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CITY OF LIVERPOOL.

REPORT

ON THE

HEALTH OF LIVERPOOL

During 1894.

BY

E. W. HOPE, M.D., D.Sc.,

Medical Officer of Health.

(Ordered by the Health Committee to be printed, 16th May, 1805) OF

LIVERPOOL:

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With the Medical Officer of Health's Compliments. Municipal Buildings. Liverpool:



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VITAL STATISTICS.

GENERAL AND ZYMOTIC DISEASE.



VITAL STATISTICS.

The street of th

AREA AND POPULATION.

The present municipal area of the City of Liverpool comprises 5,210 acres, 733 of which are occupied by docks and quays. On the north the City boundary line passes between Rosalind and Olivia Streets, intersecting various streets on its way to the River Mersey, which bounds it on the west. On the east the irregular boundary line passes through Oakfield and part of Belmont Roads, dividing Whitefield Road, crossing West Derby Road, thence passing in a very irregular route by Lister Road, Edge Lane, Wavertree Road, to Smithdown Road and Lodge Lane, one-half of the last-named road being within the municipal boundary. On the south the boundary passes down the centre of the lower part of Ullet Road and thence down Dingle Lane to the river.

The population of the City, estimated in accordance with the well-known method of the Registrar General, is 507,230; consequently, excluding the space occupied by docks and quays, the density of population averages 113 per acre over the entire City, varying in different districts, the congestion in some being very great.

The population is reduced to 507,230 upon the assumption that the decrease, at the rate of 3,452 per annum, which took place between 1881 and 1891, has continued since. It is improbable that this is the case, since there has been a natural increase by births over deaths of 13,417 since 1891, and apart from this circumstance, there are other strong grounds for estimating the population at 531,397.

These facts sufficiently indicate the unique position which the present City of Liverpool holds as a purely urban municipality; as a municipality, *i.e.*, from which the natural suburban out-growths are excluded, and which does not embrace in its registration area any semi-rural or suburban districts, such as form so large and important a part of every one of the 35 large towns in the United Kingdom.

The charitable Medical Institutions which receive patients not only from extra-municipal Liverpool, but from a very wide district beyond, are within the Municipal boundaries, and in the event of fatal illness, the deaths of these patients, from whatever part of the country they may have come, are classed as deaths of inhabitants of the City, and so help to swell the death-rate of the City.

It is well known that the mortality of those who live in towns is

greater at all ages than that of those who live in the country; the cares and worries of business, the aggregation of human beings, the prejudicial character of confinement in many trades and occupations, the hereditarily impaired constitution, polluted atmosphere, general insanitary environment and, in many cases, filthy habits of life, as well as intemperance and profligacy, are destructive influences common to all cities. But the effects of their presence are masked in the statistical returns of many great towns by the fact that large tracts of suburban and rural area are incorporated with the registration districts of those towns, the result being that the low mortality of the more favourably circumstanced rural population brings down the average of the whole, and the great town figures in a favourable light in proportion to the extent of the semi-rural population included in it. These circumstances have an important bearing upon the apparent healthiness, as evidenced by their death rate, of the respective populations of different communities, and must be borne in mind before putting them in comparison with one another.

The amount of semi-rural area included in each of the great towns is fairly indicated by the density of their population per acre, as shown on page 14. Thus Liverpool with 113 per acre has but little of this character; but when, as in the case of Leeds, the population is stated to be 17 to the acre, we know that a large area included in the registration district of that City must partake of semi-rural characteristics wholly dissimilar to the ordinary conditions of a great town. Similarly, Croydon with a population of 12 to the acre, Huddersfield with 8 to an acre, or Dublin with 14 to an acre, all imply that a large area, which is not under urban conditions, is incorporated with the township. The table referred to shows that the density of population in Liverpool is twice as great as that of London, 7 times that of Leeds, 9 times that of Norwich, and 14 times that of Huddersfield.

If the crude death-rates of places altogether dissimilar in their character and population are brought into comparison, it is very evident that fallacious inferences will be drawn, and the value of such returns is minimised to a vanishing point unless due care be exercised in studying them.

It must also be remembered that, quite apart from the sanitary condition of a community, the number who will die during any given period is largely influenced by the ages of the members of that community. If the population be divided into twelve age-groups, it will be seen that the number of persons who will die during a year out of every thousand in each of the different age-groups varies widely.

The following table shows the actual number who died last year in Liverpool out of every thousand living at each of the twelve age-periods indicated, and the differences which the figures show are very striking:—

1894.	Under 1 year.	to 2	2 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 20	20 to 30	30 to 40	40 to 50	50 to 60	60 to 70	70 to 80	80 and upwards.	Total of all Ages.
No. of Deaths	3,210	1,127	877	410	478	716	1,037	1,103	1,269	1,056	635	155	12,073
Rate of Mortality at different Age Periods per 1,000 living at those ages	223.5	90-7	23.2	6.8	4:3	7.8	14.1	19.7	35.0	54.7	90.4	127.1	23.8

If, for example, we could conceive that the whole population of Liverpool consisted of persons between the ages of 20 and 30, the death-rate would be 7.8 per 1,000; if, on the other hand, we could conceive that it consisted entirely of people under 1 year of age, the death-rate would be about 223.5 per 1,000, and if above 60 years, 67.1 per 1,000, and this with absolutely no change whatever in the condition of municipal sanitation.

Irrespective of other conditions, the mortality varies enormously at different age-periods. Hence, as the Registrar General says, "it is self-evident that if the death-rates at each successive age-period be precisely alike in two towns, but in the population of one of them there be a much larger proportion either of very young or of very old persons than in the population of the other, the general death-rate will almost certainly be higher in the former than in the latter, inasmuch as the average mortality of the very young and the very old is much higher than that of persons of intermediate ages."

From this it follows that before comparisons between mortality returns of different places can be made, it must be first ascertained that the populations compared are similar in point of age, and if they are not similar, some means of correction must be adopted to prevent the error which would otherwise be made.

The method adopted by the Registrar General results in the death-rate "corrected" so far as this disturbing element is concerned.

The crude death-rates have, however, a very real and very great value

of their own, viz., as a means of gauging the sanitary progress of a city year by year, and the influence which sanitary operations have had upon the health and comfort of the inhabitants, and a comparison of the condition of the same city during successive years is a reliable and instructive index to such progress, and it is gratifying to be able to record that the death rate of Liverpool during the the past year is, with the single exception of 1888, the lowest ever recorded.

BIRTHS.

During the fifty-two weeks of the year 1894 (terminating on Saturday, December 29th, 1894), the Returns of the Local Registrars recorded 17,893 births within the City; the number of births for the corresponding period of the previous year, 1893, was 18,328.

Of the total births 9,050 were males and 8,843 were females, making the total Birth-rate of the City equal to 35.3 per 1,000 of the population; the average of the previous ten years being 35.2.

The distribution of the births in the different wards and districts of the City has been arranged in the following table:—

Held on Consensy a	1s Quar		Quai		3r Quai		Quai		189	4.	Corrected average Rate per
DISTRICTS AND WARDS.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Births.	Rate per 1000	1000 during the 10 years 18841893
Scotland	270	270	248	261	266	243	256	227	2041	41.5	38.1
Vauxhall	40	23	26	28	26	28	27	32	230	41.1	38.8
St. Paul's and Exchange	37	54	47	29	42	32	35	30	306	27.2	28.3
St. Anne's and Lime Street	103	84	92	89	100	101	102	95	766	30.4	28:3
Castle Street and St. Peter's	9	10	13	9	7	8	13	11	80	17.9	18:5
Pitt Street and Gt. George	42	50	52	49	39	48	40	37	357	26.8	29.3
Rodney St. & Abercromby	164	161	155	180	134	136	158	146	1234	35.9	31.3
Everton	541	573	530	560	512	471	532	514	4233	38.3	36.7
Kirkdale	315	293	294	277	280	300	290	259	2308	34.2	37.8
West Derby	419	360	370	350	344	367	347	337	2894	36.8	35.8
The Toxteths	440	426	432	430	443	423	418	432	3444	32.1	36.7
section books at almost all				-				-		-	
City	2380	2304	2259	2262	2193	2157	2218	2120	17893	35.3	35.2

CITY OF LIVERPOOL.

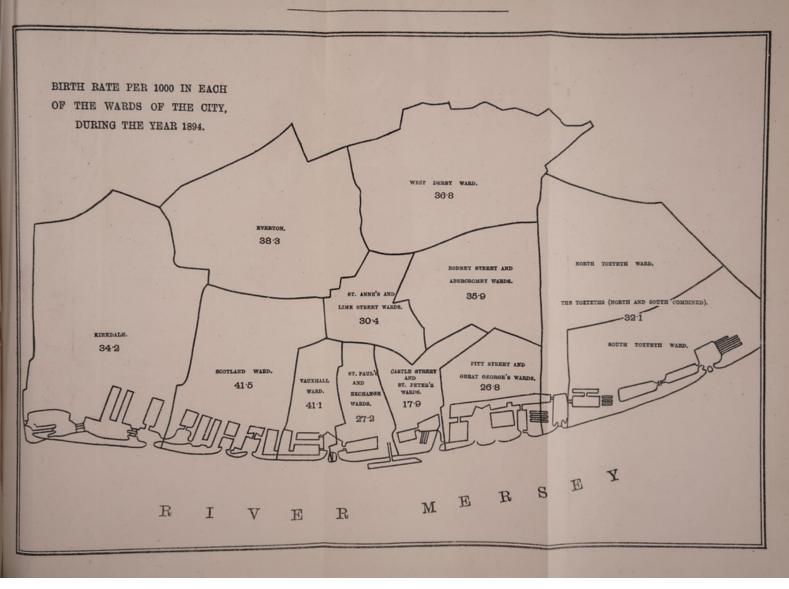


Table showing the Population, Number of Births, and Rate per 1,000 during the last twenty-four years.

Year.	Population.	No. of Births.	Rate per 1,000
1871	494,710	18,305	37.0
1872	499,964	19,343	38.7
1873	505,274	18,716	37.0
1874	510,640	19,861	38.9
1875	516,063	19,869	38.5
1876	521,544	20,426	39.2
1877	527,083	20,333	38.6
1878	532,681	20,612	38.7
1879	538,338	20,844	38.7
1880	544,056	20,783	38.2
1881	551,617	20,762	37.6
1882	548,065	20,498	37.4
1883	544,547	19,907	36.6
1884	541,031	20,071	37.1
1885	537,548	19,464	36.2
1886	534,088	19,559	36.6
1887	530,649	18,414	34.7
1888	527,233	17,777	33.7
1889	523,838	17,676	33.7
1890	520,466	17,592	33.8
1891	517,145	17,832	34.5
1892	513,818	17,758	34.6
1893	510,514	18,328	35.9
1894	507,230	17,893	35.3

The following table shows the natural increase or decrease of population, and the number of births and deaths during the year 1894, in the several districts of the City:—

DISTRICTS AND WAR	DS.		Births.	Deaths.	Increase.	Decrease
Scotland		·	 2041	1628	413	
Vauxhall			 230	231		1
St. Paul's and Exchange			 306	381		75
St. Anne's and Lime Street			 766	883		117
Castle Street and St. Peter's			 80	103		23
Pitt Street and Gt. George			 357	388		31
Rodney Street and Abercromby			 1234	611	623	
Everton			 4233	2410	1823	
Kirkdale			 2308	1317	991	
West Derby			2894	1569	1325	
The Toxteths			 3444	2118	1326	
City			 17893	11639	6254	
Hospitals (Residences outside Ci	ty)		 	434		
Tota	1		 17893	12073	5820	

DEATHS.

The deaths registered in the City amounted to 12,073, of which 6,203 were of males and 5,870 of females.

The Death-rate of the City was equal to 23.8 per 1,000, being the lowest ever recorded, with the single exception of 1888, when it was 23.1. The average of the previous ten years was 25.9 per 1,000.

The deaths occurred in the following districts :-

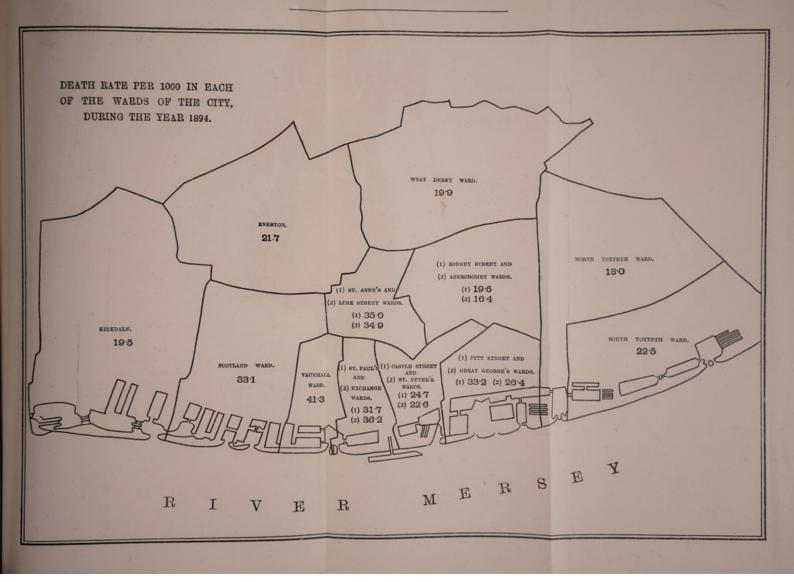
DISTRICTS.		st rter.		nd rter.		rd rter.	The second second	th rter.	Annual
Districts.	Male.	Fe- male-	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Deaths.
Scotland	234	223	201	176	222	223	180	169	1628
Vauxhall	25	27	30	21	32	42	25	29	231
St. Paul's and Exchange St. Anne's and Lime	64	53	36	51	57	40	34	46	381
Street	135	107	121	84	117	102	119	98	883
Peter's	20	9	15	8	20	12	10	9	103
Pitt Street and Great George	61	53	51	44	42	44	52	41	388
Rodney Street and Aber- cromby	88	89	83	64	81	77	67	62	611
Everton	300	337	307	280	301	303	288	294	2419
Kirkdale	167	160	149	139	173	177	175	177	1317
West Derby	203	215	203	184	203	189	195	177	1569
North Toxteth	169	177	152	144	135	147	118	146	1188
South Toxteth	120	131	127	94	105	113	126	114	930
Workhouses and Hospi- tals (Residences out-									
side City, &c.)	66	49	66	47	80	36	53	37	434
City	1652	1630	1541	1336	1568	1505	1442	1399	12073

Deaths in Public Institutions are referred to the Wards from whence the patients came. 2,663 Deaths occurred in the undermentioned Institutions for the treatment of the sick:—

Parish Workhouse	1119	
Royal Infirmary	258	
Children's Infirmary	116	
Lying-in Hospital	6	
Consumption Hospital	25	
Hahnemann Hospital	17	
Northern Hespital	128	
Stanley Hospital	84	
Royal Southern Hospital	191	
Mill Road Infirmary	445	
Hospital for Women	10	
City Hospital North	104	
Do. South	98	
Do. Parkhill	62	

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CITY OF LIVERPOOL.



From the returns made as to the residences of these persons 2,229 of the deaths in these establishments are classified in the Wards from whence the patients were removed, viz.:—401 under Scotland Ward, 59 under Vauxhall Ward, 41 under St. Paul's Ward, 70 under Exchange Ward, 285 under St. Anne's Ward, 97 under Lime Street Ward, 3 under Castle Street Ward, 27 under St. Peter's Ward, 75 under Pitt Street Ward, 64 under Great George's Ward, 94 under Rodney Street Ward, 83 under Abercromby Ward, 340 under Everton, 150 under Kirkdale, 252 under West Derby Ward, 103 under North Toxteth Ward, and 85 under South Toxteth Ward; 355 were non-residents who had sought relief in Liverpool Institutions, and 79, the remainder, were waifs whose previous residences were unknown. In the absence of definite information, these latter have been recorded as deaths of non-residents.

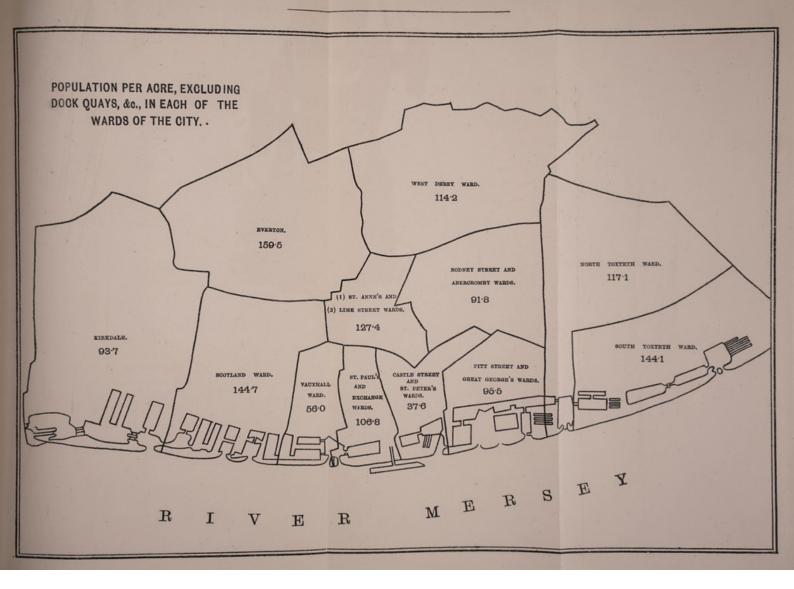
The results of this allocation of deaths in public institutions to the districts from whence the patients had been removed, are shown in the following table, from which a calculated rate of mortality per 1,000 per annum of the inhabitants has been made. The rates are calculated upon a population increasing or decreasing in the same ratio as between 1881 and 1891. The same applies to the third column of figures showing the corrected average during the preceding ten years.

	VARDS.				1	894.	Corrected Average Rate per 1,000
	AKDS.				Deaths.	Rate per 1000	during the 10 years 1884—1893.
Scotland					1628	33.1	33.8
Vauxhall					231	41.3	42.9
St. Paul's					184	31.7	31.6
Exchange					197	36.2	39.0
St. Anne's					639	35.0	36.3
Lime Street					244	34.9	28.6
Castle Street					21	24.7	19 0
St. Peter's					82	22.6	23.7
Pitt Street					174	33.2	35:0
Great George					214	26.4	32.4
Rodney Street					288	19.5	23.0
Abercromby					323	16.4	19.5
Everton					2410	21.7	23:7
Kirkdale					1317	19.5	22.4
West Derby				-	1569	19.9	21.7
North Toxteth					1188	18.0	21 1
South Toxteth	64.	****			930	22.5	25.6
Hospitals (Resid	ences o	utside	City)		434		
	City				12073	23.8	25.9

The following table, taken from the Registrar-General's Reports, gives the recorded death rate of thirty-six of the large towns of the United Kingdom, and in comparing these, attention must be paid to the last column, which is an index to the extent of rural or suburban area included in the Registration district of each town:—

TOWNS.			Estimated Popula- tion in the middle	52 Weeks, ending	Deaths in 52 Weeks, ending 29th Dec.,		Rate to opulation.	Population per Acre
m.W. planesis lil.	njin		of the year 1894.	1894.	1894.	Births.	Deaths.	
Lightly Wind, Li			mi 289	alabdi	A miles	IIII III		File Oli
London			4349166	130553	77039	30.1	17.8	58.2
West Ham			THE PARTY NAMED IN	8067	3841	34.0	16.2	50.6
Croydon			111921	2793	1472	25.0	13.2	12.4
Brighton			118715	3055	1943	25.8	16.4	46.9
Portsmouth			170973	4709	2584	27.6	15.2	39.6
Plymouth			87931	2528	1605	28.8	18.3	57.1
Bristol		**	226578	6373	3900	28.2	17:3	50.8
Cardiff			148890	5103	2408	34.4	16.2	24.6
Swansea			95399	3069	1621	32.3	17.0	18.8
Wolverhampton				2889	1755	34.1	20.7	24.1
Birmingham			492301	15562	9125	31.7	18.6	38.7
Norwich			105645	3137	1974	29.8	18.7	14.0
Leicester			189136	5934	2764	31.5	14.7	22.0
Nottingham			223584	6381	3844	28.6	17.2	20.4
Derby			98796	2890	1479	29.3	15.0	28.6
Birkenhead			105627	3223	1902	30.6	18.1	30.3
Bolton			118303	3721	2217	31.5	18.8	50.2
Manchester			520211	16606	10592	32.0	20.4	40.3
Salford			205828	- 7041	4310	34.3	21.0	39.8
Oldham			138755	3762	2575	27.2	18.6	29.3
Burnley			96478	3099	1799	32.2	18.7	24.6
Blackburn			125797	3617	2244	28.8	17.9	18.0
Preston			111425	3566	2312	32.1	20.8	27.2
Huddersfield			98511	1988	1552	20.2	15.8	8.3
Halifax			92861	2142	1526	23.1	16.5	10.9
Bradford			223985	5961	3797	26.7	17:0	20.8
Leeds			388761	12502	6927	32.2	17.9	18.0
Sheffield			338316	11267	5994	33.4	17.8	17.2
Hull			212679	6868	3683	32.4	17.4	25.9
Sunderland			136101	4768	2821	35.1	20.8	47.5
Gateshead			93372	3180	1644	34.2	17.7	29.7
Newcastle-on-Tyne			201947	6250	3684	31.0	18.3	37.6
Edinburgh			270588	7174	4716	26.6	17.5	43.5
Glasgow			686820	22509	13561	32.9	19.8	58.0
Dublin			349594	9888	8649	28.4	24.8	14.1
			507230		12073		23.8	
LIVERPOOL			507230	11000	12013	35.3	23.8	97.3

CITY OF LIVERPOOL.



