[Report 1925] / Medical Officer of Health, Lichfield U.D.C.

Contributors

Lichfield (England). Urban District Council.

Publication/Creation

1925

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/ytaa5cfc

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



D. LIBRARY

LICHFIELD

Urban District Council.



THIRTY-EIGHTH

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Bealth,

G. W. HOMAN, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.S.A.

1925.

LICHETELD .

PRINTED BY LOMAX'S SUCCESSORS (F. H. BULL & B. WISHMAN).
1926.





LICHFIELD

Urban District Council.



THIRTY-EIGHTH

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Bealth,

G. W. HOMAN, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.S.A.

1925.

LICHFIELD:

PRINTED BY LOMAX'S SUCCESSORS (F. H. BULL & E. WISEMAN). 1926.

Lichfield Urban District Council.

Chirty-Eighth Annual Report

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

G. W. HOMAN, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.S.A.

1925.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens
of the City and County of Lichfield.

BIRTHS.

The Total Number of Births notified was 151. Males, 84; Females, 67; equal to a Birth Rate of 18.7 per thousand of population.

Legitimate Births, Males 84, Females 67.

Illegitimate Births, Males 2, Females 5.

Stillborn Births, 5.

Number of Women dying at Child Birth, 0.

Legitimate deaths under one year, 9.

Illegitimate ,, ,, ,, 1

Deaths from Measles 0.

" Whooping Cough ... 0. " Diarrhœa under 2 ... 0.

	Total.	Males.	Females.	Stillborn.	Illegitimate.	Birth Rate per 1,000 of Population.
1921	 210	120	90	3	10	25.1
1922	 171	87	84	8	17	20.3
1923	 180	92	88	5	6	22.5
1924	 144	71	73	5	8	16:1
1925	 151	84	67	5	9	18.7

DEATHS.

The total number of deaths was 81, equal to a death rate of 10.6 per thousand of population.

There were 5 deaths from Zymotic Diseases.

1921-Total 107, equal to a death rate of 12.6 per 1,000.

1922—	,,	112,	,,	,,	13.3	"
1923	,,	95,	,,	,,	11.2	,,
1924—	,,	94,	,,	,,	11.08	,,
1925-	,,	81,	,,	,,	10.6	,,

Infectious Diseases.

43 cases were notified as under (1925):-

Zymotic Diseases.

Small pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Typhoid Fever.	Erysipelas.	Ophthalmia Neonatorum.	Poliomyelitis.	Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Other Tuber- cular Diseases.	Influenzal Pneumonia.	Encephalitis Lethargica.	Malaria.	Puerperal Fever
1921-0	8	8	17	1	5	0	0	20	3	0	0	5	1
1922-0	6	5	0	6	4	0	0	9	7	5	0	3	2
1923-0	10	2	0	5	2	0	0	10	2	1	0	2	1
1924 - 0	14	5	0	1	3	0	0	10	3	0	3	1	1
1925-0	5	2	0	3	5	1	0	20	4	0	1	2	0

Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

Males	 	 9	1	Total 20
Females	 	 11	1	Total 20

Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

Males	 	 2	} Total	
Females	 	 2	Lotai	4

ISOLATION HOSPITAL.

The number of cases admitted to the Hospital were:-

Scarlet Fever	 	 6
Diphtheria	 	 2

Two permanent nurses are engaged.

There are 24 beds for Scarlet Fever.

,, 9 ,, Diphtheria.

Your district has been fairly free from Infectious Diseases during the year.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

6 cases were notified.

Treated at Home ... 4 cases.

" in Hospital ... 2 cases.

Vision was unimpaired in all of these.

Deaths (

DEATHS.

There were 7 deaths under 1 year.

1 ,, from 1-2 years.

1 ,, from 2—3 ,,

0 ,, from 3-4 ,,

1 ,, from 4—5 ,,

0 " from 5—10 "

0 ,, from 10-15 ,

0 ,, from 15-20 ,,

2 " from 20-35 "

5 ,. from 35—45 ,,

21 ,, from 45-65 ,,

43 ,, from 65 upwards.

81

DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS.

