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BOROUGH OF ILKESTON

ANNUAL HEALTH REPORT

1972

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ANNUAL HEALTH REPORT

1972

Medical Officer of Health:

PHILIP WEYMAN,

L.R.C.P. & S.E., L.R.F.P. & S., D.P.H., M.F.C.M., F.R.S.H.

Chief Public Health Inspector:
R. W. BOOTH, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., M.I.P.H.E., A.M.Inst. P.C.

BOROUGH OF ILKESTON

HEALTH COMMITTEE

Chairman: Councillor A. TURNER

Vice-Chairman: Alderman Mrs. F. R. FLETCHER

THE WORSHIPFUL THE MAYOR (Councillor J. A. WELLS)

Councillors-

BETTLE, K. G., J.O. COOPER, G. H. DEAN, E. A. GOULTON, D. W. GUNN, J. T. HAWKINS, Rev. I. R. LITTLEPROUD, K. PESTELL, L. POOLE, Miss M. E. SPENCER, E. A.

HOUSING COMMITTEE

Chairman: Alderman K. G. SMITH, J.P.

Vice-Chairman: Councillor J. BEECHAM, c.c.

THE WORSHIPFUL THE MAYOR (Councillor J. A. WELLS)

Aldermen-

KIRBY, F. MEACHEM, F. N., c.c.

TAYLOR, E. G. W., c.c.

Councillors-

BARNES, J. BASSETT, P. A. BOYD, Mrs. M. A. R. HAWKINS, Rev. I. R. LITTLEPROUD, K. POOLE, J. J. POOLE, Miss M. E. TURNER, A.

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

Medical Officer of Health:
PHILIP WEYMAN
L.R.C.P. & S.E., L.R.F.P. & S., D.P.H., M.F.C.M., F.R.S.H.

(Telephone: ALFRETON 2614)

Clerks:

Mrs. M. BLOUNT

Mrs. J. GOWEN (Resigned 12/5/72) Mrs. P. LUCAS (Appointed 5/6/72)

* R. W. BOOTH, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., M.I.P.H.E., A.M.Inst.P.C.

Public Health Inspectors:
E. G. GASSON, M.A.P.H.I.

* T. BARKER, M.A.P.H.I. (Resigned 31/10/72)
J. E. PEPPER, M.A.P.H.I.

Technical Assistant:
* K. SOTHERAN

Clerks:

Miss B. ROWLAND

Miss M. BEARDSLEY

Office: 22 BURNS STREET, ILKESTON

* Diploma or Cert. of R.S.H. in Atmospheric Pollution

BOROUGH OF ILKESTON ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Ilkeston

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report for the year 1972.

This has been a year when major environmental changes commenced. The accelerated housing programme with major development of the Hopewell Farm site has made excellent progress. This has been tied to the programme for clearance of substandard houses. As a result the work of the Health Department has been predominantly concerned with house inspections.

At the time of writing there are many houses awaiting demolition. It is a great pleasure to record the rapid redevelopment of the Slade Street/Carr Street area. This new accommodation in the centre of the town should be of great benefit.

It is sad to note the lack of progress in general improvement areas, especially in the Station Road area.

Your staff have been much concerned with noise problems. Almost always the complaints arise because industrial processes exist in residential areas. The obvious solution is to resite the industry on industrial estates with adequate space and access for modern vehicles. This may be a matter that new District Councils will consider and be able to take action. The older compact built up towns do not have much space left for these types of changes.

The Health problems remain as in previous years. The major causes of death are from diseases affecting the heart and circulatory system. This was followed by deaths from cancer.

Our efforts continue to try and reduce cigarette smoking. This would result in the most benefit to most people. There would be more than health benefits. Fire hazards would be reduced from cigarettes. There would be fewer sources of ignition for children to find and use to cause injury and damage.

At times our concern is with the rapid movement of people about the world. This means the transfer of diseases. The recent cases of cholera arriving in the country from abroad clearly demonstrates our need to be alert.

The interest and support of members of the Council in health matters is much appreciated.

Comments from General Practitioners and their attached Health Visitors have been most helpful and welcome.

Your enthusiastic staff have worked well and cheerfully throughout the year.

I am, Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant, P. WEYMAN,

Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS

The Statistics which appear in this report have been compiled from information received from a number of sources throughout the year.

They are kept to a minimum in this report but some are necessary so that comparisons can be made with previous years.

The Registrar of Births and Deaths for Ilkeston supplies a weekly return giving details of births and deaths occurring in the area.

Notifications of infectious disease are sent in by Medical Practitioners and in cases of Tuberculosis sometimes by the Chest Physicians and Hospital Medical Officers.

The notification of suspected cases is most important, for instance in poliomyelitis, food poisoning and dysentery. Telephone communications are much appreciated and can save a great deal of time.

Additional information about infectious disease and undiagnosed illnesses comes from hospitals, school teachers, parents, health visitors and casual conversations.

At weekly and quarterly intervals, details regarding infectious disease, births and deaths, are received from the Registrar General. This enables a watch to be kept on any unusually prevalent disease in the County, or surrounding districts or towns.

Information received from Medical Officers of Health or Port Medical Officers about travellers leads to surveillance of persons arriving from Smallpox areas. Sometimes contacts of paratyphoid cases require examination to ensure that they are free from disease.

Many points occur during the year and are dealt with in a routine manner.

POPULATION.

The estimated population of the Borough at the 30th June, 1972 was given by the Registrar General as 34,070. This is a decrease of 140 from the estimate made at the same time in 1971.

BIRTHS.

501 live births were registered in 1972 giving a crude birth rate per thousand of the population of 14.7. When adjusted for comparison purposes by the application of the comparability factor of

1.02 the rate is 15.0 which compares with a rate of 14.8 for England and Wales.

See Summary of Statistics and Table 4.

Still Births.

The 6 still births registered give a rate per thousand births (live and still) of 12.0. This is the same as the rate for England and Wales.

Infant Mortality.

14 deaths were recorded in children under one year of age. These give an infant death rate per thousand live births of 28·0 and can be compared with a rate of 17·0 for England and Wales.

Perinatal Mortality.

The number of still births and infant deaths occurring under the age of one week is 15 and gives a rate per thousand live and still births of 30.0. This can be compared with a rate of 22.0 for England and Wales.

DEATHS.

431 deaths were registered. These give a crude death rate per thousand of the population of 12·7 which after adjustment by the application of the comparability factor of 1·11 is 14·1.

Deaths from Individual Diseases.

The 431 deaths are set out in Table 5 according to cause and sex distribution.

Disease of Heart and Circulatory System.

199 deaths were recorded in this group — 107 males and 92 females. 75% of the deaths occurred in persons aged 65 years of age and over.

Cancer.

