Age. Periods.	Pulmonary.		Non- Pulmonary.		Pulmonary.		Non- Pulmonary	
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.
YEARS.								
Under 1								
1 to 5			1					
5 to 15	1	2	3	1				
15 to 25	1		1		2.00			
25 to 35	2	1		1		2		
35 to 45		1			2	1		
45 to 55	2	1				1		
55 to 65	1			1				
65 and upwards	2	1						
Totals	9	6	5	3	2	4		

Of the six deaths five were notified cases. The death certificate was the only notification in the other case.

The notification of cases of Tuberculosis in the area is apparently satisfactory, and no action has been necessary in any case of neglect or refusal to notify.

Particulars of Tuberculosis Register at 31st December, 1938.

	Pulmonary.		Non-Pulmonary.			Total Pulmonary and Non-	
	М.	F.	Total.	М	F.	Total.	Pulmonary.
Cases on Registers January 1st, 1938	51	67	118	21	13	34	152
New Cases added during the Year	9	6	15	5	3	8	23
Old Cases removed during Year	6	14	20	2	1	3	23
Number on Register December 31st, 1938	54	59	113	24	15	39	152

Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the Year 1938 for the Urban District of Longbenton, on the Administration of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, in connection with

### FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

1.—Inspection of Factories, Workshops and Workplaces, including Inspections made by the Sanitary Inspectors.

D	Number of					
Premises.	Inspections.	Written Notices.	Occupiers Prosecuted			
Factories with Mechanical Power	12	(* *)	553			
Factories without Mechanical Power	10					
	22					

### 2.—Defects Found.

Destination	Number of Defects.					
Particulars.	Found.	Remedied.	Referred to H.M. Inspector			
Want of Cleanliness						
Overcrowding						
Unreasonable Temperature						
Inadequate Ventilation						
Ineffective Drainage of Floors						
Sanitary Conveniences—						
Insufficient						
Unsuitable or Defective	5	5				
Not Separate for Sexes	1	1				
Other Offences						
Total	6	6				



# Longbenton Urban District Council.

# Annual Report

OF THE

# SANITARY INSPECTOR, WILLIAM N. LOCKEY.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1938.

.....

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE LONGBENTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

In accordance with Circular 1728 from the Ministry of Health, I beg to submit my Annual Report for the year ended 31st December, 1938.

In March I was asked to take over the position of Chief Officer of the local Air Raid Precautions organisation. At the commencement I was able to do most of the work out of office hours, but nearing, during, and following the crisis of September, it became a colossal task. It was only by the great efforts expended by the Department that we were able to attend to essential routine sanitary inspection. During December my Council appointed a Control Officer for the organisation, which relieved me of a considerable amount of Air Raid Precautions work.

Housing.—Two Public Inquiries were held during the year, dealing with 389 houses in 19 areas. Seven Individual Unfit Houses were reported on. Demolition Orders were made in respect of six, and a Closing Order made in respect of the remaining one.

Scavenging.—The collection and disposal of refuse is carried out by direct labour under the supervision of the Surveyor. A motor freighter was obtained during the year to replace part of the horse transport.

						_																			-	•		
Legal proceedings.	11		:		:		:		: :					:	:	:	:		:	::	:	:	:		:		:	:
In progress of being dealt with,	10		495	=	35	5	4		: :		57	4		:	15	5	:		:	:	_	67	37	:	:	:	:	626
Defects remedied thereafter.	6		65	-	:		:		: :		:	ಣ		:	-	:	:	:	:	:		:	co	:	-		:	74
Number of STATUTORY Notices served	œ		က	:	:	:	:		: :		:	co		:	-	:	:	:	:	:		:	8		-	:	:	11
Defects remedied theresiter.	7		411	13	56	:	24		: 00	,	4	က		:	18	:	:	:	:	:		:	12	:	:	:	:	514
INFORMAL Number of	9		11		:		20		: :		:	:		:	4	:	:	:	:	:	5.4.4	:	10				:	101
Number remedied after letter or incerview,	ũ		504	54	36	7	11	0	53.0	200	45	09		10	67	17	17	67	:	:	6	က	90		=	-	:	1033
Total.	4		1475	49	94	6	105	0	69	2	48	20		10	101	22	17	67	:	:	10	5	142	:	12	-	:	2247
Number outstanding from previous year.	65		514	67	36		-	a	0 01	1	67	ಣ		-1	50	4	:	:	:	:	-	:	56	:	ಣ	:	:	626
Yumber of Defects or Contravention of Bye-laws,	67		196	47	28	6	104	-	67		46	67		က	81	18	17	¢1	:	:	6	5	911	:	6	-	:	1621
Number of Inspections during year,	-		:	1911		294	214		85		-	111/		20	01	214	66	672	c1	:	27	21	185		21	63	10	. 3950
		Housing—	Structural Defects (Summary of Sheet II.)	Defective Food-Store	Dampness	Overcrowding	Nuisances	T	Unsatisfactory		Insufficient	Defective	Sanitary Conveniences-	Insufficient	Defective	Shops, Food-stores, etc.	Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops	Slaughter Houses	Tents, Vans, etc.	ffensive Trade	Workshops and Workplaces	Keeping of Animals	Insanitary Ashpits and Receptacles	Ashpits Improperly Used	Offensive Accumulations	Smoke Nuisances	Petrol Stores	Total

TABLE I.