The deaths of Children below five years of age amounted to 5,214, and thus comprised 43.2 per cent. of the whole deaths; the average number for the preceding ten years was 5,986, and the average percentage 43.9. The deaths of Infants below one year of age amounted to 3,210, showing that 17.9 per cent. of the children born within the City during the year, died before attaining the age of twelve months.

The following table indicates the seasonal mortality and the incidence, in the various wards of the City, of Infantile Mortality, and the proportion of deaths under five years to the total deaths:—

WARRO			Qua	rters.		Total	Deaths under	Per Cent- age of Deaths under 5	Per Cent- age of Deaths under 1
WARDS.		March.	June.	Sept.	Dec.	Deaths.	5 years of age.	years to Total Deaths.	year to Total Births.
Scotland		457	377	445	349	1628	796	48 9	22.1
Vauxhall		52	51	74	54	231	115	49.8	31.7
St. Paul's		53	47	45	39	184	76	41.3	100.0
Exchange		64	40	52	41	197	60	30.5	23.8
St. Anne's		173	154	152	160	639	214	33.5	19.8
Lime Street		69	51	67	57	244	78	32.0	19.9
Castle Street		4	5	7	5	21	8	38.1	31.2
St. Peter's		25	18	25	14	82	26	31.7	312
Pitt Street		58	42	35	39	174	48	27.6) 19:3
Great George	* * *	56	53	51	54	214	77	36.0	19.3
Rodney Street		85	70	70	63	288	89	30.9	9.0
Abercromby		92	77	88	66	323	99	30.7	30
Everton		637	587	604	582	2410	1149	47.7	16:3
Kirkdale		327	288	350	352	1317	604	45.9	16.9
West Derby		418	387	392	372	1569	685	43.7	14.2
North Toxteth		346	296	282	264	1188	531	44.7	1175
South Toxteth		251	221	218	240	930	507	54.5	17.5
Workhouses & H pitals (Residen outside City)		115	113	116	90	434	52	12.0	
City		3282	2877	3073	2841	12073	5214	43.2	17.9
								61 30 10	2, 0

Deaths in Public Institutions are referred to the Wards from whence the patients came.

The following table gives a classification of the actual causes of death during the four quarters of the year, grouped under the 17 classes adopted by the Registrar-General, and specifies the number of deaths from each of the principal Zymotic Diseases.

Full details as to the causes of death are set forth in table (C) in the Appendix.

CLASSES.		QUAR	TERS.		YEAR
CLASSES.	March.	June.	Sept.	Dec.	1894.
1. Zymotic Diseases	 493	439	682	357	1971
2. Diseases of Uncertain Seat	 100	111	118	116	445
3. Tubercular Diseases	 394	393	355	310	1452
4. Diseases of Brain, &c	 351	283	334	302	1270
5. ,, of Heart, &c	 221	165	178	220	784
6. ,, of Lungs, &c	 856	698	396	708	2658
7. ,, of Stomach, &c	 147	145	314	152	761
8. ,, of Kidneys, &c	 94	91	87	97	369
9. Childbirth, Diseases of Uterus, &c	 13	12	18	16	59
Rheumatism, Diseases of the Joints, &c.	 16	8	18	13	55
11. Diseases of the Skin, Cellular Tissue, &c.	 15	17	15	11	58
12. Malformations	 9	12	14	15	50
13. Premature Birth	 66	71	74	73	284
14. Atrophy and Debility	 176	163	220	184	743
15. Old Age	 63	54	50	48	215
16. Privation, Cold, &c	 			3	3
17. Causes investigated at Coroner's Inquests	 268	212	196	214	890
Causes not specified	 	3	1	2	6
All Causes	 3282	2877	3073	2841	12073
Total Zymotics	 493	439	682	357	1971
Smallpox	1	1	3	15	20
Measles	 88	112	64	35	299
Scarlatina	 62	55	54	61	232
Whooping Cough	 116	102	26	32	276
Diarrhœa	 29	43	391	40	503
(Typhus	17	12	8	13	50
Fever Typhoid	 63	56	62	67	248
Simple Continued	4	1	1	1	7

The Registrars' Returns show that there were 9 deaths (7 of women and 2 of men) at the age of 90 and upwards, viz., 2 females at 90, 1 male at 91, 1 male and 1 female at 93, 2 females at 94, 1 female at 95, and 1 female at 96.

ZYMOTICS.

This class of diseases occasioned 1,971 deaths during the year 1894, and accounted for 16·3 per cent. of the total mortality within the City during the same period. The average number of deaths from these diseases for the preceding ten years was 2,304, and the percentage death rate for 1894 was 0·6 per cent. less than the proportional rate of zymotic deaths to deaths from all causes during the preceding decennial period. The death rate from zymotic diseases per 1,000 was 3·9. The following table shows the localities and the periods of their fatal prevalence:—

							Z	YMOT	ICS.	
WA	RDS,	&c.		mul mul	Deaths from all Causes.			Per Centage of Zymotic Deaths to		
	olinn					March.	June.	Sept.	Dec.	Deaths from all Causes
							10.8			
Scotland			-11		1628	55	48	127	40	16.6
Vauxhall .			**		231	7	8	12	3	13.0
St. Paul's					184	9	7	4	4	13.0
Exchange · ·			* *		197	6	4	6	1	8.6
St. Anne's	4.				639	21	21	22	12	11.9
Lime Street					244	9	1	12	4	10.7
Castle Street					21			2		9.5
St. Peter's					82	4	1	3		9.8
Pitt Street			1.5		174	9	3	8	1	12:1
Great George					214	8	2	9	4	10:7
Rodney Street					288	9	11	10	8	13.2
Abercromby					323	14	10	13	3	12.4
Everton					2410	97	118	147	81	18:4
Kirkdale					1317	45	48	81	63	18.0
West Derby		4.0			1569	76	61	101	64	19.2
North Toxteth					1188	71	46	58	28	17:1
South Toxteth					930	42	42	56	35	18.8
Workhouses and outside City)	Hospi	tals (R	esidend	es	434	11	8	11	6	8:3
City		-6			12073	493	439	682	357	16:3

Deaths in Public Institutions are referred to the Wards from whence the patients came.

SMALLPOX.

This disease was imported into the City several times during the early part of the year, and all the cases which followed upon these importations were promptly isolated in the Parkhill Hospital, and the usual measures adopted as to disinfection and re-vaccination of the household.

During July and August the City was practically free from Smallpox, but on the 5th September some persons were found to be suffering from it in a court in Llanrwst Street. The disease had been introduced by tramps, and several other cases were found in the vicinity during the next few days. The Medical Officer caused a house-to-house visitation to be undertaken, with a view to discover other unnotified cases, and at the same time he drew the attention of the Vaccination Officer to the large number of unvaccinated people in the locality.

During the months of September, October and November, the names and addresses of 231 unvaccinated persons found by the Sanitary Inspectors in the Toxteth district were forwarded to the Vaccination Officer.

There was some delay in securing the vaccination of these unvaccinated people—many of whom were of the lowest and most degraded class of the community—and consequently there was some spread of the disease in the neighbourhood. The constant visits, however, of the staff of the Health Committee, and the prompt removal of infected persons to hospital at the earliest possible stage of the disease, checked the spread to a very great extent, and prevented its extension to other parts of the City.

The map (see Appendix) indicates the way in which the disease was limited to the area mentioned.

Of the total number of cases of Smallpox dealt with during the last four months of the year, 80 were discovered by the Officers of the Health Committee and 115 were reported under the Notification Act by medical men.

The disease kept its hold upon the district through September, attaining its maximum in October, and declining towards the end of the year.

The total number of cases of Smallpox reported during the year was 229, of which 20 died, a percentage of 8.7. In the previous year, 75 were reported and 9 died, a percentage of 12.0.

DEATHS FROM SMALLPOX.

				-					-			
				Q	UAR	TERS	S.			,	YEA	1194
WARDS.		Mar	ch.	Jui	ie.	Sep	ot.	Dec	c.		LEA	ic.
E C. Marie mari	10/12	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	Total.
Scotland												
Vauxhall												
St. Paul's and Exchange												
St. Anne's and Lime Street	**						1				1	1
Castle Street and St. Peter's	,											
Pitt Street and Great George												
Rodney Street and Abercromby						1				1		1
Everton												
Kirkdale									1		1	1
West Derby												
North Toxteth		1	7.7					2		3		3
South Toxteth				1		1		4	8	6	8	14
Hospitals (Residences outside the C	ity)											
City		1		1		2	1	6	9	10	10	20
A	GES AT	DE.	ATH									
Under 1— 2— 5— 10—	15—	20-	-	30-	-	40—		50 —) and		All ages.
1 6 1 1	1	6		2		1				1		20

The condition of the patients as to vaccination is referred to on pages 107 and 108.

List of Streets in the City wherein cases of Smallpox occurred during the Year 1894.

	Lucia and					
STREET.	2707	CASES.	DEATHS.	STREET.	CASES.	DEATHS.
Aiken	./	8		Dorrit	1	
Alfred Place		1		Enid	1	
Arlington		2		Essex	2	
Aubrey		1		Eversley	1	
Audley		1		Fairview Place	3	
Ballington		1		Fernie	2	1
Beau		1		Field	2	
Beaufort		19	3	Frank	1	
Beresford		1		Great George Square .	1	
Bevin Lane		1		Glover	5	1
Bevington Hill		1		Goring	1	
Bismarck		1		Grafton	1	
Blackburn		2		Gwendoline	1	
Blackstone		1		Hawdon	2	
Bold		1		Helena	1	
Bosnia		1		High Park	3	
Botanic Road	,	1		Hill	3	
Brownlow Hill (in:	mates of	4	-1	Holford	1	
Workhouse) Brassey		2		Hornby	2	
Carpenter's Row		1		Horsley	1	
Church		2		Howe	2	
Clayton Square		1		Hughson	4	
Clive		23	1	Hurry	1	
Cotter		2		Kempston	1	
Cooper		2		Lamb	1	
Cornwall		1		Lamport	3	
Cunliffe		1		Lancaster	1	1
Denton	v. 1.	1		Llanrwst	5	

List of Streets in the City wherein cases of Smallpox occurred during the year 1894.—Continued.

STREET.	CASES.	DEATHS.	STREET.	CASES.	DEATHS.
Magnum	1		Springfield	1	
Mann	5	2	Stanhope	1	
Markham	- 1		Stopford	1	
Menzies	1		St. Anne	1	**
Micawber	1		Teilo	1	
Miller	1	·	Thornton Place	1	
Mill	2	1	Thurlow	3	1
North Hill	2		Tinsley	1	
Oxford	1		Townsend	1	
Park Road	1		Toxteth	1	
Park	1	1	Upper Essex	2	
Percy	1		Upper Parliament	2	
Prince William	1	1	Upper Stanhope	2	
Rhyl	1		Upper William	1	
Roache	3		Voelas	1	
Robertson	4	1	Wagstaff	1	
Robson	2		Warwick	7	
Rockbrook	2	1	Wellington Road	2	
Roscoe	1		Westminster Road	1	
Royden	2	1	Whitefield Road	1	
Salisbury Road	2	4.	Whalley	3	
Seymour	1		Windsor	3	1
Shelley	6	2	Wolfe	7	
Smithfield	1		Woodruff	1	

In three cases the mildness of the illness obscured its real nature, but after complete convalesence this was made evident by subsequent events.

With these three exceptions the whole of the patients were removed to

Hospital.

The deaths occurred in Hospital, and have been transferred to the streets from whence the patients came.

DEATHS FROM THE VARIOUS FORMS OF CONTINUED FEVER DURING THE YEAR 1894.

	7		
	ToTAL.	: 102225438351232: 63128735	305
YEAR.	Simple Continued.	H-	-
X1	Typhoid.	.: 55 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	248
	Typhus.	9 :8 :8 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	50
	Total.	9 : 1 : 4 1 : : 1 : 5 : 5 : 1 : : : : : : : : : :	81
arte	Simple Continued.	11111111111111111	-
4th Quarter.	Typhold.	6 :- :4- : :- :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0	67
4	Typhus.		13
2	Total.	821 :28 : :00007-75-44 :	17
3rd Quarter.	Simple Continued.	111111111111111	н
- P	Typhoid.	3011 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	62
50	Typhus.	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	∞
2	Total.	7.1 c : 1 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	69
2nd Quarter.	Simple Continued.	17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-
nd Q	Typhoid.	4 :1 :0 : :1 : :8 1 6 8 9 7 7 9 : :	56
- 51	Typhus.	L :01 : L : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	12
	Total.	13 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	84
arter.	Simple Continued.	- ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	4
lst Qu	Typhoid.	P401-101 : : 1-1-01 ₹ ∞ 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	63
-	Typhus.	, in i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	17
	Wards.	Scotland Vauxhall St. Paul's Exchange St. Anne's Lime Street Castle Street St. Peter's Pitt Street Great George Rodney Street Abercromby Everton Kirkdale West Derby North Toxteth South Toxteth Hospitals (Residences unknown)	TOTAL FOR WHOLE CITY

In arranging this Table, all Deaths occurring in Hospitals have been transferred to the Wards from whence the patients came.

TYPHUS.

				A	AGES AT	r Deat	н,				
Under 1 year.	1—	2—	5 —	10—	15—	20—	30—	40—	50-	60 & up- wards.	All Ages.
-	_	_	1	7	1	8	17	11	2	3	50

The average number of deaths for the preceding ten years was 45.

TYPHOID.

				1	AGES A	T DEAT	н.				
Under 1 year.	1—	2—	5—	10-	15—	20 —	30—	40—	50—	60 & up- wards.	All Ages
1	1	13	38	28	36	61	36	17	10	7	248

The average number of deaths for the preceding ten years was 129,

List of Streets in the City wherein Deaths from Typhus occurred during the Year 1894.

,	Street	`S.		Number of Deaths.	STREETS.	Number of Deaths.
Albion			 	1	Luther	1
Annerley			 	1	Minshull	1
Beatrice			 	5	Netherfield Road North	1
Beau			 	1	Nursery	3
Beresford			 	1	Ogwen	1
Bond			 	1	Opie	1
Braemar			 	1	Prince Edwin	1
Buckingham			 	1	Prince Edwin Lane	2
Clare			 	1	Reading	1
Cockerell			 	1	Richmond Row	2
Coltman			 	1	Salisbury	1
Eldon			 	1	Shaw	1
Haigh			 	1	Upper Beau	1
Handel			 	1	Valentine Grove	1
Herbert			 	1	Vauxhall Road	1
Kinglake			 	1	Warren	2
Larch Grove			 4	1	Westmoreland	2
Lawton			 	1	and the second second	
*New Road (Γuebro	ok)	 	2	*Whitefield Road	1
*Oakleigh Gre	ove		 	1	*Whiteford Street	1

In arranging the foregoing list of streets, all deaths occurring in Hospitals have been transferred to the streets from whence the patients were removed.

^{*} These streets are situated beyond the Municipal Boundaries. Patients suffering from Typhus having been admitted to the City Hospitals from these streets.

SCARLATINA.

This disease continued to prevail during the whole of the year, but the type of disease was fortunately mild. The number of cases coming under the notice of the Medical Officer during the year amounted to 3,963. There were 232 deaths, making a rate of mortality of 5.9 per cent. Of the 3,963 cases reported, 1,415 were removed to hospital. The average number of deaths for the preceding ten years was 258.

In the previous year, 1893, the number of cases reported was 3,538, of which 1,380 were removed to hospital; and the deaths were 231, a percentage of 6.5.

DEATHS FROM SCARLATINA.

	ns ri		-										
					Q	UAR	TER	s.				YEA	P
WARDS.			Ma	rch.	Ju	ne.	Se	pt.	De	ec.		1 67	LK.
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
Scotland			3	4	4	1	6	5	4	3	17	13	30
Vauxhall				1								1	1
St. Paul's and Exchange		7.											
St. Anne's and Lime Street				3						2		5	5
Castle Street and St. Peter's								1				1	1
Pitt Street and Great George										1		1	1
Rodney Street and Abercromby	·		2	- 1	2		1				5	1	6
Everton			10	7	7	4	4	14	10	10	31	35	66
Kirkdale			6	5	8	4	4	4	5	8	23	21	44
West Derby			7	4	4	7	3	5	8	1	22	17	39
North Toxteth			2	5	4	3	4	1	1	5	11	14	25
South Toxteth			1		3	1		1	1	1	5	3	8
Hospitals (Residences outside th	e City)	4.	1		1	2	1		1		4	2	6
City			32	30	33	22	23	31	30	31 1	18	14	232
1 80 F 1 F 1 F 2	Ages	AT	DEA	тн.									10
Under 1 year. 1— 2— 5—	10—	15	-	20	0-	30	0—	40)	50	_		All ges.
20 37 117 42	6	5	5		4					. 1	1	2	232

Deaths in Public Institutions are referred to the Wards from whence the patients came.

MEASLES.

Measles occasioned 299 deaths. (The average number of deaths for the preceding ten years was 466.)

WARDS.	Mar	ch.	Q		TER		Dec.		Year.		R.
.ESTPLISADE	M.	F.	M	F.	м.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
Scotland			7	- 6	7	13	2		16	19	35
Vauxhall			2			1			2	1	3
St. Paul's and Exchange		3	1	1		1			2	5	7
St. Anne's and Lime Street	-	2	1	4				1	9	7	16
Castle Street and St. Peter's	,								1		1
Pitt Street and Great George				1	1				4	2	6
Rodney Street and Abercromby	0		2	1		2			4	3	7
Everton	8			15	100		4	1		35	82
Kirkdale		4		5	1	4	26	6		19	38
West Derby				9		2		4	100		46
North Toxteth				4	3	2		1			28
South Toxteth	8	9		3			1		16	100	28
	Ü			·	•				10	1	
Hospitals (Residences outside the City)	1				1				2		2
City	46	42	63	49	28	36	22	13	159	140	299
Ages at	DE	АТН			Diel		1300				giali
Under 1— 2— 5— 10— 1	5	2	0-	3	30—	4	0—	5	0—	A	All Ages.
63 123 99 11 —	-		1		_		1		1		299

Deaths in Public Institutions are referred to the Wards from whence the patients came.

WHOOPING COUGH.

Whooping Cough occasioned 276 deaths. (The average number of deaths for the preceding ten years was 352.)

				-/	-											
								Q	UAI	RTER	s.		100		YE.	ı D
		WARI	DS.			Ma	rch.	Ju	ne.	Se	pt.	D	ec.		I. Do	A.A.
anne de						М.	F.	М.	F.	м	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	Total
Scotlar	nd					15	8	4	9	3	2	2	3	24	22	46
Vauxh	all						1						1		2	2
St. Par	ul's and	Exchan	ge			1	1	3	3		2			4	6	10
St. An	ne's and	l Lime S	treet		5.	7	3	3	1		1		1	10	6	16
Castle	Street a	nd St. P	eter's			2								2		2
Pitt St	reet and	l Great	George			2	1		1					2	2	4
Rodney	y Street	and Ab	ercromby			4	3	2	4					6	7	13
Everto	n					4	6	7	14	1		2	3	14	23	37
Kirkda	le .					5	3	4	5		1	1	2	10	11	21
West I	Derby .					3	5	4	10	2	3	3	9	12	27	39
North ?	Toxteth					10	18	5	11	3	2	1	1	19	32	51
South 7	Foxteth					4	9	5	5	2	4	1	2	12	20	32
Hospita	als (Resi	idences o	outside t	he City)		1		1	1					2	1	3
City						58	58	38	64	11	15	10	22	117	159	276
				Ages	AT	DEA	тн.									
Under 1 year.	1-	2—	5—	10-	1	5—	2	0-	30	0-	40)—	5	0		All ges.
98	100	67	11													276

DIPHTHERIA.