	N	EW	CASES	3.	DEATHS.			
to the late of	Pulmo	nary.	Pulm	on- onary.	Pulmo	nonary. Non-		
Age Periods.	М	F-	М	F	М	F	М	F
Under 1 year							sia M	
1 year								
5 years	41	3	н	DOM:				
10 years			2				Louisa	
15 years								
20 years	2							
25 years		2	ng m	1		1	tering!	
35 years		3		1	1	1	110	mil
45 years	3	3			u			
55 years	2			77.5	110	1	1	
65 and upwards	2	1	7777	1	1	1	1	003

There has been a general improvement in the Hygienic and Sanitary conditions of the City during the past 5 years.

All the Deaths due to Tuberculosis were notified.

Professional Nurses are engaged by the Sanitary Authority for nursing home cases when required.

A District Nurse visits cases when required.

HOSPITALS.

No Hospitals are provided by the Local Authority with the exception of the Isolation Hospital for Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, and Small Pox.

There is no Institution for unmarried mothers, unfortunate or homeless children, except the Workhouse.

PATHOLOGICAL WORK.

Examinations are made in the County Laboratory at Wolverhampton. 59 Examinations were made during the year. Antitoxins and Vaccines are supplied free when requested.

WATER.

There is a constant, plentiful, and free supply of water from the Lichfield Conduit Lands; free from contamination.

Analysis of two samples of water taken on 31st August, 1921.

Analysis of two samples of	A SF I	er u	Ken	on olst B	ugust,	1921.
			44	No. 1."		"No. 2."
				(Grains p	er Galle	on.)
Total Solid Matter dried at 212	0 F			28.56		28.56
Free and Saline Ammonia				0.0		0.0
Albuminoid Ammonia				0.0021		0.0028
Nitrio Nitrogen				0.70		0.54
0 1: 10:1:				1.40		1.96
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at	80°	F.		0.10		0.036
Colour through 2 feet			ea	ch very pa	ale blu	ish tinge.
Appearance				Clear		Clear
Hardness before Boiling				13.40		12.80
,, after ,,				8.63		7.40
Temporary Hardness				4.80		5.40
Bacteriological Examination.				Orga	nisms	per c.c.
On gelatin at 20c				37		6
On agar-agar at 37c						. 1
" , Acidified	and	Phe	noliz	ed 0		. 0

These waters remain of excellent quality, the bacteriological examinations are quite satisfactory.

E. W. T. Jones, F.I.C.

Some houses in outlying parts are supplied by the South Staffordshire Water Works, and a few by wells on the premises.

No cases of metal contamination have occurred.

RIVERS AND STREAMS.

There is no river in the district, and the streams are free from pollution. They do not enter into the water supply of the City.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

Is water borne and is treated at the Sewage Works at Curborough, 3 miles from the City, where an excellent effluent is obtained.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.

(See Sanitary Inspector's Report.)

SCAVENGING.

Ashes and house refuse are removed by the Corporation carts, and all ashpits, cesspools, and privies are emptied by the Corporation employés and are treated in the Refuse Destructor.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF DISTRICT.

(See Sanitary Inspector's Report.)

SCHOOLS.

There are five Elementary Schools in the District, and all are in good sanitary condition and have a good supply of the town water.

FOOD.

Milk Supply.—The Milk supply is from various dairies. The cowsheds are inspected frequently. Samples of milk are taken occasionally, especially where there is any suspicion of Tuberculosis amongst the cows. The supply is plentiful and of a good quality.

Actions taken with regard to Dairies, Cowsheds and Milk Shops.—11 Cow Keepers and 22 Retailers have been registered under the New Act. None of these sell graded or sterilized Milk.

No Milk Shops exist in the City.

The cowsheds are periodically inspected and copies of the Byelaws supplied to each proprietor.

Milk and Cream Regulations .- Are under the County Council.

Other Food.—The Slaughter Houses are frequently inspected, and any necessary alterations are immediately made.

The sanitary condition of premises where food is manufactured, stored, &c., are inspected, and the existing powers have been found adequate to deal with any insanitary conditions which are found.

The Bakehouses come under inspection periodically.

The Sanitary Inspector regularly attends during the slaughter of beasts.

There is no public Abbatoir in the district.

Bye-laws controlling Food Production Premises would be useful.