## TABLE II.

# Housing (Consolidated) Regulations, 1925.

Но	USES	ERE	CTED DURING THE Y	EAR :-	_		
				With	State stance.	Unaided.	Total
(a) (b)			Authority Bodies or Persons		83	75	83 75
					83	75	158
1	INS	PECTI	ON OF DWELLING HO	OUSES	DURING	THE YEAR:	_
	(1)	(a)	Total number of dw housing defects ( Housing Acts)	under	Public	Health or	505
		(b)	Number of inspection				2,631
	(2)			ouses which he H	(include were ir ousing	d under sub- ispected and Consolidated	74
		(b)	Number of inspection				116
	(3)	da	nber of dwelling hous angerous or injurious uman habitation	to hea	alth as to	be unfit for	32
	(4)	re ne	nber of dwelling he eferred to under the ot to be in all respect abitation	preced s reas	ling sub onably f	head) found it for human	310
2	-RE	MEDY	of Defects without	SERV	ICE OF F	ORMAL NOTIC	ES:-
	N	seque	er of defective dwellin ence of informal actio	n by ]	Local Au	thority or its	266
3	-Ac	TION	UNDER STATUTORY P	OWERS	s:		
	(2		OCEEDINGS UNDER SE HOUSING ACT, 1936.	ECTION	9, 10 ai	nd 16 of the	
		(1)	Number of dwelling "notices" were ser	y hous	es in resp quiring re	pect of which	3
		(2)	Number of dwelling fit after service of f				
			(a) By owners (b) By Local	Autho	rity in d	efault of	
			owners				0

	(B) PROCEEDINGS UNDER PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS.
4	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied
	(2) Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:—
	(a) By owners
4	of owners
	(C) Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of Hous- ing Act, 1936.
6	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made
2	(2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders
	(D) Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936.
1	(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made
Nil.	(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit
	.—Number of Houses Permanently Discontinued as
86	DWELLINGS AND NOT INCLUDED ABOVE

ŢABLE III. Summary of Work Effected.

Summary of Work effected.	After Letter or Interview.	After Informal Notice.	After Statutory Notice.	Total.
Sanitary Conveniences—				
Privies abolished	3			3
Privies repaired				
Privy Ashpits abolished	4			4
Privy Ashpits roofed or re-				
paired			0.5	
Pail-closets abolished	3	* *		3
Water-closets provided	15	::		15
Water-closets repaired	27	14	1	42
Sanitary Bins provided	6	2		8
Sanitary Bins renewed	45	8	3	56
Drainage—				
New Drains constructed	43	3		46
Drains repaired or re-con-				
structed	24	1		25
Additional Gullies provided	35	2		37
Old Gullies replaced	15			15
Scullery Sinks provided	48	2		50
Scullery Waste-pipes repaired	3	6	1	10
Scullery Waste-pipes trapped	ĭ			1
Yards repaired or reconstructed	17	6		23
WATER SUPPLY—				20
New Service provided	22			22
No. of houses affected				44

Eradication of the Bed Bug.—During the year one Council house, and four privately-owned houses, all empty, were found to be badly infested with the Bed Bug. In all cases we were able to deal with the matter by informal action. The method of treatment adopted was that of stripping the back moulds, skirtings, wallpapers, etc., from the walls and spraying liberally with an insecticide. In one case only has there been a slight recurrence. Re-housing has taken place during the year from six Clearance Areas, and twelve Individual Unfit Houses, with a total of 83 houses. None of the old houses had a heavy infestation of bed bugs, but as a precautionary measure all the furniture, etc., was sprayed with an insecticide (Zaldecide), before being moved into the new houses, the degree of treatment being pro-rata with the infestation. Inspection is made of the furniture of all other prospective Council house tenants, and any necessary action taken.

Infectious Diseases.—In connection with Infectious Diseases, 220 visits of investigation were made, and wherever possible the room or rooms were sealed up and fumigated. In instances where it was impracticable to seal the room, the premises were sprayed with a dilute solution of formaldyhide.

VENTILATION OF CINEMAS.—All the Cinemas in the area been visted and inspected, one special visit being made to each to test the ventilation with the Kata thermometer. All were found to be satisfactory.