90 deaths — 50 males and 40 females — were recorded in this

Deaths per thousand of the population are set out in the Summary of Statistics with comparative figures for England and Wales.

26 deaths occurred from cancer of the lung and bronchus — 20 men and 6 women.

The following table gives the figures for the last 10 years.

Year	M.	F.	Tota
1963	21	1	22
1964	20	4	24
1965	15	3	18
1966	19	2	21
1967	7	3	10
1968	27	3	30
1969	18		18
1970	18	3	21
1971	17	5	22
1972	20	6	26

Pneumonia and Bronchitis.

There were 34 deaths from pneumonia and 36 from bronchitis. 29 of the deaths from pneumonia and 30 of the deaths from bronchitis occurred in persons aged 65 years and over.

Maternal Deaths.

There were no maternal deaths registered in the Borough.

Tuberculosis.

A middle aged man and an elderly man died from respiratory tuberculosis.

Accidents.

16 persons — 3 men and 13 women — died as a result of accidents.

9 women and 1 man were involved in motor vehicle accidents. 3 elderly women and an elderly man died as a result of falls and 2 men died as a result of drowning.

Suicide.

6 persons — 5 men and 1 woman — committed suicide. An elderly man and an elderly woman by placing plastic bags over their heads, an elderly man by cutting his throat, two middle aged men by overdose of drugs and a young man from carbon monoxide poisoning.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

55 cases of infectious disease were notified in 1972. The incidence of individual diseases was:— Measles 29, Scarlet Fever 11, Chicken-pox 8, Infective Jaundice 5, Tuberculosis 2.

Measles.

29 cases were notified. All the cases occurred in children aged 10 years of age and under. The cases were spread over the whole of the year.

Scarlet Fever.

11 cases were notified. 10 of the cases occurred in children between the ages of 2 and 9 and the remaining case occurred in an adult aged 21 years of age. The cases were spread over the whole of the year.

Chicken-pox.

8 cases were notified. 7 of the cases occurred in children under the age of 10 years — the remaining case occurred in a young woman aged 18 years of age. All the cases occurred during the months of April, May and June.

Infective Jaundice.

5 cases were notified — the ages were varied. All the cases occurred during the months of October and December.

Tuberculosis.

2 cases were notified — one respiratory, one non-respiratory. The respiratory case occurred in a female aged 46 and the non-respiratory in a female aged 82.

Table 7 indicates the remarkable reduction in new cases of tuberculosis notified. Two cases in 1972 were notified against 31 new cases in 1951.

SMOKING AND HEALTH.

Members will be aware of the illnesses and deaths caused by this habit.

They will also be aware of the discomfort caused to others by inadequate ventilation and lack of facilities for non-smokers on occasions.

Much change is taking place. More space is now reserved for non-smokers on trains and in aircraft. Most theatres restrict smoking and cinemas have non-smoking areas.

Work is being carried out into the effects of carbon monoxide inhaled by cigarette smokers. Some most unhappy results seem to be appearing.

The level of carbon monoxide in cigarette smokers is reported to be higher than that arrived at elsewhere and it has been suggested that this may effect judgement on occasions.

There is much more to be said and done. Your Medical Officer is reminded time and time again when carrying out medical examinations of the "angry red throats" of heavy cigarette smokers a clear indication of one of the results of smoking.

CARE OF THE ELDERLY.

Heating for elderly people in winter.

A circular from Central Government Departments reminded us of the need to draw attention to problems particularly of older or disabled people during the winter.

Whilst there is to be an increase in supplementary benefits for special heating purposes the circular reminds us that sometimes an improved or new appliance is necessary.

The purpose of this note is to ask anyone who is aware of a possible situation to inform the Social Services so that any necessary help can be arranged.

Long term processes, for instance smoke control areas and improvement grants which make grant money available and ensure that adequate appliances are installed in the properties considered are most important.

These are additional reasons which your Medical Officer puts forward to support these excellent schemes. Periods of emergency.

After the fuel crisis it was worthwhile considering any lessons learnt from the situations arising which might be relevant in other emergency situations.

(a) Were guardrails and handrails found to be adequate at

home and in the town?

(b) Appreciation that adjusting "gas cylinders" should not be carried out with naked flames around. (Camping equipment).

(c) Consideration of more satisfactory alternative temporary

lighting to candles — a source of danger to many.

(d) The value of possessing a transistor set as well as a television set was demonstrated. Is this a matter which "organisations" might interest themselves in when considering the needs of older and disabled people.

Much kindness and neighbourliness was shown during this period. Our thanks should go to all those who assisted others and to the many members of the Social Services who carried out much

excellent work.

Inquiry into severe physical disablement.

The British Medical Journal of 13th May, 1972 quotes as

follows :-

"In a written answer on 26 April Sir KEITH JOSEPH said that Baroness Sharp had agreed to conduct a comprehensive inquiry whose terms of reference were 'to re-examine the limitations imposed upon persons whose mobility is reduced by severe physical disablement not occasioned by old age and the means by which those limitations can be mitigated, having regard to the needs and circumstances of the disabled people and to the help in cash or kind which the available resources permit or could permit from the various agencies with responsibilities for such persons."

Her report would be published. Lady Sharp would be pleased to receive the views of interested organizations and individuals. Mr. J. Muir had been appointed secretary to the inquiry and evidence could be sent to him at the Department of Health and Social Security, Government Buildings, Warbreck Hill

Road, Blackpool, Lancashire."

Care of Disabled.

The British Red Cross Society in their July Bulletin illustrate the arrangements which can be made to help the disabled. For instance:—

"Tutankhamun Exhibition — Entry for the Disabled:

Any Disabled person wishing to go to the Tutankhamun exhibition at the British Museum, should write to the Warden of the Front Hall, British Museum, London, W.C.1., stating the date and time of the proposed visit, and whether he or she wishes to borrow a wheelchair. The visitor will then have no need to queue."

This type of care might be remembered on other occasions.

SPACES IN THE HOME (BATHROOMS AND W.C.s).

Attention is drawn to the Department of the Environment Design Bulletion 24 on this matter.

Many points are covered including the proper siting of W.C.s so that noise is not a problem or embarrassment within the dwelling.

Emphasis on bath sizes so that old people cannot slip down and become completely immersed. Provision of handles in bath and W.C. compartments and attached to or near the bath are recommended.

It is stated that there is a greater tendency to the two W.C. house where there is more than one storey. This is particularly useful in case of illness, old age or numerous children!

In the provision of toilet compartments for wheel-chair users it is emphasised that the wash-hand basin should be able to be used by a person sitting on the W.C. fitting.

WINTER WEATHER.

(a) Illumination.

A recent investigation in another district has disclosed a lack of maintenance of lighting facilities. Dusty fittings and darkened ceilings with old light bulbs produced a low standard of illumination.