UNWHOLESOME MEAT AND FOOD.

(See Sanitary Inspector's Report.)

RAG AND FLOCK ACT.

All users are under supervision, and use purified flocks.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Infectious Diseases Generally.—There has been no epidemic of Infectious Disease to any extent during the year. There have been 42 notifications during the year. Cases of Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever and Smallpox are removed to the Isolation Hospital, and the houses thoroughly disinfected.

An up-to-date High Pressure Steam Disinfector is installed at the Isolation Hospital for the disinfection of bedding and apparel.

Tuberculosis :-

The only Institution which receives Tuberculous cases free is the Workhouse Infirmary. Usually 4 beds are kept on the Verandahs for these cases.

The Health Visitors visit all Tuberculous and suspected Tuberculous cases when instructed to do so.

Medical Practitioners are requested by me to give prompt notification of all Tuberculous cases, and where any omission occurs, attention is immediately called to it.

Venereal Diseases.

(a) A Venereal Clinic is established in the City, under the supervision of an appointed Officer.

Males receive treatment on Tuesdays and Females on Fridays. Free treatment is given.

- (b) Provision adequate.
- (c) Is extended or modified as experience teaches.
- (d) Three Medical Practitioners attend the Clinic.

No special arrangement has been made for investigation of cases and gonorrhoea during the intervals, as they come from long distances from the Clinic.

No arrangement has been made for the disinfection of persons exposed to infection.

All Medical Practitioners in the area are qualified to receive free supplies of Novarseno-billion.

Wasserman tests are done by the County Council, whether from Blood tests taken at the Clinic or sent privately by Medical Practitioners.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICE IN THE AREA.

One Medical Officer of Health and one Sanitary Inspector, four Midwives, the Isolation Hospital, and Nurses are specially engaged when necessary.

Sanitary Circumstances of the Area. - Good.

Inspection and Supervision of Food.—Regular inspection by the Sanitary Inspector.

Procedure and Control over Infectious Diseases.—Disinfection of rooms and houses when necessary. Cases of Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria and Small Pox are removed to the Isolation Hospital when necessary. Contacts are isolated.

Maternity and Child Welfare, &c.—There is a Maternity and Child Welfare Centre which is under the supervision of the County Council, and is visited regularly by a Health Visitor, and by a Doctor once a fortnight.

There is an Orthopædic Clinic open daily from 10-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m., and 3 Nurses are regularly in attendance.

There is a Tuberculosis Dispensary open every Tuesday. A Medical Officer and a Health Visitor attend regularly.

SANITARY ADMINISTRATION.

- 1.—Staff consists of the Sanitary Inspector and myself, working under the Sanitary Committee. The Inspector is "Specialised" in Meat and Foods.
- 2.—There is Hospital accommodation for cases of Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever and Smallpox.
- 3.—Adoptive Acts, Byelaws and Regulations in force in this District.—P.H.A.A., 1890. Parts 3. 1, 2 and 5, adopted 15, 8, 92 and 13, 5, 96 respectively. Infectious Diseases (Prevention) Act, 1890. Adopted 9, 3, 93. Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890. Part 3 adopted 12, 9, 1900. P.H.A.A., 1907. Parts 2, 3, and 4, and sec. 95, sec. 90, and Part 6, adopted 26, 1, 15, 15, 5, 22 and 3, 4, 23, respectively. Byelaws have been adopted by the Corporation relative to the following:—Removal of House Refuse, Common Lodging Houses, Nuisances, Slaughter Houses, Dairies and Cowsheds, New Streets and Buildings, Tents, Vans, Sheds, and similar Structures, Houses intended or used for occupation by the working classes and let in lodgings, and Offensive Trades. Midwives' Act, 1902.
- 4.—Very many Bacteriological examinations have been made, especially with regard to Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

HOUSING.

- I.—Overcrowding.—1. Slight. 2. When present due to lack of accommodation elsewhere. 3. New houses are being built, and old houses are being altered for the accommodation of these cases.
 - II.—1. (a) The general standard of housing is fair.
 - (b) Defects in structure, ventilation, and other insanitary conditions are found in a few houses.
 - 2. Statutory notices are served on the Landlords where necessary.
 - 3. As a rule the notices are ultimately acted upon.
- III.—Unhealthy Areas.—There is no unhealthy area in the district. There are a few unhealthy cottages in various parts, and these are being dealt with under the Housing Acts.
- V.—Overcrowding, insanitary properties, and housing have been dealt with under the existing Acts.

