

[Report 1942] / Medical Officer of Health, Horsham U.D.C.

Contributors

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1942.



INTERIM REPORT
OF THE
Horsham Urban District
[NORTH-EASTERN COMBINED DISTRICT
OF WEST SUSSEX.]

BY

Medical Officer of Health,
KENNETH N. MAWSON
M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

November, 1943.

Health Department,
Comewell House,
North Street,
Horsham.

To the Chairman & Members of the Horsham Urban District Council.

Mrs. Laughton and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit a short Interim Report on the health of the District during 1942. In accordance with the instructions contained in the Ministry of Health Circular 2773, it has been necessary to exclude from the report considerable detailed information, but I would be pleased to supply any further particulars to any member of the Council who may require them.

The policy of duplicating copies of the report has again been adopted in the interest of economy, and the three Districts forming the North-Eastern Combined Sanitary Districts have been dealt with separately.

Reference to the figures given will show that healthy conditions have prevailed throughout the year. The routine work of the Department has continued, in spite of the many extra duties placed upon your staff as a result of war conditions. Although no matters of outstanding importance call for special comment, attention is drawn to the following points:-

(1). Births and Deaths.

There were 254 births during the year compared with 209 in 1941. Deaths registered were 213, as against 230 for the previous year.

These figures show a rise in the birth-rate from 12.95 to 15.4, and a slight rise in the death rate from 13.36 to 14.12. In this connection it must be remembered that Vital Statistics, as applied to areas of small population, are apt to show considerable variation from year to year, and are therefore of little value. There was actually a smaller number of deaths registered during 1942, the rise in the death-rate being accounted for by a reduction in the Registrar General's Estimate of Resident Population.

Health Department

Communicable Diseases

Public Health

1911-1912

To the Council of the Health Department

Annual Report

I beg to report to the Council of the Health Department on the work of the Communicable Diseases Branch during the year 1911-1912. The work of the branch has been carried out in accordance with the programme of work approved by the Council at its meeting on 11th July 1911.

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(1) The Council of the Health Department

There were 12 members of the Council of the Health Department during the year 1911-1912. The members of the Council were: Mr. J. H. ...

The work of the branch has been carried out in accordance with the programme of work approved by the Council at its meeting on 11th July 1911. The work of the branch has been carried out in accordance with the programme of work approved by the Council at its meeting on 11th July 1911.

(2). Notifiable Infectious Diseases.

During 1942 only 16 notifications were received, - a most satisfactory figure which compares most favourably with those of adjoining districts. At the same time it is felt that the notification rates in respect of Measles and Whooping-Cough, one case only of each disease having been notified, do not represent the true incidence. Although no outbreaks of Measles or Whooping-Cough occurred, it is known that a number of children were absent from school when suffering from these diseases. Although only one case of Pneumonia was notified, 7 deaths were certified as being due to this disease.

(3). Diphtheria Immunisation.

Reference to the figures in the body of the report will show that the campaign has proceeded satisfactorily during the year. The percentage figures of children who had received complete courses of treatment by the 31st December, 1942, namely 63% for pre-school children and 80% for school children, are regarded as satisfactory. Efforts are continuing to maintain and increase these numbers, special attention being given to the younger age-groups.

(4). Scabies, Tuberculosis and Venereal Diseases.

Notes dealing with these matters will be found in the body of the report.

I would again like to thank the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their consideration, and to acknowledge the loyal assistance of all members of the Health Department, and the co-operation of the Chief Officers of the Council.

I am,

Your obedient servant,

L. M. G. G. G.

Medical Officer of Health.

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Public Health Officers of the Urban Authority.

(a). Medical.

Kenneth N. Mawson, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.,
Medical Officer of Health, part time with
other districts in the Sanitary Combine, and
as Assistant County Medical Officer,
School Medical Inspector for the area.

(b). Others.

Senior Sanitary Inspector:-

E. Partridge, M.S.I.A., A.R.San.I.,
Certified Sanitary Inspector,
Royal Sanitary Institute.
Certified Inspector of Meat and
Other Foods, Royal Sanitary Institute.

