# [Report 1909] / Medical Officer of Health, Hexham U.D.C.

## **Contributors**

Hexham (England). Urban District Council.

## **Publication/Creation**

1909

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# **HEXHAM**

# URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE

Year ending 31st December, 1909.

Hexham:

R. Robson & Sons, Printers, The Abbey Press.

# Medical Officer's Annual Report

FOR 1909.

NETHERTON,
ILEXHAM,
January 10th, 1910.

DEAR SIR,

It is again my privilege and duty to bring to your notice, and that of the Urban District Council, my Annual Report on the sanitary condition of Hexham, as measured by the death rate. The climatic conditions of the year were favourable to health, there having been no continuance of either extreme heat or cold. The rainfall was below the average. During the year, 111 deaths were registered in your district, being 24 less than in 1908. Of these 111 deaths, 18 took place in the Union Workhouse, 10 of which were outside your area, reducing the deaths to 101. A newly-born infant was found dead early in January 1909, in a field within your boundary. It was afterwards proven to have been brought from a considerable distance outside your area. This case, I consider, should be excluded from your statistics, thus bringing down the number of deaths in your district for the year 1909 to 100, which, on an estimated population of 8,500, gives a death rate of 11.764 per 1,000 per annum.

214 births have been registered during the year—108 males and 106 females (17 were illegitimate)—giving a birth rate of 25·176 on the above-mentioned population. The births are slightly increasing and the deaths decreasing, as shown in the following:—Births in 1907, 202; in 1908, 211; in 1909, 214. Deaths in 1907, 132: in 1908, 135; in 1909, 111.

AGES AT DEATH.—Under 1 year, 18; 1 and under 5, 7; 5 and under 15, 4; 15 and under 35, 13; 35 and under 65, 30; 65 and under 80, 32; 80 and under 90, 5; and over 90, 2.

Causes of Death.—20 were due to heart disease, 20 to disease of the respiratory organs, 12 of which were from phthisis, 6 to pneumonia, 1 to bronchitis, and 1 to pleurisy; 9 to disease of the nervous system, 7 to senile decay, 7 to premature birth, 7 inquest cases, 5 to other forms of tubercular disease than phthisis, 4 to influenza, 3 to measles, 3 to marasmus, or wasting; 2 to diphtheria, 1 to whooping cough, 1 to diarrheea, 1 to acute rheumatism, 1 to alcoholism, 1 case not certified, and 1 certified by the Coroner without inquest; 10 cases were certified as due to some form or other of malignant disease.

Cases Notified.—221 cases of infectious disease were notified as follows:—Measles, 181; Whooping Cough, 15; Diphtheria, 10; Scarlet Fever, 8; Phthisis, 4; Erysipelas, 3; against an aggregate of 48 in 1908 and 93 in 1907.

HOSPITAL.—Three cases have been treated in the Hospital
—2 of scarlet fever and I suspected case of diphtheria.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.—Hexham has no private slaughter-houses The public slaughter-house is regularly inspected; all infected carcases are destroyed; three carcases were condemned during the year. The slaughter-houses were opened in November 1902, and since then 21 carcases and 1 calf have been destroyed.

Housing.—The tenemented property is improved, and there is less overcrowding. A good deal remains to be done. I would especially draw your attention to the property No. 8, East Gate, and Jacob's Ladder, in Gilesgate. They are unfit for human habitation, and I ask you to have them closed. "The Mystery" is improved, and I trust, under the present management, the improvement may continue. The tenants in this case are more at fault than the owners. This also applies to certain property in Gilesgate, Nos. 12 and 14. In both cases greater care should be taken in the selection of tenants, and, unless this is so, I would advise action to be taken against the tenants.

WATER SUPPLY.—The water supply is good and, so far, plentiful.

Sewerage.—The sewerage and drainage is efficient and the septic sewage works have worked satisfactorily.

Scavenging.—The scavenging has been good, including the daily removal of all ashes and refuse.

MIDDEN PRIVIES.—There are no midden privies in Hexham, the water carriage system embracing the whole of the town.

Obnoxious Trades.—There are no obnoxious trades.

Factories.—The various factories, workshops, and outworkers' rooms have been visited and found satisfactory.

