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Contributors

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Publication/Creation

1963

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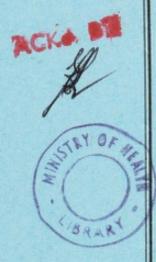
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Urban District of Horbury



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

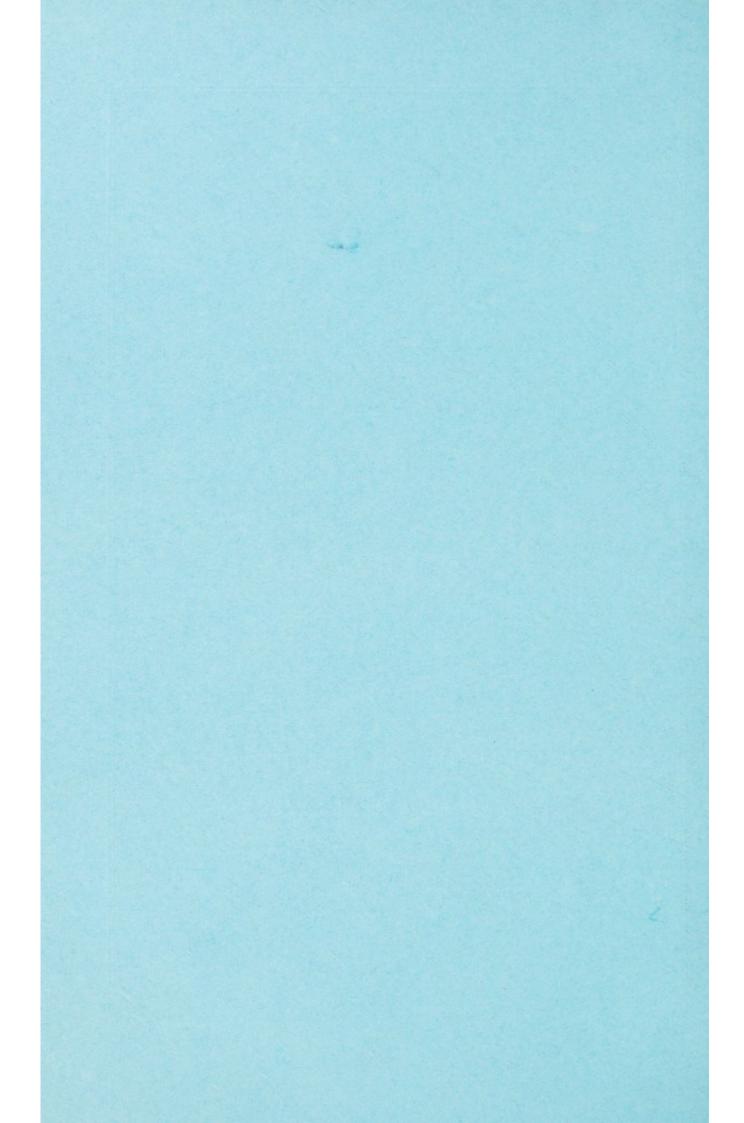
AND THE

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

and Cleansing Superintendent

for the year

1963



Urban District of Horbury

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the year

1963

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HORBURY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

1963

Chairman of the Council:

Councillor H. V. Bennett, J.P.

Vice-Chairman:

Councillor A. V. Fallas

Public Health Committee:

Councillor W. Johns (Chairman)

Councillor R. Bate

Councillor H. V. Bennett, J.P.

Councillor Mrs. D. E. Briggs, J.P.

Councillor A. V. Fallas

Councillor J. Goodhand

Councillor Lady Kenyon

Councillor W. Sykes

Councillor J. M. Oddie, J.P.

Councillor G. Senior

Councillor O. Stonehouse

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Councillor J. M. Oddie, J.P.

Councillor G. Senior

Councillor O. Stonehouse

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

HORBURY URBAN DISTRICT

Medical Officer of Health:

Allan Withnell, B.Sc., M.D., D.P.H. (Resigned 30.11.63) William M. Douglas, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (Acting M.O.H.

1.12.63—8.3.64).

Geoffrey Ireland, B.Sc., M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H. (Appointed 9.3.64).

Deputy Medical Officer of Health: Barbara Briggs, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector:

G. R. Millington, M.A.P.H.I., M.R.I.P.H.H., M.R.S.H.

Trainee Public Health Inspector:

J. K. Roper (Resigned 30.6.63).

D. W. Mosley (Appointed 22.7.63).

WEST RIDING COUNTY COUNCIL

Preventive Medical Services: Health Division 13

Divisional Medical Officer: As above (M.O.H.)

Senior Assistant County Medical Officer and School Medical Officer: Barbara Briggs, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Assistant County Medical Officers and School Medical Officers: Irene Hargreaves, M.B., Ch.B. Mary K. Shaw, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Resigned 31.12.63).

Medical Officer to Horbury Child Welfare Centre: A. Green, M.B., Ch.B. (Part-time)

Divisional Nursing Officer:

Miss A. Seelig, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Certificate, Q.N., Admin. Certificate (Public Health Nursing).

Health Visitors and School Nurses:

Miss J. Hough, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Certificate (Resigned 31.8.63)

Mrs. A. Gillies, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Part 1), H.V. Certificate (Appointed 1.9.63)

Mrs. M. E. Crowther, S.R.N., S.C.M., S.R.F.N. (Part-time)

Senior Mental Welfare Officer:

A. Emmerson.

Mental Welfare Officers:

Mr. H. H. Robinson, R.M.N., R.M.P.A., M.S.M.W.O.

Mrs. E. I. Jones, M.S.M.W.O.

Junior Training Centre-Ossett

Mrs. I. Thorpe, N.A.M.H. Diploma—Supervisor (Resigned 29.6.63)

Mrs. A. Ellis, N.A.M.H. Diploma—Supervisor (Appointed 1.7.63)

Mrs. A. Driver (Appointed 17.6.63)

Mrs. M. E. Norman (Appointed 2.9.63)

Senior Training Centre—West Ardsley

Miss I. Beaumont, N.A.M.H. Diploma-Supervisor

Miss G. Burlison, N.A.M.H. Diploma

Mrs. B. Huntrods, N.A.M.H. Diploma

Miss G. Thornton

Mr. J. Woodhead (Appointed 1.4.63, Resigned 1.9.63)

Mr. B. K. Brook (Appointed 21.10.63)

Mr. E. A. Swales (Appointed 16.12.63)

Speech Therapist:

Miss G. M. Carr, L.C.S.T.

Midwife:

Miss A. L. Bray, S.C.M.

Home Nurses:

Mrs. E. G. I. Beaumont, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Part 1) Mrs. T. Pickersgill, S.R.N., Q.N. (Relief Nurse)

Chiropodist:

W. S. Fraser, Registered Medical Auxiliary (Part-time)

Child Guidance Service:

Dr. E. Atkinson, M.B., Ch.B., D.Obst., R.C.O.G., D.P.M.

D. G. Pickles, M.A., Psychologist

G. E. Skinner, P.S.W.

Joint Clerical Staff—engaged in all constituent districts of the Division, viz. Ossett, Horbury, Morley and Wakefield R.D.

A. Wright, D.M.A., D.P.A. (Chief Clerk)

J. A. H. Lane, D.P.A.

D. Gamble

D. Leach

C. C. Roberts

P. M. Sheard

Miss M. Halloran (Resigned 19.5.63)

Miss C. Brennan

Mrs. G. Burton (Part-time)

Mrs. M. Crofton (Part-time)

Miss K. Edmondson

Mrs. M. E. Kilburn

Mrs. J. Mell

Miss R. M. Morris

Miss M. G. Shackleton

Mrs. M. Thornburn

Mrs. M. Wingett (Part-time)

LEEDS REGIONAL HOSPITAL BOARD CONSULTANT STAFF

Ear, Nose and Throat Surgeon:

T. B. Hutton, F.R.C.S.

Chest Physician:

J. K. Scott, M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.P., D.P.H.

School Ophthalmologist:

J. V. Kirkwood, M.B., Ch.B. (Retired 16.11.63)

K. K. Prasher, M.B., B.S., D.O. (Appointed 30.10.63)

Pædiatricians:

J. D. Pickup, M.D., D.C.H.

C. S. Livingstone, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Orthopædic Surgeon:

Miss M. A. Pearson, F.R.C.S.