Additional Sanitary Inspector:-

H. W. Simmonds, M.S.I.A., C.S.I.B.,
Certified Sanitary Inspector,
Royal Sanitary Institute and
Sanitary Inspectors' Examination Joint
Board. Certified Inspector of Meat
and Other Foods, Royal Sanitary Institute.

Clerk:

C. H. Street, C.S.I.B., Certified
Sanitary Inspector, Royal Sanitary
Institute and Sanitary Inspectors'
Examination Joint Board.
(On Active Service).

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

1877

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES
FROM 1776 TO 1877
BY
J. W. FULTON
OF THE
SCHOOL OF THE ARMY
AND
NAVY

(1877)

NEW YORK

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THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

(1). STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA, 1942.

Area (Acres).....	1,843
Population at Census, 1931.....	13,550
Registrar-General's Estimate of Resident Population (mid-1942).....	16,490
Number of Inhabited Houses (end of 1942) according to the Rate Books.....	4,603
Rateable Value.....	£139,050
Sum represented by a Penny Rate.....	£545

(2). SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Horsham is a prosperous market and industrial town situated in the Weald at a railway junction, and is the shopping and amusement centre for the surrounding populous rural district. There are a few local industries, and unemployment was negligible prior to the outbreak of war.

(3). EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS OF THE YEAR.

	<u>Total.</u>	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>	
Live Births (Legitimate....	232	116	116	) Birth Rate 15.4
(Illegitimate..	22	13	9	) per 1,000
				estimated R.P.
				in mid-1942.
Still Births.....	9	7	2	) Rate per 1,000
				) Total Births 35.4
Deaths.....	213	108	105	Death Rate 12.9
England and Wales Birth Rate..	15.80			Death Rate 11.60
W. Sussex Urban Districts Birth Rate	15.70			Death Rate 16.50
Deaths from Puerperal Causes:-				
	<u>Deaths.</u>	<u>Rate per 1,000</u>	<u>Total Births.</u>	
Puerperal Sepsis.....	0	0.00		
Other Puerperal Causes.....	1	3.93		
Death Rate of Infants under one year of age:-				
All infants per 1,000 Live Births.....				39.3
Legitimate infants per 1,000 Legitimate Live Births.....				43.1
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 Illegitimate Live Births.				0.00

(There were 10 legitimate but 0 illegitimate deaths under one year of age).

Infant Mortality Rate for England and Wales..... 49

Deaths from Cancer (all ages)..... 44

Deaths from Measles (all ages)..... 0

Deaths from Whooping-Cough (all ages).... 0

Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years
of age)..... 1

The chief causes of death were:-

Heart Disease..... 75

Cancer..... 44

Cerebral Haemorrhage..... 19

Pneumonia..... 7

Tuberculosis (all forms)..... 6

(There were 10 deaths but 0 registered deaths under one year of age).

Infant mortality rate for England and Wales..... 45

Deaths from Cancer (all ages)..... 44

Deaths from Measles (all ages)..... 0

Deaths from Whooping-Cough (all ages)..... 0

Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 5 years of age)..... 1

The chief causes of death were:-

Heart Disease.....	75
Cancer.....	44
Cerebral haemorrhage.....	15
Phthisis.....	10
Tuberculosis (all forms).....	0

NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The following cases were notified during the year:-

Scarlet Fever.....	6
Whooping Cough.....	1
Measles.....	1
Pneumonia.....	1
Puerperal Pyrexia.....	1
Dysentery.....	1
Erysipelas.....	1

It will be noted that no cases of diphtheria occurred during the period.

The Council makes an annual grant to the local Nursing Association towards the cost of provision of nursing for Measles and Pneumonia.

T U B E R C U L O S I S .

The number of cases added to the Register during the year.. 12

Pulmonary Males... 4	Non-pulmonary Males... 3
Females... <u>1</u>	Females... <u>4</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>7</u>

There were 6 deaths from Tuberculosis; 5 Pulmonary (3 Male, 2 Female) and 1 Non-Pulmonary (Female).

The number of cases of Tuberculosis on the Register at the 31st December, 1942 was 102.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

The following cases were notified during the year:

Scarlet Fever.....	1
Croup.....	1
Diphtheria.....	1
Measles.....	1
Whooping Cough.....	1
Parvotifexia.....	1
Parvotifexia.....	1
Parvotifexia.....	1

It will be noted that no cases of diphtheria occurred during the period.