The number of deaths (65) from this disease was 17 below the average of the preceding ten years (1884 to 1893), and 12 above the average for the ten years 1874 to 1883.

DEATHS FROM DIPHTHERIA.

Quanting.				Qt	JAR	TERS				,	YEA	D
WARDS.	М	arch		Jur	ne	Sep	t.	Dec	c.		LEA	
	M	. F		M.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	Total.
Scotland		1	1		2				3	1	6	7
Vauxhall			1								1	1
St. Paul's and Exchange											100	
St. Anne's and Lime Street												
Castle Street and St. Peter's									in.	0.0		
Pitt Street and Gt. George			1								1	1
Rodney Street and Abercromby								1	1	1	1	2
Everton		2	5	2	1	4		2	1	10	7	17
Kirkdale		1	1	3			2		1	4	4	8
West Derby		5	2		2	2	1	4	5	11	10	21
North Toxteth		1			1			1	1	2	2	4
South Toxteth						2				2		2
Hospitals (Residences outside the City)			1	• •	1						2	2
City		10	12	5	7	8	3	8	12	31	34	65
Ages	AT I	EAT	гн.									
Under 1— 2— 5— 10— 15 1 year.		20-	-	30		40	-	50	-	60-	-	All Ages
2 14 27 15 2 .		3	3		1					1		65

CROUP.

The deaths (62) from this disease were 52 below the average of the preceding ten years (1884 to 1893) and 108 lower than the average for the ten years 1874 to 1883.

DEATHS FROM CROUP.

		Qσ	ARTER	s.			YEAR		
WARDS.	March	Jun	e. Se	ept.	Dec.		LBAR		
	M. F	. М.	F. M.	F. M	. F.	M.	F. 1	otal	
Scotland	2 .		2	1	2 2	4	5	9	
Vauxhall		. 1	1		1	2	1	3	
St. Paul's and Exchange					. 1		1	1	
St. Anne's and Lime Street					1	1		1	
Castle Street and St. Peter's									
Pitt Street and Great George	2 .			1 .		2	1	3	
Rodney Street and Abercromby	1 .			1 .		1	1	2	
Everton	1 3	1	2 1	1	2	4	8	12	
Kirkdale	1		1	2 :	3 1	5	3	8	
West Derby	2		3	5	2 1	7	1	8	
North Toxteth	3	1 :	2	1	1	2	7	9	
South Toxteth		. 1	1 1	1	1	3	3	6	
Hospitals (Residences outside the City).									
City	9 6	4 8	8 6	8 12	9	31	31	62	
Ages at Death.									
Under 1— 2— 5— 10—	15	20—	30—	40—	50	-	Al Age		
9 19 27 7				3 4 11	9	113	62		

DIARRHŒA.

Diarrhœa accounted for 503 deaths. (The average number of deaths for the preceding ten years was 575.)

anomo vos			Qt	JAR	TERS	5.			,	EAI	
WARDS.	Mar	ch.	Jui	ne.	Sej	pt.	De	c.		LEAL	
	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	Total
Scotland	1	2	3	2	40	39	2	3	46	46	92
Vauxball	/···				3	3			3	3	6
St. Paul's and Exchange	1	1			3	2		2	4	5	9
St. Anne's and Lime Street	4	2	2	1	10	8	2	1	18	12	30
Castle Street and St. Peter's		1			2	2			2	3	5
Pitt Street and Great George		2		2	4	7	2		6	11	17
Rodney Street and Abercromby	1		2	2	2	8	1		6	10	16
Everton	3	4	5	1	42	41	6	5	56	51	107
Kirkdale	1		3	2	25	24	2	2	31	28	59
West Derby		4	4	4	26	28	4	2	34	38	72
North Toxteth			1	3	20	13	1		22	16	38
South Toxteth	2		2	4	16	23	2	3	22	30	52
Hospitals (Residences outside the City)											
City	13	16	22	21	193	198	22	18	250	253	503
AGES AT	DI	EAT	H.					150.50			lini
Under 1— 2— 5— 10— 15—	20-	-	30-	-	40		50—	60 w	& u		All Ages
344 95 23 6 3	1		4		3		11		13		503

Deaths in Public Institutions are referred to the wards from whence the patients came.

List of Streets in the City wherein Two or more Deaths from Diarrhœa occurred during the year 1894.

STREET	s.			No. of Deaths.	STRE	No.	
Addison				2	Lemon		
Arkwright				3	Limekiln Lane		
Athol				4	Mann		 2
Beaufort				4	Maynard		
Bolton				2	Mile End		 2
Bostock			,	2	Mill Road		
Brasenose Road				3	Netherfield Roa	d North	
Brisbane				2	Northumberland	١	 2
Buckingham				3	Paget		 2
Burlington				6	Park Road .		 2
Butler				2	Peover		 2
Chapel Lane				2	Phythian		 2
China				5	Portland		 7
Christian				2	Prince William		 4
Collingwood				2	Queen Anne		 2
Comus				2	Radcliffe		 2
Copeland				2	Raffles .		 2
Devonshire Place				2	Rathbone		 4
Dryden				5	Raymond		 3
Eldon				3	Reading		 3
Essex				2	Rimmer		 2
Everton Terrace				3	Robsart		 3
,, Valley				2	Rosalind		 67
Farnworth				2	Sefton		 9
Flinders				2	Segrave		 9
Connel				9	Skirving		 .,
Gloucester Place				2	Slade		 3
Grosvenor				2	Soho		 2
Great Crosshall	**		* 1	2	South		 0
п				2	Spencer		 2
17 1 11		***		2	m		 2
				2	Tatlock		 4
Hamber	• •			3	Tillard .		 3
П	"			2	Vauxhall Road		 0
Umlan	**	**		2	Vescock		0
17:1-1-11		**		2	Victoria Square		 0
Lathan				2	Wavertree Road		 0
T - 41	**			2	Westmoreland I		 2
Latimer Leadenhall				2	Woodville Terra		 2

In arranging the foregoing list of streets, all deaths occurring in Hospitals have been transferred to the streets from whence the patients were removed.

OTHER ZYMOTICS.

H noned												100		
WARDS.	101	Influenza.		Ervsinelas		Symbilis	- A C	Rheumatic	Fever.	Puerperal	Fever.	Other	Zymotics.	YEAR.
in the state of th	Ban	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	Total.
Scotland				2		6	4	1			2	3	2	20
Vauxhall						2	2				1		1	6
St. Paul's and Exchange				1		2			1				1	5
St. Anne's and Lime Street			1	3		3		3	2		2			14
Castle Street and St. Peter's														
Pitt Street and Great George		1		1		1		1			1	2	11.	7
Rodney Street and Abercromby	у.	1	2		2	1	3	1	1		1	2		14
Everton		5	3	2	2	4	6	2	3	**	7	3	1	38
Kirkdale		1	1	3	3	2	3	2	2		8	1	3	29
West Derby		3	3	3	3	3	4	2	2		6	2	4	35
North Toxteth		2	7	1		- 2	2	1	1		1	1		18
South Toxteth:			1	2	1	1	1	1	1		2	1		11
Hospitals (Residences outside t	he		1	1		3	1		1		2	3		12
City		13	19	19	11	30	26	14	14		33	18	12	209

TUBERCULAR DISEASES.

This group of diseases includes Phthisis, Scrofula, Tabes Mesenterica, and Hydrocephalus. They occasioned 1,452 deaths in the City of Liverpool during the year 1894. (The average number of deaths for the preceding ten years was 1,670.)

PHTHISIS.

The deaths from Phthisis amounted to 1,071, the average number for the preceding ten years being 1,183.

preceding ten years being 1,165.						-	-			-	
	1		Q	UAR	TER	s.				Yва	
WARDS.	Ma	rch.	Jui	ne.	Sej	pt.	De	ec.		1 BA	K.
	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	TOTAL
THE RESERVE											ain'
Scotland	30	18	25	12	15	12	16	10	86	52	138
Vauxhall	1	1	3	4	2	2	1	1	7	8	15
St. Paul's and Exchange	3	3	4	3	5	1	4	5	16	12	28
St. Anne's and Lime Street	15	7	19	10	12	18	15	12	61	47	108
Castle Street and St. Peter's	3		2	1	3	2	3	1	11	4	15
Pitt Street and Great George	4	7	9	10	4	8	10	7	27	32	59
Rodney Street and Abercromby	11	8	9	5	11	8	5	5	36	26	62
Everton	26	29	27	26	18	20	19	20	90	95	185
Kirkdale	15	9	14	12	11	9	10	10	50	40	90
West Derby	28	25	30	15	24	14	24	19	106	73	179
North Toxteth	13	16	13	14	12	13	6	10	44	53	97
South Toxteth	8	11	4	9	2	8	7	4	21	32	53
Hospitals (Residences outside the City)	6	- 5	10	3	6	6	4	2	26	16	42
City	163	139	169	124	125	121	124	106	581	490	1071
AGES AT DEATH.											
Under 1— 2— 5— 10— 15—	20-	-	30-	- 4	40-	5	0—		and w'd		All Ages.
6 12 13 30 29 86	229	9	310		229		101		26	1	071

Deaths in Public Institutions are referred to the Wards from whence the patients came.

DEATHS FROM THE OTHER TUBERCULAR DISEASES.

WARDS.	50,1		a di la	Scrofula		Tabes	Mesenterica.	- Hydrocephalus		YEAR.		ıR.
and the		en de		M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	м.	F.	Total.
Scotland		0.4		8	6	10	5	13	6	31	17	48
Vauxhall				1	1			1	3	2	4	6
St. Paul's and Exchange				1	1	2	1	2	2	5	4	9
St. Anne's and Lime Street				4	2	3	3	4	5	11	10	21
Castle Street and St. Peter's					2	1		1		2	2	4
Pitt Street and Great George				2	3	1	1	2	1	5	5	10
Rodney Street and Abercromby		2.5		9	3	2	2	3	3	14	8	22
Everton				21	13	12	13	20	11	53	37	90
Kirkdale				8	12	8	3	6	7	22	22	44
West Derby				13	13	11	5	14	8	38	26	64
North Toxteth		* 0.4		6	10	8	4	3	3	17	17	34
South Toxteth	0.16			5	5	4	2	2		11	7	18
Hospitals (Residences outside th	e Cit	y)		1	4	1		5		7	4	11
City				79	75	63	39	76	49	218	163	381

DEATHS FROM CANCER DURING THE LAST SIX YEARS.

	Total.	96	79 34 18	38	18 20	345
1894.	Females.	30	5 4 5	60	9	209
	Males.	52 21 2	13: 9	35	6	136
	Total.	95 40	39 19	25	20 25	341
1893.	Females.	52 24	39	10	8	217
	Males.	43	s : 5	20	12	124
	Total.	91	32 10	32	24 19	303
1892.	Females.	39	322	6	13	181
	Males.	52	7: °	53	117	122
	Total.	38	37 37 19	43	21 22	346
1891.	Lemales.	45	37.00	6	13	211
	Males.	42 41	9 : 19	34	14 9	135
	Total.	34	35 18	49	18	334
1890.	Females.	200	35	7	12	212
	Males.	38	: 00	42	6 7	122
	Total.	98	25 14 14	37	21	291
1889.	Eemules	13	25 4	00	13	170
	Males.	4.1	10: 8	29	10 S	121
	DISEASE.	Cancer of Stomach and Bowels ,, Liver ,, Urinary and Genera-	", Breast	,, Iongue, Neck, and Throat	Body	Total

The following table shows the death rate per 1,000 of the population, and the number of deaths from Fever and Diarrhæa during the last twenty-nine years:—

Year.	Death Rate per 1,000 of Population.	Deaths from Diarrhœa.	Deaths from Fever.		Deaths from Relapsing Fever	
1866	41.7	1,145	ART	1,523		8
1867	29.4	796	1 June	656		
1868	29.1	1,108		841		
1869	28.9	1,001	8000	783		
1870	31.1	1,151	777716	572		355
1871	35.1	1,127		701		207
1872	27.0	998	TOPE	451		25
1873	25.8	906	516	335		·
1874	31.9	879		449		
1875	27.5	842	· Manage	490		ā
1876	27.5	694		398		
1877	26.4	605	II.Graph	382		
1878	29.3	979		375		
1879	26.9	402		248		
1880	27.2	1,028	389	256		
1881	26.7	508		292		
1882	*27.0	587	VE BEEN	593		
1883	*27.7	518		540		
			Typhus.	Typhoid. C	Continued.	
1884	*26.6	841	77	112	16	E
1885	*25.6	422	71	95	16	
1886	*26.1	781	47	140	11	
1887	*26.4	619	52	130	12	
1888	*23.1	431	32	125	4	
1889	*24.9	575	45	167		
1890	*27.5	468	23	99	1	
1891	26.9	330	37	92	2	
1892	24.7	415	18	111	2	
1893	27.3	866	44	221	5	
1894	23.8	503	50	248	7	

^{*} Calculated on corrected population as per Census Returns of 1891.

Mr. Plummer has kindly supplied the following tables:-

LIVERPOOL OBSERVATORY, BIDSTON, BIRKENHEAD.

Latitude 53° 24' 5" N.; Longitude 3° 4' 20" W. Height above the Mean Level of the Sea, 201 feet.

Year and Month, 1894.	Barometer. Mean.	Temperature. Mean.	Rainfall. Amount.	No. of days on which 0.01 ins. or more rain fell.	Mean Monthly Humidity. Complete Satura- tion equal 100.
т	Inches.	Degrees.	Inches.	21	90
January	29.768	39.1	1.694	21	82
February	29.924	42.5	3.177	21	83
March	29.911	45.5	1.558	13	76
April	29.845	50.5	1.596	15	74
May	29.955	49.1	2.475	18	73
June	29.990	57.7	1.958	17	75
July	29.862	60.9	3.284	18	75
August	29.892	58.0	3.062	18	79
September		54.1	0.916	6	78
October		49.7	3.988	16	81
November		47.3	1.989	18	85
December	29.965	43.0	2.215	21	85

DIFFERENCES FROM THE AVERAGE QUANTITIES OBSERVED DURING THE LAST 20 YEARS.

	BARON	IRTER.	TEMPE	RATURE.	RAINFALL.			
1894.	Above Average.	Below Average.	Above Average.	Below Average.	Above Average.	Below Average		
	Inches.	Inches.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Inches.	Inches.		
January		0.149				0.449		
February		0.013	1.7		1 489			
March		0.011	3.6			0.073		
April		0.051	3.4		0.003			
May	0.004			2.8	0.535			
June	0.003			0.1		0.069		
July		0.057	0.4		0.319			
August		0.019		2.1	0.148			
September	0.255	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		2.1		2.257		
October	0.041		0.4	10000	0 399			
November	0.010		3.8			0.808		
D 1				**		0.412		
December	0.081		3.3		1.1	0.412		

OBSERVATIONS OF VELOCITY OF WIND.

1894.	Average Hourly Velocity for Month.	Maximum Hourly Velocity.	Date of Maximum Velocity.	Minimum Hourly Velocity.	Date of Minimum Velocity.
	Miles per hr.	Miles.		Miles.	T 1 14 00
January	23.8	63	Jan. 27	4	Jan. 1, 14, 23
February	26.9	71	Feb. 11, 12	2	Feb. 14, 22
March	19.4	57	Mar. 6, 11	1	Mar. 17, 18, 20
April		33	April 14	1	April 17, 28, 30
May	200	47	May 4	1	May 21, 22, 25
June	53.0	44	June 11	1	June 3, 8, 10
July		39	July 18	0	July 9
August		45	Aug. 3	0	Aug. 31
September		34	Sept. 7	1	Sept. 10, 13, 27
October	13.2	51	Oct. 24	1	Oct. 4, 7, 11, 12
November		45	Nov. 8	1	Nov. 12, 30
December		89	Dec. 22	1	Dec. 1

	BEET .		

SANITARY ADMINISTRATION.

SANITARY ADMINISTRATION.

For the purpose of carrying out the requirements of the various Sanitary Acts of Parliament, the following staff is employed:—

*District In	spectors for	or Gene	ral San	itary P	urposes	3	23
Inspectors	of Meat			···			4
,,	" Fish						3
,,	under the	Disease	es of Ar	nimals I	Act		2
,,	under the	Sale of	Food	and Dr	ugs Ac	t	1
,,	,,	Works	hop and	l Shop I	Hours A	ct	2
† "	Smoke						2
‡ " A	Ambuland	ee and I	Disinfed	eting	A. A		8
Superinter	ndents of	Disinfec	ting A	pparatu	s		2
Inspectors	for Comm	on Lod	ging an	d Sub-l	et Hous	ses	11
,,	" Canal	Boats					1
,,	" Bakeh	ouses					1
Notice Ser	rvers						2

Officers are selected for these positions whose previous training and occupation has been such as to fit them for the special duties they are called upon to discharge.

Those marked * are required to hold the Certificate of the Sanitary Institute of Great Britain.

Those marked † have Marine Engineers' First-class Certificates.

[‡] Superintendent Ambulance Inspector holds Sanitary Certificate, and also the Certificate of St. John's Ambulance Association.

PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACT, 1894.

	1894.	1893.
Number of Visits to Railway Stations, including inspections made of		1000.
Sundaya	. 5,219	3,259
,, Inspections of pens	. 97,393	100,950
" found clean	. 74,595	80,517
,, dirty and cleansed before being used	. 22,798	20,433
" Informations for dirty pens used before being cleansed		
,, Inspections of Trucks	. 29,906	28,558
,, found clean	. 27,118	24,624
" dirty and cleansed before being used, or leaving th	ie -	
City dirty	. 2,788	3,934
" Informations for dirty trucks used before being cleansed .	. –	-
,, Inspections of Horse Boxes	. 337	244
,, found clean	. 193	146
,, dirty and cleansed before being used, or leaving the	ie	
City dirty	. 144	98
,, Informations for dirty horse boxes used before being cleanse	d —	-
Number of Inspections of Vessels	. 8,626	9,103
	. 3,912	4,027
,, dirty and cleansed before being used, or going to Se	a	
	. 4,710	5,076
" Informations for dirty vessels used before being cleansed .		2
	. 7,073	8,366
	. 5,587	6,731
,, ,, dirty and cleansed before being used	. 1,486	1,635
, Informations for not cleansing gangway		-
,, Informations for not disinfecting scrapings and sweepings.		1
Number of Inspections of Lairage and Sale Yards	. 3,398	3,612
,, found clean	. 2,568	2,769
,, ,, dirty and cleansed before being used	. 830	843
" Informations for dirty Lairages used before being cleanse	d —	-
" Informations for landing fittings without consent in writing		
of the Local Authority	y 4	2
", ", ", landing broken fodder		1
" ,, carrying newly-shorn sheep on upper decl	× —	1
", " ", not providing pens for animals on vessel.	. 1	-
Total Number of Informations	. 9	7
Fined	. 9	7
Withdrawn	. –	-
	10 010	40.10.0
Amount of Fines and Costs £52	2 16 6 £	49 16 6

RETURNS OF CATTLE KILLED IN THE CITY SLAUGHTER-HOUSES, AND OF IMPORTED DEAD MEAT.

STREET.		Beasts.	Sheep.	Lambs.	Calves.	Pigs.	Dead Meat Imported for Sale.				
	SIREBI.	Denotes.	Бисер.	Datinos.	Carves.	1.60.	Beasts.	Sheep.	Pigs.	Calves.	
	Abattoir.	10152	198451		16008	29757	36558	298602		524	
	Back Butler Street	160	378	136	26						
	Back Castle Street	1063	1726		845		195	45			
	Back Mount Vernon Green	567	3499	822	29						
ARTS.	Cotter Street	33	58		38	2406					
AR	Corlett Street	95	1390	569	28	16					
4	Crown Street		8					1			
NEW	Darnley Street		***	::.		2325					
E.	Edgeware Street	73	695	160	2						
-	Embledon Street	470	2330	556	13	4070					
	Foley Street	900	::.	500	::-	4970					
	Gelling Street	292	554	532	157						
	Peel Street	53	1038	288	15	69					
	Bevington Hill	2009	244	27	1579	9	162			4	
	Benledi Street					361					
	Byrom Street					1499					
	Bolton Street	249	2604	1151	10						
i	Back Commutation Row(1)		27	26		4					
131	,, ,, (2)	250	1814	423							
FARTS.	Copperas Hill					11115					
- 14	Finch Place	454	2180	908	3						
OTTO	Frederick Street	55	595	450	11	59					
>	Hodson Street	22	142		5						
	Lydia Ann Street	338	2960	319							
	Norman Street		27.0	***		1894					
	Norfolk Street		2750	694		1::0		3:			
	Soho Street					1779					
	Upper Milk Street					6614					
T	otal in Private Slaughter-					Contract Section		- I			
	houses	6188	24992	7061	2761	33120	357	45		4	
Т	otal in the City	16340	223443	7061	18769	62877	36915	298647		528	

PRECEDING YEAR.