Divisional Health Office, Windsor House, Queen Street, Morley. July, 1964.

To the Chairman and Members of the Horbury Health Committee Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting the Annual Report for 1963.

Dr. A. Withnell left your service on the 30th November, 1963, to become the Deputy County Medical Officer of Staffordshire, and Dr. W. Douglas became the Acting Medical Officer of Health until I took up my appointment on the 9th March, 1964.

Dr. Withnell was responsible for many changes during his three years in office, the most notable being perhaps the development of the selective medical examination in the schools. He also saw established the adult Training Centre at West Ardsley and the beginning of the new hostel for the subnormal. Dr. Withnell took with him the good wishes of many people and he left behind, much to my benefit, an excellent department.

Dr. M. K. Shaw left on 31st December, 1963, and we are very fortunate in having Dr. B. Banerjee as her successor.

As was emphasised by my predecessor the numbers involved in the vital statistics are relatively small and increase or decrease can produce large changes in the corresponding rates. Nevertheless it will be seen that there were no infant or maternal deaths this year and that seven of the seventeen cancer deaths were due to cancer of the lung. The one stillbirth occurred in hospital.

There were no notifications of poliomyelitis or diphtheria and the cases on the T.B. Register showed a further slight reduction in numbers. Tuberculin jelly skin tests were commenced on all 5 and 6 year-old children with parental consent, and as a result one child was placed under observation at the Chest Clinic.

The importance of prophylactic vaccinations was stressed by my predecessor in his last report but I would like to re-emphasise the value of the vaccines which are now available and which will protect against Smallpox, Poliomyelitis, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus and, for the older child, Tuberculosis (B.C.G.). Once primary protection is obtained in infancy it is extremely important that this protection is boosted periodically particularly at school entry, as this is the time when the child mixes with many other children, some of whom have never been protected and amongst whom these diseases can spread. Nevertheless only about 50% of school entrants are receiving a booster injection against diphtheria

but it is gratifying to see that as regards poliomyelitis about 80% are receiving booster doses and in the case of B.C.G. the acceptance rate has risen from 51% to 63% and one hopes that this trend will continue.

During 1963 discussions took place on the matter of the addition of fluoride to the water supplies in order to raise the existing natural level to one part per million. I, like my predecessor, regard this as the most important single step we can take to improve the dental health of our children, and I can now report that all four constituent authorities of Division 13 have agreed to this proposal. The matter now rests with the various Water Boards who, I understand, are awaiting the outcome of the Watford litigation. The case brought by an opponent of fluoridation in Ireland was heard before the Eire Supreme Court and was dismissed in July, 1963, with costs. The Chief Justice said that the question of dental caries had become a national problem in Eire. It could result not only in damage to the teeth themselves, but through them, might be injurious to general health. The State was organised for the common welfare of all its citizens and had a duty of protecting the citizens from dangers to health in a manner not incompatible or inconsistent with the rights of those citizens as human persons. The Court did not accept that the fluoridation of water was, or could be described as the mass medication or mass administration of "drugs" through water. It was a misuse of words to refer to the process in such terms.

A day and night Nursing Service for patients during the terminal stages of illness was started during the year in co-operation with the Marie Curie Foundation. It was agreed that the Foundation would be financially responsible for patients suffering from cancer and that the County Council would accept responsibility for other forms of illness.

As regards the School Health Service, the routine vision test formerly performed at 11 and 15 years was extended to include the intermediate group of 13 year old children. Plans were also made to begin the routine audiometric testing of the 6/7 year old age group in the infant schools early in 1964.

Thanks must be given to you, Mr Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for your support and understanding, and I would like also to thank the staff for their assistance and full co-operation during the year.

GEOFFREY IRELAND,

Medical Officer of Health.

SECTION I

VITAL STATISTICS

Statistics:

Area—1,280 acres.

Population: Census 1961-8,642.

Registrar General's estimate of resident population mid 1963— 8,760

Number of dwelling houses-3,163

Rateable Value—£222,805 (December, 1963)

Product of Penny Rate—£313 Os. Od. (March, 1963)

			ary of	Y ACCEA	Detters	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
			Total	M	F	
Live Births—						
Legitimate			135	72	63	Birth rate per 1,000 of
Illegitimate		****	6	4	2	the estimated resident population 16.1
Still Births-						
Legitimate	****		1		1	Rate per 1,000 (live and
Illegitimate						still births) 7.0
Total Births-						
Legitimate			136	72	64	
Illegitimate	****		6	4	2	
Deaths	****		97	51	46	Death rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population 11.1
Maternal Mort						
There wer	re no r	naterr	nal deat	hs.		
Infant Mortalit There wes		infant	deaths			
Infant Mortalit	v Rate	:				

Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births	0.0
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	0.0
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	0.0
Neo-natal Mortality Rate:	
Deaths under four weeks per 1,000 total live births	0.0

Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate:

Deaths under one week per 1,000 total live births

Perinatal Mortality Rate:

(Still births and deaths under one week combined per 1,000 total live and still births) 7.0

Cause of Death-Horbury U.D.

	Course of Death	Malas	1961	Total	Malac	1962	Total	Molec	Females	Total
	Cause of Death	Males	remaies	Lotal	Males	remales	Lotai	Males	Lemance	Total
1.	Tuberculosis of respiratory tract	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
ci	Other forms of tuberculosis	-	-		1	1	1	1	1	1
3	Syphilitic disease		-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
4	Diphtheria	1	-		1	1	1	1	-	1
3	Whooping Cough	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1
9	Meningococal Infection	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	Acute poliomyelitis	:	-		1	1	-	1	1	1
œ.	Measles	:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	Other infective and parasitic									
	diseases	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1
10.	Malignant neoplasm stomach	1	-	1	7	3	2	-	7	2
11.	Malignant neoplasm-lung and									1
	bronchus	1	1	7	4	1	4	7	1	7
12.	Malignant neoplasm—breast	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	7	7
13.	Malignant neoplasm—uterus	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	_
14.	Other malignant and lymphatic									1
	neoplasms	8	3	=	2	5	7	2	3	2
15.	Leukaemia and aleukaemia	1		1	-	-	2	1	1	1
16.	Diabetes	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	-
17.	Vascular Lesions of nervous									
	system	4	=======================================	15	7	13	20	00	5	13
18.	Coronary disease, Angina	15	7	22	11	00	19	12	9	18
	THE PERSONNEL CONTROL OF THE THE THE PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PERSONNEL CONTROL OF THE THE THE PERSONNEL CONTROL OF THE	CATALOGRAPHIC OF STATISTICS	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSONS	APPEAR DATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	Contract Publisher, etc. residents	PROPERTY PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PER	CHANGE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY.	ALCOHOL GRACITORIST SPECIAL	A department commence on the same	Commence and designation

Cause of death-Horbury U.D. (Continued)