GEO. W. HOMAN,

SANITARY ADMINISTRATION.

Work of Sanitary Inspector under Article 19 of Sanitary Officers'
Order, 1922.—See Tabular Summary.

Inspection of places where food is prepared.—These number 16 in all and are periodically inspected.

Number and condition of Slaughter Houses.—Eight, all of the old "Registered" type.

Action taken regarding Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops.—11 Cowkeepers and 22 Retailers have registered under the New Act, but none sell Graded or Pasteurized Milk. No case has arisen for prosecution.

Sale of Food and Drugs Act .- Under the County Council.

Smoke Abatement .- No action called for.

Disinfection and Disinfectation.—Houses are fumigated and sprayed.

Bedding and Clothing are steam disinfected.

Natural and Social Conditions of the Area.

Area (in acres), -3,745.

Population (census 1921 and estimated 1925) .- 8,393 and 8,600.

Physical features and general character of the area.—It is generally an agricultural and residential district,

Number of inhabited houses, 1921-1925.-In 1925-2,035.

Number of families or separate occupiers, 1921—1925.— In 1925—2,116.

Rateable Value. -£42,535 for General District Rate.

Sum represented by a penny rate. -£165.

General provision of Health Services in the Area.

Institutional provision.—Isolation Hospital and Workhouse Infirmary.

Unmarried mothers.—None.

Illegitimate infants.-None.

Homeless children .- Workhouse.

Ambulance facilities.—

- (a) For infectious cases.—A motor ambulance is provided.
- (b) For non-infectious cases.—The Fire Brigade ambulance is used.

Clinics and Treatment Centres.—There is a maternity and child welfare clinic which is under the supervision of the County Council and visited regularly by a Health Inspector and by a doctor once a fortnight.

An orthopædic clinic which is open daily from 10-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. Three nurses attend daily.

A tuberculosis clinic open every Tuesday.

Public Health Officers of Local Authority .-- See page 8.

Professional Nursing in the Home.—(a) General, (b) Infectious cases such as Measles, &c.—Nurses are engaged when required.

Midwives employed by Local Authority .- 4.

Chemical work: Arrangements in force.—Bacteriological examinations are made at the County Laboratory.

Reports by Public Analyst .- When necessary.

Sanitary Circumstances of the Area.

Water.—Most of the City houses are supplied from the works of the Conduit Lands Trust. The supply is constant and sufficient and the quality is of a high standard. The number of houses supplied direct is 1,655. Indirect from standpipes 345, and from private wells 35.

Rivers and Streams .- None.

Drainage and Sewerage.—Only 81 houses are served by cesspools, these being farms and premises outside the sewer area.

Closet Accommodation .-

Number of W.C.s	 	 1900
Pail Closets	 	 60
Privies (Fixed receptacles)		50
Conversions to W.C.s	 	 2

In several cases one W.C. serves two houses. The privies generally are of a sanitary type. The old midden privy is practically eliminated.

Scavenging.—Movable receptacles are used for house refuse and are emptied weekly by the Surveyor's Department. Only 19 ash-pits remain in the City.

Sanitary and Meat Inspector's Report.

GENTLEMEN,

In furtherance to the foregoing summary I have to report that the result of the first nine months' working of the "Public Health (Meat) Regulations" (1st April to 31st December) is as follows:—Number of Sheep slaughtered 1,556, of which 75 per cent. were inspected; two dropsical carcases and a few flukey livers only were found. Calves slaughtered 164, Beasts 391 and Pigs 1,059, all of which were duly inspected either during or soon after slaughter. The calves were all sound and well matured. Tuberculosis in beasts varied from $8\frac{1}{2}$ to 10 per cent., and in pigs from $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 per cent. Really serious cases were few in number and in the majority the disease had to be searched for, which shows the importance of a proper inspection in the slaughter-house. Diseased bovine livers were very numerous (chiefly fluke) amounting to over 33 per cent.