MILK.—The milk question, which has attracted considerable public attention for the past few years, is one of great import to the public and to the farmer. To the public that they may be supplied with pure, clean, unadulterated milk, and to the farmer that he is not unduly harrassed by unnecessary interference in the carrying out of his business—a business by no means without difficulty, requiring great care and technical knowledge. In visiting the various dairies in your district in the autumn, they were found, upon the whole, satisfactory. In some, the byres, structurally, are exceptionally good and well cared for; in others, a good deal more could be wished. They are all better cared for than formerly; the milk kept in more suitable places and a keener interest shown in attempting to carry out the necessary sanitary requirements. Milk should be supplied from healthy, non-tuberculous cows, and great care taken to have any infected animal separated from the others and the milk not used. Early writers mention two cases of tampering with milk, viz., the adding of water and skimming, or taking off part of the cream. We must, however, add a third-using socalled preservatives, which are injurious to health. Considering the great importance of a pure milk supply, should the Council not have the technical advice of a Veterinary Surgeon at their disposal? I have during the year examined the milk from 17 of the 21 dairies from which the town is supplied with milk and a sample from the majority of the 10 milkshops in the town.

The difference in the percentage of cream in the various samples is so great that I ask your permission to have any suspected case bacterialogically examined.

Surveyor's Report.—Annexed is the Surveyor's report, as follows:—

Drains and Sewers laid under my supervision.—4" pipes, 3,330 feet; 6" pipes, 516 feet; 12" pipes, 375 feet.

Water Mains.—During the past year, 325 feet of 3" and 279 feet of 2" water main have been laid, 85 old service pipes renewed, and 30 new connections made. The average daily yield of water from the Ladle Wells, according to fortnightly gaugings at the High Shield Reservoir, has been 311,400 gallons.

Nuisances .- Defects have been dealt with as follows :-

Defective Water Fittings, &c	-	158
Insufficient or Unsatisfactory Water Supply -		24
Property in Unsatisfactory Condition -		26
Accumulations of Rubbish and Manure, &c		15
Defective Yard and Surface Paving		15
Choked Drains	H.O.	
	-	15
Defective Drains		14
Bad Smells from Sewers, Drains, Coal Gas, &c.	-	12
Overcrowding		12
Dilapidated Premises		9
Insufficient W.C. Accommodation and Drainage	-	5
Defective Eaves and Down Comers		5
Smoke Nuisances		5
Dirty Premises	-	4
Carcases Condemned and Destroyed		3
Miscellaneous Defects		35
Total	-	357

In addition to the above, premises where infectious diseases have occurred have been visited, and several defects have been remedied, after verbal intimation only, more especially with regard to water wastes.

NEW Houses.—12 new houses were certified as fit for habitation during 1909, making the total number certified since the census of 1901 to be 392.

Special Work.—In addition to the ordinary routine, the following work may be noted:—

PRIVATE STREETS.—The following private streets have been made up with tar macadam:—The front streets to St. George's Road and Eilan's Terrace, and the back streets to St. Hilda's Road, Kingsgate Terrace, St. Oswald's Road, Hextol Terrace, and St. Cuthbert's Terrace, while Tynedale Terrace and Windmill Hill roads have been made up with ordinary macadam.

Cowgarth, from the Post Office to the Police Station Yard, has also been made up with tar macadam.

Special mention may be made of the improvement carried out at the east end of Haugh Lane, where the roadway has been widened from an average of about 20 feet to 36 feet, and the old pavement stones replaced with tar macadam.

The Surveyor's report shows a considerable amount of work done during the year 12 new houses were certified as fit for habitation, making a total of 392 since the last census. Granted the accepted average of five to each house, it would bring your population up to 9,031. Unwilling to base my calculations too high, I have taken 8,500, although I think that is an under estimate.

Schools.—A memorandum from the Local Government Board draws my attention to the medical inspection of school children in Elementary Schools. This Act is carried out by the "Education Authority," with whom I am in no way associated.

So far as I understand it, it must cause overlapping with the Sanitary Authority, and, as in all cases of overlapping, must lead to needless expenditure of public money.

Lodging-Houses.—The common lodging-houses have been regularly visited during the year, and, although not models, I am glad to say they are improved.

MIDWIVES AND NOTIFICATION OF BIRTHS ACTS.—Neither the Midwives nor Notification of Births Acts are in operation in Hexham. We have no midwives, I am pleased to say, and I do not think the Notification of Births Act would benefit us.