The Council makes an annual grant to the local Nursing Association towards the cost of provision of nursing for measles and pneumonia.

TUBERCULOSIS

The number of cases added to the Register during the year is:

Primary cases.....	4
Recurrent cases.....	1
Total.....	5

There were 3 deaths from tuberculosis (2 primary, 1 recurrent) and 1 non-tuberculous (Cancer).

The number of cases of tuberculosis on the Register at the 31st December, 1945 was 102.

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

Regular sessions have been held, throughout the year, at the Health Centre, and also at the Clinic in Leechpool Lane for Roffey children.

The percentage of school children immunised at the end of 1942 was estimated to be 80%, as compared with 74% at the beginning of the year. A very considerable improvement was effected in the case of pre-school children, the figure being raised from 35% to 63%. I would again point out that this age group includes all children from birth to the age of 5, - and it should be remembered that inoculation is not carried out until the end of the first year. It will thus be seen that the figure of 65% is very satisfactory. It is among younger children that Diphtheria is most dangerous.

TREATMENT OF SCABIES AND VERMINOUS CONDITIONS.

A brief reference was made in the last annual report to the spread of these conditions, and to the powers given to Local Authorities by the Scabies Order of 1941.

Under this Order, Sanitary Authorities were required to make provision for the treatment of cases brought to the notice of the Health Department, and for the following-up of contacts. Owing to the comparatively small number of cases in an area such as this, (as compared with industrial towns), it was felt that it would be uneconomic to set up a special Cleansing Centre. Application was made to the Ministry of Health for local women and children to be dealt with at Tan Cottage, the Evacuation Sick Bay, the staff of which had had considerable experience in dealing with such cases. Approval to this suggestion was received, and it was agreed that, in any exceptionally severe cases, children might be admitted as In-Patients to the sick-bay, payment being made to the Evacuation Account from the local Rate Fund, at the rate of £1 per week. The great majority of cases, however, have been treated as Out-Patients, the necessary material being provided by the Council.

The difficulty regarding the treatment of adult males was solved by making application to the authorities concerned for permission to refer such patients to the local military hospital. In this matter the Commanding Officer and his staff have been most co-operative, and a number of men and older boys have been dealt with at the hospital, - these being cases where home-treatment was not considered advisable.

The total number of cases treated during the year was 176 and were dealt with as shown.

EPISTIMIA INVESTIGATION

Regular sessions have been held through the year at the Health Center, and also at the Clinic in the school building.

The percentage of school children immunized at the end of 1942 was estimated to be 60%, as compared with 44% at the beginning of the year. A very considerable improvement was effected in the case of pre-school children, the figure being raised from 15% to 45%. I would again point out that this age group includes all children from birth to the age of 5, and is thus a very important group. Immunization is not carried out until the child is 1 year old. It will thus be seen that the figure for 1942 is very satisfactory. It is even stronger than in 1941. Diphtheria is most dangerous.

TREATMENT OF SCARIES AND VERMINOUS CONDITIONS

A brief reference was made to the verminous conditions in the spread of these conditions, and to the means given to local authorities by the Council for their control.

Under this Order, sanitary authorities are required to make provision for the treatment of cases of scabies and lice. Notice of the Health Department, and for the purpose of control of contacts. Owing to the comparatively small number of cases in an area such as this, (as compared with industrial towns), it was felt that it would be unnecessary to send up a special Sanitary Officer. Application was made to the Ministry of Health for local women and children to be dealt with at the Center, the Sanitation Officer, the staff of which had had considerable experience in dealing with such cases. Approval for this suggestion was received, and it was agreed that, in any exceptional case of a child, children might be admitted as inpatients to the hospital, payment being made to the Sanitation Officer from the local rate fund, at the rate of 1/6 per week. The great majority of cases, however, have been treated as outpatients, the necessary material being provided by the Council.

The difficulty regarding the treatment of adult males was solved by making application to the authorities concerned for permission to refer such patients to the local military hospital. In this matter the Commanding Officer and his staff have been most co-operative, and a number of men and other boys have been dealt with at the hospital. These being cases where home-treatment was not considered advisable.

The total number of cases treated during the year

Treatment of Scabies & Verminous Conditions (Continued).