Total in Private Slaughter- houses	7093	31562 274876		2458 19703					494
---------------------------------------	------	-----------------	--	---------------	--	--	--	--	-----

There is a considerable decrease over the preceding year in the number of cattle slaughtered in the City Slaughterhouses, over 6,000 less being slaughtered than in the preceding year, but there is an increase in the carcases of dead meat imported for sale; the total being about 6,000 more than in the preceding year. The live cattle are not brought to the market in such large numbers when there is a large importation of carcases, similarly with regard to sheep there is a decrease of about 51,000 in the number killed in the City, and an increase of about 40,000 in the number of carcases imported for sale.

SLAUGHTERHOUSE TRANSFERS.

There was only one application for a transfer of licence during the year viz.:-

Premises.	art to more	Date 1894.
No. 64, St. James Street	Refused.	25th January.

UNWHOLESOME MEAT, FISH, &c., SEIZED AND DESTROYED.

	DATE,-1894.	Beef.	Veal.	Mutton.	Pork.	Poultry	Rabbits and Hares.	Fish.	Shell-fish.	Oysters.	Fruit.
		Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Head		Lbs.	Bags.		Lbs.
	Abattoir	148006	9414	13520	8718						
Houses.	Back Castle Street	30390	3258	216							
00.5	Back Butler Street	625									
H	Benledi Street	-::			320						
	Bevington Hill	55521	4952	1077	300						
SLAUGHTER	Bolton Street Byrom Street	155		50	220						
GH	C TT:11	600			2279						
AU	Darnley Street				170						
SE	Gelling Street	1210	51								
-	Norman Street				655						
MARKETS.		-									
K.	St. John's	383	30	269	50	1069	475	113429	99		
AR	St. Martin's	613		205						• •	••
N										-11	
	Brunswick Road	29	4	1000	-			P SOUTH	1000	2000	
1	Basnett Street		1		::					1600	
	Cazneau "						64				140, Cherries
	Cotter "	1770	45								
	Castle "										20, Bananas
	Everton Road			60							
10	Embledon Street	24		100							
	Frederick Street		3.5	190				10000			
00	Gt. Charlotte Street Kempston Street							18889 - 336			
PARTS.	Tarre Obresh					150					The state of the s
PA	Manesty Lane	::	::	::				1600	::	::	ibow woodi
1 4	Mill Street	137									
HER	Pitt Street							3900			
Отн	Park Road	150									
1	Scotland Road	1182		278							
1	Skelhorne Street				077	13					
1	Upper Milk Street	100			275						
	Vauxhall Road	180 10		••							
	Walton Dood	60									
1	Williamson Square	240		400					::		
	Windsor Street	200		66	1						
	William Henry Street							448			
	100.1 77 2.18				1	200	I FRE	2 300	7		incoming (
	Total	241485	17754	16331	12987	1232	539	138602	99	1600	160

Equivalent to—Meat ... Tons. Cwts. Qrs. Lbs. 127 13 2 26
Fish ... 76 11 3 18

TUBERCULOSIS.

Return shewing in respect of the year 1894, the number of carcases seized by Medical Officer of Health and Inspectors, distinguishing as far as practicable the number so condemned in consequence of the animal having suffered from Tuberculosis.

								1894.
Nu	mber of ca	rcases seized du	ring the	year	by Medi	ical Of	ficer of	
	Health an	nd Inspectors und	er sectio	n 116 o	f the Pul	olic Hea	lth Act	1,087
* Nu	mber of su	ch carcases conde	mned by	Justic	es under	section	117 of	
	the Publi	c Health Act			11. 40			* 24
Nu	mber of ca	rcases so condemi	ned in co	nseque	nce of the	animal	having	
	suffered fo	rom Tuberculosis						214
		1 1	-2005	701	COMP. (18)			1000
							1894.	1893.
Numbe	r of Visits	to Slaughterhouse	s made b	y Meat	Inspecto	rs	10,925	11,324
,,	,,	Butchers' Shop	s ,,		,,		53,941	49,240
,,	,,	Fish Shops	,,	Fish	Inspector	s	38,119	40,705
,,	,,	Poultry Depots	· .				428	463
"	Inform	ations in respect	to Diseas	sed Me	at and Fi	sh	. 12	22
,,	Fined .						10	15
,,	sent to Ga	ol					-	1
						-		
Amour	nt of Fines	and Costs				£4	9 10 9	£75 17 0

SMOTHERED AND INJURED CATTLE.

There is a large decrease in the number of smothered and injured cattle. These are mainly cattle imported from Ireland, the cross channel traffic being attended with more injury and damage to the cattle than is sustained by those which have been brought across the Atlantic.

-	Beasts.	Sheep.	Pigs.	Number found good.	Number found bad.	Weight of Bad in pounds.
-	30	90	114	187	47	10,301

SHIPPON INSPECTION.

								1894.	1	1893	
Number	of Inspections	s of S	Shippo	ons	 	 		982		1,00	01
,,	Informatio	ns			 	 		3			4
"	Fined				 . H	 11.12		1	n Live		4
Amount	of Fines and	Costs			 	 	£0	9 6	£3	2	6

^{*} The remainder were dealt with under a Local Act, which does not require a Justices' Order.

DAIRIES AND MILK SHOPS.

			4				1894.	1893.
Number	r of Inspections of Dairies	and I	Milk Sl	hops			2,043	2,089
,,	found Incorrect		To the last		 		67	118
,,	of Informations			1.	 		10	12
,,	Fined		11221		 	100.	7	9
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Acquitted and Withdraw	n			 		3	3
Amount	t of Fines and Costs				 	£5	6 6	£6 0 6

LICENSES FOR CATTLE.

During the year 1894, two applications were made to the Health Committee for licenses to keep cows on premises not previously licensed. These applications for keeping twenty-three cows were granted. Forty-six of the shippons previously licensed have been transferred to fresh tenants, and thirteen applications are standing over, pending alterations as to light and ventilation.

There were five applications made to keep more cows than the number for which the license was originally issued, three of these, for keeping ten cows, were granted, on certain structural alterations being made.

There are at present 304 shippons licensed to keep 4,005 cows.

There has been a gradual, but great, improvement during the year, as to light and ventilation in shippons. As old shippons become vacant and applications are made for renewal of the licenses, ventilating windows 2 feet 6 inches by 2 feet, and having a fall of at least 1 foot, or other efficient means of ventilation are required, and also one or more ventilating shafts passing through the roof.

Licenses for pigs are not now granted in the City except under very exceptional circumstances.

Six applications were made during the year to keep pigs in styes separate from, and unconnected with, shippons, one of which was granted for keeping two pigs. The total number of premises or styes now licensed in the city is twenty-six for keeping ninety-four pigs.

DAIRIES, COWSHEDS AND MILKSHOPS ORDER.

On application being made for registration of premises for the sale of milk, under the Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops Order, the sanitary arrangements are inspected by the District Sanitary Inspector, and in case of any defect being found, a notice is at once sent to the owner to remedy such defect. The premises are then inspected by the Milkshop Inspector, to ascertain that the

premises are suitable and that no other business likely to cause contamination of the milk is carried on. After registration the premises are visited from time to time by the Inspectors. The number of such visits are to be found on page 45, Samples of milk for analysis are taken by the Food and Drugs Inspector. The number so taken during the year will be found on page 50.

When infectious sickness occurs at a milkshop the premises are specially inspected, and the necessary action taken.

In no case was disease in private houses traceable to milkshops.

The accompanying table shows the number of milkshops on the register etc.

Number of	application	ns for registration during the year	227
Of which to	ansfers we	re	160
Number of	application	ns granted	208
,,	,,	refused	18
,,	,,	standing over pending alterations	1
Number on	the registe	er at the end of 1893	1,360
,,	,,	,, 1894	1,236

FACTORY AND WORKSHOPS ACT, 1891.

The Shop Hours Act came into operation in Liverpool on 1st January, 1893, and there have been 4,083 visits paid to Workshops during the day, and 2,058 visits made after six o'clock; in 3,057 instances the Workshops were found to be correct, and 1,026 incorrect.

The persons concerned evinced every desire to comply with the requirements of the Act, and very little difficulty has been experienced so far in shewing that the requirements should be complied with.

				1894.			
Number of Informations laid	illim illo-odo , an			4			_
,, Fined	10 11 10 115			3			-
Amount of	Fines and Costs			£1	3 6		1893.
Number of copies of Shop Hours A	Act distributed l	y In	specto	rs			1,310
Number of Workshops inspected,	protected		550			824	
,, ,, ,,	non-protected		64	614		112	936
,, Workrooms measured				721			1,036
Visits to Workshops				3,951			4,347
Workshops found incorrect	/			1,654			2,202
Workrooms found overcrowded				29			

THE S.	ANITARY	DEFECTS	INCLUDE :-
--------	---------	---------	------------

	mailer of irapentan	feld change	7 2/8	20 - 100 200 - 100	attended.	1894.			1893.
Number	of Workrooms, dirty w	alls				551			946
	,, ,, ce	ilings .				551			946
,,	,, ,, flo	ors				23			210
11	,, ,, ui	inals				20			39
,,	,, ,, w	ater-closets				147			170
,,	,, ,, la	vatories				15			19
,,	,, insuffic	iently ventil	ated, a	rising	from	structi	ıral de	fects	
	or	from want of	atten	tion		657		**	887
,,	Defective Drains an	d Water-clo	sets;	also	insuffi	cient v	vater-c	loset	
	accommodation,	and other n	uisanc	es		653			977
,,	Notices issued					532			889
,,	,, not complied					44			30
	(The greater	part of these	are kno	own to	be in p	rogress.)		
,,	Informations	:				28			83
,,	Fined					8			-
,,	of References to Factor	ry Inspector				156			213
	Am	ount of Fine	s and	Costs			£6 11	0	

PROCEEDINGS FOR EXCESSIVE SMOKE.

							1894.	1893.
Number	of Town Noti	ces			 		257	317
,,	River ,,				 		280	287
,,	Informatio	ns against	Manufa	ctories	 		255	328
,,	,,		Steamer	rs	 	of the sea	275	281
,,	Fined				 		513	597
,,	Acquitted or	Withdraw	n		 		19	12
Amount	of Fines and	Costs			 	£701	3 5 £76	64 1 6

BAKEHOUSES.

Special attention has been paid during the year to the condition of the Bakehouses, and the subjoined table reports the number of inspections made and the result of those inspections.

REPORT OF INSPECTIONS DURING THE YEAR 1894.

	1	
me	No.	Remarks.
Number of Bakehouses on Register at end of 1894	539	tuoti-min.
Number of Visits	4,637	tory virasilitated vent
Number of Notices issued to cleanse floors, etc	18	All complied with.
Number of Notices issued for dirty walls and ceilings	314	All complied with. In addition to this number, 24 other bakehouses were found dirty by the Inspector, but the cleansing was done by the occupiers without Notices.
Number of Notices issued for defective ventilation	94	All complied with.
Number of Notices issued to provide water direct from main	27	All complied with.
Number of Notices issued to discontinue using bedrooms opening directly into bakehouse	5	All complied with.
Number of Notices issued to repair defective drains and traps	80	All complied with.
Number of Notices issued to repair defective flagging and tiling	23	All complied with.
Number of Notices issued to remove water-closets out of bakehouses	12	All complied with.
Number of Notices issued to provide water-closet accomodation	16	All complied with.

Four informations were laid. Two for defective ventilation which were subsequently withdrawn, the work being done: one for not providing water-closet accommodation, fined 10s. and 4s. 6d., and an order made to have the work done within 7 days: and one for not filling up catchpit inside bakehouse and provide a drain in cellar area, fined 10s. and 4s. 6d., and an order made to have the work done within 7 days.

Proceedings under the Food and Drugs and Margarine Acts.

SAMPLES TAKEN FOR ANALYSIS.

No. of Samples purchased.	Description of	Sample	s.		Adulterated.	Information.
521	New Milk				46	36
134	Skimmed Milk				19	18
4	Condensed Milk					
4	Cream					
1	Buttermilk				1	1
65	Butter				. 18	17
11	Lard				13	
22	Margarine				1	1
54	Cheese				9	9
.7	Tea				**	**
16	Coffee	1			4	3
2	French Coffee				1	***
11	Сосоа	1.5			**	
5	Sugar					
9	Mustard					**
17	Pepper					
6	Cayenne Pepper				enn arthur sie	V 201 1111/252
4	Ginger				12	1 .:
11	Ground Ginger				5	5
3	Pickles					
1	Piccalilli					
11	Vinegar					
2	Roast Mutton				• • •	
1	Egg Powder				1	
4	Baking Powder				2	
6	Arrowroot					
1	Vermicelli				21 - 101	and of the same
2	Mace				••	
1	Macaroni .				••	
1	Isinglass					
4	Bread				.;	- :
1	Bread and Butter				1	1
4	Flour					1 3
1	Oatmeal				Burne no. samoa	in anniume of an an
2	Cornflour					of thirt solute.
5	Yeast				*;	
1 2 2 8	Liquorice				1	
2	Honey					
2	Marmalade					
	Jam			1. 1	A substantial to the	the supposite to
15	Sweetmeats					indiamental.
1	Chewing Gum					
1	Tartaric Acid					
6	Cream of Tartar					
1	Carbonate of Sod	a				
5	Olive Oil					
1	Lucca Oil		**			net all comolist for as
1	Olives				7.	
- 191 1	Capers				/	
1	Medicine Prescrip	ption		**		World W Lo
1	Preserved Pinear	ple				
		727				

SAMPLES TAKEN FOR ANALYSIS-CONTINUED.

- No. of			1			1.5
No. of Samples purchased.	Description of San	nples.	Adultera	ted. I	nformat	tion.
4	Preserved Peas		3	alsor II	1	
1	,, Beans		7		1	
1	,, Ginger		1			
2	,, Walnuts					
1	,, Peaches			THE TOP		
1	Ground Cinnamon			1		
6	Rum		1.	The state of the s	1	
4	Irish Whiskey		The same of the sa		1	
3	Scotch Whiskey		1	The Last	1	
5	Gin			-		
1	Chart		1	Subsediant.		
1	T ! T! (! 1!-1			Olio Mana	10	
1	Lime Juice Cordial			le B		
Total 1035			116 Adult	erated.	96	
990 pi	eceding year.		145 preced	ling year.		
SAM	PLES OF MILK OBT	AINED DU	URING TH	E YEAR	1894.	
Number of Se	mples purchased on Wee	le.dove				387
		K-days				
,, In	formations					39
			200			
N 1 60	1 D. llann	Chatlana				044
	mples taken at Railway	Stations		**		86
,, In	formations					4
	1 1 1 8 1					
	mples purchased on Sund					133
,, In	formations					12
Number of Sa	mples taken at Railway	Stations		and the same		49
				manual lands		40
,, In	formations					
				1894.		1893.
				-	-	
Number of In	formations			99		133
,, Fined	l			96		121
	Withdrawn			3		11
Acquirect of			- planting			
	Amount of Fin	es and Costs		£235 12 6	£656	19 10
					1	

REFUSING TO SELL SAMPLES FOR ANALYSIS.

						1	894.	1893.
No. of Informations .							1	rbsced"
" Fined							1	5
Acquitted or Withdra	awn							1
	Amount	t of Fin	es and	Costs		£5	4 6	£10 8 0
		12 2 2 2 2						
		MAR	GARIN	IE A	CT.			
		MAR	GARIN	VE A	CT.		1894.	1893.
Number of Visits to	Shops	MAR	GARIN 	(E A	<u>CT.</u> 		1894. 1,764	$\frac{1893.}{2,144}$
	Shops					d allowers		
" Samples	-						1,764	2,144
" Samples	obtained Analysed	100				pro-elfi	1,764	2,144 25
" Samples o	obtained Analysed ions	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1					1,764 15 — 14	2,144 25 —

The samples obtained under the Margarine Act are not subjected to analysis when the vendor admits that the sample is Margarine, but in all proceedings taken in respect to Margarine, under the Food and Drugs Act, the sample is of course submitted to analysis in compliance with the requirements of the Sale of Food and Drugs Act. The application of the Sale of Food and Drugs Act to Margarine is of essential importance, inasmuch as any adulterations of Margarine, noxious or otherwise, can be readily dealt with under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act.

£11 4 6 | £29 0 0

Amount of Fines and Costs

The amount of fines for offences under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act has markedly fallen off during the past twelve months as compared with the preceding twelve months. The explanation of this is to be found in the fact that the adulteration which was carried on to a great extent during 1893 was very materially checked by the heavier penalties imposed during that year. It was especially noticed that the common and simple fraud of adulterating milk with water was much less frequently practised in 1894 than 1893, and the samples of milk purchased on Sundays showed a marked improvement.

NUISANCES PREJUDICIAL TO HEALTH.

The advice and assistance of the Department were sought frequently during the past year in reference to conditions prejudicial to health, the applications made by residents being 6,314, a decrease of several hundreds as compared with the year 1893. Many of these applications were, as usual, in respect to large and important public buildings and offices. A great deal of the time of the Inspectors was taken up by these special examinations. The following table shews the character of the inspections:—

Parel .	and the character of the thispections.	1894.	1893.
Number of	Complaints made by Inhabitants	6,314	6,664
,,	Nuisances discovered on above complaints	11,038	10,806
,,	,, house to house inspection	46,902	46,291
· ,,	Notices issued	36,218	34,558
,,	Notes to complainants	2,881	3,153
,,	,, sent to comply with notices	4,644	4,175
,,	Nuisances re-inspected	74,609	73,106
,,	,, abated on re-inspection	41,960	40,617
,,	Drains repaired	12,626	9,703
,,	Ashpits ,,	2,871	4,098
"	Closets ,,	11,311	8,123
alak ada	Water Closet Conversions	6	4
10,,010	Spouts fixed and repaired	835	1,441
1	Places from which animals have been removed	434	606
,,	Offensive Matter removed from premises	4,528	4,834
,,	Stagnant Water ,, ,,	2,004	2,716
,,	Dilapidated Houses	1,366	2,051
	Premises supplied with water	5,925	6,905
,,	Chimneys repaired to abate smoke nuisances	44	35
,,	Cellar Rails repaired	16	105
,,	Informations laid	1,154	1,286
,, Fi	ined	263	309
,, of	Magistrates' Order	493	516
,, A	equitted or Withdrawn	398	461
	Amount of Fines and Costs	0 616	071 5 5
	Amount of Fines and Costs £210	9 6 £	271 5 5

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

					1894.	1893.
Number of visits	 	 	 	 	695	619

Applications for permission to carry on the following offensive trades were made during the year, and a report by the Medical Officer of Health on each application was submitted to the Health Committee.

Premises.	Business.	Granted.	Refused.	Date 1894.
No. 2, Carruthers Street	Tripe Boiling	1	m <u>L</u> ai i	1st March.
No. 32, Pellew Street	Do	-	1	12th April.
No. 1a, Edgar Street	Fish Oil	out to b	1	19th April.
No. 16, Pumpfields	Tripe Boiling	-	1	10th May.
No. 12, Pumpfields	Do	1	1 200	31st May.
No. 245, Vauxhall Rd.	Fat Melting	1	-	31st May.
No. 16, Pumpfields	Soap, Fish Oil, and Tallow	-	1	14th June.
No. 141, Vauxhall Rd.	Gut Cleaning	1	no-June	2nd August.
No. 10, Pumpfields	Fat Melting	1		5th Nov.
No. 28, Mile End	Bone Boiling, Brawn and Sausage Making	1	-	22nd Nov.
No. 141, Vauxhall Rd.	Soap Manufacture	1		6th Dec.
No. —, Oldham Place	Do	1	-	13th Dec.

In the cases in which permission was granted, conditions were imposed requiring that the premises be put in proper order to the satisfaction of the City Engineer and the Medical Officer of Health, that no public nor private nuisance be caused, and that the business be discontinued when the Council shall so require.

KNACKERS' YARDS RETURNS.

middl primate defensive litting	Horses Destroyed.	Horses taken in Dead.	Asses Destroyed.	Cows Destroyed.	Camel.
Holme Street	1,075	1,245	33	60	1
Total	1,075	1,245	33	60	1

MANURE YARDS AND WHARVES.