19. Hypertension with heart disease 1 1 2 3 4 8 3 3 4 8 3 3 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9		Cause of Death	Males	1961 Females	Total	Males	1962 Females	Total	Males	1063 Females	Total
Other heart disease 5 16 21 12 10 22 6 Other circulatory diseases 6 6 1 2 3 4 1 Influenza 1 5 6 1 2 3 4 1 Procumonia 6 4 10 2 4 6 2 2 Bronchitis 6 4 10 2 4 6 2 4 6 2 2 4 6 2 2 3 4 6 2 4 6 2 4 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 <	19.	Hypertension with heart disease	-	-	2	1	3	3	3	1	3
Other circulatory diseases 6 6 6 3 1 4 1 1	20.	Other heart disease	2	16	21	12	10	22	9	2	=
Influenza Infl	21.	Other circulatory diseases	1	9	9	3	-	4	-	3	4
Pneumonia 1 5 6 1 2 3 4 Bronchitis 6 4 10 2 3 4 Other disease of the respiratory 1 1 2 2 2 System 1 2 Ulcer of stomach and duodenum 1 <td>22.</td> <td>Influenza</td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td>	22.	Influenza	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1
Bronchitis 6 4 10 2 4 6 2 Other disease of the respiratory system	23.	Pneumonia	1	2	9	1	2	3	4	00	12
Other disease of the respiratory system 1 1 2 — 2 —	24.	Bronchitis	9	4	10	7	4	9	2	-	3
system <	25.	Other disease of the respiratory									
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum 1 2 2 2 Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea 1 1 1 1 1 Nephritis and nephrosis 1 1 1 1 1 Hyperplasia of prostate Hyperplasia of prostate		system	1	1	_	I	1	ı	1	1	1
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea —	26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	-	1	-	7	1	7	-	1	1
Nephritis and nephrosis 1 1 1 -	27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-
Hyperplasia of prostate — — — — 3 Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion —	28.	Nephritis and nephrosis	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-
Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion —	29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	n
tion	30.	Pregnancy, childbirth and abor-									
Congenital malformations 2 2 2 2 — <td></td> <td>tion</td> <td> </td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td>		tion		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other defined and illdefined diseases 5 8 13 8 6 14 — Alseases 2 — — — — — All other accidents	31.	Congenital malformations	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
diseases 5 8 13 8 6 14 — Motor vehicle accidents 1 2 — 2 — — — — All other accidents 1 1 2 2 4 2 Suicide Homicide and operations of war 52 71 123 57 61 118 51	32.	and									
Motor vehicle accidents 2 2 2 2 4 2 All other accidents 1 1 2 2 4 2 Suicide Homicide and operations of war TOTAL—ALL CAUSES 61 118 51		diseases	2	00	13	00	9	14	1	9	9
All other accidents 1 1 2 2 2 4 2 2 8 4 2 Suicide	33.	Motor vehicle accidents	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Suicide <	34.	All other accidents	1	1	2	7	2	4	2	2	4
Homicide and operations of war — <td< td=""><td>35.</td><td>Suicide</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>-</td></td<>	35.	Suicide	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
52 71 123 57 61 118 51	36.	Homicide and operations of war	1	1	1	١	1	1	1	1	1
THE RESERVED TO SHARE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON		TOTAL—ALL CAUSES	52	71	123	57	61	118	51	46	76

Analysis of Deaths in Age Groups

	75	I,	24
	Over	Σ	16 24
	-75	Н	13 8
	-99	Σ	13
	-65	Ц	13 7
	-55	Ц	5 4
)	45	Н	4 2
	36	Z	4
	-35	Ц	1
	26	Z	1
	-25	Н	1
	16	Σ	1
	-15	H	1
	9	Σ	1
	-5	Н	-
	-	Z	1
	er 1	I,	1
	Und	Σ	1

PRINCIPAL VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1963
based on the Registrar-General's figures
Comparison with other Areas

	Horbury U.D.	Morley M.B.	Ossett M.B.	Wakefield R.D.	Aggregate West Riding Urban District	West Riding Adminis- trative County	England and Wales (Provisional Figures)
Birth Rate (per 1,000 estimated popula-	16.1	17.9	21.7	19.0	17.9	18.2	18.2
population) All causes	11.1	12.3	12.2	10.6	12.7	12.0	12.2
Tuberculosis of respiratory system	0.0	0.02	0.0	0.0	90.0	90.0	90.0
Other forms of tuberculosis	0.0	0.02	0.0	0.0	0.01	90.0	0.01
Cancer	1.94	2.35	1.55	14.	2.04	1.94	* 2.18
Vascular lesions of nervous system Heart and circulatory diseases	4.11	4.74	4.32	4.55	4.80	4.53	*
Respiratory disease (excluding tubercul- osis of respiratory system)	1.71	1.59	2.06	1.41	1.72	1.57	₩
Infant mortality (deaths of infants under one year per 1,000 live births)	0.0	21.1	23.8	39.6	22.8	23.0	20.9
due to pregnancy or childbirth per 1,000 live and still births)	0.0	2.59	0.0	0.0	0.50	0.45	0.28
births)	7.0	19.4	28.9	8.6	19.2	18.7	17.3
Perinatal mortality	7.0	27.2	34.7	34.3	31.6	31.1	* *
Neonatal mortality	0.0	11.9	11.9	24.8	15.2	15.0	14.2

*Figures not available

Vital Statistics over the Ten Years 1954-1963

	Birth	Perinatal	Still-	Death	Infant	Maternal	Cancer	T.B. De	ath Rate	:No. of	No. of cases of:	No. of deaths	deaths:
Year	Rate	Mortality Rate	birth	Rate	3	Mortality	Death	Pul- monary	Pul- Non-Pul- monary monary	Diph- theria	Poliomy- elitis	T.B. (all forms)	Cancer of lung and bronchus
954	14.62	*	42.3	12.14	25.42	0.0	1 73	0.05	0.0	0	0	c	3
	13.8	*	42.3	10.4	0.6	0.0	1 84	0.0	0.0	00	-	10	0 (1
9	15.4	40	23.1	9.3	15.7	0.0	1.94	0.0	0.0	00	- 0	00	00
7	13.7	0	58.3	12.3	0.0	0.0	3.15	0.0	0.0	0	>-	0	11
8	17.2		27.2	11.7	7.0	0.0	2.17	0.12	0.0	0	- 0	-	. 7
6	16.1	*	21.6	11.7	14.7	0.0	1 18	0.12	0.0	00	00		10
0	15.5	29.4	22.1	11.8	22.6	0.0	2.10	0.12	0.0	00	00		4 (*
1	19.6	34.7	17.3	14.2	29.4	0.0	1.85	0.0	0.0	00		- 0	00
2	17.9	50.3	18.9	13.5	38.5	0.0	2.18	0.0	0.0	00		00	4 4
3	16.1	7.0	7.0	11.1	0.0	0.0	1.94	0.0	0.0	00	10	00	+ 1-

SECTION II

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES

A. HOSPITALS

There are no hospitals in Horbury but reasonably adequate facilities are available in Wakefield, Dewsbury and Leeds, under the administration of the Leeds Regional Hospital Board.

Patients with infectious diseases may be admitted to Snapethorpe Isolation Hospital, Wakefield, or to Seacroft Hospital, Leeds. The latter hospital admits all cases of acute poliomyelitis from this area.

Maternity hospital facilities are available at several centres in the Dewsbury and Wakefield areas. Priority is given to abnormal cases and to mothers living in conditions unsuitable for domiciliary confinement. Many expectant mothers requiring hospital confinement are booked through the Divisional Health Office, this department being in a position to advise on social circumstances.

There was one Registered Private Maternity Home in Horbury which closed down on 31st March, 1963.

B. AMBULANCE SERVICE

The local Ambulance Service is provided by the West Riding County Council. There is no local Depot, the nearest available Depot for the district being Stanley Road, Wakefield, telephone number Wakefield 3731.

C. LABORATORY FACILITIES

The Public Health Laboratory at Wood Street, Wakefield (under the administration of the Medical Research Council of the Ministry of Health), accepts specimens for bacteriological, virological, entomological and chemical investigations from General Practitioners and Public Health Department staff.