With the onset of darker days it is important to see that fittings are in good order and clean. Light bulbs do deteriorate and might need to be changed before they normally expire.

This applies to all places of work, pleasure and in the home.

(b) Accident Prevention.

Each year there are falls and injuries as a result of inadequate lighting of steps and entries.

There are also similar accidents as a result of icy conditions. Some Authorities supply suitable salt and/or grit for persons who wish to collect. Other people make their own arrangements.

Thought and preparation now might prevent an injury and consequent hospital treatment.

INTERNATIONAL CERTIFICATES OF VACCINATION.

Before Easter an outbreak of smallpox commenced in Yugoslavia and there were other cases in the Middle East. No recent information has been received but considerable vaccination was carried out in these areas.

The usual seasonal warning to travellers abroad to check their travel documents well in advance of travelling is given.

This applies especially to staff of organisations who may have to go abroad urgently.

Travel agents dealing with the countries concerned often have the latest information because of their courier services.

If in doubt it does save worry and last minute upsets to have full cover. To be poorly on holiday as a result of last minute immunisation should be avoided.

MEASLES VACCINATION.

Measles cases are being notified although in small numbers. Outbreaks do not normally drift on. There are still not enough children vaccinated against measles to prevent its spread in the community. The use of computers assists in bringing about a high rate of vaccination. This the County Council are proceeding to do In the meantime it is necessary to urge all interested persons to ensure that young children do attend for vaccination.

SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES.

Continued concern is expressed at the increase in the number of

cases. There is no indication of any local problem.

In 1965 the Chief Medical Officer, Department of Health, stated that there were 36,691 cases of Gonorrhoea. In 1970 there were 53,525 cases.

Changes in attitudes and ways of life have a bearing on these

increases.

Some of the new methods of birth control remove some of the old deterrent factors.

Leaflets are available for your information.

A Health Message can be heard on a telephone answering device—telephone Shirebrook 2577.

FITNESS FOR POST.

Interviews for appointing staff take place on any day of the week at any time for each department of each Authority in the Medical Officer's area.

There is often a demand for medical examination at short notice. Some time ago the County Council started to use a health

questionnaire. Insurance Companies also do this.

As part of his duties the Medical Officer also carries out medical examinations for the County Council and experience has been gained in the use of this questionnaire. If the form is not completed satisfactorily or a condition is included which needs further information a medical examination is arranged.

This has been most successful and has resulted in considerable

saving of time when candidates are fit.

A similar form is now being used for applicants for posts locally. If the Medical Officer is satisfied a suitable certificate is issued. The contents of the questionnaire remaining a confidential document in the Medical Officer's file.

FRESH FRUIT SEASON.

Fruit is picked and handled by many "hands". There are not always adequate washing facilities on the site of picking.

A reminder to wash all fresh fruit before eating.

The amount of grit discovered when washing strawberries is a potent stimulus to do this.

The results of over-indulgence in a period of plenty is sometimes

forgotten!

VISIT OF MASS X-RAY UNIT TO ILKESTON, JANUARY, 1972.

The Director of the Unit informs me that 1,107 examinees were x-rayed compared with 2,345 in 1969.

46% were x-rayed for the first time at a mass x-ray unit.

Apart from the rather out-of-town siting of the Unit there were some technical difficulties with the Unit itself which would cause disappointment.

Five people have been referred for further investigation.

This will probably be the last visit of the Mobile Unit to Ilkeston. These units are being replaced by static units which will have public sessions.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

The arrangements discussed earlier this year for your Medical Officer of Health to act as Medical Officer to Blackwell and Clowne Rural District Councils and Bolsover Urban District Council are now being carried out. Records are now filed at the Alfreton office.

HOME SAFETY — LOCAL GOVERNMENT RE-ORGANIZATION.

This Council has supported a Home Safety Committee for many years and much good has come of this. It is considered that this should be kept in mind in considering duties of new authorities.

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS

General Statistics.

Area in Acres			3,017
Population (Estimated)			34,070
Population per Acre			11.3
Number of Inhabited Houses .			12,266
Rateable Value		. £2,	964,046
Sum represented by a Penny Rate			£29,000
Live Births registered			501
Illegitimate live births per cent of total li	ve birtl	hs	9.0
Birth Rate per 1,000 population .			14.7
Adjusted Birth Rate (Comparability Fa	ctor 1.	02).	
(1.02)			15.0
Birth Rate, England and Wales .			14.8
Still Births Registered			6
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 Births (Live an	nd Still)		12.0
Still Birth Rate, England and Wales	. '		12.0
Deaths registered			431
Crude Death Rate per 1,000 population	71100		12.7
Adjusted Death Rate (Comparability	Factor	_	
1.11)			14.1
Death Rate, England and Wales .		ANIM	12.1
Maternal Deaths (Pregnancy, Childbirth	Abort	ion)	
Maternal Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live			
births)			_
Maternal Mortality, England and Wales			0.15
Infant Deaths (under 1 year of age)			14
Infant Mortality per 1,000 Live Births			28.0
Infant Mortality, England and Wales			17.0
Infant Deaths (legitimate) under 1 year	of age		12
Infant Mortality per 1,000 live		hs	
(legitimate)			26.0
Infant Deaths (illegitimate) under 1 year	of age		2
Infant Mortality per 1,000 live	birth		
(illegitimate)			43.0
Infant Deaths (under 4 weeks of age)			9
Neonatal Mortality per 1,000 Live Births	· .		18.0
Neonatal Mortality, England and Wales			12.0
Infant Deaths (under 1 week of age)			9
Early neonatal mortality per 1,000 live	births		18.0
Perinatal Deaths (Still births and Dea			
1 week of age)			15
Perinatal Mortality per 1,000 live and s	still bir	ths	30.0
Death Rate per 1,000 Population from	n:		
Cancer of Lung and Bronchus .			0.763
Cancer of Lung and Bronchus, England a	and Wa	les	0.646
Cancer, other Forms			1.878
Cancer, other Forms, England and Wales	3		1.781

TABLE 1

Births

Births	1	Legitima	te	Illegitimate			
Dirins	M.	F.	Total	Μ.	F.	Total	
Live	233	222	455	21	25	46	
Still	2	4	6	- 12	Poin L	-	

TABLE 2

Still births—1962-1972

Year	Number	Rate per thousand Births (Live and Still)
1962	16	26.2
1963	8	14.0
1964	8	13.6
1965	12	19-1
1966	10	17.0
1967	10	16.0
1968	8	13.0
1969	6	10.0
1970	7	13.0
1971	5	8.0
1972	6	12.0

TABLE 3 Infant and Perinatal Mortality

Terford	I	.egitima	te	Illegitimate				
Infant Deaths	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total		
Under 1 year of age	9	3	12	2	_	2		
Under 4 weeks of age	6	2	8	1	-	1		
Under 1 week of age	6	2	8	1	_	1		
Perinatal Deaths	8	6	14	1	1807_	1		