### Meat.

MEAT INSPECTION.—The following summary shows the work done under the Public Health (Meat) Regulations, 1924.

Number of	visits paid to	Slaughter-houses	672
,,	,,	Butchers' Shops	214

### CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED.

	Cattle, exclud- ing Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs
Number killed	637	9	18		562
Number inspected	637	9	18	1846	562
losis. Whole carcases con- demned			1	3	1
Organs were condemned	42			1	5
Tuberculosis Tuberculosis Only—	6.6		5.5	0.2	1.1
Whole Carcases condemned Carcases of which some part of	3		1		3
the organs were condemned Percentage of the number in- spected affected with Tuber-	56	3			11
culosis	9.3	33.3	5.5		2.5

As a result of these inspections and examinations 119 separate diseased and unsound conditions were found, and the carcases or organs dealt with. Details of the conditions are given below:—

	BOVINE	CARCASES	:	Weight in	n lbs.
55	separate	seizures affe	ected with	Tuberculosis 3	,771
13	. ,,	,,	,,	Cirrhosis	106
16	11	,,	**	Liver Fluke	81
10		,,	23	Abscesses	153
1	,,	,,	,,	Pneumonia	168
2	,,	,,	,,	Parasites	18
1	,,	,,	,,	Pericarditis	4
	"		100	-	

4,301

886

-	SHEEP CAL	RCASES.			Weigh	t in lbs.
1	**	55	,,	Parasites Bruising		2 50 70
						122
]	Pig Carca	SES.				
14 se	parate seiz	zures affec	cted wit	h Tuberculosis		443
3	,,	,,	>>	Cirrhosis		9
1	2.2	,,	,,	Bruising		21
1	,,	,,	22	Pluerisy		2
1	23	,,,	22	Uræmia		119
						597
	T	otal weig	ht of M	eat dealt with in lbs.		5.017

In addition, two portions of chilled beef, totalling 42 lbs. were condemned for decomposition during the warm weather.

The Butchers in the area are to be commended on the good quality of animals slaughtered, as can be seen from the small amount of meat condemned.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.—There are nine slaughter-houses in the area, all in good structural condition. Six have been in regular use during the year.

SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACT.—The section of the Act which requires the stunning of sheep is adopted in the area. No difficulty has been found in the operation of the section.

TABLE IV. FOOD INSPECTION.

Unsound Food.	Sur- rendered.	Seized.	Legal Proceed ings.
1.—Beef (Home-killed) Stones	307		
2.—Beef (Imported),	3		
3.—Mutton (Home-killed),	9		
4.—Mutton (Imported) ,,			
5.—Pork,	42		
6.—Game Lbs.			
7.—Poultry , ,			
8.—Fish,			
9.—FruitLbs. or Cases	280		
0.—Canned Goods Tins or Cases			
11.—Bacon Lbs.			
12.—Cheese,			
13.—Butter,	56		
14.—Lard ,, 15.—Other Foods—			
Tea	560		
Cerials	224		
Sugar,	28		1
Lemon Peel	98		

After a fire which occurred during the year, involving Groops premises, the stock remaining was carefully inspected, and all articles found unsound by reason of damage by fire or water were condemned and destroyed by incineration, under the supervision of the Department.

### Milk Supply.

1.—MILK AND DAIRIES ORDER, 1926.—The following is a summary of the particulars in the Milk and Dairies Register at 31st December, 1938:—

Number of persons registered as Cow-keepers	19
Number of premises registered as Cow-sheds	25
Number of Cows kept on registered premises (approxi-	
mately)	460
Number of Cow-keepers retailing Milk	18
Number of persons registered as Dairymen in the area	19
Number of Dairymen outside the area retailing in the area	20
Number of Premises registered as Dairies	20
Number of persons registered as retail purveyors	60

2.—Milk Special Designation Order, 1936.—The following are particulars of Licences granted under the above Order:—

Premises Licensed for Storage and Sale of T.T. Milk	1
Premises Licensed for Storage and Sale of Pasteurised Milk.	6
Supplementary Licences to retail T.T. Milk	3
Supplementary Licences to retail Pasteurised Milk	1
Supplementary Licences to retail Accredited Milk	1
Accredited Producers	4

The Cowsheds in the area can be considered to be in a good structural condition. As a result of representation from this Department, many alterations have been carried out during the year.

Bacteriological Examination of Milk.—Samples of Milk from each supply were submitted to the County Laboratory for Bacteriological examination and Biological test.