SECTION III

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Summary of Notifications received during 1963: -

Disease		7577	l No. of ed (corr	
Scarlet Fever		 ****	3	
Whooping Cough		 	3	
Acute Poliomyelitis		 	_	
Measles		 	39	
Diphtheria		 	_	
Dysentery		 	1	
Meningococcal Infection	n	 	_	
Acute Pneumonia		 	2	
Smallpox	****	 ****		
Acute Encephalitis		 		
Enteric or Typhoid Fev	er	 		
Paratyphoid Fever		 	_	
Erysipelas		 	_	
Food Poisoning		 		
Puerperal Pyrexia	****	 	_	
Ophthalmia Neonatorus	m	 		
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	s	 	2	
Other Forms of Tuberc	ulosis	 	1	
Malaria		 	_	
Anthrax		 	_	

Tuberculosis Services

The Chest Clinic serving the area is situated at the Pinderfields Hospital, Wakefield, and regular home supervision is carried out by the Health Visitor. Free milk is provided by the County Council at the discretion of the Chest Physician in charge of the Clinic. Close liaison with the Chest Clinic is maintained by the T.B. Liaison Health Visitor who visits the clinic.

The following table gives the position regarding tuberculosis in Horbury in 1963:—

	Re	espirate	ory	Non	-Respir	atory	Tatal
- 593	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	Total
No. on Register on 1st January, 1963 No. first notified during	10	6	16	1	_	1	17
1963	2	_	2		1	1	3
No. of cases restored to Register No. of cases entered in	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
register otherwise than by notification No. removed from register	1	1	2	-		-	2
during 1963: (a) died	-	_	-	_	_	-	-
trict	3	1 2	1 5	_	=	=	1 5
No. remaining on register at 31st December, 1963	10	4	14	1	1	2	16

The number of new cases and the number of deaths of notified cases during 1963 are given in the following table:—

				NEW	CASES			DEA	ATHS	
Age	e Perio	od	Respir	ratory	No Respir		Respi	ratory	No Respir	
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0-5			-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
6—14			-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-
15—24			-	_	-	1	-	-	-	-
25—44			-	_	-		_	_	_	_
45—64			1	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
65 and c	ver		1	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Totals			2	_	_	1	_	_	_	_

SECTION IV

W.R.C.C. PREVENTIVE HEALTH SERVICE

A. CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES

Congregational Chapel, Tithebarn Street, Horbury.

Infant Welfare Monday, 2-4 p.m.

School Clinic Monday, 9-30-10-30 a.m.

Thursday, 9-30-10-30 a.m.

Relaxation Classes Tuesday, 2-4 p.m.

Immunisation and Vaccination Available at Infant Welfare Sessions

Chiropody Thursday, 2-5 p.m., by appointment

Child Guidance Clinic Thursday, 9-12 noon,

Croft House, Ossett by appointment

B. CARE OF MOTHERS AND YOUNG CHILDREN

Ante-Natal Service

A total of 200 attendances at relaxation classes was made during the year.

Infant Welfare Clinic

Sessions per month	****		****				4
Number of children who at	tende	d:—					
Under 1 year of age		****		1444		****	159
2—5 years of age				****	****	1111	83
Attendances made by child	ren—						
Under 1 year of age		1117			****		2740
2—5 years of age	0300		**		****		972
Average attendance per sess	sion						77

	INT DATE	No. of Prem	ature Babies	
Weight at Birth	Born Alive	Born Dead	No. dying under 28 days	No. Surviving 28 days
Under 2½ lb	_	_		
2½ to under 3 lb		_		
3 ,, ,, 3½ lb				
34 4 lb				
$\frac{1}{1}$, ,, $\frac{4}{2}$ lb	2		1	1
14 ,, ,, 5 lb	2	_		2
4 ,, ,, 4½ lb 1½ ,, ,, 5 lb 5 to 5½ lb	4	-	-	4
Total	8		1	7

Special equipment and nursing staff are available for use in the home in cases requiring them.

The Care of Illegitimate Children

Every effort is made to find a suitable home for the baby either with the mother or with the grandparents. These mothers are seen in the home by the Health Visitor and encouraged to attend the Infant Welfare Clinic regularly. Close co-operation is maintained with Moral Welfare Societies and with the Children's Department where special advice about legal adoption can be obtained if this is desired.

Provision of Welfare Foods, etc.

Most proprietary brands of milk and other infant foods are sold at the Child Welfare Clinic for the convenience of mothers and special brands of milk are ordered when necessary.

Welfare cod liver oil, orange juice, vitamin A and D tablets, and National Dried Milk, are also sold at the Child Welfare Clinic.

Provision of Maternity Outfits

These are provided free to mothers preparing for confinement in their own homes.

C. PROFESSIONAL NURSING IN THE HOME

Home Nursing

The County Council is responsible for the home nursing in Horbury, the whole-time nurse being resident in her home.

Cases attended		No. of individual patients	Total number of visits made
Medical Conditions	 	62	2,708
Surgical Conditions	 	28	526
Infectious Diseases	 	_	_
Γuberculosis	 	2	126
Maternal Complications	 		_
Others	 	4	16
Total	 	96	3,376

Midwifery

There is one whole-time midwife resident in her own home. Additional relief is available when required.

The following table shows the number of Horbury women confined in hospital, private nursing homes, or delivered by midwives and private practitioners.

	No.	Percentage
No. delivered in hospital	83	58.5%
No. delivered in private nursing homes	-	0.0%
No. delivered by Midwives No. delivered by doctors (including the difficult cases met by midwives in their practice where a doctor had to be	59	41.5%
called to effect delivery)	-	0.0%
Total (including stillbirths)	142	100.0%

During 1963 the practising midwife summoned medical assistance to seven mothers on account of the following conditions:—

Cause				No.
Delayed labour	 	****	****	1
Ruptured perineum			****	5
Condition of Infant			****	1
				_
				7

Emergency Obstetric Unit

The "flying squad" attached to the General Hospital, Wakefield, is available for obstetric emergencies occurring within the district.

Analgesia

All midwives are trained in the administration of gas and air and trilene analgesia and provided with the necessary equipment. Analgesia is available to all mothers desiring it, subject to satisfactory medical examination by a doctor. 41 women received trilene during 1963.

D. HEALTH VISITING

In pursuance of the National Health Service Act, the scope of this service includes home visiting for the purpose of giving advice as to the care of children and persons (including adults) suffering from illness and of expectant and nursing mothers. The Health Visitor also gives advice in the home as to measures necessary to prevent the spread of infection.

Home Visiting by Health Visitors

Number of ante-natal visits	3:			
First visits				 10
Subsequent visits				 4
Number of visits to childre	en born in	1963		
First visits				 134
Subsequent visits				 358
Number of visits to childre				611
0 11 11				739
	Total	Hom	e Visits	 1856

E. HOME HELPS

In accordance with the National Health Service Act, the County Council provides domestic help for households "where help is required owing to the presence of any person who is ill, lying-in, an expectant mother, mentally defective, aged, or a child not over compulsory school age"

During 1963 there were 92 cases attended by Home Helps, and the total number of hours worked was 9,919.

Of the 92 cases attended in 1963, Home Helps were provided for the following reasons:—

Maternity		 			Cases 9	Hours 518
Tuberculosis Others	and	Sick	****	***	80	9189 212
	****	 	Total		92	9919

F. CARE AND AFTER CARE

Special provisions are in operation for the care and after-care of patients suffering from tuberculosis, mental disorder, venereal disease and other illnesses.