TABLE 4 Comparative Tables—1962-1972

Year	Population (Estimated)	Birth Rate (per 1,000 of Population)	Death Rate (per 1,000 of Population)	Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 Live Births)
1962	34,960	17.0	9.9	23.6
1963	35,050	16.6	10.6	19-5
1964	34,990	16-6	9.7	13.7
1965	35,240	17-5	10.8	16.2
1966	35,270	16-3	11.1	27-8
1967	35,340	17-1	9.6	8.0
1968	35,440	17.0	10.5	12.0
1969	35,400	16-1	12.5	26.0
1970	35,170	15.5	11.3	13.0
1971	34,210	17-4	11.8	25-0
1972	34,070	14.7	12.7	28.0

TABLE 5

Causes of Death

		M.	F.	Total
B5	Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	1	-	1
B6(1)	Late Effects of Respiratory T.B.	1	-	1
B19(2)	Malignat Neoplasm, Oesophagus .	1	1	2
B19(3)	Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach .	8	5	13
B19(4)	Malignant Neoplasm, Intestine .	5	6	11
B19(5)	Malignant Neoplasm, Larynx .	_	1	1
B19(6)	Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus	20	6	26
B19(7)	Malignant Neoplasm, Breast .	_	13	13
B19(8)	Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus .	-	1	1
B19(9)	Malignant Neoplasm, Prostate	7	_	7
B19(10)	Leukaemia	1	1	2
B19(11)	Other Malignant Neoplasms .	9	7	16
B20	Benign and Unspecified Neoplasms	_	2	2
B21	Diabetes Mellitus	1	2	3
B46(1)	Other Endocrine, etc. Diseases .	_	1	1
B23	Anaemias	1	_	1
B46(3)	Mental Disorders	1		1
B46(4)	Multiple Sclerosis	1		1
B46(5)	Other Diseases of Nervous System	_	2	2
B26	Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease		6	6
B27	Hypertensive Disease	4	2	6
B28	Ischaemic Heart Disease .	59	35	94
B29	Other Forms of Heart Disease .	11	9	20
B30	Cerebrovascular Disease	24	29	53
B46(6)	Other Diseases of Circulatory System	9	11	20
B31	Influenza	2		2
B32	Pneumonia	19	15	34
B33(1)	Bronchitis and Emphysema .	25	11	36
B46(7)	Other Diseases of Respiratory System	6	2	8
B34	Peptic Ulcer	1	4	1
B36	Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	1	1	1
B37	Cirrhosis of Liver	1	1	1
	Other Diseases of Digestive System	1	2	2
B46(8) B38	Nephritis and Nephrosis	2		2 2 6 4 4 2
		2	3	6
B46(9) B42	Other Diseases, Genito-Urinary System	2	3 2	4
	Congenital Anomalies	2 3 2 4		4
B43	Birth Injury, Difficult Labour, etc.	+	2 9	2
B44	Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality	1	0	
BE47	Motor Vehicle Accidents			10
BE48	All Other Accidents	2 5	4	6
BE49	Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries	5	1	6
BE50	All Other External Causes	1	1	2
	Total All Causes :	238	193	431
		-		

TABLE 5 (Continued)

Deaths (Age in Years)

	0-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
M	18	16	59	76	69
F	13	16	24	52	88

TABLE 6

Diseases Notified During the Year 1972

Age Groups

	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Chicken-pox	Infective Jaundice	Tuberculosis	
All Ages	. 29	11	8	5	2	
Under 1 year	1	-	-	-	-	
1—	. 9	-	1	-	-	
2— : 3— :		1	-	-	-	
3—	6 3	1	_	1	_	
4—	. 6	3	3	_	_	
5—	3	3 5	2	_	_	
10—	1	-	3 2 1 1	1		
15	. 1	1	1	1		
4—		1	1	1		
25 .				1	William !	
35— .		-	-	1000	1	
45		100		-	1	
65 and over		-	- Ton	1	1	
Age unknown		-	-	-	-	

TABLE 7
Diseases Notified, 1962 — 1972

	Dysentery	Infective Jaundice	Measles	Meningitis, Acute	Poliomyelitis, Acute	Scarlet Fever	Tuberculosis	Whooping Cough	Chicken-pox
1962	4	-	75	_	2	4	16	4	44
1963	23	-	459 82	_	-	7	15		44 29
1964	1	_	82	_	-	17		1 5 2	128 13 99
1965	-	-	477	-	-	19 3 3	8	2	13
1966	1	-	156 388 67	-	-	3	12	-	99
1967	-	_	388	-	-	3	9	20	30
1968	2	2	67	1	-	11	10	1	7
1969	1	6	145	-	-	5	10	1	8
1970	11	6	355	-	_	6	9	4	10
1971	1		6	-	_	6	11	16	7
1972	_	1 5	6 29	-	-	11	2	-	8

TABLE 8

Accidents Causing Death to Ilkeston Residents

All Other Accidents	1	1	3	4	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
Drowning	1	2	Now I To	1	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	2
Coal Gas Poisoning (Carbon Monoxide)	1	2	17	1		1	1	27 024 52	2	1	1	1 28	81	1	1
Pedal- Cycle Accidents	1000	1	11 8 19	ı	1	1	ı	I	1	1	1	2	el el	1	1
Accidents at Work	1	1	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	3 (burns)	1	1
Burns	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1
Gunshot Wounds	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Falls	4	9	3	3	-	7	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	3	4
Inhalation of Gastric Contents		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 Baby	3 Babies	3 Babies 1 Man	3 Babies	1	1
Overdose of Drugs	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	3	1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	7	4	3	5	4	7	9	9	5	00	4	5	5	9	10
YEAR	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972

FACTORIES ACT, 1961 PART 1 OF THE ACT

 Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspectors).

Power from	Number	Number of				
Premises (1)	n Register	Inspec- tions (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)		
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6, are to be enforced by Local Authorities	11	3	_	_		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority .	152	7	-			
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	6	15	100	matidan M		
Total .	169	10	_			

2. Cases in which Defects were found.

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more 'cases'.)