	Pro	Total	
	In the Area.	Outside the Area.	Total
Total number of Samples collected  Number examined for Total Bacterial	40	40	80
Count		10	10
Number examined by Meth. Blue Test	40	30	70 70
Number examined for Bacillus Coli	40	30	70
Number examined for Tubercle Bacilli	40	24	64

### MILK PRODUCED IN THE LONGBENTON AREA.

Examination.	Satisfactory.	Unsatisfactory.	Total.	%	
Methylene Blue Test	26	14	40	65	
B. Coli	26	14	40	65	
All respects (1938)	22	18	40	55	
All respects (1937)	16	18	34	47	

### MILK PRODUCED OUTSIDE THE LONGBENTON AREA.

Examination.	Satisfactory.	Unsatisfactory.	Total.	%
Methylene Blue Test		19	27	29.9
B. Coli	15	12 20	27 27	55·6 25·9
All respects (1937)	8	12	20	40

### GRADED MILK.

Examination.	Satisfactory.	Unsatisfactory.	Total.	%	
Pasteurised—Total Bacterial					
Count	6	4	10	60	
Tuberculin Tested—		100			
Methylene Blue Test	1	2	3	33.3	
B. Coli	1	2	3	33.3	
Accredited—					
Methylene Blue Test					
B. Coli					
All respects (1938)	7	6	13	53.8	
All respects (1937)	5	2	7	71.4	

### TOTAL NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN.

Examination.	Satisfactory.	Unsatisfactory.	Total.	%
Total Bacterial Count	- 6	4	10	.60
Methylene Blue Test	35	35	70	50
B. Coli	42	28	70	60
All respects (1938)	36	44	80	45
All respects (1937)	29	32	61	47.5

### Tubercle Bacilli (excluding Graded Milk).



SAMPLES	TAKEN.

Proc Longb	duced		a.		Produced outside Longbenton Area				Total.			
	T.B. not found.	T.B. Present.	Total.	% with T.B. Present.	T.B. not found.	T.B. Present.	Total.	%with T.B. Present.	T.B. not found.	T.B. Present.	Total.	%with T.B.
1938	38	2	40	5	20		20		58	2	60	3.3
1937	31	5	36	14	16	4	20	20	49	9	56	16-1

Two samples of Pasteurised and two of Tuberculin-Tested Milk were submitted for Biological Test, and of these, one, a Tuberculin-tested sample, was returned "Positive."

Shops Act, 1912 to 1934.—During the year 23 visits were made to shops, checking temperature, etc. Four informal Notices were served, and all complied with.

Factories and Workshops.—The following is a list of Factories in the area:—

		Water																			
E	nginee	rs																			2
		epairer																			
Bl	acksn	iths .																		98	4
El	ectric	ity Ge	nei	ra	tin	19	5	St	a	ti	o	ns									3
Sa	usage	Manu	fac	eti	ır	er	S														2
Co	ncrete	e Slab	Fa	ict	0	гу			-												1
																					29
The foll	owing	is a li	st.	of	t.	he	. 1	W	0	r	le s	h	0	n	Q	i	n	t	h	e	area :-
Be	ot Re	pairer	8	-								7 8.5		ľ		•		٠	**		9

following is a list of the Workshops in	the	area:
Boot Repairers		2
Joiners, Builders, Painters		16
Blacksmiths		3
Plumbers		6
Garages		8
Bakehouses		5
Cycle Repairers		2
Market Gardeners		7
Battery Charging		1
Watchmaker		1
Stone Masons		2
Golf Club Repairers		1
		54

Food and Drugs.—Particulars of samples of Food and Drugs taken in the Longbenton Urban District for analysis during the year 1938, appended below, were kindly provided by Mr. S. Strugnell, Chief County Inspector. With regard to the sample of Orange Juice, this was found to contain 75 per cent. of water, and proceedings were instituted. Fine and costs totalling £2 1s. 0d. were imposed. The sample of Grape Fruit Juice was found to contain 80 per cent. of water. Proceedings were instituted with regard to this sample, and a fine and costs totalling £2 1s. 0d. were imposed.

### Food and Drugs Samples.

rood and Drugs	bampics.	
Sample.	Genuine.	Adulterated.
Milk	. 41	
Lard	. 1	_
Butter	. 3	
Margarine		
Potted Meat		-
White Pudding	. 1	_
Beer		
Ground Almonds		
Corn Flour		
Sauce		
White Pepper		
Beef Suet		_
Ground Rice		_
Bacon		
Gelatine		
White Precipitate Ointment		
Cocoa		
Cream of Tartar		_
Semolina		_
Mustard		
Arrowroot		
Orang · Juice		1
Apricot Jam		
Coffee and Chicory		
Mixed Spice		_
Ground Ginger	. 1	
Tea		1
Grape Fruit Juice	. 1	1
Whisky		_
Gin	. 2	_
	84	2

Yours faithfully,

W. N. LOCKEY, Chief Sanitary Inspector.