G. CHIROPODY

A chiropody service was commenced in February, 1960, and treatment is available, free of charge to the aged (over 65 for men and 60 for women), handicapped persons and expectant mothers. Sessions are held at the local clinic and domiciliary visits can be arranged where a patient is certified to be medically unfit to attend the clinic. Details of cases treated throughout the year are given below:—

		No.	of patie	ents	treate	ed			To	tal		
No. of	-	At Clin	nic		At Ho	ome		T	reatme	ents	give	1
Sessions	A	P.H.	E.M.	A	P.H.	E.M.		At Cl	inic		At Ho	ome
Held							A	P.H.	E.M.	A	Р.Н.	E.M.
39	58	6	-	30	3		263	20	_	96	15	_

A-Aged P.H.-Physically Handicapped E.M.-Expectant Mothers

H. MENTAL HEALTH

On 1st November, 1960, the Mental Health Act (1959) came fully into force. As from that date the establishment provides for the services of two Mental Welfare Officers for Horbury U.D., Wakefield R.D., Ossett M.B. and Morley M.B.

The Mental Welfare Officers are concerned with the precare and after care of mentally disordered persons, and with the admission of such patients to hospital where this becomes necessary.

A twenty-four hour service is operated for the admission of patients to Psychiatric Hospitals.

CARE AND AFTER CARE OF PATIENTS

The figures quoted relate to the patients as at 31st December, 1963.

(a) Sub-normal

		Under 16		Over 16		Total
		M.	F.	M.	F.	Tiota
Attending Training Centre		 	3	1	1	5
Suitably employed in industry		 	-	3	3	6
Suitably employed at home		 -		1	3	4
Unemployed		 -	-	-		
Others		 -	-	-	2	2
Total number of patients unde	er care	 _	3	5	9	19

(b) Mentally Ill

			M.	F.	Total
Admitted to Hospital	 	 	3	10	13
Care and After Care	 	 	15	26	41

NEW TRAINING CENTRE AT WEST ARDSLEY

The new Training Centre on Westerton Road, West Ardsley, opened on the 24th April, 1963, and the official opening, by the Right Hon. J. Enoch Powell, M.B.E., M.P., took place on the 23rd September, 1963. The Centre has been built by the West Riding County Council to accommodate over seventy sub-normal children and adults. The present Training Centre at Croft House, Ossett, has been retained for the children under the age of eleven years, and the older children and adults have been transferred to the West Ardsley Centre. The younger trainees remaining at Ossett will thus have the benefit of more individual tuition, and the older trainees will have the improved facilities of a more modern Centre. All the trainees live at home and are conveyed to and from the Centre each day by four coaches.

The particular disability of the trainees is that as regards mental ability they have not developed as fully as the average, so that learning is more difficult for them than for most people. Otherwise they are ordinary children and adults, and are usually very pleasant and affectionate. The atmosphere of a Training Centre is happy and relaxed, although much patience and perseverance are required from the staff. When in full operation the West Ardsley Centre will have a staff of ten men and women headed by the Centre Supervisor, Miss I. Beaumont.

There are two class-rooms for the children and two rooms each for the women and the men. Included in the curriculum are cooking and other domestic work for the women, and woodwork and other benchwork for the men. Later it is hoped to arrange contract work with local firms. A mid-day meal is cooked on the premises for which the trainees pay a shilling.

The Centre includes a small Special Care Unit for children who are also physically handicapped.

I. SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICE

Number of school departn Number of children in atte Number of children examin	ndance	at scho	ool at th	ne enc	d of 1963	6 1221 449
This figure being mad	de up as	follow	vs:			
Entrants					114	
Leavers						
Specials					175	
Non-routines					42	
Physical condition of	pupils e	xamin	ed:—			
	1 1			tory	Unsatisfac	ctory
Entrants			114		_	-
Leavers			118		-	
Number of defec	ets foun	d to re	quire t	reatm	ent	56
Number of defec						107

Cleanliness Inspections

The School Nurse attends every school department at frequent intervals throughout the year to examine the children for unclean and verminous conditions. Where such conditions exist, parents are informed and are instructed in the application of an effective remedy. Warnings are issued in cases of non-compliance and statutory action taken where there is persistent default.

Number of examinations carried out durin	g the	year	3355
Number of cases of infestation found			19
Percentage of infestation			0.5%
Number of children excluded from school			3
Number of cleansing notices issued		****	1
Number of children cleansed			

Pædiatric Clinic

Cases are referred to Dr. Livingstone at Dewsbury Infirmary of to Dr. Pickup at Wakefield General Hospital as required.

Ophthalmic Clinic

Cases are seen at the Ophthalmic Clinic held at the County Medical Officer's Department, Wood Street, Wakefield, as required.

Orthopædic Clinic

One child made one attendance during the year. This child attended the clinic held at the Pinderfields Hospital, Wakefield.

Mobile Unit on Smoking and Health

The West Riding County Council arranged with the Central Council for Health Education for a Mobile Unit on Smoking and Health to visit various parts of the County. The Unit visited Horbury County Secondary School on the 6th December, 1963.

The Unit consists of a small van containing propaganda material and is staffed by two lecturers. Each lecturer demonstrated a film, gave a talk and then answered questions on the subject of smoking and health. The film, talk, and question-time together lasted about three-quarters of an hour.

All the necessary equipment was supplied by the Unit. All that was required was a hall or large classroom containing a powerpoint and which preferably could be blacked-out.

Routine Audiometric Testing of 6-7 year old children

In December, 1963, plans were made to test routinely the hearing of all children in the 6—7 years' age group. The sense of hearing is just as important as the sense of sight, and since we already routinely test vision in school, routine tests for hearing is a logical extension in our school health service.

Each individual hearing test takes about five minutes. The test is carried out by the Health Visitors and School Nurses who can make their own arrangements with the Headteachers for their respective schools. The most essential part of the school environment in this test is a reasonably quiet room. The Nurse brings with her a portable audiometer which puts out an electrical note of known frequency and intensity. The child undergoing the test wears a pair of ordinary headphones and signals to the Nurse whenever he hears a sound in the headphones. Because the sounds are of low intensity, it is important to exclude as much extraneous noise as possible. In the areas where audiometric testing is practised, it is found that the children in the 6—7 years' age group co-operate well, and actually enjoy doing the test.

I will report further on this item next year.

Child Guidance Clinic

Arrangements have been made for the Child Guidance Service to be extended to this Division. Dr. Eileen Atkinson, M.B., D.P.H., Assistant Psychiatrist, attends on the second Thursday of every month to see and treat all types of behaviour problems in toddlers and school children. She is at Croft House, Ossett, on Thursday morning and at the Central Clinic, Morley, in the afternoon, and she is pleased to discuss cases with doctors at the Clinics

Children can be referred to her either by the General Practitioner writing to me, the Divisional Medical Officer, or, if preferred, by writing direct to her at Morley Central Clinic.

Hitherto, the children and their parents have had to travel to the Child Guidance Clinic at Pontefract. This arrangement will still obtain for areas such as Crigglestone, Crofton and Sharlston where it is more convenient to travel to Pontefract than to Morley or Ossett.

During the year two new cases made a total of nine attendances at the Clinic held at Croft House.

Vision Testing in Secondary and Grammar Schools

Until this year the only vision test made as a routine in the Secondary and Grammar Schools took place at the school leavers' examination. We had found however that a considerable number of defects were being picked up between the ages of 11 and 15 years and because of this, routine testing of 13 year old pupils commenced in September, 1963.

Tuberculin Jelly Test of School Entrants

We are now offering all five and six year old children a routine Tuberculin Jelly Test. The purpose of this is the early ascertainment of those children who have come into contact with the tuberculosis germ. During 1963 the following children were dealt with under this scheme:—

Number offered testing	1111	 	****	****	114
Number of consents received	1	 			81
Acceptance Rate		 			71%
Number Negative		 			80
Number Positive	****	 			1

The positive reactor was referred to the Chest Clinic and will be kept under observation by the Chest Physician.

J. IMMUNISATION AND VACCINATION

In accordance with the National Health Service Act Immunisations and vaccinations may be done either at the clinic or by the family doctor.

Diphtheria Immunsation

Number of children in Horbury who completed a full course of diphtheria immunisation in 1963.