	N	Number of cases in which defects were found						
hat were those under house		-	Ref	erred	cases in which			
Particulars (1)	Found (2)	Remedied (3)		By H.M. Inspector (5)				
Want of cleanliness (S.1) .	_	_		-	_			
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	_						
Unreasonable temperature			1-		The second			
(S.3)	-	_		_	_			
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	_	_	_	_	-			
Ineffective drainage of floors	Librar	S INC.						
(S.6)	-	-	-	_	-			
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)								
(a) Insufficient		_	-	-	-			
(b) Unsuitable or defective	-	_	2	_	-			
(c) Not separate for sexes		_	-		-			
Other offences against the								
Act (not including offences								
relating to Outwork) .	-	-	-	-	-			
		e ditte						
Total .	1	-	_	-	_			

PART VIII OF THE ACT

Outwork

(Sections 133 and 134)

Section 133				Section 134			
Nature of Work	No. of outworkers in August list required by Section 133(1)(c) (2)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premi- ses		Prosecu- tions	
Wearing apparel — Making, etc., Cleaning and Washing	27		-1 = 01 1 = 1 = 1				
Lace, lace curtains and nets	3	0	-	-	-	_	
Umbrellas, etc. (Handbags)	1		-	p CL , ibili	-	_	
Others	-	0002	-		-	-	
Total	31	-	-	-	-	-	

BOROUGH OF ILKESTON

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Ilkeston

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my annual report for the year 1972.

The year started with an extremely busy period, as the department began to implement the accelerated programme for the clearance of substandard houses, at the same time bringing into operation three smoke control areas, two of which had been delayed by national emergencies.

During the year, ten clearance areas were declared and one hundred and sixty-one houses demolished. Because of the increased number of properties being dealt with, there will unfortunately, be greater numbers of houses standing empty awaiting demolition and subject to misuse and vandalism. It was therefore gratifying to see a substantial redevelopment scheme commenced on the site of the Carr Street Clearance Area which only became operative in January.

There were about three hundred enquiries from various sources concerning the condition and life of houses. Thus still more work had to be devoted to housing matters to enable decisions to be made between those unfit houses that cannot be repaired and improved and those that can.

Half the area of the Borough and one third of all the buildings are now in smoke control areas. The practical effect of this had been a considerable reduction in atmospheric pollution. Recording apparatus indicated that on a few days in the year there was virtually no pollution at all. When the whole of the Borough and surrounding district is smoke controlled, this will apply during much of the year.

It is inevitable that staff changes take place from time to time. However, when there is difficulty in obtaining replacements, as happened during the last two months of the year, some areas of work do not get the coverage they deserve. This was the case with the food services, though every effort was made to maintain adequate supervision. While one can never be complacent regarding the standard of food hygiene, it was pleasing to find there were no reported cases of suspected food poisoning during the year.

The refuse collection service continued to be troubled by a high rate of absenteeism. This was almost entirely due to illness and was most prevalent in the winter months. It did, however, to some extent overlap into the holiday season and there were times when little more than half the men were at work. On a few occasions it was not possible to maintain the usual weekly collection and there were frequent issues of plastic sacks in district where collections were delayed.

My thanks are due to the Chairmen, Vice-Chairmen and Members of the Health and Housing Committees for their continued interest and support of the work of the Department, to the Medical Officer of Health for his advice and assistance, and to all the members of the staff of the Health Department for their unstinting loyalty and co-operation during the year.

I am, Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant, R. W. BOOTH,

Chief Public Health Inspector.

HOUSING

HOUSIN	G STATISTICS.				
	mber of new houses erec	cted during	the year		283
	By the Local Authority	A PROPERTY.			199
	By other Local Authorit				Nil
	By other bodies or perso			100	84
	mber of houses owned b	y the Local	Authority a	t the	
	the year				3,222
Permane	nt Council Houses (a)				2,927
	(b)	Flats and	maisonettes		216
Prefabric	ated Bungalows				76
Others					3
Total nui	mber of dwelling houses	in Borough	h 31/12/72		12,166
	ection of Dwelling Ho Total number of dw housing defects. (Pul Number of inspections Number of dwelling h head (a) above) which	elling house olic Health of made for the nouses (includes were inspec-	es inspected or Housing A the purpose uded under oted and reco	d for Acts) sub- orded	143 1,582
	under the Housing Co	nsolidated	Regulations	1925	70
	& 1932	1.			73
	Number of inspections		* *		170
(c)	Number of dwelling ho dangerous or injuriou habitation				72
(d)	Number of dwelling referred to under the p	receding sul	o-head) foun		
	to be in all respects fit f	for human h	abitation	000000	71

2. Houses demolished

		Houses	Dist	laced
	In Clearance Areas .	Demolished 153	Persons 325	Families 120
	As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17(1) Housing Act,			
	1957	8	E donad	A AL
3.	Unfit Houses closed.			
	Under Sections 16(4), 17(1), and 35(1) Housing Act, 1957	3	2	2
4.	Houses reported Closed and subsequently demolished	2	solui?	

Unfit houses made fit and houses in which defects were remedied.

		By owners	By Local Authority
(a)	After informal action by loca	ıl	PARSEN ER
	authority	35	
(b)	After formal notice under		
	(i) Public Health Acts .	11	0-1-01
	(ii) Sections 9 and 16 Housin	g	
	Act, 1957	-	and all all all all all all all all all al

6. Clearance and Compulsory Purchase Order.

The following orders were made during the year:

No. 161 (North Street) Compulsory Purchase Order

Nos. 162/163/164 (Durham Street/North Street) Compulsory Purchase Order

No. 165 (Albion Place) Compulsory Purchase Order

No. 166 (Baker Street) Compulsory Purchase Order

No. 167 (High Holborn) Compulsory Purchase Order

No. 168 (Thorpe Street) Clearance Order

No. 169 (Regent Street) Clearance Order

No. 170 (Dorothy Cottages) Compulsory Purchase Order

No. 171 (Havelock Street) Compulsory Purchase Order

No. 172 (Ebenezer Street) Clearance Order

The total number of dwellings affected by the Orders was 99.

The following lists show action which has been taken during the current year as well as the progress of action which had been commenced previously.

From Previous Years.

Sections 17 and 18, Housing Act, 1957.

11, Eyres Gardens 14, Rutland Street

19, Carr Street

16, Bridge Street

32, Albion Place 140, Church Street 1, Shaw Street Action deferred

Demolition Order operative

Demolished

Closed and subsequently

Demolished

Closed Closed

House rendered fit for human habitation

Section 42, Housing Act, 1957.

69 — 74, 78 — 80, 80a, 81 — 89, North Street, 90, North Street/ 24, Station Road, 25/26, Station Road, 1 and 2, Station Terrace, 1 — 16 (inc.) and 28 — 36 (inc.), Slade Street

33, 34, 35, Lower Granby Street
36 — 39 (inc.), Lower Granby Street

51 — 65 (inc.), North Street and 1 — 28, 32 — 45 (inc.) and 47 — 53 (inc.), Carr Street

1, 2, 3, Critchley Street and 1 — 11, Wood Street

10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, Gladstone Street

13 — 28 (inc.), Brook Street

23 — 36 (inc.), Nesfield Terrace

17, 19, 21, 23, White Lion Square 13, 14, 15, Charlotte Street

5, 6, 8, 161 — 167 (inc.), Station Road, 1 — 7 (inc.), Lodge Row, 1 — 6 (inc.), Chapel Street Row

11, 12, 155 — 158 (inc.), Station Road

7 — 18 (inc.) and 69 — 73 (inc.), Ebenezer Street

1 — 10 (inc.), Florence Square and 39, 40, Wood Street and 42, Station Road Demolished

Demolition Order operative

Demolished

Demolished

Demolished

Demolition Order operative Demolition Order operative Demolition Order operative

Demolition Order operative Demolished

Demolition Order operative

Demolition Order operative

Demolition Order operative

Demolition Order operative

Current Year.