					1894.	1893.
Number of visits	 	 	 	 	686	563

GRAVES.

Interments in some of the old City Graveyards are still permitted, and much ingenuity is displayed in storing away the dead in the limited space available. It is fortunate that restrictions are placed upon these interments, and that a certain space and depth are requisite before the grave can be used, for the injurious effects of the decay of human bodies in the vicinity of dwellings cannot be doubted.

The number of interments requiring supervision by the Sanitary officers is diminishing year by year, but last year the attention of the Sanitary officer was required in 58 cases, against 42 in 1893 and 69 in 1892.

A Crematorium has been erected in Anfield Cemetery, and the ancient means of disposal of the dead by cremation, which is again finding favour in many important centres of population throughout Europe, may be resorted to here.

				1894.	1893.
Number of Graves examined and	measured	 16		 58	42
" of Visits to Cemeteries		 	 	 29	36

REFERENCES TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

	the sept of the service con-	i engl	ett Juig	ou to	etuty	1894.	1893.
Referred to	City Engineer					1,808	1,896
on the Oot	Building Surveyor		- L			1,078	1,068
,,	Water Engineer					5,058	5,700
,,	Veterinary Superinten	dent				1,468	1,763
,,	School Board					12,692	10,876

The references to the Water Engineer comprise, mainly, defective fittings, resulting in waste of water; also cases in which the supply was insufficient, owing to various accidental causes.

The references to the School Board chiefly relate to school children from infected houses.

REFERENCES FROM OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

Calman and To .				1894.	1893.
Received from the	City Engineer	 	9.5	11,253	12,056
,,	Veterinary Superintendent	 44		3,850	3,562
,,	Water Engineer	 		2,941	2,538
,,	Lodging-house Inspectors	 		3,605	1,911

The references from other Departments mainly comprise insanitary conditions discovered by officers belonging to those Departments, but with which it is not within their province to deal.

HOUSE TO HOUSE VISITATION.

				1894.	1893.
Number of	Inspections of Street Houses		 	9,106	7,574
,,	Street Houses found Clean		 	7,878	6,463
"	" " " Dirty		 	1,228	1,111
,,	Apartments in Street Houses Examin	eā	 	42,093	34,935
,,	Inspections of Court Houses			3,022	2,234
,,	Court Houses found Clean		 	2,304	1,633
,,	" " " Dirty		 	718	601
,,	Apartments in Court Houses Examine	d	 	8,963	6,728
	Total Number of Houses Exam	nined	 	19,074	14,406

The systematic house-to-house visitation has been retarded during the year from various causes, the chief one being the time taken up in dealing with reports relating to infectious disease. (See pages 65 and 66.)

COURT AND ALLEY EXAMINATIONS.

								1894.	1893.
Number of	f Visits to Courts a	nd All	leys					78,053	80,794
,,,	Closets found Dirt	ty, but	Clean	sed by C	Officer's	Instru	etion	74,279	76,159
",	Informations							72	58
,,	Fined							64	48
Amount of	Fines and Costs						£7	9 6	£4 19 0

The changes made in the method of dealing with the courts and alleys have been attended with satisfactory results, both in ensuring constant cleanliness in the courts and alleys, and also economising the time of the inspector by employing it in the most efficient manner. The aim has been to keep the courts and alleys uniformly clean throughout the week, and with this view the district inspectors are instructed that every tenant in each court is in turn to be held responsible for the cleanliness of the court for a period of one week; the inspector records in his visiting book whose turn it is, and duly informs that tenant. Failing compliance with his requirements, an information is laid under a bye-law of the Local Sanitary Act.

The magistrate has rendered great help to the department by imposing a small fine in each case in which a prosecution was necessary. As a consequence there is a marked improvement in the condition of the courts, and also in the apparent willingness of the people to cleanse them. The attention of the officer is, however, very necessary, since when the visits are lessened the dirty conditions are soon apparent.

During the Summer months all courts and alleys having covered entrances were specially washed and hosed down by the scavengers.

EXAMINATION	OF CELLAR	DWELLINGS.
-------------	-----------	------------

	1700-91 Seculatorial seasonal district of observed	1894.	1893.
Number	r of Street Cellars inspected	5,923	4,731
,,	", ", found empty	283	153
,,	" " " used for Lumber, &c	2,057	2,136
,,	,, ,, found illegally occupied	177	174
,,	,, ,, ,, legally ,,	3,403	2,268
,,	,, ,, ,, dirty	467	564
	Notices issued to Owners	315	178
11 3, 3	,, ,, Occupiers	120	1
,,	Informations against Street Cellar Owners	19	19
1,	Fined	15	17
,,	of Informations against Street Cellar Occupiers	2	6
,,	Fined	1	3
.,,	of Court Cellars inspected	1,016	633
- ,,	,, ,, found empty	171	27
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,, ,, used for Lumber, &c	540	464
,,	,, ,, illegally occupied	19	35
,,	,, ,, legally ,,	286	107
**	,, ,, found dirty	Carlo-	21
,,	Informations against Court Cellar Owners	24	21
.,	Fined	24	14
,,	of Informations against Court Cellar Occupiers	1	3
,,	Fined	0	3
	Amount of Fines and Costs £1	7 16 0 21	4 11 6

The total number of cellar dwellings at present upon the register amounts to 9,546. A great many of these are untenanted, and are not likely to be re-occupied as dwellings.

COMMON LODGING-HOUSES.

The Common Lodging-Houses Act provides that any person opening any premises as a Common Lodging-House, or receiving lodgers therein, without making application to the Medical Officer of Health to have such premises registered, is liable to a penalty of 40s. for every such offence.

When premises have been approved and registered in accordance with the requirements of the Common Lodging-Houses Act, the following Rules and Instructions, together with suitable and permanent cards indicating the various requirements, are handed to the Keeper, to place in a prominent position in each room.

In addition to the requirements mentioned in the instructions, the cleanliness and suitability of the beds and bedding engage the attention of the Inspector.

RULES AND INSTRUCTIONS.

- 1.—No greater number than Lodgers are to be received or accommodated in this house at any one time.
- 2.—The windows of every sleeping-room in this house are to be opened, and kept open to their full width, from nine to ten o'clock every morning, and from two to three o'clock every afternoon (weather permitting), unless in case of sickness in any room requiring the windows to be closed.
- 3.—The floors of every room in this house shall be well swept every morning before the hour of ten, and shall be well washed during the morning of every Friday.
- 4.—This house shall be thoroughly cleansed, and the walls and ceiling of every room in this house shall be well and sufficiently limewashed, and the blankets, rugs, and bed-clothes, and covers used in this house, shall be thoroughly cleansed and scoured in the first week of each of the months of April, August, and December.
- 5.—Upon any person in this house, whether a Lodger or one of the family being affected with fever or any contagious or infectious disorder, the Keeper shall forthwith give notice thereof to the Medical Officer of Health, at his Office, Municipal Offices, Dale Street, and the Medical Officer will visit the house, and take such proceedings as he shall think proper in compliance with the Act.
- 6.—If any person in this house shall be affected with fever or any infectious or contagious disorder, the blankets and bed-clothes used by such person shall be thoroughly cleansed and scoured, and the bedding fumigated, immediately after the removal of such person, and where the bedding used consists of shavings or straw, the same shall be burned immediately after such removal.

7.—The Keeper of this house shall provide sufficient accommodation for washing, together with a sufficient supply of water for the use of the Lodgers herein.

8.—The Keeper of this house shall reduce the number of Lodgers, or shall cease to receive and accommodate Lodgers altogether, immediately upon receiving notice to that effect from the Medical Officer of Health.

9.—This ticket shall be placed and kept in such situation in this house as the Medical Officer of Health shall from time to time direct, and shall be produced and delivered to such Officer on demand.

N.B.—The Keeper of any Lodging-house defacing or removing this ticket or disobeying the above Rules and Instructions, will be liable to the several penalties in that behalf provided by the Bye-laws for regulating Lodging-houses, a copy whereof may be obtained on application at the Office of the Town Clerk, at the Municipal Offices, Dale Street.

By order of the Health Committee.

At the end of 1893 there were on the register a total of 781 lodging-houses, and at the end of 1894 the total number was 723, which furnished accommodation for 14,041 lodgers, besides 2,288 members of the keepers' families.

The difference in the number of lodging-houses was occasioned by the removal of 278 old licenses and the addition of 220 new ones.

The diminution in the number of common lodging-houses is due partly to the falling-off in the emigration trade during the last few years, and partly to the fact that larger houses, commonly referred to as "model lodging-houses," with somewhat better accommodation, are being opened, and the business of the smaller ones extinguished.

The number of the so-called "model lodging-houses" for men only upon the register is 107, and these are registered to accommodate 5,734 lodgers, as well as 208 members of the keepers' families.

There are also 22 registered model lodging-houses for the accommodation of women only. These have room for 597 lodgers, in addition to 32 members of the keepers' families.

The visits to lodging-houses are both by day and by night. The night visits are almost restricted to the lower districts and commoner class of house. The lodging and emigration houses of the better class, especially those provided only with single beds for each person, and with no more beds than are equivalent to the number of lodgers allowed, are only occasionally visited at night, unless special circumstances necessitate a closer supervision.

Houses which are not licensed either as lodging or sub-let houses are frequently visited by day when such a course is deemed expedient, in order to ascertain whether any grounds exist for putting these houses on the register.

There were 1,342 visits paid during the year to such houses, and in two of the cases, where suspicion was confirmed, night visits were also paid.

Persons harbouring lodgers in unlicensed premises receive a notice to apply to have the rooms measured and licensed. There were 151 such notices issued during the year, but in only two was it necessary to institute a prosecution.

The number of day visits paid during the year was 32,036 and the night visits 1,827.

Eighty-four informations were laid against keepers of common lodging-houses during the year for the following offences:—

Not sweeping floor	s			 43
Not washing floors				 19
Overcrowding				 16
Receiving lodgers	in unlicens	sed room	ms	 3
Not applying to re;				 2
Mixing sexes				 1
mit Thought was dear				-
	Total			 84

Convictions followed in 81 cases, the total amount of fines amounting to £24 15s. 0d., and ranging from 1s. and 1s. costs to 40s. and costs.

Two cases were acquitted and one withdrawn.

The number of lodging-houses found dirty was 141; notices were served to limewash and cleanse.

The Bye-law requires that every case of infectious sickness in a lodging-house should be at once reported to the Medical Officer of Health. Twenty-six cases of Fever occurred in lodging-houses; 22 of the patients were at once sent to hospital, the remaining 4, being members of the keepers' families, were not removed; five cases of Smallpox occurred in lodging-houses and were all removed to hospital; 1 case of Diphtheria also occurred in a lodging-house and was not removed. In all cases of Fever or Infectious Disease, the bedding was removed to the disinfecting apparatus and the rooms purified and

cleansed. There were 57 deaths from non-contagious diseases in lodging-houses, of which 33 belonged to the keepers' families and 24 were lodgers.

A dangerous nuisance has arisen in connection with the opening of so-called "charitable shelters," in which persons are allowed to congregate and pass the night for a smaller payment than is required in the common lodging-houses. In order to meet the expenses an excessively large number of persons are allowed into these shelters, and much anxiety has been occasioned by the refusal of persons interested in them to comply with sanitary requirements, even of the most elementary character. Prosecutions instituted in regard to one of them failed, owing to a legal technicality, to secure conviction of the offender, and it was not until Typhus Fever broke out that the Chairman of the Committee of Management gave orders that the overcrowding should be forthwith desisted from, and the premises closed. It would be well that subscribers to places such as these should consider whether the charitable objects they have in view are fulfilled by placing the poor in conditions so grossly insanitary as to constitute a grave public nuisance and danger. The impression that common shelters, such as the one referred to, were not subject to the law relating to common lodging-houses, was pretty general, and at a Conference upon the subject invited by the London County Council, on July 19th, 1894, and which was largely attended by representatives of the Sanitary Authorities of all the large towns, it was resolved unanimously that "common shelters which are not subject to the law relating to common lodging-houses should be made subject to such law."

SEAMEN'S LICENSED LODGING HOUSES.

The Corporation have made bye-laws, with the sanction of the President of the Board of Trade, for the licensing of Seamen's Lodging Houses, under the Merchant Shipping (Fishing Boats) Act, 1883, section 48, which enacts that "The Sanitary Authority within whose district any seaport town is situate may, "with the sanction of the President of the Board of Trade, from time to time, make, revoke, alter, and amend bye-laws and regulations relating to Seamen's "Lodging Houses in such town, which shall be binding upon all persons and bodies keeping houses in which seamen are lodged, and the owners thereof, and persons employed therein. Such bye-laws and regulations shall, amongst other things, provide for the licensing of Seamen's Lodging Houses, the

"inspection of the same, the sanitary conditions of the same, the publication of the fact of a house being licensed, the due execution of the bye-laws and "regulations, and the non-obstruction of persons engaged in securing such "execution, the preventing of persons not duly licensed holding themselves out "as keeping or purporting to keep licensed houses, and the exclusion from "licensed houses of persons of improper character, and sufficient penalties for "the breach of such bye-laws and regulations not exceeding in any case the sum "of fifty pounds. All offences under such bye-laws and regulations shall be "deemed to be offences within the Merchant Shipping Acts, 1854 to 1883, and "be punishable accordingly."—And on the written application of the keeper of any registered common lodging house or registered lodging house, made in such form and stating such particulars as the Council require, the Council will, if they see fit, grant to such keeper a license authorizing him to designate his registered house a Seamen's Licensed Lodging House.

Applications from the keepers of Registered Common Lodging-houses for licenses authorizing the designation of such Registered Common Lodging-houses as Seamen's Licensed Lodging-houses, have been very few, only fifteen such Licensed Lodging-houses now being on the register, with accommodation for 270 seamen.

The bye-laws must necessarily exercise a beneficial effect upon those houses which are licensed as Seamen's Licensed Lodging-houses, but the great bulk of common lodging-houses to which seamen commonly resort are not regulated under these bye-laws, but are dealt with by regulations under the Common Lodging-houses Act of 1851.

The number of licenses granted since the adoption of the Seamen's Licensed Lodging-house Bye-laws is 22. Seven have been given up and none withdrawn, which leaves 15 at present on the register.

It has not been found necessary to institute proceedings under the bye-laws in question.

Some years ago the holders of licenses to keep Seamen's Lodging-houses were authorized by the Board of Trade to board vessels and seek for lodgers, and while this privilege was granted there was an advantage in holding such a license, but that privilege being now withdrawn, it does not appear that there is any advantage to the keeper of a common lodging-house to have his premises registered as a Seamen's Lodging-house, and hence probably the small number upon the register.

SUB-LET HOUSES.

These are houses, one or more rooms of which are let off to members of one or more other families. The Bye-laws provide for their registration and inspection to prevent overcrowding and ensure attention to cleanliness and sanitary requirements.

The number registered during 1894 was 486, making the total on the Register on the 31st December, 20,688. The number of visits paid during the night was 12,858, and during the day 97,951, with the result of finding 1,348 rooms overcrowded. In addition to overcrowding, the cases of permitting males and females not married to occupy the same room comes under the notice, and are entered in the books of the Inspectors. There were 407 rooms thus indecently occupied. The character of the indecent occupation may be judged of from the following facts:-In 239 instances one man and two women were found in the same bedroom; in 108 instances two men and one woman; in 19 instances two men and two women; in 16 instances one man and three women; in 9 instances three men and one woman; in 4 instances three men and two women; in 3 instances three men and three women; in 1 instance two men and three women; in 3 instances one man and four women; in 1 instance four men and one woman; and in 4 instances four men and four women. These cases are most common amongst the poorest and most ignorant inhabitants of the most squalid districts. They appear to be the outcome of ignorance and indifference and not of immoral intent.

Informations were laid against 1,843 chief tenants for breaches of the byelaws, with the following results:—4 fined 1s.; 1,656 fined 1s. and 1s. costs; 91 fined 1s. 6d. and 1s. 6d. costs; 34 fined 2s. and 2s. costs; 22 fined 2s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. costs; 13 fined 5s. and 4s. 6d. costs; 1 fined 10s. and 4s. 6d. costs; and 2 fined 20s. and 4s 6d. costs; making a total of fines levied during the year of £197 17s. 0d. Of the remaining 20 cases, 16 informations were withdrawn and 4 acquitted, the tenants having complied with the bye-laws.

CANAL BOATS.

The Leeds and Liverpool Canal Company are proprietors of the only canal having direct communication with Liverpool, and the length of the waterway within the City, exclusive of the locks which lead to the Docks, is about three miles.

The duties of measuring and inspecting the boats are discharged by Mr. Storey, Chief Lodging-house Inspector, and Mr. Thornthwaite, Canal Boat Inspector, under the supervision of the Medical Officer of Health. There is no additional salary paid to Mr. Storey beyond that of Lodginghouse Inspector. The salary of Mr. Thornthwaite is £96 4s. 0d. per annum.

The number of inspections of Canal Boats during the year was 5,267, and the condition of the boats and their occupants as regards matters dealt with in the Acts and Regulations is indicated by the following information:—

49 boats, not registered by their present owners, were found to be used as dwellings.

In 8 of these cases written notices were sent to the owners, and in 41 verbal notices were given to masters.

In 46 cases the boats were registered in compliance with the notices, and in 3 the registration was not completed on December 31st.

46 boats were found without certificates on board.

Notices were sent to the owners in each case, and were all complied with.

43 were found not having the registered number painted on both sides of the boat.

Notices were sent to the owners in each case, and the omission rectified.

In 210 cases cabins used as dwellings were found in a dilapidated and insanitary state, caused by leaky decks (119), general leaky condition of boats (46), no doors to lockers (4), broken scuttle covers (1), defective ventilation (25), defective stoves (2), and broken floors (13).

In every case notices were sent to the owners. 198 were complied with, 6 had not been re-inspected, having left the canal, and 6 others remained over at the end of the year.

In 32 cases defective second bulkheads were reported. 32 notices were sent and the defects remedied.

In 86 boats the cabins required painting, 86 notices were sent to owners, 84 of them have been attended to, and 2 have not yet been seen again by the Inspector. Dirty cabins were reported in 29 cases. 15 verbal notices given to masters, and 14 written notices sent to the owners. In all cases the requisite cleaning was done.

Informations were laid in 14 cases, for infringements of the Acts and Regulations, viz.:—causing unregistered boat to be used, 1; non-separation of sexes, 4; carrying offensive cargoes, and not having second bulkheads, 7; overcrowding, 2.

In all of the cases fines were inflicted, varying from 1s. and 1s. costs, to 20s. and 4s. 6d. costs, and amounting to a total of £8 1s. 6d.

Two cases of Scarlet Fever and one case of Measles occurred on boats during the year. The patients were removed to Hospital, the boats disinfected, and notices served on the owners to cleanse.

In one case, that of Boat No. 5, registered at Wigan, the master of the boat obstructed the removal of the patient. A warrant was therefore obtained from a magistrate, and the removal of the child to hospital effected thereon, and the usual disinfection and cleansing proceeded with.

59 notices were sent to the School Board, of children living on canal boats and not attending any school.

The number of boats on the register is 604, of which 262 have been re-registered, viz.:—5 in 1884, 60 in 1885, 21 in 1886, 25 in 1887, 20 in 1888, 24 in 1889, 23 in 1890, 23 in 1891, 16 in 1892, 19 in 1893, and 26 in 1894.

A considerable number of boats remain on the register, although they have not been seen within the district for a considerable time, and it is probable that some of them have been broken up, whilst others are not likely to return, or their names may have been changed, and the boats registered at other places. Nevertheless, in the absence of means of making corrections, the boats remain upon the register.

During the year 17 new boats were registered, and 26 re-registered, on account of changes of owners.

New certificates were issued to 2 boats, owing to structural alterations.

There were 38 changes of masters reported, and the fact duly recorded on the register.

INFECTED AND DIRTY HOUSES.

			1894.	1893.
Number	of Infected Street Houses Inspected		4,440	3,905
,,	,, Court ,, ,,		365	289
,,	., Cellars ,,		108	58
,,	,, and Dirty Houses and Cellars R	e-inspected	6,946	4,598
* * *	Notices to Owners to Cleanse Infected H	ouses	5,066	4,131
.,	", ", ", Dirty Hous	ses	1,537	1,424
11	,, Occupiers to Whitewash Dirty	Houses	190	234
,,	,, Owners to Whitewash Exterior	of Courts	1,305	975
,,	Informations		143	92
,,	Fined		45	35
,,	Acquitted and Withdrawn		98	57
	Amount of Fines and Costs		£35 3 0 £	222 3 6

The increase in the number of cases of infectious disease notified during the year threw a large amount of additional work upon the department, and, in fact, occupied the whole time of several Inspectors who otherwise would have been employed in general sanitary purposes.