Year of Birth	1963	1959-1962	1949-1958	Total
Completed injections, 1963	54	60	13	127
Immunised in previous years, re-inforced in 1963	-	-	68	68

Whooping Cough Immunisation

The Local Health Authority's Scheme operates in this area and immunisations under the Scheme have been carried out as in previous years since 1952.

Immunisation against whooping cough is available under the County Council Scheme only to infants and children up to the age of four years.

Number of children in Horbury who completed a full course of whooping cough immunisation during 1963:—

Year of Birth	1963	1962	1959-61	1954-58	1949-53	Total
No. immunised	54	55	1	1	1	112

During the year there were three notified cases of whooping cough. None of the children had been immunised against whooping cough.

Vaccination against Smallpox

During the year 25 people were vaccinated against smallpox.

Immunisation against Tetanus

Number of children in Horbury who completed a full course of immunisation against tetanus:—

Year of Birth	1963	1962	1959-61	1954-58	1949-53	Total
No. immunised	54	58	2	12	4	130

B.C.G. Vaccination against Tuberculosis

This scheme is approved by the Ministry of Health. The immunising vaccine is B.C.G. and the selected age-group is that of children in their fourteenth year, with a view to affording protection to adolescents in the early years of their employment in industry and elsewhere. This scheme was put into operation in Horbury in 1955.

Vaccination was offered to all children in this age group in 1963 and the percentage acceptance rate was 63%.

The following table is a summary of the work carried out in the year:—

Horbury Country Secondary School-

Number of children offered vaccination	on	****	****		110
Number of children accepting vaccina	ation			2000	69
Number of children Heaf tested					65
Number with positive reaction					13
Number with negative reaction	****	****		****	42
Number receiving vaccination				****	42

B.C.G. Vaccination is also available at the local Chest Clinic for ascertained contacts of tuberculosis.

Vaccination against Poliomyelitis

In February, 1962, the Minister of Health announced that Local Authorities could obtain supplies of a live attenuated poliovirus vaccine which had been prepared from strains developed by Dr. A B. Sabin.

The vaccine is administered orally and can be taken on a sugar lump or in syrup. A primary course of vaccination consists of three doses of vaccine, each of three drops given at intervals of four to eight weeks and the vaccine can also be used to boost protection previously provided by injections of "Salk" vaccine.

Number	of	persons	completin	ng a	prin	nary	course	 152
Number	of	persons	receiving	boos	ter c	loses		 92

K. CHILDREN NEGLECTED OR ILL-TREATED IN THEIR OWN HOMES

Many statutory and voluntary organisations are concerned with the rehabilitation of problem families. In order to bring together, for each of these families, the knowledge and activities of the organisations concerned, representatives meet quarterly in the Horbury Town Hall under the chairmanship of the Medical Officer of Health. A total of 15 cases has been discussed at the meetings.

Urban District of Horbury

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR and Cleansing Superintendent

for the year 1963 Mesen District to Homory

ANNUAL REPORT

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SOUTHWEST HEREIN STREET

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REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR AND CLEANSING SUPERINTENDENT, 1963

Town Hall, Horbury. April, 1964.

To: The Chairman and Members of the Horbury Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman and Members,

I take pleasure in submitting my sixth Annual Report which deals with the work carried out by the Department during 1963.

In my opening comments I usually refer to new legislation affecting the work of the Department. In 1963 Whitehall produced the "Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act" which is to operate from August, 1964. This Act repeals the Offices Act 1960 (which, because of a lack of regulations, never became operative) and is intended to provide for the safety, health and welfare of office and shop workers. It will apply to offices and shops, etc., similar safeguards in working conditions as those embodied in the Factories Act in respect of factories. It will involve the registration of all premises covered by the Act with the enforcing authority. Enforcement, which is divided between H.M. Inspector of Factories and Local Authorities, will mean a considerable amount of extra work even in a small district.

The Animal Boarding Establishments Act 1963 requires that no person shall keep a boarding establishment for animals except under the authority of a licence granted by the Local Authority. Licencing requirements relate to construction, size of quarters, number of occupants, exercising facilities, temperature, lighting, ventilation and cleanliness.

The Act in respect of animals comes into operation several months before that affecting humans, but presumably there is no significance in the selection of priorities.

Refuse Collection and Disposal

The continued increase in bulk of refuse made it necessary for consideration to be given to the purchase of a large capacity vehicle to replace the 7 cubic yard side loader. The Council's decision to purchase a 20 cubic yard rear loading compression vehicle should mean fewer tip journeys, postpone any need for more staff and allow for a further increase in the bulk of refuse in the early Smoke Control Areas.

Table No. 12 shows vehicle mileages during 1963 and indicates the fuel consumption over that period. The total amount paid in fuel tax at 2/9d. per gallon was approximately £350 and this has a considerable effect on the running costs of essential vehicles. Tax is not paid on fuel used in the tractor.

Salvage

The figures for salvage sales are shown in Table No. 4. An increase in the price paid by the Board Mill is long overdue. Costs of baling wire, labour and vehicles are steadily increasing but the Boards Mills are paying less for the paper than they did some years ago.

We are not at present meeting the "allocation" which the Board allows us to send. Clean white newspapers and fibreboard containers are particularly wanted.

Food Hygiene

Routine visits to food shops continued during the year and the reasonably good relationship between the department and food shop proprietors was maintained.

During the year my attention was brought to the presence of brucellosis in a herd of milk cows in the area. Individual samples were taken from the cows in the herd and the cows showing positive results were disposed of by the farmer concerned. Routine samples will be taken in future.

Food and drugs sampling is carried out by the County Council and table 15 refers.

Meat Inspection

During the year the Meat Inspection Regulations 1963 came into force. The regulations require inspected meat to be stamped with a mark identifying the inspector by whom the inspection was carried out. The minimum period of notice of intention to slaughter is extended to 24 hours and local authorities are empowered to charge for the inspection.

All animals killed at the small private slaughterhouse in the area are inspected. Tables 6, 7 and 8 indicate the results of these inspections.

Sewage Disposal and Sanitary Accommodation

With the exception of nine houses which cannot be connected to the sewer, and five houses which have satisfactory private drainage, all houses in the district are connected to the public sewers. The reconstructed sewage works at Dudfleet is now capable of meeting the demands placed upon it and also treats certain effluents from without the district. An alteration in the law regarding improvement grants will mean that owners of houses can apply for grants for installation of water closet, food-store and hot water to sink, where it is not practicable at reasonable expense to provide the dwelling with full bathroom facilities.

Water Supply

Quality: 17 samples of tap water were taken by this department during the year with the following bacteriological results:—

No. of samples taken	Sources of	Sample	es containing
taken	samples	coliform bacilli	Bact.coli. (Type 1)
17	Taps over sinks	2*	1

^{*}Further samples provided satisfactory results

Quantity: The installation by the Wakefield and District Water Board of a new booster pump in Berry Lane effected a considerable improvement in the quantity of water available to the consumer. All water is now from the Wakefield supply, the Dewsbury supply having been discontinued. All houses have a piped supply.

The Deputy Engineer and Manager of the Wakefield and District Water Board informs me as follows:—

"The total quantity of water consumed in 1963 was 130.55 million gallons of which 9.9 million gallons were supplied in bulk by Dewsbury Corporation and the remainder from the Board's own sources. Only a few samples were actually taken in the Horbury Area but the figures given below for Wakefield County Borough apply equally to Horbury Urban District:—

- (a) Thirty-four bacteriological analyses were carried out on raw water, most of these contained coliform bacteria. Twelve chemical analyses were carried out on raw waters.
- (b) Ninety-five bacteriological examinations were carried out of water in the distribution network, all were satisfactory. Twenty-two chemical samples were taken, all were satisfactory,.
- (c) All chemical samples were examined for plumbo-solvency—no positive results were obtained on treated water.
- (d) No contamination of water entering supply occurred during 1963."