In respect to exposure in shops, stalls, &c., we strictly enforce the requirement as to keeping all exposed meat within the line of the shop front or wall.

All provision shops selling bacon have been inspected and the cleanliness of store rooms, &c., enforced. In these cases also exposure is confined behind glass windows.

Meat marking has not been adopted in this City. No public abattoir exists. There are, as formerly, eight private slaughter-houses, all of which are "Registered" and are in fair repair and cleanly kept.

Milk Supply.—There are eleven Registered Cowkeepers within the City (most of whom also retail) and two milk shops. There are also 22 Registered Retailers whose milk is obtained from outside districts. The milk generally is of good quality and when considered necessary samples are taken for analysis. No licenses have been granted, or applied for, under the "Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1923."

Other Foods.—A general supervision of provision shops and food production premises is maintained and no cause for action in regard thereto has arisen. A few cases of unsound tin foods have been voluntarily surrendered. There is one factory bakehouse and three other bakehouses in the City. All are cleanly kept and of fairly up-to-date construction. No food poisoning case has come to our notice. The Sale of Food and Drugs Act is under the control of the County Council. No cause for action under the "Condensed" and "Dried" Milk Regulations has arisen.

Housing.

- I.—General Housing Conditions.—(1) No slum or "back to back" houses exist. Cottages are kept in fair repair. Painting and decorative requirements are most lacking.
 - (2) (a) Extent of shortage or excess of houses.—A lack of houses of the cheaper class still exists.
 - (b) Measures taken to remedy same.—The Council are erecting additional non-parlour type houses.
 - (3) There is no important change in population.

II .- Overcrowding.

- (1) Extent.—A certain amount exists amongst the poorer class.
- (2) Causes.—Overgrowth of families of two-roomed houses, too many such houses and shortage of others.
- (3) Measures taken to remedy.—See under (b) above.
- (4) Principal cases, &c.—30 cases have been noted and notices served on occupiers. Direct action taken in one case.

III.—Fitness of houses.—(1) (a) See under I. above.

- (b) General dilapidations to grates, doors, floors, roofs, wall plaster and want of renovations.
- (c) Generally due to owners' neglect.
- (2) (a) Public Health Acts, (b) Housing Acts.—See under Statistics.
- (3) No difficulties worthy of special mention exist.
- (4) The City is well supplied with water.

IV .- No unhealthy areas exist.

- V .- Byelaws, &c .- See under "Legislation in Force."
- VI.—No special action bearing on Public Health has been called for.

 House sanitary-ware sinks are in general use. All new
 houses have W.C.s and the same predominates in other
 houses. House refuse is dealt with at the Council's Destructor Works as far as possible.

Housing Statistics, 1925.

(a)	Total number of new houses erected	46
(b)	With State assistance. { By Local Authority By other persons	26 20
1	-Unfit dwelling-houses :-	
	(1) Total number inspected under Public Health and	
	Housing Acts	45
	(2) Total number inspected and recorded "Inspection of	0.7
	District Regulations"	37
	(4) Number (exclusive of preceding sub-head) not reason-	1
	ably fit	44
	Number remaded without formal nations	0
2	-Number remedied without formal notices	0
3.—	-Action under Statutory Powers :-	
	A.—(1) Number of notices served requiring repairs	36
	(2) Number rendered fit after formal notices :—	192815
	(a) By owners	34
	(b) By Local Authority in default of owners (3) Closing Orders after declaration	
	B.—Proceedings under Public Health Acts:—	1
	(1) Number of notices served requiring defects to be	
	remedied	8
	(2) Number in which defects were remedied :-	
	(a) By owners	8
	(b) By Local Authorities	nil
	C.—Proceedings under Sections 11, 14 and 15 Housing Act, 1925:—	
	(1) Number of representations made for Closing Orders	1
	(2) Number of Closing Orders made	
	$(3), (4), (5) \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$	nil
	Inspection and Supervision of Food.	

(See Sanitary and Meat Inspector's Report.)

Yours obediently,

J. PINCHES,

Sanitary and Housing Inspector

Causes of Death in Lichfield, City of, M.B., 1925.