There is an increase of upwards of 600 over the preceding year in the number of infected houses.

DISINFECTION OF HOUSES.

In all cases of infectious disease the houses were disinfected, free of cost, with sulphurous gas; but whenever there was sickness in any room of the house, so as to endanger health by the use of sulphurous gas, disinfectants were given to the tenants for use in the sick room until the sulphurous gas could be used safely. No house is considered properly disinfected until sulphurous gas has been used. The existence of sickness, and the consequent employment of carbolic acid powder, necessitate many visits by the persons in charge of disinfection. There were in all 10,442 visits paid during the year to houses for the purpose of disinfection, the number of houses properly disinfected being 5,385.

For the removal of the patients to hospital, and for the removal of infected bedding, and its return after disinfection, an adequate ambulance staff is maintained..

Three ambulance carriages are in use for the different forms of infectious disease. Bedding and clothing after disinfection are taken home by a staff and conveyance entirely distinct from that which removed them in the infected state.

OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH DURING 1894.

		Fever.						1207	ver.		
Year—1894.	Typhus.	Typhoid.	Simple.	Small Pox.	Scarlatina.	Measles.	Diphtheria	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.	Total.
January	13	76	5	1	352	248	25	6	6	146	878
February	36	95	7	1	301	253	18		10	125	846
March	57	101	14	3	362	299	20	6	7	157	1,026
April	15	132	9	6	289	370	8	3	3	109	944
Мау	17	106	13	15	337	381	18	6	6	102	1,001
June	28	107	6	5	315	405	25	5	5	136	1,037
July	28	103	5	1	287	139	14	8	6	100	691
August	21	154	5	2	303	91	19	1	3	83	682
September	22	127	8	56	358	50	32	7	8	108	776
October	26	130	5	74	436	78	44	8	5	91	897
November	25	122	9	38	358	66	30	10	8	108	774
December	37	97	4	27	265	114	22	2	5	117	690
TOTAL	325	1,350	90	229	3,963	2,494	275	62	72	1,382	10,242
Removed to Hospital	312	745	15	226	1,415	122	44	3	5	299	3,186

The number of patients removed to hospital includes those taken to General Hospitals as well as those taken to the City Hospitals.

Of the patients removed to Hospital the following were conveyed by the Officers of the Ambulance Staff:—822 cases of Fever, 1,386 cases of Scarlatina, 222 cases of Smallpox, 55 cases of Measles, 40 cases of Diphtheria, and 6 cases of Chicken Pox, 1 Membranous Croup, 1 Erysipelas, and 21 cases of suspected Smallpox, making a total of 2,554 persons.

All cases of Smallpox and all cases of Typhus Fever, with very rare exceptions, are removed to Hospital, and a special Inspector is appointed to visit the house from which the patient has been removed, to ascertain whether any further sickness has developed. These inquiries are made at intervals of a day or two for one month, and any case of sickness, however trifling it may appear to be, is at once reported to, and visited by, the Medical Officer. By these inquiries many cases of infectious sickness are discovered and removed to the hospital at the earliest possible stage of the disease, and often before any serious risk of infection has arisen. Without these inquiries, which have occasioned no inconvenience to anyone, the patients would have remained at home for a longer or shorter period, constituting centres of infection to the neighbourhood. The relatively large proportion of the cases of Smallpox discovered in this manner, is ample evidence of the value of the system, and the absence of friction sufficiently indicates the care exercised by the Inspectors in carrying it out.

On October 31st, Barbara Regan was fined 60s. and costs for wilfully exposing a person named Mary Roberts, whilst suffering from Smallpox, in a tramcar.

Patients were removed to the undermentioned Hospitals :-

Netherfield Road.	Grafton Street.	Park Hill.	Brownlow Hill.
1,030	849	617	58

In accordance with the arrangements made with the School Board, 5,284 postcards were sent to the Head Masters of the various schools, informing them that children from infected houses attended their schools. Similar information was sent to the School Board.

THE DISINFECTING APPARATUS.

The number of articles disinfected at the various Apparatus during the year amounted to 65,517.

DATE. 1894.	Number of Beds.	Number of Mattresses.	Number of Pieces of Bedding.	Number of Pieces of Wearing Apparel, &c.	Total Number of Articles.
January	581	505	3,791	974	5,851
February	451	392	2,952	660	4,455
March	585	511	4,429	1,640	7,165
April	446	381	3,224	2,931	6,982
May	389	268	2,873	1,797	5,327
June	528	398	3,809	818	5,553
July	464	438	2,958	587	4,447
August	361	317	2,621	644	3,943
September	565	429	3,766	1,055	5,815
October	455	348	3,342	918	5,063
November	546	389	3,594	776	5,305
December	539	371	3,639	1,062	5,611
Totals	5,910	4,747	40,998	13,862	65,517

The number of articles destroyed at the various Apparatus during the year amounted to 4,425, compensation being paid in conformity with the provisions of the Public Health Act.

DAT 1894		Number of Beds.	Number of Mattresses.	Number of Pieces of Bedding.	Number of Pieces of Wearing Apparel, &c.	Total Number of Articles.
January		15	31	26	88	160
February	 	31	37	115	145	328
March	 	90	115	395	362	962
April	 	12	49	65	- 75	201
May		18	42	86	110	256
June	 	41	41	103	293	478
July		31	76	64	69	240
August	 	10	30	39	52	131
September		68	65	165	288	586
October	 	52	69	177 .	170	468
November	 1.0	21	41	92	108	262
December	 	27	68	79	179	353
Totals	 	416	664	1,406	1,939	4,425

The collection, removal, disinfection and return of infected bedding has been carried on as hitherto by the Sanitary officers.

A Steam Disinfector of the pattern of Messrs. Manlove, Alliot & Co. was opened at Chisenhale Street, at the beginning of 1894, to replace the dry-heat apparatus at Ford Street.

A considerable number of articles have been disinfected at the apparatus at the City Hospitals in addition to those mentioned above.

It has been found that in many instances in which compensation for clothing had been given in money to the poorer classes of people, that the money was spent in drink, and the people left without clothing. As a consequence of this, an arrangement was made with a firm of repute, to supply articles equivalent in value to those which had been destroyed, thus preventing an improper use of the money.

PRINCE'S DOCK MORTUARY.

The Mortuary at the Prince's Dock is for the reception of the bodies of persons who have been drowned, killed, &c., and over which the Coroner has to hold inquests. Bodies are taken there by the police, and when it may be necessary to make post-mortem examinations, any medical gentleman may have the assistance of an Inspector on sending a communication to the Corporation Depôt, Gascoyne Street.

BODIES REMOVED TO THE	PRINCE'S DOCK MORTUARY.
Number from River.	Number from City.
10	70

REMOVALS TO MORTUARIES ON MEDICAL CERTIFICATES OR ON MAGISTRATES' ORDERS.

and	H	Bodies Re	moved to	Mortuarie	s.	
Smithdown Road.	St. Martin's.	Mill Road.	Anfield.	Belmont Road.	Park Hill.	Netherfield Road.
o Usene,	11	ds	ab mead	2	zd.ben	int re-not

Mr. Richard S. Reynolds, M.R.C.V.S., Veterinary Superintendent, has kindly supplied the following tables indicating the work done by the staff under his control.

As in the preceding year, it was deemed advisable during the summer months to cause all the courts and alleys with covered entrances to be specially washed by means of hose pipes, and the cleanliness ensured by this proceeding was attended with much benefit.

A constant and unstinted supply of water to public conveniences in populous districts is very desirable. At present, in most places of this description, whether public or under private control, recourse is commonly had to smelling substances, such as carbolic acid, soap, camphor, etc., with a view to disguise the smells arising from the decomposition of urine. The proper course to pursue in regard to all such places is to use an abundant flush of water, and there would then be little, if any, need for the employment of the materials referred to.

TABLE No. 1.

Veterinary examinations, by request of the Board of Agriculture, of lungs of cattle killed at the Liverpool Abattoirs.

Total Number of Lungs affected with Tubercle examined.	Tuberculous lungs of cows from Liverpool dairies.	Tuberculous lungs of cattle from districts outside the City.	Carcases of animals having Tuberculous lungs seized and destroyed by Meat Inspectors.	Carcases of animals having lungs slightly affected with Tuburculosis fit for consumption.
410	174	236	213	197

RABIES.

In the following table, one of the two dogs certified to be infected with rabies, was a St. Bernard which died on the premises of a Veterinary Surgeon in the City. The other was a mongrel retriever which was poisoned under the direction of the Veterinary Surgeon. Fortunately no person or animal had been bitten or injured by either of these dogs. In addition to these, at the post-mortem examination of two others, appearances suspicious of rabies were observed:—

Summary of Veterinary Inspections under the Diseases of Animals Act.

TABLE No. 2.

Post-Mortem Examinations.	Affected.	Not Affected.
53	2	*51

*2 Suspicious.

GLANDERS AND FARCY.

Farcy was detected in three horses belonging to the same company, and having been duly certified by the Veterinary Superintendent were destroyed, and compensation paid to the owners upon the scale prescribed by law.

TABLE No. 3.

Post-mortem Examinations.	Animals Examined.	Affected.	Not Affected.	Inspection of infected places cleansed and disinfected.
12	3	3	-	3

SWINE FEVER.

Seventeen cases of this disease were found at the Abattoir and Slaughterhouses. Nine of these animals were found dead, and eight others were killed by their owners. All of these animals were imported from Ireland, with a single exception in the case of an animal from West Derby.

TABLE No. 4.

	No. of Outbreaks.	Post- mortems.	LIVE ANIMA	LS EXAMINED.	Total.
- 199	Outbroaks.	mor coms.	Healthy.	Diseased.	
In Liverpool Market	_	_	9,734	764 <u>-</u>	9,734
" Suburbs	-	-	-		-
	_	_	9,734		9,734

TABLE No. 5.

NIGHT SERVICE FOR EMPTYING MIDDENS, COURT ASHPITS, AND SOME OFFICE ASHPITS.

		W1	Load	ls of Nights	Loads of Nightsoil and Ashes.	les.		Nightly:	average	Working	Staff.	Analysis	of Work.	Average
Notices	diddens,	Nm	Number Removed.	ved.	W	Where Deposited.	ted.	Loade nor Loade nor Midden.	dri			Loadener	Loadenar	of each Midden.
Received. Emptied.	&c., Smptied.	Manure.	Ashes.	Total.	Chisen- hale Street	Sandhills.	River Craft Dock.	Midden Men.	Wharf Men.	Carts.	Horses.	Midden Wharf Carts. Horses. Man per Cart per Men. Men. Night, Night.	Cart per Night.	Cart Loads.
694	3,933	Sharel S	5,145	5,145 5,145	4,680	15	450	7-6 1.	i de la	5. 4.	3.4 3.4		8.4	1.3

TABLE No. 6.

SERVICE FOR THE COLLECTION AND REMOVAL OF DRY ASHPIT ASHES.

Average	of each	Cart Loads.	18
of Work.	Loads per Cart per Day.		ėo.
Average Daily Working Staff. Analysis of Work.	Loads per Man per Day.		61
ing Staff.		Horses.	2-99
Daily Work		Ashpit Carts and Men. Wagons.	.99
Average		Ashpit Men.	87.4
nin	-	Rubbish Tips, &c.	3,108
	ed.	Waver- tree.	67
	Where Deposited.	River Craft Dock.	99,243
Dry Ashes.	Wh	Sandhills.	19,265
Loads of Dry A	(f.A.	Chisen- hale Street	18,328 19,265
	Karo	Number Removed.	62,966
	Ashnits	Emptied.	1,633 340,176
	Notices	Received. Empfied.	1,633

SERVICE FOR THE COLLECTION AND REMOVAL OF BELL CART ASHES.

TABLE No. 8.

BELL SERVICE FOR FLUSHING AND CLEANSING TROUGH WATER CLOSETS.

1	Num	23.7
	Carts Employed.	16.
	River Craft Rubbish Tips Employed.	
Where Deposited.	River Craft Dock.	6,757
Where D	Chisenhale Sandhills.	65.55
	Chisenhale Street.	8,402
	Loads Removed	17,381

			6
Number of Urinals. Number of Trough	Number of Trough Water Closets.	Trough W. C. Men.	Urinal Men.
237—664 Stalls.	2,680	45.8	10-2

TABLE No. 9.

SERVICE FOR CLEANSING, COLLECTION, AND REMOVAL OF REFUSE FROM STREETS, COURTS, PASSAGES, &c.

-					
	Average Number of	Loads Removed Daily per Cart.	÷		
		Horses.	70.8		
Average Daily Staff.		Carts.	20.8		
erage Da		Sweeping Machines. Day. Night.	15.		
Ay		Swee Macl Day.	7.7 15.		
		Scavengers.	268		
		Eefuse on Tips and New Macadam.	2,302		
ed.	1.	River Craft Dock.	21,406		
eepings Remov	Where Deposited.	Wavertree.	3,048		
is of Street Sw	Loads of Street Sweepings Removed. Where Deposited.	Sandhills.	12,531		
Loads			Chisenhale Street.	48,490	
		Total Number Removed.	777,778		

TABLE No. 10.

CLEANSING AND REMOVAL OF REFUSE FROM STREETS, COURTS, AND PASSAGES ON SUNDAYS.

	Average Daily Staff.		Horses.	.88
			Men.	152-1
		ft Dock.	Refuse.	962
		River Craft Dock.	Manure. Refuse. Manure.	88
3.	eposited.	hills.	Refuse.	526
	Where Deposited.	Sandhills.	Manure.	¢1
Loads of Street Sweepings.		Chisenhale St.	Manure. Refuse.	857
ads of Stre			Manure.	806
Lo		1	TOGHI.	3,344
	ved.	Define	rottuse.	2,345
	Removed.		Manue.	
		Menne	prainte.	666

TABLE No. 11.

SERVICE FOR STREET WATERING.

SALT WATER.

FRESH WATER.

umb	9.6	Z	
Total Number	Large.	Day.	4,147
Number of Days on	which Carts were out.		107
Average No. of Loads Distributed	Daily per Cart.	Large.	30.2
ly Staff em-	Total Number of Loads Distributed. Large. Small. Watermen. Carts and Daily Day. Large. Day. Night. Day.		35.
Average Dai			. 54.5
Loads	Small.	Day.	3,313
umber of stributed	umber of stributed.	Night.	7,587
Total Nu Dis		Day.	136,823 7,587 3,313
Number of Days on	were out.		135

Average No. of Loads Distributed	Cart.	Large.	26.3
	Watermen. Carts and Horses.		1.5
Average Daily Staff em- ployed during the Season.			11
	Small,	Day.	:
nber of tributed.	Total Number of Loads Distributed. Large. Small.	Night.	36
Total Nur Dist		Day.	4,147
Number of Days on	which Carts		107

TABLE No. 12.

REMOVAL OF GARBAGE FROM ABATTOIR.

	T	
	Carts employed Daily.	1.3
	River Craft Dock.	295
Where Deposited.	Sand- hills.	40
	Chisenhale Street.	1,342
	Loads Removed.	1,677

TABLE No. 13.

REMOVAL OF HORSE, COW, AND FOWL MANURE.

Fowl Manure.	772
Cow Manure.	909
Horse Manure.	644
Loads Removed.	1,526

TABLE No. 14.

DESPATCHES OF MANURE AND REFUSE.

illy Staff.	abourers.	20.9 2.1 6.2 6.2	:	\$-58
Average Daily Staff.	Inspectors and I	÷ : : ÷	:	ć1
	Grand Total in Tons.	64,752 17,808 12,863 2,304 1,230 46,470 8,760 66,796	6,220 25,411	252,614
	Total.	55,008 17,760 10,092 216 1,230 46,470 2,705 66,796	6,220 25,411	231,908
	Destructor.	::.: :::::	25,411	25,411
Refuse.	Sea.	1,230 16,470 66,796	6,220	7,200 120,716
Unsaleable Refuse	Depôts.	6,432	::	7,200
Un	Farmers.	53,472 10,848 10,092 216 	: :	77,333
	Contractors.	480	: :	1,248
	Total.	9,744 48 2,771 2,088 	::	20,706
Manure.	Mixture.	7,152	::	10,511 10,195 20,706
Salcable Manure.	Night Soil. Sweepings. Mixture.	2,592 48 2,693 2,088 3,090	::	10,511
	Night Soil.	:::: ::::	::	:
		Chisenhale St., by Flats Sandhills, do Wavertree do Chisenhale Street and Sandhills, vid Stanley D'k per "Alpha" per "Beta" Do., per "Alpha"	Do., per Beta Chisenhale Street Wharf	1

77

TABLE No. 15.

BER
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(32)
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TUM
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1
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300
AGE
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-74
40
(Married
550
15
150
AVER
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1400
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DAIL
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26
126
(2)
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1
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Service.
0
-
HORSES.
-

		Vans.	
		Disinfecting	=
		Carting Salt.	:
		May Day and Not Ordered.	1.4
		Parks.	7
		Canals.	61
		Watering before Steam Roller,	51
	City Engineer.	Brownlow Street.	÷
	City 1	Sewers Cleansing.	1.9
		-Saiva4	<u>÷</u>
		Abattoir.	5.
rks.		Messenger.	δι ,
Supplied for various Works.		Carr Hall.	4
varie		plachines.	00 01
for		Watering testies Street	
pplied		Watering.	13.5
Su	ging.	3 appendintendent	όι
		Market.	60
		nging.	Yard, Stables, Stores, Wharf, &c.
	Scaven	Sweeping Machines, Might,	-92
		Sweeping, Day.	1.1
		Street Scavenging.	70.8
		Bell Ash Removal.	.91
		sdiT deA	ŗ.
		Dry Ash Removal	.99
		Might Ash Removal.	7, 60
ses.		At Work ever	-58
n Hot		Percentage of Luelfectives.	7 00
oratio	· Ma	Effective for Wo	248-1
Corporation Horses.		Number.	256-8248-1 3-4 28-
Hired.		Zuniber.	i-

New F	New Horses.		Number Disposed of.	isposed of	
Purchased.	Bred.	Died.	Destroyed.	Percentage of Mortality.	Sold.
53	-	t-	0	I,-	ੜ

TABLE No. 16.

AVERAGE DAILY STAFF OF MEN EMPLOYED.

	78							
	-la	Grand Tota	\$.696					
		Total.	9.68					
	Stanley Dock.	.stourets.	61					
&c.	1 4 1110	Foreman,	:					
558,	Various Town Deposit Places.	Labourers.	100					
Dep		Foreman.	1 5					
es, 1	Aintree, and Ford,	Labourers.	-					
Wharves, Depôts, &c	Gorsey Lane.	.пвшэлоД	60.4 1.					
×	River Craft Dock.	Labourers.	-					
		Inspector.	19:9 1.					
	stillidhua8 bua	Labourers,	184					
	Inspector. Chisenhale St.							
		Total.	81.8					
shops	Blacksmiths and Strikers.							
Work	sand Strikers.	Blacksmith	10. 17.1					
	s and Labourers.	Cartwrights	10.					
nds,		Total.	7-646					
Stables, Yards and Stores.	udmen, Stable- Storekeepers.	1-266						
bles	chmen.	ia						
Sta	.81	10						
		1-						
		22-1 584-7						
	.83							
		6.5						
	ber Barges.	7.17						
		4.78						
		68						
ń		6.1						
Day Service	.1	30 20 42 8 10 2						
Se	net Men	00						
Day		-8						
	'us	8						
	vers.	8.02						
		8-6						
		6 14						
	-ш	1:						
		00						
	orekeepers.	.10						
	and Foremen.		10-5 20: 10-8 5-4 77-6 149-8 70-8					
ice.		Total.						
Serv	.0	Whart Men.						
Night Service.	·us	7.5						
Z		άι						
		Total.	10.					
General.		Office Boy.	÷					
Gen	r, Checker, &c.	Timekeepe	, ó1					
		Inspectors	ås.					

TABLE No. 17.

Daily Consumption of Provender and Weekly Cost per Horse per Week. Food and Litter.

Average Consump- tion per Horse.				Gross weekly cost 11s. 34d.	Credit value of	Manure 9d.	Net. 10s. 64d.					
Daily Average Consumption per Horse.	Lbs. 11.89	3.49	-26	1.95		14.		3.7.11	11.78	6.35	1	5.02
od.	centals.	"	,:	,,		:	,,	"	**			2
ion of Foc	11,189	3,291	246	1,834	006	595	503	1,492	11,086	5,947	1 027	1,30,1
Total Consumption of Food.	Corn 11,189 centals.	Beans and Peas	Oats	Bran	Meal	Linseed)	Roots	Grass	Hay	Straw	Peat Moss	Sawdust
Days Keep.				94,063								

INSANITARY PROPERTY.