Housing

41 houses were demolished during the year (21 being in clearance areas). A total of 17 houses were built—eight of these by the local authority.

No certificates of disrepair were granted during the year.

At the end of the financial year the number of applicants for council accommodation was 287. Table 13 indicates how the numbers were spread over the types of accommodation required. In my last report I said that examination of the lists showed "serious" cases to be comparatively few and a review of the registers during 1963 seems to justify this. The numbers of applicants for old persons' dwellings continues to be high but as the occupiers of these dwellings are offered cheap rents and warden supervision this is not surprising. I must add that I am in no way opposed to social benefits for senior citizens but feel that the provision of warden services, grass cutting services, etc., to council tenants only, is bound to result in the maintenance of a long waiting list for dwellings so served. Active steps are being taken by the County Council to extend warden services to private householders.

Insect and Rodent Control

132 visits were made in connection with rodent control. A free service is available to private householders.

Petroleum Acts, etc.

At the year end 19 licences had been issued in respect of 14,200 gallons of petroleum spirits or mixtures.

Atmospheric Pollution

Daily sampling of smoke and sulphur dioxide is carried out at the Town Hall and Table No. 9 summarises the results of this work. During the year the Council co-operated with the West Riding Clean Air Advisory Council, the North Eastern Gas Board, The Yorkshire Electricity Board, the National Coal Board and the Solid Smokeless Fuels Federation in the presentation of a Clean Air and Modern Heating Exhibition at the Car Park, High Street, Horbury. The attendance was depressingly low and, considering the lack of informed opinion about smokeless appliances, a big disappointment for the organisers.

The decision to delay for twelve months the operative date of the Horbury No. 1 Smoke Control Area was taken in view of the lack of tenders for conversion of council properties, uncertainty over smokeless fuel supplies, and an attempt by the Council to draw Ministerial attention to the high price of smokeless fuel. September, 1964, is the operative date now fixed.

In recent months information has reached us which will set the pattern for future areas. The Gas Board can not guarantee supplies of "soft" gas coke except for areas already confirmed, and houses in subsequent areas will have to be converted to burn "hard" coke, gas or electricity. In effect this means that the only types of solid fuel appliances which can be installed will be underfloor draught fires, glass-fronted room heaters or closed stoves. For domestic use the glass-fronted room heater will, I feel, meet the requirements admirably. People must be made aware that the old open coal fire was an inefficient, dirty appliance which wasted three-quarters of the fuel burned upon it, emitting a goodly proportion of it as soot and smoke out of the chimney top.

Conclusion

The following tables summarise the work of the Department and may be of interest. During the year Mr. J. K. Roper left to take up an appointment with Leicester County Borough and the position of student was filled by Mr. D. W. Mosley.

My grateful thanks to the Officers and Members of the Council for help and advice during the year and with the preparation of this report.

I am, Mr Chairman and Members,

Your obedient Servant,

G. R. MILLINGTON,

Public Health Inspector and Cleansing Superintendent.

Number of Visits

Nuisances						81
Infectious Disea	ises					10
Factories				****		8
Drainage						61
Water						49
Housing						99
Refuse Tip						81
Vehicles				****		15
Salvage		****				1
Rodent Control						132
Interviews						26
Shops						2
Disinfestation						42
Atmospheric Po	llution					334
Rainwater Gaug	ge					367
Miscellaneous		****	****	****	****	277
Demolition						80
Milk Samples						16
Petroleum						1
Slaughterhouse				****		79
Piggeries					****	7
Food Hygiene						7
Smoke Control						292
Food and Drug	S					5
Temperature R	eading					313
Food Hawkers						2

2387

REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT

Work carried out under the Supervision of the Public Health Inspector

Choked Drains					4
Defective Drains					2
Yard Drainage Improve	ed				4
Defective Sink Wastes					1
Defective Walls					1
Defective Baths					1
Defective Doors					1
Defective Roofs				****	4
Defective Wall Plaster			****		1
Defective Windows					3
Smoke Nuisances					1
Dampness Alleviated					2
Defective Ashbins					106
Rat Infestation	****		****		7
Mouse Infestation					18
Noxious Accumulations	3		****		2
Defective W.C.s					3
Flooded Cellars					2
Defective Pointing					2
Insect Infestations-tre	ated				6
Defective Eaves Gutter	r				6
Defective Fire Range					1
General Timberwork I	Defecti	ve			2
Defective Rainwater Pi	pe				1

Estimated Weights of House Refuse Collected

Mont	hs			Ashbins	W	eigh	ts
				Emptied	T	ippe	d
					T.	C.	Q.
January				15,222	237	0	0
February				11,823	208	0	0
March				12,713	202	0	0
April	****	****	****	14,519	225	0	0
May				15,460	243	0	0
June	****			12,994	210	0	0
July				14,952	272	0	0
August			****	14,220	235	5	0
Septemb	er			14,064	248	0	0
October				14,947	272	0	0
Novembe	er			13,606	246	15	0
Decembe	r	****		14,508	265	5	0
				169,028	2,864	5	0

TABLE No. 4

Income from Salvage 1963-1964

		Wast	Waste Paper	Me	Metal	Rage	Rags, etc.	Total Cash
		T. C. Q.	£ s. d.	T. C. Q.	£ s. d.	T. C. Q.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
April		4 11 3		1 1 0	4 4 0	2"	2 0 6	126 2 11 85 17 74
June	: :	0 5 3	18				,	18
July	-	14 8 0	119 2 6	-	3 13 0	e -	3 7 6	12
September	: :	3 6 0	2 0		71	1 7		121
October .	:	17	12					17
November	-		17	1 10 2	3 1 0	2 0	1 16 0	70
December	:	91	00					00
January .	:		16					16
March .	: :	3 14 1	19					19
TOTALS	13	136 14 3	1,105 7 10	3 15 2	10 17 0	13 3	12 7 6	1,128 12 4

Tinned Goods, etc., Surrendered and Condemned

			lbs.	ozs.
1 Tin of Ox Tongue			6	0
5 Tins of Ham			40	5
3 Tins of Baked Beans			2	8
3 Tins of Apricots			3	0
1 Tin of Fruit Salad			_	$13\frac{1}{2}$
8 Tins of Pineapple			4	12
1 Tin of Corned Beef			—	12
1 Tin of Steak and Kidney Po	udding	g	-	8
1 Tin of Mixed Vegetables			_	$10\frac{1}{2}$
1 Tin of Plums			1	4
7 Tins of Evaporated Milk			2	$8\frac{1}{2}$
2 Tins of Raspberries			_	$15\frac{1}{2}$
1 Tin of Pilchards			_	15
2 Tins of Chopped Pork			1	8
1 Tin of Stewed Steak			_	$7\frac{1}{2}$
6 Tins of Tomatoes			3	12
6 Tins of Luncheon Meat			7	5
4 Tins of Peas			1	3
2 Tins of Peaches		****	2	0
			81	3 ¹ / ₂

TABLE No. 6
Carcases and Offal Inspected and Condemned
in Whole or Part in 1963

	Cattle exclud- ing Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Horses	Pigs
Number killed Number inspected	46 46	0	0	112 112	0	174 174
All diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticerci—						
Whole carcase con- demned	0	0	0	0	0	1
Carcases of which some part or organ was con- demned	5	0	0	0	0	2
Percentage of the number inspected affected with dis- ease other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci	10.9%					1.7%
Tuberculosis only—						
Whole carcase con- demned	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carcases of which some part or organ was con- demned	0	0	0	0	0	3
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis			_			1.7%
Cysticercosis only—						
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	0	0	0	0	0	0
Generalised and totally condemned	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE No. 7

Animals Slaughtered in 1963

Description Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
Beasts 4	4	4	4	4	3	5	3	3	4	4	4	46
_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
heen & Lambs 23	23	19	26	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	112
_			2	1	18	40	13	9	20	33	42	174