	CAUSES OF DEATH. (Civilians only.)	Males.	Females
	ALL CAUSES	42	56
1	Enteric Fever		
2	Small-pex		
3	Measles	1	***
4	Scarlet Fever	***	***
5	Whooping Cough		
6	Diphtheria	***	***
7	Influenza	4	4
8	Encephalitis lethargica	***	1
9	Meningococcal meningitis		**:
10	Tuberculosis of respiratory system	3	1
11	Other Tuberculous Diseases		1 9
12	Cancer, Malignant Disease	5	100
13	Rheumatic Fever		
14	Diabetes		1 2
15	Cerebral Hæmorrhage, &c	3 3	11
16	Heart Disease	2	2
17 18	Arterio-sclerosis	1	2
19	Pneumonia (all forms)	2	1
20		1	1
21	Other Respiratory Diseases Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum	1	1
22	Disables to (ander 0 mass)	1	
23	A www digitie and Tumblitie	1000	
24	Climbonia of Timon	"i	
25	Acute and Chronic Nephritis	3	1
26	Puerperal Sepsis		
27	Other Accidents and Diseases of Pregnancy		
	and Parturition		
28	Congenital Debility and Malformation,		
	Premature Birth	1	2
29	Suicide		
30	Other Deaths from Violence	1	2
31	Other Defined Diseases	9	12
32	Causes ill-defined or unknown		
Spe	cial Causes (included above)—		
	Poliomyelitis		***
	Polioencephalitis		
			-
Dea	ths of Infants under 1 year of age-Total	5	4
	Illegitimate	1	
-			
Tor	AL BIRTHS	84	67
	Logitimato	00	0.0
	Legitimate	80	(2
	Illegitimate	4	5
1			1
	POPULATION		93.

Birth-rate, Death-rate, and Analysis of Mortality during the Year 1925.

(Provisional figures. The rates for England and Wales have been calculated on a population estimated to the middle of 1924. The mortality rates refer to the whole population as regards England and Wales, but only to civilians as regards London and the groups of towns.)

as.	Uncertified Causes of Death.	1.0	9.0	Ξ	0.0			
PERCENTAGE TOTAL DEATHS.	Inquest Cases.	6.9	7.3	6-9	8.9			
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL DEAT	Canses of Death certified by Registered Medical Medical	92-1	92-1	93-0	91-1			
PER IRTHS.	Total Deaths under One Year.	75	79	7.4	67			
RATE PER 1,000 BIRTHS	Diarrhora and Enteritis (under 2 years).	8.4	10.8	9.2				
	Violence.	0.47	0.43	0.38	0.46			
ON.	.ezuənpuI	0.32	0.30	0.31	0.23			
KATH-RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION.	Diphtheria.	20-0	60-0	90-0	0.11			
1,000 Pc	Whooping Cough.	0-15	0-18	0.14	0.19			
B PER	Scarlet.	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.03			
TH-RA	Measles.	0.13	0.17	0.15	0.08			
AL DEA	Smallpox.	0.00	00-0	0.00	0.00			
ANNUAL D	Enteric Fever.	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01			
	All Causes.	12.2	12.5	11-2	11-7			
BIRTH-	PER 1,000 TOTAL POPULA- TION.	18.3	15.8	18.3	18.0			
		England and Wales	105 County Boroughs and Great Towns, including London.	Adjusted Populations 20,000—50,000).	London			

SUMMARY OF SANITARY WORK done in the Nuisance Inspector's Department during the year 1925, in the Urban District of Lichfield.