Sections 17 and 18, Housing Act, 1957.

18, 20, 22, Belfield Street 20, High Holborn 167a, Bath Street 19, 20, Union Road 2a, Manners Road Closing Order operative Closing Order operative Closing Order operative Demolition Order operative Closing Order operative

Section 42, Housing Act, 1957. 16 — 18 (inc.), North Street	Declared Compulsory
10 10 (me.), North Street	Purchase Order
25 — 36 (inc.), North Street	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
37 — 41 (inc.), North Street	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
11 — 20 (inc.) and 21 — 24 (inc.),	
Durham Street	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
24, 26, 27, Albion Place	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
19 — 26 (inc.), Baker Street	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
32 — 35 (inc.) and 42 — 51 (inc.),	
High Holborn	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
45, 47, Norman Street	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
7, 8, 9, 10, Thorpe Street	Declared Clearance Order
2 — 6 (inc.), Regent Street 1 — 13 (inc.), Dorothy Cottages	Declared Clearance Order
and 24 — 30 (inc.), Pimlico	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
1 and 2, Havelock Street	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
9 and 10, Oxford Street	Declared Compulsory Purchase Order
1 — 6 (inc.), Ebenezer Street	Declared Clearance Order

RENT ACT, 1957

During the year no action was taken under the provisions of this Act concerning certificates of disrepair.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT FOR YEAR OF 1972

Carava						A State	12, Hou	melto	20
				cted an	d disinfe	ested			60
			s inspec						66
				nd Dep		to .			81
Refuse				y Prem	ises visi	ts .			83
			rs yards	vicite					73
			nents vi						2
				shments	visits				2 2
			restigat		VISICS				87
				its visit	5		and it		3
	708			nspecti					
			es taker		ons.				41
				nd Deliv	ery Vel	nicles			36
			Food sta						7
				Meat Ir	spection	ns .	modish		451
			und foo						136
	od pr							1100	267
				nspected	1 .				8
			nples ta						1
				inspect	ed .				10
Sv	vimmi	ng Ba	th sam	ples tak	en .			in the same	14
				es taken					8
Fa	rm vi	sits -	 Bruce 	llosis en	quiries	-			3
Notice	s Ser	ved.							
Nı	ımber	of In	formal 1				lth Act,		70
	- ,,	,,	,,	- 22			ene Regs	.,	
						60 and			18
Nı	ımber	of St	atutory	Notice	s under	Section			10
	,,	"	**	"	"	,,	39 .		2 2
	**	"	**	11	,,,	,,	45 .		
	**	"	,,	"	"	11	56 .		1
	"	"	,,	"	"	"	75 .		1
	"	"	,,	"	,,	"	93 .		14
				COMP	AINT	c			
TI		nhor		COMPI			o Office	dunin	e the
year ar				pianits	received	i at tii	e Office	during	gthe
				received	during	the ye	ar .		804
Num	ber de	ealt w	ith by	the Pub	lic Heal	th Insp	pectors		346
				the Tecl					4
				the Rod				i de un	440
Num	ber in	vesti	gated ar	nd forwa	arded to	other	departm	nents	14

INFECTIOUS DISEASE AND DISINFECTION

Infectious disease enquiries are carried out as required by the Medical Officer of Health. There were no visits made for this purpose and no disinfection of premises was necessary.

CARAVAN SITES AND CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT ACT, 1960

There are two adjacent licensed sites within the Borough. One is authorised for 52 vans and the other for 20 vans. There are in addition certain unlicensed sites which become occupied by showmen as winter quarters. This is permitted occupation by an exemption clause in the existing legislation. However, over the last few years, one of these sites had become badly overcrowded. It was also being occupied almost continuously throughout the year. As a result of representation to the Ministry in March, 1972, an order was made removing the exemption provisions on vans occupying this site and it was vacated during April, 1972.

HEALTH EDUCATION

A course of instruction on public health and hygiene continued from last year and was completed early in the year.

A few single talks on either public health subjects or food hygiene were given at evening meetings throughout the year at the request of various organisations.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

During the year there were 267 inspections made of food premises and 36 inspections of market stalls and delivery vehicles.

The food stalls at the Annual Fair were also inspected.

There were thirty-seven complaints concerning items of food or drink purchased within the Borough. These concerned:—

Foreign bodies in l	oakery	produc	ets		6
Foreign bodies in t	inned	goods			5
Foreign bodies in s	oft dr	rinks			2
Foreign body in ja	rofp	ickle			1
Odour of chicken		-			1
Odour of pork					1
Odour of beef					1
Mould on bakery p	roduc	ets.			10
Mould on cheese					3
Mould on confection	nery				1
Discoloured fresh r	neat				2
Discoloured tinned	meat				2
Milk in dirty bottle	e				1
Worms in fish finge	ers			100	1

Some of these complaints were not substantiated, but legal proceedings were taken in the case of a mouldy pork pie and loaf resulting in £30 in fines and £10 in costs. Warnings were issued to vendors in other cases.

Bakers and pastrycooks						1
Butchers						3
Pork Butchers .					701.11	
Confectioners .						2
Chemists					-	1
Small General Stores						5
Fruiterers and Greengroo	cers .					1
D. 1 1 01 1						1
0 / 10 11						1
Tripe dealers						
Wet fishmongers .						
Market Food stalls .						1
Restaurants						
Grocers and Provision de	ealers					6
Supermarkets and Multi		S				1
Dairies		The state of	WT PRO	In ear	0	
Caterers	THE POST	quite.	ari bo			
Caterers						

1955.

During the year there have been variations in the number of premises registered and these are now as follows:— Number of premises registered for the manufacture or sale of 27 preserved food Number of premises registered for the preparation and sale of

fried fish 19 Number of premises registered for the sale of ice cream

Food and Drug Samples.

The County Analyst has kindly supplied the following information on behalf of the Derbyshire County Council who are the Food and Drugs Authority for the Borough.

"One hundred and forty-four samples, including 13 milks, were taken during 1972. One sample of Amitriptylene Hydrochloride Tablets were slightly deficient in amitriptylene. A subsequent formal sample proved to be satisfactory. One sample of Borax B.P. was outside the B.P. limits due to efflorescence. A caution was given to the producer and then a re-sample taken. This proved to be satisfactory.