- (a) Tan Cottage (75 In-Patients treated.
(80 Out-Patients treated.
- (b) At Base Hospital (males). 3.
- (c) Treated at home (patients & contacts). 18.

LABORATORY FACILITIES.

Routine bacteriological work throughout the year was again referred to the Emergency Public Health Laboratory at Christs Hospital.

The total number of specimens was 422, made up as follows:-

	Nose & Throat Swabs.	Faeces.	Blood.	Sputum.
Jan. - March.	107	-	3	3
April - June	26	5	1	1
July - Sept.	72	4	3	-
Oct. - Dec.	27	14	2	1
	Waters.	Miscellaneous.		TOTAL.
Jan. - March.	8	20		141
April - June	28	6		67
July - Sept.	23	26		128
Oct. - Dec.	13	29		86

In addition to the many samples of water referred to Christs Hospital, monthly samples were sent to the Counties Public Health Laboratory for full chemical and bacteriological examination.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

Accommodation for Infectious Disease.

There has been no change in the arrangements whereby patients are admitted to Swandean Isolation Hospital, Worthing. By agreement with the Corporation of the Borough of Worthing, five beds are reserved for cases from the Horsham Urban District.

The following cases of infectious disease were admitted during the period ending 31st December, 1942:-

Scarlet Fever..... 6

HOSPITALS PROVIDED OR SUBSIDISED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL.

(1). TUBERCULOSIS.

There is no change from the previous year with regard to the treatment of tuberculosis. Cases are admitted either to Aldingbourne House (accommodation 70 persons) or to a ward at Worthing Isolation Hospital, Swandean (accommodation 12 beds), whilst surgical cases are admitted to St. Richards Hospital, Chichester, to the Royal Sea-Bathing Hospital, now at Bracknell in Berks, or to the Lord Mayor Treloar's Hospital, Alton, Hants (for children).

(2). MATERNITY.

The County Council arranged for resident and evacuated expectant mothers to be admitted to:-

- (a). Brighton Hospital for Women.
- (b). Southlands Hospital, Shoreham.
- (c). Worthing Hospital Maternity Home.
- (d). Improvised Maternity Homes at Haselmere, Hindhead and Woking.

(3). SMALLPOX.

The County Council's reservation of two beds in the Brighton Small-Pox Hospital at Fulking remains unchanged.

(4). VENEREAL DISEASES.

There was no change during the year in the County Council Scheme, whereby Clinics for men and women are held at

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM THE FIRST SETTLEMENTS TO THE PRESENT TIME

BY JAMES M. SMITH

NEW YORK: PUBLISHED BY J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.

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Worthing and Portsmouth. A further extension of facilities, whereby patients in this area could more readily obtain treatment, was planned by the County Council. The scheme has since been put into operation.

Although Venereal Diseases are not officially notifiable, a number of certificates have been received from Medical Officers of military units stationed in the district. The number received suggest that both syphilis and gonorrhoea are more prevalent in the area; - there can be no doubt that the war has led to a considerable spread of these conditions locally, as in all parts of the Country.

There has been close co-operation between the District Health Department and the County Medical Officer, all information received being passed to him.

(5) GENERAL.

St. Richard's Hospital, Chichester, administered by the Public Health Committee of the County Council, takes cases from the area not considered suitable for admission to the General Hospital.

HOSPITALS NOT SUBSIDISED BUT AVAILABLE
FOR PATIENTS RESIDENT IN THE DISTRICT.

The accommodation of the Horsham General Hospital was extended on the outbreak of war, and 49 beds are now provided, apart from an E.M.S. Annexe at Holbrook Park where an additional 34 beds are available.

AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

- (a). The Morris Ambulance, jointly owned by the Urban and Rural District Councils, and used for the conveyance of patients suffering from infectious diseases, was purchased in 1927. Although maintained in fairly good running order, the vehicle is rather out of date.

The Caretaker to the Council Offices acts as attendant for this ambulance. It is therefore necessary on occasions to arrange for the Swandean Hospital Ambulance, with a nurse in attendance, to collect cases where the patient is a woman, or a child acutely ill.