## GENERAL REMARKS.

A death rate of 11.764 is the lowest I have had to report to you. The infantile death rate, which is 84.112, is a great reduction upon the abnormally high death rate of last year, which was 184.834 per 1,000 births, under 1 year of age, and under the average of the last 5 years (i.e., from 1905 to 1909, inclusive), which was 118.421. You will observe there are 10 deaths due to preventible disease, which is disappointing. We passed through a severe outbreak of measles, necessitating the closing of the schools for some weeks. The most unsatisfactory point of the death rate is the slight increase of phthisis and other forms of tubercular disease. That Hexham, with its many natural and sanitary advantages, should be competing with the other Urban Authorities of Northumberland for the greatest number of such diseases, shows plainly we are somewhere at fault. In my last Annual Report, referring to phthisis, I say this is "mainly attributable to the structural condition of portions of the older parts of the town, in which you have a number of houses, without through ventilation, placed in narrow yards, in some instances with the soil abutting against the blank wall, causing dampness, having little light and less sunshine in these houses, and in other tenemented property permitting overcrowding." These, gentlemen, with the Cattle Market, the retention of which you still hug with affection, are the principle cause of our unfortunate position as regards phthisis, such markets being now conclusively proven to be factors in the spread of phthisis.

The two Webb's lamps which were erected in March and April for the better ventilation of the sewers, have, I believe, been of much service. Their action is being carefully watched. What, then, are the requirements during the current year? I must ask you to give your attention to the milk supply, to the closing and improving of certain of the tenemented property, and to the suppression or removal of the Cattle Market, as herein reported, in order that the stigma of our unenviable position in the County as to phthisis may be removed.

I have again to thank the Clerk, the Surveyor, and the other officials for their unvaried kindness and ungrudging assistance during the year.

I am, Sir,

Your Obedient Servant,

DANIEL JACKSON, M.D.,

To John A. Baty, Esq.,

Medical Officer of Health.

Clerk, &c.,

Hexham Urban District Council.

# Vital Statistics of Whole District during 1909 and Previous Years.

	-								
ths at all longing district.	Rate.	00 0	18.181	14.133	18.500	15.260	15.176	16.499	11.764
Nett Deaths at all ages belonging to the District.	Number.	121	142	107	148	126	129	126	100
Deaths of Residents registered in Public	Instit'ns beyond the District.	:	: :	: :	: :	: :			0010
Deaths of Non residents registered	in Public Instit'ns in the District.	9	122	8 01	6 21	13	9	10	11
Total deaths in Public	Institu- tions in the District.	12	22	20	18	25.	21	20	18
n the District At all Ages	Rate,	18.142	19.706	15.200	19.625	16.848	15.882	17.822	13.058
ered in the	Number.	127	154	114	157	139	135	136	111
Total Deaths Registered in the District Under 1 year of Age At all Ages	Rate per 1000 Births registered 6	111.702	170.112	80.808	144.186	105 773	180.094	129.320	88.785
Total De Under 1 y	Number.	31	32	25	31	127	38	27	61
Births	Rate,	26.857	25.285	26.400	27.000	25.696	24.823	26.170	25.176
Bir	Number.	188	177	198	215	212	211	201	214
tomidale	luqoq bətamitsə 4 dəsə to	7000	7000	7500	8000	8250	8500	7715	8500
11	Year.	1899	1900	1902	1904	1906.	1908	Averages for years 1899-1908	1909.

\*Rates in Columns 4, 8, and 13 calculated per 1,000 of estimated population.

Note .- The deaths to be included in Column 7 of this Table are the whole of those registered during the year as having actually occurred within the district or division. The deaths to be included in Column 12 are the number in Column 7, corrected by the subtraction of the number in Column 10 and the addition of the number in Column 11.

By the term " Non-residents" is meant persons brought into the district on account of sickness or infirmity, and dying in public institutions there; and by the term " Residents" is meant persons who have been taken out of the district on account of sickness or infirmity, and have died in public institutions elsewhere.

Area of District in acres (exclusive of area covered by water)—5,149.

Total population at all ages......, 7,071 Number of inhabited houses ......1,298 Average number of persons per house ... 5

At Census of

# Cases of Infectious Disease Notified during the Year 1909.

	Cases Notified in Whole District.															
Notifiable Disease.	At all															
	Ages.	Under 1.	1 to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 65	65 and upwds									
		7 1														
Smallpox																
Cholera																
Diphtheria (including						1										
Membranous Croup)	10		I	5	2	2										
Erysipelas	3 8					3										
Scarlet Fever	8		I	6	I											
Typhus Fever																
Enteric Fever																
Relapsing Fever																
Continued Fever																
Puerperal Fever																
Plague			••													
Whooping Cough	15	2	8	5												
Measles	181	2	74	101	2	2	1									
Phthisis	4				I	3										
Totals	221	4	84	117	6	10										

Isolation Hospital situate in District.

Total available beds, 24.

Number of diseases that can be concurrently treated. 4.