One sample of Sardine Spread with Tomato was in a mouldy condition. The can and contents were sent back to the manufacturer for examination. One sample of Chocolate Drops was not chocolate as normally understood. The vendor was cautioned.

Two samples of Pasteurised Milk contained excess water. Formal samples were taken and these proved to be satisfactory.

The remaining samples were classed as satisfactory.

Eight consumer complaints were examined during the year. These were :—

A sample of Dried Skimmed Milk Powder contained an insect.

Sterilised Milk and a Soft Drink were alleged to have caused illness. In neither case was anything detected to account for the onset of sickness.

A soft drink contained plaster, adhering to the bottle surfaces. Steak and Kidney Pies were mouldy.

A Meat and Potato Pie was alleged to have a disinfectant-like taint, but nothing was detected to account for this.

Canned Peaches contained mineral oil.

The 'foreign matter' from Canned Meat was offal. Certain types of offal may be incorporated in Canned Meat products."

SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACT, 1958

During the year 18 renewals and 1 provisional licence to slaughter animals were granted in accordance with the provisions of the above-mentioned Act.

MEAT INSPECTION REGULATIONS, 1963

Number of regular notices of slaughter operative

Total

SLAUGHTERHOUSE

Licensee Situation
Smedley, Smedley and Woodhouse Limited Slaughterhouse, Wilton Place

SUMMARY OF SLAUGHTERING AT THE ONE LICENSED PREMISES

Animals Slaughtered during the year.

	Cattle	Cows	Calves	Sheep Lambs		Total
Smedley, Smedley and Woodhouse Ltd.	. 3,089	17	4	5,469	9,019	17,598

Comparison with slaughtering in previous years:

Sheep &
Animals slaughtered Cattle Cows Calves Lambs Pigs
3,134 213 9 7,670 9,531

20,557 1968 3,314 140 7,273 20,112 9,382 1969 3,295 170 3 6,217 9,651 19,336 1970 3,652 51 4 6,813 9,811 20,331 6,467 1971 3,418 30 2 9,111 19,028 17,598 3.089 17 5,469 9.019

There had again been a reduction in beef and pig slaughtering together with a very pronounced decrease in the number of sheep and lambs slaughtered.

Carcases and Offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part.

Joseph Palistiniano di Legge de la constanta d	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed (if known)	3,089	17	4	5,469	9,019	o tud
Number inspected .	3,089	17	4	5,469	9,019	_
All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci: Whole carcases condemned	huros Lie lus M franc	of brain				
Carcases of which some part or organ was con- demned	334	48_8	O 927	35	177	_
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci	10-81%	en b	inerg ide ide ide	0.63%	1.96%	täslani da.ad A A.S
Tuberculosis only: Whole carcases condem- ned	- 10 <u>1</u> 0	_			_	
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned			1411	100	16	Alleren
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis			A IB USED	O Ya	0.18%	8 _
Cysticercosis: Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	. 4		200	101 -		ore the
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration				_		-
Generalised and totally condemned		-	-		-	_

Other Diseases or Injuries.

Oth	er Diseases or	injui	ics.	
157	bovine livers			Fasiolisasis
135	bovine livers			Abscesses
8	bovine livers			Telangectasis
1	bovine liver			Degenerate cyst
9	bovine livers			Cirrhosis
2	bovine kidneys			Nephritis
1	bovine kidney			Pyaemia Nephritis
9	bovine heads			Actinobacillosis
2	bovine heads			Abscesses
2	bovine lungs			Pneumonia
1	bovine lung			Emphysema and Pneumonia
2	bovine lungs			Hydatid cysts
1	bovine heart			Degenerate cysts
3	bovine hearts			Pericarditis
1	bovine heart			Abscesses
15	sheeps' livers			Fascioliasis
1	sheep's liver			Cysticercus Tenuicollis
15	sheeps' livers			Parasites
3	sheeps' hearts			Cysticercus Ovis
1	sheep's pluck			Pleurisy and Adhesions
62	pigs' livers			Ascaris
1	pig's liver			Cirrhosis
74	pigs' plucks			Peritonitis and Pleurisy
15	pigs' plucks			Adhesions and Pleurisy
2	pigs' plucks			Ascaris and Pleurisy
7	pigs' lungs			Pneumonia and Pleurisy
4	pigs' heads			Abscesses
6	pigs' kidneys			Cystitis
1	pig's kidney			Hydronophrosis
1	pig's kidney			Nephritis
3	pigs' hearts		. Hitch	Pericarditis
1	pig's side and h	ind qua	arters	Abscesses

Total weight 4,856½ pounds

OTHER UNSOUND FOOD

	Weight in p	ounds		Weight in	pounds
Fruit	(tinned)		Cream	(tinned)	2
Fruit Pulp	"	2071	Spaghetti	,,	461
Fruit Juice	,,	$60\frac{1}{2}$	Pie Fillings	,, .	57
Tomatoes	,,	196	Fruit Puddings		231
Peas	,,,	191	Tapioca	,,	44
Potatoes	,,	26	Mousse	(container	r) 67½
Carrots	,, ind	971	Mincemeat	(tinned)	3
Mixed Vegs.	,,	21	Oats	(packet)	11
Broad Beans	,,	2	Horseradish	(jar)	$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{4\frac{3}{4}}$
Onions		243	Sweets	(boxed)	29
Beetroot	(tinned)	6	Sugar	(packet)	3
Stewed Steak	,,	4	Cheese		22
Shoulder	,,	533	Flour	(packet)	7 2
Ham	,,	1141	Honey	(jar)	2
Beef	,,	$20\frac{3}{4}$	Misc. Frozen F		6081
Ox Tongue	,,	12			od 1
Corned Beef	***	431			
Pork Luncheon	Meat,,	301			
Sausages	,,	$5\frac{3}{4}$			
Ox Kidneys	,,	14	Summary:		
Lamb livers		172			
Ham		1231	Vegetables	(tinned)	5451
Salmon	(tinned)	11	Fish	,,	433
Crab	,,	421	Fruit	,,	1,8023
Baked Beans	,,	33	Meat	,,	205
Coffee	,,	1	Prepared Meat	Products	791
Soup	,,	14	Meat		3091
Jam	"	2	Miscellaneous		3651
Milk	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	21/4	Frozen Foods		6081
			Tot	al .	3,9594

OFFENSIVE TRADES (Section 107, Public Health Act, 1936)

There is still one rag and bone dealer on the register, but no dealing takes place.

SCRAP METAL DEALERS ACT, 1964

There are nine scrap metal dealers on the register.

AIR POLLUTION

The Council is a member of the National Society for Clean Air, and the Chairman, Councillor A. Turner and the Vice-Chairman, Alderman Mrs. F. R. Fletcher, were representatives to the East Midlands Division of the Society. They also represented the Council on the Derbyshire Advisory Council for Clean Air and Noise Control.