- (b). For the collection and transfer of cases of non-infectious sickness and accident, the Horsham Division of the St. John Ambulance Brigade maintains a vehicle at their Headquarters in Park Street, a resident driver being employed. The duties of

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There has been close co-operation between the
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THE PATIENT'S REQUEST IN THE

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ADDITIONAL FACILITIES

(a) The
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The
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(b) For the collection and transfer of cases of non-
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attendant are undertaken by the Nursing Division of the Brigade. No grant is made by the Council in connection with this work.

In addition there is a Police Ambulance, the gift of Councillor Mrs. Laughton J.P., which is used as a reserve vehicle.

CLINIC & TREATMENT CENTRES.

The Health Centre in Hurst Road, adjoining the Horsham General Hospital, is under the control of the County Education Committee. Special sessions are held for Minor Ailments, Vision Testing, Diphtheria Immunisation, and the treatment of Orthopaedic Defects, and a School Dental Surgeon is in attendance.

In addition Child Welfare and Ante-natal Clinics are held in the building, and there is a weekly Tuberculosis Dispensary.

There is in addition a small Maternity and Child Welfare Centre in Leechpool Lane, Roffey, where Welfare and Ante-natal Clinics are held.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

Sanitary Inspection of the District.

Number of Notices served under the Public Health Act:

1. Informal	....	....	....	....	282
2. Statutory	....	....	....	....	13

Number of Notices complied with:

1. Informal	....	....	....	....	246
2. Statutory	....	....	....	....	13

Inspections, etc.

Complaints received	....	....	....	....	229
Miscellaneous Inspections	1118
Re-inspections	585

Factories:

Number on register	81
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Bakehouses:

Number on register	15
Basement Bakehouses	1
Inspections	19
Number of defects found.	4
Number of defects remedied	4

Laundries:

Inspections	-
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Other Factories:

Inspections	13
Number of defects found.	4
Number of defects remedied	3

Summary of the Work of the Bureau of the Census
for the year ending June 30, 1917

Number of Notices served under the Public Health Act		
1. Informal	282	
2. Statutory	11	
Number of Notices complied with		
1. Informal	246	
2. Statutory	11	
<u>Inspections, etc.</u>		
Complaints received	229	
Miscellaneous inspections	1113	
Re-inspections	362	
<u>Registers</u>		
Number on register	61	
<u>Sanitation</u>		
Number on register	15	
Sanitary Sanitation	1	
Inspection	12	
Number of defects found	4	
Number of defects remedied	4	
<u>Sanitation</u>		
Inspection	-	
<u>Other Sanitation</u>		
Inspection	11	
Number of defects found	4	
Number of defects remedied	1	

Movable Dwellings:

Inspections	2
-------------	------	------	------	------	---

Marine Stores:

Inspections	2
-------------	------	------	------	------	---

Fried Fish Shops:

Inspections	-
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Public House Conveniences:

Inspections	49
-------------	------	------	------	------	----

Common Lodging House:

Inspections	6
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Infectious Disease:

Visits of enquiry into Infectious Disease				41
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Rooms disinfected	17
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Books disinfected	49
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Drainage, etc:

Drains tested	11
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Drains relaid	7
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New drains laid	6
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Privies converted to pail closets			0
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Privies converted to water closets			0
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Soil drains disconnected from rain water system.					0
--	--	--	--	--	---

Premises connected to main drainage			2
-------------------------------------	------	------	--	--	---

Dustbins provided	16
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Water:

Number of samples taken from wells			20
------------------------------------	------	------	--	--	----

Number of samples condemned		2
-----------------------------	------	------	------	--	---

Number of samples taken from Town's supply				61
--	------	--	--	--	----

1	Number of samples taken from town's supply	1
2	Number of samples collected	2
3	Number of samples taken from town's supply	3
4	Number of samples collected	4
5	Number of samples taken from town's supply	5
6	Number of samples collected	6
7	Number of samples taken from town's supply	7
8	Number of samples collected	8
9	Number of samples taken from town's supply	9
10	Number of samples collected	10
11	Number of samples taken from town's supply	11
12	Number of samples collected	12
13	Number of samples taken from town's supply	13
14	Number of samples collected	14
15	Number of samples taken from town's supply	15
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36	Number of samples collected	36
37	Number of samples taken from town's supply	37
38	Number of samples collected	38
39	Number of samples taken from town's supply	39
40	Number of samples collected	40
41	Number of samples taken from town's supply	41
42	Number of samples collected	42
43	Number of samples taken from town's supply	43
44	Number of samples collected	44
45	Number of samples taken from town's supply	45
46	Number of samples collected	46
47	Number of samples taken from town's supply	47
48	Number of samples collected	48
49	Number of samples taken from town's supply	49
50	Number of samples collected	50