TABLE No. 8

Table showing Meat and Offal Condemned and Surrendered Giving Weights in lbs. and Causes in Monthly Order

May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. — 16 — — — 14 14 14 — 14 — — — — — — — 14 — — — — — — — 3 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — <t< th=""><th>-</th><th>-</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th></t<>	-	-												-
	Jan. Feb. Mar.	Feb. Mar.	Mar.		Apl.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
			1		1	1	16	1			1	14	14	44
- 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 17 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12	_	_	1		1	1	1	1	99	1	1	1	1	99
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14		_		1	1	14	1	1	1	1	14	1	42
	-	-	_	1		þ	-	- r=	1	1	1	1	1	+1,
	-	-	_	1	-	-	1	c	1	1	1	1	1	21
					1		1	1	1	1	-	7	1	1
					1	ı	1	1	-	1	-	1	17	17

Atmospheric Pollution: Measurement of Smoke and Sulphur Dioxide by Volumetric Method

1963			SMOK: Microgram		М	SO2 icrogramn	nes
Month		Average Value	Per Cubic Highest Value	Metre Lowest Value	Average Value	r Cubic A Highest Value	Metre Lowest Value
January		509	1708	156	496	1588	176
February	****	456	848	184	382	693	187
March		311	836	148	214	645	84
April		237	508	85	175	398	52
May		127	252	44	101	198	31
June	****	78	152	24	31	223	72
July		112	268	40	85	186	13
August		93	208	32	118	191	53
September		188	520	28	187	520	28
October		188	512	76	181	414	60
November	41.64	252	464	72	231	452	92
December		391	968	120	352	936	125

TABLE No. 10

Rainfall for 1963

Month			Rainfall (inches)	No. of days on which rain fell
January			1.18	9
February		****	0.61	8
March	 		1.67	16
April	 		1.60	17
May	 		1.29	15
June	 		3.80	20
July	 	****	3.06	16
August	 		2.60	22
September			1.79	12
October			1.58	14
November			3.48	26
December			0.59	12
			23.25	187

Rainfall, 1933-1963

Year		Rainfall in Inches	Wettest Month
1933	****	23.41	February
1934		21.56	December
1935		29.07	October
1936		29.35	June
1937		28.84	February
1938	****	29.31	July
1939	****	29.37	July
1940		23.99	November
1941		27.13	January
1942		21.00	August
1943		23.55	January
1944		31.25	November
1945		29.63	May
1946		39.62	November
1947		34.34	May
1948		23.72	January
1949		24.60	July
1950		26.08	February
1951		31.08	November
1952		20.08	October
1953		19.43	August
1954	****	28.84	August
1955		16.51	December
1956		27.18	August
1957		22.45	August
1958		32.96	July
1959	****	20.43	April
1960		35.81	October
1961		23.71	January
1962	***	18.98	August
1963		23.25	June

Vehicle Mileage and Fuel Consumption, 1963

		Refuse Dennis (Petrol) OWY 979			Collection Karrier (Diesel) 3331 YG		Ford Thames (Diesel)		
		Total Miles	M.P.G.	Total Miles		Total Miles	M.P.G.		
January		423	3.9	393	12.2	1152	16.0		
February	****	328	3.7	362	9.0	740	11.7		
March		387	4.0	347	10.5	774	15.5		
April		384	4.5	460	11.0	809	14.4		
May		419	5.3	417	14.0	1102	14.0		
June		340	5.4	336	16.0	720	16.4		
July		393	6.4	279	8.7	780	18.6		
August		371	4.1	371	13.3	804	16.1		
September		360	7.5	374	10.1	756	19.4		
October		396	5.2	432	19.6	945	19.7		
November		373	4.4	366	11.8	737	16.0		
December		354	4.0	377	9.7	885	15.8		
Year's Tota	1								
Λ	Ailes	4528		4514		10204			
Year's Avera	age								
	P.G.	-	4.9		12.2		16.1		

TABLE No. 13

Application for Council Houses

	Register Number	Number of applications 31/3/63	Number of applications 31/3/64
1.	Numerical overcrowding Sexual Overcrowding and inadequate accommodation. (The Council have adopted a standard of their own. Many cases in this class are not overcrowded under the Housing	0	0
	Act)	20	17
3. 4.	Families in Lodgings	24	37
5.	cations for transfer)	134	156
6.	ployed in Horbury	106	6
	ployed outside the district	120	23
7.	Applications in general	127	48
		531	287

Miscellaneous

Number of	Meat Retail V	ehicles					5
>>	Food Hawkers	Register	ed				13
>>	Premises Regis for Sale of Ice		der Fo	od &	Drugs	Acts	31
>>	Premises Regis for Sale of other				Drugs 	Acts	7
33	Fish Friers		****				7
>>	Bakehouses						5
>>	Public Houses a	and Licer	sed Pre	emises			18
>>	Pet Animal Sh	ops					2
,,	Hairdressers	****					11
33	Applications for	r Certific	ate und	er Re	nt Act,	1957	0
22	Certificates Gra	ented			****		0

TABLE No. 15

Samples Taken by the West Riding County Council Weights and Measures Department during 1963

(Figures provided by the Chief Inspector of Weights and Measures)

	Milk		Drugs		er Foods	Proceedings or
Genuine	Adulterated	Genuine	Adulterated	Genuine	Adulterated	Cautions
12	0	13	0	1	0	0

TABLE No. 16

Milk Samples—Brucellosis

No. of Cows Sampled	No. Positive	No. Negative
16	1	15

FACTORIES

There are 44 mechanical and 20 non-mechanical factories on the Register, building sites, etc., being added as applicable.

The factories comprise: --

Painters and Decorators

Mechanical Power

Joiners						5
Wafers			****			1
Smith						1
Motor Vehicle Rep	pairs					5
Bakehouse and Pre	served I	Foods				6
Bootmaking and R	Repairing				****	1
Dressmaking, Shirt	ts, etc.	****	****			2
Sheet Metal						1
Saddler, Leather C	Goods, S	ports (Goods			4
Rag Sorting, Grind			****			2
Letterpress Printing					****	1
Mining Machinery						1
Wool Cutting and				****		1
Canvas Sizing						1
Cabinet Repairs a	nd Uph	olsterir	ng			2
Worsted Spinning						2
Wagon Repairs		1111				2
Machining						1
Carding and Spinn	ing, Syn	thetic	Fibres	****		1
Oil Extracting				****		1
Currier						1
Tufted Carpets						1
Wrought Iron		****		****		1
						44
Von-Mechanical						
Cycle Penairs						2
Cycle Repairs Stonemason	****	****		****		2
Plumbers	****				****	7
Dressmakers					****	3
Tailors	****	****	****	****	****	2
1 allors				****		4

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ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1963 FOR THE URBAN DISTRICT OF HORBURY IN THE COUNTY OF YORK

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961

PART I OF THE ACT

 INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

(1) Premises	(2) Number on Register	(3) Inspections	(4) Number of Written Notices	(5) Number of Occupiers Prosecuted
(a) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Author- ities	20	2		
(b) Factories not included in (a) in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Author- ity	44	5	1	
(c) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority. (Excluding outworkers premises)	3			
TOTAL	67	7	1	

Cases in which DEFECTS were found (if defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases").

	No. of	No. of cases in which defects were found				
Particulars (1)	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	No. of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	_	-	_	_	_	
Overcrowding (S.2)	_	-	-	_	_	
Unreasonable tempera- ture (S.3)	_	_	_	_	_	
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	_	_	_	_	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	_	_		_	_	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)—						
(a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or de-	-	-	-	-	-	
fective (c) Not separate for	1	1	-	_		
sexes	-	_	-/	_	_	
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to outwork)				_		
TOTAL	1	1	_	_	_	

Outwork
(SECTIONS 110 and 111)
NONE LISTED