Smoke Control Areas.

The following smoke control areas are established in the Borough:—

	Date Operative		Houses	Commercial	Industrial	Others
No. 1 (Kirk Hallam)	1st October 1966	435	2,010	9	- 4	8
No. 2 (Kniveton Park)	1st October 1967	117	103	management of	1	ad 50
No. 3 (Bowes- Well Road)		352	360	in as - interior	5	5
No. 4 (Victoria		127	661	101	1	10
No. 5 (Derby- shire Drive)		110	415	5	1	5
No. 6 (Hopewell Farm)	1st May	164-5	464	Essign sore	rio loi	-
No. 7 (Stapleton Road)		77-5	396	38	4	9

During the first half of the year the department was very busy dealing simultaneously with three areas on which the operative dates had been delayed due to the fuel crisis last year. A survey was commenced on No. 8 area and it is hoped that this can be brought into operation.

Domestic Pollution.

Garden bonfires continue to be the main source of complaint. The present legal position is that bonfires are permissible if they are not a nuisance to other residents. However, there is a widespread but mistaken impression that it is illegal to light bonfires after 6.00 p.m., consequently much annoyance is caused by fires burning during the day when people want to enjoy their gardens, etc. If it is necessary to have a bonfire the best time would seem to be after dark, when washing has been taken in and doors and windows are closed for the night.

In two cases it was necessary to warn merchants not to deliver coal in smoke control areas.

Industrial and Commercial Pollution.

Twelve complaints were received during the year, three cases concerned commercial premises and all were caused by burning rubbish. Of the nine cases involving industrial premises, one was caused by smut emission and the rest by excessive emissions of dark smoke.

130 observations were made and in fourteen cases firms were notified of contraventions of statutory requirements.

Prior approval for the installation of three oil-fired boilers was

given during the year.

There were four applications for the approval of chimney heights. All were approved after alterations had been agreed to the height of two chimneys.

NOISE ABATEMENT ACT, 1960

One complaint was under investigation at the end of last year and seventeen new complaints were received during the year. One concerned industrial premises, five commercial premises, five domestic premises and six were complaints of noise from other sources.

All of these complaints were investigated but three were found to be outside the purview of the department. Of the remainder, seven were confirmed as nuisances and as a result of representations, three of these were abated. Four were still being dealt with at the end of the year.

I must again repeat that, in my opinion, it will not be possible to prevent complaints regarding noise from certain commercial and industrial concerns unless these businesses are transferred from their present locations in residential areas to industrial estates.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

PETROLEUM (REGULATIONS) ACTS, 1928 and 1936

During the year 50 licences were issued for a total storage capacity of 334,250 gallons of petroleum spirit and 1,900 gallons of petroleum mixture. The total licence fees collected was £224.

Two new installations were licensed during the year. Both of these were required to conform to the Corporation's conditions regarding storage installations which are based on the Home Office model code.

66 inspections were made during the year to ensure that the licence conditions were being complied with.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

The following report was submitted to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food in respect of work carried out during the year.

		MARKET AND SUCCESSION	Type of Property		
Properties other than sewers		Non- Agricultural	Agricultural		
1.	Nur	mber of properties in district .	14,119	23	
2.		Total number of properties (including nearby premises) inspected following notification Number infested by (i) Rats . (ii) Mice .	386 196 122	2 2 -	
3.	(a)	Total number of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than	aliatoli	eph massarian	
	(b)	Number infested by (i) Rats (ii) Mice	3,349 29 3	6 3 -	

Sewers.

4. Were any sewers infested by rats during the year? YES.

Surface Properties and Sewers.

5. Any other points of interest?

Over the last ten years the number of rat infestations reached a peak in 1968. This year's number of infestations again shows a fall on the previous year and is about half of that for 1968.

On the other hand, the number of mice infestations has again increased over the previous year and is about twice that for 1968.

The method of treatment and types of poison used have not been altered.

Contractors were again employed to treat the sewers with fluoracetamide baits.

THE OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963.

It was not possible to maintain the same rate of inspections as last year, partly because of the pressure of other work and partly due to staff shortage.

There were no matters which called for special comment.

Infringements connected with floors, passages and staircases were the most common occurrence, followed by lack of cleanliness and insufficient washing facilities.

Legal proceedings were commenced in two cases but were not pursued when the businesses closed down.

TABLE A
REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Class of premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Total number of registered premises at end of year	Number of registered premises receiving a general instection during the year	
Offices		72	1	
Retail shops	9	239	33	
Wholesale shops, warehouses Catering establishments	ad #18 9	3	imuk - O	
open to public, canteens	1	21	10	
Fuel storage depots	7,146	4	Your P. Tuny	
TOTALS	10	339	44	

TABLE B

NUMBER OF VISITS OF ALL KINDS BY INSPECTORS TO REGISTERED PREMISES:— 83

TABLE C

ANALYSIS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN REGISTERED PREMISES BY WORKPLACE

Class of workplace		Number of persons employed		
Offices	a knows through at Driver	680		
Retail shops Wholesale departments, warehouses Catering establishments open to the public Canteens Fuel storage depots		974 22		
				158
		10		
		24		
		PRESIDENT STOR	Total	1,868
	Total Males	786		
	Total Females	1,082		

TABLE D

EXEMPTIONS

Part I	_	Space (Section 5(2))	-	Nil
Part II	_	Temperature (Section 6)	_	Nil
Part III	-	Sanitary Conveniences (Section 9)	_	Nil
Part IV	-	Washing Facilities (Section 10)	-	Nil

TABLE E

PROSECUTIONS

Prosecutions instituted of which the hearing was completed in the year:—Nil.

Number of complaints (or summary applications) made under Section 22:—Nil.

Number of interim orders granted:-Nil.

TABLE F

INSPECTORS

No. of inspectors appointed under Section 52(1) or (5) of the Act:—4.

No. of other staff employed for most of their time on work in connection with the Act:—Nil.

As a result of the inspections made, 15 preliminary notices of contravention of the Act were issued.

There were four notifications of accidents, all of which were investigated.

DISINFESTATION

It was necessary to disinfest 60 properties, nearly all dwelling-houses, during the year. In all cases the infestations were on common insect pests, and no special problems were encountered.

SHOPS ACT, 1950 SHOPS (EARLY CLOSING DAYS) ACT, 1965

Visits were made at intervals throughout the year, but no infringements were observed.

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951

Three licences were issued during the year. The premises have all been inspected and found to be satisfactory.

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT, 1951

Five premises were registered to use rag flock.

HEATING APPLIANCES (FIREGUARDS) ACT, 1952

A number of inspections of appliances were made in shops selling both new and second-hand articles, but all were found to comply with statutory requirements.