Female Domestic Servants' Registries:

Number registered	....	....	....	3
Number of inspections...	....	....	....	3

Rats and Mice (Destruction) Act, 1919:

Number of premises visited	....	....	....	64
Total number of visits..	....	....	....	205
Number of gas rockets used	....	....	....	5
Number of baits put down	....	....	....	2930
Number of premises at which structural work was done..				4
Number of dead rats found at premises after treatment				16

Shops:

Number of shops inspected	....	....	....	21
Number of visits paid	....	....	....	25
Absence of W.C.	....	....	....	1
W.C's provided	....	....	....	0
Absence of wash hand basin	....	....	....	1
Wash hand basin provided	....	....	....	0
Insufficient heating....	....	....	....	5
Heating supplied	....	....	....	5
Insufficient lighting...	....	....	....	0
Lighting provided	....	....	....	0
Insufficient ventilation	....	....	....	0
Ventilation provided....	....	....	....	0
Certificates of exemption granted	....	....	....	2
Certificates of exemption revoked	....	....	....	0

Female Domestic Animals, Registered

Number registered

Number of inspections

Age and Sex (Distribution) April 1919:

Number of premises visited

Male number of visits

Number of female visits

Number of visits per dog

Number of premises at which sterilization work was done

Number of dogs kept found at premises after treatment

Notes:

Number of dogs inspected

Number of visits paid

Absence of V.C.

V.C. provided

Absence of dogs kept

Wash and teeth provided

Examination hearing

Notes supplied

Sanitation improved

Lighting provided

Infectious ventilation

Ventilation provided

Certificates of exemption granted

Certificates of exemption revoked

Miscellaneous defects found	7
Miscellaneous defects remedied..	8
Number of preliminary notices served.....	6
Number of preliminary notices complied with	6
Number of statutory notices served	0
Number of statutory notices complied with	0

Eradication of Bed Bugs:

Number of visits in connection with vermin	31
Number of Council Houses infested with bed bugs	12
Number of private houses infested with bed bugs	15
Number of Council houses disinfested.....	12
Number of private houses disinfested.....	15

Mosquito Control:

Pig sties (hibernating places) sprayed..	12
Breeding grounds sprayed - River at Chesworth Allotments.	
Breeding grounds trimmed - River at "People's Garden".	

H o u s i n g.

1. Inspection of dwelling-houses during the year:

(1). a. Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts).....	137
b. Number of inspections made for the purpose.....	288
(2). a. Number of dwelling houses (included under sub-head (1) above, which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932.	16
b. Number of inspections made for the purpose	33

7	Miscellaneous defects found	....
8	Miscellaneous defects remedied	....
6	Number of preliminary notices served	....
6	Number of preliminary notices complied with	....
0	Number of statutory notices served	....
0	Number of statutory notices complied with	....

Examination of Bed Bugs:

31	Number of visits in connection with vermin	....
12	Number of Council houses infested with bed bugs	....
12	Number of private houses infested with bed bugs	....
12	Number of Council houses disinfested	....
12	Number of private houses disinfested

Noctuid Control:

12	Pig sties (hibernating places) sprayed
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Breeding grounds sprayed - River at Cransworth
Altofts.

Breeding grounds trimmed - River at 'People's Garden'.

Housing

1. Inspection of dwelling-houses during the year:

137	(1) a. Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)
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288	b. Number of inspections made for the purpose
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(2) c. Number of dwelling houses (included under sub-head (1) above, which were inspected and reported under the Housing (Control and Regulations) Act, 1925 and 1932

33	d. Number of inspections made for the purpose
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(3). Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation.... -

(4). Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation.... 135

2. Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notice:-

Number of dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers.. 118

3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year:-

(a). Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act 1936:-

(1). Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs 1

(2). Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after the service of formal notices:-

(a). By Owners... 0

(b). By Local Authority in default of Owners... 1

(b). Proceedings under the Public Health Acts:-

(1). Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied. 12

(2). Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:-

(a). By Owners... 3

(b). By Local Authority in default of Owners... 9

(1) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state of disrepair so as to be unfit for human habitation.