# Causes of, and Ages at, Death during Year 1909.

	of I	Total Deaths whether of Residents or non-						
Causes of Death.	All Ages.	Under 1.	I and under 5	5 and under 15	15 and under 25	25 and under 65	65 and 1pwards	Residents in Public
	4	_					2	District
Smallpox								
Measles	3	I	2					
Scarlet Fever								
Whooping-cough	I	I	I					
Diphtheria and Membranous								
Croup	2		2					
Croup								
(Typhus								
Fever Enteric								
Other continued								
Epidemic Influenza	4					I	3	
Cholera								
Plague								
Diarrhœa	I	I						
Enteritis								
Puerperal Fever								
Erysipelas								
Phthisis (Pulmonary	100							
Tuberculosis)	12			I	2	7	2	4
Other Tubercular Diseases	5		I	I	I	2		
Cancer, Malignant Disease	5					3	2	
Bronchitis	I	I						
Pneumonia	6			I	2	I	2	
Pleurisy	I					I		
Other Diseases of Respiratory						-		Trong Tro
Organs	I					I		
Alcholism )	1					1000		
Cirrhosis of Liver J	3					2	I	2
Venereal Diseases								
Premature Birth	7	7						
Diseases and Accidents of	15	1	199	1		- 1		
Parturition	I	I						
Heart Diseases	20					9	II	2
Accidents	4				2	I	1	
Suicides	**						::	**
All other causes	34	8		I		8	17	8
				1				
All causes		TO	6	-	-	26	20	18
All causes	III	19	0	4	7	36	39	18
				1				

Infantile Mortality during the Year 1909.

# Deaths from stated Causes in Weeks and Months under One Year of Age.

	Other							Wasting Diseases Tuberculous Diseases								Practiaca	Disassas	Dinarhonal		Diseases	Infectious -	Common			All Causes -					
Births in the Year—Legitimate, 197; Illegitimate, 17. Deaths from  Deaths in the year of Legitimate Infants, 16. Illegitimate  Population (estimated to middle of 1998), 8,500		Other Causes	Suffocation, overlying	Prenmonia	Laryngitis	Bronchitis	Convulsions	Meningitis (not Tuberculous)	Rickets	Syphilis	Erysipelas	Other Tuberculous Diseases	TuberculousPeritonitis, TabesMesenterica	(Tuberculous Meningitis	(Atrophy, Debility, Marasmus	Want of Breast-milk, Starvation	Injury at Birth	Congenital Defects	Premature Birth		Enteritis, Muco-enteritis, Gastro-enteriist	(Diarrhea, all forms	Whooping Cough	Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup)	Scarlet Fever	Chickenpox	Smallpox	Oncertified	Certified	CAUSE OF DEATH
Ille	7	:	:	:	:	:	н			:		:			:	:	-	:	S	:	:	:		: :	:	:	:	-	. 6	Under 1 week
gitim	н	:	:	:	:	:	:			:		:		:	:	:	:		H		:	:		: :	:	:	:	1:	н	1-2 Weeks
ate, e Inf	и	1	:	:	:	:	:			:		: :		:	1		:	:		:	:		:	: :	:	:	:	:	2	2-3 Weeks
17. ants,	:	:	:	:	.;	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	3-4 Weeks
I6.	10	н	:	:	:	:	н				:	:	:		1	:	_ I	:	6	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	-	9	l'otal under 1 Month
Deat	12	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		1	:	:	:	-	:	:	:		: :	:	:	:	1	13	1-2 Months
Deaths from Illegitimate	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:		:	:	:		:		:	:	:		: :	:	:	:	:	:	2-3 Months
om al	w	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	H	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	: :	:	:	:	1:	3	3-4 Months
all Cause Infants,	н		:	:	.:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		н	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		: :	:	:	:	1:	н	4-5 Months
uses ts, 3	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:			:	:		: :	:	:	:	:	:	5-6 Months
at all	:	:	:			:				:	:		:				:		:	:	:	:		: :		:	:	:	:	6-7 Months
Age	:	:	:	:		:	:			:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:			: :		:	:	:	:	7-8 Months
Deaths from all Causes at all Ages, 111. Illegitimate Infants, 3.	CJ.	:	:	:		:	H	н	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:		:		:	-		:	1:	w	8-9 Months
	:	1	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:		:	:		:		:	:	:	1:	-	9-10 Months
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	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:				:	:				:		: :	:	100	:	:	:	11-12 Mos.
	19	1	:	::	:	Н	1 12	н	****	:	::	:		****	4		н	***	7	:		н	:		,	.:	:		100	Total Deaths under 1 year

ropulation (estimated to middle of 1908), 8,500.