INSANITARY PROPERTY.

Early in the year, as almost the whole of the insanitary property which stood over from former presentments under the Liverpool Sanitary Amendment Act, 1864, had been finally dealt with by the Insanitary Property Committee, the Medical Officer drew attention to a number of insanitary houses situated mainly in two circumscribed areas, one at the north and one at the south side of the City, and duly reported upon them on April 27th. The Grand Jury ultimately concurred in the Medical Officer's view that the houses in question were unfit for human habitation and ought to be demolished.

The total number of houses included in this presentment was 577, and, with a few exceptions, the following general description applies to them:—

They consist of three rooms placed one above the other, connected by staircases leading directly from one room to the other without any intermediate landing, so that practically the same atmosphere pervades each of the three rooms.

The houses, moreover, are back to back and side to side with others of similar structure; consequently there can be no back windows nor side windows, nor any through ventilation. Neither is there any yard space, nor water-closet private to each house, a circumstance involving a great deal that is prejudicial alike to decency and health. There is no water supply direct to each house.

The houses are arranged in courts, the entrances to which are narrowed, or even converted into tunnels, by the contiguous street houses.

The water supply is by stand-pipes in the court, and the receptacles for ashes, or other refuse, are also placed in the courts for the common use of the inhabitants.

The premises are of the usual court description, and although in some instances the brickwork is still good, yet on the whole the property is in a general condition of dilapidation and ruin. The interior walls and ceilings are stained by saturation with vapour of breath, and are foul-smelling. Several of the houses have an insufficient cross ventilation on the lower floors, inasmuch as the window is one side and the door on the other; but the restricted spaces about these dwellings, and the proximity of the privy or ashpit, render this of doubtful advantage.

The condition of the interior of these is the same as in other dwellings, and in regard to repair, there is little to choose between these houses and the rest. All are alike defective in the arrangements for the water-closet and water supply.

The owners of this property are, as might be expected, indifferent to its decayed condition, and reluctant to expend money upon sanitary requirements, or to abate common nuisances in regard to it. This is evidenced by the fact that during the two years 1892 and 1893, no less than 851 notices were issued from the Sanitary Department to the owners of the property in question to cause the abatement of nuisances, more or less flagrant, such as choked and defective drains, defective closet seats and doors, dangerous cellar areas, dangerous roofs, defective and dangerous flags, and such like.

A careful census which has been taken of the population of these houses, shows that the number of inhabitants is 1,960, and an investigation into the death-rate of the last five years reveals the fact that in three contiguous streets, namely, Ford Street, Gildart's Gardens, and Arley Street, the average death-rate is 63·1, 67·0, and 71·4, respectively, per thousand per annum, a rate of mortality altogether exceptional.

In another group, namely, the Fernie Street group, the death-rate during the last five years is 34.6 per thousand, a rate far less than that of the preceding group, but still exceptionally high when compared with the death-rate of the rest of the City.

The number of empty houses in property of this class is out of all proportion to the number found empty in the new cottage property erected on sites which have already been dealt with by the Insanitary Property Committee. Thus the streets in question show 160 empty out of 577 houses, i.e., 28 per cent., whereas the unoccupied houses in districts such as New Henderson Street, Marlborough Street, Prince William Street, Stockdale Street, and many others, are below 3 per cent.

The large number of empty houses in the insanitary areas suggest that these degrading hovels are avoided even by the poorest.

Another important point relates to overcrowding. Overcrowding exists to a great extent in some of the streets now referred to, nothwithstanding the incessant vigilance of the Inspectors.

In Ford Street, for example, the overcrowding has been so great that during the year 1893 upwards of 30 persons were convicted of this offence; moreover, the overcrowding was of the worst kind, being carried on with entire disregard to the requirements of decency, and that notwithstanding the large number of empty houses.

It has been said that the action of the Insanitary Property Committee has led to overcrowding. This is in no sense true. During the last ten years an average of 292 houses has been demolished per annum, and the population of these houses may, considering the proportion unoccupied be estimated at 3.5 per house. This would give a displaced population of 10,220. On the cleared areas 634 cottages have been erected, which give accommodation easily to five people per house, and provide therefore housing for 3,170. Victoria Square, and buildings in conjunction with it, accommodate, say, 1,500. But the return of empty houses in the City, made in January, 1892, showed that there were upwards of 5,000 untenanted houses at a rental of not exceeding 6s. 6d. per week. Of these about two-thirds are estimated to be under 4s. 6d. per week rental, and nearly 3,000 of these have through ventilation. There is, therefore, accommodation for those who may be temporarily displaced.

Furthermore, the returns showing convictions for overcrowding common lodging-houses during the last ten years have steadily diminished year by year, notwithstanding that the supervision and visiting have been in no way relaxed by day or by night; whilst the return showing convictions for overcrowding sub-let houses during the last ten years has undergone the same continuous and steady diminution, notwithstanding that the night visits and investigations have been carried on as usual, and, what is of far greater moment, the conditions have been made much more stringent, the youngest infants being included in the enumeration, and the age at which a person is reckoned as an adult reduced to 12 years.

The houses erected on sites sold by the Insanitary Property Committee are practically all occupied, this showing that healthy dwellings are eagerly sought after.

The following is a list of the property presented under the Twelfth Presentment:—

The court known as No. 8 court in FORD STREET in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 8 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 28 and 29 in Ford Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 8 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 9 court in FORD STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 9 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 30 and 31 in FORD STREET aforesaid, contiguous to No. 9 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 10 court in FORD STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 10 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 32 and 33 in Ford Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 10 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 11 court in FORD STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 11 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 34 and 35 in Ford Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 11 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 12 court in FORD STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 12 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 36 and 37 in Ford Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 12 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 13 court in Ford Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 13 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 38 and 39 in FORD STREET aforesaid, contiguous to No. 13 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 14 court in FORD STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 14 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 40 in FORD STREET aforesaid, contiguous to No. 14 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 15 court in Ford Street aforesaid.

The dwelling houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 in the said No. 15 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 42 and 43 in Ford Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 15 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 16 court in Ford Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8 in the said No. 16 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 44 and 45 in Ford Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 16 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 17 court in FORD STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-house numbered 1 in the said No. 17 court.

The court known as No. 18 court in FORD STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 2, 4, 6 and 8 in the said No. 18 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 52 in FORD STREET aforesaid, contiguous to No. 18 court in the street.

The dwelling-houses numbered 3, 5 and 7 in LIMEKILN LANE, in the City aforesaid, contiguous to No. 18 court in FORD STREET.

The court known as No. 4 court in GILDART'S GARDENS, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-house numbered 1 in the said No. 4 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 10 in GILDART'S GARDENS aforesaid, contiguous to No. 4 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 8 court in GILDART'S GARDENS aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 8 court.

The court known as No. 10 court in GILDART'S GARDENS aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 in the said No. 10 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 16, 18 and 20 in GILDART'S GARDENS aforesaid, contiguous to No. 10 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 12 court in GILDART'S GARDENS aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in the said No. 12 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 24 and 26 in GILDART'S GARDENS aforesaid, contiguous to No. 12 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 16 court in GILDART'S GARDENS aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 in the said No. 16 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 46, 48, 50 and 52 in GILDART'S GARDENS aforesaid, contiguous to No. 16 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 18 court in GILDART'S GARDENS aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 in the said No. 18 court.

The court known as No. 3 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the said No. 3 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 11 and 13 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 3 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 5 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the said No. 5 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 15 and 17 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 5 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 7 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2 and 3 in the said No. 7 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 21 and 23 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 7 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 9 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the said No. 9 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 25 and 27 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 9 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 11 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the said No. 11 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 29 and 31 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 11 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 15 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 15 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 37 and 39 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 15 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 17 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 17 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 41 and 43 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 17 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 21 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 21 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 57 and 59 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 21 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 23 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 23 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 61 and 63 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 23 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 25 court in Arley Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the said No. 25 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 65 in Arley Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 25 court in the said street.

The dwelling-house numbered 1 in Summer Seat, in the City aforesaid, contiguous to No. 25 court in Arley Street.

The court known as No. 2 court in Addison Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-house numbered 2 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 2 and 4 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 2 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 4 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 4 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 6 and 8 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 4 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 6 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-house numbered 1 in the said No. 6 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 10 and 12 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 6 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 8 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 8 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 14 and 16 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 8 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 10 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 10 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 18 and 20 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 10 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 12 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 12 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 22 and 24 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 12 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 16 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-house numbered 1 in the said No. 16 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 32 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 16 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 18 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 18 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 36, 38 and 40 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 18 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 26 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-house numbered 3 in the said No. 26 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 54 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 26 court in the said street.

The dwelling-houses numbered 54 and 56 in Hodson Street, in the City aforesaid, contiguous to No. 26 court in Addison Street.

The court known as No. 28 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 28 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 56 and 58 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 28 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 30 court in Addison Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 30 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 60 and 62 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 30 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 2 court in Bull Entry, Scotland Road, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 4, 9, 11 and 13 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 2 in Bull Entry aforesaid, contiguous to the said No. 2 court in Bull Entry.

The dwelling-houses numbered 4, 6 and 8 in Norris Street, in the City aforesaid, contiguous to No. 2 court in Bull Entry, Scotland Road.

The court known as No. 2 court in Norris Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 16 and 18 in Norris Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 2 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 4 court in Norris Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 4 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 20 and 22 in Norris Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 4 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 2 court in LAIRD'S PLACE, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-house numbered 2 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 1 in Norris Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 2 court in Laird's Place.

The court known as No. 2 court in GLOVER STREET, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-house numbered 1 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 2 in Glover Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 2 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 4 court in GLOVER STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 4 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 10, 12 and 14 in GLOVER STREET aforesaid, contiguous to No. 4 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 2 court in Pleasant Hill Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-house numbered 1 in the said No. 2 court.

The court known as No. 2 court in Caryl Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 76 and 78 in Caryl Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 2 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 2 court in Fisher Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 6 in Fisher Street aforesaid,
contiguous to No. 2 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 4 court in Fisher Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in the said No. 4 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 8 and 12 in Fisher Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 4 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 6 court in Fisher Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in the said No. 6 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 14 and 18 in Fisher Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 6 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 8 court in Fisher Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in the said No. 8 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 20 and 24 in Fisher Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 8 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 10 court in Fisher Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in the said No. 10 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 26 and 30 in Fisher Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 10 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 12 court in Fisher Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in the said No. 12 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 32 and 36 in Fisher Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 12 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 14 court in Fisher Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the said No. 14 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 38 in Fisher Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 14 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 1 court in PROPHET STREET, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2 and 3 in the said No. 1 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 5 and 7 in Prophet Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 1 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 3 court in Prophet Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 in the said No. 3 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 9 and 11 in PROPHET STREET aforesaid, contiguous to No. 3 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 5 court in PROPHET STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 in the said No. 5 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 13, 15 and 17 in Prophet Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 5 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 7 court in PROPHET STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 in the said No. 7 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 19, 21 and 23 in Prophet Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 7 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 9 court in Prophet Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 in the said No. 9 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 25 and 27 in Prophet Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 9 court in the said street.

The dwelling-houses numbered 10, 12 and 14 in Essex Street in the City aforesaid, contiguous to No. 9 court in Prophet Street.

The court known as No. 2 court in Prophet Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 2 and 4 in Prophet Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 2 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 4 court in PROPHET STREET aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 in the said No. 4 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 14 and 16 in Prophet Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 4 court in the said street.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 3, 5 and 7 in Fernie Street, in the City aforesaid, contiguous to No. 4 court in Prophet Street.

The court known as No. 1 court in Fernie Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 1 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 13 and 15 in Fernie Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 1 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 3 court in Fernie Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 3 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 17 and 19 in Fernie Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 3 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 5 court in Fernie Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 5 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 21 and 23 in Fernie Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 5 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 7 court in Fernie Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 7 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 25, 27 and 29 in Fernie Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 7 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 2 court in Fernie Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2 and 3 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 4 in Fernie Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 2 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 4 court in Fernie Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 4 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 6 and 8 in Fernie Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 4 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 6 court in Fernie Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 6 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 10 and 12 in Fernie Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 6 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 1 court in Hughson Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 1 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 25 and 27 in Hughson Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 1 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 3 court in Hughson Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8 in the said No. 3 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 31 in Hughson Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 3 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 5 court in Hughson Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 14 in the said No. 5 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 33 and 35 in Hughson Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 5 court in the said street.

The dwelling-houses numbered 18 and 20 in Fernie Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 5 court in Hughson Street.

The court known as No. 7 court in Hughson Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 in the said No. 7 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 37 and 39 in Hughson Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 7 court in the said street.

The dwelling houses numbered 22 and 24 in Fernie Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 7 court in Hughson Street.

The court known as No. 2 court in Markham Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 2 court.

The court known as No. 4 court in Cable Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2 and 3 in the said No. 4 court.

The court known as No. 4 court in Thomas Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1 and 2 in the said No. 4 court.

The court known as No. 5 court in Thomas Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 in the said No. 5 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 in Thomas Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 5 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 6 court in Thomas Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 4, 5, 6 and 7 in the said No. 6 court.

The court known as No. 7 court in Thomas Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-house numbered 2 in the said No. 7 court.

The court known as No. 8 court in Thomas Street aforesaid.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 3 and 5 in the said No. 8 court.

The court known as No. 9 court in Thomas Street aforesaid. The dwelling-house numbered 1 in the said No. 9 court.

The court known as No. 28 court in Charters Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the said No. 28 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 56 and 58 in Charters Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 28 court in the said street.

The dwelling-houses numbered 7, 9 and 11 in Wigan Street, in the City aforesaid, contiguous to No. 28 court in Charters Street.

The court known as No. 5 court in Lightbody Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 in the said No. 5 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 9 and 11 in Lightbody Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 5 court in the said street.

The dwelling-house numbered 1 in Limekiln Lane, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-house numbered 16 in Essex Street, in the said City.

The dwelling-house numbered 12 in PROPHET STREET, in the said City.

The dwelling-houses numbered 17, 19, 21 and 23 in Hughson Street, in the said City.

In addition to the foregoing dealt with by presentment, the Medical Officer of Health certified that the following premises were unfit for human habitation and ought to be demolished. These reports were laid before the Council and referred to the Insanitary Property Committee:—

The court known as No. 16 court in Addison Street, in the City of Liverpool.

The dwelling-house numbered 2 in the said No. 16 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 30 in Addison Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 16 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 2 court in Bull Entry, Scotland Road, in the said City.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 3 and 5 in the said No. 2 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 2 in Norris Street, in the said City, contiguous to No. 2 court Bull Entry, Scotland Road.

The court known as No. 16 court in Bond Street, in the said City. The dwelling-houses numbered 3 and 4 in the said No. 16 court. The court known as No. 18 court in Bond Street, in the said City. The dwelling-houses numbered 3 and 4 in the said No. 18 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 35 and 37 in Robertson Street, in the said City.

The dwelling-houses numbered 4 and 6 in LANGLEY STREET, in the said City.

The dwelling-house numbered 30 in Prince William Street, in the said City.

The court known as No. 3 court (sometimes described as Weatherall Place) in Bevin Lane, in the said City.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2 and 3 in the said No. 3 court.

The dwelling-house numbered 3 in Bevin Lane aforesaid, contiguous to No. 3 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 6 court in Bent Street, in the said City.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 6 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 14 and 16 in Bent Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 6 court in the said street.

The court known as No. 2 court in HAWKE STREET, in the said City.

The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the said No. 2 court.

The court known as No. 5 court in Oakes Street, in the said City. The dwelling-houses numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in the said No. 5 court.

The dwelling-houses numbered 29 and 31 in Oakes Street aforesaid, contiguous to No. 5 court in the said street.

The dwelling-house numbered 16 in Grafton Street, in the said City.

The dwelling-house numbered 32 in Brindley Street, in the said City.

The dwelling-house numbered 8 in GILDART'S GARDENS, in the said City.

The dwelling-house numbered 14 in GILDART'S GARDENS, in the said City.

The City Engineer has kindly supplied the following tables:-

INSANITARY PROPERTY.

Insanitary I	roperty purchas	ed 1894.	Insanitary Property demolished 1894.							
No of houses included in twelfth presentment	No. of houses purchased by Insanitary Property Committee included in presentments referred by Council to Committee.	Total.	No. of houses included in eleventh present- ment.	No. of houses included in twelfth present- ment.	No. of houses demolished by Insanitary Property Committee included in presentments referred by Council to Committee.	Total.				
87	31	118	20	22	27	69				

RETURN OF HOUSES ERECTED AND HOUSES TAKEN DOWN DURING YEAR 1894.

			WA	RDS.					Houses Erected.	Houses taken down.
1	Everton and I	Cirkd	ale						99	43
2	Scotland								7	30
3	Vauxhall								112	32
4	St. Paul's									11
5	Exchange									33
6	Castle Street							1.		
7	St. Peter's									1
8	Pitt Street									
9	Great George									
10	Rodney								2	
11	Abercromby								****	10
12	Lime Street									
13	St. Anne's									9 5
14	West Derby								102	5
15	South Toxteth								20	22
16	North Toxteth								35	79
									and a revi	
-			Total n				ected a	ind)		
- 1			taker	1 down	in Cit	y			377	275

SEWER VENTILATION TO END OF 1894.

No. of 9-inch by 6-inch, and 6-inch Ire	on Pipe	Venti	lating	Shafts	 863
No. of Street Ventilating Gratings					 4,480
The length of Old Sewers Ventilated					 180 miles.

Note. - All New Sewers are ventilated as constructed.

CITY HOSPITALS.

NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The number of notifications received by the Medical Officer during the year was 8,002, as follows:—

		1894.		1893.
January	 	 663		390
February	 	 585		383
March	 	 753		353
April	 	 595		368
May	 	 651		486
June	 	 645		513
July	 	 582		565
August	 	 634	• • • •	552
September	 	 723		803
October	 	 864		1,063
November	 T	 730		. 877
December	 	 577		733
		8,002		7,086

The diseases were specified as follows :-

•		1894.		1893.
Scarlet Fever		4,034		3,568
Typhoid "		1,445		1,428
Typhus ,,		200		147
Smallpox		199		90
Continued Fever		168		153
Relapsing "		1		_
Fever		47		64
Puerperal Fever		68		82
Diphtheria		313		251
Membranous Croup		68	9	40
Erysipelas		1,457		1,258
Choleraic Diarrhœa		1		2
English Cholera		1		_
		8,002		7,086
	-	and the same of th	-	

CITY HOSPITALS.

The present hospital accommodation in Liverpool is as follows:-

At Netherfield Road	Hospital		 90	beds
" Grafton Street	,,		 80	,, .
" Parkhill	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		 300	**
		Total	 470	,,

Two of the foregoing pavilions, containing 44 beds, were added in 1894. The number given includes the provision made for the isolation of all forms of infectious disease, including Smallpox.

The Authorities of Liverpool are also asked to accommodate patients from the Out-Townships, and as the population of Liverpool is upwards of 500,000, the available Hospital accommodation is considerably below that suggested by the Local Government Board, namely, one bed for every thousand of the population, exclusive of provision for Smallpox.

Smallpox is provided for at Parkhill, where wards available for about one hundred cases are provided on a part of the estate sufficiently remote from the other pavilions.

The Netherfield Road and Grafton Street Hospitals consist of twostorey pavilions of permanent construction; the Parkhill Hospital consists of single-storey pavilions of temporary construction. Each institution is provided with every accessory and appointment necessary in a hospital for the isolation and treatment of infectious sickness.

As a matter of convenience in administration, Typhus Fever, of which there is comparatively little, is treated at Netherfield Road Hospital, whilst the relatively few cases of Diphtheria occurring in the City are treated in Grafton Street Hospital. Provision is made in both Hospitals for the treatment of Scarlet Fever and Typhoid Fever from any part of the City, and the convalescents are drafted away, as circumstances permit, to Parkhill Hospital.

The Hospitals at the south end of the City have, during the past twelve months, fairly met the requirements of the half of the City in which they are situated. The Netherfield Road Hospital, however, has been full during the whole of the year, and has not been able to meet the requirements of the northern half of the City; consequently many patients had either to be conveyed long distances from their homes in the north end, to the Hospitals in the south end, or left at home, either circumstance being attended at least with inconvenience, and sometimes with risk.

The Hospitals Committee have resolved to acquire more land adjoining the grounds of the Netherfield Road Hospital, for the purpose of increasing the accommodation for patients at that Institution by fifty beds, and at the same time improvements will be carried out in connection with the approaches to the Hospital, the nurses' home, and other matters. A public inquiry touching these proposals was held in October last, at the Town Hall, by Dr. Barry, an Inspector of the Local Government Board, and the Board, after due consideration, gave their approval to the scheme.