(2) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state of disrepair so as to be unfit for human habitation, and of those referred to under the preceding paragraph found not to be in a state of disrepair so as to be unfit for human habitation.

(3) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state of disrepair so as to be unfit for human habitation, and of those referred to under the preceding paragraph found not to be in a state of disrepair so as to be unfit for human habitation.

(4) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state of disrepair so as to be unfit for human habitation, and of those referred to under the preceding paragraph found not to be in a state of disrepair so as to be unfit for human habitation.

(5) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state of disrepair so as to be unfit for human habitation, and of those referred to under the preceding paragraph found not to be in a state of disrepair so as to be unfit for human habitation.

(6) Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 11 of the Housing Act 1936.

(7) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs.

(8) Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after the service of formal notices.

(9) By Orders.

(10) By local authority in default of Orders.

(11) Proceedings under the Public Health Act 1936.

(12) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs to be remedied.

(13) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs to be remedied.

(14) By Orders.

(15) By local authority in default of Orders.

(c). Proceedings under Section 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:-

(1). Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	0
(2). Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	0
(3). Number of dwelling houses demolished under Clearance Orders... ..	0
(4). Number of dwelling houses demolished under Clearance Schemes..	0

(d). Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:-

(1). Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made.	0
(2). Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	0

4. Housing Act, 1936 - Part IV - Overcrowding:-

(a). (1). Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	6
(2). Number of families dwelling therein	9
(3). Number of persons dwelling therein	35
(b). Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	3
(c). (1). Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year.	3
(2). Number of persons concerned in such cases	15
(d). Number of formal notices to abate overcrowding served... ..	0
(e). Number of notices complied with	0

(a) Proceedings under Section 11 and 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:-

- (1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made 0
- (2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders 0
- (3) Number of dwelling houses demolished under Clearance Orders 0
- (4) Number of dwelling houses demolished under Clearance Orders 0
- (5) Proceedings under Section 11 of the Housing Act, 1936:-

- (1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Clearance Orders were made 0
- (2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Clearance Orders were made, when Clearance Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been reported fit 0

4. Housing Act, 1936 - Part IV - Overcrowding:-

- (a) (1) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year 6
- (2) Number of families dwelling therein 2
- (3) Number of persons dwelling therein 35
- (b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year 3
- (c) (1) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year 3
- (2) Number of persons concerned in such cases 15
- (d) Number of formal notices to abate overcrowding served 0
- (e) Number of notices complied with 0

Government Evacuation Scheme.

695 visits in connection with billeting, damaged bedding, cleanliness etc., were paid by the Sanitary Inspectors (the Senior Sanitary Inspector being the Chief Billeting Officer).

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

(1). Milk Supply.

Dairies and Cowsheds.

Visits of inspection..	....	....	60
Number registered ....	....	....	27

There are nine Dairy Farms in the district and twenty-nine visits were paid to these.

Of the number of Retailers registered, four are for sterilised milk and two from outside the district.

Wholesale:-

a. Tuberculin Tested	....	....	....	-
b. Accredited	....	....	....	4
c. Pasteurised	....	....	....	-
d. Others	....	....	....	4

Retail:-

a. Tuberculin Tested	....	....	....	2
b. Accredited	....	....	....	3
c. Pasteurised	....	....	....	2
d. Others	....	....	....	13

Investment Expenditure Scheme

For visits in connection with blistering, damaged bedding, cleanliness etc., were paid by the Ministry Inspector (the Senior Sanitary Inspector) and the Chief Billing Officer.

Inspection and Supervision of Food

(1) Milk Supply.

Deliveries and Cowsheds.

(2) Visits of Inspection.

Number registered.

There are also dairy farms in the district and

twenty-five visits were paid to these.

Of the number of dairies registered, four are

for sterilised milk and two from outside the district.

Wholesale:-

a. Inspected and

b. Accredited

c. Pasteurised

d. Others

Retail:-

a. Inspected and

b. Accredited

c. Pasteurised

d. Others

Milk Samples.