.8EDA2720	Number of		Abatement Notices.		Nuisances abated afte Notice by	
	Inspections & Observa- tions made.	Defects found.	Informal by Inspector.	Formal by Authority.	Inspector.	Authority.
Dwelling-houses and Schools: Foul Conditions Structural Defects Overcrowding Unfit for Habitation Lodging-houses Dairies and Milkshops Cowsheds Slaughter-houses Canal Boats Ashpits and Privies Deposits of Refuse and Manure Water Closets House Drainage: Defective Traps No Disconnection Other Faults Water Supply Pigsties Animals improperly kept Offensive Trades Smoke Nuisances Other Nuisances	20 23 30 1 20 38 16 1200 7 3 8 1 2 27 3 2 21	20 70 30 1 1 4 7 3 8 1 2 21 3 2 2	8 12 30 1 4 7 3 8 1 2 18 3 2 21	4 8 4 1	4 4 1 4 7 3 8 1 2 18 3 2 20	4 8 1 1
TOTALS	. 1422	206	120	21	77	18
Unwholesome Number of Seizu Condemned by M Prosecutions for Convictions Samples of Water Number of Seizu Condemned by M Prosecutions Number of Seizu Number of Seizu Prosecutions Number of Seizu Number of Se	lagistra exposin litto er taken	te g for sa ditto for An	 ale			Nos 214 4
Precautions against Lots of Infected Bedding Disinfer Houses Disinfected after Infection Schools ditto die Prosecutions for not Notifying E Prosecutions for Exposure of Infe	ected or ous Dise tto xistence	Destro	yed fectious	Diseas		8 14 3

ANNUAL REPORT of the Medical Officer of Health for on the administration of the Factory and Workshop 28 and WORKPLACES.

I.-INSPECTION OF FACTORIES

INCLUDING INSPECTIONS MADE BY SANITI

P	emises	o imit				
Factories (Including Factory Workshops (Including Works Workplaces (other than Outv Outworkers	shop L	aundrie	s)			
Т	'otal					
2DEFECTS	FOU	ND :	IN	FA	СТС)
	Part	ionlare				
	Part	iculars.				
	Health	Aots:-				
Want of Cleanliness .	Health	Aots:-				
Want of Cleanliness . Want of Ventilation .	Health 	Aots :-	_			
Want of Cleanliness	Health 	Aots:-				
Want of Cleanliness Want of Ventilation Overcrowding Want of Drainage of Flo	Health	Aots:-				
Want of Cleanliness	Health	Aots:-				
Want of Cleanliness Want of Ventilation Overcrowding Want of Drainage of Flo	Health ors in	Aots:-	nt le or	 defe	ctive	
Want of Cleanliness Want of Ventilation Overcrowding Want of Drainage of Floo Other Nuisances Sanitary accommodation	Health ors in u n	Aots:-	nt le or	defe	ctive	
Want of Cleanliness Want of Ventilation Overcrowding Want of Drainage of Floo Other Nuisances Sanitary accommodation Offences under the Factory of	Health ors in u nnd We	Acts:-	nt le or	defe	ctive	
Want of Cleanliness Want of Ventilation Overcrowding Want of Drainage of Floo Other Nuisances Sanitary accommodation Offences under the Factory of Illegal occupation of under Other offences	Health ors in und we ergroun	Acts:-	nt le or rate	defe	cctive exes	The second secon
Want of Ventilation Overcrowding Want of Drainage of Floo Other Nuisances Sanitary accommodation Offences under the Factory a Illegal occupation of under	Health ors in and Wedergroun elating in the	Acts:- nsufficie nsuitab ot separ orkshop d bakel to out	nt le or rate Act	defe for se s:— e (s.	ctive exes 101) d offe	18
Want of Cleanliness Want of Ventilation Overcrowding Want of Drainage of Floo Other Nuisances Sanitary accommodation Offences under the Factory of Illegal occupation of under Other offences (Excluding offences re Sections mentioned	Health ors in and Wedergroun elating in the	Acts:- nsufficie nsuitab ot separ orkshop d bakel to out	nt le or rate Act	defe for se s:— e (s.	ctive exes 101) d offe	18

vear 1925, for URBAN DISTRICT of LICHFIELD, 101, in connection with FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS,

ORKSHOPS and WORKPLACES.

SPECTORS OR INSPECTORS OF NUISANCES.

ımber.	Number of					
	Inspections.	Written Notices.	Prosecutions.			
:21	21					
155	110	6				
6	4					
6	6					
184	141	6				

WORKSHOPS and WORKPLACES.

		Nu	Number		
		Found.	Remedied,	Referred to H.M. Inspector.	of Prosecutions
		6	6		/

1					
		3	3		

16.					***
thealt	G				
		9	9		

MINITED TO STATE OF THE STATE O

SECRETARION POR STORES

In address of the second

PORREHOPE IN WORRPULGES,