The following tables, prepared by the House Surgeon of each Hospital, show the number of patients, the nature of the illness, and the results, at each of the three City Hospitals during the year 1894:—

CITY HOSPITAL NORTH, NETHERFIELD ROAD.

Diseases.	Remaining Dec. 31st, 1893.	Patients Admitted 1894.	Total under Treatment 1894.	Discharged Cured.	Sent to Parkhill Convalescent.	Patients Remaining Dec. 31st, 1894.	Died within 24 hours of Admission.	Total Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Typhoid Fever	23_	171	194	135	10	20	1	29	16 9
Typhus Fever	9	294	303	158	95	23	2	27	9.1
Scarlet Fever	50	567	617	111	426	57	3	23	4.
Other Diseases	4	91	95	74	rijan) Lije	2	4	19	20.8
Totals	86	1123	1209	478	531	102	10	98	8.7

TYPHOID FEVER.

	AGE PERIODS.								
	0—5	5—10	1020	2030	3040	40-50	50 upwards.		
No. of cases	7	40	73	34	12	5			
No. of deaths	12	0 7	10	5	6	1	-		
Percentage of deaths	322	17.5	13.6	14.7	50	20	-		

TYPHUS FEVER.

	Age Periods.								
	0 -5	5—10	10—20	20—30	30-40	40-50	50 upwards.		
No. of cases	22	52	97	46	46	23	8		
No. of deaths	-	-	2	5	8	9	3		
Percentage of deaths	-		2	10.8	17:3	39.1	37.5		

SCARLET FEVER.

manual de la company	AGE PERIODS.								
	0 -5	5—10	1020	20—30	30-40	40—50	50 upwards.		
No. of cases	199	227	111	27	2	1	-		
No. of deaths	16	4	1	2	_	-			
Percentage of deaths	8	1.7	.9	7.4	-	-			

OTHER DISEASES.

Disease.	Cases.	Deaths.
Febricula		
Pneumonia		
Bronchitis and Phthisis	6	
Measles	5	
Meningitis	3	
Other diseases (not classified)	35	
		10 00 0
	91	19=20.8 per ce

Visiting Physician, Dr. ROBERTSON. Resident Physician, Dr. RUSSELL.

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CITY HOSPITAL SOUTH, GRAFTON STREET.

DISEASES.	Remaining in Hospital 31st Dec., 1893.	Admitted into Hospital 1894.	Total under treatment 1894.	Died during 1894.	Discharged to homes 1894.	Transferred to Parkhill 1894.	Remaining in Hospital end of 1894.	Mortality per cent. of Admissions.
Scarlet Fever	43	535	578	26	71	435	46	4.8
Typhoid Fever	23	243	266	30	193	21	22	12.3
Typhus Fever	-	40	40	6	23	-11	_	15.0
Diphtheria	-	14	14	5	9	-	-	35.0
Other Diseases	<u> </u>	87	87	18	69		-	20.6
Totals	66	919	985	85	365	467	68	9.2

SCARLET FEVER.

	AGE PERIODS.								
	0-5	5—10	10—20	20-30	30—40	4050	50 upwards.		
No. of cases	250	185	115	24	4	_	_		
No. of deaths	24	1	1	_	-	-	-		
Percentage of deaths	9.6	.5	-8	- 0	_	_	-		

TYPHOID FEVER.

nimat	AGE PERIODS.							
	0-5	5-10	10-20	20-30	30—40	40—50	50 upwards	
No. of cases	24	64	95	58	21	4	_	
No. of deaths	2	1	11	12	3	1	-	
Percentage of deaths	8.3	1.5	11.5	20.6	14.2	25.0	_	

OTHER DISEASES.

	Cases.	Deaths.
Pneumonia	17	3
Bronchitis	6	2
Febricula	16	_
Phthisis	6	5
Meningitis	4	4
Syphilis	2	
Isolated	2	
Tonsillitis	16	_
Anaemia	2	_
Rheumatism	4	_
Convulsions	1	1
Alcoholism	3	1
Measles	1	_
Lupus	1:	_
Intermittent Fever	1	_
Cancrum Oris	1	1
Acute Nephritis	1	1
Chorea	1	
Extravasation of Urine	1	
Dysentery	1	
	87	18=20.6 per cent.
_		

Visiting Physician, Dr. ROBERTS. Resident Physician, Dr. BLAKEMAN.

CITY HOSPITAL, PARKHILL.

	ospital 31st,		ents adm uring 189		al, 1894.	ber nent	Fatal	Acute	Fa	tal
Diseases.	Remaining in Hospital on December 31st, 1893.	Acute Cases.	From City Hospital North.	From City Hospital South.	Patients remaining in Hospital, December 31st, 1894.	Total number under treatment during 1894.	Cas		Trans Cas	ferred ses.
	Rema on]	Acut	City 1	City]	Pati		Number.	Per- centage	Number.	Per- entage
Scarlatina	176	366	426	435	145	1548	20	5.4	3	.34
Enteric	14	27	10	21	_	72	6	22.2	-	-
Smallpox		228	-	-	45	273	21	9.2	-	
Diphtheria	-	8	-	-	_	8	2	25.		
Typhus	-	2	95	11		108	1	50.	-	
Measles	2	17	-	-		19	1	5.8	-	
Varicella	1	10	-	-	-	11	-	_	_	-
Erysipelas	-	1	_	-	-	1	_	_	_	
Other Diseases	_	50	-	-	1	51	9	18	_	
Isolation	-	15	-		-	15	_	_	-	-
Total	193	724	531	467	191	1915	60	8.2	3	.30

						Ag	е Ре	RIOD	S IN	YEA	RS.	i canh		
Disi	EASE.		0-	-5	5	-10	10-	-20	20-	-30	30-	-40	40)+
		-	Cases.	Deaths.										
Typhus			 				1		1	1				
Diphtheria			 3	1	2	1	1		2					
Measles	***	***	 5		6		3	.,.	1		1		1	1
Chickenpox			 3		3		1		3					***
Erysipelas			 								1			
Tuberculosis			 				2	2	1	1				
Intermittent F	ever	***	 				1							
Febricula			 		1		2				1		2	
Laryngitis			 3		1									
Tonsillitis			 				3		1				1	
Pulmonary Dis	seases	***	 2		2	2	3				2	1	2	1
Meningitis		***	 				1	1						
Cutaneous	***	***	 1		2		5		1		2		2	
Venereal		***	 				1		1		1			
Colie			 								1			***
Chronic Bright	's	1110-	 			***	1	1						
Anæmia			 				1							

		198	Act	TE SCARLA	FINA.	A	CUTE ENTER	ic.
AGE P	ERIODS	IN		Dea	ths.		Dea	ths.
11	ARS.		Cases.	Number.	Per Centage.	Cases.	Number.	Per Centage,
0-5			110	16	14 5	2		
5-10			142	4	2.8	10	2	20.
0-20	***		98			5		
20 -30	***		11			7	3	42.8
30—40			5			3	1	33.3
			366	20	5.4	27	6	22.2

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SMALLPOX.

NATURE OF CASES.

					in a	VACCI	NATED.			Unvaco	CINATEI).
Age	Perio	DDS IN	Years	3.	Discrete.	Semi-confluent.	Confluent.	Hæmorrhagic.	Discrete.	Semi-confluent.	Confluent.	Hæmorrhagic.
0-5			111		3				4	1	9	***
5-10	***				10				3	6	4	
1015					20	1			1	4		1
15-20					39	1			1	2		1
20-30					39	6	4	1	2	2	2	
3040					26	4	3	1	1		1	1
40+					13	8		1	4	1	1	1
					150	15	7	3	16	16	17	4

INFLUENCE OF VACCINATION ON SMALLPOX. RELATIVE INCIDENCE ON VACCINATED AND UNVACCINATED.

	0 5 0 0	IN	VACCI	NATED.	Unvace	CINATED.	To	TAL.
Yı	EARS.		Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths
0-5			3	_	14	5	17	5
5-10			10	-	13	2	23	2
10-15			21	-	6	1	27	1
5-20			40	-	4	1	44	1
20-30			50	4	6	1	56	5
30-40			34	3	3	2	37	5
10+			17	1	7	1	24	2
			175	8	53	13	228	21

INFLUENCE OF VACCINATION SCARS ON ATTACK. NUMBER OF SCARS.

						N	UMBER	OF SCA	RS.		
NATURE O) Г Ат	TACK.			4		3		2		1
			No.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Discrete	***	***		28		46		48		28	
Semi-confluent				5		1		5		4	
Confluent				2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2
Hæmorrhagic								1	1	2	2
				35	1	49	1	55	2	36	- 4

QUALITY OF SCARS.

			Fovi	SATE.	Non-F	OVEATE.
Nature	OF ATT	ACK.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Discrete			 102		48	
Semi-confluent	***		 8		7	a mil no
Confluent			 3	3	4	2
Hæmorrhagic			 1	1	2	2
			114	4	61	4

Visiting Physician, DR. ROBERTS. Resident Physician, DR. ROBINSON.

CITY OF LIVERPOOL.

RATE OF MORTALITY AMONGST PATIENTS TREATED AT HOME AND PATIENTS TREATED IN HOSPITAL.

HOME MORTALITY.

Year.	Disease.	Cases.	Deaths.	Per cent.
1891	1	303	63	20.7
1892	Typhoid	443	77	17.3
1893	Fever	956	171	17.8
1894) - (878	176	20.0
1891) (728	85	11.6
1892	Scarlet	953	89	9.3
1893	Fever	2,158	149	6.9
1894) (2,548	152	6.0

HOSPITAL MORTALITY.

Year.	Disease.	Cases.	Deaths.	Per cent.
1891) (283	26	9.1
1892	Typhoid	236	34	14.4
1893	[Fever]	431	50	11 5
1894) (441	72	16 3
1891	1 (546	33	6.0
1892	Scarlet	633	36	5.6
1893	Fever	1,391	74	5.3
1894) (1,468	80	5.4

There appears to be a general feeling that the hospitals receive an undue proportion of specially severe cases, sent in because they have become too great a tax upon the strength and resources of the relatives who had at first hoped to be able to nurse them: thus, removal rendered necessary by development of serious symptoms, takes place at a time when it must necessarily be prejudicial to the patient's chances of recovery.

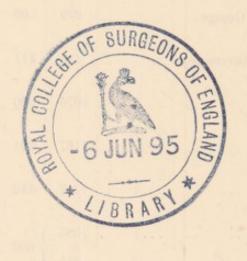
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TABLE OF DEATHS

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DURING THE YEAR 1894, IN THE URBAN SANITARY DISTRICT OF LIVERPOOL, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO DISEASES, AGES, AND LOCALITIES.

		Mort	ALITY F	ROM ALI	CAUSES	, AT			Moi	RTAL	ITY P	ROM S	SUBJOINE	CAU	Bs, Di	ISTING	UISBIN	o Das	THE O	у Сип	LDEEN	UND	en F	IVE Y	THARS	or Ac	E.		
(I.) NAMES OF LOCALITIES adopted for the purpose of these Statistics; public institutions being shown as separate localities. WARDS. (a.)	At all Ages.	Under 1 Year.	and under 5.	and under 15.	15 and under 25.	25 and under 60.	60 and up- wards.	(6.)			Diphtheria, S.	up.	Typhus . 9 Enteric or or Typhus . 9	Fever too		Puer-	holera dera	Erysipelas H	Whooping :	-		Fever. 15			Pheumonia, 81	Heart Disease, 61	Injuries 08	*	iza.
Scotland	1227	452	269	48	53	285	120	Under 5 5 upwards		19	6	1	8 11		1 .		2	1	33 4	13	85 7			3 69	166 154		26 33 36 16		21 06
Vauxhall	172	73	30	8	4	43	.14	Under 5 5 upwards				1	:		i :		::		2	2	6			6	24 13		13 5 2 3		08 69
St. Paul's and Exchange	270	73	53	10	6	90	38	Under 5 5 upwards					i i	:				1	7	9	8	i		20	40 35	ić	6 5 5		26 44
St. Anne's and Lime Street	501	152	84	19	13	164	69	Under 5 5 upwards		2		1	: 4				2	ï			23	2		37	49 67	34	16 11:	7 26	65
Castle Street and St. Peter's	73	25	8	4	3	27	6	Under 5 5 upwards		1									1	1	5			6	8	5	5 1	5 4	33
Pitt Street and Great George	249	69	37	13	11	81	38	Under 5 5 upwards		i	1		: 3	:				i	5	4	400			3 34	27 37	9	8 4 5	4 14	06 43
Rodney Street and Abercromby	434	111	52	16	15	137	103	Under 5 5 upwards		3 2		::	:: '8					ï		12	13	ï		33	27 52	31	8 13	3 27	-
Everton	2070	690	403	92	86	512	287	Under 5 5 upwards		31 12		6	5 33				6 2	4		1	96 11	5	i	3		109	40 56 26 38	5 97	77
Kirkdale	1167	391	193	72	45	296	. 170	Under 5 5 upwards		20 10	3	3	i is				7	2 2	5	2	52	4		67	99	58	23 32 19 25	3 58	83 47
West Derby	. 1317	412	235	74	50	365	181	Under 5 5 upwards		17	7	5 2	i i	5 :			5	4	2	4	67	3		126	128	61	15 31 22 27	9 67	70
North Toxteth	. 1085	602	395	86	74	436	337	Under 5 5 upwards Under 5 5 upwards		14 6 4 1	2	3 1	i 1	2	2 .		i	2 1	2	2	38 48 3	2 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6 80 3 46	91 118 120 117	70	17 26 16 26 17 22 18 11	3 57	75 87 58
Workhouses & Hospitals	2663	160	245	190	231	1354	483	Under 5 5 upwards	7 13			2	38 11		i :		s	8	10 3	11	10 9	8	2	5 377	52 359		39 19 84 89		05 58
Totals	. 12073	3210	2004	632	591	3790	1846	Under 5 5 upwards	7 13	174 58	48 22	26 6	1 50 23				. 4		285 2		463 46	28	41	31 040	1045 1446	7193	232 260 367 274	07 52 40 68	
	1					-	1		1		1-10-1			1				1			-								-
Deaths occurring outside the division or district among persons belonging thereto	250	11	11	5	15	90	118	Under 5 5 upwards					:: 3				i		3	2			ï	1 28	69 69	51		14 69 5	22 228
Deaths occurring within the division or district among persons not belonging thereto	434	25	30	25	53	231	70	Under 5 5 upwards			4 2		5	-			2	ï	3	4	ï	ï	i	41	40		5 35 2	30	55 379



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TABLE OF POPULATION, BIRTHS, AND OF NEW CASES OF INFECTIOUS SICKNESS

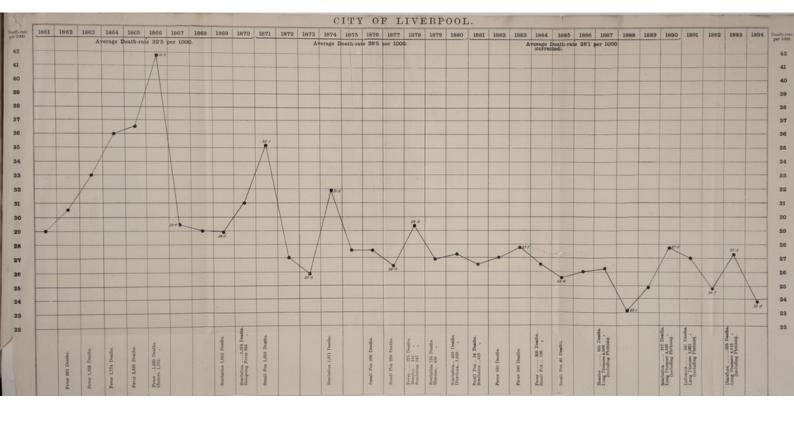
coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health, during the year 1894, in the Urban Sanitary District of Liverpool; classified according to Diseases and Localities.

	Population Ages	AT ALL		New	Cases (OF SICE	KNESS I	N EACH	LOCAL	ITY, CO	MING T	TO THE	Know	LEDGE	NUMB	ER OF	SUCH (ASES E	CEMOVE TREATS	D FROM	THEIR	Hom	ES IN IOSPITA	THE SET	VERAL
NAMES OF LOCALITIES adopted for the purpose of these Statistics; Public Institutions being shown as			pa	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3	. 4	. 5	6	7	8	9	10	11
separate localities.	Census,	ated to	Registered Births.						1	EVERS	-						-	sn			Pevers				ė
WARDS.	1891. (b.)	Estimated to Middle of 1894.	(d)	Smallpox.	Scarlatina	Diphtheria	Membranous Croup.	Typhus.	Enteric or Typhoid.	Continued.	Relapsing.	Puerperal.	English Cholera.	Erysipolas	Smallpox.	Scarlatina	Diphtheria	Membranous Croup.	Typhus.	Enteric or Typhoid.	Continued.	Relapsing.	Puerperal.	English Cholera,	Erysipelas
Soutland	53713	49145	2041	7	371	20	7	59	164	17		9	2	209	7	167	1	1	56	68					
Vanxhall	7166	5590	230		.18	1	1	5	15	3		2		36	**	6	1		5	11					
St. Paul's and Exchange	12931	11235	306	2	22			13	21	1				46	2	6			13	7					**
St. Anne's and Lime Street	27641	25231	766	7	97	4		68	78	1		5		132	7	42			68	36	1				
Castle Street and St. Peter's	4924	4469	80	1	14	1			8					13	1	6				2					
Pitt Street and Great George	14517	13323	357	2	33	2	1	1	30	2		1	**	65	2	17			1	10	1				
Rodney Street and Abercromby	36089	34356	1234	8	153	19		9	68	1		2		60	8	63			9	14	**				
Everton (H)	110556	110665	4233	16	1051	51	17	115	340	17		12	2	204	16	388	9		109	134	3			-74	
Kirkdale	66131	67489	2308	4	763	30	13	26	190	16		16		150	4	241	1		25	45	3				
West Derby	76971	78542	2894	6	635	95	10	20	224	4		14		119	6	177	13		18	75	1	**			
North Toxteth	65548 41793	65876 41309	3444	30 137	469 259	26 15	5 8	3	90	8 20	1	6 3		139 135	28 136	133 96	2		2	27 44	1	1			
Workhouses and Hospitals			٠	7	74	11		4	10			2		72	7	69	2		4						
Emigrants, Seamen, &c., passing through the City				2	4			1	12					2	2	4			1	12					
TOTALS	517980	507230	17893	229	3963	275	62		1349	90	1	72	4	1382	226	1415	33	1	312	485	10	1			
Notificat	ion of Infecti	ous Disea	ase comp	alsory	in the	Distric	t since	1st Sc	ptembe	r, 1890).	(H)	The lo	calities	in which	ch the I	solatio	n Hosp	itals ar	e situat	ed.				

TABLE OF POPULATION BIRTHS AND

coming to the amoral dipe of the Alectical Officer of the

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DEATHS REGISTERED IN THE CITY OF LIVERPOOL, DURING THE YEAR ENDING SATURDAY, 29TH DECEMBER, 1894.

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I	CATHE OF DEATH.	AEX						AGE	- HELO	w.						Marie Marie	And Person	Pada Historia Printerioria	1 10	Conglesia Species.	No. Court	gr's	Ph. Thumselv Disertes.	Water 196	Pinerell selek	11	State of the state	Towns of	outs Part		Pos	Minesa march 1860		100	TTALE	1 1	meters month	Toronta Pare Discount		- Transco
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3	A. C. CASSON I. S. C. CASSON I. S. C. CASSON III. S. C. CASSON III	### (### (### (### (### (### (### (###	8 99 50 914 600	1007 2009 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 mm 100	20	1 1 miles	D2000000	100	1111	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100		AR : 111 E	100		1207 2209 55 517 50 53 53 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	100 mm m	7.787		0 100 0 100 0 100 0 100 0 100 1 10 1 10	10111	The second of the second	90 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	56 56 60 56 60 7	allengarings		Mitters of Street of Stree		110	43 17 18 19 19 20 20 4 4 4 1	118 14 4 10 9 27 77 4 4 28 4 28	11 10	18 mm	100 Mar 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10 445 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	Section 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(C1 (C1 (40) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (1
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DEATHS



SMALLPOX AND TYPHUS CASES NOTIFIED DURING 1894. PHILIP'S PLAN OF LIVERPOOL The RED Dots mark the Number of Cases of SMALLPOX BLUE Dots the Cases of TYPEUS. R I V E R M E R S E