No. of Samples.	Up to Standard.	Below Standard.
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* 53	31	22
	(58.5%)	(41.5%)

Bact.	Bact.Meth.Blue.	B. Coli.	B.Coli.Bact.& Meth Blue.
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9	-	-	13
(16.98%)			(24.52%)

(* Five additional samples were taken but were delayed in transit).

Number of Notices served under the Milk and Dairies Order, 1926:-

(a). Statutory	....	....	....	0
(b). Informal	....	....	....	7

Number of Notices complied with:-

(a). Statutory	....	....	....	0
(b). Informal	....	....	....	6

(2). Meat and Other Foods.

* Slaughterhouses.	Total.	....	....	8
"	Number registered	....		0
"	Number licensed	....		8
"	Inspections...	....		437
"	Defects found.	....		0
"	Defects remedied	....		0
Butchers' Shops.	Inspections...	....		26
Markets.	Total.	....	....	3
	Inspections...	....		3

* All Slaughterhouses, except the Ministry
of Food Central Slaughterhouse, are out of

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use for the duration.

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933.

14 renewals of licences and 1 licence were granted
under the above Act.

10

under the provisions of the
Act of 1911
to amend the provisions of the
Act of 1911
to amend the provisions of the
Act of 1911

10

Carcases inspected and details of meat condemned.

Total number of carcasses examined:- 8,634.

	Cattle exclud- ing Cows & Bulls.	Cows.	Bulls.	Calves.	Sheep, Lambs, Goats and Deer.	Pigs.
Number killed and inspected	1,115	905	112	1,062	6 Deer 4,499	935
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis.</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned.	4	9	0	7	20	6
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	90	182	9	8	278	37
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis.	8.4%	21.1%	8.0%	1.4%	6.7%	4.6%
<u>Tuberculosis only.</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned.	9	65	2	5	0	5
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	133	477	35	2	0	68
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis.	12.7%	59.9%	33.0%	0.7%	0	7.8%

Weight of meat condemned: 40 tons 17 cwts 39 lbs.

Details of meat condemned at Private and Central Slaughterhouses.

74	carcases of Cowbeef and all offals.	
2	" " Bullbeef " " "	
13	" " Beef " " "	
11	" " Pork " " "	
20	" " Mutton " " "	
12	" " Veal " " "	
36	Forequarters of Cowbeef.	
7	Part Forequarters of Cowbeef.	
8	Hindquarters of Cowbeef.	
5	Part hindquarters of Cowbeef.	
5	Forequarters of beef.	
3	Part Forequarters of beef.	
5	Part Hindquarters of Beef.	
2	Forequarters of bullbeef.	
5	legs of beef.	
238	bovine heads and tongues.	
451	" lungs.	
254	" livers.	
14	" hearts.	
34	" skirts.	
164	" mesenteries.	
71	" runners.	
13	" tripes.	
48	" melts.	
2	" kidneys.	
227	cows' udders.	
1	side of pork.	
45	pigs' heads and tongues.	
12	" plucks.	
50	" mesenteries.	
6	" runners.	
3	" tripes.	
5	" kidneys.	
9	" livers.	
12	" lungs.	
10	" hearts.	
7	" melts.	
18	" legs and hocks.	
1	hindquarter of pork.	
262	sheeps' livers.	
13	" lungs.	
4	" hearts.	
2	" plucks.	
1	sheep's mesentery.	
1	sheep's runners.	
2	sheeps' heads and tongues.	
1	calf's head and tongue.	
6	calves' lungs.	
2	" hearts.	1 calf's liver.
1	calf's pluck.	1 knuckle of veal.

Other Foods Condemned.

The total weight of other foods condemned amounts to 1 ton. 12 cwts. 24 lbs. The list comprises over 60 articles of food and full details are available in the Health Department.

TOTAL WEIGHT OF MEAT AND OTHER FOODS CONDEMNED:

42 tons. 9 cwts. 63 lbs.

Other Food Quantities

The total weight of other food received during the year is 1 ton, 18 cwt. 54 lbs. The list comprises over 60 articles of food and full details are available in the Health Department.

TOTAL WEIGHT OF MEAT AND OTHER FOODS CONSUMED

42 tons, 2 cwt. 63 lbs.

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